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87-16 --- Interstate Commerce Act, amendment. AN ACT To amend section 510 of the Interstate Commerce Act so as to extend for twenty-seven months the loan guaranty authority of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

87-17 --- Interstate commerce, taxation studies. AN ACT To amend Public Law 86-272 relating to State taxation of interstate commerce.

87-18 --- Reorganization Act of 1949, amendment. AN ACT To further amend the Reorganization Act of 1949, as amended, so that such Act will apply to reorganization plans transmitted to the Congress at any time before June 1, 1963.

87-19 --- Food Additives Transitional Provisions Amendment of 1961. AN ACT To amend the transitional provisions of the Act approved September 6, 1958, entitled "An Act to protect the public health by amending the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act to prohibit the use in food of additives which have not been adequately tested to establish their safety!", and for other purposes.

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87-109. Internal Revenue Code of 1954; membership organizations. AN ACT To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 to permit the prepaid dues income of certain membership organizations to be included in gross income for the taxable years to which the dues relate.

87-110. Metal scrap, duty suspension. AN ACT To continue until the close of June 30, 1962, the suspension of duties on metal scrap, and for other purposes.

87-111. Cumberland Gap National Historical Park, Ky. AN ACT To authorize the Secretary of the Interior to acquire approximately nine acres of land for addition to Cumberland Gap National Historical Park, and for other purposes.

87-112. Department of Agriculture and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1962. AN ACT Making appropriations for the Department of Agriculture and related agencies for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1962, and for other purposes.

87-113. Alaska. AN ACT To provide for the indexing and microfilming of certain records of the Russian Orthodox Greek Catholic Church in Alaska in the collections of the Library of Congress.

87-114. Civil service retirement fund, annuities. AN ACT To make permanent certain increases in annuities payable from the civil service retirement and disability fund.

87-115. Pennsylvania and Ohio Compact. AN ACT Consenting to the amendment of the compact between the States of Pennsylvania and Ohio relating to Pymatuning Lake.


87-117. Armed Forces, Ready Reserve, active duty. JOINT RESOLUTION To authorize the President to order units and members in the Ready Reserve to active duty for not more than twelve months, and for other purposes.

87-118. Aircraft, missiles, naval vessels. AN ACT To authorize additional appropriations for aircraft, missiles, and naval vessels for the Armed Forces, and for other purposes.


87-120. Trinity County, Calif., conveyance. AN ACT To authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to convey certain property in the State of California to the county of Trinity.

87-121. Puerto Rican Federal Relations Act, amendment. JOINT RESOLUTION To provide for amending section 3 of the Puerto Rican Federal Relations Act (64 Stat. 319), as amended (64 Stat. 458).

87-122. Department of Interior and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1962. AN ACT Making appropriations for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1962, and for other purposes.

87-123. U.S. Marine Corps. AN ACT To reassign officers designated for supply duty as officers not restricted in the performance of duty in the Marine Corps.

87-124. Susanville, Calif., conveyance. AN ACT To authorize and direct the Secretary of Agriculture to convey certain lands in Lassen County, California, to the city of Susanville, California.

87-125. General Government Matters, Department of Commerce, and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1962. AN ACT Making appropriations for the Executive Office of the President, the Department of Commerce, and sundry agencies for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1962, and for other purposes.

87-126. Cape Cod National Seashore, Mass. AN ACT To provide for the establishment of Cape Cod National Seashore.

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87-129. **Lassen Volcanic National Park, Calif.** AN ACT To add certain federally owned land to the Lassen Volcanic National Park in the State of California, and for other purposes.

87-130. **Legislative Branch Appropriation Act, 1962.** AN ACT Making appropriations for the Legislative Branch for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1962, and for other purposes.

87-131. **Natchez Trace Parkway.** AN ACT To include Ackia Battleground National Monument, Mississippi, and Meriwether Lewis National Monument, Tennessee, in the Natchez Trace Parkway, and to provide appropriate designations for them, and for other purposes.

87-132. **Tariffs, duty-free allowances.** AN ACT To amend paragraph 1798(c)(2) of the Tariff Act of 1930 to reduce temporarily the exemption from duty enjoyed by returning residents, and for other purposes.

87-133. **Tupelo National Battlefield, Miss.** AN ACT To provide additional lands for the Tupelo National Battlefield site, Mississippi, and for other purposes.

87-134. **Fort Necessity National Battlefield, Pa.** AN ACT To provide additional lands at, and change the name of, the Fort Necessity National Battlefield site, Pennsylvania, and for other purposes.

87-135. **Parkway N.C.-Ga., survey.** AN ACT To provide for an appropriation of a sum not to exceed $35,000 with which to make a survey of a proposed national parkway from the Blue Ridge Parkway at Tennessee Bald or Beech Gap southwest and running into the State of Georgia.

87-136. **Wupatki National Monument, Ariz.** AN ACT To authorize an exchange of lands at Wupatki National Monument, Arizona, to provide access to certain ruins in the monument, to add certain federally owned lands to the monument, and for other purposes.

87-137. **Labor Department, Assistant Secretary.** AN ACT To provide for one additional Assistant Secretary of Labor in the Department of Labor.

87-138. **Veterans.** AN ACT To amend title 38, United States Code, to increase the rate of special pension payable to certain persons awarded the Medal of Honor, and for other purposes.

87-139. **Federal employees, per diem allowances, increase.** AN ACT To increase the maximum rates of per diem allowances for employees of the Government traveling on official business, and for other purposes.

87-140. **Career Compensation Act of 1949, amendment.** AN ACT To amend section 303 of the Career Compensation Act of 1949 to authorize the transportation of dependents and baggage and household effects of certain retired members.

87-141. **Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1962.** AN ACT Making appropriations for sundry independent executive bureaus, boards, commissions, corporations, agencies, and offices, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1962, and for other purposes.

87-142. **Army Medical Service officers.** AN ACT To amend section 3370, title 10, United States Code, to provide that commissioned officers of the Medical Service Corps may exercise command outside the Army Medical Service when directed by proper authority.

87-143. **Armed Forces; aliens, enlistment.** AN ACT To amend sections 3253 and 8253 of title 10, United States Code.

87-144. **Department of Defense Appropriation Act, 1962.** AN ACT Making appropriations for the Department of Defense for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1962, and for other purposes.

87-145. **Career Compensation Act of 1949, amendment.** AN ACT To amend the Career Compensation Act of 1949 with respect to special pay for diving duty, and for other purposes.
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PUBLIC LAWS
Public Laws

ENACTED DURING THE

FIRST SESSION OF THE EIGHTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS

OF THE

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

Begun and held at the City of Washington on Tuesday, January 3, 1961, and adjourned sine die on Wednesday, September 27, 1961. Until noon January 20, 1961, Dwight D. Eisenhower, President; Richard M. Nixon, Vice President; Sam Rayburn, Speaker of the House of Representatives; from January 20, 1961, John F. Kennedy, President; Lyndon B. Johnson, Vice President; Sam Rayburn, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Public Law 87-1

JOINT RESOLUTION

March 1, 1961

[HR. J. RES. 155]

To create a joint committee to commemorate the one hundredth anniversary of the first inaugural of Abraham Lincoln.

Whereas Saturday, March 4, 1961, will mark the centenary of Abraham Lincoln’s taking the oath of office as sixteenth President of the United States; and
Whereas the anniversary will be widely observed and noted throughout this land and overseas; and
Whereas the occasion will coincide with exercises commemorative of the American Civil War of 1861–1865; and
Whereas Mr. Lincoln stood at the head of the Government of the United States and its Armed Forces during those years of tragedy and travail; and
Whereas he foresaw the difficulty of the task before him as “greater than that which rested on Washington”; and
Whereas he sought the guidance of Almighty God, saying, “Without the assistance of that Divine Being . . . I cannot succeed. With that assistance I cannot fail.”; and
Whereas one who stood in the audience at his first inauguration would later write, “the shouts which have resounded for him at the Capitol are still ringing in my ears.”; and
Whereas from a wooden platform, projected from the eastern portico, beneath an unfinished dome, he pleaded and reasoned that day for reconciliation and the preservation of the Union, saying:
“I take the official oath today, with no mental reservations, and with no purpose to construe the Constitution or laws, by any hyper-critical rules . . . . I hold, that in contemplation of universal law, and of the Constitution, the Union of these States is perpetual . . . . It is safe to say that no government proper, ever had a provision in its organic law for its own termination . . . . Before entering upon so grave a matter as the destruction of our national fabric, with all its benefits, its memories, and its hopes, would it not be wise to ascertain precisely why we do it? Will you hazard so desperate a step, while there is any possibility that any portion of the ills you fly from, have no real existence? Will you, while the certain ills you fly to, are greater than all the real ones you fly from? Will you risk the commission of so fearful a mistake? . . . Physically speaking, we cannot separate. We cannot remove our respective sections from each other, nor build an impassable wall between them. A husband and wife may be divorced, and go out of the presence, and beyond the reach of each other; but the different parts of our country cannot do this. They cannot but remain face to face; and intercourse, either amicable or hostile, must continue between them . . . . We are not enemies, but friends. We must not be enemies. Though passion may have strained, it must not break our bonds of affection. The mystic cords of memory, stretching from every battlefield, and patriot grave, to every living heart and hearthstone, all over this broad land, will yet swell the chorus of the Union, when again touched, as surely they will be, by the better angels of our nature.”; and

Whereas the better angels do, in fact, touch us: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That on Saturday, March 4 next, the one hundredth anniversary of Abraham Lincoln’s first inauguration shall be commemorated by such observance as may be determined by the committee on arrangements in cooperation with the national Civil War Centennial Commission, the Civil War Centennial Commission of the District of Columbia, and the Lincoln Group of the District of Columbia.

Immediately upon passage of this resolution, the President of the Senate shall appoint four Members of the Senate and the Speaker of the House shall appoint four Members of the House of Representatives jointly to constitute a committee on arrangements.

Immediately upon passage of this resolution and after the Members of the Senate and House have been appointed, the Speaker shall direct the committee on arrangements to meet and select a chairman from one of their own group and such other officers as will be appropriate and needed who will immediately proceed to plan, in cooperation with the national Civil War Centennial Commission, the Civil War Centennial Commission of the District of Columbia and the Lincoln Group of the District of Columbia, an appropriate ceremony, issue invitations to the President of the United States, the Vice President of the United States, Secretaries of departments, heads of independent agencies, offices, and commissions, the Chief Justice and Associate Justices of the Supreme Court, the diplomatic corps, assistant heads of departments, Commissioners of the District of Columbia, members of the Lincoln Group of the District of Columbia, centennial commissions from the various States, Civil War roundtables, State and local historical and patriotic societies, and such other students and
scholars in the field of history as may have a special interest in the occasion, organize a reenactment of Mr. Lincoln's first inauguration on the eastern portico of the Capitol, select a speaker and other participants, prepare and publish a program and submit a report not later than June 1, 1961.

Approved March 1, 1961.

Public Law 87-2

AN ACT

To authorize the distribution of copies of the Congressional Record to former Members of Congress requesting such copies.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 73 of the Printing Act, approved January 12, 1895, as amended (44 U.S.C. 183), is amended by inserting after the paragraph relating to ex-Presidents and ex-Vice Presidents a new paragraph as follows:

"To each former Senator, Representative in Congress, Delegate from a territory, or Commissioner from Puerto Rico, upon request to the Public Printer, one copy of the daily."

Approved March 21, 1961.

Public Law 87-3

AN ACT

To authorize the appointment of Dwight David Eisenhower to the active list of the Regular Army, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States is authorized to appoint former President Dwight David Eisenhower to the active list of the Regular Army in his former grade of General of the Army with his former date of rank in such grade. Dwight David Eisenhower, as a former President entitled to a monetary allowance and other benefits by the Act of August 25, 1958 (Public Law 85–745), shall not be entitled to the pay or allowances of a General of the Army.

Sec. 2. The Secretary of Defense is authorized to assign military assistants to Dwight David Eisenhower as General of the Army. The amount authorized to be expended per annum by the Administrator of General Services under section (b) of the Act of August 25, 1958 (Public Law 85–745) to provide an office staff for a former President of the United States shall be reduced by the sum of the pay and allowances of any such military assistants so assigned.

Sec. 3. Nothing herein contained shall be construed as in any way affecting or limiting the benefits provided the widow of any former President under the Act of August 25, 1958 (Public Law 85–745).

Approved March 22, 1961.
Public Law 87-4

JOINT RESOLUTION

Relating to the Time for filing a Report on Renegotiation by the Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Section 4(b) (2) of Public Law 86–89, July 13, 1959, extending the Renegotiation Act of 1951, is amended by striking out “March 31, 1961”, relating to the time for filing a report on Renegotiation by the Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation, and inserting in lieu thereof “June 30, 1961”.

Approved March 22, 1961.

Public Law 87-5

AN ACT

To provide a special program for feed grains for 1961.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 105 of the Agricultural Act of 1949, as amended, is amended by adding the following new subsection:

“(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law—

“(1) The level of price support for the 1961 crop of corn shall be established by the Secretary at such level not less than 65 per cent of the parity price therefor as the Secretary may determine. Price support for corn and grain sorghums shall be made available on not to exceed the normal production of the 1961 acreage of corn and grain sorghums of each eligible farm based on its average yield per acre for the 1959 and 1960 crop acreage.

“(2) The Secretary shall require as a condition of eligibility for price support on the 1961 crop of corn, grain sorghums, and any other feed grain which he may designate that the producer shall participate in the special agricultural conservation program for 1961 for corn and grain sorghums to the extent prescribed by the Secretary.”

SEC. 2. Section 16 of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act, as amended, is amended by adding the following new subsection:

“(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law—

“(1) The Secretary shall formulate and carry out a special agricultural conservation program for 1961, without regard to provisions which would be applicable to the regular agricultural conservation program, under which, subject to such terms and conditions as the Secretary determines, conservation payments in amounts determined by the Secretary to be fair and reasonable shall be made to producers who divert acreage from the production of corn and grain sorghums to an approved conservation use and increase their average acreage devoted in 1959 and 1960 to designated soil conserving crops or practices by an equal amount: Provided, however, That any producer may elect in lieu of such payment to devote such diverted acreage to castor beans, safflower, sunflower, or sesame, if designated by the Secretary. Such special agricultural conservation program shall require the producer to take such measures as the Secretary may deem appropriate to keep such diverted acreage free from insects, weeds, and rodents. The acreage eligible for payments in cash or in an equivalent amount in kind under such conservation program shall be an acreage
equivalent to 20 per centum of the average acreage on the farm planted to corn and grain sorghums in the crop years 1959 and 1960 or up to twenty acres, whichever is greater. Such payments in cash or in kind at the basic county support rate may be made on an amount of corn and grain sorghums not in excess of 50 per centum of the normal production of the acreage diverted from corn and grain sorghums on the farm based on its average yield per acre for the 1959 and 1960 crop acreage. Payments in kind only may be made by the Secretary for the diversion of up to an additional 20 per centum of such corn and grain sorghum acreage. Payments in kind on such additional acreage may be made at the basic county support rate on an amount of corn and grain sorghums not in excess of 60 per centum of the normal production of the acreage diverted from corn and grain sorghums on the farm based on its average yield per acre for the 1959 and 1960 crop acreage. The Secretary may make such adjustments in acreage and yields for the 1959 and 1960 crop years as he determines necessary to correct for abnormal factors affecting production, and to give due consideration to tillable acreage, crop rotation practices, type of soil, and topography. The Secretary may make not to exceed 50 per centum of any payments to producers in advance of determination of performance.

“(2) There are hereby authorized to be appropriated such amounts as may be necessary to enable the Secretary to carry out this section 16(c). Obligations may be incurred in advance of appropriations therefor and the Commodity Credit Corporation is authorized to advance from its capital funds such sums as may be necessary to pay administrative expenses in connection with such program during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1961, and to pay such costs as may be included in carrying out section 3 of the Act which added this subsection to this Act.

“(3) The Secretary shall provide by regulations for the sharing of payments under this subsection among producers on the farm on a fair and equitable basis and in keeping with existing contracts.”

Sec. 3. Payments in kind shall be made through the issuance of negotiable certificates which the Commodity Credit Corporation shall redeem for feed grains and, notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Commodity Credit Corporation shall, in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary, assist the producer in the marketing of such certificates at such time and in such manner as the Secretary determines will best effectuate the purposes of the 1961 Feed Grain Program authorized by this Act. In the case of any certificate not presented for redemption within 30 days of the date of its issuance, reasonable costs of storage and other carrying charges, as determined by the Secretary, for the period beginning 30 days after its issuance and ending with the date of its presentation for redemption shall be deducted from the value of the certificate.

Sec. 4. Not later than 90 days after the effective date of this Act the Secretary shall submit to the Congress a detailed report, including estimates where final figures are not available, setting forth but not limited to the number and percent of cooperators under this Act, the acreage retired from production by States, the cash payments made, the quantity and kind of feed grains made available under the payment-in-kind provisions of the Act and the value thereof, the overall cost of the program, the estimated savings compared with the program in effect before this Act became effective, and such other information as will indicate the progress, cost, and reduction of surpluses under this Act.

Approved March 22, 1961.
AN ACT

To provide for the establishment of a temporary program of extended unemployment compensation, to provide for a temporary increase in the rate of the Federal unemployment tax, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the “Temporary Extended Unemployment Compensation Act of 1961”.

DEFINITIONS

Sec. 2. For purposes of this Act—

(1) The term “compensation period” means, in the case of any individual, the period beginning with the first day of a benefit year (determined under applicable State law) for such individual and ending on the day before the first day of the next benefit year (determined under applicable State law) for such individual. If the applicable State law does not define a benefit year, then for purposes of the preceding sentence such term has the meaning prescribed by the Secretary.

(2) The term “first claim” means the first request for determination of an individual’s right to temporary extended unemployment compensation, without regard to whether or not any compensation is paid.

(3) The term “State unemployment compensation” means the regular unemployment compensation payable to an individual under the State law or title XV, and any additional unemployment compensation payable to such individual under the State law or title XV during periods of high unemployment.

(4) The term “Secretary” means the Secretary of Labor of the United States.

(5) The term “State” includes the District of Columbia and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.

(6) The term “State agency” means the agency of the State which administers its State law.

(7) The term “State law” means the unemployment compensation law of the State, approved by the Secretary under section 3304 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, and the unemployment compensation law of Puerto Rico during the last six months before January 1, 1961.

(8) The term “temporary extended unemployment compensation” means the additional unemployment compensation payable under this Act.


(10) The term “week” means a week as defined in the applicable State law.

PAYMENT OF COMPENSATION

Eligibility

Sec. 3. (a) Payment of temporary extended unemployment compensation shall be made, for any week of unemployment which begins in the covered period specified in section 6, to individuals who have, after June 30, 1960, exhausted (within the meaning prescribed by the Secretary by regulations) all rights under the State law and title XV and who have no rights to unemployment compensation with respect to such week under any such law or under any other Federal or State unemployment compensation law.
Weekly Benefit Amount

(b) The temporary extended unemployment compensation payable to an individual for a week of total unemployment shall be the weekly benefit amount (including allowances for dependents) for total unemployment which was payable to him pursuant to the State law or title XV under which he last exhausted his rights before making his first claim under this Act. The temporary extended unemployment compensation payable to an individual for a week of less than total unemployment shall be computed on the basis of such weekly benefit amount, except that in such computation allowances for dependents shall be taken into account in the manner provided by the applicable State law with respect to such a week of less than total unemployment.

Application of State Laws

(c) Except where inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, the terms and conditions of the State law or title XV under which an individual most recently exhausted his rights shall apply to his claim for temporary extended unemployment compensation and to the payment thereof.

REIMBURSEMENT

Sec. 4. The United States shall reimburse any State, with which an agreement has been entered into under section 7 which includes the provisions specified in subsection (a) (2) thereof, for any State unemployment compensation paid by it to an individual with respect to a week of unemployment beginning in the covered period specified in section 6, to the extent that the sum of such payment, plus the State unemployment compensation paid by such State for prior weeks of unemployment in the compensation period and not reimbursed under this section, exceeds 26 times the weekly benefit amount (including allowances for dependents) for total unemployment which was payable to such individual pursuant to State law or title XV in such compensation period.

LIMITATION ON TOTAL PAYMENTS AND REIMBURSEMENTS

Overall Limitation

Sec. 5. (a) The sum of the temporary extended unemployment compensation payable to any individual, plus the State unemployment compensation paid to such individual with respect to which any State is entitled to reimbursement under this Act (or would be entitled to such reimbursement but for the fact that such compensation is paid under title XV), shall not exceed whichever of the following amounts is the smaller:

1. An amount equal to 50 percent of the total amount of State unemployment compensation (including allowances for dependents) which was payable to him for his first compensation period, or
2. An amount equal to 13 times his weekly benefit amount for his first compensation period.

Limitation Based on Compensation Period

(b) Payment of temporary extended unemployment compensation (and reimbursement of State unemployment compensation) shall not be made with respect to any individual for any week of unemployment, to the extent that such payment or reimbursement, when added to the sum of State unemployment compensation and temporary
extended unemployment compensation paid to such individual with respect to prior weeks in the compensation period, would exceed 39 times such individual's weekly benefit amount for such compensation period.

Definitions

(c) For purposes of this section—

(1) The term "first compensation period" means—

(A) in the case of any individual whose first claim under this Act is for a week of unemployment before his first reimbursement week, the compensation period in which he last exhausted his rights to State unemployment compensation before making such first claim, or

(B) in the case of any other individual, the compensation period in which his first reimbursement week occurs.

(2) In the case of any individual, the term "first reimbursement week" means the first week with respect to which any State is entitled to reimbursement under section 4 (or would be entitled to such reimbursement but for the fact that the compensation was paid under title XV).

(3) An individual's weekly benefit amount for any compensation period is the weekly benefit amount (including allowances for dependents) for total unemployment which was payable to him in such compensation period pursuant to the State law or title XV.

COVERED PERIOD

Sec. 6. In the case of any individual, the covered period referred to in sections 3 and 4 is the period—

(1) beginning on whichever of the following is the later:

(A) the 15th day after the date on which this Act is enacted, or

(B) the day after the date on which any applicable agreement is entered into under section 7 or 8, and

(2) ending—

(A) on March 31, 1962, or

(B) on June 30, 1962, in the case of an individual who (for a week beginning before April 1, 1962) had a week with respect to which temporary extended unemployment compensation was payable under section 3, reimbursement was payable under section 4, or reimbursement would have been so payable but for the fact that the unemployment compensation was payable under title XV.

AGREEMENTS WITH STATES

In General

Sec. 7. (a) The Secretary is authorized on behalf of the United States to enter into an agreement with a State, or with the agency administering the State law, which shall include the provisions described in paragraphs (1) and (2) or in either of them:

(1) Such State agency will make, as agent of the United States, payments of temporary extended unemployment compensation to the individuals referred to in section 3 on the basis provided in this Act, and will otherwise cooperate with the Secretary and with other State agencies in making payments of temporary extended unemployment compensation under this Act.
(2) The United States will reimburse the State for State unemployment compensation paid under the conditions specified in section 4. Except as provided in section 8, temporary extended unemployment compensation shall be paid, and reimbursement under section 4 shall be made, only pursuant to an agreement entered into under this section.

Amendment, Suspension, or Termination of Agreement

(b) Each agreement under this Act shall provide the terms and conditions upon which the agreement may be amended, suspended, or terminated.

No Denial or Reduction of State Benefits

(c) Any agreement under this Act shall provide that regular unemployment compensation otherwise payable to any individual will not be denied or reduced for any week by reason of any right to temporary extended unemployment compensation under this Act.

Review

(d) Any determination by a State agency with respect to entitlement to temporary extended unemployment compensation pursuant to an agreement under this Act shall be subject to review in the same manner and to the same extent as determinations under the State law, and only in such manner and to such extent.

Compensation To Be Reduced by Certain Retirement Pensions and Annuities

(e)(1) Any agreement under this Act shall provide that temporary extended unemployment compensation payable to an individual with respect to a week shall be reduced, under regulations prescribed by the Secretary, by any amount received with respect to such week as a retirement pension or annuity under a public or private retirement plan or system provided, or contributed to, by any base period employer. An amount received with respect to a period other than a week shall be prorated by weeks. No reduction shall be made under this paragraph for (A) any retirement pension or annuity received by reason of disability, or (B) any amount received under title II of the Social Security Act.

(2) For purposes of this subsection, the term "base period employer" means, in the case of any individual, any person who paid such individual any remuneration for employment which was taken into account in computing the amount or duration of any State unemployment compensation which was payable to such individual at any time during the compensation period.

(3) For purposes of section 3(c), so much of any State law as provides a disqualification for, or a reduction in, State unemployment compensation for amounts received as retirement pensions or annuities (or for amounts received under title II of the Social Security Act) shall be deemed to be inconsistent with the provisions of this Act relating to the payment of temporary extended unemployment compensation.
PUBLIC LAW 87-6—MAR. 24, 1961

EX-SERVICEMEN AND FEDERAL EMPLOYEES

In States Which Do Not Have Agreements

Sec. 8. (a) For the purpose of paying temporary extended unemployment compensation to individuals who have, after June 30, 1960, exhausted their rights to unemployment compensation under title XV in a State with which there is no agreement under section 7 which applies with respect to the weeks of unemployment concerned, the Secretary may extend any existing agreement with such State. Any such extension shall apply only to weeks of unemployment beginning after such extension is made. For the purposes of this Act, any such extension shall be treated as an agreement entered into under this Act.

In the Virgin Islands

(b) For the purpose of paying temporary extended unemployment compensation to individuals who have, after June 30, 1960, exhausted their rights to unemployment compensation under title XV in the Virgin Islands, the Secretary may utilize the personnel and facilities of the agency in the Virgin Islands cooperating with the United States Employment Service under the Act of June 6, 1933 (29 U.S.C. 49 and following), may delegate to officials of such agency any authority granted to him by this Act whenever the Secretary determines such delegation to be necessary in carrying out the purposes of this Act, and may allocate or transfer funds or otherwise pay or reimburse such agency for the total cost of the temporary extended unemployment compensation paid under this Act and for expenses incurred in carrying out the purposes of this Act.

Review

(c) Any individual referred to in subsection (b) whose claim for temporary extended unemployment compensation has been denied shall be entitled to a fair hearing and review as provided in section 1503(c) of title XV.

Penalties

False Statements, and So Forth

Sec. 9. (a) Whoever makes a false statement or representation of a material fact knowing it to be false, or knowingly fails to disclose a material fact, to obtain or increase for himself or for any other individual any payment under this Act shall be fined not more than $1,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both.

Recovery of Overpayments

(b) (1) If a State agency or the Secretary, as the case may be, or a court of competent jurisdiction, finds that any person—

(A) has made, or has caused to be made by another, a false statement or representation of a material fact knowing it to be false, or has knowingly failed, or caused another to fail, to disclose a material fact, and

(B) as a result of such action has received any payment under this Act to which he was not entitled,

such person shall be liable to repay such amount to the State agency or the Secretary, as the case may be. In lieu of requiring the repayment of any amount under this paragraph, the State agency or the Secretary, as the case may be, may recover such amount by deductions.
from any compensation payable to such person under this Act. Any such finding by a State agency or the Secretary, as the case may be, may be made only after an opportunity for a fair hearing, subject to such further review as may be appropriate under sections 7(d) and 8(c).

(2) Any amount repaid to a State agency under paragraph (1) shall be deposited into the fund from which payment was made. Any amount repaid to the Secretary under paragraph (1) shall be returned to the Treasury and credited to the current applicable appropriation, fund, or account from which payment was made.

INFORMATION

Sec. 10. The agency administering the State law shall furnish to the Secretary such information as he may find necessary or appropriate in carrying out the provisions of this Act. Such information shall include data (which may be procured on a sampling basis) relating to the personal characteristics, family situation, employment background, and experience under this Act of individuals found to be entitled to temporary extended unemployment compensation.

PAYMENTS TO STATES

Payment on Calendar Month Basis

Sec. 11. (a) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), there shall be paid to each State which has an agreement under this Act, either in advance or by way of reimbursement, as may be determined by the Secretary, such sum as the Secretary estimates the State will be entitled to receive under this Act for each calendar month, reduced or increased as the case may be, by any sum by which the Secretary finds that his estimates for any prior calendar month were greater or less than the amounts which should have been paid to the State. Such estimates may be made upon the basis of such statistical, sampling, or other method as may be agreed upon by the Secretary and the State agency.

(2) Any payments to a State pursuant to section 4 shall be by way of reimbursement, and shall be used only for the payment of cash benefits to individuals with respect to their unemployment, exclusive of expenses of administration.

Certification

(b) The Secretary shall from time to time certify to the Secretary of the Treasury for payment to each State which has an agreement under this Act sums payable to such State under paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (a). The Secretary of the Treasury, prior to audit or settlement by the General Accounting Office, shall make payment to the State in accordance with such certification, from the Federal extended compensation account. Sums payable to a State under paragraph (2) of subsection (a) shall be paid by transfers from the Federal extended compensation account to the account of such State in the Unemployment Trust Fund.

Money To Be Used Only for Purposes for Which Paid

(c) All money paid a State under this Act shall be used solely for the purposes for which it is paid; and any money so paid which is not used for such purposes shall be returned, at the time specified in the agreement under this Act, to the Treasury and credited to
current applicable appropriations, funds, or accounts from which payments to States under this Act may be made.

Surety Bonds

(d) An agreement under this Act may require any officer or employee of the State certifying payments or disbursing funds pursuant to the agreement, or otherwise participating in its performance, to give a surety bond to the United States in such amount as the Secretary may deem necessary, and may provide for the payment of the cost of such bond from funds for carrying out the purposes of this Act.

Liability of Certifying Officers

(e) No person designated pursuant to an agreement under this Act as a certifying officer shall, in the absence of gross negligence or intent to defraud the United States, be liable with respect to the payment of any compensation certified by him under this Act.

Liability of Disbursing Officers

(f) No disbursing officer shall, in the absence of gross negligence or intent to defraud the United States, be liable with respect to any payment by him under this Act if it was based upon a voucher signed by a certifying officer designated as provided in subsection (e) of this section.

Cost of Administration

(g) For the purpose of payments made to a State under title III of the Social Security Act, administration by the State agency of such State pursuant to an agreement under this Act shall be deemed to be a part of the administration of the State law.

REGULATIONS

SEC. 12. The Secretary is hereby authorized to make such rules and regulations as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act. Such regulations shall include regulations prescribing the method of computing an average weekly benefit amount where there is more than one weekly benefit amount payable in a period.

FEDERAL EXTENDED COMPENSATION ACCOUNT

Establishment of Account

SEC. 13. Title IX of the Social Security Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"FEDERAL EXTENDED COMPENSATION ACCOUNT

"Establishment of Account

"Sec. 905. (a) There is hereby established in the Unemployment Trust Fund a Federal extended compensation account. For the purposes provided for in section 904(e), such account shall be maintained as a separate book account. There are hereby authorized to be appropriated, without fiscal year limitation, such amounts as may be necessary to make the payments of compensation provided by sections 3 and 8 of the Temporary Extended Unemployment Compensation Act of 1961 and the reimbursements provided by section 4 of such Act. The amounts so appropriated shall be transferred from time
to time to the Federal extended compensation account on the basis of estimates by the Secretary of the Treasury after consultation with the Secretary of Labor of the amounts required to make such payments and reimbursements. Amounts so transferred shall be repayable advances (without interest), except to the extent that such amounts are used to make the payments of compensation provided by sections 3 and 8 of the Temporary Extended Unemployment Compensation Act of 1961 to individuals by reason of the exhaustion of their rights to unemployment compensation under title XV. Such repayable advances shall be repaid by transfers, from the Federal extended compensation account to the general fund of the Treasury, at such times as the amount in the Federal extended compensation account is determined by the Secretary of the Treasury, in consultation with the Secretary of Labor, to be adequate for such purpose.

"Transfers to Account"

"(b) The Secretary of the Treasury shall transfer (as of the close of each month in the calendar years 1963 and 1964), from the employment security administration account to the Federal extended compensation account established by subsection (a), an amount determined by him to be equal to 50 percent of the amount by which—

"(1) transfers to the employment security administration account pursuant to section 901(b)(2) during such month, exceed

"(2) payments during such month from the employment security administration account pursuant to section 901(b)(3) and (d)."

If for any such month the payments referred to in paragraph (2) exceed the transfers referred to in paragraph (1), proper adjustments shall be made in the amounts subsequently transferred.

"Transfers to State Accounts"

"(c)(1) The Secretary of the Treasury shall transfer (as of December 31, 1963), from the Federal extended compensation account to the accounts of the States in the Unemployment Trust Fund, the balance in the Federal extended compensation account as of such date. Such balance shall be determined by deducting from the amount in the account on December 31, 1963, the amount of the outstanding advances made to such account pursuant to subsection (a).

"(2) Each State's share of the balance to be transferred under this subsection—

"(A) shall be determined by the Secretary of Labor and certified by him to the Secretary of the Treasury before that date on the basis of reports furnished by the States to the Secretary of Labor before December 1, 1963, and

"(B) shall bear the same ratio to the balance in such account as of December 31, 1963, as (i) the amount of wages subject to contributions under such State's unemployment compensation law during 1961 and 1962 which have been reported to the State before May 1, 1963, bears to (ii) the total of wages subject to contributions under all State unemployment compensation laws during 1961 and 1962 which have been reported to the States before May 1, 1963.

"Termination of Account"

"(d) Except as provided by subsection (c), no transfer to or from the Federal extended compensation account shall be made after December 31, 1964."
TEMPORARY INCREASE IN RATE OF TAX

Temporary Increase

Sec. 14. (a) Section 3301 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to the rate of the Federal unemployment tax) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "In the case of wages paid during the calendar years 1962 and 1963, the rate of such tax shall be 3.5 percent in lieu of 3.1 percent."

No Change in Credits

(b) Section 3302(d)(1) of such Code (relating to credits against tax) is amended to read as follows:

"(1) RATE OF TAX DEEMED TO BE 3 PERCENT.—In applying subsection (c), the tax imposed by section 3301 shall be computed at the rate of 3 percent in lieu of 3.1 percent (or, in the case of the tax imposed with respect to the calendar years 1962 and 1963, in lieu of 3.5 percent)."

Sec. 15. Notwithstanding section 901(c)(1)(A) of the Social Security Act, the limitation on the amount authorized to be made available for the fiscal years ending on June 30, 1961, and 1962, for the purposes specified in such section 901(c)(1)(A) is hereby increased to—

(1) $385,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1961, and
(2) $415,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1962.

Approved March 24, 1961.

Public Law 87-7

To provide temporary extended railroad unemployment insurance benefits, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Temporary Extended Railroad Unemployment Insurance Benefits Act of 1961".

Sec. 2. An employee as defined in the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act who has, after June 30, 1960, and before April 1, 1962, exhausted (within the meaning prescribed by the Railroad Retirement Board by regulation) his right to unemployment benefits under the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act, shall be paid unemployment benefits in accordance otherwise with the provisions of such Act for days of unemployment, not exceeding sixty-five, and not exceeding in the aggregate, an amount equal to 50 per centum of the total amount of unemployment benefits which were payable to him in the benefit year in which he last exhausted his rights before making his first claim under this Act, which occur in registration periods, as defined in the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act, beginning on or after the fifteenth day after the date of enactment of the Temporary Extended Unemployment Compensation Act of 1961, and before April 1, 1962, and which would not be days with respect to which he would be held entitled otherwise to receive unemployment benefits under the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act: Provided, That an employee entitled under this section to benefits for a day before April 1, 1962, may receive such benefits for days in registration periods which begin before July 1, 1962: Provided further, That payment of benefits otherwise provided for in this Act shall
not be made with respect to any individual for any day of unemploy-
ment to the extent that such payment, when added to the sum of the
benefits under the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act and under
this Act paid such individual with respect to prior days in the benefit
year, would exceed one hundred and ninety-five times such individual's
daily benefit rate for such benefit year. An employee who has filed,
and established, a first claim for benefits under the provisions of the
Temporary Extended Unemployment Compensation Act of 1961, may
not thereafter establish a claim under this section, and an employee
who has registered for, and established, a claim under this section may
not thereafter establish a claim under the provisions of the Temporary
Extended Unemployment Compensation Act of 1961. Except to the
extent inconsistent with this section, the provisions of the Railroad
Unemployment Insurance Act shall be applicable in the administration
of this section.

Sec. 3. The Secretary of Labor, upon request, shall furnish the
Railroad Retirement Board information deemed necessary by such
Board for the administration of section 2 hereof, and such Board,
upon request, shall furnish the Secretary of Labor information deemed
necessary by the Secretary for the administration of the Temporary

Sec. 4. There are hereby authorized to be appropriated to the rail-
road unemployment insurance account, without fiscal year limitation,
such amounts as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this
Act. The amounts so appropriated shall be transferred from time
to time to the railroad unemployment insurance account on the basis
of estimates by the Secretary of the Treasury after consultation with
the Railroad Retirement Board of the amounts required from time
to time to carry out the provisions of this Act. Amounts so trans-
ferred shall be repayable advances without interest. Such repayable
advances shall be repaid by transfers, from the railroad unemploy-
ment insurance account to the general fund of the Treasury, at such
times as the amount in the railroad unemployment insurance account
derived from the increased contributions provided for in section 5 of
this Act is determined by the Secretary of the Treasury, in consulta-
tion with the Railroad Retirement Board, to be adequate for such
purpose.

Sec. 5. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 8(a)2 of the
Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act, the rate of contribution re-
quired to be paid under the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act
by every employer as defined in such Act shall be 4 per centum with
respect to compensation as defined in such Act, paid after December 31,

Approved March 24, 1961.

Public Law 87-8

AN ACT

To adjust the amount of funds available for farm operating loans made
pursuant to section 21(b) of the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act, as
amended.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the
United States of America in Congress assembled, That the second
sentence of section 21(b) of the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant
Act, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1007(b)), is amended by striking the
words "10 per centum" and by inserting in lieu thereof the words
"25 per centum".

Approved March 29, 1961.
Public Law 87-9

AN ACT

To authorize certain beach erosion control of the shore in San Diego County, California.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the project for beach erosion control at Oceanside, San Diego County, California, is hereby authorized, in lieu of the existing Federal beach erosion control project, substantially in accordance with the recommendations of the Chief of Engineers in his report contained in House Document Numbered 456, Eighty-sixth Congress, at an estimated cost of $1,498,000.

Sec. 2. The Secretary of the Army is hereby authorized to reimburse local interests for such work done by them on the beach erosion project authorized in section 1, subsequent to the initiation of the authorized study which forms the basis for the project: Provided, That the work which may have been done on this project is approved by the Chief of Engineers as being in accordance with the project hereby adopted: Provided further, That such reimbursement shall be subject to appropriations applicable thereto or funds available therefor and shall not take precedence over other pending projects of higher priority for improvements.

Sec. 3. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this Act.

Approved March 29, 1961.

Public Law 87-10

AN ACT

To amend the transitional provisions of the Act approved August 7, 1959, entitled "Nematocide, Plant Regulator, Defoliant, and Desiccant Amendment of 1959".

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That paragraph (a) of section 3 of the Nematocide, Plant Regulator, Defoliant, and Desiccant Amendment of 1959 (Public Law 86-139, 73 Stat. 286, 287) is amended by deleting the comma and the word "or" appearing at the end of clause (1) and adding at the end of such clause a colon and the following: "Provided, That with respect to any nematocide, plant regulator, defoliant, or desiccant whose use results in residue remaining in or on a food at the time of introduction into interstate commerce and which use had commercial application prior to January 1, 1958, the Secretary may prescribe a date beyond March 5, 1961, on the basis of a determination that such action will not be unduly detrimental to the public interest and is necessary to avoid hardships: Provided further, That such date shall not be extended beyond (i) the date on which an order with respect to the use of such product under section 408 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 346a) becomes effective or (ii) the date on which any extension granted under paragraph (b) of this section is terminated, or".

Approved March 29, 1961.
Public Law 87-11

JOINT RESOLUTION

To provide for the reappointment of Doctor Jerome C. Hunsaker as Citizen Regent of the Board of Regents of the Smithsonian Institution.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the vacancy in the Board of Regents of the Smithsonian Institution, of the class other than Members of Congress, which will occur by the expiration of the term of Doctor Jerome C. Hunsaker, of Cambridge, Massachusetts, on June 3, 1961, be filled by the reappointment of the present incumbent for the statutory term of six years.

Approved March 29, 1961.

Public Law 87-12

AN ACT

To extend the time in which the Outdoor Recreation Resources Review Commission shall submit its final report.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first sentence of section 6(c) of the Act entitled "An Act for the establishment of a National Outdoor Recreation Resources Review Commission to study the outdoor recreation resources of the public lands and other land and water areas of the United States, and for other purposes," approved June 28, 1958 (72 Stat. 238), is amended to read as follows: "The Commission shall present not later than January 31, 1962, a report of its review, a compilation of its data, and its recommendations on a State by State, region by region, and national basis to the President and to the Congress, and shall cease to exist not later than September 1, 1962."

Approved March 29, 1961.

Public Law 87-13

AN ACT

To authorize the sale, without regard to the six-month waiting period prescribed, of certain calcines and matte proposed to be disposed of pursuant to the Strategic and Critical Materials Stock Piling Act.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Administrator of General Services is hereby authorized to dispose of, by negotiated sale or otherwise, approximately three thousand four hundred and thirty-one short tons of nickel-cobalt-copper calcines and approximately eighty-seven tons of nickel-cobalt-copper matte now held in the national stockpile. Such disposition may be made without regard to the provisions of section 3 of the Strategic and Critical Materials Stock Piling Act, relating to dispositions on the basis of a revised determination pursuant to section 2 of said Act, to the effect that no such disposition shall be made until six months after publication in the Federal Register and transmission to the Congress and to the Armed Services Committees thereof of a notice of the proposed disposition.

Approved March 29, 1961.
AN ACT
Making supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1961, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to supply supplemental appropriations (this Act may be cited as the "Third Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1961") for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1961, and for other purposes, namely:

TITLE I

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

FOREST SERVICE

FOREST PROTECTION AND UTILIZATION

For additional amounts for "Forest protection and utilization", as follows:
"Forest land management", $35,580,000;
"Forest research", $946,000; and
"State and private forestry cooperation", $74,000.

ACQUISITION OF LANDS, KLAMATH INDIANS

For the acquisition of Klamath Indian forest lands in accordance with the Act of August 13, 1954, as amended (68 Stat. 718; 72 Stat. 816), terminating Federal supervision over the Klamath Indian Tribe in Oregon, $68,717,000.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

BUREAU OF FOREIGN COMMERCE

EXPORT CONTROL

For an additional amount for "Export control", $225,000, of which not to exceed $162,000 may be advanced to the Bureau of Customs, Treasury Department, for enforcement of the export control program, and of which not to exceed $6,000 may be advanced to the appropriation for "Salaries and expenses" under "General administration".

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—MILITARY

MILITARY PERSONNEL

MILITARY PERSONNEL, ARMY

For an additional amount for "Military personnel, Army", $7,000,000.

MILITARY PERSONNEL, NAVY

For an additional amount for "Military personnel, Navy", $15,000,000.
OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, ARMY

For an additional amount for "Operation and maintenance, Army", $88,500,000.

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, NAVY

For an additional amount for "Operation and maintenance, Navy", $79,400,000.

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, AIR FORCE

For an additional amount for "Operation and maintenance, Air Force", $72,000,000.

CLAIMS, DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

For an additional amount for "Claims, Department of Defense", $3,000,000.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

The amount of the limitation on hire of motor vehicles contained in section 532 of the Department of Defense Appropriation Act, 1961, is increased by $1,250,000.

The amount of the limitation on travel expenses contained in section 533 of the Department of Defense Appropriation Act, 1961, is increased by $55,000,000: Provided, That $2,500,000 of the foregoing increase in funds for travel expenses may be used only for the procurement of commercial passenger sea transportation service on American-flag vessels.

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—CIVIL FUNCTIONS

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

RIVERS AND HARBORS AND FLOOD CONTROL

CONSTRUCTION, GENERAL

For an additional amount for "Construction, general", $350,000, to remain available until expended.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

(Out of District of Columbia Funds)

OPERATING EXPENSES

REGULATORY AGENCIES

For an additional amount for "Regulatory agencies", $118,000.

DEPARTMENT OF OCCUPATIONS AND PROFESSIONS

For an additional amount for "Department of Occupations and Professions", $29,000.

METROPOLITAN POLICE

For an additional amount for "Metropolitan Police", $100,000.
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH

For an additional amount for "Department of Public Health", $1,849,500.

Department of Public Welfare

For an additional amount for "Department of Public Welfare", $575,000.

DEPARTMENT OF SANITARY ENGINEERING

For an additional amount for "Department of Sanitary Engineering", $1,268,000, of which $845,000 shall be payable from the highway fund.

MISCELLANEOUS

Settlement of Claims and Suits

For an additional amount for the payment of claims in excess of $250, approved by the Commissioners in accordance with the provisions of the Act of February 11, 1929, as amended (45 Stat. 1160; 46 Stat. 500; 65 Stat. 131), $28,330.

Audited Claims

For an additional amount for the payment of claims, certified to be due by the accounting officers of the District of Columbia, under appropriations the balances of which have been exhausted or credited to the general or special funds of the District of Columbia as provided by law (D.C. Code, title 47, sec. 130a), being for the service of the fiscal year 1958 and prior fiscal years, as set forth in House Document Numbered 58 (Eighty-seventh Congress), $1,789, together with such further sums as may be necessary to pay the interest on audited claims for refunds at not exceeding 4 per centum per annum as provided by law (Act of July 10, 1952, 66 Stat. 546, sec. 14d).

DIVISION OF EXPENSES

The sums appropriated in this title for the District of Columbia shall, unless otherwise specifically provided for, be paid out of the general fund of the District of Columbia, as defined in the District of Columbia Appropriations Acts for the fiscal years involved.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

PRESIDENT'S ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON LABOR-MANAGEMENT POLICY

For necessary expenses of the President's Advisory Committee on Labor-Management Policy, established by Executive Order 10918 of February 16, 1961, including rent in the District of Columbia either for the Committee or for Federal agencies displaced in the interests of the Committee, services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55(a)), but at rates for individuals not to exceed $100 per diem, and $25 per diem in lieu of subsistence for members of the Committee while away from their homes or regular places of business, $80,000.
FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT

Mutual Security

Development Loan Fund

For an additional amount for advances to the Development Loan Fund, as authorized by section 203 of the Mutual Security Act of 1954, as amended, $50,000,000, to remain available until expended.

President's Special International Program

For an additional amount for "President's special international program", including uniforms or allowances therefor, as authorized by law (5 U.S.C. 2131), $1,732,000, to remain available until expended; Provided, That not to exceed $2,000 of this amount may be expended for representation.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE

Office of Education

Grants for Library Services

For an additional amount, fiscal year 1960, for "Grants for library services", $1,300,000.

Payments to School Districts

For an additional amount for "Payments to school districts", $29,990,000.

Public Health Service

Communicable Disease Activities

For an additional amount for "Communicable disease activities", $1,000,000 which shall be available only for the purchase, demonstration, and distribution of oral poliomyelitis vaccine and shall remain available until June 30, 1962.

Saint Elizabeths Hospital

Salaries and Expenses

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", $477,000.

Social Security Administration

Limitation on Salaries and Expenses, Bureau of Old-Age and Survivors Insurance

For an additional amount for "Limitation on salaries and expenses, Bureau of Old-Age and Survivors Insurance", $29,000,000, to be expended from the Federal old-age and survivors insurance trust fund; Provided, That $5,000,000 of the foregoing amount shall be apportioned for use pursuant to section 3679 of the Revised Statutes, as amended (31 U.S.C. 665), only to the extent necessary to process claims workloads not anticipated in the supplemental budget estimates and after maximum absorption of the cost of such claims workloads has been achieved within said limitation as otherwise provided.
GRANTS TO STATES FOR PUBLIC ASSISTANCE

For an additional amount for "Grants to States for public assistance", $94,000,000, of which $20,000,000 shall be available only upon enactment of H.R. 4884, Eighty-seventh Congress, or similar legislation.

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, BUREAU OF PUBLIC ASSISTANCE

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Public Assistance", $378,500.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, OFFICE OF FIELD ADMINISTRATION

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses, Office of Field Administration", $180,000, together with additional amounts of not to exceed $220,000 to be transferred from the Federal old-age and survivors insurance trust fund and not to exceed $2,000 to be transferred from the "Operating fund, Bureau of Federal Credit Unions", Social Security Administration.

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, OFFICE OF THE GENERAL COUNSEL

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses, Office of the General Counsel", $50,000, together with additional amounts of not to exceed $65,000 to be transferred from the Federal old-age and survivors insurance trust fund, and not to exceed $2,000 to be transferred from the appropriation "Salaries and expenses, certification, inspection, and other services", Food and Drug Administration.

INDEPENDENT OFFICES

ALASKA INTERNATIONAL RAIL AND HIGHWAY COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", $7,650.

CIVIL AERONAUTICS BOARD

PAYMENTS TO AIR CARRIERS (LIQUIDATION OF CONTRACT AUTHORIZATION)

For an additional amount for "Payments to air carriers (liquidation of contract authorization)", $17,500,000, to remain available until expended.

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION

INVESTIGATION OF UNITED STATES CITIZENS FOR EMPLOYMENT BY INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS

For an additional amount for "Investigation of United States citizens for employment by international organizations", including not to exceed $1,800 for travel expenses, $62,000.
GOVERNMENT CONTRIBUTION, RETIRED EMPLOYEES HEALTH BENEFITS FUND

For payment to the "Retired employees health benefits fund" of Government contributions with respect to retired employees, as authorized by section 4 of the Retired Federal Employees Health Benefits Act (74 Stat. 850), $1,625,000.

GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

GENERAL SUPPLY FUND

To increase the general supply fund established by the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949, as amended (5 U.S.C. 630g), $20,000,000.

EXPENSES, SUPPLY DISTRIBUTION

For an additional amount for "Expenses, supply distribution", $600,000, to be derived by transfer from the appropriation for "Strategic and critical materials", fiscal year 1961.

REFUNDS UNDER RENEGOTIATION ACT

For an additional amount for "Refunds under Renegotiation Act", $1,600,000, to remain available until expended.

HOUSING AND HOME FINANCE AGENCY

LIMITATION ON ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES, OFFICE OF THE ADMINISTRATOR, COLLEGE HOUSING LOANS

For a limitation on the amount available for administrative expenses, additional to the amount under this head in title II of the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1961, $250,000.

NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The limitation under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1961, on the amount available for expenses of travel, is increased by $500,000.

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

For an additional amount for "Research and development", $49,000,000, to remain available until expended.

RAILROAD RETIREMENT BOARD

PAYMENT TO RAILROAD UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACCOUNT

For payment to the railroad unemployment insurance account, as a repayable advance, as authorized by section 4 of the Temporary Extended Railroad Unemployment Insurance Benefits Act of 1961, $20,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 1962: Provided, That this amount shall be repaid to the general fund of the Treasury from the railroad unemployment insurance account, whether or not the total derived from the temporary increase in the contribution rate under section 5 of such Act is sufficient for this purpose.
PUBLIC LAW 87-14—MAR. 31, 1961

VETERANS ADMINISTRATION

GENERAL OPERATING EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "General operating expenses", $10,850,000, of which $500,000 shall be derived by transfer from the appropriation for "Grants to the Republic of the Philippines", fiscal year 1961.

INPATIENT CARE

For an additional amount for "Inpatient care", $42,000,000.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

MANAGEMENT OF LANDS AND RESOURCES

For an additional amount for "Management of lands and resources", $4,696,000.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

EDUCATION AND WELFARE SERVICES

For an additional amount for "Education and welfare services", $2,772,000.

RESOURCES MANAGEMENT

For an additional amount for "Resources management", $1,777,000.

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

MANAGEMENT AND PROTECTION

For an additional amount for "Management and protection", $1,934,000.

MAINTENANCE AND REHABILITATION OF PHYSICAL FACILITIES

For an additional amount for "Maintenance and rehabilitation of physical facilities", $800,000.

CONSTRUCTION

For an additional amount for "Construction", $300,000, to remain available until expended.

FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

BUREAU OF SPORT FISHERIES AND WILDLIFE

Management and Investigations of Resources

For an additional amount for "Management and investigations of resources", $663,000, and the limitation under the head "Administrative Provisions" for the Fish and Wildlife Service in the Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1961, on the number of aircraft that may be purchased for replacement only is increased from three to four.
Construction

For an additional amount for "Construction", $350,000, to remain available until expended.

Bureau of Commercial Fisheries

Management and Investigations of Resources

For an additional amount for "Management and Investigations of Resources", $1,000,000.

Office of Territories

Administration of Territories

For an additional amount for "Administration of Territories", $465,000.

Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands

For an additional amount for "Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands", $300,000.

The Judiciary

Courts of Appeals, District Courts, and Other Judicial Services

Fees of Jurors and Commissioners

The appropriation granted under this head in the Judiciary Appropriation Act, 1961, shall be available for compensation of voting referees fixed by the court pursuant to the provisions of the Civil Rights Act of 1960.

Travel and Miscellaneous Expenses

For an additional amount for "Travel and miscellaneous expenses", $50,000.

Expenses of Referees

For an additional amount for "Expenses of referees", $351,200.

Department of Justice

Legal Activities and General Administration

Salaries and Expenses, General Legal Activities

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses, general legal activities", $90,000.

Fees and Expenses of Witnesses

For an additional amount for "Fees and expenses of witnesses", $185,000.

Federal Prison System

Salaries and Expenses, Bureau of Prisons

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Prisons", $2,150,000.
SUPPORT OF UNITED STATES PRISONERS

For an additional amount for "Support of United States prisoners", $200,000.

OFFICE OF ALIEN PROPERTY

LIMITATION ON SALARIES AND EXPENSES, OFFICE OF ALIEN PROPERTY

The limitation under this head in the Department of Justice Appropriation Act, 1961, on the amount available for general administrative expenses of the Office of Alien Property is increased by $65,000.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

BUREAU OF EMPLOYMENT SECURITY

ADVANCES TO EMPLOYMENT SECURITY ADMINISTRATION ACCOUNT, UNEMPLOYMENT TRUST FUND

For capital for the Revolving fund, established by the Employment Security Act of 1960, to be available without fiscal year limitation, as a repayable advance, $268,000,000, of which $250,000,000 shall be derived by transfer from the appropriation for "Grants to States for unemployment compensation and employment service administration", fiscal year 1961: Provided, That obligations and expenditures heretofore incurred and paid from the foregoing appropriation during the current fiscal year and from the appropriation "Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Employment Security" shall be charged to the applicable limitations established in this Act on expenditures from the "Unemployment trust fund".

PAYMENT TO THE FEDERAL EXTENDED COMPENSATION ACCOUNT

For payment into the Federal extended compensation account of the Unemployment trust fund, as repayable advances, as authorized by section 13 of the Temporary Extended Unemployment Compensation Act of 1961, $500,000,000, to remain available only until September 30, 1962.

LIMITATION ON GRANTS TO STATES FOR UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION AND EMPLOYMENT SERVICE ADMINISTRATION (TRUST FUND)

Not to exceed $360,000,000 shall be available from the employment security administration account in the Unemployment trust fund, for the purposes of, and subject to the limitations on, the appropriation for "Grants to States for Unemployment Compensation and Employment Service Administration," provided in the Department of Labor Appropriation Act, 1961.

LIMITATION ON SALARIES AND EXPENSES (TRUST FUND)

Not to exceed $9,000,000 shall be available from the employment security administration account in the Unemployment trust fund, for the purposes of, and subject to the limitations on, the appropriation for "Salaries and Expenses, Bureau of Employment Security," provided in the Department of Labor Appropriation Act, 1961, including not to exceed $1,340,600 for carrying into effect title IV (except section 602) of the Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944.
UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION FOR FEDERAL EMPLOYEES AND EX-SERVICEMEN

For an additional amount for “Unemployment compensation for Federal employees and ex-servicemen”, $70,000,000, of which $56,895,000 shall be derived by transfer from the appropriation granted in the Department of Labor Appropriation Act, 1961, for “Grants to States for unemployment compensation and employment service administration”, and $7,157,000 shall be derived by transfer from the appropriation granted in that Act for “Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Employment Security”.

BUREAU OF EMPLOYEES’ COMPENSATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for “Salaries and expenses”, $333,500.

EMPLOYEES’ COMPENSATION CLAIMS AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for “Employees’ compensation claims and expenses”, $800,000.

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH

SENATE

For payment to Elizabeth S. Hennings, widow of Thomas C. Hennings, Junior, late a Senator from the State of Missouri, $22,500.

SALARIES, OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES

Offices of the Majority and Minority Whips

For an additional amount for “Offices of the Majority and Minority Whips”, $1,160: Provided, That effective April 1, 1961, the basic compensation of the clerical assistants to the majority and minority whips may be fixed at not to exceed $6,900 each.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE SENATE

JOINT ECONOMIC COMMITTEE

For an additional amount for “Joint Economic Committee”, $35,000.

FURNITURE

For an additional amount for “Furniture”, $26,000.

INQUIRIES AND INVESTIGATIONS

For an additional amount for “Inquiries and Investigations”, fiscal year 1960, $105,000.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISION

The ninth paragraph under the heading “Administrative Provisions” in the appropriations for the Senate in the Legislative Branch Appropriation Act, 1957 (2 U.S.C. 127), is amended to read as follows:

“The contingent fund of the Senate is hereafter made available for the payment of mileage, to be computed at 10 cents per mile by the
nearest usual route, between Washington, District of Columbia, and the residence city of the Senator involved, for not to exceed four round trips originating and terminating in Washington, District of Columbia, made by employees in each Senator's office in any fiscal year, such payment to be made only upon vouchers approved by the Senator containing a certification, by such Senator, that such travel was performed in line of official duty."

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

For payment to Thyra G. Thomson, widow of Keith Thomson, late a Representative from the State of Wyoming, $22,500.

For payment to Catherine D. Norrell, widow of W. F. Norrell, late a Representative from the State of Arkansas, $22,500.

For payment to Robert Mann Mumma, son of Walter M. Mumma, late a Representative from the State of Pennsylvania, $22,500.

For payment to Louise G. Reece, widow of B. Carroll Reece, late a Representative from the State of Tennessee, $22,500.

APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

For an additional amount for "Appropriations Committee", $50,000.

MEMBERS' CLERK HIRE

For an additional amount for "Members' clerk hire" pursuant to House Resolution 219, Eighty-seventh Congress, $600,000.

ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL

The appropriation "Extension of the Capitol" shall be available also for necessary furniture and furnishings for such project.

LIBRARY OF CONGRESS

DISTRIBUTION OF CATALOG CARDS

Salaries and Expenses

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", $160,000.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

(Out of postal fund)

TRANSPORTATION

For an additional amount for "Transportation", $18,900,000.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

ADMINISTRATION OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", $10,140,000.

REPRESENTATION ALLOWANCES

For an additional amount for "Representation allowances", $22,000.
EMERGENCIES IN THE DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR SERVICE

For an additional amount for "Emergencies in the diplomatic and consular service", $1,300,000.

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS AND CONFERENCES

INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCES AND CONTINGENCIES

For an additional amount for "International conferences and contingencies", $100,000.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT

BUREAU OF ACCOUNTS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, DIVISION OF DISBURSEMENT

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses, Division of Disbursement", $766,000.

UNITED STATES SECRET SERVICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", $370,000.

BUREAU OF THE MINT

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", $425,000, including not to exceed $2,500 for a medal for Robert Frost as authorized by the Act of September 13, 1960 (74 Stat. 883), which shall remain available until expended.

TITLE II

INCREASED PAY COSTS

For additional amounts for appropriations for the fiscal year 1961, for increased pay costs authorized by or pursuant to law, as follows:

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Agricultural Research Service: "Salaries and expenses":
  "Research", $4,097,000;
  "Plant and animal disease and pest control", $1,734,000;
  "Meat inspection", $1,564,000;
Extension Service: "Cooperative extension work, payments and expenses": "Federal Extension Service", $137,000, which shall be derived by transfer from the appropriation for "Payments to States and Puerto Rico";
Farmer Cooperative Service: "Salaries and expenses", $37,000;
Soil Conservation Service:
  "Conservation operations", $5,472,000;
  "Great Plains conservation program", $168,000, to remain available until expended;
Agricultural Marketing Service: "Marketing research and service":
  "Marketing research and agricultural estimates", $1,011,000;
  "Marketing services", $1,765,000;
Foreign Agricultural Service: “Salaries and expenses”, $232,000;
Commodity Exchange Authority: “Salaries and expenses”, $50,000;
Commodity Stabilization Service: “Acreage allotments and marketing quotas”, $8,463,000;
Federal Crop Insurance Corporation: “Operating and administrative expenses”, $185,000;
Rural Electrification Administration: “Salaries and expenses”, $392,000;
Farmers Home Administration: “Salaries and expenses”, $1,967,000;
Office of the General Counsel: “Salaries and expenses”, $192,000;
Office of the Secretary: “Salaries and expenses”, $181,000;
Office of Information: “Salaries and expenses”, $60,000;
Library: “Salaries and expenses”, $56,000;

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

General administration:
“Salaries and expenses”, $170,000;
Office of Field Services: “Salaries and expenses”, $184,000;
Bureau of the Census:
“Salaries and expenses”, $523,000;
“Eighteenth Decennial Census”, $1,194,000, to remain available until December 31, 1962;
“1962 Census of Governments”, $6,000, to remain available until June 30, 1964;
“1958 censuses of business, manufactures, and mineral industries”, $121,000, to remain available until December 31, 1961;
Coast and Geodetic Survey: “Salaries and expenses”, $807,000;
Business and Defense Services Administration: “Salaries and expenses”, $284,000;
Bureau of Foreign Commerce: “Salaries and expenses”, $203,000;
Office of Business Economics: “Salaries and expenses”, $102,000;
Maritime activities:
“Salaries and expenses”, $848,000;
“Administrative expenses” ($558,000);
“Maintenance of shipyard facilities and operation of warehouses” ($31,000);
“Reserve fleet expenses” ($59,000);
“Maritime training”, $21,000;
Patent Office: “Salaries and expenses”, $1,315,000;
Bureau of Public Roads: “Limitation on general administrative expenses” (increase of $1,843,500 on the amount available for administration and research);
National Bureau of Standards: “Research and technical services”, $958,000;
Weather Bureau:
“Salaries and expenses”, $2,573,000;
“Research and development”, $184,000;

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—MILITARY

Operation and maintenance:
“Operation and maintenance, Marine Corps”, $2,039,000;
“Operation and maintenance, Army National Guard”, $4,315,000;
"Operation and maintenance, Air National Guard", $2,190,000;
"Operation and maintenance, Alaska Communication System", $2,190,000;
"Salaries and expenses, Secretary of Defense", $875,000;
Research, development, test, and evaluation: "Research, development, test, and evaluation, Army", $12,000,000;

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—CIVIL

Department of the Army: Rivers and harbors and flood control:
"Operation and maintenance, general", $3,800,000, to remain available until expended;
"General expenses", $780,000;
United States Soldiers' Home: "Limitation on operation and maintenance and capital outlay" (increase of $235,000 in the amount to be paid from the Soldiers' Home permanent fund);
"Ryukyu Islands, administration", $89,000;

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
(Out of District of Columbia funds)

Operating expenses:
"Executive office", $27,000;
"Department of General Administration", $322,000, of which $3,000 shall be payable from the motor vehicle parking fund;
"Office of Corporation Counsel", $50,000;
"Public schools", $2,420,000;
"Public Library", $114,000;
"Recreation Department", $111,000;
"Metropolitan Police", $1,089,000;
"Fire Department", $732,000;
"Department of Veterans Affairs", $7,000;
"Department of Vocational Rehabilitation", $21,000;
"Courts", $233,000;
"Department of Corrections", $289,000;
"Department of Public Welfare", $544,000;
"Department of Buildings and Grounds", $64,000;
"Department of Licenses and Inspections", $128,000;
"Department of Highways and Traffic", $100,000, of which $71,300 shall be payable from the highway fund;
"Department of Motor Vehicles", $71,000 (payable from the highway fund);
"Motor Vehicle Parking Agency", $6,000 (payable from the motor vehicle parking fund);
"Department of Sanitary Engineering", $302,000, of which $89,300 shall be payable from the water fund and $56,100 shall be payable from the sanitary sewage works fund;
"Washington Aqueduct", $50,000 (payable from the water fund);
"National Guard", $9,000;
"National Capital Parks", $126,000;
"National Zoological Park", $36,000.

DIVISION OF EXPENSES

The sums appropriated in this title for the District of Columbia shall, unless otherwise specifically provided for, be paid out of the general fund of the District of Columbia, as defined in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1961.
The White House Office: "Salaries and expenses", $100,000, to be derived by transfer from the appropriation for "Special projects";
Bureau of the Budget: "Salaries and expenses", $286,000;
Council of Economic Advisers: "Salaries and expenses", $21,000;
National Security Council: "Salaries and expenses", $38,000;
Office of Civil and Defense Mobilization:
"Salaries and expenses", $646,000;
"Civil defense and defense mobilization functions of Federal agencies", $317,000;

Funds Appropriated to the President

Mutual security: "Office of the Inspector General and Comptroller" (increase of $56,000 in the limitation under this head);

Independent Offices

Civil Aeronautics Board: "Salaries and expenses", $460,000;
Civil Service Commission:
"Salaries and expenses", $1,256,000;
"Limitation on administrative expenses, Employees life insurance fund" (increase of $10,000 in the limitation on administrative expenses);
Commission on Civil Rights: "Salaries and expenses", $38,000;
Export-Import Bank of Washington: "Limitation on administrative expenses" (increase of $22,000 in the limitation on administrative expenses);
Farm Credit Administration: "Limitation on administrative expenses" (increase of $109,000 in the limitation on administrative expenses);
Federal Aviation Agency:
"Expenses", $15,100,000;
"Establishment of air navigation facilities", $1,350,000, to remain available until expended;
"Research and development", $480,000, to remain available until expended;
"Operation and maintenance, Washington National Airport", $69,000, to be derived by transfer from the appropriation for "Operation and maintenance, Dulles International Airport";
Federal Communications Commission: "Salaries and expenses", $704,000;
Federal Home Loan Bank Board:
"Limitation on administrative and examination expenses, Federal Home Loan Bank Board" (increase of $128,000 in the limitation on administrative expenses and increase of $478,000 in the limitation on nonadministrative expenses for the examination of Federal and State chartered institutions);
"Limitation on administrative expenses, Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation" (increase of $57,000 in the limitation on administrative expenses);
Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service: "Salaries and expenses", $201,000;
Federal Power Commission: "Salaries and expenses", $500,000;
Federal Trade Commission: "Salaries and expenses", $502,000;
Foreign Claims Settlement Commission: "Salaries and expenses", $21,000;
General Accounting Office: "Salaries and expenses", $1,029,000;

General Services Administration:
- "Operating expenses, Public Buildings Service", $4,917,000, to be derived by transfer from the appropriation for "Strategic and critical materials";
- "Operating expenses, Federal Supply Service", $444,000, to be derived by transfer from the appropriation for "Strategic and critical materials";
- "Expenses, supply distribution", $875,000, to be derived by transfer from the appropriation for "Strategic and critical materials";
- "Operating expenses, National Archives and Records Service", $759,000, to be derived by transfer from the appropriation for "Strategic and critical materials";
- "Operating expenses, Transportation and Public Utilities Service", $161,000, to be derived by transfer from the appropriation for "Strategic and critical materials";
- "Salaries and expenses, Office of Administrator", $7,000, to be derived by transfer from the appropriation for "Strategic and critical materials";

Reconstruction Finance Corporation liquidation fund: "Limitation on administrative expenses" (increase of $3,000 in the limitation on administrative expenses);
- "Administrative operations fund" (increase of $823,000 in the limitation on the amount to be deposited into said account);

Housing and Home Finance Agency:
- Office of the Administrator:
  - "Salaries and expenses", $688,000;
  - "Limitation on administrative expenses, Office of the Administrator, public facility loans" (increase of $34,000 in the amount available for administrative expenses);
  - "Limitation on administrative expenses, Office of the Administrator, revolving fund (liquidating programs)" (increase of $9,000 in the amount available for administrative expenses);

Federal National Mortgage Association: "Limitation on administrative expenses" (increase of $350,000 in the limitation on administrative expenses);

Federal Housing Administration: "Limitation on administrative and nonadministrative expenses" (increase of $461,000 in the limitation on administrative expenses and $2,988,000 in the limitation on nonadministrative expenses);

Public Housing Administration:
- "Administrative expenses", $818,000;
- "Limitation on administrative and nonadministrative expenses" (increase of $818,000 in the limitation on administrative expenses);

Indian Claims Commission: "Salaries and expenses", $10,000;

Interstate Commerce Commission: "Salaries and expenses", $1,313,000;

National Capital Planning Commission: "Salaries and expenses", $27,000;

National Labor Relations Board: "Salaries and expenses", $913,000;

National Mediation Board: "Salaries and expenses", $49,000;

Railroad Retirement Board: "Limitation on salaries and expenses" (increase of $300,000 on the amount to be derived from the Railroad retirement account);
Renegotiation Board: "Salaries and expenses", $145,000;
Veterans Administration:
- "Medical administration and miscellaneous operating expenses", $665,000;
- "Outpatient care", $3,553,000;
- "Maintenance and operation of supply depots", $143,000;

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE

Food and Drug Administration: "Salaries and expenses", $796,000;

Social Security Administration:
- "Salaries and expenses, Children's Bureau", $133,000;
- "Salaries and expenses, Office of the Commissioner", $22,000, together with an additional amount of not to exceed $18,000 to be transferred from the Federal old-age and survivors insurance trust fund;

Office of the Secretary:
- "Salaries and expenses", $132,000, together with an additional amount of not to exceed $21,000 to be transferred from the Federal old-age and survivors insurance trust fund;

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Departmental offices:
- Office of Oil and Gas: "Salaries and expenses", $32,000;
- Office of the Solicitor: "Salaries and expenses", $227,000;
- Bonneville Power Administration: "Operation and maintenance", $487,000;
Southwestern Power Administration: "Operation and maintenance", $19,000;
Bureau of Indian Affairs:
 "General administrative expenses", $228,000;
 "Liquidation of Klamath and Menominee Agencies", $2,000;
Bureau of Reclamation:
 "General investigations", $255,000, to remain available until expended;
 "Operation and maintenance", $548,000;
 "General administrative expenses", $282,000;
Geological Survey: "Surveys, investigations, and research", $2,006,000;
Bureau of Mines:
 "Conservation and development of mineral resources", $1,002,000;
 "Health and safety", $325,000;
 "General administrative expenses", $83,000;
National Park Service: "General administrative expenses", $96,000;
Fish and Wildlife Service:
 Office of the Commissioner of Fish and Wildlife: "Salaries and expenses", $22,000;
 Bureau of Sport Fisheries and Wildlife: "General administrative expenses", $66,000;
 Bureau of Commercial Fisheries:
 "Management and investigations of resources", $235,000;
 "General administrative expenses", $24,000;
 "Administration of Pribilof Islands", $29,000;
Office of Territories: "Administration of territories", $46,000;
Office of the Secretary: "Salaries and expenses", $175,000;

The Judiciary

Supreme Court of the United States:
 "Salaries", $70,000;
 "Automobile for the Chief Justice", $223;
Court of Customs and Patent Appeals: "Salaries and expenses", $14,300;
Customs Court: "Salaries and expenses", $41,240;
Court of Claims: "Salaries and expenses", $28,600;
Courts of appeals, district courts, and other judicial services:
 "Salaries of supporting personnel", $1,666,000;
 "Administrative Office of the United States Courts", $74,860;

Department of Justice

Legal activities and general administration:
 "Salaries and expenses, general administration", $231,000;
 "Salaries and expenses, general legal activities", $800,000;
 "Salaries and expenses, Antitrust Division", $314,000;
 "Salaries and expenses, United States attorneys and marshals", $873,000;
Federal Bureau of Investigation: "Salaries and expenses", $7,550,000;
Immigration and Naturalization Service: "Salaries and expenses", $3,487,000;
Federal Prison System: Federal Prison Industries, Incorporated:
 "Limitation on administrative and vocational training expenses" (increase of $34,000 in the limitation on administrative expenses and $64,000 in the limitation on vocational training expenses);
Office of Alien Property: “Limitation on salaries and expenses” (increase of $40,000 in the limitation on general administrative expenses);

**DEPARTMENT OF LABOR**

Office of the Secretary: “Salaries and expenses”, $111,000;
Labor-management reporting and disclosure activities: “Salaries and expenses”, $300,000;
Office of the Solicitor: “Salaries and expenses”, $172,000;
Bureau of Labor Standards: “Salaries and expenses”, $146,000;
Bureau of Veterans’ Reemployment Rights: “Salaries and expenses”, $38,000;
Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training: “Salaries and expenses”, $268,000;
Bureau of Employment Security:
“Salaries and expenses, Mexican farm labor program”, $92,000, to be derived by transfer from the Farm labor supply revolving fund;
“Compliance activities, Mexican farm labor program”, $63,000;
Bureau of Labor Statistics:
“Salaries and expenses”, $599,000;
“Consumer Price Index”, $72,000;
Women’s Bureau: “Salaries and expenses”, $33,000;
Wage and Hour Division: “Salaries and expenses” $732,000;

**LEGISLATIVE BRANCH**

Senate:
“Salaries, officers and employees”, $1,272,855;
“Office of the Legislative Counsel of the Senate”, $15,290;
Contingent expenses of the Senate:
“Legislative reorganization”, $8,790;
“Senate Policy Committees”, $18,580;
“Joint Economic Committee”, $10,605;
“Joint Committee on Atomic Energy”, $13,865;
“Joint Committee on Printing”, $7,610;
“Vice President’s automobile”, $165;
“Automobile for the President pro tempore”, $465;
“Automobile for the majority and minority leaders”, $930;
“Inquiries and investigations”, $228,855;
“Folding documents”, $2,395;
“Miscellaneous items”, $100,000;
“Joint Committee on Reduction of Nonessential Federal Expenditures”, $1,880;

House of Representatives:
“Salaries, officers and employees”, $540,605;
“Members’ clerk-hire”, $1,222,500;
Contingent expenses of the House:
“Furniture”, $10,750;
“Miscellaneous items”, $100,000;
“Special and select committees”, $183,750;
“Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation”, $22,500;
“Office of the Coordinator of Information”, $7,555;
“Revision of laws”, $1,365;
“Speaker’s automobile”, $500;
“Majority leader’s automobile”, $500;
“Minority leader’s automobile”, $500;
Capitol Police: “Capitol Police Board”, $7,000;
“Education of Senate and House pages”, $8,794;
Architect of the Capitol:
Office of the Architect of the Capitol: “Salaries”, $15,000;
Capitol buildings and grounds:
  “Capitol buildings”, $12,000;
  “Senate office buildings”, $25,000;
  “House office buildings”, $20,000;
Library of Congress:
  “Salaries and expenses”, $455,000;
Copyright Office: “Salaries and expenses”, $102,000;
Legislative Reference Service: “Salaries and expenses”, $120,000;
Books for the blind: “Salaries and expenses”, $12,500;
Organizing and microfilming the papers of the Presidents:
  “Salaries and expenses”, $6,000;
  “Preservation of early American motion pictures”, $600;

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT
(Out of postal fund)
“Administration, regional operation, and research”, $4,620,000;
“Operations”, $237,041,000;
“Facilities”, $578,000;

DEPARTMENT OF STATE
International organizations and conferences: “Missions to international organizations”, $85,000;
International commissions:
  International Boundary and Water Commission, United States and Mexico:
    “Salaries and expenses”, $38,000;
    “Operation and maintenance”, $39,000;
  “American sections, international commissions”, $17,000;
  “International fisheries commissions”, $21,000;
Educational exchange: “International educational exchange activities”, $311,000;

TREASURY DEPARTMENT
Office of the Secretary: “Salaries and expenses”, $191,000;
Bureau of Accounts: “Salaries and expenses”, $118,000;
Bureau of the Public Debt: “Administering the public debt”, $1,093,000;
Office of the Treasurer: “Salaries and expenses”, $260,000;
Bureau of Customs: “Salaries and expenses”, $3,595,000;
Internal Revenue Service: “Salaries and expenses”, $25,900,000;
Bureau of Narcotics: “Salaries and expenses”, $220,000;
United States Secret Service:
  “Salaries and expenses, White House Police”, $76,000;
  “Salaries and expenses, guard force”, $23,000.

GENERAL PROVISION
Sec. 201. Except where specifically increased or decreased elsewhere in this Act, the restrictions contained within appropriations, or provisions affecting appropriations or other funds, available during the fiscal year 1961, limiting the amounts which may be expended for personal services, or for purposes involving personal services, or
amounts which may be transferred between appropriations or authorizations available for or involving such services, are hereby increased to the extent necessary to meet increased pay costs authorized by or pursuant to law.

TITLE III

CLAIMS AND JUDGMENTS

For payment of claims as settled and determined by departments and agencies in accord with law and judgments rendered against the United States by the United States Court of Claims and United States district courts, as set forth in Senate Document Numbered 25, Eighty-seventh Congress, §§3,248,533, together with such amounts as may be necessary to pay interest (as and when specified in such judgments or provided by law) and such additional sums due to increases in rates of exchange as may be necessary to pay claims in foreign currency: Provided, That no judgment herein appropriated for shall be paid until it shall have become final and conclusive against the United States by failure of the parties to appeal or otherwise: Provided further, That, unless otherwise specifically required by law or by the judgment, payment of interest wherever appropriated for herein shall not continue for more than thirty days after the date of approval of this Act.

Approved March 31, 1961.

Public Law 87-15

AN ACT

To amend and extend the Sugar Act of 1948, as amended.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, effective March 31, 1961, section 412 of the Sugar Act of 1948 (relating to termination of the powers of the Secretary under the Act) is amended to read: "The powers vested in the Secretary under this Act shall terminate on June 30, 1962, except that the Secretary shall have power to make payments under title III under programs applicable to the crop year 1962 and previous crop years".

Sec. 2. (a) Section 4501(c) (relating to termination of taxes on sugar) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 is amended by striking out "September 30, 1961" in each place it appears therein and inserting "December 31, 1962".

(b) Section 6412(d) (relating to refund of taxes on sugar) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 is amended by striking out "September 30, 1961" where it first appears therein and inserting in lieu thereof "December 31, 1962", and by striking out "September 30, 1961" where it appears therein the second time and inserting in lieu thereof "March 31, 1963".

Sec. 3. Effective March 31, 1961, section 408 of the Sugar Act of 1948, as amended (relating to suspension of quotas), is amended by striking out of subsection (b) "for the period ending March 31, 1961" and inserting "for the period ending June 30, 1962"; and by striking out of paragraph (b) (1) "for the balance of calendar year 1960 and for the three-month period ending March 31, 1961" and inserting "for the period ending June 30, 1962"; and by inserting immediately before the colon in subparagraph (2)(iii) of subsection (b) a semicolon and the words "except that any amount which would be purchased from any country with which the United States is not in diplomatic
relations need not be purchased" and by inserting in the "provided" clause a comma after the phrase "additional amounts of sugar" and inserting immediately thereafter the phrase "including any amounts which would otherwise be purchased from any such country with which the United States is not in diplomatic relations,"; and by striking out the semicolon at the end of subparagraph (b) (2) (iii) and inserting "except that special consideration shall be given to countries of the Western Hemisphere and to those countries purchasing United States agricultural commodities;".

Approved March 31, 1961.

Public Law 87-16

AN ACT

To amend section 510 of the Interstate Commerce Act so as to extend for twenty-seven months the loan guaranty authority of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 510 of the Interstate Commerce Act (49 U.S.C. 1240) is amended by striking out "March 31, 1961" and inserting in lieu thereof "June 30, 1963".

Approved April 1, 1961.

Public Law 87-17

AN ACT

To amend Public Law 86-272 relating to State taxation of interstate commerce.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 201 of Public Law 86-272 (73 Stat. 556) is amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 201. The Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Finance of the United States Senate, acting separately or jointly, or both, or any duly authorized subcommittees thereof, shall make full and complete studies of all matters pertaining to the taxation of interstate commerce by the States, territories, and possessions of the United States, the District of Columbia, and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or any political or taxing subdivision of the foregoing."

Approved April 7, 1961.

Public Law 87-18

AN ACT

To further amend the Reorganization Act of 1949, as amended, so that such Act will apply to reorganization plans transmitted to the Congress at any time before June 1, 1963.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That subsection (b) of section 5 of the Reorganization Act of 1949 (63 Stat. 205; 5 U.S.C. 1382-3), as last amended by the Act of September 4, 1957 (71 Stat. 611), is hereby further amended by striking out "June 1, 1959" and inserting in lieu thereof "June 1, 1963".

Approved April 7, 1961.
Public Law 87-19

AN ACT

To amend the transitional provisions of the Act approved September 6, 1958, entitled "An Act to protect the public health by amending the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act to prohibit the use in food of additives which have not been adequately tested to establish their safety"; and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Food Additives Transitional Provisions Amendment of 1961".

Sec. 2. Subsection (c) of section 6 of the Food Additives Amendment of 1958 (Public Law 85-929, 72 Stat. 1784, 1788) is amended by inserting in such subsection, at the end thereof, the following: "Whenever the Secretary has, pursuant to clause (1) (B) of this subsection, extended the effective date of section 3 of this Act to March 5, 1961, or has on that date a request for such extension pending before him, with respect to any such particular use of a food additive, he may, notwithstanding the parenthetical time limitation in that clause, further extend such effective date, not beyond June 30, 1964, under the authority of that clause (but subject to clause (2)) with respect to such use of the additive (or a more limited specified use or uses thereof) if, in addition to making the findings required by clause (1) (B), he finds (i) that bona fide action to determine the applicability of such section 409 to such use or uses, or to develop the scientific data necessary for action under such section, was commenced by an interested person before March 6, 1960, and was thereafter pursued with reasonable diligence, and (ii) that in the Secretary's judgment such extension is consistent with the objective of carrying to completion in good faith, as soon as reasonably practicable, the scientific investigations necessary as a basis for action under such section 409. The Secretary may at any time terminate an extension so granted if he finds that it should not have been granted, or that by reason of a change in circumstances the basis for such extension no longer exists, or that there has been a failure to comply with a requirement for submission of progress reports or with other conditions attached to such extension."

Sec. 3. Paragraph (b) of section 3 of the Nematocide, Plant Regulator, Defoliant, and Desiccant Amendment of 1959 (Public Law 78-139, 73 Stat. 286, 288) is amended by inserting in such paragraph, at the end thereof, the following: "Whenever the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare has, pursuant to clause (1) of this paragraph (b), prescribed an additional period expiring on March 5, 1961, or has on that date a request for such extension pending before him, with respect to any such particular use of a nematicide, plant regulator, defoliant, or desiccant, he may, notwithstanding the provision to the contrary in such clause (1), further extend the expiration date, not beyond June 30, 1964, applicable under such clause (1) (but subject to clause (2)) with respect to such use of such substance (or a more limited specified use or uses thereof), if, in addition to making the findings required by clause (1), he finds (A) that bona fide action to determine the applicability of such section 408 to such use or uses, or to develop the scientific data necessary for action under such section, was commenced by an interested person before March 6, 1960, and was thereafter pursued with reasonable diligence, and (B) that in the Secretary's judgment such extension is consistent with the objective of carrying to completion in good faith, as soon as reasonably practicable, the scientific investigations necessary as a basis for
action under such section 408. The Secretary may at any time terminate an extension so granted if he finds that it should not have been granted, or that by reason of a change in circumstances the basis for such extension no longer exists, or that there has been a failure to comply with a requirement for submission of progress reports or with other conditions attached to such extension."

Approved April 7, 1961.

Public Law 87-20

JOINT RESOLUTION

To designate the first day of May of each year as Law Day, U.S.A.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first day of May of each year is hereby designated as Law Day, U.S.A. It is set aside as a special day of celebration by the American people in appreciation of their liberties and the reaffirmation of their loyalty to the United States of America; of their rededication to the ideals of equality and justice under law in their relations with each other as well as with other nations; and for the cultivation of that respect for law that is so vital to the democratic way of life.

The President of the United States is authorized and requested to issue a proclamation calling upon all public officials to display the flag of the United States on all government buildings on such day and inviting the people of the United States to observe such day with suitable ceremonies and other appropriate ways, through public bodies and private organizations as well as in schools and other suitable places.

Approved April 7, 1961.

Public Law 87-21

AN ACT

To provide for the striking of medals in commemoration of the two hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the founding of Mobile, Alabama.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in commemoration of the two hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the founding of Mobile, Alabama (which anniversary will be celebrated in 1961), the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to strike and furnish to the Mobile Two Hundred and Fiftieth Anniversary Celebration Corporation not more than five thousand medals, one and five-sixteenths inches in diameter, of bronze or silver or both, with suitable emblems, devices, and inscriptions to be determined by the Mobile Two Hundred and Fiftieth Anniversary Celebration Corporation subject to the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury. The medals shall be made and delivered at such times as may be required by the Corporation, in quantities of not less than two thousand, but no medals shall be made after December 31, 1961. The medals shall be considered to be national medals within the meaning of section 3551 of the Revised Statutes.

Sec. 2. (a) The Secretary of the Treasury shall cause such medals to be struck and furnished at not less than the estimated cost of manufacture; including labor, materials, dies, use of machinery, and over-
head expenses; and security satisfactory to the Director of the Mint shall be furnished to indemnify the United States for the full payment of such cost.

(b) Upon authorization from the Mobile Two Hundred and Fiftieth Anniversary Celebration Corporation, the Secretary of the Treasury shall cause duplicates of such medal to be coined and sold, under such regulations as he may prescribe, at a price sufficient to cover the cost thereof (including labor).

Approved April 24, 1961.

Public Law 87-22

AN ACT

To amend title II of the Vocational Education Act of 1946, relating to practical nurse training, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as “The Practical Nurse Training Extension Act of 1961”.

Sec. 2. Section 201 of the Vocational Education Act of 1946 (20 U.S.C. 15aa) is amended to read as follows:

“Sec. 201. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1957, and for each of the next eight fiscal years a sum not to exceed $5,000,000, for grants to States with State plans for practical nurse training approved pursuant to section 203.”

Sec. 3. Section 202 of the Vocational Education Act of 1946 (20 U.S.C. 15bb) is amended—

(1) by striking out the title of such section and inserting in lieu thereof the following: “GRANTS TO STATES FOR PRACTICAL NURSE TRAINING”;

(2) by striking out “and” after “title I” in the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof a comma, and by inserting after “(20 U.S.C. 31–33)” a comma and “and the Act of August 1, 1956 (20 U.S.C. 34)”;

(3) by inserting “or Guam” after “Virgin Islands” in the second sentence; and

(4) by striking out “three fiscal years” in the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof “seven fiscal years”.

Sec. 4. Subsection (a) of section 203 of the Vocational Education Act of 1946 (20 U.S.C. 15cc(a)) is amended—

(1) by striking out the part of the first sentence preceding clause (1) and inserting in lieu thereof “To be approvable under this title, a State plan for practical nurse training shall”—; and

(2) by striking out the part of clause (3) preceding “practical nurse training” and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

“(3) show the plans, policies, and methods to be followed in providing”.

Sec. 5. Section 210(e) of the Vocational Education Act of 1946 (20 U.S.C. 15jj(e)) is amended to read as follows:

“(e) The term ‘State’ includes the Virgin Islands, Guam, Puerto Rico, and the District of Columbia.”

Sec. 6. The amendments made by this Act shall become effective July 1, 1961.

Approved April 24, 1961.
Public Law 87-23

AN ACT
To authorize the payment of per diem to members of the Indian Arts and Crafts Board at the same rate that is authorized for other persons serving the Federal Government without compensation.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 1 of the Act of August 27, 1935 (49 Stat. 891), is amended by changing the proviso in the last sentence to read as follows: “Provided, That each Commissioner shall be paid per diem in lieu of subsistence and other expenses at a rate that does not exceed the rate authorized by the Act of August 2, 1946 (60 Stat. 808), as heretofore or hereafter amended (5 U.S.C. 73b-2), to be paid to persons serving without compensation.”

SEC. 2. The limitation on the payment of per diem in lieu of subsistence to members of the Indian Arts and Crafts Board that is contained in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1940 (53 Stat. 685, 699), is repealed.

Approved April 24, 1961.

Public Law 87-24

AN ACT
To authorize the use of funds arising from a judgment in favor of the Nez Perce Tribe of Indians, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the funds on deposit in the Treasury of the United States to the credit of the Nez Perce Tribe that were appropriated to pay a judgment by the Indian Claims Commission in docket 175-A, and the funds that may be deposited in the Treasury of the United States to the credit of the Nez Perce Tribe to pay any judgments arising out of proceedings presently pending before the Indian Claims Commission in dockets 175 and 180-A, and the interest thereon, after payment of attorney fees and expenses shall be divided by crediting 86.5854 per centum of such funds to the account of the Nez Perce Tribe of Idaho and 13.4146 per centum to the account of the Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation. These funds may thereafter be advanced or expended for any purpose that is authorized by the respective tribal governing bodies and approved by the Secretary of the Interior. Any part of such funds that may be distributed per capita to the members of the tribes shall not be subject to Federal or State income tax.

SEC. 2. The credit to the account of the Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation authorized by this Act, insofar as the judgment in docket 175-A is concerned, shall not be made until the Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation submit to the Secretary of the Interior assurances satisfactory to him that the Confederated Tribes have agreed that any judgment against the United States that has been or may be recovered by one or more of the constituent groups thereof, including the judgment in docket 181, will be deposited to the credit of the Confederated Tribes. The credit to the account of the Nez Perce Tribe of Idaho authorized by this Act, insofar as the judgment in docket 175-A is concerned, shall not be made until the Nez Perce Tribe of Idaho submits to the Secretary of the Interior assurances...
Public Law 87-25

AN ACT

To permit the Secretary of the Interior to revoke in whole or in part the school and agency farm reserve on the Lac du Flambeau Reservation.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 3 of the Act of May 19, 1924 (43 Stat. 132), is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: “The reserve established by this section for school and agency farm purposes may be revoked in whole or in part by the Secretary of the Interior when the land is no longer needed for such purposes, and the lands so removed from reserved status shall be subject to the laws and regulations applicable to other lands of the band.”

Approved April 24, 1961.

Public Law 87-26

AN ACT

To amend section 201 of the National Aeronautics and Space Act of 1958.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) subsections (a), (b), (c), (d), and (e) of section 201 of the National Aeronautics and Space Act of 1958 (42 U.S.C. 2471) are amended to read as follows:

“(a) There is hereby established, in the Executive Office of the President, the National Aeronautics and Space Council (hereinafter called the ‘Council’) which shall be composed of—

“(1) the Vice President, who shall be Chairman of the Council;

“(2) the Secretary of State;

“(3) the Secretary of Defense;

“(4) the Administrator of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration; and

“(5) the Chairman of the Atomic Energy Commission.

“(b) The President shall from time to time designate one of the members of the Council to preside over meetings of the Council during the absence, disability, or unavailability of the Chairman.

“(c) Each member of the Council may designate another officer of his department or agency to serve on the Council as his alternate in his unavoidable absence.
“(d) Each alternate member designated under subsection (c) of this section shall be designated to serve as such by and with the advice and consent of the Senate unless at the time of his designation he holds an office in the Federal Government to which he was appointed by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.

“(e) It shall be the function of the Council to advise and assist the President, as he may request, with respect to the performance of functions in the aeronautics and space field, including the following functions:

“(1) survey all significant aeronautical and space activities, including the policies, plans, programs, and accomplishments of all departments and agencies of the United States engaged in such activities;

“(2) develop a comprehensive program of aeronautical and space activities to be conducted by departments and agencies of the United States;

“(3) designate and fix responsibility for the direction of major aeronautical and space activities;

“(4) provide for effective cooperation among all departments and agencies of the United States engaged in aeronautical and space activities, and specify, in any case in which primary responsibility for any category of aeronautical and space activities has been assigned to any department or agency, which of those activities may be carried on concurrently by other departments or agencies; and

“(5) resolve differences arising among departments and agencies of the United States with respect to aeronautical and space activities under this Act, including differences as to whether a particular project is an aeronautical and space activity.”

(b) Subsection (g) of the said section 201 is hereby repealed.

Approved April 25, 1961.

Public Law 87-27

AN ACT

To establish an effective program to alleviate conditions of substantial and persistent unemployment and underemployment in certain economically distressed areas.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the “Area Redevelopment Act”.

DECLARATION OF PURPOSE

SEC. 2. The Congress declares that the maintenance of the national economy at a high level is vital to the best interests of the United States, but that some of our communities are suffering substantial and persistent unemployment and underemployment; that such unemployment and underemployment cause hardship to many individuals and their families and detract from the national welfare by wasting vital human resources; that to overcome this problem the Federal Government, in cooperation with the States, should help areas of substantial and persistent unemployment and underemployment to take effective steps in planning and financing their economic redevelopment; that Federal assistance to communities, industries, enterprises, and individuals in areas needing redevelopment should enable such areas to
achieve lasting improvement and enhance the domestic prosperity by the establishment of stable and diversified local economies and improved local living conditions; and that under the provisions of this Act new employment opportunities should be created by developing and expanding new and existing facilities and resources rather than by merely transferring jobs from one area of the United States to another.

AREA REDEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATOR

SEC. 3. There shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, an Area Redevelopment Administrator in the Department of Commerce who shall receive compensation at a rate equal to that received by Assistant Secretaries of Commerce. The Administrator shall perform such duties in the execution of this Act as the Secretary of Commerce (hereinafter referred to as the “Secretary”) may assign.

ADVISORY POLICY BOARD

SEC. 4. (a) To advise the Secretary in the performance of functions authorized by this Act, there is created an Area Redevelopment Advisory Policy Board (hereinafter referred to as the “Board”), which shall consist of the following members, all ex officio: the Secretary as Chairman; the Secretaries of Agriculture, Health, Education, and Welfare; Interior; Labor; and Treasury; and the Administrators of the Housing and Home Finance Agency and the Small Business Administration. The Chairman may from time to time invite the participation of officials of other agencies of the executive branch interested in the functions herein authorized. Each member of the Board may designate an officer of his agency to act for him as a member of the Board with respect to any matter there considered.

(b) The Secretary shall appoint a National Public Advisory Committee on Area Redevelopment which shall consist of twenty-five members and shall be composed of representatives of labor, management, agriculture, State and local governments, and the public in general. From the members appointed to such Committee the Secretary shall designate a Chairman. Such Committee, or any duly established subcommittee thereof, shall from time to time make recommendations to the Secretary relative to the carrying out of his duties under this Act. Such Committee shall hold not less than two meetings during each calendar year.

(c) The Secretary is authorized from time to time to call together and confer with any persons, including representatives of labor, management, agriculture, and government, who can assist in meeting the problems of unemployment or underemployment in the several areas designated by the Secretary as redevelopment areas.

REDEVELOPMENT AREAS

SEC. 5. (a) The Secretary shall designate as “redevelopment areas” those areas within the United States in which he determines, upon the basis of standards generally comparable with those set forth in paragraphs (1) and (2), that there has existed substantial and persistent unemployment for an extended period of time. There shall be included among the areas so designated any area—
(1) where the Secretary of Labor finds that the rate of unemployment, excluding unemployment due primarily to temporary or seasonal factors, is currently 6 per centum or more and has averaged at least 6 per centum for the qualifying time periods specified in paragraph (2); and

(2) where the Secretary of Labor finds that the annual average rate of unemployment has been at least—

(A) 50 per centum above the national average for three of the preceding four calendar years, or

(B) 75 per centum above the national average for two of the preceding three calendar years, or

(C) 100 per centum above the national average for one of the preceding two calendar years.

The Secretary of Labor shall find the facts and provide the data to be used by the Secretary in making the determinations required by this subsection.

(b) The Secretary shall also designate as “redevelopment areas” those areas (including Indian reservations) within the United States which do not meet the requirements set forth in subsection (a) but which he determines are among the highest in numbers and percentages of low-income families, and in which there exists a condition of substantial and persistent unemployment or underemployment. In making the designations under this subsection and before extending any financial assistance as the result of designations under this subsection, the Secretary shall, by regulation, prescribe detailed standards upon which the designations under this subsection shall be based. In the formulation of such standards the Secretary shall consider, among other relevant factors, the number of low-income farm families in the various rural areas of the United States, the proportion that such low-income families are of the total farm families of each of such areas, the relationship of the income levels of the families in each such area to the general levels of income in the United States, the extent to which “rural development” projects have previously been located in any such area under programs administered by the Department of Agriculture, the current and prospective employment opportunities in each such area, the availability of manpower in each such area for supplemental employment, the extent of migration out of the area, and the proportion of the population of each such area which has been receiving public assistance from the Federal Government or from the State or States in which such area is located or from any municipality therein. In making the designations under this subsection, the Secretary shall endeavor to distribute the projects widely among the several States, so far as is feasible and proper, in order that actual experience with this program may be had in as many States and in as many areas and under as many different circumstances as possible. In making these determinations the Secretary shall be guided, but not conclusively governed, by pertinent studies made, and information and data collected or compiled, by (1) departments, agencies, and instrumentalities of the Federal Government, (2) State and local governments, (3) universities and land-grant colleges, and (4) private organizations.

(c) Upon the request of the Secretary, the Secretary of Labor, the Secretary of Agriculture, the Secretary of the Interior, and such other heads of agencies as may be appropriate are authorized to conduct Studies.
such special studies, obtain such information, and compile and furnish to the Secretary such data as the Secretary may deem necessary or proper to enable him to make the determinations provided for in subsection (b) of this section. The Secretary shall reimburse when appropriate, out of any funds appropriated to carry out the purposes of this Act, the foregoing officers for any expenditures incurred by them under this section.

(d) As used in this Act, the term "redevelopment area" refers to any area within the United States which has been designated by the Secretary as a redevelopment area.

LOANS AND PARTICIPATIONS

Sec. 6. (a) The Secretary is authorized to purchase evidences of indebtedness and to make loans (which for purposes of this section shall include participations in loans) to aid in financing any project within a redevelopment area for the purchase or development of land and facilities (including, in cases of demonstrated need, machinery and equipment) for industrial or commercial usage, including the construction of new buildings, the rehabilitation of abandoned or unoccupied buildings, and the alteration, conversion, or enlargement of existing buildings. Such financial assistance shall not be extended (1) for working capital, or (2) to assist establishments relocating from one area to another. The limitation set forth in clause (2) shall not be construed to prohibit assistance for the expansion of an existing business entity through the establishment of a new branch, affiliate, or subsidiary of such entity if the Secretary finds that the establishment of such branch, affiliate, or subsidiary will not result in an increase in unemployment in the area of original location or in any other area where such entity conducts business operations, unless the Secretary has reason to believe that such branch, affiliate, or subsidiary is being established with the intention of closing down the operations of the existing business entity in the area of its original location or in any other area where it conducts such operations.

(b) Financial assistance under this section shall be on such terms and conditions as the Secretary determines, subject, however, to the following restrictions and limitations:

(1) The total amount of loans (including purchased evidences of indebtedness) outstanding at any one time under this section (A) with respect to projects in redevelopment areas designated under section 5(a) shall not exceed $100,000,000 and (B) with respect to projects in redevelopment areas designated under section 5(b) shall not exceed $100,000,000.

(2) Such assistance shall be extended only to applicants, both private and public (including Indian tribes), which have been approved for such assistance by an agency or instrumentality of the State or political subdivision thereof in which the project to be financed is located, and which agency or instrumentality is directly concerned with problems of economic development in such State or subdivision.

(3) The project for which financial assistance is sought must be reasonably calculated to provide more than a temporary
alleviation of unemployment or underemployment within the redevelopment area wherein it is, or will be, located.

(4) No such assistance shall be extended hereunder unless the financial assistance applied for is not otherwise available from private lenders or other Federal agencies on reasonable terms.

(5) The Secretary shall not make any loan without a participation unless he determines that the loan cannot be made on a participation basis.

(6) No evidences of indebtedness shall be purchased and no loans shall be made unless it is determined that there is a reasonable assurance of repayment.

(7) Subject to section 12(5) of this Act, no loan, including renewals or extension thereof, may be made hereunder for a period exceeding twenty-five years and no evidences of indebtedness maturing more than twenty-five years from date of purchase may be purchased hereunder: Provided, That the foregoing restrictions on maturities shall not apply to securities or obligations received by the Secretary as a claimant in bankruptcy or equitable reorganization or as a creditor in other proceedings attendant upon insolvency of the obligor.

(8) Loans made and evidences of indebtedness purchased under this section shall bear interest at a rate equal to the rate of interest paid by the Secretary on funds obtained from the Secretary of the Treasury as provided in section 9(a) of this Act, plus one-half of 1 per centum per annum to cover administrative expenses and to provide for losses on loans made and evidences of indebtedness purchased under this section.

(9) Such assistance shall not exceed 65 per centum of the aggregate cost to the applicant (excluding all other Federal aid in connection with the undertaking) of acquiring or developing land and facilities (including, in cases of demonstrated need, machinery and equipment), and of constructing, altering, converting, rehabilitating, or enlarging the building or buildings of the particular project, and shall, among others, be on the condition that—

(A) other funds are available in an amount which, together with the assistance provided hereunder, shall be sufficient to pay such aggregate cost;

(B) not less than 10 per centum of such aggregate cost be supplied by the State or any agency, instrumentality, or political subdivision thereof, or by an Indian tribe or a community or area organization which is nongovernmental in character, as equity capital or as a loan repayable only after the Federal financial assistance extended under this section has been repaid in full according to the terms thereof and, if such a loan is secured, its security shall be subordinate and inferior to the lien or liens securing such Federal financial assistance;

(C) in extending financial assistance under this section with respect to a redevelopment area, the Secretary shall require that not less than 5 per centum of the aggregate cost
of the project for which such assistance is extended shall be supplied by nongovernmental sources as equity capital or as a loan repayable only after the Federal financial assistance extended under this section has been repaid in full according to the terms thereof and, if such a loan is secured, its security shall be subordinate and inferior to the lien or liens securing such Federal financial assistance; and

(D) to the extent the Secretary finds such action necessary to encourage financial participation in a particular project by other lenders and investors, and except as otherwise provided in subparagraphs (B) and (C), any Federal financial assistance extended under this section may be repayable only after other loans made in connection with such project have been repaid in full, and the security, if any, for such Federal financial assistance may be subordinate and inferior to the lien or liens securing other loans made in connection with the same project.

(10) No such assistance shall be extended unless there shall be submitted to and approved by the Secretary an overall program for the economic development of the area and a finding by the State, or any agency, instrumentality, or local political subdivision thereof, that the project for which financial assistance is sought is consistent with such program: Provided, That nothing in this Act shall authorize financial assistance for any project prohibited by laws of the State or local political subdivision in which the project would be located.

Sec. 7. (a) Upon the application of any State, or political subdivision thereof, Indian tribe, or private or public nonprofit organization or association representing any redevelopment area or part thereof, the Secretary is authorized to make loans to assist in financing the purchase or development of land for public facility usage, and the construction, rehabilitation, alteration, expansion, or improvement of public facilities, within a redevelopment area, if he finds that—

(1) the project for which financial assistance is sought will tend to improve the opportunities, in the redevelopment area where such project is or will be located, for the successful establishment or expansion of industrial or commercial plants or facilities which will provide more than a temporary alleviation of unemployment or underemployment in such area;

(2) the funds requested for such project are not otherwise available on reasonable terms;

(3) the amount of the loan plus the amount of other available funds for such project are adequate to insure the completion thereof;

(4) there is a reasonable expectation of repayment; and

(5) such area has an approved economic development program as provided in section 6(b)(10) and the project for which financial assistance is sought is consistent with such program.

(b) Subject to section 12(5), the maturity date of any such loan shall be not later than forty years after the date such loan is made. Any such loan shall bear interest at a rate equal to the rate of interest paid by the Secretary on funds obtained from the Secretary of the Treasury as provided in section 9(a) of this Act, plus one-quarter of 1 per centum per annum.

(c) The total amount of loans outstanding at any one time under this section shall not exceed $100,000,000.
(d) No financial assistance shall be extended under this section with respect to any public facility which would compete with an existing privately owned public utility rendering a service to the public at rates or charges subject to regulation by a State regulatory body, unless the State regulatory body determines that in the area to be served by the public facility for which the financial assistance is to be extended there is a need for an increase in such service (taking into consideration reasonably foreseeable future needs) which the existing public utility is not able to meet through its existing facilities or through an expansion which it agrees to undertake.

GRANTS FOR PUBLIC FACILITIES

SEC. 8. (a) Upon the application of any State, or political subdivision thereof, Indian tribe, or private or public nonprofit organization or association representing any redevelopment area or part thereof, the Secretary is authorized to make grants for land acquisition or development for public facility usage, and the construction, rehabilitation, alteration, expansion, or improvement of public facilities, within a redevelopment area, if he finds that—

(1) the project for which financial assistance is sought will tend to improve the opportunities, in the redevelopment area where such project is or will be located, for the successful establishment or expansion of industrial or commercial plants or facilities which will provide more than a temporary alleviation of unemployment or underemployment in such area;

(2) the entity requesting the grant proposes to contribute to the cost of the project for which such grant is requested in proportion to its ability so to contribute;

(3) the project for which a grant is requested will fulfill a pressing need of the area, or part thereof, in which it is, or will be, located, and there is little probability that such project can be undertaken without the assistance of a grant under this section; and

(4) the area for which a project is to be undertaken has an approved economic development program as provided in section 6(b)(10) and such project is consistent with such program.

The amount of any grant under this section for any such project shall not exceed the difference between the funds which can be practicably obtained from other sources (including a loan under section 7 of this Act) for such project, and the amount which is necessary to insure the completion thereof.

(b) The Secretary shall by regulation provide for the supervision of projects with respect to which grants are made under this section so as to insure that Federal funds are not wasted or dissipated.

(c) No financial assistance shall be extended under this section with respect to any public facility which would compete with an existing privately owned public utility rendering a service to the public at rates or charges subject to regulation by a State regulatory body, unless the State regulatory body determines that in the area to be served by the public facility for which the financial assistance is to be extended there is a need for an increase in such service (taking into consideration reasonably foreseeable future needs) which the existing public utility is not able to meet through its existing facilities or through an expansion which it agrees to undertake.

(d) There is hereby authorized to be appropriated not to exceed $75,000,000 for the purpose of making grants under this section.
SEC. 9. (a) To obtain funds for the purpose of extending financial assistance under sections 6 and 7, the Secretary may, with the approval of the President, issue and have outstanding at any one time notes and obligations for purchase by the Secretary of the Treasury in an amount not to exceed $300,000,000. Such notes or other obligations shall be in such forms and denominations, have such maturities, and be subject to such terms and conditions as may be prescribed by the Secretary with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury. Any such notes or other obligations which are issued by the Secretary to raise funds for financial assistance under section 6 shall bear interest at a rate determined by the Secretary of the Treasury, but such rate shall not be greater than the current average yields on outstanding marketable obligations of the United States of comparable maturities as of the last day of the month preceding the issuance of such notes or other obligations. Any such notes or other obligations which are issued by the Secretary to raise funds for financial assistance under section 7 shall bear interest at a rate determined by the Secretary of the Treasury which shall be not more than the higher of (1) 2½ per centum per annum, or (2) the average annual interest rate on all interest-bearing obligations of the United States then forming a part of the public debt as computed at the end of the fiscal year next preceding the issuance by the Secretary and adjusted to the nearest one-eighth of 1 per centum. The Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to purchase any notes and other obligations issued under this section and for such purpose is authorized to use as a public debt transaction the proceeds from the sale of any securities issued under the Second Liberty Bond Act, as amended, and the purposes for which securities may be issued under such Act are extended to include any purchase of such notes and other obligations. The Secretary of the Treasury may at any time sell any of the notes or other obligations acquired by him under this section. All redemptions, purchases, and sales by the Secretary of the Treasury of such notes or other obligations shall be treated in every respect as public debt transactions of the United States.

(b) Funds obtained by the Secretary under subsection (a) shall be deposited in an area redevelopment fund (hereinafter referred to as the "fund"), which is hereby established in the Treasury of the United States, and which shall be available to the Secretary for the purpose of extending financial assistance under sections 6 and 7 and for the payment of all obligations and expenditures arising therefrom. Receipts arising from the programs of assistance under sections 6 and 7 shall be credited to the fund. Any moneys in the fund determined by the Secretary to be in excess of current needs shall be paid into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.

(c) The fund shall contribute to the civil service retirement and disability fund a sum as provided by section 4(a) of the Civil Service Retirement Act (5 U.S.C. 2264(a)), except that such sum shall be determined by applying to the total basic salaries (as defined in that Act) paid to employees performing activities authorized under sections 6 and 7 of this Act and covered by that Act the per centum rate determined annually by the Civil Service Commission to be the excess of the total normal cost per centum rate of the civil service retirement system over the employee deduction rate specified in such section 4(a). The fund shall also pay into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts that portion of the cost of administration of the civil service retirement and disability fund attributable to employees performing activi-
ties authorized under sections 6 and 7 of this Act, as determined by the Civil Service Commission.

(d) In the performance of and with respect to the functions, powers, and duties vested in him by sections 6 and 7 of this Act, the Secretary shall—

(1) prepare annually and submit a budget program in accordance with the provisions of sections 102, 103, and 104 of the Government Corporation Control Act, as amended; and

(2) determine the character of and the necessity for obligations and expenditures and the manner in which they shall be incurred, allowed, and paid, subject to provisions of law specifically applicable to Government corporations.

INFORMATION

SEC. 10. The Secretary shall aid redevelopment areas and other areas by furnishing to interested individuals, communities, industries, and enterprises within such areas any assistance, technical information, market research, or other forms of assistance, information, or advice which are obtainable from the various departments, agencies, and instrumentalities of the Federal Government and which would be useful in alleviating or preventing conditions of excessive unemployment or underemployment within such areas. The Secretary shall furnish the procurement divisions of the various departments, agencies, and other instrumentalities of the Federal Government with a list containing the names and addresses of business firms which are located in redevelopment areas and which are desirous of obtaining Government contracts for the furnishing of supplies or services, and designating the supplies and services such firms are engaged in providing.

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE

SEC. 11. In carrying out his duties under this Act the Secretary is authorized to provide technical assistance which would be useful in alleviating or preventing conditions of excessive unemployment or underemployment (1) to areas which he has designated as redevelopment areas under this Act, and (2) to other areas which he finds have substantial need for such assistance. Such assistance shall include studies evaluating the needs of, and developing potentialities for, economic growth of such areas. Such assistance may be provided by the Secretary through members of his staff or through the employment of private individuals, partnerships, firms, corporations, or suitable institutions, under contracts entered into for such purposes. Appropriations are hereby authorized for the purposes of this section in an amount not to exceed $4,500,000 annually.

POWERS OF SECRETARY

SEC. 12. In performing his duties under this Act, the Secretary is authorized to—

(1) adopt, alter, and use a seal, which shall be judicially noticed;

(2) hold such hearings, sit and act at such times and places, and take such testimony, as he may deem advisable;

(3) request directly from any executive department, bureau, agency, board, commission, office, independent establishment, or instrumentality information, suggestions, estimates, and statistics needed to carry out the purposes of this Act; and each department, bureau, agency, board, commission, office, establishment, or

59 Stat. 598.
31 USC 847-849.
instrumentality is authorized to furnish such information, suggestions, estimates, and statistics directly to the Secretary;

(4) under regulations prescribed by him, assign or sell at public or private sale, or otherwise dispose of for cash or credit, in his discretion and upon such terms and conditions and for such consideration as he shall determine to be reasonable, any evidence of debt, contract, claim, personal property, or security assigned to or held by him in connection with loans made or evidences of indebtedness purchased under this Act, and collect or compromise all obligations assigned to or held by him in connection with such loans or evidences of indebtedness until such time as such obligations may be referred to the Attorney General for suit or collection;

(5) further extend the maturity of or renew any loan made or evidence of indebtedness purchased under this Act, beyond the periods stated in such loan or evidence of indebtedness or in this Act, for additional periods not to exceed ten years, if such extension or renewal will aid in the orderly liquidation of such loan or evidence of indebtedness;

(6) deal with, complete, renovate, improve, modernize, insure, rent, or sell for cash or credit, upon such terms and conditions and for such consideration as he shall determine to be reasonable, any real or personal property conveyed to, or otherwise acquired by, him in connection with loans made or evidences of indebtedness purchased under this Act;

(7) pursue to final collection, by way of compromise or other administrative action, prior to reference to the Attorney General, all claims against third parties assigned to him in connection with loans made or evidences of indebtedness purchased under this Act. This shall include authority to obtain deficiency judgments or otherwise in the case of mortgages assigned to the Secretary. Section 3709 of the Revised Statutes, as amended (41 U.S.C. 5), shall not apply to any contract of hazard insurance or to any purchase or contract for services or supplies on account of property obtained by the Secretary as a result of loans made or evidences of indebtedness purchased under this Act if the premium therefor or the amount thereof does not exceed $1,000. The power to convey and to execute, in the name of the Secretary, deeds of conveyance, deeds of release, assignments and satisfactions of mortgages, and any other written instrument relating to real or personal property or any interest therein acquired by the Secretary pursuant to the provisions of this Act may be exercised by the Secretary or by any officer or agent appointed by him for that purpose without the execution of any express delegation of power or power of attorney;

(8) acquire, in any lawful manner, any property (real, personal, or mixed, tangible or intangible), whenever deemed necessary or appropriate to the conduct of the activities authorized in sections 6 and 7 of this Act;

(9) in addition to any powers, functions, privileges, and immunities otherwise vested in him, take any and all actions, including the procurement of the services of attorneys by contract, determined by him to be necessary or desirable in making, purchasing, servicing, compromising, modifying, liquidating, or otherwise administratively dealing with or realizing on loans made or evidences of indebtedness purchased under this Act.

(10) to such an extent as he finds necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act, procure the temporary (not in excess of six months) service of experts or consultants or organizations
thereof, including stenographic reporting services, by contract or appointment, and in such cases such service shall be without regard to the civil service and classification laws, and, except in the case of stenographic reporting services by organizations, without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (41 U.S.C. 5); any individual so employed may be compensated at a rate not in excess of $75 per diem, and, while such individual is away from his home or regular place of business, he may be allowed transportation and not to exceed $15 per diem in lieu of subsistence and other expenses;

(11) sue and be sued in any court of record of a State having general jurisdiction or in any United States district court, and jurisdiction is conferred upon such district court to determine such controversies without regard to the amount in controversy; but no attachment, injunction, garnishment, or other similar process, mesne or final, shall be issued against the Secretary or his property. Nothing herein shall be construed to except the activities under this Act from the application of sections 507(b) and 2679 of title 28, United States Code, and of section 367 of the Revised Statutes (5 U.S.C. 316); and

(12) establish such rules, regulations, and procedures as he may deem appropriate in carrying out the provisions of this Act.

TERMINATION OF ELIGIBILITY FOR FURTHER ASSISTANCE

Sec. 13. Whenever the Secretary shall determine that employment conditions within any area previously designated by him as a redevelopment area have changed to such an extent that such area is no longer eligible for such designation under section 5 of this Act, no further assistance shall be granted under this Act with respect to such area and, for the purposes of this Act, such area shall not be considered a redevelopment area: Provided, That nothing contained herein shall (1) prevent any such area from again being designated a redevelopment area under section 5 of this Act if the Secretary determines it to be eligible under such section, or (2) affect the validity of any contracts or undertakings with respect to such area which were entered into pursuant to this Act prior to a determination by the Secretary that such area no longer qualifies as a redevelopment area. The Secretary shall keep the departments and agencies of the Federal Government, and interested State or local agencies, advised at all times of any changes made hereunder with respect to the designation of any area.

URBAN RENEWAL

Sec. 14. Title I of the Housing Act of 1949, as amended, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"REDEVELOPMENT AREAS UNDER THE AREA REDEVELOPMENT ACT

"Sec. 113. (a) Whenever the Secretary of Commerce certifies to the Administrator (1) that any county, city, or other municipality (in this section referred to as a 'municipality') is situated in an area designated under section 5 of the Area Redevelopment Act as a redevelopment area, and (2) that there is a reasonable probability that with assistance provided under such Act and other undertakings the area will be able to achieve more than temporary improvement in its economy, the Administrator is authorized to provide financial assistance to a local public agency in any such municipality under this title and the provisions of this section.

62 Stat. 910, 984
Rules, regulations, and procedures.

63 Stat. 413.
42 US Code 1450-1463.

URBAN RENEWAL

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“(b) Subject to the provisions of subsection (c) of this section, the Administrator may provide such financial assistance under this section without regard to the requirement or limitations of section 110(c) that the project area be predominantly residential in character or be redeveloped for predominantly residential uses under the urban renewal plan, and without regard to any of the limitations of that section on the undertaking of projects for predominantly nonresidential uses.

“(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, a contract for financial assistance under this section may include provisions permitting the disposition of any land in the project area designated under the urban renewal plan for industrial or commercial uses to any public agency or nonprofit corporation for subsequent disposition as promptly as practicable by such public agency or corporation for the redevelopment of the land in accordance with the urban renewal plan: Provided, That any disposition of such land to such public agency or corporation under this section shall be made at its fair value for uses in accordance with the urban renewal plan: And provided further, That only the purchaser from or lessee of such public agency or corporation, and their assignees, shall be required to assume the obligations relating to the commencement of improvements imposed under section 105(b) hereof.

“(d) Following the execution of any contract for financial assistance under this section with respect to any project, the Administrator may exercise the authority vested in him under this section as well as other provisions of this title for the completion of such projects, notwithstanding any determination made after the execution of such contract that the area in which the project is located is no longer a redevelopment area under the Area Redevelopment Act.

“(e) Not more than 10 per centum of the funds authorized for capital grants under section 103 after the date of the enactment of the Area Redevelopment Act shall be used for the purpose of providing financial assistance under this section. Amounts used for such purpose shall not be taken into account for the purpose of the limitation contained in the second proviso of the fifth sentence of section 110(c).”

**URBAN PLANNING GRANTS**

**Sec. 15.** (a) Paragraph (3) of section 701(a) of the Housing Act of 1954 is amended by inserting after “counties which” the following: “(A) are situated in areas designated by the Secretary of Commerce under section 5(a) of the Area Redevelopment Act as redevelopment areas or (B)”. (b) Section 701(b) of such Act is amended by adding before the period at the end of the first sentence a colon and the following: “Provided, That a grant may be made under this section to a city, municipality, or county described in clause (A) of subsection (a)(3), or to a State planning agency (as provided in clause (C) of subsection (a)(1)) for the provision of planning assistance to such a city, municipality, or county, for not more than 75 per centum of such estimated cost”.

**OCCUPATIONAL TRAINING**

Sec. 16. (a) The Secretary of Labor is authorized, upon request and whenever he determines such studies are needed, to undertake, or to provide assistance to others for, studies of the size, characteristics, skills, adaptability, occupational potentialities, and related aspects of the labor force of any redevelopment area.
(b) When a redevelopment area has an approved economic development program as provided in section 6(b)(10), the Secretary of Labor, in consultation with the Secretary and the Secretary of Agriculture, shall determine the occupational training or retraining needs of unemployed and underemployed individuals residing in the redevelopment area. The Secretary of Labor shall notify the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare of the occupational training or retraining requirements of the area, and shall provide for the orderly selection and referral of those unemployed or underemployed individuals residing in the area who can reasonably be expected to obtain employment as a result of the skill they will acquire in the training which is to be made available. The Secretary of Labor shall cooperate with the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare and with existing State and local agencies and officials in charge of existing programs relating to vocational training and retraining for the purpose of assuring that the facilities and services of such agencies are made fully available to such individuals.

(c) Whenever the Secretary of Labor finds that additional facilities or services are needed in the area to meet the occupational training or retraining needs of such individuals, he shall so advise the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare. The Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare shall provide assistance, including financial assistance when necessary, to the appropriate State vocational educational agency in the provision of such additional facilities or services. If the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare finds that the State vocational educational agency is unable to provide the facilities and services needed, he may, after consultation with such agency, provide for the same by agreement or contract with public or private educational institutions.

(d) The Secretary of Labor shall arrange to provide any necessary assistance for setting up apprenticeships, and to promote journeyman and other on-the-job training.

(e) There are hereby authorized to be appropriated such sums, not in excess of $4,500,000 annually, as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this section.

(f) In providing assistance under this section with respect to unemployed and underemployed individuals residing in redevelopment areas, the Secretary of Labor and the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare shall give consideration to the special needs of individuals who are agricultural workers or are engaged in other seasonal occupations and who require occupational training in order to qualify them to engage in supplementary employment during the off season and during other periods of reduced activity in the field of their regular or primary occupations.

RETRAINING SUBSISTENCE PAYMENTS

Sec. 17. (a) The Secretary of Labor in consultation with the Secretary and the Secretary of Agriculture may, on behalf of the United States, enter into agreements with States in which redevelopment areas are located, under which the Secretary of Labor shall make payments to such States either in advance or by way of reimbursement for the purpose of enabling such States, as agents of the United States, to make weekly retraining payments to unemployed or underemployed individuals residing within such redevelopment areas who are certified by the Secretary of Labor to be undergoing occupational training or retraining under section 16 of this Act. Such payments shall be made only for the period the individual is receiving occupational training or retraining under section 16 of this Act, but not in any event to exceed
sixteen weeks, and the amount of any such payment for any week shall be equal to the amount of the average weekly unemployment compensation payment (including allowances for dependents when appropriate) payable for a week of total unemployment in the State making such payments.

(b) No weekly retraining payment shall be made to any person otherwise eligible who, with respect to the week for which such payment would be made, has received or is seeking unemployment compensation under title XV of the Social Security Act or any other Federal or any State unemployment compensation law, but if the appropriate State or Federal agency finally determines that a person denied benefits for any week because of this subsection was not entitled to unemployment compensation under title XV of the Social Security Act or such Federal or State law with respect to such week, this subsection shall not apply with respect to such week.

(c) Any agreement under this section may contain provisions (including, so far as may be appropriate, provisions authorized or made applicable with respect to agreements concluded by the Secretary of Labor pursuant to title XV of the Social Security Act) as will promote effective administration, protect the United States against loss, and insure the proper application of payments made to the State under such agreement. Except as may be provided in such agreements, or in the rules and regulations prescribed pursuant to subsection (d) of this section, determinations by any duly designated officer or agency as to the eligibility of individuals for weekly retraining payments under this section shall be final and conclusive for any purposes and not subject to review by any court or any other officer.

(d) The Secretary of Labor and the Secretary shall jointly prescribe such rules and regulations as they may deem necessary to carry out the provisions of this section.

(e) There are hereby authorized to be appropriated such sums, not in excess of $10,000,000 annually, as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this section.

PENALTIES

Sec. 18. (a) Whoever makes any statement knowing it to be false, or whoever willfully overvalues any security, for the purpose of obtaining for himself or for any applicant any financial assistance under section 6, 7, or 8, or any extension thereof by renewal, deferment of action, or otherwise, or the acceptance, release, or substitution of security therefor, or for the purpose of influencing in any way the action of the Secretary, or for the purpose of obtaining money, property, or anything of value, under this Act, shall be punished by a fine of not more than $10,000 or by imprisonment for not more than five years, or both.

(b) Whoever, being connected in any capacity with the Secretary, in the administration of this Act (1) embezzles, abstracts, purloins, or willfully misapplies any moneys, funds, securities, or other things of value, whether belonging to him or pledged or otherwise entrusted to him, or (2) with intent to defraud the Secretary or any other body politic or corporate, or any individual, or to deceive any officer, auditor, or examiner, makes any false entry in any book, report, or statement of or to the Secretary, or without being duly authorized draws any order or issues, puts forth, or assigns any note, debenture, bond, or other obligation, or draft, bill of exchange, mortgage, judgment, or decree thereof, or (3) with intent to defraud participates or shares in or receives directly or indirectly any money, profit, property, or benefit through any transaction, loan, grant, commission, contract, or any other act of the Secretary, or (4) gives any unauthorized information
concerning any future action or plan of the Secretary which might affect the value of securities, or having such knowledge invests or speculates, directly or indirectly, in the securities or property of any company or corporation receiving loans, grants, or other assistance from the Secretary, shall be punished by a fine of not more than $10,000 or by imprisonment for not more than five years, or both.

EMPLOYMENT OF EXPEDITERS AND ADMINISTRATIVE EMPLOYEES

SEC. 19. No financial assistance shall be extended by the Secretary under section 6, 7, or 8 to any business enterprise unless the owners, partners, or officers of such business enterprise (1) certify to the Secretary the names of any attorneys, agents, and other persons engaged by or on behalf of such business enterprise for the purpose of expediting applications made to the Secretary for assistance of any sort, under this Act, and the fees paid or to be paid to any such person; and (2) execute an agreement binding such business enterprise, for a period of two years after such assistance is rendered by the Secretary to such business enterprise, to refrain from employing, tendering any office or employment to, or retaining for professional services, any person who, on the date such assistance or any part thereof was rendered, or within one year prior thereto, shall have served as an officer, attorney, agent, or employee, occupying a position or engaging in activities which the Secretary shall have determined involve discretion with respect to the granting of assistance under this Act.

RECORD OF APPLICATIONS

SEC. 20. The Secretary shall maintain as a permanent part of the records of the Department of Commerce a list of applications approved for financial assistance under section 6, 7, or 8, which shall be kept available for public inspection during the regular business hours of the Department of Commerce. The following information shall be posted in such list as soon as each application is approved: (1) the name of the applicant and, in the case of corporate applications, the names of the officers and directors thereof, (2) the amount and duration of the loan or grant for which application is made, (3) the purposes for which the proceeds of the loan or grant are to be used, and (4) a general description of the security offered in the case of a loan.

PREVAILING RATE OF WAGE AND FORTY-HOUR WEEK

SEC. 21. All laborers and mechanics employed by contractors or subcontractors on projects assisted by the Secretary under this Act and undertaken by public applicants shall be paid wages at rates not less than those prevailing on similar construction in the locality as determined by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with the Davis-Bacon Act, as amended (40 U.S.C. 276a—276a–5), and every such employee shall receive compensation at a rate not less than one and one-half times his basic rate of pay for all hours worked in any workweek in excess of eight hours in any workday or forty hours in the workweek, as the case may be. The Secretary shall not extend any financial assistance under section 6, 7, or 8 for such a project without first obtaining adequate assurance that these labor standards will be maintained upon the construction work. The Secretary of Labor shall have, with respect to the labor standards specified in this provision, the authority and functions set forth in Reorganization

ANNUAL REPORT

Sec. 22. The Secretary shall make a comprehensive and detailed annual report to the Congress of his operations under this Act for each fiscal year beginning with the fiscal year ending June 30, 1962. Such report shall be printed and shall be transmitted to the Congress not later than January 3 of the year following the fiscal year with respect to which such report is made. Such report shall show, among other things, (1) the number and size of Government contracts for the furnishing of supplies and services placed with business enterprises located in redevelopment areas, and (2) the amount and duration of employment resulting from such contracts. Upon the request of the Secretary, the various departments and agencies of the Government engaged in the procurement of supplies and services shall furnish to the Secretary such information as may be necessary for the purposes of this section.

APPROPRIATION

Sec. 23. There are hereby authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act.

USE OF OTHER FACILITIES

Sec. 24. (a) To the fullest extent practicable in carrying out the provisions of this Act the Secretary shall use the available services and facilities of other agencies and instrumentalities of the Federal Government, but only with their consent and on a reimbursable basis. The foregoing requirement shall be implemented by the Secretary in such a manner as to avoid the duplication of existing staffs and facilities in any agency or instrumentality of the Federal Government. The Secretary is authorized to delegate to the heads of other departments and agencies of the Federal Government any of the Secretary's functions, powers, and duties under this Act as he may deem appropriate, and to authorize the redelegation of such functions, powers, and duties by the heads of such departments and agencies.

(b) Departments and agencies of the Federal Government shall exercise their powers, duties, and functions in such manner as will assist in carrying out the objectives of this Act. This Act shall be supplemental to any existing authority, and nothing herein shall be deemed to be restrictive of any existing powers, duties, and functions of any other department or agency of the Federal Government.

(c) Funds authorized to be appropriated under this Act may be transferred, with the approval of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, between departments and agencies of the Government, if such funds are used for the purposes for which they are specifically authorized and appropriated.

(d) Subject to the standards and procedures prescribed by section 505 of the Classification Act of 1949, as amended, the head of any agency, for the performance of functions under this Act, including functions delegated pursuant to subsection (a), may place positions in grades 16, 17, and 18 of the General Schedule established by such Act, and such positions shall be in addition to the number of such positions authorized by section 505 of the Classification Act of 1949, as amended, to be placed in such grades: Provided, That not to exceed a total of five such positions may be placed in such grades under this subsection, to be apportioned among the agencies by the Secretary, with the approval of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget.
RECORDS AND AUDIT

Sec. 25. (a) Each recipient of assistance under section 6, 7, or 8 of this Act shall keep such records as the Secretary shall prescribe, including records which fully disclose the amount and the disposition by such recipient of the proceeds of such assistance, the total cost of the project or undertaking in connection with which such assistance is given or used, and the amount and nature of that portion of the cost of the project or undertaking supplied by other sources, and such other records as will facilitate an effective audit.

(b) The Secretary and the Comptroller General of the United States, or any of their duly authorized representatives, shall have access for the purpose of audit and examination to any books, documents, papers, and records of the recipient that are pertinent to assistance received under section 6, 7, or 8 of this Act.

LOANS TO LOCAL DEVELOPMENT COMPANIES

Sec. 26. Section 502 of the Small Business Investment Act of 1958 is amended by striking out paragraph (6).

RESEARCH

Sec. 27. To assist in the long-range accomplishment of the purposes of this Act, the Secretary, in cooperation with other agencies having similar functions, shall establish and conduct a continuing program of study and research designed to assist in determining the causes of unemployment, underemployment, underdevelopment, and chronic depression in the various areas of the Nation and in the formulation and implementation of national, State, and local programs which will raise income levels and otherwise produce solutions of the problems resulting from these conditions. The Secretary shall include in his annual report under section 22 a detailed statement concerning the study and research conducted under this section together with his findings resulting therefrom and his recommendations for legislative and other action.

APPLICATION OF ACT

Sec. 28. As used in this Act, the terms "State", "States", and "United States" include the several States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam, and American Samoa.

TERMINATION OF AUTHORITY

Sec. 29. (a) This Act and all authority conferred thereunder shall terminate at the close of June 30, 1965.

(b) Notwithstanding the foregoing, effective on July 1, 1965, those assets, funds, contracts, loans, liabilities, commitments, authorizations, allocations, and records of the Secretary under this Act which the Director of the Bureau of the Budget shall determine are necessary to the liquidation of the affairs and functions conducted under this Act, are transferred to the Secretary of the Treasury for purposes of liquidation.

(c) The termination of this Act shall not affect the disbursement of funds under, or the carrying out of, any contract, commitment, or other obligation entered into pursuant to this Act prior to the date of such termination, or the taking of any action necessary to preserve or protect the interests of the United States in any amounts advanced or paid out in carrying on operations under this Act.

Approved May 1, 1961.
Public Law 87-28

AN ACT

To amend title I of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 103(b) of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954, as amended, is amended by deleting “any calendar year during the period beginning January 1, 1960, and ending December 31, 1961,” and substituting “the calendar year 1960,” and by adding at the end thereof the following: “Agreements shall not be entered into under this title in the calendar year 1961 which will call for appropriations to reimburse the Commodity Credit Corporation, pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, in amounts in excess of $3,500,000,000, plus any amount by which agreements entered into in the preceding calendar year have called or will call for appropriations to reimburse the Commodity Credit Corporation in amounts less than authorized for such preceding year by this Act as in effect during such preceding years.”

Approved May 4, 1961.

Public Law 87-29

AN ACT

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 to exempt from tax income derived by a foreign central bank of issue from obligations of the United States, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) subpart C of part II of subchapter N of chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to nonresident aliens and foreign corporations) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

“SEC. 895. INCOME DERIVED BY A FOREIGN CENTRAL BANK OF ISSUE FROM OBLIGATIONS OF THE UNITED STATES.

“Income derived by a foreign central bank of issue from obligations of the United States owned by such foreign central bank of issue shall not be included in gross income and shall be exempt from taxation under this subtitle unless such obligations are held for, or used in connection with, the conduct of commercial banking functions or other commercial activities.”

(b) The table of sections for such subpart C is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

“Sec. 895. Income derived by a foreign central bank of issue from obligations of the United States.”

(c) The amendments made by subsections (a) and (b) shall be effective with respect to income received in taxable years beginning after December 31, 1960.

Sec. 2. Section 1372 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to elections by small business corporations) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

“(g) CONSENT TO ELECTION BY CERTAIN SHAREHOLDERS OF STOCK HELD AS COMMUNITY PROPERTY.—If a husband and wife owned stock which was community property (or the income from which was community income) under the applicable community property law of a
State, and if either spouse filed a timely consent to an election under subsection (a) for a taxable year beginning before January 1, 1961, the time for filing the consent of the other spouse to such election shall not expire prior to May 15, 1961."

Approved May 4, 1961.

Public Law 87-30

AN ACT

To amend the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended, to provide coverage for employees of large enterprises engaged in retail trade or service and of other employers engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce, to increase the minimum wage under the Act to $1.25 an hour, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Fair Labor Standards Amendments of 1961".

DEFINITIONS

SEC. 2. (a) Paragraph (m) of section 3 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended, defining the term "wage", is amended by inserting before the period at the end thereof a colon and the following: "Provided, That the cost of board, lodging, or other facilities shall not be included as a part of the wage paid to any employee to the extent it is excluded therefrom under the terms of a bona fide collective-bargaining agreement applicable to the particular employee: Provided further, That the Secretary is authorized to determine the fair value of such board, lodging, or other facilities for defined classes of employees and in defined areas, based on average cost to the employer or to groups of employers similarly situated, or average value to groups of employees, or other appropriate measures of fair value. Such evaluations, where applicable and pertinent, shall be used in lieu of actual measure of cost in determining the wage paid to any employee."

(b) Paragraph (n) of section 3 of such Act is amended by inserting immediately before "shall not" the following "except as used in subsection (s)(1),":

(c) Section 3 of such Act is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraphs:

"(p) 'American vessel' includes any vessel which is documented or numbered under the laws of the United States.

(q) 'Secretary' means the Secretary of Labor.

(r) 'Enterprise' means the related activities performed (either through unified operation or common control) by any person or persons for a common business purpose, and includes all such activities whether performed in one or more establishments or by one or more corporate or other organizational units including departments of an establishment operated through leasing arrangements, but shall not include the related activities performed for such enterprise by an independent contractor. Provided, That, within the meaning of this subsection, a retail or service establishment which is under independent ownership shall not be deemed to be so operated or controlled as to be other than a separate and distinct enterprise by reason of any arrangement, which includes, but is not necessarily limited to, an agreement, (1) that it will sell, or sell only, certain goods specified by a particular manufacturer, distributor, or advertiser, or (2) that it will join with other such establishments in the same industry for the purpose of collective purchasing, or (3) that it will have the exclusive right to
sell the goods or use the brand name of a manufacturer, distributor, or advertiser within a specified area, or by reason of the fact that it occupies premises leased to it by a person who also leases premises to other retail or service establishments.

"(s) ‘Enterprise engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce’ means any of the following in the activities of which employees are so engaged, including employees handling, selling, or otherwise working on goods that have been moved in or produced for commerce by any person:

“(1) any such enterprise which has one or more retail or service establishments if the annual gross volume of sales of such enterprise is not less than $1,000,000, exclusive of excise taxes at the retail level which are separately stated and if such enterprise purchases or receives goods for resale that move or have moved across State lines (not in deliveries from the reselling establishment) which amount in total annual volume to $250,000 or more;

“(2) any such enterprise which is engaged in the business of operating a street, suburban or interurban electric railway, or local trolley or motorbus carrier if the annual gross volume of sales of such enterprise is not less than $1,000,000, exclusive of excise taxes at the retail level which are separately stated;

“(3) any establishment of any such enterprise, except establishments and enterprises referred to in other paragraphs of this subsection, which has employees engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce if the annual gross volume of sales of such enterprise is not less than $1,000,000;

“(4) any such enterprise which is engaged in the business of construction or reconstruction, or both, if the annual gross volume from the business of such enterprise is not less than $350,000;

“(5) any gasoline service establishment if the annual gross volume of sales of such establishment is not less than $250,000, exclusive of excise taxes at the retail level which are separately stated.

Provided, That an establishment shall not be considered to be an enterprise engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce, or a part of an enterprise engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce, and the sales of such establishment shall not be included for the purpose of determining the annual gross volume of sales of any enterprise for the purpose of this subsection, if the only employees of such establishment are the owner thereof or persons standing in the relationship of parent, spouse, or child of such owner.”

INVESTIGATIONS OF EFFECTS ON EMPLOYMENT OF FOREIGN COMPETITION

Sec. 3. Section 4 of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

“(e) Whenever the Secretary has reason to believe that in any industry under this Act the competition of foreign producers in United States markets or in markets abroad, or both, has resulted, or is likely to result, in increased unemployment in the United States, he shall undertake an investigation to gain full information with respect to the matter. If he determines such increased unemployment has in fact resulted, or is in fact likely to result, from such competition, he shall make a full and complete report of his findings and determinations to the President and to the Congress: Provided, That he may also include in such report information on the increased employment resulting from additional exports in any industry under this Act as he may determine to be pertinent to such report.”
Sec. 4. Subsection (a) of section 5 of such Act is amended by inserting after the words "production of goods for commerce" wherever they appear, the following: "or employed in any enterprise engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce".

MINIMUM WAGES

Sec. 5. (a) (1) Section 6(a) of such Act is amended by inserting after the word "who" in the portion thereof preceding paragraph (1), the words "in any workweek".

(2) Paragraph (1) of section 6(a) of such Act is amended to read as follows:

"(1) not less than $1.15 an hour during the first two years from the effective date of the Fair Labor Standards Amendments of 1961, and not less than $1.25 an hour thereafter, except as otherwise provided in this section."

(3) The first sentence of paragraph (3) of section 6(a) of such Act is amended to read as follows:

"(3) if such employee is employed in American Samoa, in lieu of the rate or rates provided by this subsection or subsection (b), not less than the applicable rate established by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with recommendations of a special industry committee or committees which he shall appoint in the same manner and pursuant to the same provisions as are applicable to the special industry committees provided for Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands by this Act as amended from time to time."

(b) Subsection (b) of section 6 of such Act is amended to read as follows:

"(b) Every employer shall pay to each of his employees who in any workweek (i) is employed in an enterprise engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce, as defined in section 3(s) (1), (2), or (4) or by an establishment described in section 3(s) (3) or (5), and who, except for the enactment of the Fair Labor Standards Amendments of 1961, would not be within the purview of this section, or (ii) is brought within the purview of this section by the amendments made to section 13(a) of this Act by the Fair Labor Standards Amendments of 1961, wages at rates—

"(1) not less than $1 an hour during the first three years from the effective date of such amendments; not less than $1.15 an hour during the fourth year from such date; and not less than the rate effective under paragraph (1) of subsection (a) thereafter;

"(2) if such employee is employed as a seaman on an American vessel, not less than the rate which will provide to the employee, for the period covered by the wage payment, wages equal to compensation at the hourly rate prescribed by paragraph (1) of this subsection for all hours during such period when he was actually on duty (including periods aboard ship when the employee was on watch or was, at the direction of a superior officer, performing work or standing by, but not including off-duty periods which are provided pursuant to the employment agreement)."

(c) Subsection (c) of section 6 of such Act is amended to read as follows:

"(c) The rate or rates provided by subsections (a) and (b) of this section shall be superseded in the case of any employee in Puerto Rico or the Virgin Islands only for so long as and insofar as such employee is covered by a wage order heretofore or hereafter issued by the
Secretary pursuant to the recommendations of a special industry committee appointed pursuant to section 5: Provided, That (1) the following rates shall apply to any such employee to whom the rate or rates prescribed by subsection (a) would otherwise apply:

"(A) The rate or rates applicable under the most recent wage order issued by the Secretary prior to the effective date of the Fair Labor Standards Amendments of 1961, increased by 15 per centum, unless such rate or rates are superseded by the rate or rates prescribed in a wage order issued by the Secretary pursuant to the recommendations of a review committee appointed under paragraph (C). Such rate or rates shall become effective sixty days after the effective date of the Fair Labor Standards Amendments of 1961 or one year from the effective date of the most recent wage order applicable to such employee theretofore issued by the Secretary pursuant to the recommendations of a special industry committee appointed under section 5, whichever is later.

"(B) Beginning two years after the applicable effective date under paragraph (A), not less than the rate or rates prescribed by paragraph (A), increased by an amount equal to 10 per centum of the rate or rates applicable under the most recent wage order issued by the Secretary prior to the effective date of the Fair Labor Standards Amendments of 1961, unless such rate or rates are superseded by the rate or rates prescribed in a wage order issued by the Secretary pursuant to the recommendations of a review committee appointed under paragraph (C).

"(C) Any employer, or group of employers, employing a majority of the employees in an industry in Puerto Rico or the Virgin Islands, may apply to the Secretary in writing for the appointment of a review committee to recommend the minimum rate or rates to be paid such employees in lieu of the rate or rates provided by paragraph (A) or (B). Any such application with respect to any rate or rates provided for under paragraph (A) shall be filed within sixty days following the enactment of the Fair Labor Standards Amendments of 1961 and any such application with respect to any rate or rates provided for under paragraph (B) shall be filed not more than one hundred and twenty days and not less than sixty days prior to the effective date of the applicable rate or rates under paragraph (B). The Secretary shall promptly consider such application and may appoint a review committee if he has reasonable cause to believe, on the basis of financial and other information contained in the application, that compliance with any applicable rate or rates prescribed by paragraph (A) or (B) will substantially curtail employment in such industry. The Secretary's decision upon any such application shall be final. Any wage order issued pursuant to the recommendations of a review committee appointed under this paragraph shall take effect on the applicable effective date provided in paragraph (A) or (B).

"(D) In the event a wage order has not been issued pursuant to the recommendation of a review committee prior to the applicable effective date under paragraph (A) or (B), the applicable percentage increase provided by any such paragraph shall take effect on the effective date prescribed therein, except with respect to the employees of an employer who filed an application under paragraph (C) and who files with the Secretary an undertaking with a surety or sureties satisfactory to the Secretary for payment to his employees of an amount sufficient to compensate such employees for the difference between the wages they actually receive and the wages to which they are entitled under this subsection. The Secretary shall be empowered to enforce
such undertaking and any sums recovered by him shall be held in a special deposit account and shall be paid, on order of the Secretary, directly to the employee or employees affected. Any such sum not paid to an employee because of inability to do so within a period of three years shall be covered into the Treasury of the United States as miscellaneous receipts.

"(2) In the case of any such employee to whom subsection (b) would otherwise apply, the Secretary shall within sixty days after the enactment of the Fair Labor Standards Amendments of 1961 appoint a special industry committee in accordance with section 5 to recommend the highest minimum wage rate or rates in accordance with the standards prescribed by section 8, not in excess of the applicable rate provided by subsection (b), to be applicable to such employee in lieu of the rate or rates prescribed by subsection (b). The rate or rates recommended by the special industry committee shall be effective with respect to such employee upon the effective date of the wage order issued pursuant to such recommendation but not before sixty days after the effective date of the Fair Labor Standards Amendments of 1961.

"(3) The provisions of section 5 and section 8, relating to special industry committees, shall be applicable to review committees appointed under this subsection. The appointment of a review committee shall be in addition to and not in lieu of any special industry committee required to be appointed pursuant to the provisions of subsection (a) of section 8, except that no special industry committee shall hold any hearing within one year after a minimum wage rate or rates for such industry shall have been recommended to the Secretary by a review committee to be paid in lieu of the rate or rates provided for under paragraph (A) or (B). The minimum wage rate or rates prescribed by this subsection shall be in effect only for so long as and insofar as such minimum wage rate or rates have not been superseded by a wage order fixing a higher minimum wage rate or rates (but not in excess of the applicable rate prescribed in subsection (a) or subsection (b)) hereafter issued by the Secretary pursuant to the recommendation of a special industry committee."

MAXIMUM HOURS

Sec. 6. (a) Subsection (a) of section 7 of such Act is amended by designating such subsection as subsection (a)(1), by inserting after the word "who" the words "in any workweek", and by striking out the period at the end thereof and inserting a semicolon and the word "and" in lieu thereof and adding the following new paragraph (2):

"(2) No employer shall employ any of his employees who in any workweek (i) is employed in an enterprise engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce, as defined in section 3(s)(1) or (4), or by an establishment described in section 3(s)(3), and who, except for the enactment of the Fair Labor Standards Amendments of 1961, would not be within the purview of this subsection, or (ii) is brought within the purview of this subsection by the amendments made to section 13 of this Act by the Fair Labor Standards Amendments of 1961—

"(A) for a workweek longer than forty-four hours during the third year from the effective date of the Fair Labor Standards Amendments of 1961,

"(B) for a workweek longer than forty-two hours during the fourth year from such date,
“(C) for a workweek longer than forty hours after the expiration of the fourth year from such date, unless such employee receives compensation for his employment in excess of the hours above specified at a rate not less than one and one-half times the regular rate at which he is employed.”

(b) Subsection (b) of section 7 of such Act is amended by striking out “in excess of forty hours in the workweek” in paragraph (2) and inserting in lieu thereof the following: “in excess of the maximum workweek applicable to such employee under subsection (a)”.  

(c) Paragraph (5) of subsection (d) of section 7 of such Act is amended by striking out “forty in a workweek” and inserting in lieu thereof the following: “in excess of the maximum workweek applicable to such employee under subsection (a)”.  

(d) Paragraph (7) of subsection (d) of section 7 of such Act is amended by striking out “forty hours” and inserting in lieu thereof the following: “the maximum workweek applicable to such employee under subsection (a)”.  

(e) Subsection (e) of section 7 of such Act is amended (1) by striking out “forty hours” and inserting in lieu thereof “the maximum workweek applicable to such employee under subsection (a)”, (2) by striking out “section 6(a)” and inserting in lieu thereof “subsection (a) or (b) of section 6 (whichever may be applicable)”, and (3) by striking out “forty in any” and inserting in lieu thereof “such maximum”.  

(f) Subsection (f) of section 7 of such Act is amended by striking out “forty hours” both times it appears therein and inserting in lieu thereof the following: “the maximum workweek applicable to such employee under such subsection”.  

(g) Section 7 of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:  

“(h) No employer shall be deemed to have violated subsection (a) by employing any employee of a retail or service establishment for a workweek in excess of the applicable workweek specified therein, if (1) the regular rate of pay of such employee is in excess of one and one-half times the minimum hourly rate applicable to him under section 6, and (2) more than half his compensation for a representative period (not less than one month) represents commissions on goods or services.”

WAGE ORDERS IN PUERTO RICO AND THE VIRGIN ISLANDS

Sec. 7. Subsection (a) of section 8 of such Act is amended by inserting after the word “industries” where it appears in the first sentence the words “or enterprises”; and by inserting after the words “production of goods for commerce” where they appear in the second sentence the following: “or in any enterprise engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce”.

CHILD LABOR PROVISIONS

Sec. 8. Subsection (c) of section 12 of such Act is amended by striking out the period at the end thereof and inserting in lieu thereof the following: “or in any enterprise engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce.”
SEC. 9. Subsections (a) and (b) of section 13 of such Act are amended to read as follows:

"(a) The provisions of sections 6 and 7 shall not apply with respect to—

"(1) any employee employed in a bona fide executive, administrative, or professional capacity, or in the capacity of outside salesman (as such terms are defined and delimited from time to time by regulations of the Secretary, subject to the provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act, except than an employee of a retail or service establishment shall not be excluded from the definition of employee employed in a bona fide executive or administrative capacity because of the number of hours in his workweek which he devotes to activities not directly or closely related to the performance of executive or administrative activities, if less than 40 per centum of his hours worked in the workweek are devoted to such activities); or

"(2) any employee employed by any retail or service establishment, more than 50 per centum of which establishment's annual dollar volume of sales of goods or services is made within the State in which the establishment is located, if such establishment—

"(i) is not in an enterprise described in section 3(i), or

"(ii) is in such an enterprise and is a hotel, motel, restaurant, or motion picture theater; or is an amusement or recreational establishment that operates on a seasonal basis, or

"(iii) is in such an enterprise and is a hospital, or an institution which is primarily engaged in the care of the sick, the aged, the mentally ill or defective, residing on the premises of such institution, or a school for physically or mentally handicapped or gifted children, or

"(iv) is in such an enterprise and has an annual dollar volume of sales (exclusive of excise taxes at the retail level which are separately stated) which is less than $250,000.

A 'retail or service establishment' shall mean an establishment 75 per centum of whose annual dollar volume of sales of goods or services (or of both) is not for resale and is recognized as retail sales or services in the particular industry; or

"(3) any employee employed by any establishment engaged in laundering, cleaning, or repairing clothing or fabrics, more than 50 per centum of which establishment's annual dollar volume of sales of such services is made within the State in which the establishment is located: Provided, That 75 per centum of such establishment's annual dollar volume of sales of such services is made to customers who are not engaged in a mining, manufacturing, transportation, or communications business; or

"(4) any employee employed by an establishment which qualifies as an exempt retail establishment under clause (2) of this subsection and is recognized as a retail establishment in the particular industry notwithstanding that such establishment makes or processes at the retail establishment the goods that it sells: Provided, That more than 85 per centum of such establishment's annual dollar volume of sales of goods so made or processed is made within the State in which the establishment is located; or

"(5) any employee employed in the catching, taking, propagating, harvesting, cultivating, or farming of any kind of fish, shellfish, crustacea, sponges, seaweeds, or other aquatic forms of
animal and vegetable life, or in the first processing, canning or packing such marine products at sea as an incident to, or in conjunction with, such fishing operations, including the going to and returning from work and loading and unloading when performed by any such employee; or

“(6) any employee employed in agriculture or in connection with the operation or maintenance of ditches, canals, reservoirs, or waterways, not owned or operated for profit, or operated on a share-crop basis, and which are used exclusively for supply and storing of water for agricultural purposes; or

“(7) any employee to the extent that such employee is exempted by regulations or orders of the Secretary issued under section 14; or

“(8) any employee employed in connection with the publication of any weekly, semimonthly, or daily newspaper with a circulation of less than four thousand the major part of which circulation is within the county where printed and published or counties contiguous thereto; or

“(9) any employee of a street, suburban or interurban electric railway, or local trolley or motor bus carrier, not in an enterprise described in section 8(s) (2); or

“(10) any individual employed within the area of production (as defined by the Secretary), engaged in handling, packing, storing, compressing, pasteurizing, drying, preparing in their raw or natural state, or canning of agricultural or horticultural commodities for market, or in making cheese or butter or other dairy products; or

“(11) any switchboard operator employed by an independently owned public telephone company which has not more than seven hundred and fifty stations; or

“(12) any employee of an employer engaged in the business of operating taxicabs; or

“(13) any employee or proprietor in a retail or service establishment which qualifies as an exempt retail or service establishment under clause (2) of this subsection with respect to whom the provisions of sections 6 and 7 would not otherwise apply, engaged in handling telegraphic messages for the public under an agency or contract arrangement with a telegraph company where the telegraph message revenue of such agency does not exceed $500 a month; or

“(14) any employee employed as a seaman on a vessel other than an American vessel; or

“(15) any employee employed in planting or tending trees, cruising, surveying, or felling timber, or in preparing or transporting logs or other forestry products to the mill, processing plant, railroad, or other transportation terminal, if the number of employees employed by his employer in such forestry or lumbering operations does not exceed twelve; or

“(16) any employee with respect to his employment in agriculture by a farmer, notwithstanding other employment of such employee in connection with livestock auction operations in which such farmer is engaged as an adjunct to the raising of livestock, either on his own account or in conjunction with other farmers, if such employee (A) is primarily employed during his workweek in agriculture by such farmer, and (B) is paid for his employment in connection with such livestock auction operations at a wage rate not less than that prescribed by section 6(a)(1); or
“(17) any employee employed within the area of production (as defined by the Secretary) by an establishment commonly recognized as a country elevator, including such an establishment which sells products and services used in the operation of a farm; Provided, That no more than five employees are employed in the establishment in such operations; or
“(18) any employee engaged in ginning of cotton for market, in any place of employment located in a county where cotton is grown in commercial quantities; or
“(19) any employee of a retail or service establishment which is primarily engaged in the business of selling automobiles, trucks, or farm implements; or
“(20) any employee of a retail or service establishment who is employed primarily in connection with the preparation or offering of food or beverages for human consumption, either on the premises, or by such services as catering, banquet, box lunch, or curb or counter service, to the public, to employees, or to members or guests of members of clubs; or
“(21) any agricultural employee employed in the growing and harvesting of shade-grown tobacco who is engaged in the processing (including, but not limited to, drying, curing, fermenting, bulking, rebulking, sorting, grading, aging, and baling) of such tobacco, prior to the stemming process, for use as cigar wrapper tobacco; or
“(22) any employee engaged (A) in the transportation and preparation for transportation of fruits or vegetables, whether or not performed by the farmer, from the farm to a place of first processing or first marketing within the same State, or (B) in transportation, whether or not performed by the farmer, between the farm and any point within the same State of persons employed or to be employed in the harvesting of fruits or vegetables.

"(b) The provisions of section 7 shall not apply with respect to—
“(1) any employee with respect to whom the Interstate Commerce Commission has power to establish qualifications and maximum hours of service pursuant to the provisions of section 204 of the Motor Carrier Act, 1935; or
“(2) any employee of an employer subject to the provisions of part I of the Interstate Commerce Act; or
“(3) any employee of a carrier by air subject to the provisions of title II of the Railway Labor Act; or
“(4) any employee employed in the canning, processing, marketing, freezing, curing, storing, packing for shipment, or distributing of any kind of fish, shellfish, or other aquatic forms of animal or vegetable life, or any byproduct thereof; or
“(5) any individual employed as an outside buyer of poultry, eggs, cream, or milk, in their raw or natural state; or
“(6) any employee employed as a seaman; or
“(7) any employee of a street, suburban or interurban electric railway, or local trolley or motorbus carrier; or
“(8) any employee of a gasoline service station; or
“(9) any employee employed as an announcer, news editor, or chief engineer by a radio or television station the major studio of which is located (A) in a city or town of one hundred thousand population or less, according to the latest available decennial census figures as compiled by the Bureau of the Census, except where such city or town is part of a standard metropolitan statistical area, as defined and designated by the Bureau of the Budget, which has a total population in excess of one hundred thousand,
or (B) in a city or town of twenty-five thousand population or less, which is part of such an area but is at least 40 airline miles from the principal city in such area; or

“(10) any employee of an independently owned and controlled local enterprise (including an enterprise with more than one bulk storage establishment) engaged in the wholesale or bulk distribution of petroleum products if (A) the annual gross volume of sales of such enterprise is not more than $1,000,000 exclusive of excise taxes, and (B) more than 75 per centum of such enterprise's annual dollar volume of sales is made within the State in which such enterprise is located, and (C) not more than 25 per centum of the annual dollar volume of sales of such enterprise is to customers who are engaged in the bulk distribution of such products for resale; or

“(11) any employee employed as a driver or driver's helper making local deliveries, who is compensated for such employment on the basis of trip rates, or other delivery payment plan, if the Secretary shall find that such plan has the general purpose and effect of reducing hours worked by such employees to, or below, the maximum workweek applicable to them under section 7(a).”

Sec. 10. That section 13(d) of such Act, as amended, is amended by inserting before the period at the end thereof the following: “or to any homeworker engaged in the making of wreaths composed principally of natural holly, pine, cedar, or other evergreens (including the harvesting of the evergreens or other forest products used in making such wreaths)”.

EMPLOYMENT OF STUDENTS

Sec. 11. Clause (1) of section 14 of such Act is amended by striking out “and” after “apprentices,” and by inserting after “messages,” the following: “and of full-time students outside of their school hours in any retail or service establishment: Provided, That such employment is not of the type ordinarily given to a full-time employee.”

PENALTIES AND INJUNCTION PROCEEDINGS

Sec. 12. (a) Section 16(b) of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof a new sentence as follows: “The right provided by this subsection to bring an action by or on behalf of any employee, and the right of any employee to become a party plaintiff to any such action, shall terminate upon the filing of a complaint by the Secretary of Labor in an action under section 17 in which restraint is sought of any further delay in the payment of unpaid minimum wages, or the amount of unpaid overtime compensation, as the case may be, owing to such employee under section 6 or section 7 of this Act by an employer liable therefor under the provisions of this subsection.”

(b) Section 17 of such Act is amended to read as follows:

“INJUNCTION PROCEEDINGS

“Sec. 17. The district courts, together with the United States District Court for the District of the Canal Zone, the District Court of the Virgin Islands, and the District Court of Guam shall have jurisdiction, for cause shown, to restrain violations of section 15, including in the case of violations of section 15(a) (2) the restraint of any withholding of payment of minimum wages or overtime compensation
found by the court to be due to employees under this Act (except sums which employees are barred from recovering, at the time of the commencement of the action to restrain the violations, by virtue of the provisions of section 6 of the Portal-to-Portal Act of 1947)."

**STUDY OF AGRICULTURAL HANDLING AND PROCESSING EXEMPTIONS AND RATES OF PAY IN HOTELS, MOTELS, RESTAURANTS, AND OTHER FOOD SERVICE ENTERPRISES**

Sec. 13. The Secretary of Labor shall study the complicated system of exemptions now available for the handling and processing of agricultural products under such Act and particularly sections 7(b)(3), 7(c), and 13(a)(10), and the complex problems involving rates of pay of employees in hotels, motels, restaurants, and other food service enterprises who are exempted from the provisions of this Act, and shall submit to the second session of the Eighty-seventh Congress at the time of his report under section 4(d) of such Act a special report containing the results of such study and information, data and recommendations for further legislation designed to simplify and remove the inequities in the application of such exemptions.

**EFFECTIVE DATE**

Sec. 14. The amendments made by this Act shall take effect upon the expiration of one hundred and twenty days after the date of its enactment, except as otherwise provided in such amendments and except that the authority to promulgate necessary rules, regulations, or orders with regard to amendments made by this Act, under the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 and amendments thereto, including amendments made by this Act, may be exercised by the Secretary on and after the date of enactment of this Act.

Approved May 5, 1961.

Public Law 87-31

AN ACT

To amend title IV of the Social Security Act to authorize Federal financial participation in aid to dependent children of unemployed parents, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That title IV of the Social Security Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"DEPENDENT CHILDREN OF UNEMPLOYED PARENTS"

"Sec. 407. Effective for the period beginning May 1, 1961, and ending with the close of June 30, 1962, the term ‘dependent child’ shall, notwithstanding section 406(a), include a needy child under the age of eighteen who has been deprived of parental support or care by reason of the unemployment (as defined by the State) of a parent and who is living with any of the relatives specified in section 406(a) in a place of residence maintained by one or more of such relatives as his (or their) own home, but only with respect to a State whose State plan approved under section 402—"
“(1) includes aid for any such child, and
“(2) includes—
“(A) provision for entering into cooperative arrangements with the system of public employment offices in the State looking toward employment of the unemployed parents of such children, including appropriate provision for registration and periodic reregistration of the unemployed parent of any such child and for maximum utilization of the job placement services and other services and facilities of such offices, and
“(B) provisions to assure that aid to dependent children is not provided to any such child or relative if, and for as long as, the unemployed parent refuses without good cause to accept employment, in which he is able to engage, which (i) is offered through such public employment offices, or (ii) is otherwise offered by an employer if the offer is determined by the State or local agency administering the State plan, after notification by such employer, to be a bona fide offer of such employment, and
“(3) includes provision for entering into cooperative arrangements with the State agency responsible for administering or supervising the administration of vocational education in the State, looking toward maximum utilization of available public vocational education services and facilities in the State in order to encourage the retraining of individuals capable of being retrained.

For purposes of the preceding sentence, a State plan may, at the option of the State, provide for the denial of all (or any part) of the aid under the plan to which any child or relative might otherwise be entitled for any month, if the unemployed parent of such child receives unemployment compensation under an unemployment compensation law of a State or of the United States for any week any part of which is included in such month.”

Sec. 2. Title IV of the Social Security Act is further amended by adding after section 407 (added by the first section of this Act) the following new section:

“FEDERAL PAYMENTS FOR FOSTER HOME CARE OF DEPENDENT CHILDREN

“Sec. 408. Effective for the period beginning May 1, 1961, and ending with the close of June 30, 1962—
“(a) the term ‘dependent child’ shall, notwithstanding section 406(a), also include a child (1) who would meet the requirements of such section 406(a) or of section 407 except for his removal after April 30, 1961, from the home of a relative (specified in such section 406(a)) as a result of a judicial determination to the effect that continuation therein would be contrary to the welfare of such child, (2) for whose placement and care the State or local agency administering the State plan approved under section 402 is responsible, (3) who has been placed in a foster family home as a result of such determination, and (4) who received aid under such State plan in or for the month in which court proceedings leading to such determination were initiated;
“(b) the term ‘aid to dependent children’ shall, notwithstanding section 406(b), include also foster care in behalf of a child described in paragraph (a) of this section in the foster family home of any individual;
“(c) the number of individuals counted under clause (A) of section 403(a)(1) for any month shall include individuals (not otherwise included under such clause) with respect to whom expenditures were made in such month as aid to dependent children in the form of foster care; and

“(d) services described in paragraph (f)(2) of this section shall be considered as part of the administration of the State plan for purposes of section 403(a)(3); but only with respect to a State whose State plan approved under section 402—

“(e) includes aid for any child described in paragraph (a) of this section, and

“(f) includes provision for (1) development of a plan for each such child (including periodic review of the necessity for the child's being in a foster family home) to assure that he receives proper care and that services are provided which are designed to improve the conditions in the home from which he was removed or to otherwise make possible his being placed in the home of a relative specified in section 406(a), and (2) use by the State or local agency administering the State plan, to the maximum extent practicable, in placing such a child in a foster family home, of the services of employees, of the State public-welfare agency referred to in section 522(a) (relating to allotments to States for child welfare services under part 3 of title V) or of any local agency participating in the administration of the plan referred to in such section, who perform functions in the administration of such plan.

For purposes of this section, the term 'foster family home' means a foster family home for children which is licensed by the State in which it is situated or has been approved, by the agency of such State responsible for licensing homes of this type, as meeting the standards established for such licensing.”

Sec. 3. (a) Subsection (a) of section 705 of the Social Security Act is amended by striking out “four succeeding fiscal years” and inserting in lieu thereof “five succeeding fiscal years”.

(b) Effective with respect to payments from allotments from appropriations made for fiscal years beginning after June 30, 1961, subsection (c) of such section is amended by striking out “80 per centum of the total of its expenditures in carrying out the purposes of this section” and inserting in lieu thereof “its costs of carrying out the purposes of this section”.

Sec. 4. Section 404 of the Social Security Act is amended by inserting “(a)” after “404.” and by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

“(b) No payment to which a State is otherwise entitled under this title for any period before September 1, 1962, shall be withheld by reason of any action taken pursuant to a State statute which requires that aid be denied under the State plan approved under this title with respect to a child because of the conditions in the home in which the child resides.”

Sec. 5. (a) Subparagraph (C) of section 3(a)(1) of the Social Security Act is amended by striking out “$77” and “$12” and inserting in lieu thereof “$80” and “$15”, respectively.

(b) Subparagraph (B) of section 3(a)(2) of such Act is amended by striking out “$41” and “$6” and inserting in lieu thereof “$42.50” and “$7.50”, respectively.

(c) The amendments made by subsections (a) and (b) shall apply in the case of expenditures made after June 30, 1961, under a State plan approved under title I of the Social Security Act.
PUBLIC LAW 87-32—MAY 15, 1961

AN ACT

To amend the joint resolution providing for observance of the one hundred and seventy-fifth anniversary of the Constitution.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 5 of the joint resolution of July 14, 1960, entitled “Joint resolution providing for the preparation and completion of plans for a comprehensive observance of the one hundred and seventy-fifth anniversary of the formation of the Constitution of the United States” (Public Law 86-650, as amended by Public Law 86-788) is amended by striking out “January 3, 1961” and inserting in lieu thereof “June 28, 1961”.

Approved May 15, 1961.

PUBLIC LAW 87-33—MAY 15, 1961

AN ACT

To authorize the temporary release and reapportionment of pooled acreage allotments.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 378(a) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, is amended by striking out the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the following: “During any year of the 3-year period the allotment from a farm may remain in the allotment pool, the displaced owner may, in accordance with regulations of the Secretary, release for one year at a time any part or all of such farm allotment to the county committee for reapportionment to other farms in the county having allotments for such commodity on the basis of the past acreage of the commodity, land, labor, equipment available for the production of
the commodity, crop rotation practices, and soil and other physical facilities affecting the production of the commodity; and the allotment reapportioned shall, for purposes of establishing future farm allotments, not be regarded as planted on the farm to which the allotment was transferred."

Approved May 16, 1961.

Public Law 87-34

JOINT RESOLUTION

Authorizing the President to proclaim the week in May 1961 in which falls the third Friday of that month as National Transportation Week.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States is requested and authorized to officially proclaim the week in May of 1961 in which falls the third Friday of that month as National Transportation Week, and to issue a proclamation inviting the people of the United States to observe such period with appropriate ceremonies and activities, as a tribute to the men and women who, night and day, move goods and people throughout our land.

Approved May 16, 1961.

Public Law 87-35

AN ACT

To convey certain land of the Pala Band of Indians to the Diocese of San Diego Education and Welfare Corporation.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all of the right, title, and interest of the United States and of the Pala Band of Indians in lots numbered 131 and 132, in the southwest quarter northeast quarter of section 27, township 9 south, range 2 west, San Bernardino base and meridian, containing 0.72 acres, as shown on supplemental plat of survey accepted April 23, 1959, is hereby conveyed without compensation to the Diocese of San Diego Education and Welfare Corporation: Provided, That if at any time the Diocese of San Diego Education and Welfare Corporation, or its successors, fails to use the property for educational purposes, the title thereto shall revert by operation of law to the United States in trust for the Pala Band: Provided further, That the Diocese of San Diego Education and Welfare Corporation shall be responsible for the payment of any lien or liens which may exist as of the date of the conveyance made by this Act, and shall assume the responsibilities for the payment of any assessments which may accrue in the future.

Approved May 19, 1961.
Public Law 87-36

AN ACT

To provide for the appointment of additional circuit and district judges, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) the President shall appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, three additional circuit judges for the second circuit, one additional circuit judge for the third circuit, two additional circuit judges for the fourth circuit, two additional circuit judges for the fifth circuit, one additional circuit judge for the seventh circuit, and one additional circuit judge for the tenth circuit.

(b) In order that the table contained in section 44(a) of title 28 of the United States Code will reflect the changes made by this section in the number of permanent circuit judges for said circuits, such table is amended to read as follows with respect to said circuits:

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Circuits</th>
<th>Number of Judges</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Second</td>
<td>Nine</td>
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<tr>
<td>Third</td>
<td>Eight</td>
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<td>Seventh</td>
<td>Seven</td>
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<td>Tenth</td>
<td>Six</td>
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</table>

Sec. 2. (a) The President shall appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, one additional district judge for the northern district of Alabama, one additional district judge for the district of Alaska, one additional district judge for the district of Arizona, one additional district judge for the eastern and western districts of Arkansas, two additional district judges for the northern district of California, two additional district judges for the southern district of California, one additional district judge for the district of Colorado, two additional district judges for the district of Connecticut, two additional district judges for the southern district of Florida, one additional district judge for the northern district of Georgia, two additional district judges for the northern district of Illinois, one additional district judge for the northern district of Indiana, one additional district judge for the southern district of Indiana, one additional district judge for the northern and southern districts of Iowa, one additional district judge for the district of Kansas, two additional district judges for the eastern district of Louisiana, one additional district judge for the western district of Louisiana, two additional district judges for the district of Maryland, one additional district judge for the district of Massachusetts, two additional district judges for the eastern district of Michigan, one additional district judge for the southern district of Mississippi, one additional district judge for the western district of Missouri, one additional district judge for the district of Nevada, one additional district judge for the district of New Jersey, two additional district judges for the eastern district of New York, six additional district judges for the southern district of New York, one additional district judge for the eastern district of North Carolina, one additional district judge for the middle district of North Carolina, one additional district judge for the western district of North Carolina, one additional district judge for the northern district of Ohio, one additional district judge for the northern, eastern, and western districts of Oklahoma, three additional district judges for
the eastern district of Pennsylvania, one additional district judge for the middle district of Pennsylvania, two additional district judges for the western district of Pennsylvania, one additional district judge for the district of Puerto Rico, one additional district judge for the eastern and western districts of South Carolina, one additional district judge for the eastern district of Tennessee, one additional district judge for the middle district of Tennessee, one additional district judge for the western district of Tennessee, two additional district judges for the northern district of Texas, one additional district judge for the southern district of Texas, one additional district judge for the western district of Texas, and one additional district judge for the eastern and western districts of Washington.

(b) The existing district judgeship for the middle district of Georgia, created by the Act of March 29, 1949 (63 Stat. 16), entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of an additional district judge for the middle district of Georgia", and the existing district judgeships for the district of New Mexico, the western district of Pennsylvania, and the district of Utah created by paragraphs (1), (5), and (6), respectively, of section 2(b) of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of additional circuit and district judges, and for other purposes", approved February 10, 1954 (68 Stat. 10, 11), shall be permanent judgeships and the present incumbents of such judgeships shall henceforth hold their offices under section 133 of title 28 of the United States Code as amended by this Act. The Act of March 29, 1949 (63 Stat. 16), and paragraphs (1), (5), and (6) of section 2(b) of the Act of February 10, 1954 (68 Stat. 10, 11), are hereby repealed.

(c) The existing district judgeship for the eastern and western districts of Washington, heretofore provided for by section 133 of title 28 of the United States Code, shall hereafter be a district judgeship for the western district of Washington only, and the present incumbent of such judgeship shall henceforth hold his office under section 133, as amended by this Act.

(d) In order that the table contained in section 133 of title 28 of the United States Code will reflect the changes made by this section in the number of permanent district judgeships for said districts and combination of districts, such table is amended to read as follows with respect to said districts:

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<th>Districts</th>
<th>Judges</th>
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<td>Alabama:</td>
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<td>Northern</td>
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<td>Alaska</td>
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<td>Arizona</td>
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<td>Arkansas:</td>
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<td>Eastern and Western</td>
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<td>California:</td>
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(e)(1) The President shall appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, one additional district judge for the southern district of Ohio. The first vacancy occurring in the office of district judge in said district shall not be filled.

(2) The President shall appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, one additional district judge for the northern district of Ohio. The first vacancy occurring in the office of district judge in said district shall not be filled.

(3) Section 134(c) of title 28, United States Code, is amended by inserting at the beginning the following new sentence: "One of the district judges for the Eastern District of Louisiana shall reside in East Baton Rouge Parish, Louisiana."

Sec. 3. (a) The second sentence of section 81(a)(2) of title 28, United States Code, is hereby amended to read as follows: "Court for the Northeastern Division shall be held at Huntsville and Decatur."

(b) The second sentence of section 86 of title 28, United States Code, is hereby amended to read as follows: "Court shall be held at Bridgeport, Hartford, New Haven, and Waterbury."

(c) The second sentence of section 93(b)(2), title 28, United States Code, is hereby amended to read as follows: "Court for the Southern Division shall be held at Alton, Quincy, and Springfield."

(d) The second sentence of section 102(b)(1) is hereby amended to read as follows: "Court for the Southern Division shall be held at Grand Rapids, Kalamazoo, and Lansing."

(e) The second sentence of section 123(c)(2), title 18, United States Code, is amended to read as follows: "Court for the Western Division shall be held at Memphis and Dyersburg."

(f) The second sentence of section 89(a) of title 28, United States Code, is hereby amended to read as follows: "Court for the Northern District shall be held at Gainesville, Marianna, Panama City, Pensacola, Tallahassee, and Live Oak."

(g) The limitations and restrictions contained in section 142 of title 28, United States Code, shall be waived with respect to the holding of court at Kalamazoo, Michigan, by the United States District Court for the Western District of Michigan, at Fayetteville, North Carolina, by the United States District Court for the Eastern District of North Carolina, and at Dyersburg, Tennessee, by the United States District Court for the Western District of Tennessee.

Sec. 4. Section 98 of title 28, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"§ 98. Louisiana

"Louisiana is divided into two judicial districts to be known as the Eastern and Western Districts of Louisiana.

"Eastern District

"(a) The Eastern District comprises two divisions.


"Court for the New Orleans Division shall be held at New Orleans.

"(2) The Baton Rouge Division comprises the parishes of Ascension, East Baton Rouge, East Feliciana, Iberville, Livingston, Point Coupee, Saint Helena, West Baton Rouge, and West Feliciana.

"Court for the Baton Rouge Division shall be held at Baton Rouge.
AN ACT
To amend the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 344(n) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, is amended (1) by striking out the figures “1958” where they first appear therein and inserting the figures “1961” and (2) by striking out the last two

Public Law 87-37

To amend the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended.
sentences thereof and inserting: “Any farm allotment transferred under this paragraph shall be deemed to be released acreage for purposes of acreage history credits under sections 344(f)(8), 344(m)(2), and 377 of this Act.”

Approved May 20, 1961, 10:00 a.m.

Public Law 87-38

JOINT RESOLUTION

To amend section 217 of the National Housing Act to provide an interim increase in the authorization for insurance of mortgages by the Federal Housing Administration.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 217 of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out “$15,000,000,000” and inserting in lieu thereof “$16,000,000,000”.


Public Law 87-39

AN ACT

Authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to coin and sell duplicates in bronze of a gold medal presented to Robert Frost by the President of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first section of the Act entitled “An Act authorizing the President of the United States of America to present a gold medal to Robert Frost, a New England poet”, approved September 13, 1960 (74 Stat. 883), is amended (1) by inserting “(a)” immediately after the word “That”, and (2) by adding at the end thereof a new subsection (b) to read as follows:

“(b) The Secretary of the Treasury shall cause duplicates in bronze of such medal to be coined and sold, under such regulations as he may prescribe, at a price sufficient to cover the cost thereof (including labor), and the appropriations used for carrying out the provisions of this subsection shall be reimbursed out of the proceeds of such sale.”


Public Law 87-40

AN ACT

To waive certain restrictions of the New Mexico Enabling Act with respect to certain sales of lands granted to the State by the United States; and to consent to an amendment of the constitution of the State of New Mexico.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That those provisions of section 10 of the Act entitled “An Act to enable the people of New Mexico to form a constitution and State government and be admitted into the Union on an equal footing with the original States; and to enable the people of Arizona to form a constitution and State government and be admitted to the Union on an equal footing with the original States”, approved June 20, 1910 (36 Stat. 557, 563), which pro-
vides that, in the case of the sale by the State of New Mexico of lands granted or confirmed to the State by such Act, legal title shall not be deemed to have passed until the consideration shall have been paid and any sale not made in substantial conformity with the provisions of such Act shall be null and void, are hereby waived with respect to the following sales by the State of New Mexico of lands which constituted, or constitute, a portion of a tract of land for the sale of which a contract had been previously entered into, but only insofar as such sales would (but for the enactment of this Act) violate the terms and conditions contained in section 10 of such Act because of the fact that the full consideration for the entire tract was not, or is not, paid prior to the time of the sale of such portion and the issuance of the patent therefor:

1. Any sale of any such portion, if the patent with respect thereto was issued on or before September 4, 1956;
2. Any sale of any such portion, if the patent with respect thereto is issued after September 4, 1956, and if the right to purchase such portion is derived from an assignment, made on or before September 4, 1956, under the contract to purchase the entire tract; and
3. Any sale of any such portion, if the patent with respect thereto is issued after September 4, 1956, and if the right to purchase such portion is derived from the contract to purchase the entire tract or from a contract entered into in substitution of such contract, and if the right or rights to purchase all other portions of such tract were, on or before September 4, 1956, assigned or relinquished by the person who entered into such contract.

Consent is hereby given to the State of New Mexico to adopt any amendment to the constitution of the State or to enact any laws necessary to carry out the purposes hereof.

Approved May 27, 1961.

Public Law 87-41

AN ACT

Making appropriations for the Inter-American Social and Economic Cooperation Program and the Chilean Reconstruction and Rehabilitation Program for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1961, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Inter-American Social and Economic Cooperation Program and the Chilean Reconstruction and Rehabilitation Program for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1961, namely:

Funds Appropriated to the President

Inter-American Cooperation

For expenses necessary to carry out the provisions of sections 1 and 2 of the Act of September 8, 1960 (74 Stat. 869), $500,000,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That the funds herein appropriated shall not be available to be loaned or reloaned at interest rates considered to be excessive by the Inter-American Development Bank or higher than the legal rate of interest of the country in which the loan is made.
For assistance in the reconstruction and rehabilitation of Chile, as authorized by section 3 of the Act of September 8, 1960 (74 Stat. 870), $100,000,000, to remain available until expended.

Approved May 27, 1961, 10:00 a.m.

Public Law 87-42

JOINT RESOLUTION

To authorize the President of the United States to award posthumously a medal to Doctor Thomas Anthony Dooley III.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, in recognition of the gallant and unselfish public service rendered by Doctor Thomas Anthony Dooley III in serving the medical needs of the people of Laos living in the remote areas of the Laotian jungles, and of peoples in other newly developing countries, the President of the United States is authorized to award posthumously to Doctor Thomas Anthony Dooley III, in the name of Congress, an appropriate gold medal. For such purpose, the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to cause to be struck a gold medal with suitable emblems, devices, and inscriptions to be determined by the Secretary. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated the sum of $2,500 for this purpose.

Sec. 2. The Secretary of the Treasury shall cause duplicates in bronze of such medal to be coined and sold, under such regulations as he may prescribe, at a price sufficient to cover the cost thereof (including labor), and the appropriations used for carrying out the provisions of this section shall be reimbursed out of the proceeds of such sale.

Approved May 27, 1961.

Public Law 87-43

JOINT RESOLUTION

Authorizing the manufacture and presentation of a galvanio in commemoration of the golden anniversary of naval aviation.

Whereas the city of Pensacola proposes to celebrate with appropriate ceremonies the fiftieth anniversary of naval aviation during the period June 6 through June 11, 1961; and

Whereas, while there was limited naval aviation activity prior to the establishment of a school for training of naval aviators at Pensacola, the Naval Air Station, Pensacola, is regarded as the first home for naval aviators; and

Whereas the training programs of the Naval Air Station, Pensacola, have significantly contributed to the defense of the United States and through its training programs for friendly governments, has contributed to the defense of the free world; and

Whereas all naval aviators who have trained at Pensacola are being extended an invitation to attend their class reunion and participate in the gala and significant events associated with this outstanding occasion; and

Whereas naval dignitaries not only from the United States, but from the Governments of Canada and Great Britain, have been invited to send representatives; and
Whereas this fiftieth anniversary of naval aviation has great national and international significance in that military training of great historical importance has been carried on for fifty years; and

Whereas a celebration of the character planned will contribute greatly to the educational and cultural welfare and to the defense of the people of the United States by highlighting the great traditions of naval aviation which have been handed down through the years and which must be kept intact in today's troubled world; and

Whereas appropriate recognition is taken of the contributions, the interest, and the warm friendship shown by the people of Pensacola and Escambia County for naval personnel and/or naval aviation through these fifty years; and

Whereas the Congress of the United States recognizes the tremendous significance of fifty years of devoted labor and sacrifice that has gone into the compiling of this record which has been established by naval aviation and by the Naval Air Station, Pensacola, Florida: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to design and manufacture and to accept payment therefor from private sources, a galvano of appropriate design commemorating the fiftieth anniversary of naval aviation. The payment of such cost, if any, to the Government shall be reimbursed to the appropriation of the Bureau of the Mint, by the Fiesta of Five Flags and Naval Aviators Homecoming Celebration, 330 Brent Building, Pensacola, Florida.

The Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to present such galvano to the Secretary of the Navy in connection with this celebration of the fiftieth anniversary of naval aviation at Pensacola, Florida.

Approved May 27, 1961.

Public Law 87-44

AN ACT

To provide for the addition or additions of certain lands to the Effigy Mounds National Monument in the State of Iowa, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, for the purposes of preserving certain important prehistoric Indian mounds and protecting existing wildlife and other natural values, the following described lands, consisting of approximately 272 acres, are hereby added to the Effigy Mounds National Monument in the State of Iowa:

TRACT A

Township 94 north, range 3 west, fifth principal meridian, Clayton County, Iowa: the portion of the southeast quarter southeast quarter of section 22 that lies between the easterly right-of-way line of the Chicago, Milwaukee, Saint Paul, and Pacific Railroad and the section line common to sections 22 and 23; those portions of lot 1 (except the northerly 900 feet thereof), lot 2, and lot 3 that lie easterly of the easterly right-of-way line of said railroad, the unnumbered lot adjacent to lot 3; and the former meandered river channel between said lot 3 and said unnumbered lot, all in section 23; containing in all 138 acres more or less.
TRACT B

Township 96 north, range 3 west, fifth principal meridian, Allamakee County, Iowa: Southwest quarter southeast quarter of section 33, containing 40 acres more or less.

TRACT C

Township 96 north, range 3 west, fifth principal meridian, Allamakee County, Iowa: South half northeast quarter and south half northeast quarter northeast quarter of section 33, excepting the right-of-way of Iowa State Highway Numbered 13; containing 93.7 acres more or less.

Sec. 2. The lands under the administrative control and jurisdiction of the United States Fish and Wildlife Service within tract A are included in the monument subject to such terms and conditions as the Secretary of the Interior may deem necessary and desirable in order to facilitate and control public access to the adjacent lands of the Upper Mississippi River Wild Life and Fish Refuge, and subject to the authority of the Secretary of the Interior to return them to the jurisdiction of the United States Fish and Wildlife Service when they are no longer required for purposes of the monument. The lands under the administrative control and jurisdiction of the Corps of Engineers, United States Army, within tract A are included in the monument subject to the right of the Corps of Engineers to retain adequate flowage and navigation rights thereon to facilitate the operation and maintenance of lock and dam numbered 10, Upper Mississippi River, or the construction, operation, and maintenance of any dam affecting this location.

Sec. 3. The Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to acquire the lands designated tract C by purchase or through donations.

Sec. 4. All laws, rules, and regulations applicable to such national monument shall be applicable with respect to the lands described in the first section of this Act upon the addition of such land to such national monument.

Sec. 5. There is hereby authorized the sum of not to exceed $2,000 for the purpose of acquiring lands, interests in lands, and improvements thereon as may be necessary for carrying out this Act.

Approved May 27, 1961.

Public Law 87-45

AN ACT

To amend title VI of the Merchant Marine Act, 1936, to authorize the payment of operating-differential subsidy for cruises.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That title VI of the Merchant Marine Act, 1936, as amended (46 U.S.C. 1171-1182), is amended by inserting at the end thereof a new section 613, to read as follows:

"Sec. 613. (a) In this section, 'passenger vessel' means a vessel which (1) is of not less than ten thousand gross tons, and (2) has accommodations for not less than one hundred passengers.

"(b) If the Board finds that the operation of passenger vessels with respect to which an application for operating-differential subsidy has been filed under section 601 of this title is required for at least two-thirds of each year, but not for all of each year, in order to fur-
nish adequate service on the service, route, or line with respect to which the application was filed, the Board may approve the application for payment of operating-differential subsidy for operation of the vessels (1) on such service, route, or line for such part of each year, and (2) on cruises for all or part of the remainder of each year if such specific cruise is approved by the Board under subsection (e) of this section.

“(c) Cruises authorized by this section must begin and end at a domestic port or ports on the same seacoast of the United States from which the operator operates or conducts the regular service to which the vessels are assigned. When a vessel is being operated on cruises—

“(1) it shall carry no mail unless required by law, or cargo except passengers' luggage, except between those ports between which it may carry mail and cargo on its regular service assigned by contract;

“(2) it shall carry passengers on a round-trip basis, except between those ports between which it may carry one-way passengers on its regular service assigned by contract;

“(3) it shall embark passengers only at domestic ports on the same seacoast of the United States as that to which the vessel is assigned on its regular service; and

“(4) it shall stop at other domestic ports only for the same time and the same purposes as is permitted with respect to a foreign-flag vessel which is carrying passengers who embarked at a domestic port. Section 605(c) of this Act shall not apply to cruises authorized under this section.

“(d) The Board may from time to time review operating differential subsidy contracts entered into under this title for the operation of passenger vessels, and upon a finding that operation of such vessels upon a service, route, or line is required in order to furnish adequate service on such service, route, or line, but is not required for the entire year, may amend such contracts to agree to pay operating differential subsidy for operation of such vessels on cruises, as authorized by this section, for part or all of the remainder, but not exceeding one-third, of each year, if each specific cruise is approved by the Board under subsection (e) of this section.

“(e) Upon the application of any operator for approval of a specific cruise, the Board, after notice to all other American flag operators who may be affected and after affording all such operators an opportunity to submit written data, views or arguments, with or without opportunity to present the same orally in any manner, and after consideration of all relevant matter presented, shall, if it determines that the proposed cruise will not substantially adversely affect an existing operator’s service performed with passenger vessels of United States registry, approve the proposed cruise. Such approval shall not be given more than two years in advance of the beginning of the cruise.

“(f) As used in this section the following three are the seacoasts of the United States: (1) the Atlantic coast, including the Great Lakes but excluding the Gulf of Mexico; (2) the Gulf of Mexico; and (3) the Pacific coast, including Alaska and Hawaii.”

Sec. 2. Section 601(a) of the Merchant Marine Act, 1936, as amended (46 U.S.C. 1171), is amended as follows:

(a) The first sentence thereof is amended by inserting immediately before the period at the end thereof the words “or in such service and in cruises authorized under section 613 of this title”.
(b) By inserting in the second sentence thereof after the words “to promote the foreign commerce of the United States” the words “except to the extent such vessels are to be operated on cruises authorized under section 613 of this title”.

(c) By inserting at the end thereof a new sentence to read as follows: “To the extent the application covers cruises, as authorized under section 613 of this title, the Board may make the portion of this last determination relating to parity on the basis that any foreign flag cruise from the United States competes with any American flag cruise from the United States.”

Sec. 3. Section 602 of the Merchant Marine Act, 1936, as amended (46 U.S.C. 1172), is amended by striking out the word “No” and inserting in lieu thereof the following: “Except with respect to cruises authorized under section 613 of this title, no”.

Sec. 4. Section 603 of the Merchant Marine Act, 1936, as amended (46 U.S.C. 1173), is amended as follows:

(a) Subsection (a) is amended by inserting after the words “in such service, route, or line” the words “and in cruises authorized under section 613 of this title”.

(b) Subsection (b) is amended by inserting after the words “operating-differential subsidy” the words “for the operation of vessels on a service, route, or line”, and by inserting at the end thereof the following new sentence: “For any period during which a vessel cruises as authorized by section 613 of this Act, operating-differential subsidy shall be computed as though the vessel were operating on the essential service to which the vessel is assigned: Provided, however, That if the cruise vessel calls at a port or ports outside of its assigned service, but which is served with passenger vessels (as defined in section 613 of this Act) by another subsidized operator at an operating-differential subsidy rate for wages lower than the cruise vessel has on its assigned essential service, the operating-differential subsidy rates for each of the subsidizable items for each day (a fraction of a day to count as a day) that the vessel stops at such port shall be at the respective rates applicable to the subsidized operator regularly serving the area.”

Sec. 5. Section 606 of the Merchant Marine Act, 1936, as amended (46 U.S.C. 1176), is amended by inserting in subdivision (6) after the words “services, routes, and lines” a comma and the words “and any cruises authorized under section 613 of this title” and a comma.

Sec. 6. Section 607(b) of the Merchant Marine Act, 1936, as amended (46 U.S.C. 1177), is amended by inserting in the second sentence of the second paragraph thereof after the words “on an essential foreign-trade line, route or service approved by the Commission” the words “and on cruises, if any, authorized under section 613 of this title”.

Sec. 7. The cruises authorized by section 613 shall be in addition to and not in derogation of the right of an operator to make voyages on his regular service, route or line, including approved deviations within the general area of his essential service. There shall be no adjustment of subsidy in the event of such deviations if they are without prejudice to the adequacy of service.

Approved May 27, 1961.
Public Law 87-46

To amend section 714 of title 32, United States Code, to authorize certain payments of deceased members' final accounts without the necessity of settlement by General Accounting Office.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the last sentence of section 714(c) of title 32, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“Payment under clause (6) of subsection (a) shall be made—
“(1) upon settlement by the General Accounting Office; or
“(2) as otherwise authorized by the Comptroller General.”

Approved June 16, 1961.

Public Law 87-47

AN ACT

Relating to duty-free imports of Philippine tobacco.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the duty-free treatment provided for scrap tobacco and filler tobacco described in item B in the schedule to paragraph 2 of article II of the agreement between the United States of America and the Republic of the Philippines concerning trade and related matters during a transitional period following the institution of Philippine independence, signed at Manila on July 4, 1946, as revised by the agreement of September 6, 1955, shall apply to only such Philippine articles falling within the class specified in item B in the schedule to that paragraph 2 of article II as are certified by the Government of the Republic of the Philippines to have been allocated for exportation to the United States of America free of duty under the paragraph.

Sec. 2. This Act will enter into force on the thirtieth day after the date of its enactment.

Approved June 16, 1961.

Public Law 87-48

To terminate the existence of the Indian Claims Commission, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 23 of the Indian Claims Commission Act approved August 13, 1946 (60 Stat. 1049, 1055; 25 U.S.C. sec. 70v), is hereby amended to read as follows:

“Sec. 23. The existence of the Commission shall terminate at the end of five years from and after April 10, 1962, or at such earlier time as the Commission shall have made its final report to the Congress on all claims filed with it. Upon its dissolution the records of the Commission shall be delivered to the Archivist of the United States.”

 Approved June 16, 1961.
Public Law 87-49

AN ACT
To amend section 4 of the Employment Act of 1946.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That subsection (f), of section 4, of the Employment Act of 1946 (15 U.S.C. 1023(f)), is hereby amended to read as follows:

“(f) To enable the Council to exercise its powers, functions, and duties under this Act, there are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary.”

Approved June 16, 1961.

Public Law 87-50

AN ACT

Giving the consent of Congress to a compact between the State of Arizona and the State of Nevada establishing a boundary between those States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of Congress is hereby given to the compact between the States of Arizona and Nevada as contained in chapter 69, law of the State of Arizona, 1960 (senate bill numbered 203, twenty-fourth legislature assembled, approved by the Governor March 24, 1960), and chapter 119, Nevada Revised Statutes 1960 (senate bill numbered 121, passed by the 1960 legislature of the State of Nevada and approved by the Governor March 9, 1960) establishing a boundary between the States of Arizona and Nevada on the Colorado River between the point where the Nevada-California State line intersects the thirty-fifth degree of latitude north and Davis Dam.

Sec. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is expressly reserved.

Approved June 16, 1961.

Public Law 87-51

JOINT RESOLUTION

Designating the week of October 9-15, 1961, as National American Guild of Variety Artists Week.

Whereas for many years performers and artists in the variety field have circled the globe with their hearts and talents to bring entertainment and joy to all places and under all conditions; and

Whereas performers and artists in the variety field have unstintingly given of their services to the American people in behalf of every cause regardless of race, creed, or color: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the week of October 9-15, 1961, be designated as National American Guild of Variety Artists Week, in recognition of the outstanding services of performers and artists in the variety field to the American people.

Approved June 16, 1961.
Public Law 87-52

AN ACT

To authorize construction of community support facilities at Los Alamos County, New Mexico.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Atomic Energy Commission is authorized with funds presently available or otherwise made available to it to construct (under the applicable provisions of chapter 14 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended) community support facilities at White Rock, Los Alamos County, New Mexico, at a total cost not to exceed $300,000, and for that purpose there is authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary.

Approved June 16, 1961.

Public Law 87-53

AN ACT

To authorize appropriations for aircraft, missiles, and naval vessels for the Armed Forces, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated during fiscal year 1962 for the use of the Armed Forces of the United States for procurement of aircraft, missiles, and naval vessels, as authorized by law, in amounts as follows:

AIRCRAFT

For aircraft: For the Army, $211,000,000; for the Navy and the Marine Corps, $1,585,600,000; for the Air Force, $3,841,200,000, of which amount $525,000,000 is authorized only for the procurement of long-range manned aircraft for the Strategic Air Command.

MISSILES

For missiles: For the Army, $550,800,000; for the Navy, $606,400,000; for the Marine Corps, $27,000,000; for the Air Force, $2,792,000,000.

NAVAL VESSELS

For naval vessels: For the Navy, $2,957,000,000.


Public Law 87-54

JOINT RESOLUTION

Designating the week of May 13–19, 1962, as Police Week and designating May 14, 1962, as Peace Officers Memorial Day.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the week of May 13–19, 1962, is hereby designated as Police Week, in recognition of the contribution the police officers of America have made to our civilization through their dedicated and selfless efforts in enforcing the laws of
our cities, counties, and States and of the United States regardless of the peril or hazard to themselves, and May 14th is hereby designated as Peace Officers Memorial Day in honor of the Federal, State, and municipal peace officers who have been killed or disabled in line of duty. Through their enforcement of our laws our country has internal freedom from fear of the violence and civil disorder that is presently affecting other nations.

To this end the President is authorized and requested to issue a proclamation inviting the people of the United States to observe such period, with appropriate ceremonies and activities, as a tribute to the men and women who, night and day, stand guard in our midst to protect us through enforcement of our laws, and to honor those who have lost their lives in service to the community.


Public Law 87-56

AN ACT

To change the name of the Army and Navy Legion of Valor of the United States of America, Incorporated, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the corporation known as the Army and Navy Legion of Valor of the United States of America, Incorporated, which was incorporated by the Act entitled “An Act to incorporate the Army and Navy Legion of Valor of the United States of America”, approved August 4, 1955 (69 Stat. 486), shall be known and designated hereafter as the Legion of Valor of the United States of America, Incorporated, and any reference to such corporation under the name of the Army and Navy Legion of Valor of the United States of America, Incorporated, shall be held to refer to such corporation under and by the name of the Legion of Valor of the United States of America, Incorporated.

Sec. 2. That sections 3(b) and 6(a) of the Act of August 4, 1955 (69 Stat. 486) are amended by inserting after the words “Distinguished Service Cross,” the phrase “Air Force Cross”.

AN ACT

To authorize certain construction at military installations, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

TITLE I

SEC. 101. The Secretary of the Army may establish or develop military installations and facilities by acquiring, constructing, converting, rehabilitating, or installing permanent or temporary public works, including site preparation, appurtenances, utilities, and equipment, for the following projects:

INSIDE THE UNITED STATES

CONTINENTAL ARMY COMMAND

(First Army)

Fort Devens, Massachusetts: Operational facilities, $626,000.

(Second Army)

Camp A. P. Hill, Virginia: Training facilities, $284,000.
Fort Knox, Kentucky: Operational and training facilities, and utilities, $492,000.
Fort Meade, Maryland: Maintenance facilities, supply facilities, medical facilities, and administrative facilities, $2,211,000.
Camp Pickett, Virginia: Training facilities, $396,000.
Fort Ritchie, Maryland: Troop housing, $305,000.

(Third Army)

Fort Benning, Georgia: Operational and training facilities, $10,524,000.
Fort Bragg, North Carolina: Operational facilities, and maintenance facilities, $521,000.
Fort Campbell, Kentucky: Utilities, $618,000.
Fort Rucker, Alabama: Operational and training facilities, and maintenance facilities, $1,571,000.
Fort Stewart, Georgia: Operational and training facilities, maintenance facilities, and administrative facilities, $1,240,000.

(Fourth Army)

Fort Bliss, Texas: Supply facilities, administrative facilities, troop housing, and utilities, $455,000.
Fort Hood, Texas: Operational and training facilities, maintenance facilities, and supply facilities, $3,054,000.
Fort Sill, Oklahoma: Operational and training facilities, maintenance facilities, hospital and medical facilities, and utilities, $8,695,000.

(Fifth Army)

Fort Riley, Kansas: Troop housing, $99,000.
Fort Leonard Wood, Missouri: Troop housing, community facilities, and utilities, $4,081,000.
(Sixth Army)

Camp Irwin, California: Family housing, utilities, and ground improvements, $3,810,000.
Fort Lewis, Washington: Operational facilities and maintenance facilities, $524,000.
Fort Ord, California: Maintenance facilities and supply facilities, $1,357,000.
Yuma Test Station, Arizona: Maintenance facilities, administrative facilities, and utilities, $388,000.

TECHNICAL SERVICES FACILITIES

(Chemical Corps)

Army Chemical Center, Maryland: Research, development, and test facilities, and medical facilities, $4,029,000.

(Corps of Engineers)

Fort Belvoir, Virginia: Operational and training facilities, research development, and test facilities, and maintenance facilities and utilities, $1,499,000.

(Ordnance Corps)

Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland: Utilities, $472,000.
Redstone Arsenal, Alabama: Research, development, and test facilities, $5,038,000.
Savanna Ordnance Depot, Illinois: Utilities, $382,000.

(Quartermaster Corps)

Atlanta General Depot, Georgia: Maintenance facilities, $231,000.
Columbus General Depot, Ohio: Administrative facilities, $419,000.
Fort Lee, Virginia: Utilities, $84,000.
Quartermaster Research and Engineering Center, Natick, Massachusetts: Research, development, and test facilities, and troop housing, $3,812,000.
Richmond Quartermaster Depot, Virginia: Administrative facilities and community facilities, $600,000.
Sharpe General Depot, California: Operational and training facilities, $362,000.

(Signal Corps)

Fort Huachuca, Arizona: Operational facilities, $2,229,000.
Lexington Signal Depot, Kentucky: Utilities, $33,000.

(Medical Service)

Walter Reed Army Medical Center, District of Columbia: Medical facilities, $45,000.

(Transportation Corps)

Fort Eustis, Virginia: Training facilities, $1,253,000.

UNITED STATES MILITARY ACADEMY

United States Military Academy, West Point, New York: Training facilities, $4,222,000.
DEFENSE ATOMIC SUPPORT AGENCY

Clarksville Base, Tennessee: Utilities, $238,000.
Sandia Base, New Mexico: Operational facilities and community facilities, $1,744,000.

ARMY COMPONENT COMMANDS

(United States Army Air Defense Command)

Various locations: Operational facilities, supply facilities, administrative facilities, and utilities, $1,417,000.

(Alaska Command Area)

Various locations: Operational facilities and utilities, $5,951,000.

(Pacific Command Area)

Aliamanu Military Reservation, Hawaii: Utilities, $36,000.
Schofield Barracks, Hawaii: Maintenance facilities and supply facilities, $918,000.
Various locations: Operational facilities, $814,000.

OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES

(Ordnance Corps)

Kwajalein Island: Research, development, and test facilities, supply facilities, community facilities, utilities, and ground improvements, $1,546,000.

(Army Security Agency)

Various locations: Operational facilities, maintenance facilities, supply facilities, medical facilities, administrative facilities, troop housing, community facilities, utilities, and ground improvements, $7,765,000.

ARMY COMPONENT COMMANDS

(Pacific Command Area)

Korea: Operational facilities, maintenance facilities, supply facilities, medical facilities, troop housing, community facilities, utilities, and ground improvements, $10,635,000.
Fort Buckner, Okinawa: Operational facilities, supply facilities, hospital facilities, and community facilities, $6,676,000.
Camp Tomlinson, Japan: Operational facilities, $50,000.
Guam: Real estate, $80,000.

(European Command Area)

Germany: Operational and training facilities, and utilities, $6,423,000.
Classified locations: Operational facilities and utilities, $3,105,000.

(Caribbean Command Area)

Fort Allen, Puerto Rico: Utilities, $881,000.
Fort Clayton, Canal Zone: Community facilities and utilities, $582,000.
Sec. 102. The Secretary of the Army may establish or develop classified military installations and facilities by acquiring, constructing, converting, rehabilitating, or installing permanent or temporary public works, including land acquisition, site preparation, appurtenances, utilities, and equipment in the total amount of $6,245,000.

Sec. 103. The Secretary of the Army may establish or develop Army installations and facilities by proceeding with construction made necessary by changes in Army missions, new weapons developments, new and unforeseen research and development requirements, or improved production schedules, if the Secretary of Defense determines that deferral of such construction for inclusion in the next military construction authorization Act would be inconsistent with interests of national security, and in connection therewith to acquire, construct, convert, rehabilitate, or install permanent or temporary public works, including land acquisition, site preparation, appurtenances, utilities, and equipment, in the total amount of $10,000,000:

Provided. That the Secretary of the Army, or his designee, shall notify the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives, immediately upon reaching a final decision to implement, of the cost of construction of any public work undertaken under this section, including those real estate actions pertaining thereto. This authorization will expire as of September 30, 1962, except for those public works projects concerning which the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives have been notified pursuant to this section prior to that date.

Sec. 104. (a) Public Law 85–685, as amended, is amended under the heading “INSIDE THE UNITED STATES”, in section 101 as follows:

Under the subheading “FIELD FORCES FACILITIES (Sixth Army Area)”, with respect to Fort Lewis, Washington, strike out “$1,085,000” and insert in place thereof “$1,257,000”.

(b) Public Law 85–685, as amended, is amended by striking out in clause (1) of section 502 the amounts “$110,625,000” and “$310,535,000” and inserting in place thereof “$110,797,000” and “$310,707,000”, respectively.

Sec. 105. (a) Public Law 86–149, as amended, is amended under the heading “INSIDE THE UNITED STATES”, in section 101 as follows:

Under the subheading “TECHNICAL SERVICES FACILITIES (Chemical Corps)”, with respect to Dugway Proving Ground, Utah, strike out “$532,000” and insert in place thereof “$600,000”.

(b) Public Law 86–149, as amended, is amended by striking out in section 102 the amount “$83,876,000” and inserting in place thereof “$83,876,000”.

(c) Public Law 86–149, as amended, is amended by striking out in clause (1) of section 402 the amounts “$73,652,100”, “$81,830,000”, and “$189,692,100” and inserting in place thereof “$73,720,100”, “$83,876,000”, and “$191,806,100”, respectively.

Sec. 106. (a) Public Law 86–500 is amended under the heading “INSIDE THE UNITED STATES” in section 101 as follows:

Under the subheading “FIELD FORCES FACILITIES (Fifth Army Area)”, with respect to Fort Leonard Wood, Missouri, strike out “$9,087,000” and insert in place thereof “$11,731,000”.

(b) Public Law 86–500 is amended by striking out in clause (1) of section 502 the amounts “$76,631,000” and “$143,561,000” and inserting in place thereof “$79,275,000” and “$146,205,000”, respectively.
TITLE II

Sec. 201. The Secretary of the Navy may establish or develop military installations and facilities by acquiring, constructing, converting, rehabilitating, or installing permanent or temporary public works, including site preparation, appurtenances, utilities, and equipment for the following projects:

INSIDE THE UNITED STATES

SHIPYARD FACILITIES

Naval Shipyard, Charleston, South Carolina: Operational facilities and supply facilities, $700,000.
Naval Facility, Fort Miles, Lewes, Delaware: Family housing, and utilities, $519,000.
Naval Shipyard, Norfolk, Virginia: Maintenance facilities, $211,000.
Naval Shipyard, Portsmouth, New Hampshire: Maintenance facilities, administrative facilities, and utilities, $1,774,000.
Naval Shipyard, Mare Island, Vallejo, California: Operational facilities, $417,000.

FLEET BASE FACILITIES

Naval Base, Charleston, South Carolina: Family housing, and utilities, $3,460,000.
Naval Station, Charleston, South Carolina: Medical facilities, troop housing, and utilities and ground improvements, $5,951,000.
Naval Station, Long Beach, California: Operational facilities and utilities, $720,000.
Naval Station, Mayport, Florida: Family housing, medical facilities, utilities, and real estate, $2,992,000.

NAVAL WEAPONS FACILITIES

(Training Stations)

Naval Air Station, Glynco, Georgia: Training facilities, $639,000.
Naval Air Station, Memphis, Tennessee: Community facilities, $94,000.

(Field Support Stations)

Naval Air Station, Alameda, California: Supply facilities, $309,000.
Naval Air Station, Brunswick, Maine: Training facilities, $211,000.
Naval Air Station, Cecil Field, Florida: Operational facilities, $68,000.
Naval Auxiliary Air Station, Fallon, Nevada: Utilities, $772,000.
Naval Air Station, Lemoore, California: Supply facilities, family housing, utilities, and ground improvements, $3,739,000.
Naval Air Station, Miramar, California: Operational facilities, maintenance facilities, and utilities, $2,591,000.
Naval Air Station, Norfolk, Virginia: Maintenance facilities, $435,000.
Naval Air Station, North Island, San Diego, California: Operational facilities, $1,480,000.
Naval Air Station, Oceana, Virginia: Maintenance facilities, $161,000.
(Marine Corps Air Stations)

Marine Corps Air Station, Beaufort, South Carolina: Operational facilities, $190,000.

Marine Corps Air Station, Cherry Point, North Carolina: Operational facilities, maintenance facilities, supply facilities, administrative facilities, and utilities and ground improvements, $4,703,000.

Marine Corps Air Station, El Toro, California: Operational facilities, $463,000.

Marine Corps Air Facility, New River, North Carolina: Training facilities, maintenance facilities, supply facilities, administrative facilities, and utilities and ground improvements, $2,731,000.

(Fleet Readiness Stations)

Naval Ammunition Depot, Concord, California: Research, development and test facilities, $345,000.

Naval Propellant Plant, Indian Head, Maryland: Supply facilities, $460,000.

(Research, Development, Test and Evaluation Stations)

Naval Ordnance Test Station, China Lake, California: Utilities, $1,086,000.

Naval Air Station, Lakehurst, New Jersey: Operational facilities, $1,628,000.

Pacific Missile Range, Point Mugu, California: Utilities; at Point Arguello, supply facilities, medical facilities, and utilities and ground improvements; and, on San Nicholas Island, operational facilities, research development and test facilities, and utilities, $2,791,000.

Naval Ordnance Laboratory, White Oak, Maryland: Research, development and test facilities, $240,000.

SUPPLY FACILITIES


MARINE CORPS FACILITIES

Marine Corps Base, Camp Pendleton, California: Operational and training facilities, supply facilities, administrative facilities, troop housing and community facilities, and utilities and ground improvements, $6,101,000.

Marine Corps Schools, Quantico, Virginia: Administrative facilities, $118,000.

Marine Corps Base, Twentynine Palms, California: Hospital facilities, $1,100,000.

SERVICE SCHOOL FACILITIES

Naval Academy, Annapolis, Maryland: Operational and training facilities, and troop housing, $9,687,000.

Naval Training Center, Great Lakes, Illinois: Medical facilities, and troop housing, $4,952,000.

Naval Schools, Mare Island, Vallejo, California: Training facilities, administrative facilities, troop housing, and utilities, $2,213,000.

Naval Post Graduate School, Monterey, California: Training facilities, $2,463,000.

Atlantic Fleet Anti-Submarine Warfare Tactical School, Norfolk, Virginia: Training facilities, $868,000.
MEDICAL FACILITIES

Naval Hospital, Portsmouth, New Hampshire: Hospital facilities, $60,000.

COMMUNICATION FACILITIES

Naval Radio Station, Annapolis, Maryland: Operational facilities, $900,000.

Naval Security Group Detachment, Charleston, South Carolina: Supply facilities, $240,000.

Naval Radio Station, Cheltenham, Maryland: Operational facilities, $151,000.


YARDS AND DOCKS FACILITIES

Naval Construction Battalion Center, Port Hueneme, California: Family housing and utilities, $3,460,000.

OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES

NAVAL WEAPONS FACILITIES

Naval Magazine, Cartagena, Spain: Utilities, $115,000.

Marine Corps Air Facility, Futema, Okinawa: Operational facilities, and administrative facilities, $1,527,000.

Marine Corps Air Facility, Iwakuni, Japan: Operational facilities, $1,375,000.

Naval Air Facility, Naha, Okinawa: Maintenance facilities, $1,791,000.

Naval Station, Roosevelt Roads, Puerto Rico: Operational facilities, $90,000.

MARINE CORPS FACILITIES

Camp Smedley D. Butler, Okinawa: Operational facilities, medical facilities, administrative facilities, troop housing and community facilities, and utilities and ground improvements, $3,288,000.

Sec. 202. The Secretary of the Navy may establish or develop classified naval installations and facilities by acquiring, constructing, converting, rehabilitating, or installing permanent or temporary public works, including land acquisition, site preparation, appurtenances, utilities, and equipment, in the total amount of $40,969,000.

Sec. 203. The Secretary of the Navy may establish or develop Navy installations and facilities by proceeding with construction made necessary by changes in Navy missions, new weapons developments, new and unforeseen research and development requirements, or improved production schedules, if the Secretary of Defense determines that deferral of such construction for inclusion in the next military construction authorization Act would be inconsistent with interests of national security, and in connection therewith to acquire, construct, convert, rehabilitate, or install permanent or temporary public works, including land acquisition, site preparation, appurtenances, utilities, and equipment, in the total amount of $10,000,000: Provided, That the Secretary of the Navy, or his designee, shall notify the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives, immediately upon reaching a final decision to implement, of the cost of
construction of any public work undertaken under this section, including those real estate actions pertaining thereto. This authorization will expire as of September 30, 1962, except for those public works projects concerning which the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives have been notified pursuant to this section prior to that date.

SEC. 204. (a) Public Law 85–685, as amended, is amended by striking out in section 202, "$93,101,000", and inserting in place thereof "$129,701,000".

(b) Public Law 85–685, as amended, is amended by striking out in clause (2) of section 502 the amounts "$93,101,000" and "$351,294,000", and inserting respectively in place thereof "$129,701,000", and "$387,894,000".

SEC. 205. (a) Public Law 86–500 is amended in section 201 under the heading "INSIDE THE UNITED STATES" and subheading "SHIPYARD FACILITIES", with respect to the Naval Shipyard, Charleston, South Carolina, by striking out the amount "$14,855,000", and inserting in place thereof "$17,955,000".

(b) Public Law 86–500 is amended by striking out in clause (2) of section 502, the amounts "$83,975,000" and "$127,566,000", and inserting respectively in place thereof "$87,075,000" and "$130,666,000".

TITLE III

SEC. 301. The Secretary of the Air Force may establish or develop military installations and facilities by acquiring, constructing, converting, rehabilitating, or installing permanent or temporary public works, including site preparation, appurtenances, utilities, and equipment for the following projects:

INSIDE THE UNITED STATES

AIR DEFENSE COMMAND

Grand Forks Air Force Base, Grand Forks, North Dakota: Operational facilities, maintenance facilities, supply facilities, and community facilities, $588,000.

K. I. Sawyer Municipal Airport, Marquette, Michigan: Operational facilities, maintenance facilities, and troop housing and community facilities, $1,468,000.

Kincheloe Air Force Base, Sault Sainte Marie, Michigan: Maintenance facilities, supply facilities and community facilities, $1,256,000.

McChord Air Force Base, Tacoma, Washington: Operational facilities, maintenance facilities, and utilities, $404,000.

Minot Air Force Base, Minot, North Dakota: Operational facilities, maintenance facilities, supply facilities, community facilities, and utilities, $2,677,000.

NORAD Headquarters, Colorado Springs, Colorado: Operational facilities, $12,400,000.

Otis Air Force Base, Falmouth, Massachusetts: Operational facilities, $373,000.

Suffolk County Air Force Base, Westhampton Beach, New York: Real estate, $43,000.

AIR MATERIEL COMMAND

Gentile Air Force Station, Dayton, Ohio: Administrative facilities, $420,000.

Hill Air Force Base, Ogden, Utah: Operational facilities, maintenance facilities, supply facilities, family housing, and utilities, $7,010,000.

McClellan Air Force Base, Sacramento, California: Operational facilities, maintenance facilities and utilities, $1,280,000.

Olmstead Air Force Base, Middletown, Pennsylvania: Operational facilities, and maintenance facilities, $1,639,000.

Robins Air Force Base, Macon, Georgia: Operational facilities, supply facilities, administrative facilities, community facilities, and utilities, $1,107,000.

Tinker Air Force Base, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma: Operational facilities, maintenance facilities, supply facilities, and utilities, $881,000.

Wright-Patterson Air Force Base, Dayton, Ohio: Operational facilities, maintenance facilities, research, development, and test facilities, supply facilities, and medical facilities, $1,653,000.

AIR RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT COMMAND

Arnold Engineering Development Center, Tullahoma, Tennessee: Research, development, and test facilities, $18,500,000.

Edwards Air Force Base, Muroc, California: Research, development, and test facilities, and utilities, $1,885,000.

Eglin Air Force Base, Valparaiso, Florida: Operational facilities, $345,000.

Laurence G. Hanscom Field, Bedford, Massachusetts: Research, development, and test facilities, community facilities, and utilities, $2,819,000.

Patrick Air Force Base, Cocoa, Florida: Operational facilities and community facilities, $630,000.

Various locations, Atlantic Missile Range: Operational facilities, and research, development, and test facilities, $10,006,000.

AIR TRAINING COMMAND

Brooks Air Force Base, San Antonio, Texas: Community facilities, $296,000.

Chanute Air Force Base, Rantoul, Illinois: Troop housing, $342,000.

James Connally Air Force Base, Waco, Texas: Community facilities and utilities, $427,000.

Keesler Air Force Base, Biloxi, Mississippi: Medical facilities and community facilities, $693,000.

Lackland Air Force Base, San Antonio, Texas: Training facilities, and administrative facilities, $1,040,000.

Lowry Air Force Base, Denver, Colorado: Medical facilities, $371,000.

Mather Air Force Base, Sacramento, California: Training facilities, and maintenance facilities, $1,075,000.

Perrin Air Force Base, Sherman, Texas: Supply facilities, $208,000.

Randolph Air Force Base, San Antonio, Texas: Operational facilities, $1,256,000.

Reese Air Force Base, Lubbock, Texas: Operational facilities, $135,000.

Sheppard Air Force Base, Wichita Falls, Texas: Troop housing and utilities, $553,000.
AIR UNIVERSITY

Gunter Air Force Base, Montgomery, Alabama: Community facilities, $86,000.
Maxwell Air Force Base, Montgomery, Alabama: Operational facilities, maintenance facilities, troop housing, and utilities, $2,413,000.

ALASKAN AIR COMMAND

Eielson Air Force Base, Fairbanks, Alaska: Community facilities, $354,000.
Elmendorf Air Force Base, Anchorage, Alaska: Maintenance facilities, and community facilities, $240,000.
King Salmon Airport, Naknek, Alaska: Operational facilities, $684,000.
Various locations, Alaska: Maintenance facilities, supply facilities, and troop housing, $1,837,000.

HEADQUARTERS COMMAND

Andrews Air Force Base, Camp Springs, Maryland: Maintenance facilities, administrative facilities, and utilities, $2,692,000.

MILITARY AIR TRANSPORT SERVICE

Dover Air Force Base, Dover, Delaware: Maintenance facilities, $145,000.
McGuire Air Force Base, Wrightstown, New Jersey: Operational facilities, and supply facilities, $125,000.
Travis Air Force Base, Fairfield, California: Maintenance facilities and medical facilities, $441,000.

PACIFIC AIR FORCES

Hickam Air Force Base, Honolulu, Hawaii: Operational facilities, $122,000.

STRATEGIC AIR COMMAND

Barksdale Air Force Base, Shreveport, Louisiana: Operational facilities and medical facilities, $1,217,000.
Beale Air Force Base, Marysville, California: Operational facilities, maintenance facilities, and utilities, $373,000.
Bergstrom Air Force Base, Austin, Texas: Operational facilities, $74,000.
Blytheville Air Force Base, Blytheville, Arkansas: Operational facilities and community facilities, $475,000.
Bunker Hill Air Force Base, Peru, Indiana: Operational facilities and maintenance facilities, $411,000.
Carswell Air Force Base, Fort Worth, Texas: Maintenance facilities and utilities, $236,000.
Castle Air Force Base, Merced, California: Operational facilities, $72,000.
Clinton-Sherman Air Force Base, Clinton, Oklahoma: Maintenance facilities, $193,000.
Columbus Air Force Base, Columbus, Mississippi: Community facilities, $197,000.
Dow Air Force Base, Bangor, Maine: Operational facilities, and troop housing, $328,000.
Dyess Air Force Base, Abilene, Texas: Maintenance facilities, and troop housing, $568,000.
Ellsworth Air Force Base, Rapid City, South Dakota: Operational facilities, community facilities and utilities, $762,000.

Francis E. Warren Air Force Base, Cheyenne, Wyoming: Hospital facilities, $2,050,000.

Glasgow Air Force Base, Glasgow, Montana: Operational facilities, maintenance facilities, supply facilities, administrative facilities, and community facilities, $2,716,000.

Homestead Air Force Base, Homestead, Florida: Operational facilities and troop housing, $509,000.

Larson Air Force Base, Moses Lake, Washington: Supply facilities and medical facilities, $360,000.

Lincoln Air Force Base, Lincoln, Nebraska: Operational facilities and medical facilities, $934,000.

Little Rock Air Force Base, Little Rock, Arkansas: Hospital facilities, $1,900,000.

Lockbourne Air Force Base, Columbus, Ohio: Operational facilities, $67,000.

Loring Air Force Base, Limestone, Maine: Maintenance facilities, $72,000.

March Air Force Base, Riverside, California: Operational facilities, maintenance facilities, supply facilities, hospital facilities, and utilities, $6,280,000.

McConnell Air Force Base, Wichita, Kansas: Operational facilities, $66,000.

McCoy Air Force Base, Orlando, Florida: Operational facilities and maintenance facilities, $163,000.

Offutt Air Force Base, Omaha, Nebraska: Utilities and ground improvements, and real estate, $541,000.

Pease Air Force Base, Portsmouth, New Hampshire: Operational facilities, $172,000.

Plattsburgh Air Force Base, Plattsburgh, New York: Operational facilities, $415,000.

Schilling Air Force Base, Salina, Kansas: Operational and training facilities and supply facilities, $490,000.

Tampa Fuel Annex, Tampa, Florida: Utilities, $48,000.

Turner Air Force Base, Albany, Georgia: Operational facilities, maintenance facilities, and troop housing and community facilities, $3,451,000.

Vandenberg Air Force Base, Lompoc, California: Operational facilities, community facilities, and utilities, $466,000.

Walker Air Force Base, Roswell, New Mexico: Utilities, $100,000.

Westover Air Force Base, Chicopee Falls, Massachusetts: Operational facilities, supply facilities, and real estate, $8,677,000.

Whiteman Air Force Base, Knobnoster, Missouri: Community facilities and utilities, $458,000.

Wurtsmith Air Force Base, Oscoda, Michigan: Operational facilities, maintenance facilities, supply facilities and community facilities, $2,240,000.

**TACTICAL AIR COMMAND**

Cannon Air Force Base, Clovis, New Mexico: Operational facilities, maintenance facilities, and community facilities, $1,544,000.


Myrtle Beach Air Force Base, Myrtle Beach, South Carolina: Operational facilities, $98,000.

Nellis Air Force Base, Las Vegas, Nevada: Operational facilities, maintenance facilities, and community facilities, $2,423,000.

Seymour-Johnson Air Force Base, Goldsboro, North Carolina: Operational facilities, maintenance facilities, and utilities, $512,000.
AIRCRAFT CONTROL AND WARNING SYSTEM

Various locations: Operational facilities, maintenance facilities, supply facilities, troop housing and community facilities, and utilities, $16,129,000.

SPECIAL FACILITIES

Various locations: Operational facilities, $142,000.

TRANSPORTABLE FAMILY HOUSING

Various locations: Family housing, $3,584,000.

OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES

CARIBBEAN AIR COMMAND

Howard Air Force Base, Canal Zone: Operational facilities, $117,000.

MILITARY AIR TRANSPORT SERVICE

Various locations: Operational facilities, supply facilities, and troop housing, $977,000.

PACIFIC AIR FORCES

Various locations: Operational facilities, maintenance facilities, supply facilities, troop housing and community facilities, and utilities and ground improvements, $9,468,000.

STRATEGIC AIR COMMAND

Andersen Air Force Base, Guam: Operational facilities, $181,000.
Ramey Air Force Base, Puerto Rico: Operational facilities, $50,000.
Various locations: Operational facilities, $1,988,000.

UNITED STATES AIR FORCES IN EUROPE

Various locations: Operational facilities, maintenance facilities, supply facilities, administrative facilities, troop housing and community facilities, and utilities, $10,004,000.

UNITED STATES AIR FORCE SECURITY SERVICE

Various locations: Operational facilities, maintenance facilities, supply facilities, administrative facilities, troop housing, community facilities, and utilities, $6,059,000.

AIRCRAFT CONTROL AND WARNING SYSTEM

Various locations: Operational facilities, maintenance facilities, supply facilities, and utilities, $2,768,000.

SPECIAL FACILITIES

Various locations: Operational facilities, $651,000.

Sec. 302. The Secretary of the Air Force may establish or develop classified military installations and facilities for ballistic missiles by acquiring, constructing, converting, rehabilitating, or installing permanent or temporary public works, including land acquisition, site preparation, appurtenances, utilities, and equipment in the total amount of $285,300,000.
Sec. 303. The Secretary of the Air Force may establish or develop Air Force installations and facilities by proceeding with construction made necessary by changes in Air Force missions, new weapons developments, new and unforeseen research and development requirements, or improved production schedules, if the Secretary of Defense determines that deferral of such construction for inclusion in the next military construction authorization Act would be inconsistent with interests of national security, and in connection therewith to acquire, construct, convert, rehabilitate, or install permanent or temporary public works, including land acquisition, site preparation, appurtenances, utilities, and equipment, in the total amount of $10,000,000:

Provided, That the Secretary of the Air Force, or his designee, shall notify the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives immediately upon reaching a final decision to implement, of the cost of construction of any public work undertaken under this section, including those real estate actions pertaining thereto. This authorization will expire as of September 30, 1962, except for those public works projects concerning which the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives have been notified pursuant to this section prior to that date.

Sec. 304. Section 9 of the Air Force Academy Act, as amended (68 Stat. 49), is further amended by striking out in the first sentence the figure "$139,797,000" and inserting in place thereof the figure "$141,797,000".

Sec. 305. (a) Public Law 86–149, as amended, is amended in section 301 under the heading "INSIDE THE UNITED STATES" and subheading "STRATEGIC AIR COMMAND", with respect to Barksdale Air Force Base, Shreveport, Louisiana, by striking out "$110,000" and inserting in place thereof "$169,000".

(b) Public Law 86–149, as amended, is amended by striking out in clause (3) of section 402 the amounts of "$299,576,800" and "$850,175,800" and inserting in place thereof "$299,635,800" and "$850,234,800", respectively.

Sec. 306. (a) Public Law 86–500 is amended in section 301 under the heading "INSIDE THE UNITED STATES" and subheading "AIR RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT COMMAND", with respect to Arnold Engineering Development Center, Tullahoma, Tennessee, by striking out "$10,500,000" and inserting in place thereof "$11,800,000".

(b) Public Law 86–500 is amended by striking out in clause (3) of section 502 the amounts of "$204,735,000" and "$728,605,000" and inserting in place thereof "$206,035,000" and "$728,605,000", respectively.

TITLE IV

Sec. 401. In addition to the family housing units authorized by titles I, II, and III of this Act, the Secretaries of the Army, Navy, and Air Force are authorized to construct not more than 500 family housing units with necessary utilities at locations and in numbers specified by the Secretary of Defense, or his designee.

Sec. 402. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated not to exceed $8,650,000 to carry out the purposes of this title.

TITLE V

Sec. 501. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of Defense the sum of $27,000,000 for the construction and adjustment of support and technical facilities for missiles and space systems projects. The Secretary of Defense shall allocate funds appropriated pursuant to the provisions of this section to the military departments on such basis as he determines to be necessary in the interest of the National Defense.
TITLE VI
GENERAL PROVISIONS

Sec. 601. The Secretary of each military department may proceed to establish or develop installations and facilities under this Act without regard to sections 3648 and 3734 of the Revised Statutes, as amended (31 U.S.C. 529; 40 U.S.C. 259, 267), and sections 4774(d) and 9774(d) of title 10, United States Code. The authority to place permanent or temporary improvements on land includes authority for surveys, administration, overhead, planning, and supervision incident to construction. That authority may be exercised before title to the land is approved under section 355 of the Revised Statutes, as amended (40 U.S.C. 255), and even though the land is held temporarily. The authority to acquire real estate or land includes authority to make surveys and to acquire land, and interests in land (including temporary use), by gift, purchase, exchange of Government-owned land, or otherwise.

Sec. 602. There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary for the purposes of this Act, but appropriations for public works projects authorized by titles I, II, III, IV, and V shall not exceed—

(1) for title I: Inside the United States, $76,918,000; outside the United States, $37,243,000; section 102, $6,245,000; section 103, $10,000,000; or a total of $130,406,000.

(2) for title II: Inside the United States, $79,239,000; outside the United States, $8,136,000; section 202, $40,969,000; section 203, $10,000,000; or a total of $138,344,000.

(3) for title III: Inside the United States, $146,868,000; outside the United States, $32,293,000; section 302, $285,300,000; section 303, $10,000,000; or a total of $474,461,000.

(4) for title IV: $8,650,000.

(5) for title V: $27,000,000.

Sec. 603. Any of the amounts named in titles I, II, and III of this Act, may, in the discretion of the Secretary concerned, be increased by 5 per centum for projects inside the United States (other than Alaska) and by 10 per centum for projects outside the United States or in Alaska, if he determines in the case of any particular project that such increase (1) is required for the sole purpose of meeting unusual variations in cost arising in connection with that project, and (2) could not have been reasonably anticipated at the time such project was submitted to the Congress. However, the total costs of all projects in each such title may not be more than the total amount authorized to be appropriated for projects in that title.

Sec. 604. Whenever—

(1) the President determines that compliance with section 2313(b) of title 10, United States Code, for contracts made under this Act for the establishment or development of military installations and facilities in foreign countries would interfere with the carrying out of this Act; and

(2) the Secretary of Defense and the Comptroller General have agreed upon alternative methods of adequately auditing those contracts;

the President may exempt those contracts from the requirements of that section.

Sec. 605. Contracts for construction made by the United States for performance within the United States and its possessions, under this Act shall be executed under the jurisdiction and supervision of the Corps of Engineers, Department of the Army, or the Bureau of Yards and Docks, Department of the Navy, unless the Secretary of Defense
determines that because such jurisdiction and supervision is wholly impracticable such contracts should be executed under the jurisdiction and supervision of another department or Government agency, and shall be awarded, insofar as practicable, on a competitive basis to the lowest responsible bidder, if the national security will not be impaired and the award is consistent with chapter 137 of title 10, United States Code. The Secretaries of the military departments shall report semiannually to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives with respect to all contracts awarded on other than a competitive basis to the lowest responsible bidder.

Sec. 606. As of July 1, 1962, all authorizations for military public works to be accomplished by the Secretary of a military department in connection with the establishment or development of military installations and facilities, and all authorizations for appropriations therefor, that are contained in Acts approved before August 11, 1959, and not superseded or otherwise modified by a later authorization are repealed except—

(1) authorizations for public works and for appropriations therefor that are set forth in those Acts in the titles that contain the general provisions;
(2) the authorization for public works projects as to which appropriated funds have been obligated for construction contracts or land acquisitions in whole or in part before July 1, 1962, and authorizations for appropriations therefor;
(3) the authorization for the rental guarantee for family housing in the amount of $100,000,000 that is contained in section 302 of the Act of July 14, 1952 (66 Stat. 606, 622);
(4) notwithstanding the provisions of section 506 of the Act of June 8, 1960 (74 Stat. 166, 184), the authorization for—
   (a) administrative facilities in the amount of $5,666,000 at Detroit Arsenal, Michigan, that is contained in title I, section 101, under the heading "INSIDE THE UNITED STATES" and subheading "TECHNICAL SERVICES FACILITIES (Ordnance Corps)" of the Act of August 20, 1958 (72 Stat. 636);
   (b) troop housing and utilities in the amount of $3,749,000 at Fort Dix, New Jersey, that is contained in title I, section 101, under the heading "INSIDE THE UNITED STATES" and subheading "FIELD FORCES FACILITIES (First Army Area)" of the Act of August 20, 1958 (72 Stat. 636, 637);
   (c) troop housing in the amount of $584,000 at Fort Benning, Georgia, that is contained in title I, section 101, under the heading "INSIDE THE UNITED STATES" and subheading "FIELD FORCES FACILITIES (Third Army Area)" of the Act of August 20, 1958 (72 Stat. 636, 637);
   (d) administrative facilities and troop housing in the amount of $2,889,000 at Fort Hood, Texas, that is contained in title I, section 101, under the heading "INSIDE THE UNITED STATES" and subheading "FIELD FORCES FACILITIES (Fourth Army Area)" of the Act of August 20, 1958 (72 Stat. 636, 637);
   (e) troop housing in the amount of $713,000 at Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, that is contained in title I, section 101, under the heading "INSIDE THE UNITED STATES" and subheading "FIELD FORCES FACILITIES (Fifth Army Area)" of the Act of August 20, 1958 (72 Stat. 636, 637);
   (f) medical facilities in the amount of $4,136,000 for Selfridge Air Force Base, Mount Clemens, Michigan, under the heading "CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES" and the sub-
heading “AIR DEFENSE COMMAND” that is contained in title III, section 301, of the Act of July 15, 1955 (69 Stat. 324, 338), as amended;
(g) operational facilities, and real estate in the amount of $4,352,000 for Marine Corps Auxiliary Air Station, Beaufort, South Carolina, under the heading “INSIDE THE UNITED STATES” and subheading “AVIATION FACILITIES (MARINE CORPS AIR STATION)” of the Act of August 20, 1958 (72 Stat. 643).

SEC. 607. (a) Section 803(a) of the National Housing Act, as amended, is amended by striking out the last proviso and inserting in lieu thereof the following: “And provided further, That no more mortgages shall be insured under this title after October 1, 1962, except pursuant to a commitment to insure before such date, and not more than twenty-eight thousand family units shall be contracted for after June 30, 1959, pursuant to any mortgage insured under section 803 of this title after such date.”

(b) The military departments are hereby authorized to contract for the construction of three thousand housing units under section 803 of the National Housing Act, as amended, at such locations as may be designated by the Secretary of Defense, except that three hundred of such three thousand units shall be designated for Naval Base, Norfolk, Virginia.

SEC. 608. Section 515 of the Act of July 15, 1955 (69 Stat. 324, 352), as amended, is further amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 515. During fiscal years 1959 through and including 1964, the Secretaries of the Army, Navy, and Air Force, respectively, are authorized to lease housing facilities at or near tactical military installations for assignment as public quarters to military personnel and their dependents, if any, without rental charge, upon a determination by the Secretary of Defense, or his designee, that there is a lack of adequate housing facilities at or near such military installations. Such housing facilities shall be leased on a family or individual unit basis and not more than seven thousand five hundred of such units may be so leased at any one time. Expenditures for the rental of such housing facilities may be made out of appropriations available for maintenance and operation but may not exceed $150 a month for any such unit.”

SEC. 609. Effective July 1, 1961, no family housing unit may be rehabilitated at a cost in excess of that established by section 109 of Public Law 86-630 as a limitation on the cost of construction of family housing units, except where the Secretary of Defense, or his designee, has notified the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives prior to such rehabilitation: Provided, That no family housing unit may be rehabilitated at a cost in excess of $20,000.

SEC. 610. Section 407 of the Act of August 30, 1957 (71 Stat. 531, 556), as amended, is amended (1) by striking out the words “July 1, 1961” in subsection (e) and inserting “July 1, 1962” in lieu thereof; and (2) by striking out the words “July 1, 1962” from subsection (g) and inserting “July 1, 1965” in lieu thereof.

SEC. 611. Section 409 of the Act of August 3, 1956 (70 Stat. 991, 1016), is repealed.

SEC. 612. None of the authority contained in titles I, II, and III of this Act shall be deemed to authorize any building construction project inside the United States (other than Alaska) at a unit cost in excess of—

1. $32 per square foot for cold-storage warehousing;
2. $8 per square foot for regular warehousing;
3. $1,850 per man for permanent barracks;
4. $8,500 per man for bachelor officer quarters;
unless the Secretary of Defense determines that, because of special circumstances, application to such project of the limitations on unit costs contained in this section is impracticable.

Sec. 613. Titles I, II, III, IV, V, and VI of this Act may be cited as the "Military Construction Act of 1961".

**TITLE VII**

**RESERVE FORCES FACILITIES**

Sec. 701. Subject to chapter 133 of title 10, United States Code, the Secretary of Defense may establish or develop the following facilities for Reserve Forces:

(1) For Department of the Army:

**ARMY NATIONAL GUARD OF THE UNITED STATES**

(Armory)

Aberdeen, South Dakota: Training facilities, $158,000.
Altavista, Virginia: Training facilities, $134,000.
Altus, Oklahoma: Training facilities, $152,000.
Anacortes, Washington: Training facilities, $150,000.
Atchison, Kansas: Training facilities, $93,000.
Austin, Minnesota: Training facilities, $210,000.
Baltimore, Maryland: Training facilities, $300,000.
Baraboo, Wisconsin: Training facilities, $171,000.
Batavia, New York: Training facilities, $234,000.
Baxley, Georgia: Training facilities, $90,000.
Bay Springs, Mississippi: Training facilities, $72,000.
Beaufort, South Carolina: Training facilities, $96,000.
Beaver, Utah: Training facilities, $111,000.
Bedford, Indiana: Training facilities conversion, $52,000.
Bluefield, West Virginia: Training facilities, $225,000.
Bonham, Texas: Training facilities, $87,000.
Boone, Iowa: Training facilities, $225,000.
Boston (West Roxbury), Massachusetts: Training facilities, $249,000.
Brantley, Alabama: Training facilities, $72,000.
Bridgeport, Alabama: Training facilities, $72,000.
Brooklyn, New York: Training facilities conversion, $50,000.
Caldwell, Idaho: Training facilities, $125,000.
Campbellsville, Kentucky: Training facilities, $124,000.
Chadron, Nebraska: Training facilities, $43,250.
Charleston, South Carolina: Training facilities, $128,000.
Charleston, South Carolina: Training facilities, $96,000.
Clackamas, Oregon: Training facilities expansion, $150,000.
Columbia, South Carolina: Training facilities, $400,000.
Columbus Ohio: Training facilities, $540,000.
Dallas (number 2), Texas: Training facilities, $74,000.
Decatur, Mississippi: Training facilities, $72,000.
Deer Lodge, Montana: Training facilities, $69,000.
Dermott, Arkansas: Training facilities, $45,000.
Devils Lake, North Dakota: Training facilities, $135,000.
East Providence, Rhode Island: Training facilities, $268,000.
Eau Claire, Wisconsin: Training facilities, $240,000.
Edgeley, North Dakota: Training facilities, $150,000.
Elizabethtown, North Carolina: Training facilities, $105,000.
Enfield-Thompsonville, Connecticut: Training facilities, $169,000.
Fairmont, West Virginia: Training facilities, $210,000.
Fallon, Nevada: Training facilities, $101,000.
Fort Atkinson, Wisconsin: Training facilities, $171,000.
Geneseo, New York: Training facilities, $233,000.
Glasgow, Kentucky: Training facilities, $136,000.
Glasgow, Montana: Training facilities, $69,000.
Glennville, Georgia: Training facilities, $90,000.
Great Bend, Kansas: Training facilities, $93,000.
Green Bay, Wisconsin: Training facilities, $205,000.
Hamlet, North Carolina: Training facilities, $99,000.
Harlingen, Texas: Training facilities, $118,000.
Hinesville, Georgia: Training facilities, $90,000.
Holly Springs, Mississippi: Training facilities, $81,000.
Honolulu, Hawaii: Training facilities, $282,000.
Hopkinsville, Kentucky: Training facilities, $134,000.
Huntington, West Virginia: Training facilities, $250,000.
Jesup, Georgia: Training facilities, $90,000.
Kerens, Texas: Training facilities, $74,000.
Kingwood, West Virginia: Training facilities, $170,000.
Lake Village, Arkansas: Training facilities, $54,000.
Lincoln, Arkansas: Training facilities, $45,000.
Lock Haven, Pennsylvania: Training facilities expansion and rehabilitation, $156,000.
Marion, Kentucky: Training facilities, $124,000.
Mercedes, Texas: Training facilities, $104,000.
Mexia, Texas: Training facilities, $74,000.
Mission, Texas: Training facilities, $74,000.
Monroe, Louisiana: Training facilities, $191,000.
Monticello, Indiana: Training facilities, $152,000.
Monticello, Kentucky: Training facilities, $124,000.
Morehead City, North Carolina: Training facilities, $101,250.
Morgantown, West Virginia: Training facilities, $198,000.
Moultrie, Georgia: Training facilities, $90,000.
Mount Holly, New Jersey: Training facilities, $169,000.
Myrtle Beach, South Carolina: Training facilities, $87,000.
Newark, New Jersey: Training facilities rehabilitation, $234,000.
Newton, Mississippi: Training facilities, $81,000.
Newport, Vermont: Training facilities, $136,000.
Nogales, Arizona: Training facilities, $53,000.
North Vernon, Indiana: Training facilities, $152,000.
Oak Ridge, Tennessee: Training facilities, $117,000.
O'Neil, Nebraska: Training facilities, $43,250.
Palmetto, Florida: Training facilities, $120,000.
Panama City, Florida: Training facilities, $120,000.
Parsons, Tennessee: Training facilities, $102,000.
Philadelphia, Mississippi: Training facilities, $81,000.
Phillipsburg, Kansas: Training facilities, $92,000.
Phoenixville, Pennsylvania: Training facilities expansion and rehabilitation, $125,000.
Portage, Wisconsin: Training facilities, $150,000.
Port Gibson, Mississippi: Training facilities, $81,000.
Pueblo, Colorado: Training facilities, $135,000.
Punxsutawney, Pennsylvania: Training facilities expansion and rehabilitation, $102,000.
Raleigh, North Carolina: Training facilities, $431,000.
Raleigh-Durham Airport, North Carolina: Training facilities, $158,000.
Richmond, Virginia: Training facilities, $700,000.
Roseville, California: Training facilities, $150,000.
Rupert, Idaho: Training facilities, $75,000.
Saint Albans, West Virginia: Training facilities, $190,000.
Saint George, South Carolina: Training facilities, $99,000.
Saint Louis, or Saint Louis County, Missouri: Training facilities, $122,000.
Seguin, Texas: Training facilities, $74,000.
Sparta, Georgia: Training facilities, $90,000.
Spartanburg, South Carolina: Training facilities, $186,000.
Spindale-Forest City, North Carolina: Training facilities, $113,000.
Starkville, Mississippi: Training facilities, $120,000.
Stockton, California: Training facilities, $254,000.
Tamaqua, Pennsylvania: Training facilities, $210,000.
Tifton, Georgia: Training facilities, $90,000.
Truth or Consequences, New Mexico: Training facilities, $67,000.
Turlock, California: Training facilities, $115,000.
Van Nuys, California: Training facilities, $202,000.
Wagner, South Dakota: Training facilities, $165,000.
Warrenton, Missouri: Training facilities, $150,000.
Waterville, Maine: Training facilities, $257,000.
Wayne, Nebraska: Training facilities, $116,000.
West Orange, New Jersey: Training facilities rehabilitation, $243,000.
Wheatland, Wyoming: Training facilities, $109,000.
Winston-Salem, North Carolina: Training facilities, $135,000.
Woonsocket, South Dakota: Training facilities, $128,000.
Worcester, Massachusetts: Training facilities, $328,000.
Various locations: Training facilities, minor conversions and additions, $150,000.

**ARMY NATIONAL GUARD OF THE UNITED STATES (NON-ARMORY)**

Camp Blanding, Florida: Supply facilities, $177,000.
Camp Grafton, North Dakota: Troop housing, $263,000.
Camp Grayling, Michigan: Troop housing, $900,000.
Camp Ripley, Minnesota: Troop housing, $300,000.
Camp Roberts, California: Maintenance facilities, $52,000.
Camp Shelby, Mississippi: Troop housing, $800,000.
Fort Stewart, Georgia: Troop housing, $800,000.
Fort William H. Harrison, Montana: Troop housing, $258,000.
Montgomery, Alabama: Maintenance facilities, administrative facilities and supply facilities, $582,000.
Point Pleasant, West Virginia: Maintenance facilities, $340,000.
Santa Fe, New Mexico: Maintenance facilities, administrative facilities and supply facilities, $548,000.
Various locations: Minor projects, $110,000.

**ARMY RESERVE**

Brownsville, Pennsylvania: Training facilities, $190,000.
Burlington, Vermont: Acquisition and rehabilitation of training facilities, $79,000.
Butte, Montana: Training facilities, $185,000.
Chicago (number 4), Illinois: Training facilities, $778,000.
Cincinnati (number 2), Ohio: Training facilities, $601,000.
Durham, North Carolina: Training facilities addition, $58,000.
Erie, Pennsylvania: Training facilities, $323,000.
Fall River, Massachusetts: Training facilities, $386,000.
Fargo, North Dakota: Training facilities, $393,000.
Fort Lauderdale, Florida: Training facilities, $321,000.
Gulfport, Mississippi: Training facilities, $321,000.
Huntington, West Virginia: Training facilities addition, $64,000.
Jamaica, Long Island, New York: Training facilities expansion, $237,000.
Johnson City, Tennessee: Training facilities, $465,000.
Kalamazoo, Michigan: Training facilities, $389,000.
Kansas City, Kansas: Training facilities, $372,000.
Lafayette, Louisiana: Training facilities expansion, $202,000.
Little Rock (Adams Field), Arkansas: Training facilities addition, $48,000.
Lynchburg, Virginia: Training facilities, $218,000.
Martinsburg, West Virginia: Training facilities, $181,000.
McAllen, Texas: Training facilities expansion, $197,000.
Morgantown, West Virginia: Training facilities, $181,000.
New Martinsville, West Virginia: Training facilities, $181,000.
Ontario-LaVerne-Rialto Area, California: Training facilities, $372,000.
Paris, Texas: Training facilities, $166,000.
Phoenix, Arizona: Training facilities, $572,000.
Pleasant Grove, Utah: Training facilities, $181,000.
South Charleston, West Virginia: Training facilities addition, $64,000.
Springfield, Massachusetts: Training facilities expansion, $111,000.
Terminal, Texas: Training facilities, $273,000.
Terre Haute, Indiana: Training facilities addition, $67,000.
Waycross, Georgia: Training facilities, $163,000.
Yakima, Washington: Training facilities, $236,000.
Yauco, Puerto Rico: Training facilities, $226,000.
Various locations: Training facilities, minor additions, and rehabilitation, $3,038,000.
Land acquisition: Training facilities, $466,000.

(2) For Department of the Navy:

NAVAL RESERVE (AVIATION)

Naval Air Station, Dallas, Texas: Operational facilities and maintenance facilities, $1,285,000.
Naval Air Station, Glenview, Illinois: Maintenance facilities, $54,000.
Naval Air Station, Grosse Ile, Michigan: Operational facilities, $575,000.
Naval Air Station, Los Alamitos, California: Operational facilities, $347,000.
Naval Air Station, New York, New York: Operational facilities and maintenance facilities, $200,000.
Naval Air Station, Olathe, Kansas: Utilities, $100,000.
Naval Air Station, South Weymouth, Massachusetts: Operational facilities and maintenance facilities, $392,000.
Naval Air Station, Willow Grove, Pennsylvania: Operational facilities, troop housing, and maintenance facilities, $841,000.

NAVAL RESERVE (SURFACE)

Naval Reserve Electronics Facility, Belleville, Texas: Acquisition and rehabilitation of training facilities, $47,000.
Naval Reserve Training Center, Brooklyn, New York: Training facilities rehabilitation, $50,000.
Naval Reserve Training Center, Erie, Pennsylvania: Training facilities, $622,000.
Naval Reserve Electronics Facility, Galesburg, Illinois: Training facilities, $62,000.
Naval Reserve Electronics Facility, Midland-Odessa, Texas: Training facilities, $55,000.
Naval and Marine Corps Reserve Training Center, Mobile, Alabama: Training facilities, $550,000.
Naval and Marine Corps Reserve Training Center, Omaha, Nebraska: Training facilities, $648,000.
Naval Reserve Training Center, Sioux Falls, South Dakota: Training facilities, $364,000.
Naval Reserve Training Center, Vallejo, California: Training facilities rehabilitation, $151,000.
Naval Reserve Master Control Radio Station and Electronics Facility, Waukegan, Illinois: Operational and training facilities, $96,000.
Naval Reserve Training Center, Whitestone, New York: Training facilities addition, $91,000.

MARINE CORPS RESERVE (GROUND)

Marine Corps Reserve Training Center, Midland-Odessa, Texas: Training facilities and land acquisition, $373,000.
Naval and Marine Corps Reserve Training Center, Mobile, Alabama: Training facilities, $207,000.
Naval and Marine Corps Reserve Training Center, Omaha, Nebraska: Training facilities, $237,000.
Marine Corps Reserve Training Center, San Bruno, California: Training facilities rehabilitation, $107,000.
Marine Corps Reserve Training Center, Tallahassee, Florida: Training facilities addition, $200,000.
Marine Corps Reserve Training Center, Waukegan, Illinois: Training facilities, $140,000.

(3) For Department of the Air Force:

AIR NATIONAL GUARD OF THE UNITED STATES

Baer Field, Fort Wayne, Indiana: Operational facilities, $588,000.
Berry Field, Nashville, Tennessee: Maintenance facilities, $300,000.
Congaree Air Base, Columbia, South Carolina: Operational training and maintenance facilities, $1,830,000.
Des Moines Municipal Airport, Des Moines, Iowa: Operational facilities, $770,000.
Foss Field, Sioux Falls, South Dakota: Operational facilities rehabilitation, $516,000.
Fresno Airport, Fresno, California: Operational facilities, $794,000.
General Mitchell Field, Milwaukee, Wisconsin: Operational facilities and maintenance facilities, $923,000.
Greiner Field, Manchester Municipal Airport, Manchester, New Hampshire: Operational facilities, $400,000.
Hector Field, Fargo, North Dakota: Operational facilities, $372,000.
Hickam Air Force Base, Honolulu, Hawaii: Supply facilities, $252,000.
Hubbard Field, Reno, Nevada: Operational facilities, $287,000.
Hulman Field, Terre Haute, Indiana: Operational facilities, $888,000.
Imeson Municipal Airport, Jacksonville, Florida: Operational facilities, $1,027,000.
Kulis Air National Guard Base, Anchorage, Alaska: Operational, training and maintenance facilities, $678,000.
Naval Air Station, Dallas, Texas: Utilities, $200,000.
Naval Air Station, Willow Grove, Pennsylvania: Operational and training facilities, maintenance facilities, supply facilities and utilities, $1,965,000.
New Castle County Airport, New Castle, Delaware: Maintenance facilities, $300,000.
O'Hare International Airport, Chicago, Illinois: Operational facilities and supply facilities, $774,000.
Olmsted Air Force Base, Middletown, Pennsylvania: Maintenance facilities, $300,000.
Ontario International Airport, Ontario, California: Operational facilities, $1,426,000.
Rosecrans Field, Saint Joseph, Missouri: Operational facilities rehabilitation, $360,000.
Salt Lake Municipal Airport, Salt Lake City, Utah: Maintenance facilities, $300,000.
Schenectady County Airport, Schenectady, New York: Operational facilities, $620,000.
Toledo Express Airport, Toledo, Ohio: Operational facilities, $654,000.
Travis Field, Savannah, Georgia: Operational facilities, $526,000.
Truax Field, Madison, Wisconsin: Operational facilities, rehabilitation, $300,000.
Tulsa Municipal Airport, Tulsa, Oklahoma: Operational facilities, $360,000.
Volk Field, Camp Williams, Wisconsin: Operational facilities, $536,000.
Will Rogers Field, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma: Operational facilities, $360,000.

AIR FORCE RESERVE

Barksdale Air Force Base, Shreveport, Louisiana: Supply facilities, $185,000.
Carswell Air Force Base, Fort Worth, Texas: Operational and training facilities and supply facilities, $612,000.
Davis Field, Muskogee, Oklahoma: Operational facilities, $992,000.
Ellington Air Force Base, Houston, Texas: Operational facilities, $908,000.
Homestead Air Force Base, Homestead, Florida: Maintenance facilities, $350,000.
March Air Force Base, Riverside, California: Maintenance facilities, $350,000.
Paine Air Force Base, Everett, Washington: Operational facilities, $608,000.
Portland International Airport, Portland, Oregon: Operational facilities, $715,000.

(4) For all reserve components: Facilities made necessary by changes in the assignment of weapons or equipment to reserve forces units, if the Secretary of Defense or his designee determines that deferral of such facilities for inclusion in the next law authorizing appropriations for specific facilities for reserve forces would be inconsistent with the interests of national security and if the Secretary of Defense or his designee notifies the Senate and the House of Representatives immediately upon reaching a final decision to implement, of the nature and estimated cost of any facility to be undertaken under this subsection.

Notice to Congress.

SEC. 702. (a) Public Law 85-685, as amended, is amended under the heading "ARMY NATIONAL GUARD OF THE UNITED STATES (NONARMORY)" in clause (3) of section 601 with respect to Camp Butner, North Carolina, by striking out "Camp Butner" and inserting in place thereof "Camp Butner or Raleigh".

72 Stat. 671.
(b) Public Law 86–149, as amended, is amended under the heading "ARMY RESERVE" in clause (1) of section 501 with respect to Chicago Heights, Illinois, by striking out "Chicago Heights" and inserting in place thereof "Harvey", and by striking out "$302,000" and inserting in place thereof "$375,000".

(c) Public Law 86–149, as amended, is amended in clause (2) of section 501 as follows:

1. Under the heading "NAVAL RESERVE (AVIATION)" with respect to Naval Air Station, South Weymouth, Massachusetts, strike out "$76,000" and insert in place thereof "$170,000".

2. Under the heading "NAVAL RESERVE (SURFACE)" with respect to Naval Reserve Training Center, Galveston, Texas, strike out "$204,000" and insert in place thereof "$262,000".

(d) Public Law 86–149, as amended, is amended under the heading "AIR FORCE RESERVE" in clause (3) of section 501 with respect to General Mitchell Field, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, by striking out "$43,000" and inserting in place thereof "$72,000".

(e) Public Law 86–149, as amended, is amended by striking out in clause (1) (a) of section 504 "$21,457,000" and inserting in place thereof "$21,530,000", by striking out in clause (2) of section 504 "$8,300,000" and inserting in place thereof "$8,452,000", and by striking out in clause (3) (a) of section 504 "$4,093,000" and inserting in place thereof "$4,122,000".

(f) Public Law 86–500 is amended under the heading "ARMY NATIONAL GUARD OF THE UNITED STATES (ARMORY)" in clause 1 of section 601 as follows:

1. With respect to Clear Lake, South Dakota, strike out "$63,000" and insert in place thereof "$72,000".

2. With respect to Riverdale, New Jersey, strike out "$171,000" and insert in place thereof "$190,000".

3. Strike out the following:

   "Carmichael, California: Training facilities, $115,000".
   "Spartanburg, South Carolina: Training facilities, $184,000".

(g) Public Law 86–500 is amended under the heading "ARMY RESERVE" in clause (1) of section 601 with respect to Pittsburg, California, by striking out "Pittsburg" and inserting in place thereof "Concord".

(h) Public Law 86–500 is amended under the heading "AIR NATIONAL GUARD OF THE UNITED STATES" in clause (3) of section 601 with respect to Foss Field, Sioux Falls, South Dakota, by striking out "$675,000" and inserting in place thereof "$1,038,000".

(i) Public Law 86–500 is amended by striking out in clause 1 (a) of section 604 "$18,226,000" and inserting in place thereof "$18,005,000", and by striking out in clause (3) (a) of section 604 "$13,797,000" and inserting in place thereof "$14,160,000".

SEC. 703. The Secretary of Defense may establish or develop installations and facilities under this title without regard to sections 31 to 3648 and 3734 of the Revised Statutes, as amended, and sections 4774 (d) and 9774 (d) of title 10, United States Code. The authority to place permanent or temporary improvements on land includes authority for surveys, administration, overhead, planning, and supervision incident to construction. That authority may be exercised before title to the land is approved under section 355 of the Revised Statutes, as amended, and even though the land is held temporarily. The authority to acquire real estate or land includes authority to make surveys and to acquire land, and interests in land (including temporary use), by gift, purchase, exchange of Government-owned land, or otherwise.

31 USC 529; 40 USC 259, 267.
79A Stat. 269, 590.
40 USC 255.
Sec. 704. Appropriations for facilities projects authorized by section 701 for the respective reserve components of the armed forces may not exceed—

(1) for the Department of the Army:
   (a) Army National Guard of the United States, $22,682,750.
   (b) Army Reserve, $12,505,000.

(2) for Department of the Navy: Naval and Marine Corps Reserves, $7,794,000.

(3) for Department of the Air Force:
   (a) Air National Guard of the United States, $18,606,000.
   (b) Air Force Reserve, $4,865,000.

Sec. 705. Any of the amounts named in section 701 of this Act may, in the discretion of the Secretary of Defense, be increased by 15 per centum, but the total cost for all projects authorized for the Army National Guard of the United States, the Army Reserve, the Naval and Marine Corps Reserves, the Air National Guard of the United States, and the Air Force Reserve, may not exceed the amounts named in clauses (1)(a), (1)(b), (2), (3)(a) and (3)(b) of section 704 respectively.

Sec. 706. As of July 1, 1962, all authorizations for specific facilities for reserve forces to be accomplished by the Secretary of Defense, and all authorizations for appropriations therefor, that are contained in the Reserve Forces Facilities Act of 1959, and not superseded or otherwise modified by a later authorization, are repealed, except the authorizations for facilities for the reserve forces as to which appropriated funds have been obligated in whole or in part before July 1, 1962, and authorizations for appropriations therefor.

Sec. 707. This title may be cited as the "Reserve Forces Facilities Act of 1961".

Approved June 27, 1961.

Public Law 87-58

AN ACT

To authorize the acceptance by the Government of gifts to be used to reduce the public debt.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in order to afford to the people of the United States an opportunity to make gifts to the Government of the United States to be used for the purpose of reducing the public debt—

(a) the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to accept on behalf of the United States (1) any gift of money made on the sole condition that it be used to reduce the public debt of the United States, (2) any gift of obligations of the United States included in the public debt of the United States, if made on the sole condition that the obligations be canceled and retired and not reissued, or (3) any gift of other intangible personal property made on the sole condition that it be sold, and the proceeds realized from the sale be used to reduce the public debt of the United States; and

(b) the Administrator of General Services is authorized to accept on behalf of the United States any gift of other property, real or personal, made to the United States on the sole condition that it be sold and the proceeds realized from the sale be used to reduce the public debt of the United States: Provided, however,
That the Secretary of the Treasury or the Administrator of General Services, as the case may be, is authorized to reject any gift under this section whenever he determines such action to be in the interest of the United States.

Sec. 2. The Secretary of the Treasury shall convert into money, at the best terms available, any gift accepted by him under the provisions of paragraph (a) (3) of the first section of this Act; and the Administrator of General Services shall convert into money, at the best terms available, any gift accepted by him under the provisions of the first section of this Act.

Sec. 3. If under applicable law any gift accepted under the first section of this Act is subject to a gift or inheritance tax, the Secretary of the Treasury or the Administrator of General Services, as the case may be, is authorized to pay such tax out of the proceeds of such gift, or the proceeds of the redemption or sale of such gift, as the case may be.

Sec. 4. There is hereby established on the books of the Treasury a special account into which shall be deposited all money received as gifts under this Act and all money received as a result of the conversion into money of gifts of property other than money received under this Act. The Secretary of the Treasury shall from time to time utilize the money in the special account for the payment at maturity or the redemption or purchase before maturity of any obligations of the United States included in the public debt of the United States. All obligations of the United States paid, redeemed, or purchased with money out of the special account shall be canceled and retired and shall not be reissued. All money deposited in the special account is hereby appropriated and shall be available for expenditure for the purposes of this Act.

Approved June 27, 1961.
(b) Section 809(g)(3) of such Code (relating to application of section 815 to certain mutualization distributions) is amended by striking out "in 1959" and inserting in lieu thereof "in 1959, 1960, or 1961."

(c) The amendments made by subsections (a) and (b) shall apply to taxable years beginning after December 31, 1959.

Sec. 3. (a) Paragraph 1102(b) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1001; par. 1102), is amended by striking out "Cashmere goat," and by inserting after "other like animals" the following: "(including hair of animals like the Cashmere goat)."

(b) Paragraph 1102 of such Act is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subparagraph:

"(c) Hair of the Cashmere goat, in the grease or washed, 18 cents per pound of clean content; scoured, 21 cents per pound of clean content; on the skin, 16 cents per pound of clean content; sorted, or matchings, if not scoured, 19 cents per pound of clean content."

(c) The amendments made by this section shall apply to articles entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption, on or after the date of enactment of this Act, and to articles covered by entries or withdrawals which have not been liquidated or the liquidation of which has not become final on such date of enactment.

Sec. 4. The pension fund of the slate, tile, and roofing industry in New York City, which was created as a result of an agreement between the Composition Roofers, Damp and Waterproof Workers Association, Local Union Numbered 8, and several employer associations and other individual employers in the industry, and which has been held by the Internal Revenue Service to constitute a qualified trust under section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, and to be exempt from taxation under section 501(a) of such Code, shall be held and considered to have been a qualified trust under such section 401(a) and to be exempt from taxation under such section 501(a), for the period beginning July 1, 1957, and ending November 24, 1958, but only if it is shown to the satisfaction of the Secretary of the Treasury or his delegate that the trust has not in this period been operated in a manner which would jeopardize the interest of its beneficiaries.

Approved June 27, 1961.

Public Law 87-60

AN ACT

To provide that the authorized strength of the Metropolitan Police force of the District of Columbia shall be not less than three thousand officers and members.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the last sentence of paragraph (3) of the first section of the Act entitled "An Act relating to the Metropolitan Police of the District of Columbia," approved February 28, 1901 (D.C. Code, sec. 4–106), is amended by striking out "two thousand five hundred officers and members" and inserting in lieu thereof "three thousand officers and members."

Approved June 27, 1961.
AN ACT
To amend certain laws relating to Federal-aid highways, to make certain adjustments in the Federal-aid highway program, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

TITLE I—FEDERAL-AID HIGHWAY PROGRAM

SEC. 101. SHORT TITLE.
This Act may be cited as the "Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1961".

SEC. 102. APPROVAL OF ESTIMATE OF COST OF COMPLETING THE INTERSTATE SYSTEM.
The estimate of cost of completing the Interstate System in each State, transmitted to the Congress on January 11, 1961, by the Secretary of Commerce pursuant to the provisions of section 104(b)(5) of title 23, United States Code, and published as House Document Numbered 49, Eighty-seventh Congress, first session, is hereby approved as the basis for making the apportionment of the funds authorized for the Interstate System for the fiscal years ending June 30, 1963, 1964, 1965, and 1966.

SEC. 103. REVISION OF AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR INTERSTATE SYSTEM.
Subsection (b) of section 108 of the Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1956, as amended, is amended to read as follows:

“(b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—For the purpose of expediting the construction, reconstruction, or improvement, inclusive of necessary bridges and tunnels, of the Interstate System, including extensions thereof through urban areas, designated in accordance with the provisions of subsection (d) of section 103 of title 23, United States Code, there is hereby authorized to be appropriated the additional sum of $1,000,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1957, which sum shall be in addition to the authorization heretofore made for that year, the additional sum of $1,700,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1958, the additional sum of $2,200,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1959, the additional sum of $2,500,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1960, the additional sum of $1,800,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1961, the additional sum of $2,200,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1962, the additional sum of $2,400,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1963, the additional sum of $2,600,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1964, the additional sum of $2,700,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1965, the additional sum of $2,800,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1966, the additional sum of $2,900,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1967, the additional sum of $3,000,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1968, the additional sum of $3,000,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1969, the additional sum of $3,000,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1970, and the additional sum of $2,885,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1971.”

SEC. 104. AGREEMENTS RELATING TO USE OF AIRSPACE ON INTERSTATE SYSTEM.
(a) The last sentence of section 111 of title 23 of the United States Code is amended to read as follows: “Such agreements may, however, authorize a State or political subdivision thereof to use or permit the use of the airspace above and below the established grade line of the
highway pavement for such purposes as will not impair the full use and safety of the highway, as will not require or permit vehicular access to such space directly from such established grade line of the highway, or otherwise interfere in any way with the free flow of traffic on the Interstate System."

(b) Upon application, the Secretary of Commerce is authorized to revise any agreement made prior to the date of enactment of this Act to the extent that such agreement relates to the utilization of space on rights-of-way on the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways to conform to section 111 of title 23 of the United States Code as amended by subsection (a).

SEC. 105. USE OF FUNDS APPROPRIATED FOR DEFENSE ACCESS ROADS.

Section 210 of title 23, United States Code, is amended by adding thereto the following new subsection:

"(h) Funds appropriated for the purposes of this section shall be available to pay the cost of repairing damage caused to highways by the operation of vehicles and equipment in the construction of classified military installations and facilities for ballistic missiles if the Secretary shall determine that the State highway department of any State is, or has been, unable to prevent such damage by restrictions upon the use of such highways without interference with, or delay in, the completion of a contract for the construction of such military reservations or installations. This subsection shall apply notwithstanding any provision of contract holding a party thereto responsible for such damage, if the Secretary of Defense or his designee shall determine, in fact, that construction estimates and the bid of such party did not include allowance for repairing such damage. This subsection shall apply to damage caused by construction work commenced prior to June 1, 1961, and still in progress on that date and construction work which is commenced or for which a contract is awarded on or after June 1, 1961."

SEC. 106. EXTENSION OF TIME FOR AGREEMENTS WITH RESPECT TO AREAS ADJACENT TO THE INTERSTATE SYSTEM.

Subsection (c) of section 131 of title 23 of the United States Code is amended by striking out "1961" and inserting in lieu thereof "1963".

TITLE II—INTERNAL REVENUE CODE AND HIGHWAY TRUST FUND AMENDMENTS

SEC. 201. CONTINUATION OF MOTOR FUEL TAX RATES.

(a) DIESEL FUEL AND SPECIAL MOTOR FUELS.—Subsections (a) and (b) of section 4041 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to taxes on diesel fuel and special motor fuels) are each amended—

(1) by striking out "3 cents a gallon" and inserting in lieu thereof "4 cents a gallon"; and

(2) by striking out "1 cent a gallon" and inserting in lieu thereof "2 cents a gallon".

(b) GASOLINE.—Section 4081(a) of such Code (relating to tax on gasoline) is amended by striking out "3 cents a gallon" and inserting in lieu thereof "4 cents a gallon".

(c) RATE REDUCTION IN 1972.—Sections 4041(c) and 4081(b) of such Code (providing a reduction to a 1½-cent a gallon rate on July 1, 1972) are each amended by striking out "July 1, 1972" and inserting in lieu thereof "October 1, 1972".
[75 STAT.]

73 Stat. 613.

70 Stat. 396.

SEC. 202. INCREASE IN TAXES ON CERTAIN TIRES, TUBES, AND TREAD RUBBER.

(a) Tires.—Paragraph (1) of section 4071(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to tax on tires used on highway vehicles) is amended by striking out "8 cents a pound" and inserting in lieu thereof "10 cents a pound".

(b) Inner Tubes.—Paragraph (3) of section 4071(a) of such Code (relating to tax on inner tubes for tires) is amended by striking out "9 cents a pound" and inserting in lieu thereof "10 cents a pound".

(c) Tread Rubber.—Paragraph (4) of section 4071(a) of such Code (relating to tax on tread rubber) is amended by striking out "3 cents a pound" and inserting in lieu thereof "5 cents a pound".

(d) Rate Reduction in 1972.—Subsection (c) of section 4071 of such Code (relating to rate reduction on July 1, 1972) is amended to read as follows:

"(c) Rate Reduction.—On and after October 1, 1972—

"(1) the tax imposed by paragraph (1) of subsection (a) shall be 5 cents a pound;

"(2) the tax imposed by paragraph (3) of subsection (a) shall be 9 cents a pound; and

"(3) paragraph (4) of subsection (a) shall not apply."

SEC. 203. TAX ON USE OF CERTAIN VEHICLES.

(a) Increase in Tax.—Subsection (a) of section 4481 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to tax on use of certain vehicles) is amended by striking out "$1.50 a year" and inserting in lieu thereof "$3.00 a year".

(b) Period Tax in Effect.—

(1) Extension for 3 Months.—Section 4481(e) of such Code (relating to period tax in effect) is amended by striking out "after June 30, 1956, and before July 1, 1972" and inserting in lieu thereof "before October 1, 1972".

(2) Conforming Amendments.—

(A) Section 4481(a) of such Code (relating to imposition of tax) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "In the case of the taxable period beginning on July 1, 1972, and ending on September 30, 1972, the tax shall be at the rate of 75 cents for such period for each 1,000 pounds of taxable gross weight or fraction thereof."

(B) Subsections (c) and (d) of section 4481 of such Code are amended to read as follows:

"(c) Proration of Tax.—If in any taxable period the first use of the highway motor vehicle is after the first month in such period, the tax shall be reckoned proportionately from the first day of the month in which such use occurs to and including the last day in such taxable period.

"(d) One Tax Liability Per Period.—

"(1) In General.—To the extent that the tax imposed by this section is paid with respect to any highway motor vehicle for any taxable period, no further tax shall be imposed by this section for such taxable period with respect to such vehicle."
“(2) Cross Reference.—

“For privilege of paying tax imposed by this section in installments, see section 6156.”

(C) Subsection (c) of section 4482 of such Code is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

“(4) Taxable Period.—The term ‘taxable period’ means any year beginning before July 1, 1972, and the period which begins on July 1, 1972, and ends at the close of September 30, 1972.”

(c) Installment Payments of Tax.—

(1) Subchapter A of chapter 62 of such Code (relating to time and place for paying tax) is amended by renumbering section 6156 as 6157, and by inserting after section 6155 the following new section:

“SEC. 6156. INSTALLMENT PAYMENTS OF TAX ON USE OF HIGHWAY MOTOR VEHICLES.

“(a) Privilege To Pay Tax in Installments.—If the taxpayer files a return of the tax imposed by section 4481 on or before the date prescribed for the filing of such return, he may elect to pay the tax shown on such return in equal installments in accordance with the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>If liability is incurred in</th>
<th>The number of installments shall be</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>July, August, or September</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>October, November, or December</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>January, February, or March</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

“(b) Dates for Paying Installments.—In the case of any tax payable in installments by reason of an election under subsection (a)—

“(1) the first installment shall be paid on the date prescribed for payment of the tax,

“(2) the second installment shall be paid on or before the last day of the third month following the calendar quarter in which the liability was incurred,

“(3) the third installment (if any) shall be paid on or before the last day of the sixth month following the calendar quarter in which the liability was incurred, and

“(4) the fourth installment (if any) shall be paid on or before the last day of the ninth month following the calendar quarter in which the liability was incurred.

“(c) Proration of Additional Tax to Installments.—If an election has been made under subsection (a) in respect of tax reported on a return filed by the taxpayer and tax required to be shown but not shown on such return is assessed before the date prescribed for payment of the last installment, the additional tax shall be prorated equally to the installments for which the election was made. That part of the additional tax so prorated to any installment the date for payment of which has not arrived shall be collected at the same time as and as part of such installment. That part of the additional tax so prorated to any installment the date for payment of which has arrived shall be paid upon notice and demand from the Secretary or his delegate.

“(d) Acceleration of Payments.—If the taxpayer does not pay any installment under this section on or before the date prescribed for its payment, the whole of the unpaid tax shall be paid upon notice and demand from the Secretary or his delegate.
"(e) Section Inapplicable to Certain Liabilities.—This section shall not apply to any liability for tax incurred in—

(1) April, May, or June of any year, or
(2) July, August, or September of 1972.

(2) Section 6601(c) (2) of such Code (relating to determination of last date prescribed for payment of tax) is amended by striking out "6152(a)" and inserting in lieu thereof "6152(a) or 6156(a)", and by striking out "6152(b)" and inserting in lieu thereof "6152(b) or 6156(b)", as the case may be.

(3) The table of sections for subchapter A of chapter 62 of such Code is amended by striking out

"Sec. 6156. Payment of taxes under provisions of the Tariff Act.
and inserting in lieu thereof

"Sec. 6156. Installment payments of tax on use of highway motor vehicles.
"Sec. 6157. Payment of taxes under provisions of the Tariff Act."

SEC. 204. Extension of Period of 10 Percent Tax on Trucks and Buses.

Section 4061(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to tax on trucks and buses) is amended by striking out "July 1, 1972" and inserting in lieu thereof "October 1, 1972".


(a) Exemption From Tax.—Section 4221(d)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to use in further manufacture) is amended—

(1) by striking "or" at the end of subparagraph (A),
(2) by striking the period at the end of subparagraph (B) and inserting in lieu thereof "; or", and
(3) by adding at the end thereof the following new subparagraph:

"(C) in the case of gasoline taxable under section 4081, such gasoline is sold for use by the purchaser, for nonfuel purposes, as a material in the manufacture or production of another article to be manufactured or produced by him."

(b) Use by Manufacturer or Importer Considered Sale.—Section 4218(a) of such Code (relating to use considered as sale) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "This subsection shall not apply in the case of gasoline used by any person, for nonfuel purposes, as a material in the manufacture or production of another article to be manufactured or produced by him."

(c) Credit or Refund.—Section 6416(b)(3) of such Code (relating to tax paid articles used for further manufacture) is amended—

(1) by striking out "or" at the end of subparagraph (D),
(2) by striking out the period at the end of subparagraph (E) and inserting in lieu thereof "; or", and
(3) by inserting after subparagraph (E) the following new subparagraph:

"(F) in the case of gasoline taxable under section 4081, such gasoline is used by the second manufacturer or producer, for nonfuel purposes, as a material in the manufacture or production of any other article manufactured or produced by him."

(d) Conforming Amendment.—Section 6416(b)(2)(E) of such Code is amended by striking out "or (E)" and inserting in lieu thereof "(E), or (F)".
SEC. 206. FLOOR STOCKS TAXES AND REFUNDS.

(a) Imposition on Certain Tires, Tubes, and Tread Rubber.—Subsection (a) of section 4226 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to floor stocks taxes) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraphs:

"(6) 1961 Taxes on Certain Tires and Inner Tubes.—On tires subject to tax under section 4071(a)(1), and on inner tubes subject to tax under section 4071(a)(3), which, on July 1, 1961, are held—

"(A) by a dealer for sale,

"(B) for sale on, or in connection with, other articles held by the manufacturer, producer, or importer of such other articles, or

"(C) for use in the manufacture or production of other articles,

there is hereby imposed a floor stocks tax at the rate of 2 cents a pound in the case of such tires, and a floor stocks tax at the rate of 1 cent a pound in the case of such inner tubes. The taxes imposed by this paragraph shall not apply to any tire or inner tube which is held for sale by the manufacturer, producer, or importer of such tire or tube, or which will be subject under section 4218(b) or 4219 to the manufacturers excise tax on tires or inner tubes. The tax on inner tubes imposed by this paragraph shall not apply to inner tubes for bicycle tires (as defined in section 4221(e)(4)(B))."

(b) Due Date of Taxes.—Subsection (d) of section 4226 of such Code is amended by striking out the period at the end thereof and inserting in lieu thereof a comma and "and except that the taxes imposed by paragraphs (6) and (7) shall be paid at such time after September 30, 1961, as may be prescribed by the Secretary or his delegate."

(c) Floor Stocks Refunds in 1972.—Paragraph (2) of section 6412(a) of such Code (relating to floor stocks refunds on trucks and buses, tires, tread rubber, and gasoline) is amended—

(1) by inserting "TUBES," after "TIRES," in the heading;

(2) by striking out "4071(a) (1) or (4)," and inserting in lieu thereof "4071(a) (1), (3), or (4),";

(3) by striking out "July 1, 1972" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "October 1, 1972";

(4) by striking out "November 10, 1972" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "February 10, 1973";

(5) by striking out "October 1, 1972" and inserting in lieu thereof "January 1, 1973"; and

(6) by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "No credit or refund shall be allowable under this paragraph with respect to inner tubes for bicycle tires (as defined in section 4221(e)(4)(B))."

(d) Repeal of 1961 Floor Stocks Refund on Gasoline.—Paragraph (3) of section 6412(a) (relating to 1961 floor stocks refund on gasoline) is hereby repealed.
SEC. 207. HIGHWAY TRUST FUND.

(a) Transfer of Amounts Equivalent to Tax on Trucks, Buses, etc.—Subparagraph (C) of section 209(c)(1) of the Highway Revenue Act of 1956 (relating to transfer to Highway Trust Fund of amounts equivalent to certain taxes) is amended to read as follows:

“(C) 50 percent of the tax received after June 30, 1957, and before July 1, 1962, under section 4061(a)(1) (tax on trucks, buses, etc.), and 100 percent of the tax received after June 30, 1962, under section 4061(a)(1).”

(b) Repeal of Transfer to Trust Fund of Excise Taxes on Automobiles, Parts and Accessories, etc.—Paragraph (2) of section 209(c) of such Act (providing for the transfer to the Highway Trust Fund of amounts equivalent to a portion of the excise taxes on automobiles and parts and accessories received after June 30, 1961, and before July 1, 1964) is hereby repealed.

(c) Receipts in Fiscal Year 1973.—

(1) Paragraph (1) of section 209(c) of such Act (relating to transfer to Trust Fund of amounts equivalent to certain taxes) is amended by striking out “July 1, 1972” and inserting in lieu thereof “October 1, 1972”.

(2) Paragraph (3) of such section 209(c) is amended—

(A) by striking out “JULY 1, 1972” in the heading and inserting in lieu thereof “OCTOBER 1, 1972”; (B) by striking out “after June 30, 1972, and before July 1, 1973, and which are attributable to liability for tax incurred before July 1, 1973,” and inserting in lieu thereof “after September 30, 1972, and before July 1, 1973, and which are attributable to liability for tax incurred before October 1, 1972”;

(C) by striking out subparagraph (C) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

“(C) 50 percent of the tax under section 4071(a)(1) (tax on tires of the type used on highway vehicles) and 10 percent of the tax under section 4071(a)(3) (tax on inner tubes for tires); and”.

(d) Expenditures in Fiscal Year 1973.—

(1) Paragraph (1) of section 209(f) of such Act (relating to expenditures from Trust Fund for Federal-aid highway program) is amended by striking out “July 1, 1972” and inserting in lieu thereof “October 1, 1972”.

(2) Paragraph (3) of such section 209(f) (relating to transfers from Trust Fund for gasoline used on farms and for certain other purposes) is amended by striking out “July 1, 1972” and inserting in lieu thereof “October 1, 1972”.

(3) Subparagraphs (B) and (C) of section 209(f)(4) of such Act are amended to read as follows:

“(B) 100 percent of the refunds in respect of articles subject to tax under section 4071(a) (1), (3), or (4) of such Code (certain tires, tubes, and tread rubber); and

“(C) 80 percent of the refunds in respect of gasoline subject to tax under section 4081 of such Code.”

(4) Paragraph (5) of such section 209(f) (relating to 1961 floor stocks refunds on gasoline) is hereby repealed.

SEC. 208. EFFECTIVE DATES.

(a) Except as provided in subsection (b), the amendments made by this title shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act.

(b) (1) The amendments made by sections 201, 202, and 203 shall take effect on July 1, 1961.
(2) The amendments made by section 205 (a), (c), and (d) shall apply only in the case of gasoline sold on or after October 1, 1961.
(3) The amendment made by section 205(b) shall apply only in the case of gasoline used on or after October 1, 1961.

Approved June 29, 1961, 10:18 a.m.

Public Law 87-62

AN ACT
To amend the Soil Bank Act so as to authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to permit the harvesting of hay on conservation reserve acreage under certain conditions.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) section 107(a)(3) of the Soil Bank Act is amended by changing the period at the end thereof to a comma and adding the following: "and except that the Secretary may, with the approval of the contract signers, permit hay to be removed from such acreage if the Secretary, after certification by the Governor of the State in which such acreage is situated of the need for removal of hay from such acreage, determines that it is necessary to permit removal of hay from such acreage in order to alleviate damage, hardship, or suffering caused by severe drought, flood, or other natural disaster."

(b) The amendment made by this section shall expire one year from the date of enactment of this Act.

Approved June 29, 1961.

Public Law 87-63

AN ACT
To strengthen the domestic and foreign commerce of the United States by providing for the establishment of a United States Travel Service within the Department of Commerce.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That it is the purpose of this Act to strengthen the domestic and foreign commerce of the United States, and promote friendly understanding and appreciation of the United States by encouraging foreign residents to visit the United States and by facilitating international travel generally.

Sec. 2. In order to carry out the purpose of this Act the Secretary of Commerce (hereafter in this Act referred to as the "Secretary") shall—

(1) develop, plan, and carry out a comprehensive program designed to stimulate and encourage travel to the United States by residents of foreign countries for the purpose of study, culture, recreation, business, and other activities as a means of promoting friendly understanding and good will among peoples of foreign countries and of the United States;

(2) encourage the development of tourist facilities, low cost unit tours, and other arrangements within the United States for meeting the requirements of foreign visitors;

(3) foster and encourage the widest possible distribution of the benefits of travel at the cheapest rates between foreign countries and the United States consistent with sound economic principles;
(4) encourage the simplification, reduction, or elimination of barriers to travel, and the facilitation of international travel generally;

(5) collect, publish, and provide for the exchange of statistics and technical information, including schedules of meetings, fairs, and other attractions, relating to international travel and tourism.

Sec. 3. (a) In performing the duties set forth in section 2, the Secretary—

(1) shall utilize the facilities and services of existing agencies of the Federal Government to the fullest extent possible including the maximum utilization of counterpart funds; and, to the fullest extent consistent with the performance of their own duties and functions, such agencies shall permit such utilization of facilities and services;

(2) may consult and cooperate with individuals, businesses, and organizations engaged in or concerned with international travel, including local, State, Federal, and foreign governments, and international agencies;

(3) may obtain by contract and otherwise the advice and services of qualified professional organizations and personnel;

(4) after consultation with the Secretary of State, may establish such branches in foreign countries, as he deems to be necessary and desirable.

(b) The Secretary, under the authority of this Act, shall not provide or arrange for transportation for, or accommodations to, persons traveling between foreign countries and the United States in competition with business engaged in providing or arranging for such transportation or accommodations.

Sec. 4. There is hereby established in the Department of Commerce a United States Travel Service which shall be headed by a Director who shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, who shall be compensated at the rate of $19,000 per annum, and who shall report directly to the Secretary. All duties and responsibilities of the Secretary under this Act shall be exercised directly by the Secretary or by the Secretary through the Director.

Sec. 5. The Secretary shall submit semi-annually to the President and to the Congress a report on his activities under this Act.

Sec. 6. For the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this Act, there is authorized to be appropriated not to exceed $3,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1962, and not to exceed $4,700,000 for each fiscal year thereafter.

Sec. 7. This Act may be cited as the “International Travel Act of 1961”.

Approved June 29, 1961, 12:17 p.m.
Public Law 87-64

AN ACT

To improve benefits under the old-age, survivors, and disability insurance program by increasing the minimum benefits and aged widow's benefits and by making additional persons eligible for benefits under the program, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the “Social Security Amendments of 1961”.

TITLE I—AMENDMENTS TO TITLE II OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT

INCREASE IN MINIMUM BENEFITS

SEC. 101. (a) The table in section 215 (a) of the Social Security Act is amended by striking out all the figures in columns I, II, III, IV, and V down through the line which reads

"$13.49  14.00  37.10  38.00  68  69  41  61.50"

and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"$13.49  14.00  37.10  38.00  68  69  41  61.50".

(b) The amendment made by subsection (a) shall apply only in the case of monthly insurance benefits under title II of the Social Security Act for months beginning on or after the effective date of this title, and in the case of lump-sum death payments under such title with respect to deaths on or after such effective date.

REDUCED BENEFITS FOR MEN AT AGE 62

SEC. 102. (a) Section 202 of the Social Security Act is amended by striking out “retirement age” and “retirement age (as defined in section 216 (a))” each place they appear therein and inserting in lieu thereof “age 62”.

(b) (1) Subsections (q) and (r) of section 202 of such Act are amended to read as follows:

“Adjustment of Old-Age, Wife’s, or Husband’s Insurance Benefit Amounts in Accordance With Age of Beneficiary

“(q)(1) If the first month for which an individual is entitled to an old-age, wife’s, or husband’s insurance benefit is a month before the month in which such individual attains age 65, the amount of such benefit for each month shall, subject to the succeeding paragraphs of this subsection, be reduced by—

“(A) % of 1 percent of such amount if such benefit is an old-age insurance benefit, or % of 1 percent of such amount if such benefit is a wife’s or husband’s insurance benefit; multiplied by

“(B) (i) the number of months in the reduction period for such benefit (determined under paragraph (5)), if such benefit is for a month before the month in which such individual attains age 65, or

“(ii) the number of months in the adjusted reduction period for such benefit (determined under paragraph (6)), if such benefit is for the month in which such individual attains age 65 or for any other month thereafter.
“(2) (A) If the first month for which an individual both is entitled to a wife’s or husband’s insurance benefit and has attained age 62 is a month for which such individual is also entitled to—

“(i) an old-age insurance benefit (to which such individual was first entitled for a month before he attains age 65), or

“(ii) a disability insurance benefit,

then in lieu of any reduction under paragraph (1) (but subject to the succeeding paragraphs of this subsection) such wife’s or husband’s insurance benefit for each month shall be reduced as provided in subparagraph (B), (C), or (D).

“(B) For any month for which such individual is entitled to an old-age insurance benefit, such individual’s wife’s or husband’s insurance benefit shall be reduced by the sum of—

“(i) the amount by which such old-age insurance benefit is reduced under paragraph (1), and

“(ii) the amount by which such wife’s or husband’s insurance benefit would be reduced under paragraph (1) if it were equal to the excess of such wife’s or husband’s insurance benefit (before reduction under this subsection) over such old-age insurance benefit (before reduction under this subsection).

“(C) For any month for which such individual is entitled to a disability insurance benefit, such individual’s wife’s or husband’s insurance benefit shall be reduced by the amount by which such benefit would be reduced under paragraph (1) if it were equal to the excess of such benefit (before reduction under this subsection) over such disability insurance benefit.

“(D) For any month for which such individual is entitled neither to an old-age insurance benefit nor to a disability insurance benefit, such individual’s wife’s or husband’s insurance benefit shall be reduced by the amount by which it would be reduced under paragraph (1).

“(3) If—

“(A) an individual is or was entitled to a benefit subject to reduction under this subsection, and

“(B) such benefit is increased by reason of an increase in the primary insurance amount of the individual on whose wages and self-employment income such benefit is based,

then the amount of the reduction of such benefit for each month shall be computed separately (under paragraph (1) or (2), whichever applies) for the portion of such benefit which constitutes such benefit before any increase described in subparagraph (B), and separately (under paragraph (1) or (2), whichever applies to the benefit being increased) for each such increase. For purposes of determining the amount of the reduction under paragraph (1) or (2) in any such increase, the reduction period and the adjusted reduction period shall be determined as if such increase were a separate benefit to which such individual was entitled for and after the first month for which such increase is effective.

“(4) (A) No wife’s insurance benefit shall be reduced under this subsection—

“(i) for any month before the first month for which there is in effect a certificate filed by her with the Secretary, in accordance with regulations prescribed by him, in which she elects to receive wife’s insurance benefits reduced as provided in this subsection, or

“(ii) for any month in which she has in her care (individually or jointly with the person on whose wages and self-employment income her wife’s insurance benefit is based) a child of such person entitled to child’s insurance benefits.
“(B) Any certificate described in subparagraph (A) (i) shall be effective for purposes of this subsection (and for purposes of preventing deductions under section 203(c) (2))—

“(i) for the month in which it is filed and for any month thereafter, and

“(ii) for months, in the period designated by the woman filing such certificate, of one or more consecutive months (not exceeding 12) immediately preceding the month in which such certificate is filed;

except that such certificate shall not be effective for any month before the month in which she attains age 62, nor shall it be effective for any month to which subparagraph (A) (ii) applies.

“(C) If a woman does not have in her care a child described in subparagraph (A) (ii) in the first month for which she is entitled to a wife’s insurance benefit, and if such first month is a month before the month in which she attains age 65, she shall be deemed to have filed in such first month the certificate described in subparagraph (A) (i).

“(5) For purposes of this subsection, the ‘reduction period’ for an individual’s old-age, wife’s, or husband’s insurance benefit is the period—

“(A) beginning—

“(i) in the case of an old-age or husband’s insurance benefit, with the first day of the first month for which such individual is entitled to such benefit, or

“(ii) in the case of a wife’s insurance benefit, with the first day of the first month for which a certificate described in paragraph (4) (A) (i) is effective, and

“(B) ending with the last day of the month before the month in which such individual attains age 65.

“(6) For purposes of this subsection, the ‘adjusted reduction period’ for an individual’s old-age, wife’s, or husband’s insurance benefit is the reduction period prescribed by paragraph (5) for such benefit, excluding from such period—

“(A) any month in which such benefit was subject to deductions under section 203(b), 203(c) (1), 203(d) (1), or 222(b),

“(B) in the case of wife’s insurance benefits, any month in which she had in her care (individually or jointly with the person on whose wages and self-employment income such benefit is based) a child of such person entitled to child’s insurance benefits, and

“(C) in the case of wife’s or husband’s insurance benefits, any month for which such individual was not entitled to such benefits because the spouse on whose wages and self-employment income such benefits were based ceased to be under a disability.

“(7) This subsection shall be applied after reduction under section 203(a) and after application of section 215(g). If the amount of any reduction computed under paragraph (1) or (2) is not a multiple of $0.10, it shall be reduced to the next lower multiple of $0.10.

“Presumed Filing of Application by Individuals Eligible for Old-Age Insurance Benefits and for Wife’s or Husband’s Insurance Benefits

“(r) (1) If the first month for which an individual is entitled to an old-age insurance benefit is a month before the month in which such individual attains age 65, and if such individual is eligible for a wife’s or husband’s insurance benefit for such first month, such individual shall be deemed to have filed an application in such month for wife’s or husband’s insurance benefits.
"(2) If the first month for which an individual is entitled to a wife's or husband's insurance benefit reduced under subsection (q) is a month before the month in which such individual attains age 65, and if such individual is eligible for an old-age insurance benefit for such first month, such individual shall be deemed to have filed an application for old-age insurance benefits—

"(A) in such month, or
"(B) if such individual is also entitled to a disability insurance benefit for such month, in the first subsequent month for which such individual is not entitled to a disability insurance benefit.

"(3) For purposes of this subsection, an individual shall be deemed eligible for a benefit for a month if, upon filing application therefor in such month, he would be entitled to such benefit for such month."

(2) (A) Section 202(s) of the Social Security Act is hereby repealed.

(B) Section 223(a) of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(3) If, for any month before the month in which an individual attains age 65, such individual is entitled to—

"(A) a widow's, widower's, or parent's insurance benefit, or
"(B) an old-age, wife's, or husband's insurance benefit which is reduced under subsection (q) of section 202,

such individual may not, for any month after the first month for which such individual is so entitled, become entitled to disability insurance benefits; and a period of disability may not begin with respect to such individual in any month after such first month."

(C) Section 223 (a) (1) of such Act is amended by striking out "the month in which he attains the age of sixty-five," and inserting in lieu thereof "the month in which he attains age 65, the first month for which he is entitled to old-age insurance benefits."

(D) The third sentence of section 216(i) (2) of such Act is amended by striking out "a period of disability shall begin" and inserting in lieu thereof "a period of disability shall (subject to section 223(a)(3)) begin".

(3) Section 202(j) (3) of such Act is amended to read as follows:

"(3) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (1), an individual may, at his option, waive entitlement to any benefit referred to in paragraph (1) for any one or more consecutive months (beginning with the earliest month for which such individual would otherwise be entitled to such benefit) which occur before the month in which such individual files application for such benefit; and, in such case, such individual shall not be considered as entitled to such benefits for any such month or months before such individual filed such application. An individual shall be deemed to have waived such entitlement for any such month for which such benefit would, under the second sentence of paragraph (1), be reduced to zero."

(c) (1) Section 216(a) of the Social Security Act is hereby repealed.

(2) The following provisions of title II of such Act are amended by striking out "retirement age" each place it appears therein and inserting in lieu thereof "age 62":

(A) the next to the last sentence of section 213(a),
(B) subsections (b), (c), (f), and (g) of section 216, and
(C) the second sentence of section 223(a) (2).

(3) The following provisions of title II of such Act are amended by striking out "retirement age" and "retirement age (as defined in
section 216(a))" each place they appear therein and inserting in lieu thereof "age 62 (if a woman) or age 65 (if a man)
(A) section 209(i),
(B) the last sentence of section 213(a),
(C) section 216(1)(3)(A),
(D) the first sentence of section 223(a)(2), and
(E) section 223(c)(1)(A).

(d) (1) Section 215(a)(4) of such Act is amended to read as follows:
"(4) In the case of-
"(A) a woman who was entitled to a disability insurance
benefit for the month before the month in which she died or
became entitled to old-age insurance benefits, or
"(B) a man who was entitled to a disability insurance
benefit for the month before the month in which he died or
attained age 65,

the amount in column IV which is equal to such disability insur-
ance benefit."

(2) Section 215(b)(3) of such Act is amended to read as follows:
"(3) For purposes of paragraph (2), the number of an individual's
elapsed years is the number of calendar years after 1950 (or, if later,
the year in which he attained age 21) and before-
"(A) in the case of a woman, the year in which she died or
(if earlier) the first year after 1960 in which she both was fully
insured and had attained age 62,
"(B) in the case of a man who has died, the year in which he
died or (if earlier) the first year after 1960 in which he both
was fully insured and had attained age 65, or
"(C) in the case of a man who has not died, the first year after
1960 in which he attained (or would attain) age 65 or (if later)
the first year in which he was fully insured.

For purposes of the preceding sentence, any calendar year any part
of which was included in a period of disability shall not be included in
such number of calendar years."

(3) Section 215(f) of such Act is amended by adding at the end
thereof the following new paragraph:
"(7) (A) In the case of a man who attains age 65 and who became
entitled to old-age insurance benefits before the month in which he
attains such age, his primary insurance amount shall be recomputed
as provided in subsection (a) as though he became entitled to old-age
insurance benefits in the month in which he attained age 65, except
that his computation base years referred to in subsection (b)(2) shall
include the year in which he attained age 65. Such recomputation
shall be effective for and after the month in which he attained age 65.

"(B) In the case of a man who became entitled to old-age insur-
ance benefits and died before the month in which he attained age
65, the Secretary shall, if any person is entitled to monthly insurance
benefits or a lump-sum death payment on the basis of the wages and
self-employment income of the decedent, recompute his primary
insurance amount as provided in subsection (a) as though he became
entitled to old-age insurance benefits in the month in which he died;
except that (i) his computation base years referred to in subsection
(b)(2) shall include the year in which he died, and (ii) his elapsed
years referred to in subsection (b)(3) shall not include the year in
which he died or any year thereafter. In the case of monthly insur-
ance benefits, such recomputation of a man's primary insurance
amount shall be effective for and after the month in which he died."

(e) (1) Section 202(b)(1)(C) of such Act is amended to read as
follows:
“(C) is not entitled to old-age or disability insurance benefits, or is entitled to old-age or disability insurance benefits based on a primary insurance amount which is less than one-half of the primary insurance amount of her husband.”.

(2) So much of section 202(b)(1) of such Act as follows clause (C) is amended by striking out “equal to or exceeds one-half of an old-age or disability insurance benefit of her husband,” and inserting in lieu thereof “equal to or exceeds one-half of the primary insurance amount of her husband.”.

(3) Section 202(b)(2) of such Act is amended by striking out “old-age or disability insurance benefit” and inserting in lieu thereof “primary insurance amount”.

(4) Section 202(c)(1)(D) of such Act is amended to read as follows:

“(D) is not entitled to old-age or disability insurance benefits, or is entitled to old-age or disability insurance benefits based on a primary insurance amount which is less than one-half of the primary insurance amount of his wife.”.

(5) So much of section 202(c)(1) of such Act as follows clause (D) is amended by striking out “old-age or disability insurance benefit equal to or exceeding one-half of the primary insurance amount of his wife,” and inserting in lieu thereof “old-age or disability insurance benefit based on a primary insurance amount which is equal to or exceeds one-half of the primary insurance amount of his wife.”.

(6) Section 202(c)(3) of such Act is amended by striking out “Such” and inserting in lieu thereof “Except as provided in subsection (q), such”.

(f)(1) The amendments made by subsection (a) shall apply with respect to monthly benefits for months beginning on or after the effective date of this title based on applications filed in or after March 1961.

(2) (A) Except as provided in subparagraphs (B), (C), and (D), section 202(q) of such Act, as amended by subsection (b)(1), shall apply with respect to monthly benefits for months beginning on or after the effective date of this title.

(B) Section 202(q)(3) of such Act, as amended by subsection (b)(1), shall apply with respect to monthly benefits for months beginning on or after the effective date of this title, but only if the increase described in such section 202(q)(3)—

(i) is not effective for any month beginning before the effective date of this title, or

(ii) is based on an application for a recomputation filed on or after the effective date of this title.

(C) In the case of any individual who attained age 65 before the effective date of this title, the adjustment in such individual’s reduction period provided for in section 202(q)(6) of such Act, as amended by subsection (b)(1), shall not apply to such individual unless the total of the months specified in subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C) of such section 202(q)(6) is not less than 3.

(D) In the case of any individual entitled to a monthly benefit for the last month beginning before the effective date of this title, if the amount of such benefit for any month thereafter is, solely by reason of the change in section 202(q) of such Act made by subsection (b)(1), lower than the amount of such benefit for such last month, then it shall be increased to the amount of such benefit for such last month.

(3) Section 202(r) of such Act, as amended by subsection (b)(1), shall apply only with respect to monthly benefits for months beginning on or after the effective date of this title, except that subpara-
The amendment made by subsection (d) (3) shall take effect on the effective date of this title.

(8) The amendments made by subsection (e) shall apply with respect to applications for monthly benefits filed on or after the effective date of this title.

(9) For purposes of this subsection, the term "monthly benefits" means monthly insurance benefits under title II of the Social Security Act.

FULLY INSURED STATUS

Sec. 103. (a) Section 214 (a) of the Social Security Act is amended to read as follows:

"Fully Insured Individual

(a) The term 'fully insured individual' means any individual who had not less than—

(1) one quarter of coverage (whenever acquired) for each calendar year elapsing after 1950 (or, if later, the year in which he attained age 21) and before—

(A) in the case of a woman, the year in which she died or (if earlier) the year in which she attained age 62,

(B) in the case of a man who has died, the year in which he died or (if earlier) the year in which he attained age 65, or

(C) in the case of a man who has not died, the year in which he attained (or would attain) age 65, except that in no case shall an individual be a fully insured individual unless he has at least 6 quarters of coverage; or

(2) 40 quarters of coverage; or

(3) in the case of an individual who died before 1951, 6 quarters of coverage;

not counting as an elapsed year for purposes of paragraph (1) any year any part of which was included in a period of disability (as defined in section 216 (i))."

(b) The amendment made by subsection (a) shall apply—

(1) in the case of monthly benefits under title II of the Social Security Act for months beginning on or after the effective date of this title, based on applications filed in or after March 1961,

(2) in the case of lump-sum death payments under such title in the case of deaths on or after the effective date of this title,

(3) in the case of an application for a disability determination (with respect to a period of disability, as defined in section 216(i) of such Act) filed in or after March 1961.
(c) In the case of any widower or parent who would not be entitled to widower’s insurance benefits under section 202(f), or parent’s insurance benefits under section 202(h), of the Social Security Act except for the enactment of this Act (other than this subsection), the requirement in sections 202(f)(1)(D) and 202(h)(1)(B), respectively, of the Social Security Act relating to the time within which proof of support must be filed shall not apply if such proof of support is filed before the close of the 2-year period which begins on the effective date of this title.

(d) Effective as of September 13, 1960, the last sentence of section 303(g)(1) of the Social Security Amendments of 1960 is amended to read as follows: “The terms used in this subsection shall have the meaning assigned to them by title II of the Social Security Act; except that the terms ‘fully insured’ and ‘retirement age’ shall have the meaning assigned to them by such title II as in effect on September 13, 1960.”

INCREASE IN WIDOW’S, WIDOWER’S, AND PARENT’S INSURANCE BENEFITS

Sec. 104. (a) Section 202(e)(2) of such Act is amended to read as follows:

“(2) Such widow’s insurance benefit for each month shall be equal to 82\(\frac{1}{2}\) percent of the primary insurance amount of her deceased husband.”

(b) Section 202(f)(3) of such Act is amended to read as follows:

“(3) Such widower’s insurance benefit for each month shall be equal to 82\(\frac{1}{2}\) percent of the primary insurance amount of his deceased wife.”

(c) Section 202(h)(2) of such Act is amended to read as follows:

“(2)(A) Except as provided in subparagraphs (B) and (C), such parent’s insurance benefit for each month shall be equal to 82\(\frac{1}{2}\) percent of the primary insurance amount of such deceased individual.

“(B) For any month for which more than one parent is entitled to parent’s insurance benefits on the basis of such deceased individual’s wages and self-employment income, such benefit for each such parent for such month (except as provided in subparagraph (C)) be equal to 75 percent of the primary insurance amount of such deceased individual.

“(C) In any case in which—

“(i) any parent is entitled to a parent’s insurance benefit for a month on the basis of a deceased individual’s wages and self-employment income, and

“(ii) another parent of such deceased individual is entitled to a parent’s insurance benefit for such month on the basis of such wages and self-employment income, and on the basis of an application filed after such month and after the month in which the application for the parent’s benefits referred to in clause (i) was filed,

the amount of the parent’s insurance benefit of the parent referred to in clause (i) for the month referred to in such clause shall be determined under subparagraph (A) instead of subparagraph (B) and the amount of the parent’s insurance benefit of a parent referred to in clause (ii) for such month shall be equal to 150 percent of the primary insurance amount of the deceased individual minus the amount (before the application of section 203(a)) of the benefit for such month of the parent referred to in clause (i).”

(d) (1) Subsections (e)(1) and (f)(1) of section 202 of such Act are amended by striking out “three-fourths” each place it appears therein and inserting in lieu thereof “82\(\frac{1}{2}\) percent”.
(2) Section 202(h)(1) of such Act is amended by striking out “three-fourths of the primary insurance amount of such deceased individual” each place it appears therein and inserting in lieu thereof “82 1/2 percent of the primary insurance amount of such deceased individual if the amount of the parent’s insurance benefit for such month is determinable under paragraph (2)(A) (or 75 percent of such primary insurance amount in any other case)”.

(e) The amendments made by this section shall apply with respect to monthly benefits under section 202 of the Social Security Act for months beginning on or after the effective date of this title.

(f) Where—

(1) two or more persons were entitled (without the application of subsection (j)(1) of section 202 of the Social Security Act) to monthly benefits under such section 202 for the last month beginning before the effective date of this title on the basis of the wages and self-employment income of a deceased individual, and one or more of such persons is entitled to a monthly insurance benefit under subsection (e), (f), or (h) of such section 202 for such last month; and

(2) no person, other than the persons referred to in paragraph (1) of this subsection, is entitled to benefits under such section 202 on the basis of such individual’s wages and self-employment income for a subsequent month or for any month after such last month and before such subsequent month; and

(3) the total of the benefits to which all persons are entitled under such section 202 on the basis of such individual’s wages and self-employment income for such subsequent month is reduced by reason of the application of section 203(a) of such Act, then the amount of the benefit to which each such person referred to in paragraph (1) of this subsection is entitled for such subsequent month shall be determined without regard to this Act if, after the application of this Act, such benefit for such month is less than the amount of such benefit for such last month. The preceding provisions of this subsection shall not apply to any monthly benefit of any person for any month beginning after the effective date of this title unless paragraph (3) also applies to such benefit for the month beginning on such effective date (or would so apply but for the next to the last sentence of section 203(a) of the Social Security Act).

REPRESENTATIVE EFFECT OF CERTAIN APPLICATIONS FOR DISABILITY DETERMINATIONS

Sec. 105. Effective with respect to applications for disability determinations filed on or after July 1, 1961, section 216(i)(4) of the Social Security Act is amended by striking out “July 1961” and inserting in lieu thereof “July 1962” and by striking out “July 1960” and inserting in lieu thereof “January 1961”.

EXTENSION OF TIME WITHIN WHICH CERTAIN STATE-FEDERAL AGREEMENTS MAY BE MODIFIED

Sec. 106. (a) Section 218(d)(6)(F) of the Social Security Act is amended by striking out “prior to 1960 or, if later, the expiration of one year after the date” and inserting in lieu thereof “prior to 1963 or, if later, the expiration of two years after the date”.

(b) Section 218(d)(6)(F) of the Social Security Act is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following sentence: “Notwithstanding subsection (f)(1), any such modification or later modification, providing for the transfer of additional positions within a retirement system previously divided pursuant to subparagraph
(C) to the separate retirement system composed of positions of members who desire coverage, shall be effective with respect to services performed after the same effective date as that which was specified in the case of such previous division.”

INCLUSION OF NEW MEXICO AMONG STATES WHICH MAY DIVIDE THEIR RETIREMENT SYSTEMS INTO TWO PARTS

SEC. 107. The first sentence of section 218(d) (6) (C) of the Social Security Act is amended by inserting “New Mexico,” after “Minnesota.”

LIBERALIZATION OF THE EARNED-INCOME LIMITATION

SEC. 108. (a) Paragraph (3) of section 203(f) of the Social Security Act is amended by striking out “$300” wherever it appears therein and inserting in lieu thereof “$500”.
(b) The amendment made by subsection (a) shall apply in the case of taxable years ending after the enactment of this Act.

EFFECTIVE DATE

SEC. 109. Except as otherwise provided, the effective date of this title is the first day of the first calendar month which begins on or after the 30th day after the date of the enactment of this Act.

TITLE II—AMENDMENTS TO THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1954

CHANGES IN TAX SCHEDULES

Self-Employment Income Tax

SEC. 201. (a) Section 1401 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to rate of tax on self-employment income) is amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 1401. RATE OF TAX.
“(In addition to other taxes, there shall be imposed for each taxable year, on the self-employment income of every individual, a tax as follows:

“(1) in the case of any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1961, and before January 1, 1963, the tax shall be equal to 4.7 percent of the amount of the self-employment income for such taxable year;

“(2) in the case of any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1962, and before January 1, 1966, the tax shall be equal to 5.4 percent of the amount of the self-employment income for such taxable year;

“(3) in the case of any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1965, and before January 1, 1968, the tax shall be equal to 6.2 percent of the amount of the self-employment income for such taxable year; and

“(4) in the case of any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1967, the tax shall be equal to 6.9 percent of the amount of the self-employment income for such taxable year.”
Tax on Employees

(b) Section 3101 of such Code (relating to rate of tax on employees under the Federal Insurance Contributions Act) is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 3101. RATE OF TAX.

"In addition to other taxes, there is hereby imposed on the income of every individual a tax equal to the following percentages of the wages (as defined in section 3121(a)) received by him with respect to employment (as defined in section 3121(b))—

"(1) with respect to wages received during the calendar year 1962, the rate shall be $\frac{3}{8} \text{ percent};

"(2) with respect to wages received during the calendar years 1963 to 1965, both inclusive, the rate shall be $\frac{3}{8} \text{ percent};

"(3) with respect to wages received during the calendar years 1966 to 1967, both inclusive, the rate shall be $\frac{4}{8} \text{ percent}; and

"(4) with respect to wages received after December 31, 1967, the rate shall be $\frac{4}{8} \text{ percent}.

"SEC. 3111. RATE OF TAX.

"In addition to other taxes, there is hereby imposed on every employer an excise tax, with respect to having individuals in his employ, equal to the following percentages of the wages (as defined in section 3121(a)) paid by him with respect to employment (as defined in section 3121(b))—

"(1) with respect to wages paid during the calendar year 1962, the rate shall be $\frac{3}{8} \text{ percent};

"(2) with respect to wages paid during the calendar years 1963 to 1965, both inclusive, the rate shall be $\frac{3}{8} \text{ percent};

"(3) with respect to wages paid during the calendar years 1966 to 1967, both inclusive, the rate shall be $\frac{4}{8} \text{ percent}; and

"(4) with respect to wages paid after December 31, 1967, the rate shall be $\frac{4}{8} \text{ percent}.

Effective Dates

(d) The amendment made by subsection (a) shall apply with respect to taxable years beginning after December 31, 1961. The amendments made by subsections (b) and (c) shall apply with respect to remuneration paid after December 31, 1961.

EXTENSION OF TIME TO ELECT COVERAGE ON BEHALF OF MINISTERS

SEC. 202. (a) Section 1402(e) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(6) CERTIFICATE FILED BY FIDUCIARIES OR SURVIVORS ON OR BEFORE APRIL 15, 1962.—In any case where an individual, whose death has occurred after September 12, 1960, and before April 16, 1962, derived earnings from the performance of services described in subsection (c) (4), or in subsection (c) (5) insofar as it relates to the performance of service by an individual in the exercise of his profession as a Christian Science practitioner, a certificate may be filed after the date of enactment of this paragraph, and on or before April 15, 1962, by a fiduciary acting for such individ-
Title III—Miscellaneous

Amendment Preserving Relationship Between Railroad Retirement and Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance

Sec. 301. Section 1(q) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1937 is amended by striking out "1960" and inserting in lieu thereof "1961".

Title XI of the Social Security Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"Assistance for United States Citizens Returned from Foreign Countries"

"Sec. 1113. (a) (1) The Secretary is authorized to provide temporary assistance to citizens of the United States and to dependents of citizens of the United States, if they (A) are identified by the Department of State as having returned, or been brought, from a foreign country to the United States because of the destitution of the citizen of the United States or the illness of such citizen or any of his dependents or because of war, threat of war, invasion, or similar crisis, and (B) are without available resources.

(2) Except in such cases or classes of cases as are set forth in regulations of the Secretary, provision shall be made for reimbursement to the United States by the recipients of the temporary assistance to cover the cost thereof.

(3) The Secretary may provide assistance under paragraph (1) directly or through utilization of the services and facilities of appropriate public or private agencies and organizations, in accordance with agreements providing for payment, in advance or by way of reimbursement, as may be determined by the Secretary, of the cost thereof. Such cost shall be determined by such statistical, sampling, or other method as may be provided in the agreement.

(b) The Secretary is authorized to develop plans and make arrangements for provision of temporary assistance within the United States to individuals specified in subsection (a) (1). Such plans shall be developed and such arrangements shall be made after consultation with the Secretary of State, the Attorney General, and the Secretary of Defense. To the extent feasible, assistance provided under subsection (a) shall be provided in accordance with the plans developed pursuant to this subsection, as modified from time to time by the Secretary.

(c) For purposes of this section, the term 'temporary assistance' means money payments, medical care, temporary billeting, transportation, and other goods and services necessary for the health or welfare of individuals (including guidance, counseling, and other welfare..."
services) furnished to them within the United States upon their ar-
ival in the United States and for such period after their arrival as
may be provided in regulations of the Secretary.

“(d) No temporary assistance may be provided under this section
after June 30, 1962.”

ADDITONAL FEDERAL PARTICIPATION IN PUBLIC ASSISTANCE PAYMENTS

Sec. 303. (a) (1) Section 3(a) (1) of the Social Security Act is
amended—

(A) by striking out “$30” and inserting in lieu thereof “$31”; and

(B) by striking out “$65” each place it appears therein and
inserting in lieu thereof “$66”; and

(C) by striking out “$80” and inserting in lieu thereof “$81”.

(2) Section 3(a) (2) of such Act is amended—

(A) by striking out “$35” each place it appears therein and
inserting in lieu thereof “$35.50”; and

(B) by striking out “$42.50” and inserting in lieu thereof
“$43”.

(b) (1) Section 1003(a) (1) of such Act is amended—

(A) by striking out “$30” and inserting in lieu thereof “$31”; and

(B) by striking out “$65” and inserting in lieu thereof “$66”.

(2) Section 1003(a) (2) of such Act is amended by striking out
“$35” and inserting in lieu thereof “$35.50”.

(c) (1) Section 1403(a) (1) of such Act is amended—

(A) by striking out “$30” and inserting in lieu thereof “$31”; and

(B) by striking out “$65” and inserting in lieu thereof “$66”.

(2) Section 1403(a) (2) of such Act is amended by striking out
“$35” and inserting in lieu thereof “$35.50”.

(d) Effective only for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1962, section
1108 of the Social Security Act (as amended by section 6 of Public
Law 87-31) is amended by striking out “$9,425,000”, “$318,750”, and
“$425,000” and inserting in lieu thereof “$9,500,000”, “$320,000”, and
“$430,000”, respectively.

(e) The amendments made by subsections (a), (b), and (c) of this
section shall apply only in the case of expenditures made after Sep-
tember 30, 1961, and before July 1, 1962, under a State plan approved
under title I, X, or XIV, as the case may be, of the Social Security
Act.

MEANING OF TERM “SECRETARY”

Sec. 304. As used in this title and title I, and in the provisions of
the Social Security Act amended thereby, the term “Secretary”, unless
the context otherwise requires, means the Secretary of Health, Educa-
tion, and Welfare.

Approved June 30, 1961, 10:45 a.m.
Public Law 87-65

JOINT RESOLUTION

Making continuing appropriations for the fiscal year 1962, and for other purposes.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, and out of applicable corporate or other revenues, receipts, and funds, for the several departments, agencies, corporations, and other organizational units of the Government, namely:

Sec. 101. (a) (1) Such amounts as may be necessary for continuing projects or activities (not otherwise specifically provided for in this joint resolution) which were conducted in the fiscal year 1961 and for which appropriations, funds, or other authority would be available in the following appropriation acts for the fiscal year 1962:
   Legislative Branch Appropriation Act;
   General Government Matters, Department of Commerce, and Related Agencies Appropriation Act;
   Independent Offices Appropriation Act;
   Department of Agriculture and Related Agencies Appropriation Act;
   Department of Defense Appropriation Act;
   Departments of Labor, and Health, Education, and Welfare Appropriation Act;
   Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriation Act;
   Departments of State and Justice, the Judiciary, and Related Agencies Appropriation Act; and the Treasury-Post Office Appropriation Act.

(2) Appropriations made by this subsection shall be available to the extent and in the manner which would be provided for by the pertinent appropriation Act.

(3) Whenever the amount which would be made available or the authority which would be granted under an Act listed in this subsection as passed by the House is different from that which would be made available or granted under such Act as passed by the Senate, the pertinent project or activity shall be continued under the lesser amount or the more restrictive authority.

(4) Whenever an Act listed in this subsection has been passed by only one House or where an item is included in only one version of an Act as passed by both Houses, the pertinent project or activity shall be continued under the appropriation, fund, or authority granted by the one House, but at a rate for operations not exceeding the current rate or the rate permitted by the action of the one House, whichever is lower: Provided, That no provision which is included in any appropriation Act enumerated in this subsection but which was not included in the applicable appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1961, and which by its terms is applicable to more than one appropriation, fund, or authority, shall be applicable to any appropriation, fund, or authority provided in this joint resolution unless such provision shall have been included in identical form in such bill as enacted by both the House and the Senate.

(b) Such amounts as may be necessary for continuing projects or activities which were conducted in the fiscal year 1961 and listed in this subsection (1) at a rate for operations not in excess of the current
rate or the rate provided for in the budget estimate, whichever is lower, or (2) in the amount or at the rate specified herein:

Atomic Energy Commission;
Department of Defense—Military Construction;
Civil Functions—Department of the Army;
Department of the Interior activities:
   Bureau of Reclamation;
   Bonneville Power Administration;
   Southeastern Power Administration;
   Southwestern Power Administration;
   Tennessee Valley Authority;
   Export-Import Bank;
   United States Study Commission—Southeast River Basins;
   United States Study Commission—Texas;
   District of Columbia;
   Administration, Ryukyu Islands;
   Area Redevelopment Programs, administrative expenses, $400,000;
   Mutual Security Programs, $485,000,000, to be expended in accordance with provisions of law applicable to such programs during the fiscal year 1961 and at a rate for any individual program not in excess of the current rate therefor: Provided, That not to exceed $1,400,000 of the appropriation for “Special Assistance, special authorizations”, granted in the Mutual Security and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1961, shall remain available in accordance with section 102 of this joint resolution; and
   Payment to the Federal extended compensation account, $45,000,000.

(c) Such amounts as may be necessary for continuing projects or activities which are disbursed by the Secretary of the Senate, and the Senate items under the Architect of the Capitol, to the extent and in the manner which would be provided for in the budget estimates for the fiscal year 1962.

Sec. 102. Appropriations and funds made available and authority granted pursuant to this joint resolution shall remain available until (a) enactment into law of an appropriation for any project or activity provided for in this joint resolution, or (b) enactment of the applicable appropriation Act by both Houses without any provision for such project or activity, or (c) August 31, 1961, whichever first occurs.

Sec. 103. Appropriations and funds made available and authority granted pursuant to this joint resolution may be used without regard to the time limitations set forth in subsection (d) (2) of section 3679 of the Revised Statutes, as amended, and expenditures therefrom shall be charged to the applicable appropriation, fund, or authorization whenever a bill in which such applicable appropriation, fund, or authorization is contained is enacted into law.

Sec. 104. No appropriation or fund made available or authority granted pursuant to this joint resolution shall be used to initiate or resume any project or activity which was not being conducted during the fiscal year 1961. Appropriations made and authority granted pursuant to this joint resolution shall cover all obligations or expenditures incurred for any project or activity during the period for which funds or authority for such project or activity are available under this joint resolution.

AN ACT

To authorize adjustments in accounts of outstanding old series currency, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Old Series Currency Adjustment Act".

SEC. 2. For the purposes of this Act—
(a) The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Treasury.
(c) The term "Treasury notes of 1890" means currency notes issued pursuant to the Act of July 14, 1890 (26 Stat. 289).

SEC. 3. The Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized and directed to transfer to the general fund of the Treasury, to be credited as a public debt receipt, the following:
(1) Gold held as security for gold certificates issued prior to January 30, 1934.
(2) Standard silver dollars held as security for, or for the redemption of, silver certificates issued prior to July 1, 1929.
(3) Standard silver dollars held as security for, or for the redemption of, Treasury notes of 1890.

SEC. 4. The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, with the approval of the Secretary, may require any Federal Reserve bank to pay to the Secretary, to be credited as a public debt receipt, an amount equal to the amount of Federal Reserve notes of any series prior to the series of 1928 issued to such bank and outstanding at the time of such payment.

SEC. 5. Any currency the funds for the redemption or security of which have been transferred pursuant to the provisions of section 3 of this Act, and any Federal Reserve notes as to which payment has been made under section 4 of this Act, shall thereafter, upon presentation at the Treasury for redemption, be redeemed by the Secretary from the general fund of the Treasury and thereupon retired.

SEC. 6. (a) Except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, upon completion of the transfers and credits authorized and directed by section 3 of this Act there shall be carried on the books of the Treasury as public debt bearing no interest the following:
(1) Gold certificates issued prior to January 30, 1934.
(2) United States notes issued prior to July 1, 1929.
(3) Silver certificates issued prior to July 1, 1929.

(b) Except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, there shall be carried on the books of the Treasury as public debt bearing no interest Federal Reserve notes as to which payment has been made to the Secretary under section 4 of this Act and the amount of the payment credited as a public debt receipt in accordance with such section.

(c) The Secretary is authorized to determine, from time to time, the amount of—
(1) outstanding currency of any type designated in subsections (a) and (b) of this section,
(2) circulating notes of Federal Reserve banks, issued prior to July 1, 1929, for which the United States has assumed liability, and

(3) circulating notes of national banking associations, issued prior to July 1, 1929, for which the United States has assumed liability, which, in his judgment, have been destroyed or irretrievably lost and so will never be presented for redemption, and to reduce accordingly the amount or amounts thereof outstanding on the books of the Treasury and to credit such amounts to the appropriate receipt account.

Sec. 7. The first paragraph of the Act of May 31, 1878, entitled "An Act to forbid the further retirement of United States legal-tender notes" (31 U.S.C., sec. 404), is amended by inserting immediately before the period at the end thereof the following: "And provided further, That in the event of any determination by the Secretary of the Treasury under section 6 of the Old Series Currency Adjustment Act that an amount of said notes has been destroyed or irretrievably lost and so will never be presented for redemption, the amount of said notes required to be kept in circulation shall be reduced by the amount so determined".

Sec. 8. (a) The fifth paragraph of section 16 of the Federal Reserve Act (12 U.S.C., sec. 415) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "The liability of a Federal Reserve bank with respect to its outstanding Federal Reserve notes shall be reduced by any amount paid by such bank to the Secretary of the Treasury under section 4 of the Old Series Currency Adjustment Act."

(b) The seventh paragraph of section 16 of the Federal Reserve Act (12 U.S.C., sec. 416) is amended by striking out the third sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "Any Federal Reserve bank shall further be entitled to receive back the collateral deposited with the Federal Reserve agent for the security of any notes with respect to which such bank has made payment to the Secretary of the Treasury under section 4 of the Old Series Currency Adjustment Act. Federal Reserve banks shall not be required to maintain the reserve or the redemption fund heretofore provided for against Federal Reserve notes which have been retired, or as to which payment has been made to the Secretary of the Treasury under section 4 of the Old Series Currency Adjustment Act."

Sec. 9. Nothing contained in this Act shall impair the redeemability of any currency of the United States as now provided by law.

Sec. 10. In order to provide a historical collection of the paper currency issues of the United States, the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized, after redemption, to withhold from cancellation and destruction and to transfer to a special account one piece of each design, issue, or series of each denomination of each kind of paper currency of the United States, including bank notes, heretofore or hereafter issued, and to make appropriate entries in the redemption accounts and other books of the Treasury to cover any such transfers.


Public Law 87-67

AN ACT

To extend and increase the special milk program for children.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first sentence of the Act entitled "An Act to continue the special milk program for children in the interest of improved nutrition by fostering the
consumption of fluid milk in the schools", approved July 1, 1958, as amended (7 U.S.C., sec. 1446 note), is amended by inserting immediately after "$95,000,000," the following: “and for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1961, not to exceed $105,000,000.”


Public Law 87-68

AN ACT

To revise the boundaries of the Scotts Bluff National Monument, Nebraska, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in order to preserve the scenic and historic integrity of Scotts Bluff and adjacent features, the Secretary of the Interior may revise the boundaries of the Scotts Bluff National Monument so as to exclude from it certain private and Federal lands and substitute other private lands more essential to the purposes of the monument: Provided, That the revised boundaries shall encompass an area which is about three hundred and fifty acres less than the acreage of the monument as of the date of this Act. Notice of the designation of the revised boundaries pursuant to this section shall be given by publication in the Federal Register.

Sec. 2. The Secretary, in furtherance of the purposes of this Act, may procure, in such manner as he may deem to be in the public interest, lands and interests in lands within the revised boundaries designated pursuant to section 1 of this Act. To avoid the undesirable severance of parcels in private ownership which extend beyond the revised boundaries, the Secretary may, in his discretion and with the consent of the owners, acquire lands or interests in lands that are in private ownership but which lie outside the revised boundary. Property so acquired outside the revised boundary and federally owned lands excluded from the monument pursuant to section 1 of this Act may be exchanged by the Secretary of the Interior for any land of approximately equal value within the revised boundaries. Nothing in this section shall be construed as repealing or limiting the existing jurisdiction, power, or authority of the Secretary prescribed by the public land laws.

Sec. 3. There are authorized to be appropriated such sums, but not more than $15,000, as may be necessary for the acquisition of lands newly included within the boundaries of the monument as revised pursuant to this Act.


Public Law 87-69

AN ACT

To increase for a one-year period the public debt limit set forth in section 21 of the Second Liberty Bond Act.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, during the period beginning on July 1, 1961, and ending on June 30, 1962, the public debt limit set forth in the first sentence of section 21 of the Second Liberty Bond Act, as amended (31 U.S.C. 757b), shall be temporarily increased by $13,000,000,000.

Public Law 87-70

AN ACT

To assist in the provision of housing for moderate and low income families, to promote orderly urban development, to extend and amend laws relating to housing, urban renewal, and community facilities, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Housing Act of 1961".

TITLE I—NEW HOUSING PROGRAMS

HOUSING FOR MODERATE INCOME FAMILIES

Sec. 101. (a) Section 221 of the National Housing Act is amended by—

(1) inserting before the text of such section a section heading as follows:

"HOUSING FOR MODERATE INCOME AND DISPLACED FAMILIES";

(2) striking out subsection (a) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(a) This section is designed to assist private industry in providing housing for low and moderate income families and families displaced from urban renewal areas or as a result of governmental action.

(3) inserting in subsection (b) after "any mortgage" the following: "(including advances during construction on mortgages covering property of the character described in paragraphs (3) and (4) of subsection (d) of this section)

(4) striking out in subsection (d) (2) "(A) not to exceed" and all that follows down through "other prepaid expenses" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: (A) not to exceed (i) $11,000 in the case of a property upon which there is located a dwelling designed principally for a single-family residence, (ii) $18,000 in the case of a property upon which there is located a dwelling designed principally for a two-family residence, (iii) $27,000 in the case of a property upon which there is located a dwelling designed principally for a three-family residence, or (iv) $33,000 in the case of a property upon which there is located a dwelling designed principally for a four-family residence: Provided, That a mortgage secured by property upon which there is located a dwelling designed principally for a two-, three-, or four-family residence shall not be insured under this section except in the case of a dwelling for occupancy by a family displaced from an urban renewal area or as a result of governmental action: Provided further, That the Commissioner may increase the foregoing amounts to not to exceed $15,000, $25,000, $32,000, and $38,000, respectively, in any geographical area where he finds that cost levels so require; and (B) not to exceed the appraised value of the property (as of the date the mortgage is accepted for insurance): Provided, That (i) if the mortgagor is the owner and an occupant of the property at the time of insurance, (1) in the case of a family displaced from an urban renewal area or as a result of Government action, he shall have paid on account of the property at least $200 in the case of a single-family dwelling, $400 in the case of a two-family dwelling, $600 in the case of a three-family dwelling, and $800 in the case of a four-family dwelling, or (2) in the case of any other family, he shall have paid
on account of the property at least 3 per centum of the Commissioner's estimate of its acquisition cost; which amount in either instance may include amounts to cover settlement costs and initial payments for taxes, hazard insurance, mortgage insurance premium, and other prepaid expenses; or (ii) in the case of repair and rehabilitation, the amount of the mortgage shall not exceed the sum of the estimated cost of repair and rehabilitation and the Commissioner's estimate of the value of the property before repair and rehabilitation, except that in no case involving refinancing shall such mortgage exceed such estimated cost of repair and rehabilitation and the amount (as determined by the Commissioner) required to refinance existing indebtedness secured by the property”;

(5) striking out the last proviso in subsection (d) (2);

(6) striking out subsection (d) (3) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

“(3) if executed by a mortgagor which is a public body or agency (and which certifies that it is not receiving financial assistance from the United States exclusively pursuant to the United States Housing Act of 1937), a cooperative (including an investor-sponsor who meets such requirements as the Commissioner may impose to assure that the consumer interest is protected), or a limited dividend corporation (as defined by the Commissioner), or a private nonprofit corporation or association regulated or supervised under Federal or State laws or by political subdivisions of States, or agencies thereof, or by the Commissioner under a regulatory agreement or otherwise, as to rents, charges, and methods of operation, in such form and in such manner as in the opinion of the Commissioner will effectuate the purposes of this section—

“(i) not exceed $12,500,000;

“(ii) not exceed for such part of such property or project as may be attributable to dwelling use (excluding exterior land improvements as defined by the Commissioner), $2,250 per room (or $8,500 per family unit if the number of rooms in such property or project is less than four per family unit), except that the Commissioner may in his discretion increase the dollar amount limitation of $2,250 per room to not to exceed $2,750 per room, and the dollar amount limitation of $8,500 per family unit to not to exceed $9,000 per family unit, as the case may be, to compensate for higher costs incident to the construction of elevator-type structures of sound standards of construction and design, and except that the Commissioner may increase any of the foregoing dollar amount limitations contained in this paragraph by not to exceed $1,000 per room without regard to the number of rooms being less than four, or four or more, in any geographical area where he finds that cost levels so require; and

“(iii) not exceed (1) in the case of new construction, the amount which the Commissioner estimates will be the replacement cost of the property or project when the proposed improvements are completed (the replacement cost may include the land, the proposed physical improvements, utilities within the boundaries of the land, architect's fees, taxes, interest during construction, and other miscellaneous charges incident to construction and approved by the Commissioner), or (2) in the case of repair and rehabilitation, the sum of the estimated cost of repair and rehabilitation and the Commis-
The commissioner's estimate of the value of the property before repair and rehabilitation: Provided, That in no case involving refinancing shall such mortgage exceed such estimated cost of repair and rehabilitation and the amount (as determined by the Commissioner) required to refinance existing indebtedness secured by the property or project: Provided further, That such property or project, when constructed, or repaired and rehabilitated, shall be for use as a rental or cooperative project, and low and moderate income families or families displaced by urban renewal or other governmental action shall be eligible for occupancy in accordance with such regulations and procedures as may be prescribed by the Commissioner and the Commissioner may adopt such requirements as he determines to be desirable regarding consultation with local public officials where such consultation is appropriate by reason of the relationship of such project to projects under other local programs; or:

(7) striking out in subsection (d) (4) "which is not a nonprofit organization" and inserting in lieu thereof "other than a mortgagee referred to in subsection (d) (3)";

(8) striking out subsection (d) (4) (ii) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(ii) not exceed, for such part of the property or project as may be attributable to dwelling use (excluding exterior land improvements as defined by the Commissioner), $2,250 per room (or $8,500 per family unit if the number of rooms in such property or project is less than four per family unit), except that the Commissioner may in his discretion increase the dollar amount limitation of $2,250 per room to not exceed $2,750 per room, and the dollar amount limitation of $8,500 per family unit to not exceed $9,000 per family unit, as the case may be, to compensate for higher costs incident to the construction of elevator type structures of sound standards of construction and design, and except that the Commissioner may increase any of the foregoing dollar amount limitations contained in this paragraph by not to exceed $1,000 per room without regard to the number of rooms being less than four, or four or more, in any geographical area where he finds that cost levels so require;"

(9) striking out in subsection (d) (4) (iv) all that follows "(iv)" down through "And provided further" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "not exceed 90 per centum of the sum of the estimated cost of repair and rehabilitation and the Commissioner's estimate of the value of the property before repair and rehabilitation if the proceeds of the mortgage are to be used for the repair and rehabilitation of a property or project: Provided, That in no case involving refinancing shall such mortgage exceed such estimated cost of repair and rehabilitation and the amount (as determined by the Commissioner) required to refinance existing indebtedness secured by the property or project: Provided further";

(10) striking out "and" at the end of subsection (d) (4), striking out in subsection (d) (5) "provide for complete amortization" and all that follows down through "lesser;" striking out the period at the end of subsection (d) (5) and inserting in lieu thereof "; and", and adding after subsection (d) (5) the following:

"(6) provide for complete amortization by periodic payments within such terms as the Commissioner may prescribe, but as to
mortgages coming within the provisions of subsection (d) (2) not to exceed from the date of the beginning of amortization of the mortgage (i) 40 years in the case of a family displaced from an urban renewal area or as a result of governmental action, (ii) 35 years in the case of any other family if the mortgage is approved for insurance prior to construction, except that the period in such case may be increased to not more than 40 years where the mortgagor is an owner-occupant of the property and is not able, as determined by the Commissioner, to make the required payments under a mortgage having a shorter amortization period, and (iii) 30 years in the case of any other family where the mortgage is not approved for insurance prior to construction: Provided, That no mortgage insured under subsection (d) (2) shall have a maturity exceeding three-quarters of the Commissioner's estimate of the remaining economic life of the building improvements."

(11) inserting before the period at the end of subsection (d) (5) the following: "Provided, That a mortgage insured under the provisions of subsection (d) (3) shall bear interest (exclusive of any premium charges for insurance and service charge, if any) at not less than the annual rate of interest determined, from time to time by the Secretary of the Treasury at the request of the Commissioner, by estimating the average market yield to maturity on all outstanding marketable obligations of the United States, and by adjusting such yield to the nearest one-eighth of 1 per centum, and there shall be no differentiation in the rate of interest charged under this proviso as between mortgagors under subsection (d) (3) on the basis of differences in the types or classes of such mortgagors;"

(12) inserting the following at the end of subsection (f): "A property or project covered by a mortgage insured under the provisions of subsection (d) (3) or (d) (4) shall include five or more family units. The Commissioner is authorized to adopt such procedures and requirements as he determines are desirable to assure that the dwelling accommodations provided under this section are available to families displaced from urban renewal areas or as a result of governmental action. Notwithstanding any provision of this Act, the Commissioner, in order to assist further the provision of housing for low and moderate income families, in his discretion and under such conditions as he may prescribe, may insure a mortgage which meets the requirements of subsection (d) (3) of this section as in effect after the date of enactment of the Housing Act of 1961, with no premium charge, with a reduced premium charge, or with a premium charge for such period or periods during the time the insurance is in effect as the Commissioner may determine, and there is hereby authorized to reimburse the Section 221 Housing Insurance Fund for any net losses in connection with such insurance. No mortgage shall be insured under subsection (d) (2) or (d) (4) after July 1, 1963, or under subsection (d) (3) after July 1, 1965, except pursuant to a commitment to insure before that date, or except a mortgage covering property which the Commissioner finds will assist in the provision of housing for families displaced from urban renewal areas or as a result of governmental action.";

(13) redesignating paragraph (3) of subsection (g) as paragraph (4) and inserting after paragraph (2) of subsection (g) a new paragraph as follows:
“(3) as to mortgages meeting the requirements of this section which are insured or initially endorsed for insurance on or after the date of enactment of the Housing Act of 1961, notwithstanding the provisions of paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection, the Commissioner in his discretion, in accordance with such regulations as he may prescribe, may make payments pursuant to such paragraphs in cash or in debentures (as provided in the mortgage insurance contract), or may acquire a mortgage loan that is in default and the security therefor upon payment to the mortgagee in cash or in debentures (as provided in the mortgage insurance contract) of a total amount equal to the unpaid principal balance of the loan plus any accrued interest and any advances approved by the Commissioner and made previously by the mortgagee under the provisions of the mortgage, and after the acquisition of any such mortgage by the Commissioner the mortgagee shall have no further rights, liabilities, or obligations with respect to the loan or the security for the loan. The appropriate provisions of sections 204 and 207 relating to the issuance of debentures shall apply with respect to debentures issued under this paragraph, and the appropriate provisions of sections 204 and 207 relating to the rights, liabilities, and obligations of a mortgagee shall apply with respect to the Commissioner when he has acquired an insured mortgage under this paragraph, in accordance with and subject to regulations (modifying such provisions to the extent necessary to render their application for such purposes appropriate and effective) which shall be prescribed by the Commissioner, except that as applied to mortgages so acquired (A) all references in section 204 to the Mutual Mortgage Insurance Fund or the Fund shall be construed to refer to the Section 221 Housing Insurance Fund, (B) all references in section 204 to section 203 shall be construed to refer to this section, and (C) all references in section 207 to the Housing Insurance Fund, the Housing Fund, or the Fund shall be construed to refer to the Section 221 Housing Insurance Fund; or”;

(14) striking out in paragraph (4) of subsection (g) (as redesignated by the preceding paragraph) the phrase “this paragraph (3)”, each place it appears, and inserting in lieu thereof “this paragraph”; and

(15) inserting in the last sentence of subsection (h) after “cash adjustments,” the following: “cash payments.”.

(b) Section 101(c) of the Housing Act of 1949 is amended by—

(1) striking out “under section 220 or 221” and inserting in lieu thereof “under section 220 or section 221(d)(3)”;

(2) striking out “of section 220(d), or under section 221 of the National Housing Act, as amended, if the mortgaged property is in an area described in clause (3) of section 221 (a) of said Act, or in a community referred to in clause (2) (B) of said section” and inserting in lieu thereof “of section 220(d) of the National Housing Act”; and

(3) striking out clause (iii) and renumbering clause (iv) as clause (iii).

(c) Section 305 of the National Housing Act is amended by adding at the end thereof a new subsection as follows:

“(h) Notwithstanding clause (2) of section 302(b) and any provision of this Act which is inconsistent with this subsection, the Association is authorized (subject to Presidential action as provided in subsection (a), as limited by subsection (c)) to purchase pursuant to commitments or otherwise, and to service, sell, or otherwise deal in, mortgages insured under the provisions of section 221(d)(3) of this Act.”
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(d) Section 223 of the National Housing Act is amended by redesignating subsection (b) as subsection (c), and by inserting after subsection (a) the following new subsection:

“(b) Notwithstanding any of the provisions of this title and without regard to limitations upon eligibility contained in section 221, the Commissioner may in his discretion insure under section 221(d) (3) any mortgage executed by a mortgagor of the character described therein where such mortgage is given to refinance a mortgage covering an existing property or project (other than a one- to four-family structure) located in an urban renewal area, if the Commissioner finds that such insurance will facilitate the occupancy of dwelling units in the property or project by families of low or moderate income or families displaced from an urban renewal area or displaced as a result of governmental action.”

HOME IMPROVEMENT AND REHABILITATION LOANS

Sec. 102. (a) Section 220 of the National Housing Act is amended by—

(1) striking out the provisos in subsections (d) (3) (A) (i) and (d) (3) (B) (ii) and inserting in lieu thereof in each subsection the following: “: Provided, That in the case of properties other than new construction, the foregoing limitations upon the amount of the mortgage shall be based upon the sum of the estimated cost of repair and rehabilitation and the Commissioner’s estimate of the value of the property before repair and rehabilitation rather than upon the Commissioner’s estimate of the replacement cost: Provided further, That in no case involving refinancing shall such mortgage exceed such estimated cost of repair and rehabilitation and the amount (as determined by the Commissioner) required to refinance existing indebtedness secured by the property or project”;

(2) striking out “mortgage insurance” in subsection (a) and inserting in lieu thereof “loan and mortgage insurance”; and

(3) adding at the end thereof the following subsection:

“(h) (1) To assist further in the conservation, improvement, repair, and rehabilitation of property located in the area of an urban renewal project, as provided in paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of this section, the Commissioner is authorized upon such terms and conditions as he may prescribe to make commitments to insure and to insure home improvement loans (including advances during construction or improvement) made by financial institutions on and after the date of enactment of the Housing Act of 1961. As used in this subsection, ‘home improvement loan’ means a loan, advance of credit, or purchase of an obligation representing a loan or advance of credit made for the purpose of financing the improvement of an existing structure (or in connection with an existing structure) which was constructed not less than ten years prior to the making of such loan, advance, or purchase, and which is used or will be used primarily for residential purposes: Provided, That a home improvement loan shall include a loan, advance, or purchase with respect to the improvement of a structure which was constructed less than ten years prior to the making of such loan, advance, or purchase if the proceeds are or will be used primarily for major structural improvements, or to correct defects which were not known at the time of the completion of the structure or which were caused by fire, flood, windstorm, or other casualty; ‘improvement’ means conservation, repair, restoration, rehabilitation, conversion, alteration, enlargement, or remodeling; and ‘financial institution’ means a lender approved by the Commissioner as eligible for insurance under section 2 or a mortgagee approved under section 203(b) (1).
"(2) To be eligible for insurance under this subsection, a home improvement loan shall—

"(i) not exceed the Commissioner's estimate of the cost of improvement, or $10,000 per family unit, whichever is the lesser;

"(ii) be limited to an amount which when added to any outstanding indebtedness related to the property (as determined by the Commissioner) creates a total outstanding indebtedness which does not exceed the limits provided in subsection (d)(3) for properties of the same type other than new construction;

"(iii) bear interest at not to exceed a rate prescribed by the Commissioner, but not in excess of 6 per centum per annum of the amount of the principal obligation outstanding at any time, and such other charges (including such service charges, appraisal, inspection, and other fees) as may be approved by the Commissioner;

"(iv) have a maturity satisfactory to the Commissioner, but not to exceed twenty years from the beginning of amortization of the loan or three-quarters of the remaining economic life of the structure, whichever is the lesser;

"(v) comply with such other terms, conditions, and restrictions as the Commissioner may prescribe; and

"(vi) represent the obligation of a borrower who is the owner of the property improved, or a lessee of the property under a lease for not less than 99 years which is renewable or under a lease having a period of not less than 50 years to run from the date of the loan.

"(3) Any home improvement loan insured under this subsection may be refinanced and extended in accordance with such terms and conditions as the Commissioner may prescribe, but in no event for an additional amount or term in excess of the maximum provided for in this subsection.

"(4) There is hereby created a separate Section 220 Home Improvement Account to be maintained under the Section 220 Housing Insurance Fund and to be used by the Commissioner as a revolving fund for carrying out the provisions of this subsection. The Commissioner is authorized to transfer to such Account the sum of $1,000,000 from the War Housing Insurance Fund established pursuant to the provisions of section 602 of this Act. Any premium charges, and appraisal and other fees received on account of the insurance of any home improvement loan accepted for insurance under this subsection, and the receipts derived from the sale, collection, deposit, or compromise of any evidence of debt, contract, claim, property, or security assigned to or held by the Commissioner in connection with the payment of insurance under this subsection, shall be credited to the Section 220 Home Improvement Account. Insurance claims under this subsection and expenses incurred in the handling, management, renovation, and disposal of any properties acquired by the Commissioner under this subsection shall be charged to the Section 220 Home Improvement Account. General expenses of operation of the Federal Housing Administration and other expenses incurred under this subsection may be charged to the Section 220 Home Improvement Account. Moneys in the Account not needed for the current operation of the Federal Housing Administration under this subsection shall be deposited with the Treasurer of the United States to the credit of the Account, or invested in bonds or other obligations of, or in bonds or other obligations guaranteed as to principal and interest by, the United States. In order to protect the solvency of the Section 220 Home Improvement Account, adequate security shall be taken in connection with loans insured under this subsection in such manner as the Commissioner may require.
Premium charge.

(5) The Commissioner is authorized to fix a premium charge for the insurance of home improvement loans under this subsection but in the case of any such loan such charge shall not be less than an amount equivalent to one-half of 1 per centum per annum nor more than an amount equivalent to 1 per centum per annum of the amount of the principal obligation of the loan outstanding at any time, without taking into account delinquent payments or prepayments. Such premium charges shall be payable by the financial institution either in cash or in debentures (at par plus accrued interest) issued by the Commissioner as obligations of the Section 220 Home Improvement Account, in such manner as may be prescribed by the Commissioner, and the Commissioner may require the payment of one or more such premium charges at the time the loan is insured, at such discount rate as he may prescribe not in excess of the interest rate specified in the loan. If the Commissioner finds upon presentation of a loan for insurance and the tender of the initial premium charge or charges so required that the loan complies with the provisions of this subsection, such loan may be accepted for insurance by endorsement or otherwise as the Commissioner may prescribe. In the event the principal obligation of any loan accepted for insurance under this subsection is paid in full prior to the maturity date, the Commissioner is authorized to refund to the financial institution for the account of the borrower all, or such portions as he shall determine to be equitable, of the current unearned premium charges theretofore paid.

Defaults.

(6) In cases of defaults on loans insured under this subsection, upon receiving notice of default, the Commissioner, in accordance with such regulations as he may prescribe, may acquire the loan and any security therefor upon payment to the financial institution in cash or in debentures (as provided in the loan insurance contract) of a total amount equal to the unpaid principal balance of the loan, plus any accrued interest, any advances approved by the Commissioner made previously by the financial institution under the provisions of the loan instruments, and reimbursement for such collection costs, court costs, and attorney fees as may be approved by the Commissioner.

Debentures.

(7) Debentures issued under this subsection shall be executed in the name of the Section 220 Home Improvement Account as obligor, shall be signed by the Commissioner, by either his written or engraved signature, shall be negotiable, and shall be dated as of the date the loan is assigned to the Commissioner and shall bear interest from that date. They shall bear interest at a rate established by the Commissioner pursuant to section 224, payable semiannually on the 1st day of January and the 1st day of July of each year, and shall mature ten years after their date of issuance. They shall be exempt from taxation as provided in section 207(i) with respect to debentures issued under that section. They shall be paid out of the Section 220 Home Improvement Account which shall be primarily liable therefor and they shall be fully and unconditionally guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States, and the guaranty shall be expressed on the face of the debentures. In the event the Section 220 Home Improvement Account fails to pay upon demand, when due, the principal of or interest on any debentures so guaranteed, the Secretary of the Treasury shall pay to the holders the amount thereof which is hereby authorized to be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, and thereupon, to the extent of the amount so paid, the Secretary of the Treasury shall succeed to all the rights of the holders of such debentures. Debentures issued under this subsection shall be in such form and denominations in multiples of $50, shall be subject to such terms and conditions, and
shall include such provisions for redemption, if any, as may be prescribed by the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, and they may be in coupon or registered form. Any difference between the amount of the debentures to which the financial institution is entitled, and the aggregate face value of the debentures issued, not to exceed $50, shall be adjusted by the payment of cash by the Commissioner to the financial institution from the Section 220 Home Improvement Account.

"(8) The provisions of subsections (c), (d), and (h) of section 2 shall apply to home improvement loans insured under this subsection, and for the purposes of this subsection references in subsections (c), (d), and (h) of section 2 to 'this section' or 'this title' shall be construed to refer to this subsection.

"(9)(A) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, no home improvement loan executed in connection with the improvement of a structure for use as rental accommodations for five or more families shall be insured under this subsection unless the borrower has agreed (i) to certify, upon completion of the improvement and prior to final endorsement of the loan, either that the actual cost of improvement equaled or exceeded the proceeds of the home improvement loan, or the amount by which the proceeds of the loan exceed the actual cost, as the case may be, and (ii) to pay forthwith to the financial institution, for application to the reduction of the principal of the loan, the amount, if any, certified to be in excess of the actual cost of improvement. Upon the Commissioner's approval of the borrower's certification as required under this paragraph, the certification shall be final and incontestable, except for fraud or material misrepresentation on the part of the borrower.

"(B) As used in subparagraph (A), the term 'actual cost' means the cost to the borrower of the improvement, including the amounts paid for labor, materials, construction contracts, off-site public utilities, streets, organization and legal expenses, such allocations of general overhead items as are acceptable to the Commissioner, and other items of expense approved by the Commissioner, plus a reasonable allowance for builder's profit if the borrower is also the builder, as defined by the Commissioner, and excluding the amount of any kickbacks, rebates, or trade discounts received in connection with the improvement.

"(10) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, the Commissioner is authorized and empowered (i) to make expenditures and advances out of funds made available by this Act to preserve and protect his interest in any security for, or the lien or priority of the lien securing, any loan or other indebtedness owing to, insured by, or acquired by the Commissioner or by the United States under this subsection, or section 2 or 203(k); and (ii) to bid for and to purchase at any foreclosure or other sale or otherwise acquire property pledged, mortgaged, conveyed, attached, or levied upon to secure the payment of any loan or other indebtedness owing to or acquired by the Commissioner or by the United States under this subsection or section 2 or 203(k). The authority conferred by this paragraph may be exercised as provided in the last sentence of section 204(g).

(b) Section 203 of the National Housing Act is amended by—

(1) striking out in subsection (e) "of the mortgage" and inserting in lieu thereof "of the loan or mortgage";

(2) striking out in subsection (e) "approved mortgagee" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "approved financial institution or approved mortgagee"; and

(3) adding at the end thereof the following subsection:

"(k) To supplement the mortgage insurance provisions of this section in order to assist the conservation, improvement, and alteration
of housing, the Commissioner is authorized to make commitments to
insure and to insure a home improvement loan (including advances
during construction or improvement) under this subsection in
accordance with the provisions of section 220(h), except that (1) the
structures improved shall be designed for occupancy by not more
than four families and shall not be required to be located in the area
of an urban renewal project, (2) the Commissioner shall find that
the project with respect to which the loan is executed is economically
sound, (3) all funds received and all disbursements made shall be
credited or charged, as appropriate, to a separate Section 203 Home
Improvement Account to be maintained as hereinafter provided
under the Mutual Mortgage Insurance Fund, and (4) insurance
benefits shall be paid in debentures executed in the name of the Sec-
tion 203 Home Improvement Account. For the purposes of this
subsection, the Commissioner shall have all the authority provided
in section 220(h). Debentures issued with respect to loans insured
under this subsection shall be issued in accordance with sections
220(h)(6) and 220(h)(7), except that as applied to those loans ref-
ences in section 220(h) to ‘this subsection’ shall be construed to
refer to this section 203(k), references to the Section 220 Home Im-
provement Account shall be construed to refer to the Section 203
Home Improvement Account, and references to the Section 220 Hous-
ing Insurance Fund shall be construed to refer to the Mutual Mort-
gage Insurance Fund. All of the provisions in section 220(h)(4)
relative to the Section 220 Home Improvement Account shall be
equally applicable to the Section 203 Home Improvement Account.
There is hereby created a separate Section 203 Home Improvement
Account under the Mutual Mortgage Insurance Fund which shall be
used by the Commissioner as a revolving fund for carrying out
the provisions of this subsection, and the Commissioner is authorized
to transfer to such Account the sum of $1,000,000 from the War
Housing Insurance Fund established pursuant to the provisions of
section 602 of this Act. The provisions of section 205(c) shall not
be applicable to loans insured under this subsection.”

(c) Section 302(b) of the National Housing Act is amended by
adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: “For the pur-
poses of this title, the term ‘mortgages’ shall be inclusive of any
mortgages or other loans insured under any of the provisions of the
National Housing Act.”

EXPERIMENTAL HOUSING MORTGAGE INSURANCE

Sec. 103. Title II of the National Housing Act is amended by add-
ing at the end thereof the following section:

“EXPERIMENTAL HOUSING

“Sec. 233. (a) In order to assist in lowering housing costs and
improving housing standards, quality, livability, or durability or
neighborhood design through the utilization of advanced housing
technology, or experimental property standards, the Commissioner
is authorized to insure and to make commitments to insure, under this
section, mortgages (including, in the case of mortgages insured under
subsection (b)(2) of this section, advances on such mortgages during
construction) secured by properties including dwellings involving the
utilization and testing of advanced technology in housing design,
materials, or construction, or experimental property standards for
neighborhood design if the Commissioner determines that (1) the
property is an acceptable risk, giving consideration to the need for
testing advanced housing technology or experimental property stand-
ards, (2) the utilization and testing of the advanced technology or experimental property standards involved will provide data or experience which the Commissioner deems to be significant in reducing housing costs or improving housing standards, quality, livability, or durability, or improving neighborhood design, and (3) the mortgages are eligible for insurance under the provisions of this section and under any further terms and conditions which may be prescribed by the Commissioner to establish the acceptability of the mortgages for insurance.

"(b) To be eligible for insurance under this section a mortgage shall—

"(1) meet the requirements of section 203(b), except that the maximum principal obligation of the mortgage as computed under clauses (i), (ii), and (iii) of section 203(b)(2) shall be determined on the basis of the Commissioner's estimate of the cost of replacing the property using comparable conventional design, materials, and construction rather than value, and the proviso in section 203(b)(8) shall not be applicable to mortgages insured under this section; or

"(2) meet the requirements of section 207(b) and section 207(c), except that the maximum principal obligation of the mortgage as computed under section 207(c)(2) shall be determined on the basis of the Commissioner's estimate of the cost of replacing the property using comparable conventional design, materials, and construction rather than value.

"(c) The Commissioner may enter into such contracts, agreements, and financial undertakings with the mortgagor and others as he deems necessary or desirable to carry out the purposes of this section, and may expend available funds for such purposes, including the correction (when he determines it necessary to protect the occupants), at any time subsequent to insurance of a mortgage, of defects or failures in the dwellings which the Commissioner finds are caused by or related to the advanced housing technology utilized in their design or construction or experimental property standards.

"(d) The Commissioner may make such investigations and analyses of data, and publish and distribute such reports, as he determines to be necessary or desirable to assure the most beneficial use of the data and information to be acquired as a result of this section.

"(e) Any mortgagee under a mortgage insured under subsection (b)(1) of this section shall be entitled to the benefits of the insurance as provided in section 204(a) with respect to mortgages insured under section 203, and the provisions of subsections (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), (i), and (k) of section 204 shall apply to the mortgages insured under subsection (b)(1), except that as applied to those mortgages (1) all references therein to the Mutual Mortgage Insurance Fund or the Fund shall be construed to refer to the Experimental Housing Insurance Fund, and (2) all references therein to 'this section' shall be construed to refer to this section.

"(f) Any mortgagee under a mortgage insured under subsection (b)(2) of this section shall be entitled to the benefits of the insurance as provided in section 207(g) with respect to mortgages insured under section 207, and the provisions of subsections (d), (e), (h), (i), (j), (k), (l), (m), (n), and (p) of section 207 shall apply to the mortgages insured under subsection (b)(2) of this section, except that as applied to those mortgages (1) all references therein to the Housing Insurance Fund, the Housing Fund, or the Fund shall be construed to refer to the Experimental Housing Insurance Fund, and (2) all references therein to 'this section' shall be construed to refer to this section.
"(g) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (e) and (f) of this section, in the case of default on any mortgage insured under this section, the Commissioner in his discretion, in accordance with such regulations as he may prescribe, may make payments pursuant to such subsections in cash or in debentures (as provided in the mortgage insurance contract), or may acquire the mortgage loan and the security therefor upon payment to the mortgagor in cash or in debentures (as provided in the mortgage insurance contract) of a total amount equal to the unpaid principal balance of the loan plus any accrued interest and any advances approved by the Commissioner made previously by the mortgagor under the provisions of the mortgage. After the acquisition of the mortgage by the Commissioner the mortgagor shall have no further rights, liabilities, or obligations with respect to the mortgage. The appropriate provisions of sections 204 and 207 relating to the issuance of debentures shall apply with respect to debentures issued under this subsection, and the appropriate provisions of sections 204 and 207 relating to the rights, liabilities, and obligations of a mortgagor shall apply with respect to the Commissioner when he has acquired an insured mortgage under this subsection, in accordance with and subject to regulations (modifying such provisions to the extent necessary to render their application for such purposes appropriate and effective) which shall be prescribed by the Commissioner, except that as applied to mortgages insured under this section (1) all references in section 204 to the Mutual Mortgage Insurance Fund or the Fund shall be construed to refer to the Experimental Housing Insurance Fund, (2) all references in section 204 to section 203 shall be construed to refer to this section, and (3) all references in section 207 to the Housing Insurance Fund, the Housing Fund, or the Fund shall be construed to refer to the Experimental Housing Insurance Fund.

"(h) There is hereby created an Experimental Housing Insurance Fund to be used by the Commissioner as a revolving fund to carry out the provisions of this section, and the Commissioner is directed to transfer the sum of $1,000,000 to the Fund from the War Housing Insurance Fund created by section 602 of this Act. General expenses of operation of the Federal Housing Administration and other expenses incurred under this section may be charged to the Experimental Housing Insurance Fund."

INDIVIDUALLY OWNED UNITS IN MULTIFAMILY STRUCTURES

Sec. 104. Title II of the National Housing Act is amended by adding after section 233 (as added by section 103 of this Act) the following section:

"MORTGAGE INSURANCE FOR INDIVIDUALLY OWNED UNITS IN MULTIFAMILY STRUCTURES

"Sec. 234. (a) The purpose of this section is to provide an additional means of increasing the supply of privately owned dwelling units where, under the laws of the State in which the property is located, real property title and ownership are established with respect to a one-family unit which is part of a multifamily structure.

(b) The terms 'mortgage', 'mortgagor', 'maturity date', and 'State' shall have the meanings respectively set forth in section 201, except that the term 'mortgage' for the purposes of this section may include a first mortgage given to secure the unpaid purchase price of a fee interest in, or a long-term leasehold interest in, a one-family unit in a multifamily structure and an undivided interest in the
common areas and facilities which serve the structure where the mortgage is determined by the Commissioner to be eligible for insurance under this section. The term ‘common areas and facilities’ as used in this section shall be deemed to include the land and such commercial, community, and other facilities as are approved by the Commissioner.

"(c) The Commissioner is authorized, in his discretion and under such terms and conditions as he may prescribe (including the minimum number of family units in the structure which shall be offered for sale and provisions for the protection of the consumer and the public interest), to insure any mortgage covering a one-family unit in a multifamily structure and an undivided interest in the common areas and facilities which serve the structure, if (1) the mortgage meets the requirements of this section and of section 203(b), except as that section is modified by this section, (2) the structure is or has been covered by a mortgage insured under another section (except section 213) of this Act, notwithstanding any requirements in any such section that the structure be constructed or rehabilitated for the purpose of providing rental housing, and (3) the mortgagor is acquiring, or has acquired, a family unit covered by a mortgage insured under this section for his own use and occupancy and will not own more than four one-family units covered by mortgages insured under this section. Any project proposed to be constructed or rehabilitated after the date of enactment of the Housing Act of 1961 with the assistance of mortgage insurance under this Act, where the sale of family units is to be assisted with mortgage insurance under this section, shall be subject to such requirements as the Commissioner may prescribe. To be eligible for insurance pursuant to this section a mortgage shall (A) involve a principal obligation in an amount not to exceed the limits per room and per family dwelling unit provided by section 207(c)(3), and not to exceed the sum of (i) 97 per centum of $13,500 of the amount which the Commissioner estimates will be the appraised value of the family unit including common areas and facilities as of the date the mortgage is accepted for insurance, (ii) 90 per centum of such value in excess of $13,500 but not in excess of $18,000, and (iii) 70 per centum of such value in excess of $18,000, and (B) have a maturity satisfactory to the Commissioner but not to exceed, in any event, thirty years from the beginning of amortization of the mortgage or three-fourths of the Commissioner's estimate of the remaining economic life of the structure, whichever is the lesser. In determining the amount of a mortgage in the case of a nonoccupant mortgagor the reference to paragraph (2) of section 203(b) in section 203(b) (8) shall be construed to refer to the preceding sentence in this section. The mortgage shall contain such provisions as the Commissioner determines to be necessary for the maintenance of common areas and facilities and the multifamily structure. The mortgagor shall have exclusive right to the use of the one-family unit covered by the mortgage and, together with the owners of other units in the multifamily structure, shall have the right to the use of the common areas and facilities serving the structure and the obligation of maintaining all such common areas and facilities. The Commissioner may require that the rights and obligations of the mortgagor and the owners of other dwelling units in the structure shall be subject to such controls as he determines to be necessary and feasible to promote and protect individual owners, the multifamily structure, and its occupants. For the purposes of this section, the Commissioner is authorized in his discretion and under such terms and conditions as he may prescribe to permit one-family units and interests in common areas and facilities in multifamily structures covered
by mortgages insured under any section of this Act (other than section 213) to be released from the liens of those mortgages.

"(d) Any mortgagee under a mortgage insured under this section is entitled to receive the benefits of the insurance as provided in section 204 (a) of this Act with respect to mortgages insured under section 203, and the provisions of subsections (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), (j), and (k) of section 204 shall be applicable to the mortgages insured under this section, except that (1) all references in section 204 to the Mutual Mortgage Insurance Fund or the Fund shall be construed to refer to the Apartment Unit Insurance Fund, (2) all references therein to section 203 shall be construed to refer to this section, and (3) the excess remaining, referred to in section 204 (f) (1), shall be retained by the Commissioner and credited to the Apartment Unit Insurance Fund.

"(e) There is hereby created the Apartment Unit Insurance Fund which shall be used by the Commissioner as a revolving fund for carrying out the provisions of this section. The Commissioner is authorized to transfer to the Fund the sum of $1,000,000 from the War Housing Insurance Fund established pursuant to the provisions of section 602 of this Act. General expenses of operation of the Federal Housing Administration under this section may be charged to the Apartment Unit Insurance Fund. The provisions of the second and third paragraphs of section 220 (g) shall be applicable to the Apartment Unit Insurance Fund and to this section, all references therein to the Section 220 Housing Insurance Fund or the Fund shall be construed to refer to the Apartment Unit Insurance Fund, and all references therein to ‘this section’ shall be construed to refer to this section 234.

"(f) The provisions of sections 225, 229, and 230 shall be applicable to the mortgages insured under this section.”

TITLE II—HOUSING FOR ELDERLY PERSONS AND LOW INCOME FAMILIES

HOUSING FOR THE ELDERLY

DIRECT LOANS

Sec. 201. (a) Section 202 of the Housing Act of 1959 is amended by—

(1) inserting in subsection (a) (1) after the words “private nonprofit corporations” the following: “, consumer cooperatives, or public bodies or agencies”;

(2) striking out subsection (a) (2) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

“(2) In order to carry out the purpose of this section, the Administrator may make loans to any corporation (as defined in subsection (d) (2)), to any consumer cooperative, or to any public body or agency for the provision of rental or cooperative housing and related facilities for elderly families and elderly persons, except that (A) no such loan shall be made unless the applicant shows that it is unable to secure the necessary funds from other sources upon terms and conditions equally as favorable as the terms and conditions applicable to loans under this section, (B) no such loan shall be made unless the Administrator finds that the construction will be undertaken in an economical manner and that it will not be of elaborate or extravagant design or materials, and (C) no such loan shall be made to a public body or agency unless it certifies that it is not receiving financial assistance from the United States exclusively pursuant to the United States Housing Act of 1987.”;
(3) striking out in subsection (a) (3) "A loan to a corporation under this section" and inserting in lieu thereof "A loan under this section"; and
(4) striking out in subsection (c) (3) "corporation undertaking" and inserting in lieu thereof "corporation, cooperative, or public body or agency undertaking".

(b) Section 202(a)(3) of such Act is amended by striking out "98 per centum of".

c) Section 202(a)(4) of such Act is amended by striking out "$50,000,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "$125,000,000", and by striking out the second sentence.

d) Section 202 of such Act is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(e) Nothing in this section or in regulations promulgated under this section shall prevent a corporation or consumer cooperative from obtaining a loan under this section for the provision of housing and related facilities for elderly families and elderly persons, notwithstanding the fact that such corporation or cooperative has theretofore obtained a commitment from the Federal Housing Administration for mortgage insurance under section 231 of the National Housing Act with respect to the housing involved, if (1) such corporation or cooperative is otherwise eligible for such loan under this section, (2) such commitment was obtained prior to the date of enactment of the Housing Act of 1961, and (3) the Administrator determines that the financing of such housing through a loan under this section rather than through mortgage insurance under such section 231 is necessary or desirable in order to avoid hardship for the elderly families and elderly persons who are the prospective tenants of such housing."

Low-Rent Public Housing

Eligibility Requirement for Disabled Persons

Sec. 202. Section 2 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 is amended by striking out the words "has attained the age of fifty and" in the second and third sentences of paragraph (3), and by striking out paragraph (14) and renumbering paragraph (15) as paragraph (14).

Additional Subsidy for Elderly Tenants

Sec. 203. Section 10(a) of the United States Housing Act of 1937 is amended by inserting the following proviso before the period at the end of the third sentence thereof: "Provided, That the Authority may, in addition to the payments guaranteed under the contract, pay not to exceed $120 per annum per dwelling unit occupied by an elderly family on the last day of the project fiscal year where such amount, in the determination of the Authority, was necessary to enable the public housing agency to lease the dwelling unit to the elderly family at a rental it could afford and to operate the project on a solvent basis."

 Dwelling Unit Authorization

Sec. 204. (a) Section 10(e) of the United States Housing Act of 1937 is amended by striking out the first three sentences and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "The Authority is authorized to enter into contracts for annual contributions aggregating not more than $336,000,000 per annum, but any such contracts for additional units for any one State shall not, after the date of enactment of the Housing Act of 1961, be entered into for more than 15 per centum of the aggregate amount not already guaranteed under contracts for annual con-
tributions on such date: Provided, That no such new contract for additional units shall be entered into after the date of enactment of the Housing Act of 1961 except with respect to low-rent housing for a locality respecting which the Administrator has made the determination and certification relating to a workable program as prescribed in section 101(c) of the Housing Act of 1949, and the Authority shall enter into only such new contracts for preliminary loans as are consistent with the number of dwelling units for which contracts for annual contributions may be entered into."

(b) Section 10(i) of such Act is repealed; and section 15(10) of such Act is redesignated as section 10(i) and transferred (as so redesignated) to the place heretofore occupied by the section so repealed.

(c) Section 21(d) of such Act is repealed.

GREATER LOCAL RESPONSIBILITY FOR ADMISSION POLICIES

Sec. 205. (a) Section 10(g) of the United States Housing Act of 1937 is amended to read as follows:

“(g) Every contract for annual contributions for any low-rent housing project shall provide that—

“(1) the maximum income limits fixed by the public housing agency shall be subject to the prior approval of the Authority and the Authority may require the agency to review and revise such limits if the Authority determines that changed conditions in the locality make such revisions necessary in achieving the purposes of the Act;

“(2) the public housing agency shall adopt and promulgate regulations establishing admission policies which shall give full consideration to its responsibility for the rehousing of those displaced by urban renewal or other governmental action, to the applicant’s status as a serviceman or veteran or relationship to a serviceman or veteran or to a disabled serviceman or veteran, and to the applicant’s age or disability, housing conditions, urgency of housing need, and source of income; and

“(3) the public housing agency shall determine, and so certify to the Authority, that each family in the project, was admitted in accordance with duly adopted regulations and approved income limits; and the public housing agency shall make periodic reexaminations of the incomes of families living in the project and shall require any family whose income has increased beyond the approved maximum income limits for continued occupancy to move from the project unless the public housing agency determines that, due to special circumstances, the family is unable to find decent, safe and sanitary housing within its financial reach although making every reasonable effort to do so, in which event such family may be permitted to remain for the duration of such a situation if it pays an increased rent consistent with such family’s increased income.”

(b) Sections 10(m) and 15(8) of such Act are repealed.

MISCELLANEOUS PUBLIC HOUSING AMENDMENTS

Sec. 206. (a) Section 15 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 is amended by—

(1) inserting in paragraph (5) after the second parenthetical clause the following: “on which the computation of any annual contributions under this Act may be based”;

(2) striking out in paragraph (5) “($2,500 per room in the case of Alaska or in the case of accommodations designed specifically for elderly families)”, and inserting in lieu thereof
“(§3,000 per room in the case of Alaska, or in the case of accommodations designed specifically for elderly families $3,000 per room and $3,500 per room in the case of Alaska)”; 

(3) striking out paragraph (6), redesignating paragraph (9) as paragraph (6), and transferring paragraph (9), as so redesignated, to the place heretofore occupied by the paragraph so stricken out; and 

(4) striking out “or 5 per centum in the case of any family entitled to a first preference as provided in section 10(g)” in paragraph (7) (b) and inserting in lieu thereof “except in the case of a family displaced by urban renewal or other governmental action or an elderly family”.

(b) Section 10(h) of such Act is amended by inserting the following after the word “project” the third time it appears therein: “(exclusive of any portion thereof which is not assisted by annual contributions under this Act)”.

(c) Section 10(j) of such Act is repealed.

DEMONSTRATION PROGRAMS

Sec. 207. The Housing and Home Finance Administrator is authorized to enter into contracts to make grants, not exceeding $5,000,000, to public or private bodies or agencies, subject to such terms and conditions as he shall prescribe, for the purposes of developing and demonstrating new or improved means of providing housing for low income persons and families. Advances and progress payments may be made, under any contract to make grants under this section, without regard to the provisions of section 3648 of the Revised Statutes.

TITLE III—URBAN RENEWAL AND PLANNING

INCREASED FEDERAL AID FOR SMALL COMMUNITIES; POOLING GRANTS-IN-AID BETWEEN PROJECTS

Sec. 301. (a) Section 103(a) of the Housing Act of 1949 is amended by inserting “(1)” after “(a)”, by striking out the last two sentences, and by inserting at the end thereof the following:

“(2) The aggregate of such capital grants with respect to all of the projects of a local public agency (or of two or more local public agencies in the same municipality) on which contracts for capital grants have been made under this title shall not exceed the total of—

“(A) two-thirds of the aggregate net project costs of all such projects to which neither subparagraph (B) nor subparagraph (C) applies, and

“(B) three-fourths of the aggregate net project costs of any of such projects which are located in a municipality having a population of fifty thousand or less (one hundred fifty thousand or less in the case of a municipality situated in an area which, at the time the contract or contracts involved are entered into or at such earlier time as the Administrator may specify in order to avoid hardship, is designated as a redevelopment area under the second sentence of section 5(a) of the Area Redevelopment Act) according to the most recent decennial census, and

“(C) three-fourths of the aggregate net project costs of any of such projects (not falling within subparagraph (B)) which the Administrator, upon request, may approve on a three-fourths capital grant basis.

“(3) A capital grant with respect to any individual project shall not exceed the difference between the net project cost and the local grants-in-aid actually made with respect to the project.”
(b) Section 104 of such Act is amended by striking out the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "Such local grants-in-aid, together with the local grants-in-aid to be provided in connection with all other projects of the local public agency (or two or more local public agencies in the same municipality) on which contracts for capital grants have theretofore been made, shall be at least equal to the total of one-third of the aggregate net project costs of such projects undertaken on a two-thirds capital grant basis and one-fourth of the aggregate net project costs of such projects undertaken on a three-fourths capital grant basis."

(c) The third and fourth sentences of section 110(e) of such Act are each amended by striking out "pursuant to the proviso in the second sentence of section 103(a)" and inserting in lieu thereof "pursuant to section 103(a) (2) (C)".

INCONTESTABLE FEDERAL OBLIGATION IN PRIVATE FINANCING OF PROJECTS

Sec. 302. (a) Section 102(c) of the Housing Act of 1949 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "In connection with any such pledge of a loan contract, including loan payments thereunder, as security for the repayment of obligations of the local public agency held by other than the Federal Government, the Administrator is authorized to agree to pay, through operations of a paying agent or agents, and to pay or cause to be paid when due, from funds obtained pursuant to subsection (e) of this section, to the holders of such obligations (or to their agents or designees) the principal of and the interest on such obligations, subject to such conditions as the Administrator may determine but without regard to any other condition or requirement. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any contract or other instrument executed by the Administrator which, by its terms, includes an obligation of the Administrator to make payment pursuant to this subsection shall be construed by all officers of the United States separate and apart from the loan contract and shall be incontestable in the hands of a bearer and the full faith and credit of the United States is pledged to the payment of all amounts agreed to be paid by the Administrator pursuant to this subsection."

(b) Section 22 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 is amended by inserting the following new subsection at the end thereof: "(c) Obligations of a public housing agency which (1) are secured either (A) by a pledge of a loan under an agreement between such public housing agency and the Authority, or (B) by a pledge of annual contributions under an annual contributions contract between such public housing agency and the Authority, and (2) bear, or are accompanied by, a certificate of the Authority that such obligations are so secured, shall be incontestable in the hands of a bearer, and the full faith and credit of the United States is pledged to the payment of all amounts agreed to be paid by the Authority as security for such obligations."

GRANT AUTHORIZATION

Sec. 303. Section 103(b) of the Housing Act of 1949 is amended by striking out the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "The Administrator may, with the approval of the President, contract to make grants under this title aggregating not to exceed $4,000,000,000: Provided, That of such sum the Administrator may, without regard to other provisions of this title, contract to make grants aggregating not to exceed $25,000,000 for mass transportation demonstration projects which he determines will assist in carrying out urban transportation plans and research, including but not limited to the development of data and information of general applicability.
on the reduction of urban transportation needs, the improvement of mass transportation service, and the contribution of such service toward meeting total urban transportation needs at minimum cost. Such grants shall not be used for major long-term capital improvement; shall not exceed two-thirds of the cost, as determined or estimated by the Administrator, of the project for which the grant is made; and shall be subject to such other terms and conditions as he may prescribe. The Administrator is authorized, notwithstanding the provisions of section 3648 of the Revised Statutes, as amended, to make advance or progress payments on account of any grant contracted to be made pursuant to this section.”

RELOCATION PAYMENTS

Sec. 304. Section 106(f)(2) of the Housing Act of 1949 is amended—

(1) by striking out “and business concerns” in the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the following: “business concerns, and nonprofit organizations”;

(2) by striking out “business concern.” in the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the following: “business concern or nonprofit organization.”

(3) by inserting after “$3,000” the following: “(or, if greater, the total certified actual moving expenses)”; and

(4) by inserting “and actual direct losses of property” before the period at the end of the last sentence.

FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR DISPLACED BUSINESS CONCERNS

Sec. 305. Section 7(b) of the Small Business Act is amended—

(1) by striking out “and” at the end of paragraph (1);

(2) by striking out the period at the end of paragraph (2) and inserting in lieu thereof “; and”;

(3) by adding after paragraph (2) a new paragraph as follows: “(3) to make such loans (either directly or in cooperation with banks or other lending institutions through agreements to participate on an immediate or deferred basis) as the Administration may determine to be necessary or appropriate to assist any small-business concern in reestablishing its business, if the Administration determines that such concern has suffered substantial economic injury as a result of its displacement by a federally aided urban renewal or highway construction program or by any other construction conducted by or with funds provided by the Federal Government.”; and

(4) by adding immediately before the period at the end of the third sentence the following: “, except that in the case of a loan made pursuant to paragraph (3), the rate of interest on the Administration’s share of such loan shall not be more than the higher of (A) 2¹/₂ per centum per annum; or (B) the average annual interest rate on all interest-bearing obligations of the United States then forming a part of the public debt as computed at the end of the fiscal year next preceding the date of the loan and adjusted to the nearest one-eighth of 1 per centum, plus one-quarter of 1 per centum per annum.”

(b) Section 2(b) of such Act is amended by inserting before the period at the end thereof the following: “; and small-business concerns which are displaced as a result of federally aided construction programs”.

(c) Section 4(c) of such Act is amended—
(1) by striking out "$975,000,000" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "$1,000,000,000"; and
(2) by striking out "$125,000,000" in the sixth sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "$150,000,000".

RESALE OF PROPERTY IN URBAN RENEWAL AREAS FOR HOUSING FOR MODERATE INCOME FAMILIES

Sec. 306. (a) Section 107 of the Housing Act of 1949 is amended by—

(1) changing the title thereof to read "PROPERTY TO BE USED FOR PUBLIC HOUSING OR HOUSING FOR MODERATE INCOME FAMILIES";
(2) inserting "(a)" before the first sentence and striking out the words "to be" in such sentence;
(3) striking out "is incorporated" and inserting in lieu thereof "was incorporated on or after September 23, 1959,"; and
(4) adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(b) Upon approval of the Administrator and subject to such conditions as he may determine to be in the public interest, any real property held as part of an urban renewal project may be made available to (1) a limited dividend corporation, nonprofit corporation or association, cooperative, or public body or agency, or (2) a purchaser who would be eligible for a mortgage insured under section 221(d)(4) of the National Housing Act, for purchase at fair value for use by such purchaser in the provision of new or rehabilitated rental or cooperative housing for occupancy by families of moderate income."

(b) Clause (4) of the second sentence of section 110(c) of the Housing Act of 1949 is amended by inserting before the semicolon at the end thereof the following: "or as provided in section 107".

REHABILITATION

Sec. 307. (a) The second sentence of section 110(c) of the Housing Act of 1949 is amended by—

(1) striking out "and" at the end of paragraph (5);
(2) striking out the period at the end of paragraph (6) and inserting in lieu thereof "; and"; and
(3) adding after paragraph (6) a new paragraph as follows:

"(7) acquisition and repair or rehabilitation for guidance purposes, and resale by the local public agency, of structures which are located in the urban renewal area and which, under the urban renewal plan, are to be repaired or rehabilitated for dwelling use or related facilities: Provided, That the local public agency shall not acquire for such purposes, in any urban renewal area, structures which contain or will contain more than (A) one hundred dwelling units, or (B) 5 per centum of the total number of dwelling units in such area which, under the urban renewal plan, are to be repaired or rehabilitated, whichever is the lesser."

(b) The third sentence of section 110(c) of such Act is amended by inserting after "include" the following: "(except as provided in paragraph (7) above)"

(c) Clause (i) of section 110(e) of such Act is amended by striking out "and (6)" and inserting in lieu thereof "(6), and (7)".

INCREASE IN NONRESIDENTIAL EXCEPTION

Sec. 308. The fifth sentence of section 110(e) of the Housing Act of 1949 is amended by striking out "30 per centum" in the second proviso and inserting in lieu thereof "30 per centum".
URBAN RENEWAL AREAS INVOLVING COLLEGES, UNIVERSITIES, OR HOSPITALS

Sec. 309. Section 112 of the Housing Act of 1949 is amended to read as follows:

"URBAN RENEWAL AREAS INVOLVING COLLEGES, UNIVERSITIES, OR HOSPITALS

"Sec. 112. (a) In any case where an educational institution or a hospital is located in or near an urban renewal project area and the governing body of the locality determines that, in addition to the elimination of slums and blight from such area, the undertaking of an urban renewal project in such area will further promote the public welfare and the proper development of the community (1) by making land in such area available for disposition, for uses in accordance with the urban renewal plan, to such educational institution or hospital for redevelopment in accordance with the use or uses specified in the urban renewal plan, (2) by providing, through the redevelopment of the area in accordance with the urban renewal plan, a cohesive neighborhood environment compatible with the functions and needs of such educational institution or hospital, or (3) by any combination of the foregoing, the Administrator is authorized to extend financial assistance under this title for an urban renewal project in such area without regard to the requirements in section 110 hereof with respect to the predominantly residential character or predominantly residential reuse of urban renewal areas. The aggregate expenditures made by any such institution or hospital (directly or through a private redevelopment corporation or municipal or other public corporation) for the acquisition within, adjacent to, or in the immediate vicinity of the project area, of land, buildings, and structures to be redeveloped or rehabilitated by such institution for educational uses or by such hospital for hospital uses in accordance with the urban renewal plan (or with a development plan proposed by such institution, hospital, or corporation, found acceptable by the Administrator after considering the standards specified in section 110(b), and approved under State or local law after public hearing) and for the demolition of such buildings and structures if, pursuant to such urban renewal or development plan, the land is to be cleared and redeveloped, and for the relocation of occupants from buildings and structures to be demolished or rehabilitated, as certified by such institution or hospital to the local public agency and approved by the Administrator, shall be a local grant-in-aid in connection with such urban renewal project: Provided, That no such expenditure shall be eligible as a local grant-in-aid in any case where the property involved is acquired by such educational institution or hospital from a local public agency which, in connection with its acquisition or disposition of such property, has received, or contracted to receive, a capital grant pursuant to this title.

"(b) No expenditure made by any educational institution or hospital, as provided in subsection (a), shall be deemed ineligible as a local grant-in-aid (1) in connection with any urban renewal project if made not more than seven years prior to the authorization by the Administrator of a contract for a loan or capital grant for such project, or (2) in connection with any such project for which the Administrator, prior to September 25, 1963, has authorized a loan or capital grant contract if made not more than five years prior to the submission of an application for financial assistance under this title for such urban renewal project.

"(c) The aggregate expenditures made by any public authority, established by any State, for acquisition, demolition, and relocation

75 Stat. 677, 42 USC 1463.
71 Stat. 301, 42 USC 1460.
in connection with land, buildings, and structures acquired by such public authority and leased to an educational institution for educational uses or to a hospital for hospital uses shall be deemed a local grant-in-aid to the same extent as if such expenditures had been made directly by such educational institution or hospital.

“(d) As used in this section—

“(1) the term ‘educational institution’ means any educational institution of higher learning, including any public educational institution or any private educational institution, no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual; and

“(2) the term ‘hospital’ means any hospital licensed by the State in which such hospital is located, including any public hospital or any nonprofit hospital, no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual.”

**URBAN PLANNING ASSISTANCE**

Sec. 310. (a) Section 701 of the Housing Act of 1954 is amended by—

(1) striking out “50 per centum” in the first sentence of subsection (b) and inserting in lieu thereof “two-thirds”;

(2) striking out “20,000,000” in the last sentence of subsection (b) and inserting in lieu thereof “$75,000,000”;

(3) inserting after “public facilities” in clause (1) of subsection (d) “including transportation facilities”;

(4) adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

“(f) The consent of the Congress is hereby given to any two or more States to enter into agreements or compacts, not in conflict with any law of the United States, for cooperative efforts and mutual assistance in the comprehensive planning for the physical growth and development of interstate, metropolitan, or other urban areas, and to establish such agencies, joint or otherwise, as they may deem desirable for making effective such agreements and compacts.”

(b) Section 701 of such Act is further amended by—

(1) striking out the matter preceding paragraph (1) of subsection (a) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

“Sec. 701. (a) In order to assist State and local governments in solving planning problems resulting from the increasing concentration of population in metropolitan and other urban areas, including smaller communities; to facilitate comprehensive planning for urban development, including coordinated transportation systems, on a continuing basis by such governments; and to encourage such governments to establish and improve planning staffs, the Administrator is authorized to make planning grants to—”;

(2) inserting the following after “agencies” in paragraph (2) of subsection (a): “, or other agencies and instrumentalities designated by the Governor (or Governors in the case of interstate planning) and acceptable to the Administrator,”;

(3) adding the following at the end of subsection (a): “The Administrator shall encourage cooperation in preparing and carrying out plans among all interested municipalities, political subdivisions, public agencies, and other parties in order to achieve coordinated development of entire areas. To the maximum extent feasible, pertinent plans and studies already made for areas shall be utilized so as to avoid unnecessary repetition of effort and expense. Planning which may be assisted under this section includes the preparation of comprehensive urban transportation surveys, studies, and plans to aid in solving problems of traffic congestion, facilitating the circulation of people and
goods in metropolitan and other urban areas and reducing transportation needs. Funds available under this section shall be in addition to and may be used jointly with funds available for planning surveys and investigations under other Federally-aided programs, and nothing contained in this section shall be construed as affecting the authority of the Secretary of Commerce under section 307 of title 23, United States Code.

(4) striking out the first sentence of subsection (d) and inserting in lieu thereof the following: “It is the further intent of this section to encourage comprehensive planning, including transportation planning, for States, cities, counties, metropolitan areas, and urban regions and the establishment and development of the organizational units needed therefor. The Administrator is authorized to provide technical assistance to State and local governments and their agencies and instrumentalities undertaking such planning and, by contract or otherwise, to make studies and publish information on related problems.”

HISTORICAL SITE IN URBAN RENEWAL AREA

SEC. 311. (a) Notwithstanding section 110(c) (4) of the Housing Act of 1949, as amended, or any other provision of law, the urban renewal project in Knoxville, Tennessee, known as the Riverfront-Willow Street redevelopment project, may include the donation by the Knoxville Housing Authority to the James White's Fort Association, by a suitable instrument of conveyance, of all right, title, and interest of the authority in and to the following described tract of land, constituting a portion of tract T-2 of the said project and containing 0.985 acres more or less:

Beginning at an iron pin located at the intersection of the east property line of Collins Alley and the south property line of Rouser Alley; thence in a northerly direction, north 32 degrees 35 minutes west, 111.0 feet to an iron pin located in the east property line of Collins Alley; thence in a westerly direction, south 55 degrees 20 minutes west, 207.0 feet to an iron pin; thence in a southwesterly direction, south 35 degrees 05 minutes west, 80 feet to an iron pin; thence in a southerly direction south 27 degrees 25 minutes east, 193.40 feet to an iron pin located in the north property line of Hill Avenue; thence in an easterly direction, north 67 degrees 43 minutes east, 33.54 feet to an iron pin; thence in an easterly direction, north 60 degrees 02 minutes east, 31.64 feet to an iron pin; thence in an easterly direction, north 58 degrees 30 minutes 30 seconds east, 53 feet to an iron pin located in the north property line of Hill Avenue; thence in a northerly direction, north 30 degrees 22 minutes 30 seconds west, 134.03 feet to an iron pin; thence in an easterly direction, north 59 degrees 21 minutes 30 seconds east, 175.61 feet to the point of beginning.

(b) The conveyance authorized to be included in the Riverfront-Willow Street redevelopment project under subsection (a) of this section shall be made only if the James White's Fort Association represents, and furnishes such assurances as may be required by the Knoxville Housing Authority, that such Association (1) will undertake the reconstruction on the site conveyed of General James White's cabin and fort, and (2) will develop, preserve, and operate such property on a nonprofit basis as a historical site or monument.

CREDIT FOR COST OF SCHOOL CONSTRUCTION

SEC. 312. No public facility, the provision of which is otherwise eligible as a local grant-in-aid for any urban renewal project receiving assistance under title I of the Housing Act of 1949 in the city of...
Roanoke, Virginia, and the construction of which was commenced prior to January 1, 1961, shall be deemed to be ineligible as a local grant-in-aid because of any change in the urban renewal plan for such project which is determined by the Housing and Home Finance Administrator to have resulted from the proposed location within the urban renewal area in which such project was undertaken of a Federally-aided highway. For the purpose of computing the portion of the cost of any such facility which may be allowed as a local grant-in-aid, the degree of benefit of the facility to such urban renewal area shall be based on the latest estimate of benefit submitted by the local public agency and accepted by the Administrator prior to such change in the urban renewal plan.

ELIGIBILITY OF CERTAIN LOCAL GRANTS-IN-AID

SEC. 313. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 312 of the Housing Act of 1954 or any request previously made pursuant to such section, upon request of the local public agency the eligibility of the local grants-in-aid for any project in the city of Norfolk, Virginia, in connection with which the final capital grant payment has not been made, shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of sections 110(d) and 112 of the Housing Act of 1949.

TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS

SEC. 314. (a) Section 101(c) of the Housing Act of 1949 is amended by inserting in clause (1) after "workable program" the words "for community improvement".

(b) Section 102(a) of such Act is amended by inserting in the second proviso after "demolition and removal" the first place it appears the following: "... together with administrative, relocation, and other related costs and payments."

(c) Clause (4) of the second sentence of section 110(c) of such Act is amended by striking out "initial".

PARKS AND RECREATIONAL FACILITIES

SEC. 315. Section 105(a) of the Housing Act of 1949 is amended by striking out "and" preceding clause (iii), and by adding at the end thereof the following: "... and (iv) the urban renewal plan gives due consideration to the provision of adequate park and recreational areas and facilities, as may be desirable for neighborhood improvement, with special consideration for the health, safety, and welfare of children residing in the general vicinity of the site covered by the plan;”.

TITLE IV—COLLEGE HOUSING

LOAN AUTHORIZATION

SEC. 401. Section 401(d) of the Housing Act of 1950 is amended by striking out the first colon and all that follows and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "... which amount shall be increased by $300,000,000 on July 1 in each of the years 1961 through 1964: Provided, That the amount outstanding for other educational facilities, as defined herein, shall not exceed $175,000,000, which limit shall be increased by $30,000,000 on July 1 in each of the years 1961 through 1964: Provided further, That the amount outstanding for hospitals, referred to in clause (2) of section 404(b) of this title, shall not exceed $100,000,000, which limit shall be increased by $30,000,000 on July 1 in each of the years 1961 through 1964."
APPORTIONMENT BY STATES

Sec. 402. Section 403 of the Housing Act of 1950 is amended by striking out "10 per centum" and inserting in lieu thereof "12 1/2 per centum".

HOUSING PROVIDED BY NONPROFIT CORPORATIONS

Sec. 403. (a) Clause (3) of section 404(b) of the Housing Act of 1950 is amended—

(1) by striking out "established by any institution included in clause (1) of this subsection for the sole purpose" and inserting in lieu thereof "established for the sole purpose"; and

(2) by striking out "such institution" where it first appears and inserting in lieu thereof "one or more institutions included in clause (1) of this subsection".

(b) Clause (3) of section 404(b) of such Act is further amended by striking out "will pass to such institution" and inserting in lieu thereof "will pass to such institution (or to any one or more of such institutions) unless it is shown to the satisfaction of the Administrator that such property or the proceeds from its sale will be used for some other nonprofit educational purpose".

(c) Section 404(b) of such Act is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "In the case of any loan made under section 401 to a corporation described in clause (3) of this subsection which was not established by the institution or institutions for whose students or students and faculty it would provide housing, the Administrator shall require that the note securing such loan be cosigned by such institution (or by any one or more of such institutions)."

TITLE V—COMMUNITY FACILITIES

PUBLIC FACILITY LOANS

Sec. 501. (a) (1) The second paragraph of section 201 of the Housing Amendments of 1955 is amended by inserting after "public works or facilities" the following: "(including mass transportation facilities and equipment)".

(2) The third paragraph of section 201 of such Amendments is amended by inserting after "title" the following: "(subject to the limitations contained herein)".

(b) The first sentence of section 202(a) of such Amendments is amended to read as follows: "The Housing and Home Finance Administrator is authorized (1) to purchase the securities and obligations of, or make loans to, municipalities and other political subdivisions and instrumentalities of States (including public agencies and instrumentalities of one or more municipalities or other political subdivisions in the same State), to finance specific projects for public works or facilities under State, municipal, or other applicable law, and (2) to purchase the securities and obligations of, or make loans to, States, municipalities and other political subdivisions of States, public agencies and instrumentalities of one or more States, municipalities and political subdivisions of States, and public corporations, boards, and commissions established under the laws of any State, to finance the acquisition, construction, reconstruction, and improvement of facilities and equipment for use, by operation or lease or otherwise, in mass transportation service in urban areas, and for use in coordinating highway, bus, surface-rail, underground, parking and other transportation facilities in such areas. The facilities and equipment referred to in clause (2) may include land, but
not public highways, and any other real or personal property needed for an economic, efficient, and coordinated mass transportation system."

(e) Section 202(b)(2) of such Amendments is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "Subject to such maximum maturity, the Administrator in his discretion may provide for the postponement of the payment of interest on not more than 50 per centum of any financial assistance extended to an applicant under this section for a period up to ten years where (A) such assistance does not exceed 50 per centum of the development cost of the project involved, and (B) it is determined by the Administrator that such applicant will experience above-average population growth and the project would contribute to orderly community development, economy, and efficiency; and any amounts so postponed shall be payable with interest in annual installments during the remaining maturity of such assistance."

(d)(1) Section 202(b) of such Amendments is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(3) Financial assistance extended under this section shall bear interest at a rate determined by the Administrator which shall be not more than the higher of (A) 3 per centum per annum, or (B) the total of one-half of 1 per centum per annum added to the rate of interest paid by the Administrator on funds obtained from the Secretary of the Treasury as provided in section 203(a)."

(2) The third sentence of section 203(a) of such Amendments is amended to read as follows: "Such notes or other obligations shall bear interest at a rate determined by the Secretary of the Treasury which shall be not more than the higher of (1) 2 1/2 per centum per annum, or (2) the average annual interest rate on all interest-bearing obligations of the United States then forming a part of the public debt as computed at the end of the fiscal year next preceding the issuance by the Administrator and adjusted to the nearest one-eighth of 1 per centum."

(e) Section 202(b) of such Amendments is further amended by adding at the end thereof (after the paragraph added by subsection (d)(1) of this section) the following new paragraph:

"(4) No financial assistance shall be extended under clause (1) of subsection (a) of this section to any municipality or other political subdivision having a population of fifty thousand or more (one hundred fifty thousand or more in the case of a community situated in an area designated as a redevelopment area under the second sentence of section 5(a) of the Area Redevelopment Act) according to the most recent decennial census, or to any public agency or instrumentality of one or more municipalities or other political subdivisions having a population (or an aggregate population) equal to or exceeding that figure according to such census."

(f) Section 202(c) of such Amendments is amended by striking out "this section" and inserting in lieu thereof "clause (1) of subsection (a) of this section."

(g) Section 202 of such Amendments is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(d) No loans may be made for transportation facilities or equipment, pursuant to clause (2) of subsection (a) of this section, unless the Administrator determines (1) that there is being actively developed (or has been developed) for the urban or other metropolitan area served by the applicant a program, meeting criteria established by him, for the development of a comprehensive and coordinated mass transportation system; (2) that the proposed facilities or equipment can reasonably be expected to be required for such a system; and (3)
if such program has not been completed, that there is an urgent need
for the provision of the facilities or equipment to be commenced prior
to the time that the program could reasonably be expected to be
completed: Provided, That no such loan shall be made, except under
a prior commitment, after December 31, 1962.”

(h) Section 203(a) of such Amendments is amended by striking
out the words “in an amount not exceeding $150,000,000, notes and
other obligations” in the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof
the following: “notes and other obligations in an amount not to
exceed $650,000,000: Provided, That, of the funds obtained through
the issuance of such notes and other obligations, $600,000,000 shall be
available only for purchases and loans pursuant to clause (1) of
section 202(a) of this title and $50,000,000 shall be available only for
purchases and loans pursuant to clause (2) of such section”.

(i) Title II of such Amendments is further amended by adding at
the end thereof the following new section:

“Sec. 207. The Administrator is authorized to establish technical
advisory services to assist municipalities and other political subdivi-
sions and instrumentalities in the budgeting, financing, planning, and
construction of community facilities. There are hereby authorized
to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary, together with any
fees that may be charged, to cover the cost of such services.”

(j) Section 203(b) of such Amendments is amended by inserting
“be” immediately after “which may”.

ADVANCES FOR PUBLIC WORKS PLANNING

SEC. 502. Section 702 of the Housing Act of 1954 is amended by—
(1) striking out in subsection (a) “10” and inserting in lieu
thereof “12½”;

(2) striking out the first sentence of subsection (b) and insert-
ing in lieu thereof the following: “No advance shall be made here-
under with respect to any individual project, including a regional
or metropolitan or other area-wide project, unless (1) it is
planned to be constructed within or over a reasonable period of
time considering the nature of the project, (2) it conforms to an
overall State, local, or regional plan approved by a competent
State, local, or regional authority, and (3) the public agency
formally contracts with the Federal Government to complete the
plan preparation promptly and to repay such advance or part
thereof when due.”;

(3) inserting after “1958;” in subsection (e) the following:
“$10,000,000 which may be made available to such fund on or after
July 1, 1961;”; and

(4) striking out in subsection (e) “$48,000,000” and inserting
in lieu thereof “$58,000,000”.

TITLE VI—AMENDMENTS TO THE NATIONAL HOUSING
ACT

FEDERAL NATIONAL MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION

SPECIAL ASSISTANCE AUTHORIZATION

SEC. 601. (a) Section 305(c) of the National Housing Act is
amended to read as follows:

“(c) The total amount of purchases and commitments authorized
by the President pursuant to subsection (a) of this section shall not
exceed $1,700,000,000 outstanding at any one time.”
(b) Section 305(g) of such Act is amended by adding before the period at the end thereof the following: "Provided further, That the authority of the Association to make purchases and commitments under this subsection shall terminate on the date of enactment of the Housing Act of 1961, and any portion of the total amount of such authority as specified in the first proviso in this subsection which on such date would otherwise be available for making such purchases and commitments shall be transferred to and merged with the authority granted by subsection (a) and added to the amount of such authority as specified in subsection (c)".

(c) Section 306 of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(f) Notwithstanding any of the provisions of this Act or of any other law, an amount equal to the net decrease for the preceding fiscal year in the aggregate principal amount of all mortgages owned by the Association under this section shall, as of July 1 of each of the years 1961 through 1964, be transferred to and merged with the authority provided under section 305(a), and the amount of such authority as specified in section 305(c) shall be increased by any amounts so transferred."

LIMITATION ON MORTGAGE AMOUNT

Sec. 602. (a) Section 302(b) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "or 803" and inserting in lieu thereof "or title VIII".

(b) Section 302(b) of such Act is further amended by inserting before "or a mortgage covering property" the following: "or insured under section 213 and covering property located in an urban renewal area.".

FEDERAL NATIONAL MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION LENDING AUTHORITY

Sec. 603. (a) Section 302(b) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out "to make commitments" and all that follows down through the first colon and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "pursuant to commitments or otherwise to purchase, lend (under section 304) on the security of, service, sell, or otherwise deal in any mortgages which are insured under the National Housing Act, or which are insured or guaranteed under the Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944 or chapter 37 of title 38, United States Code."

(b) The first sentence of section 303(b) of such Act is amended by inserting immediately before the period at the end thereof the following: "; and by requiring each borrower to make such payments, equal to not more than one-half of 1 per centum of the amount lent by the Association to such borrower under section 304".

(c) Section 303(c) of such Act is amended by striking out the first sentence and by inserting in lieu thereof the following: "The Association shall issue from time to time, to each mortgage seller or borrower, its common stock (only in denominations of $100 or multiples thereof) evidencing any capital contributions (adjusted by reason of any payments into surplus required by the Association) made by such seller or borrower pursuant to subsection (b) of this section."

(d) Section 304(a) of such Act is amended by inserting "(1)" before "To carry out", and by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(2) In the further interest of assuring sound operation, any loan made by the Association in its secondary market operations under
this section, and any extension or renewal thereof, shall not exceed 80 per centum of the unpaid principal balances of the mortgages securing the loan, and shall bear interest at a rate consistent with general loan policies established from time to time by the Association’s board of directors. Any such loan shall mature in not more than twelve months and the term of any extension or renewal shall not exceed twelve months. The volume of the Association’s lending activities and the establishment of its loan ratios, interest rates, maturities, and charges or fees, in its secondary market operations under this section, should be determined by the Association from time to time; and such determinations, in conjunction with determinations made under paragraph (1), should be consistent with the objectives that the lending activities should be conducted on such terms as will reasonably prevent excessive use of the Association’s facilities, and that the operations of the Association under this section should be within its income derived from such operations and that such operations should be fully self-supporting. Notwithstanding any Federal, State, or other law to the contrary, the Association is hereby empowered, in connection with any loan under this section, whether before or after any default, to provide by contract with the borrower for the settlement or extinguishment, upon default, of any redemption, equitable, legal, or other right, title, or interest of the borrower in any mortgage or mortgages that constitute the security for the loan; and with respect to any such loan, in the event of default and pursuant otherwise to the terms of the contract, the mortgages that constitute such security shall become the absolute property of the Association.”

(e) Section 304(b), section 309(c) and section 310 of such Act are each amended by inserting “or other security holdings” after “mortgages”.

FHA Insurance Programs

LIMITATIONS ON INSURANCE AUTHORIZATIONS

Sec. 604. (a) Section 2(a) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out in the first sentence “1961” and inserting in lieu thereof “1965”.

(b) Section 203(a) of such Act is amended by striking out the colon and all that follows the colon and inserting in lieu thereof a period.

(c) Section 217 of such Act is amended to read as follows:

“GENERAL MORTGAGE INSURANCE AUTHORIZATION

“Sec. 217. Except with respect to the insurance of a loan or mortgage pursuant to section 2, section 221, or title VIII of this Act (subject to any limitations thereunder on the time of such insurance), no loan or mortgage shall be insured under any provision of this Act after October 1, 1965, except pursuant to a commitment to insure before that date.”

(d) Section 803 (a) of such Act is amended by striking out “1961” and inserting in lieu thereof “1962”, and by striking out “twenty-five thousand” and inserting in lieu thereof “twenty-eight thousand”.

SECTION 203 RESIDENTIAL HOUSING INSURANCE

Sec. 605. (a) Section 203(b) (2) of such act is amended—

(1) by striking out “$13,500” each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof “$15,000”;

(2) by striking out “$18,000” each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof “$20,000”; and
(3) by striking out "70 per centum" and inserting in lieu thereof "75 per centum".

(b) Section 203(b) (2) of such Act is amended (1) by striking out "$22,500" and inserting in lieu thereof "$25,000", and (2) by striking out "or $25,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "or $27,500".

(c) Section 203(b) (3) of such Act is amended by striking out "thirty years" and inserting in lieu thereof "thirty-five years (or thirty years if such mortgage is not approved for insurance prior to construction)".

AUTHORITY TO REDUCE PREMIUM CHARGES

Sec. 606. The first sentence of section 203(c) of the National Housing Act is amended to read as follows: "The Commissioner is authorized to fix premium charges for the insurance of mortgages under the separate sections of this title but in the case of any mortgage such charge shall be not less than an amount equivalent to one-fourth of 1 per centum per annum nor more than an amount equivalent to 1 per centum per annum of the amount of the principal obligation of the mortgage outstanding at any time, without taking into account delinquent payments or prepayments: Provided, That any reduced premium charge so fixed and computed may, in the discretion of the Commissioner, also be made applicable in such manner as the Commissioner shall prescribe to each insured mortgage outstanding under the section or sections involved at the time the reduced premium charge is fixed."

SECTION 207 RENTAL HOUSING INSURANCE

Sec. 607. Section 207 of the National Housing Act is amended by—

(1) striking out the first paragraph of subsection (b) (2) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(2) any other mortgagor approved by the Commissioner which, until the termination of all obligations of the Commissioner under the insurance and during such further period of time as the Commissioner shall be the owner, holder, or reinsurer of the mortgage, is regulated or restricted by the Commissioner as to rents or sales, charges, capital structure, rate of return, and methods of operation to such extent and in such manner as to provide reasonable rentals to tenants and a reasonable return on the investment. The Commissioner may make such contracts with and acquire, for not to exceed $100, such stock or interest in the mortgagor as he may deem necessary to render effective the regulations or restrictions. The stock or interest acquired by the Commissioner shall be paid for out of the Housing Fund, and shall be redeemed by the mortgagor at par upon the termination of all obligations of the Commissioner under the insurance;"

(2) inserting in subsection (c) (3) after the words "attributable to dwelling use" the following: "(excluding exterior land improvements as defined by the Commissioner)";

(3) striking out "$1,500 per space" in subsection (c) (3) and inserting in lieu thereof "$1,800 per space"; and

(4) inserting in the first sentence of subsection (i) after the words "of this section" the following: "; except that debentures issued pursuant to the provisions of section 220(f), 221(g), and section 233 may be dated as of the date the mortgage is assigned (or the property is conveyed) to the Commissioner."
SECTION 213 COOPERATIVE HOUSING INSURANCE

Sec. 608. (a) Section 213 of the National Housing Act is amended by—

(1) inserting in paragraph (2) of subsection (b) after the words "as may be attributable to dwelling use" the following: "(excluding exterior land improvements as defined by the Commissioner)";

(2) striking out "eight or more family units" in subsection (d) and inserting in lieu thereof "five or more family units"; and

(3) striking out in subsection (h) "such mortgagor shall not thereafter be eligible by reason of such paragraph (3) for insurance of any additional mortgage loans pursuant to this section" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "the Commissioner is authorized to refuse, for such period of time as he shall deem appropriate under the circumstances, to insure under this section any additional investor-sponsor type mortgage loans made to such mortgagor or to any other investor-sponsor mortgagor where, in the determination of the Commissioner, any of its stockholders were identified with such mortgagor".

(b) Section 213 of such Act is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(j)(1) With respect to any property covered by a mortgage insured under this section (or any cooperative housing project covered by a mortgage insured under section 207 as in effect prior to the enactment of the Housing Act of 1950), the Commissioner is authorized, upon such terms and conditions as he may prescribe, to make commitments to insure and to insure supplementary cooperative loans (including advances during construction or improvement) made by financial institutions approved by the Commissioner. As used in this subsection, 'supplementary cooperative loan' means a loan, advance of credit, or purchase of an obligation representing a loan or advance of credit made for the purpose of financing any of the following:

"(A) Improvements or repairs of the property covered by such mortgage; or

"(B) Community facilities necessary to serve the occupants of the property.

(2) To be eligible for insurance under this subsection, a supplementary cooperative loan shall—

"(A) be limited to an amount which, when added to the outstanding mortgage indebtedness on the property, creates a total outstanding indebtedness which does not exceed the original principal obligation of the mortgage;

"(B) have a maturity satisfactory to the Commissioner but not to exceed the remaining term of the mortgage;

"(C) be secured in such manner as the Commissioner may require;

"(D) contain such other terms, conditions, and restrictions as the Commissioner may prescribe; and

"(E) represent the obligation of a borrower of the character described in paragraph (1) of subsection (a)."

SECTION 220 SALES HOUSING MORTGAGE INSURANCE

Sec. 609. (a) Section 220(d)(3)(A)(i) of the National Housing Act is amended by—

(1) by striking out "$13,500" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "$15,000";

(2) by striking out "$18,000" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "$20,000"; and
(3) by striking out “70 per centum” and inserting in lieu thereof “75 per centum”.

(b) Section 220(d)(3)(A) of such Act is amended (1) by striking out “$22,500” and inserting in lieu thereof “$25,000”, and (2) by striking out “or $25,000” and inserting in lieu thereof “or $27,500”.

NURSING HOMES

Sec. 610. Section 232(d)(2) of the National Housing Act is amended by striking out the words following the comma and inserting in lieu thereof the following: “and not to exceed 90 per centum of the estimated value of the property or project when the proposed improvements are completed.”

HOUSING FOR DEFENSE-IMPACTED AREAS

Sec. 611. (a) (1) Section 810(b) of the National Housing Act is amended (A) by striking out “the Secretary of Defense or his designee shall have certified to the Commissioner that”, and (B) by striking out the last sentence.

(2) Section 810(d) of such Act is amended (A) by striking out “until advised by the Secretary of Defense or his designee” and inserting in lieu thereof “until he finds”, and (B) by striking out “as evidenced by certification” and all that follows and inserting in lieu thereof a period.

(3) Section 810(1) of such Act is repealed.

(b) Section 406(a) of the Act of August 30, 1957 (71 Stat. 556), is amended by striking out “and no certificates with respect to any family housing units shall be issued by the Secretary of Defense or his designee under section 810 of the National Housing Act, as amended,”.

MISCELLANEOUS FHA AMENDMENTS

Sec. 612. (a) Section 203 of the National Housing Act is amended by—

(1) striking out in subsection (b)(3) the words “insurance of the mortgage” and inserting in lieu thereof “beginning of amortization of the mortgage”, and

(2) striking out in the first proviso of the second sentence of subsection (c) the words “particular insurance fund” and inserting in lieu thereof “particular insurance fund or account”.

(b) The second sentence of section 204(d) of such Act is amended by inserting after “mortgagor after default,” the following: “except that debentures issued pursuant to the provisions of section 220(f), section 221(g), and section 233 may be dated as of the date the mortgage is assigned (or the property is conveyed) to the Commissioner,”.

(c) The last sentence of section 204(g) of such Act is amended to read as follows: “The power to convey and to execute in the name of the Commissioner deeds of conveyance, deeds of release, assignments and satisfactions of mortgages, and any other written instrument relating to real or personal property or any interest therein heretofore or hereafter acquired by the Commissioner pursuant to the provisions of this Act, may be exercised by the Commissioner or by any Assistant Commissioner appointed by him, without the execution of any express delegation of power or power of attorney: Provided, That nothing in this subsection shall be construed to prevent the Commissioner from delegating such power by order or by power of attorney, in his discretion, to any officer, agent, or employee he may appoint: And provided further, That a conveyance or transfer of title to real or personal property or an interest therein to the Federal Housing Com-
missioner, his successors and assigns, without identifying the Commission therein, shall be deemed a proper conveyance or transfer to the same extent and of like effect as if the Commissioner were personally named in such conveyance or transfer."

(d) Section 209 of such Act is amended by striking out in the second sentence "shall be charged as a general expense of the Fund, the Housing Fund, and the Defense Housing Insurance Fund in such proportion as the Commissioner shall determine" and inserting in lieu thereof "shall be charged as a general expense of such insurance fund or funds, or account or accounts, as the Commissioner shall determine".

(e) Section 212 of such Act is amended by—

(1) striking out in the second sentence of subsection (a) "any mortgage under section 220" and inserting in lieu thereof "any loan or mortgage under section 220 or section 233"; and

(2) striking out in the third sentence of subsection (a) "in subsection (d) (4)" and inserting in lieu thereof "in subsection (d) (3) in the case of a cooperative or a limited profit mortgagor, or in subsection (d) (4)".

(f) Section 219 of such Act is amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 219. Notwithstanding any limitations contained in other sections of this Act as to the use of moneys credited to the Title I Insurance Account, the Title I Housing Insurance Fund, the Section 203 Home Improvement Account, the Housing Insurance Fund, the War Housing Insurance Fund, the Housing Investment Insurance Fund, the Armed Services Housing Mortgage Insurance Fund, the National Defense Housing Insurance Fund, the Section 220 Housing Insurance Fund, the Section 220 Home Improvement Account, the Section 221 Housing Insurance Fund, the Experimental Housing Insurance Fund, the Apartment Unit Insurance Fund, or the Servicemen's Mortgage Insurance Fund, the Commissioner is hereby authorized to transfer funds from any one or more of such insurance funds or accounts to any other such fund or account in such amounts and at such times as the Commissioner may determine, taking into consideration the requirements of such funds or accounts, separately and jointly to carry out effectively the insurance programs for which such funds or accounts were established."

(g) Section 220(f) of such Act is amended by—

(1) striking out "or" at the end of paragraph (1),

(2) striking out the period at the end of paragraph (2) and inserting in lieu thereof "; or", and

(3) adding at the end thereof the following:

"as to mortgages meeting the requirements of this section that are insured or initially endorsed for insurance on or after the date of enactment of the Housing Act of 1961, notwithstanding the provisions of paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection, the Commissioner in his discretion, in accordance with such regulations as he may prescribe, may make payments pursuant to such paragraphs in cash or in debentures (as provided in the mortgage insurance contract), or may acquire a mortgage loan that is in default and the security therefor upon payment to the mortgagor in cash or in debentures (as provided in the mortgage insurance contract) of a total amount equal to the unpaid principal balance of the loan plus any accrued interest and any advances approved by the Commissioner and made previously by the mortgagor under the provisions of the mortgage. After the acquisition of the mortgage by the Commissioner the mortgagor shall have no further rights, liabilities, or obligations with respect to the loan or the security for the loan. The appropriate provisions of sections 204 and 207 relating to the rights, liabilities, and obligations..."
of a mortgagor shall apply with respect to the Commissioner when he has acquired an insured mortgage under this paragraph, in accordance with and subject to regulations (modifying such provisions to the extent necessary to render their application for such purposes appropriate and effective) which shall be prescribed by the Commissioner, except that as applied to mortgages so acquired (A) all references in section 204 to the Mutual Mortgage Insurance Fund or the Fund shall be construed to refer to the Section 220 Housing Insurance Fund, (B) all references in section 204 to section 203 shall be construed to refer to this section, and (C) all references in section 207 to the Housing Insurance Fund, the Housing Fund, or the Fund shall be construed to refer to the Section 220 Housing Insurance Fund.

(h) (1) Section 223(a) of such Act is amended by striking out “213, or 222” each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof “213, 220, 221, 222, 223, or 233”.

(2) Section 223(a)(7) of such Act is amended—
   (A) by striking out “section 903 or section 908 of title IX” and inserting in lieu thereof “section 220, 221, 903, or 908”; and
   (B) by striking out “insured under section 608 or 908”.

(3) Section 223 of such Act is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

   “(d) With respect to any mortgage, other than a mortgage covering a one- to four-family structure, heretofore or hereafter insured by the Commissioner, and notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, when the taxes, interest on the mortgage debt, mortgage insurance premiums, hazard insurance premiums, and the expense of maintenance and operation of the project covered by such mortgage during the first two years following the date of completion of the project, as determined by the Commissioner, exceed the project income, the Commissioner may, in his discretion and upon such terms and conditions as he may prescribe, permit the excess of the foregoing expenses over the project income to be added to the amount of such mortgage, and extend the coverage of the mortgage insurance thereto, and such additional amount shall be deemed to be part of the original face amount of the mortgage.”

(i) The first sentence of section 224 of such Act is amended to read as follows: “Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, debentures issued under any section of this Act with respect to a loan or mortgage accepted for insurance on or after thirty days following the effective date of the Housing Act of 1954 (except debentures issued pursuant to paragraph (4) of section 221(g)) shall bear interest at the rate in effect on the date the commitment to insure the loan or mortgage was issued, or the date the loan or mortgage was endorsed for insurance, or (when there are two or more insurance endorsements) the date the loan or mortgage was initially endorsed for insurance, whichever rate is the highest, except that debentures issued pursuant to section 220(f), section 220(h)(7), section 221(g), or section 233 may, at the discretion of the Commissioner, bear interest at the rate in effect on the date they are issued.”

(j) Section 226 of such Act is amended by—
   (1) striking out in the first sentence “222, or” and inserting in lieu thereof “222, 223, 224, or”;
   (2) striking out in the third sentence the words “that a written statement setting forth such estimate” and inserting in lieu thereof the following: “or on the basis of any other estimates of the Commissioner, that a written statement setting forth such estimate or estimates, as the case may be,”.
(k) Section 227 of such Act is amended by—

(1) striking out in subsection (a) "or (vi) under section 810 if the mortgage meets the requirements of subsection (f)" and inserting in lieu thereof "(vi) under section 233 if the mortgage meets the requirements of subsection (f)";

(2) striking out in subsection (b) the word "value" and inserting in lieu thereof "value, cost,"; and

(3) striking out in the second and third sentences of subsection (c) "section 221 if the mortgage meets the requirements of paragraph (4) of subsection (d) thereof, or section 231," and inserting in lieu thereof "section 221(d)(3), section 221(d)(4), section 231, or section 233(b)(2)".

(1) Section 229 of such Act is amended to read as follows:

"VOLUNTARY TERMINATION OF INSURANCE

"Sec. 229. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act and with respect to any loan or mortgage heretofore or hereafter insured under this Act, except under section 2, the Commissioner is authorized to terminate any insurance contract upon request by the borrower or mortgagor and the financial institution or mortgagee and upon payment of such termination charge as the Commissioner determines to be equitable, taking into consideration the necessity of protecting the various insurance Funds and Accounts. Upon such termination, borrowers and mortgagors and financial institutions and mortgagees shall be entitled to the rights, if any, to which they would be entitled under this Act if the insurance contract were terminated by payment in full of the insured loan or mortgage."

(m) Section 231(c)(2) of such Act is amended to read as follows:

"(2) not exceed, for such part of such property or project as may be attributable to dwelling use (excluding exterior land improvements as defined by the Commissioner), $2,250 per room (or $9,000 per family unit if the number of rooms in such property or project is less than four per family unit) : Provided, That as to projects to consist of elevator-type structures, the Commissioner may, in his discretion, increase the dollar amount limitation of $2,250 per room to not to exceed $2,750 per room and the dollar amount limitation of $9,000 per family unit to not to exceed $9,400 per family unit, as the case may be, to compensate for the higher costs incident to the construction of elevator-type structures of sound standards of construction and design; except that the Commissioner may, by regulation, increase any of the foregoing dollar amount limitations contained in this paragraph by not to exceed $1,250 per room, without regard to the number of rooms being less than four, or four or more, in any geographical area where he finds that cost levels so require;".

TITLE VII—OPEN SPACE LAND

FINDINGS AND PURPOSE

Sec. 701. (a) The Congress finds that a combination of economic, social, governmental, and technological forces have caused a rapid expansion of the Nation's urban areas, which has created critical problems of service and finance for all levels of government and which, combined with a rapid population growth in such areas, threatens severe problems of urban and suburban living, including the loss of
valuable open-space land in such areas, for the preponderant majority of the Nation's present and future population.

(b) It is the purpose of this title to help curb urban sprawl and prevent the spread of urban blight and deterioration, to encourage more economic and desirable urban development, and to help provide necessary recreational, conservation, and scenic areas by assisting State and local governments in taking prompt action to preserve open-space land which is essential to the proper long-range development and welfare of the Nation's urban areas, in accordance with plans for the allocation of such land for open-space purposes.

FEDERAL GRANTS

Sec. 702. (a) In order to encourage and assist in the timely acquisition of land to be used as permanent open-space land, as defined herein, the Housing and Home Finance Administrator (hereinafter referred to as the "Administrator") is authorized to enter into contracts to make grants to States and local public bodies acceptable to the Administrator as capable of carrying out the provisions of this title to help finance the acquisition of title to, or other permanent interests in, such land. The amount of any such grant shall not exceed 20 per centum of the total cost, as approved by the Administrator, of acquiring such interests: Provided, That this limitation may be increased to not to exceed 30 per centum in the case of a grant extended to a public body which (1) exercises responsibilities consistent with the purposes of this title for an urban area as a whole, or (2) exercises or participates in the exercise of such responsibilities for all or a substantial portion of an urban area pursuant to an interstate or other intergovernmental compact or agreement. The faith of the United States is pledged to the payment of all grants contracted for under this title.

(b) The Administrator may enter into contracts to make grants under this title aggregating not to exceed $50,000,000. There are hereby authorized to be appropriated out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the amounts necessary to provide for the payment of such grants as well as to carry out all other purposes of this title.

(c) No grants under this title shall be used to defray development costs or ordinary State or local governmental expenses, or to help finance the acquisition by a public body of land located outside the urban area for which it exercises (or participates in the exercise of) responsibilities consistent with the purpose of this title.

(d) The Administrator may set such further terms and conditions for assistance under this title as he determines to be desirable.

(e) The Administrator shall consult with the Secretary of the Interior on the general policies to be followed in reviewing applications for grants. To assist the Administrator in such review, the Secretary of the Interior shall furnish him appropriate information on the status of recreational planning for the areas to be served by the open-space land acquired with the grants. The Administrator shall provide current information to the Secretary from time to time on significant program developments.

PLANNING REQUIREMENTS

Sec. 703. (a) The Administrator shall enter into contracts to make grants for the acquisition of land under this title only if he finds that (1) the proposed use of the land for permanent open space is important to the execution of a comprehensive plan for the urban area meeting criteria he has established for such plans, and (2) a program of
comprehensive planning (as defined in section 701(d) of the Housing Act of 1954) is being actively carried on for the urban area.

(b) In extending financial assistance under this title, the Administrator shall take such action as he deems appropriate to assure that local governing bodies are preserving a maximum of open-space land, with a minimum of cost, through the use of existing public land; the use of special tax, zoning, and subdivision provisions; and the continuation of appropriate private use of open-space land through acquisition and leaseback, the acquisition of restrictive easements, and other available means.

CONVERSIONS TO OTHER USES

Sec. 704. No open-space land for which a grant has been made under this title shall, without the approval of the Administrator, be converted to uses other than those originally approved by him. The Administrator shall approve no conversion of land from open-space use unless he finds that such conversion is essential to the orderly development and growth of the urban area involved and is in accord with the then applicable comprehensive plan, meeting criteria established by him. The Administrator shall approve any such conversion only upon such conditions as he deems necessary to assure the substitution of other open-space land of at least equal fair market value and of as nearly as feasible equivalent usefulness and location.

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE, STUDIES, AND PUBLICATION OF INFORMATION

Sec. 705. In order to carry out the purpose of this title the Administrator is authorized to provide technical assistance to State and local public bodies and to undertake such studies and publish such information, either directly or by contract, as he shall determine to be desirable. There are hereby authorized to be appropriated, out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, such amounts as may be necessary to provide for such assistance, studies, and publication. Nothing contained in this section shall limit any authority of the Administrator under any other provision of law.

DEFINITIONS

Sec. 706. As used in this title—

(1) The term "open-space land" means any undeveloped or predominantly undeveloped land in an urban area which has value for (A) park and recreational purposes, (B) conservation of land and other natural resources, or (C) historic or scenic purposes.

(2) The term "urban area" means any area which is urban in character, including those surrounding areas which, in the judgment of the Administrator, form an economic and socially related region, taking into consideration such factors as present and future population trends and patterns of urban growth, location of transportation facilities and systems, and distribution of industrial, commercial, residential, governmental, institutional, and other activities.

(3) The term "State" means any of the several States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and Guam.
Sec. 801. (a) Section 501(b) of the Housing Act of 1949 is amended by inserting "(1)" immediately after "(b)" and by adding at the end thereof a new paragraph as follows:

"(2) For the purposes of this title, the terms 'owner', 'farm', and 'mortgage' shall be deemed to include, respectively, the lessee of, the land included in, and other security interest in, any leasehold interest which the Secretary determines has an unexpired term (A) in the case of a loan, for a period sufficiently beyond the repayment period of the loan to provide adequate security and a reasonable probability of accomplishing the objectives for which the loan is made, and (B) in the case of a grant for a period sufficient to accomplish the objectives for which the grant is made."

(b) Section 502(b)(1) of such Act is amended by striking out "and such additional security" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "or such other security".

(c) Sections 511, 512, and 513 of such Act are each amended by striking out "1961" and inserting in lieu thereof "1965".

Sec. 803. (a) Section 501(a) of the Housing Act of 1949 is amended by inserting "(1)" before "to owners of farms", and by inserting before the period at the end thereof the following: "or that he is the owner of other real estate in a rural area without an adequate dwelling or related facilities for his own use or buildings adequate for his farming operations."

(b) Section 501(c) of such Act is amended by inserting before the semicolon at the end of clause (1) the following: ", or that he is the owner of other real estate in a rural area without an adequate dwelling or related facilities for his own use or buildings adequate for his farming operations."

(c) Section 501 of such Act is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(d) As used in this title (except in sections 503 and 504(b)), the terms 'farm', 'farm dwelling', and 'farm housing' shall include dwellings or other essential buildings of eligible applicants."

Sec. 804. (a) Title V of the Housing Act of 1949 is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"INSURANCE OF LOANS FOR THE PROVISION OF HOUSING AND RELATED FACILITIES FOR DOMESTIC FARM LABOR"

"(Sec. 514. (a) The Secretary is authorized to insure and make commitments to insure loans made by lenders other than the United States to the owner of any farm, any association of farmers, any State or political subdivision thereof, or any public or private nonprofit organization for the purpose of providing housing and related facilities for domestic farm labor in accordance with terms and conditions substantially identical with those specified in section 502; except that—"

"(1) no such loan shall be insured in an amount in excess of the value of the farm involved less any prior liens in the case of a loan to an individual owner of a farm, or the total estimated value of the structures and facilities with respect to which the loan is made in the case of any other loan;"

"(2) no such loan shall be insured if it bears interest at a rate in excess of 5 per centum per annum;"
“(3) out of interest payments by the borrower the Secretary shall retain a charge in an amount not less than one-half of 1 per centum per annum of the unpaid principal balance of the loan;

“(4) the insurance contracts and agreements with respect to any loan may contain provisions for servicing the loan by the Secretary or by the lender, and for the purchase by the Secretary of the loan if it is not in default, on such terms and conditions as the Secretary may prescribe; and

“(5) the Secretary may take mortgages creating a lien running to the United States for the benefit of the insurance fund referred to in subsection (b) notwithstanding the fact that the note may be held by the lender or his assignee.

“(b) The Secretary shall utilize the insurance fund created by section 11 of the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act (7 U.S.C. 1005a) and the provisions of section 13 (a), (b), and (c) of such Act (7 U.S.C. 1005c (a), (b), and (c)) to discharge obligations under insurance contracts made pursuant to this section, and

“(1) the Secretary may utilize the insurance fund to pay taxes, insurance, prior liens, and other expenses to protect the security for loans which have been insured hereunder and to acquire such security property at foreclosure sale or otherwise;

“(2) the notes and security therefor acquired by the Secretary under insurance contracts made pursuant to this section shall become a part of the insurance fund. Loans insured under this section may be held in the fund and collected in accordance with their terms or may be sold and reinsured. All proceeds from such collections, including the liquidation of security and the proceeds of sales, shall become a part of the insurance fund; and

“(3) of the charges retained by the Secretary out of interest payments by the borrower, amounts not less than one-half of 1 per centum per annum of the unpaid principal balance of the loan shall be deposited in and become a part of the insurance fund. The remainder of such charges shall be deposited in the Treasury of the United States and shall be available for administrative expenses of the Farmers Home Administration, to be transferred annually to and become merged with any appropriation for such expenses.

“(c) Any contract of insurance executed by the Secretary under this section shall be an obligation of the United States and incontestable except for fraud or misrepresentation of which the holder of the contract has actual knowledge.

“(d) The aggregate amount of the principal obligations of the loans insured under this section shall not exceed $25,000,000 in any one fiscal year.

“(e) Amounts made available pursuant to section 513 of this Act shall be available for administrative expenses incurred under this section.

“(f) As used in this section—

“(1) the term ‘housing’ means (A) new structures suitable for dwelling use by domestic farm labor, and (B) existing structures which can be made suitable for dwelling use by domestic farm labor by rehabilitation, alteration, conversion, or improvement; and

“(2) the term ‘related facilities’ means (A) new structures suitable for use as dining halls, community rooms or buildings, or infirmaries, or for other essential services facilities, and (B) existing structures which can be made suitable for the above uses by rehabilitation, alteration, conversion, or improvement; and
"Domestic farm labor."

42 USC 1471 et seq.

"(3) the term 'domestic farm labor' means citizens of the United States who receive a substantial portion (as determined by the Secretary) of their income as laborers on farms situated in the United States."

(b) Title V of such Act is further amended—

(1) by inserting in section 506(a) "and section 514," immediately after "501 to 504, inclusive," each place it appears; and

(2) by striking out "under this title" in section 507 and inserting in lieu thereof "under sections 501 to 504, inclusive".

(c) The first paragraph of section 24 of the Federal Reserve Act (12 U.S.C. 371) is amended by inserting after "the Act of August 28, 1937, as amended" the following: ":, or title V of the Housing Act of 1949, as amended".

Sec. 805. (a) Section 506 of the Housing Act of 1949 is amended—

(1) by striking out the last sentence of subsection (a);

(2) by redesignating subsection (b) as subsection (e); and

(3) by inserting after subsection (a) the following new subsections:

Research and technical studies.

"(b) The Secretary is further authorized to conduct research and technical studies including the development, demonstration, and promotion of construction of adequate farm dwellings and other buildings for the purpose of stimulating construction, improving the architectural design and utility of such dwellings and buildings, and utilizing new and native materials, economies in materials and construction methods, and new methods of production, distribution, assembly, and construction, with a view to reducing the cost of farm dwellings and buildings and adapting and developing fixtures and appurtenances for more efficient and economical farm use.

"(c) The Secretary is further authorized to carry out a program of research, study, and analysis of farm housing in the United States to develop data and information on—

"(1) the adequacy of existing farm housing;

"(2) the nature and extent of current and prospective needs for farm housing, including needs for financing and for improved design, utility, and comfort, and the best methods of satisfying such needs;

"(3) problems faced by farmers and other persons eligible under section 501 in purchasing, constructing, improving, altering, repairing, and replacing farm housing;

"(4) the interrelation of farm housing problems and the problems of housing in urban and suburban areas; and

"(5) any other matters bearing upon the provision of adequate farm housing.

"(d) To the extent determined by him to be advisable, the Secretary may carry out the research and study programs authorized by subsections (b) and (c) through grants made by him on such terms, conditions, and standards as he may prescribe to land-grant colleges established pursuant to the Act of July 2, 1862 (7 U.S.C. 301-308) or through such other agencies as he may select."

Sec. 806. (a) Section 508 of the Housing Act of 1949 is amended by striking out "of $5 per day" in subsection (a) and inserting in lieu thereof "determined by the Secretary".
(b) Section 508 of such Act is amended by striking out "their opinions of the reasonable values of the farms" in the second sentence of subsection (b) and inserting in lieu thereof "as to the amount of the loan or grant."

TITLE IX—MISCELLANEOUS

HOME OWNERS’ LOAN ACT OF 1933

Sec. 901. (a) Section 5(c) of the Home Owners’ Loan Act of 1933 is amended by striking out "in loans insured under title I of the National Housing Act, as amended," in the first sentence of the second paragraph and inserting in lieu thereof "in loans insured under title I of the National Housing Act, in home improvement loans insured under title II of the National Housing Act."

(b) Section 5(c) of such Act is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"Without regard to any other provision of this subsection except the area restriction and the $35,000 limitation, any such association may invest an amount not exceeding at any one time 5 per centum of its assets in nonamortized loans which are made on the security of first liens upon homes or combinations of homes and business property and which (1) are repayable within a period of eighteen months, (2) provide that interest payments be made at least semiannually, and (3) do not exceed 80 per centum of the appraised value of the property involved. For the purposes of this paragraph the term ‘first liens’ includes the assignment of the whole of the beneficial interest in a trust having a corporate trustee whereunder real estate held in the trust can be subjected to the satisfaction of the obligation or obligations secured with the same priority as a first mortgage, a first deed of trust, or a first trust deed in the jurisdiction where the real estate is located."

(c) Section 5(c) of such Act is further amended by adding at the end thereof (after the paragraph added by subsection (b) of this section) the following new paragraph:

"Without regard to any other provision of this subsection except the area restriction, any such association is authorized to invest an amount not exceeding at any one time 5 per centum of its assets in amortized loans or participating interests therein which are secured by first liens upon improved real estate used to provide housing facilities for the aging, subject to the following qualifications:

'(1) each such loan shall be repayable within a period of 30 years;
'(2) no such loan shall exceed 90 per centum of the appraised value of the improved real estate given as security therefor; and
'(3) each such loan—
"'(A) shall be made upon and secured by real estate which is improved by housing accommodations, individual or multiple, designed for the purpose of providing accommodations for occupancy by aging persons, or of providing rest homes or nursing homes, so constructed or altered as to be suitable primarily for the occupancy of persons over fifty-five years of age and limited principally to the occupancy of such persons; and
"'(B) shall be made for the implementation of the purpose described in clause (A)."
(d) Section 5(c) of such Act is further amended by adding at the end thereof (after the paragraph added by subsection (c) of this section) the following new paragraph:

"Without regard to any other provision of this subsection, any such association is authorized to invest not more than 5 per centum of its assets in certificates of beneficial interest issued by any urban renewal investment trust. For the purposes of this paragraph the term 'urban renewal investment trust' means an unincorporated trust established by written agreement between the authorized officers of two or more savings institutions the savings or share accounts of which are insured by an agency of the Federal Government, which agreement—

"(1) expressly limits the purposes of the trust and the investment powers of the trustees to the elimination or prevention of the spread of slums and blighted or deteriorated or deteriorating areas and the redevelopment, renewal, rehabilitation, or conservation of such areas by private enterprise through financing the purchase or rehabilitation of real property, or the construction of improvements thereon, designed or usable for industrial, commercial, or housing purposes within the confines of an urban renewal area (as defined in section 110 of the Housing Act of 1949);

"(2) expressly limits the beneficial ownership of the trust to savings and loan associations or banks the savings or share accounts of which are insured by an agency of the Federal Government;

"(3) provides that such beneficial ownership be evidenced by certificates of beneficial interest, which certificates shall have first claim at all times on the assets of the trust without preference between the holders thereof, and shall be fully transferable and assignable between any such banks and savings and loan associations at all times; and

"(4) expressly provides that it shall be effective and binding between the parties thereto only upon being approved by the board.

Any association chartered under the provisions of this section may become a party to any urban renewal investment trust. The Federal Home Loan Bank Board shall prescribe such rules and regulations, not inconsistent with the provisions of this paragraph, as it may deem necessary for the proper establishment of urban renewal investment trusts, for the effective operation thereof, and the participation in such operations of eligible institutions either as parties, as trustees, or as the holders of certificates of beneficial interest."

(e) Section 5(c) of such Act is further amended by adding at the end thereof (after the paragraph added by subsection (d) of this section) the following new paragraph:

"Without regard to any other provision of this subsection, any such association whose general reserves, surplus, and undivided profits aggregate a sum in excess of 5 per centum of its withdrawable accounts is authorized to invest in, to lend to, or to commit itself to lend to any business development credit corporation incorporated in the State in which the head office of such association is situated, in the same manner and to the same extent as the statutes of such State authorize a savings and loan association organized under the laws of said State to invest in, to lend to, or to commit itself to lend to such business development credit corporation, but the aggregate amount of such investments, loans, and commitments of any such association outstanding at any time shall not exceed one-half of 1 per centum of the total outstanding loans made by such association, or $250,000, whichever is the lesser."
FEDERAL RESERVE ACT

SEC. 902. Section 24 of the Federal Reserve Act is amended by inserting at the end of the next to the last paragraph a new sentence as follows: “Home improvement loans which are insured under the provisions of section 203(k) or 220(h) of the National Housing Act may be made without regard to the first lien requirements of this section.”

VOLUNTARY HOME MORTGAGE CREDIT PROGRAM

SEC. 903. Section 610(a) of the Housing Act of 1954 is amended by striking out “1961” and inserting in lieu thereof “1965”.

DISPOSAL OF PASSYUNK WAR HOUSING PROJECT

SEC. 904. Section 802(a) of the Housing Act of 1959 is amended by striking out “five” in the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof “six”.

DISPOSAL OF NATHANAEL GREENE VILLA HOUSING PROJECT

SEC. 905. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 606 of the Act entitled “An Act to expedite the provision of housing in connection with national defense, and for other purposes”, approved October 14, 1940, as amended, and any agreements entered into thereunder, the Housing and Home Finance Administrator and the Public Housing Administration are authorized and directed to agree to the sale by the Housing Authority of Savannah, Georgia, to the city of Savannah, Georgia, of all right, title, and interest in and to Nathanael Greene Villa (low-rent Housing project GA-2-8; formerly war housing project GA-9041), for a total price of $275,000, which shall be paid to the Administration and deposited by the Administration in the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts in accordance with section 606(d) of such Act.

HOSPITAL CONSTRUCTION

SEC. 906. (a) Section 605(b) of the Housing Act of 1956 is amended by striking out “1960” and inserting in lieu thereof “1962”.

(b) Section 605(c) of such Act is amended by striking out “and June 30, 1961” and inserting in lieu thereof “June 30, 1961, and June 30, 1962”.

PAYMENT IN LIEU OF TAXES BY HOLYOKE HOUSING AUTHORITY

SEC. 907. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law or any contract or rule of law, the Public Housing Commissioner shall approve the payment in lieu of taxes, in the amount of $9,933.47, made by the Holyoke Housing Authority to the city of Holyoke, Massachusetts, under section 10(h) of the United States Housing Act of 1937, for its fiscal year ended December 31, 1956.

RECORDS AND AUDIT

SEC. 908. Section 814 of the Housing Act of 1954 is amended to read as follows:

“RECORDS

‘SEC. 814. Every contract between the Housing and Home Finance Agency (or any official or constituent thereof) and any person or local body (including any corporation or public or private agency or body) for a loan, advance, grant, or contribution under the United
States Housing Act of 1937, as amended, the Housing Act of 1949, as amended, or any other Act shall provide that such person or local body shall keep such records as the Housing and Home Finance Agency (or such official or constituent thereof) shall from time to time prescribe, including records which permit a speedy and effective audit and will fully disclose the amount and the disposition by such person or local body of the proceeds of the loan, advance, grant, or contribution, or any supplement thereto, the capital cost of any construction project for which any such loan, advance, grant, or contribution is made, and the amount of any private or other non-Federal funds used or grants-in-aid made for or in connection with any such project. No mortgage covering new or rehabilitated multifamily housing (as defined in section 227 of the National Housing Act, as amended) shall be insured unless the mortgagor certifies that he will keep such records as are prescribed by the Federal Housing Commissioner at the time of the certification and that they will be kept in such form as to permit a speedy and effective audit. The Housing and Home Finance Agency or any official or constituent agency thereof and the Controller General of the United States shall have access to and the right to examine and audit such records. This section shall become effective on the first day after the first full calendar month following the date of approval of the Housing Act of 1961.”

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, subject to valid existing rights, the lands and interests in lands which comprise section 1-A of the Blue Ridge Parkway and lie between the southern boundary of the Shenandoah National Park at Jarman Gap and parkway centerline station 448+00 at Rockfish Gap are excluded from the parkway, made a part of the Shenandoah National Park, and shall be administered in accordance with the Act of August 25, 1916 (39 Stat. 535; 16 U.S.C. 1-4), as amended and supplemented.

Public Law 87-72

AN ACT

To provide a one-year extension of the existing corporate normal-tax rate and of certain excise-tax rates.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Tax Rate Extension Act of 1961".

SEC. 2. ONE-YEAR EXTENSION OF CORPORATE NORMAL-TAX RATE.

Section 11(b) (relating to corporate normal tax), section 821(a) (1)(A) (relating to mutual insurance companies other than interinsurers), and section 821(b)(1) (relating to interinsurers) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 are amended as follows:

(1) By striking out "JULY 1, 1961" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "JULY 1, 1962";
(2) By striking out "July 1, 1961" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "July 1, 1962";
(3) By striking out "JUNE 30, 1961" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "JUNE 30, 1962";
(4) By striking out "June 30, 1961" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "June 30, 1962".

SEC. 3. ONE-YEAR EXTENSION OF CERTAIN EXCISE-TAX RATES.

(a) Extension of Rates.—The following provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 are amended by striking out "July 1, 1961" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "July 1, 1962"—

(1) section 4061 (relating to motor vehicles);
(2) section 4251(b)(2) (relating to termination of tax on general telephone service);
(3) section 4261 (relating to tax on transportation of persons);
(4) section 5001(a)(1) (relating to distilled spirits);
(5) section 5001(a)(3) (relating to imported perfumes containing distilled spirits);
(6) section 5022 (relating to cordials and liqueurs containing wine);
(7) section 5041(b) (relating to wines);
(8) section 5051(a) (relating to beer); and
(9) section 5701(c)(1) (relating to cigarettes).

(b) Technical Amendments.—The following provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 are amended as follows:

(1) Section 5063 (relating to floor stocks refunds on distilled spirits, wines, cordials, and beer) is amended by striking out "July 1, 1961" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "July 1, 1962", and by striking out "October 1, 1961" and inserting in lieu thereof "October 1, 1962".
(2) Subsections (a) and (b) of section 5707 (relating to floor stocks refunds on cigarettes) are amended by striking out "July 1, 1961" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "July 1, 1962", and by striking out "October 1, 1961" and inserting in lieu thereof "October 1, 1962".
(3) Section 6412(a)(1) (relating to floor stocks refunds on automobiles) is amended by striking out "July 1, 1961" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "July 1, 1962", by striking out "October 1, 1961" and inserting in lieu thereof "October 1, 1962", and by striking out "November 10, 1961" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "November 10, 1962".
Section 497 of the Revenue Act of 1951 (relating to refunds on articles from foreign trade zones) as amended, is amended by striking out "July 1, 1961" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "July 1, 1962".


Public Law 87-73

JOINT RESOLUTION

Providing for acceptance by the United States of America of the Agreement for the Establishment of the Caribbean Organization signed by the Governments of the Republic of France, the Kingdom of the Netherlands, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, and the United States of America.

Whereas representatives of the Governments of the Republic of France, the Kingdom of the Netherlands, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, and the United States of America signed at Washington on June 21, 1960, the "Agreement for the Establishment of the Caribbean Organization" to replace the agreement signed at Washington on October 30, 1946, establishing the Caribbean Commission in which the Government of the United States of America participates by authority of the joint resolution of March 4, 1948 (62 Stat. 65; 22 U.S.C. 280h); and

Whereas these four Governments have reviewed the work of the Caribbean Commission, have recognized that the Commission has rendered valuable services to the Caribbean area, and have considered statements from the local governments calling for a review of the Caribbean Commission Agreement in the light of new constitutional relationships; and

Whereas the purposes and functions of the Caribbean Organization are similar to those of the Caribbean Commission, that is, to consult and to advise with respect to social, cultural, and economic cooperation in the area; and

Whereas since the establishment of the Caribbean Commission significant constitutional and economic changes have taken place in the area, and the Governments of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands have indicated their willingness to accept increased responsibility in consulting and advising with respect to social, cultural, and economic problems in the area; Therefore be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President is hereby authorized to accept on behalf of the Government of the United States of America the "Agreement for the Establishment of the Caribbean Organization" signed at Washington on June 21, 1960, by representatives of the Governments of the Republic of France, the Kingdom of the Netherlands, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, and the United States of America; that the participation of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands of the United States in the Caribbean Organization is hereby authorized; that the Caribbean Organization shall, upon promulgation by the President of an Executive order to this effect, be entitled to the privileges, exemptions, and immunities conferred by the International Organizations Immunities Act (59 Stat. 669; 22 U.S.C. 288); and that the Secretary of State is hereby authorized to appoint or designate a United States observer to the Caribbean Organization.

AN ACT

Making supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1961, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to supply supplemental appropriations (this Act may be cited as the "Fourth Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1961") for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1961, and for other purposes, namely:

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—MILITARY

MILITARY PERSONNEL

RETIRED PAY, DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

For an additional amount for "Retired pay, Department of Defense", $14,500,000.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL PRISON SYSTEM

SUPPORT OF U.S. PRISONERS

For an additional amount for "Support of United States prisoners", $405,000.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS AND CONFERENCES

CONTRIBUTIONS TO INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS

For an additional amount for "Contributions to international organizations", $32,204,000.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT

U.S. SECRET SERVICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", $105,000.


AN ACT

To amend Public Law 85-626, as amended by Public Law 86-542, relating to dual rate contract agreements.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 2 of the Act entitled "To amend the Shipping Act, 1916", approved August 12, 1958 (72 Stat. 574), as amended by an Act approved June 29, 1960 (74 Stat. 258), is further amended by striking out "June 30, 1961" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 15, 1961".

Public Law 87-76

AN ACT

To authorize the purchase and exchange of land and interests therein on the Blue Ridge and Natchez Trace Parkways.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, in order to consolidate, on the Blue Ridge Parkway and the Natchez Trace Parkway, the land forming each such parkway, to adjust ownership lines, and to eliminate hazardous crossings of and accesses to these parkways, the Secretary of the Interior is authorized to acquire, by purchase or exchange, land and interests in land contiguous to the parkways. In consummating exchanges under this Act, the Secretary may transfer parkway land, interests therein, and easements: Provided, That the property rights so exchanged shall be approximately equal in value.


Public Law 87-77

AN ACT

To provide transportation on Canadian vessels between ports in southeastern Alaska, and between Hyder, Alaska, and other points in southeastern Alaska, and between Hyder, Alaska, and other points in the United States outside Alaska, either directly or via a foreign port, or for any part of the transportation.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, notwithstanding the provisions of law of the United States restricting to vessels of the United States the transportation of passengers and merchandise directly or indirectly from any port in the United States to another port of the United States, passengers may be transported on Canadian vessels between ports in southeastern Alaska, and passengers and merchandise may be transported on Canadian vessels between Hyder, Alaska, and other points in southeastern Alaska, and between Hyder, Alaska, and other points in the United States outside Alaska, either directly or via a foreign port, or for any part of the transportation until the Secretary of Commerce determines that United States-flag service is available to provide such transportation.


Public Law 87-78

AN ACT

To revise the boundaries and to change the name of Fort Vancouver National Monument, in the State of Washington, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, for the purpose of preserving certain historic properties associated with the Fort Vancouver National Monument, established pursuant to the Act of June 19, 1948, chapter 546 (62 Stat. 532; 16 U.S.C. 450ff-450ff-2), the Secretary of the Interior may revise the boundaries of the monument to include therein not more than one hundred and thirty additional acres of land adjacent to, contiguous to, or in the vicinity of, the existing monument.
Sec. 2. The Secretary of the Interior may acquire in such manner as he may consider to be in the public interest the non-Federal lands and interests in lands within the revised boundaries.

Sec. 3. The heads of executive departments may transfer to the Secretary of the Interior, without exchange of funds, administrative jurisdiction over such federally owned lands and other property under their administrative jurisdictions within the revised boundary as may become excess to the needs of their respective agencies, for inclusion in the Fort Vancouver National Monument.

Sec. 4. Fort Vancouver National Monument is redesignated Fort Vancouver National Historic Site.


Public Law 87-79

AN ACT
To amend the Act of August 7, 1946, relating to the District of Columbia hospital center to extend the time during which appropriations may be made for the purposes of that Act.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 6 of the Act entitled “An Act to provide for the establishment of a modern, adequate, and efficient hospital center in the District of Columbia, to authorize the making of grants for hospital facilities to private agencies in the District of Columbia, to provide a basis for repayment to the Government by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, and for other purposes”, approved August 7, 1946, as amended, is further amended by striking out “1961” and inserting in lieu thereof “1962”.


Public Law 87-80

AN ACT
To include within the boundaries of Joshua Tree National Monument, in the State of California, certain federally owned lands used in connection with said monument, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act of September 25, 1950, chapter 1030 (64 Stat. 1033; 16 U.S.C. 450ii), is hereby amended by inserting after the period at the end of section 1 the following: “Also, all that portion of the south half of the northeast quarter and of the north half of the southeast quarter of section 33, township 1 north, range 9 east, San Bernardino base and meridian, in the county of San Bernardino, State of California, shown on map titled ‘Record of Survey’ by H. F. Cameron, Junior, licensed engineer 6826, dated December 29, 1948, and James B. Hommon, licensed engineer 6916, dated October 5, 1949, and made for the National Park Service, Department of the Interior, and recorded October 17, 1949, in volume 7, page 72, of the official records of the county of San Bernardino, said land being described as follows:

“Beginning at the United States Government Land Office monument marked as the east quarter corner of said section 33, thence proceeding on a true bearing south 89 degrees 02 minutes 10 seconds west a distance of 50.01 feet to the true point of beginning of the hereinafter described parcel of land;
"Thence north 0 degrees 02 minutes 55 seconds west a distance of 250.08 feet to a point of curve; thence along the arc of a curve to the left having a radius of 20.00 feet a distance of 31.73 feet to a point of tangency; thence south 89 degrees 02 minutes 40 seconds west a distance of 2,559.24 feet; thence south 0 degrees 19 minutes 50 seconds east a distance of 270.76 feet;

"Thence south 0 degrees 21 minutes 02 seconds east a distance of 409.32 feet to the beginning of a curve; thence along the arc of a curve to the left having a radius of 280.98 feet a distance of 275.93 feet to a point of compound curvature; thence along the arc of a curve to the left having a radius of 800.00 feet a distance of 753.98 feet to a point of tangency; thence north 69 degrees 22 minutes 58 seconds east a distance of 125.31 feet to the beginning of a curve;

"Thence along the arc of a curve to the right having a radius of 1,400.00 feet a distance of 1,042.74 feet to a point of tangency; thence south 67 degrees 56 minutes 33 seconds east a distance of 94.55 feet to the beginning of a curve; thence along the arc of a curve to the left having a radius of 700.00 feet a distance of 366.52 feet to a point of compound curvature;

"Thence along the arc of a curve to the left having a radius of 167.60 feet a distance of 240.17 feet to a point of tangency; thence north 0 degrees 02 minutes 55 seconds west a distance of 648.91 feet to the point of beginning containing 57.839 acres, more or less."


Public Law 87-81

AN ACT

To add federally owned lands to, and exclude federally owned lands from, the Cedar Breaks National Monument, Utah, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, in order to further the administration, enhance the setting, and promote the public appreciation and enjoyment of the Cedar Breaks National Monument, in the State of Utah, the lands in the State of Utah, particularly described as follows, to-wit: west half northwest quarter northeast quarter, west half southwest quarter northeast quarter, west half northwest quarter southeast quarter, northwest quarter southeast quarter, all situated in section 36, township 36 south, range 9 west, Salt Lake meridian, northeast quarter lot 8, section 36, township 36 south, range 9 west, Salt Lake meridian, west half northeast quarter northwest quarter, and northwest quarter southeast quarter northwest quarter, both situated in section 12, township 37 south, range 9 west, Salt Lake meridian, consisting of 111.4 acres, more or less, are excluded from Dixie National Forest and added to the monument.

Sec. 2. The lands in the State of Utah particularly described as follows, to-wit: south half southeast quarter, section 15, township 36 south, range 9 west, Salt Lake meridian, northeast quarter lot 2, and south half lot 4, both in section 22, township 36 south, range 9 west, Salt Lake meridian, consisting of 129 acres, more or less, are excluded from the monument and added to Dixie National Forest.
Sec. 3. Lands added to the Cedar Breaks National Monument pursuant to the provisions of this Act shall be administered in accordance with the Act of August 25, 1916, chapter 408 (39 Stat. 535; 16 U.S.C. 1–4), as amended and supplemented, and shall be subject to all laws and regulations applicable to the monument. The lands added to the Dixie National Forest shall be subject to all laws and regulations applicable to the national forest.


Public Law 87-82

JOINT RESOLUTION

Transferring the management of the Senate Restaurants to the Architect of the Capitol, and for other purposes.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That effective August 1, 1961, the management of the Senate Restaurants and all matters connected therewith, heretofore under the direction of the Senate Committee on Rules and Administration, shall be under the direction of the Architect of the Capitol under such rules and regulations as the Architect may prescribe for the operation and the employment of necessary assistance for the conduct of said restaurants by such business methods as may produce the best results consistent with economical and modern management, subject to the approval of the Senate Committee on Rules and Administration as to matters of general policy: Provided, That the management of the Senate Restaurants by the Architect of the Capitol shall cease and the restaurants revert from the jurisdiction of the Architect of the Capitol to the jurisdiction of the Senate Committee on Rules and Administration upon adoption by that committee of a resolution ordering such transfer of jurisdiction at any time hereafter.

Sec. 2. The Senate Committee on Rules and Administration after the close of business July 31, 1961, is hereby authorized and directed to transfer to the jurisdiction of the Architect of the Capitol all accounts, records, supplies, equipment, and assets of the Senate Restaurants that may be in the possession or under the control of the said committee in order that all such items may be available to the Architect of the Capitol toward the maintenance and operation of the Senate Restaurants.

Sec. 3. The Architect of the Capitol is hereby authorized and directed to carry into effect for the United States Senate the provisions of this Act and to exercise the authorities contained herein, and any resolution of the Senate amendatory hereof or supplementary hereto hereafter adopted. Such authority and direction shall continue until the United States Senate shall by resolution otherwise order, or until the Senate Committee on Rules and Administration shall by resolution order the restaurants to be returned to the committee's jurisdiction.

Sec. 4. There is hereby established with the Treasurer of the United States a special deposit account in the name of the Architect of the Capitol for the United States Senate Restaurants, into which shall be deposited all sums received pursuant to this Act or any amendatory or supplementary resolutions hereafter adopted and from the operations thereunder and from which shall be disbursed the sums necessary in connection with the exercise of the duties required under this Act or any amendatory or supplementary resolutions and the operations thereunder. Any amounts hereafter appropriated from
AN ACT

To provide that participation by members of the National Guard in the reenactment of the Battle of First Manassas shall be held and considered to be full-time training duty under section 503 of title 32, United States Code, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) any member of the Army National Guard of the United States or the Air National Guard of the United States who, in his status as a member of the National Guard, voluntarily participates in the reenactment of the Battle of First Manassas shall, while participating in and while proceeding directly to and from any such reenactment, pageant, or ceremony, be held and considered to be engaged in full-time training duty under a call or order to perform training under the provisions of section 503 of title 32, United States Code; but no such member shall be entitled to any pay or allowances from the Federal Government on account of his participation in any such reenactment, pageant, or ceremony.

(b) With respect to the transportation of members described in subsection (a) of this section, maximum utilization shall be made of transportation facilities issued to National Guard units by the Federal Government, and in any case in which such facilities are inadequate for such purpose, transportation facilities of the Armed Forces may be used to the extent deemed practicable by the Secretary of Defense.

Approved July 6, 1961.
Public Law 87-84

AN ACT

To extend the veterans' guaranteed and direct home loan program and to provide additional funds for the veterans' direct loan program.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) section 1803 of title 38, United States Code, is amended by striking out subsection (a) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

“(a) (1) Any loan to a World War II or Korean conflict veteran, if made within the applicable period prescribed in paragraph (3) of this subsection for any of the purposes, and in compliance with the provisions, specified in this chapter is automatically guaranteed by the United States in an amount not more than 60 per centum of the loan if the loan is made for any of the purposes specified in section 1810 of this title and not more than 50 per centum of the loan if the loan is for any of the purposes specified in section 1812, 1813, or 1814 of this title.

“(2) If a loan report or an application for loan guaranty relating to a loan under this chapter is received by the Administrator before the date of the expiration of the veteran’s entitlement, the loan may be guaranteed or insured under the provisions of this chapter after such date.

“(3) (A) A World War II veteran’s entitlement to the benefits of this chapter will expire as follows:

“(i) ten years from the date of discharge or release from the last period of active duty of the veteran, any part of which occurred during World War II, plus an additional period equal to one year for each three months of active duty performed by the veteran during World War II, except that entitlement shall not continue in any case after July 25, 1967, nor shall entitlement expire in any case prior to July 25, 1962; or

“(ii) on July 25, 1967, for a veteran discharged or released for a service-connected disability from a period of active duty, any part of which occurred during World War II.

“(B) A Korean conflict veteran’s entitlement to the benefits of this chapter will expire as follows:

“(i) ten years from the date of discharge or release from the last period of active duty of the veteran, any part of which occurred during the Korean conflict, plus an additional period equal to one year for each three months of active duty performed by the veteran during the Korean conflict, except that entitlement shall not continue in any case after January 31, 1975, nor shall entitlement expire in any case prior to January 31, 1965; or

“(ii) on January 31, 1975, for a veteran discharged or released for a service-connected disability from a period of active duty, any part of which occurred during the Korean conflict.”

(b) The last sentence of section 1802(b) of title 38, United States Code, is amended to read as follows: “Entitlement restored under this subsection may be used by a World War II veteran at any time before July 26, 1967, and by a Korean conflict veteran at any time before February 1, 1975.”

(c) Section 1814(b) of title 38, United States Code, is amended (1) by striking out paragraph (3); (2) by striking out “; and” at the end of paragraph (2) and inserting a period; and (3) by inserting “and” after the semicolon at the end of paragraph (1).

Sec. 2. (a) Paragraphs (2) and (3) of subsection (d) of section 1811 of title 38, United States Code, are amended by striking out
AN ACT
To provide for the increased distribution of the Congressional Record to the Federal Judiciary.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 73 of the Act of January 12, 1895, as amended (44 U.S.C. 183), relating to the gratuitous distribution of the Congressional Record is further amended (a) by inserting therein immediately after the paragraph reading:

"To the offices of the marshal and clerk of the Supreme Court of the United States, each, two copies of the daily and one semi-monthly copy."

an additional paragraph reading as follows:

"To each United States circuit and district judge, and to the chief judge and each associate judge of the United States Court of Claims, the United States Court of Customs and Patent Appeals, the United States Customs Court, the Tax Court of the
United States, and the United States Court of Military Appeals, upon request to a Member of Congress and notification thereof by such Member to the Public Printer, one copy of the daily. Copies so furnished shall be in addition to those authorized to be furnished to Members of Congress under the foregoing provisions of this section;" and (b) by inserting therein immediately after the paragraph reading: "To the library of the Supreme Court of the United States, two copies of the daily, two semimonthly copies, and not to exceed five bound copies." an additional paragraph reading as follows:

"To the library of each United States Court of Appeals, each United States District Court, the United States Court of Claims, the United States Court of Customs and Patent Appeals, the United States Customs Court, the Tax Court of the United States, and the United States Court of Military Appeals, upon request to the Public Printer, one bound copy."

Approved July 11, 1961.

Public Law 87-86

AN ACT
To correct a technical inaccuracy in the Act of May 19, 1961 (Public Law 87-36).

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 3(e) of the Act of May 19, 1961 (Public Law 87-36), is amended by striking out "title 18" and inserting in lieu thereof "title 28".

Approved July 11, 1961.

Public Law 87-87

AN ACT
To amend the Longshoremen's and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act, as amended, to provide increased benefits in case of disabling injuries, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That subsection (b) of section 6 of the Longshoremen's and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act, as amended (33 U.S.C. 906), is amended to read as follows:

"(b) Compensation for disability shall not exceed $70 per week and compensation for total disability shall not be less than $18 per week: Provided, however, That, if the employee's average weekly wages, as computed under section 10, are less than $18 per week, he shall receive as compensation for total disability his average weekly wages."

Sec. 2. Section 9(e) of the said Act is hereby amended to read as follows:

"(e) In computing death benefits the average weekly wages of the deceased shall be considered to have been not more than $105 nor less than $27 but the total weekly compensation shall not exceed the weekly wages of the deceased."

Sec. 3. Section 14(m) of the said Act is hereby amended to read as follows:

"(m) The total money allowance payable to an employee as compensation for an injury under this Act shall in no event exceed in the aggregate the sum of $24,000: Provided, That this limitation shall
not apply to cases of permanent total disability or death: And pro-
vided further, That in applying this limitation there shall not be taken
into account any amount payable under section 8(g) of this title for
maintenance during rehabilitation or any amount of additional com-
ensation required to be paid under this section for delay or default
in the payment of compensation or any amount accruing as interest
upon defaulted compensation collectible under section 18."  

Sec. 4. The amendments made by the foregoing provisions of this
Act shall become effective as to injuries or death sustained on or after
the date of enactment.

Approved July 14, 1961.

Public Law 87-88

AN ACT

To amend the Federal Water Pollution Control Act to provide for a more effective
program of water pollution control, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the
United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) the last
sentence of section 1(a) of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act
(33 U.S.C. 466(a)) is amended to read as follows: "To this end, the
Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare (hereinafter in this Act
called the 'Secretary') shall administer this Act."

(b) Sections 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8(c)(3), and the first sentence of sec-
tion 10(a.), of such Act are each amended by striking out "Surgeon
General" and "Surgeon General's" wherever they appear therein and
inserting in lieu thereof "Secretary" and "Secretary's", respectively.

(c) Sections 4(a) and 7(c) of such Act are each amended by striking
out "Public Health Service" and inserting in lieu thereof "Department
of Health, Education, and Welfare".

(d) Sections 7(a)(2)(B) and 10(b) of such Act are each amended
by striking out "Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare" and
inserting in lieu thereof "Secretary".

(e) Section 10(a) of such Act is amended by striking out the second
and third sentences thereof.

Sec. 2. Section 2 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act is
amended by inserting "(a)" after "Sec. 2." and by inserting at the
end of such section the following:

"(b)(1) In the survey or planning of any reservoir by the Corps
of Engineers, Bureau of Reclamation, or other Federal agency, con-
sideration shall be given to inclusion of storage for regulation of
streamflow for the purpose of water quality control, except that any
such storage and water releases shall not be provided as a sub-
stitute for adequate treatment or other methods of controlling waste
at the source.

"(2) The need for and the value of storage for this purpose shall be
determined by these agencies, with the advice of the Secretary, and
his views on these matters shall be set forth in any report or presenta-
tion to the Congress proposing authorization or construction of any
reservoir including such storage.

"(3) The value of such storage shall be taken into account in deter-
mining the economic value of the entire project of which it is a
part, and costs shall be allocated to the purpose of water quality con-
trol in a manner which will insure that all project purposes share
equitably in the benefits of multiple-purpose construction.
“(4) Costs of water quality control features incorporated in any Federal reservoir or other impoundment under the provisions of this Act shall be determined and the beneficiaries identified and if the benefits are widespread or national in scope, the costs of such features shall be nonreimbursable.”

Sec. 3. (a) The proviso in paragraph (4) of subsection (a) of section 4 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act is amended to read as follows: “Provided, That the Secretary shall report annually to the appropriate committees of Congress on his operations under this paragraph;”.

(b) Section 4 of such Act is further amended by inserting at the end thereof the following new subsections:

“(d) (1) In carrying out the provisions of this section the Secretary shall develop and demonstrate under varied conditions (including conducting such basic and applied research, studies, and experiments as may be necessary):

“(A) Practicable means of treating municipal sewage and other waterborne wastes to remove the maximum possible amounts of physical, chemical, and biological pollutants in order to restore and maintain the maximum amount of the Nation’s water at a quality suitable for repeated reuse;

“(B) Improved methods and procedures to identify and measure the effects of pollutants on water uses, including those pollutants created by new technological developments; and

“(C) Methods and procedures for evaluating the effects on water quality and water uses of augmented streamflows to control water pollution not susceptible to other means of abatement.

“(2) For the purposes of this subsection there is authorized to be appropriated not more than $5,000,000 for any fiscal year, and the total sum appropriated for such purposes shall not exceed $25,000,000.

“(e) The Secretary shall establish, equip, and maintain field laboratory and research facilities, including, but not limited to, one to be located in the northeastern area of the United States, one in the Middle Atlantic area, one in the southeastern area, one in the midwestern area, one in the southwestern area, one in the Pacific Northwest, and one in the State of Alaska, for the conduct of research, investigations, experiments, field demonstrations and studies, and training relating to the prevention and control of water pollution. Insofar as practicable, each such facility shall be located near institutions of higher learning in which graduate training in such research might be carried out.

“(f) The Secretary shall conduct research and technical development work, and make studies, with respect to the quality of the waters of the Great Lakes, including an analysis of the present and projected future water quality of the Great Lakes under varying conditions of waste treatment and disposal, an evaluation of the water quality needs of those to be served by such waters, an evaluation of municipal, industrial, and vessel waste treatment and disposal practices with respect to such waters, and a study of alternate means of solving water pollution problems (including additional waste treatment measures) with respect to such waters.”

Sec. 4. (a) Subsection (a) of section 5 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act is amended by inserting immediately following “June 30, 1961, $3,000,000” the following: “, and for each succeeding fiscal year to and including the fiscal year ending June 30, 1968, $5,000,000”.
(b) Subsection (f) of section 5 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act is amended by striking out "and" at the end of paragraph (4) thereof, by striking out the period at the end of paragraph (5) thereof and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "; and", and by adding after such paragraph (5) the following new paragraph:

"(6) sets forth the criteria used by the State in determining priority of projects as provided in section 6(b) (4)."

(c) The amendment made by subsection (a) of this section shall take effect July 1, 1961.

(d) The amendment made by subsection (b) of this section shall take effect July 1, 1962.

Sec. 5. (a) Clause (2) of subsection (b) of section 6 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act is amended to read as follows: "(2) except as otherwise provided in this clause, no grant shall be made for any project in an amount exceeding 30 per centum of the estimated reasonable cost thereof as determined by the Secretary, or in an amount exceeding $600,000, whichever is the smaller: Provided, That the grantee agrees to pay the remaining cost: Provided further, That, in the case of a project which will serve more than one municipality (A) the Secretary shall, on such basis as he determines to be reasonable and equitable, allocate to each municipality to be served by such project its share of the estimated reasonable cost of such project, and shall then apply the limitations provided in this clause (2) to each such share as if it were a separate project to determine the maximum amount of any grant which could be made under this section with respect to each such share, and the total of all the amounts so determined or $2,400,000, whichever is the smaller, shall be the maximum amount of the grant which may be made under this section on account of such project, and (B) for the purpose of the limitation in the last sentence of subsection (d), the share of each municipality so determined shall be regarded as a grant for the construction of treatment works;".

(b) Subsection (b) of such section 6 is further amended by striking out "and" at the end of clause (3) and by inserting before the period at the end of clause (4) :"; and (5) no grant shall be made under this section for any project in any State in an amount exceeding $250,000 until a grant has been made thereunder for each project in such State (A) for which an application was filed with the appropriate State water pollution control agency prior to one year after the date of enactment of this clause and (B) which the Secretary determines met the requirements of this section and regulations thereunder as in effect prior to the date of enactment of this clause".

(c) The third sentence of subsection (c) of such section 6 is amended to read as follows: "Sums allotted to a State under the preceding sentence which are not obligated within six months following the end of the fiscal year for which they were allotted because of a lack of projects which have been approved by the State water pollution control agency under subsection (b) (1) of this section and certified as entitled to priority under subsection (b) (4) of this section, shall be reallocated by the Secretary, on such basis as he determines to be reasonable and equitable and in accordance with regulations promulgated by him, to States having projects approved under this section for which grants have not been made because of lack of funds: Provided, however, That whenever a State has funds subject to reallocation and the Secretary finds that the need for a project in a community in such State is due in part to any Federal institution or Federal construction activity, he may, prior to such reallocation, make an additional grant
with respect to such project which will in his judgment reflect an equitable contribution for the need caused by such Federal institution or activity. Any sum made available to a State by reallocation under the preceding sentence shall be in addition to any funds otherwise allotted to such State under this Act. The allotments of a State under the second and third sentences of this subsection shall be available, in accordance with the provisions of this section, for payments with respect to projects in such State which have been approved under this section.

(d) Subsection (d) of such section 6 is amended to read as follows:

"(d) There are hereby authorized to be appropriated for each fiscal year through and including the fiscal year ending June 30, 1961, the sum of $50,000,000 per fiscal year for the purpose of making grants under this section. There are hereby authorized to be appropriated, for the purpose of making grants under this section, $80,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1962, $90,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1963, $100,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1964, $100,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1965, $100,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1966, and $100,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1967. Sums so appropriated shall remain available until expended: Provided, That at least 50 percent of the funds so appropriated for each fiscal year shall be used for grants for the construction of treatment works servicing municipalities of 125,000 population or under."

(e) Section 6 is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(f) The Secretary shall take such action as may be necessary to insure that all laborers and mechanics employed by contractors or subcontractors on projects for which grants are made under this section shall be paid wages at rates not less than those prevailing for the same type of work on similar construction in the immediate locality, as determined by the Secretary of Labor, in accordance with the Act of March 3, 1931, as amended, known as the Davis-Bacon Act (40 Stat. 1494; 40 U.S.C., secs. 276a through 276a-5)."

Sec. 6. (a) The first sentence of subsection (a) (1) of section 7 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act is amended to read as follows: "There is hereby established in the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, a Water Pollution Control Advisory Board, composed of the Secretary or his designee, who shall be chairman, and nine members appointed by the President, none of whom shall be Federal officers or employees."

(b) The first sentence of subsection (a) (2)(A) of such section 7 is amended by inserting before the period at the end thereof: "and (iii) the term of any member under the preceding provisions shall be extended until the date on which his successor’s appointment is effective."

(c) Members of the Water Pollution Control Advisory Board (established pursuant to section 7(a) of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act as in effect prior to enactment of this Act) serving immediately before the date of enactment of this Act shall be members of the Water Pollution Control Advisory Board, established by the amendment made by subsection (a) of this section, until the expiration of the terms of office for which they were appointed.

Sec. 7. (a) Subsection (a) of section 8 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act is amended to read as follows:

33 USC 466g.
"ENFORCEMENT MEASURES AGAINST POLLUTION OF INTERSTATE OR NAVIGABLE WATERS

"Sec. 8. (a) The pollution of interstate or navigable waters in or adjacent to any State or States (whether the matter causing or contributing to such pollution is discharged directly into such waters or reaches such waters after discharge into a tributary of such waters), which endangers the health or welfare of any persons, shall be subject to abatement as provided in this Act.

(b) Subsection (b) of such section 8 is amended by striking out "interstate waters" and inserting in lieu thereof "interstate or navigable waters".

(c) Paragraph (1) of subsection (c) of such section 8 is amended to read as follows:

"(c) (1) Whenever requested by the Governor of any State or a State water pollution control agency, or (with the concurrence of the Governor and of the State water pollution control agency for the State in which the municipality is situated) the governing body of any municipality, the Secretary shall, if such request refers to pollution of waters which is endangering the health or welfare of persons in a State other than that in which the discharge or discharges (causing or contributing to such pollution) originates, give formal notification thereof to the water pollution control agency and interstate agency, if any, of the State or States where such discharge or discharges originate and shall call promptly a conference of such agency or agencies and of the State water pollution control agency and interstate agency, if any, of the State or States, if any, which may be adversely affected by such pollution. Whenever requested by the Governor of any State, the Secretary shall, if such request refers to pollution of interstate or navigable waters which is endangering the health or welfare of persons only in the requesting State in which the discharge or discharges (causing or contributing to such pollution) originate, give formal notification thereof to the water pollution control agency and interstate agency, if any, of such State and shall promptly call a conference of such agency or agencies, unless, in the judgment of the Secretary, the effect of such pollution on the legitimate uses of the waters is not of sufficient significance to warrant exercise of Federal jurisdiction under this section. The Secretary shall also call such a conference whenever, on the basis of reports, surveys, or studies, he has reason to believe that any pollution referred to in subsection (a) and endangering the health or welfare of persons in a State other than that in which the discharge or discharges originate is occurring."

(d) Paragraph (3)(A) of subsection (c) of such section 8 is amended by striking out "interstate" and inserting in lieu thereof "interstate, or navigable".

(e) Subsections (d), (e), and (f) of such section 8 are amended to read as follows:

"(d) If the Secretary believes, upon the conclusion of the conference or thereafter, that effective progress toward abatement of such pollution is not being made and that the health or welfare of any persons is being endangered, he shall recommend to the appropriate State water pollution control agency that it take necessary remedial action. The Secretary shall allow at least six months from the date he makes such recommendations for the taking of such recommended action.

(e) If, at the conclusion of the period so allowed, such remedial action has not been taken or action which in the judgment of the Secretary is reasonably calculated to secure abatement of such pollution has not been taken, the Secretary shall call a public hearing,
to be held in or near one or more of the places where the discharge or discharges causing or contributing to such pollution originated, before a Hearing Board of five or more persons appointed by the Secretary. Each State in which any discharge causing or contributing to such pollution originates and each State claiming to be adversely affected by such pollution shall be given an opportunity to select one member of the Hearing Board and at least one member shall be a representative of the Department of Commerce, and not less than a majority of the Hearing Board shall be persons other than officers or employees of the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare. At least three weeks' prior notice of such hearing shall be given to the State water pollution control agencies and interstate agencies, if any, called to attend the aforesaid hearing and the alleged polluter or polluters. On the basis of the evidence presented at such hearing, the Hearing Board shall make findings as to whether pollution referred to in subsection (a) is occurring and whether effective progress toward abatement thereof is being made. If the Hearing Board finds such pollution is occurring and effective progress toward abatement thereof is not being made it shall make recommendations to the Secretary concerning the measures, if any, which it finds to be reasonable and equitable to secure abatement of such pollution. The Secretary shall send such findings and recommendations to the person or persons discharging any matter causing or contributing to such pollution, together with a notice specifying a reasonable time (not less than six months) to secure abatement of such pollution, and shall also send such findings and recommendations and such notice to the State water pollution control agency and to the interstate agency, if any, of the State or States where such discharge or discharges originate.

"(f) If action reasonably calculated to secure abatement of the pollution within the time specified in the notice following the public hearing is not taken, the Secretary—

"(1) in the case of pollution of waters which is endangering the health or welfare of persons in a State other than that in which the discharge or discharges (causing or contributing to such pollution) originate, may request the Attorney General to bring a suit on behalf of the United States to secure abatement of pollution, and

"(2) in the case of pollution of waters which is endangering the health or welfare of persons only in the State in which the discharge or discharges (causing or contributing to such pollution) originate, may, with the written consent of the Governor of such State, request the Attorney General to bring a suit on behalf of the United States to secure abatement of the pollution."

(f) Subsection (h) of such section 8 is amended to read as follows:

"(h) Members of any Hearing Board appointed pursuant to subsection (e) who are not regular full-time officers or employees of the United States shall, while participating in the hearing conducted by such Board or otherwise engaged on the work of such Board, be entitled to receive compensation at a rate fixed by the Secretary, but not exceeding $100 per diem, including travel time, and while away from their homes or regular places of business they may be allowed travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, as authorized by law (5 U.S.C. 735b–2) for persons in the Government service employed intermittently.

"(i) As used in this section the term—

"(1) 'person' includes an individual, corporation, partnership, association, State, municipality, and political subdivision of a State, and
“(2) ‘municipality’ means a city, town, borough, county, parish, district, or other public body created by or pursuant to State law.”

Sec. 8. Section 9 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentences: “In his summary of any conference pursuant to section 8(c) (3) of this Act, the Secretary shall include references to any discharges allegedly contributing to pollution from any Federal property. Notice of any hearing pursuant to section 8(e) involving any pollution alleged to be effected by any such discharges shall also be given to the Federal agency having jurisdiction over the property involved and the findings and recommendations of the Hearing Board conducting such hearing shall also include references to any such discharges which are contributing to the pollution found by such Hearing Board.”

Sec. 9. Section 11 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act is amended by striking out subsections (d) and (e) and inserting in lieu thereof the following: “(d) The term ‘State’ means a State, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and Guam. “(e) The term ‘interstate waters’ means all rivers, lakes, and other waters that flow across or form a part of State boundaries, including coastal waters.”

Sec. 10. Section 301(b) of the Water Supply Act of 1958 (72 Stat. 319), is amended by striking out all beginning with “Provided,” in the first proviso to the colon at the end of the second proviso and inserting in lieu thereof the following: “Provided, That the cost of any construction or modification authorized under the provisions of this section shall be determined on the basis that all authorized purposes served by the project shall share equitably in the benefits of multiple purpose construction, as determined by the Secretary of the Army or the Secretary of the Interior, as the case may be: Provided further, That before construction or modification of any project including water supply provisions for present demand is initiated, State or local interests shall agree to pay for the cost of such provisions in accordance with the provisions of this section; And provided further, That not to exceed 30 per centum of the total estimated cost of any project may be allocated to anticipated future demands where State or local interests give reasonable assurances, and there is reasonable evidence, that such demands for the use of such storage will be made within a period of time which will permit paying out the costs allocated to water supply within the life of the project”.

Sec. 11. This Act may be cited as the “Federal Water Pollution Control Act Amendments of 1961”.

Approved July 20, 1961, 12:25 p.m.

Public Law 87-89

AN ACT

To extend the provisions of title XIII of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958, relating to war risk insurance.


Approved July 20, 1961.
Public Law 87-90

AN ACT

To amend the Surplus Property Act of 1944 to revise a restriction on the conveyance of surplus land for historic-monument purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the last clause of section 13(h) (2) of the Surplus Property Act of 1944, as amended (50 U.S.C. App. 1622(h) (2)), is amended by striking out the words “it was acquired by the United States at any time subsequent to January 1, 1900”, and substituting the words “its historical significance relates to a period of time within the fifty years immediately preceding the determination of suitability and desirability for such use.”

Approved July 20, 1961.

Public Law 87-91

AN ACT

To authorize agencies of the Government of the United States to pay in advance for required publications, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act of June 12, 1930 (46 Stat. 580), is amended by (1) inserting after the word “subscription” the words “or other”, and (2) deleting the words “and other periodicals” and inserting in lieu thereof the words “periodicals, and other publications”.

Sec. 2. The following parts of Acts and all amendments thereto are repealed:

(1) The proviso to the paragraph headed “General Expenses, Library” under the caption “Library, Department of Agriculture” in the Act of March 4, 1909 (35 Stat. 1054);
(2) The first proviso to the paragraph headed “Regular Supplies, Quartermaster Corps” in the Act of April 27, 1914 (38 Stat. 362);
(3) The first parenthetical phrase under the caption “Pay, Miscellaneous” in the Act of March 3, 1915 (38 Stat. 929);
(4) Section 5 of the Act of March 4, 1915 (38 Stat. 1049);

Approved July 20, 1961.

Public Law 87-92

AN ACT

To continue the authority of the President under title II of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954, as amended, to utilize surplus agricultural commodities to assist needy peoples and to promote economic development in underdeveloped areas of the world.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 601 (a) (2) of the Mutual Security Act of 1960 is hereby repealed.

Approved July 20, 1961.
Public Law 87-93

AN ACT

To amend section 216 of the Merchant Marine Act, 1936, as amended, to clarify the status of the faculty and administrative staff at the United States Merchant Marine Academy, to establish suitable personnel policies for such personnel, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 216 of the Merchant Marine Act, 1936, as amended (46 U.S.C. 1126), is amended as follows:

(1) By amending subsection (a) to read as follows:

"Sec. 216. (a) The Secretary of Commerce is hereby authorized and directed, under such rules and regulations as he may prescribe, to establish and maintain the United States Maritime Service as a voluntary organization for the training of citizens of the United States to serve as licensed and unlicensed personnel on American merchant vessels. The Secretary is authorized to determine the number of persons to be enrolled for training and reserve purposes in the said Service, to fix the rates of pay and allowances of such persons, and to prescribe such courses and periods of training as, in his discretion, are necessary to maintain a trained and efficient merchant marine personnel. The ranks, grades, and ratings for personnel of the said Service shall be the same as are now or shall hereafter be prescribed for the personnel of the Coast Guard. The Secretary is authorized to prescribe, by rules and regulations, the uniform of the Service and rules governing the wearing and furnishing of such uniform of persons in the Service."

(2) By adding at the end of the section, two new subsections to read as follows:

"(e) To effectuate the purpose of this section, the Secretary of Commerce is authorized to employ professors, lecturers, and instructors and to compensate them without regard to the Classification Act of 1949, as amended.

(f) On such date as may be fixed by the Civil Service Commission with the approval of the Secretary of Commerce, not later than one year from the date of enactment of this subsection, persons then serving as administrative enrollees shall be brought into the competitive civil service or excepted civil service in accordance with the Civil Service Act and rules, and shall thereafter be compensated in accordance with the Classification Act of 1949, as amended, except as otherwise authorized by subsection (e) of this section or other provisions of law, and shall be subject to other laws of general applicability to civilian employees of the United States, subject to the following exceptions and conditions, notwithstanding any other provisions of law:

(1) The rate of basic compensation of any person serving as administrative enrollee on the date immediately preceding the date specified in the first sentence of this subsection (f) shall upon conversion provided for in this subsection be fixed at a rate which is not less than the combined basic pay and quarters and subsistence allowances received immediately preceding conversion, or the value of such allowances when furnished the person in kind at the rate and in the amounts theretofore authorized by regulation for such allowances. In the case of any such person whose combined basic pay and quarters and subsistence allowances, or value thereof when furnished in kind, exceeds the entrance rate of the grade or level in which his position is placed, the basic compensation of such person shall be fixed at that step in the grade or level which is equal to, or if none be equal, which represents the next higher regular or longevity step or level over the person's combined pay and allowances, as specified above, received im-
imediate preceding the date of conversion. In any case in which no such rate exists in the grade of his position, his rate of basic compensation shall be fixed at the next regular salary rate which is not less than his combined basic pay and quarters and subsistence allowances, or value thereof when furnished in kind. For the purposes of determining eligibility for step increases following conversion, the basic compensation as an administrative enrollee prior to conversion shall be considered as the total amount or value of basic pay, subsistence and quarters allowances. Any adjustment in compensation required by this subsection shall not be considered to be an equivalent increase in compensation for the purpose of a periodic step increase, nor an increase in grade or rate of basic compensation for the purpose of a longevity step increase.

"(2) The rate of basic compensation authorized by this paragraph shall continue until the person is separated from his position or receives a higher rate of basic compensation by operation of law or regulation.

“(3) Any person who, as a result of the action required under the first sentence of this subsection (f), becomes subject to the Annual and Sick Leave Act of 1951, as amended (5 U.S.C. 2061 and the following), shall be credited under that Act with all annual leave remaining to his credit as an administrative enrollee, at the rate of five-sevenths of a day of leave chargeable under the Act (5 U.S.C. 2064) for each calendar day of leave remaining to the credit of the enrollee, without regard to the limitations on maximum leave accumulation provided by the Act, and shall be credited with thirteen days of sick leave in addition to any leave recredit to which the employee may otherwise be entitled.

“(4) Active service of any administrative enrollee performed prior to the date specified in the first sentence of this subsection (f) shall be considered creditable as civilian employment in the executive branch of the Federal Government for all purposes, except that in computing length of service for the purpose of title VII of the Classification Act of 1949, as amended, continuous service immediately preceding the date established under the first sentence of this subsection (f) shall be counted either (1) toward one step increase under section 701, or (2) toward one longevity step increase under section 708, as the case may be.

“(5) Persons converted from their status as administrative enrollees to positions by or pursuant to this subsection (f) shall not be entitled, upon conversion or subsequent separation from such position, to payment of travel and transportation expenses which otherwise may be authorized under the joint travel regulations on separation from the United States Maritime Service; nor shall such persons upon conversion to positions by or pursuant to this subsection be entitled to free medical, dental, surgical and hospital care under section 322(6) of the Public Health Service Act of 1944 (58 Stat. 696, 42 U.S.C. 249)."

Approved July 20, 1961.

Public Law 87-94

AN ACT

To amend the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949, as amended, so as to authorize the use of surplus personal property by State distribution agencies, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 203(n) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949, as amended, is hereby amended by adding at the end thereof the follow-
ing: "In addition, under such cooperative agreements, and subject to such other conditions as may be imposed by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, or the Director, Office of Civil and Defense Mobilization, surplus property which the Administrator may approve for donation for use in any State for purposes of education, public health, or civil defense, or for research for any such purposes, pursuant to subsection (j)(3) or (j)(4), may with the approval of the Administrator be made available to the State agency after a determination by the Secretary or the Director that such property is necessary to, or would facilitate, the effective operation of the State agency in performing its functions in connection with such program. Upon a determination by the Secretary or the Director that such action is necessary to, or would facilitate, the effective use of such surplus property made available under the terms of a cooperative agreement, title thereto may with the approval of the Administrator be vested in the State agency."

Approved July 20, 1961.

Public Law 87-95

AN ACT

To amend the Tariff Act of 1930 to provide for the free entry of electron microscopes and certain other apparatus imported by, or on behalf of, certain institutions.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 201 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (19 U.S.C., sec. 1201), is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"Par. 1825. Apparatus utilizing any radioactive substance in medical diagnosis or therapeutic treatment, including the radioactive material itself when contained in the apparatus as an integral element of the apparatus, and electron microscopes, and parts or accessories of any of the foregoing, imported for its own use and not for sale by, or on behalf of, any nonprofit society, institution, or organization, whether public or private, incorporated or established for educational, scientific, or therapeutic purposes."

SEC. 2. The amendment made by the first section of this Act shall apply with respect to articles entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the date of enactment of this Act and to articles covered by entries or withdrawals which have not been liquidated, or the liquidation of which has not become final, on such date of enactment.

Approved July 20, 1961.

Public Law 87-96

JOINT RESOLUTION

Providing for the apportionment to the Commonwealth of Massachusetts of its share of funds authorized for the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1963.

Whereas the Commonwealth of Massachusetts by Act of its Legislature, approved May 25, 1961, (Chapter 523, Massachusetts Acts of 1961) has amended its laws relative to the gross weight load of certain motor vehicles operated on the highways of the Commonwealth including routes on the Interstate System; and

Whereas such amendment, the effect of which would increase the maximum load permitted to be carried on the axles of such vehicles
substantially above that legally permitted by State law on July 1, 1956, was enacted and approved without full knowledge of the conflict of such amendment with the provisions of section 127 of title 23, United States Code; and

Whereas section 127 of title 23, United States Code, provides that no funds authorized to be appropriated for the Interstate System for any fiscal year shall be apportioned to any State within the boundaries of which the Interstate System may lawfully be used by vehicles in excess of certain specified weights and dimensions, unless such vehicles could be so lawfully operated within such State on July 1, 1956, and that any funds withheld under these provisions shall lapse; and

Whereas the amendment to the Massachusetts laws approved May 25, 1961, has the effect of exceeding the maximum weight limitations of section 127 of title 23, United States Code; and

Whereas the withholding from apportionment and consequent lapsing of funds for the Interstate System for the fiscal year 1963 would cause undue hardship to the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, and inasmuch as its legislature, having adjourned, does not have reasonable opportunity to enact corrective legislation in sufficient time to prevent such lapse of funds since the apportionment for the fiscal year 1963 is expected to be made by the Secretary of Commerce in the near future: Therefore be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That notwithstanding section 127 of title 23 of the United States Code, the Secretary of Commerce shall apportion to the Commonwealth of Massachusetts its share of funds authorized to be appropriated for the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1963. Such apportionment shall be made in accordance with section 104(b)(5) of title 23 of the United States Code and shall be subject to the condition that the funds so apportioned shall not be obligated or otherwise expended by such Commonwealth so long as the vehicle weight and width limitations established by the law of such Commonwealth exceed such limitations contained in section 127 of title 23 of the United States Code. If on March 15, 1962, the vehicle weight and width limitations established by the law of such Commonwealth exceed such limitations contained in section 127 of title 23 of the United States Code, then funds apportioned to such Commonwealth under this joint resolution shall lapse.

Approved July 20, 1961.

Public Law 87-97

AN ACT

To amend section 4004 of title 38, United States Code, to require that the Board of Veterans' Appeals render findings of fact and conclusions of law in the opinions setting forth its decisions on appeals.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 4004 of title 38, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"(d) The decisions of the Board shall be in writing and shall contain findings of fact and conclusions of law separately stated."

SEC. 2. The amendment made by this Act shall take effect as of January 1, 1962.

Approved July 20, 1961.
AN ACT

To authorize appropriations to the National Aeronautics and Space Administration for salaries and expenses, research and development, construction of facilities, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there is hereby authorized to be appropriated to the National Aeronautics and Space Administration for the fiscal year 1962 the sum of $1,784,300,000, as follows:

(a) For “Salaries and expenses”, $226,686,000.
(b) For “Research and development”, $1,305,539,000.
(c) For “Construction of facilities”, $252,075,000, as follows:
   (1) Langley Research Center, Hampton, Virginia, $3,980,000.
   (2) Ames Research Center, Moffett Field, California, $5,650,000.
   (3) Lewis Research Center, Cleveland, Ohio, $3,590,000.
   (4) Goddard Space Flight Center, Greenbelt, Maryland, $9,212,000.
   (5) Wallops Station, Wallops Island, Virginia, $6,313,000.
   (6) Jet Propulsion Laboratory, Pasadena, California, $3,642,000.
   (7) Marshall Space Flight Center, Huntsville, Alabama, $12,891,000.
   (8) Atlantic Missile Range, Cape Canaveral, Florida, $49,583,000.
   (9) Pacific Missile Range, Point Arguello, California, $998,000.
   (10) At various locations, including those specified in subsection 1(c) (1)–1(c) (9), and including land acquisitions therefor, $146,186,000.
   (11) Facility planning and design not otherwise provided for, $10,000,000.

(d) Appropriations for “Research and development” may be used (i) for any items of a capital nature (other than acquisition of land) which may be required for the performance of research and development contracts, and (ii) for grants to nonprofit institutions of higher education, or to nonprofit organizations whose primary purpose is the conduct of scientific research, for purchase or construction of additional research facilities; and title to such facilities shall be vested in the United States unless the Administrator determines that the national program of aeronautical and space activities will best be served by vesting title in any such grantee institution or organization. Each such grant shall be made under such conditions as the Administrator shall determine to be required to insure that the United States will receive therefrom benefit adequate to justify the making of that grant. None of the funds appropriated for “Research and development” pursuant to this Act may be used for construction of any major facility, the estimated cost of which, including collateral equipment, exceeds $250,000, unless the Administrator or his designee notifies the Committee on Science and Astronautics of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Aeronautical and Space Sciences of the Senate of the nature, location, and estimated cost of such facility.

(e) When so specified in an appropriation Act any amount appropriated for “Research and development” and for “Construction of facilities” may remain available without fiscal year limitation.
(f) Appropriations other than "Construction of facilities" may be used, but not to exceed $20,000, for scientific consultations or extraordinary expenses upon the approval or authority of the Administrator and his determination shall be final and conclusive upon the accounting officers of the Government.

(g) The amount included for personnel security investigations in the sum authorized by section 1(a) in the discretion of the Administrator may be increased by not more than $2,000,000, but the aggregate sum provided by section 1(a) for salaries and expenses may not be exceeded by reason of any such increase.

Sec. 2. Authorization is hereby granted whereby any of the amounts prescribed in subparagraphs (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10), or (11) of subsection 1(c) may, in the discretion of the Administrator of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, be varied upward 5 per centum to meet unusual cost variations, but the total cost of all work authorized under such subparagraphs shall not exceed a total of $252,075,000.

Sec. 3. Not to exceed 3 per centum of the funds appropriated pursuant to subsections 1(a) and 1(b) hereof may be transferred to the "Construction of facilities" appropriation, and, when so transferred, together with $30,000,000 of the funds appropriated pursuant to subsection 1(c) hereof, shall be available for expenditure to construct, expand, or modify laboratories and other installations at any location (including locations specified in subsection 1(c)), if (1) the Administrator determines such action to be necessary because of changes in the national program of aeronautical and space activities or new scientific or engineering developments, and (2) he determines that deferral of such action until the enactment of the next authorization Act would be inconsistent with the interest of the Nation in aeronautical and space activities. The funds so made available may be expended to acquire, construct, convert, rehabilitate, or install permanent or temporary public works, including land acquisition, site preparation, appurtenances, utilities, and equipment. No portion of such sums may be obligated for expenditure or expended to construct, expand, or modify laboratories and other installations until the Administrator or his designee has transmitted to the Committee on Science and Astronautics of the House of Representatives and to the Committee on Aeronautical and Space Sciences of the Senate a written report containing a full and complete statement concerning (1) the nature of such construction, expansion, or modification, (2) the cost thereof, including the cost of any real estate action pertaining thereto, and (3) the reason why such construction, expansion, or modification is necessary in the national interest. No such funds may be used for any construction, expansion, or modification if authorization for such construction, expansion, or modification previously has been denied by the Congress.

Sec. 4. The Administrator is hereby authorized to transfer, with the approval of the Bureau of the Budget, funds appropriated pursuant to this Act, to any other agency of the Government whenever the Administrator determines such transfer necessary for the efficient accomplishment of the objectives for which the funds have been appropriated. Not more than $20,000,000 of the funds authorized by this Act may be transferred by the Administrator under this section, and no transfer in excess of $250,000 shall be made under this section unless the Administrator has transmitted to the Committee on Aeronautical and Space Sciences of the Senate and to the Committee on
Science and Astronautics of the House of Representatives a written statement concerning the amount and purpose of, and the reason for, such transfer, and (1) each such committee has transmitted to the Administrator written notice to the effect that such committee has no objection to that transfer, or (2) thirty days have passed after the transmittal by the Administrator of such statement to those committees.

Approved July 21, 1961, 12:00 a.m.

Public Law 87-99

AN ACT

To equalize the provisions of title 38, United States Code, relating to the transportation of the remains of veterans who die in Veterans' Administration facilities to the place of burial.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 903(b) is amended to read as follows:

"(b) In addition to the foregoing, when such a death occurs in a State, the Administrator shall transport the body to the place of burial in the same, or any other State. For the purposes of this subsection the term 'State' includes the Canal Zone."


Public Law 87-100

AN ACT

To place Naval Reserve Officers' Training Corps graduates (Regulars) in a status comparable with United States Naval Academy graduates.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That title 10, United States Code, is amended as follows:

(1) Section 6907 is repealed.
(2) The analysis of chapter 601 is amended by striking out the following item:

"6907. Officer candidate training program: officers other than naval aviators; retention or transfer to reserve."


Public Law 87-101

AN ACT

To amend section 521 of title 38, United States Code, to provide that certain service shall be creditable for pension purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 521(f) of title 38, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking out the word "or" at the end of paragraph (2); (2) by striking out the period at the end of paragraph (3) and inserting in lieu thereof a semicolon followed by the word "or"; and (3) by adding a new paragraph (4) to read as follows:

"(4) for an aggregate of ninety days or more in two or more separate periods of service during more than one period of war."
Sec. 2. Pension shall not be paid for any period prior to the effective
date of this Act to any person whose eligibility for pension is estab-
lished solely by virtue of this Act.

Public Law 87-102

AN ACT

To extend the provisions for benefits based on limited periods immediately
following discharge from active duty after December 31, 1956, to veterans
discharged before that date.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the
United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 106(c)
of title 38, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:
“(c) For the purposes of this title, an individual discharged or re-
leased from a period of active duty shall be deemed to have continued
on active duty during the period of time immediately following the
date of such discharge or release from such duty determined by the
Secretary concerned to have been required for him to proceed to his
home by the most direct route, and in any event he shall be deemed
to have continued on active duty until midnight of the date of such
discharge or release.”

Sec. 2. No monetary benefits shall accrue by reason of the amend-
ments made by this Act for any period prior to the date of enactment.

Public Law 87-103

AN ACT

To provide uniformity in certain conditions of entitlement to reenlistment
bonuses under the Career Compensation Act of 1949, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the
United States of America in Congress assembled, That sections 207(e)
and 208 of the Career Compensation Act of 1949, as amended (37
U.S.C. 238(e), 239), are each amended by striking out the words
“ninety days” wherever they appear therein and inserting the words
“three months” in place thereof.

Sec. 2. Any individual who—
(1) reenlisted in the regular component of the uniformed
service concerned after July 15, 1954;
(2) reenlisted within three months but more than ninety days
after the date of his discharge or release from active duty; and
(3) received no reenlistment bonus, or received an enlistment
allowance, or a reenlistment bonus computed under the provisions
of section 207 of the Career Compensation Act,
may be paid a reenlistment bonus under section 208 of such Act if
he received no bonus, or may be paid the difference between the
amount of the enlistment allowance or reenlistment bonus that he
actually received and the amount that he would have received if his
reenlistment bonus had been computed under the provisions of section
208 of such Act. To be eligible for payment under this section, an
individual must apply for the payment within one year after the date
of enactment of this Act.

Sec. 3. Retroactive payments shall be made from appropriations
applicable at the date of reenlistment or from appropriations currently
available for military pay and allowances.
JOINT RESOLUTION

To extend the time for conducting the referendum with respect to the national marketing quota for wheat for the marketing year beginning July 1, 1962.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 336 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "Notwithstanding any other provision hereof, the referendum with respect to the national marketing quota for wheat for the marketing year beginning July 1, 1962, may be conducted not later than August 26, 1961."


AN ACT

To amend the Act of September 2, 1960 (74 Stat. 734), in order to authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to establish minimum standards of quality for any variety of grapes and plums covered by such Act, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first section of the Act of September 2, 1960 (74 Stat. 734), is amended by (1) inserting "of any variety" immediately after "any grapes or plums", and (2) inserting "for such variety" immediately after "established".

Sec. 2. Section 4 of such Act is amended to read as follows:
"Sec. 4. The Secretary may, by regulation, exempt from compliance with the provisions of this Act (1) any variety or varieties of grapes and plums, and (2) the shipment of such minimum quantities of grapes and plums to any foreign country as he may prescribe."

Approved July 26, 1961.

AN ACT

To amend the Act of April 6, 1949, as amended, so as to authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to make emergency livestock loans under such Act until December 31, 1961, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) section 2(c) of the Act of April 6, 1949, as amended (12 U.S.C. 1148a–2(c)), is amended by striking out at the beginning of the first sentence, "For a period of four years from the effective date of this subsection", and inserting in lieu thereof, "Until December 31, 1961."

(b) Section 2(c) of such Act is further amended by striking out in the second sentence thereof "July 14, 1961", and inserting in lieu thereof "December 31, 1961".

Approved July 26, 1961.
Public Law 87-107

JOINT RESOLUTION

To amend the joint resolution of March 25, 1953, relating to electrical and mechanical office equipment for the use of Members, officers, and committees of the House of Representatives to provide that Members having constituencies of five hundred thousand shall be entitled to an additional $500 worth of equipment; to increase the number of electric typewriters which may be furnished Members; and for other purposes.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That subsection (b) of the first section of the joint resolution entitled "Joint resolution to authorize the Clerk of the House of Representatives to furnish certain electrical or mechanical office equipment for the use of Members, officers, and committees of the House of Representatives", approved March 25, 1953, as amended (2 U.S.C. 112a-(b)), is amended by striking out "$2,500." and inserting in lieu thereof "$2,500, except that in the case of any Member the population of whose constituency is five hundred thousand or more as estimated by the Bureau of the Census, the value of such equipment shall not exceed $3,000 at any one time."

SEC. 2. Section 2 of the joint resolution entitled "Joint resolution to authorize the Clerk of the House of Representatives to furnish certain electrical or mechanical office equipment for the use of Members, officers, and committees of the House of Representatives" approved March 25, 1953, as amended (2 U.S.C. 112a-1), is amended by striking out "two electric typewriters." and inserting in lieu thereof "three electric typewriters, except that in the case of a Member the population of whose constituency is five hundred thousand or more as estimated by the Bureau of the Census, the Clerk shall furnish for use in the office of such Member not to exceed four electric typewriters."

Approved July 26, 1961.

Public Law 87-108

AN ACT

To repeal the provisions of section 5 of the Act of July 28, 1916, as amended, relating to the furnishing of information to the Postmaster General by the Interstate Commerce Commission with respect to revenue received by railroads from express companies for the transportation of express matter.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there is hereby repealed that portion of section 5 of the Act of July 28, 1916 (39 Stat. 428), which reads as follows: "The Postmaster General shall, from time to time, request information from the Interstate Commerce Commission as to the revenue received by railroad companies from express companies for services rendered in the transportation of express matter; and may, in his discretion, arrange for the transportation of mail matter other than of the first class at rates not exceeding those so ascertained and reported to him, and it shall be the duty of the railroad companies to carry such mail matter at such rates fixed by the Postmaster General."

Approved July 26, 1961.
Public Law 87-109

AN ACT

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 to permit the prepaid dues income of certain membership organizations to be included in gross income for the taxable years to which the dues relate.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) subpart B of part II of subchapter E of chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to taxable years for which items of gross income are included) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"SEC. 456. PREPAID DUES INCOME OF CERTAIN MEMBERSHIP ORGANIZATIONS.

(a) YEAR IN WHICH INCLUDED.—Prepaid dues income to which this section applies shall be included in gross income for the taxable years during which the liability described in subsection (e)(2) exists.

(b) WHERE TAXPAYER’S LIABILITY CEASES.—In the case of any prepaid dues income to which this section applies—

(1) If the liability described in subsection (e)(2) ends, then so much of such income as was not includible in gross income under subsection (a) for preceding taxable years shall be included in gross income for the taxable year in which the liability ends.

(2) If the taxpayer ceases to exist, then so much of such income as was not includible in gross income under subsection (a) for preceding taxable years shall be included in gross income for the taxable year in which such cessation of existence occurs.

(c) PREPAID DUES INCOME TO WHICH THIS SECTION APPLIES—

(1) ELECTION OF BENEFITS.—This section shall apply to prepaid dues income if and only if the taxpayer makes an election under this section with respect to the trade or business in connection with which such income is received. The election shall be made in such manner as the Secretary or his delegate may by regulations prescribe. No election may be made with respect to a trade or business if in computing taxable income the cash receipts and disbursements method of accounting is used with respect to such trade or business.

(2) SCOPE OF ELECTION.—An election made under this section shall apply to all prepaid dues income received in connection with the trade or business with respect to which the taxpayer has made the election; except that the taxpayer may, to the extent permitted under regulations prescribed by the Secretary or his delegate, include in gross income for the taxable year of receipt the entire amount of any prepaid dues income if the liability from which it arose is to end within 12 months after the date of receipt. Except as provided in subsection (d), an election made under this section shall not apply to any prepaid dues income received before the first taxable year for which the election is made.

(3) WHEN ELECTION MAY BE MADE.—

(A) WITH CONSENT.—A taxpayer may, with the consent of the Secretary or his delegate, make an election under this section at any time.

(B) WITHOUT CONSENT.—A taxpayer may, without the consent of the Secretary or his delegate, make an election under this section for its first taxable year (i) which begins after December 31, 1960, and (ii) in which it receives pre-
paid dues income in the trade or business. Such election shall be made not later than the time prescribed by law for filing the return for the taxable year (including extensions thereof) with respect to which such election is made.

"(4) Period to Which Election Applies.—An election under this section shall be effective for the taxable year with respect to which it is first made and for all subsequent taxable years, unless the taxpayer secures the consent of the Secretary or his delegate to the revocation of such election. For purposes of this title, the computation of taxable income under an election made under this section shall be treated as a method of accounting.

"(d) Transitional Rule.—

"(1) Amount includible in gross income for election years.—If a taxpayer makes an election under this section with respect to prepaid dues income, such taxpayer shall include in gross income, for each taxable year to which such election applies, not only that portion of prepaid dues income received in such year otherwise includible in gross income for such year under this section, but shall also include in gross income for such year an additional amount equal to the amount of prepaid dues income received in the 3 taxable years preceding the first taxable year to which such election applies which would have been included in gross income in the taxable year had the election been effective 3 years earlier.

"(2) Deductions of amounts included in income more than once.—A taxpayer who makes an election with respect to prepaid dues income, and who includes in gross income for any taxable year to which the election applies an additional amount computed under paragraph (1), shall be permitted to deduct, for such taxable year and for each of the 4 succeeding taxable years, an amount equal to one-fifth of such additional amount, but only to the extent that such additional amount was also included in the taxpayer's gross income during any of the 3 taxable years preceding the first taxable year to which such election applies.

"(e) Definitions.—For purposes of this section—

"(1) Prepaid dues income.—The term 'prepaid dues income' means any amount (includible in gross income) which is received by a membership organization in connection with, and is directly attributable to, a liability to render services or make available membership privileges over a period of time which extends beyond the close of the taxable year in which such amount is received.

"(2) Liability.—The term 'liability' means a liability to render services or make available membership privileges over a period of time which does not exceed 36 months, which liability shall be deemed to exist ratably over the period of time that such services are required to be rendered, or that such membership privileges are required to be made available.

"(3) Membership organization.—The term 'membership organization' means a corporation, association, federation, or other organization—

"(A) organized without capital stock of any kind, and

"(B) no part of the net earnings of which is distributable to any member.

"(4) Receipt of prepaid dues income.—Prepaid dues income shall be treated as received during the taxable year for which it is includible in gross income under section 451 (without regard to this section)."
(b) The table of sections for such subpart B is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"Sec. 456. Prepaid dues income of certain membership organizations."

Sec. 2. The amendments made by this Act shall apply with respect to taxable years beginning after December 31, 1960.

Approved July 26, 1961.

Public Law 87-110

To continue until the close of June 30, 1962, the suspension of duties on metal scrap, and for other purposes.

Public Law 87-111

To authorize the Secretary of the Interior to acquire approximately nine acres of land for addition to Cumberland Gap National Historical Park, and for other purposes.

Beginning at a concrete marker on the west boundary of Cumberland Gap National Historical Park and being on the south margin of Avondale Avenue in the city of Middlesboro, Kentucky, and also on the south bank of Davis Branch; thence along the park boundary the following courses and distances:
South 24 degrees 50 minutes west, 196.79 feet; thence south 30 degrees 02 minutes west, 129.95 feet to a stake; thence south 12 degrees 22 minutes west, 31.82 feet; thence south 80 degrees 38 minutes west, 143.36 feet; thence south 88 degrees 04 minutes west, 100 feet; thence north 86 degrees 14 minutes west, 100 feet; thence north 80 degrees 33 minutes west, 100 feet; thence north 77 degrees 42 minutes west, 186.40 feet;

Thence north 82 degrees 51 minutes west, 271.55 feet; thence leaving the park boundary and following along the south right-of-way of Clydesdale Avenue south 71 degrees 39 minutes west, 310 feet, more or less, to the north right-of-way of United States Highway 25E;

Thence along the said highway right-of-way south 82 degrees 09 minutes west, 317 feet, more or less, to its intersection with the north right-of-way of Clydesdale Avenue; thence along the north right-of-way of Clydesdale Avenue north 70 degrees 09 minutes east, 423 feet, more or less, to a point on the park boundary;

Thence with the park boundary the following courses and distances: south 86 degrees 39 minutes west, 261.44 feet; thence south 81 degrees 26 minutes west, 147.66 feet; thence north 6 degrees 55 minutes west, 49.23 feet; thence south 83 degrees 04 minutes west, 980 feet; thence north 6 degrees 55 minutes west, 135 feet, more or less, to a point in the middle of Little Yellow Creek;

Thence leaving the park boundary and up the center of the meanders of Little Yellow Creek, 2,562 feet, more or less, to a point in the middle of Little Yellow Creek which is also a point in the middle of Davis Branch;

Thence leaving Little Yellow Creek and along the center of Davis Branch, 400 feet, more or less, to the south margin of Avondale Avenue; thence with the south right-of-way of Avondale Avenue south 55 degrees 44 minutes east, 5 feet, more or less, to the point of beginning, said tract containing 9.0 acres, more or less.

Sec. 2. There are hereby authorized to be appropriated such sums, but not more than $30,000, as are necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act.

Approved July 26, 1961.

Public Law 87-112

AN ACT

Making appropriations for the Department of Agriculture and related agencies for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1962, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Department of Agriculture and related agencies for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1962; namely:

 Appropriation.
For expenses necessary to perform agricultural research relating to production, utilization, and home economics, to control and eradicate pests and plant and animal diseases, and to perform related inspection, quarantine and regulatory work, and meat inspection: Provided, That not to exceed $75,000 of the appropriations hereunder shall be available for employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (5 U.S.C. 574), as amended by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a): Provided further, That appropriations hereunder shall be available for the operation and maintenance of aircraft and the purchase of not to exceed two, of which one shall be for replacement only: Provided further, That appropriations hereunder shall be available pursuant to title 5, United States Code, section 554a, for the construction, alteration, and repair of buildings and improvements, but unless otherwise provided, the cost of constructing any one building (except headhouses connecting greenhouses) shall not exceed $15,000, except for five buildings to be constructed or improved at a cost not to exceed $30,000 each, and the cost of altering any one building during the fiscal year shall not exceed $5,000 or 5 per centum of the cost of the building, whichever is greater: Provided further, That the limitations on alterations contained in this Act shall not apply to a total of $100,000 for conversion of animal disease and parasite research facilities at Beltsville, Maryland: 

Research: For research and demonstrations on the production and utilization of agricultural products, home economics, and related research and services, including administration of payments to State agricultural experiment stations, $77,311,000: Provided, That the limitations contained herein shall not apply to replacement of buildings needed to carry out the Act of April 24, 1948 (21 U.S.C. 113a): Provided further, That the Secretary of Agriculture may sell the Entomology Research Laboratory at Orlando, Florida, in such manner and upon such terms and conditions as he deems advantageous and the proceeds of such sale shall remain available until expended for the establishment of an entomology research laboratory: Provided further, That in the establishment of such laboratory the Secretary may acquire land therefor by donation or exchange: Provided further, That the Secretary may acquire approximately thirty-five acres of land at Kerrville, Texas, by donation, for research purposes;

Plant and animal disease and pest control: For operations and measures, not otherwise provided for, to control and eradicate pests
and plant and animal diseases and for carrying out assigned inspection, quarantine, and regulatory activities, as authorized by law, including expenses pursuant to the Act of February 28, 1947, as amended (21 U.S.C. 114b-c), $55,352,500, of which $1,500,000 shall be apportioned for use pursuant to section 3679 of the Revised Statutes, as amended, for the control of outbreaks of insects and plant diseases to the extent necessary to meet emergency conditions: Provided, That no funds shall be used to formulate or administer a brucellosis eradication program for fiscal year 1963 that does not require minimum matching by any State of at least 40 per centum: Provided further, That the Secretary is authorized to acquire land for the plant pest control activities presently located at Gulfport, Mississippi;

Meat inspection: For carrying out the provisions of laws relating to Federal inspection of meat, and meat-food products, and the applicable provisions of the laws relating to process or renovated butter, $24,216,000.

Special fund: To provide for additional labor to be employed under contracts and cooperative agreements to strengthen the work at research installations in the field, not more than $1,000,000 of the amount appropriated under this head for the fiscal year 1961 may be used by the Administrator of the Agricultural Research Service in departmental research programs in the fiscal year 1962, the amount so used to be transferred to and merged with the appropriation otherwise available under "Salaries and expenses, Research".

**SALARIES AND EXPENSES (SPECIAL FOREIGN CURRENCY PROGRAM)**

For purchase of foreign currencies which accrue under title I of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1704), for market development research authorized by section 104(a), and for agricultural and forestry research authorized by section 104(k) of that Act, to remain available until expended, $5,265,000: Provided, That the dollar value of the unexpended balances, as of June 30, 1960, of allocations of foreign currencies herefore made available to the Agricultural Research Service for the foregoing purposes of section 104(a) is appropriated as of that date and shall be merged with this appropriation: Provided further, That funds appropriated herein shall be used to purchase such foreign currencies as the Department determines are needed and can be used most effectively to carry out the purposes of this paragraph, and such foreign currencies shall, pursuant to the provisions of section 104(a), be set aside for sale to the Department before foreign currencies which accrue under said title I are made available for other United States uses.

**CONSTRUCTION OF FACILITIES**

For construction of facilities and acquisition of the necessary land therefor by donation or exchange, $800,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That the Secretary may purchase land at a price not in excess of $10 for construction of facilities at Columbia, Missouri.

**STATE EXPERIMENT STATIONS**

Payments to States and Puerto Rico: For payments to agricultural experiment stations to carry into effect the provisions of the Hatch Act, approved March 2, 1887, as amended by the Act approved August 11, 1955 (7 U.S.C. 361a-361l), including administration by the United States Department of Agriculture, $35,050,000; and
payments authorized under section 204(b) of the Agricultural Marketing Act, the Act approved August 14, 1946 (7 U.S.C. 1623), $500,000; in all, $35,553,000.

Penalty mail: For penalty mail costs of agricultural experiment stations under section 6 of the Hatch Act of 1887, as amended, $250,000.

DISEASES OF ANIMALS AND POULTRY

Eradication activities: For expenses necessary in the arrest and eradication of foot-and-mouth disease, rinderpest, contagious pleuropneumonia, or other contagious or infectious diseases of animals, or European fowl pest and similar diseases in poultry, and for foot-and-mouth disease and rinderpest programs undertaken pursuant to the provisions of the Act of February 28, 1947, as amended, and the Act of May 29, 1884, as amended (7 U.S.C. 391; 21 U.S.C. 111-122), including expenses in accordance with section 2 of said Act of February 28, 1947, the Secretary may transfer from other appropriations or funds available to the bureaus, corporations, or agencies of the Department such sums as he may deem necessary, to be available only in an emergency which threatens the livestock or poultry industry of the country, and any unexpended balances of funds transferred under this head in the next preceding fiscal year shall be merged with such transferred amounts: Provided, That this appropriation shall be subject to applicable provisions contained in the item "Salaries and expenses, Agricultural Research Service".

EXTENSION SERVICE

COOPERATIVE EXTENSION WORK, PAYMENTS AND EXPENSES

Payments to States and Puerto Rico: For payments for cooperative agricultural extension work under the Smith-Lever Act, as amended by the Act of June 26, 1953 (7 U.S.C. 341-348), and the Act of August 11, 1955 (7 U.S.C. 347a), $58,020,000; and payments and contracts for such work under section 204(b)-205 of the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946 (7 U.S.C. 1623-1624), $1,570,000; in all, $59,590,000: Provided, That funds hereby appropriated pursuant to section 3(c) of the Act of June 26, 1953, shall not be paid to any State or Puerto Rico prior to availability of an equal sum from non-Federal sources for expenditure during the current fiscal year.

Retirement costs for extension agents: For cost of employer’s share of Federal retirement for cooperative extension employees, $6,260,000.

Penalty mail: For costs of penalty mail for cooperative extension agents and State extension directors, $2,490,000.

Federal Extension Service: For administration of the Smith-Lever Act, as amended by the Act of June 26, 1953 (7 U.S.C. 341-348), and the Act of August 11, 1955 (7 U.S.C. 347a), and extension aspects of the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946 (7 U.S.C. 1621-1627), and to coordinate and provide program leadership for the extension work of the Department and the several States and insular possessions, $2,464,500.
FARMER COOPERATIVE SERVICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses to carry out the Act of July 2, 1926 (7 U.S.C. 451-457), $657,000.

SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE

CONSERVATION OPERATIONS

For necessary expenses for carrying out the provisions of the Act of April 27, 1935 (16 U.S.C. 590a-590f), including preparation of conservation plans and establishment of measures to conserve soil and water (including farm irrigation and land drainage and such special measures as may be necessary to prevent floods and the siltation of reservoirs); operation of conservation nurseries; classification and mapping of soils; dissemination of information; purchase and erection or alteration of permanent buildings; and operation and maintenance of aircraft, $59,725,000: Provided, That the cost of any permanent building purchased, erected, or as improved, exclusive of the cost of constructing a water supply or sanitary system and connecting the same to any such building and with the exception of buildings acquired in conjunction with land being purchased for other purposes, shall not exceed $2,500, except for eight buildings to be constructed or improved at a cost not to exceed $15,000 per building and except that alterations or improvements to other existing permanent buildings costing $2,500 or more may be made in any fiscal year in an amount not to exceed $500 per building: Provided further, That no part of this appropriation shall be available for the construction of any such building on land not owned by the Government: Provided further, That no part of this appropriation may be expended for soil and water conservation operations under the Act of April 27, 1935 (16 U.S.C. 590a-590f), in demonstration projects: Provided further, That not to exceed $5,000 may be used for employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (5 U.S.C. 574), as amended by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a): Provided further, That qualified local engineers may be temporarily employed at per diem rates to perform the technical planning work of the service.

WATERSHED PROTECTION

For expenses necessary to conduct surveys, investigations, and research and to carry out preventive measures, including, but not limited to, engineering operations, methods of cultivation, the growing of vegetation, and changes in use of land, in accordance with the Watershed Protection and Flood Prevention Act, approved August 4, 1954, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1001-1008), and the provisions of the Act of April 27, 1935 (16 U.S.C. 590a-f), to remain available until expended, $53,787,000, with which shall be merged the unexpended balances of funds heretofore appropriated or transferred to the Department for watershed protection purposes: Provided, That not to exceed $100,000 may be used for employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (5 U.S.C. 574), as amended by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a): Provided further, That not to exceed $2,500,000, together with the unobligated balance of funds previously appropriated for loans and related expense, shall be available for such purposes.
FLOOD PREVENTION

For expenses necessary, in accordance with the Flood Control Act, approved June 22, 1936 (33 U.S.C. 701-709, 74 Stat. 131), as amended and supplemented, and in accordance with the provisions of laws relating to the activities of the Department, to perform works of improvement, including not to exceed $100,000 for employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (5 U.S.C. 574), as amended by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a), to remain available until expended, $25,000,000, with which shall be merged the unexpended balances of funds heretofore appropriated or transferred to the Department for flood prevention purposes: Provided, That no part of such funds shall be used for the purchase of lands in the Yazoo and Little Tallahatchie watersheds without specific approval of the county board of supervisors of the county in which such lands are situated: Provided further, That not to exceed $1,000,000, together with the unobligated balance of funds previously appropriated for loans and related expense, shall be available for such purposes.

GREAT PLAINS CONSERVATION PROGRAM

For necessary expenses to carry into effect a program of conservation in the Great Plains area, pursuant to section 16(b) of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act, as added by the Act of August 7, 1956 (16 U.S.C. 590p), $10,168,000, to remain available until expended.

ECONOMIC RESEARCH SERVICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Economic Research Service in conducting economic research and service relating to agricultural production, marketing, and distribution, as authorized by the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946 (7 U.S.C. 1621-1627), and other laws, including economics of marketing; analyses relating to farm prices, income and population, and demand for farm products, use of resources in agriculture, adjustments, costs and returns in farming, and farm finance; and for analyses of supply and demand for farm products in foreign countries and their effect on prospects for United States exports, progress in economic development and its relation to sales of farm products, assembly and analysis of agricultural trade statistics and analysis of international financial and monetary programs and policies as they affect the competitive position of United States farm products; $9,360,000: Provided, That not less than $350,000 of the funds contained in this appropriation shall be available to continue to gather statistics and conduct a special study on the price spread between the farmer and consumer: Provided further, That not to exceed $75,000 of the appropriation shall be available for employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (5 U.S.C. 574) as amended by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a): Provided further, That not less than $145,000 of the funds contained in this appropriation shall be available for analysis of statistics and related facts on foreign production and full and complete information on methods used by other countries to move farm commodities in world trade on a competitive basis.
STATISTICAL REPORTING SERVICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Statistical Reporting Service in conducting statistical reporting and service work, including crop and livestock estimates, statistical coordination and improvements, and marketing surveys, as authorized by the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946 (7 U.S.C. 1621-1627) and other laws, $8,748,000: Provided, That no part of the funds herein appropriated shall be available for any expense incident to publishing estimates of apple production for other than the commercial crop.

AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE

MARKETING RESEARCH AND SERVICE

For expenses necessary to carry on research and service to improve and develop marketing and distribution relating to agriculture as authorized by the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946 (7 U.S.C. 1621-1627) and other laws, including the administration of marketing regulatory acts connected therewith: Provided, That appropriations hereunder shall be available pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 565a for the construction, alteration, and repair of buildings and improvements, but unless otherwise provided, the cost of erecting any one building shall not exceed $15,000, except for two buildings to be constructed or improved at a cost not to exceed $30,000 each, and the cost of altering any one building during the fiscal year shall not exceed $5,000 or 5 per centum of the cost of the building, whichever is greater:

Marketing research: For research and development relating to agricultural marketing and distribution, including related cost and efficiency evaluations, $4,740,000;

Marketing services: For services relating to agricultural marketing and distribution, for carrying out regulatory acts connected therewith, and for administration and coordination of payments to States, $38,299,500, including not to exceed $25,000 for employment at rates not to exceed $50 per diem, except for employment in rate cases at not to exceed $100 per diem, pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (5 U.S.C. 574), as amended by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a), in carrying out section 201(a) to 201(d), inclusive, of title II of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1291) and section 203(j) of the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946.

PAYMENTS TO STATES AND POSSESSIONS

For payments to departments of agriculture, bureaus and departments of markets, and similar agencies for marketing activities under section 204(b) of the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946 (7 U.S.C. 1623(b)), $1,325,000.

SCHOOL LUNCH PROGRAM

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of the National School Lunch Act (42 U.S.C. 1751-1760), $125,000,000: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be used for nonfood assistance under section 5 of said Act: Provided further, That $45,000,000 shall be transferred to this appropriation from funds available under section 32 of the Act of August 24, 1935, for purchase and distribution of agricultural commodities and other foods pursuant to section 6.
of the National School Lunch Act: *Provided further,* That $10,000,000 of this appropriation shall be available for assistance under section 6 of the National School Lunch Act, in addition to amounts normally expended for commodity procurement under that section, $2,500,000 of which may be distributed to provide special assistance to needy schools which because of poor local economic conditions (1) have not been operating a school lunch program or (2) have been serving free or at substantially reduced prices at least 20 percent of the lunches to the children.

**FOREIGN AGRICULTURAL SERVICE**

**SALARIES AND EXPENSES**

For necessary expenses for the Foreign Agricultural Service, including carrying out title VI of the Agricultural Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1761-1768), market development activities abroad, and for enabling the Secretary to coordinate and integrate activities of the Department in connection with foreign agricultural work, including not to exceed $35,000 for representation allowances and for expenses pursuant to section 8 of the Act approved August 3, 1956 (7 U.S.C. 1766), $12,457,000: *Provided,* That not less than $255,000 of the funds contained in this appropriation shall be available to obtain statistics and related facts on foreign production and full and complete information on methods used by other countries to move farm commodities in world trade on a competitive basis: *Provided further,* That, in addition, not to exceed $3,117,000 of the funds appropriated by section 32 of the Act of August 24, 1935, as amended (7 U.S.C. 612c), shall be merged with this appropriation and shall be available for all expenses of the Foreign Agricultural Service.

**SALARIES AND EXPENSES (SPECIAL FOREIGN CURRENCY PROGRAM)**

For purchase of foreign currencies which accrue under title I of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1704), for the purposes of market development activities under section 104(a) of that Act, $3,444,000, to remain available until expended: *Provided,* That the dollar value of the unexpended balances, as of June 30, 1960, of allocations of foreign currencies heretofore made available to the Foreign Agricultural Service for the foregoing purposes of section 104(a) is appropriated as of that date and shall be merged with this appropriation: *Provided further,* That funds appropriated herein shall be used to purchase such foreign currencies as the Department determines are needed and can be used most effectively to carry out the purposes of this paragraph, and such foreign currencies shall, pursuant to the provisions of section 104(a), be set aside for sale to the Department before foreign currencies which accrue under said title I are made available for other United States uses.
PUBLIC LAW 87-112—JULY 26, 1961

COMMODITY EXCHANGE AUTHORITY

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses to carry into effect the provisions of the Commodity Exchange Act, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1-17a), $1,007,000.

COMMODITY STABILIZATION SERVICE

ACREAGE ALLOTMENTS AND MARKETING QUOTAS

For necessary expenses to formulate and carry out acreage allotment and marketing quota programs pursuant to provisions of title III of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1301-1393), $44,098,000, of which not more than $7,125,000 shall be transferred to the appropriation account “Administrative expenses, section 392, Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938”.

SUGAR ACT PROGRAM

For necessary expenses to carry into effect the provisions of the Sugar Act of 1948 (7 U.S.C. 1101-1161), $78,000,000, to remain available until June 30 of the next succeeding fiscal year; Provided, That expenditures (including transfers) from this appropriation for other than payments to sugar producers shall not exceed $2,350,000.

AGRICULTURAL CONSERVATION PROGRAM

For necessary expenses to carry into effect the program authorized in sections 7 to 15, 16(a), and 17 of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act, approved February 29, 1936, as amended (16 U.S.C. 590g-590(o), 590p(a), and 590q), including not to exceed $6,000 for the preparation and display of exhibits, including such displays at State, interstate, and international fairs within the United States, $238,000,000, to remain available until December 31 of the next succeeding fiscal year for compliance with the program of soil-building and soil- and water-conserving practices authorized under this head in the Department of Agriculture and Farm Credit Administration Appropriation Act, 1961, carried out during the period July 1, 1960, to December 31, 1961, inclusive; Provided, That not to exceed $29,100,000 of the total sum provided under this head shall be available during the current fiscal year for administrative expenses for carrying out such program, the cost of aerial photographs, however, not to be charged to such limitation; but not more than $6,750,000 shall be transferred to the appropriation account “Administrative expenses, section 392, Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938”; Provided further, That none of the funds herein appropriated shall be used to pay the salaries or expenses of any regional information employees or any State information employees, but this shall not preclude the answering of inquiries or supplying of information at the county level to individual farmers; Provided further, That such amounts shall be available for administrative expenses in connection with the formulation and administration of the 1962 program of soil-building and soil- and water-conserving practices, including related wildlife conserving practices, under the Act of February 29, 1966, as amended (amounting to $250,000,000, including administration, except that hereafter not to exceed 10 per centum of the basic allocation for any State may be used to increase the State's preceding program, and no participant shall receive more than $2,500, except where the partici-
pant from two or more farms or ranches join to carry out approved practices designed to conserve or improve the agricultural resources of the community). Provided further, That no change shall be made in such 1962 program which will have the effect in any county of restricting eligibility requirements or cost-sharing on practices included in either the 1958 or the 1959 programs, unless such change shall have been recommended by the county committee and approved by the State committee: Provided further, That not to exceed 5 per centum of the allocation for the 1962 agricultural conservation program for any county may, on the recommendation of such county committee and approval of the State committee, be withheld and allotted to the Soil Conservation Service for services of its technicians in formulating and carrying out the agricultural conservation program in the participating counties, and shall not be utilized by the Soil Conservation Service for any purpose other than technical and other assistance in such counties, and in addition, on the recommendation of such county committee and approval of the State committee, not to exceed 1 per centum may be made available to any other Federal, State, or local public agency for the same purpose and under the same conditions: Provided further, That for the 1962 program $2,500,000 shall be available for technical assistance in formulating and carrying out agricultural conservation practices and $1,000,000 shall be available for conservation practices related directly to flood prevention work in approved watersheds: Provided further, That such amounts shall be available for the purchase of seeds, fertilizers, lime, trees, or any other farming material, or any soil-terracing services, and making grants thereof to agricultural producers to aid them in carrying out farming practices approved by the Secretary under programs provided for herein: Provided further, That no part of any funds available to the Department, or any bureau, office, corporation, or other agency constituting a part of such Department, shall be used in the current fiscal year for the payment of salary or travel expenses of any person who has been convicted of violating the Act entitled "An Act to prevent pernicious political activities", approved August 2, 1939, as amended, or who has been found in accordance with the provisions of title 18, United States Code, section 1913, to have violated or attempted to violate such section which prohibits the use of Federal appropriations for the payment of personal services or other expenses designed to influence in any manner a Member of Congress to favor or oppose any legislation or appropriation by Congress except upon request of any Member or through the proper official channels.

SPECIAL AGRICULTURAL CONSERVATION PROGRAM

For necessary administrative expenses to carry into effect a special agricultural conservation program pursuant to section 16(c) of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act, as added by section 2 of the Act of March 22, 1961, $18,500,000.

CONSERVATION RESERVE PROGRAM

For necessary expenses to carry out a conservation reserve program as authorized by subtitles B and C of the Soil Bank Act (7 U.S.C. 1831-1837, 1802-1814, and 1816), and to carry out liquidation activities for the acreage reserve program, to remain available until expended, $312,000,000, with which may be merged the unexpended balances of funds heretofore appropriated for soil bank programs: Provided, That not to exceed $12,500,000 shall be available for ad-
ministrative expenses, of which not less than $10,625,000 may be transferred to the appropriation account “Local administration, section 388, Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938”: Provided further. That no part of these funds shall be paid on any contract which is illegal under the law due to the division of lands for the purpose of evading limits on annual payments to participants.

FEDERAL CROP INSURANCE CORPORATION

OPERATING AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

For operating and administrative expenses, $6,561,000.

RURAL ELECTRIFICATION ADMINISTRATION

To carry into effect the provisions of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended (7 U.S.C. 901-924), as follows:

LOAN AUTHORIZATIONS

For loans in accordance with said Act, and for carrying out the provisions of section 7 thereof, to be borrowed from the Secretary of the Treasury in accordance with the provisions of section 3(a) of said Act, as follows: Rural electrification program, $175,000,000; and rural telephone program, $132,500,000; and additional amounts, not to exceed $70,000,000 for the rural electrification program and $30,000,000 for the rural telephone program, may be borrowed under the same terms and conditions to the extent that such amount is required during the fiscal year 1962 under the then existing conditions for the expeditious and orderly development of the rural electrification and telephone programs.

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For administrative expenses, including not to exceed $500 for financial and credit reports, and not to exceed $150,000 for employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (5 U.S.C. 574), as amended by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a), $10,024,000.

FARMERS HOME ADMINISTRATION

For loans (including payments in lieu of taxes and taxes under section 50 of the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act, as amended, and advances incident to the acquisition and preservation of security of obligations under the foregoing several authorities, except that such advances under title V of the Housing Act of 1949, as amended, shall be made from funds obtained under section 511 of that Act, as amended): Title I and section 43 of title IV of the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act, as amended, $40,000,000, of which not to exceed $2,500,000 may be distributed to States and territories without regard to farm population and prevalence of tenancy, in addition to the amount otherwise distributed thereto, for loans in reclamation projects and to entrymen on unpatented public lands; title II of the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act, as amended, $237,500,000; the Act of August 28, 1937, as amended, $3,000,000: Provided, That not to exceed the foregoing several amounts shall be borrowed in one account from the Secretary of the Treasury in accordance with the provisions set forth under this head in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1952: Provided further, That an additional amount, not to exceed $37,500,000, may be borrowed under the same terms and conditions to the extent that such amount is required during fiscal year 1962 under the then existing conditions for the expeditious and orderly conduct of the loan program under title II of the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act, as amended.

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For making, servicing, and collecting loans and insured mortgages, the servicing and collecting of loans made under prior authority, the liquidation of assets transferred to Farmers Home Administration, and other administrative expenses, $33,017,000, together with a transfer of not to exceed $1,050,000 of the fees and administrative expense charges made available by subsections (d) and (e) of section 12 of the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1005 (b)), and section 10(c) of the Act of August 28, 1937, as amended.

OFFICE OF THE GENERAL COUNSEL

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses, including payment of fees or dues for the use of law libraries by attorneys in the field service, $3,650,000: Provided, That the Secretary may, if he finds it necessary for the more effective and efficient operation of the Department, transfer additional amounts to this appropriation from other appropriations available to the Department for salaries and expenses for the current fiscal year, but this appropriation shall not be increased by more than 7 per centum by reason of such transfers.
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses of the Office of the Secretary of Agriculture; expenses of the National Agricultural Advisory Commission; stationery, supplies, materials, and equipment; freight, express, and drayage charges; advertising of bids, communication service, postage, washing towels, repairs and alterations, and other miscellaneous supplies and expenses not otherwise provided for and necessary for the practical and efficient work of the Department of Agriculture, $3,096,000: Provided, That this appropriation shall be reimbursed from applicable appropriations for travel expenses incident to the holding of hearings as required by the Administrative Procedures Act (5 U.S.C. 1001).

OFFICE OF INFORMATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Office of Information for the dissemination of agricultural information and the coordination of informational work and programs authorized by Congress in the Department, $1,590,500, of which total appropriation not to exceed $537,000 may be used for farmers' bulletins, which shall be adapted to the interests of the people of the different sections of the country, an equal proportion of four-fifths of which shall be delivered to or sent out under the addressed franks furnished by the Senators, Representatives, and Delegates in Congress, as they shall direct (7 U.S.C. 417), and not less than two hundred and thirty-three thousand and fifty copies for the use of the Senate and House of Representatives of part 2 of the annual report of the Secretary (known as the Yearbook of Agriculture) as authorized by section 73 of the Act of January 12, 1895 (44 U.S.C. 241) : Provided, That in the preparation of motion pictures or exhibits by the Department, not exceeding a total of $10,000 may be used for employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (5 U.S.C. 574), as amended by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a).

CENTENNIAL OBSERVANCE OF AGRICULTURE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for planning, promoting, coordinating, and assisting participation by industry, trade associations, commodity groups, and similar interests in the celebration of the centennial of the establishment of the Department of Agriculture; and employment pursuant to section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (5 U.S.C. 574), as amended by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a); $100,000, including not to exceed $20,000 for additional printing costs of the 1962 Yearbook of Agriculture, to remain available until December 31, 1962.

LIBRARY

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses, including dues for library membership in societies or associations which issue publications to members only or at a price to members lower than to subscribers who are not members, $1,028,500.
TITLE II—FOREIGN ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS

PUBLIC LAW 480

For expenses during fiscal year 1962, not otherwise recoverable, under the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1701–1709, 1721–1724, 1731–1736), to remain available until expended, as follows: (1) Sale of surplus agricultural commodities for foreign currencies pursuant to title I of said Act, $1,250,451,000; (2) commodities disposed of for emergency famine relief to friendly peoples pursuant to title II of said Act, $140,868,000; and (3) long-term supply contracts pursuant to title IV of said Act, $18,000,000.

INTERNATIONAL WHEAT AGREEMENT

For expenses during fiscal year 1962 under the International Wheat Agreement Act of 1949, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1641–1642), $70,681,000, to remain available until expended.

BARTERED MATERIALS FOR SUPPLEMENTAL STOCKPILE

For expenses during fiscal year 1962 related to strategic and other materials acquired as a result of barter or exchange of agricultural commodities or products and transferred to the supplemental stockpile pursuant to Public Law 540, Eighty-fourth Congress (7 U.S.C. 1856), $125,000,000, to remain available until expended.

TITLE III—CORPORATIONS

The following corporations and agencies are hereby authorized to make such expenditures, within the limits of funds and borrowing authority available to each such corporation or agency and in accord with law, and to make such contracts and commitments without regard to fiscal year limitations as provided by section 104 of the Government Corporation Control Act, as amended, as may be necessary in carrying out the programs set forth in the budget for the fiscal year 1962 for such corporation or agency, except as hereinafter provided:

FEDERAL CROP INSURANCE CORPORATION FUND

Not to exceed $2,830,000 of administrative and operating expenses may be paid from premium income.

COMMODITY CREDIT CORPORATION

RESTORATION OF CAPITAL IMPAIRMENT

To partially restore the capital impairment of the Commodity Credit Corporation determined by the appraisal of June 30, 1960, pursuant to section 1 of the Act of March 8, 1938, as amended (15 U.S.C. 718a–1), $1,017,610,000.
To reimburse the Commodity Credit Corporation for authorized unrecovered costs through June 30, 1961 (including interest through date of recovery), as follows: (1) $88,790,000 under the International Wheat Agreement Act of 1949, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1641-1642); (2) $255,685,000 for commodities disposed of for emergency famine relief to friendly peoples pursuant to title II of the Act of July 10, 1954, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1701-1709); (3) $1,333,000,000 for the sale of surplus agricultural commodities for foreign currencies pursuant to title I of the Act of July 10, 1954, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1701-1709); (4) $13,000 for grain made available to the Secretary of the Interior to prevent crop damage by migratory waterfowl pursuant to the Act of July 3, 1956 (7 U.S.C. 442-445); (5) $163,163,000 for strategic and other materials acquired by the Commodity Credit Corporation as a result of barter or exchange of agricultural commodities or products and transferred to the supplemental stockpile pursuant to Public Law 540, Eighty-fourth Congress (7 U.S.C. 1856); (6) $1,264,000 for transfers to the appropriation “Marketing research and service” pursuant to the Act of August 31, 1951 (7 U.S.C. 414a), for grading tobacco and classing cotton without charge to producers, as authorized by law (7 U.S.C. 473a, 511d): Provided, That the appropriations provided in this paragraph shall be immediately available: Provided further, That the unexpended balances of funds herebefore provided for the various purposes under this head may remain available until expended for the purposes for which appropriated and may be merged with the funds provided in this paragraph.

To reimburse the Commodity Credit Corporation for amounts advanced for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1960, for the special milk program for children pursuant to the Act of July 1, 1958, as amended (72 Stat. 276; 74 Stat. 84-85), $90,000,000.

Nothing in this Act shall be so construed as to prevent the Commodity Credit Corporation from carrying out any activity or any program authorized by law: Provided, That not to exceed $47,916,000 shall be available for administrative expenses of the Corporation: Provided further, That $1,000,000 of this authorization shall be available only to expand and strengthen the sales program of the Corporation pursuant to authority contained in the Corporation’s charter: Provided further, That not less than 7 per centum of this authorization shall be placed in reserve to be apportioned pursuant to section 3679 of the Revised Statutes, as amended, for use only in such amounts and at such time as may become necessary to carry out program operations: Provided further, That all necessary expenses (including legal and special services performed on a contract or fee basis, but not including other personal services) in connection with the acquisition, operation, maintenance, improvement, or disposition of any real or personal property belonging to the Corporation or in which it has an interest, including expenses of collections of pledged collateral, shall be considered as nonadministrative expenses for the purposes hereof.
PUBLIC LAW 87-112—JULY 26, 1961 [75 STAT.

TITLE IV—RELATED AGENCIES

FARM CREDIT ADMINISTRATION

LIMITATION ON ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

Not to exceed $2,590,000 (from assessments collected from farm credit agencies) shall be obligated during the current fiscal year for administrative expenses.

FEDERAL FARM MORTGAGE CORPORATION FUND

The Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation is authorized to make such expenditures, within available funds and in accordance with law, as may be necessary to liquidate its assets: Provided, That funds realized from the liquidation of assets which are determined by the Board of Directors to be in excess of the requirements for expenses of liquidation shall be declared as dividends which shall be paid into the general fund of the Treasury.

DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR

GRAIN FOR MIGRATORY WATERFOWL

For expenses of supplying grain to the Secretary of the Interior to prevent crop damage by migratory waterfowl pursuant to the Act of July 3, 1956 (7 U.S.C. 442115), $35,000, to remain available until expended.

TITLE V—GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 501. Within the unit limit of cost fixed by law, appropriations and authorizations made for the Department under this Act shall be available for the purchase, in addition to those specifically provided for, of not to exceed three hundred and ninety-eight passenger motor vehicles, of which three hundred and eighty-five shall be for replacement only, and for the hire of such vehicles.

SEC. 502. Provisions of law prohibiting or restricting the employment of aliens shall not apply to employment under the appropriation for the Foreign Agricultural Service.

SEC. 503. Funds available to the Department of Agriculture shall be available for uniforms or allowances therefor as authorized by the Act of September 1, 1954, as amended (5 U.S.C. 2131).

SEC. 504. No part of the funds appropriated by this Act shall be used for the payment of any officer or employee of the Department who, as such officer or employee, or on behalf of the Department or any division, commission, or bureau thereof, issues, or causes to be issued, any prediction, oral or written, or forecast, except as to damage threatened or caused by insects and pests, with respect to future prices of cotton or the trend of same.

SEC. 505. Except to provide materials required in or incident to research or experimental work where no suitable domestic product is available, no part of the funds appropriated by this Act shall be expended in the purchase of twine manufactured from commodities or materials produced outside of the United States.

This Act may be cited as the “Department of Agriculture and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1962”.

Approved July 26, 1961.

Public Law 87-113

AN ACT

To provide for the indexing and microfilming of certain records of the Russian Orthodox Greek Catholic Church in Alaska in the collections of the Library of Congress.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) for the purpose of making the records of the Russian Orthodox Greek Catholic Church in Alaska in the collections of the Library of Congress more readily available for study and research and as evidence of the vital statistics set forth therein, the Librarian of Congress shall arrange, transliterate into Latin characters, index and microfilm such records.

(b) The Librarian of Congress shall, consistent with any limitation imposed on the use of or access to such records by their donors or by those placing such records on deposit in the Library of Congress, make available to any State or political subdivision thereof, and in the discretion of the Librarian, to any person or organization, copies of any index or microfilm prepared pursuant to subsection (a) upon payment by any such State, subdivision, person or organization of an amount determined by the Librarian to be the reasonably estimated cost of providing such copies.

Sec. 2. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated such sum, not to exceed $15,000, as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act.

Approved July 31, 1961.

Public Law 87-114

AN ACT

To make permanent certain increases in annuities payable from the civil service retirement and disability fund.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 4 of the Act entitled “An Act to provide increases in certain annuities payable from the civil service retirement and disability fund, and for other purposes”, approved June 25, 1958 (72 Stat. 219; Public Law 85–465), as amended, is amended to read as follows:

“Sec. 4. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the annuities and increases in annuities provided by the preceding sections of this Act shall be paid from the civil service retirement and disability fund.”

Approved July 31, 1961.
Public Law 87-115

AN ACT

Consenting to the amendment of the compact between the States of Pennsylvania and Ohio relating to Pymatuning Lake.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of Congress is hereby given to the amendment, as contained in Act numbered 235 of the State of Pennsylvania, approved August 12, 1959, and as agreed to by the State of Ohio on April 18, 1961, of the compact between such States, approved by the Congress in the Act of August 28, 1937 (50 Stat. 865), relating to Pymatuning Lake.

SEC. 2. The Congress reserves the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act.

Approved July 31, 1961.

Public Law 87-116

JOINT RESOLUTION

To extend through June 30, 1962, the life of the United States Citizens Commission on North Atlantic Treaty Organization.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 6 of the joint resolution approved September 7, 1960 (Public Law 86-719, 74 Stat. 818), is amended by striking out "January 31, 1962" and inserting in lieu thereof "June 30, 1962".

Approved July 31, 1961.

Public Law 87-117

JOINT RESOLUTION

To authorize the President to order units and members in the Ready Reserve to active duty for not more than twelve months, and for other purposes.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, notwithstanding any other provision of law, until July 1, 1962, the President may, without the consent of the persons concerned, order any unit, and any member not assigned to a unit organized to serve as a unit, in the Ready Reserve of an armed force to active duty for not more than twelve consecutive months. However, not more than two hundred and fifty thousand members of the Ready Reserve may be on active duty (other than for training), without their consent, under this section at any one time.

SEC. 2. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, until July 1, 1962, the President may authorize the Secretary of Defense to extend enlistments, appointments, periods of active duty, periods of active duty for training, periods of obligated service, or other military status, in any component of an armed force or in the National Guard that expire before July 1, 1962, for not more than twelve months.

Approved August 1, 1961.
Public Law 87-118

AN ACT
To authorize additional appropriations for aircraft, missiles, and naval vessels for the Armed Forces, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, in addition to the funds authorized to be appropriated under Public Law 87-53, there is hereby authorized to be appropriated during the fiscal year 1962 for the use of the Armed Forces of the United States for procurement of aircraft, missiles, and naval vessels, as authorized by law, amounts as follows:

AIRCRAFT
For aircraft: For the Army, $36,700,000; for the Navy and the Marine Corps, $281,400,000; for the Air Force, $294,100,000.

MISSILES
For missiles: For the Army, $33,770,000; for the Navy, $262,200,000; for the Air Force, $8,800,000.

NAVAL VESSELS
For naval vessels: For the Navy, $41,600,000.

Public Law 87-119

AN ACT
To create the Wyandotte National Wildlife Refuge.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the islands more specifically referred to in section 2 of this Act in the Detroit River are hereby established and designated as the Wyandotte National Wildlife Refuge. The Wyandotte National Wildlife Refuge shall be administered by the Secretary of the Interior in accordance with the laws and regulations relating to national wildlife refuges, and shall be maintained as a refuge and breeding place for migratory birds and other wildlife in connection therewith.

Sec. 2. The lands referred to in the first section of this Act are more specifically described as follows:

In township 3 south, range 11 east, Michigan meridian, those federally owned islands in the Detroit River known as Grassy and Mammy Juda (or Mammajuda) Islands, together with all accretion and reliction and all soil of the bed of the Detroit River bordering on the meander lines of said islands and appurtenant thereto by reason of riparian ownership.
Public Law 87-120

AN ACT

To authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to convey certain property in the State of California to the county of Trinity.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized to convey by quitclaim deed, without consideration, to the county of Trinity, State of California, all the right, title, and interest of the United States in and to the following described lands, which were conveyed to the United States by deed dated April 28, 1934, and recorded in book 53, page 186, in the records of the county of Trinity, California:

PARCEL A: All the fractional portion of lot numbered 2 in block numbered 13 of the townsite of Weaverville, Trinity County, California, described as:

All that portion of said lot numbered 2 lying northeasterly of a line parallel to and 50 feet northeasterly of the centerline of State highway, and is more particularly described as beginning at a point on the southeast boundary of said lot numbered 2, north 31 degrees 43 minutes east, 50.44 feet from the centerline of State highway at engineers' station 806+89.71, said station being a point south 31 degrees 43 minutes east, 92.14 feet from the easterly corner of said lot numbered 2; thence from the point of beginning first north 31 degrees 43 minutes east 41.70 feet to the easterly corner of said lot 2; second north 70 degrees 02 minutes west, 122.69 feet on the boundary of said lot 2; third north 62 degrees 33 minutes west, 26.54 feet on boundary of said lot 2; fourth from a tangent bearing south 54 degrees 47 minutes 21 seconds east along a 1,900-foot radius curve to the right through a central angle of 4 degrees 26 minutes 42 seconds, a distance of 147.34 feet to the point of beginning. Excepting that portion of the above described parcel that part within the boundary of the following described parcel which was conveyed by a deed dated September 26, 1895, and recorded November 6, 1895, in book 23 of deeds at page 260; that portion of lot numbered 2 of block numbered 13 of the townsite of the town of Weaverville particularly described as follows to-wit: Commencing at a stake on the southeast corner of Garden Gulch Street and Union Street and running northwesterly 30 feet along Union Street to a stake; thence southwesterly 50 feet to a stake; thence 30 feet southeasterly to Garden Gulch Street to a stake; thence northeasterly 50 feet along Garden Gulch Street to the place of beginning and containing about 0.034 of an acre, more or less. Said parcel A containing about 0.034 acre.

PARCEL B: All that portion of lots numbered 1 and 2 in block numbered 13 of the townsite of Weaverville, Trinity County, California, lying southwesterly of a line running parallel to and 50 feet southwesterly of the centerline of State highway and southeasterly of a line running north 41 degrees 40 minutes west to a point 50 feet southeasterly of the centerline of State highway and running south 41 degrees 40 minutes west, to the southerly boundary of said lot numbered 1 from a point which bears south 46 degrees 55 minutes east 148.28 feet from corner numbered 1 in the survey of lot numbered 47 in township 33 north, range 10 west, Mount Diablo base and meridian, which corner is also the 10th corner in the survey of the Weaverville townsite; said portions of said lots being more particularly described as follows: Beginning at a 1-inch iron pipe set in the ground at a point south 46 degrees 55 minutes east 148.28 feet from corner numbered 1 in the survey of lot numbered 47 in township 33 north, range 10 west,
Mount Diablo base and meridian; a 1-inch iron pipe set in the ground bears south 41 degrees 40 minutes west 146.13 feet; running thence, first north 41 degrees 40 minutes east 32.41 feet; second from a tangent that bears south 49 degrees 51 minutes 05 seconds east, on a curve to the right with a radius of 1,800 feet, through a central angle of 3 degrees 08 minutes 50 seconds, a distance of 98.72 feet to a point on the southeast boundary of lot 2 in block numbered 13 of the townsite of Weaverville, Trinity County, California, which point bears south 31 degrees 43 minutes west 50.47 feet from the centerline of State highway at engineers' station 806 + 89.71 P.O.C.; third south 31 degrees 43 minutes west 130.63 feet on the boundary of said block numbered 13 to the southeast corner of said lot numbered 1 in block numbered 13; fourth south 89 degrees 39 minutes west 154.00 feet on the boundary of said lot 1; fifth north 41 degrees 40 minutes east 191.71 feet to the point of beginning. Containing 0.462 acre, more or less.


Public Law 87-121

JOINT RESOLUTION

To provide for amending section 3 of the Puerto Rican Federal Relations Act (64 Stat. 319), as amended (64 Stat. 458).

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 3 of the Puerto Rican Federal Relations Act (64 Stat. 319), as amended (64 Stat. 458), is amended by deleting therefrom the following language: "Provided, however, That no public indebtedness of Puerto Rico and the municipalities of San Juan, Ponce, Arecibo, Rio Piedras and Mayaguez shall be allowed in excess of 10 per centum of the aggregate tax valuation of its property, and no public indebtedness of any other subdivision or municipality of Puerto Rico shall hereafter be allowed in excess of 5 per centum of the aggregate tax valuation of the property in any such subdivision or municipality," and "In computing the indebtedness of the people of Puerto Rico, municipal bonds for the payment of interest and principal of which the good faith of the people of Puerto Rico has heretofore been pledged and bonds issued by the people of Puerto Rico secured by bonds to an equivalent amount of bonds of municipal corporations or school boards of Puerto Rico shall not be counted but all bonds hereafter issued by any municipality or subdivision within the 5 per centum hereby authorized for which the good faith of the people of Puerto Rico is pledged shall be counted."

Sec. 2. Section 1 of this Act shall take effect upon a majority of the qualified electors of Puerto Rico having voted in a referendum pursuant to section 1 of article VII of the constitution of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, to include provisions in the Commonwealth constitution, in lieu of the provisions of section 3 of the Puerto Rican Federal Relations Act specified herein, limiting the debt-incurring capacity of the Commonwealth and of its municipalities (as proposed in the concurrent resolution of the legislative assembly of the Commonwealth).


Effective date.

Public referendum.

Puerto Rican Federal Relations Act, amendment.

48 USC 745.

84 U.S.C. 745.

AN ACT

Making appropriations for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1962, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1962, namely:

TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

PUBLIC LAND MANAGEMENT

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

MANAGEMENT OF LANDS AND RESOURCES

For expenses necessary for protection, use, improvement, development, disposal, cadastral surveying, classification, and performance of other functions, as authorized by law, in the management of lands and their resources under the jurisdiction of the Bureau of Land Management, $32,500,000.

CONSTRUCTION

For construction of access roads, acquisition of rights-of-way and of existing connecting roads (other than on the revested Oregon and California Railroad grant lands), and acquisition and construction of buildings and appurtenant facilities, $850,000, to remain available until expended.

OREGON AND CALIFORNIA GRANT LANDS

For construction, operation, and maintenance of access roads, reforestation, and other improvements on the revested Oregon and California Railroad grant lands, on other Federal lands in the Oregon and California land-grant counties of Oregon, and on adjacent rights-of-way; and acquisition of rights-of-way and of existing connecting roads on or adjacent to such lands; an amount equivalent to 25 percentum of the aggregate of all receipts during the current fiscal year from the revested Oregon and California Railroad grant lands, to remain available until expended: Provided, That the amount appropriated herein for the purposes of this appropriation on lands administered by the Forest Service shall be transferred to the Forest Service, Department of Agriculture: Provided further, That the amount appropriated herein for road construction on lands other than those administered by the Forest Service shall be transferred to the Bureau of Public Roads, Department of Commerce: Provided further, That the amount appropriated herein is hereby made a reimbursable charge against the Oregon and California land-grant fund and shall be reimbursed to the general fund in the Treasury in accordance with the provisions of the second paragraph of subsection (b) of title II of the Act of August 28, 1937 (50 Stat. 876): Provided further, That any unexpended balances heretofore appropriated under this head shall be available for the purposes of this appropriation.
Appropriations for the Bureau of Land Management shall be available for purchase of seventeen passenger motor vehicles for replacement only; purchase of two aircraft (one of which shall be for replacement only); purchase, erection, and dismantlement of temporary structures; and alteration and maintenance of necessary buildings and appurtenant facilities to which the United States has title: Provided, That of appropriations herein made for the Bureau of Land Management expenditures in connection with the revested Oregon and California Railroad and reconveyed Coos Bay Wagon Road grant lands (other than expenditures made under the appropriation "Oregon and California grant lands") shall be reimbursed from the 25 per centum referred to in subsection (c), title II, of the Act approved August 28, 1937 (50 Stat. 876), of the special fund designated the "Oregon and California land-grant fund" and section 4 of the Act approved May 24, 1939 (53 Stat. 754), of the special fund designated the "Coos Bay Wagon Road grant fund": Provided further, That appropriations herein made may be expended on a reimbursable basis for (1) surveys of lands other than those under the jurisdiction of the Bureau of Land Management and (2) protection and leasing of lands and mineral resources for the State of Alaska.

RANGE IMPROVEMENTS

For construction, purchase, and maintenance of range improvements pursuant to the provisions of sections 3 and 10 of the Act of June 28, 1934, as amended (43 U.S.C. 315), sums equal to the aggregate of all moneys received, during the current fiscal year, as range improvements fees under section 3 of said Act, 25 per centum of all moneys received, during the current fiscal year, under section 15 of said Act, and the amount designated for range improvements from grazing fees from Bankhead-Jones lands transferred to the Department of the Interior by Executive Order 10787, dated November 6, 1958, to remain available until expended.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

EDUCATION AND WELFARE SERVICES

For expenses necessary to provide education and welfare services for Indians, either directly or in cooperation with States and other organizations, including payment (in advance or from date of admission), of care, tuition, assistance, and other expenses of Indians in boarding homes, institutions, or schools; grants and other assistance to needy Indians; maintenance of law and order, and payment of rewards for information or evidence concerning violations of law on Indian reservations or lands; and operation of Indian arts and crafts shops and museums; $71,000,000.

RESOURCES MANAGEMENT

For expenses necessary for management, development, improvement, and protection of resources and appurtenant facilities under the jurisdiction of the Bureau of Indian Affairs, including payment of irrigation assessments and charges; acquisition of water rights; advances for Indian industrial and business enterprises; operation of Indian arts and crafts shops and museums; and development of Indian arts and crafts as authorized by law; $29,075,000.
CONSTRUCTION

For construction, major repair, and improvement of irrigation and power systems, buildings, utilities, and other facilities; acquisition of lands and interests in lands; preparation of lands for farming; and architectural and engineering services by contract; $39,561,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That no part of the sum herein appropriated shall be used for the acquisition of land within the States of Arizona, California, Colorado, New Mexico, South Dakota, Utah, and Wyoming outside of the boundaries of existing Indian reservations: Provided further, That no part of this appropriation shall be used for the acquisition of land or water rights within the States of Nevada, Oregon, and Washington either inside or outside the boundaries of existing reservations.

ROAD CONSTRUCTION (LIQUIDATION OF CONTRACT AUTHORIZATION)

For liquidation of obligations incurred pursuant to authority contained in title 23, United States Code, section 203, and the Act of August 23, 1958 (72 Stat. 834), $16,000,000, to remain available until expended.

GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for the general administration of the Bureau of Indian Affairs, including such expenses in field offices, $3,967,000.

LIQUIDATION OF Klamath AND MENOMINee AGENCIES

For expenses necessary for the liquidation of the Klamath and Menominee Indian Agencies in terminating supervision over the property of the Klamath and Menominee Tribes of Indians and the individual members thereof, $31,000.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

Appropriations for the Bureau of Indian Affairs (except the revolving fund for loans) shall be available for expenses of exhibits; purchase of not to exceed two hundred and thirty passenger motor vehicles (including twenty-five for police-type use which may exceed by $300 each the general purchase price limitation for the current fiscal year) for replacement only, which may be used for the transportation of Indians; advance payments for service (including services which may extend beyond the current fiscal year) under contracts executed pursuant to the Act of June 4, 1936 (25 U.S.C. 452), the Act of August 3, 1956 (70 Stat. 986), and legislation terminating Federal supervision over certain Indian tribes; purchase of ice for official use of employees; and expenses required by continuing or permanent treaty provisions.

TRIBAL FUNDS

In addition to the tribal funds authorized to be expended by existing law, there is hereby appropriated $3,000,000 from tribal funds not otherwise available for expenditure for the benefit of Indians and Indian tribes, including pay and travel expenses of employees; care, tuition, and other assistance to Indian children attending public and private schools (which may be paid in advance or from date of admission); purchase of land and improvements on land, title to which shall be taken in the name of the United States in trust for the tribe for which purchased; lease of lands and water rights; compensation and expenses of attorneys and other persons employed by Indian tribes under approved contracts; pay, travel, and other expenses of tribal
officers, councils, and committees thereof, or other tribal organizations, including mileage for use of privately owned automobiles and per diem in lieu of subsistence at rates established administratively but not to exceed those applicable to civilian employees of the Government; relief of Indians, without regard to section 7 of the Act of May 27, 1930 (46 Stat. 391), including cash grants; and employment of a recreational director for the Menominee Reservation and a curator for the Osage Museum, each of whom shall be appointed with the approval of their respective tribal councils and without regard to the classification laws: Provided, That in addition to the amount appropriated herein, tribal funds may be advanced to Indian tribes during the current fiscal year for such purposes as may be designated by the governing body of the particular tribe involved and approved by the Secretary: Provided, however, That no part of this appropriation or other tribal funds shall be used for the acquisition of land or water rights within the States of Nevada, Oregon, Washington, and Wyoming, either inside or outside the boundaries of existing Indian reservations, if such acquisition results in the property being exempted from local taxation, except as provided for by the Act of July 24, 1956 (70 Stat. 627).

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

MANAGEMENT AND PROTECTION

For expenses necessary for the management and protection of the areas and facilities administered by the National Park Service, including protection of lands in process of condemnation; and for plans, investigations, and studies of the recreational resources (exclusive of preparation of detail plans and working drawings) and archeological values in river basins of the United States (except the Missouri River Basin); $21,786,500.

MAINTENANCE AND REHABILITATION OF PHYSICAL FACILITIES

For expenses necessary for the operation, maintenance, and rehabilitation of roads (including furnishing special road maintenance service to trucking permittees on a reimbursable basis), trails, buildings, utilities, and other physical facilities essential to the operation of areas administered pursuant to law by the National Park Service, $17,869,000.

CONSTRUCTION

For construction and improvement, without regard to the Act of August 24, 1912, as amended (16 U.S.C. 451), of buildings, utilities, and other physical facilities; the repair or replacement of roads, trails, buildings, utilities, or other facilities or equipment damaged or destroyed by fire, flood, or storm, or the construction of projects deferred by reason of the use of funds for such purposes; the acquisition of water rights; and not to exceed $5,350,000 for the acquisition of lands, interest therein, improvements, and related personal property; $34,476,000, to remain available until expended.

CONSTRUCTION (LIQUIDATION OF CONTRACT AUTHORIZATION)

For liquidation of obligations incurred pursuant to authority contained in title 23, United States Code, section 203, $30,000,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That none of the funds herein provided shall be expended for construction on the following: Fort Washington and Greenbelt Park, Maryland, except minor roads and trails; Daingerfield Island Marina, Virginia; and extension of
the George Washington Memorial Parkway from vicinity of Brickyard Road to Great Falls, Maryland.

GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for general administration of the National Park Service, including such expenses in the regional offices, $1,581,000.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

Appropriations for the National Park Service shall be available for the purchase of not to exceed one hundred and six passenger motor vehicles (of which ninety are for replacement only), including not to exceed forty-three for police-type use which may exceed by $300 each the general purchase price limitation for the current fiscal year; and the objects and purposes specified in the Acts of August 8, 1953 (16 U.S.C. 1b-1d), and July 1, 1955 (16 U.S.C. 18f).

OFFICE OF TERRITORIES

ADMINISTRATION OF TERRITORIES

For expenses necessary for the administration of Territories and for the departmental administration of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, under the jurisdiction of the Department of the Interior, including expenses of the offices of the Governors of Guam and American Samoa, as authorized by law (48 U.S.C., secs. 1422, 1481a (c)); salaries of the Governor of the Virgin Islands, the Government Secretary, the Government Comptroller, and the members of their immediate staffs as authorized by law (48 U.S.C. 1591, 72 Stat. 1095); purchase of two passenger motor vehicles; compensation and mileage of members of the legislatures in Guam, American Samoa, and the Virgin Islands as authorized by law (48 U.S.C. secs. 1421d (e), 1481a(c), and 1572e); compensation and expenses of the judiciary in American Samoa as authorized by law (48 U.S.C. 1481a (c)); grants to American Samoa, in addition to current local revenues, for support of governmental functions; and personal services, household equipment and furnishings, and utilities necessary in the operation of the houses of the Governors of Guam and American Samoa; $5,834,000: Provided, That the Territorial and local governments herein provided for are authorized to make purchases through the General Services Administration: Provided further, That appropriations available for the administration of Territories may be expended for the purchase, charter, maintenance, and operation of aircraft and surface vessels for official purposes and for commercial transportation purposes found by the Secretary to be necessary.

TRUST TERRITORY OF THE PACIFIC ISLANDS

For expenses necessary for the Department of the Interior in administration of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands pursuant to the Trusteeship Agreement approved by joint resolution of July 18, 1947 (61 Stat. 397), and the Act of June 30, 1954 (68 Stat. 330), including the expenses of the High Commissioner of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands; compensation and expenses of the Judiciary of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands; grants to the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands in addition to local revenues, for support of governmental functions; $6,104,000: Provided, That the revolving fund for loans to locally owned private trading enterprises shall continue to be available during the fiscal year 1962: Pro-
provided further, That all financial transactions of the Trust Territory, including such transactions of all agencies or instrumentalities established or utilized by such Trust Territory, shall be audited by the General Accounting Office in accordance with the provisions of the Budget and Accounting Act, 1921 (42 Stat. 28), as amended, and the Accounting and Auditing Act of 1950 (64 Stat. 834): Provided further, That the government of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands is authorized to make purchases through the General Services Administration: Provided further, That appropriations available for the Administration of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands may be expended for the purchase, charter, maintenance, and operation of aircraft and surface vessels for official purposes and for commercial transportation purposes found by the Secretary to be necessary in carrying out the provisions of article 6(2) of the Trusteeship Agreement approved by Congress: Provided further, That notwithstanding the provisions of any law, the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands is authorized to receive, during the current fiscal year, from the Department of Agriculture for distribution on the same basis as domestic distribution in any State, Territory, or possession of the United States, without exchange of funds, such surplus food commodities as may be available pursuant to section 32 of the Act of August 24, 1935, as amended (7 U.S.C. 612c) and section 416 of the Agricultural Act of 1949, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1431).

ALASKA PUBLIC WORKS

Not to exceed $108,000 of appropriations heretofore granted under this head shall be available during the current fiscal year for administrative expenses necessary for liquidation of the public works program carried out under the Act of August 24, 1949, as amended (48 U.S.C. 486-486j).

ALASKA RAILROAD REVOLVING FUND

The Alaska Railroad Revolving Fund shall continue available until expended for the work authorized by law, including operation and maintenance of oceangoing or coastwise vessels by ownership, charter, or arrangement with other branches of the Government service, for the purpose of providing additional facilities for transportation of freight, passengers, or mail, when deemed necessary for the benefit and development of industries or travel in the area served; and payment of compensation and expenses as authorized by section 42 of the Act of September 7, 1916 (5 U.S.C. 793), to be reimbursed as therein provided: Provided, That no employee shall be paid an annual salary out of said fund in excess of the salaries prescribed by the Classification Act of 1949, as amended, for grade GS-15, except the general manager of said railroad, one assistant general manager at not to exceed the salaries prescribed by said Act for GS-17, and five officers at not to exceed the salaries prescribed by said Act for grade GS-16.

MINERAL RESOURCES

Geological Survey

surveys, investigations, and research

For expenses necessary for the Geological Survey to perform surveys, investigations, and research covering topography, geology, and the mineral and water resources of the United States, its Territories and possessions, and other areas as authorized by law (72 Stat.
classify lands as to mineral character and water and power resources; give engineering supervision to power permits and Federal Power Commission licenses; enforce departmental regulations applicable to oil, gas, and other mining leases, permits, licenses, and operating contracts; control the interstate shipment of contraband oil as required by law (15 U.S.C. 715); and publish and disseminate data relative to the foregoing activities; $49,720,000, of which $8,430,000 shall be available only for cooperation with States or municipalities for water resources investigations: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be used to pay more than one-half the cost of any topographic mapping or water resources investigations carried on in cooperation with any State or municipality.

**ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS**

The amount appropriated for the Geological Survey shall be available for purchase of not to exceed sixty-four passenger motor vehicles, for replacement only; reimbursement of the General Services Administration for security guard service for protection of confidential files; contracting for the furnishing of topographic maps and for the making of geophysical or other specialized surveys when it is administratively determined that such procedures are in the public interest; construction and maintenance of necessary buildings and appurtenant facilities; acquisition of lands for gauging stations and observation wells; and payment of compensation and expenses of persons on the rolls of the Geological Survey appointed, as authorized by law, to represent the United States in the negotiation and administration of interstate compacts.

**BUREAU OF MINES**

**CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPMENT OF MINERAL RESOURCES**

For expenses necessary for promoting the conservation, exploration, development, production, and utilization of mineral resources, including fuels, in the United States, its Territories, and possessions; and developing synthetics and substitutes; $24,800,000.

**HEALTH AND SAFETY**

For expenses necessary for promotion of health and safety in mines and in the minerals industries, and controlling fires in coal deposits, as authorized by law, $7,200,000.

**CONSTRUCTION**

For the construction and improvement of facilities under the jurisdiction of the Bureau of Mines, $835,000, to remain available until expended.

**GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES**

For expenses necessary for general administration of the Bureau of Mines, including such expenses in the regional offices, $1,290,000.

**ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS**

Appropriations and funds available to the Bureau of Mines may be expended for purchase of not to exceed seventy passenger motor vehicles for replacement only; providing transportation services in isolated areas for employees, student dependents of employees, and other pupils, and such activities may be financed under cooperative arrangements; purchase and bestowal of certificates and trophies in
connection with mine rescue and first-aid work: Provided, That the Secretary is authorized to accept lands, buildings, equipment, and other contributions from public and private sources and to prosecute projects in cooperation with other agencies, Federal, State, or private: Provided further, That the sums made available for the current fiscal year to the Departments of the Army, Navy, and Air Force for the acquisition of helium from the Bureau of Mines shall be transferred to the Bureau of Mines, and said sums, together with all other payments to the Bureau of Mines for helium, shall be credited to the special helium production fund, established pursuant to the Act of March 3, 1925, as amended (50 U.S.C. 164(c)): Provided further, That the Bureau of Mines is authorized, during the current fiscal year, to sell directly or through any Government agency, including corporations, any metal or mineral product that may be manufactured in pilot plants operated by the Bureau of Mines, and the proceeds of such sales shall be covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.

DEVELOPMENT AND OPERATION OF HELIUM PROPERTIES

The Secretary is authorized to enter into contracts and agreements pursuant to section 3(a)(2) of the Helium Act Amendments of 1960 which shall require payments for helium in any one fiscal year in an amount not to exceed $47,500,000: Provided, That the Secretary is also authorized to borrow from the Treasury for payment to the helium production fund pursuant to section 12(a) of such Act to carry out the provisions of the Act and contractual obligations thereunder, including helium purchases, to remain available without fiscal year limitation, $10,000,000.

OFFICE OF COAL RESEARCH

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses to encourage and stimulate the production and conservation of coal in the United States through research and development, as authorized by Public Law 86-599, $1,000,000, to remain available until expended, of which not to exceed $225,000 shall be available for administration and supervision.

OFFICE OF MINERALS EXPLORATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary to provide a program for the discovery of the minerals reserves of the United States, its territories and possessions, by encouraging exploration for minerals, including administration of contracts entered into prior to June 30, 1958, under section 303 of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, $750,000, including not to exceed $213,600 for administrative and technical services, to remain available until expended.

OFFICE OF OIL AND GAS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses to enable the Secretary to discharge his responsibilities with respect to oil and gas, including cooperation with the petroleum industry and State authorities in the production, processing, and utilization of petroleum and its products, and natural gas, $531,000.
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FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER OF FISH AND WILDLIFE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Office of the Commissioner, $364,000.

BUREAU OF COMMERCIAL FISHERIES

MANAGEMENT AND INVESTIGATIONS OF RESOURCES

For expenses necessary for scientific and economic studies, conservation, management, investigation, protection, and utilization of commercial fishery resources, including whales, sea lions, and related aquatic plants and products; collection, compilation, and publication of information concerning such resources; promotion of education and training of fishery personnel; and the performance of other functions related thereto, as authorized by law; $12,150,000: Provided, That the unexpended balances available for the Columbia River fish sanctuary program under appropriations heretofore granted for Civil Functions, Department of the Army, under the head “Operation and maintenance, general”, shall be merged with this appropriation.

MANAGEMENT AND INVESTIGATIONS OF RESOURCES

(SPECIAL FOREIGN CURRENCY PROGRAM)

For purchase of foreign currencies which accrue under title I of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1704), for the purposes authorized by section 104(k) of that Act, $300,000, which shall be available to purchase only those currencies which the Treasury Department shall determine to be excess to the normal requirements of the United States.

CONSTRUCTION

For construction and acquisition of buildings and other facilities required for the conservation, management, investigation, protection, and utilization of commercial fishery resources and the acquisition of lands and interests therein, $7,561,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That the unexpended balances available for the Columbia River fish sanctuary program under appropriations heretofore granted for Civil Functions, Department of the Army, under the head “Construction, general”, shall be merged with this appropriation.

CONSTRUCTION OF FISHING VESSELS

For expenses necessary to carry out the provisions of the Act of June 12, 1960, Public Law 86-516, to assist in the construction of fishing vessels, $750,000.

GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for general administration of the Bureau of Commercial Fisheries, including such expenses in the regional offices, $482,000.

ADMINISTRATION OF Pribilof Islands

For carrying out the provisions of the Act of February 26, 1944, as amended (16 U.S.C. 631a-631q), there are appropriated amounts not to exceed $1,981,000, to be derived from Pribilof Islands fund.
LIMITATION ON ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES, FISHERIES LOAN FUND

During the current fiscal year not to exceed $250,000 of the Fisheries loan fund shall be available for administrative expenses.

BUREAU OF SPORT FISHERIES AND WILDLIFE

MANAGEMENT AND INVESTIGATIONS OF RESOURCES

For expenses necessary for scientific and economic studies, conservation, management, investigation, protection, and utilization of sport fishery and wildlife resources, except whales, seals, and sea lions, and for the performance of other authorized functions related to such resources; operation of the industrial properties within the Crab Orchard National Wildlife Refuge (61 Stat. 770); maintenance of the herd of long-horned cattle on the Wichita Mountains Wildlife Refuge; purchase or rent of land, and functions related to wildlife management in California (16 U.S.C. 695-695c); and leasing and management of lands for the protection of the Florida Key deer; $23,315,650.

CONSTRUCTION

For construction and acquisition of buildings and other facilities required in the conservation, management, investigation, protection, and utilization of sport fishery and wildlife resources, and the acquisition of lands and interests therein, $5,257,500, to remain available until expended.

GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for general administration of the Bureau of Sport Fisheries and Wildlife, including such expenses in the regional offices, $1,071,000.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

Appropriations and funds available to the Fish and Wildlife Service shall be available for purchase of not to exceed one hundred and seventy-four passenger motor vehicles of which one hundred and fifty-three shall be for replacement only (including ninety-one for police-type use which may exceed by $300 each the general purchase price limitation for the current fiscal year); purchase of not to exceed nine aircraft for replacement only; not to exceed $30,000 for payment, in the discretion of the Secretary, for information or evidence concerning violations of laws administered by the Fish and Wildlife Service; publication and distribution of bulletins as authorized by law (7 U.S.C. 417); rations or commutation of rations for officers and crews of vessels at rates not to exceed $3 per man per day; repair of damage to public roads within and adjacent to reservation areas caused by operations of the Fish and Wildlife Service; options for the purchase of land at not to exceed $1 for each option; facilities incident to such public recreational uses on conservation areas as are not inconsistent with their primary purposes; and the maintenance and improvement of aquaria, buildings, and other facilities under the jurisdiction of the Fish and Wildlife Service and to which the United States has title, and which are utilized pursuant to law in connection with management and investigation of fish and wildlife resources.
OFFICE OF SALINE WATER

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary to carry out provisions of the Act of July 3, 1952, as amended (42 U.S.C. 1951-1958), authorizing studies of the conversion of saline water for beneficial consumptive uses, $1,755,000, of which not to exceed $220,000 shall be available for administration and coordination.

CONSTRUCTION, OPERATION, AND MAINTENANCE

For an additional amount for construction, operation, and maintenance of demonstration plants for the production of water suitable for agricultural, industrial, municipal, and other beneficial consumptive uses, as authorized by the Act of September 2, 1958 (42 U.S.C. 1958a-1958g), $4,550,000, to remain available until September 3, 1965.

OFFICE OF THE SOLICITOR

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Office of the Solicitor, $3,492,000, and in addition, not to exceed $130,000 may be reimbursed or transferred to this appropriation from other accounts available to the Department of the Interior: Provided, That hearing officers appointed for Indian probate work need not be appointed pursuant to the Administrative Procedure Act (60 Stat. 237), as amended.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Office of the Secretary of the Interior (referred to herein as the Secretary), including teletype rentals and service, $3,185,000.

GENERAL PROVISIONS, DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Sec. 101. Appropriations made in this title shall be available for expenditure or transfer (within each bureau or office) with the approval of the Secretary, for the emergency reconstruction, replacement, or repair of aircraft, buildings, utilities, or other facilities or equipment damaged or destroyed by fire, flood, storm, or other unavoidable causes: Provided, That no funds shall be made available under this authority until funds specifically made available to the Department of the Interior for emergencies shall have been exhausted.

Sec. 102. The Secretary may authorize the expenditure or transfer (within each bureau or office) of any appropriation in this title, in addition to the amounts included in the budget programs of the several agencies, for the suppression or emergency prevention of forest or range fires on or threatening lands under jurisdiction of the Department of the Interior: Provided, That appropriations made in this title for fire suppression purposes shall be available for the payment of obligations incurred during the preceding fiscal year.

Sec. 103. Appropriations made in this title shall be available for operation of warehouses, garages, shops, and similar facilities, wherever consolidation of activities will contribute to efficiency or economy, and said appropriations shall be reimbursed for services rendered to any other activity in the same manner as authorized by the Act of
June 30, 1932 (31 U.S.C. 686): *Provided*, That reimbursements for costs of supplies, materials and equipment, and for services rendered may be credited to the appropriation current at the time such reimbursements are received.

Sec. 104. Appropriations made to the Department of the Interior in this title or in the Public Works Appropriation Act, 1962 shall be available for services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a), when authorized by the Secretary, at rates not to exceed $75 per diem for individuals, and in total amount not to exceed $175,000; maintenance and operation of aircraft; hire of passenger motor vehicles; purchase of reprints; payment for telephone service in private residences in the field, when authorized under regulations approved by the Secretary; and the payment of dues, when authorized by the Secretary, for library membership in societies or associations which issue publications to members only or at a price to members lower than to subscribers who are not members.

Sec. 105. Appropriations available to the Department of the Interior for salaries and expenses shall be available for uniforms or allowances therefor, as authorized by law (5 U.S.C. 2131 and D.C. Code 4-204).

**TITLE II—RELATED AGENCIES**

**DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE**

**FOREST SERVICE**

**FOREST PROTECTION AND UTILIZATION**

For expenses necessary for forest protection and utilization, as follows:

Forest land management: For necessary expenses of the Forest Service, not otherwise provided for, including the administration, improvement, development, and management of lands under Forest Service administration, fighting and preventing forest fires on or threatening such lands and for liquidation of obligations incurred in the preceding fiscal year for such purposes, control of white pine blister rust and other forest diseases and insects on Federal and non-Federal lands; $128,000,000, of which $5,000,000 for fighting and preventing forest fires and $1,910,000 for insect and disease control shall be apportioned for use, pursuant to section 3679 of the Revised Statutes, as amended, to the extent necessary under the then existing conditions: *Provided*, That not more than $300,000 may be used for acquisition of land under the Act of March 1, 1911, as amended (16 U.S.C. 513-519): *Provided further*, That funds appropriated for "Cooperative range improvements", pursuant to section 12 of the Act of April 24, 1950 (16 U.S.C. 580h), may be advanced to this appropriation.

Forest research: For forest research at forest and range experiment stations, the Forest Products Laboratory, or elsewhere, as authorized by law; $26,368,000.

State and private forestry cooperation: For cooperation with States in forest-fire prevention and suppression, in forest tree planting on non-Federal public and private lands, and in forest management and processing, and for advising timberland owners, associations, wood-using industries, and others in the application of forest management principles and processing of forest products, as authorized by law; $15,800,000.
FOREST ROADS AND TRAILS (LIQUIDATION OF CONTRACT AUTHORIZATION)

For expenses necessary for carrying out the provisions of title 23, United States Code, sections 203 and 205, relating to the construction and maintenance of forest development roads and trails, $35,000,000, to remain available until expended, for liquidation of obligations incurred pursuant to authority contained in title 23, United States Code, section 203: Provided, That funds available under the Act of March 4, 1913 (16 U.S.C. 501), shall be merged with and made a part of this appropriation: Provided further, That not less than the amount made available under the provisions of the Act of March 4, 1913, shall be expended under the provisions of such Act.

ACCESS ROADS

For acquiring by condemnation or otherwise additional roads needed for access to national-forest lands in carrying out the Act of June 4, 1897, as amended (16 U.S.C. 471, 472, 475, 476, 551), $2,000,000, to remain available until expended.

ACQUISITION OF LANDS FOR NATIONAL FORESTS

SUPERIOR NATIONAL FOREST

For the acquisition of forest land within the Superior National Forest, Minnesota, under the provisions of the Act of June 22, 1948 (62 Stat. 570; 16 U.S.C. 577c-h), as amended, by purchase, condemnation or otherwise, $250,000, to remain available until expended and to be available without regard to the restriction in the proviso in section 1 of that Act.

Special Acts

For the acquisition of land in the Cache National Forest, Utah, in accordance with the Act of May 11, 1938 (52 Stat. 347), as amended, $10,000, to be derived from forest receipts as authorized by said Act: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be used for acquisition of any land which is not within the boundaries of a national forest: Provided further, That no part of this appropriation shall be used for the acquisition of any land without the approval of the local government concerned.

COOPERATIVE RANGE IMPROVEMENTS

For artificial revegetation, construction, and maintenance of range improvements, control of rodents, and eradication of poisonous and noxious plants on national forests in accordance with section 12 of the Act of April 24, 1950 (16 U.S.C. 580h), to be derived from grazing fees as authorized by said section, $700,000, to remain available until expended.

ASSISTANCE TO STATES FOR TREE PLANTING

For expenses necessary to carry out section 401 of the Agricultural Act of 1956, approved May 28, 1956 (16 U.S.C. 568e), $1,000,000, to remain available until expended.
Appropriations available to the Forest Service for the current fiscal year shall be available for: (a) purchase of not to exceed one hundred and fifty passenger motor vehicles of which one hundred and thirty-five shall be for replacement only, and hire of such vehicles; operation and maintenance of aircraft and the purchase of not to exceed two for replacement only; (b) employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706(a) of the Organic Act of 1944 (5 U.S.C. 574), as amended by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a), in an amount not to exceed $25,000; (c) uniforms, or allowances therefore, as authorized by the Act of September 1, 1954, as amended (5 U.S.C. 2131); (d) purchase, erection, and alteration of buildings and other public improvements (5 U.S.C. 565a); (e) expenses of the National Forest Reservation Commission as authorized by section 14 of the Act of March 1, 1911 (16 U.S.C. 514); and (f) acquisition of land and interests therein for sites for administrative purposes, pursuant to the Act of August 3, 1956 (7 U.S.C. 428a).

Except to provide materials required in or incident to research or experimental work where no suitable domestic product is available, no part of the funds appropriated to the Forest Service shall be expended in the purchase of twine manufactured from commodities or materials produced outside of the United States.

Funds appropriated under this Act shall not be used for acquisition of forest lands under the provisions of the Act approved March 1, 1911, as amended (16 U.S.C. 513-519, 521), where such land is not within the boundaries of a national forest nor shall these lands or lands authorized for purchase in Sanders County, Montana, be acquired without approval of the local government concerned.

FEDERAL COAL MINE SAFETY BOARD OF REVIEW

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Federal Coal Mine Safety Board of Review, including services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a), $70,000.

COMMISSION OF FINE ARTS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses made necessary by the Act establishing a Commission of Fine Arts (40 U.S.C. 104), including payment of actual traveling expenses of the members and secretary of the Commission in attending meetings and committee meetings of the Commission either within or outside the District of Columbia, to be disbursed on vouchers approved by the Commission, $70,000.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE

PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE

INDIAN HEALTH ACTIVITIES

For expenses necessary to enable the Surgeon General to carry out the purposes of the Act of August 5, 1954 (68 Stat. 674), as amended; purchase of not to exceed thirty-six passenger motor vehicles, of which thirty-two shall be for replacement only; hire of passenger motor vehicles and aircraft; purchase of reprints; payment for telephone service in private residences in the field, when authorized under regu-
CONSTRUCTION OF INDIAN HEALTH FACILITIES

For construction, major repair, improvement, and equipment of health and related auxiliary facilities, including quarters for personnel; preparation of plans, specifications, and drawings; acquisition of sites; purchase and erection of portable buildings; purchase of trailers; and provision of domestic and community sanitation facilities for Indians, as authorized by section 7 of the Act of August 5, 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2004a); $8,285,000, to remain available until expended.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS, PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE

Appropriations contained in this Act, available for salaries and expenses, shall be available for services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a).

Appropriations contained in this Act available for salaries and expenses shall be available for payment in advance for dues or fees for library membership in organizations whose publications are available to members only or to members at a price lower than to the general public and for payment in advance for publications available only upon that basis or available at a reduced price on prepublication orders.

Appropriations contained in this Act available for salaries and expenses shall be available for uniforms or allowances therefor as authorized by the Act of September 1, 1954, as amended (5 U.S.C. 2131).

Appropriations contained in this Act available for salaries and expenses shall be available for expenses of attendance at meetings which are concerned with the functions or activities for which the appropriation is made or which will contribute to improved conduct, supervision, or management of those functions or activities.

INDIAN CLAIMS COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary to carry out the purposes of the Act of August 13, 1946 (25 U.S.C. 70), creating an Indian Claims Commission, $280,000, of which not to exceed $10,000 shall be available for expenses of travel.

NATIONAL CAPITAL PLANNING COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses, as authorized by the National Capital Planning Act of 1952 (40 U.S.C. 71-71i), including services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a); payment in advance for membership in societies whose publications or services are available to members only or to members at a price lower than to the general public; and uniforms or allowances therefor, as authorized by law (5 U.S.C. 2131); $525,000.
For necessary expenses for the National Capital Planning Commission for acquisition of land for the park, parkway, and playground system of the National Capital, as authorized by the Act of May 29, 1930 (46 Stat. 482), as amended, to remain available until expended, $500,000 which shall be available for the purpose of section 1(a) of said Act of May 29, 1930, for the purchase of approximately 416 acres of parkland in Prince Georges County, Maryland, consisting of the Fort Foote extension to the Smoot Bay area; the Harmony Hall Historic area between the Indian Queen Estates and Broadwater Estates sub-divisions; and the extension of Fort Washington to Swan Creek: Provided, That none of the funds shall be available for acquiring without the consent of the owner any improved property which shall be defined to mean a detached, one-family dwelling together with at least three acres of the land on which the dwelling is situated, or all of such lesser amount as may be held in same ownership as the dwelling: Provided further, That none of the funds provided under the National Park Service item “Construction (liquidation of contract authorization)” shall be expended for planning or construction of the extension of the George Washington Memorial Parkway in Prince Georges County, Maryland: Provided, That not exceeding $50,000 of the funds available for land acquisition purposes shall be used during the current fiscal year for necessary expenses of the Commission (other than payments for land) in connection with land acquisition.

NATIONAL CAPITAL TRANSPORTATION AGENCY

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary to carry out the provisions of title II of the Act of July 14, 1960 (74 Stat. 537), including payment in advance for membership in societies whose publications or services are available to members only or to members at a price lower than to the general public; hire of passenger motor vehicles; and uniforms or allowances therefor, as authorized by law (5 U.S.C. 2131); $875,000.

OUTDOOR RECREATION RESOURCES REVIEW COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary to complete carrying out the provisions of the Act of June 28, 1958, as amended (72 Stat. 238; 73 Stat. 14), including services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a), $550,000, to remain available until expended.

SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For all necessary expenses for the preservation, exhibition, and increase of collections from the surveying and exploring expeditions of the Government and from other sources; for the system of international exchanges between the United States and foreign countries; for anthropological researches among the American Indians and the natives of lands under the jurisdiction or protection of the United States, independently or in cooperation with State, educational, and scientific organizations in the United States, and the excavation and preservation of archeological remains; for maintenance of the Astrophysical Observatory and making necessary observations in high altitudes; for the administration of the National Collection of Fine Arts;
for the administration, construction, and maintenance of laboratory
and other facilities on Barro Colorado Island, Canal Zone, under the
provisions of the Act of July 2, 1940, as amended by the provisions of
Reorganization Plan Numbered 3 of 1946; for the maintenance and
administration of a national air museum as authorized by the Act
of August 12, 1946 (20 U.S.C. 77); including not to exceed $35,000
for services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946
(5 U.S.C. 55a); purchase, repair, and cleaning of uniforms for guards
and elevator operators, and uniforms or allowances therefor, as author-
ized by law (5 U.S.C. 2131), for other employees; repairs and altera-
tions of buildings and approaches; and preparation of manuscripts,
drawings, and illustrations for publications; $9,125,000.

ADDITIONS TO THE NATURAL HISTORY BUILDING

For an additional amount for "Additions to the Natural History
Building", including construction, and not to exceed $10,000 for
services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946
(5 U.S.C. 55a), at rates not to exceed $75 per diem for individuals,
$4,336,000, to remain available until expended.

REMODELING OF CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION BUILDING

For necessary expenses of preparing plans and specifications for
remodeling the Civil Service Commission Building to make it suitable
to house certain art galleries of the Smithsonian Institution, as au-
thorized by the Act of March 28, 1958 (72 Stat. 68), including not
to exceed $20,000 for services as authorized by section 15 of the Act
of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a), at rates not to exceed $75 per diem
for individuals, $400,000, to remain available until expended.

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, NATIONAL GALLERY OF ART

For the upkeep and operation of the National Gallery of Art, the
protection and care of the works of art therein, and administrative
expenses incident thereto, as authorized by the Act of March 24, 1937
(50 Stat. 51), as amended by the public resolution of April 13, 1939
(Public Resolution 9, Seventy-sixth Congress), including services as
authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a);
payment in advance when authorized by the treasurer of the Gallery
for membership in library, museum, and art associations or societies
whose publications or services are available to members only, or to
members at a price lower than to the general public; purchase, repair,
and cleaning of uniforms for guards and elevator operators and
uniforms, or allowances therefor for other employees as authorized
by law (5 U.S.C. 2131); purchase or rental of devices and services
for protecting buildings and contents thereof, and maintenance and
repair of buildings, approaches, and grounds; and not to exceed
$15,000 for restoration and repair of works of art for the National
Gallery of Art by contracts made, without advertising, with individ-
uals, firms, or organizations at such rates or prices and under such
terms and conditions as the Gallery may deem proper; $1,932,000.

TRANSITIONAL GRANTS TO ALASKA

For grants to the State of Alaska to assist in accomplishing an
orderly transition from Territorial status to statehood and to facili-
tate the assumption of responsibilities hitherto performed in Alaska
by the Federal Government, and for expenses of providing Federal
services or facilities in Alaska for an interim period, as authorized
by law (73 Stat. 151), $6,000,000.
CIVIL WAR CENTENNIAL COMMISSION

For expenses necessary to carry out the provisions of the Act of September 7, 1957 (71 Stat. 626), as amended (72 Stat. 1769), $100,000.

TITLE III—VIRGIN ISLANDS CORPORATION

Contributions

For payment to the Virgin Islands Corporation in the form of grants, as authorized by law, $669,000, to be derived by transfer from the internal revenue collections appropriated for the Virgin Islands.

Revolving Fund

For an additional amount for the revolving fund established under this head in the Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1950, for advances to the Virgin Islands Corporation, as authorized by law (63 Stat. 350; 72 Stat. 1760), $881,000.

LIMITATION ON ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES, VIRGIN ISLANDS CORPORATION

During the current fiscal year the Virgin Islands Corporation is hereby authorized to make such expenditures, within the limits of funds available to it and in accord with law, and to make such contracts and commitments without regard to fiscal-year limitations as provided by section 104 of the Government Corporation Control Act, as amended, as may be necessary in carrying out its programs as set forth in the budget for the current fiscal year: Provided, That not to exceed $180,000 shall be available for administrative expenses (to be computed on an accrual basis) of the Corporation, covering the categories set forth in the 1962 budget estimates for such expenses.

This Act may be cited as the "Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1962."


Public Law 87-123

AN ACT

To reassign officers designated for supply duty as officers not restricted in the performance of duty in the Marine Corps.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That officers on the active list of the Marine Corps designated for supply duty, except the officer serving as Quartermaster General on the date of enactment of this Act, are hereby reassigned as officers not restricted in the performance of duty. All provisions of law relating to officers on the active list of the Marine Corps not restricted in the performance of duty apply to officers reassigned by this Act, except as otherwise specifically provided herein.

Sec. 2. The numbers of officers authorized to serve in grades above captain in the Marine Corps as set forth in the table in subsection (a) of section 5443 of title 10, United States Code, are readjusted to the extent necessary to include the numbers of officers authorized for those grades by subsections (g) and (h) of that section as those subsections read before the enactment of this Act.

AN ACT

To reassign officers designated for supply duty as officers not restricted in the performance of duty in the Marine Corps.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That officers on the active list of the Marine Corps designated for supply duty, except the officer serving as Quartermaster General on the date of enactment of this Act, are hereby reassigned as officers not restricted in the performance of duty. All provisions of law relating to officers on the active list of the Marine Corps not restricted in the performance of duty apply to officers reassigned by this Act, except as otherwise specifically provided herein.

Sec. 2. The numbers of officers authorized to serve in grades above captain in the Marine Corps as set forth in the table in subsection (a) of section 5443 of title 10, United States Code, are readjusted to the extent necessary to include the numbers of officers authorized for those grades by subsections (g) and (h) of that section as those subsections read before the enactment of this Act.
Sec. 3. (a) Each officer serving in the grade of brigadier general or colonel who is reassigned as an officer not restricted in the performance of duty by this Act, and who is senior to the senior officer in the first promotion zone established for his grade after the enactment of this Act, shall be considered for all purposes to be in that promotion zone.

(b) Within the number of officers not restricted in the performance of duty that may be recommended for promotion to a grade below brigadier general, as determined under section 5756 of title 10, United States Code, the Secretary of the Navy shall allocate a portion thereof for officers on the active list of the Marine Corps who were formerly designated for supply duty and who were reassigned as officers not restricted in the performance of duty by this Act. The portion allocated shall afford at least the same opportunity for promotion to such officers as is afforded other officers not restricted in the performance of duty. These provisions apply only when there is an eligible officer in the promotion zone. For the purpose of the above provisions, “eligible officer” means an officer who is serving in a grade below colonel, who has been reassigned as an officer not restricted in the performance of duty by this Act, and who has not previously been in a promotion zone established for any grade after the enactment of this Act. Reassigned officers in a zone of consideration established for the grade of major shall also be allocated a portion of the number of officers who may be recommended for promotion from within that zone, so as to afford them at least the same promotion opportunity as is afforded other officers not restricted in the performance of duty.

Sec. 4. This Act does not terminate or reduce the four-year term of the officer who is serving as Quartermaster General of the Marine Corps on the date of enactment of this Act or deprive him of the rank, pay, allowances, or retirement privileges to which he became entitled under sections 5204 and 5205 of title 10, United States Code. However, he shall be counted as a major general for the purposes of sections 5443 and 5448 of that title, as amended by this Act. His date of rank as a major general is July 1, 1954. When he ceases to serve as Quartermaster General, he shall be reassigned as an officer not restricted in the performance of duty and he may be reappointed by the President alone to the permanent grade of major general to rank from July 1, 1954.

Sec. 5. Subtitle C of title 10, United States Code, is amended as follows:

(1) Section 5001(a)(8) is amended by striking out the words “supply duty or”.

(2) Section 5204 is amended to read as follows:

“§ 5204. Quartermaster General: detail
“The Quartermaster General of the Marine Corps shall be detailed by the Commandant from officers of the Marine Corps on active duty.”

(3) Section 5205 is repealed.

(4) The analysis of chapter 515 is amended by striking out the following items:

“5204. Quartermaster General: appointment; term, pay and allowances.
“5205. Heads of Staff Departments: retirement.”

and inserting the following item in place thereof:

“5204. Quartermaster General: detail.”

(5) Section 5409(c) is amended by striking out the words “excluding officers designated for supply duty,”
(6) Section 5443 is amended—
   (A) by striking out the words “, excluding officers carried as
       additional numbers in grade,” wherever they occur in subsections
       (a), (b), (c), and (f); and
   (B) by striking out subsections (g) and (h) and redesignating
       subsections (i) and (j) as subsections “(g)” and “(h)”.

(7) Section 5448 is amended—
   (A) by striking out the words “, excluding officers carried as
       additional numbers in grade,” wherever they occur in subsections
       (a), (b), and (c); and
   (B) by substituting the number “36” for the number “32” in
       the last sentence of subsection (a); and
   (C) by striking out subsections (f) and (g) and redesignating
       subsections (h) and (i) as subsections “(f)” and “(g)”.

(8) Section 5588 is repealed.

(9) The analysis of chapter 539 is amended by striking out the following item:

“5588. Regular Marine Corps: officers designated for supply duty.”

(10) Section 5589(e) (8) is amended by striking out the words “be
       designated for supply duty or”.

(11) Section 5706 is amended—
   (A) by striking out clause (1) in subsection (a) and renumbering
       clauses (2), (3), (4), and (5) as clauses “(1)”, “(2)”, “(3)”,
       and “(4)”; and
   (B) by striking out subsection (d) and redesignating subsections
       (e) and (f) as subsections “(d)” and “(e)”.

(12) Section 5708 is amended—
   (A) by striking out the words “, the number of officers of the
       Marine Corps designated for supply duty,” in clause (3);
   (B) by striking out clause (8) and renumbering clauses (9),
       (10), (11), and (12) as clauses “(8)”, “(9)”, “(10)” and “(11)”;
   and
   (C) by striking out the words “or colonels in the Marine Corps”
       in clause (9) as so renumbered.

(13) Section 5707 is amended—
   (A) by striking out the words “supply duty or” in subsection
       (d); and
   (B) by inserting the words “supply duty,” before the words
       “or duty in any technical specialty” in subsection (f).

(14) Section 5709 is amended—
   (A) by amending the catchline to read as follows; “§ 5709.
       Navy and Marine Corps: retention of rear admirals and major
       generals on the active list”; and
   (B) by striking out subsection (e) and redesignating subsection
       (d) as subsection “(e)”.

(15) The analysis of chapter 543 is amended by striking out the following item:

“5709. Navy and Marine Corps: retention of rear admirals, major generals, and
       brigadier generals on the active list.”

and inserting the following item in place thereof.

“5709. Navy and Marine Corps: retention of rear admirals and major generals on the active list.”
(16) Section 5751(a) is amended by striking out the words “not restricted in the performance of duty”.

(17) Section 5759 is repealed.

(18) The analysis of chapter 545 is amended by striking out the following item:

“5759. Regular Marine Corps; male officers designated for supply duty: numbers that may be recommended.”

(19) Section 5765 is amended—
   (A) by striking out the words “not restricted in the performance of duty” in subsection (a); and
   (B) by striking out subsection (c) and redesignating subsection (d) as subsection “(c)”.

(20) Section 5769(b) is amended—
   (A) by striking out clauses (4) and (6) and renumbering clause (5) as clause “(4)”;
   (B) by striking out the following words in the last sentence: “and an officer in the grade of captain in the Marine Corps designated for supply duty is not eligible for promotion to the grade of major until there is a vacancy for him among officers of his designation in the combined grades of colonel, lieutenant colonel, and major”.

(21) Section 5775 is amended—
   (A) by striking out clauses (7) and (8) in subsection (a) and renumbering clauses (9), (10), and (11) as clauses “(7)”, “(8)”, and “(9)”;
   (B) by striking out the words “and each male officer of the Marine Corps designated for supply duty” in subsection (b).

(22) Section 5776 (b) is amended—
   (A) by striking out the words “or a male officer of the Marine Corps restricted in the performance of duty serving in the grade of colonel,” in the first sentence; and
   (B) by striking out the words “or brigadier general” in the second sentence.

(23) Section 6020 is repealed.

(24) The analysis of chapter 555 is amended by striking out the following item:

“6020. Marine Corps officers: detail to duty in Supply Department.”

(25) Section 6374 is amended by striking out the words “not restricted in performance of duty” in the catchline and the words “not restricted in the performance of duty” in the text.

(26) Section 6375 is repealed.

(27) Section 6376 is amended by striking out the words “not restricted in performance of duty” after the word “colonels” in the catchline and the words “not restricted in the performance of duty” in the first sentence of the text before the words “serving in the grade of colonel.”

(28) Section 6377 is amended—
   (A) by striking out the words “; Regular Marine Corps, colonels designated for supply duty” in the catchline;
   (B) by striking out the words “and each officer designated for supply duty serving in the grade of colonel on the active list of the Marine Corps” in subsection (a); and
   (C) by striking out, in subsection (e), the words “or colonel in the Marine Corps” in the first and second sentences and the words “or colonel” in the second sentence.
(29) Section 6378 is amended—
(A) by striking out the words "; Regular Marine Corps, colonels designated for supply duty" in the catchline;
(B) by inserting the word "and" after the words "in any staff corps," in the first sentence of subsection (a) and by striking out the words ";, and each officer designated for supply duty serving in the grade of colonel on the active list of the Marine Corps" in that sentence;
(C) by striking out the word ";, colonel," in the last sentence of subsection (a); and
(D) by striking out clause (8) in subsection (b).

(30) The analysis of chapter 573 is amended by striking out the following items:

"6374. Regular Marine Corps; brigadier generals not restricted in performance of duty: retirement for failures of selection for promotion.
"6375. Regular Marine Corps; brigadier generals designated for supply duty: retirement on active list; retirement.
"6376. Regular Navy, line captains not restricted in performance of duty; Regular Marine Corps, colonels not restricted in performance of duty: retirement for length of service.
"6377. Regular Navy, line captains restricted in performance of duty, staff corps captains, and Nurse Corps commanders; Regular Marine Corps, colonels designated for supply duty: retirement for length of service or for age.
"6378. Regular Navy, line captains restricted in performance of duty, staff corps captains, and Nurse Corps commanders; Regular Marine Corps, colonels designated for supply duty: continuation on active list; retirement."

and inserting the following items in place thereof:

"6374. Regular Marine Corps; brigadier generals: retirement for failures of selection for promotion.
"6376. Regular Navy, line captains not restricted in performance of duty; Regular Marine Corps, colonels: retirement for length of service.
"6377. Regular Navy, line captains restricted in performance of duty, staff corps captains, and Nurse Corps commanders: retirement for length of service or for age.
"6378. Regular Navy, line captains restricted in performance of duty, staff corps captains, and Nurse Corps commanders: continuation on active list; retirement."


Public Law 87-124

AN ACT
To authorize and direct the Secretary of Agriculture to convey certain lands in Lassen County, California, to the city of Susanville, California.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized and directed to convey by quitclaim deed, without consideration, to the city of Susanville, California, all the right, title, and interest of the United States in and to the following lands which were previously donated to the United States by C. D. Mathews and Ethel M. Mathews, his wife, by deed dated December 6, 1939, and recorded in book 38 of deeds, at page 218, in the records of Lassen County, California:

All those certain lots, pieces and parcels of land situate, lying, and being in the county of Lassen, State of California, and particularly described as follows, to wit:

PARCEL 1. Commencing at the corner common to sections 29, 30, 31 and 32, in township 30 north, range 12 east, of the Mount Diablo base and meridian; thence north 89 degrees 22 minutes east along the section line 497.87 feet; thence south 16 degrees 50 minutes west
1,908.58 feet to the point of intersection of the centerline of Roop Street with the centerline of Main Street of the city of Susanville; thence south 73 degrees 10 minutes east along said centerline of Main Street 1,525.6 feet to the centerline of Weatherlow Street of said city; thence continuing along said centerline of Main Street of said city south 73 degrees 08 minutes 15 seconds east 1,624.25 feet; thence continuing along said centerline of Main Street south 73 degrees 37 minutes 15 seconds east 445.12 feet; thence north 19 degrees 52 minutes 45 seconds east 40.07 feet to the northerly line of the California State Highway and the true point of beginning; running thence north 19 degrees 52 minutes 45 seconds 229.20 feet; thence south 73 degrees 07 minutes 15 seconds east 115.0 feet; thence south 15 degrees 22 minutes 45 seconds west 227.80 feet to the northerly right of way line of the California State Highway, and thence north 73 degrees 37 minutes 15 seconds west along the said northerly right of way line of the California State Highway, a distance of 136 feet to the true point of beginning.

Parcel 2. Lots numbered 1, 2, and 3 of block numbered 18 of the east addition to the city of Susanville, as shown on the map entitled "Map of East Addition to Susanville, Lassen County, California", filed in the office of the county recorder of Lassen County, California, January 6, 1911.


Public Law 87-125

AN ACT

Making appropriations for the Executive Office of the President, the Department of Commerce, and sundry agencies for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1962, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Executive Office of the President, the Department of Commerce, and sundry agencies for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1962, namely:

TITLE I

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

COMPENSATION OF THE PRESIDENT

For compensation of the President, including an expense allowance at the rate of $50,000 per annum as authorized by the Act of January 19, 1949 (3 U.S.C. 102), $150,000.

THE WHITE HOUSE OFFICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for the White House Office, including not to exceed $215,000 for services as authorized by section 13 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a), at such per diem rates for individuals as the President may specify, and other personal services without regard to the provisions of law regulating the employment and compensation of persons in the Government service; newspapers, periodicals, teletype news service, and travel, and official entertainment expenses of the President, to be accounted for solely on his certificate; $2,495,000.
For expenses necessary to provide staff assistance for the President in connection with special projects, to be expended in his discretion and without regard to such provisions of law regarding the expenditure of Government funds or the compensation and employment of persons in the Government service as he may specify, $1,500,000: Provided, That not to exceed 10 per centum of this appropriation may be used to reimburse the appropriation for "Salaries and expenses, The White House Office", for administrative services.

EXECUTIVE MANSION AND GROUNDS

For the care, maintenance, repair and alteration, refurnishing, improvement, heating and lighting, including electric power and fixtures, of the Executive Mansion and the Executive Mansion grounds, and traveling expenses, to be expended as the President may determine, notwithstanding the provisions of this or any other Act, $528,000.

BUREAU OF THE BUDGET

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for the Bureau of the Budget, including not to exceed $125,000 for expenses of travel, and not to exceed $20,000 for services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a), at rates not to exceed $75 per diem for individuals, $5,517,000.

COUNCIL OF ECONOMIC ADVISERS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Council in carrying out its functions under the Employment Act of 1946 (15 U.S.C. 1021), including not exceeding $10,000 for expenses of travel, and not to exceed $345,000 for salaries, $414,000.

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for the National Security Council, including services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a), and acceptance and utilization of voluntary and uncompensated services, $554,000.

PRESIDENT'S ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON LABOR-MANAGEMENT POLICY

For necessary expenses of the President's Advisory Committee on Labor-Management Policy, established by Executive Order 10918 of February 16, 1961, including rent in the District of Columbia either for the Committee or for Federal agencies displaced in the interests of the Committee, services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a), but at rates for individuals not to exceed $100 per diem, and $25 per diem in lieu of subsistence for members of the Committee while away from their homes or regular places of business, $200,000.
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Funds Appropriated to the President

Emergency Fund for the President, National Defense

For expenses necessary to enable the President, through such officers or agencies of the Government as he may designate, and without regard to such provisions of law regarding the expenditure of Government funds or the compensation and employment of persons in the Government service as he may specify, to provide in his discretion for emergencies affecting the national interest, security, or defense which may arise at home or abroad during the current fiscal year, $1,000,000: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be available for allocation to finance a function or project for which function or project a budget estimate of appropriation was transmitted pursuant to law during the Eighty-seventh Congress, and such appropriation denied after consideration thereof by the Senate or House of Representatives or by the Committee on Appropriations of either body.

Expenses of Management Improvement

For expenses necessary to assist the President in improving the management of executive agencies and in obtaining greater economy and efficiency through the establishment of more efficient business methods in Government operations, including services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a), at rates for individuals not to exceed $75 per diem, by allocation to any agency or office in the executive branch for the conduct, under the general direction of the Bureau of the Budget, of examinations and appraisals of, and the development and installation of improvements in, the organization and operations of such agency or of other agencies in the executive branch, $350,000, to remain available until expended, and to be available without regard to the provisions of subsection (c) of section 3679 of the Revised Statutes, as amended.

Title II—Department of Commerce

General Administration

Salaries and Expenses

For expenses necessary for the general administration of the Department of Commerce, including expenses necessary to carry out the provisions of the Great Lakes Pilotage Act of 1960 (74 Stat. 259), and not to exceed $2,000 for official entertainment, $3,620,000.

Aviation War Risk Insurance Revolving Fund

The Secretary of Commerce is hereby authorized to make such expenditures, within the limits of funds available pursuant to section 1806 of the Act of August 23, 1958 (72 Stat. 803), and in accordance with section 104 of the Government Corporation Control Act, as amended (31 U.S.C. 549), as may be necessary in carrying out the programs set forth in the budget for the current fiscal year for aviation war risk insurance activities under said Act: Provided, That this fund shall be effective only upon the enactment into law during the Eighty-seventh Congress of legislation extending the provisions of title XIII of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (72 Stat. 800-806).
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for collecting, compiling, and publishing current census statistics provided for by law, $10,594,000.

1962 CENSUS OF GOVERNMENTS

For an additional amount for expenses necessary for preparing for, taking, compiling, and publishing the 1962 census of governments as authorized by law, $1,096,000, to remain available until June 30, 1964.

EIGHTEENTH DECENNIAL CENSUS

For an additional amount for expenses necessary for preparing for, taking, compiling, and publishing the Eighteenth Decennial Census, as authorized by law, $3,630,000, to remain available until December 31, 1962.

1963 CENSUSES OF BUSINESS, TRANSPORTATION, MANUFACTURES, AND MINERAL INDUSTRIES

For expenses necessary for preparing for, taking, compiling, and publishing the 1963 censuses of business, transportation, manufactures, and mineral industries, as authorized by law, $1,000,000, to remain available until December 31, 1966.

COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary to carry out the provisions of the Act of August 6, 1947, as amended (33 U.S.C. 883a-883i), including uniforms or allowances therefor, as authorized by the Act of September 1, 1954, as amended (5 U.S.C. 2131); lease of sites and the erection of temporary buildings for tide, magnetic or seismological observations; hire of aircraft; operation, maintenance, and repair of an airplane; pay, allowances, gratuities, transportation of dependents and house- hold effects, and payment of funeral expenses, as authorized by law, for not to exceed an annual average of 185 commissioned officers on the active list; payments under the Uniform Services Contingency Option Act of 1953; and pay of commissioned officers retired in accordance with law; $18,725,000, of which $809,000 shall be available for retirement pay of commissioned officers: Provided, That during the current fiscal year, this appropriation shall be reimbursed for at least press costs and costs of paper for charts published by the Coast and Geodetic Survey and furnished for the official use of the military departments of the Department of Defense.

CONSTRUCTION OF SURVEYING SHIPS

For necessary expenses for the design, supervision, construction, equipping, and outfitting of surveying vessels, as authorized by the Act of August 6, 1947 (33 U.S.C. 883i), $14,185,000, to remain available until expended.
For expenses necessary to operate and maintain field offices for the collection and dissemination of information useful in the development and improvement of commerce throughout the United States and its possessions, $3,163,000.

BUSINESS AND DEFENSE SERVICES ADMINISTRATION
SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Business and Defense Services Administration, $4,211,800.

BUREAU OF FOREIGN COMMERCE
SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Bureau of Foreign Commerce, including trade centers abroad; employment of aliens by contract for service abroad; rental of space, for periods not exceeding five years, and expenses of alteration, repair, or improvement; advance of funds under contracts abroad; payment of tort claims, in the manner authorized in the first paragraph of section 2672 of title 28 of the United States Code, when such claims arise in foreign countries; the purchase of commercial and trade reports and not to exceed $10,000 for representation expenses abroad; $4,900,000.

PROMOTION OF INTERNATIONAL TRAVEL
SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of promotion of travel to the United States, including travel offices abroad; employment of aliens by contract for service abroad; rental of space, for periods not exceeding five years, and expenses of alteration, repair, or improvement; advance of funds under contracts abroad; payment of tort claims, in the manner authorized in the first paragraph of section 2672 of title 28 of the United States Code, when such claims arise in foreign countries; and not to exceed $9,600 for representation expenses abroad; $2,500,000.

EXPORT CONTROL

For expenses necessary for carrying out the provisions of the Export Control Act of 1949, as amended, relating to export controls, including awards of compensation to informers under said Act and as authorized by the Act of August 13, 1953 (22 U.S.C. 401), $3,480,000 of which not to exceed $1,287,000 may be advanced to the Bureau of Customs, Treasury Department, for enforcement of the export control program, and of which not to exceed $80,400 may be advanced to the appropriation for “Salaries and expenses” under “General administration”.

OFFICE OF BUSINESS ECONOMICS
SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Office of Business Economics, $1,600,000.
OPERATING-DIFFERENTIAL SUBSIDIES (LIQUIDATION OF CONTRACT AUTHORIZATION)

For the payment of obligations incurred for operating-differential subsidies granted on or after January 1, 1947, as authorized by the Merchant Marine Act, 1936, as amended, and in appropriations heretofore made to the United States Maritime Commission, $182,000,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That no contracts shall be executed during the current fiscal year by the Federal Maritime Board which will obligate the Government to pay operating-differential subsidy on more than two thousand four hundred voyages in any one calendar year, including voyages covered by contracts in effect at the beginning of the current fiscal year.

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

For expenses necessary for research, development, fabrication, and test operation of experimental facilities and equipment; studies to improve water transportation systems; and supporting services related to nuclear ship operation; $6,500,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That transfers may be made to the appropriation for the current fiscal year for "Salaries and expenses" for administrative and warehouse expenses (not to exceed $3,150,000) and for reserve fleet expenses (not to exceed $500,000), and any such transfers shall be without regard to the limitations under that appropriation on the amounts available for such expenses.

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for carrying into effect the Merchant Marine Act, 1936, and other laws administered by the Federal Maritime Board and the Maritime Administration, $15,600,000, within limitations as follows:

Administrative expenses, including not to exceed $1,125 for entertainment of officials of other countries when specifically authorized by the Maritime Administrator, and not to exceed $1,250 for representation allowances, $9,300,000;

Maintenance of shipyard facilities and operation of warehouses, $1,000,000;

Reserve fleet expenses, $5,300,000.
MARITIME TRAINING

For training cadets as officers of the Merchant Marine at the Merchant Marine Academy at Kings Point, New York, including pay and allowances for personnel of the United States Maritime Service, as authorized by law (46 U.S.C. 1126, 63 Stat. 802, 64 Stat. 794, 66 Stat. 79, and 70 Stat. 25); not to exceed $2,500 for contingencies for the Superintendent, United States Merchant Marine Academy, to be expended in his discretion; purchase of two passenger motor vehicles for replacement only; and uniform and textbook allowances for cadet midshipmen, at an average yearly cost of not to exceed $300 per cadet; $3,218,000:Provided, That, except as herein provided for uniform and textbook allowances, this appropriation shall not be used for compensation or allowances for cadets.

STATE MARINE SCHOOLS

For financial assistance to State marine schools and the students thereof as authorized by the Maritime Academy Act of 1958 (72 Stat. 622–624), $1,270,000, of which $250,000 is for maintenance and repair of vessels loaned by the United States for use in connection with such State marine schools, and $1,020,000, to remain available until expended, is for liquidation of obligations incurred under authority granted by said Act, to enter into contracts to make payments for expenses incurred in the maintenance and support of marine schools, and to pay allowances for uniforms, textbooks, and subsistence of cadets at State marine schools.

GENERAL PROVISIONS—MARITIME ACTIVITIES

No additional vessel shall be allocated under charter, nor shall any vessel be continued under charter by reason of any extension of chartering authority beyond June 30, 1949, unless the charterer shall agree that the Maritime Administration shall have no obligation upon redelivery to accept or pay for consumable stores, bunkers, and slopchest items, except with respect to such minimum amounts of bunkers as the Maritime Administration considers advisable to be retained on the vessel and that prior to such redelivery all consumable stores, slopchest items, and bunkers over and above such minimums shall be removed from the vessel by the charterer at his own expense.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, the Maritime Administration is authorized to furnish utilities and services and make necessary repairs in connection with any lease, contract, or occupancy involving Government property under control of the Maritime Administration, and payments received by the Maritime Administration for utilities, services, and repairs so furnished or made shall be credited to the appropriation charged with the cost thereof: Provided, That rental payments under any such lease, contract, or occupancy on account of items other than such utilities, services, or repairs shall be covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts. No obligations shall be incurred during the current fiscal year from the construction fund established by the Merchant Marine Act, 1936, or otherwise, in excess of the appropriations and limitations contained in this Act, or in any prior appropriation Act, and all receipts which otherwise would be deposited to the credit of said fund shall be covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.
INLAND WATERWAYS CORPORATION

LIMITATION ON ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

Not to exceed $2,000 shall be available for administrative expenses to be determined in the manner set forth under the title "General expenses" in the Uniform System of Accounts for Carriers by Water of the Interstate Commerce Commission (effective January 1, 1947).

PATENT OFFICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Patent Office, including services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a) (not to exceed $25,000); and defense of suits instituted against the Commissioner of Patents; $24,860,000.

BUREAU OF PUBLIC ROADS

LIMITATION ON GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

Necessary expenses of administration and research (not to exceed $33,400,000), including maintenance of a National Register of Revoked Motor Vehicle Operators' Licenses, as authorized by law (74 Stat. 526), and purchase of forty-seven passenger motor vehicles of which thirty shall be for replacement only, shall be paid, in accordance with law, from appropriations made available by this Act to the Bureau of Public Roads and from advances and reimbursements received by the Bureau of Public Roads.

Of the total amount available from appropriations of the Bureau of Public Roads for general administrative and research expenses pursuant to the provisions of title 23, United States Code, section 104 (a), $100,000 shall be available for carrying out the provisions of title 23, United States Code, section 309.

FEDERAL-AID HIGHWAYS (TRUST FUND)

For carrying out the provisions of title 23, United States Code, which are attributable to Federal-aid highways, to remain available until expended, $2,990,600,000, or so much thereof as may be available in and derived from the "Highway trust fund"; which sum is composed of $1,820,616,736, the balance of the amount authorized for the fiscal year 1960, and $1,162,983,264 (or so much thereof as may be available in and derived from the "Highway trust fund"), a part of the amount authorized to be appropriated for the fiscal year 1961, $6,363,325 for reimbursement of the sums expended for the repair or reconstruction of highways and bridges which have been damaged or destroyed by floods, hurricanes, or landslides, as provided by title 23, United States Code, section 125, and $636,675 for reimbursement of the sums expended for the design and construction of bridges upon and across dams, as provided by title 23, United States Code, section 320.

FOREST HIGHWAYS (LIQUIDATION OF CONTRACT AUTHORIZATION)

For payment of obligations incurred in carrying out the provisions of title 23, United States Code, section 204, pursuant to contract authorization granted by title 23, United States Code, section 203, to remain available until expended, $27,400,000, which sum is composed

60 Stat. 810.
23 USC 313 note.
72 Stat. 889, 914.
72 Stat. 885.
72 Stat. 612.
72 Stat. 917.
72 Stat. 907, 905.
of $2,250,000, the balance of the amount authorized to be appropriated for the fiscal year 1960, and $25,150,000, a part of the amount authorized to be appropriated for the fiscal year 1961: Provided, That this appropriation shall be available for the rental, purchase, construction, or alteration of buildings and sites necessary for the storage and repair of equipment and supplies used for road construction and maintenance but the total cost of any such item under this authorization shall not exceed $15,000.

PUBLIC LANDS HIGHWAYS (LIQUIDATION OF CONTRACT AUTHORIZATION)

For payment of obligations incurred in carrying out the provisions of title 23, United States Code, section 209, pursuant to the contract authorization granted by title 23, United States Code, section 203, to remain available until expended, $3,000,000, which sum is composed of $300,000, the balance of the amount authorized to be appropriated for the fiscal year 1961, and $2,700,000, a part of the amount authorized to be appropriated for the fiscal year 1962.

GENERAL PROVISIONS—BUREAU OF PUBLIC ROADS

Not to exceed $10,000 may be expended during the current fiscal year for services of individuals employed pursuant to section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a), at rates in excess of $50 per diem.

NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS

RESEARCH AND TECHNICAL SERVICES

For expenses necessary in performing the functions authorized by the Act of March 3, 1901, as amended (15 U.S.C. 271–278e), including general administration; operation, maintenance, alteration, and protection of grounds and facilities; and improvement and construction of facilities as authorized by the Act of September 2, 1958 (15 U.S.C. 278d); $22,000,000, of which not to exceed $1,800,000 shall be available for payments to the "Working capital fund", National Bureau of Standards, for additional capital: Provided, That during the current fiscal year the maximum base rate of compensation for employees appointed pursuant to the Act of September 2, 1958 (15 U.S.C. 278e), shall be equivalent to the entrance rate of GS-12.

RESEARCH AND TECHNICAL SERVICES (SPECIAL FOREIGN CURRENCY PROGRAM)

For purchase of foreign currencies which accrue under title I of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1704), for the purposes authorized by section 104(k) of that Act, to remain available until expended, $1,000,000, which shall be available to purchase currencies which the Treasury Department shall determine to be excess to the normal requirements of the United States.

PLANT AND FACILITIES

For expenses incurred, as authorized by section 1 of the Act of September 2, 1958 (15 U.S.C. 278c–278e), in the acquisition, construction, improvement, alteration, or emergency repair of buildings, grounds, and other facilities including a nuclear research reactor and associated laboratories; a warehouse and an addition to the cryogenics laboratory and equipment for the main laboratory building, Boulder, Colorado; a standard frequency broadcast station (including land and...
equipment; land for an access road to a radio field station; a building and seawall at Maui, Hawaii; and procurement and installation of special research equipment and facilities therefor; $10,000,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That the limitation under this head in the Department of Commerce and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1960, on the full cost of additions to the radio laboratory building is increased from "$1,215,000" to "$1,450,000".

CONSTRUCTION OF FACILITIES

For an additional amount for “Construction of facilities”, including construction, equipment, and expenses of occupying the facilities, $35,000,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That not to exceed $500,000 of this amount shall be available for payment to the “Working capital fund”, National Bureau of Standards, for additional capital for purchase of equipment.

WORKING CAPITAL FUND

The Working capital fund shall be available, during the current fiscal year, for the purchase of not to exceed three passenger motor vehicles for replacement only.

WEATHER BUREAU

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for the Weather Bureau, including maintenance and operation of aircraft; not to exceed $25,000 for services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a); purchase of upper air supplies for delivery through December 31, of the next fiscal year; and not to exceed $10,000 for maintenance of a printing office in the city of Washington, as authorized by law; $56,250,000.

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

For expenses necessary for the conduct of research by the Weather Bureau, including development and service testing of equipment; operation and maintenance of aircraft; not to exceed $25,000 for services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a); and for acquisition, establishment, and relocation of research facilities and related equipment; $9,000,000, to remain available until June 30, 1964.

ESTABLISHMENT OF METEOROLOGICAL FACILITIES

For an additional amount for the acquisition, establishment, and relocation of operational facilities and related equipment, including the alteration and modernization of existing facilities, and for the acquisition of land; $5,250,000, to remain available until June 30, 1964: Provided, That the appropriations heretofore granted under this head shall be merged with this appropriation.
GENERAL PROVISIONS—DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Sec. 202. During the current fiscal year applicable appropriations and funds available to the Department of Commerce shall be available for the activities specified in the Act of October 26, 1949 (5 U.S.C. 596a), to the extent and in the manner prescribed by said Act.

Sec. 203. Appropriations in this title available for salaries and expenses shall be available for hire of passenger motor vehicles; services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a), but, unless otherwise specified, at rates for individuals not to exceed $75 per diem; and uniforms, or allowances therefor, as authorized by the Act of September 1, 1954, as amended (5 U.S.C. 2131).

TITLE III—THE PANAMA CANAL

CANAL ZONE GOVERNMENT

OPERATING EXPENSES

For operating expenses necessary for the Canal Zone Government, including operation of the Postal Service of the Canal Zone; hire of passenger motor vehicles; uniforms or allowances therefor, as authorized by the Act of September 1, 1954, as amended (5 U.S.C. 2131); expenses incident to conducting hearings on the Isthmus; expenses of special training of employees of the Canal Zone Government as authorized by law (63 Stat. 602; 72 Stat. 327); contingencies of the Governor; residence for the Governor; medical aid and support of the insane and of lepers and aid and support of indigent persons legally within the Canal Zone, including expenses of their deportation when practicable; and payments of not to exceed $50 in any one case to persons within the Government service who shall furnish blood for transfusions; $20,800,000.

CAPITAL OUTLAY

For acquisition of land and land under water and acquisition, construction, and replacement of improvements, facilities, structures, and equipment, as authorized by law (2 C.Z. Code, secs. 3 and 16; 63 Stat. 600), including the purchase of not to exceed seven passenger motor vehicles for replacement only for police-type use without regard to the general purchase price limitation for the current fiscal year; and expenses incident to the retirement of such assets; $2,300,000, to remain available until expended:Provided, That notwithstanding the limitation under this head in the Second Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1961, appropriations for “capital outlay” may be used for expenses related to the construction of quarters for non-U.S. citizen employees at a unit cost not exceeding $16,500.

PANAMA CANAL COMPANY

CORPORATION

The Panama Canal Company is hereby authorized to make such expenditures, within the limits of funds and borrowing authority available to it and in accord with law, and to make such contracts and commitments without regard to fiscal year limitations as provided by section 104 of the Government Corporation Control Act, as amended, as may be necessary in carrying out the programs set forth in the budget for the current fiscal year for such corporation, except as hereinafter provided:
LIMITATION ON GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES,
PANAMA CANAL COMPANY

Not to exceed $7,824,000 of the funds available to the Panama Canal Company shall be available during the current fiscal year for general and administrative expenses of the Company, which shall be computed on an accrual basis. Funds available to the Panama Canal Company for operating expenses shall be available for the purchase of not to exceed eighteen passenger motor vehicles of which fourteen are for replacement only, and for uniforms or allowances therefor, as authorized by the Act of September 1, 1954, as amended (5 U.S.C. 2131).

GENERAL PROVISIONS—THE PANAMA CANAL

Sec. 301. The Governor of the Canal Zone is authorized to employ services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a), in an amount not exceeding $30,000: Provided, That the rates for individuals shall not exceed $100 per diem.

Sec. 302. The Canal Zone Government is authorized to transfer to the Federal Aviation Agency, without reimbursement, such facilities and improvements within the Cardenas townsite in the Canal Zone as may be mutually agreed upon by such agencies, and the value of the property so transferred shall be determined in accordance with section 246(b) of title 2 of the Canal Zone Code. Payments to the Treasury otherwise required by section 246(e) of title 2 of the Canal Zone Code shall be reduced by the amount of such value.

Sec. 303. The Panama Canal Bridge presently under construction as authorized by the Act of July 23, 1956 (Ch. 665, 70 Stat. 596) shall hereafter be designated the "Thatcher Ferry Bridge".

TITLE IV—INDEPENDENT AGENCIES

ADVISORY COMMISSION ON INTERGOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary to carry out the provisions of the Act of September 24, 1959 (73 Stat. 703–706), $375,000.

AMERICAN BATTLE MONUMENTS COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses, not otherwise provided for, of the American Battle Monuments Commission, including the acquisition of land or interest in land in foreign countries; purchase and repair of uniforms for caretakers of national cemeteries and monuments outside of the United States and its territories and possessions; not to exceed $77,000 for expenses of travel; rent of office and garage space in foreign countries; purchase (one for replacement only) and hire of passenger motor vehicles; and insurance of official motor vehicles in foreign countries when required by law of such countries; $1,360,000: Provided, That where station allowance has been authorized by the Department of the Army for officers of the Army serving the Army at certain foreign stations, the same allowance shall be authorized for officers of the Armed Forces assigned to the Commission while serving at the same foreign stations, and this appropriation is hereby made available for the payment of such allowance: Provided further, That when traveling on business of the Commission, officers of the
Armed Forces serving as members or as secretary of the Commission may be reimbursed for expenses as provided for civilian members of the Commission: Provided further, That the Commission shall reimburse other Government agencies, including the Armed Forces, for salary, pay, and allowances of personnel assigned to it.

CONSTRUCTION OF MEMORIALS AND CEMETERIES

Appropriations heretofore granted under this head shall not be available for obligation after June 30, 1962.

FOREIGN CLAIMS SETTLEMENT COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary to carry on the activities of the Foreign Claims Settlement Commission, including services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a); allowances and benefits similar to those provided by title IX of the Foreign Service Act of 1946, as amended, as determined by the Commission; expenses of packing, shipping, and storing personal effects of personnel assigned abroad; rental or lease, for such periods as may be necessary, of office space and living quarters for personnel assigned abroad; maintenance, improvement, and repair of properties rented or leased abroad, and furnishing fuel, water, and utilities for such properties; insurance on official motor vehicles abroad; and advances of funds abroad; not to exceed $20,000 for expenses of travel; advances or reimbursements to other Government agencies for use of their facilities and services in carrying out the functions of the Commission; hire of motor vehicles for field use only; and employment of aliens; $625,000, and in addition $40,000 (to be merged with this appropriation) to be derived from the War claims fund created by section 13(a) of the War Claims Act of 1948 (50 U.S.C. App. 2012a).

SAINT LAWRENCE SEAWAY DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

The Saint Lawrence Seaway Development Corporation is hereby authorized to make such expenditures, within the limits of funds and borrowing authority available to such Corporation, and in accord with law, and to make such contracts and commitments without regard to fiscal year limitations as provided by section 104 of the Government Corporation Control Act, as amended, as may be necessary in carrying out the programs set forth in the budget for the current fiscal year for such Corporation, except as hereinafter provided:

LIMITATION ON ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES, SAINT LAWRENCE SEAWAY DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

Not to exceed $425,000 shall be available for administrative expenses which shall be computed on an accrual basis, including not to exceed $2,000 for official entertainment expenses to be expended upon the approval or authority of the Administrator, purchase of one passenger motor vehicle for replacement only, and services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a), at rates for individuals not to exceed $100 per day: Provided, That not to exceed $5,000 may be expended for services of individuals employed at rates in excess of $50 per day.
SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses, not otherwise provided for, of the Small Business Administration, including hire of passenger motor vehicles, $6,750,000, and in addition there may be transferred to this appropriation not to exceed $18,447,000 from the revolving fund, Small Business Administration, and not to exceed $397,000 from the fund for liquidation of Reconstruction Finance Corporation loans, Small Business Administration, for administrative expenses in connection with activities financed under said funds: Provided, That the amount authorized for transfer from the revolving fund, Small Business Administration, may be increased, with the approval of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, by such amount (not exceeding $500,000) as may be required to finance administrative expenses incurred in the making of disaster loans: Provided further, That 10 per centum of the amount authorized to be transferred from the revolving fund, Small Business Administration, shall be apportioned for use, pursuant to section 3679 of the Revised Statutes, as amended, only in such amounts and at such times as may be necessary to carry out the business loan program.

REVOLVING FUND

For additional capital for the revolving fund authorized by the Small Business Act of 1953, as amended, to be available without fiscal year limitations, $20,000,000.

SUBVERSIVE ACTIVITIES CONTROL BOARD

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Subversive Activities Control Board, including services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a), not to exceed $30,000 for expenses of travel, and not to exceed $500 for the purchase of newspapers and periodicals, $395,000.

TARIFF COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Tariff Commission, including subscriptions to newspapers (not to exceed $300), not to exceed $60,000 for expenses of travel, and services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a), at rates not to exceed $75 per diem for individuals, $2,770,000: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be used to pay the salary of any member of the Tariff Commission who shall hereafter participate in any proceedings under sections 336, 337, and 338 of the Tariff Act of 1930, wherein he or any member of his family has any special, direct, and pecuniary interest, or in which he has acted as attorney or special representative: Provided further, That no part of the foregoing appropriation shall be used for making any special study, investigation, or report at the request of any other agency of the executive branch of the Government unless reimbursement is made for the cost thereof.
TITLE V—GENERAL PROVISIONS

DEPARTMENTS, AGENCIES, AND CORPORATIONS

SEC. 501. Unless otherwise specifically provided, the maximum amount allowable during the current fiscal year in accordance with section 16 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 78), for the purchase of any passenger motor vehicle (exclusive of buses and ambulances), is hereby fixed at $1,500 except station wagons for which the maximum shall be $1,950.

SEC. 502. Unless otherwise specified and during the current fiscal year, no part of any appropriation contained in this or any other Act shall be used to pay the compensation of any officer or employee of the Government of the United States (including any agency the majority of the stock of which is owned by the Government of the United States) whose post of duty is in continental United States unless such person (1) is a citizen of the United States, (2) is a person in the service of the United States on the date of enactment of this Act who, being eligible for citizenship, had filed a declaration of intention to become a citizen of the United States prior to such date, (3) is a person who owes allegiance to the United States, or (4) is an alien from Poland or the Baltic countries lawfully admitted to the United States for permanent residence: Provided, That for the purpose of this section, an affidavit signed by any such person shall be considered prima facie evidence that the requirements of this section with respect to his status have been complied with: Provided further, That any person making a false affidavit shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than $4,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both: Provided further, That the above penal clause shall be in addition to, and not in substitution for, any other provisions of existing law: Provided further, That any payment made to any officer or employee contrary to the provisions of this section shall be recoverable in action by the Federal Government. This section shall not apply to citizens of the Republic of the Philippines or to nationals of those countries allied with the United States in the current defense effort, or to temporary employment of translators, or to temporary employment in the field service (not to exceed sixty days) as a result of emergencies.

SEC. 503. Appropriations of the executive departments and independent establishments for the current fiscal year, available for expenses of travel or for the expenses of the activity concerned, are hereby made available for quarters allowances and cost-of-living allowances, in accordance with title II of the Act of September 6, 1960 (74 Stat. 793).

SEC. 504. No part of any appropriation for the current fiscal year contained in this or any other Act shall be paid to any person for the filling of any position for which he or she has been nominated after the Senate has voted not to approve the nomination of said person.

SEC. 505. No part of any appropriation contained in this or any other Act for the current fiscal year shall be used to pay in excess of $4 per volume for the current and future volumes of the United States Code Annotated, and such volumes shall be purchased on condition and with the understanding that latest published cumulative annual pocket parts issued prior to the date of purchase shall be furnished free of charge, or in excess of $4.25 per volume for the current or future volumes of the Lifetime Federal Digest, or in excess of $6.50 per volume for the current or future volumes of the Modern Federal Practice Digest.
Sec. 506. Funds made available by this or any other Act for administrative expenses in the current fiscal year of the corporations and agencies subject to the Government Corporation Control Act, as amended (31 U.S.C. 841), shall be available, in addition to objects for which such funds are otherwise available, for rent in the District of Columbia; services in accordance with section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a); and the objects specified under this head, all the provisions of which shall be applicable to the expenditure of such funds unless otherwise specified in the Act by which they are made available: Provided, That in the event any functions budgeted as administrative expenses are subsequently transferred to or paid from other funds, the limitations on administrative expenses shall be correspondingly reduced.

Sec. 507. No part of any funds of or available to any wholly owned Government corporation shall be used for the purchase or construction, or in making loans for the purchase or construction of any office building, without specific authority in law therefor, primarily for occupancy by any department or agency of the United States Government or by any corporation owned by the United States Government.

Sec. 508. Pursuant to section 1415 of the Act of July 15, 1952 (66 Stat. 662), foreign credits (including currencies) owed to or owned by the United States may be used by Federal agencies for any purpose for which appropriations are made for the current fiscal year (including the carrying out of Acts requiring or authorizing the use of such credits), only when reimbursement therefor is made to the Treasury from applicable appropriations of the agency concerned: Provided, That such credits received as exchange allowances or proceeds of sales of personal property may be used in whole or part payment for acquisition of similar items, to the extent and in the manner authorized by law, without reimbursement to the Treasury: Provided further, That nothing in section 1415 of the Act of July 15, 1952, or in this section shall be construed to prevent the making of new or the carrying out of existing contracts, agreements, or executive agreements for periods in excess of one year, in any case where such contracts, agreements, or executive agreements for periods in excess of one year were permitted prior to the enactment of this Act under section 32(b)(2) of the Surplus Property Act of 1944, as amended (50 U.S.C. App. 1641(b)(2)), and the performance of all such contracts, agreements, or executive agreements shall be subject to the availability of appropriations for the purchase of credits as provided by law.

Sec. 509. No part of any appropriation contained in this or any other Act, or of the funds available for expenditure by any individual, corporation, or agency included in this or any other Act, shall be used for publicity or propaganda purposes designed to support or defeat legislation pending before Congress.

This Act may be cited as the "General Government Matters, Department of Commerce, and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1962". Approved August 3, 1961.
Public Law 87-126

To provide for the establishment of Cape Cod National Seashore.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) the area comprising that portion of the land and waters located in the towns of Provincetown, Truro, Wellfleet, Eastham, Orleans, and Chatham in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, and described in subsection (b), is designated for establishment as Cape Cod National Seashore (hereinafter referred to as "the seashore").

(b) The area referred to in subsection (a) is described as follows:

Beginning at a point in the Atlantic Ocean one-quarter of a mile due west of the mean low-water line of the Atlantic Ocean on Cape Cod at the westernmost extremity of Race Point, Provincetown, Massachusetts;

thence from the point of beginning along a line a quarter of a mile offshore of and parallel to the mean low-water line of the Atlantic Ocean, Cape Cod Bay, and Provincetown Harbor in generally southerly, easterly, and northerly directions rounding Long Point and then southwesterly to a point a quarter of a mile offshore of the mean low-water line on the harbor side of the dike depicted on the United States Geological Survey Provincetown quadrangle sheet (1949) crossing an arm of the Provincetown Harbor;

thence northerly, along a line a quarter of a mile offshore of and parallel to the low-water line at the dike to a point easterly of the point of intersection of the said dike with the boundary of the Province Lands Reservation as depicted on the said Province-town quadrangle sheet;

thence westerly to the said point of intersection of the dike and the Province Lands Reservation boundary;

thence along the boundaries of the Province Lands Reservation northwesterly, northeasterly, northerly, and easterly to the easternmost corner of the reservation being near United States Route 6;

thence leaving the said easternmost corner along an extension of the southerly reservation boundary line easterly to the northerly right-of-way line of United States Route 6;

thence along the northerly right-of-way line of United States Route 6 in a general easterly direction crossing the Truro-Provincetown line and continuing in the town of Truro in a generally southeasterly direction to a point four-tenths of a mile southeasterly of the southerly right-of-way line of Highland Road;

thence easterly five-tenths of a mile to a point;

thence turning and running in a southeasterly direction parallel to the general alinement of United States Route 6 and generally distant therefrom five-tenths of a mile to a point approximately 700 feet northwesterly of Long Nook Road;

thence southwesterly along a ridge generally paralleling the alinement of Long Nook Road and distant approximately 700 feet therefrom to a point two-tenths of a mile northeasterly of the northerly right-of-way line of United States Route 6;

thence southeasterly paralleling the general alinement of United States Route 6 and generally distant two-tenths of a mile northeasterly thereof to a point 300 feet south of the southerly right-of-way line of Higgins Hollow Road;
thence in a general easterly direction paralleling the southerly alinement of Higgins Hollow Road and 300 feet distant southerly therefrom to a point five-tenths of a mile east of the easterly right-of-way line of said Route 6;
thence turning and running in a southeasterly and southerly direction paralleling the general alinement of United States Route 6 and distant five-tenths of a mile easterly therefrom to a point 300 feet north of the northerly right-of-way line of North Pamet Road;
thence in a generally southwesterly direction paralleling the general alinement of North Pamet Road and generally distant 300 feet northerly therefrom to a point approximately two-tenths of a mile east of the easterly right-of-way line of United States Route 6;
thence in a southerly direction paralleling the alinement of United States Route 6 and generally distant two-tenths of a mile easterly therefrom to a point three-tenths of a mile south of South Pamet Road;
thence west to the intersection of Old County Road and Mill Pond Road;
thence following the easterly right-of-way line of Old County Road southward to a point opposite the southerly right-of-way line of Ryder Beach Road at its intersection with Old County Road;
thence eastward to a point 300 feet east of the easterly right-of-way line of said Old County Road;
thence in a southerly direction paralleling Old County Road at a distance of 300 feet to the east of the easterly right-of-way line of said road to a point 600 feet south of the southerly right-of-way line of Prince Valley Road;
thence in a generally westerly direction, crossing Old County Road and the New York, New Haven, and Hartford Railroad right-of-way to the southern extremity of the town landing and beach in the Ryder Beach area, and continuing to a point in Cape Cod Bay a quarter of a mile offshore from the mean low-water line of Cape Cod Bay;
thence turning and running along a line a quarter of a mile offshore of and parallel to the mean low-water line of Cape Cod Bay in a general southerly and easterly direction rounding Jeremy Point and thence in a general northerly direction along a line a quarter of a mile offshore of and parallel to the mean low-water line on the westerly side of Wellfleet Harbor, to a point one quarter of a mile due north of the mean low-water line at the eastern tip of Great Island as depicted on the United States Geological Survey Wellfleet quadrangle sheet (1958);
thence north to the mean high-water line on the north shore of the Herring River estuary in the vicinity of its confluence with Wellfleet Harbor;
thence following the mean high-water line southwesterly, northwesterly, and northeasterly to the easterly right-of-way line of Chequesset Neck Road at its crossing of Herring River;
thence following the course of Herring River along the 20-foot contour line of the southeasterly shore thereof to a point near Mill Creek;
thence crossing Mill Creek in a northeasterly direction to the 20-foot contour level near to and northeast of the confluence of Mill Creek and Herring River;
thence following generally northerly and easterly along the easterly edge of the Herring River marshes on the 20-foot contour
to a point north of which the easterly right-of-way line of a medium duty road, as depicted on said Wellfleet quadrangle sheet, crosses northward across a marshy stream near the juncture of said medium duty road with Bound Brook Island Road;

thence crossing said marshy stream along said easterly right-of-way line of said medium duty road, and continuing in a northerly direction to the 20-foot contour level on the north side of said marshy stream;

thence following the 20-foot contour line westward approximately 1,000 feet to its intersection with an unimproved dirt road, as depicted on said Wellfleet quadrangle sheet, leading from a point near the juncture of Bound Brook Island Road and the said medium duty road;

thence following said unimproved dirt road northwesterly for approximately 1,600 feet to the 20-foot contour line bordering the southerly edge of the Herring River marshes;

thence following said 20-foot contour line in an easterly direction to Route 6;

thence crossing Route 6 and continuing to a point on the easterly right-of-way line of a power transmission line as depicted on said Wellfleet quadrangle sheet;

thence in a general southerly direction along the said easterly right-of-way line of a power transmission line to the Eastham-Wellfleet town line;

thence southeasterly for a distance of approximately 5,200 feet to a point due north of the intersection of the easterly right-of-way line of Nauset Road with the northerly right-of-way line of Cable Road;

thence due south to the intersection of the said easterly right-of-way line of Nauset Road and the said northerly right-of-way line of Cable Road;

thence in a general southerly direction crossing Cable Road and along said easterly right-of-way line of Nauset Road and a point 500 feet north of the northerly right-of-way line of Doane Road and its intersection with Nauset Road;

thence west to a point 500 feet west of the westerly right-of-way line of Nauset Road;

thence southerly and westerly 500 feet from and parallel to the said right-of-way line of Nauset Road to the easterly right-of-way line of Salt Pond Road;

thence southerly along the easterly right-of-way line of said Salt Pond Road to its intersection with the southerly right-of-way line of Nauset Road;

thence westerly along the southerly right-of-way line of Nauset Road to its intersection with the easterly right-of-way line of United States Route 6;

thence southerly along the easterly right-of-way line of said Route 6 a distance of about four-tenths of a mile to the northerly boundary of the Eastham town hall property;

thence easterly to a point one-tenth of a mile from United States Route 6;

thence turning and running in a generally southerly direction paralleling the general alinement of United States Route 6 and generally distant therefrom one-tenth of a mile to a small stream approximately one-tenth of a mile beyond Governor Prence Road extended;

thence southeasterly along the said stream to the Orleans-Eastham town line;
thence along the Orleans-Eastham town line to the southerly tip of Stony Island;
  thence generally southeasterly in the town of Orleans by Nauset Harbor Channel to a point due north of the northerly tip of Nauset Heights as depicted on United States Geological Survey Orleans quadrangle sheet (1946);
  thence due south to the 20-foot contour line in Nauset Heights as delineated on the said Orleans quadrangle sheet;
  thence generally southerly along the said 20-foot contour to a point about one-tenth of a mile northerly of Beach Road;
  thence southwesterly along a line intersecting Beach Road at a point two-tenths of a mile easterly of the so-called Nauset Road leading northerly to Nauset Heights;
  thence southerly to a head of a tributary to Little Pleasant Bay at the northerly tip of Pochet Neck as depicted on the said Orleans quadrangle sheet;
  thence generally southerly along the thread of channel of the said tributary passing westerly and southwesterly around Pochet Island and thence southwesterly into Little Pleasant Bay passing to westerly of the northerly tip of Sampson Island, the westerly tip of Money Head, and the southwesterly tip of Hog Island following in general the centerline of Little Pleasant Bay to Pleasant Bay;
  thence generally southeasterly in Pleasant Bay along a line passing midway between Sipson Island and Nauset Beach to a point on the Chatham-Orleans town line one-quarter of a mile westerly of the mean low-water line of Pleasant Bay on the westerly shore of Nauset Beach;
  thence generally southerly in Pleasant Bay in the town of Chatham along a line a quarter of a mile offshore of and parallel to the said mean low-water line of Pleasant Bay on the westerly shore of Nauset Beach to a point a quarter of a mile south of the mean low-water line of the southern tip of Nauset Beach;
  thence easterly rounding the southern tip of Nauset Beach along a line a quarter of a mile offshore of and parallel thereto;
  thence generally northerly and northwesterly, and westerly along a line a quarter of a mile offshore of and parallel to the mean low-water line of the Atlantic Ocean on the easterly shore of Nauset Beach and on to the outer cape to the point of beginning.

Sec. 2. (a) The Secretary of the Interior (hereinafter referred to as “Secretary”) is authorized to acquire by purchase, gift, condemnation, transfer from any Federal agency, exchange, or otherwise, the land, waters, and other property, and improvements thereon and any interest therein, within the area which is described in section 1 of this Act or which lies within the boundaries of the seashore as described pursuant to section 3 of this Act (both together hereinafter in this Act referred to as “such area”). Any property, or interest therein, owned by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, by any of the towns referred to in section 1 of this Act, or by any other political subdivision of said Commonwealth may be acquired only with the concurrence of such owner. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any Federal property located within such area may, with the concurrence of the agency having custody thereof, be transferred without consideration to the administrative jurisdiction of the Secretary for use by him in carrying out the provisions of this Act.

(b) The Secretary is authorized (1) to use donated and appropriated funds in making acquisitions under this Act, and (2) to pay
therefor not more than the fair market value of any acquisitions which he makes by purchase under this Act.

(c) In exercising his authority to acquire property by exchange, the Secretary may accept title to any non-Federal property located within such area and convey to the grantor of such property any federally owned property under the jurisdiction of the Secretary within such area. The properties so exchanged shall be approximately equal in fair market value: Provided, That the Secretary may accept cash from or pay cash to the grantor in such an exchange in order to equalize the values of the properties exchanged.

The Secretary shall report to the Congress on every exchange carried out under authority of this Act within thirty days from its consummation, and each such report shall include a statement of the fair market values of the properties involved and of any cash equalization payment made or received.

(d) As used in this Act the term "fair market value" shall mean the fair market value as determined by the Secretary, who may in his discretion base his determination on an independent appraisal obtained by him.

Sec. 3. (a) As soon as practicable after the date of enactment of this Act and following the acquisition by the Secretary of an acreage in the area described in section 1 of this Act that is in the opinion of the Secretary efficiently administrable to carry out the purposes of this Act, the Secretary shall establish Cape Cod National Seashore by the publication of notice thereof in the Federal Register.

(b) Such notice referred to in subsection (a) of this section shall contain a detailed description of the boundaries of the seashore which shall encompass an area as nearly as practicable identical to the area described in section 1 of this Act. The Secretary shall forthwith after the date of publication of such notice in the Federal Register (1) send a copy of such notice, together with a map showing such boundaries, by registered or certified mail to the Governor of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts and to the board of selectmen of each of the towns referred to in section 1 of this Act; (2) cause a copy of such notice and map to be published in one or more newspapers which circulate in each of such towns; and (3) cause a certified copy of such notice, a copy of such map, and a copy of this Act to be recorded at the registry of deeds for Barnstable County, Massachusetts.

Acquisition by condemnation. Provisions.

Sec. 4. (a) (1) The beneficial owner or owners, not being a corporation, of a freehold interest in improved property which the Secretary acquires by condemnation may elect, as a condition to such acquisition, to retain the right of use and occupancy of the said property for noncommercial residential purposes for a term of twenty-five years, or for such lesser time as the said owner or owners may elect at the time of such acquisition.

(2) The beneficial owner or owners, not being a corporation, of a freehold estate in improved property which property the Secretary acquires by condemnation, who held, on September 1, 1959, with respect to such property, an estate of the same nature and quality, may elect, as an alternative and not in addition to whatever right of election he or they might have under paragraph (1) of this subsection, to retain the right of use and occupancy of the said property for noncommercial residential purposes for a term limited by the nature and quality of his or their said estate, if his or their said estate is a life estate or an estate pur auter vie, or (ii) for a term ending at the death of such owner or owners, or at the death of the survivor of them, if his or their said estate is an estate of fee simple.

(3) Where such property is held by a natural person or persons for his or their own life or lives or for the life or lives of another
or others (such person or persons being hereinafter called “the life tenant”), with remainder in another or others, any right of election provided for in paragraph (2) of this subsection shall be exercised by the life tenant, and any right of election provided for in paragraph (1) of this subsection shall be exercised by the concurrence of the life tenant and the remainderman or remaindermen.

(4) The beneficial owner or owners of a term of years in improved property which the Secretary acquires by condemnation may elect, as a condition to such acquisition, to retain the right of use and occupancy of the said property for noncommercial residential purposes for a term not to exceed the remainder of his or their said term of years, or a term of twenty-five years, whichever shall be the lesser. The owner or owners of the freehold estate or estates in such property may, subject to the right provided for in the preceding sentence, exercise such right or rights of election as remain to them under paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection.

(5) No right of election accorded by paragraphs (1), (2), or (4) of this subsection shall be exercised to impair substantially the interests of holders of encumbrances, liens, assessments, or other charges upon or against the property.

(6) Any right or rights of use and occupancy retained pursuant to paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of this subsection shall be held to run with the land, and may be freely transferred and assigned.

(7) In any case where a right of use and occupancy for life or for a fixed term of years is retained as provided in paragraph (1), (2), or (4) of this subsection, the compensation paid by the Secretary for the property shall not exceed the fair market value of the property on the date of its acquisition by the Secretary, less the fair market value on such date of the said right retained.

(8) The Secretary shall have authority to terminate any right of use and occupancy of property, retained as provided in paragraph (1), (2), or (4) of this subsection, at any time after the date when any use occurs with respect to such property which fails to conform or is in any manner opposed to or inconsistent with any applicable standard contained in regulations issued pursuant to section 5 of this Act and in effect on said date: Provided, That no use which is in conformity with the provisions of a zoning bylaw approved in accordance with said section 5 which is in force and applicable to such property shall be held to fail to conform or be opposed to or inconsistent with any such standard. In the event that the Secretary exercises the authority conferred by this paragraph, he shall pay to the owner of the right so terminated an amount equal to the fair market value of the portion of said right which remained on the date of termination.

(b) (1) The Secretary’s authority to acquire property by condemnation shall be suspended with respect to all improved property located within such area in all of the towns referred to in section 1 of this Act for one year following the date of its enactment.

(2) Thereafter such authority shall be suspended with respect to all improved property located within such area in any one of such towns during all times when such town shall have in force and applicable to such property a duly adopted, valid zoning bylaw approved by the Secretary in accordance with the provisions of section 5 of this Act.

(c) The Secretary’s authority to acquire property by condemnation shall be suspended with respect to any particular property which is used for commercial or industrial purposes during any periods when such use is permitted by the Secretary and during the pendency of the first application for such permission made to the Secretary after
the date of enactment of this Act provided such application is made not later than the date of establishment of the seashore.

(d) The term "improved property," wherever used in this Act, shall mean a detached, one-family dwelling the construction of which was begun before September 1, 1959 (hereinafter referred to as "dwelling"), together with so much of the land on which the dwelling is situated, the said land being in the same ownership as the dwelling, as the Secretary shall designate to be reasonably necessary for the enjoyment of the dwelling for the sole purpose of noncommercial residential use, together with any structures accessory to the dwelling which are situated on the land so designated. The amount of the land so designated shall in every case be at least three acres in area, or all of such lesser amount as may be held in the same ownership as the dwelling, and in making such designation the Secretary shall take into account the manner of noncommercial residential use in which the dwelling and land have customarily been enjoyed: Provided, however, That the Secretary may exclude from the land so designated any beach or waters, together with so much of the land adjoining such beach or waters as the Secretary may deem necessary for public access thereto.

(e) Nothing in this section or elsewhere in this Act shall be construed to prohibit the use of condemnation as a means of acquiring a clear and marketable title, free of any and all encumbrances.

Sec. 5. (a) As soon after the enactment of this Act as may be practicable, the Secretary shall issue regulations specifying standards for approval by him of zoning bylaws for purposes of section 4 of this Act. The Secretary may issue amended regulations specifying standards for approval by him of zoning bylaws whenever he shall consider such amended regulations to be desirable due to changed or unforeseen conditions.

All regulations and amended regulations proposed to be issued under authority of the two preceding sentences of this subsection shall be submitted to the Congress and to the towns named in section 1 of this Act at least ninety calendar days (which ninety days, however, shall not include days on which either the House of Representatives or the Senate is not in session because of an adjournment of more than three calendar days to a day certain) before they become effective and the Secretary shall, before promulgating any such proposed regulations or amended regulations in final form, take due account of any suggestions for their modification which he may receive during said ninety-day period. All such regulations and amended regulations shall, both in their proposed form and in their final form, be published in the Federal Register.

The Secretary shall approve any zoning bylaw and any amendment to any approved zoning bylaws submitted to him which conforms to the standards contained in the regulations in effect at the time of the adoption by the town of such bylaw or such amendment unless before the time of adoption he has submitted to the Congress and the towns and published in the Federal Register as aforesaid proposed amended regulations with which the bylaw or amendment would not be in conformity, in which case he may withhold his approval pending completion of the review and final publication provided for in this subsection and shall thereafter approve the bylaw or amendment only if it is in conformity with the amended regulations in their final form. Such approval shall not be withdrawn or revoked, nor shall its effect be altered for purposes of section 4 of this Act by issuance of any such amended regulations after the date of such approval, so long as such bylaw or such amendment remains in effect as approved.
(b) The standards specified in such regulations and amended regulations for approval of any zoning bylaw or zoning bylaw amendment shall contribute to the effect of (1) prohibiting the commercial and industrial use, other than any commercial or industrial use which is permitted by the Secretary, of all property within the boundaries of the seashore which is situated within the town adopting such bylaw; and (2) promoting the preservation and development, in accordance with the purposes of this Act, of the area comprising the seashore, by means of acreage, frontage, and setback requirements and other provisions which may be required by such regulations to be included in a zoning bylaw consistent with the laws of Massachusetts.

(c) No zoning bylaw or amendment of a zoning bylaw shall be approved by the Secretary which (1) contains any provision which he may consider adverse to the preservation and development, in accordance with the purposes of this Act, of the area comprising the seashore, or (2) fails to have the effect of providing that the Secretary shall receive notice of any variance granted under and any exception made to the application of such bylaw or amendment.

(d) If any improved property with respect to which the Secretary's authority to acquire by condemnation has been suspended by reason of the adoption and approval, in accordance with the foregoing provisions of this section, of a zoning bylaw applicable to such property (hereinafter referred to as "such bylaw")—

(1) is made the subject of a variance under or an exception to such bylaw, which variance or exception fails to conform or is in any manner opposed to or inconsistent with any applicable standard contained in the regulations issued pursuant to this section and in effect at the time of the passage of such bylaw, or

(2) is property upon or with respect to which there occurs any use, commencing after the date of the publication by the Secretary of such regulations, which fails to conform or is in any manner opposed to or inconsistent with any applicable standard contained in such regulations (but no use which is in conformity with the provisions of such bylaw shall be held to fail to conform or be opposed to or inconsistent with any such standard),

the Secretary may, at any time and in his discretion, terminate the suspension of his authority to acquire such improved property by condemnation: Provided, however, That the Secretary may agree with the owner or owners of such property to refrain from the exercise of the said authority during such time and upon such terms and conditions as the Secretary may deem to be in the best interests of the development and preservation of the seashore.

Sec. 6. The Secretary shall furnish to any party in interest requesting the same, a certificate indicating, with respect to any property located within the seashore as to which the Secretary's authority to acquire such property by condemnation has been suspended in accordance with the provisions of this Act, that such authority has been so suspended and the reasons therefor.

Sec. 7. (a) Except as otherwise provided in this Act, the property acquired by the Secretary under this Act shall be administered by the Secretary subject to the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to establish a National Park Service, and for other purposes", approved August 25, 1916 (39 Stat. 535), as amended and supplemented, and in accordance with laws of general application relating to the national park system as defined by the Act of August 8, 1958 (67 Stat. 496); except that authority otherwise available to the Secretary for the conservation and management of natural resources may be utilized to the extent he finds such authority will further the purposes of this Act.
(b) (1) In order that the seashore shall be permanently preserved in its present state, no development or plan for the convenience of visitors shall be undertaken therein which would be incompatible with the preservation of the unique flora and fauna or the physiographic conditions now prevailing or with the preservation of such historic sites and structures as the Secretary may designate: Provided, That the Secretary may provide for the public enjoyment and understanding of the unique natural, historic, and scientific features of Cape Cod within the seashore by establishing such trails, observation points, and exhibits and providing such services as he may deem desirable for such public enjoyment and understanding: Provided further, That the Secretary may develop for appropriate public uses such portions of the seashore as he deems especially adaptable for camping, swimming, boating, sailing, hunting, fishing, the appreciation of historic sites and structures and natural features of Cape Cod, and other activities of similar nature.

(2) In developing the seashore the Secretary shall provide public use areas in such places and manner as he determines will not diminish for its owners or occupants the value or enjoyment of any improved property located within the seashore.

(c) The Secretary may permit hunting and fishing, including shellfishing, on lands and waters under his jurisdiction within the seashore in such areas and under such regulations as he may prescribe during open seasons prescribed by applicable local, State and Federal law. The Secretary shall consult with officials of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts and any political subdivision thereof who have jurisdiction of hunting and fishing, including shellfishing, prior to the issuance of any such regulations, and the Secretary is authorized to enter into cooperative arrangements with such officials regarding such hunting and fishing, including shellfishing, as he may deem desirable, except that the Secretary shall leave all aspects of the propagation and taking of shellfish to the towns referred to in section 1 of this Act.

The Secretary shall not interfere with navigation of waters within the boundaries of the Cape Cod National Seashore by such means and in such areas as is now customary.

Sec. 8. (a) There is hereby established a Cape Cod National Seashore Advisory Commission (hereinafter referred to as the “Commission”). Said Commission shall terminate ten years after the date the seashore is established under section 3 of this Act.

(b) The Commission shall be composed of ten members each appointed for a term of two years by the Secretary as follows:

(1) Six members to be appointed from recommendations made by each of the boards of selectmen of the towns referred to in the first section of this Act, one member from the recommendations made by each such board;

(2) One member to be appointed from recommendations of the county commissioners of Barnstable County, Commonwealth of Massachusetts;

(3) Two members to be appointed from recommendations of the Governor of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts; and

(4) One member to be designated by the Secretary.

(c) The Secretary shall designate one member to be Chairman. Any vacancy in the Commission shall be filled in the same manner in which the original appointment was made.

(d) A member of the Commission shall serve without compensation as such. The Secretary is authorized to pay the expenses reasonably incurred by the Commission in carrying out its responsibilities under this Act upon vouchers signed by the Chairman.
(e) The Commission established by this section shall act and advise by affirmative vote of a majority of the members thereof.

(f) The Secretary or his designee shall, from time to time, consult with the members of the Commission with respect to matters relating to the development of Cape Cod National Seashore and shall consult with the members with respect to carrying out the provisions of sections 4 and 5 of this Act.

(g) No permit for the commercial or industrial use of property located within the seashore shall be issued by the Secretary, nor shall any public use area for recreational activity be established by the Secretary within the seashore, without the advice of the Commission, if such advice is submitted within a reasonable time after it is sought.

(h) (1) Any member of the Advisory Commission appointed under this Act shall be exempted, with respect to such appointment, from the operation of sections 281, 283, 284, and 1914 of title 18 of the United States Code and section 190 of the Revised Statutes (5 U.S.C. 99) except as otherwise specified in subsection (2) of this section.

(2) The exemption granted by subsection (1) of this section shall not extend—

(i) to the receipt or payment of salary in connection with the appointee's Government service from any sources other than the private employer of the appointee at the time of his appointment; or

(ii) during the period of such appointment, and the further period of two years after the termination thereof, to the prosecution or participation in the prosecution, by any person so appointed, of any claim against the Government involving any matter concerning which the appointee had any responsibility arising out of his appointment during the period of such appointment.

Sec. 9. There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act; except that no more than $16,000,000 shall be appropriated for the acquisition of land and waters and improvements thereon, and interests therein, and incidental costs relating thereto, in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

Sec. 10. If any provision of this Act or the application of such provision to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of this Act or the application of such provision to persons or circumstances other than those to which it is held invalid shall not be affected thereby.

Approved August 7, 1961, 12:00 a.m.

Public Law 87-127

AN ACT

To amend section 407 of the Agricultural Act of 1949, as amended.

August 7, 1961 [S. 2197]
foundation herds of cattle (including producing dairy cattle), sheep, and goats, and their offspring, in any area of the United States where, because of flood, drought, fire, hurricane, earthquake, storm, disease, insect infestation, or other catastrophe in such areas, the Secretary determines that an emergency exists which warrants such assistance, such feed to be made available only to persons who do not have, and are unable to obtain through normal channels of trade without undue financial hardship, sufficient feed for such livestock."

Approved August 7, 1961.

Public Law 87-128

AN ACT

To improve and protect farm prices and farm income, to increase farmer participation in the development of farm programs, to adjust supplies of agricultural commodities in line with the requirements therefor, to improve distribution and expand exports of agricultural commodities, to liberalize and extend farm credit services, to protect the interest of consumers, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Agricultural Act of 1961".

DECLARATION OF POLICY

SEC. 2. In order more fully and effectively to improve, maintain, and protect the prices and incomes of farmers, to enlarge rural purchasing power, to achieve a better balance between supplies of agricultural commodities and the requirements of consumers therefor, to preserve and strengthen the structure of agriculture, and to revitalize and stabilize the overall economy at reasonable costs to the Government, it is hereby declared to be the policy of Congress to—

(a) afford farmers the opportunity to achieve parity of income with other economic groups by providing them with the means to develop and strengthen their bargaining power in the Nation's economy;

(b) encourage a commodity-by-commodity approach in the solution of farm problems and provide the means for meeting varied and changing conditions peculiar to each commodity;

(c) expand foreign trade in agricultural commodities with friendly nations, as defined in section 107 of Public Law 480, 83d Congress, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1707), and in no manner either subsidize the export, sell, or make available any subsidized agricultural commodity to any nations other than such friendly nations and thus make full use of our agricultural abundance;

(d) utilize more effectively our agricultural productive capacity to improve the diets of the Nation's needy persons;

(e) recognize the importance of the family farm as an efficient unit of production and as an economic base for towns and cities in rural areas and encourage, promote, and strengthen this form of farm enterprise;

(f) facilitate and improve credit services to farmers by revising, expanding, and clarifying the laws relating to agricultural credit;
(g) assure consumers of a continuous, adequate, and stable supply of food and fiber at fair and reasonable prices;
(h) reduce the cost of farm programs, by preventing the accumulation of surpluses; and
(i) use surplus farm commodities on hand as fully as practicable as an incentive to reduce production as may be necessary to bring supplies on hand and firm demand in balance.

TITLE I—SUPPLY ADJUSTMENT AND PRICE STABILIZATION

Sec. 101. This title may be cited as the “Agricultural Enabling Amendments Act of 1961”.

SUBTITLE A—CONSULTATION ON AGRICULTURAL PROGRAMS

Sec. 102. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, whenever the Secretary of Agriculture determines that additional legislative authority is necessary to develop new agricultural programs involving supply adjustments or marketing regulations through marketing orders, marketing quotas, or price support programs with respect to any agricultural commodity, or to make substantial revisions in any existing agricultural legislation or programs, he may consult and advise with farmers, farm organizations, and appropriate commodity organizations, if any, for the commodity involved, to review the problems involved, the need for new legislation, and the provisions which should be included in any such proposed legislation.

(b) In addition, whenever and to the extent he deems such action necessary or desirable, the Secretary of Agriculture may consult and advise with any person or group of persons, or organizations, including farmers, handlers, processors, or others connected with the production, processing, handling, or use of the commodity involved, with respect to the problems involved and need for legislation and the provisions which should be included in any such proposed legislation.

(c) In order that the Secretary of Agriculture may be assured of being able to obtain the advice of any such person or organization, he is authorized, whenever he determines such action necessary, to pay for each day’s attendance at meetings and while traveling to and from such meetings, transportation expenses and in lieu of subsistence, a per diem in the amount authorized under the Travel Expense Act of 1949 for Federal employees. No salary or other compensation shall be paid.

Sec. 103. If the Secretary of Agriculture, after such consultation and receipt of such advice as provided in section 102 of this Act, determines that additional legislative authority is necessary to develop agricultural programs involving supply adjustments or marketing regulations through the use of marketing orders, marketing quotas or price-support programs, he shall formulate specific recommendations in the form of proposed legislation which shall be submitted to the Congress together with a statement setting forth the purpose and need for such proposed legislation.

Sec. 104. Nothing in this Act shall be deemed to limit the authority of the Secretary of Agriculture under other provision of law or to establish or consult with advisory committees.
SUBTITLE B—1962 WHEAT PROGRAM

SEC. 121. Section 334 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, is amended by inserting (1) after (c) and adding a new subparagraph (2) following subparagraph (c) (1) to read as follows:

“(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, each old or new farm acreage allotment for the 1962 crop of wheat as determined on the basis of a minimum national acreage allotment of fifty-five million acres shall be reduced by 10 per centum. In the event notices of farm acreage allotments for the 1962 crop of wheat have been mailed to farm operators prior to the effective date of this subparagraph (2), new notices showing the required reduction shall be mailed to farm operators as soon as practicable.”

SEC. 122. (a) In lieu of the provisions of item (1) of Public Law 74, Seventy-seventh Congress, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1340(1)), the following provisions shall apply to the 1962 crop of wheat:

“(1) If a national marketing quota for wheat is in effect for the marketing year beginning July 1, 1962, farm marketing quotas shall be in effect for the crop of wheat which is normally harvested in 1962. The farm marketing quota for such crop of wheat shall be the actual production of the acreage planted to such crop of wheat on the farm less the farm marketing excess. The farm marketing excess shall be an amount equal to twice the normal yield of wheat per acre established for the farm multiplied by the number of acres of such crop of wheat on the farm in excess of the farm acreage allotment for such crop unless the producer, in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary and within the time prescribed therein, establishes to the satisfaction of the Secretary the actual production of such crop of wheat on the farm. If such actual production is so established, the farm marketing excess shall be such actual production less the actual production of the farm wheat acreage allotment based upon the average yield per acre for the entire 1962 wheat acreage on the farm: Provided, however, That the farm marketing excess shall not be larger than the amount by which the actual production, so established, exceeds the normal production of the farm wheat acreage allotment.”

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of item (2) of Public Law 74, Seventy-seventh Congress, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1340(2)), the rate of penalty on wheat of the 1962 crop shall be 65 per centum of the parity price per bushel of wheat as of May 1, 1962.

(c) In lieu of the provisions of item (3) of Public Law 74, Seventy-seventh Congress, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1340(3)), the following provisions shall apply to the 1962 crop of wheat:

“(3) The farm marketing excess for wheat shall be regarded as available for marketing, and the penalty and the storage amount or amounts of wheat to be delivered to the Secretary shall be computed upon twice the normal production of the excess acreage. If the farm marketing excess so computed is adjusted downward on the basis of actual production as heretofore provided the difference between the amount of the penalty or storage computed on the basis of twice the normal production and as computed on actual production shall be returned to or allowed the producer or a corresponding adjustment made in the amount to be delivered to the Secretary if the producer
elects to make such delivery. The Secretary shall issue regulations
under which the farm marketing excess of wheat for the farm shall
be stored or delivered to him. Upon failure to store, or deliver to
the Secretary, the farm marketing excess within such time as may
be determined under regulations prescribed by the Secretary the
penalty computed as aforesaid shall be paid by the producer. Any
wheat delivered to the Secretary hereunder shall become the property
of the United States and shall be disposed of by the Secretary for
relief purposes in the United States or friendly foreign countries or
in such other manner as he shall determine will divert it from the
normal channels of trade and commerce."

(d) Item (7) of Public Law 74, Seventy-seventh Congress, as
amended (7 U.S.C. 1340 (7)), is amended to read as follows:

“(7) A farm marketing quota on any crop of wheat shall not be
applicable to any farm on which, under regulations prescribed by the
Secretary, the actual acreage planted to wheat for harvest of such
crop does not exceed 15 acres: Provided, however, That a farm market-
ing quota on the 1962 crop of wheat shall be applicable to any farm
on which the acreage of wheat exceeds the smaller of (1) 13.5 acres,
or (2) the highest number of acres actually planted to wheat on the
farm for harvest in any of the calendar years 1959, 1960, or 1961.”

(e) Subsection (d) of section 335 of the Agricultural Adjustment
Act of 1938, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1335 (d)), is hereby repealed effec-
tive with the 1962 crop of wheat.

(f) Section 336 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as
amended (7 U.S.C. 1336), is amended by adding at the end thereof
the following: “Notwithstanding any other provision hereof, farm-
ers who have not produced in excess of 13.5 acres of wheat in at least
one of the years 1959, 1960, or 1961 shall not be entitled to vote in the
referendum conducted with respect to the national marketing quota
for the marketing year beginning July 1, 1962.”

Sec. 123. Price support for the 1962 crop of wheat shall be made
available, as provided in section 101 of the Agricultural Act of 1949,
as amended, except that price support shall be made available only to
cooperators, only in the commercial wheat-producing area, and if
marketing quotas are in effect for the 1962 crop of wheat, wheat of
such crop shall be eligible for price support only if the producers on
the farm on which the wheat is produced participate in the special
1962 wheat program formulated under section 124 to the extent pre-
scribed by the Secretary.

Sec. 124. (a) If marketing quotas are in effect for the 1962 crop
of wheat, producers on any farm, except a farm on which a new farm
wheat allotment is established for the 1962 crop, in the commercial
wheat-producing area shall be entitled to payments determined as
provided in subsection (b) upon compliance with the conditions here-
inafter prescribed:

(1) Such producers shall divert from the production of wheat an
acreage on the farm equal to either (i) 10 per centum of the highest
actual acreage of wheat planted on the farm for harvest in any of the
years 1959, 1960, or 1961: Provided, That such acreage in each of
such years did not exceed 15 acres, or (ii) 10 per centum of the farm
acreage allotment for the 1962 crop of wheat which would be in effect
except for the reduction thereof as provided in section 334(c) (2) of
the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended.
(2) In 1962, such diverted acreage shall be devoted to conservation uses including summer fallow, approved by the Secretary, and such measures shall be taken as the Secretary may deem appropriate to keep such diverted acreage free from insects, weeds, and rodents: Provided, That such diverted acreage may be devoted to castor beans, guar, safflower, sunflower, or sesame, if designated by the Secretary, subject to the condition that no payment shall be made with respect to diverted acreage devoted to any such commodity.

(3) The total acreage of cropland on the farm in 1962 devoted to soil-conserving uses, including summer fallow and idle land, but excluding the acreage diverted as provided above and acreage diverted under the special 1962 program for feed grains, shall not be less than the total average acreage of cropland devoted to soil-conserving uses including summer fallow and idle land on the farm in 1959 and 1960. Certification by the producer with respect to such acreage may be accepted as evidence of compliance with the foregoing provision. The total average acreage devoted to soil-conserving uses, including summer fallow and idle land, in 1959 and 1960 shall be subject to adjustment to the extent the Secretary determines appropriate for abnormal weather conditions or other factors, affecting production, established crop-rotation practices on the farm, changes in the constitution of the farm, participation in other Federal farm programs, or to give effect to the provisions of law relating to release and reapportionment or preservation of history.

(4) If the diversion of acreage is made pursuant to the provisions of (1) (i) of this subsection (a), the actual acreage of wheat planted on the farm for harvest in 1962 shall not exceed 90 per centum of the highest actual acreage of wheat planted on the farm for harvest in any of the years 1959, 1960, or 1961; and if the diversion of acreage is made pursuant to the provisions of (1) (ii) of this subsection (a), the farm shall be in compliance with the 1962 farm wheat acreage allotment.

(b) (1) Upon compliance with the conditions prescribed in subsection (a) producers on the farm shall be entitled to payments which shall be made by Commodity Credit Corporation in cash or wheat equal to 45 per centum of the value, at the basic county support rate per bushel for No. 1 wheat of the 1961 crop for the county in which the farm is considered as being located for the administration of farm marketing quotas for wheat in effect at the time the payment rates for the 1962 special wheat program are established, adjusted to reflect changes between the national support rates for the 1961 and 1962 crops, of the number of bushels equal to the adjusted yield per acre of wheat for the farm, multiplied by the number of diverted acres other than acres devoted to castor beans, guar, safflower, sunflower, or sesame.

(2) The Secretary may make such adjustments in yields for the 1959 and 1960 crop years as he determines necessary to correct for abnormal factors affecting production, and to give due consideration to tillable acreage, crop rotation practices, type of soil, soil and water conservation measures, and topography. To the extent that a producer proves the actual yields for the farm for the 1959 and 1960 crop years, such yields shall be used in making determinations.

(3) The Secretary shall provide by regulations for the sharing of payments among producers on the farm on a fair and equitable basis.
The medium of payment shall be determined by the Secretary. If payments are made in wheat, the value of the payments in cash shall be converted to wheat at the market price of wheat as determined by Commodity Credit Corporation. Wheat received as payment-in-kind may be marketed without penalty but shall not be eligible for price support.

(c)(1) Producers who divert acreage on the farm under subsection (a) may divert additional acreage on the farm not in excess of the larger of three times the amount diverted under subsection (a) or such acreage as will bring the total acreage diverted to 10 acres: Provided, That the total acreage diverted under subsection (a) and this subsection (c) shall not exceed the larger of (i) the highest actual acreage of wheat planted on the farm for harvest for any of the years 1959, 1960, or 1961, but not to exceed 10 acres or (ii) the 1962 wheat acreage allotment.

(2) Payments shall be made with respect to the acreage diverted under this subsection (c) in accordance with the terms and conditions prescribed in subsection (a): Provided, That (i) 60 per centum shall be substituted for 45 per centum in computing the amount of the payment, (ii) the acreage diverted under this subsection (c) shall be added to and deemed to be acreage diverted under subsection (a) for the purposes of paragraphs (2) and (3) of subsection (a), and (iii) if the diversion under subsection (a) is made pursuant to (1)(i) of said subsection, the actual acreage planted to wheat for harvest on the farm in 1962, shall be reduced below the highest actual acreage of wheat planted on the farm for harvest in any of the years 1959, 1960, or 1961, by the total amount of acres diverted under subsection (a) and this subsection (c), or, if the diversion under subsection (a) is made pursuant to (1)(ii) of said subsection, the 1962 wheat acreage allotment.

(d) Any acreage diverted from the production of wheat to conservation uses for which payment is made under the program formulated pursuant to this section shall be in addition to any acreage diverted to conservation uses for which payment is made under any other Federal program except that the foregoing shall not preclude the making of cost-sharing payments under the agricultural conservation program or the Great Plains program for conservation practices carried out on any acreage devoted to soil-conserving uses under the program formulated pursuant to this section.

(e) The Secretary may provide for adjusting any payment on account of failure to comply with the terms and conditions of the program formulated under this section.

(f) Not to exceed 50 per centum of any payment to producers under this section may be made in advance of determination of performance.
(g) The program formulated pursuant to this section may include such terms and conditions, in addition to those specifically provided for herein, as the Secretary determines are desirable to effectuate the purposes of this section.

(h) Wheat stored to avoid or postpone a marketing quota penalty under the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended and supplemented, shall not be released from storage for underplanting based upon acreage diverted under subsection (a) or (c) above, and in determining production of the 1962 crop of wheat for the purpose of releasing wheat from storage on account of underproduction the normal yield of the diverted acres shall be deemed to be actual production of 1962 wheat.

(i) The Secretary is authorized to promulgate such regulations as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this section.

(j) The Commodity Credit Corporation is authorized to utilize its capital funds and other assets for the purpose of making the payments authorized herein and to pay administrative expenses necessary in carrying out this section during the period ending June 30, 1962. There is authorized to be appropriated such amounts as may be necessary thereafter to pay such administrative expenses.

Durum wheat. Acreage allotments.

Sec. 125. Section 334(e) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, relating to increased allotments for durum wheat, is amended to read as follows:

"(e) If, with respect to any of the 1962, 1963, and 1964 crops of wheat, the Secretary determines that the acreage allotments of farms producing durum wheat are inadequate to provide for the production of a sufficient quantity of durum wheat to satisfy the demands thereof (but not including export demand involving a subsidy by, or a loss to, the Federal Government), he shall increase the farm marketing quotas and acreage allotments for such crop of wheat for farms located in counties in the States of North Dakota, Minnesota, Montana, South Dakota, and California, designated by the Secretary as counties which (1) are capable of producing durum wheat (class II), and (2) have produced such wheat for commercial food products during one or more of the five years immediately preceding the year in which such crop is harvested. The Secretary shall determine the percentage factor by which the average acreage of durum wheat (class II) produced during the last two-year period for which statistics are available (excluding any increases in durum wheat acreage as a result of increases in wheat acreage allotments authorized by this subsection) must be increased to satisfy such demand. The wheat acreage allotment for any farm established for such crop without regard to this subsection, after reduction in the case of the 1962 crop as required by section 334(c)(2), (hereinafter referred to as the 'original allotment') shall be increased by an acreage computed by multiplying the average acreage of durum wheat (class II) on the farm during such two-year period (excluding any increase in the acreage of durum wheat as a result of an increase in the wheat acreage allotment for the farm authorized by this subsection) by such percentage factor: Provided, That such increased allotment shall not exceed the cropland on the farm well suited to wheat. The increase in the wheat acreage allotment for any farm shall be conditioned upon the production of an acreage of durum wheat (class II) at least equal to the average acre-
age of such wheat produced during such two-year period plus the
number of acres by which the allotment is increased. Any increases
in wheat acreage allotments authorized by this subsection shall be in
addition to the National, State, and county wheat acreage allotments,
and such increases shall not be considered in establishing future State,
county, and farm allotments. The provisions of paragraph (6) of
Public Law 74, Seventy-seventh Congress (7 U.S.C. 1340(6)), and
section 326(b) of this Act, relating to the reduction of the storage
amount of wheat shall apply to the allotment for the farm estab-
lished without regard to this subsection and not to the increased allot-
ment under this subsection. As used in this subsection the term "durum wheat" means durum wheat (class II) other than the varieties
known as 'Golden Ball' and 'Peliss'. Any farm receiving an in-
creased allotment under this subsection shall not be required as a
condition of eligibility for price support, or permitted, to participate
in the special 1962 wheat program formulated under section 124 of
the Agricultural Act of 1961. The Secretary shall give growers and
millers of durum wheat and manufacturers of semolina products an
opportunity to present their views and recommendations, prior to
making any determination hereunder."

SUBTITLE C—1962 FEED GRAIN PROGRAM

Sec. 131. Section 105(c) of the Agricultural Act of 1949 is amended
by adding the following new paragraphs (3) and (4):

"(3) The level of price support for the 1962 crop of corn shall
be established by the Secretary at such level not less than 65 per
centum of the parity price therefor as the Secretary may de-
termine. Price support for corn, grain sorghums, and barley
shall be made available on not to exceed the normal production
of the 1962 acreage of corn, grain sorghums, and barley of each
eligible farm based on its average yield per acre for the 1959 and
1960 crop acreage.

"(4) The Secretary shall require as a condition of eligibility
for price support on the 1962 crop of corn and grain sorghums
that the producer shall participate in the special agricultural
conservation program for 1962 for corn and grain sorghums to
the extent prescribed by the Secretary and (except in the case of
a producer of malting barley as hereinafter described) shall not
knowingly devote an acreage on the farm to barley in excess of
the average acreage devoted on the farm to barley in 1959 and
1960. The Secretary shall require as a condition of eligibility
for price support on the 1962 crop of barley that the producer
shall participate in the special agricultural conservation program
for 1962 for barley to the extent prescribed by the Secretary and
shall not knowingly devote an acreage on the farm to corn and
grain sorghums in excess of the average acreage devoted on the
farm to corn and grain sorghums in 1959 and 1960: Provided,
That no producer of malting barley shall be required to partici-
пate in the special agricultural conservation program for 1962
for barley if such producer has previously produced a malting
variety of barley, plants barley only of an acceptable malting
variety for harvest in 1962, does not knowingly devote an acreage on the farm to barley in excess of 110 per centum of the average acreage devoted on the farm to barley in 1959 and 1960, and does not knowingly devote an acreage on the farm to corn and grain sorghums in excess of the average acreage devoted on the farm to corn and grain sorghums in 1959 and 1960.”

Sec. 132. Section 16 of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act, as amended, is amended by adding the following new subsection:

“(d) Notwithstanding any other provision of law—

“(1) The Secretary shall formulate and carry out a special agricultural conservation program for 1962, without regard to provisions which would be applicable to the regular agricultural conservation program, under which, subject to such terms and conditions as the Secretary determines, conservation payments in amounts determined by the Secretary to be fair and reasonable shall be made to producers who divert acreage from the production of corn and grain sorghums, and barley, respectively, to an approved conservation use and increase their average acreage of cropland devoted in 1959 and 1960 to designated soil conserving crops or practices including summer fallow and idle land by an equal amount: Provided, however, That any producer may elect in lieu of such payment to devote such diverted acreage to castor beans, guar, safflower, sunflower, or sesame, if designated by the Secretary. In order to be eligible for a payment, a producer (other than a producer of malting barley as described in section 105(c)(4) of the Agricultural Act of 1949) who participates in the special agricultural conservation program of 1962 for corn and grain sorghums must not knowingly devote an acreage on the farm in excess of the average acreage devoted on the farm to barley in 1959 and 1960, and a producer who participates in the special agricultural conservation program for 1962 for barley must not knowingly devote an acreage on the farm to corn and grain sorghums in excess of the average acreage devoted on the farm to corn and grain sorghums in 1959 and 1960. Such special agricultural conservation program shall require the producer to take such measures as the Secretary may deem appropriate to keep such diverted acreage free from insects, weeds, and rodents. The acreage eligible for payments in cash or in an equivalent amount in kind under such conservation program shall be an acreage equivalent to 20 per centum of the average acreage on the farm planted to corn and grain sorghums, or barley, in the crop years 1959 and 1960 or up to twenty acres, whichever is greater. Such payments in cash or in kind at the basic county support rate for the 1961 crop in effect at the time payment rates for the special feed grain program for 1962 are established, adjusted to reflect any changes between the national support rates for the 1961 and 1962 crops may be made on an amount of the commodity not in excess of 50 per centum of the normal production of the acreage diverted from the commodity on the farm based on its adjusted average yield per acre for the 1959 and 1960 crop acreage. Payments in kind only may be made by the Secretary for the diversion of up to an additional 20 per centum of the average acreage on the farm planted to corn and grain sorghums, or barley, in the crop years 1959 and 1960. Payments in kind on such additional acreage may be made at the basic county support rate for the 1961 crop in effect at the time payments rates for the special feed grain program for 1962 are established, adjusted to reflect...
any changes between the national support rates for the 1961 and 1962 crops on an amount of corn and grain sorghums, or barley, not in excess of 60 per centum of the normal production of the acreage diverted from the commodity on the farm based on its adjusted average yield per acre for the 1959 and 1960 crop acreage. The Secretary may make such adjustments in acreage and yields for the 1959 and 1960 crop years as he determines necessary to correct for abnormal factors affecting production, and to give due consideration to tillable acreage, crop rotation practices, type of soil, soil and water conservation measures, and topography. To the extent that a producer proves the actual acreages and yields for the farm for the 1959 and 1960 crop years, such acreages and yields shall be used in making determinations. The Secretary may make not to exceed 50 per centum of any payments to producers in advance of determination of performance.

“(2) There are hereby authorized to be appropriated such amounts as may be necessary to enable the Secretary to carry out this section 16(d). Obligations may be incurred in advance of appropriations therefor and the Commodity Credit Corporation is authorized to advance from its capital funds such sums as may be necessary to pay administrative expenses in connection with such program during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1962, and to pay such costs as may be incurred in carrying out section 133 of the Agricultural Act of 1961.

“(3) The Secretary shall provide by regulations for the sharing of payments under this subsection among producers on the farm on a fair and equitable basis and in keeping with existing contracts.”

Sec. 133. Payments in cash shall be made by Commodity Credit Corporation and payments in kind shall be made through the issuance of negotiable certificates which the Commodity Credit Corporation shall redeem for feed grains and, notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Commodity Credit Corporation shall, in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary, assist the producer in the marketing of such certificates at such time and in such manner as the Secretary determines will best effectuate the purposes of the special feed grain program for 1962 authorized by this Act. In the case of any certificate not presented for redemption within thirty days of the date of its issuance, reasonable costs of storage and other carrying charges, as determined by the Secretary, for the period beginning thirty days after its issuance and ending with the date of its presentation for redemption shall be deducted from the value of the certificate.

Sec. 134. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary may place such limits on the extent that producers may participate in the special feed grain conservation program for 1962 authorized by this Act as he determines necessary because of an emergency created by drought or other disaster, or in order to prevent or alleviate a shortage in the supply of corn, grain sorghums, or barley.

Subtitle D—Marketing Orders

Sec. 141. The Agricultural Adjustment Act, as reenacted and amended by the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended, is further amended as follows:

(1) Section 2 is amended by adding at the end thereof a new paragraph (5) reading as follows:

“(5) Through the exercise of the power conferred upon the Secretary of Agriculture under this title, to continue for the
remainder of any marketing season or marketing year, such reg-
ulation pursuant to any order as will tend to avoid a disruption
of the orderly marketing of any commodity and be in the public
interest, if the regulation of such commodity under such order
has been initiated during such marketing season or marketing
year on the basis of its need to effectuate the policy of this title."

(2) Section 8a (5) is amended to read as follows:

“(5) Any person exceeding any quota or allotment fixed for
him under this title by the Secretary of Agriculture and any
other person knowingly participating or aiding in the exceeding
of such quota or allotment shall forfeit to the United States a
sum equal to the value of such excess at the current market price
for such commodity at the time of violation, which forfeiture
shall be recoverable in a civil suit brought in the name of the
United States.”

(3) Section 8c (2) is amended—

(a) by inserting “(A)” after “applicable only to”;

(b) by inserting after “grapefruit,” where it first appears “cherries, apples, or cranberries;”;

(c) by striking out “and Idaho, and not including fruits, other
than olives and grapefruit, for canning or freezing)” and insert-
ing in lieu thereof “Idaho, New York, Michigan, Maryland, New
Jersey, Indiana, California, Maine, Vermont, New Hampshire,
Rhode Island, Massachusetts, and Connecticut, and not including
fruits for canning or freezing other than olives, grapefruit,
cherries, cranberries, and apples produced in the States named
above except Washington, Oregon, and Idaho)”;

(d) by striking out “soybeans;”;

(e) by striking the period at the end and inserting in lieu
thereof the following: “; and (B) any agricultural commodity
except honey, cotton, rice, wheat, corn, grain sorghums, oats,
barley, rye, sugarcane, sugar beets, wool, mohair, livestock, soy-
beans, cottonseed, flaxseed, poultry (but not excepting turkeys),
eggs (but not excepting turkey hatching eggs), fruits and vege-
tables for canning or freezing, and apples), or any regional or
market classification thereof, not subject to orders under (A) of
this paragraph, but not the products (including canned or frozen
commodities or products) thereof. No order issued pursuant to
this section shall be effective as to cherries, apples, or cranberries
for canning or freezing unless the Secretary of Agriculture deter-
minal, in addition to other required findings and determinations,
that the issuance of such order is approved or favored by proces-
sors who, during a representative period determined by the Sec-
retary, have engaged in canning or freezing such commodity for
market and have frozen or canned more than 50 per centum of the
total volume of the commodity to be regulated which was canned
or frozen within the production area, or marketed within the
marketing area, defined in such order, during such representative
period. No order issued pursuant to this section shall be applica-
table to peanuts produced in more than one of the following pro-
duction areas: the Virginia-Carolina production area, the South-
est production area, and the Southwest production area. If the
Secretary determines that the declared policy of the title will be
better achieved thereby (i) the commodities of the same
general class and used wholly or in part for the same purposes
may be combined and treated as a single commodity and (ii) the
portion of an agricultural commodity devoted to or marketed for
a particular use or combination of uses, may be treated as a sepa-
rate agricultural commodity. All agricultural commodities and
Section 8c(19) is amended to read as follows:

“(19) For the purpose of ascertaining whether the issuance of an order is approved or favored by producers or processors, as required under the applicable provisions of this title, the Secretary may conduct a referendum among producers or processors and in the case of an order other than an amendatory order shall do so. The requirements of approval or favor under any such provision shall be held to be complied with if, of the total number of producers or processors, or the total volume of production, as the case may be, represented in such referendum, the percentage approving or favoring is equal to or in excess of the percentage required under such provision. The terms and conditions of the proposed order shall be described by the Secretary in the ballot used in the conduct of the referendum. The nature, content, or extent of such description shall not be a basis for attacking the legality of the order or any action relating thereto. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed as limiting representation by cooperative associations as provided in subsection (12) of this section.”

Section 8e is amended to read as follows:

“Notwithstanding any other provision of law, whenever a marketing order issued by the Secretary of Agriculture pursuant to section 8c of this Act contains any terms or conditions regulating the grade, size, quality, or maturity of tomatoes, avocados, mangoes, limes, grapefruit, green peppers, Irish potatoes, cucumbers, oranges, onions, walnuts, dates, or eggplants produced in the United States the importation into the United States of any such commodity, other than dates for processing, during the period of time such order is in effect shall be prohibited unless it complies with the grade, size, quality, and maturity provisions of such order or comparable restrictions promulgated hereunder: Provided, That this prohibition shall not apply to such commodities when shipped into continental United States from the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico or any Territory or possession of the United States where this Act has force and effect: Provided further, That whenever two or more such marketing orders regulating the same agricultural commodity produced in different areas of the United States are concurrently in effect, the importation into the United States of any such commodity, other than dates for processing, shall be prohibited unless it complies with the grade, size, quality, and maturity provisions of the order which, as determined by the Secretary of Agriculture, regulates the commodity produced in the area with which the imported commodity is in most direct competition. Such prohibition shall not become effective until after the giving of such notice as the Secretary of Agriculture determines reasonable, which shall not be less than three days. In determining the amount of notice that is reasonable in the case of tomatoes the Secretary of Agriculture shall give due consideration to the time required for their transportation and entry into the United States after picking. Whenever the Secretary of Agriculture finds that the application of the restrictions under a marketing order to an imported commodity is not practicable because of variations in characteristics between the domestic and imported commodity he shall establish with respect to the imported commodity, other than dates for processing, such grade, size, quality, and maturity restrictions by varieties, types, or other classifications as he finds will be equivalent or comparable to those imposed upon the domestic commodity under such order. The Secretary of Agriculture may promulgate such rules and regulations as he deems necessary, to carry out the provisions of this section. Any person who violates any provision if this section or of any rule, regulation, or order promulgated
hereunder shall be subject to a forfeiture in the amount prescribed in section 8a(5) or, upon conviction, a penalty in the amount prescribed in section 8c(14) of the Act, or to both such forfeiture and penalty.”

**Subtitle E—Wool**

**Sec. 151.** Section 703 of the National Wool Act of 1954, as amended (68 Stat. 910, 72 Stat. 294), is amended by striking from the second sentence thereof “1962” and inserting in lieu thereof “1966”.

**Title II—Agricultural Trade Development**

**Sec. 201.** Title I of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954, as amended, is further amended as follows:

1. Section 101 is amended by adding at the end thereof a new subsection to read as follows:

   “(f) obtain rates of exchange applicable to the sales of commodities under such agreements which are not less favorable than the rates at which United States Government agencies can buy currencies from the United States disbursing officers in the respective countries.”

2. Effective January 1, 1962, section 103 (b) is amended to read as follows:

   “(b) Agreements shall not be entered into under this title during the period beginning January 1, 1962, and ending December 31, 1964, which will call for appropriations to reimburse the Commodity Credit Corporation in a total amount in excess of $4,500,000,000: Provided, That agreements shall not be entered into during any calendar year of such period which will call for appropriations to reimburse Commodity Credit Corporation in amounts in excess of $2,500,000,000.”

3. Section 104 is amended—

   (a) by inserting after the words “foreign currencies” in the introductory clause, the following: “including principal and interest from loan repayments”;

   (b) by striking out in the final proviso in such section the language beginning with the words “for the purpose” and ending with the words “specified in” and inserting in lieu thereof the words “pursuant to”;

   (c) by adding after subsection (r) the following new subsection (s):

   “(s) For the sale for dollars to American tourists under such terms and conditions as the President may prescribe;”;

   (d) by inserting in the second sentence of subsection (a) after the word “made” where it first appears the words “each year” and after the word “be” where it first appears the words “set aside in the amounts and kinds of foreign currencies specified by the Secretary of Agriculture and” and by striking out from the third sentence of subsection (a) the words “Particular regard shall be given to provide” and inserting in lieu thereof the words “Provision shall be made”; and by striking out from the third sentence of subsection (a) the word “may” and inserting in lieu thereof the words “the Secretary of Agriculture determines to”; and by inserting in the third sentence after the word “thereof” the following: “(not less than 2 per centum)”;

   (e) by inserting after the third sentence a new sentence as follows: “Such sums shall be converted into the types and kinds of foreign currencies as the Secretary deems necessary to carry out the provisions of this subsection and such sums shall be deposited to a special Treasury account and shall not be made available or expended except for carrying out the provisions of this subsection”; and by striking out from the last sentence of subsection (a)
the words "agreements may be entered into" and by inserting
in lieu thereof "the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized and
directed to enter into agreements".

(4) The first sentence of section 106 is amended by striking out "or
may reasonably be expected to be" and inserting "at the time of
exportation or donation".

(5) Section 109 is amended by striking out "1961" and substituting
"1964".

Sec. 202. Title II of the Agricultural Trade Development and As-
sistance Act of 1954, as amended, is further amended as follows:

(1) Section 203 is amended (a) by deleting the first sentence and
substituting the following: "Programs of assistance shall not be
undertaken under this title during any calendar year beginning Janu-
ary 1, 1961, and ending December 31, 1964, which call for appropri-
ations of more than $300,000,000 to reimburse the Commodity Credit
Corporation for all costs incurred in connection with such programs
(including the Corporation's investment in commodities made avail-
able), plus any amount by which programs of assistance undertaken
in the preceding calendar year have called or will call for appropri-
tions to reimburse the Commodity Credit Corporation in amounts less
than were authorized for such purpose during such preceding year
by this title as in effect during such preceding year."; and (b) by
deleting "such" the first time it appears in the second sentence.

(2) Section 204 is amended by striking out "1961" and substitut-
ing "1964".

Sec. 203. In the conduct of foreign market development programs,
the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized to credit contributions
from individuals, firms, associations, agencies, and other groups, and
the proceeds received from space rentals, and sales of products and
materials at exhibitions, to the appropriations charged with the cost of
acquiring such space, products, and materials.

TITLE III—AGRICULTURAL CREDIT

Sec. 301. (a) This title may be cited as the "Consolidated Farmers
Home Administration Act of 1961".

(b) The Congress hereby finds that the statutory authority of the
Secretary of Agriculture, hereinafter referred to in this title as the
"Secretary," for making and insuring loans to farmers and ranchers
should be revised and consolidated to provide for more effective credit
services to farmers.

SUBTITLE A—REAL ESTATE LOANS

Sec. 302. The Secretary is authorized to make and insure loans
under this subtitle to farmers and ranchers in the United States and
in Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands who (1) are citizens of the
United States, (2) have a farm background and either training or
farming experience which the Secretary determines is sufficient to
assure reasonable prospects of success in the proposed farming oper-
ations, (3) are or will become owner-operators of not larger than fam-
ily farms, and (4) are unable to obtain sufficient credit elsewhere to
finance their actual needs at reasonable rates and terms, taking into
consideration prevailing private and cooperative rates and terms in
the community in or near which the applicant resides for loans for
similar purposes and periods of time.

Sec. 303. Loans may be made or insured under this subtitle for
acquiring, enlarging, or improving farms, including farm buildings,
land and water development, use and conservation, refinancing exist-
ing indebtedness, and for loan closing costs. In making or insuring
loans for farm purchase, the Secretary shall give preference to persons who are married or have dependent families and, wherever practicable, to persons who are able to make initial downpayments, or who are owners of livestock and farm implements necessary successfully to carry on farming operations.

Sec. 304. Loans may also be made or insured under this subtitle to any farmowners or tenants without regard to the requirements of section 302 (1), (2), and (3) for the purposes only of land and water development, use and conservation.

Sec. 305. The Secretary shall make or insure no loan under sections 302, 303, and 304 which would cause (a) the unpaid indebtedness against the farm or other security at the time the loan is made to exceed $60,000 or the normal value of the farm or other security, or (b) the loan to exceed the amount certified by the county committee. In determining the normal value of the farm, the Secretary shall consider appraisals made by competent appraisers under rules established by the Secretary. Such appraisals shall take into consideration both the normal agricultural value and the normal market value of the farm.

Sec. 306. (a) The Secretary also is authorized to make or insure loans to associations, including corporations not operated for profit and public and quasi-public agencies, to provide for the application or establishment of soil conservation practices, the conservation, development, use, and control of water and the installation or improvement of drainage facilities, all primarily for serving farmers, ranchers, farm tenants, farm laborers, and rural residents, and to furnish financial assistance or other aid in planning projects for such purposes. No such loans shall be made or insured which would cause an association's unpaid principal indebtedness under this section and the Act of August 28, 1937, as amended, to exceed $500,000 in the case of direct loans and $1,000,000 in the case of insured loans at any one time.

(b) The service provided or made available through any such association shall not be curtailed or limited by inclusion of the area served by such association within the boundaries of any municipal corporation or other public body, or by the granting of any private franchise for similar service within such area during the term of such loan; nor shall the happening of any such event be the basis of requiring such association to secure any franchise, license, or permit as a condition to continuing to serve the area served by the association at the time of the occurrence of such event.

Sec. 307. (a) The period for repayment of loans under this subtitle shall not exceed forty years. The Secretary shall from time to time establish the interest rate or rates at which loans for various purposes will be made or insured under this subtitle but not in excess of 5 per centum per annum. The borrower shall pay such fees and other charges as the Secretary may require.

(b) The Secretary shall take as security for the obligations entered into in connection with loans, mortgages on farms with respect to which such loans are made or such other security as the Secretary may require, and for obligations in connection with loans to associations under section 306, shall take liens on the facility or such other security as he may determine to be necessary. Such security instruments shall constitute liens running to the United States notwithstanding the fact that the notes may be held by lenders other than the United States.

Sec. 308. Loans under this subtitle may be insured by the Secretary, aggregating not more than $150,000,000 in any one year, whenever
funds are advanced or a loan is purchased by a lender other than the United States. In connection with insurance of loans, the Secretary—

(a) is authorized to make agreements with respect to the servicing of loans insured hereunder and to purchase such loans on such terms and conditions as he may prescribe, except that no agreement shall provide for purchase by the Secretary at a date sooner than three years from the date of the note; and

(b) shall retain out of payments by the borrower a charge at a rate determined by the Secretary from time to time equivalent to not less than one-half of 1 per centum per annum on the unpaid balance of the loan.

Any contract of insurance executed by the Secretary under this subtitle shall be an obligation supported by the full faith and credit of the United States and incontestable except for fraud or misrepresentation of which the holder has actual knowledge.

Sec. 309. (a) The fund established pursuant to section 11(a) of the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act, as amended, shall hereafter be called the Agricultural Credit Insurance Fund and is hereinafter in this subtitle referred to as the “fund”. The fund shall remain available as a revolving fund for the discharge of the obligations of the Secretary under agreements insuring loans under this subtitle and loans and mortgages insured under prior authority.

(b) Moneys in the fund not needed for current operations shall be deposited in the Treasury of the United States to the credit of the fund or invested in direct obligations of the United States or obligations guaranteed by the United States. The Secretary may purchase with money in the fund any notes issued by the Secretary to the Secretary of the Treasury for the purpose of obtaining money for the fund.

(c) The Secretary is authorized to make and issue notes to the Secretary of the Treasury for the purpose of obtaining funds necessary for discharging obligations under this section and for authorized expenditures out of the fund. Such notes shall be in such form and denominations and have such maturities and be subject to such terms and conditions as may be prescribed by the Secretary with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury. Such notes shall bear interest at a rate fixed by the Secretary of the Treasury, taking into consideration the current average market yield of outstanding marketable obligations of the United States having maturities comparable to the notes issued by the Secretary under this subtitle. The Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to purchase any notes of the Secretary issued hereunder, and, for that purpose, the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to use as a public debt transaction the proceeds from the sale of any securities issued under the Second Liberty Bond Act, as amended, and the purposes for which such securities may be issued under such Act, as amended, are extended to include the purchase of notes issued by the Secretary. All redemptions, purchases, and sales by the Secretary of the Treasury of such notes shall be treated as public debt transactions of the United States.

(d) Notes and security acquired by the Secretary in connection with loans insured under this subtitle and under prior authority shall become a part of the fund. Notes may be held in the fund and collected in accordance with their terms or may be sold by the Secretary with or without agreements for insurance thereof at the balance due thereon, or on such other basis as the Secretary may determine from time to time. All net proceeds from such collections, including sales of notes or property, shall be deposited in and become a part of the fund.

(e) The Secretary shall deposit in the fund such portion of the charge collected in connection with the insurance of loans at least
equal to a rate of one-half of 1 per centum per annum on the outstanding principal obligations and the remainder of such charge shall be available for administrative expenses of the Farmers Home Administration, to be transferred annually and become merged with any appropriation for administrative expenses.

(f) The Secretary may utilize the fund—

(1) to make loans which could be insured under this subtitle whenever the Secretary has reasonable assurance that they can be sold without undue delay, and may sell and insure such loans. The aggregate of the principal of such loans made and not disposed of shall not exceed $10,000,000 at any one time;

(2) to pay the interest to which the holder of the note is entitled on loans heretofore or hereafter insured accruing between the date of any prepayments made by the borrower and the date of transmittal of any such prepayments to the lender. In the discretion of the Secretary, prepayments other than final payments need not be remitted to the holder until the due date of the annual installment;

(3) to pay to the holder of the notes any defaulted installment or, upon assignment of the note to the Secretary at the Secretary's request, the entire balance due on the loan;

(4) to purchase notes in accordance with agreements previously entered into; and

(5) to pay taxes, insurance, prior liens, expenses necessary to make fiscal adjustments in connection with the application and transmittal of collections and other expenses and advances authorized in section 335(a) in connection with insured loans.

SUBTITLE B—OPERATING LOANS

Sec. 311. The Secretary is authorized to make loans under this subtitle to farmers and ranchers in the United States and in Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands who (1) are citizens of the United States, (2) have a farm background and training or farming experience which the Secretary determines is sufficient to assure reasonable prospects of success in the proposed farming operation, (3) are or will become operators of not larger than family farms, and (4) are unable to obtain sufficient credit elsewhere to finance their actual needs at reasonable rates and terms, taking into consideration prevailing private and cooperative rates and terms in the community in or near which the applicant resides for loans for similar purposes and periods of time.

Sec. 312. Loans may be made under this subtitle for (1) paying costs incident to reorganizing the farming system for more profitable operation, (2) purchasing livestock, poultry, and farm equipment, (3) purchasing feed, seed, fertilizer, insecticides, and farm supplies and to meet other essential farm operating expenses including cash rent, (4) financing land and water development, use, and conservation, (5) refinancing existing indebtedness, (6) other farm and home needs including but not limited to family subsistence, and (7) for loan closing costs.

Sec. 313. The Secretary shall make no loan under this subtitle (1) which would cause the total principal indebtedness outstanding at any one time for loans made under this subtitle and under section 21 of the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act, as amended, to exceed $35,000: Provided, however, That not more than 25 per centum of the sums made available for loans under this subtitle may be used for loans which would cause such indebtedness of any borrower under said Acts to exceed $15,000, (2) for the purchasing or leasing of land
other than for cash rent, or for carrying on any land leasing or land purchasing program, or (3) in excess of an amount certified by the county committee.

Sec. 314. Loans aggregating not more than $500,000 in any one year may also be made to soil conservation districts which cannot obtain necessary credit elsewhere upon reasonable terms and conditions for the purchase of equipment customarily used for soil conservation purposes.

Sec. 315. The Secretary is authorized to participate in loans which could otherwise be made by the Secretary under this subtitle which are made by commercial banks, cooperative lending agencies, or other legally organized agricultural lending agencies up to 80 per centum of the amount of the loan.

Sec. 316. The Secretary shall make all loans under this subtitle at an interest rate not to exceed 5 per centum per annum, upon the full personal liability of the borrower and upon such security as the Secretary may prescribe. Such loans shall be payable in not more than seven years, but may be renewed for not more than five additional years.

SUBTITLE C—EMERGENCY LOANS

Sec. 321. (a) The Secretary may designate any area in the United States and in Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands as an emergency area if he finds (1) that there exists in such area a general need for agricultural credit which cannot be met for temporary periods of time by private, cooperative, or other responsible sources (including loans the Secretary is authorized to make under subtitle B or to make or insure under subtitle A of this title or any other Act of Congress), at reasonable rates and terms for loans for similar purposes and periods of time, and (2) that the need for such credit in such area is the result of a natural disaster.

(b) The Secretary is authorized to make loans in any such area (1) to established farmers or ranchers who are citizens of the United States and (2) to private domestic corporations or partnerships engaged primarily in farming or ranching provided they have experience and resources necessary to assure a reasonable prospect for successful operation with the assistance of such loan, and are unable to obtain sufficient credit elsewhere to finance their actual needs at reasonable rates and terms, taking into consideration prevailing private and cooperative rates and terms in the community in or near which the applicant resides for loans for similar purposes and periods of time.

Sec. 322. Loans may be made under this subtitle for any of the purposes authorized for loans under subtitle A or B of this title.

Sec. 323. The Secretary shall make no loan under this subtitle in excess of an amount certified by the county committee.

Sec. 324. The Secretary shall make all loans under this subtitle at a rate of interest not in excess of 3 per centum per annum repayable at such times as the Secretary may determine, taking into account the purpose of the loan and the nature and effect of the emergency, but not later than provided for loans for similar purposes under subtitles A and B of this title, and upon the full personal liability of the borrower and upon such security as the Secretary may prescribe.

Sec. 325. The Secretary may make loans without regard to the designation of emergency areas under section 321(a) to persons or corporations (1) who have suffered severe production losses not general to the area or (2) who are indebted to the Secretary for loans under the Act of April 6, 1949, as amended, or the Act of August 31, 1954, as amended, to the extent necessary to permit the orderly repayment or liquidation of said prior indebtedness.
Sec. 326. The Secretary is authorized to utilize the revolving fund created by section 84 of the Farm Credit Act of 1933, as amended (hereinafter in this subtitle referred to as the “Emergency Credit Revolving Fund”), for carrying out the purposes of this subtitle.

Sec. 327. (a) All sums received by the Secretary from the liquidation of loans made under the provisions of this subtitle or under the Act of April 6, 1949, as amended, or the Act of August 31, 1954, and from the liquidation of any other assets acquired with money from the Emergency Credit Revolving Fund shall be added to and become a part of such fund.

(b) There are authorized to be appropriated to the Emergency Credit Revolving Fund such additional sums as the Congress shall from time to time determine to be necessary.

**SUBTITLE D—ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS**

Sec. 331. For the purposes of this title and for the administration of assets under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of Agriculture pursuant to the Farmers Home Administration Act of 1946, as amended, the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act, as amended, the Act of August 28, 1937, as amended, the Act of April 6, 1949, as amended, the Act of August 31, 1954, as amended, and the powers and duties of the Secretary under any other Act authorizing agricultural credit, the Secretary may assign and transfer such powers, duties, and assets to the Farmers Home Administration, to be headed by an Administrator, appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, without regard to the civil service laws or the Classification Act of 1949, as amended, who shall receive basic compensation as provided by law for that office.

The Secretary may—

(a) administer his powers and duties through such national, area, State, or local offices and employees in the United States and in Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands as he determines to be necessary and may authorize an office to serve the area composed of two or more States if he determines that the volume of business in the area is not sufficient to justify separate State offices;

(b) accept and utilize voluntary and uncompensated services, and, with the consent of the agency concerned, utilize the officers, employees, equipment, and information of any agency of the Federal Government, or of any State, territory, or political subdivision;

(c) within the limits of appropriations made therefor, make necessary expenditures for purchase or hire of passenger vehicles, and such other facilities and services as he may from time to time find necessary for the proper administration of this Act;

(d) compromise, adjust, or reduce claims, and adjust and modify the terms of mortgages, leases, contracts, and agreements entered into or administered by the Farmers Home Administration under any of its programs, as circumstances may require, but compromises, adjustments, or reductions of claims of $15,000 or more shall not be made without the approval of the Administrator: Provided, however, That—

(1) compromise, adjustment, or reduction of claims shall be based on the value of the security and a determination by the Secretary of the debtor's reasonable ability to pay considering his other assets and income at the time of the action and with or without the payment of any consideration at the time of such adjustment or reduction;
(2) releases from personal liability may also be made with or without payment of any consideration at the time of adjustment of claims against—

(A) borrowers who have transferred the security property to approved applicants under agreements assuming the outstanding secured indebtedness;

(B) borrowers who have transferred the security property to approved applicants under agreements assuming that portion of the secured indebtedness equal to the current market value of the security property or transferred the security property to the Secretary;

(C) borrowers who have transferred the security property to other than approved applicants under agreements assuming the full amount of, or that portion of the secured indebtedness equal to, the current market value of the security property on terms not to exceed five annual installments with interest on the unpaid balance at a rate determined by the Secretary; and

(D) borrowers who transfer security property under subparagraphs (B) and (C) above for amounts less than the indebtedness secured thereby may be released from personal liability only on a determination by the Secretary that each such borrower has no reasonable debt-paying ability considering his assets and income at the time of the transfer and the county committee certifies that the borrower has cooperated in good faith, used due diligence to maintain the security property against loss, and has otherwise fulfilled the covenants incident to his loan to the best of his ability;

(3) no compromise, adjustment, or reduction of claims shall be made upon terms more favorable than recommended by the appropriate county committee utilized pursuant to section 332 of this title; and

(4) any claim which has been due and payable for five years or more, and where the debtor has no assets or no apparent future debt-paying ability from which the claim could be collected, or is deceased and has left no estate, or has been absent from his last known address for a period of at least five years, has no known assets, and his whereabouts cannot be ascertained without undue expense, may be charged off or released by the Secretary upon a report and favorable recommendation of the county committee and of the employee having charge of the claim, and any claim involving a principal balance of $150 or less may be charged off or released whenever it appears to the Secretary that further collection efforts would be ineffectual or likely to prove uneconomical; and

(5) partial releases and subordination of mortgages may be granted either where the secured indebtedness remaining after the transaction will be adequately secured or the security interest of the Secretary will not be adversely affected, and the transaction and use of proceeds will further the purposes for which the loan was made, improve the borrower's debt-paying ability, permit payments on indebtedness owed to or insured by the Secretary, or permit payment of reasonable costs and expenses incident to the transaction, including taxes incident to or resulting from the transaction which the borrower is unable to pay from other sources:
Provided further, That no such compromise, adjustment, or reduction shall be made hereunder after the claim has been referred to the Attorney General unless agreed to by the Attorney General.

(e) collect all claims and obligations arising or administered under this title, or under any mortgage, lease, contract, or agreement entered into or administered pursuant to this title and, if in his judgment necessary and advisable, pursue the same to final collection in any court having jurisdiction.

Sec. 332. (a) The Secretary is authorized and directed to appoint in each county or area in which activities are carried on under this title, a county committee composed of three individuals residing in the county or area, at least two of whom at the time of appointment shall be farmers deriving the principal part of their income from farming. Committee appointments shall be for a term of three years except that the first appointments for any new committee shall be for one-, two-, and three-year periods, respectively, so as to provide continuity of committee membership. The Secretary may appoint alternate committee men. The members of the committee and their alternates shall be removable for cause by the Secretary.

(b) The rates of compensation, the number of days per month each member may be paid, and the amount to be allowed for necessary travel and subsistence expenses, shall be determined and paid by the Secretary.

(c) The committee shall meet on the call of the chairman elected by the committee or on the call of such other person as the Secretary may designate. Two members of the committee shall constitute a quorum. The Secretary shall prescribe rules governing the procedure of the committees and their duties, furnish forms and equipment necessary, and authorize and provide for the compensation of such clerical assistance as he finds may be required by any committee.

Sec. 333. In connection with loans made or insured under this title, the Secretary shall require—

(a) the applicant to certify in writing that he is unable to obtain sufficient credit elsewhere to finance his actual needs at reasonable rates and terms, taking into consideration prevailing private and cooperative rates and terms in the community in or near which the applicant resides for loans for similar purposes and periods of time;

(b) except for loans under sections 306, 314 and 321(b)(2), the county committee to certify in writing that the applicant meets the eligibility requirements for the loan, and has the character, industry, and ability to carry out the proposed farming operations, and will, in the opinion of the committee, honestly endeavor to carry out his undertakings and obligations; and for loans under sections 306, 314 and 321(b)(2), the Secretary shall require the recommendation of the county committee as to the making or insuring of the loan;

(c) an agreement by the borrower that if at any time it shall appear to the Secretary that the borrower may be able to obtain a loan from a production credit association, a Federal land bank, or other responsible cooperative or private credit source, at reasonable rates and terms for loans for similar purposes and periods of time, the borrower will, upon request by the Secretary, apply for and accept such loan in sufficient amount to repay the Secretary or the insured lender, or both, and to pay for any stock necessary to be purchased in a cooperative lending agency in connection with such loan;
(d) such provision for supervision of the borrower's operations as the Secretary shall deem necessary to achieve the objectives of the loan and protect the interests of the United States; and

(e) the applications of veterans for loans under subtitle A or B of this title to be given preference over similar applications of nonveterans on file in any county or area office at the same time. Veterans as used herein shall mean persons who served in the Armed Forces of the United States during any war between the United States and any other nation or during the Korean conflict and who were discharged or released therefrom under conditions other than dishonorable.

Sec. 334. All property subject to a lien held by the United States or the title to which is acquired or held by the Secretary under this title other than property used for administrative purposes shall be subject to taxation by State, territory, district, and local political subdivisions in the same manner and to the same extent as other property is taxed: Provided, however, That no tax shall be imposed or collected on or with respect to any instrument if the tax is based on—

(1) the value of any notes or mortgages or other lien instruments held by or transferred to the Secretary;

(2) any notes or lien instruments administered under this title which are made, assigned, or held by a person otherwise liable for such tax; or

(3) the value of any property conveyed or transferred to the Secretary, whether as a tax on the instrument, the privilege of conveying or transferring or the recordation thereof; nor shall the failure to pay or collect any such tax be a ground for refusal to record or file such instruments, or for failure to impart notice, or prevent the enforcement of its provisions in any State or Federal court.

Sec. 335. (a) The Secretary is authorized and empowered to make advances, without regard to any loan or total indebtedness limitation, to preserve and protect the security for or the lien or priority of the lien securing any loan or other indebtedness owing to, insured by, or acquired by the Secretary under this title or under any other programs administered by the Farmers Home Administration; to bid for and purchase at any execution, foreclosure, or other sale or otherwise to acquire property upon which the United States has a lien by reason of a judgment or execution arising from, or which is pledged, mortgaged, conveyed, attached, or levied upon to secure the payment of, any such indebtedness whether or not such property is subject to other liens, to accept title to any property so purchased or acquired; and to sell, manage, or otherwise dispose of such property as hereinafter provided.

(b) Real property administered under the provisions of this title may be operated or leased by the Secretary for such period or periods as the Secretary may deem necessary to protect the Government's investment therein.

(c) The Secretary may determine whether real property administered under this title is suitable for disposition to persons eligible for assistance under subtitle A. Any property which the Secretary determines to be suitable for such purposes shall, whenever practicable, be sold by the Secretary as expeditiously as possible to such eligible persons in a manner consistent with the provisions of subtitle A hereof. Real property which is not determined suitable for sale to such eligible persons or which has not been purchased by such persons within a period of three years from the date of acquisition, shall be sold by the Secretary after public notice at public sale and, if no acceptable bid is received then by negotiated sale, at the best price ob-
tainable for cash or on secured credit without regard to the laws governing the disposition of excess or surplus property of the United States. The terms of such sale shall require an initial downpayment of at least 20 per centum and the remainder of the sales price payable in not more than five annual installments with interest on unpaid balance at the rate determined by the Secretary. Any conveyances under this section shall include all of the interest of the United States, including mineral rights.

(d) With respect to any real property administered under this title, the Secretary is authorized to grant or sell easements or rights-of-way for roads, utilities, and other appurtenances not inconsistent with the public interest. With respect to any rights-of-way over land on which the United States has a lien administered under this title, the Secretary may release said lien upon payment to the United States of adequate consideration, and the interest of the United States arising under any such lien may be acquired for highway purposes by any State or political subdivision thereof in condemnation proceedings under State law by service by certified mail upon the United States attorney for the district, the State Director of the Farmers Home Administration for the State in which the farm is located, and the Attorney General of the United States: Provided, however, That the United States shall not be required to appear, answer, or respond to any notice or writ sooner than ninety days from the time such notice or writ is returnable or purports to be effective, and the taking or vesting of title to the interest of the United States shall not become final under any proceeding, order, or decree until adequate compensation and damages have been finally determined and paid to the United States or into the registry of the court.

SEC. 336. No officer, attorney, or other employee of the Secretary shall, directly or indirectly, be the beneficiary of or receive any fee, commission, gift, or other consideration for or in connection with any transaction or business under this title other than such salary, fee, or other compensation as he may receive as such officer, attorney, or employee. No member of a county committee shall knowingly make or join in making any certification with respect to a loan to purchase any land in which he or any person related to him within the second degree of consanguinity or affinity has or may acquire any interest or with respect to any applicant related to him within the second degree of consanguinity or affinity. Any persons violating any provision of this section shall, upon conviction thereof, be punished by a fine of not more than $2,000 or imprisonment for not more than two years, or both.

SEC. 337. The Secretary may provide voluntary debt adjustment assistance between farmers and their creditors and may cooperate with State, territorial, and local agencies and committees engaged in such debt adjustment, and may give credit counseling.

SEC. 338. (a) There is authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary such sums as the Congress may from time to time determine to be necessary to enable the Secretary to carry out the purposes of this title and for the administration of assets transferred to the Farmers Home Administration.

(b) When authorized by Congress, the Secretary is authorized to make and issue notes to the Secretary of the Treasury for the purpose of obtaining funds in such amounts as the Congress may approve annually in appropriation Acts for making direct loans under this title. Such notes shall be in such form and denominations and have such maturities and be subject to such terms and conditions as may be prescribed by the Secretary with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury. Such notes shall bear interest at a rate fixed by the Secre-
tary of the Treasury, taking into consideration the current average market yields of outstanding marketable obligations of the United States having maturities comparable to the notes issued by the Secretary under this title. The Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to purchase any notes of the Secretary issued hereunder, and for that purpose the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to use as a public debt transaction the proceeds from the sale of any securities issued under the Second Liberty Bond Act, as amended, and the purposes for which such securities may be issued under such Act, as amended, are extended to include the purchase of notes issued by the Secretary. All redemptions, purchases, and sales by the Secretary of the Treasury of such notes shall be treated as public debt transactions of the United States.

(c) The appropriations for loans made under the authority of subsection (a) and funds obtained in accordance with subsection (b) of this section, and the unexpended balances of any funds made available for loans under the item “Farmers Home Administration” in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Acts current on the date of enactment of this title, shall be merged into a single account known as the “Farmers Home Administration direct loan account”, hereafter in this section called the “direct loan account”. All claims, notes, mortgages, property, including those now held by the Secretary on behalf of the Secretary of the Treasury, and all collections therefrom, made or held under the direct loan provisions of (1) titles I, II, and IV of the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act, as amended; (2) the Farmers Home Administration Act of 1946, as amended, except the assets of the rural rehabilitation corporations; (3) the Act of August 28, 1937 (50 Stat. 869), as amended; (4) the item “Loans to Farmers—1948 Flood Damage” in the Act of June 25, 1948 (62 Stat. 1038); (5) the item “Loans to Farmers (Property Damage)” in the Act of May 24, 1949 (63 Stat. 82); (6) the Act of September 6, 1950 (64 Stat. 769); (7) the Act of July 11, 1956 (70 Stat. 525); and (8) under this title shall be held for and deposited in said account.

The notes of the Secretary issued to the Secretary of the Treasury under said Acts or under this title and all other liabilities against the appropriations or assets in the direct loan account shall be liabilities of said account, and all other obligations against such appropriations or assets shall be obligations of said account. Moneys in the direct loan account shall also be available for interest and principal repayments on notes issued by the Secretary to the Secretary of the Treasury. Otherwise, the balances in said account shall remain available to the Secretary for direct loans under subtitles A and B of this title, and for advances in connection therewith, not to exceed any existing appropriation or authorization limitations and in such further amounts as the Congress from time to time determines in appropriation Acts. The amounts so authorized for loans and advances shall remain available until expended. Subject to the foregoing limitations, the use of collections deposited in the account may be authorized by the Congress in lieu or partially in lieu of authorizing the issuing of additional notes by the Secretary to the Secretary of the Treasury, and the account shall be budgeted on a net expenditure basis.

(d) The Secretary may sell and assign any notes and mortgages in the direct loan account with the consent of the borrower or without such consent when the borrower has failed to comply with his agreement to refinance the indebtedness at the request of the Secretary. Such loans may be sold at the balance due thereon or on such other basis as the Secretary may determine from time to time.
(e) At least 25 per centum of the sums authorized in any fiscal year for direct loans to individuals to be made by the Secretary under sub-
title A of this title shall be allocated equitably among the several States
and territories on the basis of farm population and the prevalence of
tenancy, as determined by the Secretary.

SEC. 339. The Secretary is authorized to make such rules and regula-
tions, prescribe the terms and conditions for making or insuring loans,
security instruments and agreements, except as otherwise specified
herein, and make such delegations of authority as he deems necessary
to carry out this title.

SEC. 340. The President may at any time in his discretion transfer
to the Secretary any right, interest, or title held by the United States
in any lands acquired in the program of national defense and no longer
needed therefor, which the President shall find suitable for the pur-
poses of this title, and the Secretary shall dispose of such lands in the
manner and subject to the terms and conditions of the title.

SEC. 341. (a) Reference to any provisions of the Bankhead-Jones
Farm Tenant Act or the Act of August 28, 1937 (50 Stat. 869), as
amended, superseded by any provision of this title shall be construed
as referring to the appropriate provision of this title. Titles I, II,
and IV of the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act, as amended, and the
Act of August 28, 1937 (50 Stat. 869), as amended, the Act of April 6,
1949 (63 Stat. 43), as amended, and the Act of August 31, 1954 (68
Stat. 999), as amended, are hereby repealed effective one hundred
and twenty days after enactment hereof, or such earlier date as the provi-
sions of this title are made effective by the Secretary's regulations ex-
cept that the repeal of section 2(c) of the Act of April 6, 1949, shall
not be effective prior to January 1, 1962. The foregoing provisions
shall not have the effect of repealing the amendments to section 24,
chapter 6 of the Federal Reserve Act, as amended, section 5200 of the
Revised Statutes, section 35 of chapter III of the Act approved June
19, 1934 (D.C. Code, title 35, section 535), enacted by section 15 of the
Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act, as amended, and by section 10(f)

(b) The repeal of any provision of law by this title shall not—
(1) affect the validity of any action taken or obligation entered
into pursuant to the authority of any of said Acts, or
(2) prejudice the application of any person with respect to re-
ceiving assistance under the provisions of this title, solely because
such person is obligated to the Secretary under authorization
contained in any such repealed provision.

(c) If any provision of this title or the application thereof to any
person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the title and
the application of such provision to other persons or circumstances
shall not be affected thereby.

SEC. 342. Title III of the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act, as
amended, is further amended by the following new section 35:

"Sec. 35. The provisions of this title shall extend to Puerto Rico
and the Virgin Islands. In the case of Alaska, Puerto Rico, and the
Virgin Islands, the term 'county' as used in this title may be the entire
area, or any subdivision thereof as may be determined by the Secre-
tary, and payments under section 33 of this title shall be made to the
Governor or to the fiscal agent of such subdivision."
TITLE IV—GENERAL

Sec. 401. Section 16 of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act, as amended, is amended by changing the third sentence of paragraph (1) of subsection (b) to read as follows: “Such contracts may be entered into during the period ending not later than December 31, 1971, with respect to farms and ranches in counties in the Great Plains area of the States of Colorado, Kansas, Montana, Nebraska, New Mexico, North Dakota, Oklahoma, South Dakota, Texas, and Wyoming, designated by the Secretary as susceptible to serious wind erosion by reason of their soil types, terrain, and climatic and other factors.”

Sec. 402. The Act of July 1, 1958, as amended (72 Stat. 276), is further amended by adding a new section as follows:

“Sec. 2. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1962, and for each of the four fiscal years thereafter, such sums as may be necessary to enable the Secretary of Agriculture, under such rules and regulations as he may deem in the public interest, to encourage consumption of fluid milk by children in the United States in (1) nonprofit schools of high school grade and under, and (2) nonprofit nursery schools, child-care centers, settlement houses, summer camps, and similar nonprofit institutions devoted to the care and training of children. For the purposes of this Act, ‘United States’ means the 50 States and the District of Columbia.”

Sec. 403. Section 202 of the Agricultural Act of 1949, as amended, is amended by striking the phrase “December 31, 1961” each place it appears therein and inserting in lieu thereof the phrase “December 31, 1964”.

Approved August 8, 1961, 10:00 a.m.

Public Law 87-129

AN ACT

To add certain federally owned land to the Lassen Volcanic National Park, in the State of California, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following described lands of the Lassen National Forest are hereby excluded from the forest and added to the Lassen Volcanic National Park:

Lots 1, 2, and 3, south half northeast quarter, and southeast quarter southwest quarter section 4; west half southeast quarter and those parts of the south half northwest quarter and of the southwest quarter of section 11 lying east of Lost Creek; and section 19, township 31 north, range 4 east, Mount Diablo meridian: Provided, That the aforesaid lands in section 19 are included within the national park subject to the right of the Secretary of Agriculture to construct and maintain a permanent road through such section in order to permit the use, protection, and administration of adjacent national forest lands and the removal of timber from the national forest.

Approved August 10, 1961.
Public Law 87-130

Making appropriations for the Legislative Branch for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1962, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Legislative Branch for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1962, and for other purposes, namely:

SENATE


COMPENSATION OF SENATORS

For compensation of Senators, $2,433,370.

MILEAGE OF PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE AND OF SENATORS

For mileage of the President of the Senate and of Senators, $58,370.

EXPENSE ALLOWANCE OF MAJORITY AND MINORITY LEADERS

For expense allowance of the Majority Leader and the Minority Leader of the Senate, $2,000 each; in all, $4,000.

COMPENSATION OF THE VICE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES

For the compensation of the Vice President of the United States, $37,775.

EXPENSE ALLOWANCE OF THE VICE PRESIDENT

For expense allowance of the Vice President, $10,000.

SALARIES, OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES

For compensation of officers, employees, clerks to Senators, and others as authorized by law, including agency contributions as authorized, which shall be paid from this appropriation without regard to the below limitations, as follows:

OFFICE OF THE VICE PRESIDENT

For clerical assistance to the Vice President, at rates of compensation to be fixed by him in basic multiples of $5 per month, $120,550.

CHAPLAIN

Chaplain of the Senate, $8,810.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

For office of the Secretary, $708,400: Provided, That effective July 1, 1961, one additional clerk may be employed at $2,520 basic per annum; and the basic amount available for clerical assistance and readjustment of salaries in the Disbursing Office is increased by $3,240.
COMMITTEE EMPLOYEES

For professional and clerical assistance to standing committees, and the Select Committee on Small Business, $2,551,200.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEES

For clerical assistance to the Conference of the Majority, at rates of compensation to be fixed by the chairman of said committee, $47,325.

For clerical assistance to the Conference of the Minority, at rates of compensation to be fixed by the chairman of said committee, $47,325.

ADMINISTRATIVE AND CLERICAL ASSISTANCE TO SENATORS

For administrative and clerical assistants and messenger service for Senators, $11,938,395: Provided, That effective July 1, 1961, the basic clerk hire allowances of the Senators from the State of Florida are increased to that allowed Senators from States having a population of five million, the population of said State having exceeded five million inhabitants.

OFFICE OF SERGEANT AT ARMS AND DOORKEEPER

For office of Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper, $2,519,525: Provided, That effective November 1, 1961, twelve additional laborers at $1,680 basic per annum each; and two additional laborers at $600 basic per annum each may be employed.

OFFICES OF THE SECRETARIES FOR THE MAJORITY AND THE MINORITY

For the offices of the Secretary for the Majority and the Secretary for the Minority, $126,350: Provided, That effective July 1, 1961, the respective Secretaries may fix the basic compensation of the assistant secretary for the majority and the assistant secretary for the minority at not to exceed $8,160 per annum each.

OFFICES OF THE MAJORITY AND MINORITY WHIPS

For two clerical assistants, one for the Majority Whip and one for the Minority Whip, at not to exceed $6,900 basic per annum each, $28,340.

OFFICIAL REPORTERS OF DEBATES

For office of the Official Reporters of Debates, $224,870.

OFFICE OF THE LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL OF THE SENATE

For salaries and expenses of the Office of the Legislative Counsel of the Senate, $232,240.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE SENATE

For salaries and expenses, legislative reorganization, $125,940.
SENATE POLICY COMMITTEES

For salaries and expenses of the Majority Policy Committee and the Minority Policy Committee, $133,975 for each such committee; in all, $267,950.

JOINT ECONOMIC COMMITTEE

For salaries and expenses of the Joint Economic Committee, $247,555, and in addition $12,000 to be derived by transfer from the appropriation for fiscal year 1961.

JOINT COMMITTEE ON ATOMIC ENERGY

For salaries and expenses of the Joint Committee on Atomic Energy, $294,010.

JOINT COMMITTEE ON PRINTING

For salaries and expenses of the Joint Committee on Printing, $114,125; for expenses of compiling, preparing, and indexing the Congressional Directory, $1,600; in all, $115,725.

VICE PRESIDENT’S AUTOMOBILE

For purchase, exchange, driving, maintenance, and operation of an automobile for the Vice President, $8,710.

AUTOMOBILE FOR THE PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE

For purchase, exchange, driving, maintenance, and operation of an automobile for the President pro tempore of the Senate, $8,960.

AUTOMOBILES FOR MAJORITY AND MINORITY LEADERS

For purchase, exchange, driving, maintenance, and operation of two automobiles, one for the Majority Leader of the Senate, and one for the Minority Leader of the Senate, $17,420.

FURNITURE

For services and materials in cleaning and repairing furniture, and for the purchase of furniture, $31,190: Provided, That the furniture purchased is not available from other agencies of the Government.

INQUIRIES AND INVESTIGATIONS

For expenses of inquiries and investigations ordered by the Senate or conducted pursuant to section 134(a) of Public Law 601, Seventy-ninth Congress, including $380,000 for the Committee on Appropriations, to be available also for the purposes mentioned in Senate Resolution Numbered 193, agreed to October 14, 1943, $3,797,210.

FOLDING DOCUMENTS

For the employment of personnel for folding speeches and pamphlets at a gross rate of not exceeding $1.90 per hour per person, $34,295.
For repairs, improvements, equipment, and supplies for Senate kitchens and restaurants, Capitol Building and Senate Office Buildings, including personal and other services, to be expended under the supervision of the Committee on Rules and Administration, United States Senate, $85,000.

MAIL TRANSPORTATION

For maintaining, exchanging, and equipping motor vehicles for carrying the mails and for official use of the offices of the Secretary and Sergeant at Arms, $16,560.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS

For miscellaneous items, exclusive of labor, $2,008,345.

POSTAGE STAMPS

For postage stamps for the offices of the Secretaries for the Majority and Minority, $140; and for airmail and special-delivery stamps for office of the Secretary, $160; office of the Sergeant at Arms, $125; Senators and the President of the Senate, as authorized by law, $55,550; in all, $55,975.

STATIONERY (REVOLVING FUND)

For stationery for Senators and the President of the Senate, $181,800; and for stationery for committees and officers of the Senate, $13,200; in all, $195,000, to remain available until expended.

COMMUNICATIONS

For an amount for communications which may be expended interchangeably for payment, in accordance with such limitations and restrictions as may be prescribed by the Committee on Rules and Administration, of charges on official telegrams and long-distance telephone calls made by or on behalf of Senators or the President of the Senate, such telephone calls to be in addition to those authorized by the provisions of the Legislative Branch Appropriation Act, 1947 (60 Stat. 382; 2 U.S.C. 46c, 46d, 46e), as amended, and the First Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1949 (63 Stat. 77; 2 U.S.C. 46d-1), $15,150.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

The second proviso in the paragraph relating to the authority of Senators to rearrange the basic salaries of employees in their respective offices, which appears in the Legislative Branch Appropriation Act, 1947, as amended (2 U.S.C. 60f) is amended to read as follows: "Provided further, That no salary shall be fixed in a Senator's office under this section at a basic rate of more than $5,100 per annum, except that (1) the salary of one employee may be fixed at a basic rate of not more than $6,540 per annum, (2) the salary of one employee may be fixed at a basic rate of not more than $8,040 per annum, (3) the salary of one employee may be fixed at a basic rate of not more than $8,460 per annum, and (4) the salary of one employee may be fixed at a basic rate of not more than $8,880 per annum."

The contingent fund of the Senate is hereafter made available for the payment of mileage, to be computed at 10 cents per mile by the nearest usual route, between Washington, District of Columbia, and a point in the home State of the Senator involved, for


four round trips originating and terminating in Washington, District of Columbia, made by employees in each Senator's office in any fiscal year, such payment to be made only upon vouchers approved by the Senator containing a certification by such Senator that such travel was performed in line of official duty, but the mileage allowed for any such trip shall not exceed the round trip mileage by the nearest usual route between Washington, District of Columbia, and the residence city of the Senator involved.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

SALARIES, MILEAGE FOR THE MEMBERS, AND EXPENSE ALLOWANCE OF THE SPEAKER

COMPENSATION OF MEMBERS

For compensation of Members (wherever used herein the term "Member" shall include Members of the House of Representatives and the Resident Commissioner from Puerto Rico), $10,672,000.

MILEAGE OF MEMBERS AND EXPENSE ALLOWANCE OF THE SPEAKER

For mileage of Members and expense allowance of the Speaker, as authorized by law, $200,000.

SALARIES, OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES

For compensation of officers and employees, as authorized by law, as follows:

OFFICE OF THE SPEAKER

For the Office of the Speaker, $62,900.

OFFICE OF THE PARLIAMENTARIAN

For the Office of the Parliamentarian, including $2,000 for preparing the Digest of the Rules, $64,630.

OFFICE OF THE CHAPLAIN

For the Office of the Chaplain, $8,810.

OFFICE OF THE CLERK

For the Office of the Clerk, including $119,841 for the House Recording Studio, $1,146,025.

COMMITTEE EMPLOYEES

For committee employees, including the Committee on Appropriations, $2,900,000.

OFFICE OF THE SERGEANT AT ARMS

For the Office of the Sergeant at Arms, including $8,000 for additional clerical assistants, $618,150.

OFFICE OF THE DOORKEEPER

For the Office of the Doorkeeper, $1,058,310.
SPECIAL AND MINORITY EMPLOYEES

For six minority employees, $88,405.
For the office of the majority floor leader, including $2,000 for official expenses of the majority leader, $72,805.
For the office of the minority floor leader, including $2,000 for official expenses of the minority leader, $56,295.
For the office of the majority whip, $29,720.
For the office of the minority whip, $29,720.
For two printing clerks, one for the majority caucus room and one for the minority caucus room, to be appointed by the majority and minority leaders, respectively, $13,565.
For a technical assistant in the office of the attending physician, to be appointed by the attending physician, subject to the approval of the Speaker, $11,535.

OFFICE OF THE POSTMASTER

For the Office of the Postmaster, including $9,100 for employment of substitute messengers, and extra services of regular employees when required at the basic salary rate of not to exceed $2,100 per annum each, $316,210.

OFFICIAL REPORTERS OF DEBATES

For official reporters of debates, $202,915.

OFFICIAL REPORTERS TO COMMITTEES

For official reporters to committees, $204,995.

COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS

For salaries and expenses, studies and examinations of executive agencies, by the Committee on Appropriations, and temporary personal services for such committee, to be expended in accordance with section 202(b) of the Legislative Reorganization Act, 1946, and to be available for reimbursement to agencies for services performed, $550,000.

OFFICE OF THE LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL

For salaries and expenses of the Office of the Legislative Counsel of the House, $225,750.

MEMBERS' CLERK HIRE

For clerk hire, necessarily employed by each Member in the discharge of his official and representative duties, $20,400,000.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE HOUSE

FURNITURE

For furniture and materials for repairs of the same, including labor, tools, and machinery for furniture repair shops, and for the purchase of packing boxes, $242,550.
For miscellaneous items, exclusive of salaries unless specifically ordered by the House of Representatives, including the sum of $600 for payment to the Architect of the Capitol in accordance with section 208 of the Act approved October 9, 1940 (Public Law 812); the exchange, operation, maintenance, and repair of the Clerk's motor vehicles; the exchange, operation, maintenance, and repair of the folding room motortruck; the exchange, maintenance, operation, and repair of the post office motor vehicles for carrying the mails; the sum of $600 for hire of automobile for the Sergeant at Arms; materials for folding; and for stationery for the use of committees, departments, and officers of the House; $2,550,000.

**REPORTING HEARINGS**

For stenographic reports of hearings of committees other than special and select committees, $150,000.

**SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEES**

For salaries and expenses of special and select committees authorized by the House, $2,300,000, of which such amount as may be necessary may be transferred to the appropriation under such heading for the fiscal year 1961.

**JOINT COMMITTEE ON INTERNAL REVENUE TAXATION**

For the payment of the salaries and other expenses of the Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation, $322,500.

**JOINT COMMITTEE ON IMMIGRATION AND NATIONALITY POLICY**

For salaries and expenses of the Joint Committee on Immigration and Nationality Policy, $20,000.

**OFFICE OF THE COORDINATOR OF INFORMATION**

For salaries and expenses of the Office of the Coordinator of Information, $108,245.

**TELEGRAPH AND TELEPHONE**

For telegraph and telephone service, exclusive of personal services, $1,300,000.

**STATIONERY (REVOLVING FUND)**

For a stationery allowance of $1,800 for each Member for the second session of the Eighty-seventh Congress, $788,400, to remain available until expended, of which $43,800 shall be derived from retained income of the stationery revolving fund.

**ATTENDING PHYSICIAN'S OFFICE**

For medical supplies, equipment, and contingent expenses of the emergency room and for the attending physician and his assistants, including an allowance for $1,500 to be paid to the attending physician in equal monthly installments as authorized by the Act approved June 27, 1940 (54 Stat. 629), and including an allowance of $75 per month each to five assistants as provided by the House resolutions adopted July 1, 1930, January 20, 1932, November 18, 1940, and May 21, 1959, and Public Law 242, Eighty-fourth Congress, $16,545.
POSTAGE STAMPS

Postage stamp allowances for the second session of the Eighty-seventh Congress, as follows: Postmaster, $320; Clerk, $640; Sergeant at Arms, $480; Doorkeeper, $400; airmail and special-delivery postage stamps for each Member, the Speaker, the majority and minority leaders, the majority and minority whips, and to each standing committee, as authorized by law; $183,640.

FOLDING DOCUMENTS

For folding speeches and pamphlets, at a gross rate not exceeding $2.54 per thousand or for the employment of personnel at a gross rate not exceeding $1.91 per hour per person, $236,500.

REVISION OF LAWS

For preparation and editing of the laws as authorized by the Act approved May 29, 1928 (1 U.S.C. 59), $19,515, to be expended under the direction of the Committee on the Judiciary.

SPEAKER’S AUTOMOBILE

For purchase, exchange, hire, driving, maintenance, repair, and operation of an automobile for the Speaker, $10,000.

MAJORITY LEADER’S AUTOMOBILE

For purchase, exchange, hire, driving, maintenance, repair, and operation of an automobile for the majority leader of the House, $10,000.

MINORITY LEADER’S AUTOMOBILE

For purchase, exchange, hire, driving, maintenance, repair, and operation of an automobile for the minority leader of the House, $10,000.

NEW EDITION OF UNITED STATES CODE

For preparation of a new edition of the United States Code, $100,000, to remain available until expended, and to be expended under the direction of the Committee on the Judiciary.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISION

Salaries or wages paid out of the items herein for the House of Representatives shall hereafter be computed at basic rates, plus increased and additional compensation, as authorized and provided by law.

CAPITOL POLICE

GENERAL EXPENSES

For purchasing and supplying uniforms; the purchase, maintenance, and repair of police motor vehicles, including two-way police radio equipment; contingent expenses, including $25 per month for extra services performed for the Capitol Police Board by such member of the staff of the Sergeant at Arms of the Senate or the House, as may be designated by the Chairman of the Board; $36,700.
CAPITOL POLICE BOARD

To enable the Capitol Police Board to provide additional protection for the Capitol Buildings and Grounds, including the Senate and House Office Buildings and the Capitol Power Plant, $114,700. Such sum shall be expended only for payment of salaries and other expenses of personnel detailed from the Metropolitan Police of the District of Columbia, and the Commissioners of the District of Columbia are authorized and directed to make such details upon the request of the Board. Personnel so detailed shall, during the period of such detail, serve under the direction and instructions of the Board and are authorized to exercise the same authority as members of such Metropolitan Police and members of the Capitol Police and to perform such other duties as may be assigned by the Board. Reimbursement for salaries and other expenses of such detail personnel shall be made to the government of the District of Columbia, and any sums so reimbursed shall be credited to the appropriation or appropriations from which such salaries and expenses are payable and shall be available for all the purposes thereof: Provided, That any person detailed under the authority of this paragraph or under similar authority in the Legislative Branch Appropriation Act, 1942, and the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1940, from the Metropolitan Police of the District of Columbia shall be deemed a member of such Metropolitan Police during the period or periods of any such detail for all purposes of rank, pay, allowances, privileges, and benefits to the same extent as though such detail had not been made, and at the termination thereof any such person who was a member of such police on July 1, 1940, shall have a status with respect to rank, pay, allowances, privileges, and benefits which is not less than the status of such person in such police at the end of such detail: Provided further, That the Commissioners of the District of Columbia are directed to pay the captain and the lieutenant detailed under the authority of this paragraph the same salary as that paid the two lieutenants so detailed in fiscal year 1955 plus $625 and such increase in basic compensation as may be subsequently provided by law so long as these positions are held by the present incumbents and that the Commissioners of the District of Columbia are directed to pay the deputy chief detailed under the authority of this paragraph the same salary as that paid in fiscal year 1961 plus $1,025 and such increases in basic compensation as may be subsequently provided by law so long as this position is held by the present incumbent.

The foregoing amounts under “Capitol Police” shall be disbursed by the Clerk of the House.

JOINT COMMITTEE ON REDUCTION OF NONESSENTIAL FEDERAL EXPENDITURES

For an amount to enable the Joint Committee on Reduction of Nonessential Federal Expenditures to carry out the duties imposed upon it by section 601 of the Revenue Act of 1941 (55 Stat. 726), to remain available during the existence of the committee, $26,790, to be disbursed by the Secretary of the Senate.

EDUCATION OF PAGES

For education of congressional pages and pages of the Supreme Court, pursuant to section 243 of the Legislative Reorganization Act, 1946, $67,900, which amount shall be advanced and credited to the applicable appropriation of the District of Columbia, and the Board of Education of the District of Columbia is hereby authorized to
employ such personnel for the education of pages as may be required and to pay compensation for such services in accordance with such rates of compensation as the Board of Education may prescribe.

PENALTY MAIL COSTS

For expenses necessary under section 2 of Public Law 286, Eighty-third Congress, $3,836,000, to be available immediately.

STATEMENTS OF APPROPRIATIONS

For the preparation, under the direction of the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and House of Representatives, of the statements for the first session of the Eighty-seventh Congress, showing appropriations made, indefinite appropriations, and contracts authorized, together with a chronological history of the regular appropriation bills as required by law, $8,000, to be paid to the persons designated by the chairmen of such committees to supervise the work.

ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL

OFFICE OF THE ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL

SALARIES

For the Architect of the Capitol, Assistant Architect of the Capitol, and Second Assistant Architect of the Capitol, at salary rates of $20,700, $19,000, and $17,500 per annum, respectively, and other personal services at rates of pay provided by law; and the Assistant Architect of the Capitol shall act as Architect of the Capitol during the absence or disability of that official or whenever there is no Architect, and, in case of the absence or disability of the Assistant Architect, the Second Assistant Architect of the Capitol shall so act; $337,700.

Appropriations under the control of the Architect of the Capitol shall be available for expenses of travel on official business not to exceed in the aggregate under all funds the sum of $20,000.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES

To enable the Architect of the Capitol to make surveys and studies and to meet unforeseen expenses in connection with activities under his care, $50,000.

CAPITOL BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS

CAPITOL BUILDINGS

For necessary expenditures for the Capitol Building and electrical substations of the Senate and House Office Buildings, under the jurisdiction of the Architect of the Capitol, including minor improvements, maintenance, repair, equipment, supplies, material, fuel, oil, waste, and appurtenances; furnishings and office equipment; special and protective clothing for workmen; uniforms or allowances therefor as authorized by the Act of September 1, 1954, as amended (5 U.S.C. 2131); personal and other services; cleaning and repairing works of art, without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes, as amended. 68 Stat. 1114. 41 USC 5.
amended; purchase or exchange, maintenance and operation of a pas-
senger motor vehicle; purchase of necessary reference books and pe-
riodicals; not to exceed $500 for expenses of attendance, when
specifically authorized by the Architect of the Capitol, at meetings or
conventions in connection with subjects related to work under the
Architect of the Capitol, $1,135,500.

EXTENSION OF THE CAPITOL

For an additional amount for "Extension of the Capitol", $1,500,000.

CAPITOL GROUNDS

For care and improvement of grounds surrounding the Capitol,
Senate and House Office Buildings; Capitol Power Plant; personal
and other services; care of trees; planting; fertilizers; repairs to pave-
ments, walks, and roadways; waterproof wearing apparel; mainte-
nance of signal lights; and for snow removal by hire of men and
equipment or under contract without compliance with section 3709 of
the Revised Statutes, as amended; $446,000.

SENATE OFFICE BUILDINGS

For maintenance, miscellaneous items and supplies, including fur-
rine, furnishings, and equipment, and for labor and material inci-
dent thereto, and repairs thereof; for purchase of waterproof wear-
ing apparel, and for personal and other services; including eight
female attendants in charge of ladies' retiring rooms at $1,800 each;
for the care and operation of the Senate Office Buildings, including
the subway and subway transportation systems connecting the Senate
Office Buildings with the Capitol; uniforms or allowances therefor
as authorized by the Act of September 1, 1954, as amended (5 U.S.C.
2131); to be expended under the control and supervision of the Archi-
tect of the Capitol; in all, $2,170,400: Provided, That not to exceed
$150,000 of the amount made available under this head for the fiscal
year 1961 is hereby continued available until June 30, 1963: Provided
further, That none of the funds made available to the Architect of
the Capitol in this Act shall be expended for the operation of the old
Senate subway system subsequent to the adjournment of the Eighty-
seventh Congress, first session.

LEGISLATIVE GARAGE

For maintenance, repairs, alterations, personal and other services,
and all other necessary expenses, $79,000.

HOUSE OFFICE BUILDINGS

For maintenance, including equipment, waterproof wearing ap-
parel, uniforms or allowances therefor as authorized by the Act of
September 1, 1954, as amended (5 U.S.C. 2131), miscellaneous items,
and for all necessary services, $1,639,000.

ACQUISITION OF PROPERTY, CONSTRUCTION, AND EQUIPMENT, ADDI-
TIONAL HOUSE OFFICE BUILDING

To enable the Architect of the Capitol, under the direction of the
House Office Building Commission, to continue to provide for the
acquisition of property, construction, and equipment of an additional
fireproof office building for the use of the House of Representatives,
and other changes and improvements, authorized by the Additional House Office Building Act of 1955 (69 Stat. 41, 42), $6,000,000.

CAPITOL POWER PLANT

For lighting, heating, and power (including the purchase of electrical energy) for the Capitol, Senate and House Office Buildings, Supreme Court Building, Congressional Library Buildings, and the grounds about the same, Botanic Garden, legislative garage, and for air-conditioning refrigeration not supplied from plants in any of such buildings; for heating the Government Printing Office, Washington City Post Office, and Folger Shakespeare Library, reimbursement for which shall be made and covered into the Treasury; personal and other services, fuel, oil, materials, waterproof wearing apparel, and all other necessary expenses in connection with the maintenance and operation of the plant; $2,052,000.

LIBRARY BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS

STRUCTURAL AND MECHANICAL CARE

For necessary expenditures for mechanical and structural maintenance, including improvements, equipment, supplies, waterproof wearing apparel, and personal and other services, $3,748,000, of which not to exceed $20,000 shall be available for expenditure without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes, as amended, and of which $2,500,000 shall remain available until expended.

FURNITURE AND FURNISHINGS

For furniture, partitions, screens, shelving, and electrical work pertaining thereto and repairs thereof, office and library equipment, apparatus, and labor-saving devices, $99,000.

BOTANIC GARDEN

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For all necessary expenses incident to maintaining, operating, repairing, and improving the Botanic Garden and the nurseries, buildings, grounds, collections, and equipment pertaining thereto, including personal services; waterproof wearing apparel; not to exceed $25 for emergency medical supplies; traveling expenses, including street-car fares, not to exceed $275; the prevention and eradication of insect and other pests and plant diseases by purchase of materials and procurement of personal services by contract without regard to the provisions of any other Act; purchase and exchange of motor trucks; purchase and exchange, maintenance, repair, and operation of a passenger motor vehicle; purchase of botanical books, periodicals, and books of reference, not to exceed $100; all under the direction of the Joint Committee on the Library; $489,000.

LIBRARY OF CONGRESS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Library of Congress, not otherwise provided for, including development and maintenance of the Union Catalogs; custody, care, and maintenance of the Library Buildings;
special clothing; rental of buildings in the District of Columbia; and expenses of the Library of Congress Trust Fund Board not properly chargeable to the income of any trust fund held by the Board; $8,455,000.

Copyright Office

Salaries and Expenses

For necessary expenses of the Copyright Office, including publication of the decisions of the United States courts involving copyrights, $1,600,000.

Legislative Reference Service

Salaries and Expenses

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of section 203 of the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1946, as amended (2 U.S.C. 166), $1,809,200: Provided, That no part of this appropriation may be used to pay any salary or expense in connection with any publication, or preparation of material therefor (except the Digest of Public General Bills), to be issued by the Library of Congress unless such publication has obtained prior approval of either the Committee on House Administration or the Senate Committee on Rules and Administration.

Distribution of Catalog Cards

Salaries and Expenses

For necessary expenses for the preparation and distribution of catalog cards and other publications of the Library, $2,347,000.

Increase of the Library of Congress

General Increase of the Library

For necessary expenses (except personal services) for acquisition of books, periodicals, and newspapers, and all other material for the increase of the Library, $470,000, to continue available during the next succeeding fiscal year.

Increase of the Law Library

For necessary expenses (except personal services) for acquisition of books, legal periodicals, and all other material for the increase of the law library, $90,000, to continue available during the next succeeding fiscal year.

Books for the Supreme Court

For the purchase of books and periodicals for the Supreme Court, to be a part of the Library of Congress, and purchased by the Librarian of the Supreme Court, under the direction of the Chief Justice, $38,000.
Books for the Blind

Salaries and Expenses

For necessary salaries and expenses to carry out the provisions of the Act approved March 3, 1931 (2 U.S.C. 135a), as amended, $1,786,100.

Organizing and Microfilming the Papers of the Presidents

Salaries and Expenses

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of the Act of August 16, 1957 (71 Stat. 368), $112,800, to remain available until expended.

Preservation of Early American Motion Pictures

For necessary expenses to enable the Librarian of Congress to provide for the conversion to safety base film of the George Kleine Collection of nitrate film, and the paper prints of early American motion pictures now in the custody of the Library, $60,600.

Revision of Annotated Constitution

Salaries and Expenses

For necessary expenses to enable the Librarian to revise and extend the Annotated Constitution of the United States of America, $25,000, to remain available until expended (S.J. Res. 176, September 13, 1960; 74 Stat. 898-899).

Collection and Distribution of Library Materials

(Special Foreign Currency Program)

For necessary expenses for carrying out the provisions of section 104(n) of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1704(n)), $400,000 of which $363,500 shall be available for the purchase of foreign currencies which accrue under that Act and which the Treasury Department shall determine to be excess to the normal requirements of the United States.

Administrative Provisions

Appropriations in this Act available to the Library of Congress for salaries shall be available for expenses of investigating the loyalty of Library employees; special and temporary services (including employees engaged by the day or hour or in piecework); and services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a).

Not to exceed ten positions in the Library of Congress may be exempt from the provisions of appropriation Acts concerning the employment of aliens during the current fiscal year, but the Librarian shall not make any appointment to any such position until he has ascertained that he cannot secure for such appointments a person in any of the categories specified in such provisions who possesses the special qualifications for the particular position and also otherwise meets the general requirements for employment in the Library of Congress.
GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

PRINTING AND BINDING

For authorized printing and binding for the Congress; not to exceed $7,500 for printing and binding for the Architect of the Capitol; expenses necessary for preparing the semimonthly and session index to the Congressional Record, as authorized by law (44 U.S.C. 182); printing, binding and distribution of the Federal Register (including the Code of Federal Regulations) as authorized by law (44 U.S.C. 309, 311, 311a); and printing and binding of Government publications authorized by law to be distributed without charge to the recipients; $13,400,000: Provided, That this appropriation shall not be available for printing and binding part 2 of the annual report of the Secretary of Agriculture (known as the Yearbook of Agriculture): Provided further, That this appropriation shall be available for the payment of obligations incurred under the appropriations for similar purposes for preceding fiscal years.

OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT OF DOCUMENTS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Office of Superintendent of Documents, including compensation of all employees in accordance with the Act entitled "An Act to regulate and fix rates of pay for employees and officers of the Government Printing Office", approved June 7, 1924 (44 U.S.C. 49); travel expenses (not to exceed $1,500); price lists and bibliographies; repairs to buildings, elevators, and machinery; and supplying books to depository libraries; $4,724,000: Provided, That $200,000 of this appropriation shall be apportioned for use pursuant to section 3679 of the Revised Statutes, as amended (31 U.S.C. 665), with the approval of the Public Printer, only to the extent necessary to provide for expenses (excluding permanent personal services) for workload increases not anticipated in the budget estimates and which cannot be provided for by normal budgetary adjustments.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Sec. 102. No part of the funds appropriated in this Act shall be used for the maintenance or care of private vehicles.

Sec. 103. Whenever any office or position not specifically established by the Legislative Pay Act of 1929 is appropriated for herein or whenever the rate of compensation or designation of any position appropriated for herein is different from that specifically established for such position by such Act, the rate of compensation and the designation of the position, or either, appropriated for or provided herein, shall be the permanent law with respect thereto: Provided, That the provisions herein for the various items of official expenses of Members, officers, and committees of the Senate and House, and clerk hire for Senators and Members shall be the permanent law with respect thereto: Provided further, That the provisions relating to positions and salaries thereof carried in H. Res. 646 of the Eighty-sixth Congress and H. Res. 138, 139, 219, and 225 of the Eighty-seventh Congress shall be the permanent law with respect thereto.

Sec. 104. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be paid as compensation to any person appointed after June 30, 1935, as an officer or member of the Capitol Police who does not meet the standards to be prescribed for such appointees by the Capitol Police Board: Provided, That the Capitol Police Board is hereby authorized
to detail police from the House Office, Senate Office, and Capitol Buildings for police duty on the Capitol Grounds.

This Act may be cited as the "Legislative Branch Appropriation Act, 1962".

Approved August 10, 1961.

Public Law 87-131
AN ACT
To include Ackia Battleground National Monument, Mississippi, and Meriwether Lewis National Monument, Tennessee, in the Natchez Trace Parkway, and to provide appropriate designations for them, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, to facilitate the administration of two areas of the national park system, known as Ackia Battleground National Monument, Mississippi, and Meriwether Lewis National Monument, Tennessee, those areas are included in the Natchez Trace Parkway, which they adjoin; and they shall be administered as a part of the parkway. In order to provide continued recognition of the significance of these portions of the parkway, the Secretary of the Interior shall provide them with appropriate designations in accordance with the historical events which occurred on them.

Approved August 10, 1961.

Public Law 87-132
AN ACT
To amend paragraph 1798(c) (2) of the Tariff Act of 1930 to reduce temporarily the exemption from duty enjoyed by returning residents, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That paragraph 1798(c) (2) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (19 U.S.C., sec. 1201, par. 1798 (c) (2)), is amended—

(1) by striking out "$200, if such person" in subdivision (A) and inserting in lieu thereof "$100 (or $200 in the case of persons arriving directly or indirectly from the Virgin Islands of the United States, not more than $100 of which shall have been acquired elsewhere than in the Virgin Islands of the United States) if such person arrives before July 1, 1963 (or $200 if such person arrives on or after July 1, 1963), and he either", and

(2) by striking out "$300 in addition, if such person" in subdivision (B) and inserting in lieu thereof "$300 in addition, if such person arrives on or after July 1, 1963, and he".

(b) The amendments made by subsection (a) shall apply with respect to persons arriving in the United States on or after the 30th day after the date of the enactment of this Act.

Sec. 2. In applying paragraph 1798(c) (2) (A) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended, to articles acquired in the Virgin Islands of the United States by any person who arrives in the United States (as defined in section 401(k) of such Act) during the period beginning on the 30th day after the date of the enactment of this Act and ending on June 30, 1963, the 48-hour requirement in such paragraph 1798 (c) (2) (A) shall be treated as satisfied.

Approved August 10, 1961.
Public Law 87-133

AN ACT

To provide additional lands for the Fort Necessity National Battlefield site, Pennsylvania, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, in furtherance of the purposes of the Act of March 4, 1931 (46 Stat. 1522), the Secretary of the Interior may acquire by donation or with donated funds not to exceed one-half acre of land and interests in land for addition to the adjoining Fort Necessity National Battlefield site.

SEC. 2. The Fort Necessity National Battlefield site is hereby redesignated as the Fort Necessity National Battlefield and any remaining balance of funds appropriated for the purposes of the site shall be available for the purposes of the Fort Necessity National Battlefield.


SEC. 5. There are hereby authorized to be appropriated such sums, but not more than $115,000, as are necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act.

Approved August 10, 1961.

Public Law 87-134

AN ACT

To provide additional lands at, and change the name of, the Fort Necessity National Battlefield site, Pennsylvania, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, in furtherance of the purposes of the Act of February 21, 1929 (45 Stat. 1254), the Secretary of the Interior may acquire by donation or with donated funds not to exceed one-half acre of land and interests in land for addition to the adjoining Tupelo National Battlefield site.

SEC. 2. The Tupelo National Battlefield site is hereby redesignated the Tupelo National Battlefield which shall continue to be administered pursuant to the Act of August 25, 1916 (39 Stat. 535), as amended and supplemented, entitled "An Act to establish a National Park Service, and for other purposes."

Approved August 10, 1961.
Public Law 87-135

AN ACT

To provide for an appropriation of a sum not to exceed $35,000 with which to make a survey of a proposed national parkway from the Blue Ridge Parkway at Tennessee Bald or Beech Gap southwest and running into the State of Georgia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That a sum not exceeding $35,000 is hereby authorized to be appropriated out of the Treasury of the United States, to be used by the Department of the Interior through the National Park Service and by the Department of Commerce through the Bureau of Public Roads, with which to make a survey, now directed, of the route of a proposed national parkway extending from the Blue Ridge Parkway at or near Tennessee Bald or Beech Gap in North Carolina and running in a southwesterly direction by Cashiers, North Carolina, and Highlands, North Carolina, into the State of Georgia in the direction of Atlanta, Georgia, the survey to recommend the most desirable terminating point of said parkway. An estimate of the cost of construction of an appropriate national parkway, comparable with the Blue Ridge Parkway, over the indicated route, together with such other data as may be of value, shall be obtained through the said survey, hereby authorized, for the purpose of determining the feasibility and desirability of constructing the proposed national parkway, or any portions thereof. Final report of such survey, accompanied by full information and data, with recommendations, shall, at the earliest possible date, be made and submitted to the Congress of the United States for its consideration: Provided, That the survey of such portions of the proposed national parkway as may be located within the exterior boundaries of a national forest shall be made in cooperation with the Secretary of Agriculture, and the comments and recommendations of the Secretary of Agriculture with respect to such portions shall be set forth in the final report to be submitted to the Congress by the Secretary of the Interior.

Approved August 10, 1961.

Public Law 87-136

AN ACT

To authorize an exchange of lands at Wupatki National Monument, Arizona, to provide access to certain ruins in the monument, to add certain federally owned lands to the monument, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior may, in his discretion, obtain a valid title for the United States to the lands described as: southeast quarter, section 17, and section 29, township 26 north, range 10 east, Gila and Salt River meridian, for addition to the Wupatki National Monument in exchange for lands of approximately equal value described as: southwest quarter, section 16, township 26 north, range 10 east, and section 32, township 26 north, range 9 east, Gila and Salt River meridian. The lands conveyed by the Secretary and the privately owned land known as northwest quarter, section 21, township 26 north, range 10 east, Gila and Salt River meridian, shall, after execution of the exchange, cease to be a part of the Wupatki National Monument.

Sec. 2. The Secretary may, in his discretion, accept the donation of a permanent easement for a road right-of-way two hundred feet
Public Law 87-137

AN ACT

To provide for one additional Assistant Secretary of Labor in the Department of Labor.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 2 of the Act of April 17, 1946 (60 Stat. 91), is amended by striking out "three" and inserting in lieu thereof "four".

SEC. 2. Section 106(a) (16) of the Federal Executive Pay Act of 1956 (70 Stat. 738) is amended by striking out "(3)" and inserting in lieu thereof "(4)".

Approved August 11, 1961.

Public Law 87-138

AN ACT

To amend title 38, United States Code, to increase the rate of special pension payable to certain persons awarded the Medal of Honor, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) subsection (b) of section 560 of title 38, United States Code, is amended (1) by striking out "sixty-five years" and inserting in lieu thereof "fifty years"; and (2) by striking out "and who was honorably discharged from service by muster out, resignation, or otherwise".

(b) Subsection (c) of such section 560 is amended by inserting before the period at the end of the first sentence the following: "and shall indicate whether or not the applicant desires to receive the special pension provided by section 562 of this title".

SEC. 2. (a) Section 561 of title 38, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"§ 561. Certificate

"(a) The Secretary concerned shall determine whether or not each applicant is entitled to have his name entered on the Army, Navy, and Air Force Medal of Honor Roll. If the official award of the Medal of Honor to the applicant, or the official notice to him thereof,
shows that the Medal of Honor was awarded to the applicant for an act described in section 560 of this title, such award or notice shall be sufficient to entitle the applicant to have his name entered on such roll without further investigation; otherwise all official correspondence, orders, reports, recommendations, requests, and other evidence on file in any public office or department shall be considered.

“(b) Each person whose name is entered on the Army, Navy, and Air Force Medal of Honor Roll shall be furnished a certificate of service and of the act of heroism, gallantry, bravery, or intrepidity for which the Medal of Honor was awarded, of enrollment on such roll, and, if he has indicated his desire to receive the special pension provided by section 562 of this title, of his right to such special pension.

“(c) The Secretary concerned shall deliver to the Administrator a certified copy of each certificate issued by him under subsection (b) in which the right of the person named in the certificate to the special pension provided by section 562 of this title is set forth. Such copy shall authorize the Administrator to pay such special pension to the person named in the certificate.”

(b) The analysis of chapter 15 of such title is amended by striking out "561. Certificate entitling holder to pension."

and inserting in lieu thereof "561. Certificate."

Sec. 3. Subsection (a) of section 562 of title 38, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by inserting after “Medal of Honor roll” the following: “and a copy of whose certificate has been delivered to him under subsection (c) of section 561 of this title,”; and

(2) by striking out “$10” and inserting in lieu thereof “$100”.

Sec. 4. The amendments made by this Act shall take effect on the first day of the first month which begins after the date of the enactment of this Act, except that the amendments made by subsection (b) of the first section and by section 2 shall not apply with respect to any application under section 560 of title 38, United States Code, made before such first day by any person who fulfilled the qualifications prescribed by subsection (b) of such section at the time such application was made.

Approved August 14, 1961.

Public Law 87-139

AN ACT

To increase the maximum rates of per diem allowance for employees of the Government traveling on official business, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 3 of the Travel Expense Act of 1949 (5 U.S.C. 836) is amended by striking out "$12" and inserting in lieu thereof "$16".

Sec. 2. Section 5 of the Administrative Expenses Act of 1946 (5 U.S.C. 73b–2) is amended by striking out "$15" and inserting in lieu thereof "$16".

Sec. 3. Section 4 of the Travel Expense Act of 1949 (5 U.S.C. 837) is amended by striking out "6 cents" and inserting in lieu thereof "8 cents", and by striking out "10 cents" and inserting in lieu thereof "12 cents".

Effective date.

Federal employees. Per diem allowance. Increase.

63 Stat. 166; 69 Stat. 393.

60 Stat. 808; 69 Stat. 394.
SEC. 4. The second sentence of section 4 of the Travel Expense Act of 1949 (5 U.S.C. 837) is amended by inserting immediately after "the actual cost of" the following: "parking fees."

SEC. 5. Paragraph (3) of section 553 of title 28, United States Code, is amended by striking out "10 cents" and inserting in lieu thereof "12 cents" and by inserting immediately after the words "the actual cost of" the words "parking fees."

SEC. 6. The Director of the Administrative Office of the United States Courts shall promulgate, in accordance with section 604(a) (7) and section 456 of title 28 of the United States Code, such regulations as he may deem necessary to effectuate the increases provided by this Act.

SEC. 7. The seventh paragraph under the heading "Administrative Provisions" in the Senate section of the Legislative Branch Appropriation Act, 1957 (2 U.S.C. 68b), is amended by striking out "$12" and inserting in lieu thereof "$16", and by striking out "$25" and inserting in lieu thereof "$30".

SEC. 8. (a) Section 3 of the Travel Expense Act of 1949, as amended (5 U.S.C. 836), is amended—

(1) by striking out the words "by the Director of the Bureau of the Budget" which appear before the first proviso and inserting in lieu thereof "by the President or his delegate (who may be the Director of the Bureau of the Budget or any other officer of the Government)" and

(2) by striking out the last proviso and inserting in lieu thereof the following proviso: "And provided further, That where due to the unusual circumstances of a travel assignment the maximum per diem allowance would be much less than the amount required to meet the actual and necessary expenses of the trip, the heads of departments and establishments may, in accordance with regulations promulgated by the Director, Bureau of the Budget, pursuant to section 7, prescribe conditions under which reimbursement for such expenses may be authorized on an actual expense basis not to exceed a maximum amount to be specified in the travel authorization, but in any event not to exceed, for each day in travel status, (1) the amount of $30, within the limits of the continental United States, or (2) the sum of the maximum per diem allowance plus $10, for travel outside such limits."

(b) Section 5 of the Administrative Expenses Act of 1946, as amended (5 U.S.C. 73b-2), is amended—

(1) by striking out the words "by the Director of the Bureau of the Budget" which appear before the proviso; and

(2) by striking out the last proviso and inserting in lieu thereof the following proviso: "Provided, That where due to the unusual circumstances of a travel assignment the maximum per diem allowance would be much less than the amount required to meet the actual and necessary expenses of the trip, the heads of departments and establishments may, in accordance with regulations promulgated by the Director, Bureau of the Budget, pursuant to section 7 of the Travel Expense Act of 1949, as amended (5 U.S.C. 840), prescribe conditions under which reimbursement for such expenses may be authorized on an actual expense basis not to exceed a maximum amount to be specified in the travel authorization, but in any event not to exceed, for each day in travel status, (1) the amount of $30, within the limits of the continental United States, or (2) the sum of the maximum per diem allowance plus $10, for travel outside such limits."

(c) Section 48 of the Alaska Omnibus Act (73 Stat. 141; 48 U.S.C. note prec. sec. 23) shall not apply with respect to the amendments made by this section.
Sec. 9. The last proviso of section 3 of the Act of July 30, 1946 (22 U.S.C. 2870), is amended to read as follows: "Provided, however, that he may be paid transportation and other expenses as authorized by section 5 of the Administrative Expenses Act of 1946, as amended (5 U.S.C. 73b-2)."

Sec. 10. Section 5 of the Act of July 30, 1946, as amended (22 U.S.C. 287q), is amended by striking out "Under such regulations as the Secretary of State may prescribe, the actual transportation expenses of experts attending such conferences shall be borne by the Department of State, and they shall be allowed a per diem of $10 in lieu of subsistence and other expenses, for the period of actual attendance and of necessary travel." and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "The Department of State may pay their transportation and other expenses as authorized by section 5 of the Administrative Expenses Act of 1946, as amended (5 U.S.C. 73b-2), for the period of actual attendance and of necessary travel."

Sec. 11. Paragraph (6) of section 801 of the United States Information and Educational Exchange Act of 1948 (22 U.S.C. 1471(6)) is amended by striking out "but he may be paid his actual transportation expenses, and not to exceed $10 per diem in lieu of subsistence and other expenses, while away from his home in attendance upon meetings within the United States or in consultation with the Department under instructions." and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "but he may be paid his transportation and other expenses, as authorized by section 5 of the Administrative Expenses Act of 1946, as amended (5 U.S.C. 73b-2)."

Approved August 14, 1961.

Public Law 87-140

AN ACT

To amend section 303 of the Career Compensation Act of 1949 to authorize the transportation of dependents and baggage and household effects of certain retired members.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 303(c) of the Career Compensation Act of 1949, as amended (37 U.S.C. 253(c)), is amended by adding the following at the end thereof: "Such baggage and household effects may be shipped to a location other than the home selected by him. In any case in which the costs are in excess of those which would have been incurred if shipment had been made to his selected home, the member shall pay that excess cost. If a member authorized to select a home under subsection (a) accrues that right or any entitlement under this subsection but dies before he exercises it, that right or entitlement accrues to and may be exercised by his surviving dependents, or his baggage and household effects may be shipped to the home of the person legally entitled there to if there are no surviving dependents. However, in any case in which the costs are in excess of those which would have been incurred if shipment had been made to the members' selected home, the surviving dependents or the person legally entitled to the baggage and household effects, as the case may be, shall pay that excess cost."

Approved August 17, 1961.
AN ACT

Making appropriations for sundry independent executive bureaus, boards, commissions, corporations, agencies, and offices, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1962, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for sundry independent executive bureaus, boards, commissions, corporations, agencies, and offices, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1962, namely:

TITLE I

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE COUNCIL

Salaries and Expenses

For expenses necessary for the National Aeronautics and Space Council, established by section 201 of the National Aeronautics and Space Act of 1958, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2471), including hire of passenger motor vehicles, reimbursement of the General Services Administration for security guard services, and services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a), but at rates for individuals not to exceed $100 per diem, $320,000.

OFFICE OF CIVIL AND DEFENSE MOBILIZATION

Salaries and Expenses

For expenses necessary for the Office of Civil and Defense Mobilization, including services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a); reimbursement of the General Services Administration for security guard services; purchase of one passenger motor vehicle at not to exceed $6,000; expenses of attendance of cooperating officials and individuals at meetings concerned with civil defense and defense mobilization functions; not to exceed $3,000 for emergency and extraordinary expenses to be expended under the direction of the Director for such purposes as he deems proper; and his determination thereon shall be final and conclusive; and not to exceed $900,000 for expenses of travel; $25,000,000: Provided, That the foregoing amount shall be available for not to exceed 310 positions in the District of Columbia area: Provided further, That contracts for not to exceed two persons under this appropriation for temporary or intermittent services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a), may be renewed annually, and one such contract, for the services of an expert or consultant for telecommunications, may provide for a per diem rate of not to exceed $75.

CIVIL DEFENSE AND DEFENSE MOBILIZATION FUNCTIONS OF FEDERAL AGENCIES

For expenses necessary to enable other Federal agencies to perform such civil defense and defense mobilization functions as may be designated by the Office of Civil and Defense Mobilization, including payments by the Department of Labor to State employment security agencies for the full cost of administration of defense manpower mobilization activities, $5,000,000.
Federal Contributions

For financial contributions to the States for civil defense purposes pursuant to the Federal Civil Defense Act of 1950, as amended, to be equally matched with State funds, $32,000,000,000, of which not to exceed $12,000,000 shall be available for allocation to the States pursuant to section 205 of said Act.

Emergency Supplies and Equipment

For expenses necessary for procurement, warehousing, distribution, and maintenance of emergency civil defense materials as authorized by subsection (h) of section 201 of the Federal Civil Defense Act of 1950, as amended, $30,050,000.

Research and Development

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary for studies and research to develop measures and plans for civil defense and defense mobilization, including evacuation, shelter, and the protection of life and property, as authorized by section 201(d) of the Federal Civil Defense Act of 1950, as amended, and other law, including services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a), $2,000,000, to remain available until expended.

Construction of Facilities

For expenses necessary for the design, construction, and equipment of protected regional facilities for the Office of Civil and Defense Mobilization, $2,500,000, to remain available until expended.

General Provision

No part of any appropriation in this Act shall be available for the construction of warehouses or for the lease of warehouse space in any building which is to be constructed specifically for the use of the Office of Civil and Defense Mobilization.

Funds Appropriated to the President

Disaster Relief

For expenses necessary to carry out the purposes of the Act of September 30, 1950, as amended (42 U.S.C. 1855-1855g), authorizing assistance to States and local governments in major disasters, $6,000,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That not to exceed 3 per centum of the foregoing amount shall be available for administrative expenses.

Independent Offices

Civil Aeronautics Board

Salaries and Expenses

For necessary expenses of the Civil Aeronautics Board, including employment of temporary guards on a contract or fee basis; hire, operation, maintenance, and repair of aircraft; hire of passenger motor vehicles; and services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a), at rates for individuals not to exceed $100 per diem; $8,900,000.
Payments to Air Carriers (Liquidation of Contract Authorization)

For payments to air carriers of so much of the compensation fixed and determined by the Civil Aeronautics Board under section 406 of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. 1376), as is payable by the Board, $78,250,000, of which not to exceed $6,000,000 shall be available for subsidy for helicopter operations during the current fiscal year, to remain available until expended.

Civil Service Commission

Salaries and Expenses

For necessary expenses, including services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a); not to exceed $10,000 for medical examinations performed for veterans by private physicians on a fee basis; payment in advance for library membership in societies whose publications are available to members only or to members at a price lower than to the general public; not to exceed $83,000 for performing the duties imposed upon the Commission by the Act of July 19, 1940 (54 Stat. 767); reimbursement of the General Services Administration for security guard services for protection of confidential files; and not to exceed $5,000 for actuarial services by contract, without regard to section 3709, Revised Statutes, as amended; $21,349,000: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be available for the Career Executive Board established by Executive Order 10758 of March 4, 1958, as amended.

No part of the appropriations herein made to the Civil Service Commission shall be available for the salaries and expenses of the Legal Examining Unit in the Examining and Personnel Utilization Division of the Commission, established pursuant to Executive Order 9358 of July 1, 1943.

Investigation of United States Citizens for Employment by International Organizations

For expenses necessary to carry out the provisions of Executive Order No. 10422 of January 9, 1953, as amended, prescribing procedures for making available to the Secretary General of the United Nations, and the executive heads of other international organizations, certain information concerning United States citizens employed, or being considered for employment by such organizations, including services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a), $430,000: Provided, That this appropriation shall be available for advances or reimbursements to the applicable appropriations or funds of the Civil Service Commission and the Federal Bureau of Investigation for expenses incurred by such agencies under said Executive order: Provided further, That members of the International Organizations Employees Loyalty Board may be paid actual transportation expenses, and per diem in lieu of subsistence authorized by the Travel Expense Act of 1949, as amended, while traveling on official business away from their homes or regular places of business, including periods while en route to and from and at the place where their services are to be performed: Provided further, That nothing in sections 281 or 283 of title 18, United States Code, or in section 190 of the Revised Statutes (5 U.S.C. 99) shall be deemed to apply to any person because of appointment for part-time or intermittent service as a member of the International Organizations Employees Loyalty Board in the Civil Service Commission as established by Executive Order 10422, dated January 9, 1953, as amended.
For payment of annuities authorized by the Act of May 29, 1944, as amended (48 U.S.C. 1373a), and the Act of August 19, 1950, as amended (33 U.S.C. 771-775), $2,248,000.

**Government Payment for Annuities, Employees Health Benefits Fund**

For payment to the “Employees health benefits fund” of Government contributions with respect to annuitants, as authorized by section 7 of the Federal Employees Health Benefits Act (73 Stat. 713), $4,500,000, to remain available until expended.

**Government Contribution, Retired Employees Health Benefits Fund**

For payment to the “Retired employees health benefits fund” of Government contributions with respect to retired employees, as authorized by section 4 of the Retired Federal Employees Health Benefits Act (74 Stat. 850), $19,000,000.

**Payment to Civil Service Retirement and Disability Fund**

For financing the annuity benefits and increases provided by the Act of June 25, 1958 (72 Stat. 218), $44,637,000, to be credited to the civil service retirement and disability fund: Provided, That the Civil Service Commission shall include annually, in its estimates to the Bureau of the Budget, estimates of the appropriations necessary to reimburse the civil service retirement and disability fund for the amounts paid out of the fund by reason of the enactment of Public Law 85-465, and the Bureau of the Budget shall submit such estimates annually to the Congress.

**Limitation on Administrative Expenses, Employees Health Benefits Fund**

Not to exceed $1,074,000 of the funds in the “Employees health benefits fund” shall be available for reimbursement to the Civil Service Commission for administrative expenses incurred by the Commission during the current fiscal year in the administration of the Federal Employees Health Benefits Act of 1959 (73 Stat. 713), including services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a).

**Limitation on Administrative Expenses, Employees Life Insurance Fund**

Not to exceed $260,000 of the funds in the “Employees life insurance fund” shall be available for reimbursement to the Civil Service Commission for administrative expenses incurred by the Commission during the current fiscal year in the administration of the Federal Employees’ Group Life Insurance Act of 1954, as amended (5 U.S.C. 2091-2103), including services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a): Provided, That this limitation shall include expenses incurred under section 10 of the Act, not withstanding the provisions of section 1 of Public Law 85-377 (5 U.S.C. 2094(c)).
FEDERAL AVIATION AGENCY

Operations

For necessary expenses of the Federal Aviation Agency, not otherwise provided for, including administrative expenses for research and development and for establishment of air navigation facilities, and carrying out the provisions of the Federal Airport Act; not to exceed $10,000 for representation allowances and for official entertainment; and purchase and repair of skis and snowshoes; $434,300,000: Provided, That total costs of aviation medicine research for the Federal Aviation Agency, whether provided in the foregoing appropriation or elsewhere in this Act, shall not exceed $2,000,000 or include in excess of 130 positions: Provided further, That there may be credited to this appropriation, funds received from States, counties, municipalities, other public authorities, and private sources, for expenses incurred in the maintenance and operation of air navigation facilities.

Facilities and Equipment

For an additional amount for the acquisition, establishment, and improvement by contract or purchase and hire of air navigation and experimental facilities, including the initial acquisition of necessary sites by lease or grant; the construction and furnishing of quarters and related accommodations for officers and employees of the Federal Aviation Agency stationed at remote localities where such accommodations are not available (at a total cost of construction of not to exceed $50,000 per housing unit in Alaska); and purchase of nine aircraft; $120,000,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That there may be credited to this appropriation funds received from States, counties, municipalities, other public authorities, and private sources, for expenses incurred in the establishment of air navigation facilities: Provided further, That no part of the foregoing appropriation shall be available for the construction of a new wind tunnel.

Grants-in-Aid for Airports (Liquidation of Contract Authorization)

For liquidation of obligations incurred under authority granted in the Act of August 3, 1955 (60 Stat. 441), to enter into contracts, $70,000,000, to remain available until expended.

Research and Development

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary for research, development, and service testing in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Aviation Act (49 U.S.C. 1301-1542), including construction of experimental facilities and acquisition of necessary sites by lease or grant, $60,000,000, to remain available until expended.

Operation and Maintenance, Washington National Airport

For expenses incident to the care, operation, maintenance, improvement and protection of the Washington National Airport, including purchase, cleaning and repair of uniforms, and arms and ammunition, $3,225,000.
OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, DULLES INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

For expenses incident to the care, operation, maintenance, improvement and protection of the Dulles International Airport, including purchase, cleaning and repair of uniforms, and arms and ammunition, $1,975,000.

CONSTRUCTION, WASHINGTON NATIONAL AIRPORT

For necessary expenses for construction at Washington National Airport, including acquisition of land, $4,200,000, to remain available until expended.

CONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT, ADDITIONAL WASHINGTON AIRPORT

For an additional amount for "Construction and development, additional Washington airport", $20,100,000, to remain available until expended.

CIVIL SUPersonic AIRCRAFT DEVELOPMENT

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary for the development of a civil supersonic aircraft, including advances of funds without regard to the provisions of section 3648 of the Revised Statutes, as amended (31 U.S.C. 529), $11,000,000, to remain available until expended.

GENERAL PROVISION

During the current fiscal year applicable appropriations to the Federal Aviation Agency shall be available for the Federal Aviation Agency to conduct the activities specified in the Act of October 26, 1949, as amended (5 U.S.C. 596a), under determinations and regulations by the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Agency; maintenance and operation of aircraft; hire of passenger motor vehicles and aircraft; and uniforms, or allowances therefor, as authorized by the Act of September 1, 1954, as amended (5 U.S.C. 2131).

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses in performing the duties of the Commission as authorized by law, including land and structures (not to exceed $48,000), special counsel fees, improvement and care of grounds and repairs to buildings (not to exceed $15,000), services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a), and purchase of not to exceed two passenger motor vehicles for replacement only, $12,525,000: Provided, That the limitation until June 30, 1962, on the availability of the appropriation for a special ultrahigh-frequency television study, contained in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1961, under the head "Federal Communications Commission", is hereby extended until December 31, 1962.
FEDERAL POWER COMMISSION

Salaries and Expenses

For necessary expenses for the work of the Commission, as authorized by law, including hire of passenger motor vehicles and not to exceed $558,000 for expenses of travel, $8,793,000, of which not to exceed $10,000 shall be available for special counsel and services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a).

60 Stat. 810.

FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION

Salaries and Expenses

For necessary expenses of the Federal Trade Commission, including uniforms or allowances therefor, as authorized by law (5 U.S.C. 68 Stat. 1114. 2131), and services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a), $10,345,000: Provided, That no part of the foregoing appropriation shall be expended upon any investigation hereafter provided by concurrent resolution of the Congress until funds are appropriated subsequently to the enactment of such resolution to finance the cost of such investigation.

60 Stat. 810.

GENERAL ACCOUNTING OFFICE

Salaries and Expenses

For necessary expenses of the General Accounting Office, including rental or lease of office space in foreign countries without regard to the provisions of section 3648 of the Revised Statutes, as amended (31 U.S.C. 529), and services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a), $43,000,000.

60 Stat. 810.

GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

Operating Expenses, Public Buildings Service

For necessary expenses of real property management and related activities as provided by law; rental of buildings in the District of Columbia; restoration of buildings owned by the United States Government on title; moving Government agencies (including space adjustments) in connection with the assignment, allocation, and transfer of building space; acquisition by purchase or otherwise and disposal by sale or otherwise of real estate and interests therein; and payments in lieu of taxes pursuant to the Act of August 12, 1955 (40 U.S.C. 521); $173,000,000: Provided, That this appropriation shall be available, without regard to section 322 of the Act of June 30, 1932, as amended (40 U.S.C. 278a), with respect to buildings, or parts thereof, heretofore leased under the appropriation for “Emergency operating expenses”.

69 Stat. 722.

REPAIR AND IMPROVEMENT OF PUBLIC BUILDINGS

For expenses not otherwise provided for, necessary to alter public buildings and to acquire additions to sites pursuant to the Public Buildings Act of 1959 (73 Stat. 479), including grounds, approaches and appurtenances, wharves and piers, together with the necessary dredging adjacent thereto; and care and safeguarding of sites acquired for public buildings; preliminary planning of projects by contract or otherwise; maintenance, preservation, demolition, and equipment; $58,000,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That for the purposes of this appropriation, buildings con-
structed pursuant to the Public Buildings Purchase Contract Act of 1954 (40 U.S.C. 356) and the Post Office Department Property Act of 1954 (39 U.S.C. 901 et seq.), and Public Health Service facilities (except Indian health facilities), and buildings under the control of another department or agency where alteration of such buildings is required in connection with the moving of such other department or agency from buildings then, or thereafter to be, under the control of General Services Administration shall be considered to be public buildings.

CONSTRUCTION, PUBLIC BUILDINGS PROJECTS

For an additional amount for expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary to construct public buildings projects and alter public buildings by extension or conversion where the estimated cost for a project is in excess of $200,000 pursuant to the Public Buildings Act of 1959 (73 Stat. 479), including equipment for such buildings, $188,946,500, and not to exceed $500,000 of this amount shall be available to the Administrator for construction of small public buildings outside the District of Columbia as the Administrator approves and deems necessary, all to remain available until expended: Provided, That the foregoing amount shall be available for public buildings projects at locations and at maximum construction improvement costs (excluding funds for sites and expenses) as follows:

Post office and Federal office building, Decatur, Alabama, $1,315,750;
Customhouse and Federal office building, Los Angeles, California, $27,388,500;
Customs and appraisers warehouse, Los Angeles-Long Beach Harbor area, California, $2,000,000;
Courthouse and Federal office building, Denver, Colorado, $18,145,000;
Post office and Federal office building, Statesboro, Georgia, $538,650, which shall be known as the Prince H. Preston Building;
Post office and Federal office building, Winder, Georgia, $475,000;
Post office and Federal office building (construction and alteration), Wyandotte, Michigan, $402,800;
Post office building, Tupelo, Mississippi, $789,000;
Post office and Federal office building, Santa Fe, New Mexico, $2,362,650;
Customhouse, courthouse, and Federal office building, New York, New York, $59,222,050;
Post office and courthouse, Bryson City, North Carolina, $753,350;
Post office building, Thomasville, North Carolina, $327,750;
Border station, Pembina, North Dakota, $183,350;
Federal office building, Cincinnati, Ohio, $17,432,500;
Post office and Federal office building, Medford, Oregon, $1,728,050;
Post office and Federal office building (construction and alteration), Johnstown, Pennsylvania, $1,187,500;
Post office and Federal office building, Lebanon, Pennsylvania, $730,550;
Federal office building, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, $20,000,000;
Post office building, Dyersburg, Tennessee, $901,000;
Border station, Derby Line, Vermont, $267,900;
Post office and courthouse, Montpelier, Vermont, $1,258,000.

Government Printing Office field plant, District of Columbia, $1,545,650: Provided further, That the maximum construction improvement costs heretofore approved for the following projects are hereby increased as follows:
Federal Office Building Numbered Eight, District of Columbia, is increased from "$15,105,000" to "$18,905,000", including $5,700,000 for laboratory and other equipment.

Courthouse and Federal office building, Chicago, Illinois, is increased from "$5,500,000" to "$36,793,000", including construction of the first of two buildings authorized at this location: Provided further, That the foregoing limits of costs may be exceeded to the extent that savings are effected in other projects, but by not to exceed 10 per centum: Provided further, That funds in the amount of $5,601,500 appropriated under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1961, for a construction and alteration project at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, since abandoned as to its previously approved scope, are hereby made available for the purposes of this appropriation.

**SITES AND EXPENSES, PUBLIC BUILDINGS PROJECTS**

For an additional amount for expenses necessary in connection with the construction of public buildings projects not otherwise provided for, as specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Acts of 1959, 1960 and 1961, including preliminary planning of public buildings projects by contract or otherwise, $25,000,000, to remain available until expended.

**PAYMENTS, PUBLIC BUILDINGS PURCHASE CONTRACTS**

For payments of principal, interest, taxes, and any other obligations under contracts entered into pursuant to the Public Buildings Purchase Contract Act of 1954 (40 U.S.C. 356), $5,200,000.

**CONSTRUCTION, FEDERAL OFFICE BUILDING NUMBERED 7, WASHINGTON, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA**

For an additional amount for expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary to construct Federal Office Building Numbered 7 in Washington, District of Columbia, for use of agencies of the executive branch, in accordance with plans and specifications provided for in the Independent Offices Appropriation Acts, 1959 and 1961 (72 Stat. 1067 and 74 Stat. 432), $23,700,000, to remain available until expended.

**OPERATING EXPENSES, FEDERAL SUPPLY SERVICE**

For necessary expenses of personal property management and related activities as authorized by law and not otherwise provided for, $3,593,500: Provided, That not to exceed $2,925,000 of any funds received during the current or preceding fiscal year for deposit under section 204(a) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949, as amended, and not otherwise disposed of by law, shall be deposited to the credit of this appropriation and shall be available for necessary expenses in carrying out the functions of the General Services Administration under the said Act, with respect to the utilization and disposal of excess and surplus personal property.

**EXPENSES, SUPPLY DISTRIBUTION**

For expenses, not otherwise provided, necessary for supply distribution, procurement, inspection, operation of the stores depot system, and contractual services incident to receiving, handling, and shipping warehouse items, $38,374,500.
GENERAL SUPPLY FUND

To increase the general supply fund established by the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949, as amended (5 U.S.C. 630g), $6,000,000.

OPERATING EXPENSES, NATIONAL ARCHIVES AND RECORDS SERVICE

For necessary expenses in connection with Federal records management and related activities as provided by law, including reimbursement for security guard services, and contractual services incident to movement or disposal of records, $14,000,000.

OPERATING EXPENSES, TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES SERVICE

For necessary expenses of transportation and public utilities management and related activities, as provided by law, including services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a), at rates not to exceed $75 per diem for individuals, $2,400,000.

STRATEGIC AND CRITICAL MATERIALS

For necessary expenses in carrying out the provisions of the Strategic and Critical Materials Stock Piling Act (50 U.S.C. 98-98h), during the current fiscal year, for transportation and handling, within the United States (including charges at United States ports), storage, security, and maintenance of strategic and other materials acquired for or transferred to the supplemental stockpile established pursuant to section 104(b) of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1704(b)), for carrying out the provisions of the National Industrial Reserve Act of 1948 (50 U.S.C. 451-462), relating to machine tools and industrial manufacturing equipment for which the General Services Administration is responsible, including reimbursement for security guard services, services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a), and not to exceed $3,000,000 for operating expenses, $40,000,000: Provided, That no part of funds available shall be used for construction of warehouses or tank storage facilities: Provided further, That during the current fiscal year the General Services Administration is authorized to acquire leasehold interests in property, for periods not in excess of twenty years, for the storage, security, and maintenance of strategic, critical, and other materials and equipment held pursuant to the aforesaid Acts provided said leasehold interests are at nominal cost to the Government: Provided further, That during the current fiscal year, there shall be no limitation on the value of surplus strategic and critical materials which, in accordance with section 6(a) of the Strategic and Critical Materials Stock Piling Act (60 U.S.C. 98(a)), may be transferred without reimbursement to stockpiles established in accordance with said Act: Provided further, That any receipts from sales during the current fiscal year shall be promptly deposited into the Treasury: Provided further, That during the current fiscal year materials in the inventory maintained under the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, shall be available, without reimbursement, for transfer at fair market value to contractors as payment for expenses of refining, processing, or otherwise beneficiating materials, pursuant to section 8(c) of the Strategic and Critical Materials Stock Piling Act, into a form best suitable for stockpiling.
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SALARIES AND EXPENSES, OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATOR

For expenses of executive direction for activities under the control of the General Services Administration, $290,000.

ALLOWANCES AND OFFICE FACILITIES FOR FORMER PRESIDENTS

For carrying out the provisions of the Act of August 25, 1958 (72 Stat. 838), $300,000: Provided, That the Administrator of General Services shall transfer to the Secretary of the Treasury such sums as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of sections (a) and (e) of such Act.

ADMINISTRATIVE OPERATIONS FUND

Funds available to General Services Administration for administrative operations, in support of program activities, shall be expended and accounted for, as a whole, through a single fund, which is hereby authorized: Provided, That costs and obligations for such administrative operations for the respective program activities shall be accounted for in accordance with systems approved by the General Accounting Office: Provided further, That the total amount deposited into said account for the fiscal year 1962 from funds made available to General Services Administration in this Act shall not exceed $14,566,450: Provided further, That amounts deposited into said account for administrative operations for each program shall not exceed the amounts included in the respective program appropriations for such purposes.

WORKING CAPITAL FUND

To increase the capital of the working capital fund established by the Act of May 3, 1945 (40 U.S.C. 293), $100,000.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

The appropriate appropriation or fund available to the General Services Administration shall be credited with (1) cost of operation, protection, maintenance, upkeep, repair, and improvement, included as part of rentals received from Government corporations pursuant to law (40 U.S.C. 129); (2) reimbursements for services performed in respect to bonds and other obligations under the jurisdiction of the General Services Administration, issued by public authorities, States, or other public bodies, and such services in respect to such bonds or obligations as the Administrator deems necessary and in the public interest may, upon the request and at the expense of the issuing agencies, be provided from the appropriate foregoing appropriation; and (3) appropriations or funds available to other agencies, and transferred to the General Services Administration, in connection with property transferred to the General Services Administration pursuant to the Act of July 2, 1948 (50 U.S.C. 451ff), and such appropriations or funds may be so transferred, with the approval of the Bureau of the Budget.

Appropriations under the heading “Construction, Public Buildings Projects” shall be available for (1) acquisition of buildings and sites thereof by purchase, condemnation, or otherwise, including prepayment of purchase contracts, (2) extension or conversion of Government-owned buildings, and (3) construction of projects for new public buildings approved pursuant to the Public Buildings Act of 1959, in addition to those set forth under that appropriation.
Funds available to the General Services Administration shall be available for the hire of passenger motor vehicles.

No part of any money appropriated by this or any other Act for any agency of the executive branch of the Government shall be used during the current fiscal year for the purchase within the continental limits of the United States of any typewriting machines except in accordance with regulations issued pursuant to the provisions of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949, as amended.

Not to exceed 2 per centum of any appropriation made available to the General Services Administration for the current fiscal year by this Act may be transferred to any other such appropriation, but no such appropriation shall be increased thereby more than 2 per centum: Provided, That such transfers shall apply only to operating expenses, and shall not exceed in the aggregate the amount of $2,000,000.

Appropriations available to any department or agency during the current fiscal year for necessary expenses, including maintenance or operating expenses, shall also be available for (a) reimbursement to the General Services Administration for those expenses of renovation and alteration of buildings and facilities which constitute public improvements, performed in accordance with the Public Buildings Act of 1959 (73 Stat. 479) or other applicable law, and (b) transfer or reimbursement to applicable appropriations to said Administration for rents and related expenses, not otherwise provided for, of providing, directly or indirectly, such suitable general purpose space as may be required by any such department or agency, in the District of Columbia or elsewhere.

HOUSING AND HOME FINANCE AGENCY

OFFICE OF THE ADMINISTRATOR

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Office of the Administrator, including services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a); and purchase of two passenger motor vehicles for replacement only; $12,900,000: Provided, That necessary expenses of inspections and of providing representatives at the site of projects being planned or undertaken by local public agencies pursuant to title I of the Housing Act of 1949, as amended, projects financed through loans to educational institutions authorized by title IV of the Housing Act of 1950, as amended, projects and facilities financed by loans to public agencies pursuant to title II of the Housing Amendments of 1955, as amended, urban planning financed through grants to State and local government agencies pursuant to title VII of the Housing Act of 1954, as amended, and reserves of planned public works financed through advances to municipalities and other public agencies pursuant to title VII of the Housing Act of 1954, as amended, shall be compensated by such agencies or institutions by the payment of fixed fees which in the aggregate will cover the costs of rendering such services, and expenses for such purpose shall be considered nonadministrative; and for the purpose of providing such inspections, the Administrator may utilize any agency and such agency may accept reimbursement or payment for such services from such institutions, or the Administrator, and shall credit such amounts to the appropriations or funds against which such charges have been made, but such nonadministrative expenses shall not exceed $3,000,000.
URBAN PLANNING GRANTS

For grants in accordance with the provisions of section 701 of the Housing Act of 1954, as amended, $3,600,000.

PUBLIC WORKS PLANNING FUND

For the revolving fund established pursuant to section 702 of the Housing Act of 1954, as amended (40 U.S.C. 462), $7,000,000.

URBAN RENEWAL FUND (LIQUIDATION OF CONTRACT AUTHORIZATION)

For an additional amount for payment of grants as authorized by title I of the Housing Act of 1949, as amended (42 U.S.C. 1458, 1456), $200,000,000.

URBAN STUDIES AND HOUSING RESEARCH

For urban studies and housing research as authorized by the Housing Acts of 1948 and 1956, as amended, including administrative expenses in connection therewith, $375,000.

HOUSING FOR THE ELDERLY FUND

For the revolving fund established pursuant to section 202 of the Housing Act of 1959, $25,000,000: Provided, That not to exceed $350,000 of the foregoing amount shall be available for administrative expenses during the current fiscal year.

PUBLIC HOUSING ADMINISTRATION ANNUAL CONTRIBUTIONS

For the payment of annual contributions to public housing agencies in accordance with section 10 of the United States Housing Act of 1937, as amended (42 U.S.C. 1410), $165,000,000.

ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

For administrative expenses of the Public Housing Administration, $18,968,000, to be expended under the authorization for such expenses contained in title II of this Act.

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Interstate Commerce Commission, including not to exceed $5,000 for the employment of special counsel; services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a); and purchase of not to exceed forty-two passenger motor vehicles of which thirty-six shall be for replacement only; $22,075,000, of which not less than $1,696,700 shall be available for expenses necessary to carry out railroad safety activities and not less than $1,129,000 shall be available for expenses necessary to carry out locomotive inspection activities: Provided, That Joint Board members and cooperating State commissioners may use Government transportation requests when traveling in connection with their duties as such.
NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses, not otherwise provided for, of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, including not to exceed $9,197,500 for expenses of travel, and uniforms or allowances therefor, as authorized by the Act of September 1, 1954, as amended (5 U.S.C. 2131); $206,750,000.

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

For contractual research, development, operations, technical services, repairs, alterations, and minor construction, and for supplies, materials, and equipment necessary for the conduct and support of aeronautical and space research and development activities of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, including maintenance and operation of aircraft; hire of passenger motor vehicles; and purchase of fourteen passenger motor vehicles, including one at not to exceed $6,000, of which seven shall be for replacement only; $1,220,000,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be available for payment of salaries of National Aeronautics and Space Administration personnel.

CONSTRUCTION OF FACILITIES

For construction of facilities for the National Aeronautics and Space Administration and for the acquisition or condemnation of real property, as authorized by law, $245,000,000, to remain available until expended.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Not to exceed 5 per centum of any appropriation made available to the National Aeronautics and Space Administration by this Act may be transferred to any other such appropriation, but the "Salaries and expenses" appropriation shall not be thereby increased. Not to exceed $17,500 of appropriations in this Act for the National Aeronautics and Space Administration shall be available for such scientific consultations and emergency or extraordinary expense as may be authorized by law.

NATIONAL CAPITAL HOUSING AUTHORITY

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE OF PROPERTIES

For the operation and maintenance of properties under title I of the District of Columbia Alley Dwelling Act, $40,000: Provided, That all receipts derived from sales, leases, or other sources shall be covered into the Treasury of the United States monthly: Provided further, That so long as funds are available from appropriations for the foregoing purposes, the provisions of section 507 of the Housing Act of 1950 (Public Law 475, Eighty-first Congress), shall not be effective.
NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION

Salaries and Expenses

For expenses necessary to carry out the purposes of the National Science Foundation Act of 1950, as amended (42 U.S.C. 1861-1875), including award of graduate fellowships; services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a); hire of passenger motor vehicles; and reimbursement of the General Services Administration for security guard services; $263,250,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That of the foregoing amount not less than $37,600,000 shall be available for tuition, grants, and allowances in connection with a program of supplementary training for secondary school science and mathematics teachers: Provided further, That not to exceed $1,800,000 of the foregoing appropriation may be used to purchase foreign currencies which accrue under title I of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1704), for the purposes authorized by section 104(k) of that Act.

RENEGOTIATION BOARD

Salaries and Expenses

For necessary expenses of the Renegotiation Board, including hire of passenger motor vehicles, not to exceed $45,000 for expenses of travel and services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a), $2,900,000.

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Salaries and Expenses

For necessary expenses, including uniforms or allowances therefor, as authorized by law (5 U.S.C. 2131), and services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a) at rates for individuals not to exceed $100 per diem, $11,000,000.

SELECTIVE SERVICE SYSTEM

Salaries and Expenses

For expenses necessary for the operation and maintenance of the Selective Service System, as authorized by title I of the Universal Military Training and Service Act (62 Stat. 604), as amended, including services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a); not to exceed $62,000 for the National Selective Service Appeal Board; and $19,000 for the National Advisory Committee on the Selection of Physicians, Dentists, and Allied Specialists; $33,670,000: Provided, That during the current fiscal year, the President may exempt this appropriation from the provisions of subsection (c) of section 3679 of the Revised Statutes, as amended, whenever he deems such action to be necessary in the interest of national defense.
GENERAL OPERATING EXPENSES

For necessary operating expenses of the Veterans Administration, not otherwise provided for, including expenses incidental to securing employment for war veterans; uniforms or allowances therefor, as authorized by law; and reimbursement of the General Services Administration for security guard service; $161,773,000: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be used to pay in excess of twenty-two persons engaged in public relations work: Provided further, That no part of this appropriation shall be used to pay educational institutions for reports and certifications of attendance at such institutions an allowance at a rate in excess of $1 per month for each eligible veteran enrolled in and attending such institution.

MEDICAL ADMINISTRATION AND MISCELLANEOUS OPERATING EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for administration of the medical, hospital, domiciliary, construction and supply, research, employee education and training activities, and expenses necessary for carrying out programs of medical research, as authorized by law, $43,876,500, of which $29,500,000 shall be available for medical research: Provided, That $1,000,000 of the foregoing appropriations shall remain available until expended for prosthetic testing and development.

MEDICAL CARE

For expenses necessary for the maintenance and operation of hospitals and domiciliary facilities; for furnishing, as authorized by law, inpatient and outpatient care and treatment to beneficiaries of the Veterans Administration including care and treatment in facilities not under the jurisdiction of the Veterans Administration, and furnishing recreational articles and facilities; maintenance and operation of farms; repairing, altering, improving or providing facilities in the several hospitals and homes under the jurisdiction of the Veterans Administration, not otherwise provided for, either by contract, or by the hire of temporary employees and purchase of materials; purchase of seventy-two passenger motor vehicles for replacement only; uniforms or allowances therefor as authorized by law (5 U.S.C. 2131); and aid to State homes as authorized by section 641 of title 38, United States Code; $987,171,000, plus reimbursements: Provided, That allotments and transfers may be made from this appropriation to the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare (Public Health Service), the Army, Navy, and Air Force Departments, for disbursements by them under the various headings of their applicable appropriations, of such amounts as are necessary for the care and treatment of beneficiaries of the Veterans Administration.

COMPENSATION AND PENSIONS

For the payment of compensation, pensions, gratuities, and allowances (including burial awards authorized by section 902 of title 38, United States Code, and subsistence allowances for vocational rehabilitation), authorized under any Act of Congress, or regulation of the President based thereon, including emergency officers' retirement pay and annuities, the administration of which is now or may hereafter be placed in the Veterans Administration, and for the payment of adjusted-service credits as provided in sections 401 and 601 of the Act of May 19, 1924, as amended, $3,500,000,000, to remain available until expended.
READJUSTMENT BENEFITS

For the payment of benefits to or on behalf of veterans as authorized by title II of the Servicemen’s Readjustment Act of 1944, as amended, and chapters 21, 33, 35, 37, and 39 of title 38, United States Code, and for supplies, equipment, and tuition authorized by chapter 31 of title 38, United States Code, $80,000,000, to remain available until expended.

VETERANS INSURANCE AND INDEMNITIES

For military and naval insurance, for national service life insurance, for servicemen’s indemnities, and for service-disabled veterans insurance, $39,200,000, to remain available until expended.

GRANTS TO THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES

For payment to the Republic of the Philippines of grants in accordance with sections 631 to 634 of title 38, United States Code, for expenses incident to medical care and treatment of veterans, $1,000,000.

CONSTRUCTION OF HOSPITAL AND DOMICILIARY FACILITIES

For hospital and domiciliary facilities, for planning and for major alterations, improvements, and repairs and extending any of the facilities under the jurisdiction of the Veterans Administration or for any of the purposes set forth in sections 5001, 5002, and 5004, title 38, United States Code, $76,250,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That the limitation under the head “Hospital and domiciliary facilities” in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1957, on the amount available for technical services for replacement of the general medical and surgical hospital at Nashville, Tennessee, is reduced from “$1,500,000” to “$921,600”.

LOAN GUARANTY REVOLVING FUND

During the current fiscal year, the Loan guaranty revolving fund shall be available for expenses, but not to exceed $120,624,000, for property acquisitions and other loan guaranty and insurance operations under Chapter 37, Title 38, United States Code, except administrative expenses, as authorized by section 1824 of such title: Provided, That the retained earnings of the Direct loans to veterans and reserves revolving fund shall be available, during the current fiscal year, for transfer to said Loan guaranty revolving fund in such amounts as may be necessary to provide for the foregoing expenses.

SUPPLY FUND

During the current fiscal year, the Supply fund shall be available for the purchase of one passenger motor vehicle.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

Not to exceed 5 per centum of any appropriation for the current fiscal year for “Compensation and pensions”, “Readjustment benefits”, and “Veterans insurance and indemnities” may be transferred to any other of the mentioned appropriations, but not to exceed 10 per centum of the appropriations so augmented.

Appropriations available to the Veterans Administration for the current fiscal year for salaries and expenses shall be available for services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a).
The appropriation available to the Veterans Administration for the current fiscal year for "Medical care" shall be available for funeral, burial, and other expenses incidental thereto (except burial awards authorized by section 902 of title 38, United States Code), for beneficiaries of the Veterans Administration receiving care under such appropriations.

No part of the appropriations in this Act for the Veterans Administration (except the appropriation for "Construction of hospital and domiciliary facilities") shall be available for the purchase of any site for or toward the construction of any new hospital or home.

No part of the foregoing appropriations shall be available for hospitalization or examination of any persons except beneficiaries entitled under the laws bestowing such benefits to veterans, unless reimbursement of cost is made to the appropriation at such rates as may be fixed by the Administrator of Veterans Affairs.

INDEPENDENT OFFICES—GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 102. Where appropriations in this title are expendable for travel expenses of employees and no specific limitation has been placed thereon, the expenditures for such travel expenses may not exceed the amounts set forth therefor in the budget estimates submitted for the appropriations: Provided, That this section shall not apply to travel performed by uncompensated officials of local boards and appeal boards of the Selective Service System, to travel performed in connection with the investigation of aircraft accidents by the Civil Aeronautics Board or to payments to interagency motor pools where separately set forth in the budget schedules.

SEC. 103. No part of any appropriation contained in this title shall be available to pay the salary of any person filling a position, other than a temporary position, formerly held by an employee who has left to enter the Armed Forces of the United States and has satisfactorily completed his period of active military or naval service and has within ninety days after his release from such service or from hospitalization continuing after discharge for a period of not more than one year made application for restoration to his former position and has been certified by the Civil Service Commission as still qualified to perform the duties of his former position and has not been restored thereto.

SEC. 104. No part of any appropriation made available by the provisions of this title shall be used for the purchase or sale of real estate or for the purpose of establishing new offices outside the District of Columbia: Provided, That this limitation shall not apply to programs which have been approved by the Congress and appropriations made therefor.

TITLE II—CORPORATIONS

The following corporations and agencies, respectively, are hereby authorized to make such expenditures, within the limits of funds and borrowing authority available to each such corporation or agency and in accord with law, and to make such contracts and commitments without regard to fiscal year limitations as provided by section 104 of the Government Corporation Control Act, as amended, as may be necessary in carrying out the programs set forth in the Budget for the fiscal year 1962 for each such corporation or agency, except as hereinafter provided:
FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANK BOARD

LIMITATION ON ADMINISTRATIVE AND NONADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES, FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANK BOARD

Not to exceed a total of $1,725,000 shall be available for administrative expenses of the Federal Home Loan Bank Board, including services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a), at rates not to exceed $100 per diem for individuals, and shall be derived from funds available to the Federal Home Loan Bank Board, including those in the Federal Home Loan Bank Board revolving fund and receipts of the Federal Home Loan Bank Administration, the Federal Home Loan Bank Board, or the Home Loan Bank Board for the current fiscal year and prior fiscal years, and the Board may utilize and may make payment for services and facilities of the Federal home-loan banks, the Federal Reserve banks, the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, and other agencies of the Government (including payment for office space): Provided, That all necessary expenses in connection with the conservatorship of institutions insured by the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation or preparation for or conduct of proceedings under section 5(d) of the Home Owners’ Loan Act of 1933 or section 407 or 408 of the National Housing Act and all necessary expenses (including services performed on a contract or fee basis, but not including other personal services) in connection with the handling, including the purchase, sale, and exchange, of securities on behalf of Federal home-loan banks, and the sale, issuance, and retirement of, or payment of interest on, debentures or bonds, under the Federal Home Loan Bank Act, as amended, shall be considered as nonadministrative expenses for the purposes hereof: Provided further, That members and alternates of the Federal Savings and Loan Advisory Council shall be entitled to reimbursement from the Board as approved by the Board for transportation expenses incurred in attendance at meetings of or concerned with the work of such Council and may be paid not to exceed $25 per diem in lieu of subsistence: Provided further, That expenses of any functions of supervision (except of Federal home-loan banks) vested in or exercisable by the Board shall be considered as nonadministrative expenses: Provided further, That, notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, except for the limitation in amount hereinbefore specified, the administrative expenses and other obligations of the Board shall be incurred, allowed, and paid in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Home Loan Bank Act of July 22, 1932, as amended (12 U.S.C. 1421-1449): Provided further, That the nonadministrative expenses (except those included in the first proviso hereof) for the supervision and examination of Federal and State chartered institutions (other than special examinations determined by the Board to be necessary) shall not exceed $10,366,000.

LIMITATION ON ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES, FEDERAL SAVINGS AND LOAN INSURANCE CORPORATION

Not to exceed $800,000 shall be available for administrative expenses, which shall be on an accrual basis and shall be exclusive of interest paid, depreciation, properly capitalized expenditures, expenses in connection with liquidation of insured institutions or preparation for or conduct of proceedings under section 407 or 408 of the National Housing Act, liquidation or handling of assets of or derived from insured institutions, payment of insurance, and action for or toward
the avoidance, termination, or minimizing of losses in the case of insured institutions, legal fees and expenses, and payments for expenses of the Federal Home Loan Bank Board determined by said Board to be properly allocable to said Corporation, and said Corporation may utilize and may make payment for services and facilities of the Federal home-loan banks, the Federal Reserve banks, the Federal Home Loan Bank Board, and other agencies of the Government: 

Provided, That, notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, except for the limitation in amount hereinbefore specified, the administrative expenses and other obligations of said Corporation shall be incurred, allowed and paid in accordance with title IV of the Act of June 27, 1934, as amended (12 U.S.C. 1724-1730a).

GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

LIMITATION ON ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES, RECONSTRUCTION FINANCE CORPORATION LIQUIDATION FUND

Not to exceed $42,500 (to be computed on an accrual basis) of the funds derived from liquidation of functions of Reconstruction Finance Corporation transferred to General Services Administration under Reorganization Plan No. 1 of 1957 (22 F.R. 4633), shall be available during the current fiscal year for administrative expenses incidental to the liquidation of said functions: Provided, That as used herein the term "administrative expenses" shall be construed to include all salaries and wages, services performed on a contract or fee basis, and travel and other expenses, including the purchase of equipment and supplies, of administrative offices, but this amount shall be exclusive of costs of services performed on a contract or fee basis in connection with the termination of contracts or in the performance of legal services: Provided further, That the distribution of administrative expenses to the account shall be made in accordance with generally recognized accounting principles and practices.

HOUSING AND HOME FINANCE AGENCY

LIMITATION ON ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES, OFFICE OF THE ADMINISTRATOR, COLLEGE HOUSING LOANS

Not to exceed $2,000,000 shall be available for all administrative expenses of carrying out the functions of the Administrator under the program of housing loans to educational institutions (title IV of the Housing Act of 1950, as amended, 12 U.S.C. 1749-1749d), but this amount shall be exclusive of payment for services and facilities of the Federal Reserve banks or any member thereof, the Federal home-loan banks, and any insured bank within the meaning of the Act creating the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (Act of August 23, 1935, as amended, 12 U.S.C. 264) which has been designated by the Secretary of the Treasury as a depository of public money of the United States.
LIMITATION ON ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES, OFFICE OF THE ADMINISTRATOR, PUBLIC FACILITY LOANS

Not to exceed $700,000 of funds in the revolving fund established pursuant to title II of the Housing Amendments of 1955, as amended, shall be available for administrative expenses, but this amount shall be exclusive of payment for services and facilities of the Federal Reserve banks or any member thereof, the Federal home-loan banks, and any insured bank within the meaning of the Act creating the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (Act of August 23, 1935, as amended, 12 U.S.C. 264) which has been designated by the Secretary of the Treasury as a depository of public money of the United States.

LIMITATION ON ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES, OFFICE OF THE ADMINISTRATOR, REVOLVING FUND (LIQUIDATING PROGRAMS)

During the current fiscal year not to exceed $145,000 shall be available for administrative expenses, but this amount shall be exclusive of expenses necessary in the case of defaulted obligations to protect the interests of the Government and legal services on a contract or fee basis and of payment for services and facilities of the Federal Reserve banks or any member thereof, any servicer approved by the Federal National Mortgage Association, the Federal home-loan banks, and any insured bank within the meaning of the Act of August 23, 1935, as amended, creating the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (12 U.S.C. 264) which has been designated by the Secretary of the Treasury as a depository of public money of the United States.

LIMITATION ON ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES, FEDERAL NATIONAL MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION

Not to exceed $7,400,000 shall be available for administrative expenses, which shall be on an accrual basis, and shall be exclusive of interest paid, expenses (including expenses for fiscal agency services performed on a contract or fee basis) in connection with the issuance and servicing of securities, depreciation, properly capitalized expenditures, fees for servicing mortgages, expenses (including services performed on a force account, contract, or fee basis, but not including other personal services) in connection with the acquisition, protection, operation, maintenance, improvement, or disposition of real or personal property belonging to said Association or in which it has an interest, cost of salaries, wages, travel, and other expenses of persons employed outside of the continental United States, expenses of services performed on a contract or fee basis in connection with the performance of legal services, and all administrative expenses reimbursable from other Government agencies, and said Association may utilize and may make payment for services and facilities of the Federal Reserve banks and other agencies of the Government: Provided, That the distribution of administrative expenses to the accounts of the Association shall be made in accordance with generally recognized accounting principles and practices.
LIMITATION ON ADMINISTRATIVE AND NONADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES, FEDERAL HOUSING ADMINISTRATION

For administrative expenses in carrying out duties imposed by or pursuant to law, not to exceed $9,600,000 of the various funds of the Federal Housing Administration shall be available, in accordance with the National Housing Act, as amended (12 U.S.C. 1701), including uniforms or allowances therefor, as authorized by the Act of September 1, 1954, as amended (5 U.S.C. 2131): Provided, That funds shall be available for contract actuarial services (not to exceed $1,500): Provided further, That nonadministrative expenses of all kinds regardless of source classified by section 2 of Public Law 387, approved October 25, 1949, including all appraisal fees regardless of source or method of financing shall not exceed $59,650,000: Provided further, That the foregoing limitation shall not apply to fees and other expenses paid by and between private parties in connection with cases processed under the Certified Agency Program.

LIMITATION ON ADMINISTRATIVE AND NONADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES, PUBLIC HOUSING ADMINISTRATION

Not to exceed the amount appropriated for such expenses by title I of this Act shall be available for the administrative expenses of the Public Housing Administration in carrying out the provisions of the United States Housing Act of 1937, as amended (42 U.S.C. 1401–1433), including purchase of uniforms, or allowances therefor, as authorized by the Act of September 1, 1954, as amended (5 U.S.C. 2131): Provided, That necessary expenses of providing representatives of the Administration at the sites of non-Federal projects in connection with the construction of such non-Federal projects by public housing agencies with the aid of the Administration, shall be compensated by such agencies by the payment of fixed fees which in the aggregate in relation to the development costs of such projects will cover the costs of rendering such services, and expenditures by the Administration for such purpose shall be considered nonadministrative expenses, and funds received from such payments may be used only for the payment of necessary expenses of providing representatives of the Administration at the sites of non-Federal projects: Provided further, That all expenses of the Public Housing Administration not specifically limited in this Act, in carrying out its duties imposed by law, shall not exceed $1,200,000.

TITLE III—GENERAL PROVISIONS

Sec. 301. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act, or of the funds available for expenditure by any corporation or agency included in this Act, shall be used for publicity or propaganda purposes designed to support or defeat legislation pending before the Congress.

Sec. 302. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act, or of the funds available for expenditure by any corporation or agency included in this Act, shall be used to pay the compensation of any employee engaged in personnel work in excess of the number that would be provided by a ratio of one such employee to one hundred and thirty-five, or a part thereof, full-time, part-time, and intermittent public or propaganda.

Personnel work.
employees of the corporation or agency concerned: Provided, That for purposes of this section employees shall be considered as engaged in personnel work if they spend halftime or more in personnel administration consisting of direction and administration of the personnel program; employment, placement, and separation; job evaluation and classification; employee relations and services; wage administration; and processing, recording, and reporting.

Sec. 303. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act, or of the funds available for expenditure by any corporation or agency included in this Act, shall be used for construction of fallout shelters in Government-owned or leased buildings except where specifically provided.

This Act may be cited as the “Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1962”.

Approved August 17, 1961.

Public Law 87-142

AN ACT

To amend section 3579, title 10, United States Code, to provide that commissioned officers of the Medical Service Corps may exercise command outside the Army Medical Service when directed by proper authority.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 3579 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking the word “A” at the beginning of subsection (a) and inserting the words “Except as provided in subsection (c), a” in place thereof; and

(2) by adding the following new subsection at the end thereof:

“(c) An officer of the Medical Service Corps may exercise command of troops that are not part of the Army Medical Service whenever authorized by the Secretary of the Army. The Secretary of the Army may delegate such authority to appropriate commanders as the interest of the Army may require.”

Approved August 17, 1961.

Public Law 87-143

AN ACT

To amend sections 3253 and 8253 of title 10, United States Code.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That title 10, United States Code, is amended as follows:

(1) Section 3253 (c) is amended to read as follows:

“(c) In time of peace, no person may be accepted for original enlistment in the Army unless he is a citizen of the United States or has been lawfully admitted to the United States for permanent residence under the applicable provisions of chapter 12 of title 8.”

(2) Section 8253 (c) is amended to read as follows:

“(c) In time of peace, no person may be accepted for original enlistment in the Air Force unless he is a citizen of the United States or has been lawfully admitted to the United States for permanent residence under the applicable provisions of chapter 12 of title 8.”

Approved August 17, 1961.
Public Law 87-144

AN ACT
Making appropriations for the Department of Defense for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1962, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1962, for military functions administered by the Department of Defense, and for other purposes, namely:

TITLE I

MILITARY PERSONNEL

MILITARY PERSONNEL, ARMY

For pay, allowances, individual clothing, subsistence, interest on deposits, gratuities, permanent change of station travel (including all expenses thereof for organizational movements), expenses of temporary duty travel between permanent duty stations, for members of the Army on active duty (except those undergoing reserve training), expenses of apprehension and delivery of deserters, prisoners, and members absent without leave, including payment of rewards of not to exceed $25 in any one case, $3,697,000,000, and, in addition, $340,000,000, of which $240,000,000 shall be derived by transfer from the Army stock fund, and $100,000,000 shall be derived by transfer from the Army industrial fund.

MILITARY PERSONNEL, NAVY

For pay, allowances, individual clothing, subsistence, interest on deposits, gratuities, permanent change of station travel (including all expenses thereof for organizational movements), expenses of temporary duty travel between permanent duty stations, for members of the Navy on active duty (except those undergoing reserve training), midshipmen and aviation cadets, and expenses of apprehension and delivery of deserters, prisoners, and members absent without leave, including payment of rewards of not to exceed $25 in any one case, $2,692,000,000, and, in addition, $55,000,000, of which $35,000,000 shall be derived by transfer from the Navy stock fund, and $20,000,000 shall be derived by transfer from the Navy industrial fund.

MILITARY PERSONNEL, MARINE CORPS

For pay, allowances, individual clothing, subsistence, interest on deposits, gratuities, permanent change of station travel (including all expenses thereof for organizational movements), expenses of temporary duty travel between permanent duty stations, for members of the Marine Corps on active duty (except those undergoing reserve training), and expenses of apprehension and delivery of deserters, prisoners, and members absent without leave, including payment of rewards of not to exceed $25 in any one case, $629,000,000, and, in addition, $11,000,000, to be derived by transfer from the Marine Corps stock fund.
MILITARY PERSONNEL, AIR FORCE

For pay, allowances, individual clothing, subsistence, interest on deposits, gratuities, permanent change of station travel (including all expenses thereof for organizational movements), expenses of temporary duty travel between permanent duty stations, for members of the Air Force on active duty (except those undergoing reserve training), cadets and aviation cadets, and expenses of apprehension and delivery of deserters, prisoners, and members absent without leave, including payment of rewards of not to exceed $25 in any one case, $4,197,000,000, and, in addition, $64,000,000, of which $44,000,000 shall be derived by transfer from the Air Force stock fund, and $20,000,000 shall be derived by transfer from the Air Force industrial fund.

RESERVE PERSONNEL, ARMY

For pay, allowances, clothing, subsistence, gratuities, travel, and related expenses for personnel of the Army Reserve on active duty while undergoing reserve training, or while performing drills or equivalent duty, and for members of the Reserve Officers’ Training Corps, as authorized by law, $221,000,000.

RESERVE PERSONNEL, NAVY

For pay, allowances, clothing, subsistence, gratuities, travel, and related expenses for personnel of the Naval Reserve on active duty while undergoing reserve training, or while performing drills or equivalent duty, regular and contract enrollees in the Naval Reserve Officers’ Training Corps, and retainer pay, as authorized by law, $84,600,000.

RESERVE PERSONNEL, MARINE CORPS

For pay, allowances, clothing, subsistence, gratuities, travel, and related expenses for Personnel of the Marine Corps Reserve and the Marine Corps platoon leaders class on active duty while undergoing reserve training, or while performing drills or equivalent duty, as authorized by law, $26,400,000.

RESERVE PERSONNEL, AIR FORCE

For pay, allowances, clothing, subsistence, gratuities, travel, and related expenses for personnel of the Air Force Reserve on active duty while undergoing reserve training or while performing drills or equivalent duty, and for members of the Air Reserve Officers’ Training Corps, as authorized by law, $56,000,000.

NATIONAL GUARD PERSONNEL, ARMY

For pay, allowances, clothing, subsistence, gratuities, travel, and related expenses for personnel of the Army National Guard while on duty under section 265 of title 10, United States Code, or while undergoing training or while performing drills or equivalent duty, as authorized by law, $235,000,000: Provided, That obligations may be incurred under this appropriation without regard to section 107 of title 32, United States Code.

NATIONAL GUARD PERSONNEL, AIR FORCE

For pay, allowances, clothing, subsistence, gratuities, travel, and related expenses for personnel of the Air National Guard on duty
under sections 265, 8033, and 8496 of title 10, United States Code, or while undergoing training or while performing drills or equivalent duty, as authorized by law, $47,000,000: Provided, That obligations may be incurred under this appropriation without regard to section 107 of title 32, United States Code.

Retired Pay, Department of Defense

For retired pay and retirement pay, as authorized by law, of military personnel on the retired lists of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, and the Air Force, including the reserve components thereof, retainer pay for personnel of the inactive Fleet Reserve, and payments under the Uniformed Services Contingency Option Act of 1953, $920,000,000.

Title II

Operation and Maintenance

Operation and Maintenance, Army

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary for the operation and maintenance of the Army, including administration; medical and dental care of personnel entitled thereto by law or regulation (including charges of private facilities for care of military personnel on duty or leave, except elective private treatment), and other measures necessary to protect the health of the Army; care of the dead; chaplains' activities; awards and medals; welfare and recreation; information and educational services for the Armed Forces; recruiting expenses; meals furnished under contract for selective service registrants called for induction and applicants for enlistment while held under observation; subsistence of prisoners at disciplinary barracks, and of civilian employees as authorized by law; expenses of apprehension and delivery of prisoners escaped from disciplinary barracks, including payment of rewards not exceeding $25 in any one case, and expenses of confinement of such prisoners in nonmilitary facilities; donations of not to exceed $25 to each prisoner upon each release from confinement in a disciplinary barracks; military courts, boards, and commissions; authorized issues of articles for use of applicants for enlistment and persons in military custody; transportation services; communications services, including construction of communication systems; maps and similar data for military purposes; military surveys and engineering planning; contracts for maintenance of reserve tools and facilities for twelve months beginning at any time during the current fiscal year; repair of facilities; utility services for buildings erected at private cost, as authorized by law (10 U.S.C. 4778), and buildings on military reservations authorized by Army regulations to be used for a similar purpose; hire of passenger motor vehicles; tuition and fees incident to training of military personnel at civilian institutions; field exercises and maneuvers, including payments in advance for rentals or options to rent land; expenses for the Reserve Officers' Training Corps and other units at educational institutions, as authorized by law; exchange fees, and losses in the accounts of disbursing officers or agents in accordance with law; expenses of inter-American cooperation, as authorized for the Navy by law (10 U.S.C. 7208) for Latin-American cooperation; not to exceed $5,101,000 for emergencies and extraordinary expenses, to be expended on the approval or authority of the Secretary of the Army, and payments may be made on his certificate of necessity for confidential military purposes, and his determination shall be final and conclusive upon the accounting officers of the Government, $3,785,710,000.
For expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary for the operation and maintenance of the Navy and the Marine Corps, including aircraft and vessels; modification of aircraft; design and alteration of vessels; training and education of members of the Navy; administration; procurement of military personnel; hire of passenger motor vehicles; welfare and recreation; medals, awards, emblems, and other insignia; transportation of things (including transportation of household effects of civilian employees); industrial mobilization; medical and dental care; care of the dead; lease of facilities; Latin-American cooperation; charter and hire of vessels; relief of vessels in distress; maritime salvage services; military communications facilities on merchant vessels; dissemination of scientific information; administration of patents, trademarks, copyrights; losses in exchange and in accounts of disbursing officers, as authorized by law; annuity premiums and retirement benefits for civilian members of teaching services; tuition, allowances, and fees incident to training of military personnel at civilian institutions; repair of facilities; departmental salaries; utility services for buildings erected at private cost as authorized by law (10 U.S.C. 7580), and buildings on military reservations authorized by Navy regulations to be used for welfare and recreational purposes; conduct of schoolrooms, service clubs, chapels, and other instructional, entertainment, and welfare expenses for the enlisted men; procurement of services, special clothing, supplies, and equipment; installation of equipment in public or private plants; exploration, prospecting, conservation, development, use, and operation of the Naval petroleum reserves, as authorized by law; not to exceed $5,500,000 for emergency and extraordinary expenses, as authorized by section 7202 of title 10, United States Code, to be expended on the approval and authority of the Secretary and his determination shall be final and conclusive upon the accounting officers of the Government; $2,889,535,000, of which $1,100,000 shall be transferred to the appropriation “Salaries and expenses”, Weather Bureau, Department of Commerce, fiscal year 1962, and $16,980,000 shall be transferred to the appropriation “Operating expenses”, Coast Guard, fiscal year 1962, for the operation of ocean stations.

For expenses, necessary for the operation and maintenance of the Marine Corps including equipment and facilities; procurement of military personnel; training and education of regular and reserve personnel, including tuition and other costs incurred at civilian schools; welfare and recreation; utility services for buildings erected at private cost as authorized by law, and buildings on military reservations authorized by Navy regulations to be used for welfare and recreational purposes; conduct of schoolrooms, service clubs, chapels, and other instructional, entertainment, and welfare expenses for the enlisted men; procurement and manufacture of military supplies, equipment and clothing; hire of passenger motor vehicles; transportation of things; medals, awards, emblems and other insignia; losses in exchange and in accounts of disbursing officers, as authorized by law; operation of station hospitals, dispensaries and dental clinics; and departmental salaries; $187,300,000.
Operation and Maintenance, Air Force

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary for the operation, maintenance, and administration of the Air Force, including the Air Force Reserve and the Air Reserve Officers' Training Corps; operation, maintenance, and modification of aircraft and missiles; transportation of things; repair and maintenance of facilities; field printing plants; hire of passenger motor vehicles; recruiting advertising expenses; training and instruction of military personnel of the Air Force, including tuition and related expenses; pay, allowances, and travel expenses of contract surgeons; utility services for buildings erected at private cost as authorized by law (10 U.S.C. 9778), and buildings on military reservations authorized by Air Force regulations to be used for welfare and recreational purposes; rental of land or purchase of options to rent land without reference to section 3648, Revised Statutes, as amended, use or repair of private property, and other necessary expenses of combat maneuvers; authorized issues of articles for use of applicants for enlistment and persons in military custody; exchange fees, and losses or deficiencies in the accounts of disbursing officers and their agents, as authorized by law; care of the dead; chaplain and other welfare and morale supplies and equipment; conduct of schoolrooms, service clubs, chapels, and other instructional, entertainment, and welfare expenses for enlisted men and patients not otherwise provided for; awards and decorations; expenses of courts, boards, and commissions; expenses for inter-American cooperation as authorized for the Navy by section 7208 of title 10, United States Code, for Latin-American cooperation; industrial mobilization, including maintenance of reserve plants and equipment and procurement planning; special services by contract or otherwise; rations (including commutation thereof) for applicants for enlistment; and not to exceed $6,000,000 for emergencies and extraordinary expenses, to be expended on the approval or authority of the Secretary of the Air Force, and payments may be made on his certificate of necessity for confidential military purposes, and his determination shall be final and conclusive upon the accounting officers of the Government; $1,486,740,000, of which not to exceed $16,000,000 shall be available for the operation and maintenance of the Air Force Academy.

Operation and Maintenance, Army National Guard

For expenses of training, organizing, and administering the Army National Guard, including maintenance, operation, and repairs to structures and facilities; hire of passenger motor vehicles; personal services in the National Guard Bureau and services of personnel of the National Guard employed as civilians without regard to their military rank, and the number of caretakers authorized to be employed under provisions of law (32 U.S.C. 709) may be such as is deemed necessary by the Secretary of the Army; travel expenses (other than mileage), as authorized by law for Army personnel on active duty, for Army National Guard division, regimental, and battalion commanders while inspecting units in compliance with National Guard regulations when specifically authorized by the Chief, National Guard Bureau; supplying and equipping the Army National Guard of the several States, Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and the District of Columbia, as authorized by law; and expenses of repair, modification, maintenance, and issue of supplies and equipment (including aircraft); $171,000,000: Provided, That obligations may be incurred under this appropriation without regard to section 107 of title 32, United States Code: Provided further, That obligations not exceeding $10,000 for each project may be incurred for extension, modification,
and alteration of armory facilities, as authorized by chapter 133, title 10, United States Code, as amended, when such changes to facilities are made necessary by military requirements of the Federal Government.

**Operation and Maintenance, Air National Guard**

For operation and maintenance of the Air National Guard, including medical and hospital treatment and related expenses; maintenance, operation, repair, and other necessary expenses of facilities for the training and administration of the Air National Guard, including repair of facilities, maintenance, operation and modification of aircraft; transportation of things; hire of passenger motor vehicles; supplies, materials, and equipment, as authorized by law for the Air National Guard of the several States, Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and the District of Columbia; and expenses incident to the maintenance and use of supplies, materials, and equipment, including such as may be furnished from stocks under the control of agencies of the Department of Defense; travel expenses (other than mileage) on the same basis as authorized by law for Air National Guard personnel on active Federal duty, of Air National Guard commanders while inspecting units in compliance with National Guard regulations when specifically authorized by the Chief, National Guard Bureau; $199,600,000: Provided, That the number of caretakers authorized to be employed under the provisions of law (32 U.S.C. 709) may be such as is deemed necessary by the Secretary of the Air Force and such caretakers may be employed without regard to their military rank as members of the Air National Guard: Provided further, That obligations may be incurred under this appropriation without regard to section 107 of title 32, United States Code.

**National Board for the Promotion of Rifle Practice, Army**

For the necessary expenses of construction, equipment, and maintenance of rifle ranges, the instruction of citizens in marksmanship, and promotion of rifle practice, in accordance with law, including travel of rifle teams, military personnel, and individuals attending regional, national, and international competitions, and not to exceed $21,000 for incidental expenses of the National Board, $500,000: Provided, That travel expenses of civilian members of the National Board shall be paid in accordance with the Standardized Government Travel Regulations, as amended.

**Operation and Maintenance, Alaska Communication System, Army**

For expenses necessary for the operation, maintenance, and improvement of the Alaska Communication System, $6,300,000, and, in addition, not to exceed 15 per centum of the current fiscal year receipts of the Alaska Communication System may be merged with and used for the purposes of this appropriation and charges for station agent agreements may be paid from receipts of the Alaska Communication System.

**Salaries and Expenses, Secretary of Defense**

For expenses necessary for the Office of the Secretary of Defense, including purchase (not to exceed one for replacement only) and hire of passenger motor vehicles; and not to exceed $60,000 for emergency and extraordinary expenses, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of Defense for such purposes as he deems proper, and his determination thereon shall be final and conclusive; $20,000,000.
CLAIMS, DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

For payment of claims (except as provided in appropriations for civil functions administered by the Department of the Army) as authorized by law; claims, not otherwise provided for in section 715, title 32, United States Code (not to exceed $1,000 in any one case), for damages to or loss of private property incident to the operation of Army and Air National Guard camps of instruction, either during the stay of units of said organizations at such camps or while en route thereto or therefrom; claims for damages arising under training contracts with carriers; and repayment of amounts determined by the Secretary of the Army, the Secretary of the Navy, or the Secretary of the Air Force, or officers designated by them, to have been erroneously collected from military and civilian personnel of the Departments of the Army, Navy, and Air Force or from States, territories, or the District of Columbia, or members of National Guard units thereof; $19,000,000.

CONTINGENCIES, DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

For emergencies and extraordinary expenses arising in the Department of Defense, to be expended on the approval or authority of the Secretary of Defense and such expenses may be accounted for solely on his certificate that the expenditures were necessary for confidential military purposes, $15,000,000: Provided, That a report of disbursements under this item of appropriation shall be made quarterly to the Appropriations Committees of the Congress.

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, COURT OF MILITARY APPEALS, DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

For salaries and expenses necessary for the Court of Military Appeals, $445,000.

TITLE III

PROCUREMENT

PROCUREMENT OF EQUIPMENT AND MISSILES, ARMY

For expenses necessary for the procurement, manufacture, and modification of missiles, armament, ammunition, equipment, vehicles, vessels, and aircraft for the Army and the Reserve Officers' Training Corps; purchase of not to exceed three thousand one hundred and fifty-nine passenger motor vehicles for replacement only (including thirty at not to exceed $2,900 each); expenses which in the discretion of the Secretary of the Army are necessary in providing facilities for production of equipment and supplies for national defense purposes, including construction, and the furnishing of Government-owned facilities and equipment at privately owned plants; and ammunition for military salutes at institutions to which issue of weapons for salutes is authorized; $2,532,602,000, to remain available until expended.

PROCUREMENT OF AIRCRAFT AND MISSILES, NAVY

For construction, procurement, production, modification, and modernization of aircraft, missiles, equipment, including ordnance, spare parts, and accessories therefor; specialized equipment; expansion of public and private plants, including the land necessary therefor, and such lands, and interests therein, may be acquired, and construction prosecuted thereon prior to approval of title by the Attorney General.
as required by section 355, Revised Statutes, as amended; and procurement and installation of equipment, appliances, and machine tools in public or private plants; $2,680,888,000, to remain available until expended.

SHIPBUILDING AND CONVERSION, NAVY

For expenses necessary for the construction, acquisition, or conversion of vessels as authorized by law, including armor and armament therefor, plant equipment, appliances, and machine tools, and installation thereof in public or private plants; procurement of critical long leadtime components and designs for vessels to be constructed or converted in the future; and expansion of public and private plants, including land necessary therefor, and such land, and interests therein, may be acquired and construction prosecuted thereon prior to approval of title by the Attorney General as required by section 355, Revised Statutes, as amended; $2,897,860,000, to remain available until expended.

OTHER PROCUREMENT, NAVY

For procurement, production, and modernization of support equipment, and materials not otherwise provided for; Navy ordnance and ammunition (except ordnance for new aircraft, new ships, and ships authorized for conversion); purchase of not to exceed one thousand three hundred and sixty-eight passenger motor vehicles (including seven at not to exceed $2,900 each) for replacement only; expansion of public and private plants, including the land necessary therefor, and such lands, and interests therein, may be acquired, and construction prosecuted thereon prior to approval of title by the Attorney General as required by section 355, Revised Statutes, as amended; and procurement and installation of equipment, appliances, and machine tools in public or private plants; $852,012,000, to remain available until expended.

PROCUREMENT, MARINE CORPS

For expenses necessary for the procurement, manufacture, and modification of missiles, armament, ammunition, military equipment, and vehicles for the Marine Corps, including purchase of not to exceed three hundred and seventeen passenger motor vehicles which shall be for replacement only, $264,600,000, to remain available until expended.

AIRCRAFT PROCUREMENT, AIR FORCE

For construction, procurement, and modification of aircraft, and equipment, including armor and armament, specialized ground handling equipment, and training devices, spare parts, and accessories therefor; specialized equipment; expansion of public and private plants, Government-owned equipment and installation thereof in such plants, erection of structures, and acquisition of land without regard to section 9774 of title 10, United States Code, for the foregoing purposes, and such land, and interests therein, may be acquired and construction prosecuted thereon prior to the approval of title by the Attorney General as required by section 355, Revised Statutes, as amended; reserve plant and equipment layaway; and other expenses necessary for the foregoing purposes, including rents and transportation of things; $3,199,614,000, to remain available until expended, of which not less than $514,500,000 shall be available only for the procurement of long-range bombers: Provided, That during the current fiscal year there may be merged, with this appropriation not to exceed $225,000,000 of the unobligated balances of appropriations previously granted for "Aircraft, missiles, and related procurement", and "Procurement other than aircraft and missiles".
AIRLIFT MODERNIZATION, AIR FORCE

For development, construction, procurement, production, and modification of transport aircraft, including spare parts and accessories therefor; and procurement and installation of equipment, appliances, and machine tools in public or private plants; $401,604,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That no part of the funds provided in this paragraph shall be available for the procurement of aircraft for assignment to scheduled passenger service.

MISSILE PROCUREMENT, AIR FORCE

For construction, procurement, and modification of missiles, rockets, and related equipment, including spare parts and accessories therefor, ground handling equipment, and training devices; expansion of public and private plants, Government-owned equipment and installation thereof in such plants, erection of structures, and acquisition of land without regard to section 9774 of title 10, United States Code, for the foregoing purposes, and such land, and interests therein, may be acquired and construction prosecuted thereon prior to the approval of title by the Attorney General as required by section 355, Revised Statutes, as amended; reserve plant and equipment layaway; and other expenses necessary for the foregoing purposes, including rents and transportation of things; $2,744,784,000, to remain available until expended.

OTHER PROCUREMENT, AIR FORCE

For procurement and modification of equipment (including ground guidance and electronic control equipment, and ground electronic and communication equipment), and supplies, materials, and spare parts therefor, not otherwise provided for; the purchase of not to exceed three thousand four hundred and sixty-nine passenger motor vehicles, for replacement only; and expansion of public and private plants, Government-owned equipment and installation thereof in such plants, erection of structures, and acquisition of land, without regard to section 9774 of title 10, United States Code, for the foregoing purposes, and such land, and interests therein, may be acquired and construction prosecuted thereon prior to the approval of title by the Attorney General as required by section 355, Revised Statutes, as amended; $1,100,932,000, to remain available until expended.

MISCELLANEOUS PROCUREMENT ACCOUNTS


TITLE IV

RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION

RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION, ARMY

For expenses necessary for basic and applied scientific research, development, test, and evaluation, including maintenance, rehabilitation, lease, and operation of facilities and equipment, as authorized by law, $1,208,200,000, to remain available until expended.
RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION, NAVY

For expenses necessary for basic and applied scientific research, development, test, and evaluation, including maintenance, rehabilitation, lease, and operation of facilities and equipment, as authorized by law, $1,301,470,000, to remain available until expended.

RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION, AIR FORCE

For expenses necessary for basic and applied scientific research, development, test, and evaluation, including maintenance, rehabilitation, lease, and operation of facilities and equipment, as authorized by law, $2,403,260,000, to remain available until expended, of which $185,800,000 shall be available only for the Dyna-Soar program.

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, ADVANCED RESEARCH PROJECTS AGENCY, DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

For expenses necessary for such advanced research projects as may be designated and determined by the Secretary of Defense, pursuant to law, $186,000,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That such amounts as may be determined by the Secretary of Defense to have been made available for related programs in other appropriations available to the Department of Defense during the current fiscal year may be transferred to and merged with this appropriation to be available for the same purposes and time period: Provided further, That such amounts of this appropriation as may be determined by the Secretary of Defense may be transferred to carry out the purposes of advanced research to those appropriations for military functions under the Department of Defense which are being utilized for related programs, to be merged with and to be available for the same time period as the appropriation to which transferred.

EMERGENCY FUND, DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

For transfer by the Secretary of Defense, with the approval of the Bureau of the Budget, to any appropriation for military functions under the Department of Defense available for research, development, test, and evaluation, or procurement or production related thereto, to be merged with and to be available for the same purposes, and for the same time period, as the appropriation to which transferred, $150,000,000, and, in addition, not to exceed $150,000,000, to be used upon determination by the Secretary of Defense that such funds can be wisely, profitably, and practically used in the interest of national defense and to be derived by transfer from such appropriations available to the Department of Defense for obligation during the current fiscal year as the Secretary of Defense may designate: Provided, That any appropriations transferred shall not exceed 7 per centum of the appropriation from which transferred.

TITLE V

CIVIL DEFENSE, DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary for carrying out civil defense activities, including the hire of motor vehicles and the providing of fallout shelters in existing or new Government-owned or leased buildings, as authorized by law, $207,600,000.
Sec. 601. During the current fiscal year, the Secretary of Defense and the Secretaries of the Army, Navy, and Air Force, respectively, if they should deem it advantageous to the national defense, and if in their opinions the existing facilities of the Department of Defense are inadequate, are authorized to procure services in accordance with section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a), under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense, and to pay in connection therewith travel expenses of individuals, including actual transportation and per diem in lieu of subsistence while traveling from their homes or places of business to official duty station and return as may be authorized by law: Provided, That such contracts may be renewed annually.

Sec. 602. During the current fiscal year, provisions of law prohibiting the payment of compensation to, or employment of, any person not a citizen of the United States shall not apply to personnel of the Department of Defense.

Sec. 603. Appropriations contained in this Act shall be available for insurance of official motor vehicles in foreign countries, when required by laws of such countries; payments in advance of expenses determined by the investigating officer to be necessary and in accord with local custom for conducting investigations in foreign countries incident to matters relating to the activities of the department concerned; reimbursement of General Services Administration for security guard services for protection of confidential files; reimbursement of the Federal Bureau of Investigation for expenses in connection with investigation of defense contractor personnel; and all necessary expenses, at the seat of Government of the United States of America or elsewhere, in connection with communication and other services and supplies as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this Act: Provided, That no appropriation contained in this Act, and no funds available from prior appropriations to component departments and agencies of the Department of Defense, shall be used to pay tuition or to make other payments to educational institutions in connection with the instruction or training of file clerks, stenographers, and typists receiving, or prospective file clerks, stenographers, and typists who will receive, compensation at a rate below the minimum rate of pay for positions allocated to grade GS-5 under the Classification Act of 1949, as amended.

Sec. 604. Any appropriation available to the Army, Navy, or the Air Force may, under such regulations as the Secretary concerned may prescribe, be used for expenses incident to the maintenance, pay, and allowances of prisoners of war, other persons in Army, Navy, or Air Force custody whose status is determined by the Secretary concerned to be similar to prisoners of war, and persons detained in such custody pursuant to Presidential proclamation.

Sec. 605. Appropriations available to the Department of Defense for the current fiscal year for maintenance or construction shall be available for acquisition of land as authorized by section 2672 of title 10, United States Code.

Sec. 606. Appropriations for the Department of Defense for the current fiscal year shall be available, (a) except as authorized by the Act of September 30, 1950 (20 U.S.C. 236–244), for primary and secondary schooling for minor dependents of military and civilian personnel of the Department of Defense residing on military or naval installations or stationed in foreign countries, as authorized for the
Navy by section 7204 of title 10, United States Code, in amounts not exceeding an average of $275 per student, when the Secretary of the Department concerned finds that schools, if any, available in the locality, are unable to provide adequately for the education of such dependents; (b) for expenses in connection with administration of occupied areas; (c) for payment of rewards as authorized for the Navy by section 7209(a) of title 10, United States Code, for information leading to the discovery of missing naval property or the recovery thereof; (d) for payment of deficiency judgments and interests thereon arising out of condemnation proceedings; (e) for payment of rentals for special purpose space at the seat of Government and, in administering the provisions of 43 U.S.C. 315q, rentals may be paid in advance.

Sec. 607. Appropriations for the Department of Defense for the current fiscal year shall be available for: (a) donations of not to exceed $25 to each prisoner upon each release from confinement in military or contract prison (except disciplinary barracks) and to each person discharged for fraudulent enlistment; (b) authorized issues of articles to prisoners (except those in disciplinary barracks); (c) subsistence of selective service registrants called for induction, applicants for enlistment while held under observation, prisoners (except those in disciplinary barracks), and supernumeraries when necessitated by emergent military circumstances; (d) reimbursement for subsistence of enlisted personnel while sick in hospitals; and (e) expenses of prisoners confined in nonmilitary facilities: Provided, That section 212 of the Act of June 30, 1932 (5 U.S.C. 59a), shall not apply to retired military personnel on duty at the United States Soldiers' Home.

Sec. 608. Insofar as practicable, the Secretary of Defense shall assist American small business to participate equitably in the furnishing of commodities and services financed with funds appropriated under this Act by making available or causing to be made available to suppliers in the United States, and particularly to small independent enterprises, information, as far in advance as possible, with respect to purchases proposed to be financed with funds appropriated under this Act, and by making available or causing to be made available to purchasing and contracting agencies of the Department of Defense information as to commodities and services produced and furnished by small independent enterprises in the United States, and by otherwise helping to give small business an opportunity to participate in the furnishing of commodities and services financed with funds appropriated by this Act.

Mess operations. No appropriation contained in this Act shall be available for expenses of operation of messes (other than organized messes the operating expenses of which are financed principally from non-appropriated funds) at which meals are sold to officers or civilians except under regulations approved by the Secretary of Defense, which shall (except under unusual or extraordinary circumstances) establish rates for such meals sufficient to provide reimbursement of operating expenses and food costs to the appropriations concerned: Provided, That officers and civilians in a travel status receiving a per diem allowance in lieu of subsistence shall be charged at the rate of not less than $2.50 per day: Provided further, That for the purposes of this section payments for meals at the rates established hereunder may be made in cash or by deductions from the pay of civilian employees: Provided further, That members of organized nonprofit youth groups sponsored at either the national or local level, when extended the privilege of visiting a military installation and permitted to eat in the general mess by the commanding officer of the installation, shall pay the commuted ration cost of such meal or meals.
Sec. 610. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be available until expended unless expressly so provided elsewhere in this or some other appropriation Act.

Sec. 611. Appropriations of the Department of Defense available for operation and maintenance, may be reimbursed during the current fiscal year for all expenses involved in the preparation for disposal and for the disposal of military supplies, equipment, and materiel, and for all expenses of production of lumber or timber products pursuant to section 2665 of title 10, United States Code, from amounts received as proceeds from the sale of any such property: Provided, That a report of receipts and disbursements under this limitation shall be made quarterly to the Committees on Appropriations of the Congress: Provided further, That no funds available to agencies of the Department of Defense shall be used for the operation, acquisition, or construction of new facilities or equipment for new facilities in the continental limits of the United States for metal scrap baling or shearing or for melting or sweating aluminum scrap unless the Secretary of Defense or an Assistant Secretary of Defense designated by him determines, with respect to each facility involved, that the operation of such facility is in the national interest.

Sec. 612. (a) During the current fiscal year, the President may exempt appropriations, fund, and contract authorizations, available for military functions under the Department of Defense, from the provisions of subsection (c) of section 3679 of the Revised Statutes, as amended, whenever he deems such action to be necessary in the interests of national defense.

(b) Upon determination by the President that such action is necessary, the Secretary of Defense is authorized to provide for the cost of an airborne alert as an excepted expense in accordance with the provisions of R.S. 3732 (41 U.S.C. 11).

(c) Upon determination by the President that it is necessary to increase the number of military personnel on active duty beyond the number for which funds are provided in this Act, the Secretary of Defense is authorized to provide for the cost of such increased military personnel, as an excepted expense in accordance with the provisions of Revised Statutes 3732 (41 U.S.C. 11).

Sec. 613. No appropriation contained in this Act shall be available in connection with the operation of commissary stores of the agencies of the Department of Defense for the cost of purchase (including commercial transportation in the United States to the place of sale but excluding all transportation outside the United States) and maintenance of operating equipment and supplies, and for the actual or estimated cost of utilities as may be furnished by the Government and of shrinkage, spoilage, and pilferage of merchandise under the control of such commissary stores, except as authorized under regulations promulgated by the Secretaries of the military departments concerned, with the approval of the Secretary of Defense, which regulations shall provide for reimbursement therefor to the appropriations concerned and, notwithstanding any other provision of law, shall provide for the adjustment of the sales prices in such commissary stores to the extent necessary to furnish sufficient gross revenue from sales of commissary stores to make such reimbursement: Provided, That under such regulations as may be issued pursuant to this section all utilities may be furnished without cost to the commissary stores outside the continental United States and in Alaska: Provided further, That no appropriation contained in this Act shall be available in connection with the operation of commissary stores within the continental United States unless the Secretary of Defense has certified that items normally procured from commissary stores are not
Sec. 614. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, Executive order, or regulation, no part of the appropriations in this Act shall be available for any expenses of operating aircraft under the jurisdiction of the Armed Forces for the purpose of proficiency flying except in accordance with the regulations issued by the Secretaries of the Departments concerned and approved by the Secretary of Defense which shall establish proficiency standards and maximum and minimum flying hours for this purpose: *Provided,* That without regard to any provision of law or Executive order prescribing minimum flight requirements, such regulations may provide for the payment of flight pay at the rates prescribed in section 204(b) of the Career Compensation Act of 1949 (63 Stat. 802) as amended, to certain members of the Armed Forces otherwise entitled to receive flight pay during the current fiscal year (1) who have held aeronautical ratings or designations for not less than fifteen years, or (2) whose particular assignment outside the United States or in Alaska makes it impractical to participate in regular aerial flights.

Sec. 615. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be available for expense of transportation, packing, crating, temporary storage, drayage, and unpacking of household goods and personal effects in excess of eleven thousand pounds net in any one shipment: *Provided,* That the limitations imposed herein shall not be applicable in the case of members transferred to or serving in stations outside the continental United States or in Alaska under orders relieving them from a duty station within the United States prior to July 10, 1952, and who are returned to the United States under orders relieving them from a duty station beyond the United States or in Alaska on or after July 1, 1953.

Sec. 616. Vessels under the jurisdiction of the Department of Commerce, the Department of the Army, the Department of the Air Force, or the Department of the Navy may be transferred or otherwise made available without reimbursement to any such agencies upon the request of the head of one agency and the approval of the agency having jurisdiction of the vessels concerned.

Sec. 617. None of the funds provided in this Act shall be available for training in any legal profession nor for the payment of tuition for training in such profession: *Provided,* That this limitation shall not apply to the off-duty training of military personnel as prescribed by section 621 of this Act.

Sec. 618. Not more than 20 per centum of the appropriations in this Act which are limited for obligation during the current fiscal year shall be obligated during the last two months of the fiscal year: *Provided,* That this section shall not apply to obligations for support of active duty training of civilian components or summer camp training of the Reserve Officers’ Training Corps.

Sec. 619. During the current fiscal year the agencies of the Department of Defense may accept the use of real property from foreign countries for the United States in accordance with mutual defense agreements or occupational arrangements and may accept services furnished by foreign countries as reciprocal international courtesies or as services customarily made available without charge; and such agencies may use the same for the support of the United States forces in such areas without specific appropriation therefor.

In addition to the foregoing, agencies of the Department of Defense may accept real property, services, and commodities from foreign countries for the use of the United States in accordance with...
mutual defense agreements or occupational arrangements and such agencies may use the same for the support of the United States forces in such areas, without specific appropriation therefor: Provided, That within thirty days after the end of each quarter the Secretary of Defense shall render to the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and the House of Representatives and to the Bureau of the Budget a full report of such property, supplies, and commodities received during such quarter.

Sec. 620. During the current fiscal year, appropriations available to the Department of Defense for research and development may be used for the purposes of section 2353 of title 10, United States Code, and for purposes related to research and development for which expenditures are specifically authorized in other appropriations of the service concerned.

Sec. 621. No appropriation contained in this Act shall be available for the payment of more than 75 per centum of charges of educational institutions for tuition or expenses for off-duty training of military personnel, nor for the payment of any part of tuition or expenses for such training for commissioned personnel who do not agree to remain on active duty for two years after completion of such training.

Sec. 622. No part of the funds appropriated herein shall be expended for the support of any formally enrolled student in basic courses of the senior division, Reserve Officers' Training Corps, who has not executed a certificate of loyalty or loyalty oath in such form as shall be prescribed by the Secretary of Defense.

Sec. 623. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be available for the procurement of any article of food, clothing, cotton, spun silk yarn for cartridge cloth, or wool (whether in the form of fiber or yarn or contained in fabrics, materials, or manufactured articles) not grown, reprocessed, reused, or produced in the United States or its possessions, except to the extent that the Secretary of the Department concerned shall determine that a satisfactory quality and sufficient quantity of any articles of food or clothing or any form of cotton, spun silk yarn for cartridge cloth, or wool grown, reprocessed, reused, or produced in the United States or its possessions cannot be procured as and when needed at United States market prices and except procurements outside the United States in support of combat operations, procurements by vessels in foreign waters and emergency procurements or procurements of perishable foods by establishments located outside the United States for the personnel attached thereto: Provided, That nothing herein shall preclude the procurement of foods manufactured or processed in the United States or its possessions: Provided further, That no funds herein appropriated shall be used for the payment of a price differential on contracts hereafter made for the purpose of relieving economic dislocations: Provided further, That none of the funds appropriated in this Act shall be used except that, so far as practicable, all contracts shall be awarded on a formally advertised competitive bid basis to the lowest responsible bidder.

Sec. 624. None of the funds appropriated in this Act shall be used for the construction, replacement, or reactivation of any bakery, laundry, or dry-cleaning facility in the United States, its Territories or possessions, as to which the Secretary of Defense does not certify in writing, giving his reasons therefor, that the services to be furnished by such facilities are not obtainable from commercial sources at reasonable rates.

Sec. 625. During the current fiscal year, appropriations of the Department of Defense shall be available for reimbursement to the
Foreign quarters.

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SEC. 626. Appropriations of the Department of Defense available for the payment of rental allowances shall be available for the leasing of quarters in foreign countries constructed under the authority of section 302 of Public Law 534, approved July 14, 1952, for assignment as public quarters to military personnel of the Department of Defense.

Furnishings.

SEC. 627. Appropriations contained in this Act shall be available for the purchase of household furnishings and automobiles from military and civilian personnel on duty outside the continental United States, for the purpose of resale at cost to incoming personnel, and for providing furnishings, without charge, in other than public quarters occupied by military or civilian personnel of the Department of Defense on duty outside the continental United States or in Alaska, upon a determination, under regulations approved by the Secretary of Defense, that such action is advantageous to the Government.

Uniforms.

SEC. 628. During the current fiscal year appropriations available to the Department of Defense for pay of civilian employees shall be available for uniforms, or allowances therefor, as authorized by the Act of September 1, 1954, as amended (5 U.S.C. 2131).

Promotion of rifle practice.

SEC. 629. During the current fiscal year, the Secretary of Defense shall, upon requisition of the National Board for the Promotion of Rifle Practice, and without reimbursement, transfer from agencies of the Department of Defense to the Board ammunition from stock or which has been procured for the purpose in such amounts as he may determine.

Such appropriations of the Department of Defense available for obligation during the current fiscal year as may be designated by the Secretary of Defense shall be available for the travel expenses of military and naval personnel, including the reserve components, and members of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps attending regional, national, or international rifle matches.

Legislative liaison activities.

SEC. 630. Funds provided in this Act for congressional liaison activities of the Department of the Army, the Department of the Navy, the Department of the Air Force, and the Office of the Secretary of Defense shall not exceed $950,000: Provided, That this amount shall be available for apportionment to the Department of the Army, the Department of the Navy, the Department of the Air Force, and the Office of the Secretary of Defense as determined by the Secretary of Defense.

Civil Air carriers.

SEC. 631. Of the funds made available by this Act for the services of the Military Air Transport Service, $80,000,000 shall be available only for procurement of commercial air transportation service from carriers participating in the Civil Reserve Air Fleet program; and the Secretary of Defense shall utilize the services of such carriers which qualify as small businesses to the fullest extent found practicable: Provided, That the Secretary of Defense shall specify in such procurement, performance characteristics for aircraft to be used based upon modern aircraft operated by the civil air fleet.

Motor vehicle hire.

SEC. 632. Not to exceed $12,000,000 of the funds made available in this Act for the purpose shall be available for the hire of motor vehicles: Provided, That the Secretary of Defense, under circumstances where the immediate movement of persons is imperative, may, if he deems it to be in the national interest, hire motor vehicles for such purpose without regard to this limitation.

Travel expenses.

SEC. 633. Not less than $7,500,000 of the funds made available in this Act for travel expenses in connection with temporary duty and
permanent change of station of civilian and military personnel of the Department of Defense shall be available only for the procurement of commercial passenger sea transportation service on American-flag vessels.

Sec. 634. During the current fiscal year, appropriations available to the Department of Defense for Operation and Maintenance may be used for civilian clothing, not to exceed $40 in cost for enlisted personnel: (1) discharged for misconduct, unfitness, unsuitability, or otherwise than honorably; (2) sentenced by a civil court to confinement in a civil prison or interned or discharged as an alien enemy; (3) discharged prior to completion of recruit training under honorable conditions for dependency, hardship, minority, disability, or for the convenience of the Government.

Sec. 635. During the current fiscal year, the Secretary of Defense, should he deem it advantageous to the national defense to accelerate any strategic or tactical missile or satellite program, may transfer under the authority and terms of the Emergency Fund, an additional $150,000,000 for the acceleration of such missile or satellite program or programs: Provided, That the transfer authority made available under the terms of the Emergency Fund appropriation contained in this Act is hereby broadened to meet the requirements of this section: Provided further, That the Secretary of Defense shall notify the Appropriations Committees of the Congress promptly of all transfers made pursuant to this authority.

Sec. 636. No part of the funds appropriated herein shall be available for paying the costs of advertising by any defense contractor, except advertising for which payment is made from profits, and such advertising shall not be considered a part of any defense contract cost. The prohibition contained in this section shall not apply with respect to advertising conducted by any such contractor, in compliance with regulations which shall be promulgated by the Secretary of Defense, solely for (1) the recruitment by that contractor of personnel required for the performance by the contractor of obligations arising under a defense contract, (2) the procurement of scarce items required by the contractor for the performance of a defense contract, or (3) the disposal of scrap or surplus materials acquired by the contractor in the performance of a defense contract.

Sec. 637. Funds appropriated in this Act for maintenance and repair of facilities and installations shall not be available for acquisition of new facilities, or alteration, expansion, extension or addition of existing facilities, as defined in Department of Defense Directive 7040.2, dated January 18, 1961, in excess of $25,000: Provided, That the Secretary of Defense may amend or change the said directive during the current fiscal year, consistent with the purpose of this section.

Sec. 638. During the current fiscal year, the Secretary of Defense may, if he deems it vital to the security of the United States and in the national interest to further improve the readiness of the Armed Forces, including the reserve components, transfer under the authority and terms of the Emergency Fund an additional $200,000,000: Provided, That the transfer authority made available under the terms of the Emergency Fund Appropriation contained in this Act is hereby broadened to meet the requirements of this section: Provided further, That the Secretary of Defense shall notify the Appropriations Committees of the Congress promptly of all transfers made pursuant to this authority.

Sec. 639. (a) All payments of additional pay for foreign duty made prior to the date of enactment of this Act to enlisted members of the United States Air Force who served on any of the artificial
AN ACT
To amend the Career Compensation Act of 1949 with respect to special pay for diving duty, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 205 of the Career Compensation Act of 1949, as amended (37 U.S.C. 236), is amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 205. (a) Members of the uniformed services entitled to receive basic pay and assigned by competent orders to the duty of diving shall be entitled to receive, in addition to basic pay, special pay at a rate not to exceed $110 per month for periods during which diving duty is actually performed, under such regulations as may be prescribed by the Secretary concerned.

"(b) No member of the uniformed services shall be entitled to receive the special pay authorized pursuant to this section in addition to incentive pay authorized pursuant to section 204 of this Act.

"(c) The President may, in time of war, suspend the payment of diving-duty pay."

SEC. 2. Section 204(a) of the Career Compensation Act of 1949, as amended (37 U.S.C. 235(a)), is further amended—

(1) by striking out clauses (8), (9), and (12), and the word "and" at the end of clause (12);

(2) by redesignating clauses (10), (11), and (13) as "(8)", "(9)", and "(10)", respectively; and

(3) by adding the word "and" after the semicolon at the end of clause (9).

SEC. 3. Section 204(c) of the Career Compensation Act of 1949, as amended (37 U.S.C. 235(c)), is further amended by striking out "(13)" and inserting "(10)" in lieu thereof.

Approved August 17, 1961.
Public Law 87-146

AN ACT

To authorize the Secretary of the Interior to exchange certain property in
Rocky Mountain National Park, Colorado, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior is authorized to exchange in the manner and to the extent hereinafter provided land, interests in land, and improvements in Rocky Mountain National Park:

(1) The Secretary may convey to the Colorado Transportation Company the possessory interest which the United States has in the Fall River Pass Building, but not the land upon which the building is situated, adjacent to the Trail Ridge Road in section 36, township 6 north, range 75 west: Provided, The United States shall reserve for a period of two years the right to use without charge the alpine exhibit room; and he may also convey to said company all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to the property known as Grand Lake Lodge, described in section 3 hereof as parcel A, including the land and any improvements thereon owned by the United States;

(2) In exchange for the foregoing, the Secretary is authorized to accept from the Colorado Transportation Company the land and interests therein located in Rocky Mountain National Park, described in section 3 as parcels C and D, together with such other privately owned land and interests in land within the park as he may designate;

(3) In exchange for the Government property conveyed pursuant to this Act the United States shall receive other property of approximately equal value and such differences as there may be in values shall be equalized by a payment of funds: Provided, That all procedures and rights authorized in this Act shall be in conformity with that agreement entered into under date of February 7, 1961, by and between the United States of America and the Colorado Transportation Company.

Sec. 2. Upon consummation of the exchange the Secretary shall, by publishing notice in the Federal Register, revise the boundary of Rocky Mountain National Park so as to exclude from the park the land described in section 3 as combined parcels A and B.

Sec. 3. The aforesaid parcels A, C, and D, and the combined parcels A and B are, subject to minor revisions or corrections of a technical nature, more particularly described as follows:

PARCEL A

Beginning at the southeast corner of section 31, township 4 north, range 75 west of the sixth principal meridian; thence north 800.0 feet along the east line of said section 31; thence west 1,000.0 feet; thence south 134.06 feet; thence west 329.75 feet; thence south 166.94 feet; thence west 1,078.60 feet; thence south 497.82 feet, more or less, to the south line of said section 31; thence east along the south line of said section 31 to the point of beginning, containing 35 acres more or less.

PARCEL C

Beginning at a point on the west line of section 32, township 4 north, range 75 west of the sixth principal meridian, 800 feet north of the southwest corner of said section 32; thence east 600.0 feet; thence north 520.0 feet; thence east 600.0 feet; thence north 1,325.94 feet; thence west to the west line of said section 32; thence south along said...
west line of said section 32 to the point of beginning, containing 48 acres, more or less.

PARCEL D

Beginning at a point 800.0 feet north and 660.0 feet east of the southwest corner of section 32, township 4 north, range 75 west of the sixth principal meridian; thence east 1,962.18 feet; thence north 520.0 feet; thence west 1,962.18 feet; thence south 520.0 feet to the point of beginning, containing 23.5 acres, more or less.

COMBINED PARCELS A AND B

Beginning at the corner common to sections 31 and 32, township 4 north, range 75 west, and sections 5 and 6, township 3 north, range 75 west, sixth principal meridian; thence south 88 degrees 55 minutes east, 660.0 feet along the south section line of said section 32; thence north 800.0 feet; thence west 660.0 feet, more or less, to a point on the section line common to said sections 31 and 32; thence continuing west 1,000.0 feet; thence south 134.06 feet; thence west 329.75 feet; thence south 166.94 feet; thence west 1,078.6 feet; thence south 497.82 feet, more or less, to a point on the south section line of said section 31; thence south 89 degrees 24 minutes east 2,389.47 feet along the south section line of said section 31 to the point of beginning; the tract as described containing approximately 47 acres.

Approved August 17, 1961.

Public Law 87-147

AN ACT

To amend the Act of March 8, 1922, as amended, pertaining to isolated tracts, to extend its provisions to public sales.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act of March 8, 1922 (42 Stat. 415; 48 U.S.C. 376, 377), as amended, is hereby further amended by adding a new section thereto reading as follows:

"Sec. 3. The Secretary of the Interior may sell under the provisions of section 2455 of the Revised Statutes (43 U.S.C. 1171), as amended, lands in Alaska known to contain workable coal, oil, or gas deposits, or that may be valuable for the coal, oil, or gas contained therein, and which are otherwise subject to sale under said section 2455, as amended, upon the condition that the patent issued to the purchaser thereof shall contain the reservation required by section 2 of this Act."

Approved August 17, 1961.

Public Law 87-148

AN ACT

To revise the boundaries of the Fort Raleigh National Historic Site in North Carolina, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in order to preserve, as a part of the Fort Raleigh National Historic Site, lands historically associated with the attempt to establish an English colony on Roanoke Island, the boundaries of such site are hereby revised to include the following described lands:
Beginning at the southwest corner of the present Fort Raleigh National Historic Site, which is on the northerly right-of-way line of North Carolina State Highway Numbered 345, said point bearing south 7 degrees 45 minutes east, 35 feet, more or less, from a concrete monument on the existing west boundary of the said national historic site;

Thence south 72 degrees 00 minutes east, 537 feet, more or less, following everywhere the said northerly right-of-way line of North Carolina State Highway Numbered 345, which line is also the south boundary of Fort Raleigh National Historic Site, to a corner on the said south boundary of the national historic site;

Thence south 68 degrees 30 minutes east, 70 feet, more or less, following everywhere the said northerly right-of-way line of North Carolina State Highway Numbered 345, which line is also the south boundary of Fort Raleigh National Historic Site, to the southwest corner of land now or formerly owned by the W. O. Dough estate;

Thence north 29 degrees 30 minutes east, 992 feet, more or less, along the westerly property line of lands now or formerly owned by the said W. O. Dough estate and of the W. J. Griffin subdivision which line is also the east boundary of the Fort Raleigh National Historic Site, to a point on the high water line of Roanoke Sound, said point being the northwest corner of the said W. J. Griffin subdivision;

Thence south 83 degrees 00 minutes east, 729 feet, more or less, along the high water line of Roanoke Sound to the point of intersection with the westerly line of Dare Avenue, or the extension thereof, in the W. J. Griffin subdivision;

Thence south 29 degrees 30 minutes west, 1,230 feet, more or less, along the said westerly line of any northerly extension of Dare Avenue and/or the westerly line of Dare Avenue, and crossing on a prolongation of said line the 60-foot right-of-way of North Carolina State Highway Numbered 345 to a point on the southerly right-of-way line of said highway;

Thence south 69 degrees 00 minutes east, 115 feet, more or less, following everywhere the said southerly right-of-way line of North Carolina State Highway Numbered 345 to the point of intersection with the easterly property line of land now or formerly owned by Essie Payne; thence south 27 degrees 00 minutes west, 910 feet along the said easterly property line of land now or formerly owned by Essie Payne to a point;

Thence south 7 degrees 45 minutes east, 790 feet, crossing the 100-foot right-of-way of the United States highway bearing numbers 64 and 264, to a point located on land now or formerly owned by Ralph Umphlett; thence south 73 degrees 30 minutes west, 640 feet, more or less, to a point on the easterly property line of land now or formerly owned by Essie Payne;

Thence south 27 degrees 00 minutes west, 175 feet, more or less, along the said easterly property line of land now or formerly owned by Essie Payne to a point on the easterly property line of land now or formerly owned by Willis Pearce;

Thence north 7 degrees 45 minutes west, 1,430 feet, more or less, along the said easterly property line of land now or formerly owned by Willis Pearce, crossing the said 100-foot right-of-way of the United
States highway bearing numbers 64 and 264, to a point on the southerly property line of land now or formerly owned by Alma Reich and Alton Aydlett;

Thence south 67 degrees 00 minutes west, 1,100 feet, more or less, along the said southerly property line of land now or formerly owned by Alma Reich and Alton Aydlett to a point on the easterly right-of-way line of the Old Ferry Road; thence north 32 degrees 00 minutes east, 1,530 feet, more or less, following everywhere the said easterly right-of-way line of Old Ferry Road, to the point of intersection with the southerly right-of-way line of North Carolina Highway Numbered 345;

Thence northwesterly 60 feet, more or less, crossing the right-of-way of said North Carolina State Highway Numbered 345, to the point of beginning, but excluding therefrom the right-of-way of the United States highway bearing numbers 64 and 264. The tract as described contains approximately 73 acres.

WESTERN ADDITION

Beginning at a point on the high water line of Roanoke Sound which marks the northwest corner of land now or formerly owned by the Roanoke Island Historical Association, said point being located about 450 feet westerly from the northwest corner of the existing Fort Raleigh National Historic Site;

Thence south 35 degrees 15 minutes west, 1,356 feet, more or less, along the west property line of said land now or formerly owned by the Roanoke Island Historical Association crossing the 60-foot right-of-way of North Carolina State Highway Numbered 345, and along the west property line of a second tract of land now or formerly owned by the Roanoke Island Historical Association, to the most westerly corner of the said second-named tract of land now or formerly owned by the Roanoke Island Historical Association;

Thence south 69 degrees 00 minutes west, 100 feet, more or less, to a corner on the easterly property line of land now or formerly owned by Jerome Griffin; thence north 76 degrees 00 minutes west, 2,500 feet, more or less, across land now or formerly owned by Jerome Griffin, to a point of the high water line of Roanoke Sound; thence easterly 3,450 feet, more or less, along the high water line of Roanoke Sound to the point of beginning, the tract as described containing approximately 52 acres.

SEC. 2. The Secretary of the Interior, in furtherance of the purposes of this Act, is authorized to procure, in such manner and subject to such terms and conditions as he may deem to be in the public interest, lands and interests in lands described in section 1 hereof. In acquiring such additional lands and interests therein for the Fort Raleigh National Historic Site, the Secretary is authorized to use any funds now or hereafter made available for the acquisition of lands in the national park system. When so acquired, they shall be administered as a part of the Fort Raleigh National Historic Site in accordance with the provisions of the Act of August 25, 1916 (39 Stat. 535), as amended.

Approved August 17, 1961.

16 USC 1-4.
Public Law 87-149

AN ACT

To authorize the Secretary of Defense to lend certain Army, Navy, and Air Force equipment and provide certain services to the Girl Scouts of the United States of America for use at the 1962 Girl Scouts senior roundup encampment, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) the Secretary of Defense is hereby authorized, under such regulations as he may prescribe, to lend to the Girl Scouts of the United States of America, a corporation created under the Act of March 16, 1950, for the use and accommodation of approximately ten thousand Girl Scouts and officials who are to attend the Girl Scouts senior roundup encampment to be held in July 1962, at Button Bay State Park, Vermont, such tents, cots, blankets, commissary equipment, flags, refrigerators, vehicles, and other equipment as may be necessary or useful to the extent that items are in stock and available and their issue will not jeopardize the national defense program.

(b) Such equipment is authorized to be delivered at such time prior to the holding of such encampment, and to be returned at such time after the close of such encampment, as may be agreed upon by the Secretary of Defense and the Girl Scouts of the United States of America. No expense shall be incurred by the United States Government for the delivery and return of such equipment and the Girl Scouts of the United States of America shall pay for the cost of the actual rehabilitation and repair or replacement of such equipment.

(c) The Secretary of Defense, before delivering such property, shall take from the Girl Scouts of the United States of America a good and sufficient bond for the safe return of such property in good order and condition, and the whole without expense to the United States.

SEC. 2. The Secretary of Defense is hereby authorized, under such regulations as he may prescribe, to provide to the Girl Scouts of the United States of America in support of the encampment referred to in subsection (a) of the first section of this Act, such communication, medical, engineering, protective, and other logistical services as may be necessary or useful to the extent that such services are available and the providing of them will not jeopardize the national defense program.

SEC. 3. Each department of the Federal Government is hereby authorized under such regulations as may be prescribed by the Secretary thereof to assist the Girl Scouts of the United States of America in the carrying out and the fulfillment of the plans for the encampment referred to in subsection (a) of the first section of this Act.

Approved August 17, 1961.

Public Law 87-150

AN ACT

To grant eighty-one acres of public domain to the Cocopah Indians in Arizona.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all of the right, title, and interest in the following described public domain are hereby declared to be held by the United States in trust for the Cocopah Indians in Arizona, subject to any valid existing rights heretofore
initiated under the public land laws: lots 14 and 15, section 30, township 9 south, range 24 west; and lots 3, 4, and 5, section 25, township 9 south, range 25 west, Gila and Salt River meridian, Arizona, containing 81.64 acres.

Approved August 17, 1961.

Public Law 87-151

AN ACT

To provide for the disposal of certain Federal property on the Minidoka project, Idaho, Shoshone project, Wyoming, and Yakima project, Washington, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior is authorized to sell the following described lands, together with any improvements located thereon:

(a) Block 67 of the reclamation townsite of Rupert, Minidoka project, Idaho, containing 1.64 acres, more or less;

(b) Lots 21 and 22, block 48, of the reclamation townsite of Powell, Shoshone project, Wyoming, containing 0.48 acre, more or less; and

(c) Block 23, town of Zillah, Washington, containing 1.65 acres, more or less; a parcel located in the south half northeast quarter southwest quarter of section 25, township 9 north, range 24 east, Willamette meridian, Washington, lying below the Sunny-side main canal, containing 4.36 acres, more or less, and that part of the northwest quarter southeast quarter of section 12, township 8 north, range 22 east, Willamette meridian, Washington, containing 1.16 acres, more or less, beginning at the northwest corner of the southeast quarter of said section 12, township 8 north, range 22 east, Willamette meridian,

thence north 89 degrees 44 minutes east 337.9 feet; thence south 9 degrees 58 minutes west 35 feet; thence south 14 degrees 18 minutes west 25 feet; thence south 19 degrees 23 minutes west 25 feet;

thence south 24 degrees 46 minutes west 25 feet; thence south 34 degrees 46 minutes west 25 feet; thence south 53 degrees 13 minutes west 25 feet; thence south 64 degrees 13 minutes west 20.8 feet;

thence north 87 degrees 22 minutes west 253.3 feet, more or less, to the north-south line of the centerline of said section 12; thence north 00 degrees 22 minutes west along said north-south centerline 136.3 feet, more or less, to the point of beginning, all located on the Yakima project, Washington.

Sales shall be by public auction to the highest qualified bidder, but in no event shall any sale be for less than the appraised valuation, as approved by the Secretary. Any of the lands described above, together with improvements located thereon, which are not sold after being offered for sale at public auction, shall remain available for sale at not less than the appraised valuation, until withdrawn from sale by the Secretary.

Sec. 2. The proceeds from the sale of the property described in section 1(a) of this Act shall be available for expenditure by the Secretary for the construction of an operation and maintenance headquarters and related facilities, as determined by the Secretary to be necessary for the operation and maintenance of the Gravity division of the Minidoka project, Idaho. The proceeds from the sale of the property described in section 1(b) of this Act shall be available for expenditure by the Secretary for the construction of an operation and maintenance headquarters and related facilities, as determined by the Secretary to be necessary for the operation and maintenance of the
Shoshone project, Wyoming. The proceeds from the sale of the property described in section 1(c) of this Act shall be available for expenditure by the Secretary for the construction of an operation and maintenance headquarters and related facilities, as determined by the Secretary to be necessary for the operation and maintenance of the Sunnyside division, Yakima project, Washington.

SEC. 3. Any of the proceeds from the sales which are authorized by section 1 of this Act and which are not required for the construction of operation and maintenance headquarters and related facilities, as authorized by section 2 of this Act, shall be applied as provided by subsection 1, section 4, Act of December 5, 1924 (43 Stat. 703).

SEC. 4. The Secretary is hereby authorized, subject only to the provisions of this Act, to perform such acts, to delegate such authority, and to prescribe such rules and regulations and establish such terms and conditions as he may deem necessary and proper for the purpose of carrying the provisions of this Act into full force and effect: Provided, however, That nothing in this Act shall be construed as authorizing additional appropriations in carrying out the provisions of this Act.

Approved August 17, 1961.

Public Law 87-152

AN ACT

To authorize the use of Commodity Credit Corporation owned surplus grain by the States for emergency use in the feeding of resident game birds and other resident wildlife; to authorize the use of such surplus grain by the Secretary of the Interior for emergency use in the feeding of migratory birds, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That for the purpose of meeting emergency situations caused by adverse weather conditions or other factors destructive of important wildlife resources, the States are hereby authorized, upon the request of the State fish and game authority or other State agency having similar authority and a finding by the Secretary of the Interior that any area of the United States is threatened with serious damage or loss to resident game birds and other resident wildlife from starvation, to requisition from the Commodity Credit Corporation grain acquired by the Corporation through price support operations. Such grain may thereafter be furnished to the particular State for direct and sole utilization by the appropriate State agencies for purposes of this Act in such quantities as mutually agreed upon by the State and the Commodity Credit Corporation and subject to such regulations as may be considered desirable by the Corporation. The Corporation shall be reimbursed by the particular State in each instance for the expense of the Corporation in packaging and transporting such grain for purposes of this Act.

SEC. 2. Upon a finding by the Secretary of the Interior that migratory birds are threatened with starvation in any area of the United States, the Secretary is authorized to requisition from the Commodity Credit Corporation grain acquired by that Corporation through price support operations in such quantities as may be mutually agreed upon. The Corporation shall be reimbursed by the Secretary for its expense in packaging and transporting of such grain for purposes of this Act.

SEC. 3. There are hereby authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to reimburse the Commodity Credit Corporation for its investment in grain transferred pursuant to this Act.

Approved August 17, 1961.
Public Law 87-153  
AN ACT  
To make nationals, American and foreign, eligible for certain scholarships under the Surplus Property Act of 1944, as amended.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 32(b) (2) of the Surplus Property Act of 1944 (58 Stat. 765, 782) as amended (50 U.S.C. App., sec. 1641(b) (2)), is further amended by adding the words “or nationals” after the word “citizens” wherever it appears in such section.

Approved August 17, 1961.

Public Law 87-154  
AN ACT  
To supplement and amend the Act of June 30, 1948, relating to the Fort Hall Indian irrigation project, and to approve an order of the Secretary of the Interior issued under the Act of June 22, 1936.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the order of the Secretary of the Interior dated May 12, 1960, which provides for the elimination from the Fort Hall Indian irrigation project of four hundred sixty-eight and twenty-one-hundredths acres and one hundred twenty-nine and thirty-seven one-hundredths acres of land, and which provides for the cancellation of penalty charges against the eliminated land, which order was made pursuant to the Act of June 22, 1936 (49 Stat. 1803), is hereby approved, and the lands when eliminated shall not thereafter be entitled to water from the project.

Sec. 2. Section 4 of the Act of June 30, 1948 (62 Stat. 1167), is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 4. The net irrigable area of the Fort Hall Indian irrigation project is hereby established at forty-seven thousand sixty-four and sixty-three one-hundredths acres, more or less, and the Secretary of the Interior is authorized to redesignate the project within the limit of the acreage authorized by this Act. The noninclusion of the Fort Hall townsite within the net irrigable area of the project shall not prevent the obtaining of water rights therefor in accordance with the Act of March 1, 1907 (34 Stat. 1015, 1025), as amended or supplemented."

Sec. 3. Section 2 of the Act of June 30, 1948 (62 Stat. 1167), is amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 2. The duty of water on the Fort Hall Indian irrigation project shall be three and five-tenths acre-feet per acre per annum if available, and available excess water may be furnished for use on project lands on terms, conditions, and rates prescribed by the Secretary."

Approved August 17, 1961.
Public Law 37-155

AN ACT

To authorize annual appropriation to reimburse Commodity Credit Corporation for net realized losses sustained during any fiscal year in lieu of annual appropriations to restore capital impairment based on annual Treasury appraisals, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That sections 1 and 2 of the Act of March 8, 1938, as amended (15 U.S.C. 718a-1, 2), are hereby repealed.

SEC. 2. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated annually for each fiscal year, commencing with the fiscal year ending June 30, 1961, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, an amount sufficient to reimburse Commodity Credit Corporation for its net realized loss incurred during such fiscal year, as reflected in its accounts and shown in its report of its financial condition as of the close of such fiscal year. Reimbursement of net realized loss shall be with appropriated funds, as provided herein, rather than through the cancelation of notes.

SEC. 3. In the event the accounts of the Commodity Credit Corporation reflect a net realized gain for any such fiscal year, the amount of such net realized gain shall be deposited in the Treasury by the Commodity Credit Corporation and shall be credited to miscellaneous receipts.

Approved August 17, 1961.

Public Law 87-156

AN ACT

To authorize the transfer of a Bureau of Reclamation bridge across the Colorado River near Needles, California, to San Bernardino County, California, and Mohave County, Arizona.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of Interior is authorized to negotiate and effect the transfer of a Bureau of Reclamation bridge which crosses the Colorado River approximately one mile east of Needles, California, together with appropriate easements for the approach roads thereto, to the counties of San Bernardino, California, and Mohave, Arizona, subject to such terms and conditions as are specified by the Secretary, including those in connection with the maintenance of the bridge and the maintenance of the approach roads, the transfer to be contingent upon approval of the location and plans of the bridge in accordance with the provisions of the General Bridge Act approved August 2, 1946, as amended (33 U.S.C. 525-533): Provided, however, That terms and conditions shall include commitments by the counties that the bridge shall not be operated as a toll bridge. The Secretary is further authorized, if satisfactory terms and conditions are agreed to, to transfer the said bridge and easements without monetary consideration.

Approved August 17, 1961.
Public Law 87-157

AN ACT

To revise section 4166 of the Revised Statutes (46 U.S.C. 35) to permit documentation of vessels sold or transferred abroad.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 4166 of the Revised Statutes (U.S.C., 1958 edition, title 46, sec. 35) is amended to read as follows:

“A vessel of the United States which, while outside the limits of a customs collection district of the United States and not in any port designated as a port of documentation outside any such customs collection district, is sold or transferred in whole or in part to a citizen of the United States, may be documented anew as a vessel of the United States in such manner and upon such conditions as may be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury: Provided, That, if any vessel so sold or transferred is not redocumented while abroad, it shall nevertheless be entitled to all the privileges and benefits of a vessel of the United States up to and for the purpose of its first arrival thereafter within a customs collection district or within a designated port of documentation outside any such customs collection district.”

Approved August 17, 1961.

Public Law 87-158

AN ACT

To authorize and direct the transfer of certain Federal property to the government of American Samoa.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy is hereby authorized and directed to transfer, without reimbursement or transfer of funds, to the government of American Samoa, within ninety days after the date of enactment of this Act, title to all property, real and personal, which is located in American Samoa on the date of enactment of this Act and which is owned by the United States and is within the administrative supervision of the Department of the Navy on such date: Provided, That title to any personal property which was located in American Samoa on July 1, 1951, and was made available to the government of American Samoa by the Department of the Navy, but which has been consumed or disposed of since such date, shall be deemed to have been transferred to the government of American Samoa on July 1, 1951.

Approved August 17, 1961.
Public Law 87-159

AN ACT

Making appropriations for the Treasury and Post Office Departments, and the Tax Court of the United States for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1962, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Treasury and Post Office Departments, and the Tax Court of the United States for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1962, namely:

TITLE I—TREASURY DEPARTMENT

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses in the Office of the Secretary, including the operation and maintenance of the Treasury Building and Annex thereof; services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a); and the purchase of uniforms for elevator operators; $4,100,000.

BUREAU OF ACCOUNTS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Bureau of Accounts, $3,772,000.

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, DIVISION OF DISBURSEMENT

For necessary expenses of the Division of Disbursement, $25,700,000.

BUREAU OF THE PUBLIC DEBT

ADMINISTERING THE PUBLIC DEBT

For necessary expenses connected with any public-debt issues of the United States, $48,000,000.

OFFICE OF THE TREASURER

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Office of the Treasurer, $16,925,000.

BUREAU OF CUSTOMS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Bureau of Customs, including purchase of sixty passenger motor vehicles for replacement only, of which forty for police-type use may exceed by $300 each the general purchase price limitation for the current fiscal year; uniforms or allowances therefor, as authorized by the Act of September 1, 1954, as amended (5 U.S.C. 2131); services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a); and awards of compensation to informers as authorized by the Act of August 13, 1953 (32 U.S.C. 401); $62,650,000.
INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Internal Revenue Service, including purchase (not to exceed two hundred for replacement only, of which eighty for police-type use may exceed by $300 each the general purchase price limitation for the current fiscal year) and hire of passenger motor vehicles; and services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a), and of expert witnesses at such rates as may be determined by the Commissioner, including not to exceed $11,200,000 for temporary employment; $452,000,000.

BUREAU OF NARCOTICS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Bureau of Narcotics, including services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a); and hire of passenger motor vehicles; $4,462,000.

UNITED STATES SECRET SERVICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the United States Secret Service, including purchase (not to exceed seventy-four for police-type use which may exceed by $190 each the general purchase price limitation for the current fiscal year, of which fifty-four are for replacement only) and hire of passenger motor vehicles, $4,800,000.

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, WHITE HOUSE POLICE

For necessary expenses of the White House Police, including uniforms and equipment, and for performing such protective duties in the White House areas of the Executive Office Building as the Secretary may prescribe, $1,148,000.

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, GUARD FORCE

For necessary expenses of the guard force for Treasury Department buildings in the District of Columbia, including purchase, repair, and cleaning of uniforms, $358,000.

BUREAU OF THE MINT

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Bureau of the Mint, including purchase and maintenance of uniforms and accessories for guards; purchase of one passenger motor vehicle for replacement only; and not to exceed $1,000 for the expenses of the annual assay commission; $6,250,000.

COAST GUARD

OPERATING EXPENSES

For necessary expenses for the operation and maintenance of the Coast Guard, not otherwise provided for, including hire of passenger motor vehicles; services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a); purchase of not to exceed thirty-two
passenger motor vehicles for replacement only; maintenance, operation, and repair of aircraft; recreation and welfare; and uniforms or allowances therefor, as authorized by the Act of September 1, 1954, as amended (5 U.S.C. 2131); $212,000,000: Provided, That the number of aircraft on hand at any one time shall not exceed one hundred and thirty-five exclusive of planes and parts stored to meet future attrition: Provided further, That amounts equal to the obligated balances against the appropriations for “Operating expenses” for the two preceding years, shall be transferred to and merged with this appropriation, and such merged appropriation shall be available as one fund, except for accounting purposes of the Coast Guard, for the payment of obligations properly incurred against such prior year appropriations and against this appropriation: Provided further, That except as otherwise authorized by the Act of September 30, 1950 (20 U.S.C. 236-244), this appropriation shall be available for expenses of primary and secondary schooling for dependents of Coast Guard personnel stationed outside the continental United States in amounts not exceeding an average of $250 per student, when it is determined by the Secretary that the schools, if any, available in the locality are unable to provide adequately for the education of such dependents, and the Coast Guard may provide for the transportation of said dependents between such schools and their places of residence when the schools are not accessible to such dependents by regular means of transportation.

ACQUISITION, CONSTRUCTION, AND IMPROVEMENTS

For necessary expenses of acquisition, construction, rebuilding, and improvement of aids to navigation, shore facilities, vessels, and aircraft, including equipment related thereto; and services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a); $39,000,000, to remain available until expended.

RETIRED PAY

For retired pay, including the payment of obligations therefor otherwise chargeable to lapsed appropriations for this purpose, and payments under the Uniformed Services Contingency Option Act of 1953, $31,350,000.

RESERVE TRAINING

For all necessary expenses for the Coast Guard Reserve, as authorized by law (14 U.S.C. 751-762; 37 U.S.C. 231-319), including repayment to other Coast Guard appropriations for indirect expenses, for regular personnel, or reserve personnel while on active duty, engaged primarily in administration and operation of the reserve program; for maintenance and operation of facilities; for supplies, equipment, and services; and the maintenance, operation, and repair of aircraft; $16,000,000: Provided, That amounts equal to the obligated balances against the appropriations for “Reserve training”, for the two preceding years shall be transferred to and merged with this appropriation, and such merged appropriation shall be available as one fund, except for accounting purposes of the Coast Guard, for the payment of obligations properly incurred against such prior year appropriations and against this appropriation.
The Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to make such expenditures, within the limits of funds and borrowing authority available therefor and in accord with law, and to make such contracts and commitments without regard to fiscal year limitations as provided by section 104 of the Government Corporation Control Act, as amended, as may be necessary in carrying out the programs set forth in the Budget for the current fiscal year for the following functions, except as hereinafter provided:

LIMITATION ON ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES, RECONSTRUCTION FINANCE CORPORATION LIQUIDATION FUND

Not to exceed $35,000 (to be computed on an accrual basis) of the funds derived from functions transferred to the Secretary of the Treasury pursuant to Reorganization Plan No. 1 of 1957 (22 Federal Register 4633) shall be available during the current fiscal year for administrative expenses incident to the liquidation of said functions, including use of the services and facilities of the Federal Reserve Banks: Provided, That as used herein the term "administrative expenses" shall be construed to include all salaries and wages, services performed on a contract or fee basis, and travel and other expenses, including the purchase of equipment and supplies, of administrative offices: Provided further, That the limiting amount heretofore stated for administrative expenses shall be increased by an amount which does not exceed the expenses of services performed on a contract or fee basis in connection with the termination of contracts or in the performance of legal services; and all administrative expenses, reimbursable from other Government agencies: Provided further, That the distribution of administrative expenses to the accounts shall be made in accordance with generally recognized accounting principles and practices.

This title may be cited as the "Treasury Department Appropriation Act, 1962".

TITLE II—POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

CURRENT AUTHORIZATIONS OUT OF GENERAL FUND

PAYMENT FOR PUBLIC SERVICES

For payment into the postal revenues for public services, in accordance with section 104 of the Postal Policy Act of 1958 (39 U.S.C. 2303), for the loss resulting from the transmission of matter in the mails free of postage or at reduced rates, and for the additional cost of transporting mail by foreign air carriers, $62,700,000.

CONTRIBUTION TO THE POSTAL FUND

For administration and operation of the Post Office Department and the postal service, there is hereby appropriated the aggregate amount of postal revenues for the current fiscal year, as authorized by law (39 U.S.C., 2201, 2202), together with an amount equal to the difference between such revenues and the total of the appropriations hereinafter specified and the sum needed may be advanced to the Post Office Department upon requisition of the Postmaster General, for the following purposes, namely:

Citation of title.
CURRENT AUTHORIZATIONS OUT OF POSTAL FUND
ADMINISTRATION, REGIONAL OPERATION, AND RESEARCH

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary for administration of the postal service, operation of the inspection service and regional offices, uniforms or allowances therefor, as authorized by the Act of September 1, 1954, as amended (5 U.S.C. 2131), and conduct of a research and development program (including current increases made as a result of changes in plans in prior year contracts thereunder), including services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a); management studies; not to exceed $25,000 for miscellaneous and emergency expenses; rewards for information and services concerning violations of postal laws and regulations, current and prior fiscal years, in accordance with regulations of the Postmaster General in effect at the time the services are rendered or information furnished; expenses of delegates designated by the Postmaster General to attend meetings and congresses for the purpose of making postal arrangements with foreign governments pursuant to law, and not to exceed $20,000 of such expenses to be accounted for solely on the certificate of the Postmaster General; and not to exceed $20,000 for rewards for information and services as provided for herein, shall be paid in the discretion of the Postmaster General and accounted for solely on his certificate; and settlement of claims, pursuant to law, current and prior fiscal years, for damages, and for losses resulting from unavoidable casualty; $82,000,000.

OPERATIONS

For expenses necessary for postal operations, not otherwise provided for, including uniforms or allowances therefor, as authorized by the Act of September 1, 1954, as amended (5 U.S.C. 2131); for repair of vehicles owned by, or under control of, units of the National Guard and departments and agencies of the Federal Government where repairs are made necessary because of utilization of such vehicles in the postal service, and for other activities conducted by the Post Office Department pursuant to law; $3,434,000,000: Provided, That not to exceed 5 per centum of any appropriation available to the Post Office Department for the current fiscal year may be transferred, with the approval of the Bureau of the Budget, to any other such appropriation or appropriations; but the appropriation “Administration, regional operation, and research”, shall not be increased by more than $1,000,000 as a result of such transfers: Provided further, That functions financed by the appropriations available to the Post Office Department for the current fiscal year and the amounts appropriated therefor, may be transferred, in addition to the appropriation transfers otherwise authorized in this Act and with the approval of the Bureau of the Budget, between such appropriations to the extent necessary to improve administration and operations: Provided further, That Federal Reserve banks and branches may be reimbursed for expenditures as fiscal agents of the United States on account of Post Office Department operations.

TRANSPORTATION

For payments for transportation of domestic and foreign mails by air, land, and water transportation facilities, including current and prior fiscal years settlements with foreign countries for handling of mail, $590,000,000.
AN ACT
To authorize the Secretary of the Army to adjust the legislative jurisdiction exercised by the United States over lands within the Fort Sheridan Military Reservation, Illinois.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA IN CONGRESS ASSEMBLED, That notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of the Army may, at such times as he may deem desirable, relinquish to the State of Illinois all, or such portion as he may deem desirable for relinquishment, of the jurisdiction heretofore acquired by the United States over any lands within the Fort Sheridan Military Reservation, Illinois, reserving to the United States such concurrent or partial jurisdiction as he may deem necessary. Relinquishment of jurisdiction under the authority of this Act may be made by filing with the Governor of the State of Illinois a notice of such relinquishment, which shall take effect upon acceptance thereof by the State of Illinois in such manner as its laws may prescribe.

Public Law 87-161

JOINT RESOLUTION
To provide for recognition of the centennial of the establishment of the Department of Agriculture, and for other purposes.

Whereas May 15, 1962, marks the centennial of legislation establishing the United States Department of Agriculture; and
Whereas such Act is a landmark in agricultural and legislative history; and
Whereas the research, service, and educational work of the United States Department of Agriculture has over the years resulted in great benefits to the American people through increased efficiency in the production, utilization, and marketing of agricultural products essential to the health and welfare of our people and through the promotion of a sound and prosperous agriculture and rural life indispensable to the maintenance of maximum employment and national prosperity; and
Whereas during the hundred years since the establishment of the Department of Agriculture a significant factor in producing the unparalleled agricultural revolution which has taken place in this Nation has been the cooperation between the United States Department of Agriculture and the national system of land-grant universities and colleges which was inaugurated under the first Morrill Act of July 2, 1862, and this historical anniversary will also be observed during the same year: Now, therefore, be it
Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That it is fitting and proper to commemorate the centennial of the establishment of the Department of Agriculture by appropriate celebration; that the President is authorized and requested to issue a proclamation designating 1962 as the centennial year of the establishment of the United States Department of Agriculture; that such centennial be otherwise appropriately recognized and commemorated; that the Department of Agriculture in its centennial observances may cooperate with land-grant universities and colleges and other appropriate organizations and individuals; and that the historical and present close cooperative relationship with the national system of land-grant universities and colleges be recognized in connection with such centennial.


Public Law 87-162

AN ACT
Granting the consent of Congress to the compact or agreement between the States of North Dakota and Minnesota with respect to the boundary between such States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of Congress is hereby given to the compact or agreement between the States of North Dakota and Minnesota with respect to the boundary between such States as set forth in the Act of North Dakota designated as house bill numbered 587, as approved by the Governor of such State on February 4, 1961, and as set forth in chapter 236, session laws 1961 of the State of Minnesota.

Sec. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is expressly reserved.

JOINT RESOLUTION

To provide for recognition of the centennial of the establishment of the national system of land-grant universities and colleges.

Whereas July 2, 1962, marks the centennial of the first Morrill Act granting public lands to States and territories in support of colleges to emphasize branches of learning relating to agriculture and mechanical arts, including other scientific and classical studies and military tactics; and

Whereas the Act completed the breakaway of American higher education from the tradition of limited educational opportunity, restricted by heredity, occupation, or money, and opened wide the doors of college to all with the ability and will to learn; and

Whereas the land-grant institutions located in the fifty States and Commonwealth of Puerto Rico carry research and teaching from the campus to farms and industries and the citizenry of these States and Commonwealth, seeking solutions to economic, social, and physical ills, and enriching the cultural life of the people; and

Whereas the land-grant universities and colleges today enroll approximately 20 per centum of the country's college population and grant 40 per centum of all doctorate degrees; approximately half of the doctorate degrees in the physical sciences, engineering, and the health professions, 25 per centum in the arts and languages, in business, commerce, and educational training, and all of the doctorates in agriculture; and

Whereas the land-grant system of universities and colleges has become the Nation's largest single source of trained and educated manpower and now contributes more than half the Nation's trained scientists and nearly half of all Regular and Reserve officers entering the Armed Forces through the military programs of civilian institutions; and

Whereas May 15, 1962, marks the centennial of the establishment of the United States Department of Agriculture and this department and the land-grant universities and colleges have historically maintained and currently maintain close cooperative relationship which have been a significant factor in producing the unparalleled agricultural revolution that has taken place in this Nation; and

Whereas the land-grant universities and colleges maintain close working relationships with the United States Departments of Commerce, Defense, Health, Education, and Welfare, Interior, Labor, and State; the United States Information Agency; the International Cooperation Administration; and other agencies and departments of the Government: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That it is fitting and proper to commemorate the centennial of this historic Act of Congress by appropriate celebration; that the President is authorized and requested to issue a proclamation recognizing the centennial of the establishment of the land-grant system of universities and colleges and to provide for suitable cooperation of agencies of the Government with the land-grant universities and colleges throughout the period of the centennial observance; that such centennial otherwise appropriately be celebrated; and that the historical and present close cooperative relationship with the departments and establishments of the Government be recognized in connection with such celebration.

Public Law 87-164

AN ACT

To provide travel and transportation allowances for members of the National Guard and reserve components when travel is performed in an active duty or inactive duty training status in compliance with Federal directives.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 501(b) of the Career Compensation Act of 1949, as amended, is amended by striking out the words “furnished with transportation to and from such duty, with subsistence en route” in the first sentence and inserting the words “authorized the travel and transportation allowances prescribed in section 303(a) of this Act for travel performed to and from such duty” in place thereof.


Public Law 87-165

AN ACT

To amend title 10, United States Code, to permit the crediting of certain minority service for the purpose of determining eligibility for retirement, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That chapter 53 of title 10, United States Code, is amended as follows:

(1) By adding the following new section at the end thereof:

“§ 1039. Crediting of minority service

“For the purpose of determining eligibility for retirement or transfer to the Fleet Reserve or Fleet Marine Corps Reserve, entitlement to retired or retainer pay, and years of service in computing retired or retainer pay of a member of the armed forces, any service which would be creditable but for the fact that it was performed by him under an enlistment or induction entered into before he attained the age prescribed by law for that enlistment or induction, shall be credited.”

(2) By adding the following item at the end of the analysis:

“1039. Crediting of minority service.”

Sec. 2. Section 1 applies to service performed, and retirements or transfers to the Fleet Reserve or the Fleet Marine Corps Reserve effected, before and after this Act takes effect.


Public Law 87-166

AN ACT

To authorize the Secretary of the Army to reconvey to the town of Malone, New York, certain real property heretofore donated by said town to the United States of America as an Army Reserve Center and never used by the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Army is hereby authorized and directed to reconvey by quitclaim deed to the town of Malone, New York, the four acres of land and appurtenant easements conveyed on July 26, 1956, and September 17, 1958, by said town to the United States of America as the site for a United States Army Reserve Center and never used for that purpose.

Public Law 87-167

AN ACT

To implement the provisions of the International Convention for the Prevention of the Pollution of the Sea by Oil, 1954.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act, to implement the provisions of the International Convention for the Prevention of the Pollution of the Sea by Oil, 1954, may be cited as the "Oil Pollution Act, 1961".

Sec. 2. Definitions.—As used in this Act, unless the context otherwise requires—
(a) The term "convention" means the International Convention for the Prevention of the Pollution of the Sea by Oil, 1954;
(b) The term "discharge" in relation to oil or to an oily mixture means any discharge or escape howsoever caused;
(c) The term "heavy diesel oil" means marine diesel oil, other than those distillates of which more than 50 per centum, by volume distills at a temperature not exceeding three hundred and forty degrees centigrade when tested by American Society for the Testing of Materials standard method D. 158/53;
(d) The term "mile" means a nautical mile of six thousand and eighty feet or one thousand eight hundred and fifty-two meters;
(e) The term "oil" means persistent oils, such as crude oil, fuel oil, heavy diesel oil, and lubricating oil. For the purposes of this legislation, the oil in an oily mixture of less than one hundred parts of oil in one million parts of the mixture, shall not be deemed to foul the surface of the sea;
(f) The term "person" means an individual, partnership, corporation, or association; and any owner, operator, agent, master, officer, or employee of a ship;
(g) The term "prohibited zones" means the zones described in section 12 of this Act as modified by notices, if any, of extension or reduction issued by the Secretary;
(h) The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Army;
(i) The term "ship" means a seagoing ship of American registry except—
1. ships for the time being used as naval auxiliaries;
2. ships of under five hundred tons gross tonnage;
3. ships for the time being engaged in the whaling industry;
4. ships for the time being navigating the Great Lakes of North America and their connecting and tributary waters as far east as the lower exit of the Lachine Canal at Montreal in the Province of Quebec, Canada.

Sec. 3. (a) Subject to the provisions of sections 4 and 5, the discharge by any person from any ship, which is a tanker, within any of the prohibited zones of oil or any oily mixture the oil in which fouls the surface of the sea, shall be unlawful.
(b) Subject to the provisions of sections 4 and 5, any discharge by any person into the sea from a ship, other than a tanker, of oily ballast water or tank washings shall be made as far as practicable from land. As from July 26, 1961, paragraph (a) of this section shall apply to ships other than tankers as it applies to tankers, except that the prohibited zones in relation to ships other than tankers shall be those referred to in the schedule.

Sec. 4. Section 3 shall not apply to—
(a) the discharge of oil or of an oily mixture from a ship for the purpose of securing the safety of the ship, preventing damage to the ship or cargo, or saving life at sea; or
(b) the escape of oil, or of an oily mixture, resulting from
damage to the ship or unavoidable leakage, if all reasonable pre-
cautions have been taken after the occurrence of the damage or
discovery of the leakage for the purpose of preventing or mini-
mizing the escape;
(c) the discharge of sediment—
   (i) which cannot be pumped from the cargo tanks of
tankers by reason of its solidity; or
   (ii) which is residue arising from the purification or
   clarification of oil fuel or lubricating oil,
Provided. That such discharge is made as far from land as is
practicable.
Sec. 5. Section 3 shall not apply to the discharge from the bilges
of a ship—
   (a) of any oily mixture, during the period of twelve months
   after the United States accepts the convention;
   (b) after the expiration of such period, of an oily mixture
   containing no oil other than lubricating oil.
Sec. 6. Any person who violates any provision of this Act, except
sections 8(b) and 9, or any regulation prescribed in pursuance there-
of, is guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be punished
by a fine not exceeding $2,500 nor less than $500, or by imprisonment
not exceeding one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment, for
each offense. And any ship (other than a ship owned and operated
by the United States) from which oil is discharged in violation of
this Act, or any regulation prescribed in pursuance thereof, shall be
liable for the pecuniary penalty specified in this section, and clear-
ance of such ship from a port of the United States may be withheld
until the penalty is paid, and said penalty shall constitute a lien on
such ship which may be recovered in proceedings by libel in rem in
the district court of the United States for any district within which
the ship may be.
Sec. 7. The Coast Guard may, subject to the provisions of section
4450 of the Revised Statutes, as amended (46 U.S.C. 239), suspend or
revoke a license issued to the master or other licensed officer of any
ship found violating the provisions of this Act or the regulations
issued pursuant thereto.
Sec. 8. (a) In the administration of sections 1–12 of this Act,
the Secretary may make use of the organization, equipment, and agen-
cies, including engineering, clerical, and other personnel, employed
under his direction in the improvement of rivers and harbors and in
the enforcement of laws for the improvement of rivers and harbors
and in the enforcement of laws for the preservation and protection
of navigable waters. For the better enforcement of the provisions
of said sections, the officers and agents of the United States in charge
of river and harbor improvements and persons employed under them
by authority of the Secretary, and officers and employees of the
Bureau of Customs and the Coast Guard, shall have power and
authority and it shall be their duty to swear out process and to arrest
and take into custody, with or without process, any person who may
violate any of said provisions: Provided, That no person shall be
arrested without process for a violation not committed in the presence
of some one of the aforesaid officials: And provided further, That
whenever any arrest is made under the provisions of said sections the
person so arrested shall be brought forthwith before a commissioner,
judge, or court of the United States for examination of the offenses
alleged against him; and such commissioner, judge, or court shall pro-
cceed in respect thereto as authorized by law in cases of crimes against
the United States. Representatives of the Secretary and of the
Oil record book.

Regulations.

Prohibited zones.

Tankers.

Exceptions.

Bureau of Customs and Coast Guard of the United States may go on board and inspect any ship in a prohibited zone or in a port of the United States as may be necessary for enforcement of this Act.

(b) To implement article VII of the convention, ship fittings and equipment, and operating requirements thereof, shall be in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary of the Department in which the Coast Guard is operating. Any person found violating these regulations shall, in addition to any other penalty prescribed by law, be subject to a civil penalty not in excess of $100.

Sec. 9. (a) There shall be carried in every ship an oil record book in the form specified in section 13 of this Act. In the event of discharge or escape of oil from a ship in a prohibited zone, a signed statement shall be made in the oil record book, by the officer or officers in charge of the operations concerned and by the master of the ship, of the circumstances of and the reason for the discharge or escape.

(b) If any person fails to comply with the requirements imposed by or under this section, he shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding $1,000 nor less than $500 and if any person makes an entry in any records kept in accordance with this Act which is to his knowledge false or misleading in any material particular, he shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding $1,000 nor less than $500 or imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months, or both.

Sec. 10. The Secretary may make regulations for the administration of sections 3, 4, 5, 8(a), and 9.

Sec. 11. (a) The Secretary may make regulations empowering such persons as may be designated to go on board any ship to which the convention applies, while the ship is within the territorial jurisdiction of the United States, and to require production of any records required to be kept in accordance with the convention.

(b) Should evidence be obtained that a ship registered in another country party to the convention has discharged oil in any prohibited zone, such evidence should be forwarded to the State Department for action in accordance with article X of the convention.

Sec. 12. (a) Subject to paragraph (c) of this section, the prohibited zones in relation to tankers shall be all sea areas within fifty miles from land, with the following exceptions:

(1) The Adriatic zones.—Within the Adriatic Sea the prohibited zones off the coasts of Italy and Yugoslavia respectively shall each extend for a distance of fifty miles from land, excepting only the island of Vis.

(2) The North Sea zone.—The North Sea Zone shall extend for a distance of one hundred miles from the coasts of the following countries—

Belgium,

Denmark,

the Federal Republic of Germany,

the Netherlands,

the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland; but not beyond the point where the limit of a one hundred-mile zone off the west coast of Jutland intersects the limit of the fifty-mile zone off the coast of Norway.

(3) The Atlantic zone.—The Atlantic Zone shall be within a line drawn from a point on the Greenwich meridian one hundred miles in a north-northeasterly direction from the Shetland Islands; thence northward along the Greenwich meridian to latitude 64 degrees north; thence westward along the 64th parallel to longitude 10 degrees west; thence to latitude 60 degrees north, longitude 14 degrees west; thence to latitude 54 degrees 30 minutes north, longitude 30 degrees west; thence to latitude 44
degrees 20 minutes north, longitude 30 degrees west; thence to latitude 48 degrees north, longitude 14 degrees west; thence eastward along the forty-eighth parallel to a point of intersection with the fifty-mile zone off the coast of France: Provided, That in relation to voyages which do not extend seaward beyond the Atlantic Zone as defined above, and which are to points not provided with adequate facilities for the reception of oily residue, the Atlantic Zone shall be deemed to terminate at a distance of one hundred miles from land.

(4) The Australian Zone.—The Australian Zone shall extend for a distance of one hundred and fifty miles from the coasts of Australia, except off the north and west coasts of the Australian mainland between the point opposite Thursday Island and the point on the west coast at 20 degrees south latitude.

(b) Subject to paragraph (c) of this section the prohibited zones in relation to ships other than tankers shall be all sea areas within fifty miles from land with the following exceptions:

(1) The Adriatic Zones.—Within the Adriatic Sea the prohibited zones off the coasts of Italy and Yugoslavia respectively shall each extend for a distance of twenty miles from land, excepting only the Island of Vis. After the expiration of a period of three years following the application of prohibited zones to ships other than tankers in accordance with section 3(b) of this Act the said zones shall each be extended by a further thirty miles in width unless the two Governments agree to postpone such extension. In the event of such an agreement, the Convention provides for notification to be given accordingly to the Intergovernmental Maritime Consultative Organization by said governments not less than three months before the expiration of such period of three years and for notification to be given to all contracting governments by the Intergovernmental Maritime Consultative Organization.

(2) The North Sea and Atlantic Zones.—The North Sea and Atlantic Zones shall extend for a distance of one hundred miles from the coasts of the following countries:

Belgium,
Denmark,
the Federal Republic of Germany,
Ireland,
the Netherlands,
the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland,

but not beyond the point where the limit of a one-hundred-mile zone off the west coast of Jutland intersects the limit of the fifty-mile zone off the coast of Norway.

(c) With respect to the reduction or extension of the zones described above effectuated under the terms of the Convention, the Secretary of the Army shall give notice thereof by publication of such information in Notices to Mariners issued by the United States Coast Guard and United States Navy.

Sec. 13. (a) The Secretary shall have printed separate booklets which set forth instructions and spaces for inserting information as follows:

(1) For Tankers.—

(A) Date of entry.

(B) Ballasting of and discharge of ballast from cargo tanks.

(i) Identity numbers of tank(s).

(ii) Type of oil previously contained in tank(s).
(iii) Date and place of ballasting.
(iv) Date and time of discharge of ballast water.
(v) Place or position of ship.
(vi) Approximate amount of oil contaminated water transferred to slop tank(s).
(vii) Identity numbers of slop tank(s).

(C) Cleaning of cargo tanks.
(i) Identity numbers of tank(s) cleaned.
(ii) Type of oil previously contained in tank(s).
(iii) Identity numbers of slop tank(s) to which washings transferred.
(iv) Dates and times of cleaning.

(D) Settling in slop tank(s) and discharge of water.
(i) Identity numbers of slop tank(s).
(ii) Period of settling (in hours).
(iii) Date and time of discharge of water.
(iv) Place or position of ship.
(v) Approximate quantities of residue.

(E) Disposal from ship of oily residues from slop tanks and other sources.
(i) Date and method of disposal.
(ii) Place or position of ship.
(iii) Sources and approximate quantities.

(F) Signature of Officer or Officers in Charge of the operations concerned and Signature of the Master.

(2) FOR SHIPS OTHER THAN TANKERS.—

(A) Date of entry.

(B) Ballasting, or cleaning during voyage, of bunker fuel tanks.
(i) Identity number of tank.
(ii) Type of oil previously contained in tank.
(iii) Date and place of ballasting.
(iv) Date and time of discharge of ballast or washing water.
(v) Place or position of ship.
(vi) Whether separator used: if so, give period of use.
(vii) Disposal of oily residue retained on board.

(C) Disposal from ship of oily residues from bunker fuel tanks and other sources.
(i) Date and method of disposal.
(ii) Place or position of ship.
(iii) Sources and approximate quantities.

(D) Signature of officer or officers in charge of the operations concerned and signature of the master.

(3) FOR ALL SHIPS.—

(A) Date of entry.

(B) Accidental and other exceptional discharges or escapes of oil.
(i) Date and time of occurrence.
(ii) Place or position of ship.
(iii) Approximate quantity and type of oil.
(iv) Circumstances of discharge or escape and general remarks.

(C) Signature of office or officers in charge of the operations concerned and signature of the master.

(b) The booklet shall be furnished free to all seagoing ships of American registry subject to this Act. The provisions of section 140 of title 5, United States Code shall not apply. The ownership of the
booklet shall remain in the United States Government. This booklet shall be available for inspection as provided in this Act and for surrender to the United States Government pursuant to regulations of the Secretary.

Sec. 14. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act.

Sec. 15. If a provision of this Act or the application of such provision to any person or circumstances shall be held invalid, the remainder of the Act and the application of such provision to persons or circumstances other than those to which it is held invalid shall not be affected thereby.

Sec. 16. Nothing in this Act or in regulations issued hereunder shall be construed to modify or amend the provisions of the Oil Pollution Act, 1924 (33 U.S.C. 431-437), or of section 89 of title 14, United States Code.

Sec. 17. This Act shall become effective upon the date of its enactment or upon the date the United States becomes a party to the convention, whichever is the later date.

Approved August 30, 1961.

Public Law 87-168

AN ACT

To approve the amendatory repayment contract negotiated with the Huntley Project Irrigation District, Montana, to authorize its execution, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the contract with the Huntley Project Irrigation District, which was negotiated by the Secretary of the Interior pursuant to subsection (a) of section 7 of the Reclamation Project Act of 1939 (53 Stat. 1187) and approved as to form by the Department of the Interior on November 20, 1959, is hereby approved for execution, and the Secretary is authorized to execute and perform the same on behalf of the United States.

Sec. 2. The 1956 reclassification of lands of the Huntley Project Irrigation District is approved.

Sec. 3. There shall be deducted from the total cost of the Huntley project and from the construction charge obligation of the Huntley Project Irrigation District, contingent upon execution of the contract with the Huntley Project Irrigation District, approved in section 1 hereof, the amount of the unmatured construction charges against the two thousand five hundred and thirty acres found to be permanently unproductive by the 1956 reclassification of lands.

Sec. 4. All costs and expenses incurred by the United States in negotiating and completing the contract approved under section 1 of this Act and in making the investigations in connection therewith shall not exceed the sum of $13,000, and shall, contingent upon the final confirmation and execution of that contract, be nonreimbursable and nonreturnable under the Federal reclamation laws.

Sec. 5. This Act is declared to be a part of the Federal reclamation laws as those laws are defined in the Reclamation Project Act of 1939, supra.

Approved August 30, 1961.
Public Law 87-169

JOINT RESOLUTION

Authorized the Secretary of the Interior during the calendar year 1962 to continue to deliver water to lands in certain irrigation districts in the State of Washington.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That pending completion of the amendatory repayment contracts with the Quincy-Columbia Basin Irrigation District, the East Columbia Basin Irrigation District, and the South Columbia Basin Irrigation District, State of Washington, to the extent the Secretary of the Interior during the calendar year 1962 constructs necessary drainage facilities on the Columbia Basin project which are charged as a part of the cost of operation and maintenance as provided in the third sentence of article 7 of the existing repayment contracts with said districts, the Secretary is authorized to the extent of costs thereof to waive the provisions of articles 30(a) and 30(b) of said contracts and to deliver water during the calendar year 1962.

Approved August 30, 1961.

Public Law 87-170

AN ACT

To amend the Watershed Protection and Flood Prevention Act to permit certain new organizations to sponsor works of improvement thereunder.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the last paragraph of section 2 of the Watershed Protection and Flood Prevention Act is amended by inserting immediately before the period at the end thereof the following: "; or any irrigation or reservoir company, water users' association, or similar organization having such authority and not being operated for profit that may be approved by the Secretary”.

Approved August 30, 1961.

Public Law 87-171

AN ACT

To extend the application of the Federal Boating Act of 1958 to the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and Guam.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Federal Boating Act of 1958 (72 Stat. 1754; 46 U.S.C. 527-527h) is amended as follows:

(1) Paragraph numbered (5) of section 2 is amended to read:

“(5) The term ‘State’ means a State of the United States, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam and the District of Columbia.”

(2) Sections 3(a), 8(c), and 13 are amended by striking out the words “its Territories” and substituting the words “the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam” in place thereof.

Approved August 30, 1961.
Public Law 87-172

AN ACT

To amend the Defense Department Overseas Teachers Pay and Personnel Practices Act, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 7(d) of the Defense Department Overseas Teachers Pay and Personnel Practices Act (5 U.S.C. 2355 (d)) is amended by inserting after the words “he shall”, the words “, except for reasons beyond his control and acceptable to the Department of Defense,”.

SEC. 2. Section 7 of the Administrative Expenses Act of 1946, as amended (5 U.S.C. 73b-3), is amended by inserting in the first proviso after the words “his appointment”, and in the second proviso after the word “concerned”, the words “or, in the case of a person employed in a teaching position (other than as a substitute) in the Department of Defense under the Defense Department Overseas Teachers Pay and Personnel Practices Act (5 U.S.C. 2351, and the following), for a minimum period of one school year as determined under such Act,”.

Approved August 30, 1961.

Public Law 87-173

AN ACT

To provide for the construction of a shellfisheries research center at Milford, Connecticut.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior, acting through the United States Fish and Wildlife Service, is authorized and directed to construct at Milford, Connecticut, a research center for shellfisheries production and for such purpose acquire such real property as may be necessary. Such research center shall consist of research facilities, a pilot hatchery including rearing tanks and ponds, and a training school, and shall be used for the conduct of basic research on the physiology and ecology of commercial shellfish, the development of hatchery methods for cultivation of mollusks, including the development of principles that can be applied to the utilization of artificial and natural salt water ponds for shellfish culture, and to train persons in the most advanced methods of shellfish culture.

SEC. 2. There is authorized to be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, not to exceed $1,325,000 to carry out this Act.

Approved August 30, 1961.

Public Law 87-174

AN ACT

To amend the Atomic Energy Community Act of 1955.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Atomic Energy Community Act of 1955 is amended in the following respect: Amend section 53c. by striking therefrom the words “one year” and substituting in place thereof the words “ninety days”.

Approved August 30, 1961.
Public Law 87-175

AN ACT

To authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to exchange certain lands in the State of Wyoming with the town of Afton, Wyoming.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized to convey by quitclaim deed the following described tract of land situated in Lincoln County, Wyoming: Commencing at a point which is 6 rods east and 10 rods north from the southwest corner of lot 4, block 20, of the Afton, Wyoming, townsite; thence east 4 rods, thence north 5 rods, thence west 4 rods, thence south 5 rods to the point of beginning, containing 0.125 acre, subject to the reservation of an easement for a right-of-way for a road, 1 rod in width, across the north side of said tract.

(b) In exchange for the land to be conveyed pursuant to the provisions of subsection (a) the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized to accept on behalf of the United States the conveyance in fee simple, subject to such outstanding rights and reservations as he determines will not interfere with the purposes for which the land is being acquired, of other land in the State of Wyoming: Provided. That the value of the land to be conveyed to the United States shall be not less than the value of the land granted in exchange as determined by the Secretary of Agriculture.

Approved August 30, 1961.

Public Law 87-176

AN ACT

To authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to convey a certain parcel of land to the town of Tellico Plains, Tennessee.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized and directed to convey by quitclaim deed to the town of Tellico Plains, Tennessee, all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to a certain tract of land, together with any improvements thereon, consisting of approximately 0.20 of an acre, in the town of Tellico Plains, Tennessee, known as the Fred Lee tract (621), such tract, which is no longer required by the United States Forest Service, having been previously conveyed by such town to the United States without consideration (by deed dated June 16, 1931) for use by the United States Forest Service.

Approved August 30, 1961.

Public Law 87-177

AN ACT

Relating to documentation and inspection of vessels of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, for the purposes of the laws of the United States relating to documentation and inspection of vessels of the United States, a vessel enrolled and licensed, or licensed as a vessel of the United States to engage in the fishery, shall not be deemed to be used in employment for which not licensed, and shall not be considered as engaged in the transportation
of freight for hire, solely because such vessel occasionally takes on board on the high seas and transports without a monetary consideration to a port of the United States, the catch of another fishing vessel of the United States.

Approved August 30, 1961.

Public Law 87-178

AN ACT
To amend the Act of March 24, 1948, which establishes special requirements governing the selection of superintendents of national cemeteries.

August 30, 1961
[S. 1492]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 1 of the Act of March 24, 1948 (ch. 143, 62 Stat. 84; 24 U.S.C. 275) is amended to read as follows: “Superintendents of national cemeteries shall be selected from among meritorious and trustworthy persons who served in the Armed Forces of the United States, and who either were retired for physical disability, or were discharged or released therefrom under honorable conditions and are entitled to receive compensation for disability under the laws administered by the Veterans’ Administration.”

Approved August 30, 1961.

Public Law 87-179

AN ACT
To amend the Act entitled “An Act to authorize the Commodity Credit Corporation to donate dairy products and other agricultural commodities for use in home economics courses”, approved September 13, 1960 (74 Stat. 899), in order to permit the use of donated foods under certain circumstances for training college students.

August 30, 1961
[S. 1873]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act entitled “An Act to authorize the Commodity Credit Corporation to donate dairy products and other agricultural commodities for use in home economics courses”, approved September 13, 1960 (74 Stat. 899), is amended by striking out the period at the end of such Act and inserting in lieu thereof a comma and the following: “including college students if the same facilities and instructors are used for training both high school and college students in home economics courses.”

Approved August 30, 1961.

Public Law 87-180

AN ACT
To retrocede to North Carolina jurisdiction over the southern, eastbound lanes of North Carolina Highway 24, and the eastern, northbound lanes of United States Highway 17, as these highways traverse and parallel Camp Lejeune, North Carolina.

August 30, 1961
[S. 2079]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there is hereby granted to the State of North Carolina a retrocession of jurisdiction over the area within Camp Lejeune, North Carolina, utilized by the State of North Carolina for the southern, eastbound lanes of North
Carolina Highway 24, as specifically referred to in Document Numbered NOy (R)-49273, and over the area within Camp Lejeune, North Carolina, utilized by the State of North Carolina for the eastern, northbound lanes of United States Highway 17, as specifically referred to in Document Numbered NOy (R)-65515, to the extent that all laws of the State, as well as all laws of the United States, shall be applicable thereon and the United States and the State shall exercise concurrent jurisdiction thereover.

Sec. 2. The retrocession of jurisdiction provided for in the first section of this Act shall take effect upon acceptance thereof by the Legislature of the State of North Carolina.

Approved August 30, 1961.

Public Law 87-181

AN ACT

To amend the Act granting the consent of Congress to the negotiation of certain compacts by the States of Nebraska, Wyoming, and South Dakota in order to extend the time for such negotiation.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the last sentence of the Act entitled "An Act granting the consent of Congress to the negotiation by the States of Nebraska, Wyoming, and South Dakota of certain compacts with respect to the use of waters common to two or more of said States", approved August 5, 1953 (67 Stat. 365), as amended, is amended by striking out "eight years" and inserting in lieu thereof "ten years".

Approved August 30, 1961.

Public Law 87-182

JOINT RESOLUTION

Making continuing appropriations for the fiscal year 1962, and for other purposes.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That clause (c) of section 102 of the joint resolution of June 30, 1961 (Public Law 87-65), is hereby amended by striking out "August 31, 1961" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1961".

Sec. 2. The amounts appropriated by subsection (b) of section 101 of Public Law 87-65 are hereby increased as follows:

Area redevelopment programs, administrative expenses from "$400,000" to "$600,000"; Mutual security programs from "$485,000,000" to "$665,000,000"; and Payment to the Federal extended compensation account from "$45,000,000" to "$70,000,000".

Approved August 30, 1961.
Public Law 87-183

AN ACT

To amend section 1732(b) of title 28, United States Code, to permit the photographic reproduction of business records held in a custodial or fiduciary capacity and the introduction of the same in evidence.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That subsection (b) of section 1732, title 28, United States Code, is amended by striking out the words "unless held in a custodial or fiduciary capacity or" in the first sentence of such subsection.

Approved August 30, 1961.

Public Law 87-184

AN ACT

To authorize modification of the project Mississippi River between Missouri River and Minneapolis, Minnesota, damage to levee and drainage districts, with particular reference to the Kings Lake Drainage District, Missouri.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the project for the Mississippi River between Missouri River and Minneapolis, Minnesota, "Damage to Levee and Drainage Districts," House Document Numbered 135, Eighty-fourth Congress, authorized by the Rivers and Harbors Act of July 3, 1958, Public Law 500, Eighty-fifth Congress, is hereby modified to provide for a lump-sum payment to the Kings Lake Drainage District, Missouri, in lieu of payments to individual landowners for flowage easements.

Approved August 30, 1961.

Public Law 87-185

AN ACT

To authorize acceptance of an amendment to the articles of agreement of the International Finance Corporation permitting investment in capital stock.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 5 of the International Finance Corporation Act (22 U.S.C. 282c) is amended by adding immediately after the first sentence thereof the following: "The United States Governor of the Corporation is authorized to agree to an amendment to article III of the articles of agreement of the Corporation to authorize the Corporation to make investments of its funds in capital stock and to limit the exercise of voting rights by the Corporation unless exercise of such rights is deemed necessary by the Corporation to protect its interests, as proposed in the resolution submitted by the Board of Directors on February 20, 1961."

Approved August 30, 1961.
Public Law 87-186

AN ACT

To establish a National Armed Forces Museum Advisory Board of the Smithsonian Institution, to authorize expansion of the Smithsonian Institution's facilities for portraying the contributions of the Armed Forces of the United States, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) there is hereby established in the Smithsonian Institution a National Armed Forces Museum Advisory Board (hereinafter referred to as the Board), which shall provide advice and assistance to the Regents of the Smithsonian Institution on matters concerned with the portrayal of the contributions which the Armed Forces of the United States have made to American society and culture.

(b) The Board shall be composed of eleven members, as follows:

(1) The Secretary of Defense, who shall serve as an ex officio member;

(2) The Secretary of the Smithsonian Institution, who shall serve as an ex officio member;

(3) Nine members appointed by the President, (A) three of whom shall be appointed from persons recommended by the Secretary of Defense to represent the Armed Forces, and (B) two of whom shall be appointed from among persons recommended by the Regents of the Smithsonian Institution. Not less than two members appointed by the President shall be from civilian life.

(c) Members of the Board appointed by the President shall be appointed to serve for a period of six years; except that any member appointed to fill a vacancy occurring prior to the expiration of the term for which his predecessor was appointed shall be appointed for the remainder of such term and the terms of office of the members first appointed shall expire, as designated by the President at the time of appointment, three at the end of two years, three at the end of four years, and three at the end of six years.

(d) Five members of the Board shall constitute a quorum and any vacancy in the Board shall not affect its power to function.

(e) The members of the Board shall serve without compensation but shall be reimbursed for travel, subsistence, and other necessary expenses incurred by them in the performance of their duties as members of the Board.

(f) The Board shall select officers from among its members biennially and shall make such bylaws, rules, and regulations as it deems necessary for the furtherance of its business.

Sec. 2. (a) The Smithsonian Institution shall commemorate and display the contributions made by the military forces of the Nation toward creating, developing, and maintaining a free, peaceful, and independent society and culture in the United States of America. The valor and sacrificial service of the men and women of the Armed Forces shall be portrayed as an inspiration to the present and future generations of America. The demands placed upon the full energies of our people, the hardships endured, and the sacrifice demanded in our constant search for world peace shall be clearly demonstrated. The extensive peacetime contributions the Armed Forces have made to the advance of human knowledge in science, nuclear energy, polar and space exploration, electronics, engineering, aeronautics, and medicine shall be graphically described. The Smithsonian Institution shall interpret through dramatic display significant current problems affecting the Nation's security. It shall be equipped with a study center for scholarly research into the meaning of war, its effect on
civilization, and the role of the Armed Forces in maintaining a just and lasting peace by providing a powerful deterrent to war. In fulfilling its purposes, the Smithsonian Institution shall collect, preserve, and exhibit military objects of historical interest and significance.

(b) The provisions of this Act in no way rescind Public Law 722, Seventy-ninth Congress, approved August 12, 1946, which established the National Air Museum of the Smithsonian Institution, or any other authority of the Smithsonian Institution.

Sec. 3. (a) The Board of Regents of the Smithsonian Institution is authorized and directed, with the advice and assistance of the Board, to investigate and survey lands and buildings in and near the District of Columbia suitable for the display of military collections. The Board of Regents of the Smithsonian Institution shall, after consulting with and seeking the advice of the Commission on Fine Arts, the National Capital Planning Commission, and the General Services Administration, submit recommendations to the Congress with respect to the acquisition of lands and buildings for such purpose.

(b) Buildings acquired pursuant to recommendations made under subsection (a) of this section shall be used to house public exhibits and study collections that are not appropriate for the military exhibits of the Smithsonian Institution on the Mall in the District of Columbia. Facilities shall be provided for the display of large military objects and for the reconstruction, in an appropriate way, on lands acquired pursuant to recommendations made under subsection (a) of this section, of exhibits showing the nature of fortifications, trenches, and other military and naval facilities characteristic of the American colonial period, the War of the Revolution, and subsequent American military and naval operations.

Sec. 4. The heads of executive departments and independent agencies of the Government are authorized to transfer or loan to the Smithsonian Institution for its use without charge therefor military, naval, aeronautical, and space objects, equipment and records for exhibition, historical, or other appropriate purposes.

Sec. 5. There are hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Smithsonian Institution such sums as may be necessary for the purposes of this Act.

Approved August 30, 1961.

Public Law 87-187

AN ACT

To simplify the payment of certain miscellaneous judgments and the payment of certain compromise settlements.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 2414 of title 28 of the United States Code is amended to read:

§2414. Payment of judgments and compromise settlements

"Payment of final judgments rendered by a district court against the United States shall be made on settlements by the General Accounting Office. Payment of final judgments rendered by a State or foreign court or tribunal against the United States, or against its agencies or officials upon obligations or liabilities of the United States, shall be made on settlements by the General Accounting Office after certification by the Attorney General that it is in the interest of the United States to pay the same."
"Whenever the Attorney General determines that no appeal shall be taken from a judgment or that no further review will be sought from a decision affirming the same, he shall so certify and the judgment shall be deemed final.

"Except as otherwise provided by law, compromise settlements of claims referred to the Attorney General for defense of imminent litigation or suits against the United States, or against its agencies or officials upon obligations or liabilities of the United States, made by the Attorney General or any person authorized by him, shall be settled and paid in a manner similar to judgments in like causes and appropriations or funds available for the payment of such judgments are hereby made available for the payment of such compromise settlements."

Sec. 2. The last item in the analysis of chapter 161 of such title is amended to read:

"2414. Payment of judgments and compromise settlements."

Sec. 3. Section 1302 of the Act of July 27, 1956 (70 Stat. 694; 31 U.S.C. 724a), is amended by deleting the words "judgments (not in excess of $100,000 in any one case) rendered by the district courts and the Court of Claims against the United States which have become final" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "final judgments and compromise settlements (not in excess of $100,000, or its equivalent in foreign currencies at the time of payment, in any one case) which are payable in accordance with the terms of sections 2414 or 2517 of title 28, United States Code".

Approved August 30, 1961.

Public Law 87-188

To provide for advances of pay to members of the armed services in cases of emergency evacuation of military dependents from overseas areas and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act of October 5, 1949, chapter 600 (63 Stat. 703; 37 U.S.C. 310c), is amended by inserting the following section after section 1:

"Sec. 2. Subject to regulations to be prescribed by the heads of the departments concerned, advances of pay to members of the armed services on duty at a place outside the United States, or such other place as the President may designate, may be made directly to dependents previously designated by the member in the event such dependents are ordered evacuated by competent authority. Advances of pay under this section are not subject to the conditions under which advances of pay are authorized in section 1 of this Act but may be made only if all military dependents are ordered evacuated from the place where the member's dependents are located and the amount of advance pay may not exceed two months' basic pay of the member concerned."

Sec. 2. Section 2 of the Act of October 5, 1949, chapter 600 (63 Stat. 704; 37 U.S.C. 310d), is redesignated as "section 3" and is amended by striking out "section 1" and inserting "sections 1 and 2" in place thereof.

Sec. 3. Section 3 of the Act of October 5, 1949, chapter 600 (63 Stat. 704), is redesignated as "section 4".

Approved August 30, 1961.
Public Law 87-189

AN ACT

To eliminate the right of appeal from the Supreme Court of Puerto Rico to the Court of Appeals for the First Circuit.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That chapter 81 of title 28, United States Code, is amended by inserting therein immediately after section 1257 of such title an additional section reading as follows:

"§ 1258. Supreme Court of Puerto Rico; appeal; certiorari

"Final judgments or decrees rendered by the Supreme Court of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico may be reviewed by the Supreme Court as follows:

"(1) By appeal, where is drawn in question the validity of a treaty or statute of the United States and the decision is against its validity.

"(2) By appeal, where is drawn in question the validity of a statute of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico on the ground of its being repugnant to the Constitution, treaties, or laws of the United States, and the decision is in favor of its validity.

"(3) By writ of certiorari, where the validity of a treaty or statute of the United States is drawn in question or where the validity of a statute of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico is drawn in question on the ground of its being repugnant to the Constitution, treaties, or laws of the United States, or where any title, right, privilege, or immunity is specially set up or claimed under the Constitution, treaties, or statutes of, or commission held or authority exercised under, the United States."

Sec. 2. The analysis of chapter 81 of title 28, United States Code, immediately preceding section 1251 of such title, is amended by inserting at the end thereof immediately following item 1257 an additional item, reading as follows:

"1258. Supreme Court of Puerto Rico; appeal; certiorari."

Sec. 3. Section 1293 of title 28, United States Code, is repealed:

Provided, That such repeal shall not deprive the Court of Appeals for the First Circuit of jurisdiction to hear and determine appeals taken to that court from the Supreme Court of Puerto Rico before the effective date of this Act.

Sec. 4. Item 1293 is stricken from the analysis of chapter 83 of title 28, United States Code, immediately preceding section 1291 of such title.

Sec. 5. Section 1294 of title 28, United States Code, is amended by striking out paragraph (4) thereof reading as follows:

"(4) From the Supreme Court of Puerto Rico, to the Court of Appeals for the First Circuit;"

and by renumbering paragraph (5) thereof as paragraph (4).

Approved August 30, 1961.
AN ACT
To dissolve Federal Facilities Corporation, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, subject to the provisions of section 2 of this Act, the Administrator of General Services is hereby designated to administer the contracts of sale of the Government-owned rubber producing facilities made pursuant to the Rubber Producing Facilities Disposal Act of 1953 (67 Stat. 414), as amended, and to administer other matters involving the Rubber Producing Facilities Disposal Commission, including the exercise of all powers and authority conferred upon the said Commission by section 6 of the Act of March 21, 1956 (70 Stat. 51, 53), and also including the winding up of the affairs of the Commission. The said contracts are hereby transferred from Federal Facilities Corporation to the Administrator of General Services.

Sec. 2. The administration of the national security clause contained in the contracts of sale referred to in section 1 of this Act shall be carried out in accordance with the needs and requirements of the national defense as determined by the Secretary of Defense.

Sec. 3. The records and the remaining assets and liabilities of the Rubber Producing Facilities Disposal Commission are hereby transferred from Federal Facilities Corporation to the Administrator of General Services for use of the Administrator in connection with the administration or performance of his functions and duties under sections 1 and 2 of this Act, or for other disposition as may be determined, consonant with law, by the Administrator.

Sec. 4. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the books of account, records, documents, property, assets and liabilities of every kind and nature, including, but not limited to, all funds, notes (and accrued interest thereon), mortgages, deeds of trust, contracts, commitments, claims, and causes of action, of Federal Facilities Corporation are transferred to the Administrator of General Services for liquidation and, in connection therewith, there are also transferred to the Administrator, notwithstanding the provisions of section 6 of this Act, all functions, powers, duties, authority, rights, and immunities now vested in, or available or applicable to, the Corporation which shall be performed, exercised, and administered by the Administrator in the same manner and to the same extent as if the same were performed, exercised, and administered by the Corporation. The Administrator shall assume and be subject, in his official capacity, to all liabilities and commitments, whether arising out of contract or otherwise, of the Corporation but he shall pay into the Treasury, as miscellaneous receipts, all future receipts and all remaining funds of the Corporation transferred to, or received by, him pursuant to this Act.

(b) Any obligation of General Services Administration to Federal Facilities Corporation existing by virtue of the provisions of section 5(b) of the joint resolution, "To authorize the disposal of the Government-owned tin smelter at Texas City, Texas, and for other purposes", approved June 22, 1956 (Public Law 608, Eighty-fourth Congress, chapter 426, second session (70 Stat. 920)), is canceled.

Sec. 5. The Administrator of General Services is authorized to delegate, from time to time as he may deem to be appropriate, to any officer, employee, or administrative unit under his jurisdiction the performance of any function and the exercise of the related authority transferred to the Administrator by this Act.
Sec. 6. The succession of Federal Facilities Corporation is terminated and the Corporation is dissolved. The charter of the Corporation, as amended, is repealed.

Sec. 7. No suit, action, or other proceeding lawfully commenced by or against Federal Facilities Corporation before the dissolution of the Corporation shall abate by reason of such dissolution; but the court may, on motion or supplemental petition filed at any time within twelve months after such dissolution and showing a necessity for the survival of such suit, action, or other proceeding to obtain a settlement of the questions involved, allow the same to be maintained by or against the United States in such court. After the dissolution of the Corporation, any suit, action, or other proceeding which, but for such dissolution, would be commenced by or against the Corporation, shall be commenced by or against the United States in a Federal court of competent jurisdiction.

Sec. 8. In the event that title to any real property which was sold by the Rubber Producing Facilities Disposal Commission or by the Federal Facilities Corporation to private industry on credit, under mortgage, deed of trust, or similar arrangement, is acquired by the United States by reason of default by, or failure of performance of, the purchaser, or its successor in interest, of any of its obligations, such real property shall continue to be subject to special assessments for local improvements and to State, county, municipal, or local taxation to the same extent according to its value as other real property is taxed and the Administrator of General Services is authorized and directed to pay such special assessments and taxes.

Sec. 9. This Act shall take effect at the close of September 30, 1961.

Approved August 30, 1961.

Public Law 87-191

AN ACT

To amend sections 337 and 4200 of the Revised Statutes of the United States so as to eliminate the oath requirement with respect to certain export manifests.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 4200 of the Revised Statutes of the United States (46 U.S.C. 92) is amended—

(1) by striking out "oath" in the first two sentences and inserting in lieu thereof "certification";
(2) by striking out "upon oath" in the third sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "by certification"; and
(3) by striking out that portion of the fourth sentence preceding the proviso and inserting in lieu thereof "The certifications shall be in writing".

Sec. 2. That section 337 of the Revised Statutes of the United States (15 U.S.C. 174) is amended by striking out "oath" in the third sentence of the paragraph numbered "Fifth" and inserting "certification".

Approved August 31, 1961.
Public Law 87-192

AN ACT

To amend the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, in order to expedite and improve the administrative process by authorizing the Federal Communications Commission to delegate functions in adjudicatory cases, repealing the review staff provisions, and revising related provisions.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That subsection (c) of section 5 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, relating to a "review staff", is hereby repealed.

SEC. 2. Subsection (d) of section 5 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, is amended to read as follows:

"(d) (1) When necessary to the proper functioning of the Commission and the prompt and orderly conduct of its business, the Commission may, by published rule or by order, delegate any of its functions (except functions granted to the Commission by this paragraph and by paragraphs (4), (5), and (6) of this subsection) to a panel of commissioners, an individual commissioner, an employee board, or an individual employee, including functions with respect to hearing, determining, ordering, certifying, reporting, or otherwise acting as to any work, business, or matter; except that in delegating review functions to employees in cases of adjudication (as defined in the Administrative Procedure Act), the delegation in any such case may be made only to an employee board consisting of three or more employees referred to in paragraph (8). Any such rule or order may be adopted, amended, or rescinded only by a vote of a majority of the members of the Commission then holding office. Nothing in this paragraph shall authorize the Commission to provide for the conduct, by any person or persons other than persons referred to in clauses (2) and (3) of section 7(a) of the Administrative Procedure Act, of any hearing to which such section 7(a) applies.

"(2) As used in this subsection (d) the term 'order, decision, report, or action' does not include an initial, tentative, or recommended decision to which exceptions may be filed as provided in section 409(b).

"(3) Any order, decision, report, or action made or taken pursuant to any such delegation, unless reviewed as provided in paragraph (4), shall have the same force and effect, and shall be made, evidenced, and enforced in the same manner, as orders, decisions, reports, or other actions of the Commission.

"(4) Any person aggrieved by any such order, decision, report or action may file an application for review by the Commission within such time and in such manner as the Commission shall prescribe, and every such application shall be passed upon by the Commission. The Commission, on its own initiative, may review in whole or in part, at such time and in such manner as it shall determine, any order, decision, report, or action made or taken pursuant to any delegation under paragraph (1).

"(5) In passing upon applications for review, the Commission may grant, in whole or in part, or deny such applications without specifying any reasons therefor. No such application for review shall rely on questions of fact or law upon which the panel of commissioners, individual commissioner, employee board, or individual employee has been afforded no opportunity to pass.

"(6) If the Commission grants the application for review, it may affirm, modify, or set aside the order, decision, report, or action, or it may order a rehearing upon such order, decision, report, or action in accordance with section 405.
“(7) The filing of an application for review under this subsection shall be a condition precedent to judicial review of any order, decision, report, or action made or taken pursuant to a delegation under paragraph (1). The time within which a petition for review must be filed in a proceeding to which section 402(a) applies, or within which an appeal must be taken under section 402(b), shall be computed from the date upon which public notice is given of orders disposing of all applications for review filed in any case.

“(8) The employees to whom the Commission may delegate review functions in any case of adjudication (as defined in the Administrative Procedure Act) shall be qualified, by reason of their training, experience, and competence, to perform such review functions, and shall perform no duties inconsistent with such review functions. Such employees shall be in a grade classification or salary level commensurate with their important duties, and in no event less than the grade classification or salary level of the employee or employees whose actions are to be reviewed. In the performance of such review functions such employees shall be assigned to cases in rotation so far as practicable and shall not be responsible to or subject to the supervision or direction of any officer, employee, or agent engaged in the performance of investigative or prosecuting functions for any agency.

“(9) The secretary and seal of the Commission shall be the secretary and seal of each panel of the Commission, each individual commissioner, and each employee board or individual employee exercising functions delegated pursuant to paragraph (1) of this subsection.

Sec. 3. Section 405 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"REHEARINGS"

"Sec. 405. After an order, decision, report, or action has been made or taken in any proceeding by the Commission, or by any designated authority within the Commission pursuant to a delegation under section 5(d)(1), any party thereto, or any other person aggrieved or whose interests are adversely affected thereby, may petition for rehearing only to the authority making or taking the order, decision, report, or action; and it shall be lawful for such authority, whether it be the Commission or other authority designated under section 5(d)(1), in its discretion, to grant such a rehearing if sufficient reason therefor be made to appear. A petition for rehearing must be filed within thirty days from the date upon which public notice is given of the order, decision, report, or action complained of. No such application shall excuse any person from complying with or obeying any order, decision, report, or action of the Commission, or operate in any manner to stay or postpone the enforcement thereof, without the special order of the Commission. The filing of a petition for rehearing shall not be a condition precedent to judicial review of any such order, decision, report, or action, except where the party seeking such review (1) was not a party to the proceedings resulting in such order, decision, report, or action, or (2) relies on questions of fact or law upon which the Commission, or designated authority within the Commission, has been afforded no opportunity to pass. The Commission, or designated authority within the Commission, shall enter an order, with a concise statement of the reasons therefor, denying a petition for rehearing or granting such petition, in whole or in part, and ordering such further proceedings as may be appropriate: Provided, That in any case where such petition relates to an instrument of authorization granted without a hearing, the Commission, or desig-
nated authority within the Commission, shall take such action within ninety days of the filing of such petition. Rehearings shall be governed by such general rules as the Commission may establish, except that no evidence other than newly discovered evidence, evidence which has become available only since the original taking of evidence, or evidence which the Commission or designated authority within the Commission believes should have been taken in the original proceeding shall be taken on any rehearing. The time within which a petition for review must be filed in a proceeding to which section 402(a) applies, or within which an appeal must be taken under section 402(b) in any case, shall be computed from the date upon which public notice is given of orders disposing of all petitions for rehearing filed with the Commission in such proceeding or case, but any order, decision, report, or action made or taken after such rehearing reversing, changing, or modifying the original order shall be subject to the same provisions with respect to rehearing as an original order.

SEC. 4. Section 409(a), (b), (c), and (d) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, are amended to read as follows:

"(a) In every case of adjudication (as defined in the Administrative Procedure Act) which has been designated by the Commission for hearing, the person or persons conducting the hearing shall prepare and file an initial, tentative, or recommended decision, except where such person or persons become unavailable to the Commission or where the Commission finds upon the record that due and timely execution of its functions imperatively and unavoidably require that the record be certified to the Commission for initial or final decision.

"(b) In every case of adjudication (as defined in the Administrative Procedure Act) which has been designated by the Commission for hearing, any party to the proceeding shall be permitted to file exceptions and memoranda in support thereof to the initial, tentative, or recommended decision, which shall be passed upon by the Commission or by the authority within the Commission, if any, to whom the function of passing upon the exceptions is delegated under section 5(d)(1). Provided, however, That such authority shall not be the same authority which made the decision to which the exception is taken.

"(c) (1) In any case of adjudication (as defined in the Administrative Procedure Act) which has been designated by the Commission for a hearing, no person who has participated in the presentation or preparation for presentation of such case at the hearing or upon review shall (except to the extent required for the disposition of ex parte matters as authorized by law) directly or indirectly make any additional presentation respecting such case to the hearing officer or officers or to the Commission, or to any authority within the Commission to whom, in such case, review functions have been delegated by the Commission under section 5(d)(1), unless upon notice and opportunity for all parties to participate.

"(2) The provision in subsection (c) of section 5 of the Administrative Procedure Act which states that such subsection shall not apply in determining applications for initial licenses, shall not be applicable hereafter in the case of applications for initial licenses before the Federal Communications Commission.

"(d) To the extent that the foregoing provisions of this section and section 5(d) are in conflict with the provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act, such provisions of this section and section 5(d) shall be held to supersede and modify the provisions of that Act."

SEC. 5. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this Act, the second sentence of subsection (b) of section 409 of the Communications Act of 1934 (which relates to the filing of exceptions and the presentation of oral argument), as in force at the time of the enact-
ment of this Act, shall continue to be applicable with respect to any case of adjudication (as defined in the Administrative Procedure Act) designated by the Federal Communications Commission for hearing by a notice of hearing issued prior to the date of the enactment of this Act.

Approved August 31, 1961.

Public Law 87-193

AN ACT

To authorize the Secretary of the Interior to provide water and sewage disposal facilities to the Medora area adjoining the Theodore Roosevelt National Memorial Park, North Dakota, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in order to afford adequate facilities to persons visiting Theodore Roosevelt National Memorial Park, and to enhance the setting of the park entrance and further the interpretive program of the park through encouraging the preservation and restoration of the pioneer cattle town of Medora, North Dakota, and its associations with Theodore Roosevelt, by non-Federal endeavors in accordance with house concurrent resolutions “T” and “U” of the 1959 Session Laws of the State of North Dakota, pages 878 and 879, the Secretary of the Interior is authorized to modernize the water and sewage facilities of the village of Medora adjoining the park, in the manner hereinafter provided.

Sec. 2. The Secretary of the Interior is authorized to construct, operate, and maintain, on rights-of-way donated for the purpose and in such manner as he shall consider to be in the public interest, water supply and sewage disposal systems to serve Federal and non-Federal properties in the said Medora area, and he may make existing Federal systems available to serve such properties: Provided, That non-Federal users of the systems shall comply with standards of use prescribed by the Secretary and shall be charged rates sufficient to recover a pro rata share of depreciation and costs of operation and maintenance of the systems plus interest on the Federal investment in the systems. Funds obtained from such non-Federal users of the systems shall be deposited in the Treasury of the United States as miscellaneous receipts, with the exception that the Secretary may consider as appropriation reimbursements, to be credited in the appropriation current at the time received, such amount of the aforesaid collections as may be necessary to reimburse, on a pro rata basis, appropriated operating funds expended for maintenance and operation costs of the systems.

Sec. 3. Construction of the facilities authorized herein shall not be undertaken or use of existing Federal systems authorized until at least 80 per centum of the potential non-Federal users, as defined by the Secretary of the Interior, are committed to connecting to said water and sewage systems and until there shall have been reached an agreement with the duly authorized officials of the village of Medora, by which the village is obligated to adopt and enforce a zoning ordinance which complies with standards prescribed by the Secretary for the purpose of preserving the historic character of Medora and affording a park-like setting in the vicinity of the park and the entrance thereto.

Sec. 4. There are authorized to be appropriated for the construction of these facilities such sums as may be required therefor, not to exceed $100,000.

Approved August 31, 1961.
Public Law 87-194

AN ACT

To improve the active duty promotion opportunity of Air Force officers from the grade of major to the grade of lieutenant colonel.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, during the period beginning on the date of enactment of this Act and ending at the close of June 30, 1963, any authorized strength prescribed for the grade of lieutenant colonel by or under section 8202 of title 10, United States Code, may be exceeded by not more than four thousand.

Approved September 1, 1961.

Public Law 87-195

AN ACT

To promote the foreign policy, security, and general welfare of the United States by assisting peoples of the world in their efforts toward economic development and internal and external security, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

PART I

CHAPTER 1—SHORT TITLE AND POLICY

SEC. 101. SHORT TITLE.—This part may be cited as the “Act for International Development of 1961”.

SEC. 102. STATEMENT OF POLICY.—It is the sense of the Congress that peace depends on wider recognition of the dignity and interdependence of men, and survival of free institutions in the United States can best be assured in a worldwide atmosphere of freedom.

To this end, the United States has in the past provided assistance to help strengthen the forces of freedom by aiding peoples of less developed friendly countries of the world to develop their resources and improve their living standards, to realize their aspirations for justice, education, dignity, and respect as individual human beings, and to establish responsible governments.

The Congress declares it to be a primary necessity, opportunity, and responsibility of the United States, and consistent with its traditions and ideals, to renew the spirit which lay behind these past efforts, and to help make a historic demonstration that economic growth and political democracy can go hand in hand to the end that an enlarged community of free, stable, and self-reliant countries can reduce world tensions and insecurity.

It is the policy of the United States to strengthen friendly foreign countries by encouraging the development of their free economic institutions and productive capabilities, and by minimizing or eliminating barriers to the flow of private investment capital.
In addition, the Congress declares that it is the policy of the United States to support the principles of increased economic cooperation and trade among countries, freedom of the press, information, and religion, freedom of navigation in international waterways, and recognition of the right of all private persons to travel and pursue their lawful activities without discrimination as to race or religion. In the administration of all parts of this Act these principles shall be supported in such a way in our relations with countries friendly to the United States which are in controversy with each other as to promote an adjudication of the issues involved by means of international law procedures available to the parties.

Accordingly, the Congress hereby affirms it to be the policy of the United States to make assistance available, upon request, under this part in scope and on a basis of long-range continuity essential to the creation of an environment in which the energies of the peoples of the world can be devoted to constructive purposes, free of pressure and erosion by the adversaries of freedom. It is the sense of the Congress that assistance under this part should be complemented by the furnishing under any other Act of surplus agricultural commodities and by disposal of excess property under this and other Acts.

Also, the Congress reaffirms its conviction that the peace of the world and the security of the United States are endangered so long as international communism continues to attempt to bring under Communist domination peoples now free and independent and to keep under domination peoples once free but now subject to such domination. It is, therefore, the policy of the United States to continue to make available to other free countries and peoples, upon request, assistance of such nature and in such amounts as the United States deems advisable and as may be effectively used by free countries and peoples to help them maintain their freedom. Assistance shall be based upon sound plans and programs; be directed toward the social as well as economic aspects of economic development; be responsive to the efforts of the recipient countries to mobilize their own resources and help themselves; be cognizant of the external and internal pressures which hamper their growth; and should emphasize long-range development assistance as the primary instrument of such growth.

The Congress reaffirms its belief in the importance of regional organizations of free peoples for mutual assistance, such as the North Atlantic Treaty Organization, the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development, the European Economic Community, the Organization of American States, the Colombo Plan, the South East Asia Treaty Organization, the Central Treaty Organization, and others, and expresses its hope that such organizations may be strengthened and broadened, and their programs of self-help and mutual cooperation may be made more effective in the protection of the independence and security of free people, and in the development of their economic and social well-being, and the safeguarding of their basic rights and liberties.

Finally, the Congress urges that all other countries able to contribute join in a common undertaking to meet the goals stated in this part.
CHAPTER 2—DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE

TITLE I—DEVELOPMENT LOAN FUND

SEC. 201. GENERAL AUTHORITY.—(a) The President shall establish a fund to be known as the "Development Loan Fund" to be used by the President to make loans pursuant to the authority contained in this title.

(b) The President is authorized to make loans payable as to principal and interest in United States dollars on such terms and conditions as he may determine, in order to promote the economic development of less developed friendly countries and areas, with emphasis upon assisting long-range plans and programs designed to develop economic resources and increase productive capacities. In so doing, the President shall take into account (1) whether financing could be obtained in whole or in part from other free-world sources on reasonable terms, (2) the economic and technical soundness of the activity to be financed, (3) whether the activity gives reasonable promise of contributing to the development of economic resources or to the increase of productive capacities in furtherance of the purposes of this title, (4) the consistency of the activity with, and its relationship to, other development activities being undertaken or planned, and its contribution to realizable long-range objectives, (5) the extent to which the recipient country is showing a responsiveness to the vital economic, political, and social concerns of its people, and demonstrating a clear determination to take effective self-help measures, and (6) the possible effects upon the United States economy, with special reference to areas of substantial labor surplus, of the loan involved. Loans shall be made under this title only upon a finding of reasonable prospects of repayment.

(c) The authority of section 610 may not be used to decrease the funds available under this title, nor may the authority of section 614 (a) be used to waive the requirements of this title.

(d) Funds made available for this title shall not be loaned or reloaned at rates of interest excessive or unreasonable for the borrower and in no event higher than the applicable legal rate of interest of the country in which the loan is made.

SEC. 202. AUTHORIZATION.—(a) There is hereby authorized to be appropriated to the President for the purposes of this title $1,200,000,000 for the fiscal year 1962 and $1,500,000,000 for each of the next four succeeding fiscal years, which sums shall remain available until expended: Provided, That any unappropriated portion of the amount authorized to be appropriated for any such fiscal year may be appropriated in any subsequent fiscal year during the above period in addition to the amount otherwise authorized to be appropriated for such subsequent fiscal year.

(b) Whenever the President determines that it is important to the advancement of United States interests and necessary in order to further the purposes of this title, and in recognition of the need for reasonable advance assurances in the interest of orderly and effective execution of long-term plans and programs of development assistance,
he is authorized to enter into agreements committing, under the terms and conditions of this title, funds authorized to be appropriated under this title, subject only to the annual appropriation of such funds.

(c) Upon conclusion of each such agreement involving funds to be appropriated, the President shall notify the Foreign Relations and Appropriations Committees of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives of the provisions of such agreement, including the amounts of funds involved and undertakings of the parties thereto.

(d) Except as otherwise provided in this part, the United States dollar assets of the corporate entity known as the Development Loan Fund which remain unobligated and not committed for loans repayable in foreign currencies on the date prior to the abolition of such Fund shall be available for use for purposes of this title.

SEC. 203. FISCAL PROVISIONS.—All receipts from loans made under and in accordance with this title shall be available for use for the purposes of this title. Such receipts and other funds made available under this title for use for the purposes of this title shall remain available until expended.

SEC. 204. DEVELOPMENT LOAN COMMITTEE.—The President shall establish an interagency Development Loan Committee, consisting of such officers from such agencies of the United States Government as he may determine, which shall, under the direction of the President, establish standards and criteria for lending operations under this title in accordance with the foreign and financial policies of the United States. Except in the case of officers serving in positions to which they were appointed by the President by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, officers assigned to the Committee shall be so assigned by the President by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.

SEC. 205. USE OF THE FACILITIES OF THE INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION.—If the President determines that it would more effectively serve the purposes of this title and the policy contained in section 619 (pertaining to newly independent countries), he may, in accordance with the provisions of this title, lend not to exceed 10 per centum of the funds made available for this title to the International Development Association for use pursuant to the International Development Association Act (Public Law 86–665, 74 Stat. 293) and the articles of agreement of the Association.

TITLE II—DEVELOPMENT GRANTS AND TECHNICAL COOPERATION

SEC. 211. GENERAL AUTHORITY.—(a) The President is authorized to furnish assistance on such terms and conditions as he may determine in order to promote the economic development of less developed friendly countries and areas, with emphasis upon assisting the development of human resources through such means as programs of technical cooperation and development. In so doing, the President shall take into account (1) whether the activity gives reasonable promise of contributing to the development of educational or other
institutions and programs directed toward social progress, (2) the consistency of the activity with, and its relationship to, other development activities being undertaken or planned, and its contribution to realizable long-range development objectives, (3) the economic and technical soundness of the activity to be financed, (4) the extent to which the recipient country is showing a responsiveness to the vital economic, political, and social concerns of its people, and demonstrating a clear determination to take effective self-help measures and a willingness to pay a fair share of the cost of programs under this title, (5) the possible adverse effects upon the United States economy, with special reference to areas of substantial labor surplus, of the assistance involved, and (6) the desirability of safeguarding the international balance of payments position of the United States. If the President finds that assistance proposed to be furnished under this title would have a substantially adverse effect upon the United States economy, or a substantial segment thereof, the assistance shall not be furnished.

(b) In countries and areas which are in the earlier stages of economic development, programs of development of education and human resources through such means as technical cooperation shall be emphasized, and the furnishing of capital facilities for purposes other than the development of education and human resources shall be given a lower priority until the requisite knowledge and skills have been developed.

SEC. 212. AUTHORIZATION.—There is hereby authorized to be appropriated to the President for use beginning in the fiscal year 1962 to carry out the purposes of section 211 not to exceed $380,000,000, which shall remain available until expended.

SEC. 213. ATOMS FOR PEACE.—The President is authorized to use, in addition to other funds available for such purposes, not to exceed $2,000,000 of the funds available for the purposes of section 211 for assistance, on such terms and conditions as he may determine, designed to promote the peaceful uses of atomic energy outside the United States.

SEC. 214. AMERICAN SCHOOLS AND HOSPITALS ABROAD.—(a) The President is authorized to use, in addition to other funds available for such purposes, funds made available for the purposes of section 211 for assistance, on such terms and conditions as he may specify, to schools and libraries outside the United States founded or sponsored by United States citizens and serving as study and demonstration centers for ideas and practices of the United States.

(b) The President is authorized to use, notwithstanding the provisions of the Mutual Defense Assistance Control Act of 1951 (22 U.S.C. 1611 et seq.), foreign currencies accruing to the United States Government under any Act, for purposes of subsection (a) of this section, and for assistance, on such terms and conditions as he may specify, to hospitals outside the United States founded or sponsored by United States citizens and serving as centers for medical treatment, education, and research.

SEC. 215. LOANS TO SMALL FARMERS.—It is the policy of the United States and the purpose of this section to strengthen the economies of less developed friendly countries, and in friendly countries where the economy is essentially rural or based on small villages, to provide assistance designed to improve agricultural methods and techniques, to
stimulate and encourage the development of local programs of self-help and mutual cooperation, particularly through loans of foreign currencies for associations of operators of small farms, formed for the purpose of joint action designed to increase or diversify agricultural productivity. The maximum unpaid balance of loans made to any association under this section may not exceed $25,000 at any one time; and the aggregate unpaid balance of all loans made under this section may not exceed $10,000,000 at any one time.

SEC. 216. VOLUNTARY AGENCIES.—(a) In order to further the efficient use of United States voluntary contributions for relief and rehabilitation of friendly peoples, the President is authorized to use funds made available for the purposes of section 211 to pay transportation charges from United States ports to ports of entry abroad, or, in the case of landlocked countries, to points of entry in such countries, on shipments by the American Red Cross and United States voluntary nonprofit relief agencies registered with and approved by the Advisory Committee on Voluntary Foreign Aid.

(b) Where practicable the President shall make arrangements with the receiving country for free entry of such shipments and for the making available by that country of local currencies for the purpose of defraying the transportation cost of such shipments from the port of entry of the receiving country to the designated shipping point of the consignee.

TITLE III—INVESTMENT GUARANTIES

SEC. 221. GENERAL AUTHORITY.—(a) In order to facilitate and increase the participation of private enterprise in furthering the development of the economic resources and productive capacities of less developed friendly countries and areas, the President is authorized to issue guaranties as provided in subsection (b) of this section of investments in connection with projects, including expansion, modernization, or development of existing enterprises, in any friendly country or area with the government of which the President has agreed to institute the guaranty program. The guaranty program authorized by this title shall be administered under broad criteria, and each project shall be approved by the President.

(b) The President may issue guaranties to United States citizens, or corporations, partnerships, or other associations created under the laws of the United States or of any State or territory and substantially beneficially owned by United States citizens, as well as any wholly-owned foreign subsidiary of any such corporation—

(1) assuring protection in whole or in part against any or all of the following risks:

(A) inability to convert into United States dollars other currencies, or credits in such currencies, received as earnings or profits from the approved project, as repayment or return of the investment therein, in whole or in part, or as compensation for the sale or disposition of all or any part thereof,

(B) loss of investment, in whole or in part, in the approved project due to expropriation or confiscation by action of a foreign government, and

(C) loss due to war, revolution, or insurrection:
Provided, That the total face amount of the guaranties issued under this paragraph (1) outstanding at any one time shall not exceed $1,000,000,000; and

(2) where the President determines such action to be important to the furtherance of the purposes of this title, assuring against loss of not to exceed 75 per centum of any investment due to such risks as the President may determine, upon such terms and conditions as the President may determine: Provided, That guaranties issued under this paragraph (2) shall emphasize economic development projects furthering social progress and the development of small independent business enterprises, and no such guaranty shall exceed $10,000,000: Provided further, That no payment may be made under this paragraph (2) for any loss arising out of fraud or misconduct for which the investor is responsible: Provided further, That the total face amount of the guaranties issued under this paragraph (2) outstanding at any one time shall not exceed $90,000,000: Provided further, That this authority shall continue until June 30, 1964.

(c) No guaranty shall exceed the dollar value, as of the date of the investment, of the investment made in the project with the approval of the President plus actual earnings or profits on said investment to the extent provided by such guaranty, nor shall any guaranty extend beyond twenty years from the date of issuance.

(d) The President shall make suitable arrangements for protecting the interests of the United States Government in connection with any guaranty issued under section 221(b), including arrangements with respect to the ownership, use, and disposition of the currency, credits, assets, or investment on account of which payment under such guaranty is to be made, and any right, title, claim, or cause of action existing in connection therewith.

Sec. 222. General Provisions.—(a) A fee shall be charged for each guaranty in an amount to be determined by the President. In the event the fee to be charged for a type of guaranty authorized under section 221(b) is reduced, fees to be paid under existing contracts for the same type of guaranty may be similarly reduced.

(b) All fees collected in connection with guaranties issued under section 221(b), under sections 202(b) and 413(b)(4) of the Mutual Security Act of 1954, as amended, and under section 111(b)(3) of the Economic Cooperation Act of 1948, as amended (22 U.S.C. 1509(b)(3)) (exclusive of fees for informational media guaranties heretofore or hereafter issued pursuant to section 1011 of the United States Information and Educational Exchange Act of 1948, as amended (22 U.S.C. 1442) and section 111(b)(3) of the Economic Cooperation Act of 1948, as amended), shall be available for meeting management and custodial costs incurred with respect to currencies or other assets acquired under guaranties made pursuant to section 221(b) of this part, sections 202(b) and 413(b)(4) of the Mutual Security Act of 1954, as amended, and section 111(b)(3) of the Economic Cooperation Act of 1948, as amended (exclusive of informational media guaranties), and shall be available for expenditure in discharge of liabilities under guaranties made pursuant to such sections, until such time as all such property has been disposed of and all such liabilities have been discharged or have expired, or until all such fees have been expended in accordance with the provisions of this section.

(e) In computing the total face amount of guaranties outstanding at any one time for purposes of paragraph (1) of section 221(b), the President shall include the face amounts of outstanding guaranties theretofore issued pursuant to such paragraph, sections 202(b) and 413(b)(4) of the Mutual Security Act of 1954, as amended, and
section 111(b)(3) of the Economic Cooperation Act of 1948, as amended, but shall exclude informational media guaranties.

(d) Any payments made to discharge liabilities under guaranties issued under section 221(b) of this part, sections 202(b) and 413(b)(4) of the Mutual Security Act of 1954, as amended, and section 111(b)(3) of the Economic Cooperation Act of 1948, as amended (exclusive of informational media guaranties), shall be paid first out of funds specifically reserved for such payment pursuant to the proviso to the second sentence of section 222(e), and thereafter shall be paid out of fees referred to in section 222(b) as long as such fees are available, and thereafter shall be paid out of funds, if any, realized from the sale of currencies or other assets acquired in connection with any such guaranties as long as such funds are available, and finally shall be paid out of funds realized from the sale of notes issued under section 413(b)(4)(F) of the Mutual Security Act of 1954, as amended, and section 111(c)(2) of the Economic Cooperation Act of 1948, as amended.

(e) All guaranties issued prior to July 1, 1956 (exclusive of informational media guaranties), all guaranties issued under section 202(b) of the Mutual Security Act of 1954, as amended, may be considered, and all other guaranties shall be considered for the purposes of section 3679 (31 U.S.C. 665) and section 3732 (41 U.S.C. 11) of the Revised Statutes, as amended, as obligations only to the extent of the probable ultimate net cost to the United States Government of all outstanding guaranties. Funds obligated in connection with guaranties issued under section 221(b) of this part, sections 202(b) and 413(b)(4) of the Mutual Security Act of 1954, as amended, and section 111(b)(3) of the Economic Cooperation Act of 1948, as amended (exclusive of informational media guaranties), shall constitute a single reserve, together with funds available for obligation hereunder but not yet obligated, for the payment of claims under all guaranties issued under such sections: Provided, That funds obligated in connection with guaranties issued prior to July 1, 1956, and guaranties issued under section 202(b) of the Mutual Security Act of 1954, as amended, shall not, without the consent of the investor, be available for the payment of claims arising under any other guaranties. Funds available for obligation hereunder shall be decreased by the amount of any payments made to discharge liabilities, or to meet management and custodial costs incurred with respect to assets acquired, under guaranties issued pursuant to section 221(b) of this part, sections 202(b) and 413(b)(4) of the Mutual Security Act of 1954, as amended, and section 111(b)(3) of the Economic Cooperation Act of 1948, as amended (exclusive of informational media guaranties), and shall be increased by the amount obligated for guaranties as to which all liability of the United States Government has been terminated, and by the amount of funds realized from the sale of currencies or other assets acquired in connection with any payments made to discharge liabilities, and the amount of fees collected, under guaranties issued pursuant to such sections (exclusive of informational media guaranties).

Sec. 223. Definitions.—As used in this title—

(a) the term "investment" includes any contribution of capital commodities, services, patents, processes, or techniques in the form of (1) a loan or loans to an approved project, (2) the purchase of a share of ownership in any such project, (3) participation in royalties, earnings, or profits of any such project, and (4) the furnishing of capital commodities and related services pursuant to a contract providing for payment in whole or in part after the end of the fiscal year in which the guaranty of such investment is made; and
(b) the term "expropriation" includes but is not limited to any abrogation, repudiation, or impairment by a foreign government of its own contract with an investor, where such abrogation, repudiation, or impairment is not caused by the investor's own fault or misconduct, and materially adversely affects the continued operation of the project.

SEC. 224. HOUSING PROJECTS IN LATIN AMERICAN COUNTRIES.—(a) It is the sense of the Congress that in order to stimulate private homeownership and assist in the development of stable economies, the authority conferred by this title should be utilized for the purpose of assisting in the development in the American Republics of self-liquidating pilot housing projects designed to provide experience in rapidly developing countries by participating with such countries in guaranteeing private United States capital available for investment in Latin American countries for the purposes set forth herein.

(b) In order to carry out the purposes set forth in subsection (a), the President is authorized to issue guaranties assuring against the risks of loss specified in paragraph 221(b)(2) of investments made by United States citizens, or corporations, partnerships, or other associations created under the law of the United States or of any State or territory and substantially beneficially owned by United States citizens in pilot or demonstration private housing projects in Latin America of types similar to those insured by the Federal Housing Administration and suitable for conditions in Latin America. The total face amount of guaranties issued under this section outstanding at any one time shall not exceed $10,000,000.

(c) The provisions of section 222(a), (b), (d), and (e) shall be applicable to guaranties issued under this section in the same manner and to the same extent as they apply to guaranties issued under section 221(b)(2).

TITLE IV—SURVEYS OF INVESTMENT OPPORTUNITIES

SEC. 231. GENERAL AUTHORITY.—(a) In order to encourage and promote the undertaking by private enterprise of surveys of investment opportunities, other than surveys of extraction opportunities, in less developed friendly countries and areas, the President is authorized to participate in the financing of such surveys undertaken by any person on such terms and conditions as he may determine: Provided, That his participation shall not exceed 50 per centum of the total cost of any such survey. The making of each such survey shall be approved by the President.

(b) In the event that a person who has undertaken a survey in accordance with this title determines, within a period of time to be determined by the President, not to undertake, directly or indirectly, the investment opportunity surveyed, such person shall turn over to the President a professionally acceptable technical report with respect to all matters explored. Such report shall become the property of the United States Government, and the United States Government shall be entitled to have access to, and obtain copies of, all underlying correspondence, memorandums, working papers, documents, and other materials in connection with the survey.

SEC. 232. AUTHORIZATION.—There is hereby authorized to be appropriated to the President for use beginning in the fiscal year 1962 to carry out the purposes of this title not to exceed $5,000,000, which shall remain available until expended.

SEC. 233. DEFINITIONS.—As used in this title—
(a) the term "person" means a citizen of the United States or any corporation, partnership, or other association substantially beneficially owned by United States citizens; and
(b) the term "survey of extraction opportunities" means any survey directed (i) to ascertaining the existence, location, extent, or quality of any deposit of ore, oil, gas, or other mineral, or (ii) to determining the feasibility of undertaking operations for the mining or other extraction of any such mineral or for the processing of any such mineral to the stage of commercial marketability.

TITLE V—DEVELOPMENT RESEARCH

SEC. 241. GENERAL AUTHORITY.—The President is authorized to use funds made available for this part to carry out programs of research into, and evaluation of, the process of economic development in less developed friendly countries and areas, into the factors affecting the relative success and costs of development activities, and into the means, techniques, and such other aspects of development assistance as he may determine, in order to render such assistance of increasing value and benefit.

CHAPTER 3—INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS AND PROGRAMS

SEC. 301. GENERAL AUTHORITY.—(a) When he determines it to be in the national interest, the President is authorized to make voluntary contributions on a grant basis to international organizations and to programs administered by such organizations on such terms and conditions as he may determine, in order to further the purposes of this part.

(b) Contributions to the United Nations Expanded Program of Technical Assistance and the United Nations Special Fund for the calendar years succeeding 1961 may not exceed forty per centum of the total amount contributed for such purpose (including assessed and audited local costs) for each such year.

(c) In determining whether or not to continue furnishing assistance for Palestine refugees in the Near East through contributions to the United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East, the President shall take into account (1) whether Israel and the Arab host governments are taking steps toward the resettlement and repatriation of such refugees, and (2) the extent and success of efforts by the Agency and the Arab host governments to rectify the Palestine refugee relief rolls.

SEC. 302. AUTHORIZATION.—There is hereby authorized to be appropriated to the President for use, in addition to funds available under any other Act for such purposes, for the fiscal year 1962 to carry out the purposes of this chapter not to exceed $153,500,000.

SEC. 303. INDUS BASIN DEVELOPMENT.—In the event that funds made available under this Act (other than part II) are used by or under the supervision of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development in furtherance of the development of the Indus Basin through the program of cooperation among South Asian and other countries of the free world, which is designed to promote economic growth and political stability in South Asia, such funds may be used in accordance with requirements, standards, or procedures established by the Bank concerning completion of plans and cost estimates and determination of feasibility, rather than with requirements, standards, or procedures concerning such matters set forth in this or other Acts; and such funds may also be used without regard to the provisions of section 901(b) of the Merchant Marine Act, 1936, as amended (46 U.S.C. 1241), whenever the President determines that such provisions cannot be fully satisfied without seriously impeding...
or preventing accomplishment of the purposes of such programs: Provided, That compensating allowances are made in the administration of other programs to the same or other areas to which the requirements of said section 901(b) are applicable.

CHAPTER 4—Supporting Assistance

SEC. 401. General Authority.—The President is authorized to furnish assistance to friendly countries, organizations, and bodies eligible to receive assistance under this part on such terms and conditions as he may determine, in order to support or promote economic or political stability.

SEC. 402. Authorization.—There is hereby authorized to be appropriated to the President for use beginning in the fiscal year 1962 to carry out the purposes of this chapter not to exceed $465,000,000, which shall remain available until expended.

CHAPTER 5—Contingency Fund

SEC. 451. Contingency Fund.—(a) There is hereby authorized to be appropriated to the President for the fiscal year 1962 not to exceed $300,000,000 for use by the President for assistance authorized by part I in accordance with the provisions applicable to the furnishing of such assistance, when he determines such use to be important to the national interest. (b) The President shall keep the Committee on Foreign Relations and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives currently informed of the use of funds under this section.

CHAPTER 6—Assistance to Countries Having Agrarian Economies

SEC. 461. Assistance to Countries Having Agrarian Economies.—Wherever the President determines that the economy of any country is in major part an agrarian economy, emphasis shall be placed on programs which reach the people in such country who are engaged in agrarian pursuits or who live in the villages or rural areas in such country, including programs which will assist them in the establishment of indigenous cottage industries, in the improvement of agricultural methods and techniques, and which will encourage the development of local programs of self-help and mutual cooperation.

PART II

CHAPTER 1—Short Title and Policy

SEC. 501. Short Title.—This part may be cited as the “International Peace and Security Act of 1961.”

SEC. 502. Statement of Policy.—The Congress of the United States reaffirms the policy of the United States to achieve international peace and security through the United Nations so that armed force shall not be used except for individual or collective self-defense. The Congress hereby finds that the efforts of the United States and other friendly countries to promote peace and security continue to require measures of support based upon the principle of effective self-help and mutual aid. It is the purpose of this part to authorize measures in the common defense against internal and external aggression, including the furnishing of military assistance, upon request, to friendly countries and international organizations. In furnishing such military
assistance, it remains the policy of the United States to continue to exert maximum efforts to achieve universal control of weapons of mass destruction and universal regulation and reduction of armaments, including armed forces, under adequate safeguards to protect complying countries against violation and evasion.

The Congress recognizes that the peace of the world and the security of the United States are endangered so long as international communism and the countries it controls continue by threat of military action, by the use of economic pressure, and by internal subversion, or other means to attempt to bring under their domination peoples now free and independent and continue to deny the rights of freedom and self-government to peoples and countries once free but now subject to such domination.

It is the sense of the Congress that an important contribution toward peace would be made by the establishment under the Organization of American States of an international military force.

In enacting this legislation, it is therefore the intention of the Congress to promote the peace of the world and the foreign policy, security, and general welfare of the United States by fostering an improved climate of political independence and individual liberty, improving the ability of friendly countries and international organizations to deter or, if necessary, defeat Communist or Communist-supported aggression, facilitating arrangements for individual and collective security, assisting friendly countries to maintain internal security, and creating an environment of security and stability in the developing friendly countries essential to their more rapid social, economic, and political progress. The Congress urges that all other countries able to contribute join in a common undertaking to meet the goals stated in this part.

Finally, the Congress reaffirms its full support of the progress of the members of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization toward increased cooperation in political, military, and economic affairs. In particular, the Congress welcomes the steps which have been taken to promote multilateral programs of coordinated procurement, research, development, and production of defense articles and urges that such programs be expanded to the fullest extent possible to further the defense of the North Atlantic Area.

Chapter 2—Military Assistance

Sec. 503. General Authority.—The President is authorized to furnish military assistance on such terms and conditions as he may determine, to any friendly country or international organization, the assisting of which the President finds will strengthen the security of the United States and promote world peace and which is otherwise eligible to receive such assistance, by—

(a) acquiring from any source and providing (by loan, lease, sale, exchange, grant, or any other means) any defense article or defense service;

(b) making financial contributions to multilateral programs for the acquisition or construction of facilities in foreign countries for collective defense;

(c) providing financial assistance for expenses incident to participation by the United States Government in regional or collective defense organizations; and

(d) assigning or detailing members of the Armed Forces of the United States and other personnel of the Department of Defense to perform duties of a noncombatant nature, including those related to training or advice.
SEC. 504. AUTHORIZATION.—(a) There is hereby authorized to be appropriated to the President for use beginning in the fiscal years 1962 and 1963 to carry out the purposes of this part, not to exceed $1,700,000,000 for each such fiscal year, which sums shall remain available until expended.

(b) In order to make sure that a dollar spent on military assistance to foreign countries is as necessary as a dollar spent for the United States military establishment, the President shall establish procedures for programing and budgeting so that programs of military assistance come into direct competition for financial support with other activities and programs of the Department of Defense.

SEC. 505. UTILIZATION OF ASSISTANCE.—(a) Military assistance to any country shall be furnished solely for internal security, for legitimate self-defense, to permit the recipient country to participate in regional or collective arrangements or measures consistent with the Charter of the United Nations, or otherwise to permit the recipient country to participate in collective measures requested by the United Nations for the purpose of maintaining or restoring international peace and security.

(b) To the extent feasible and consistent with the other purposes of this part, the use of military forces in less developed friendly countries in the construction of public works and other activities helpful to economic development shall be encouraged.

SEC. 506. CONDITIONS OF ELIGIBILITY.—(a) In addition to such other provisions as the President may require, no defense articles shall be furnished to any country on a grant basis unless it shall have agreed that—

1. it will not, without the consent of the President—
   (A) permit any use of such articles by anyone not an officer, employee, or agent of that country,
   (B) transfer, or permit any officer, employee, or agent of that country to transfer such articles by gift, sale, or otherwise, or
   (C) use or permit the use of such articles for purposes other than those for which furnished;
2. it will maintain the security of such articles, and will provide substantially the same degree of security protection afforded to such articles by the United States Government;
3. it will, as the President may require, permit continuous observation and review by, and furnish necessary information to, representatives of the United States Government with regard to the use of such articles; and
4. unless the President consents to other disposition, it will return to the United States Government for such use or disposition as the President considers in the best interests of the United States, such articles which are no longer needed for the purposes for which furnished.

(b) No defense articles shall be furnished on a grant basis to any country at a cost in excess of $3,000,000 in any fiscal year unless the President determines—

1. that such country conforms to the purposes and principles of the Charter of the United Nations;
2. that such defense articles will be utilized by such country for the maintenance of its own defensive strength, and the defensive strength of the free world;
3. that such country is taking all reasonable measures, consistent with its political and economic stability, which may be needed to develop its defense capacities; and
4. that the increased ability of such country to defend itself is important to the security of the United States.
Sec. 507. Sales.—(a) The President may furnish defense articles from the stocks of the Department of Defense and defense services to any friendly country or international organization, without reimbursement from funds made available for use under this part, if such country or international organization agrees to pay the value thereof in United States dollars. Payment shall be made in advance or, as determined by the President to be in the best interests of the United States, within a reasonable period not to exceed three years after the delivery of the defense articles, or the provision of the defense services. For the purposes of this subsection, the value of excess defense articles shall be not less than (1) the value specified in section 644 (m) (1) plus the scrap value, or (2) the market value, if ascertainable, whichever is the greater.

(b) The President may, without requirement for charge to any appropriation or contract authorization otherwise provided, enter into contracts for the procurement of defense articles or defense services for sale to any friendly country or international organization if such country or international organization provides the United States Government with a dependable undertaking (1) to pay the full amount of such contract which will assure the United States Government against any loss on the contract, and (2) to make funds available in such amounts and at such times as may be required to meet the payments required by the contract, and any damages and costs that may accrue from the cancellation of such contract, in advance of the time such payments, damages, or costs are due.

Sec. 508. Reimbursements.—Whenever funds made available for use under this part are used to furnish military assistance on cash or credit terms, United States dollar repayments, including dollar proceeds derived from the sale of foreign currency repayments to any agency or program of the United States Government, shall be credited to the current applicable appropriation, and shall be available until expended solely for the purpose of furnishing further military assistance on cash or credit terms, and, notwithstanding any provision of law relating to receipts and credits accruing to the United States Government, repayments in foreign currency may be used to carry out this part.

Sec. 509. Exchanges.—Defense articles or defense services transferred to the United States Government by a country or international organization as payment for assistance furnished under this part may be used to carry out this part, or may be disposed of or transferred to any agency of the United States Government for stockpiling or other purposes. If such disposal or transfer is made subject to reimbursement, the funds so received shall be credited to the appropriation, fund, or account funding the cost of the assistance furnished or to any appropriation, fund, or account currently available for the same general purpose.

Sec. 510. Special Authority.—(a) During the fiscal year 1962, the President may, if he determines it to be vital to the security of the United States, order defense articles from the stocks of the Department of Defense and defense services for the purposes of part II, subject to subsequent reimbursement therefor from subsequent appropriations available for military assistance. The value of such orders under this subsection in the fiscal year 1962 shall not exceed $300,000,000. Prompt notice of action taken under this subsection shall be given to the Committees on Foreign Relations, Appropriations, and Armed Services of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

(b) The Department of Defense is authorized to incur, in applicable appropriations, obligations in anticipation of reimbursements in
amounts equivalent to the value of such orders under subsection (a) of this section. Appropriations to the President of such sums as may be necessary to reimburse the applicable appropriation, fund, or account for such orders are hereby authorized.

SEC. 511. RESTRICTIONS ON MILITARY AID TO LATIN AMERICA.—
(a) The value of grant programs of defense articles for American Republics, pursuant to any authority contained in this part other than section 507, in any fiscal year beginning with the fiscal year 1962, shall not exceed $57,500,000: Provided, That an amount equal to the amount by which the foregoing ceiling reduces the program as presented to the Congress for the fiscal year 1962 shall be transferred to and consolidated with the appropriation made pursuant to section 212 and shall be used for development grants in American Republics.

(b) Internal security requirements shall not, unless the President determines otherwise and promptly reports such determination to the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations and to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, be the basis for military assistance programs for American Republics.

PART III

CHAPTER 1—GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 601. ENCOURAGEMENT OF FREE ENTERPRISE AND PRIVATE PARTICIPATION.—(a) The Congress of the United States recognizes the vital role of free enterprise in achieving rising levels of production and standards of living essential to economic progress and development. Accordingly, it is declared to be the policy of the United States to encourage the efforts of other countries to increase the flow of international trade, to foster private initiative and competition, to encourage the development and use of cooperatives, credit unions, and savings and loan associations, to discourage monopolistic practices, to improve the technical efficiency of their industry, agriculture, and commerce, and to strengthen labor unions; and to encourage the contribution of United States enterprise toward economic strength of less developed friendly countries, through private trade and investment abroad, private participation in programs carried out under this Act (including the use of private trade channels to the maximum extent practicable in carrying out such programs), and exchange of ideas and technical information on the matters covered by this subsection.

(b) In order to encourage and facilitate participation by private enterprise to the maximum extent practicable in achieving any of the purposes of this Act, the President shall—

(1) make arrangements to find, and draw the attention of private enterprise to, opportunities for investment and development in less-developed friendly countries and areas;

(2) accelerate a program of negotiating treaties for commerce and trade, including tax treaties, which shall include provisions to encourage and facilitate the flow of private investment to, and its equitable treatment in, friendly countries and areas participating in programs under this Act;

(3) seek, consistent with the national interest, compliance by other countries or areas with all treaties for commerce and trade and taxes, and take all reasonable measures under this Act or other authority to secure compliance therewith and to assist United States citizens in obtaining just compensation for losses sustained by them or payments exacted from them as a result of measures taken or imposed by any country or area thereof in violation of any such treaty; and
(4) wherever appropriate carry out programs of assistance through private channels and to the extent practicable in conjunction with local private or governmental participation, including loans under the authority of section 201 to any individual, corporation, or other body of persons.

Sec. 602. Small Business.-(a) Insofar as practicable and to the maximum extent consistent with the accomplishment of the purposes of this Act, the President shall assist American small business to participate equitably in the furnishing of commodities, defense articles, and services (including defense services) financed with funds made available under this Act—

(1) by causing to be made available to suppliers in the United States, and particularly to small independent enterprises, information, as far in advance as possible, with respect to purchases proposed to be financed with such funds;

(2) by causing to be made available to prospective purchasers in the countries and areas receiving assistance under this Act information as to such commodities, articles, and services produced by small independent enterprises in the United States; and

(3) by providing for additional services to give small business better opportunities to participate in the furnishing of such commodities, articles, and services financed with such funds.

(b) There shall be an Office of Small Business, headed by a Special Assistant for Small Business, in such agency of the United States Government as the President may direct, to assist in carrying out the provisions of subsection (a) of this section.

(c) The Secretary of Defense shall assure that there is made available to suppliers in the United States, and particularly to small independent enterprises, information with respect to purchases made by the Department of Defense pursuant to part II, such information to be furnished as far in advance as possible.

Sec. 603. Shipping on United States Vessels.—The ocean transportation between foreign countries of commodities and defense articles purchased with foreign currencies made available or derived from funds made available under this Act or the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1691 et seq.), and transfers of fresh fruit and products thereof under this Act, shall not be governed by the provisions of section 901(b) of the Merchant Marine Act of 1936, as amended (46 U.S.C. 1241), or any other law relating to the ocean transportation of commodities on United States flag vessels.

Sec. 604. Procurement.—(a) Funds made available under this Act may be used for procurement outside the United States only if the President determines that such procurement will not result in adverse effects upon the economy of the United States or the industrial mobilization base, with special reference to any areas of labor surplus or to the net position of the United States in its balance of payments with the rest of the world, which outweigh the economic or other advantages to the United States of less costly procurement outside the United States, and only if the price of any commodity procured in bulk is lower than the market price prevailing in the United States at the time of procurement, adjusted for differences in the cost of transportation to destination, quality, and terms of payment.

(b) No funds made available under this Act shall be used for the purchase in bulk of any commodities at prices higher than the market price prevailing in the United States at the time of purchase, adjusted for differences in the cost of transportation to destination, quality, and terms of payment.
(c) In providing for the procurement of any surplus agricultural commodity for transfer by grant under this Act to any recipient country in accordance with its requirements, the President shall, insofar as practicable and when in furtherance of the purposes of this Act, authorize the procurement of such surplus agricultural commodity only within the United States except to the extent that such surplus agricultural commodity is not available in the United States in sufficient quantities to supply emergency requirements of recipients under this Act.

(d) In providing assistance in the procurement of commodities in the United States, United States dollars shall be made available for marine insurance on such commodities where such insurance is placed on a competitive basis in accordance with normal trade practice prevailing prior to the outbreak of World War II: Provided, That in the event a participating country, by statute, decree, rule, or regulation, discriminates against any marine insurance company authorized to do business in any State of the United States, then commodities purchased with funds provided hereunder and destined for such country shall be insured in the United States against marine risk with a company or companies authorized to do a marine insurance business in any State of the United States.

SEC. 605. RETENTION AND USE OF ITEMS.—(a) Any commodities and defense articles procured to carry out this Act shall be retained by, or upon reimbursement, transferred to, and for the use of, such agency of the United States Government as the President may determine in lieu of being disposed of to a foreign country or international organization, whenever in the judgment of the President the best interests of the United States will be served thereby, or whenever such retention is called for by concurrent resolution. Any commodities or defense articles so retained may be disposed of without regard to provisions of law relating to the disposal of property owned by the United States Government, when necessary to prevent spoilage or wastage of such commodities or defense articles or to conserve the usefulness thereof. Funds realized from any disposal or transfer shall revert to the respective appropriation, fund, or account used to procure such commodities or defense articles or to the appropriation, fund, or account currently available for the same general purpose.

(b) Whenever commodities are transferred to the United States Government as repayment of assistance under this Act, such commodities may be used in furtherance of the purposes and within the limitations of this Act.

SEC. 606. PATENTS AND TECHNICAL INFORMATION.—(a) Whenever, in connection with the furnishing of assistance under this Act—

(1) an invention or discovery covered by a patent issued by the United States Government is practiced within the United States without the authorization of the owner, or

(2) information, which is (A) protected by law, and (B) held by the United States Government subject to restrictions imposed by the owner, is disclosed by the United States Government or any of its officers, employees, or agents in violation of such restrictions, the exclusive remedy of the owner, except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, is to sue the United States Government for reasonable and entire compensation for such practice or disclosure in the district court of the United States for the district in which such owner is a resident, or in the Court of Claims, within six years after the cause of action arises. Any period during which the United States Government is in possession of a written claim under subsection (b) of this section before mailing a notice of denial of that claim does not count in computing the six years. In any such suit, the United States
Government may plead any defense that may be pleaded by a private person in such an action. The last paragraph of section 1498(a) of title 28 of the United States Code shall apply to inventions and information covered by this section.

(b) Before suit against the United States Government has been instituted, the head of the agency of the United States Government concerned may settle and pay any claim arising under the circumstances described in subsection (a) of this section. No claim may be paid under this subsection unless the amount tendered is accepted by the claimant in full satisfaction.

(c) Funds appropriated pursuant to this Act shall not be expended by the United States Government for the acquisition of any drug product or pharmaceutical product manufactured outside the United States if the manufacture of such drug product or pharmaceutical product in the United States would involve the use of, or be covered by, an unexpired patent of the United States which has not previously been held invalid by an unappealed or unappealable judgment or decree of a court of competent jurisdiction, unless such manufacture is expressly authorized by the owner of such patent.

Sec. 607. Furnishing of Services and Commodities.—Whenever the President determines it to be consistent with and in furtherance of the purposes of part I and within the limitations of this Act, any agency of the United States Government is authorized to furnish services and commodities on an advance-of-funds or reimbursement basis to friendly countries, international organizations, the American Red Cross, and voluntary nonprofit relief agencies registered with and approved by the Advisory Committee on Voluntary Foreign Aid. Such advances or reimbursements which are received under this section within one hundred and eighty days after the close of the fiscal year in which such services and commodities are delivered, may be credited to the current applicable appropriation, account, or fund of the agency concerned and shall be available for the purposes for which such appropriation, account, or fund is authorized to be used.

Sec. 608. Advance Acquisition of Property.—(a) The President is authorized to maintain in a separate account, which shall, notwithstanding section 1210 of the General Appropriation Act, 1951 (64 Stat. 765), be free from fiscal year limitation, $5,000,000 of funds made available under section 212, which may be used to pay costs of acquisition, storage, renovation and rehabilitation, packing, crating, handling, transportation, and related costs of property classified as domestic or foreign excess property pursuant to the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949, as amended (40 U.S.C. 471 et seq.), or other property, in advance of known requirements therefor for use in furtherance of the purposes of part I: Provided, That the amount of property classified as domestic excess property pursuant to the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949, as amended, held at any one time pursuant to this section shall not exceed $15,000,000 in total original acquisition cost. Property acquired pursuant to the preceding sentence may be furnished (1) pursuant to any provision of part I for which funds are authorized for the furnishing of assistance, in which case the separate account established pursuant to this section shall be repaid from funds made available for such provision for all costs incurred, or (2) pursuant to section 607, in which case such separate account shall be repaid in accordance with the provisions of that section for all costs incurred.

(b) Property classified as domestic excess property under the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949, as amended, shall not be transferred to the agency primarily responsible for administering part I for use pursuant to the provisions of part I or section...
607 unless (1) such property is transferred for use exclusively by an
agency of the United States Government, or (2) it has been determined
in the same manner as provided for surplus property in section 203(j)
of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949, as
amended, that such property is not needed for donation pursuant to
that subsection. The foregoing restrictions shall not apply to the
transfer in any fiscal year for use pursuant to the provisions of part I
of amounts of such property with a total original acquisition cost
to the United States Government not exceeding $45,000,000.

Sec. 609. Special Account.—(a) In cases where any commodity is
to be furnished on a grant basis under chapter 4 of part I under
arrangements which will result in the accrual of proceeds to the
recipient country from the sale thereof, the President shall require
the recipient country to establish a Special Account, and

(1) deposit in the Special Account, under such terms and condi-
tions as may be agreed upon, currency of the recipient country
in amounts equal to such proceeds;

(2) make available to the United States Government such por-
ton of the Special Account as may be determined by the President
to be necessary for the requirements of the United States Govern-
ment: Provided, That such portion shall not be less than 10 per
centum in the case of any country to which such minimum require-
ment has been applicable under any Act repealed by this Act;
and

(3) utilize the remainder of the Special Account for programs
agreed to by the United States Government to carry out the
purposes for which new funds authorized by this Act would
themselves be available: Provided, That whenever funds from
such Special Account are used by a country to make loans, all
funds received in repayment of such loans prior to termination
of assistance to such country shall be reused only for such pur-
poses as shall have been agreed to between the country and the
United States Government.

(b) Any unencumbered balances of funds which remain in the
Account upon termination of assistance to such country under this
Act shall be disposed of for such purposes as may, subject to approval
by Act of the Congress, be agreed to between such country and the
United States Government.

Sec. 610. Transfer Between Accounts.—Whenever the Presi-
dent determines it to be necessary for the purposes of this Act, not to
exceed 10 per centum of the funds made available for any provision
of this Act may be transferred to, and consolidated with, the funds
made available for any other provision of this Act, and may be used
for any of the purposes for which such funds may be used, except
that the total in the provision for the benefit of which the transfer
is made shall not be increased by more than 20 per centum of the
amount of funds made available for such provision.

Sec. 611. Completion of Plans and Cost Estimates.—(a) No
agreement or grant which constitutes an obligation of the United
States Government in excess of $100,000 under section 1311 of the
shall be made for any assistance authorized under titles I and II
of chapter 2 and chapter 4 of part I—

(1) if such agreement or grant requires substantive technical
or financial planning, until engineering, financial, and other
plans necessary to carry out such assistance, and a reasonably
firm estimate of the cost to the United States Government of
providing such assistance, have been completed; and
(2) if such agreement or grant requires legislative action within the recipient country, unless such legislative action may reasonably be anticipated to be completed in time to permit the orderly accomplishment of the purposes of such agreement or grant.

(b) Plans required under subsection (a) of this section for any water or related land resource construction project or program shall include a computation of benefits and costs made insofar as practicable in accordance with the procedures set forth in circular A-47 of the Bureau of the Budget with respect to such computations.

(c) To the maximum extent practicable, all contracts for construction outside the United States made in connection with any agreement or grant subject to subsection (a) of this section shall be made on a competitive basis.

(d) Subsection (a) of this section shall not apply to any assistance furnished for the sole purpose of preparation of engineering, financial, and other plans.

SEC. 612. USE OF FOREIGN CURRENCIES.—Except as otherwise provided in this Act or other Acts, foreign currencies received either (1) as a result of the furnishing of nonmilitary assistance under the Mutual Security Act of 1954, as amended, or any Act repealed thereby, and unobligated on the date prior to the effective date of this Act, or (2) on or after the effective date of this Act, as a result of the furnishing of nonmilitary assistance under the Mutual Security Act of 1954, as amended, or any Act repealed thereby, or (3) as a result of the furnishing of assistance under part I, which are in excess of amounts reserved under authority of section 105 (d) of the Mutual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act of 1961 or any other Act relating to educational and cultural exchanges, may be sold by the Secretary of the Treasury to agencies of the United States Government for payment of their obligations outside the United States, and the United States dollars received as reimbursement shall be deposited into miscellaneous receipts of the Treasury. Foreign currencies so received which are in excess of the amounts so reserved and of the requirements of the United States Government in payment of its obligations outside the United States, as such requirements may be determined from time to time by the President, shall be available for the authorized purposes of part I in such amounts as may be specified from time to time in appropriation Acts.

SEC. 613. ACCOUNTING, VALUATION, AND REPORTING OF FOREIGN CURRENCIES.—(a) Under the direction of the President, the Secretary of the Treasury shall have responsibility for valuation and central accounting with respect to foreign credits (including currencies) owed to or owned by the United States. In order to carry out such responsibility the Secretary shall issue regulations binding upon all agencies of the Government.

(b) The Secretary of the Treasury shall have sole authority to establish for all foreign currencies or credits the exchange rates at which such currencies are to be reported by all agencies of the Government.

(c) Each agency or department shall report to the Secretary of the Treasury an inventory as of June 30, 1961, showing the amount of all foreign currencies acquired without payment of dollars on hand of each of the respective countries, and the Secretary of the Treasury shall consolidate these reports as of the same date and submit to the Congress this consolidated report broken down by agencies, by countries, by units of foreign currencies and their dollar equivalent. Thereafter, semiannually, similar reports are to be submitted by the agencies to the Treasury Department and then presented to the Congress by the Secretary of the Treasury.
SEC. 614. SPECIAL AUTHORITIES.—(a) The President may authorize in each fiscal year the use of funds made available for use under this Act and the furnishing of assistance under section 510 in a total amount not to exceed $250,000,000 and the use of not to exceed $100,000,000 of foreign currencies accruing under this Act or any other law, without regard to the requirements of this Act, any law relating to receipts and credits accruing to the United States, any Act appropriating funds for use under this Act, or the Mutual Defense Assistance Control Act of 1951 (22 U.S.C. 1611 et seq.), in furtherance of any of the purposes of such Acts, when the President determines that such authorization is important to the security of the United States. Not more than $50,000,000 of the funds available under this subsection may be allocated to any one country in any fiscal year.

(b) Whenever the President determines it to be important to the national interest, he may use funds available for the purposes of chapter 4 of part I in order to meet the responsibilities or objectives of the United States in Germany, including West Berlin, and without regard to such provisions of law as he determines should be disregarded to achieve this purpose.

(c) The President is authorized to use amounts not to exceed $50,000,000 of the funds made available under this Act pursuant to his certification that it is inadvisable to specify the nature of the use of such funds, which certification shall be deemed to be a sufficient voucher for such amounts.

SEC. 615. CONTRACT AUTHORITY.—Provisions of this Act authorizing the appropriation of funds shall be construed to authorize the granting in any appropriation Act of authority to enter into contracts, within the amounts so authorized to be appropriated, creating obligations in advance of appropriations.

SEC. 616. AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.—Except as otherwise provided in this Act, funds shall be available to carry out the provisions of this Act as authorized and appropriated to the President each fiscal year.

SEC. 617. TERMINATION OF ASSISTANCE.—Assistance under any provision of this Act may, unless sooner terminated by the President, be terminated by concurrent resolution. Funds made available under this Act shall remain available for a period not to exceed twelve months from the date of termination of assistance under this Act for the necessary expenses of winding up programs related thereto.

SEC. 618. ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE TO LATIN AMERICA.—Economic assistance to Latin America pursuant to title I and title II of chapter 2 of part I of this Act shall be furnished in accordance with the principles of the Act of Bogotá signed on September 13, 1960, and in order to carry out the policies of this Act and the purposes of this section, the President shall, when requested by a friendly country and when appropriate, assist in fostering measures of agrarian reform, including colonization and redistribution of land, with a view to ensuring a wider and more equitable distribution of the ownership of land.

SEC. 619. ASSISTANCE TO NEWLY INDEPENDENT COUNTRIES.—Assistance under part I of this Act to newly independent countries shall, to the maximum extent appropriate in the circumstances of each case, be furnished through multilateral organizations or in accordance with multilateral plans, on a fair and equitable basis with due regard to self-help.

SEC. 620. PROHIBITIONS AGAINST FURNISHING ASSISTANCE TO CUBA AND CERTAIN OTHER COUNTRIES.—(a) No assistance shall be furnished under this Act to the present government of Cuba. As an additional
means of implementing and carrying into effect the policy of the preceding sentence, the President is authorized to establish and maintain a total embargo upon all trade between the United States and Cuba.

(b) No assistance shall be furnished under this Act to the government of any country unless the President determines that such country is not dominated or controlled by the international Communist movement.

(c) No assistance shall be provided under this Act to the government of any country which is indebted to any United States citizen for goods or services furnished, where such citizen has exhausted available legal remedies and the debt is not denied or contested by such government.

(d) No assistance shall be furnished under section 201 of this Act for construction or operation of any productive enterprise in any country where such enterprise will compete with United States enterprise unless such country has agreed that it will establish appropriate procedures to prevent the exportation for use or consumption in the United States of more than twenty per centum of the annual production of such facility during the life of the loan. In case of failure to implement such agreement by the other contracting party, the President is authorized to establish necessary import controls to effectuate the agreement. The restrictions imposed by or pursuant to this subsection may be waived by the President where he determines that such waiver is in the national security interest.

CHAPTER 2—ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

SEC. 621. EXERCISE OF FUNCTIONS.—(a) The President may exercise any functions conferred upon him by this Act through such agency or officer of the United States Government as he shall direct. The head of any such agency or such officer may from time to time promulgate such rules and regulations as may be necessary to carry out such functions, and may delegate authority to perform any such functions, including, if he shall so specify, the authority successively to redeleg ate any of such functions to any of his subordinates. In providing technical assistance under this Act in the field of education, health, housing, or agriculture, or in other fields, the head of any such agency or such officer shall utilize, to the fullest extent practicable, the facilities and resources of the Federal agency or agencies with primary responsibilities for domestic programs in such fields.

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 642(a), the corporate entity known as the Development Loan Fund, the International Cooperation Administration, and the Office of the Inspector General and Comptroller shall continue in existence for a period not to exceed sixty days after the effective date of this Act, unless sooner abolished by the President. There shall continue to be available to each such agency and office during such period the respective functions, offices, personnel, property, records, funds, and assets which were available thereto on the date prior to the effective date of this Act.

(c) On the date of the abolition of the corporate entity known as the Development Loan Fund, the President shall designate an officer or head of an agency of the United States Government carrying out functions under part I to whom shall be transferred, and who shall accept the assets of, assume the obligations and liabilities of, and exercise the rights established or acquired for the benefit of, or with respect to, the Fund as of the date of abolition and not otherwise disposed of by this Act. In addition, on such date the President shall designate such
officer or head of agency as the person to be sued in the event of default in the fulfillment of the obligations of the Fund, and shall transfer to such officer or head of agency such offices, entities, functions, property, and records of the Fund as may be necessary, and notwithstanding any other provision of law, shall transfer to such officer or head of agency such personnel of the Fund as the President determines to be necessary. Not later than ninety days after the date of such transfer, the President shall transmit to the Congress a final report of the operations and condition (as of the date of the transfer) of such Fund.

(d) On the date of the abolition of the International Cooperation Administration the President shall transfer to an officer or head of an agency of the United States Government carrying out functions under part I such offices, entities, functions, property, records, and funds of such agency, not otherwise disposed of by this Act, as may be necessary, and notwithstanding any other provision of law, shall transfer to such officer or head of agency such personnel of the International Cooperation Administration as the President determines to be necessary.

(e) On the date of the abolition of the agencies referred to in subsections (c) and (d) of this section, the President shall designate an officer or head of an agency of the United States Government carrying out functions under part I to whom shall be transferred, and who shall accept, the assets, obligations, and liabilities of, and the rights established or acquired for the benefit of, or with respect to, the Export-Import Bank of Washington related to the loans made by the Bank pursuant to section 104(e) of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1704(e)). In addition, on such date the President shall designate such officer or head of agency to be sued in the event of default in the fulfillment of such obligations of the Bank, and shall transfer to such officer or head of agency such records of the Bank as may be necessary.

Sec. 622. Coordination with foreign policy.—(a) Nothing contained in this Act shall be construed to infringe upon the powers or functions of the Secretary of State.

(b) The President shall prescribe appropriate procedures to assure coordination among representatives of the United States Government in each country, under the leadership of the Chief of the United States Diplomatic Mission. The Chief of the diplomatic mission shall make sure that recommendations of such representatives pertaining to military assistance are coordinated with political and economic considerations, and his comments shall accompany such recommendations if he so desires.

(c) Under the direction of the President, the Secretary of State shall be responsible for the continuous supervision and general direction of the assistance programs authorized by this Act, including but not limited to determining whether there shall be a military assistance program for a country and the value thereof, to the end that such programs are effectively integrated both at home and abroad and the foreign policy of the United States is best served thereby.

Sec. 623. The Secretary of Defense.—(a) In the case of assistance under part II of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall have primary responsibility for—

(1) the determination of military end-item requirements;
(2) the procurement of military equipment in a manner which permits its integration with service programs;
(3) the supervision of end-item use by the recipient countries;
(4) the supervision of the training of foreign military personnel;
(5) the movement and delivery of military end-items; and
(6) within the Department of Defense, the performance of any other functions with respect to the furnishing of military assistance.

(b) The establishment of priorities in the procurement, delivery, and allocation of military equipment shall be determined by the Secretary of Defense.

Sec. 624. STATUTORY OFFICERS.—(a) The President may appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, twelve officers in the agency primarily responsible for administering part I, of whom—

(1) one shall have the rank of an Under Secretary and shall be compensated at a rate not to exceed the rate authorized by law for any Under Secretary of an Executive Department;

(2) two shall have the rank of Deputy Under Secretaries and shall be compensated at a rate not to exceed the rate authorized by law for any Deputy Under Secretary of an Executive Department; and

(3) nine shall have the rank of Assistant Secretaries and shall be compensated at a rate not to exceed the rate authorized by law for any Assistant Secretary of an Executive Department, and in the selection of one of such persons due consideration shall be given to persons qualified as professional engineers.

(b) Within the limitations established by subsection (a) of this section, the President may fix the rate of compensation, and may designate the title of, any officer appointed pursuant to the authority contained in that subsection. The President may also fix the order of succession among the officers provided for in paragraphs (2) and (3) of subsection (a) of this section in the event of the absence, death, resignation, or disability of the officers provided for in paragraphs (1) and (2) of that subsection.

(c) Any person who was appointed by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to any statutory position authorized by any provision of law repealed by section 642(a) and who is serving in one of such positions at the time of transfer of functions pursuant to subsections (c) and (d) of section 621, may be appointed by the President to a comparable position authorized by subsection (a) of this section on the date of the establishment of the agency primarily responsible for administering part I, without further action by the Senate.

(d) Notwithstanding the provisions of sections 642(a)(1) and 642(a)(2), any person who, on the date prior to the effective date of this Act, held an office or a position authorized pursuant to sections 205(b), 527(b), or 533A of the Mutual Security Act of 1954, as amended, or Reorganization Plan Numbered 7 of 1953, may continue to hold such office or position, subject to the discretion of the head of the agency primarily responsible for administering part I, for a period of not more than sixty days following the effective date of this Act.

(e) (1) In addition to the officers provided for in subsection (a) of this section, there shall be in the Department of State an officer with the title of “Inspector General, Foreign Assistance,” who shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. In addition, there shall be one Deputy Inspector General, Foreign Assistance, and two Assistant Inspector Generals, Foreign Assistance, who shall be appointed by the President, and such other personnel as may be required to carry out the functions vested in the Inspector General, Foreign Assistance, by this subsection. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, such of the personnel employed under the authority of section 533A of the Mutual Security Act of 1954, as amended, as the Inspector General, Foreign Assistance, may designate, and such of the property, records, and funds of the office established by such section 533A as the Inspector General, Foreign Assistance, may be treated in如同 the property, records, and funds of the office established by such section 533A as the Inspector General, Foreign Assistance, may be treated in a like manner as the property, records, and funds of an Inspector General and Comptroller. Transfers.

22 USC 1793a.
Assistant, may deem necessary, may be transferred to the office of the Inspector General, Foreign Assistance. The Inspector General, Foreign Assistance, shall receive compensation at the rate of $20,000 annually; the Deputy Inspector General, Foreign Assistance, shall receive compensation at the rate of $19,500 annually, and each Assistant Inspector General, Foreign Assistance, shall receive compensation at the rate of $19,000 annually.

(2) The Inspector General, Foreign Assistance, shall report directly to the Secretary of State and shall have the following duties and responsibilities:

(A) He shall arrange for, direct or conduct such reviews, inspections and audits of programs being conducted under part I of this Act and of the Peace Corps as he considers necessary for the purpose of ascertaining the efficiency and the economy of their administration, their consonance with the foreign policy of the United States, and the attainment of their objectives.

(B) For the purpose of ascertaining the extent to which programs of assistance being carried out under part II of this Act and the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954, as amended, are in consonance with the foreign policy of the United States, are aiding in the attainment of the objectives of this Act, and are being carried out consistently with the responsibilities with respect thereto of the respective United States chiefs of missions and of the Secretary of State, as well as the efficiency and the economy with which such responsibilities are discharged, he shall arrange for, direct or conduct such reviews, inspections and audits of programs of assistance under part II of this Act and the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954, as amended, as he considers necessary.

(3) The Inspector General, Foreign Assistance, shall maintain continuous observation and review of programs with respect to which he has responsibilities under paragraph (2) of this subsection for the purpose of—

(A) determining the extent to which such programs are in compliance with applicable laws and regulations;

(B) making recommendations for the correction of deficiencies in, or for improving the organization, plans or procedures of, such programs; and

(C) evaluating the effectiveness of such programs in attaining United States foreign policy objectives and reporting to the Secretary of State with respect thereto.

(4) In order to eliminate duplication and to assure full utilization of existing data, the Inspector General, Foreign Assistance, shall, in carrying out his duties under this Act, give due regard to the audit, investigative and inspection activities of the various agencies, including those of the General Accounting Office and of the military Inspectors General.

(5) For the purpose of aiding in carrying out his duties under this Act, the Inspector General, Foreign Assistance, shall have access to all records, reports, audits, reviews, documents, papers, recommendations, or other material of the agencies of the United States Government administering part I or part II of this Act, the Peace Corps or the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954, as amended. All agencies of the United States Government shall cooperate with the Inspector General, Foreign Assistance, and shall furnish assistance upon request to the Inspector General, Foreign Assistance, in aid of his responsibilities.

(6) The Inspector General, Foreign Assistance, shall have authority to suspend all or any part of any project or operation (but not a
country program) with respect to which he has conducted or is conducting an inspection, audit or review provided he first has given written notice to the Secretary of State. Any such suspension shall remain effective until such program or part thereof is ordered resumed by the Inspector General, Foreign Assistance, or by the Secretary of State. This paragraph shall not apply to part II of this Act, and with respect to the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954, as amended, shall apply only to projects and operations administered by the Secretary of State.

(7) Expenses of the Inspector General, Foreign Assistance, with respect to programs under part I or part II of this Act and the Peace Corps shall be charged to the appropriations made to carry out such programs, and with respect to programs under the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954, as amended, shall be charged to funds available under the authority of this Act: Provided, That such appropriations shall not be charged with such expenses after the expiration of a thirty-five day period which begins on the date the General Accounting Office, or any committee of the Congress, or any duly authorized subcommittee thereof, charged with considering legislation, appropriations, or expenditures under the Act, has delivered to the Office of the Secretary of State a written request that it be furnished any document, paper, communication, audit, review, finding, recommendation, report, or other material which relates to the operation or activities of the Inspector General, Foreign Assistance, unless and until there has been furnished to the General Accounting Office, or to such committee, or subcommittee, as the case may be, (A) the document, paper, communication, audit, review, finding, recommendation, report, or other material so requested, or (B) a certification by the President personally that he has forbidden the furnishing thereof pursuant to such request and his reason for so doing. The waiver authority in section 614(a) of this Act and the provisions of section 634(c) of this Act shall not apply to this subsection. Such expenses shall not exceed $2,000,000 in any fiscal year. The Inspector General, Foreign Assistance, may make expenditures (not in excess of $2,000 in any fiscal year) of a confidential nature when he finds that such expenditures are in aid of inspections, audits or reviews under this subsection. A certificate of the amount of each such expenditure, the nature of which it is considered inadvisable to specify, shall be made by the Inspector General, Foreign Assistance, and every such certificate shall be deemed a sufficient voucher for the amount therein specified.

SEC. 625. EMPLOYMENT OF PERSONNEL.—(b) Any agency or officer of the United States Government carrying out functions under this Act is authorized to employ such personnel as the President deems necessary to carry out the provisions and purposes of this Act. (b) Of the personnel employed in the United States to carry out part I or coordinate part I and part II, not to exceed seventy-six may be appointed, compensated, or removed without regard to the provisions of any law, of whom not to exceed fifty-one may be compensated at rates higher than those provided for grade 15 of the general schedule established by the Classification Act of 1949, as amended (5 U.S.C. 1071 et seq.), and of these, not to exceed eight may be compensated at a rate in excess of the highest rate provided for grades of such general schedule but not in excess of $19,000 per year: Provided, That, under such regulations as the President shall prescribe, officers and employees of the United States Government who are appointed to any of the above positions may be entitled, upon removal from such position, to reinstatement to the position occupied at the time of appointment or to a position of comparable grade and
salary. Such positions shall be in addition to those authorized by law to be filled by Presidential appointment, and in addition to the number authorized by section 505 of the Classification Act of 1949, as amended.

(c) Of the personnel employed in the United States to carry out part II, not to exceed eight may be compensated at rates higher than those provided for grade 15 of the general schedule established by the Classification Act of 1949, as amended, and of these, not to exceed three may be compensated at a rate in excess of the highest rate provided for grades of such general schedule but not in excess of $19,000 per year. Such positions shall be in addition to those authorized by law to be filled by Presidential appointment, and in addition to the number authorized by section 505 of the Classification Act of 1949, as amended.

(d) For the purpose of performing functions under this Act outside the United States the President may—

(1) employ or assign persons, or authorize the employment or assignment of officers or employees by agencies of the United States Government, who shall receive compensation at any of the rates provided for the Foreign Service Reserve and Staff by the Foreign Service Act of 1946, as amended (22 U.S.C. 801 et seq.), together with allowances and benefits thereunder; and persons so employed or assigned shall be entitled, except to the extent that the President may specify otherwise in cases in which the period of employment or assignment exceeds thirty months, to the same benefits as are provided by section 528 of that Act for persons appointed to the Foreign Service Reserve, and the provisions of section 1005 of that Act shall apply in the case of such persons, except that policymaking officials shall not be subject to that part of section 1005 of that Act which prohibits political tests; and

(2) utilize such authority, including authority to appoint and assign personnel for the duration of operations under this Act, contained in the Foreign Service Act of 1946, as amended, as the President deems necessary to carry out functions under this Act; and such provisions of the Foreign Service Act of 1946, as amended, as the President deems appropriate shall apply to personnel appointed or assigned under this paragraph, including in all cases the provisions of section 528 of that Act: Provided, however, That the President may by regulation make exceptions to the application of section 528 in cases in which the period of the appointment or assignment exceeds thirty months: Provided further, That Foreign Service Reserve officers appointed or assigned pursuant to this paragraph shall receive within-class salary increases in accordance with such regulations as the President may prescribe.

(e) The President is authorized to prescribe by regulation standards or other criteria for maintaining adequate performance levels for personnel appointed or assigned pursuant to paragraph (2) of subsection (d) of this section and section 527(c)(2) of the Mutual Security Act of 1954, as amended, and may, notwithstanding any other law, but subject to an appropriate administrative appeal, separate employees who fail to meet such standards or other criteria, and also may grant such personnel severance benefits of one month's salary for each year's service, but not to exceed one year's salary at the then current salary rate of such personnel.

(f) Funds provided for in agreements with foreign countries for the furnishing of services under this Act shall be deemed to be obligated for the services of personnel employed by the United States Government as well as other personnel.
(g) The principles regarding foreign language competence set forth in section 578 of the Foreign Service Act of 1946, as amended (22 U.S.C. 801), shall be applicable to personnel carrying out functions under this Act and the Secretary of State shall make appropriate designations and standards for such personnel.

(h) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, officers and employees of the United States Government performing functions under this Act shall not accept from any foreign country any compensation or other benefits. Arrangements may be made by the President with such countries for reimbursement to the United States Government or other sharing of the cost of performing such functions.

(i) To the maximum extent practicable officers and employees performing functions under this Act abroad shall be assigned to countries and positions for which they have special competence, such as appropriate language and practical experience.

Sec. 626. Experts, Consultants, and Retired Officers.—(a) Experts and consultants or organizations thereof may, as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946, as amended (5 U.S.C. 55a), be employed for the performance of functions under this Act, and individuals so employed may be compensated at rates not in excess of $75 per diem, and while away from their homes or regular places of business, they may be paid actual travel expenses and per diem in lieu of subsistence at the applicable rate prescribed in the standardized Government travel regulations, as amended from time to time. Contracts for such employment with such organizations, employment of personnel as experts and consultants, not to exceed ten in number, contracts for such employment of retired military personnel with specialized research and development experience, not to exceed ten in number, and contracts for such employment of retired military personnel with specialized experience of a broad politico-military nature, not to exceed five in number, may be renewed annually.

(b) Service of an individual as an expert or consultant under subsection (a) of this section shall not be considered as service or employment bringing such individual within the provisions of section 281, 283, or 284 of title 18 of the United States Code, or of section 190 of the Revised Statutes (5 U.S.C. 99), or of any other Federal law imposing restrictions, requirements, or penalties in relation to the employment of persons, the performance of services, or the payment or receipt of compensation in connection with any claim, proceeding, or matter involving the United States Government, except insofar as such provisions of law may prohibit any such individual from receiving compensation in respect of any particular matter in which such individual was directly involved in the performance of such service. Nor shall such service be considered as employment or holding of office or position bringing such individual within the provisions of section 13 of the Civil Service Retirement Act, as amended (5 U.S.C. 2263), section 212 of Public Law 72–212, as amended (5 U.S.C. 59a), section 872 of the Foreign Service Act of 1946, as amended, or any other law limiting the reemployment of retired officers or employees or governing the simultaneous receipt of compensation and retired pay or annuities.

(c) Notwithstanding section 2 of the Act of July 31, 1894, as amended (5 U.S.C. 62), any retired officer of any of the services mentioned in the Career Compensation Act of 1949, as amended (37 U.S.C. 231 et seq.), may hold any office or appointment under this Act, but the compensation of any such retired officer shall be subject to the provisions of section 212 of Public Law 72–212, as amended.

(d) Persons of outstanding experience and ability may be employed without compensation by any agency of the United States Government.
for the performance of functions under this Act in accordance with the provisions of section 710(b) of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended (50 U.S.C. App. 2160(b)), and regulations issued thereunder.

SEC. 627. DETAIL OF PERSONNEL TO FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS.—Whenever the President determines it to be in furtherance of the purposes of this Act, the head of any agency of the United States Government is authorized to detail or assign any officer or employee of his agency to any office or position with any foreign government or foreign government agency, where acceptance of such office or position does not involve the taking of an oath of allegiance to another government or the acceptance of compensation or other benefits from any foreign country by such officer or employee.

SEC. 628. DETAIL OF PERSONNEL TO INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS.—Whenever the President determines it to be consistent with and in furtherance of the purposes of this Act, the head of any agency of the United States Government is authorized to detail, assign, or otherwise make available to any international organization any officer or employee of his agency to serve with, or as a member of, the international staff of such organization, or to render any technical, scientific, or professional advice or service to, or in cooperation with, such organization.

SEC. 629. STATUS OF PERSONNEL DETAILED.—(a) Any officer or employee, while assigned or detailed under section 627 or 628 of this Act, shall be considered, for the purpose of preserving his allowances, privileges, rights, seniority, and other benefits as such, an officer or employee of the United States Government and of the agency of the United States Government from which detailed or assigned, and he shall continue to receive compensation, allowances, and benefits from funds appropriated to that agency or made available to that agency under this Act.

(b) Any officer or employee assigned, detailed, or appointed under section 627, 628, 631, or 624(e) of this Act is authorized to receive under such regulations as the President may prescribe, representation allowances similar to those allowed under section 901 of the Foreign Service Act of 1946, as amended (22 U.S.C. 1131). The authorization of such allowances and other benefits and the payment thereof out of any appropriations available therefor shall be considered as meeting all the requirements of section 1765 of the Revised Statutes (5 U.S.C. 70).

SEC. 630. TERMS OF DETAIL OR ASSIGNMENT.—Details or assignments may be made under section 627 or 628 of this Act or section 408 of the Mutual Security Act of 1954, as amended—

(1) without reimbursement to the United States Government by the foreign government or international organization;

(2) upon agreement by the foreign government or international organization to reimburse the United States Government for compensation, travel expenses, and allowances, or any part thereof, payable to the officer or employee concerned during the period of assignment or detail; and such reimbursements (including foreign currencies) shall be credited to the appropriation, fund, or account utilized for paying such compensation, travel expenses, or allowances, or to the appropriation, fund, or account currently available for such purposes;

(3) upon an advance of funds, property, or services by the foreign government or international organization to the United States Government accepted with the approval of the President for specified uses in furtherance of the purposes of this Act; and funds so advanced may be established as a separate fund in the
Treasury of the United States Government, to be available for the specified uses, and to be used for reimbursement of appropriations or direct expenditure subject to the provisions of this Act, any unexpended balance of such account to be returned to the foreign government or international organization; or

(4) subject to the receipt by the United States Government of a credit to be applied against the payment by the United States Government of its share of the expenses of the international organization to which the officer or employee is detailed or assigned, such credit to be based upon the compensation, travel expenses, and allowances, or any part thereof, payable to such officer or employee during the period of detail or assignment in accordance with section 629.

SEC. 631. MISSIONS AND STAFFS ABROAD.—(a) The President may maintain special missions or staffs outside the United States in such countries and for such periods of time as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this Act. Each such special mission or staff shall be under the direction of a chief.

(b) The chief and his deputy of each special mission or staff carrying out the purposes of part I shall be appointed by the President, and may, notwithstanding any other law, be removed by the President at his discretion. Such chief shall be entitled to receive (1) in cases approved by the President, the same compensation and allowances as a chief of mission, class 3, or a chief of mission, class 4, within the meaning of the Foreign Service Act of 1946, as amended, or (2) compensation and allowances in accordance with section 625(d), as the President shall determine to be appropriate.

SEC. 632. ALLOCATION AND REIMBURSEMENT AMONG AGENCIES.—(a) The President may allocate or transfer to any agency of the United States Government any part of any funds available for carrying out the purposes of this Act, including any advance to the United States Government by any country or international organization for the procurement of commodities, defense articles, or services (including defense services). Such funds shall be available for obligation and expenditure for the purposes for which authorized, in accordance with authority granted in this Act or under authority governing the activities of the agencies of the United States Government to which such funds are allocated or transferred.

(b) Any officer of the United States Government carrying out functions under this Act may utilize the services (including defense services) and facilities of, or procure commodities and defense articles from, any agency of the United States Government as the President shall direct, or with the consent of the head of such agency, and funds allocated pursuant to this subsection to any such agency may be established in separate appropriation accounts on the books of the Treasury.

(c) In the case of any commodity, service, or facility procured from any agency of the United States Government to carry out part I, reimbursement or payment shall be made to such agency from funds available to carry out such part. Such reimbursement or payment shall be at replacement cost, or, if required by law, at actual cost, or at any other price authorized by law and agreed to by the owning or disposing agency. The amount of any such reimbursement or payment shall be credited to current applicable appropriations, funds, or accounts, from which there may be procured replacements of similar commodities, services, or facilities, except that where such appropriations, funds, or accounts are not reimbursable except by reason of this subsection, and when the owning or disposing agency determines that such replacement is not necessary, any funds received in payment therefor shall be deposited into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.
(d) Except as otherwise provided in sections 507 and 510, reimbursement shall be made to any United States Government agency, from funds available for use under part II, for any assistance furnished under part II from, by, or through such agency. Such reimbursement shall be in an amount equal to the value (as defined in section 644 (m)) of the defense articles or of the defense services (other than salaries of members of the Armed Forces of the United States), or other assistance furnished, plus expenses arising from or incident to operations under part II. The amount of such reimbursement shall be credited to the current applicable appropriations, funds, or accounts of such agency.

(e) In furnishing assistance under this Act, accounts may be established on the books of any agency of the United States Government or, on terms and conditions approved by the Secretary of the Treasury, in banking institutions in the United States, (1) against which letters of commitment may be issued which shall constitute recordable obligations of the United States Government, and moneys due or to become due under such letters of commitment shall be assignable under the Assignment of Claims Act of 1940, as amended (second and third paragraphs of 31 U.S.C. 203 and 41 U.S.C. 15), and (2) from which disbursements may be made to, or withdrawals may be made by, recipient countries or agencies, organizations, or persons upon presentation of contracts, invoices, or other appropriate documentation. Expenditure of funds which have been made available through accounts so established shall be accounted for on standard documentation required for expenditure of funds of the United States Government: Provided, That such expenditures for commodities, defense articles, services (including defense services), or facilities procured outside the United States may be accounted for exclusively on such certification as may be prescribed in regulations approved by the Comptroller General of the United States.

(f) Credits made by the Export-Import Bank of Washington with funds allocated thereto under subsection (a) of this section or under section 522 (a) of the Mutual Security Act of 1954, as amended, shall not be considered in determining whether the Bank has outstanding at any one time loans and guaranties to the extent of the limitation imposed by section 7 of the Export-Import Bank Act of 1945, as amended (12 U.S.C. 635e).

(g) Any appropriation or account available to carry out provisions of part I may initially be charged in any fiscal year, within the limit of available funds, to finance expenses for which funds are available in other appropriations or accounts under part I: Provided, That as of the end of such fiscal year such expenses shall be finally charged to applicable appropriations or accounts with proper credit to the appropriations or accounts initially utilized for financing purposes: Provided further, That such final charge to applicable appropriations or accounts shall not be required in the case of expenses (other than those provided for under section 637 (a) ) incurred in furnishing assistance by the agency primarily responsible for administering part I where it is determined that the accounting costs of identifying the applicable appropriation or account to which such expenses should be charged would be disproportionate to the advantage to be gained.

SEC. 633. WAIVERS OF CERTAIN LAWS.—(a) Whenever the President determines it to be in furtherance of the purposes of this Act, the functions authorized under this Act may be performed without regard to such provisions of law (other than the Renegotiation Act of 1951, as amended (50 U.S.C. App. 1211 et seq.)), regulating the making, performance, amendment, or modification of contracts and the expenditure of funds of the United States Government as the President may specify.
(b) The functions authorized under part II may be performed without regard to such provisions as the President may specify of the joint resolution of November 4, 1939 (54 Stat. 4), as amended.

(c) Notwithstanding the provisions of sections 3544(b) and 8544(b) of title 10 of the United States Code, personnel of the Department of Defense may be assigned or detailed to any civil office to carry out this Act.

SEC. 634. REPORTS AND INFORMATION.—(a) The President shall, while funds made available for the purposes of this Act remain available for obligation, transmit to the Congress after the close of each fiscal year a report concerning operations in that fiscal year under this Act. Each such report shall include information on the operation of the investment guaranty program.

(b) The President shall, in the reports required by subsection (a) of this section, and in response to requests from Members of the Congress or inquiries from the public, make public all information concerning operations under this Act not deemed by him to be incompatible with the security of the United States. In the case of each loan made from the Development Loan Fund established pursuant to section 201(a) the President shall make public appropriate information about the loan, including information about the borrower, the nature of the activity being financed, and the economic development objectives being served by the loan.

(c) None of the funds made available pursuant to the provisions of this Act shall be used to carry out any provision of this Act in any country or with respect to any project or activity, after the expiration of the thirty-five-day period which begins on the date the General Accounting Office or any committee of the Congress charged with considering legislation, appropriations or expenditures under this Act, has delivered to the office of the head of any agency carrying out such provision, a written request that it be furnished any document, paper, communication, audit, review, finding, recommendation, report, or other material in its custody or control relating to the administration of such provision in such country or with respect to such project or activity, unless and until there has been furnished to the General Accounting Office, or to such committee, as the case may be, (1) the document, paper, communication, audit, review, finding, recommendation, report, or other material so requested, or (2) a certification by the President that he has forbidden the furnishing thereof pursuant to request and his reason for so doing.

(d) In January of each year, the President shall notify the Committee on Foreign Relations and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives of all actions taken during the preceding twelve months under this Act which resulted in furnishing assistance of a kind, for a purpose, or to an area, substantially different from that included in the presentation to the Congress during its consideration of this Act or any Act appropriating funds pursuant to authorizations contained in this Act, or which resulted in obligations or reservations greater by 50 per centum or more than the proposed obligations or reservations included in such presentation for the program concerned, and in his notification the President shall state the justification for such changes. In addition, the President shall promptly notify the Committee on Foreign Relations and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives of any determination under section 303, 610, 614(a), or 614(b).

(e) The President shall include in his recommendations to the Congress for programs under this Act for each fiscal year a specific plan for each country receiving bilateral grant economic assistance
whereby, wherever practicable, such grant economic assistance shall be progressively reduced and eventually terminated.

Sec. 635. General Authorities.—(a) Except as otherwise specifically provided in this Act, assistance under this Act may be furnished on a grant basis or on such terms, including cash, credit, or other terms of repayment (including repayment in foreign currencies or by transfer to the United States Government of commodities) as may be determined to be best suited to the achievement of the purposes of this Act, and shall emphasize loans rather than grants wherever possible.

(b) The President may make loans, advances, and grants to, make and perform agreements and contracts with, or enter into other transactions with, any individual, corporation, or other body of persons, friendly government or government agency, whether within or without the United States, and international organizations in furtherance of the purposes and within the limitations of this Act.

(c) It is the sense of Congress that the President, in furthering the purposes of this Act, shall use to the maximum extent practicable the services and facilities of voluntary, nonprofit organizations registered with, and approved by, the Advisory Committee on Voluntary Foreign Aid.

(d) The President may accept and use in furtherance of the purposes of this Act, money, funds, property, and services of any kind made available by gift, devise, bequest, grant, or otherwise for such purpose.

(e) Any agency of the United States Government is authorized to pay the cost of health and accident insurance for foreign participants in any program of furnishing technical information and assistance administered by such agency while such participants are absent from their homes for the purpose of participation in such program.

(f) Alien participants in any program of furnishing technical information and assistance under this Act may be admitted to the United States if otherwise qualified as nonimmigrants under section 101(a)(15) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as amended (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(15)), for such time and under such conditions as may be prescribed by regulations promulgated by the Secretary of State and the Attorney General.

(g) In making loans under this Act, the President—

(1) may issue letters of credit and letters of commitment;

(2) may collect or compromise any obligations assigned to, or held by, and any legal or equitable rights accruing to him, and, as he may determine, refer any such obligations or rights to the Attorney General for suit or collection;

(3) may acquire and dispose of, upon such terms and conditions as he may determine, any property, including any instrument evidencing indebtedness or ownership (provided that equity securities may not be directly purchased although such securities may be acquired by other means such as by exercise of conversion rights or through enforcement of liens or pledges or otherwise to satisfy a previously incurred indebtedness), and guarantee payment against any such instrument;

(4) may determine the character of, and necessity for, obligations and expenditures of funds used in making such loans and the manner in which they shall be incurred, allowed, and paid, subject to provisions of law specifically applicable to corporations of the United States Government; and

(5) shall cause to be maintained an integral set of accounts which shall be audited by the General Accounting Office in accordance with principles and procedures applicable to commercial corporate transactions as provided by the Government Corporation Control Act, as amended (31 U.S.C. 841 et seq.).
(h) A contract or agreement which entails commitments for the expenditure of funds made available under titles II and V of chapter 2 of part I and under part II may, subject to any future action of the Congress, extend at any time for not more than five years.

(i) Claims arising as a result of investment guaranty operations may be settled, and disputes arising as a result thereof may be arbitrated with the consent of the parties, on such terms and conditions as the President may direct. Payment made pursuant to any such settlement, or as a result of an arbitration award, shall be final and conclusive notwithstanding any other provision of law.

(j) The provisions of section 955 of title 18 of the United States Code shall not apply to prevent any person, including any individual, partnership, corporation, or association, from acting for, or participating in, any operation or transaction arising under this Act, or from acquiring any obligation issued in connection with any operation or transaction arising under this Act.

SEC. 636. PROVISIONS ON USE OF FUNDS.—(a) Appropriations for the purposes of or pursuant to this Act (except for part II), allocations to any agency of the United States Government, from other appropriations, for functions directly related to the purposes of this Act, and funds made available for other purposes to the agency primarily responsible for administering part I, shall be available for:

(1) rent of buildings and space in the United States, and for repair, alteration, and improvement of such leased properties;

(2) expenses of attendance at meetings concerned with the purposes of such appropriations or of this Act, including (notwithstanding the provisions of section 9 of Public Law 60–328 (31 U.S.C. 673)) expenses in connection with meetings of persons whose employment is authorized by section 626;

(3) contracting with individuals for personal services abroad:
Provided, That such individuals shall not be regarded as employees of the United States Government for the purpose of any law administered by the Civil Service Commission;

(4) purchase, maintenance, operation, and hire of aircraft:
Provided, That aircraft for administrative purposes may be purchased only as specifically provided for in an appropriation or other Act;

(5) purchase and hire of passenger motor vehicles:
Provided, That, except as may otherwise be provided in an appropriation or other Act, passenger motor vehicles for administrative purposes outside the United States may be purchased for replacement only, and such vehicles may be exchanged or sold and replaced by an equal number of such vehicles, and the cost, including exchange allowance, of each such replacement shall not exceed $3,500 in the case of an automobile for the chief of any special mission or staff outside the United States established under section 631: Provided further, That passenger motor vehicles, other than one for the official use (without regard to the limitations contained in section 5 of Public Law 63–127, as amended (5 U.S.C. 78(c)(2)) and section 201 of Public Law 85–468 (5 U.S.C. 78a–1)) of the head of the agency primarily responsible for administering part I, may be purchased for use in the United States only as may be specifically provided in an appropriation or other Act;

(6) entertainment (not to exceed $25,000 in any fiscal year except as may otherwise be provided in an appropriation or other Act);

(7) exchange of funds without regard to section 3651 of the Revised Statutes (31 U.S.C. 543) and loss by exchange;
Expenses of a confidential character.

Insurance.

Rents, foreign.

Transportation of deceased individuals.

Uniforms.

Per diem.

60 Stat. 999.

Water.

Coast and Geodetic Survey officers.

Travel of personnel.

Availability of funds.

(8) expenditures (not to exceed $50,000 in any fiscal year except as may otherwise be provided in an appropriation or other Act) of a confidential character other than entertainment: Provided, That a certificate of the amount of each such expenditure, the nature of which it is considered inadvisable to specify, shall be made by the head of the agency primarily responsible for administering part I or such person as he may designate, and every such certificate shall be deemed a sufficient voucher for the amount therein specified;

(9) insurance of official motor vehicles or aircraft acquired for use in foreign countries;

(10) rent or lease outside the United States for not to exceed ten years of offices, buildings, grounds, and quarters, including living quarters to house personnel, and payments therefor in advance; maintenance, furnishings, necessary repairs, improvements, and alterations to properties owned or rented by the United States Government or made available for use to the United States Government outside the United States; and costs of fuel, water, and utilities for such properties;

(11) expenses of preparing and transporting to their former homes, or, with respect to foreign participants engaged in any program under part I, to their former homes or places of burial, and of care and disposition of, the remains of persons or members of the families of persons who may die while such persons are away from their homes participating in activities carried out with funds covered by this subsection;

(12) purchase of uniforms;

(13) payment of per diem in lieu of subsistence to foreign participants engaged in any program under part I while such participants are away from their homes in countries other than the United States, at rates not in excess of those prescribed by the standardized Government travel regulations, notwithstanding any other provision of law;

(14) use in accordance with authorities of the Foreign Service Act of 1946, as amended (22 U.S.C. 801 et seq.), not otherwise provided for;

(15) ice and drinking water for use outside the United States;

(16) services of commissioned officers of the Coast and Geodetic Survey, and for the purposes of providing such services the Coast and Geodetic Survey may appoint not to exceed twenty commissioned officers in addition to those otherwise authorized;

(17) expenses in connection with travel of personnel outside the United States, including travel expenses of dependents (including expenses during necessary stopovers while engaged in such travel), and transportation of personal effects, household goods, and automobiles of such personnel when any part of such travel or transportation begins in one fiscal year pursuant to travel orders issued in that fiscal year, notwithstanding the fact that such travel or transportation may not be completed during the same fiscal year, and cost of transporting automobiles to and from a place of storage, and the cost of storing automobiles of such personnel when it is in the public interest or more economical to authorize storage.

(b) Funds made available for the purposes of this Act may be used for compensation, allowances, and travel of personnel including Foreign Service personnel whose services are utilized primarily for the purposes of this Act, for printing and binding without regard to the provisions of any other law, and for expenditures outside the
United States for the procurement of supplies and services and for other administrative and operating purposes (other than compensation of personnel) without regard to such laws and regulations governing the obligation and expenditure of funds of the United States Government as may be necessary to accomplish the purposes of this Act.

(c) Notwithstanding any other law, not to exceed $3,000,000 of the funds available for assistance under this Act (other than title I of chapter 2 of part I) may be used in any fiscal year (in addition to funds available for such use under other authorities in this Act) to construct or otherwise acquire outside the United States (1) essential living quarters, office space, and necessary supporting facilities for use of personnel carrying out activities authorized by this Act, and (2) schools (including dormitories and boarding facilities) and hospitals for use of personnel carrying out activities authorized by this Act, United States Government personnel, and their dependents. In addition, funds made available for assistance under this Act (other than title I of chapter 2 of part I) may be used, notwithstanding any other law, to equip, staff, operate, and maintain such schools and hospitals.

(d) Not to exceed $1,500,000 of the funds available for assistance under this Act (other than title I of chapter 2 of part I) may be used in any fiscal year to provide assistance, on such terms and conditions as are deemed appropriate, to schools established, or to be established, outside the United States whenever it is determined that such action would be more economical or would best serve the interests of the United States in providing for the education of dependents of personnel carrying out activities authorized by this Act and dependents of United States Government personnel, in lieu of acquisition or construction pursuant to subsection (c) of this section.

(e) Funds available under this Act (other than title I of chapter 2 of part I) may be used to pay costs of training United States citizen personnel employed or assigned pursuant to section 625(d)(2) (through interchange or otherwise) at any State or local unit of government, public or private nonprofit institution, trade, labor, agricultural, or scientific association or organization, or commercial firm; and the provisions of Public Law 84–918 (7 U.S.C. 1881 et seq.) may be used to carry out the foregoing authority notwithstanding that interchange of personnel may not be involved or that the training may not take place at the institutions specified in that Act. Such training shall not be considered employment or holding of office under section 2 of the Act of July 31, 1894, as amended (5 U.S.C. 62), and any payments or contributions in connection therewith may, as deemed appropriate by the head of the agency of the United States Government authorizing such training, be made by private or public sources and be accepted by any trainee, or may be accepted by and credited to the current applicable appropriation of such agency: Provided, however, That any such payments to any employee in the nature of compensation shall be in lieu, or in reduction, of compensation received from the United States Government.

(f) Funds made available under section 212 may be used for expenses (other than those provided for under section 637(a)) to assist in carrying out functions under title I of chapter 2 of part I, under the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1691 et seq.), and under the Act to provide for assistance in the development of Latin America and in the reconstruction of Chile, and for other purposes (22 U.S.C. 1942 et seq.), performed by the agency primarily responsible for administering part I.
Funds made available for the purposes of part II shall be available for—

1. administrative, extraordinary (not to exceed $300,000 in any fiscal year), and operating expenses;
2. reimbursement of actual expenses of military officers detailed or assigned as tour directors in connection with orientation visits of foreign military personnel, in accordance with the provisions of section 3 of the Travel Expense Act of 1949, as amended (5 U.S.C. 836), applicable to civilian officers and employees; and
3. maintenance, repair, alteration, and furnishing of United States-owned facilities in the District of Columbia or elsewhere for the training of foreign military personnel, without regard to the provisions of section 3733 of the Revised Statutes (41 U.S.C. 12) or other provision of law requiring a specific authorization or specific appropriation for such public contracts.

Sec. 637. Administrative Expenses.—(a) There is hereby authorized to be appropriated to the President for the fiscal year 1962 not to exceed $50,000,000 for necessary administrative expenses of the agency primarily responsible for administering part I.

(b) There is hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of State such amounts as may be necessary from time to time for administrative expenses which are incurred for functions of the Department of State under this Act and unrepealed provisions of the Mutual Security Act of 1954, as amended, or for normal functions of the Department of State which relate to such functions.
of law repealed by section 642(a) shall continue in full force and
effect until modified by appropriate authority.

(b) Wherever provisions of this Act establish conditions which
must be complied with before use may be made of authority contained
in, or funds authorized by, this Act, compliance with, or satisfaction
of, substantially similar conditions under Acts listed in section 642(a)
or Acts repealed by those Acts shall be deemed to constitute compliance
with the conditions established by this Act.

(c) Funds made available pursuant to provisions of law repealed
by section 642(a)(2) shall, unless otherwise authorized or provided
by law, remain available for their original purposes in accordance
with the provisions of law originally applicable thereto, or in accordance
with the provisions of law currently applicable to those purposes.

(d) No provision of this Act shall affect, or be deemed to affect,
except as the President may determine, the agency within the Depart-
ment of State known as the Peace Corps, nor any of the functions,
offices, personnel, property, records, and funds available thereto on
the date prior to the effective date of this Act, pending the enactment
of legislation for the Peace Corps or the adjournment of the first
session of the Eighty-seventh Congress, whichever is earlier.

Sec. 644. Definitions.—As used in this Act—

(a) “Agency of the United States Government” includes any
agency, department, board, wholly or partly owned corporation, in-
strumentality, commission, or establishment of the United States
Government.

(b) “Armed Forces” of the United States means the Army, Navy,
Air Force, Marine Corps, and Coast Guard.

(c) “Commodity” includes any material, article, supply, goods, or
equipment used for the purposes of furnishing nonmilitary assistance.

(d) “Defense article” includes—

(1) any weapon, weapons system, munition, aircraft, vessel,
boat, or other implement of war;

(2) any property, installation, commodity, material, equip-
ment, supply, or goods used for the purposes of furnishing mili-
tary assistance;

(3) any machinery, facility, tool, material, supply, or other
item necessary for the manufacture, production, processing re-
pair, servicing, storage, construction, transportation, operation,
or use of any article listed in this subsection; or

(4) any component or part of any article listed in this sub-
section; but

shall not include merchant vessels or, as defined by the Atomic Energy
Act of 1954, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2011), source material, byproduct
material, special nuclear material, or atomic weapons.

(e) “Defense information” includes any document, writing, sketch,
photograph, plan, model, specification, design, prototype, or other
recorded or oral information relating to any defense article or de-
fense service, but shall not include Restricted Data and formerly
Restricted Data as defined by the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as
amended.

(f) “Defense service” includes any service, test, inspection, repair,
training, training aid, publication, or technical or other assistance,
including the transfer of limited quantities of defense articles for test,
evaluation, or standardization purposes, or defense information used
for the purposes of furnishing military assistance.

(g) “Excess defense articles” mean the quantity of defense articles
owned by the United States Government which is in excess of the
mobilization reserve at the time such articles are dropped from inven-
tory by the supplying agency for delivery to countries or international
organizations as grant assistance under this Act.
(h) "Function" includes any duty, obligation, power, authority, responsibility, right, privilege, discretion, or activity.

(i) "Mobilization reserve" means the quantity of defense articles determined to be required, under regulations prescribed by the President, to support mobilization of the Armed Forces of the United States Government in the event of war or national emergency.

(j) "Officer or employee" means civilian personnel and members of the Armed Forces of the United States Government.

(k) "Services" include any service, repair, training of personnel, or technical or other assistance or information used for the purposes of furnishing nonmilitary assistance.

(l) "Surplus agricultural commodity" means any agricultural commodity or product thereof, class, kind, type, or other specification thereof, produced in the United States, either publicly or privately owned, which is in excess of domestic requirements, adequate carry-over, and anticipated exports for United States dollars, as determined by the Secretary of Agriculture.

(m) "Value" means—

1. with respect to excess defense articles, the gross cost incurred by the United States Government in repairing, rehabilitating, or modifying such articles;

2. with respect to nonexcess defense articles delivered from inventory to countries or international organizations as grant assistance under this Act, the standard price in effect at the time such articles are dropped from inventory by the supplying agency. Such price shall be the same standard price used for transfers or sales of such articles in or between the Armed Forces of the United States Government, or, where such articles are not transferred or sold in or between the Armed Forces of the United States, the gross cost to the United States Government adjusted as appropriate for condition and market value; and

3. with respect to nonexcess defense articles delivered from new procurement to countries or international organizations as grant assistance under this Act, the contract or production costs of such articles.

Military assistance programs and orders shall be based upon the best estimates of stock status and prevailing prices; reimbursements to the supplying agency shall be made on the basis of the stock status and prices determined pursuant to this section. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this section, the Secretary of Defense may prescribe regulations authorizing reimbursements to the supplying agency based on negotiated prices for aircraft, vessels, plant equipment, and such other major items as he may specify: Provided, That such articles are not excess at the time such prices are negotiated: Provided further, That such prices are negotiated at the time firm orders are placed with the supplying agency by the military assistance program.

SEC. 646. UNEXPENDED BALANCES.—Unexpended balances of funds made available pursuant to the Mutual Security Act of 1954, as amended, are hereby authorized to be continued available for the general purposes for which appropriated, and may at any time be consolidated, and, in addition, may be consolidated with appropriations made available for the same general purposes under the authority of this Act.

SEC. 646. CONSTRUCTION.—If any provision of this Act or the application of any provision to any circumstances or persons shall be held invalid, the validity of the remainder of this Act, and of the applicability of such provision to other circumstances or persons shall not be affected thereby.

SEC. 647. DEPENDABLE FUEL SUPPLY.—It is of paramount importance that long-range economic plans take cognizance of the need for a
dependable supply of fuels, which is necessary to orderly and stable development and growth, and that dependence not be placed upon sources which are inherently hostile to free countries and the ultimate well-being of economically underdeveloped countries and which might exploit such dependence for ultimate political domination. The agencies of government in the United States are directed to work with other countries in developing plans for basing development programs on the use of the large and stable supply of relatively low cost fuels available in the free world.

PART IV

SEC. 701. Section 1 of the Defense Base Act, as amended (42 U.S.C. 1651), is further amended as follows:

(1) In paragraph (5) of subsection (a) insert after “thereof” in the second parenthetical phrase “unless the Secretary of Labor, upon the recommendation of the head of any department or other agency of the United States, determines a contract financed under a successor provision of any successor Act should be covered by this section”.

(2) In subsection (e) strike out “June 30, 1958, but not completed on July 24, 1959” and substitute therefor “but not completed on the date of enactment of any successor Act to the Mutual Security Act of 1954, as amended”.

SEC. 702. In paragraph (4) of section 101(a) of the War Hazards Compensation Act, as amended (42 U.S.C. 1701), insert after “thereof” in the parenthetical phrase “unless the Secretary of Labor, upon the recommendation of the head of any department or other agency of the United States Government, determines a contract financed under a successor provision of any successor Act should be covered by this section”.

SEC. 703. (a) Section 305 of the Mutual Defense Assistance Control Act of 1951 (22 U.S.C. 1611 et seq.) is amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 305. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of State such sums as may be necessary from time to time to administer and carry out the objectives of this Act.”

(b) The amendment to section 305 of the Mutual Defense Assistance Control Act of 1951 effected by subsection (a) of this section shall not be deemed to affect the repeal of laws effected by that section prior to such amendment.

SEC. 704. Section 104(e) of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1704(e)), is amended by substituting “such agency as the President shall direct” and “agency” for “the Export-Import Bank” and “bank”, respectively.

SEC. 705. Section 5 of the joint resolution to promote peace and stability in the Middle East (22 U.S.C. 1964) is amended by substituting “whenever appropriate” for “within the months of January and July of each year”.

SEC. 706. The Act to provide for assistance in the development of Latin America and in the reconstruction of Chile, and for other purposes (22 U.S.C. 1942 et seq.), is amended by adding a new section 4 reading as follows:

“GENERAL PROVISIONS

“Sec. 4. (a) Funds appropriated under sections 2 and 3 of this Act may be used for assistance under this Act pursuant to such provisions applicable to the furnishing of such assistance contained in any successor Act to the Mutual Security Act of 1954, as amended, as the President determines to be necessary to carry out the purposes for which such funds are appropriated.
“(b) Of the funds appropriated under section 2 of this Act not more than $800,000 shall be available only for assisting in transporting to and settling in Latin America selected immigrants from that portion of the Ryukyuan Archipelago under United States administration.”

Sec. 707. Section 523(d) of the Mutual Security Act of 1954, as amended (22 U.S.C. 1783(d)), is amended by striking out the words “achievement of United States foreign policy objectives” and inserting in lieu thereof the words “prevention of improper currency transactions”.

Sec. 708. The Foreign Service Act of 1946, as amended (22 U.S.C. 801 et seq.), is further amended as follows:

(1) In the second sentence of section 701, strike “to the extent that space is available therefor”; substitute “members of family” for “spouses”; and add before the period “or while abroad”.

(2) Amend section 872 by striking out subsections (b) and (c) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

“(b) When any such retired officer or employee of the Service is reemployed, the employer shall send a notice to the Department of State of such reemployment together with all pertinent information relating thereto, and shall pay directly to such officer or employee the salary of the position in which he is serving.

“(c) In the event of any overpayment under this section, such overpayment shall be recovered by withholding the amount involved from the salary payable to such reemployed officer or employee, or from any other moneys, including his annuity, payable in accordance with the provisions of this title.”

(3) In section 911, add the following new paragraphs (9) and (10):

“(9) the travel expenses of officers and employees of the Service who are citizens of the United States, and members of their families, while serving at posts specifically designated by the Secretary for purposes of this paragraph, for rest and recuperation to other locations abroad having different environmental conditions than those at the post at which such officers and employees are serving, provided that such travel expenses shall be limited to the cost for each officer or employee and members of his family of one round trip during any continuous two-year tour unbroken by home leave and two round trips during any continuous three-year tour unbroken by home leave;

“(10) the travel expenses of members of the family accompanying, preceding, or following an officer or employee if, while he is en route to his post of assignment, he is ordered temporarily for orientation and training or is given other temporary duty.”

(4) Amend section 933 (a) to read as follows:

“(a) The Secretary may order to the continental United States, its territories and possessions, on statutory leave of absence any officer or employee of the Service who is a citizen of the United States upon completion of eighteen months’ continuous service abroad and shall so order as soon as possible after completion of three years of such service.”

(5) Amend the title of section 942 and subsection (a) thereof to read as follows:

“TRAVEL FOR MEDICAL PURPOSES

“Sec. 942. (a) In the event an officer or employee of the Service who is a citizen of the United States or one of his dependents, requires medical care, for illness or injury not the result of vicious habits, intemperance or misconduct, while stationed abroad in a locality where there is no qualified person or facility to provide such care, the Secretary may, in accordance with such regulations as he may prescribe,
pay the travel expenses of such person by whatever means he shall
deem appropriate, including the furnishing of transportation, and
without regard to the Standardized Government Travel Regulations
and section 10 of the Act of March 3, 1933, as amended (60 Stat.
808; 5 U.S.C. 73b), to the nearest locality where suitable medical
care can be obtained. If any such officer, employee, or dependent
is too ill to travel unattended, or in the case of a dependent too
young to travel alone, the Secretary may also pay the round-trip
travel expenses of an attendant or attendants.”

Sec. 709. Section 2 of the Act of July 31, 1945, as amended (22
U.S.C. 279a), is hereby amended to read as follows:
“Sec. 2. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated, out of any
money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, such sums as
may be required for expenditure under the direction of the Secre-
tary of State, for the payment by the United States of its propor-
tionate share in the expenses of the Organization: Provided, That
the percentage contribution of the United States to the total annual
budget of the Organization shall not exceed 33.33 per centum.”

Sec. 710. (a) The first section of the Act entitled “An Act to
authorize participation by the United States in the Interparliamen-
tary Union”, approved June 28, 1935, as amended (22 U.S.C. 276),
is amended by striking out $33,000" and "$15,000" and inserting
in lieu thereof "$48,000" and "$30,000", respectively.
(b) The amendments made by this section shall be effective only
for the fiscal year 1962.


Public Law 87-196

JOINT RESOLUTION
To amend the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 so as to authorize and direct the
Securities and Exchange Commission to conduct a study and investigation of the adequacy, for the protection of investors, of the rules of national
securities exchanges and national securities associations.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United
States of America in Congress assembled, That section 19 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is amended by adding at the end
thereof a new subsection as follows:
“(d) The Commission is authorized and directed to make a study and
investigation of the adequacy, for the protection of investors, of
the rules of national securities exchanges and national securities
associations, including rules for the expulsion, suspension, or disciplin-
ing of a member for conduct inconsistent with just and equitable prin-
ciples of trade. The Commission shall report to the Congress on or
before January 3, 1963, the results of its study and investigation,
together with its recommendations, including such recommendations
for legislation as it deems advisable. The Commission is authorized
to appoint, without regard to the civil service laws, rules, and regula-
tions, such personnel as the Commission deems advisable to carry out
such study and investigation and to fix their respective rates of compen-
sation without regard to the Classification Act of 1949, as amended,
but no such rate shall exceed $18,500 per annum. To carry out such
study and investigation there is hereby authorized to be appropriated
the sum of $750,000.”

Approved September 5, 1961.
Public Law 87-197  
AN ACT
To amend the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 to provide for the application of Federal criminal law to certain events occurring on board aircraft in air commerce.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 902 of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. 1472) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsections:

"AIRCRAFT PIRACY"

"(i) (1) Whoever commits or attempts to commit aircraft piracy, as herein defined, shall be punished—

"(A) by death if the verdict of the jury shall so recommend, or, in the case of a plea of guilty, or a plea of not guilty where the defendant has waived a trial by jury, if the court in its discretion shall so order; or

"(B) by imprisonment for not less than twenty years, if the death penalty is not imposed.

"(2) As used in this subsection, the term 'aircraft piracy' means any seizure or exercise of control, by force or violence or threat of force or violence and with wrongful intent, of an aircraft in flight in air commerce.

"INTERFERENCE WITH FLIGHT CREW MEMBERS OR FLIGHT ATTENDANTS"

"(j) Whoever, while aboard an aircraft in flight in air commerce, assaults, intimidates, or threatens any flight crew member or flight attendant (including any steward or stewardess) of such aircraft, so as to interfere with the performance by such member or attendant of his duties or lessen the ability of such member or attendant to perform his duties, shall be fined not more than $10,000 or imprisoned not more than twenty years, or both. Whoever in the commission of any such act uses a deadly or dangerous weapon shall be imprisoned for any term of years or for life.

"CERTAIN CRIMES ABOARD AIRCRAFT IN FLIGHT"

"(k) (1) Whoever, while aboard an aircraft in flight in air commerce, commits an act which, if committed within the special maritime and territorial jurisdiction of the United States, as defined in section 7 of title 18, United States Code, would be in violation of section 113, 114, 661, 662, 1111, 1112, 1113, 2031, 2032, or 2111 of such title 18 shall be punished as provided therein.

"(2) Whoever, while aboard an aircraft in flight in air commerce, commits an act, which, if committed in the District of Columbia would be in violation of section 9 of the Act entitled 'An Act for the preservation of the public peace and the protection of property within the District of Columbia', approved July 29, 1892, as amended (D.C. Code, sec. 22-1112), shall be punished as provided therein.

"CARRYING WEAPONS ABOARD AIRCRAFT"

"(1) Except for law enforcement officers of any municipal or State government, or the Federal Government, who are authorized or required to carry arms, and except for such other persons as may be so authorized under regulations issued by the Administrator, whoever, while aboard an aircraft being operated by an air carrier in air trans-
portation, has on or about his person a concealed deadly or dangerous weapon, or whoever attempts to board such an aircraft while having on or about his person a concealed deadly or dangerous weapon, shall be fined not more than $1,000 or imprisoned not more than one year, or both.

"FALSE INFORMATION"

“(m) (1) Whoever imparts or conveys or causes to be imparted or conveyed false information, knowing the information to be false, concerning an attempt or alleged attempt being made or to be made, to do any act which would be a crime prohibited by subsection (i), (j), (k), or (l) of this section, shall be fined not more than $1,000 or imprisoned not more than one year, or both.

(2) Whoever willfully and maliciously, or with reckless disregard for the safety of human life, imparts or conveys or causes to be imparted or conveyed false information, knowing the information to be false, concerning an attempt or alleged attempt being made or to be made, to do any act which would be a crime prohibited by subsection (i), (j), (k), or (l) of this section, shall be fined not more than $5,000 or imprisoned not more than five years, or both.

"INVESTIGATIONS BY FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION"

“(n) Violations of subsections (i) through (m), inclusive, of this section shall be investigated by the Federal Bureau of Investigation of the Department of Justice.”

Sec. 2. Subsection (a) of section 903 of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. 1473(a)) is amended to read as follows:

"VENUE"

"SEC. 903. (a) The trial of any offense under this Act shall be in the district in which such offense is committed; or, if the offense is committed out of the jurisdiction of any particular State or district, the trial shall be in the district where the offender, or any one of two or more joint offenders, is arrested or is first brought. If such offender or offenders are not so arrested or brought into any district, an indictment or information may be filed in the district of the last known residence of the offender or of any one of two or more joint offenders, or if no such residence is known the indictment or information may be filed in the District of Columbia. Whenever the offense is begun in one jurisdiction and completed in another, or committed in more than one jurisdiction, it may be dealt with, inquired of, tried, determined, and punished in any jurisdiction in which such offense was begun, continued, or completed, in the same manner as if the offense had been actually and wholly committed therein."

Sec. 3. Paragraph (4) of section 101 of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. 1301(4)) is amended by striking out “operation or navigation of aircraft within” and inserting in lieu thereof the following: “operation or navigation of aircraft within”.

Sec. 4. Title XI of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"AUTHORITY TO REFUSE TRANSPORTATION"

"Sec. 1111. Subject to reasonable rules and regulations prescribed by the Administrator, any air carrier is authorized to refuse transportation to a passenger or to refuse to transport property when, in the
opinion of the air carrier, such transportation would or might be
inimical to safety of flight.”

SEC. 5. (a) That portion of the table of contents contained in
the first section of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 which appears
under the heading “Sec. 902. Criminal penalties.” is amended by adding at
the end thereof the following:

“(i) Aircraft piracy.
“(j) Interference with flight crew members or flight attendants.
“(k) Certain crimes aboard aircraft in flight.
“(l) Carrying weapons aboard aircraft.
“(m) False information.
“(n) Investigations by Federal Bureau of Investigation.”

(b) That portion of such table of contents which appears under
the heading “TITLE XI—MISCELLANEOUS” is amended by adding at
the end thereof the following:

“Sec. 1111. Authority to refuse transportation.”

Approved September 5, 1961.

Public Law 87-198

AN ACT
To amend the Small Business Act to increase by $20,000,000 the amount available
for regular business loans thereunder.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the
United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 4(c)
of the Small Business Act is amended—

(1) by striking out “$1,000,000,000” each place it appears and
inserting in lieu thereof “$1,020,000,000”; and

(2) by striking out “$575,000,000” and inserting in lieu thereof
$595,000,000”.

Approved September 5, 1961.

Public Law 87-199

AN ACT
To amend section 216(b) of the Merchant Marine Act, 1936, as amended, to
permit the appointment of United States nationals to the Merchant Marine
Academy.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the
United States of America in Congress assembled, That paragraph (1)
of section 216(b) of the Merchant Marine Act, 1936, as amended (46
U.S.C., sec. 1126(b)), is amended by inserting before the period at
the end of the third sentence thereof a colon and the following words:
“Provided, That a candidate nominated by the Governor of Ameri-
can Samoa shall not be denied admission by reason of his being a
national but not a citizen of the United States: Provided further,
That the foregoing proviso shall not be construed to permit any such
person who is a national but not a citizen of the United States to be
entitled to any office or position in the United States merchant marine
by reason of his graduation from the Academy until such person shall
have become a citizen”.

Approved September 6, 1961.
To amend the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 to provide for lease and transfer of tobacco acreage allotments.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, is further amended by adding the following new section:

"Sec. 316. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act for the crop years 1962 and 1963, the owner and operator of any farm for which a tobacco acreage allotment (other than a burley tobacco acreage allotment) is established may lease any part of such allotment to any other owner or operator of a farm in the same county for use in such county on a farm having a current tobacco allotment of the same kind. Such lease and transfer of allotment shall be recognized and considered valid by the county committee provided the conditions set forth in this section are met. In the case of Maryland (type 32) tobacco, no farm shall be eligible for lease of allotment from the farm unless at least 75 per centum of the allotment for the farm was actually planted during each of the years 1960 and 1961.

"(b) Any lease shall be made on such terms and conditions, except as otherwise provided in this section, as the parties thereto agree. No lease shall be entered into for any period in excess of one crop year, but may be renewed for the 1963 crop year, if the parties so agree.

"(c) The lease and transfer of any allotment shall not be effective until a copy of such lease is filed with and determined by the county committee of the county in which the farms involved are located to be in compliance with the provisions of this section. Such lease and transfer shall not be effective unless a copy of the lease is filed with the county committee prior to a closing date established by the Secretary, which date shall be no later than the normal planting time in the county. If the normal yield established by the county committee for the farm to which the allotment is transferred does not exceed the normal yield established by the county committee for the farm from which the allotment is transferred by more than 10 per centum, the lease and transfer shall be approved acre for acre. If the normal yield for the farm to which the allotment is transferred exceeds the normal yield for the farm from which the allotment is transferred by more than 10 per centum, the county committee shall make a downward adjustment in the amount of the acreage allotment transferred by multiplying the normal yield established for the farm from which the allotment is transferred by the acreage being transferred and dividing the result by the normal yield established by the farm to which the allotment is transferred.

"(d) The lease and transfer of any part of a tobacco acreage allotment determined for a farm shall not affect the allotment for the farm from which such acreage allotment is transferred or the farm to which it is transferred, except with respect to the crop year specified in the lease. The amount of acreage allotment which is leased from a farm shall be considered for purpose of determining future allotments to have been planted to tobacco on the farm from which such allotment is transferred and the production pursuant to the lease and transfer shall not be taken into account in establishing allotments for subsequent years for the farm to which such allotment is transferred. The lessor shall be considered to have been engaged in the production of tobacco for the purpose of eligibility to vote in the referendum.
“(e) Under the provisions of this section not more than five acres of allotment may be leased and transferred to any farm: Provided, That the total acreage allotted to any farm after such transfer shall not exceed 50 per centum of the acreage of cropland in the farm.

“(f) The Secretary shall prescribe such regulations as he considers necessary for carrying out the provisions of this section.”

Approved September 6, 1961.

Public Law 87-201

AN ACT

To authorize the appropriation of $150,000 for use toward the construction of a United States Pacific War Memorial.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act entitled “An Act to authorize construction of a United States Ship Arizona Memorial at Pearl Harbor”, approved March 15, 1958 (Public Law 85-344; 72 Stat. 36), is hereby amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

“Sec. 2. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of the Navy, for use toward the construction of such memorial and museum, the sum of $150,000.

“Sec. 3. Such memorial and museum shall be maintained in honor and in commemoration of the members of the Armed Forces of the United States who gave their lives to their country during the attack on Pearl Harbor, Hawaii, on December 7, 1941.”

Approved September 6, 1961.

Public Law 87-202

AN ACT

To authorize the Confederated Tribes of the Warm Springs Reservation of Oregon to acquire land within the boundaries of their reservation.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That notwithstanding any general statutory prohibition against the use of tribal funds to acquire land in Oregon if the acquisition would exempt the land from local taxation, the Secretary of the Interior is authorized to purchase with funds made available by the Confederated Tribes of the Warm Springs Reservation of Oregon any land or interests in land within the boundaries of their reservation, and to take title to the land or interests acquired in the name of the United States in trust for the tribes. Any such purchase under an installment purchase contract shall not be regarded as an encumbrance or mortgage within the meaning of the tribal constitution, charter, and bylaws.

Approved September 6, 1961.

Public Law 87-203

AN ACT

To amend the Act relating to the small claims and conciliation branch of the municipal court of the District of Columbia, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That subsection (a)
of section 4 of the Act of March 5, 1938 (sec. 11–804(a), District of Columbia Code, 1951 edition), is amended by striking "$50" and inserting in lieu thereof "$150".

Approved September 6, 1961.

Public Law 87-204

AN ACT

To provide for the conveyance of certain real property of the United States situated in Hawaii to the State of Hawaii.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy shall convey, without monetary consideration therefor, to the State of Hawaii, all right, title and interest of the United States in and to the real property described in section 2 of this Act.

Sec. 2. The real property referred to in the first section of this Act comprises a total of 33.289 acres, more or less, and is more particularly described as set forth in the following descriptions numbered 1 and 2:

DESCRIPTION NUMBERED 1

Military Road (commonly called Salt Lake Boulevard) being 100 feet wide right-of-way and comprised of parcels A through G, for a total area of 29,980 acres and described as follows:

PARCEL A—LAND SITuate AT HAlAWA, EWA, OAHU, HAWAIi

Being a portion of Royal Patent Numbered 6717, land commission awards numbered 7712 and 8516-B to M. Kekuanaoa and Kamaikui.

Being a portion of the land acquired by the United States of America described as parcel B in the declaration of taking filed in Civil Action Numbered 535 in the United States District Court for the District of Hawaii, Honolulu, Hawaii.

Beginning at the northwest corner of this piece of land on the southerly side of Aiea Naval Hospital Access Road, the coordinates of which referred to Government survey triangulation station "Salt Lake", being 3,845.45 feet north and 8,160.33 feet west, and running by azimuths measured clockwise from true south: along the southerly side of Aiea Naval Hospital Access Road on a curve to the right with a radius of 2,834.79 feet, the chord azimuth and distance being:

1. 245 degrees 47 minutes 14 seconds 161.88 feet, thence along remainder of land commission awards numbered 7712 and 8516-B to M. Kekuanaoa and Kamaikui on a curve to the left with a radius of 30 feet, the chord azimuth and distance being:

2. 22 degrees 53 minutes 42 seconds 42.08 feet;

3. 338 degrees 22 minutes 488.50 feet along remainder of land commission awards numbered 7712 and 8516-B to M. Kekuanaoa and Kamaikui;

4. 39 degrees 42 minutes 93.79 feet along same; along United States Naval Reservation (Civil Numbered 684);

5. 5 degrees 03 minutes 30 seconds 46.56 feet along same;

6. 160 degrees 27 minutes 88.47 feet along remainder of land commission awards numbered 7712 and 8516-B to M. Kekuanaoa and Kamaikui;

7. 158 degrees 22 minutes 479.47 feet along same, thence along same on a curve to the left with a radius of 30 feet, the chord azimuth and distance being:

8. 111 degrees 15 minutes 32 seconds 43.96 feet to the point of beginning and containing an area of 55,093 square feet or 1.263 acres, as shown on 14ND real estate drawing numbered SK-880.
PARCEL B—LAND SITUATE AT HALAWA, EWA, OAHU, HAWAII


Beginning at the south corner of this piece of land being also the northwest corner of lot numbered 30 as shown on map 14 of land court application numbered 966, the coordinates of said point of beginning referred to Government survey triangulation station “Salt Lake”, being 1,370.44 feet north and 7,404.36 feet west, and thence running by azimuths measured clockwise from true south:

1. 160 degrees 27 minutes 1,515.96 feet along the remainder of Royal Patent Numbered 6717, land commission awards numbered 7712 and 8516-B to M. Kekuanaoa and Kamaikui;
2. 185 degrees 03 minutes 30 seconds 46.56 feet along same, along United States Naval Reservation (Civil Numbered 535);
3. 219 degrees 42 minutes 93.79 feet along same;
4. 340 degrees 27 minutes 1,392.56 feet along the remainder of Royal Patent Numbered 6717, land court awards numbered 7712 and 8516-B to M. Kekuanaoa and Kamaikui, to the north corner of lot numbered 30 of land court application numbered 966;
5. 357 degrees 25 minutes 56.30 feet along lot numbered 30 of land court application numbered 966;
6. 345 degrees 10 minutes 168 feet along same;
7. 76 degrees 40 minutes 70.16 feet along same to the point of beginning and containing an area of 3.523 acres.

PARCEL C—LAND SITUATE AT HALAWA, EWA, OAHU, HAWAII

Being the land acquired by the United States of America and described as parcel B in the declaration of taking filed in Civil Action Numbered 684 in the United States District Court for the District of Hawaii, Honolulu, Hawaii. Being lot numbered 30 containing 7.778 acres as shown on map numbered 14, filed in the Land Court of the State of Hawaii in land court application numbered 966, and being a portion of the land described in land court certificate of title numbered 36,746.

PARCEL D—LAND SITUATE AT HALAWA, EWA, OAHU, HAWAII

Being a portion of Royal Patent Numbered 6717, land court awards numbered 7712 and 8516-B to M. Kekuanaoa and Kamaikui, being a portion of exclusion numbered 5 shown on map numbered 1 of land court application numbered 966. Being a portion of lot “E” of the former Makalapa Military Reservation acquired by the United States of America in civil action numbered 87, filed in the United States District Court for the District of Hawaii, Honolulu, Hawaii. Beginning at the southeast corner of this piece of land at a point on the easterly boundary of lot numbered 30 as shown on map numbered 14 of land court application numbered 966, being also the south boundary of exclusion numbered 5 of land court application numbered 966 the coordinates of which referred to Government survey triangulation station “Salt Lake”, being 208.67 feet north and 6,836.58
feet west, and running by azimuths measured clockwise from true south:
1. 84 degrees 05 minutes 30 seconds 5.19 feet along portion of lot numbered 30 of land court application numbered 966;
2. 174 degrees 50 minutes 30 seconds 28.24 feet along same, thence along the remainder of exclusion numbered 5 of land court application numbered 966, on a curve to the right with a radius of 2,914.93 feet the chord azimuth and distance being:
3. 344 degrees 26 minutes 03.5 seconds 28.64 feet to the point of beginning and containing an area of 0.002 acre.

PARCEL E—LAND SITUATE AT HALAWA, EWA, OAHU, HAWAII

Being a portion of Royal Patent Numbered 6717, land court awards numbered 7712 and 8516-B to M. Kekuanaoa and Kamaikui, being a portion of exclusion numbered 9 shown on map numbered 1 of land court application numbered 966.

Being a portion of lot numbered 3 of the former Aliamanu Military Reservation acquired by the United States of America in Civil Action Numbered 87 filed in the United States District Court for the District of Hawaii, Honolulu, Hawaii.

Beginning at the south corner of this piece of land being the northwest corner of lot numbered 33 as shown on map numbered 14 of land court application numbered 966, the coordinates of which referred to Government survey triangulation station "Salt Lake", being 1,904.94 feet south and 6,408.66 feet west, and running by azimuths measured clockwise from true south:
1. 165 degrees 54 minutes 50 seconds 80.57 feet along the remainder of exclusion numbered 9, land court application numbered 966;
2. 249 degrees 43 minutes 30 seconds 100.59 feet along lot numbered 30 of land court application numbered 966;
3. 345 degrees 54 minutes 50 seconds 80.99 feet along the remainder of exclusion numbered 9, land court application numbered 966;
4. 69 degrees 58 minutes 100.54 feet along lot numbered 33 of land court application numbered 966 to the point of beginning and containing an area of 0.185 acre.

PARCEL F—LAND SITUATE AT HALAWA, EWA, OAHU, HAWAII

Being the land acquired by the United States of America and described as parcel E in the declaration of taking filed in Civil Action Numbered 684 in the United States District Court for the District of Hawaii, Honolulu, Hawaii.

Being lot numbered 33, containing 1.654 acres, as shown on map numbered 14 filed in the Land Court of the State of Hawaii in land court application numbered 966 and being a portion of the land described in land court certificate of title numbered 36,746.

PARCEL G—LAND SITUATE AT MOANALUA, HONOLULU, OAHU, HAWAII

Being the land acquired by the United States of America and being a portion of the land described as parcel D-15 in the declaration of taking filed in civil action numbered 684 in the United States District Court for the District of Hawaii, Honolulu, Hawaii.

Being lot numbered 38-A, containing 15.573 acres, as shown on map numbered 129 filed in the Land Court of the State of Hawaii in land court application numbered 1074 and being a portion of the land described in land court certificate of title numbered 38,093.
AN ACT

To authorize the use of funds arising from a judgment in favor of the Potawatomi Nation of Indians, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the funds on deposit in the Treasury of the United States to the credit of the Potawatomi Nation of Indians that were appropriated by the Act of September 8, 1960 (74 Stat. 830), to pay a judgment by the Indian Claims Commission dated February 26, 1959, and the interest thereon, be divided on the basis of 780/2,180ths to the Prairie Band of Potawatomi Indians of Kansas, and 1,400/2,180ths to the Citizen Band of Potawatomi Indians of Oklahoma, and the funds so divided, including the interest accruing thereon, after payment of attorney fees and expenses, may be advanced or expended for any purpose that is authorized by the respective tribal governing bodies and approved by the Secretary of the Interior. Any part of such funds that may be distributed per capita to the members of the bands shall not be subject to Federal or State income tax.

Approved September 6, 1961.
AN ACT
To amend various sections of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, and the EURATOM Cooperation Act of 1958, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there is hereby retroceded to the State of California the exclusive jurisdiction here-tofore acquired from the State of California by the United States of America over the following land of the United States Atomic Energy Commission located in Alameda County, State of California, and within the boundaries of the Commission's Livermore site:

Beginning at a post marked L.P. XII, in the exterior boundary line of the Rancho Las Positas, set at the southeast corner of subdivision number 6 of plot J, of said rancho, as said plot is described in the decree of partition of said rancho rendered June 18, 1873, in case 2798, Aurrecoechea against Mahoney, certified copy of which decree was recorded December 13, 1873, in book 95 of deeds at page 206, Alameda County Records, and as said subdivision is shown on the map herein-after referred to; and running thence west along the southern boundary line of said plot J 79.28 chains to a post marked L.P. XI, set at the southwest corner of subdivision number 5 of said plot J, as said subdivision number 5 is shown on said map; and thence north along the western boundary line of said subdivision number 5 and along the western boundary line of subdivision number 8, as said subdivision number 8 is shown on said map, 79.46 chains to a post set at the northwest corner of said subdivision number 8; thence east along the northern boundary line of said subdivision number 8 and subdivision number 7 as shown on said map, 79 chains to a post marked L.P. XIII; and thence south along the eastern boundary line of subdivision number 7, as said subdivision number 7 is shown on said map, and along the eastern boundary line of said subdivision number 6 of said plot J to the point of beginning.

Being a portion of said plot J of said rancho, as shown upon a certain map of a portion of the Rancho Las Positas surveyed for J. Aurrecoechea, August 1876, by Luis Castro, county surveyor, and also known as subdivisions 5, 6, 7, and 8 in the official map of the county of Alameda, State of California, made by George L. Nusbauer and W. F. Boardman, adopted by the supervisors of said county, September 24, 1888, and issued May 1, 1889.

Beginning at the northeast corner of the northwest quarter of section 13, township 3 south, range 2 east, Mount Diablo base and meridian, being also the northeast corner of the 160 acre tract owned by Louis Madsen, thence south 2,640 feet, more or less, along the east line of said quarter section and along the east boundary fence of said 160 acre tract to the southeast corner of said northwest quarter of said section 13, being the southeast corner of said 160 acre tract and the northeast corner of a 30.66 acre tract owned by John and Dora Bargman; thence south 506 feet, more or less, to the southeast corner of said 30.66 acre tract; thence west 500 feet along said fence through said 129.34 acre parcel; thence south 965 feet, more or less, along the east fence of a 129.34 acre tract owned by Charles M. and Sue I. G. Nissen to a fence running east and west through said 129.34 acre parcel; thence west 500 feet along said fence through said 129.34 acre tract; thence north, parallel to the east line of the northwest quarter of said section 13, 4,111 feet, more or less, to north boundary of said section 13; thence east 500 feet to the point of beginning, containing 47.175 acres, more or less.

Beginning at a point 30 feet east of the northeast corner of the northwest quarter of said section 13; thence due south, 4,111 feet,
more or less, to a point 30 feet due east of the end of a fence across the 129.34 acre tract owned by Charles M. and Sue I. G. Nissen; thence west 30 feet; thence north 4,111 feet, more or less, to the northeast corner of the northwest quarter of said section 13; thence due east 30 feet to the point of beginning, containing 2.83 acres, more or less.

This retrocession of jurisdiction shall take effect upon acceptance by the State of California.

Sec. 2. Subsection 11 b. of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, is amended to read as follows:

"b. The term 'agreement for cooperation' means any agreement with another nation or regional defense organization authorized or permitted by sections 54, 57, 64, 82, 91 c., 103, 104, or 144, and made pursuant to section 123."

Sec. 3. Subsection 11 u. of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, is amended to read as follows:

"u. The term 'public liability' means any legal liability arising out of or resulting from a nuclear incident, except: (i) claims under State or Federal workmen's compensation acts of employees of persons indemnified who are employed at the site of and in connection with the activity where the nuclear incident occurs; (ii) claims arising out of an act of war; and (iii) whenever used in subsections 170 a., c., and k., claims for loss of, or damage to, or loss of use of property which is located at the site of and used in connection with the licensed activity where the nuclear incident occurs. 'Public liability' also includes damage to property of persons indemnified: Provided, That such property is covered under the terms of the financial protection required, except property which is located at the site of and used in connection with the activity where the nuclear incident occurs."

Sec. 4. Section 54 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, is amended by inserting after the words "five thousand kilograms of contained uranium 235" the following "five hundred grams of uranium 233 and three kilograms of plutonium."

Sec. 5. Section 143 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, is amended by striking out "subsection 145 b." and adding in lieu thereof "subsection 145 b. and 145 c."

Sec. 6. Section 145 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, is amended by deleting subsections d., e., and f., redesignating subsection "c." as subsection "d." and subsection "g." as subsection "h." and adding the following subsections:

"c. In lieu of the investigation and report to be made by the Civil Service Commission pursuant to subsection b. of this section, the Commission may accept an investigation and report on the character, associations, and loyalty of an individual made by another Government agency which conducts personnel security investigations, provided that a security clearance has been granted to such individual by another Government agency based on such investigation and report.

"e. If the President deems it to be in the national interest he may from time to time determine that investigations of any group or class which are required by subsection a., b., and c. of this section be made by the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

"f. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections a., b., and c. of this section, a majority of the members of the Commission shall certify those specific positions which are of a high degree of importance or sensitivity, and upon such certification, the investigation, and reports required by such provisions shall be made by the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

"g. The Commission shall establish standards and specifications in writing as to the scope and extent of investigations, the reports of which will be utilized by the Commission in making the determination,
pursuant to subsections a., b., and c. of this section, that permitting a person access to restricted data will not endanger the common defense and security. Such standards and specifications shall be based on the location and class or kind of work to be done, and shall, among other considerations, take into account the degree of importance to the common defense and security of the restricted data to which access will be permitted."

Sec. 7. Section 151 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, is amended by deleting in the descriptive title the words "MILITARY UTILIZATION," and inserting in lieu thereof "INVENTIONS RELATING TO ATOMIC WEAPONS, AND FILING OF REPORTS."

Sec. 8. Subsection c. of section 151 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, is amended to read as follows:

"c. Any person who has made or hereafter makes any invention or discovery useful in the production or utilization of special nuclear material or atomic energy, shall file with the Commission a report containing a complete description thereof unless such invention or discovery is described in an application for a patent filed with the Commissioner of Patents by such person within the time required for the filing of such report. The report covering any such invention or discovery shall be filed on or before the one hundred and eightieth day after such person first discovers or first has reason to believe that such invention or discovery is useful in such production or utilization."

Sec. 9. Section 151 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"e. Reports filed pursuant to subsection c. of this section, and applications to which access is provided under subsection d. of this section, shall be kept in confidence by the Commission, and no information concerning the same given without authority of the inventor or owner unless necessary to carry out the provisions of any Act of Congress or in such special circumstances as may be determined by the Commission."

Sec. 10. Section 152 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 152. INVENTIONS MADE OR CONCEIVED DURING COMMISSION CONTRACTS.—Any invention or discovery, useful in the production or utilization of special nuclear material or atomic energy, made or conceived in the course of or under any contract, subcontract, or arrangement entered into with or for the benefit of the Commission, regardless of whether the contract, subcontract, or arrangement involved the expenditure of funds by the Commission, shall be vested in, and be the property of, the Commission, except that the Commission may waive its claim to any such invention or discovery under such circumstances as the Commission may deem appropriate, consistent with the policy of this section. No patent for any invention or discovery, useful in the production or utilization of special nuclear material or atomic energy, shall be issued unless the applicant files with the application, or within thirty days after request therefor by the Commissioner of Patents (unless the Commission advises the Commissioner of Patents that its rights have been determined and that accordingly no statement is necessary) a statement under oath setting forth the full facts surrounding the making or conception of the invention or discovery described in the application and whether the invention or discovery was made or conceived in the course of or under any contract, subcontract, or arrangement entered into with or for the benefit of the Commission, regardless of whether the contract, subcontract, or arrangement involved the expenditure of funds by the Commission. The Commissioner of Patents shall as soon as the application is otherwise in condition for allowances forward copies of the application and the statement to the Commission."
The Commissioner of Patents may proceed with the application and issue the patent to the applicant (if the invention or discovery is otherwise patentable) unless the Commission, within 90 days after receipt of copies of the application and statement, directs the Commissioner of Patents to issue the patent to the Commission (if the invention or discovery is otherwise patentable) to be held by the Commission as the agent of and on behalf of the United States.

If the Commission files such a direction with the Commissioner of Patents, and if the applicant's statement claims, and the applicant still believes, that the invention or discovery was not made or conceived in the course of or under any contract, subcontract or arrangement entered into with or for the benefit of the Commission entitling the Commission to the title to the application or the patent the applicant may, within 30 days after notification of the filing of such a direction, request a hearing before a Board of Patent Interferences. The Board shall have the power to hear and determine whether the Commission was entitled to the direction filed with the Commissioner of Patents. The Board shall follow the rules and procedures established for interference cases and an appeal may be taken by either the applicant or the Commission from the final order of the Board to the Court of Customs and Patent Appeals in accordance with the procedures governing the appeals from the Board of Patent Interferences.

If the statement filed by the applicant should thereafter be found to contain false material statements any notification by the Commission that it has no objections to the issuance of a patent to the applicant shall not be deemed in any respect to constitute a waiver of the provisions of this section or of any applicable civil or criminal statute, and the Commission may have the title to the patent transferred to the Commission on the records of the Commissioner of Patents in accordance with the provisions of this section. A determination of rights by the Commission pursuant to a contractual provision or other arrangement prior to the request of the Commissioner of Patents for the statement, shall be final in the absence of false material statements or nondisclosure of material facts by the applicant.

SEC. 11. Section 157 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"d. Period of Limitations.—Every application under this section shall be barred unless filed within six years after the date on which first accrues the right to such reasonable royalty fee, just compensation, or award for which such application is filed."

SEC. 12. The second sentence of section 158 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, is amended to read as follows: "If the court, at its discretion, deems that such licensee shall pay a reasonable royalty to the owner of the patent, the reasonable royalty shall be determined in accordance with section 157."

SEC. 13. Subsections 161 t., u., and v. of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, are hereby redesignated respectively as subsections 161 s., t., and u.

SEC. 14. Section 167 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 167. Claims Settlements.—The Commission, acting on behalf of the United States, is authorized to consider, ascertain, adjust, determine, settle, and pay, any claim for money damage of $5,000 or less against the United States for bodily injury, death, or damage to or loss of real or personal property resulting from any detonation, explo-
sion, or radiation produced in the conduct of any program undertaken by the Commission involving the detonation of an explosive device, where such claim is presented to the Commission in writing within one year after the accident or incident out of which the claim arises: Provided, however, That the damage to or loss of property, or bodily injury or death, shall not have been caused in whole or in part by any negligence or wrongful act on the part of the claimant, his agents, or employees. Any such settlement under the authority of this section shall be final and conclusive for all purposes, notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary. If the Commission considers that a claim in excess of $5,000 is meritorious and would otherwise be covered by this section, the Commission may report the facts and circumstances thereof to the Congress for its consideration."

Sec. 15. Subsection d. of section 170 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "A contractor with whom an agreement of indemnification has been executed and who is engaged in activities connected with the underground detonation of a nuclear explosive device shall be liable, to the extent so indemnified under this section, for injuries or damage sustained as a result of such detonation in the same manner and to the same extent as would a private person acting as principal, and no immunity or defense founded in the Federal, State, or municipal character of the contractor or of the work to be performed under the contract shall be effective to bar such liability."

Sec. 16. The Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, is amended by adding thereto the following new section:

"SEC. 190. LICENSEE INCIDENT REPORTS.—No report by any licensee of any incident arising out of or in connection with a licensed activity made pursuant to any requirement of the Commission shall be admitted as evidence in any suit or action for damages growing out of any matter mentioned in such report."

Sec. 17. The second sentence of section 202 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, is amended by striking out the word "sixty" and adding in lieu thereof the word "ninety".

Sec. 18. Section 4(c) of the EURATOM Cooperation Act of 1958 is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 4. (c) The Commission shall establish and publish criteria for computing the maximum fuel element charge and minimum fuel element life to be guaranteed by the manufacturer as a basis for inviting and evaluating proposals."

Sec. 19. Section 5 of the EURATOM Cooperation Act of 1958 is amended in the following particulars:

(a) by deleting the words "One kilogram" and substituting the words "Nine kilograms" immediately following "Thirty thousand kilograms of contained uranium 235",

(b) by adding the words "Thirty kilograms of uranium 233" as an additional item immediately following "Nine kilograms of plutonium"; and

(c) by adding the words "or agreements" immediately following the words "an agreement".

Sec. 20. Section 7 of the EURATOM Cooperation Act of 1958 is amended by deleting the period after the word "amended" and inserting thereafter the following: "And provided further, That nothing in this section shall apply to arrangements made by the Commission under a research and development program authorized in section 3."

Approved September 6, 1961.
Public Law 87-207

AN ACT
For the relief of certain members and former members of the uniformed services erroneously in receipt of family separation allowances.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That members and former members of the uniformed services are relieved of all liability to refund to the United States the amounts, which were otherwise correct, erroneously received by them after February 28, 1956, and before September 1, 1956, as family separation allowances under former paragraph 4304, Joint Travel Regulations of the uniformed services. Any member or former member of a uniformed service who has at any time made repayment to the United States of any amount paid to him as a family separation allowance within that period is entitled to have refunded to him the amount repaid provided application is made within one year.

SEC. 2. In the audit and settlement of the accounts of any certifying or disbursing officer of the United States full credit shall be given for the amount for which liability is relieved by this Act.

SEC. 3. Appropriations available for the pay and allowances of members of the uniformed services are available for refunds under this Act.

Approved September 6, 1961.

Public Law 87-208

AN ACT
To amend section 216 of the Merchant Marine Act, 1936, as amended, to authorize the Secretary of Commerce to accept gifts and bequests of personal property for the United States Merchant Marine Academy.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 216 of the Merchant Marine Act, 1936, as amended (46 U.S.C. 1126), is amended by inserting at the end thereof a new subsection (g) to read as follows:

"(g) (1) The Secretary of Commerce may accept, hold, administer, and spend gifts and bequests of personal property made on the condition that it be used for the benefit of, or for use in connection with, the United States Merchant Marine Academy. Gifts and bequests of money and the proceeds from the sales of property received as gifts shall be deposited in the Treasury in the fund called `United States Merchant Marine Academy general gift fund'. The Secretary may disburse funds deposited under this subsection for the benefit or use of the Merchant Marine Academy subject to the terms of the gift or bequest. If a gift is made for a specific purpose and that purpose is accomplished without exhausting the entire amount of the gift, then unless the donor has manifested a different intention, the Secretary may disburse the residue of the gift for a purpose that in the judgment of the Secretary, or his delegate, is as close as practical to the specific purpose for which the gift was made.

"(2) For the purpose of Federal income, estate, and gift taxes, property that is accepted under this subsection is considered as a gift or bequest to or for the use of the United States.
“(3) Upon the request of the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of the Treasury may invest, reinvest, or retain investments of money or securities comprising any part of the United States Merchant Marine Academy general gift fund in securities of the United States or in securities guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States. The interest and benefits accruing from those securities shall be deposited to the credit of the United States Merchant Marine Academy general gift fund, and may be disbursed as provided in this subsection.”

Approved September 6, 1961.

Public Law 87-209

AN ACT

To provide for a national hog cholera eradication program.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, in order to safeguard the health of the swine herds of the Nation, to prevent the spread of hog cholera, to decrease substantially the estimated $50,000,000 annual loss from hog cholera, to expand export markets for pork and pork products now restricted on account of hog cholera, and to otherwise protect the public interest, the Secretary of Agriculture is hereby directed (1) to initiate a national hog cholera eradication program in cooperation with the several States under the provisions of section 11 of the Act of May 29, 1884, as amended (21 U.S.C. 114a), and related legislation, and (2) to prohibit or restrict, pursuant to the authority vested in him under the provisions of section 2 of the Act of February 2, 1903, as amended (21 U.S.C. 111), the interstate movement of virulent hog cholera virus or other hog cholera virus to the extent he determines necessary in order to effectuate such eradication program.

Sec. 2. (a) The Secretary of Agriculture is authorized and directed to establish an advisory committee composed of (1) eleven members selected from representatives of the swine and related industries, State and local government agencies, professional and scientific groups, and the general public, and (2) one member selected from the officers and employees of the Department of Agriculture who shall serve as chairman of the Committee. The Committee shall meet at the call of the Secretary.

(b) It shall be the function of the Committee to advise the Secretary with respect to the initiation of the national hog cholera eradication program referred to in the first section of this Act, and with respect to the development of plans and procedures for carrying out such program.

(c) Committee members other than the chairman shall not be deemed to be employees of the United States and shall not be entitled to compensation, but the Secretary is authorized to pay their travel and subsistence expenses (or per diem in lieu thereof) in connection with their attendance at meetings of the Committee.

Approved September 6, 1961.
PUBLIC LAW 87-210—SEPT. 8, 1961

To amend the Federal Home Loan Bank Act and title IV of the National Housing Act, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That subsection (c) of section 6 of the Federal Home Loan Bank Act, as amended, is hereby amended to read as follows:

“(c)(1) The original stock subscription of each institution eligible to become a member under section 4 shall be an amount equal to 1 per centum of the subscriber's aggregate unpaid loan principal, but not less than $500. The bank shall annually, as of the close of the calendar year, adjust, at such time and in such manner and upon such terms and conditions as the Federal Home Loan Bank Board may by regulations or otherwise prescribe, the amount of stock held by each member so that such member shall have invested in the stock of the Federal Home Loan Bank at least an amount calculated in the manner provided in the next preceding sentence (but not less than $500). If the bank finds that the investment of any member in stock is greater than that required under this subsection it may, unless prohibited by said Board or by the provisions of paragraph (2) of this subsection, in its discretion and upon application of such member retire the stock of such member in excess of the amount so required. Said Board, in its discretion, may, by regulations or otherwise, provide for adjustments in amounts of stock to be issued or retired in order that stock may be issued or retired only in entire shares.

“(2) The provisions of paragraph (1) of this subsection shall be subject to the following limitations:

“(i) No member which is a member on the date of the enactment of this paragraph (2) shall be permitted to reduce its stock to an amount which is less than the amount held by it as of the close of such date, except that a member may at any time reduce its stock to an amount which is not less than 2 per centum of its aggregate unpaid loan principal as of the beginning of the calendar year in which the reduction is made (but not less than $500): Provided, That if the amount to which such stock is so reduced is less than 2 per centum of such member's aggregate unpaid loan principal as of the close of the date of the enactment of this paragraph (2) such reduction may be made only to such extent as said Board in its discretion may by regulations or otherwise provide.

“(ii) Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection, no action shall be taken by any bank with respect to any member pursuant to any of the foregoing provisions of this subsection if the effect, of such action would be to cause the aggregate outstanding advances, within the meaning of the last sentence of subsection (c) of section 10 or within the meaning of regulations of said Board defining said term for the purposes of this sentence, made by such bank to such member to exceed twelve times the amounts paid in by such member for outstanding capital stock held by such member.

“(3) Except as provided in subsection (i), upon retirement of stock of any member the bank shall pay such member for the stock retired an amount equal to the par value of such stock, or, at the election of the bank, the whole or any part of the payment which would otherwise be so made shall be credited upon the indebtedness of the
member to the bank. In either such event, stock equal in par value to
the amount of the payment or credit, or both, as the case may be, shall
be canceled.

"(4) For the purposes of this subsection, the term ‘aggregate unpaid
loan principal’ means the aggregate unpaid principal of a subscriber's
or member's home mortgage loans, home-purchase contracts, and
similar obligations.

"(5) The Federal Home Loan Bank Board, by regulations or other-
wise, may require each member to submit such reports and information
as said Board, in its discretion, may determine to be necessary or ap-
propriate for the purposes of this subsection.”

Sec. 2. Subsection (1) of section 6 of the Federal Home Loan Bank
Act, as amended, is hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. Subsection (a) of section 404 of the National Housing Act,
as amended, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"(a) The Corporation shall establish a Primary Reserve which shall
be the general reserve of the Corporation and a Secondary Reserve to
which shall be credited the amounts of the prepayments made by
insured institutions pursuant to subsection (d) and the credits made
pursuant to the first sentence of subsection (e).

"(b)(1) Each institution whose application for insurance is
approved by the Corporation shall pay to the Corporation, in such
manner as it shall prescribe, a premium for such insurance equal to
one-twelfth of 1 per centum of the total amount of all accounts of the
insured members of such institution plus any creditor obligations of
such institution. Such premium shall be paid at the time the certifi-
cate is issued by the Corporation under section 403, and thereafter
annually, except that under regulations prescribed by the Corpora-
tion such premium may be paid semiannually.

"(2) If, at the close of any December 31, the Primary Reserve
equals or exceeds 2 per centum of the total amount of all accounts
of insured members and creditor obligations of all insured institutions
as of such close, no premium under paragraph (1) of this subsection
shall be payable by any insured institution with respect to its pre-
sumn year beginning during the year commencing on May 1 next
succeeding such December 31, except that the foregoing provisions of
this sentence shall not be applicable to any insured institution with
respect to any of the twenty premium years beginning with the pre-
sumn year commencing with the date on which such certificate is
issued.

"(3) The Corporation is authorized to prescribe such rules and
regulations as it may determine to be necessary or appropriate to
accomplish the purposes and provisions of this subsection.”

Sec. 4. Subsection (c) of section 404 of the National Housing Act,
as amended, is hereby repealed: Provided, That the repeal effected by
this section shall not affect any right existing on the effective date of
such repeal.

Sec. 5. Subsection (b) of section 404 of the National Housing Act,
as in effect prior to the amendments made by this Act, is hereby
amended by striking “(b)” at the beginning thereof and inserting in
lieu thereof “(c)”.

Sec. 6. Section 404 of the National Housing Act, as amended, is
hereby amended by adding thereto at the end thereof the following
new subsections:

"(d) Each insured institution, except as otherwise provided in this
section, shall annually pay to the Corporation, at such time and in

"Aggregate un-
paid loan princi-
pal.”

"Reports and in-
formation.

64 Stat. 257.
Repeal.
National Housing
Act, amendment.
12 USC 1727.

12 USC 1726.

Rules andregu-
lations.

Repeal, with ex-
ceptions.

Additional pre-
miums."
such manner as the Corporation shall by regulations or otherwise prescribe. an additional premium in the nature of a prepayment with respect to future premiums of such institution under subsection (b) equal to 2 per centum of the net increase in all accounts of its insured members during the next preceding calendar year, less an amount equal to any requirement, as of the end of such calendar year, for the purchase of stock of the Federal Home Loan Bank of which such institution is a member, calculated in accordance with the provisions of subsection (c) of section 6 of the Federal Home Loan Bank Act and without regard to any net increase during such calendar year in its holdings of such stock, and such prepayments shall be credited to the Secondary Reserve: Provided, That in the case of an insured institution which was not an insured institution at the beginning of such next preceding calendar year the 2 per centum aforesaid shall be 2 per centum of the net increase in all accounts of its insured members during that part of said calendar year which begins with the close of the day on which such institution becomes an insured institution and the amount deducted from such 2 per centum under the foregoing provisions of this sentence shall not exceed one-half of such 2 per centum as calculated in accordance with this proviso. The Federal Home Loan Bank Board shall by regulations or otherwise provide for the furnishing to the Corporation of all necessary information with respect to Federal Home Loan Bank stock.

"(e) The Corporation, in accordance with such regulations as it may prescribe, shall credit to the Secondary Reserve, as of the close of each calendar year a return on the outstanding balances of the Secondary Reserve during such calendar year, as determined by the Corporation, at a rate equal to the average annual rate of return to the Corporation during the year ending at the close of November 30 of such calendar year, as determined by the Corporation, on the investments held by the Corporation in obligations of, or guaranteed as to principal and interest by, the United States. Except as provided in subsections (f) and (g), the Secondary Reserve shall be available to the Corporation only for losses of the Corporation and shall be so available only to such extent as other accounts of the Corporation which are available therefor are insufficient for such losses. No right, title, or interest of any institution in or with respect to its pro rata share of the Secondary Reserve shall be assignable or transferable, whether by operation of law or otherwise, except to such extent as the Corporation may by regulation or otherwise provide for transfer of such pro rata share in cases of merger or consolidation, transfer of bulk assets as defined by the Corporation by regulation or otherwise for the purposes of this sentence, and similar transactions as so defined.

"(f) If (i) the status of an insured institution as an insured institution is terminated pursuant to any provision of section 407 or the insurance of accounts of an insured institution is otherwise terminated, (ii) a conservator, receiver, or other legal custodian is appointed for an insured institution under the circumstances and for the purpose set forth in subdivision (d) of section 401, or (iii) the Corporation makes a determination that for the purposes of this subsection an insured institution has gone into liquidation, the obligation of such institution to make prepayments under subsection (d) of this section, including any prepayments as to which such institution is obligated at the time of such termination, appointment, or determination, shall cease, and the Corporation shall pay in cash to such institution its pro rata share of the Secondary Reserve, in accordance with such terms and conditions as the Corporation may prescribe by regulations or otherwise, or, at the option of the Corporation, the Corporation may
apply the whole or any part of the amount which would otherwise be paid in cash toward the payment of any indebtedness or obligation, whether matured or not, of such institution to the Corporation, then existing or arising before such payment in cash: Provided, That such payment or such application need not be made to the extent that the provisions of the exception in the last sentence of subsection (e) are applicable. The Corporation in its discretion may provide by regulations or otherwise for the reinstatement in whole or in part, upon such terms and conditions as to payment or otherwise as it may prescribe, of the pro rata share of an institution in the Secondary Reserve in the event that such status or such insurance is restored by action of the Corporation or of a court in reversing or setting aside such termination, or in the event that, after such appointment or such determination, an institution is restored to operation as an insured institution, and for the payment, waiver, or other treatment in whole or in part of any prepayments which, in the absence of the first sentence of this subsection, would have accrued under subsection (d) or would be payable thereunder.

"(g) If, at the close of any December 31, the aggregate of the Primary Reserve and the Secondary Reserve equals or exceeds 2 per centum of the total amount of all accounts of insured members and creditor obligations of all insured institutions but the Primary Reserve does not equal or exceed such 2 per centum, no insured institution shall be obligated to make any prepayment under subsection (d) during the year beginning with May 1 next succeeding such close, and each insured institution's pro rata share of the Secondary Reserve shall be used, to the extent available, to discharge such institution's obligation for its premium under subsection (b) for the premium year beginning in such year; and the suspension of obligation to make such prepayments and the use of such pro rata shares as provided in this sentence shall continue unless and until the next sentence or the last sentence of this subsection shall become operative. If, at the close of any December 31 occurring before the last sentence of this subsection shall become operative, the aggregate of the Primary Reserve and the Secondary Reserve is not at least equal to 1 1/4 per centum of the total amount of all accounts of insured members and creditor obligations of all insured institutions, (i) the obligation of insured institutions to make prepayments under subsection (d) shall resume on May 1 next following such December 31 and shall continue unless and until the first sentence or the last sentence of this subsection shall become operative, and (ii) the use of any insured institution's pro rata share of the Secondary Reserve under the first sentence of this subsection shall terminate with respect to its premium under subsection (b) for the premium year beginning during the calendar year commencing on May 1 next succeeding such December 31, and such termination shall continue unless and until the first sentence of this subsection shall become operative. If, at the close of any December 31, the Primary Reserve equals or exceeds such 2 per centum, the Corporation shall, at such time (which shall be the same for all insured institutions and shall not be later than May 1 next succeeding such close) and in such manner as the Corporation shall determine, pay in cash to each insured institution its pro rata share of the Secondary Reserve and shall not, after such time, accept or receive further prepayments under subsection (d)."

Sec. 7. This Act shall become effective on January 1 next following the date of its enactment.

Approved September 8, 1961.
Public Law 87-211

AN ACT

To amend the Federal Home Loan Bank Act to simplify and improve the election and appointment of directors of the Federal home loan banks.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That subsections (a) through (h) of section 7 of the Federal Home Loan Bank Act (12 U.S.C. 1427) are amended to read as follows:

"(a) The management of each Federal home loan bank shall be vested in a board of twelve directors, eight of whom shall be elected by the members as hereinafter provided in this section and four of whom shall be appointed by the Federal Home Loan Bank Board referred to in subsection (b) of section 17, hereinafter in this section referred to as the Board, all of whom shall be citizens of the United States and bona fide residents of the district in which such bank is located: Provided, That in any district which includes five or more States the Board may by regulation increase the elective directors to a number not exceeding thirteen and may increase the appointive directors to a number not exceeding one-half the number of elective directors: Provided further, That if at any time the number of elective directors in the case of any district is not at least equal to the number of States in such district, the Board shall exercise the authority conferred by the next preceding proviso so as to increase such elective directors to a number at least equal to the number of States in such district.

"(b) Each elective directorship shall be designated by the Board as representing the members located in a particular State, and shall be filled by a person who is an officer or director of a member located in that State, each of which members shall be entitled to nominate an eligible person for such directorship, and such office shall be filled from such nominees by a plurality of the votes which such members may cast in an election held for the purpose of filling such office, in which election each such member may cast for such office a number of votes equal to the number of shares of stock in such bank required by this Act to be held by such member at the end of the calendar year next preceding the election, as determined pursuant to regulation of the Board, but not in excess of the average number of shares of stock in such bank required by this Act to be held at the end of such calendar year by the respective members of such bank located in such State, as so determined. As used in this subsection and in subsection (c) of this section, the term 'member' means a member of a Federal home loan bank which was a member of such bank at the end of such calendar year.

"(c) The number of elective directorships designated as representing the members located in each separate State in a bank district shall be determined by the Board in the approximate ratio of the percentage of the required stock, as determined pursuant to regulation of the Board, of the members located in that State at the end of the calendar year next preceding the date of the election to the total required stock, as so determined, of all members of such bank at the end of such year, except that in the case of each State such number shall not be less than one and shall not be more than six. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, if at any time the number of elective directorships so designated as representing the members located in any State would not be at least equal to the total number of elective directorships which, on December 31, 1960, were filled by officers or directors of members whose principal places of business were located in such State, the Board shall add to the board of directors of the bank of the district.
in which such State is located such number of elective directorships, and shall so designate the directorship or directorships thus added, that the number of elective directorships designated as representing the members located in such State will equal said total number. Any elective directorship so added shall exist only until the expiration of its first term. The Board shall, with respect to each member of a Federal home loan bank, designate the State in the district of such bank in which such member shall, for the purposes of this subsection and subsection (b) of this section, be deemed to be located, and may from time to time change any such designation, but if the principal place of business of any such member is located in a State of such district it shall be the duty of the Board to designate such State as the State in which such member shall, for said purposes, be deemed to be located. As used in the second sentence of this subsection, the term 'total number of elective directorships' means the total number of elective directorships on the board of directors of the bank of the district in which such State was located on December 31, 1960, and the term 'members' where used for the second time in such sentence means members of such bank.

"(d) The term of each elective directorship shall be two years and the term of each appointive directorship shall be four years. If any person, before or after, or partly before and partly after, the date of the enactment of this sentence, has been elected to each of three consecutive full terms as an elective director of a Federal home loan bank in any elective directorship or elective directorships and has served for all or part of each of said terms, such person shall not be eligible for election to an elective directorship of such bank for a term which begins earlier than two years after the expiration of the last expiring of said three terms. The Board is hereby authorized to prescribe such rules and regulations as it may deem necessary or appropriate for the nomination and election of directors of Federal home loan banks, including, without limitation on the generality of the foregoing, rules and regulations with respect to the breaking of ties and with respect to the inclusion of more than one directorship on a single ballot and the methods of voting and of determining the results of voting in such cases.

"(e) Each term, outstanding on the effective date of the amendment to this section abolishing the division of elective directors into classes, of an elective or appointive directorship then existing shall continue until its original date of expiration, and any elective or appointive directorship in existence on said date shall continue to exist to the same extent as if it had been established by or under this section on or after said date. The Board in its discretion may shorten the next succeeding term of any such elective directorship to one year, and may fill such term by appointment. The term 'States' or 'State' as used in this section shall mean the States of the Union and the District of Columbia.

"(f) In the event of a vacancy in any appointive or elective directorship, such vacancy shall be filled through appointment by the Board for the unexpired term: Provided, That if any director shall cease to have the qualifications set forth in subsection (a), or if any elective director shall cease to have any qualification set forth in this section, the office held by such director shall immediately become vacant, but such director may continue to act as such director until his successor assumes the vacated office or the term of such office expires, whichever shall first occur.

"(g) The Board shall designate one of the directors of each bank to be chairman, and one to be vice chairman, of the board of directors of such bank.
“(h) If at any time when nominations are required members shall hold less than $1,000,000 of the capital stock of the Federal home loan bank, the Board shall appoint a director or directors to fill the place or places for which such nominations are required, and the Board may, prior to the filing of the certificate mentioned in section 12, appoint directors who shall be respectively designated by it as appointive directors and as elective directors, in accordance with the provisions of this section.”

SEC. 2. The amendment made by this Act shall take effect on the second day of the first calendar year which begins after the date of enactment of this Act.

Approved September 8, 1961.

Public Law 87-212

AN ACT

To authorize the Secretaries of the military departments to make emergency payments to persons who are injured or whose property is damaged as a result of aircraft or missile accidents, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That chapter 163 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by adding the following new section at the end thereof:

“§ 2736. Property loss; personal injury or death: incident to aircraft or missile operation

“(a) Under such regulations as the Secretary of a military department may prescribe, payment of an amount not in excess of $1,000 may be made in advance of the submission of a claim to or for any person, or his legal representatives, who was injured or killed, or whose property was damaged or lost, as the result of an accident involving an aircraft or missile under the control of that department for which allowance of a claim is authorized by law. Payments under this subsection are limited to those which would otherwise be payable under section 2733 or 2734 of this title or section 715 of title 32.

“(b) Any amount paid under subsection (a) shall be deducted from any amount that may be allowed under any other provision of law to the person, or his legal representative, for injury, death, damage, or loss attributable to the accident concerned.

“(c) So far as practicable, regulations prescribed under this section shall be uniform for the military departments.

“(d) Payment of an amount under subsection (a) is not an admission by the United States of liability for the accident concerned.”;

(2) by adding the following new item at the end of the analysis:

“2736. Property loss; personal injury or death: incident to aircraft or missile operation.”

Approved September 8, 1961.

Public Law 87-213

AN ACT

Authorizing the establishment of a national historic site at Fort Davis, Jeff Davis County, Texas.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior shall acquire, on behalf of the United States, by gift,
purchase, condemnation, or otherwise, all right, title, and interest in and to such lands, not to exceed four hundred and sixty acres in all, together with any improvements thereon, as the Secretary may deem necessary for the purpose of establishing a national historic site at the site of Fort Davis, near the town of Fort Davis, Jeff Davis County, Texas.

Sec. 2. (a) The property acquired under the provisions of the first section of this Act shall be designated as the Fort Davis National Historic Site and shall be set aside as a public national memorial to commemorate the historic role played by such fort in the opening of the West. The National Park Service, under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, shall administer, protect, and develop such monument, subject to the provisions of the Act entitled “An Act to establish a National Park Service, and for other purposes”, approved August 25, 1916, as amended and supplemented, and the Act entitled “An Act to provide for the preservation of historic American sites, buildings, objects, and antiquities of national significance, and for other purposes”, approved August 21, 1935, as amended.

(b) In order to provide for the proper development and maintenance of such national historic site, the Secretary of the Interior is authorized to construct and maintain therein such markers, buildings, and other improvements and such facilities for the care and accommodation of visitors, as he may deem necessary.

Sec. 3. There are hereby authorized to be appropriated such sums, but not more than $115,000 for land acquisition, as are necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act.

Approved September 8, 1961.

Public Law 87-214

AN ACT

To amend the Act entitled “An Act to incorporate the National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution”, approved June 9, 1906 (34 Stat. 227), in order to remove the statutory limitation on the amount of property such society may receive, purchase, hold, sell, and convey at any one time.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 3 of the Act entitled “An Act to incorporate the National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution”, approved June 9, 1906 (34 Stat. 227), is amended by striking out the following: “to an amount not exceeding at any one time in the aggregate $500,000”.

Approved September 8, 1961.

Public Law 87-215

AN ACT

Authorizing the establishment of the Fort Smith National Historic Site, in the State of Arkansas, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior is authorized to designate for preservation as the Fort Smith National Historic Site the site of the original Fort Smith established in 1817 on LaBelle Point at the confluence of the Arkansas
and Poteau Rivers, together with such adjoining property as the Secretary may deem necessary to accomplish the purposes of this Act. The area so designated shall include also the commissary building and the barracks building in which Judge Isaac Parker’s courtroom has been restored, both of such buildings having been a part of the fort built during the latter part of the 1830’s.

SEC. 2. Within the area designated pursuant to section 1 hereof, the Secretary of the Interior is authorized to procure by purchase, donation, with donated funds, or otherwise, land and interests in lands: Provided, That the Secretary shall purchase no property under this Act until the city of Fort Smith, Arkansas, conveys to the United States, without expense thereto, all right, title, and interest of such city in and to the property designated by the Secretary as necessary for the establishment of the Fort Smith National Historic Site. When the historically significant lands and structures comprising the designated area have been acquired as herein provided, the Fort Smith National Historic Site shall be established and notice thereof shall be published in the Federal Register: Provided further, That lands purchased by the Secretary for the purposes of this Act shall be within the exterior boundaries of the following described tracts of land:

A three-sided, approximately 0.3-acre tract about 250 feet eastward of the easterly abutment of the Missouri Pacific Railroad bridge over the Arkansas River, bounded on all sides by railroad right-of-way 100 feet wide, approved by the Department of the Interior May 2, 1887, as delineated on the plat of West Fort Smith (Choctaw Nation), approved by the Acting Secretary of the Interior August 3, 1904, and filed June 24, 1911, and being block 2 thereon.

A tract of land beginning at the intersection of the easterly right-of-way line of the Saint Louis and San Francisco Railroad and the northerly line of Garland Avenue; thence easterly along the northerly line of Garland Avenue to its intersection with the westerly line of Third Street; thence northerly along the westerly line of Third Street to its intersection with the southerly line of Rogers Avenue; thence westerly along the southerly line of Rogers Avenue to its intersection with the westerly line of Second Street; thence northerly along the westerly line of Second Street to the northeasterly corner of property of the Arkansas Warehouse Company; thence westerly along the northerly property lines of the Arkansas Warehouse Company and of the city of Fort Smith (known as the commissary) to the easterly right-of-way line of the Saint Louis and San Francisco Railroad; thence southerly along the easterly right-of-way line of the Saint Louis and San Francisco Railroad to the point of beginning.

SEC. 3. The Fort Smith National Historic Site, as constituted under this Act, shall be administered by the Secretary of the Interior as a part of the National Park System pursuant to the provisions of the Act entitled “An Act to establish a National Park Service, and for other purposes”, approved August 25, 1916 (39 Stat. 535), as amended and supplemented.

SEC. 4. There are hereby authorized to be appropriated such sums, not in excess of $319,000, as are necessary to acquire the real property necessary to carry out the purposes of this Act.

Approved September 13, 1961.
Public Law 87-216

AN ACT

To amend chapter 50 of title 18, United States Code, with respect to the transmission of bets, wagers, and related information.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 1081 of title 18 of the United States Code is amended by adding the following paragraph:

"The term 'wire communication facility' means any and all instrumentalities, personnel, and services (among other things, the receipt, forwarding, or delivery of communications) used or useful in the transmission of writings, signs, pictures, and sounds of all kinds by aid of wire, cable, or other like connection between the points of origin and reception of such transmission."

Sec. 2. Chapter 50 of such title is amended by adding thereto a new section 1084 as follows:

§ 1084. Transmission of wagering information; penalties

"(a) Whoever being engaged in the business of betting or wagering knowingly uses a wire communication facility for the transmission in interstate or foreign commerce of bets or wagers or information assisting in the placing of bets or wagers on any sporting event or contest, or for the transmission of a wire communication which entitles the recipient to receive money or credit as a result of bets or wagers, or for information assisting in the placing of bets or wagers, shall be fined not more than $10,000 or imprisoned not more than two years, or both.

"(b) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent the transmission in interstate or foreign commerce of information for use in news reporting of sporting events or contests, or for the transmission of information assisting in the placing of bets or wagers on a sporting event or contest from a State where betting on that sporting event or contest is legal into a State in which such betting is legal.

"(c) Nothing contained in this section shall create immunity from criminal prosecution under any laws of any State, Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, territory, possession, or the District of Columbia.

"(d) When any common carrier, subject to the jurisdiction of the Federal Communications Commission, is notified in writing by a Federal, State, or local law enforcement agency, acting within its jurisdiction, that any facility furnished by it is being used or will be used for the purpose of transmitting or receiving gambling information in interstate or foreign commerce in violation of Federal, State or local law, it shall discontinue or refuse, the leasing, furnishing, or maintaining of such facility, after reasonable notice to the subscriber, but no damages, penalty or forfeiture, civil or criminal, shall be found against any common carrier for any act done in compliance with any notice received from a law enforcement agency. Nothing in this section shall be deemed to prejudice the right of any person affected thereby to secure an appropriate determination, as otherwise provided by law, in a Federal court or in a State or local tribunal or agency, that such facility should not be discontinued or removed, or should be restored."

Sec. 3. The analysis preceding section 1081 of such title is amended by adding the following item:

"Sec. 1084. Transmission of wagering information; penalties."

Approved September 13, 1961.
Public Law 87-217

AN ACT

To authorize and direct the Secretary of the Treasury to cause the vessel Acadia, owned by Robert J. Davis of Port Clyde, Maine, to be documented as a vessel of the United States with coastwise privileges.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, notwithstanding the provisions of section 4132 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, as amended (46 U.S.C. 11), the Secretary of the Treasury shall cause the vessel Acadia, owned by Robert J. Davis of Port Clyde, Maine, to be documented as a vessel of the United States, upon compliance with the usual requirements, with the privilege of engaging in the coastwise trade so long as such vessel is owned by a citizen of the United States.

Approved September 13, 1961.

Public Law 87-218

AN ACT

To provide means for the Federal Government to combat interstate crime and to assist the States in the enforcement of their criminal laws by prohibiting the interstate transportation of wagering paraphernalia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That chapter 95 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding the following new section at the end thereof:

§ 1953. Interstate transportation of wagering paraphernalia

“(a) Whoever, except a common carrier in the usual course of its business, knowingly carries or sends in interstate or foreign commerce any record, paraphernalia, ticket, certificate, bills, slip, token, paper, writing, or other device used, or to be used, or adapted, devised, or designed for use in (a) bookmaking; or (b) wagering pools with respect to a sporting event; or (c) in a numbers, policy, bolita, or similar game shall be fined not more than $10,000 or imprisoned for not more than five years or both.

“(b) This section shall not apply to (1) parimutuel betting equipment, parimutuel tickets where legally acquired, or parimutuel materials used or designed for use at racetracks or other sporting events in connection with which betting is legal under applicable State law, or (2) the transportation of betting materials to be used in the placing of bets or wagers on a sporting event into a State in which such betting is legal under the statutes of that State, or (3) the carriage or transportation in interstate or foreign commerce of any newspaper or similar publication.

“(c) Nothing contained in this section shall create immunity from criminal prosecution under any laws of any State, Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, territory, possession, or the District of Columbia.”

and by adding the following item to the analysis of the chapter:

“Sec. 1953. Interstate transportation of wagering paraphernalia.”


Approved September 13, 1961.
Public Law 87-219

AN ACT

To facilitate administration of the fishery loan fund established by section 4 of the Fish and Wildlife Act of 1956, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, for the purpose of facilitating administration of, and protecting the interest of the Government in, the fishery loan fund established by section 4 of the Fish and Wildlife Act of 1956 and any related type of activities relating to fisheries for which the Department of the Interior is now or may hereafter be responsible, the Secretary of the Interior, notwithstanding any other provision of law, may hereafter administer, complete, recondition, reconstruct, renovate, repair, maintain, operate, charter, assign, or sell upon such terms and conditions as he may deem most advantageous to the United States, any vessel, plant, or other property acquired by him on behalf of the United States and arising out of any fishery loan or any related type of activity by the Secretary of the Interior. The Secretary may use any of the applicable funds in each particular instance for the aforesaid purposes.

Approved September 13, 1961.

Public Law 87-220

AN ACT

To permit certain foreign-flag vessels to land their catches of fish in the Virgin Islands in certain circumstances, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 4 of the Revised Statutes, as amended (46 U.S.C., sec. 251), is further amended by designating the present section as subsection (a) and by adding the following new subsections:

“(b) Subsection (a) of this section shall not be deemed to prohibit the landing by a foreign-flag vessel of not more than fifty feet overall length in a port of the Virgin Islands of the United States for immediate consumption in such islands of its catch of fresh fish, whole or with the heads, viscera, or fins removed, but not frozen, otherwise processed, or further advanced. No fish landed under this authorization shall be sold or transferred except for immediate consumption. Sale or transfer to an agent, representative, or employee of a freezer or cannery shall be deemed to be prohibited in the absence of satisfactory evidence that such sale or transfer is for immediate consumption. For the purposes of this subsection, the term ‘immediate consumption’ shall not preclude the freezing, smoking, or other processing of such fresh fish by the ultimate consumer thereof.

“(c) Any fish landed in the Virgin Islands of the United States which are retained, sold, or transferred other than as authorized in subsection (b) of this section shall be liable to forfeiture and any person or persons retaining, selling, transferring, purchasing, or receiving such fish shall severally be liable to a penalty of $1,000 for each offense, in addition to any other penalty provided in law.”

SEC. 2. Any fine, penalty, or forfeiture incurred under the provisions of this Act shall be subject to remission or mitigation in accordance with section 5294 of the Revised Statutes, as amended (46 U.S.C. 7).

SEC. 3. The Secretary of the Treasury may issue such regulations as he deems necessary for the enforcement of the provisions of this Act.

Approved September 13, 1961.
Public Law 87-221

AN ACT

To prohibit destruction of, or injury to, certain property moving in interstate or foreign commerce, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) it shall be unlawful for any person willfully to destroy or injure any property moving in interstate or foreign commerce in the possession of a common or contract carrier by railroad, motor vehicle, or aircraft, or willfully to attempt to destroy or injure any such property.

(b) Whoever violates any provision of subsection (a) of this section shall be fined not more than $5,000 or imprisoned not more than ten years, or both.

(c) To establish the interstate or foreign commerce character of any property involved in any prosecution under this section, the waybill or similar shipping document of such property shall be prima facie evidence of the place from which and to which such property was moving.

Sec. 2. A judgment of conviction or acquittal on the merits under the laws of any State or possession of the United States, the District of Columbia, or the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, shall be a bar to any prosecution under this Act for the same act or acts.

Approved September 13, 1961.

Public Law 87-222

AN ACT

To amend title V of the Merchant Marine Act, 1936, in order to clarify the construction subsidy provisions with respect to reconstruction, reconditioning and conversion, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 2 of the Act of July 7, 1960 (Public Law 86-607, 74 Stat. 362), is amended to read as follows:

"The amendment made by this Act shall be effective only with respect to any contract entered into not later than two years after the date of enactment of this Act under the provisions of section 502 of the Merchant Marine Act, 1936, with respect to (a) the construction of a vessel the keel of which was laid, or (b) the reconstruction or reconditioning of a vessel the shipyard contract for which was entered into after June 30, 1959, and the Federal Maritime Board may, with the consent of the parties thereto, modify any such contract entered into prior to the date of enactment of the first amendment to Public Law 86-607 (74 Stat. 362), to the extent authorized by the amendment made by this Act, as amended."

Approved September 13, 1961.
Public Law 87-223

AN ACT

To amend section 723 of title 38 of the United States Code to provide for immediate payment of dividends on insurance heretofore issued under section 621 of the National Service Life Insurance Act of 1940 which has been converted or exchanged for new insurance under such section, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 723 of title 38, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"(d) The Administrator shall determine the amount in the revolving fund referred to in subsection (a) of this section which is in excess of the actuarial liabilities of such fund including contingency reserves. Such excess shall be paid in cash as a special dividend, without interest, subject to the conditions provided in this subsection. The Administrator shall determine the administrative cost to the Veterans' Administration of paying such dividend, which cost shall be deducted from the excess and transferred to the appropriations "General operating expenses—Veterans' Administration". Insurance issued under section 621 of the National Service Life Insurance Act of 1940 or converted or exchanged under subsection (b) of this section, which was in force by waiver or timely payment of premiums or as paid-up or extended term insurance during one of the premium months beginning with the month of November 1960 and ending with the month of January 1961, may be eligible for the special dividend, subject to such conditions, other than specified in this subsection, as the Administrator shall determine to be reasonable and practicable. The dividend shall be paid as soon as practicable after whichever of the following dates is the latest:

"(1) the date of enactment of this subsection in case of insurance heretofore converted or exchanged under subsection (b) of this section;

"(2) the date insurance issued under section 621 is converted or exchanged under subsection (b) of this section if such conversion or exchange is made within two years after the date of enactment of this subsection; or

"(3) the date of death of the policyholder where insurance issued under section 621 is not converted or exchanged and such death occurs on or after the premium due date in November 1960 and before the expiration of two years after the date of enactment of this subsection.

"(e) After March 1, 1961, the Administrator shall from time to time transfer from the revolving fund referred to in subsection (a) of this section to general fund receipts in the Treasury such amounts as he determines are in excess of the actuarial liabilities of the fund including contingency reserves."

Approved September 13, 1961.
AN ACT

To provide specific authority for Federal payments of the employer's share of the cost of retirement systems for civilian employees of the National Guard and to extend the authority for withholding employee contributions to State retirement systems by permitting deductions of employees' contributions to State-sponsored plans providing retirement disability or death benefits.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act of June 15, 1956 (ch. 390, 70 Stat. 283; 5 U.S.C. 84d), is amended to read as follows:

"Where—

“(1) the law of any State or territory or Puerto Rico provides for the payment of employee contributions to employee retirement systems of such State or territory or Puerto Rico or to any plan sponsored by such State or territory or Puerto Rico providing retirement, disability, or death benefits, by withholding sums from the compensation of employees of such State or territory or Puerto Rico, and making returns of such sums to the authorities of such State or territory or Puerto Rico, or to the person or organization designated by such authorities to receive sums withheld for such program; and

“(2) civilian employees of the Army National Guard and the Air National Guard, other than those employed by the National Guard Bureau, are eligible for membership in an employee retirement system of a State or territory or Puerto Rico or other plan sponsored by the State or territory or Puerto Rico, then the Secretary of Defense, pursuant to such regulation as may be promulgated by the President, is authorized and directed to enter into an agreement with such State or territory or Puerto Rico within one hundred and twenty days of the request for agreement from the proper official of such State or territory or Puerto Rico. Such agreement shall provide that the Department of Defense shall comply with the requirements of such law in the case of employees subject to this Act who are eligible for membership in retirement system for employees of a State or territory or Puerto Rico, and the disbursing officers paying such employees shall withhold and pay over to such retirement system or to the person or organization designated by the authorities of such State or territory or Puerto Rico to receive sums withheld for such purposes from the employee contributions for such employees."

Sec. 2. Section 709(f) of title 32, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "Compensation authorized under this section may include the amounts of the employer's contributions to retirement systems. Such contributions shall not exceed 61/2 per centum of the compensation on which such contributions are based."

Approved September 13, 1961.
Public Law 87-225

AN ACT

To provide for reasonable notice of applications to the United States courts of appeals for interlocutory relief against the orders of certain administrative agencies.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the third sentence of subsection (b) of subsection 9 of the Act of December 29, 1950 (64 Stat. 1132; 5 U.S.C. 1039), is amended to read as follows: "In cases where irreparable damage would otherwise ensue to the petitioner, the court of appeals may, on hearing, after reasonable notice to the agency and to the Attorney General, order a temporary stay or suspension, in whole or in part, of the operation of the order of the agency for not more than sixty days from the date of such order pending the hearing on the application for such interlocutory injunction, in which case such order of the court of appeals shall contain a specific finding, based on evidence submitted to the court of appeals, and identified by reference thereto, that such irreparable damage would result to petitioner and specifying the nature of such damage."

Sec. 2. Subsection (d) of section 1006 of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (72 Stat. 795; 49 U.S.C. 1486(d)) is amended to read as follows:

"(d) Upon transmittal of the petition to the Board or Administrator, the court shall have exclusive jurisdiction to affirm, modify, or set aside the order complained of, in whole or in part, and if need be, to order further proceedings by the Board or Administrator. Upon good cause shown and after reasonable notice to the Board or Administrator, interlocutory relief may be granted by stay of the order or by such mandatory or other relief as may be appropriate."

Approved September 13, 1961.

Public Law 87-226

AN ACT

To amend the Act Incorporating the Washington Home for Foundlings and to define the powers of said corporation.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act for incorporating a hospital (or home) for foundlings in the city of Washington, approved April 22, 1870, and amended March 3, 1909, January 28, 1925, and February 20, 1934, be and the same is hereby amended by adding at the end of section 6 the following:

"Sec. 6A. In carrying out its objects under sections 5 and 6 of this Act, this association shall have power to provide for the support and operation of a licensed child-placing agency under and subject to applicable laws and regulations of the District of Columbia in lieu of maintaining a hospital, home, or building for the reception and support of destitute and friendless children or for the care and treatment of foundlings, and to provide for the erection and maintenance of a separate building for the care and treatment of men, women, and children afflicted with cancer."

Approved September 13, 1961.
Public Law 87-227

AN ACT

To authorize the Commissioners of the District of Columbia to regulate the keeping and running at large of dogs.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Commissioners of the District of Columbia are hereby authorized and empowered to make, modify, and enforce regulations in and for the District of Columbia to regulate the keeping and leashing of dogs and to regulate or prohibit the running at large of dogs, including penalties for violations of such regulations as provided in section 7 of the Act of December 17, 1942 (56 Stat. 1056; sec. 1-224a, D.C. Code, 1951 ed.).

SEC. 2. The Act entitled “An Act to create a revenue in the District of Columbia by levying a tax upon all dogs therein, to make such dogs personal property, and for other purposes”, approved June 19, 1878, as amended, is amended as follows:

(1) Section 3 of such Act (D.C. Code, sec. 47-2003) is amended by striking out “without the tax tag issued by the collector aforesaid attached, and all female dogs in heat found running at large”.

(2) Section 4 of such Act (D.C. Code, sec. 47-2004) is amended by striking out “That any dog wearing the tax tag hereinbefore provided for, except female dogs in heat, shall be permitted to run at large within the District of Columbia, and any” and inserting in lieu thereof “Any”.

SEC. 3. The paragraph numbered “Seventh” of the first section of the Act entitled “An Act to authorize the Commissioners of the District of Columbia to make police regulations for the government of said District”, approved January 26, 1887, as amended (D.C. Code, sec. 1-224), is amended by striking out “and running at large”.

SEC. 4. This Act shall become effective thirty days after the date of its approval.

Approved September 13, 1961.

Public Law 87-228

AN ACT

To amend title 18, United States Code, to prohibit travel or transportation in commerce in aid of racketeering enterprises.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That chapter 95 of title 18, United States Code, is amended (a) by adding the following new section at the end thereof:

§ 1952. Interstate and foreign travel or transportation in aid of racketeering enterprises

“(a) Whoever travels in interstate or foreign commerce or uses any facility in interstate or foreign commerce, including the mail, with intent to—

“(1) distribute the proceeds of any unlawful activity; or

“(2) commit any crime of violence to further any unlawful activity; or

“(3) otherwise promote, manage, establish, carry on, or facilitate the promotion, management, establishment, or carrying on, of any unlawful activity,
and thereafter performs or attempts to perform any of the acts specified in subparagraphs (1), (2), and (3), shall be fined not more than $10,000 or imprisoned for not more than five years, or both.

“(b) As used in this section ‘unlawful activity’ means (1) any business enterprise involving gambling, liquor on which the Federal excise tax has not been paid, narcotics, or prostitution offenses in violation of the laws of the State in which they are committed or of the United States, or (2) extortion or bribery in violation of the laws of the State in which committed or of the United States.

“(c) Investigations of violations under this section involving liquor or narcotics shall be conducted under the supervision of the Secretary of the Treasury.”

and (b) by adding the following item to the analysis of the chapter:

“Sec. 1952. Interstate and foreign travel or transportation in aid of racketeering enterprises.”

Approved September 13, 1961.

Public Law 87-229

AN ACT

To give to the Walker River Paiute Tribe the reserved minerals underlying its reservation.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all lands set aside and added to the Walker River Indian Reservation, Nevada, by the Secretary of the Interior under the authority of section 2 of the Act of June 22, 1936 (49 Stat. 1806), are hereby withdrawn from all forms of exploration, location, and entry under the public land mining laws and the minerals underlying such lands are hereby made a part of the reservation to be held in trust by the United States of America subject to valid existing rights, and such minerals shall be subject to lease for mining purposes pursuant to the provisions of the Act of May 11, 1938 (52 Stat. 347; 25 U.S.C. 396a–g) as amended or supplemented.

Approved September 14, 1961.

Public Law 87-230

AN ACT

To amend the Seneca Leasing Act of August 14, 1950 (64 Stat. 442).

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 3 of the Act of August 14, 1950 (64 Stat. 442), be, and hereby is, amended to read as follows: “The money so received shall be available for disposal and expenditure by the council of the Seneca Nation in accordance with the constitution and laws of the nation. The council of the Seneca Nation shall keep complete and detailed records of all payments and disbursements from the funds under its control, and shall make such records available for inspection by members of the Seneca Nation at all reasonable times.”

Sec. 2. Section 5 of the Act of August 14, 1950 (64 Stat. 442), is amended by inserting after “to lease” the last time the verb appears the words “or grant easements or rights-of-way on”.

Approved September 14, 1961.
Public Law 87-231

AN ACT

To declare that the United States holds in trust for the pueblos of Santa Ana, Zia, Jemez, San Felipe, Santo Domingo, Cochiti, Isleta, and San Ildefonso certain public domain lands.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That title to the following public domain lands and improvements thereon, situated within Sandoval County in the State of New Mexico, is hereby declared to be held by the United States in trust for the pueblo of Santa Ana:

NEW MEXICO PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN

Township 13 north, range 3 east:
Section 5, that portion of the section situated west of New Mexico Highway 44;
Section 6, lots 4, 5, 6, 7, 11, 12, and 13, southeast quarter northwest quarter, south half northeast quarter, east half southwest quarter, southeast quarter.

Township 14 north, range 3 east:
Section 1, lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7, south half north half, north half south half, southeast quarter southeast quarter;
Section 3, lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, and 8, south half north half, north half south half;
Section 4, lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8, south half north half, north half south half;
Section 5, lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8, south half north half, north half south half;
Section 6, lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, and 10, south half northeast quarter, northeast quarter southeast quarter;
Section 7, lots 3, 4, 5, 6, 11, 12, 13, and 14;
Section 12, lots 1, 4, 5, and 8, east half east half;
Section 13, lots 1, 4, 5, and 8, east half east half;
Section 18, lots 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 9, 10, and 11;
Section 19, lots 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 9, 10, and 11;
Section 24, lots 1, 4, 5, and 8, east half east half;
Section 25, lots 1, 4, 5, and 9, east half east half;
Section 30, lots 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 9, 10, and 11;
Section 31, lots 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 9, 10, and 11.

Township 14 north, range 4 east:
Section 6, lots 3 and 4, south half northwest quarter, southwest quarter;
Section 7, west half;
Section 18, west half, west half east half;
Section 19, west half, west half east half;
Section 30, northwest quarter, west half northeast quarter, southwest quarter, west half southeast quarter;
Section 31, northwest quarter northeast quarter, northeast quarter northwest quarter.

Township 15 north, range 3 east:
Section 5, lots 7 and 8;
Section 10, lots 1, 3, and 4, southeast quarter southwest quarter;
Section 11, lots 1, 2, 3, and 4;
Section 12, lots 1, 2, 3, and 4;
Section 13, all;
Section 14, all;
Section 15, all;
Section 17, all;
Section 18, east half;
Section 19, east half;
Section 20, all;
Section 21, all;
Section 22, all;
Section 23, all;
Section 24, all;
Section 25, all;
Section 26, all;
Section 27, all;
Section 28, all;
Section 29, all;
Section 30, lot 4, east half, southeast quarter southwest quarter;
Section 31, all;
Section 32, all;
Section 33, all;
Section 34, all;
Section 35, all.

Township 15 north, range 4 east:
Section 7, lots 2 and 3;
Section 18, west half;
Section 19, west half;
Section 20, west half;
Section 31, west half; containing 22,975.87 acres, more or less.

SEC. 2. Title to the following described public domain lands and improvements thereon, situated within Sandoval County in the State of New Mexico, is hereby declared to be held by the United States in trust for the pueblo of Zia:

NEW MEXICO PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN

Township 14 north, range 1 east:
Section 11, west portion of section not included in Zia Pueblo trust land described in Act of August 13, 1949 (63 Stat. 604);
Section 12, all;
Section 14, all;
Section 15, all;
Section 22, all;
Section 23, west portion of section not included in Zia Pueblo trust land described in Act of August 13, 1949 (63 Stat. 604);
Section 24, all;
Section 26, all;
Section 27, all.

Township 14 north, range 2 east:
Section 1, lots 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, and 17, south half southwest quarter, southwest quarter southeast quarter;
Section 4, lots 9, 10, 11, and 12, south half south half;
Section 6, lots 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, and 18, south half southeast quarter, southeast quarter southwest quarter, northeast quarter southwest quarter, southeast quarter northwest quarter;
Section 8, all;
Section 10, all;
Section 11, east half east half;
Section 12, all;
Section 13, all;
Section 14, all;
Section 15, all;
Section 18, all;
Section 20, all;
Section 22, all;
Section 23, east half east half;  
Section 24, all;  
Section 25, all;  
Section 26, all;  
Section 28, lots 1, 2, and 5, north half, north half southeast quarter,  
southeast quarter southeast quarter;  
Section 30, all;  
Section 34, all;  
Section 35, lot 1, east half northeast quarter, northeast quarter  
southeast quarter.  

Township 15 north, range 2 east:  
Section 1, lots 1, 2, 3, and 4;  
Section 4, lots 1, 2, 3, and 4;  
Section 6, lot 1;  
Section 8, lots 1, 2, 3, and 4, north half north half;  
Section 10, lots 1, 2, 3, and 4, north half north half;  
Section 11, lot 1, northeast quarter northeast quarter;  
Section 12, lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6, north half north half;  
Section 13, lots 1, 2, 3, and 4;  
Section 18, west half west half;  
Section 24, lots 1, 2, 3, and 4;  
Section 25, lots 1, 2, 3, and 4;  
Section 30, lots 1, 2, 3, and 4, west half.  

Township 15 north, range 3 east:  
Section 6, lots 3, 4, 5, and 6;  
Section 7, all;  
Section 8, all;  
Section 9, lots 1, 2, 3, and 4, west half, south half southeast quarter;  
Section 10, lot 2, southwest quarter southwest quarter;  
Section 18, west half;  
Section 19, west half;  
Section 30, lots 1, 2, and 3, east half northwest quarter, northeast  
quarter southwest quarter, containing 20,163.41 acres, more or less.  

Sec. 3. Title to the following described public domain lands and  
improvements thereon, situated within Sandoval County in the State  
of New Mexico, is hereby declared to be held by the United States in  
trust for the pueblo of Jemez:  

NEW MEXICO PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN  

Township 16 north, range 2 east:  
Section 12, lots 1, 2, 3, and 4, east half east half;  
Section 13, lots 1, 2, 3, and 4, east half east half;  
Section 24, lots 1, 2, 3, and 4, east half east half;  
Section 25, lots 1, 2, 3, and 4, east half east half;  

Township 16 north, range 3 east:  
Section 17, north half, southeast quarter, north half southwest  
quarter, southeast quarter southwest quarter;  
Section 18, north half, southwest quarter, north half southeast  
quarter, southwest quarter southeast quarter;  
Section 19, south half, south half northeast quarter, northwest  
quarter northeast quarter, northwest quarter;
Section 20, south half, northeast quarter, south half northwest quarter, northeast quarter northwest quarter;
  Section 21, lots 1, 2, 3, and 4, west half;
  Section 28, lots 1, 2, 3, and 4, west half;
  Section 29, all;
  Section 30, all;
  Section 31, lots 1, 2, and 3, north half, north half southeast quarter, southeast quarter southeast quarter, northeast quarter southwest quarter;
  Section 33, lots 1, 2, 3, and 4, west half, containing 7,819.28 acres, more or less.

SEC. 4. Title to the following described public domain lands and improvements thereon, situated within Sandoval County in the State of New Mexico, is hereby declared to be held by the United States in trust for the pueblo of San Felipe:

NEW MEXICO PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN

Township 14 north, range 4 east:
  Section 2, lots 11, 12, 13, 14, and 15, southwest quarter southwest quarter;
  Section 11, lots 5, 6, 7, and 8;
  Section 14, lots 5, 6, 7, and 8, west half west half;
  Section 15, all;
  Section 21, east half;
  Section 22, all;
  Section 23, lots 5, 6, 7, and 8, west half west half;
  Section 26, lots 5, 6, 7, and 8, west half west half;
  Section 27, north half, southeast quarter, north half southwest quarter, southeast quarter southwest quarter;
  Section 28, northeast quarter;
  Section 34, north half northeast quarter;
  Section 35, lots 6, 7, and 8, west half northwest quarter.

Township 15 north, range 4 east:
  Section 14, lots 1, 2, 3, and 4, southwest quarter northwest quarter, west half southwest quarter;
  Section 15, east half east half;
  Section 22, east half;
  Section 23, lots 1, 2, 3, and 4, west half west half;
  Section 26, lots 1, 2, 3, and 4, west half west half;
  Section 27, east half east half;
  Section 35, lots 1, 2, 3, and 4, west half west half, containing 5,347.73 acres, more or less.

SEC. 5. Title to the following described public domain lands and improvements thereon, situated within Sandoval County in the State of New Mexico, is hereby declared to be held by the United States in trust for the pueblo of Santo Domingo:

NEW MEXICO PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN

Township 15 north, range 4 east:
  Section 4, lots 1, 2, 3, and 4, west half;
  Section 5, lots 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5, southeast quarter northeast quarter, east half southeast quarter;
  Section 8, lot 1.

Township 16 north, range 4 east:
  Section 16, lots 5, 6, 7, and 8, west half;
  Section 17, lots 1, 4, 5, and 6, northeast quarter northeast quarter;
  Section 20, lots 1, 2, 3, and 4;
Section 21, lots 5, 6, 7, and 8, west half;
Section 28, lots 5, 6, 7, and 8, west half;
Section 29, lots 1, 2, 3, and 4;
Section 32, lots 1, 2, 3, and 4;
Section 33, lots 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, and 10, northwest quarter, north half southwest quarter, containing 3,022.87 acres, more or less.

Sec. 6. Title to the following described public domain lands and improvements thereon, situated within Sandoval County in the State of New Mexico, is hereby declared to be held by the United States in trust for the pueblo of Cochiti:

NEW MEXICO PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN

Township 16 north, range 5 east:
Section 8, all;
Section 9, all;
Section 10, lots 1, 2, 3, and 4, west half;
Section 15, lots 1, 2, 3, and 4, west half;
Section 17, all;
Section 20, lots 1, 2, 3, and 4, north half, north half southeast quarter;
Section 21, all;
Section 22, lots 1, 2, 3, and 4, west half;
Section 27, lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6, northwest quarter, northeast quarter southwest quarter;
Section 28, lots 1, 2, 3, and 4, north half northeast quarter, southeast quarter northeast quarter, northeast quarter northwest quarter;
Section 29, lot 1;
Section 34, lot 1, containing 5,384.49 acres, more or less.

Sec. 7. Title to the following described public domain lands and improvements thereon, situated within Bernalillo and Valencia Counties in the State of New Mexico, is hereby declared to be held by the United States in trust for the pueblo of Isleta:

NEW MEXICO PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN

Township 7 north, range 1 west:
Section 4, lots 1, 2, 3, and 4, southwest quarter southwest quarter, north half southwest quarter, northwest quarter;
Section 6, all;
Section 8, all;
Section 16, lots 1, 2, 3, and 4;
Section 18, lots 1, 2, 3, and 4.

Township 7 north, range 2 west:
Section 12, northeast quarter, east half southeast quarter.

Township 8 north, range 1 west:
Section 4, lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 13, 14, 15, and 16, south half northeast quarter;
Section 6, lots 1, 8, and 9.

Township 8 north, range 2 east:
Section 4, lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 13, 14, 15, and 16, south half north half;
Section 6, lots 1, 2, 12, 13, 14, and 15, northeast quarter east half northwest quarter.

Township 8 north, range 2 east:
Section 3, northwest quarter;
Section 4, north half;
Section 6, lots 1, 2, 12, 13, 14, and 15, northeast quarter, east half northwest quarter, containing 4,559.74 acres, more or less.
Sec. 8. Title to the following described lands and improvements thereon, situated within Santa Fe County in the State of New Mexico, is hereby declared to be held by the United States in trust for the pueblo of San Ildefonso:

NEW MEXICO PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN

Township 20 north, range 8 east:
Section 26, lots 1, and 2;
Section 27, lot 5;
Section 34, lots 1, 4, 5, and 8;
Section 35, lots 3, 4, 5, and 6, west half west half, containing 433.27 acres, more or less.

Sec. 9. Nothing in this Act shall affect valid rights existing at the date of approval of this Act.

Sec. 10. (a) For the purpose of improving the land tenure pattern and consolidating Pueblo Indian lands, the Secretary of the Interior is authorized, under such regulations as he may prescribe, to acquire by exchange any lands or interests therein, including improvements and water rights, within the Pueblo land consolidation areas, and to convey in exchange therefor not to exceed an equal value of unappropriated public lands within the State of New Mexico, or, with the consent of the Pueblo authorities any Pueblo tribal lands or interest therein, including improvements and water rights.

(b) Either party to an exchange under this section may reserve minerals, easements, or rights of use.

(c) The Secretary may execute any title documents necessary to effect the exchanges authorized by this section.

(d) Title to all lands acquired under the provisions of this section shall be taken in the name of the United States in trust for the respective Pueblo Indian tribes.

Sec. 11. The lands held or acquired for the pueblos pursuant to this Act shall be administered the same as other trust or restricted Indian lands subject to regulations prescribed by the Secretary of the Interior for the protection and conservation of the soil, proper utilization of the land, and other purposes, and shall be a part of the respective Pueblo reservations.

Sec. 12. The Indian Claims Commission is directed to determine in accordance with the provisions of section 2 of the Act of August 13, 1946 (60 Stat. 1050), the extent to which the value of the title conveyed by this Act should or should not be set off against any claim against the United States determined by the Commission.

Approved September 14, 1961.

Public Law 87-232

AN ACT

To make certain funds available to the Nez Perce Tribe of Idaho.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior make available the unexpended balances of funds in the Treasury of the United States under the following symbols and titles:

1. 14X7063 Nez Perces of Idaho fund;
2. 14X7563 interests and accruals on interest, Nez Perces of Idaho fund;

to the Nez Perce Tribe of Idaho for purposes the tribe requests and approved by the Secretary of the Interior.

Approved September 14, 1961.
Public Law 87-233

AN ACT

To amend the Coast and Geodetic Survey Commissioned Officers Act of 1948, as amended, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Coast and Geodetic Survey Commissioned Officers Act of 1948 (33 U.S.C. 853a–853r), as amended, is further amended by:

(a) Adding at the end of section 2 a new subsection reading as follows:

"(e) The total number of officers on active duty as authorized by law may be temporarily exceeded provided that the average number on active duty for the fiscal year shall not exceed the authorized number."

(b) Amending section 6(a) to delete the proviso added by the Act of June 21, 1955 (ch. 172, 69 Stat. 169, sec. 4).

(c) Redesignating section 12 as section 13.

(d) Adding a new section 12 reading as follows:

"SEC. 12. (a) Temporary appointment in the grade of ensign may be made by the President alone, provided such temporary appointment will be terminated at the close of the next regular session of the Congress unless confirmed by the Senate.

(b) Officers in the permanent grade of ensign may be temporarily promoted to and appointed in the grade of lieutenant junior grade by the President alone whenever vacancies exist in higher grades.

(c) When deemed necessary or desirable by the Secretary of Commerce to be in the best interest of the service, officers in any permanent grade may be temporarily promoted one grade by the President alone provided such temporary promotion will terminate upon the transfer of the officer to a new assignment, and further provided the number of officers holding temporary promotions under authority of this subsection shall not exceed the whole number nearest 11/2 per centum of the total number of officers authorized to be on active duty."

(e) Redesignating section 13 as section 14, striking the word "thirty" and substituting the word "twenty" in lieu thereof.

(f) Redesignating sections 20 and 21 as sections 21 and 22 respectively.

(g) Adding a new section 20 reading as follows:

"SEC. 20. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 209 of the Act of June 30, 1932 (ch. 314, 47 Stat. 405, 5 U.S.C. 73c) when any commissioned officer of the Coast and Geodetic Survey is ordered to make a permanent change of station, one motor vehicle owned by him for his personal use may be transported to his new station on a Government-owned vessel or as otherwise authorized by law. Expenses incurred by virtue of this subsection shall be payable from the appropriation available for transportation of household effects."

(h) Adding a new section 23 as follows:

"SEC. 23. (a) Original appointments may be made in grades up to and including lieutenant after passage of a mental and physical examination given in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Commerce: Provided, That the President, under such regulations as he may prescribe, may revoke the commission of any officer appointed under this section during his first three years of service if he is found not qualified for the service.

(b) Any person appointed under authority of this section shall be placed on the lineal list of active duty officers in a position com-
mensurate with his age, education, and experience in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Commerce.

"(c)(1) For the purposes of basic pay any person appointed under this section to the grade of lieutenant or lieutenant (junior grade) shall be considered as having, on date of appointment, three years or one and one-half years service respectively.

"(2) If a person appointed under this section is entitled to credit for the purpose of basic pay under other provision of law which would exceed that authorized by subsection (c)(1) he shall be credited with that service in lieu of the credit provided by subsection (c)(1)."

SEC. 2. Section 1(r) of the Civil Service Retirement Act, as amended (5 U.S.C. 2251(r)), is further amended by inserting after "the Regular Corps or Reserve Corps of the Public Health Service", the phrase "or, after June 30, 1961, as a commissioned officer of the Coast and Geodetic Survey,".

SEC. 3. Section 304(c) of the Career Compensation Act of 1949, as amended (37 U.S.C. 254(c)), is further amended by inserting the words "or as Director of the Coast and Geodetic Survey" after the words "Surgeon General of the Public Health Service."

SEC. 4. Section 3(A) of the Act of August 10, 1956, as amended (33 U.S.C. 887(a)) (70A Stat. 618) is further amended by redesignating subsection 8 as subsection 9 and adding a new subsection 8 reading as follows:

"(8) Sections 2731, 2732, and 2735, property loss incident to service."

Approved September 14, 1961.

Public Law 87-234

AN ACT

For the relief of certain members of the Army National Guard of the United States and the Air National Guard of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That sections 15 through 20, inclusive, of the Federal Employees' Compensation Act, as amended (U.S.C., title 5, secs. 765-770), are hereby waived with respect to cases involving those members of the Army National Guard and the Air National Guard of the United States alleged to have suffered disability or death from compensable causes which arose during the period from August 7, 1947, to December 31, 1956, inclusive, and their claims or the claims of their dependents for compensation by reason of the Act of July 15, 1939 (5 U.S.C. 797, 797a), are authorized and directed to be considered and acted upon under the remaining provisions of the Federal Employees' Compensation Act, as amended and extended to members of military reserve components, if filed with the Department of Labor (Bureau of Employees' Compensation) within one year from the date of enactment of this Act.

SEC. 2. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 206(b) (1) of the Servicemen's and Veterans' Survivor Benefits Act any person whose rights may be affected by section 1 of this Act may receive any benefits to which he should be found eligible under the Federal Employees' Compensation Act provided he makes the election required under section 7 thereof. In the event of such an election, any benefit amounts received under any other Act for the same death shall be deducted from amounts payable for similar purposes under the Federal Employees' Compensation Act.

Approved September 14, 1961.
Public Law 87-235

Providing for the disposition of judgment funds of the Omaha Tribe of Indians.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior is authorized and directed, pursuant to such regulations as may be issued by him, to prepare a roll of Omaha Indians whose names appear on the Omaha allotment rolls finally approved pursuant to the Acts of Congress of August 7, 1882 (22 Stat. 341) and March 3, 1893 (27 Stat. 612), and who are living on the date of this Act, and the descendants of such allottees who are born and living on the date of this Act and who possess Omaha blood of the degree of one-fourth or more regardless of whether such allottees are living or deceased: Provided, That no person who is enrolled with any other tribe of Indians or who has received an allotment of land on any other reservation shall be enrolled under the provisions of this Act unless the application for enrollment by such person is approved by a two-thirds vote of the governing body of the Omaha Tribe of Nebraska. Applications for enrollment must be filed with the area director of the Bureau of Indian Affairs, Aberdeen, South Dakota, within four months after the date of this Act. For a period of three months thereafter, the Secretary shall permit the examination of the applications by the governing body of the Omaha Tribe of Nebraska for the purpose of lodging protests against any application. The determination of the Secretary regarding the eligibility of an applicant shall be final.

Sec. 2. The roll prepared pursuant to section 1 of this Act shall constitute the membership roll of the Omaha Tribe of Nebraska as of the date of this Act, notwithstanding the provisions of article II, section 1 of the tribal constitution, and children who are born after the date of this Act may be enrolled if they meet the requirements of section 1(b) of article II of the tribal constitution, applicable to children born after the date that amendment I to said constitution was approved, or any amendment thereof.

Sec. 3. Of the funds on deposit in the Treasury of the United States to the credit of the Omaha Tribe of Nebraska that were appropriated to pay a judgment by the Indian Claims Commission dated February 11, 1960, and the interest thereon, after payment of attorneys' fees and expenses, the Secretary of the Interior shall make a per capita distribution of a sum up to a maximum of $750, to the extent available, to each person whose name appears on the roll prepared pursuant to section 1 of this Act; and the balance of such funds after making payment of or provision for such per capita distribution and accrued and accruing interest, if any, may be advanced or expended for any purpose that is authorized by the tribal governing body and approved in writing by the Secretary. The funds so distributed shall not be subject to Federal or State income taxes.

Sec. 4. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, the Secretary shall distribute a per capita share payable to a living enrollee directly to such enrollee, and the Secretary shall distribute a per capita share payable to a deceased enrollee directly to his next of kin or legatees as determined by the laws of the place of domicile of the decedent upon proof of death and inheritance satisfactory to the Secretary, whose findings upon such proof shall be final and conclusive.

(b) A share payable to a person under twenty-one years of age or to a person under a legal disability shall be paid in accordance with such procedures as the Secretary determines will adequately protect the best interests of such persons.
SEC. 5. No part of any of the funds which may be so distributed shall be subject to any lien, debt, or claim of any nature whatsoever against the tribe or individual Indians except delinquent debts owed by the tribe to the United States or owed by individual Indians to the tribe or to the United States.

SEC. 6. All costs incurred by the Secretary in the preparation of the roll and in the payment of the per capita shares in accordance with provisions of this Act shall be paid by appropriate withdrawals from the judgment fund.

SEC. 7. The Secretary is authorized to prescribe rules and regulations to carry out the provisions of this Act.

Approved September 14, 1961.

Public Law 87-236

AN ACT

To authorize the Secretary of the Army to modify certain leases entered into for the provision of recreation facilities in reservoir areas.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Chief of Engineers, under the supervision of the Secretary of the Army, is authorized to amend any lease entered into before November 1, 1956, providing for the construction, maintenance, and operation of commercial recreational facilities at a water resource development project under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of the Army so as to provide for the adjustment, either by increase or decrease, from time to time during the term of such lease of the amount of rental or other consideration payable to the United States under such lease, when and to the extent he determines such adjustment or extension to be necessary or advisable in the public interest. No adjustment shall be made under the authority of this Act so as to increase or decrease the amount of rental or other consideration payable under such lease for any period prior to the date of such adjustment.

Approved September 14, 1961.

Public Law 87-237

AN ACT

To authorize the transfer of three units of the Fort Belknap Indian irrigation project to the landowners within the project.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior is authorized to transfer to an association or organization of the landowners whose lands are served by the following units of the Fort Belknap Indian irrigation project all of the right, title, and interest of the United States in the irrigation project works of each unit:

(1) Upper Peoples Creek (Hays) unit, located in township 26 north, ranges 23 and 24 east, P.M.M., about 24 miles south of the Fort Belknap agency headquarters.

(2) Big Warm unit, located along the east boundary of the Fort Belknap Reservation in township 27 north, range 26 east, P.M.M., about 36 airline miles from the Fort Belknap agency headquarters.
Conditions.

Cancellation of charges.

September 14, 1961

[H. R. 256]


Taxes. Collection and payment.

Monthly report.

Public Law 87-238

AN ACT

To amend the District of Columbia Alcoholic Beverage Control Act.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 23(c) of the District of Columbia Alcoholic Beverage Control Act, as amended (48 Stat. 332; sec. 25-124(c), D.C. Code), is hereby repealed.

Sec. 2. Section 23(d) of the District of Columbia Alcoholic Beverage Control Act, as amended (48 Stat. 332; sec. 25-124(d), D.C. Code), is renumbered as section "23(c)" and as so renumbered is amended to read as follows:

"(c) Said taxes shall be collected and paid in the following manner:

"(1) Each holder of a manufacturer's or wholesaler's license shall, on or before the tenth day of each month, furnish to the Commissioners or their designated agent on a form to be prescribed by the Commissioners, a statement under oath showing the quantity of beverage subject to taxation hereunder sold by him during the preceding calendar month and shall, on or before the fifteenth day of each month, pay to the Commissioners or their designated agent the tax hereby imposed upon the quantity of beverages subject to taxation hereunder sold by him during the preceding calendar month.

"(2) No licensee holding a retailer's license shall transport or cause to be transported into the District of Columbia any beverages subject to taxation hereunder other than the regular stock on hand in a passenger carrying marine vessel operating in and beyond the District of Columbia, or a club car or a dining car on a railroad operating in and beyond the District of Columbia, for which a retailer's license, class C or D, has been issued under this Act, unless such licensee has first obtained a permit so to do from the Alcoholic Beverage Control Board. No such permit shall issue until the tax imposed by this section shall have been paid for the beverages for which the permit is requested. Such permit shall specifically set forth the quantity, character, and brand or trade name of the beverage to be transported and the names and addresses of the seller and of the purchaser. Such permit shall accompany such beverages during transportation in the District of Columbia to the licensed premises of such retail licensee and shall be exhibited upon the demand of any police officer or duly
authorized inspector of the Board. Such permit shall, immediately upon receipt of the beverage by the retail licensee, be marked 'canceled' and retained by him.

"(3) The Commissioners are authorized and empowered to prescribe by regulation such other methods or devices or both for the assessment, evidencing of payment, and collection of the taxes imposed by this section in addition to or in lieu of the method hereinbefore set forth whenever in their judgment such action is necessary to prevent frauds or evasions."

SEC. 3. Sections 23(e), 23(f), 23(i), and 23(j) of the District of Columbia Alcoholic Beverage Control Act, as amended (48 Stat. 332; secs. 25–124(e), 25–124(f), 25–124(i), and 23(j), D.C. Code), are repealed, and sections 23(g) and 23(h) of said Act are renumbered as "23(d)" and "23(e)", respectively.

SEC. 4. Section 23(k) of the District of Columbia Alcoholic Beverage Control Act, as amended (48 Stat. 332; sec. 25–124(k), D.C. Code), is renumbered as "23(f)" and as so renumbered is amended as follows:

By striking the words "of subsection (a), (c), (e), and (i)," from the first sentence, and by amending the last sentence to read as follows:

"Each holder of such a license shall, on or before the tenth day of each month, forward to the Board on a form to be prescribed by the Commissioners, a statement under oath, showing the quantity of each kind of beverage, except beer and wines, sold under such license in the District of Columbia during the preceding calendar month and such statement shall be accompanied by payment of any tax imposed under this Act upon any such beverages set forth in said report."

SEC. 5. Section 23 of the District of Columbia Alcoholic Beverage Control Act (D.C. Code, sec. 25–124) is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(g) The Commissioners are authorized to require that the immediate container of each beverage subject to tax under this Act contain the license number of each licensee who sells or offers for sale such beverage. Such license number must be affixed at the time of display or sale of said spirits by the retailer. This subsection shall not apply to spirit containers of less than two ounces."

SEC. 6. Nothing in this Act shall be construed as requiring the payment of any further tax on beverages to which stamps have been lawfully affixed under provisions of prior law.

SEC. 7. The Commissioners or their designated agent are authorized to redeem any unused stamps issued under the provisions of prior law or to accept same in payment of tax shown due on a monthly return.

SEC. 8. Nothing in this Act shall be construed so as to affect the authority vested in the Board of Commissioners of the District of Columbia by Reorganization Plan Numbered 5 of 1952 (66 Stat. 824). The performance of any function vested by this Act in the Board of Commissioners or in any office or agency under the jurisdiction and control of said Board of Commissioners may be delegated by said Board of Commissioners in accordance with section 3 of such plan.

SEC. 9. This Act shall take effect on the first day of the calendar month beginning not less than sixty days after the date of approval of this Act.

Approved September 14, 1961.
Public Law 87-239

AN ACT
To extend for two years the definition of "peanuts" which is now in effect under the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the last paragraph of the Act entitled "An Act to amend the peanut marketing quota provisions of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, and for other purposes", approved August 13, 1957 (71 Stat. 344), as amended by the Act of September 22, 1959 (73 Stat. 642), is further amended by striking out "and" and by inserting after "1961" the following: ", 1962, and 1963".

Approved September 14, 1961.

Public Law 87-240

AN ACT
To amend section 901 of title 38, United States Code, to provide that a flag shall be furnished to drape the casket of each deceased veteran of Mexican border service.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 901 of title 38, United States Code, is amended by—

(1) Inserting after the phrase "veteran of any war" in subsection (a) thereof, the phrase "or of Mexican border service"; and

(2) Adding at the end thereof the following new subsection—

"(c) For the purpose of this section, the term "Mexican border service" means active military, naval, or air service during the period beginning on January 1, 1911, and ending on April 5, 1917, in Mexico, on the borders thereof, or in the waters adjacent thereto."

Approved September 14, 1961.

Public Law 87-241

AN ACT
To authorize the Director, Office of Civil and Defense Mobilization, to approve a financial contribution for civil defense purposes to the State of Oklahoma.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Director of the Office of Civil and Defense Mobilization is authorized and directed (if otherwise approvable in accordance with law) to approve a financial contribution to the State of Oklahoma for the city of Tulsa, and to authorize the payment from appropriations currently available for such purposes, the said financial contribution to be in the amount of $8,481.38 toward the purchase price of a certain generator acquired for civil defense purposes.

Approved September 14, 1961.
Public Law 87-242

AN ACT
To amend section 4(a) of the Act of April 1, 1942, so as to confer jurisdiction on the municipal court for the District of Columbia over certain counterclaims and crossclaims in any action in which such court has initial jurisdiction.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the second sentence of section 4(a) of the Act entitled "An Act to consolidate the police court of the District of Columbia and the municipal court of the District of Columbia, to be known as the municipal court for the District of Columbia", to create "the municipal court of appeals for the District of Columbia", and for other purposes", approved April 1, 1942 (D.C. Code, sec. 11-755(a)), is amended to read as follows: "The court and each judge thereof shall have and exercise the same powers and jurisdiction as were heretofore had or exercised by the police court of the District of Columbia or by the municipal court of the District of Columbia or the judges thereof on the effective date of this Act and in addition the said court shall have exclusive jurisdiction of civil actions in which the claimed value of personal property or the debt or damages claimed, exclusive of interest, attorneys' fees, protest fees, and costs, does not exceed the sum of $3,000 and, in addition, shall also have exclusive jurisdiction of such actions against executors, administrators, and other fiduciaries as well as of all counterclaims and crossclaims interposed in all actions over which it has jurisdiction, regardless of the amount involved: Provided, however, That the District Court of the United States for the District of Columbia shall have jurisdiction of counterclaims and crossclaims interposed in actions over which it has jurisdiction."

Sec. 2. The amendment made by the first section of this Act shall apply only with respect to actions instituted on and after the date of enactment of this Act.

Sec. 3. This Act shall take effect thirty days after enactment.

Approved September 14, 1961.

Public Law 87-243

AN ACT
To amend title VI of the Merchant Marine Act, 1936, as amended, in order to increase certain limitations in payments on account of operating-differential subsidy under such title.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the third sentence in the first paragraph of section 603(c) of such Act, as amended (46 U.S.C. 1173), is amended to read as follows: "Effective on and after July 1, 1962, such payments on account shall in no case exceed 90 per centum of the amount estimated to have accrued on account of such subsidy, except that, with respect to that part of the subsidy relating to any particular voyage, an additional 5 per centum may be paid to the contractor after such contractor's audit of the voyage account for such voyage has been completed and the Secretary of Commerce has verified the correctness of the same."

Approved September 14, 1961.
AN ACT

To authorize the Secretary of Interior to nominate citizens of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands to be cadets at the United States Merchant Marine Academy.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of Commerce is authorized to permit, upon designation of the Secretary of Interior, not to exceed four persons at a time from the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands to receive instruction in the United States Merchant Marine Cadet Corps and at the United States Merchant Marine Academy at Kings Point, New York. The persons receiving instruction under authority of this Act shall receive the same pay, allowances, and emoluments, to be paid from the same appropriations, and subject to such exceptions as shall be jointly agreed upon by the Secretary of Commerce and the Secretary of Interior, shall be subject to the same rules and regulations governing admission, attendance, discipline, resignation, discharge, dismissal, and graduation as cadets at the Merchant Marine Academy appointed from the United States; but such persons shall not be entitled to appointment to any office or position in the United States merchant marine by reason of their graduation from the Merchant Marine Academy.

Approved September 14, 1961.

AN ACT

To amend section 35 of chapter III of the Life Insurance Act for the District of Columbia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That subsection (10) of section 35 of chapter III of the Life Insurance Act (D.C. Code 35-535(10)) is amended by redesignating the present subsection “(10)” as subsection “(10) (a)” and by adding a new paragraph at the end thereof to be designated as subsection “(10) (b)”, to read as follows:

“(b) In addition to the investments authorized in paragraph (10) (a), common stocks of any insurance company (other than as prohibited in section 35-540) created under the laws of the United States, or of any State thereof, or the District of Columbia: Provided, however, That stocks may be acquired under this paragraph (10) (b) only (i) with the intention of ultimately acquiring ownership or control of the issuing corporation as an affiliate or a subsidiary, (ii) if such acquisition will not cause the acquiring company’s aggregate cost of investments under this paragraph to exceed, in the case of a capital stock company, the amount of capital, surplus and contingency reserves in excess of $150,000 or, in the case of a mutual company, the amount of surplus and contingency reserves in excess of $150,000, and (iii) after the Superintendent of Insurance of the District of Columbia has been furnished with such information as he may require and has given to the acquiring company his written approval of the proposed acquisition stating his opinion that it will not substantially lessen competition, will not tend to create a monopoly in any line of insurance, and will not impair the financial stability of the acquiring company.”

Approved September 14, 1961.
To amend the code of law for the District of Columbia so as to provide a new basis for determining certain marital property rights, and for other purposes.

SEC. 2. Section 940 of the Act entitled "An Act to establish a code of law for the District of Columbia", approved March 3, 1901, as amended (D.C. Code, sec. 18-101), is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 940. COURSE OF DESCENTS GENERALLY.—On the death of any person seized of or entitled to an interest in an estate in lands, tenements, or hereditaments in the District of Columbia, and intestate thereof, the same shall descend in fee simple to such person's surviving spouse, if any, and kindred, who according to the laws of the District of Columbia now or hereafter in force relating to the distribution of the personal property of intestates, would be entitled to the surplus personal property of such intestate, if he or she had died a resident of the District of Columbia and possessed of such surplus personalty; and such surviving spouse and kindred shall take as tenants in common in the same proportions as are or shall be fixed by such laws relating to personal property. Subject to the right of dower, such real property shall be liable, in the event of insufficiency of the personal property, for the payment of the intestate's funeral expenses, debts, costs of administration, and estate, inheritance, and succession taxes in the same manner and to the same extent as the personal property of such intestate. Should said lands, tenements, or hereditaments be sold under a decree of a court having jurisdiction over the same, then it shall be unnecessary to secure the consent of said widow or surviving husband to said sale, unless the widow elects to take her dower, if any, in all real estate whereof the husband, prior to November 29, 1957, was seized at any time during the marriage or the surviving spouse elects to take the right of dower provided by section 3 of the Act approved August 31, 1957, as amended by section 3 of the Marital Property Rights Amendments of 1961 (D.C. Code, sec. 18-201a)."

SEC. 3. Section 3 of the Act approved August 31, 1957 (71 Stat. 560; Public Law 85-244; D.C. Code, sec. 18-201a), is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 3. Every husband and wife shall acquire by virtue of the marriage a right of dower which shall be an inchoate estate for life in one-third of the real property owned by the other spouse at any time during the marriage, whether by legal or equitable title, and whether held by either spouse at the time of his or her death or not, and such estate, which shall have the same incidents as the common law estate of dower in force and effect in the District of Columbia immediately prior to November 29, 1957, shall be in lieu of any inchoate rights acquired by or which may have attached to the real estate of any husband or wife by virtue of the provisions of subsection (b) of this section, as such subsection was in effect immediately prior to the effective date of this amendment, and shall not operate to the prejudice of any claim for the purchase money of such lands. No such right of dower shall attach to any lands held by any two or more persons as joint tenants while such tenancy exists; and all provisions of the Act entitled 'An Act to establish a code of law for the District of Columbia', approved March 3, 1901, as amended, and all other laws in force in the District of Columbia relating to the right of dower and its incidents shall, on and after the effective date of this amendment, be construed to be applicable to both husband and wife."
Sec. 4. Section 1173 of the Act entitled "An Act to establish a code of law for the District of Columbia", approved March 3, 1901, as amended (D.C. Code, sec. 18-211), is amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 1173. Renunciation of Devices and Bequests to Spouse; Election of Dower.—(a) Subject to the provisions of section 1174 of this Act, a widow or surviving husband shall by such devise or bequest be barred of any statutory rights or interest she or he may have in the real and personal estate of the deceased spouse or the dower rights provided by section 3 of the Act approved August 31, 1957, as amended by section 3 of the Marital Property Rights Amendments of 1961 (D.C. Code, sec. 18-201a), as the case may be, unless within six months after the will of the deceased spouse is admitted to probate, she or he shall file in the probate court a written renunciation to the following effect:

"I, A B, widow (or surviving husband) of late of , deceased, do hereby renounce and quit all claim to any devise or bequest made to me by the last will of my husband (or wife) exhibited and proved according to law; and I elect to take in lieu thereof my legal share of the real and personal property of my said spouse (except that in lieu of my legal share of the real property, I elect to take dower in all the real property of my deceased spouse to which such right is applicable).

(b) In similar manner, where the deceased spouse has died intestate of any real estate and letters of administration have been issued with respect to the estate of such deceased spouse, the surviving spouse shall be barred of the dower rights provided by section 3 of the Act approved August 31, 1957, as amended by section 3 of the Marital Property Rights Amendments of 1961 (D.C. Code, sec. 18-201a), unless within six months after such letters of administration have been issued with respect to the estate of the deceased spouse, she or he shall file in the probate court a written renunciation of her or his legal share of such intestate real estate to the following effect:

"I, A B, widow (or surviving husband) of deceased, in lieu of my legal share of the real property of which my deceased spouse died intestate, do hereby elect to take dower in all the real property of my deceased spouse to which such right is applicable.

(c) If, during said period of six months, a suit should be instituted to construe the will of the deceased spouse, the period of six months for the filing of such renunciation or election shall commence to run from the date when such suit shall be finally determined, by appeal or otherwise. A renunciation or election may be made in behalf of any spouse unable to act for himself or herself by reason of infancy, incompetency, or inability to manage his or her property, by the guardian or other fiduciary acting for such spouse when authorized so to do by the court having jurisdiction of the person of such spouse. The time for renunciation by any spouse may be extended before its expiration by an order of the probate court for successive periods of not exceeding six months each upon petition showing reasonable cause and on notice given to the personal representative and to such other persons in such manner as the probate court may direct.

(d) In any case where the wife or husband has made no devise or bequest to the spouse, and in any case where nothing passes by any purported devise or bequest, the surviving spouse shall be deemed to have filed a written renunciation as provided in subsection (a) of this section (subject to his or her right to elect dower in lieu of the legal share of real estate within six months from probate of the will provided in subsection (b) of this section)."
“(e) By renouncing all claim to any and all devises and bequests made to her or him by the will of her husband or his wife pursuant to the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, or in the event that a renunciation shall be deemed to be effected pursuant to the provisions of subsection (d) of this section, the surviving spouse shall be entitled to such share or interest in the real and personal estate of the deceased spouse (including dower if elected in lieu of the legal share in the real estate) which she or he would have taken had the deceased spouse died intestate, except that in neither event shall the surviving spouse be entitled to more than one-half of the net estate bequeathed and devised by said will, or, if dower be elected, one-half of the net personal estate bequeathed and dower in the real estate devised.

“(f) Notwithstanding any other provision of law now or heretofore in effect in the District of Columbia, any valid antenuptial or postnuptial agreement which shall have been entered into by the spouses shall govern and the provisions thereof shall determine the rights of the surviving spouse in the real and personal property of the deceased spouse, and the administration thereof, but nothing contained in this subsection shall prohibit any spouse from accepting the benefits of any devise or bequest made to him or her by the deceased spouse.”

SEC. 5. Section 1165 of the Act entitled “An Act to establish a code of law for the District of Columbia”, approved March 3, 1901 (D.C. Code, sec. 18-204), is amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 1165. ABSENT OR INCOMPETENT SPOUSE.—Where any married person is a lunatic or insane, and has been so adjudicated by a court of competent jurisdiction and such adjudication remains in force, or where any married person has been absent or unheard of for seven years, the husband or wife, as the case may be, of such lunatic or insane or absent person may grant and convey by his or her separate deed, whether the same be absolute or by way of lease or mortgage, as fully as if he or she were unmarried, any real estate which he or she may have acquired since such adjudication or since the beginning of such absence.”


SEC. 7. Any provision of law inconsistent with the provisions and amendments of this Act is hereby repealed.

SEC. 8. The foregoing provisions of this Act shall become effective six months after the date of enactment of this Act.

Approved September 14, 1961.

Public Law 87-247

AN ACT
To amend section 17 of the Interstate Commerce Act so as to authorize the delegation of certain duties to employee boards.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That paragraph (5) of section 17 of the Interstate Commerce Act (49 U.S.C. 17(5)) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: “When deemed by the Commission to be appropriate for the efficient and orderly conduct of its business, it may authorize duly designated...
Public Law 87-248

AN ACT

To amend the Healing Arts Practice Act, District of Columbia, 1928, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 5 of the Healing Arts Practice Act, District of Columbia, 1928, approved February 27, 1929 (45 Stat. 1326, 1327), as amended (sec. 2-103, D.C. Code, 1951 ed.), is amended (a) by inserting the subsection designation "(a)" immediately before the first word of such section; and (b) by adding the following subsection:

"(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of the preceding subsection relating to registration, in the case of persons presenting evidence of graduation from a medical school or training in a hospital not located in the United States, the commission is authorized to accept certificates from the Educational Council for Foreign Medical Graduates or other organizations approved by (1) the American Medical Association, (2) the Association of American Medical Colleges, (3) the Federation of State Medical Boards, and (4) the American Hospital Association as being qualified to examine and evaluate the professional skill, training, and qualifications of graduates of foreign medical schools, such certificates to show that the applicants have successfully qualified under an American Medical Qualification Examination of such Educational Council for Foreign Medical Graduates, or an examination comparable in form and comprehensive coverage of subject matter to an American Medical Qualification Examination."

Sec. 2. Section 26 of said Act approved February 27, 1929 (45 Stat. 1326, 1336; sec. 2-122, D.C. Code 1951 ed.), is amended (a) by striking "studied the healing art through not less than four graded courses of not less than nine months each, in a professional school or schools registered under this Act, and has been graduated by such a school", and inserting in lieu thereof "been graduated from a professional school registered under this Act"; and (b) by inserting immediately after "Provided," where it first appears in such section the following: "That the commission shall by rule provide for determining whether an applicant who has been graduated from a professional school registered under this Act at a time when such school was not so registered may be admitted to examination, and such commission shall, in determining whether any such applicant shall be admitted to examination under this section, take into consideration whether the curriculum and the qualifications of the faculty of such school were substantially the same during the period the school was attended by the applicant as they were at the time the school first became registered under this Act, and if the commission shall so find, such applicant shall be admitted to examination: Provided further,".
SEC. 3. Said Act approved February 27, 1929, as amended, is amended by adding the following section:

"Sec. 50. Wherever the term 'commission' is used in this Act, such term shall mean the office or agency to which the Board of Commissioners of the District of Columbia, pursuant to the authority contained in Reorganization Plan Numbered 5 of 1952 (66 Stat. 824), has delegated or may from time to time delegate the functions required to be performed by this Act."

Approved September 14, 1961.

Public Law 87-249

AN ACT

To amend the Life Insurance Act of the District of Columbia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 10 of chapter V of the Life Insurance Act, as amended (D.C. Code 35-710), is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(8) A policy of group life insurance issued to a credit union organized pursuant to the laws of the District of Columbia or pursuant to the Federal Credit Union Act, which credit union shall be deemed the policyholder, to insure members of the credit union for the benefit of persons other than the credit union, subject to the following requirements:

(a) The members eligible for insurance under the policy shall be all of the members of the credit union, or all of any class or classes thereof determined by age, or by membership in the credit union, or both.

(b) The premium for the policy shall be paid by the policyholder, either from the credit union's own funds, or from charges collected from the insured members specifically for the insurance, or both. A policy on which part of the premium is to be derived from funds contributed by the insured members specifically for their insurance may be placed in force only if at least 75 per centum of the then eligible members, excluding any as to whom evidence of individual insurability is not satisfactory to the insurer, elect to make the required contributions. A policy on which no part of the premium is to be derived from funds contributed by the insured members specifically for their insurance must insure all eligible members, or all except any as to whom evidence of individual insurability is not satisfactory to the insurer.

(c) The policy must cover at least twenty-five members at date of issue.

(d) The amount of insurance on the life of any member shall not exceed the total amount of his shares and deposits in the credit union or $2,000, whichever is less. Such policy may be issued either in addition to, or in lieu of, a policy issued pursuant to section 35-710(2)."

Approved September 14, 1961.
Public Law 87-250

AN ACT
To amend the law establishing the Indian revolving loan fund.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the appropriation authorization in section 10 of the Act of June 18, 1934 (48 Stat. 986), is hereby amended by increasing it from $10,000,000 to $20,000,000.

Approved September 15, 1961.

Public Law 87-251

AN ACT
For the relief of the Princess Anne County School Board, Virginia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to pay, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to the Princess Anne County School Board, Princess Anne County, Virginia, the amount fixed by the Court of Claims in accordance with section 2 of this Act, upon the conveyance to the United States within the one-year period beginning on the date that court certifies its determination of value as directed in section 2 of this Act, of all right, title, and interest of such board in and to such school property. The payment of such sum shall be in full settlement of any and all claims of the said board against the United States growing out of or connected with the operation of aircraft at the Oceana Naval Air Base: Provided, That no part of the amount paid as provided in this Act shall be paid or delivered to or received by any agent or attorney on account of services rendered in connection with this claim, and the same shall be unlawful, any contract to the contrary notwithstanding. Any person violating the provisions of this Act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined in any sum not exceeding $1,000.

Sec. 2. Jurisdiction is hereby conferred on the Court of Claims to hear evidence concerning the value of the school property known as the Oceana Public School, determine that value, and certify its determination to the Secretary of the Treasury for payment of the amount found due to the Princess Anne County School Board, Princess Anne County, Virginia, in accordance with the authority contained in section 1 of this Act. For the purposes of this Act the value fixed by the Court of Claims shall be the market value of the land and buildings, as of January 1, 1958, of the property known as the Oceana Public School.

Approved September 15, 1961.
Public Law 87-252

AN ACT

To make the Panama Canal Company immune from attachment or garnishment of salaries owed to its employees, and to amend the Shipping Act, 1916.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That paragraph (d) of section 248 of title 2, Canal Zone Code, as added by section 2 of the Act of June 29, 1948 (62 Stat. 1078), is amended to read as follows:

"(d) May sue and be sued in its corporate name, but no attachment, garnishment, or similar process shall be issued against salaries or other moneys owed by the Company to its employees."

SEC. 2. That section 2 of the Act of August 12, 1958, as amended, is amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 2. This Act shall be effective immediately upon enactment and shall cease to be effective on and after October 15, 1961: Provided, however, That contracts in effect midnight September 14, 1961, shall remain in effect until midnight October 15, 1961, unless such contracts terminate earlier by their own terms, or are rendered illegal under the terms of the first section of this Act."

Approved September 16, 1961.

Public Law 87-253

AN ACT

To amend section 331 of title 28 of the United States Code so as to provide for representation on the Judicial Conference of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first sentence of the first paragraph of section 331 of title 28 of the United States Code is amended to read as follows:

"The Chief Justice of the United States shall summon annually the chief judge of each judicial circuit, the chief judge of the Court of Claims, the chief judge of the Court of Customs and Patent Appeals, and a district judge from each judicial circuit to a conference at such time and place in the United States as he may designate."

SEC. 2. The third paragraph of section 331 of title 28 of the United States Code is amended to read as follows:

"If the chief judge of any circuit or the district judge chosen by the judges of the circuit is unable to attend, the Chief Justice may summon any other circuit or district judge from such circuit. If the chief judge of the Court of Claims, or the chief judge of the Court of Customs and Patent Appeals is unable to attend, the Chief Justice may summon an associate judge of such court. Every judge summoned shall attend and, unless excused by the Chief Justice, shall remain throughout the sessions of the conference and advise as to the needs of his circuit or court and as to any matters in respect of which the administration of justice in the courts of the United States may be improved."

SEC. 3. The second paragraph of section 605 of title 28, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"Such estimates shall be approved, before presentation to the Bureau of the Budget, by the Judicial Conference of the United States, except that the estimate with respect to the Customs Court shall be approved by such court."

Approved September 19, 1961.
Public Law 87-254

To amend the Shipping Act, 1916, to provide for licensing independent ocean freight forwarders, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first section of the Shipping Act, 1916 (46 U.S.C. 801), is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraphs:

“The term ‘carrying on the business of forwarding’ means the dispatching of shipments by any person on behalf of others, by ocean-going common carriers in commerce from the United States, its Territories, or possessions to foreign countries, or between the United States and its Territories or possessions, or between such Territories and possessions, and handling the formalities incident to such shipments.

An ‘independent ocean freight forwarder’ is a person carrying on the business of forwarding for a consideration who is not a shipper or consignee or a seller or purchaser of shipments to foreign countries, nor has any beneficial interest therein, nor directly or indirectly controls or is controlled by such shipper or consignee or by any person having such a beneficial interest.”

SEC. 2. The Shipping Act, 1916, is further amended by redesignating section 44 as section 45, and inserting immediately after section 43 the following new section:

“SEC. 44. (a) No person shall engage in carrying on the business of forwarding as defined in this Act unless such person holds a license issued by the Federal Maritime Commission to engage in such business: Provided, however, That a person whose primary business is the sale of merchandise may dispatch shipments of such merchandise without a license.

(b) A forwarder’s license shall be issued to any qualified applicant therefor if it is found by the Commission that the applicant is, or will be, an independent ocean freight forwarder as defined in this Act and is fit, willing, and able properly to carry on the business of forwarding and to conform to the provisions of this Act and the requirements, rules, and regulations of the Commission issued thereunder, and that the proposed forwarding business is, or will be, consistent with the national maritime policies declared in the Merchant Marine Act, 1936; otherwise such application shall be denied. Any independent ocean freight forwarder who, on the effective date of this Act, is carrying on the business of forwarding under a registration number issued by the Commission may continue such business for a period of one hundred and twenty days thereafter without a license, and if application for such license is made within such period, such forwarder may, under such regulations as the Commission shall prescribe, continue such business until otherwise ordered by the Commission.

(c) The Commission shall prescribe reasonable rules and regulations to be observed by independent ocean freight forwarders and no such license shall be issued or remain in force unless such forwarder shall have furnished a bond or other security approved by the Commission in such form and amount as in the opinion of the Commission will insure financial responsibility and the supply of the services in accordance with contracts, agreements, or arrangements therefor.

(d) Licenses shall be effective from the date specified therein, and shall remain in effect until suspended or terminated as herein provided. Any such license may, upon application of the holder thereof, in the discretion of the Commission, be amended or revoked, in whole or in
part, or may upon complaint, or on the Commission’s own initiative, after notice and hearing, be suspended or revoked for willful failure to comply with any provision of this Act, or with any lawful order, rule, or regulation of the Commission promulgated thereunder.

“(e) A common carrier by water may compensate a person carrying on the business of forwarding to the extent of the value rendered such carrier in connection with any shipment dispatched on behalf of others when, and only when, such person is licensed hereunder and has performed with respect to such shipment the solicitation and securing of the cargo for the ship or the booking of, or otherwise arranging for space for, such cargo, and at least two of the following services:

“(1) The coordination of the movement of the cargo to shipside;
“(2) The preparation and processing of the ocean bill of lading;
“(3) The preparation and processing of dock receipts or delivery orders;
“(4) The preparation and processing of consular documents or export declarations;
“(5) The payment of the ocean freight charges on such shipments:

Provided, however, That where a common carrier by water has paid, or has incurred an obligation to pay, either to an ocean freight broker or freight forwarder, separate compensation for the solicitation or securing of cargo for the ship or the booking of, or otherwise arranging for space for, such cargo, then such carrier shall not be obligated to pay additional compensation for any other forwarding services rendered on the same cargo. Before any such compensation is paid to or received by any person carrying on the business of forwarding, such person shall, if he is qualified under the provisions of this paragraph to receive such compensation, certify in writing to the common carrier by water by which the shipment was dispatched that he is licensed by the Federal Maritime Commission as an independent ocean freight forwarder and that he performed the above specified services with respect to such shipment. Such carrier shall be entitled to rely on such certification unless it knows that the certification is incorrect.”

Approved September 19, 1961.

Public Law 87-255

AN ACT

To amend the Federal Airport Act so as to extend the time for making grants under the provisions of such Act, and for other purposes.

September 20, 1961

H. R. 8102]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 4 of the Federal Airport Act (49 U.S.C. 1103) is amended by inserting “(a)” immediately after “SEC. 4.” and by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

“Announcement of Program

“(b) It shall be the duty of the Administrator to make public by January 1 of each year the proposed program of airport development intended to be undertaken during the fiscal year next ensuing, and he may revise such program to the extent he finds necessary to accomplish the purposes of this Act.”
SEC. 2. (a) Section 5 of such Act (49 U.S.C. 1104) is amended by redesignating subsection (d) as subsection (e), and by inserting immediately after subsection (c) the following new subsection:

"Appropriation Authorization for Projects

"(d) (1) For the purpose of carrying out this Act with respect to projects in the several States, in addition to other amounts authorized by this Act, appropriations amounting in the aggregate to $199,500,000 are hereby authorized to be made to the Administrator over a period of three fiscal years, beginning with the fiscal year ending June 30, 1962. Of amounts appropriated under this paragraph, $66,500,000 shall become available for obligation, by the execution of grant agreements pursuant to section 12, beginning July 1 of each of the fiscal years ending June 30, 1962, June 30, 1963, and June 30, 1964, and shall continue to be so available until expended.

"(2) For the purpose of carrying out this Act with respect to projects in Hawaii, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands, in addition to other amounts authorized by this Act, appropriations amounting in the aggregate to $4,500,000 are hereby authorized to be made to the Administrator over a period of three fiscal years, beginning with the fiscal year ending June 30, 1962. Of amounts appropriated under this paragraph, $1,500,000 shall become available for obligation, by the execution of grant agreements pursuant to section 12, beginning July 1 of each of the fiscal years ending June 30, 1962, June 30, 1963, and June 30, 1964, and shall continue to be so available until expended. Of each such amount, 40 per centum shall be available for projects in Hawaii, 40 per centum shall be available for projects in Puerto Rico, and 20 per centum shall be available for projects in the Virgin Islands.

"(3) For the purpose of developing, in the several States, airports the primary purpose of which is to serve general aviation and to relieve congestion at airports having high density of traffic serving other segments of aviation, in addition to other amounts authorized by this Act for such purpose, appropriations amounting in the aggregate to $21,000,000 are hereby authorized to be made to the Administrator over a period of three fiscal years, beginning with the fiscal year ending June 30, 1962. Of amounts appropriated under this paragraph, $7,000,000 shall become available for obligation, by the execution of grant agreements pursuant to section 12, beginning July 1 of each of the fiscal years ending June 30, 1962, June 30, 1963, and June 30, 1964, and shall continue to be so available until expended."

(b) Subsection (e) of such section 5 (as so redesignated by subsection (a) of this section) is amended by striking out "section 204 of the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938 (49 U.S.C. 424)" and inserting in lieu thereof "subsection (a) of section 303 of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. 1344(a))".

SEC. 3. (a) Section 6(a) of such Act (49 U.S.C. 1105(a)) is amended to read as follows:

"Apportionment of Funds

"SEC. 6. (a) As soon as possible after July 1 of each fiscal year for which any amount is authorized to be obligated by section 5(a) or 5(d) (1), 75 per centum of the amount made available for that year shall be apportioned by the Administrator among the several States, one-half in the proportion which the population of each State bears to
the total population of all the States, and one-half in the proportion which the area of each State bears to the total area of all the States. Each amount so apportioned for a State shall, during the fiscal year for which it was first authorized to be obligated and the fiscal year immediately following, be available only for grants for approved projects located in that State, or sponsored by that State or some public agency thereof but located in an adjoining State, and thereafter any portion of such amount which remains unobligated shall be redistributed as provided in subsection (c) of this section. Upon making an apportionment as provided in this subsection, the Administrator shall inform the executive head of each State, and any public agency which has requested such information, as to the amounts apportioned for each State. As used in this subsection, the term 'population' means the population according to the latest decennial census of the United States and the term 'area' includes both land and water."

(b) Paragraph (1) of section 6(b) of such Act (49 U.S.C. 1105(b)(1)) is amended to read as follows:

"(b)(1) Twenty-five per centum of all amounts authorized to be obligated by sections 5(a) and 5(d)(1) and one hundred per centum of all amounts authorized to be obligated by section 5(d)(3) shall, as such amounts become available, constitute a discretionary fund."

(c) Paragraph (2) of section 6(b) of such Act (49 U.S.C. 1105(b)(2)) is amended to read as follows:

"(2) Such discretionary fund shall be available for such approved projects in the several States, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands as the Administrator may deem most appropriate for carrying out the national airport plan, regardless of the location of such projects. The Administrator shall give consideration, in determining the projects for which such fund is to be so used, to the existing airport facilities in the several States, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands, and to the need for or lack of development of airport facilities in the several States, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands."

(d) Paragraph (3) of section 6(b) of such Act (49 U.S.C. 1105(b)(3)) is amended by striking out "and national forests" and inserting in lieu thereof "national forests, and special reservations for Government purposes".

(e) Section 6(c) of such Act (49 U.S.C. 1105(c)) is amended to read as follows:

"Redistribution of Funds

"(c) Any amount apportioned for projects in a State pursuant to subsection (a) of this section which has not been obligated by grant agreement at the expiration of the two fiscal years for which it was so apportioned shall be added to the discretionary fund established by subsection (b) of this section."

Sec. 4. Section 9(d) of such Act (49 U.S.C. 1108(d)) is amended by inserting "(1)" immediately after "(d)" and by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraphs:

"(2) No project shall be approved by the Administrator which does not include provision for installation of such of the landing aids specified in section 10(d) as are determined by him to be required for the safe and efficient use by aircraft of the airport, taking into account the category of the airport and the type and volume of traffic utilizing the airport.

"(3) No project shall be approved by the Administrator unless he is satisfied that fair consideration has been given to the interest of communities in or near which such project may be located."
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SEC. 5. (a) Section 10 of such Act (49 U.S.C. 1109) is amended by striking out subsection (e) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

“Landing Aids

“(d) To the extent that the project costs of an approved project represent the cost of (1) land required for the installation of approach light systems, (2) in-runway lighting, (3) high intensity runway lighting, or (4) runway distance markers, the United States share shall be not to exceed 75 per centum of the allowable costs thereof.”

(b) Subsection (a) of such section 10 is amended by striking out “(d), and (e)” and inserting in lieu thereof “and (d)”.

SEC. 6. (a) Paragraph (5) of section 11 of such Act (49 U.S.C. 1110(5)) is amended to read as follows:

“(5) the airport operator or owner will furnish without cost to the Federal Government for use in connection with any air traffic control activities, or weather-reporting activities and communication activities related to air traffic control, such areas of land or water, or estate therein, or rights in buildings of the sponsor as the Administrator may consider necessary or desirable for construction at Federal expense of space or facilities for such purposes.”

(b) Section 11 of such Act is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: “Whenever the Administrator shall obtain from a sponsor any area of land or water, or estate therein, or rights in buildings of the sponsor and shall construct thereon at Federal expense space or facilities, he is authorized to relieve the sponsor from any contractual obligation entered into under this Act to provide free space in airport buildings to the Federal Government to the extent he finds such space no longer required for the purposes set forth in paragraph (5) of this section.”

SEC. 7. Section 13(b) of such Act (49 U.S.C. 1112(b)) is amended to read as follows:

“Costs Not Allowed After June 30, 1961

“(b) With respect to amounts obligated under this Act after June 30, 1961, the following shall not be allowable project costs: (1) the cost of construction of that part of a project intended for use as a public parking facility for passenger automobiles; or (2) the cost of construction of any part of an airport building except such of those buildings or parts of buildings intended to house facilities or activities directly related to the safety of persons at the airport.”

SEC. 8. (a) (1) Paragraph (7) of section 2(a) of such Act (49 U.S.C. 1101(a)(7)) is amended by striking out “Alaska, Hawaii,”;

(2) Paragraph (12) of section 2(a) of such Act (49 U.S.C. 1101(a)(12)) is amended by striking out “on May 13, 1946,”.

(b) Section 3(a) of such Act (49 U.S.C. 1102(a)) is amended—

(1) by striking out “Alaska, Hawaii, and” where it appears in the first sentence thereof; and

(2) by striking out “Alaska, Hawaii,” in the third sentence thereof.

(c) (1) The heading of section 7 of such Act (49 U.S.C. 1106) is amended to read as follows: “AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS FOR PROJECTS IN PUERTO RICO AND THE VIRGIN ISLANDS”.

(2) The text of section 7 of such Act is amended by striking out “Alaska, in Hawaii, or in Puerto Rico,” and inserting in lieu thereof “Puerto Rico”.
(d) Section 9(c) of such Act (49 U.S.C. 1108(c)) is amended by striking out "Alaska, Hawaii," and by inserting before the period at the end thereof the following: ", or a special reservation for Government purposes".

(e) Section 10(c) of such Act (49 U.S.C. 1109(c)) is amended by striking out "Alaska and" where it appears in the heading and in the text of such section.

Sec. 9. Section 1109 of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. 1109) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(e) There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to enable the head of any department or agency of the Federal Government charged with any duty of inspection, clearance, collection of taxes or duties, or other similar function, with respect to persons or property moving in air commerce, to acquire such space at public airports (as defined in the Federal Airport Act) as he determines, after consultation with the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Agency, to be necessary for the performance of such duty. In acquiring any such space, the head of such department or agency shall act through the Administrator of General Services in accordance with the procedures established by law which are generally applicable to the acquisition of space to be used by departments and agencies of the Federal Government."

Sec. 10. The amendments made by this Act shall not apply with respect to projects for which amounts have been obligated by the execution of grant agreements before their enactment. With respect to such projects, the Federal Airport Act shall continue to apply as if this Act had not been enacted.

Approved September 20, 1961, 11:55 a.m.

Public Law 87-256

AN ACT

To provide for the improvement and strengthening of the international relations of the United States by promoting better mutual understanding among the peoples of the world through educational and cultural exchanges.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Mutual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act of 1961".

Sec. 101. STATEMENT OF PURPOSE.—The purpose of this Act is to enable the Government of the United States to increase mutual understanding between the people of the United States and the people of other countries by means of educational and cultural exchange; to strengthen the ties which unite us with other nations by demonstrating the educational and cultural interests, developments, and achievements of the people of the United States and other nations, and the contributions being made toward a peaceful and more fruitful life for people throughout the world; to promote international cooperation for educational and cultural advancement; and thus to assist in the development of friendly, sympathetic, and peaceful relations between the United States and the other countries of the world.

Sec. 102. (a) The President is authorized, when he considers that it would strengthen international cooperative relations, to provide, by grant, contract, or otherwise, for—

(1) educational exchanges, (i) by financing studies, research, instruction, and other educational activities—
(A) of or for American citizens and nationals in foreign countries, and

(B) of or for citizens and nationals of foreign countries in American schools and institutions of learning located in or outside the United States;

and (ii) by financing visits and interchanges between the United States and other countries of students, trainees, teachers, instructors, and professors;

(2) cultural exchanges, by financing—

(i) visits and interchanges between the United States and other countries of leaders, experts in fields of specialized knowledge or skill, and other influential or distinguished persons;

(ii) tours in countries abroad by creative and performing artists and athletes from the United States, individually and in groups, representing any field of the arts, sports, or any other form of cultural attainment;

(iii) United States representation in international artistic, dramatic, musical, sports, and other cultural festivals, competitions, meetings, and like exhibitions and assemblies;

(iv) participation by groups and individuals from other countries in nonprofit activities in the United States similar to those described in subparagraphs (ii) and (iii) of this paragraph, when the President determines that such participation is in the national interest.

(3) United States participation in international fairs and expositions, including trade and industrial fairs and other public or private demonstrations of United States economic accomplishments and cultural attainments.

(b) In furtherance of the purposes of this Act, the President is further authorized to provide for—

(1) interchanges between the United States and other countries of handicrafts, scientific, technical, and scholarly books, books of literature, periodicals, and Government publications, and the reproduction and translation of such writings, and the preparation, distribution, and interchange of other educational and research materials, including laboratory and technical equipment for education and research;

(2) establishing and operating in the United States and abroad centers for cultural and technical interchanges to promote better relations and understanding between the United States and other nations through cooperative study, training, and research;

(3) assistance in the establishment, expansion, maintenance, and operation of schools and institutions of learning abroad, founded, operated, or sponsored by citizens or nonprofit institutions of the United States, including such schools and institutions serving as demonstration centers for methods and practices employed in the United States;

(4) fostering and supporting American studies in foreign countries through professorships, lectureships, institutes, seminars, and courses in such subjects as American history, government, economics, language and literature, and other subjects related to American civilization and culture, including financing the attendance at such studies by persons from other countries;
(5) promoting and supporting medical, scientific, cultural, and educational research and development;

(6) promoting modern foreign language training and area studies in United States schools, colleges, and universities by supporting visits and study in foreign countries by teachers and prospective teachers in such schools, colleges, and universities for the purpose of improving their skill in languages and their knowledge of the culture of the people of those countries, and by financing visits by teachers from those countries to the United States for the purpose of participating in foreign language training and area studies in United States schools, colleges, and universities;

(7) United States representation at international nongovernmental educational, scientific, and technical meetings;

(8) participation by groups and individuals from other countries in educational, scientific, and technical meetings held under American auspices in or outside the United States;

(9) encouraging independent research into the problems of educational and cultural exchange.

SEC. 103. (a) The President is authorized to enter into agreements with foreign governments and international organizations, in furtherance of the purposes of this Act. In such agreements the President is authorized, when he deems it in the public interest, to seek the agreement of the other governments concerned to cooperate and assist, including making use of funds placed in special accounts pursuant to agreements concluded in accordance with section 115(b)(6) of the Economic Cooperation Act of 1948, or any similar agreements, in providing for the activities authorized in section 102, and particularly those authorized in subsection 102(a)(1), of this Act with respect to the expenses of international transportation of their own citizens and nationals and of activities in furtherance of the purposes of this Act carried on within the borders of such other nations.

(b) Such agreements may also provide for the creation or continuation of binational or multinational educational and cultural foundations and commissions for the purpose of administering programs in furtherance of the purposes of this Act.

(c) In such agreements with international organizations, the President may provide for equitable United States participation in and support for, including a reasonable share of the cost of, educational and cultural programs to be administered by such organizations.

SEC. 104. (a) The President may delegate, to such officers of the Government as he determines to be appropriate, any of the powers conferred upon him by this Act to the extent that he finds such delegation to be in the interest of the purposes expressed in this Act and the efficient administration of the programs undertaken pursuant to this Act: Provided, That where the President has delegated any of such powers to any officer, before the President implements any proposal for the delegation of any of such powers to another officer, that proposal shall be submitted to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and to the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate, and thereafter a period of not less than sixty days shall have elapsed while Congress is in session. In computing such sixty days, there shall be excluded the days on which either House is not in session because of an adjournment of more than three days.
(b) The President is authorized to employ such other personnel as he deems necessary to carry out the provisions and purposes of this Act, and of such personnel not to exceed ten may be compensated without regard to the provisions of the Classification Act of 1949, as amended, and of these not to exceed five may be compensated at a rate in excess of the highest rate provided for grades of the general schedule established by the Classification Act of 1949, as amended, but not in excess of $1,000 per annum more than such highest rate. Such positions shall be in addition to the number authorized by section 505 of the Classification Act of 1949, as amended.

(c) For the purpose of performing functions under this Act outside the United States, including participation in binational or multinational foundations or commissions, the Secretary of State may employ or assign or authorize the employment or assignment for the duration of operations under this Act of persons in or to the Foreign Service Reserve or Foreign Service Staff and alien clerks and employees in accordance with applicable provisions of the Foreign Service Act of 1946, as amended (22 U.S.C. 801).

(d) For the purpose of performing functions under this Act outside the United States, the President is authorized to provide that any person employed or assigned by a United States Government agency shall be entitled, except to the extent that the President may specify otherwise in cases in which the period of employment or assignment exceeds thirty months, to the same benefits as are provided by section 528 of the Foreign Service Act of 1946, as amended (22 U.S.C. 928), for persons appointed to the Foreign Service Reserve and, except for policymaking officials, the provisions of section 1005 of the Foreign Service Act of 1949, as amended (22 U.S.C. 807), shall apply in the case of such persons.

(e) (1) In providing for the activities and interchanges authorized by section 102 of this Act, grants may be made to or for individuals, either directly or through foundations or educational or other institutions, which foundations or institutions are public or private nonprofit, and may include funds for tuition and other necessary incidental expenses, for travel expenses from their places of residence and return for themselves, and, whenever it would further the purposes of this Act, for the dependent members of their immediate families, for health and accident insurance premiums, emergency medical expenses, costs of preparing and transporting to their former homes the remains of any of such persons who may die while away from their homes as participants or dependents of participants in any program under this Act, and for per diem in lieu of subsistence at rates prescribed by the President, for all such persons, and for such other expenses as are necessary for the successful accomplishment of the purposes of this Act.

(2) Funds available for programs under this Act may be used (i) to provide for orientation courses, language training, or other appropriate services and materials for persons traveling out of the countries of their residence for educational and cultural purposes which further the purposes of this Act, whether or not they are receiving other financial support from the Government, and (ii) to provide or continue services to increase the effectiveness of such programs following the return of such persons to the countries of their residence.
(3) For the purpose of assisting foreign students in making the best use of their opportunities while attending colleges and universities in the United States, and assisting such students in directing their talents and initiative into channels which will make them more effective leaders upon return to their native lands, the President may make suitable arrangements, by contract or otherwise, for the establishment and maintenance at colleges and universities in the United States attended by foreign students of an adequate counseling service.

(4) The President is authorized to provide for publicity and promotion (including representation) abroad of activities of the type provided for in this Act.

(f) All persons employed or assigned to duties under this Act shall be investigated with respect to loyalty and suitability in accordance with standards and procedures established by the President.

SEC. 105. (a) Appropriations to carry out the purposes of this Act, to remain available until expended, are hereby authorized, and this authorization includes the authority to grant, in any appropriation Act, the authority to enter into contracts, within the amounts so authorized, creating obligations in advance of appropriations.

(b) Funds appropriated for programs under this Act may, without regard to section 3651 of the Revised Statutes (31 U.S.C. 548), be used for the acquisition from any source of foreign currencies in such amounts as may be necessary for current expenditures and for grants, including grants to foundations and commissions in accordance with international agreements providing for the accomplishment of the purposes of this Act.

(c) Moneys appropriated to any department or agency of the Government in furtherance of the purposes of this Act for research, technical aid, and educational and cultural programs, may be transferred by the President to any other appropriation available for like purposes, but no appropriation authorized by this Act shall be increased or decreased by more than 10 per centum by reason of transfers pursuant to this paragraph.

(d) The President is authorized—

(1) to reserve in such amounts and for such periods as he shall determine to be necessary to provide for the programs authorized by subsections 102(a)(1) and 102(a)(2)(i), and

(2) notwithstanding the provisions of any other law, to use in such amounts as may from time to time be specified in appropriation Acts, to the extent that such use is not restricted by agreement with the foreign nations concerned, for any programs authorized by this Act,

any currencies of foreign nations received or to be received by the United States or any agency thereof—

(i) under agreements disposing of surplus property or settling lend-lease and other war accounts concluded after World War II;

(ii) as the proceeds of sales or loan repayments, including interest, for transactions heretofore or hereafter effected under the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954, as amended;

(iii) in repayment of principal or interest on any other credit extended or loan heretofore or hereafter made by the United States or any agency thereof; or
(iv) as deposits to the account of the United States pursuant to section 115(b)(6) or section 115(h) of the Economic Cooperation Act of 1948, as amended, or any similar provision of any other law.

(e) The President is further authorized to reserve and use for educational and cultural exchange programs and other activities authorized in subsections 102(a) and (b) of this Act, in relation to Finland and the people of Finland, all sums due or paid on or after August 24, 1949, by the Republic of Finland to the United States as interest on or in retirement of the principal of the debt incurred under the Act of February 25, 1919, as refunded by the agreement dated May 1, 1923, pursuant to the authority contained in the Act of February 9, 1922, or of any other indebtedness incurred by that Republic and owing to the United States as a result of World War I.

(f) Foreign governments, international organizations and private individuals, firms, associations, agencies, and other groups shall be encouraged to participate to the maximum extent feasible in carrying out this Act and to make contributions of funds, property, and services which the President is hereby authorized to accept, to be utilized to carry out the purposes of this Act. Funds made available for the purposes of this Act may be used to contribute toward meeting the expenses of activities carried out through normal private channels, by private means, and through foreign governments and international organizations.

Sec. 106. (a)(1) For the purpose of selecting students, scholars, teachers, trainees, and other persons to participate in the programs authorized under section 102(a)(1) of this Act, and of supervising such programs and the programs authorized under section 102(b)(4) and (6), there is hereby continued the authority of the President to appoint a Board of Foreign Scholarships (hereinafter referred to as the "Board") consisting of twelve members. In connection with appointments to such Board, due consideration shall be given to the selection of distinguished representatives of cultural, educational, student advisory, and war veterans groups, and representatives of the United States Office of Education, the United States Veterans' Administration, public and private nonprofit educational institutions.

(2) In the selection of American citizens for participation in programs under this Act, preference shall be given to those who have served in the Armed Forces of the United States, and due consideration shall be given to applicants from all geographical areas of the United States.

(b)(1) The United States Advisory Commission on International Educational and Cultural Affairs (hereinafter referred to as the "Commission") is hereby established to replace the United States Advisory Commission on Educational Exchange. The Commission shall formulate and recommend to the President policies for exercising his authority under this Act and shall appraise the effectiveness of programs carried out pursuant to it. The Commission shall make a special study of the effectiveness of past programs with emphasis on the activities of a reasonably representative cross section of past recipients of aid and shall submit a report to the Congress not later than December 31, 1962.
(2) The Commission shall consist of nine members, who shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. Members of the Commission shall be appointed on a nonpartisan basis.

(3) The members of the Commission shall represent the public interest and shall be selected from a cross section of educational, cultural, scientific, technical, and public service backgrounds.

(4) The term of each member shall be three years except that, of the first nine appointments, three shall be for a term of one year and three shall be for a term of two years. Any member appointed to fill a vacancy occurring prior to the expiration of the term for which his predecessor is appointed shall be appointed for the remainder of such term. Upon the expiration of his term of office any member may continue to serve until his successor is appointed and has qualified.

(5) The President shall designate a Chairman from among members of the Commission.

(6) The Commission is authorized to adopt such rules and regulations as it may deem necessary to carry out the authority conferred upon it by this Act.

(c) (1) There is hereby continued the Advisory Committee on the Arts (hereinafter referred to as the "Committee") created under section 10 of the International Cultural Exchange and Trade Fair Participation Act of 1956, consisting of a Chairman and nine other members of whom at least one shall be a member of the Commission. Appointment of all members and selection of the Chairman of this Committee shall hereafter be made by the Secretary of State. In making such appointments due consideration shall be given to the recommendations for nomination submitted by leading national organizations in the major art fields.

(2) The members of the Committee shall be individuals whose knowledge of or experience in, or whose profound interest in, one or more of the arts will enable them to assist the Commission, the President, and other officers of the Government in performing the functions described in paragraph (3) of this subsection.

(3) The Committee shall, in connection with activities authorized under subsection 102(a) (2) of this Act—

(A) advise and assist the Commission in the discharge of its responsibilities in the field of international educational exchange and cultural presentations with special reference to the role of the arts in such fields;

(B) advise other interested officers of the Government in the discharge of their responsibilities in connection with such activities and in connection with other international activities concerned with the arts;

(C) provide such other advice and assistance as may be necessary or appropriate.

(4) The term of office of each of the members of the Committee shall be three years.

(d) The President is authorized to create such interagency and other advisory committees as in his judgment may be of assistance in carrying out the purposes of this Act, and from time to time to convene conferences of persons interested in educational and cultural affairs to consider matters relating to the purposes of this Act.

(e) The provisions of section 214 of the Act of May 3, 1945 (59 Stat. 134; 31 U.S.C. 691), shall be applicable to any interagency com-
mittee created pursuant to the provisions of this Act. Members of the Board, the Commission, the Committee, and other committees provided for in this section shall be entitled (i) to transportation expenses and per diem in lieu of subsistence at the rate prescribed by or established pursuant to section 5 of the Administrative Expense Act of 1946, as amended (5 U.S.C. 73b-2), while away from home in connection with attendance at meetings or in consultation with officials of the Government or otherwise carrying out duties as authorized, and (ii) if not otherwise in the employ of the United States Government, to compensation at rates not in excess of $50 per diem while performing services for such Board, Commission, Committee, or other committee.

(f) The President is authorized to provide for necessary secretarial and staff assistance for the Board, the Commission, the Committee, and such other committees as may be created under this section.

Sec. 107. The Board, the Commission, and the Committee shall submit annual reports to the Congress and such other reports to the Congress as they deem appropriate, and shall make reports to the public in the United States and abroad to develop a better understanding of and support for the programs authorized by this Act.

Sec. 108. (a) Whenever the President determines it to be in furtherance of this Act, the functions authorized in section 102(a) (2) and (3) may be performed without regard to such provisions of law or limitations of authority regulating or relating to the making, performance, amendment, or modification of contracts, the acquisition and disposition of property, and the expenditure of Government funds, as he may specify.

(b) The President shall submit annual reports to the Congress of activities carried on and expenditures made in furtherance of the purposes of this Act. Each such report shall include the texts of agreements made with other nations during the period covered by the report, a full description of the program and the funds expended with respect to each country in which activities have been carried on in furtherance of the purposes of this Act.

(c) In connection with activities authorized by section 102(a) (2) and (3) of this Act, the President is authorized to provide for all necessary expenditures involved in the selection, purchase, rental, construction, or other acquisition of exhibits and materials and equipment therefor, and the actual display thereof, including but not limited to costs of transportation, insurance, installation, safekeeping and storage, maintenance and operation, rental of space, and dismantling.

(d) The President is authorized to utilize the provisions of title VIII of the United States Information and Educational Exchange Act of 1948, as amended, to the extent he deems necessary in carrying out the provisions and purposes of this Act.

Sec. 109. The Immigration and Nationality Act, as amended, is hereby amended as follows:

(a) In section 101(a) (15) (F) insert "(i)" at the beginning thereof, strike out the semicolon at the end thereof, and add the following: 

"(i) the alien spouse and minor children of any such alien if accompanying him or following to join him;"

(b) In section 101(a) (15) (I) change the period to a semicolon at the end thereof and add the following:

"(J) an alien having a residence in a foreign country which he has no intention of abandoning who is a bona fide student, scholar, trainee, teacher, professor, research assistant, specialist, or leader in a field of specialized knowledge or skill, or other person of similar description, who is coming temporarily to the United States as a participant in a program designated by the
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Secretary of State, for the purpose of teaching, instructing or lecturing, studying, observing, conducting research, consulting, demonstrating special skills, or receiving training, and the alien spouse and minor children of any such alien if accompanying him or following to join him."

(c) In section 212 redesignate subsection "(e)" to read "(f)" and add a new subsection "(e)" to read:

"(e) No person admitted under section 101(a)(15)(J) or acquiring such status after admission shall be eligible to apply for an immigrant visa, or for permanent residence, or for a nonimmigrant visa under section 101(a)(15)(H) until it is established that such person has resided and been physically present in the country of his nationality or his last residence, or in another foreign country for an aggregate of at least two years following departure from the United States: Provided, That such residence in another foreign country shall be considered to have satisfied the requirements of this subsection if the Secretary of State determines that it has served the purpose and the intent of the Mutual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act of 1961: Provided further, That upon the favorable recommendation of the Secretary of State, pursuant to the request of an interested United States Government agency, or of the Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization after he has determined that departure from the United States would impose exceptional hardship upon the alien's spouse or child (if such spouse or child is a citizen of the United States or a lawfully resident alien), the Attorney General may waive the requirement of such two-year foreign residence abroad in the case of any alien whose admission to the United States is found by the Attorney General to be in the public interest: And provided further, That the provisions of this paragraph shall apply also to those persons who acquired exchange visitor status under the United States Information and Educational Exchange Act of 1948, as amended; and

(d) In section 248, after the language "paragraph (15)(C)", in both instances, add "or (J)".

Sec. 110. (a) Section 117(b)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to the conditions for exclusion of scholarships and fellowship grants in the case of individuals who are not candidates for degrees) is amended to read as follows:

"(A) Conditions for exclusion.—The grantor of the scholarship or fellowship grant is—

"(i) an organization described in section 501(c)(3) which is exempt from tax under section 501(a),

"(ii) a foreign government,

"(iii) an international organization, or a binational or multinational educational and cultural foundation or commission created or continued pursuant to the Mutual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act of 1961, or

"(iv) the United States, or an instrumentality or agency thereof, or a State, a territory, or a possession of the United States, or any political subdivision thereof, or the District of Columbia.

(b) Section 871 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to tax on nonresident alien individuals) is amended by redesignating subsection (d) as subsection (e) and by inserting after subsection (c) the following new subsection:

"(d) Participants in certain exchange or training programs.—For purposes of this section, a nonresident alien individual who (without regard to this subsection) is not engaged in trade or business within the United States and who is temporarily present in the United States as a nonimmigrant under subparagraph (F) or
(J) of section 101(a)(15) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as amended, shall be treated as a nonresident alien individual engaged in trade or business within the United States.”

(c) Section 872(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to exclusions from gross income of nonresident alien individuals) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

“(3) COMPENSATION OF PARTICIPANTS IN CERTAIN EXCHANGE OR TRAINING PROGRAMS.—Compensation paid by a foreign employer to a nonresident alien individual for the period he is temporarily present in the United States as a nonimmigrant under subparagraph (F) or (J) of section 101(a)(15) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as amended. For purposes of this paragraph, the term ‘foreign employer’ means—

“(A) a nonresident alien individual, foreign partnership, or foreign corporation, or

“(B) an office or place of business maintained in a foreign country or in a possession of the United States by a domestic corporation.”

(d) (1) Section 1441(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to withholding of tax on nonresident aliens) is amended by inserting before the period at the end thereof the following: “, except that in the case of any item of income specified in the second sentence of subsection (b), the tax shall be equal to 18 percent of such item”.

(2) Section 1441(b) of such Code (relating to income items subject to withholding) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: “The items of income referred to in subsection (a) from which tax shall be deducted and withheld at the rate of 18 percent are—

“(1) that portion of any scholarship or fellowship grant which is received by a nonresident alien individual who is temporarily present in the United States as a nonimmigrant under subparagraph (F) or (J) of section 101(a)(15) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as amended, and which is not excluded from gross income under section 117(a)(1) solely by reason of section 117(b)(2)(B); and

“(2) amounts described in subparagraphs (A), (B), (C), and (D) of section 117(a)(2) which are received by any such nonresident alien individual and which are incident to a scholarship or fellowship grant to which section 117(a)(1) applies, but only to the extent such amounts are includible in gross income.”

(3) Section 1441(c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to exceptions to withholding of tax on nonresident aliens) is amended to read as follows:

“(4) COMPENSATION OF CERTAIN ALIENS.—Under regulations prescribed by the Secretary or his delegate, there may be exempted from deduction and withholding under subsection (a) the compensation for personal services of—

“(A) nonresident alien individuals who enter and leave the United States at frequent intervals, and

“(B) a nonresident alien individual for the period he is temporarily present in the United States as a nonimmigrant under subparagraph (F) or (J) of section 101(a)(15) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as amended.”

(e) (1) Section 3121(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to the definition of employment for purposes of the Federal Insurance Contributions Act) is amended—

(A) by striking out “or” at the end of paragraph (17);

(B) by striking out the period at the end of paragraph (18) and inserting in lieu thereof “; or”; and
by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(19) Service which is performed by a nonresident alien individual for the period he is temporarily present in the United States as a nonimmigrant under subparagraph (F) or (J) of section 101(a)(15) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as amended, and which is performed to carry out the purpose specified in subparagraph (F) or (J), as the case may be."

(2) Section 210(a) of the Social Security Act, as amended, is amended—

(A) by striking out "or" at the end of paragraph (17); 

(B) by striking out the period at the end of paragraph (18) and inserting in lieu thereof "; or"; and 

(C) by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(19) Service which is performed by a nonresident alien individual for the period he is temporarily present in the United States as a nonimmigrant under subparagraph (F) or (J) of section 101(a)(15) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as amended, and which is performed to carry out the purpose specified in subparagraph (F) or (J), as the case may be."

(f) Section 3306(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to the definition of employment for purposes of the Federal Unemployment Tax Act) is amended—

(1) by striking out "or" at the end of paragraph (16); 

(2) by striking out the period at the end of paragraph (17) and inserting in lieu thereof "; or"; and 

(3) by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(18) Service which is performed by a nonresident alien individual for the period he is temporarily present in the United States as a nonimmigrant under subparagraph (F) or (J) of section 101(a)(15) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as amended, and which is performed to carry out the purpose specified in subparagraph (F) or (J), as the case may be."

(g) (1) Section 3401(a)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to the definition of wages for purposes of withholding of income tax at source) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subparagraph:

"(C) an individual who is temporarily present in the United States as a nonimmigrant under subparagraph (F) or (J) of section 101(a)(15) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as amended, if such remuneration is exempt, under section 1441(c)(4)(B), from deduction and withholding under section 1441(a), and is not exempt from taxation under section 872(2)(2), or."

(2) Section 3402(f) of such Code (relating to withholding exemptions) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(6) Exemption of certain nonresident aliens.—Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (1), a nonresident alien individual (other than an individual described in section 3401(a)(6)(A) or (B)) shall be entitled to only one withholding exemption."

(h) (1) The amendments made by subsections (a), (b), and (c) of this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after December 31, 1961.

(2) The amendments made by subsection (d) of this section shall apply with respect to payments made after December 31, 1961.

(3) The amendments made by subsections (e) and (f) of this section shall apply with respect to service performed after December 31, 1961.
(4) The amendments made by subsection (g) of this section shall apply with respect to wages paid after December 31, 1961.

Sec. 111. (a) There are hereby repealed—

(1) Section 32(b)(2) of the Surplus Property Act of 1944, as amended (60 Stat. 754, 50 U.S.C. App. Sec. 1641);

(2) Sections 2(2), 201, 203 insofar as it relates to schools, 601, 602 and 603 insofar as they relate to the Advisory Commission on Educational Exchange, 1001 insofar as it relates to persons employed or assigned to duties under this Act, and 1008 and 1009 insofar as they relate to educational exchange activities, of the United States Information and Educational Exchange Act of 1948, as amended (62 Stat. 6; 22 U.S.C. sections 1431 (2); 1434, 1439, 1440, 1446, 1448, 1466, 1467, and 1468);


(b) All Executive orders, agreements, determinations, regulations, contracts, appointments, and other actions issued, concluded, or taken under authority of any provisions of law repealed by subsection (a) of this section shall continue in full force and effect, and shall be applicable to the appropriate provisions of this Act until modified or superseded by appropriate authority.

(c) Any reference in any other Act to the provisions of law listed in subsection (a) shall hereafter be considered to be references to the appropriate provisions of this Act.

Approved September 21, 1961.

Public Law 87-257

AN ACT

To amend the Act of July 23, 1947, chapter 301, as amended, to extend for two years the authority to make temporary appointments and promotions in the United States Coast Guard.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 16 of the Act of July 23, 1947, chapter 301 (61 Stat. 413; 14 U.S.C. 435, note), as amended, is amended, to read as follows:

"Sec. 16. Notwithstanding the limitations contained in subsection (a) of section 435, and subsection (a) of section 436, of title 14, United States Code, the authority granted by those sections may be exercised until—

"(1) such time as the Secretary of the Treasury determines that the number of officers holding permanent appointments on the active list of the Coast Guard is equal to 95 per centum of the number of such officers authorized by law, exclusive of extra numbers; or

"(2) January 1, 1964;

whichever occurs earlier."

Approved September 21, 1961.
AN ACT

To amend title 28, entitled "Judiciary and Judicial Procedure", of the United States Code to provide for the defense of suits against Federal employees arising out of their operation of motor vehicles in the scope of their employment, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 2679 of title 28, United States Code, is amended (1) by inserting the subsection symbol "(a)" at the beginning thereof and (2) by adding immediately following such subsection (a) as hereby so designated, four new subsections as follows:

"(b) The remedy by suit against the United States as provided by section 1346(b) of this title for damage to property or for personal injury, including death, resulting from the operation by any employee of the Government of any motor vehicle while acting within the scope of his office or employment, shall hereafter be exclusive of any other civil action or proceeding by reason of the same subject matter against the employee or his estate whose act or omission gave rise to the claim.

"(c) The Attorney General shall defend any civil action or proceeding brought in any court against any employee of the Government or his estate for any such damage or injury. The employee against whom such civil action or proceeding is brought shall deliver within such time after date of service or knowledge of service as determined by the Attorney General, all process served upon him or an attested true copy thereof to his immediate superior or to whomever was designated by the head of his department to receive such papers and such person shall promptly furnish copies of the pleadings and process therein to the United States attorney for the district embracing the place wherein the proceeding is brought, to the Attorney General, and to the head of his employing Federal agency.

"(d) Upon a certification by the Attorney General that the defendant employee was acting within the scope of his employment at the time of the incident out of which the suit arose, any such civil action or proceeding commenced in a State court shall be removed without bond at any time before trial by the Attorney General to the district court of the United States for the district and division embracing the place wherein it is pending and the proceedings deemed a tort action brought against the United States under the provisions of this title and all references thereto. Should a United States district court determine on a hearing on a motion to remand held before a trial on the merits that the case so removed is one in which a remedy by suit within the meaning of subsection (b) of this section is not available against the United States, the case shall be remanded to the State court.

"(e) The Attorney General may compromise or settle any claim asserted in such civil action or proceeding in the manner provided in section 2677, and with the same effect."

Sec. 2. The amendments made by this Act shall be deemed to be in effect six months after the enactment hereof but any rights or liabilities then existing shall not be affected.

Approved September 21, 1961.
Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That subsection (c) of section 866 of the Act entitled "An Act to establish a Code of Law for the District of Columbia", approved March 3, 1901, as amended (District of Columbia Code, sec. 22-1505, 1951 edition), is amended to read as follows:

"(c) All moneys, vehicles, furnishings, fixtures, equipment, stock (including, without limitation, furnishings and fixtures adaptable to nongambling uses, and equipment and stock for printing, recording, computing, transporting, safekeeping, or communication), or other things of value used or to be used—

"(1) in carrying on or conducting any lottery, or the game or device commonly known as a policy lottery or policy, contrary to the provisions of section 863 of this Act;

"(2) in setting up or keeping any gaming table, bank, or device contrary to the provisions of section 865 of this Act; or

"(3) in maintaining any gambling premises,

shall be subject to seizure by any member of the Metropolitan Police force, or the United States Park Police, or the United States marshal, or any deputy marshal, for the District of Columbia, and any property seized regardless of its value shall be proceeded against in the municipal court for the District of Columbia by libel action brought in the name of the District of Columbia by the Corporation Counsel or any of his assistants, and shall, unless good cause be shown to the contrary, be forfeited to the District of Columbia and shall be made available for the use of any agency of the government of the District of Columbia, or otherwise disposed of as the Commissioners of the District of Columbia may, by order or by regulation, provide: Provided, That if there be bona fide liens against the property so forfeited, then such property shall be disposed of by public auction. The proceeds of the sale of such property shall be available, first, for the payment of all expenses incident to such sale; and, second, for the payment of such liens; and the remainder shall be deposited in the Treasury of the United States to the credit of the District of Columbia. To the extent necessary, liens against said property so forfeited shall, on good cause shown by the lienor, be transferred from the property to the proceeds of the sale of the property."

Sec. 2. This Act shall not be considered as affecting the authority vested in the Board of Commissioners of the District of Columbia by Reorganization Plan Numbered 5 of 1952 (66 Stat. 824), and the performance of any function vested by said plan in the Board of Commissioners or in any office or agency under the jurisdiction and control of said Board of Commissioners shall continue to be subject to delegation by said Board of Commissioners in accordance with section 3 of such plan. Any function vested by this Act in any agency established pursuant to such plan shall be deemed to be vested in said Board of Commissioners and shall be subject to delegation in accordance with said plan.

Approved September 21, 1961.
Public Law 87-260

AN ACT

To repeal an Act entitled "An Act extending the time in which to file adverse claims and institute adverse suits against mineral entries in the district of Alaska", approved June 7, 1910 (36 Stat. 459).

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act entitled "An Act extending the time in which to file adverse claims and institute adverse suits against mineral entries in the district of Alaska", approved June 7, 1910 (36 Stat. 459), is hereby repealed.

Sec. 2. This Act shall not be applicable to adverse claims on applications for patents filed prior to the effective date of this Act, but the eight-month period heretofore provided for such claims and the sixty-day period heretofore provided for adverse suits shall continue in effect with respect thereto.

Approved September 21, 1961.

Public Law 87-261.

AN ACT

To provide for the free entry of a towing carriage for the use of the University of Michigan, and to increase the duty-free exemption of persons arriving in the United States who are not returning residents thereof.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to admit free of duty one towing carriage and appurtenances (whether arriving in one shipment or in separate shipments) imported for the use of the University of Michigan.

Sec. 2. (a) Paragraph 1798(b) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (19 U.S.C., sec. 1201, par. 1798(b)), is amended by renumbering subdivisions (2) and (3) as (3) and (4), respectively, and by inserting after subdivision (1) the following new subdivision:

"(2) not exceeding $100 in value of articles (including not more than one wine gallon of alcoholic beverages and not more than one hundred cigars) accompanying such person to be disposed of by him as bona fide gifts, if such person has not claimed an exemption under this subdivision (2) within the six months immediately preceding his arrival and he intends to remain in the United States for not less than seventy-two hours;".

(b) Paragraph 1798(g) of such Act, as amended (19 U.S.C., sec. 1201, par. 1798(g)), is amended by striking out "subdivision (2) of subparagraph (b)" and inserting in lieu thereof "subdivision (3) of subparagraph (b)".

(c) Subdivision (2)(B) of section 321(a) of such Act, as amended (19 U.S.C., sec. 1321), is amended by inserting "(b)(2) or" after "paragraph 1798".

(d) The amendments made by subsections (a), (b), and (c) shall apply with respect to persons arriving in the United States on or after the 30th day after the date of the enactment of this Act.

Approved September 21, 1961.
Public Law 87-262

AN ACT

To establish a teaching hospital for Howard University, to transfer Freedmen's Hospital to the University, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

TRANSFER OF FREEDMEN'S HOSPITAL

SECTION 1. (a) For the purpose of assisting in the provision of teaching hospital resources for Howard University, thereby assisting the university in the training of medical and allied personnel and in providing hospital services for the community, the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare shall, pursuant to agreement with the board of trustees of Howard University, transfer to Howard University, without reimbursement, all right, title, and interest of the United States in certain lands in the District of Columbia, together with the buildings and improvements thereon and the personal property used in connection therewith (as determined by the Secretary), commonly known as Freedmen's Hospital.

(b) It is the intent of Congress (1) that the transfer of Freedmen's Hospital to Howard University be effected as soon as practicable, (2) to assure the well-being of patients at Freedmen's Hospital during the period of transition, and (3) that the transfer be effected with minimum dislocation of the present hospital staff and maximum consideration of their interests as employees.

(c) The Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare shall report to the Congress the terms of the agreement for such transfer.

PROVISION FOR EMPLOYEES OF HOSPITAL

SEC. 2. (a) The agreement for transfer of Freedmen's Hospital referred to in section 1 shall include provisions to assure that—

(1) all individuals who are career or career-conditional employees of the hospital on the day preceding the effective date of the transfer of the hospital, except those in positions with respect to which they have been notified not less than six months prior to the effective date of such transfer that their positions are to be abolished, will be offered an opportunity to transfer to Howard University;

(2) Howard University—

(A) will not reduce the salary levels for such employees who transfer,

(B) will deposit currently (i) in the civil service retirement and disability fund created by the Act of May 22, 1920, the employee deductions and agency contributions required by the Civil Service Retirement Act, and (ii) in the fund created by section 5(c) of the Federal Employees' Group Life Insurance Act of 1954 the employee deductions and agency contributions required by the Federal Employees' Group Life Insurance Act of 1954,

(C) will provide other benefits for such employees as nearly equivalent as may be practicable to those generally applicable, on the effective date of the transfer of the hospital, to civilian employees of the United States, and

(D) in determining the seniority rights of its employees, Howard University will credit service with Freedmen's Hospital performed by such employees who transfer, on the same
basis as it would credit such service had it been performed for such University;

(3) the transfer will become effective not later than the beginning of the second month which begins after construction of the new hospital facilities authorized by section 3 is commenced.

(b) The Department of Health, Education, and Welfare shall make every reasonable effort to place in other comparable Federal positions all individuals who are career or career-conditional employees of Freedmen's Hospital on the date of enactment of this Act and who do not transfer to Howard University.

(c) Each individual who is an employee of Freedmen's Hospital on the date of enactment of this Act and who transfers to Howard University shall, so long as he is continuously in the employ of Howard University, be regarded as continuing in the employ of the United States for the purposes of the Civil Service Retirement Act, the Federal Employees' Group Life Insurance Act of 1954. For purposes of section 3121(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 and section 210 of the Social Security Act, service performed by such individual during the period of his employment at Howard University shall be regarded as though performed in the employ of the United States.

AUTHORIZATION OF CONSTRUCTION OF HOSPITAL FACILITIES

Sec. 3. For the purpose specified in section 1, there are hereby authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary for the construction of a building or buildings and facilities, including equipment, and for remodeling of existing buildings (including repair and replacement of equipment) which are to be combined with the building or buildings and facilities so constructed, to provide a hospital with a capacity of not to exceed five hundred beds.

CONTINUED OPERATION OF FACILITIES

Sec. 4. If, within twenty years after the completion of construction (as determined by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare) of the new hospital facilities authorized by section 3, any of such facilities, or of the facilities transferred pursuant to section 1 and combined with such new facilities, are transferred by Howard University to any other person or entity (except a transfer to the United States) or cease to be operated by the university as teaching hospital facilities, the United States shall be entitled to recover from the transferee or the university, in the case of a transfer, or from the university, if there is no transfer, an amount equal to the then value of such facilities (or so much thereof as is involved in the transfer, as the case may be), such value to be determined by agreement of the parties or by action brought in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia.

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR OPERATION

Sec. 5. In order to facilitate operation of teaching hospital facilities at Howard University, there are authorized to be appropriated annually to the university such sums as the Congress may determine, for the partial support of the operation of such facilities giving consideration to the cost imposed by the provisions of section 2 and the portion of the agreement under this Act relating to such provisions. The cost of operating such facilities, the appropriations pursuant to this section, and any other income derived from such operation or available for such purpose shall be identified and accounted for separately in the accounts of the university.
FINANCIAL POLICY

SEC. 6. It is hereby declared to be the policy of the Congress that, to the extent consistent with good medical teaching practice, the Howard University Hospital facilities shall become progressively more self-supporting. In order to further this policy, the President shall submit to the Congress a report, based on a study of the financing of the operation of the hospital, containing his recommendations on the rate at which, consistent with the above policy, Federal financial participation in such cost of operation shall be reduced. Such report shall be submitted not later than the end of the second calendar year following the year in which the construction of the new hospital facilities, authorized by section 3, is completed.

REPEAL OF LAWS

SEC. 7. All laws heretofore applicable specifically to Freedmen's Hospital are, to the extent of such applicability, repealed, effective with the transfer of Freedmen's Hospital pursuant to section 1.

TRANSFER OF FUNDS

SEC. 8. All unexpended balances of appropriations, allocations, and other funds, available or to be made available, of Freedmen's Hospital are, effective with the transfer of Freedmen's Hospital pursuant to section 1, transferred to Howard University for use in the operation of the Howard University Hospital facilities, except to the extent (determined by the Director of the Bureau of the Budget) required to meet obligations already incurred and not assumed by the university.

Approved September 21, 1961.
Public Law 87-264  

AN ACT  

Making appropriations for the Departments of State and Justice, the Judiciary, and related agencies for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1962, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Departments of State and Justice, the Judiciary, and related agencies for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1962, namely:

TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF STATE

ADMINISTRATION OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses of the Department of State, not otherwise provided for, including expenses authorized by the Foreign Service Act of 1946, as amended (22 U.S.C. 801-1158), not otherwise provided for; expenses necessary to meet the responsibilities and obligations of the United States in Germany (including those arising under the supreme authority assumed by the United States on June 5, 1945, and under contractual arrangements with the Federal Republic of Germany); salary of the United States member of the Board for the Validation of German Bonds in the United States at the rate of $17,100 per annum; expenses of the National Commission on Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Cooperation as authorized by sections 3, 5, and 6 of the Act of July 30, 1946 (22 U.S.C. 287o, 287q, 287r); purchase (not to exceed five) or hire of passenger motor vehicles; printing and binding outside the continental United States without regard to section 11 of the Act of March 1, 1919 (44 U.S.C. 111); services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a); purchase of uniforms; payment of tort claims, in the manner authorized in the first paragraph of section 2672, as amended, of title 28 of the United States Code when such claims arise in foreign countries; dues for library membership in organizations which issue publications to members only, or to members at a price lower than to others; employment of aliens by contract for services abroad; refund of fees erroneously charged and paid for passports; radio communications; payment in advance for subscriptions to commercial information, telephone and similar services abroad; care and transportation of prisoners and persons declared insane; expenses, as authorized by law (18 U.S.C. 3192), of bringing to the United States from foreign countries persons charged with crime; and procurement by contract or otherwise, of services, supplies, and facilities, as follows: (1) translating, (2) analysis and tabulation of technical information, and (3) preparation of special maps, globes, and geographic aids; $133,250,000, of which not less than $15,000,000 shall be used to purchase foreign currencies or credits owed to or owned by the Treasury of the United States: Provided. That passenger motor vehicles in possession of the Foreign Service abroad may be replaced in accordance with section 7 of the Act of August 1, 1956 (70 Stat. 891), and the cost, including the exchange allowance, of each such replacement shall not exceed $8,800 in the case of the chief of mission.
automobile at each diplomatic mission (except that ten such vehicles may be purchased at not to exceed $7,500 each) and $1,500 in the case of all other such vehicles except station wagons.

**REPRESENTATION ALLOWANCES**

For representation allowances as authorized by section 901 of the Foreign Service Act of 1946 (22 U.S.C. 1131), $925,000.

**ACQUISITION, OPERATION, AND MAINTENANCE OF BUILDINGS ABROAD**

For necessary expenses of carrying into effect the Foreign Service Buildings Act, 1926, as amended (22 U.S.C. 292-300), including personal services in the United States and abroad; salaries, expenses and allowances of personnel and dependents as authorized by the Foreign Service Act of 1946, as amended (22 U.S.C. 801-1158); and services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a), $10,000,000, of which not less than $9,100,000 shall be used to purchase foreign currencies or credits owed to or owned by the Treasury of the United States, to remain available until expended: Provided. That not to exceed $1,323,000 may be used for administrative expenses during the current fiscal year.

**ACQUISITION, OPERATION, AND MAINTENANCE OF BUILDINGS ABROAD (SPECIAL FOREIGN CURRENCY PROGRAM)**

For purchase of foreign currencies which accrue under title I of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1704), for the purposes authorized by section 104(1) of that Act, to be credited to and expended under the appropriation account for “Acquisition, operation, and maintenance of buildings abroad”, and to remain available until expended, $4,650,000: Provided, That this appropriation shall not be used for the purchase of currencies available in the Treasury for the purposes of section 104(f) of such Act, unless such currencies are excess to the normal requirements of the United States.

**EMERGENCIES IN THE DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR SERVICE**

For expenses necessary to enable the Secretary of State to meet unforeseen emergencies arising in the Diplomatic and Consular Service, to be expended pursuant to the requirement of section 291 of the Revised Statutes (31 U.S.C. 107), $1,500,000.

**INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS AND CONFERENCES**

**CONTRIBUTIONS TO INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS**

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary to meet annual obligations of membership in international multilateral organizations, pursuant to treaties, conventions, or specific Acts of Congress, $61,576,000.

**MISSIONS TO INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS**

For expenses necessary for permanent representation to certain international organizations in which the United States participates pursuant to treaties, conventions, or specific Acts of Congress, including expenses authorized by the pertinent Acts and conventions providing for such representation; salaries, expenses, and allowances of personnel and dependents as authorized by the Foreign Service Act of
1946, as amended (22 U.S.C. 801-1158); hire of passenger motor vehicles; printing and binding, without regard to section 11 of the Act of March 1, 1919 (44 U.S.C. 111); and purchase of uniforms for guards and chauffeurs; $2,100,000.

INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCES AND CONTINGENCIES

For necessary expenses of participation by the United States upon approval by the Secretary of State, in international activities which arise from time to time in the conduct of foreign affairs and for which specific appropriations have not been provided pursuant to treaties, conventions, or special Acts of Congress, including personal services without regard to civil service and classification laws; salaries, expenses, and allowances of personnel and dependents as authorized by the Foreign Service Act of 1946, as amended (22 U.S.C. 801-1158); hire of passenger motor vehicles; contributions for the share of the United States in expenses of international organizations; and printing and binding without regard to section 11 of the Act of March 1, 1919 (44 U.S.C. 111); $1,943,000, of which not to exceed a total of $75,000 may be expended for representation allowances as authorized by section 901(3) of the Act of August 13, 1946 (22 U.S.C. 1131) and for entertainment.

INTERNATIONAL TARIFF NEGOTIATIONS

For necessary expenses of participation by the United States in the fifth round of tariff negotiations, including not to exceed $1,000 for representation allowances as authorized by section 901(3) of the Act of August 13, 1946 (22 U.S.C. 1131) and for entertainment, $171,000: Provided, That this appropriation shall be available in accordance with authority specified in the current appropriation for “International conferences and contingencies.”

UNITED STATES CITIZENS COMMISSION ON NATO

For necessary expenses of the United States Citizens Commission on NATO, to carry out the provisions of the Act of September 7, 1960 (74 Stat. 818), including hire of passenger motor vehicles; and printing and binding without regard to section 11 of the Act of March 1, 1919 (44 U.S.C. 111); $150,000, of which not to exceed $1,500 may be expended for entertainment.

INTERNATIONAL COMMISSIONS

INTERNATIONAL BOUNDARY AND WATER COMMISSION, UNITED STATES AND MEXICO

For expenses necessary to enable the United States to meet its obligations under the treaties of 1884, 1889, 1906, 1906, 1933, and 1944 between the United States and Mexico, and to comply with the other laws applicable to the United States Section, International Boundary and Water Commission, United States and Mexico, including operation and maintenance of the Rio Grande rectification, canalization, flood control, bank protection, water supply, power, irrigation, boundary demarcation, and sanitation projects; detailed plan preparation and construction (including surveys and operation and maintenance and protection during construction); Rio Grande emergency flood protection; expenditures for the purposes set forth in sections 101 through 104 of the Act of September 13, 1950 (22 U.S.C. 277d-1—277d-4); purchase of nine passenger motor vehicles of which four shall be for replacement only; purchase of planographs and
lithographs; uniforms or allowances therefor, as authorized by the Act of September 1, 1954, as amended (5 U.S.C. 2131); and leasing of private property to remove therefrom sand, gravel, stone, and other materials, without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes, as amended (41 U.S.C. 5); as follows:

**SALARIES AND EXPENSES**

For salaries and expenses not otherwise provided for, including examinations, preliminary surveys, and investigations, $604,000.

**OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE**

For operation and maintenance of projects or parts thereof, as enumerated above, including gaging stations, $1,950,000: Provided, That expenditures for the Rio Grande bank protection project shall be subject to the provisions and conditions contained in the appropriation for said project as provided by the Act approved April 25, 1945 (59 Stat. 89).

**CONSTRUCTION**

For detailed plan preparation and construction of projects authorized by the convention concluded February 1, 1933, between the United States and Mexico, the Acts approved August 19, 1935, as amended (22 U.S.C. 277–277f), August 29, 1935 (49 Stat. 961), June 4, 1936 (49 Stat. 1463), June 28, 1941 (22 U.S.C. 277f), September 13, 1950 (22 U.S.C. 277d-1–9), and the projects stipulated in the treaty between the United States and Mexico signed at Washington on February 3, 1944, $13,173,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That no expenditures shall be made for the Lower Rio Grande flood-control project for construction on any land, site, or easement in connection with this project except such as has been acquired by donation and the title thereto has been approved by the Attorney General of the United States: Provided further, That the Anzalduas diversion dam shall not be operated for irrigation or water supply purposes in the United States unless suitable arrangements have been made with the prospective water users for repayment to the Government of such portions of the costs of said dam as shall have been allocated to such purposes by the Secretary of State.

**AMERICAN SECTIONS, INTERNATIONAL COMMISSIONS**

For expenses necessary to enable the President to perform the obligations of the United States pursuant to treaties between the United States and Great Britain, in respect to Canada, signed January 11, 1909 (36 Stat. 2448), and February 24, 1925 (44 Stat. 2102), the treaty between the United States and Canada, signed February 27, 1950, including services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a); hire of passenger motor vehicles; $415,000, to be disbursed under the direction of the Secretary of State, and to be available also for additional expenses of the American Sections, International Commissions, as hereinafter set forth:

International Joint Commission, United States and Canada, the salary of one Commissioner on the part of the United States who shall serve at the pleasure of the President (the other Commissioners to serve in that capacity without compensation therefor); salaries of clerks and other employees appointed by the Commissioners on the part of the United States with the approval solely of the Secretary of State; travel expenses and compensation of witnesses in attending
hearing of the Commission at such places in the United States and Canada as the Commission or the American Commissioners shall determine to be necessary; and special and technical investigations in connection with matters falling within the Commission's jurisdiction: Provided, That transfers of funds may be made to other agencies of the Government for the performance of work for which this appropriation is made.

International Boundary Commission, United States and Canada, the completion of such remaining work as may be required under the award of the Alaskan Boundary Tribunal and the existing treaties between the United States and Great Britain; commutation of subsistence to employees while on field duty, not to exceed $8 per day each (but not to exceed $5 per day each when a member of a field party and subsisting in camp); hire of freight and passenger motor vehicles from temporary field employees; and payment for timber necessarily cut in keeping the boundary line clear.

INTERNATIONAL FISHERIES COMMISSIONS

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary to enable the United States to meet its obligations in connection with participation in international fisheries commissions pursuant to treaties or conventions, and implementing Acts of Congress, $1,910,000: Provided, That the United States share of such expenses may be advanced to the respective commissions.

EDUCATIONAL EXCHANGE

INTERNATIONAL EDUCATIONAL EXCHANGE ACTIVITIES

For necessary expenses, not otherwise provided for, to enable the Department of State to carry out international educational exchange activities, as authorized by the United States Information and Educational Exchange Act of 1948 (22 U.S.C. 1431–1479), and the Act of August 9, 1939 (22 U.S.C. 501), and to administer the programs authorized by section 32(b) (2) of the Surplus Property Act of 1944, as amended (50 U.S.C. App. 1641(b)), the Act of August 24, 1949 (20 U.S.C. 222–224), and the Act of September 29, 1950 (20 U.S.C. 225), including salaries, expenses, and allowances of personnel and dependents as authorized by the Foreign Service Act of 1948, as amended (22 U.S.C. 801–1158); hire of passenger motor vehicles; entertainment within the United States (not to exceed $1,000); services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a); and advance of funds notwithstanding section 3648 of the Revised Statutes, as amended; $27,000,000, of which not less than $6,000,000 shall be used to purchase foreign currencies or credits owed to or owned by the Treasury of the United States: Provided, That not to exceed $1,710,000 may be used for administrative expenses during the current fiscal year.

INTERNATIONAL EDUCATIONAL EXCHANGE ACTIVITIES (SPECIAL FOREIGN CURRENCY PROGRAM)

For purchase of foreign currencies which accrue under title I of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1704), for the purposes authorized by sections 104(h), 104(j), 104(k), 104(o), and 104(p) of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act, as amended, to remain available until expended, $7,400,000: Provided, That this appropriation shall
not be used for the purchase of currencies available in the Treasury for the purposes of section 104(f) of such Act unless such currencies are excess to the normal requirements of the United States.

RAMA ROAD, NICARAGUA

For an additional amount for necessary expenses for the survey and construction of the Rama Road, Nicaragua, in accordance with the provisions of title 23, United States Code, section 213, and the Act of September 2, 1958 (72 Stat. 1709), $1,000,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That transfer of funds may be made from this appropriation to the Department of Commerce for the performance of work for which the appropriation is made.

GENERAL PROVISIONS—DEPARTMENT OF STATE

SEC. 102. Appropriations under this title for "Salaries and expenses", "International conferences and contingencies", and "Missions to international organizations" are available for reimbursement of the General Services Administration for security guard services for protection of confidential files.

SEC. 103. No part of any appropriation contained in this title shall be used to pay the salary or expenses of any person assigned to or serving in any office of any of the several States of the United States or any political subdivision thereof.

SEC. 104. None of the funds appropriated in this title shall be used (1) to pay the United States contribution to any international organization which engages in the direct or indirect promotion of the principle or doctrine of one world government or one world citizenship; (2) for the promotion, direct or indirect, of the principle or doctrine of one world government or one world citizenship.

SEC. 105. It is the sense of the Congress that the Communist Chinese Government should not be admitted to membership in the United Nations as the representative of China.

This title may be cited as the "Department of State Appropriation Act, 1962".

TITLE II—DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

LEGAL ACTIVITIES AND GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

For expenses necessary for the administration of the Department of Justice and for examination of judicial offices, including purchase (two for replacement only) and hire of passenger motor vehicles; and miscellaneous and emergency expenses authorized or approved by the Attorney General or the Administrative Assistant Attorney General; $4,165,000.

ALIEN PROPERTY ACTIVITIES

The Attorney General, or such officer as he may designate, is hereby authorized to pay out of any funds or other property or interest vested in him or transferred to him pursuant to or with respect to the Trading With the Enemy Act of October 6, 1917, as amended (50 U.S.C. App.), and the International Claims Settlement Act, as amended (22 U.S.C. 1631), necessary expenses incurred in carrying out the powers and duties conferred on the Attorney General pursuant to said Acts: Provided, That not to exceed $690,000 shall be
available in the current fiscal year for the general administrative expenses of alien property activities, including rent of private or Government-owned space in the District of Columbia: Provided further, That on or before November 1 of the current fiscal year the Attorney General shall make a report to the Appropriations Committees of the Senate and the House of Representatives giving detailed information on all administrative and nonadministrative expenses incurred during the next preceding fiscal year in connection with the alien property activities: Provided further, That of the total amount herein authorized the amount of $50,000 is to be transferred to the appropriation for "Salaries and expenses, general administration", Justice.

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, GENERAL LEGAL ACTIVITIES

For expenses necessary for the legal activities of the Department of Justice, not otherwise provided for, including miscellaneous and emergency expenses authorized or approved by the Attorney General or the Administrative Assistant Attorney General; and advances of public moneys pursuant to law (31 U.S.C. 529); $15,325,000.

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, ANTITRUST DIVISION

For expenses necessary for the enforcement of antitrust and kindred laws, $5,500,000: Provided, That none of this appropriation shall be expended for the establishment and maintenance of permanent regional offices of the Antitrust Division.

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, UNITED STATES ATTORNEYS AND MARSHALS

For necessary expenses of the offices of United States attorneys and marshals, including purchase of one bus at not to exceed $17,500; and firearms and ammunition; $25,085,400, of which not to exceed $50,000 shall be available for the employment of temporary deputy marshals in lieu of bailiffs at a rate of not to exceed $12 per day: Provided, That of the amount herein appropriated $17,500 may be used for the emergency replacement of one prisoner-carrying bus upon certificate of the Attorney General: Provided further, That of the amount herein appropriated not to exceed $200,000 shall be available for payment of compensation and expenses of Commissioners appointed in condemnation cases under Rule 71A(h) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

FEES AND EXPENSES OF WITNESSES

For expenses, mileage, and per diems of witnesses and for per diems in lieu of subsistence, as authorized by law, and not to exceed $275,000 for such compensation and expenses of witnesses (including expert witnesses) or informants pursuant to section 1 of the Act of July 28, 1950 (5 U.S.C. 341) and sections 4244-48 of title 18, United States Code; $1,835,000: Provided, That no part of the sum herein appropriated shall be used to pay any witness more than one attendance fee for any one calendar day.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for the detection and prosecution of crimes against the United States; protection of the person of the President of the United States; acquisition, collection, classification and preserv-
tion of identification and other records and their exchange with, and for the official use of, the duly authorized officials of the Federal Government, of States, cities, and other institutions, such exchange to be subject to cancellation if dissemination is made outside the receiving departments or related agencies; and such other investigations regarding official matters under the control of the Department of Justice and the Department of State as may be directed by the Attorney General, including purchase for police-type use without regard to the general purchase price limitation for the current fiscal year (not to exceed five hundred and one, including one armored vehicle, for replacement only) and hire of passenger motor vehicles; firearms and ammunition; not to exceed $10,000 for taxicab hire to be used exclusively for the purposes set forth in this paragraph; payment of rewards; and not to exceed $70,000 to meet unforeseen emergencies of a confidential character, to be expended under the direction of the Attorney General, and to be accounted for solely on his certificate; $127,216,000: Provided, That the compensation of the Director of the Bureau shall be $22,000 per annum so long as the position is held by the present incumbent.

None of the funds appropriated for the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall be used to pay the compensation of any civil-service employee.

IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary for the administration and enforcement of the laws relating to immigration, naturalization, and alien registration, including advance of cash to aliens for meals and lodging while en route; payment of allowances (at a rate not in excess of $1 per day) to aliens, while held in custody under the immigration laws, for work performed; payment of rewards; not to exceed $50,000 to meet unforeseen emergencies of a confidential character, to be expended under the direction of the Attorney General and accounted for solely on his certificate; purchase for police-type use, without regard to the general purchase price limitation for the current fiscal year (not to exceed two hundred and fifty for replacement only) and hire of passenger motor vehicles; purchase (not to exceed four for replacement only) and maintenance and operation of aircraft; firearms and ammunition, attendance at firearms matches; refunds of head tax, maintenance bills, immigration fines, and other items properly returnable, except deposits of aliens who become public charges and deposits to secure payment of fines and passage money; operation, maintenance, remodeling, and repair of buildings and the purchase of equipment incident thereto; acquisition of land as sites for enforcement fence and construction incident to such fence; reimbursement of the General Services Administration for security guard services for protection of confidential files; and maintenance, care, detention, surveillance, parole, and transportation of alien enemies and their wives and dependent children, including return of such persons to place of bona fide residence or to such other place as may be authorized by the Attorney General; $63,500,000: Provided, That of the amount herein appropriated, not to exceed $50,000 may be used for the emergency replacement of aircraft upon certificate of the Attorney General.
FEDERAL PRISON SYSTEM

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, BUREAU OF PRISONS

For expenses necessary for the administration, operation, and maintenance of Federal penal and correctional institutions, including supervision of United States prisoners in non-Federal institutions; purchase of not to exceed twenty for replacement only and hire of passenger motor vehicles; compilation of statistics relating to prisoners in Federal and non-Federal penal and correctional institutions; payment pursuant to law of claims of employees for loss, damage, or destruction of personal property (31 U.S.C. 238); firearms and ammunition; medals and other awards; payment of rewards; purchase and exchange of farm products and livestock; construction of buildings at prison camps; and acquisition of land as authorized by section 7 of the Act of July 28, 1950 (5 U.S.C. 341f); $46,613,500: Provided, That there may be transferred to the Public Health Service such amounts as may be necessary, in the discretion of the Attorney General, for direct expenditure by that Service for medical relief for inmates of Federal penal and correctional institutions.

BUILDINGS AND FACILITIES

For constructing, remodeling, and equipping necessary buildings and facilities at existing penal and correctional institutions, including all necessary expenses incident thereto, by contract or force account, $2,050,000: Provided, That labor of United States prisoners may be used for work performed under this appropriation.

SUPPORT OF UNITED STATES PRISONERS

For support of United States prisoners in non-Federal institutions, including necessary clothing and medical aid, and payment of rewards, $3,200,000.

GENERAL PROVISIONS—DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Sec. 202. None of the funds appropriated by this title may be used to pay the compensation of any person hereafter employed as an attorney (except foreign counsel employed in special cases) unless such person shall be duly licensed and authorized to practice as an attorney under the laws of a State, territory, or the District of Columbia.

Sec. 203. Seventy-five per centum of the expenditures for the offices of the United States attorney and the United States marshal for the District of Columbia from all appropriations in this title shall be reimbursed to the United States from any funds in the Treasury of the United States to the credit of the District of Columbia.

Sec. 204. Appropriations and authorizations made in this title which are available for expenses of attendance at meetings shall be expended for such purposes in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Attorney General.

Sec. 205. Appropriations and authorizations made in this title for salaries and expenses shall be available for services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a), at rates not to exceed $75 per diem for individuals.

Sec. 206. Appropriations for the current fiscal year for "Salaries and expenses, general administration"; "Salaries and expenses, Federal Bureau of Investigation"; "Salaries and expenses, Immigration and Naturalization Service"; and "Salaries and expenses, Bureau of
Prisons”, shall be available for uniforms and allowances therefor as authorized by the Act of September 1, 1954, as amended (5 U.S.C. 2131).

This title may be cited as the “Department of Justice Appropriation Act, 1962”.

TITLE III—THE JUDICIARY

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

SALARIES

For the Chief Justice and eight Associate Justices, and all other officers and employees, whose compensation shall be fixed by the Court, except as otherwise provided by law, and who may be employed and assigned by the Chief Justice to any office or work of the Court, $1,479,000.

PRINTING AND BINDING SUPREME COURT REPORTS

For printing and binding the advance opinions, preliminary prints, and bound reports of the Court, $92,000.

MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES

For miscellaneous expenses, to be expended as the Chief Justice may approve, $82,800.

CARE OF THE BUILDING AND GROUNDS

For such expenditures as may be necessary to enable the Architect of the Capitol to carry out the duties imposed upon him by the Act approved May 7, 1934 (40 U.S.C. 13a—13b), including improvements, maintenance, repairs, equipment, supplies, materials, and appurtenances; special clothing for workmen; and personal and other services (including temporary labor without reference to the Classification and Retirement Acts, as amended), and for snow removal by hire of men and equipment or under contract without compliance with section 3709 of the Revised Statutes, as amended (41 U.S.C. 5); $284,400.

AUTOMOBILE FOR THE CHIEF JUSTICE

For purchase, exchange, lease, driving, maintenance, and operation of an automobile for the Chief Justice of the United States, $6,700.

COURT OF CUSTOMS AND PATENT APPEALS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For salaries of the chief judge, four associate judges, and all other officers and employees of the court, and necessary expenses of the court, including exchange of books, and traveling expenses, as may be approved by the chief judge, $359,000.

CUSTOMS COURT

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For salaries of the chief judge and eight judges; salaries of the officers and employees of the court; services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a); and necessary ex-
penses of the court, including exchange of books, and traveling ex-
penses, as may be approved by the court; $895,000: Provided. That
traveling expenses of judges of the Customs Court shall be paid upon
the written certificate of the judge.

COURT OF CLAIMS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For salaries of the chief judge, four associate judges, and all other
officers and employees of the court, and for other necessary expenses,
including stenographic and other fees and charges necessary in the
taking of testimony, and travel, $955,000.

REPAIRS AND IMPROVEMENTS

For necessary repairs and improvements to the Court of Claims
buildings, to be expended under the supervision of the Architect of
the Capitol, $9,500.

COURTS OF APPEALS, DISTRICT COURTS, AND OTHER JUDICIAL SERVICES

SALARIES OF JUDGES

For salaries of circuit judges; district judges (including judges of
the district courts of the Virgin Islands, the Panama Canal Zone,
and Guam); justices and judges retired or resigned under title 28,
United States Code, sections 371, 372, and 373; and annuities of
widows of Justices of the Supreme Court of the United States in
accordance with title 28, United States Code, section 375; $9,200,000.

SALARIES OF SUPPORTING PERSONNEL

For salaries of all officials and employees of the Federal Judiciary,
not otherwise specifically provided for, $24,500,000: Provided. That
the compensation of secretaries and law clerks of circuit and district
judges shall be fixed by the Director of the Administrative Office of
the United States Courts without regard to the Classification Act of
1949, as amended, except that the salary of a secretary shall conform
with that of the General Schedule grades (GS) 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, or 10, as
the appointing judge shall determine, and the salary of a law clerk
shall conform with that of the General Schedule grades (GS) 7, 8,
9, 10, 11, or 12, as the appointing judge shall determine, subject to
review by the Judicial Conference of the United States if requested
by the Director, such determination by the judge otherwise to be
final: Provided further. That (exclusive of step increases correspond-
ing with those provided for by title VII of the Classification Act of
1949, as amended, and of compensation paid for temporary assistance
needed because of an emergency) the aggregate salaries paid to secre-
taries and law clerks appointed by one judge shall not exceed $15,950
per annum, except in the case of the chief judge of each circuit and
the chief judge of each district court having five or more district
judges, in which case the aggregate salaries shall not exceed $21,305
per annum.

FEES OF JURORS AND COMMISSIONERS

For fees, expenses, and costs of jurors; compensation of jury com-
missioners; fees of United States commissioners and other committing
magistrates acting under title 18, United States Code, section 3041;
and compensation of voting referees fixed by the court pursuant to
the provisions of the Civil Rights Act of 1960 (74 Stat. 86); $4,500,000.
TRAVEL AND MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES

For necessary travel and miscellaneous expenses, not otherwise provided for, incurred by the Judiciary, including the purchase of firearms and ammunition, and the cost of contract statistical services for the office of Register of Wills of the District of Columbia, $4,407,500: Provided, That this sum shall be available in an amount not to exceed $14,000 for expenses of attendance at meetings concerned with the work of Federal Probation when incurred on the written authorization of the Director of the Administrative Office of the United States Courts.

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES COURTS

For necessary expenses of the Administrative Office of the United States Courts, including travel, advertising, and rent in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, $1,426,750.

SALARIES OF REFEREES

For salaries of referees as authorized by the Act of June 28, 1946, as amended (11 U.S.C. 68), not to exceed $2,370,000, to be derived from the Referees' salary and expense fund established in pursuance of said Act.

EXPENSES OF REFEREES

For expenses of referees as authorized by the Act of June 28, 1946, as amended (11 U.S.C. 68, 102), not to exceed $4,210,000, to be derived from the Referees' salary and expense fund established in pursuance of said Act.

GENERAL PROVISIONS—THE JUDICIARY

Sec. 302. Sixty per centum of the expenditures for the District Court of the United States for the District of Columbia from all appropriations under this title and 30 per centum of the expenditures for the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia from all appropriations under this title shall be reimbursed to the United States from any funds in the Treasury to the credit of the District of Columbia.

Sec. 303. The reports of the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia shall not be sold for a price exceeding that approved by the court and for not more than $6.50 per volume.

This title may be cited as the “Judiciary Appropriation Act, 1962”.

TITLE IV—RELATED AGENCIES

UNITED STATES INFORMATION AGENCY

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary to enable the United States Information Agency, as authorized by Reorganization Plan No. 8 of 1953, and the United States Information and Educational Exchange Act, as amended (22 U.S.C. 1431 et seq.), to carry out international information activities, including employment, without regard to the civil service and classification laws, of (1) persons on a temporary basis (not to exceed $120,000), (2) aliens within the United States, and (3) aliens abroad for service in the United States relating to the translation or narration of colloquial speech in foreign languages (such aliens to be investigated for such employment in accordance with procedures established by the Secretary of State and the Attorney
General); travel expenses of aliens employed abroad for service in the United States and their dependents to and from the United States; salaries, expenses, and allowances of personnel and dependents as authorized by the Foreign Service Act of 1946, as amended (22 U.S.C. 801–1158); entertainment within the United States not to exceed $500; hire of passenger motor vehicles; insurance on official motor vehicles in foreign countries; services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a); payment of tort claims, in the manner authorized in the first paragraph of section 2672, as amended, of title 28 of the United States Code when such claims arise in foreign countries; advance of funds notwithstanding section 3648 of the Revised Statutes, as amended; dues for library membership in organizations which issue publications to members only, or to members at a price lower than to others; employment of aliens, by contract, for service abroad; purchase of ice and drinking water abroad; payment of excise taxes on negotiable instruments abroad; cost of transporting to and from a place of storage and the cost of storing the furniture and household and personal effects of an employee of the Foreign Service who is assigned to a post at which he is unable to use his furniture and effects, under such regulations as the Director may prescribe; actual expenses of preparing and transporting to their former homes the remains of persons, not United States Government employees, who may die away from their homes while participating in activities authorized under this appropriation; radio activities and acquisition and production of motion pictures and visual materials and purchase or rental of technical equipment and facilities therefor, narration, script-writing, translation, and engineering services, by contract or otherwise; maintenance, improvement, and repair of properties used for informational activities in foreign countries; fuel and utilities for Government-owned or leased property abroad; rental or lease for periods not exceeding five years of offices, buildings, grounds, and living quarters for officers and employees engaged in informational activities abroad; travel expenses for employees attending official international conferences, without regard to the Standardized Government Travel Regulations and to the rates of per diem allowances in lieu of subsistence expenses under the Travel Expense Act of 1949, but at rates not in excess of comparable allowances approved for such conferences by the Secretary of State; and purchase of objects for presentation to foreign governments, schools, or organizations; $110,000,000, of which not less than $14,000,000 shall be used to purchase foreign currencies or credits owed to or owned by the Treasury of the United States: Provided, That not to exceed $110,000 may be used for representation abroad: Provided further, That this appropriation shall be available for expenses in connection with travel of personnel outside the continental United States, including travel of dependents and transportation of personal effects, household goods, or automobiles of such personnel, when any part of such travel or transportation begins in the current fiscal year pursuant to travel orders issued in that year, notwithstanding the fact that such travel or transportation may not be completed during the current year: Provided further, That passenger motor vehicles used abroad exclusively for the purposes of this appropriation may be exchanged or sold, pursuant to section 201(c) of the Act of June 30, 1949 (40 U.S.C. 481(c)), and the exchange allowances or proceeds of such sales shall be available for replacement of an equal number of such vehicles and the cost, including the exchange allowance of each such replacement, except buses and station wagons, shall not exceed $1,500: Provided further, That, notwithstanding the provisions of section 3679 of the Revised Statutes, as amended (31 U.S.C. 665), the United States Information Agency is authorized,
in making contracts for the use of international shortwave radio stations and facilities, to agree on behalf of the United States to indemnify the owners and operators of said radio stations and facilities from such funds as may be hereafter appropriated for the purpose against loss or damage on account of injury to persons or property arising from such use of said radio stations and facilities: Provided further, That existing appointments and assignments to the Foreign Service Reserve for the purposes of foreign information and educational activities which expire during the current fiscal year may be extended for a period of one year in addition to the period of appointment or assignment otherwise authorized.

SALARIES AND EXPENSES (SPECIAL FOREIGN CURRENCY PROGRAM)

For purchase of foreign currencies which accrue under title I of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1704), for the purposes authorized by sections 104(f), 104(i), 104(j), and 104(r) of that Act, to remain available until expended, $9,800,000: Provided, That this appropriation shall not be used for the purchase of currencies available in the Treasury unless such currencies are excess to the normal requirements of the United States.

SPECIAL INTERNATIONAL PROGRAM

For expenses necessary to carry out the provisions of the "International Cultural Exchange and Trade Fair Participation Act of 1956" $8,000,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That not to exceed a total of $30,000 may be expended for representation: Provided further, That the unexpended balance of funds heretofore appropriated under the heading "President's Special International Program" shall be merged with funds appropriated hereunder and accounted for as one fund.

SPECIAL INTERNATIONAL PROGRAM (SPECIAL FOREIGN CURRENCY PROGRAM)

For purchase of foreign currencies which accrue under title I of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1704), for the purposes authorized by section 104(m) of that Act, to remain available until expended, $250,000, of which not to exceed $1,250 may be expended for representation: Provided, That this appropriation shall be available only to purchase currencies which the Treasury Department shall determine to be excess to normal requirements of the United States: Provided further, That the unexpended balance of funds heretofore appropriated under the heading "Special Foreign Currency Program" shall be merged with funds appropriated hereunder and accounted for as one fund.

ACQUISITION AND CONSTRUCTION OF RADIO FACILITIES

For an additional amount for the purchase, rent, construction, and improvement of facilities for radio transmission and reception, purchase and installation of necessary equipment for radio transmission and reception, without regard to the provisions of the Act of June 30, 1982 (40 U.S.C. 278a), and acquisition of land and interests in land by purchase, lease, rental, or otherwise, $7,500,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That this appropriation shall be available for acquisition of land outside the continental United States without regard to section 355 of the Revised Statutes (40 U.S.C. 255), and title to any land so acquired shall be approved by the Director of the United States Information Agency.
INFORMATIONAL MEDIA GUARANTEE FUND

For the "Informational media guarantee fund", for partial restoration of realized impairment to the capital used in carrying on the authority to make informational media guarantees, as provided in section 1011 of the United States Information and Educational Exchange Act of 1948, as amended (22 U.S.C. 1442), $1,500,000.

COMMISSION ON CIVIL RIGHTS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for the Commission on Civil Rights, including hire of passenger motor vehicles, $888,000: Provided, That section 104(b) of the Civil Rights Act of 1957 is amended by striking out "four years from the date of the enactment of this Act" and inserting in lieu thereof "September 30, 1963": Provided further, That the compensation of any employee paid from funds provided under this head shall not exceed $20,500 per annum.

TITLE V—FEDERAL PRISON INDUSTRIES, INCORPORATED

The following corporation is hereby authorized to make such expenditures, within the limits of funds and borrowing authority available to such corporation, and in accord with the law, and to make such contracts and commitments without regard to fiscal year limitations as provided by section 104 of the Government Corporation Control Act, as amended, as may be necessary in carrying out the program set forth in the budget for the fiscal year 1962 for such corporation, except as hereinafter provided:

LIMITATION ON ADMINISTRATIVE AND VOCATIONAL TRAINING EXPENSES, FEDERAL PRISON INDUSTRIES, INCORPORATED

Not to exceed $544,000 of the funds of the corporation shall be available for its administrative expenses, and not to exceed $1,038,000 for the expenses of vocational training of prisoners, both amounts to be available for services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a), and to be computed on an accrual basis and to be determined in accordance with the corporation's prescribed accounting system in effect on July 1, 1946, and shall be exclusive of depreciation, payment of claims, expenditures which the said accounting system requires to be capitalized or charged to cost of commodities acquired or produced, including selling and shipping expenses, and expenses in connection with acquisition, construction, operation, maintenance, improvement, protection, or disposition of facilities and other property belonging to the corporation or in which it has an interest.

TITLE VI—GENERAL PROVISIONS

Sec. 601. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used for publicity or propaganda purposes not authorized by the Congress.

Sec. 602. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used to administer any program which is funded in whole or in part from foreign currencies or credits for which a specific dollar appropriation therefor has not been made.

This Act may be cited as the "Departments of State and Justice, the Judiciary, and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1962". Approved September 21, 1961.
AN ACT
Making appropriations for the government of the District of Columbia and other activities chargeable in whole or in part against the revenues of said District for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1962, and for other purposes.

FEDERAL PAYMENT TO DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there are appropriated for the District of Columbia for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1962, out of (1) the general fund of the District of Columbia (unless otherwise herein specifically provided), hereinafter known as the general fund, such fund being composed of the revenues of the District of Columbia other than those applied by law to special funds, and $30,000,000, which is hereby appropriated for the purpose out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated (to be advanced July 1, 1961), (2) the highway fund (when designated as payable therefrom), established by law (D.C. Code, title 47, ch. 19), (3) the water fund (when designated as payable therefrom), established by law (D.C. Code, title 43, ch. 15), and $1,855,000, which is hereby appropriated for the purpose out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated (to be advanced July 1, 1961), (4) the sanitary sewage works fund (when designated as payable therefrom), established by law (Public Law 364, 83d Congress), and $898,000, which is hereby appropriated for the purpose out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated (to be advanced July 1, 1961), and (5) the motor vehicle parking fund (when designated as payable therefrom), established by law (D.C. Code, title 40, ch. 8), sums as shown herein; and there is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, $29,000,000, which, together with balances of previous appropriations for this purpose, shall remain available until expended, for loans authorized by the Act of May 18, 1954 (68 Stat. 101), and the Act of June 6, 1958 (72 Stat. 183), to be advanced upon request of the Commissioners to the following funds: general fund, $20,400,000, of which $3,600,000 shall be available for the financing of appropriations made for capital outlay during prior fiscal years, and sanitary sewage works fund, $8,600,000.

OPERATING EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for functions under this general head:

GENERAL OPERATING EXPENSES

General operating expenses, plus so much as may be necessary to compensate the Engineer Commissioner at a rate equal to each civilian member of the Board of Commissioners of the District of Columbia, hereafter in this Act referred to as the Commissioners: $15,409,760, of which $290,000 (to remain available until expended) shall be available solely for District of Columbia employees' disability compensation and $113,000 shall be payable from the highway fund, $23,900 from the water fund, $6,400 from the sanitary sewage works fund, and $48,000 from the motor vehicle parking fund: Provided, That the certificate of the Commissioners shall be sufficient voucher for the expenditure of $2,500 of this appropriation for such purposes, exclusive of ceremony expenses, as they may deem necessary.
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PUBLIC SAFETY

Public safety, including employment of consulting physicians, diagnosticians, and therapists at rates to be fixed by the Commissioners; the present acting captain of the Metropolitan Police in charge of the public vehicle unit with the rank and pay of captain while so assigned, the present lieutenant in charge of the Accident Investigation Unit of Traffic Division with the rank and pay of captain while so assigned, the present senior lieutenant assigned to the Robbery Squad with the rank and pay of captain while so assigned, the present lieutenant assigned as Pawn Inspector with the rank and pay of captain while so assigned, and the present lieutenant assigned as court liaison officer with the rank and pay of captain while so assigned; purchase of sixty-two passenger motor vehicles including forty-four for replacement only for police-type use without regard to the general purchase price limitation for the current fiscal year (but not in excess of $100 per vehicle above such limitation) and six for other replacement purposes; $51,660,627, of which $100,000 shall be transferred to the judiciary and disbursed by the Administrative Office of the United States Courts for expenses of the Legal Aid Agency for the District of Columbia, and $44,000 shall be payable from the highway fund, and $111,000 from the motor vehicle parking fund: Provided, That not to exceed $50,000 of any funds from appropriations available to the District of Columbia may be used to match financial contributions from the Office of Civil and Defense Mobilization to the District of Columbia Office of Civil Defense for the purchase of civil defense equipment and supplies approved by the Office of Civil and Defense Mobilization, when authorized by the Commissioners.

EDUCATION

Education, including the purchase of five passenger motor vehicles including two for replacement only, $54,016,210, of which $569,000 shall be for development of vocational education in the District of Columbia in accordance with the Act of June 8, 1960, as amended. Section 6 of the Legislative, Executive, and Judicial Appropriation Act, approved May 10, 1916, as amended, shall not apply from July 1 to August 26, 1961, to teachers of the public schools of the District of Columbia when employed by any of the branches of the United States Government or by any department or agency of the District of Columbia government.

PARKS AND RECREATION

Parks and recreation, including purchase of two passenger motor vehicles for replacement only, and the purchase, acquisition, and transportation of specimens for the National Zoological Park, $7,980,400, of which $25,000 shall be payable from the highway fund.

HEALTH AND WELFARE

Health and Welfare, including purchase of three passenger motor vehicles for replacement only; reimbursement to the United States for services rendered to the District of Columbia by Freedmen's Hospital; and for care and treatment of indigent patients in institutions, including those under sectarian control, under contracts to be made by the Director of Public Health; $61,903,000: Provided, That the inpatient rate and outpatient rate under such contracts and for services rendered by Freedmen's Hospital shall not exceed $30 per diem and the outpatient rate shall not exceed $5 per visit.
Highways and Traffic

Highways and Traffic, including $63,200 for traffic safety education without reference to any other law; and purchase of forty passenger motor vehicles for replacement only, of which three for use by the Commissioners shall be without regard to the statutory limitation on the purchase price of passenger-carrying motor vehicles but at a cost not to exceed $750 each in addition to the trade-in allowed for the present vehicles in use by the Commissioners; $10,818,700, of which $7,087,700 shall be payable from the highway fund and $197,500 from the motor vehicle parking fund: Provided, That this appropriation shall not be available for the purchase of driver-training vehicles.

Sanitary Engineering

Sanitary Engineering, including the purchase of six passenger motor vehicles for replacement only, $19,647,000, of which $190,000 shall be payable from the highway fund, $6,562,700 shall be payable from the water fund, and $3,643,100 shall be payable from the sanitary sewage works fund.

Personal Services, Wage-Board Employees

For pay increases and related retirement cost for wage-board employees, to be transferred by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia to the appropriations for the fiscal year 1962 from which said employees are properly payable, $1,223,000, of which $75,200 shall be payable from the highway fund, $112,800 from the water fund, and $60,700 from the sanitary sewage works fund.

Miscellaneous

Settlement of Claims and Suits

For the payment of claims in excess of $250, approved by the Commissioners in accordance with the provisions of the Act of February 11, 1929, as amended (45 Stat. 1160; 46 Stat. 500; 65 Stat. 131), §17,188.

Audited Claims

For an amount for the payment of claims, certified to be due by the accounting officers of the District of Columbia, under appropriations the balances of which have been exhausted or credited to the general or special funds of the District of Columbia as provided by law (D.C. Code, title 47, sec. 190a), being for the service of the fiscal year 1960 and prior fiscal years, $44,022, together with such further sums as may be necessary to pay the interest on audited claims for refunds at not exceeding 4 per centum per annum as provided by law (Act of July 10, 1952, 66 Stat. 546, sec. 14d).

Capital Outlay

For reimbursement to the United States of funds loaned in compliance with section 4 of the Act of May 29, 1930 (46 Stat. 482), as amended, the Act of August 7, 1946 (60 Stat. 896), as amended, the Act of May 14, 1948 (62 Stat. 235), and section 108 of the Act of May 18, 1954 (68 Stat. 103), including interest as required thereby; construction projects as authorized by the Acts of April 22, 1904 (33 Stat. 244), February 16, 1942 (56 Stat. 91), May 18, 1954 (68 Stat. 105, 110), June 6, 1958 (72 Stat. 188), and August 20, 1958 (72 Stat. 636); including acquisition of sites; preparation of plans and specifications for the
following buildings and facilities: Garrison Elementary School replacement, elementary school in the vicinity of Fifty-third and C Streets Southeast, Palisades Branch Library, replacement of Third Precinct station house, and National Zoological Park; for conducting the following preliminary surveys: electrical improvements at the Lorton Reservation; erection of the following structures, including building improvement and alteration and the treatment of grounds: Bancroft Elementary School addition, Woodridge Elementary School completion, Eliot Junior High School Addition, Davis Elementary School addition, Evans Junior High School, elementary school in the vicinity of Eleventh and Clifton Streets Northwest, warehouse and shops for the Recreation Department, replacement of the dormitories for resident physicians and interns at the District of Columbia General Hospital, educational center replacement at the Reformatory, children's cottage at the Junior Village, chapel at the District Training School, and replacement of dormitories at the District of Columbia Village; $302,000 for purchase of equipment for new school buildings; to remain available until expended, $43,257,900, of which $6,825,000 shall not become available for expenditure until July 1, 1962, $5,630,000 shall be payable from the highway fund, $2,840,359 shall be payable from the water fund, $9,755,000 shall be payable from the sanitary sewage works fund, and $710,000 shall be available for construction services by the Director of Buildings and Grounds or by contract for architectural engineering services, as may be determined by the Commissioners, and the funds for the use of the Director of Buildings and Grounds shall be advanced to the appropriation account, "Construction services, Department of Buildings and Grounds"; Provided, That not to exceed $105,000 of funds heretofore appropriated under the heading "Capital Outlay, Public Building Construction", 1960, shall be available for the preparation of plans and specifications and the beginning of construction of a structure to replace the Thirteenth Police Precinct station house: Provided further, That the unexpended balances of the amounts previously appropriated under the accounts herewith consolidated may be transferred to this account for use for the same purposes as appropriated.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Sec. 2. Except as otherwise provided herein, all vouchers covering expenditures of appropriations contained in this Act shall be audited before payment by the designated certifying official and the vouchers as approved shall be paid by checks issued by the designated disbursing official without countersignature.

Sec. 3. Whenever in this Act an amount is specified within an appropriation for particular purposes or object of expenditure, such amount, unless otherwise specified, shall be considered as the maximum amount which may be expended for said purpose or object rather than an amount set apart exclusively therefor.

Sec. 4. Appropriations in this Act shall be available, when authorized or approved by the Commissioners, for allowances for privately owned automobiles used for the performance of official duties at 8 cents per mile but not to exceed $25 a month for each automobile, unless otherwise therein specifically provided, except that sixty-two such allowances at not more than $410 each per annum may be authorized or approved by the Commissioners.

Sec. 5. Appropriations in this Act shall be available for expenses of travel and for the payment of dues of organizations concerned with the work of the District of Columbia government, when authorized by

Vouchers.

Maximum amount.

Automobile allowances.

Travel and dues.
the Commissioners: Provided, That the total expenditures for this purpose shall not exceed $65,000.


SEC. 7. The disbursing officials designated by the Commissioners are authorized to advance to such officials as may be approved by the Commissioners such amounts and for such purposes as the Commissioners may determine.

SEC. 8. Appropriations in this Act shall not be used for or in connection with the preparation, issuance, publication, or enforcement of any regulation or order of the Public Utilities Commission requiring the installation of meters in taxicabs, or for or in connection with the licensing of any vehicle to be operated as a taxicab except for operation in accordance with such system of uniform zones and rates and regulations applicable thereto as shall have been prescribed by the Public Utilities Commission.

SEC. 9. Appropriations in this Act shall not be available for the payment of rates for electric current for street lighting in excess of 2 cents per kilowatt-hour for current consumed.

SEC. 10. All motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles (including watercraft) owned by the District of Columbia shall be operated and utilized in conformity with section 16 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 77, 78), and shall be under the direction and control of the Commissioners, who may from time to time alter or change the assignment for use thereof, or direct the alteration of interchangeable use of any of the same by officers and employees of the District, except as otherwise provided in this Act. "Official purposes" shall not apply to the Commissioners of the District of Columbia or in cases of officers and employees the character of whose duties makes such transportation necessary, but only as to such latter cases when the same is approved by the Commissioners.

SEC. 11. Appropriations contained in this Act for Highways and Traffic, and Sanitary Engineering shall be available for snow and ice control work when ordered by the Commissioners in writing.

SEC. 12. Appropriations in this Act shall be available when authorized by the Commissioners, for the rental of quarters without reference to section 6 of the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1945.

SEC. 13. Appropriations in this Act shall be available for the furnishing of uniforms when authorized by the Commissioners.

SEC. 14. There are hereby appropriated from the applicable funds of the District of Columbia such sums as may be necessary for making refunds and for the payment of judgments which have been entered against the government of the District of Columbia, including refunds authorized by section 10 of the Act approved April 28, 1924 (43 Stat. 108): Provided, That nothing contained in this section shall be construed as modifying or affecting the provisions of paragraph 3, subsection (c) of section 11 of title XII of the District of Columbia Income and Franchise Tax Act of 1947, as amended.

SEC. 15. Except as otherwise provided herein, limitations and legislative provisions contained in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1961, shall be continued for the fiscal year 1962: Provided, That the limitation for "Construction Services, Department of Buildings and Grounds" contained in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1961, shall be increased from 6 to 7 per centum of appropriations for construction projects: Provided further, That the appropriation for "Additional Municipal Services, Inaugural Ceremonies" and "Capital Outlay, Washington Aqueduct" included in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1961, shall not be available in fiscal year 1962.
Sec. 16. The appropriation contained herein for "Capital Outlay" shall be withheld from obligation by deletion of projects in an amount sufficient to assure the operation of the District of Columbia government within available revenues in the event of failure of enactment of H.R. 258, Eighty-seventh Congress, or other similar legislation.

This Act may be cited as the "District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1962".

Approved September 21, 1961.

Public Law 87-266

AN ACT

To amend the Merchant Marine Act, 1936, as amended, to encourage the construction and maintenance of American-flag vessels built in American shipyards.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 901 (b) of the Merchant Marine Act, 1936, as amended (46 U.S.C. 1241), is hereby amended by inserting at the end thereof the following: "For purposes of this section, the term 'privately owned United States-flag commercial vessels' shall not be deemed to include any vessel which, subsequent to the date of enactment of this amendment, shall have been either (a) built outside the United States, (b) rebuilt outside the United States, or (c) documented under any foreign registry, until such vessel shall have been documented under the laws of the United States for a period of three years: Provided, however, That the provisions of this amendment shall not apply where, (1) prior to the enactment of this amendment, the owner of a vessel, or contractor for the purchase of a vessel, originally constructed in the United States and rebuilt abroad or contracted to be rebuilt abroad, has notified the Maritime Administration in writing of its intent to document such vessel under United States registry, and such vessel is so documented on its first arrival at a United States port not later than one year subsequent to the date of the enactment of this amendment, or (2) where prior to the enactment of this amendment, the owner of a vessel under United States registry has made a contract for the rebuilding abroad of such vessel and has notified the Maritime Administration of such contract, and such rebuilding is completed and such vessel is thereafter documented under United States registry on its first arrival at a United States port not later than one year subsequent to the date of the enactment of this amendment."

Approved September 21, 1961.

Public Law 87-267

AN ACT

To repeal sections 1176 and 1177 of the Revised Statutes of the United States relating to the District of Columbia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That sections 1176 and 1177 of the Revised Statutes of the United States relating to the District of Columbia (18 Stat. 136; D.C. Code, secs. 22-3401, 3402, and 3403) are hereby repealed.

Approved September 21, 1961.
Public Law 87-268

AN ACT

To amend title 38, United States Code, to increase dependency and indemnity compensation in certain cases.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) section 412 of title 38, United States Code, is amended by inserting "(a)" immediately before "In the case of any veteran" and by adding at the end of the section the following new subsection:

"(b) In any case where the amount of dependency and indemnity compensation payable under this chapter is less than the amount of pension which would be payable under chapter 15 of this title had the death occurred under circumstances authorizing payment of death pension, the Administrator shall pay dependency and indemnity compensation in an amount equal to such amount of pension."

(b) The following provisions of title 38, United States Code, are each amended by striking out "section 412" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "section 412(a)":

Sections 107, 411(d)(1), 415(g)(1), 422(c), and 503(3).

(c) Section 422(a) of title 38, United States Code, is amended by striking out "412(2)" and "412(3)" and inserting in lieu thereof "412(a)(2)" and "412(a)(3)" respectively, and by striking out "section 412" and inserting in lieu thereof "section 412(a)".

Filing of application.

SEC. 2. Increased benefits provided by this Act shall be payable from the effective date of the Act in the case of any person receiving dependency and indemnity compensation on such date only if application therefor is filed in the Veterans' Administration within one year from such date and evidence of entitlement is of record or received within one year from the date of request therefor.

Effective date.

SEC. 3. The amendments made by this Act shall take effect as of the first day of the first calendar month which begins after the date of its enactment.

Approved September 21, 1961.

Public Law 87-269

AN ACT

To amend the Strategic and Critical Materials Stock Piling Act to provide for the immediate disposition of certain waterfowl feathers and down.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Administrator of General Services is hereby authorized and directed to dispose of not more than two million pounds of waterfowl feathers and down, determined by the Director of the Office of Civil and Defense Mobilization to be obsolescent for use in time of war, in accordance with the notice of proposed disposition published in the Federal Register of April 6, 1961, volume 26, number 65, page 2881. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 3 of the Strategic and Critical Materials Stock Piling Act (50 U.S.C. 98b(e)) such disposition may be commenced immediately.

|Approved September 21, 1961.|
Public Law 87-270

AN ACT

To extend to employees subject to the Classification Act of 1949 the benefits of salary increases in connection with the protection of basic compensation rates from the effects of downgrading actions, to provide salary protection for postal field service employees in certain cases of reduction in salary standing, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

TITLE I—SALARY PROTECTION FOR EMPLOYEES SUBJECT TO CLASSIFICATION ACT OF 1949

AMENDMENTS TO CLASSIFICATION ACT OF 1949

SEC. 101. (a) Section 507 of the Classification Act of 1949, as amended (72 Stat. 830; Public Law 85-737; 5 U.S.C. 1107), is amended—

(1) by inserting "(including each increase provided by law in such rate of basic compensation)" immediately following "to receive the rate of basic compensation to which he was entitled immediately prior to such reduction in grade" in subsections (a) and (b) of such section;

(2) by striking out "and" in paragraph (3) of such subsection (a);

(3) by inserting "and, with respect to each temporary promotion occurring on or after the date of enactment of this amendment, is not a condition of his temporary promotion to a higher grade" immediately before the semicolon at the end of such paragraph (3); and

(4) by inserting "(including each increase provided by law in such rate)" immediately following "July 1, 1954", wherever occurring in subsection (c) of such section, and immediately before the period at the end of such subsection.

(b) (1) The amendments made by subparagraphs (1) and (4) of subsection (a) of this section shall become effective as of August 23, 1958.

(2) The amendments made by subparagraphs (2) and (3) of such subsection (a) shall become effective on the date of enactment of this Act.

RETROACTIVE COMPENSATION; VALIDATION OF PAYMENTS; RELATION OF PAYMENTS TO CIVIL SERVICE RETIREMENT ACT AND FEDERAL EMPLOYEES' GROUP LIFE INSURANCE ACT OF 1954

SEC. 102. (a) (1) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, payments of increases provided by law in rates of basic compensation are hereby authorized, and shall be made, in accordance with the amendments made by subparagraphs (1) and (4) of subsection (a) of section 101 of this title to section 507 of the Classification Act of 1949, as amended (5 U.S.C. 1107), and in accordance with other applicable provisions of such section 507, as amended, for services to which the provisions of such section 507, as amended, apply and which were rendered in the period beginning on the first day of the first pay period commencing after August 23, 1958, and ending at the expiration of two years immediately following the first day of such first pay period, with respect to each individual who, on the date of enactment of this Act, is on any employment roll of the
Federal Government or of the municipal government of the District of Columbia, as follows—

(A) to such individual for such services so rendered by him, if, on such date of enactment, he (i) is on any such employment roll, (ii) is in the service of the Armed Forces of the United States, or (iii) is retired under any retirement law or retirement system for civilian officers and employees in or under the Federal Government or the municipal government of the District of Columbia; or

(B) to the survivor or survivors, in accordance with the Act of August 3, 1950 (Public Law 636, Eighty-first Congress), as amended (5 U.S.C. 61f–61k), of any such individual (for such services so rendered by him) who has died prior to such date of enactment, if, at the time of his death, such individual was (i) on any such employment roll, (ii) in the service of the Armed Forces of the United States, or (iii) retired under any such retirement law or retirement system.

(2) Payments of increases provided by law in rates of basic compensation which were made for services described in paragraph (1) of this subsection and rendered in the period described in such paragraph, and which would have been authorized under the amendments made by subparagraphs (1) and (4) of subsection (a) of section 101 of this title if such amendments had been in effect at the time such services were rendered in such period, are hereby validated to the same extent as if such amendments had been in effect during such period.

(b) (1) Payments of increases described in paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of this section shall not be considered as basic salary for the purposes of the Civil Service Retirement Act (5 U.S.C. 2251–2257) in the case of any retired or deceased individual described in subparagraph (A) or (B) of such paragraph (1).

(2) Payments of increases validated by paragraph (2) of such subsection (a) shall be considered as basic salary for purposes of such Act.

(c) For the purposes of this section, service in the Armed Forces of the United States, in the case of an individual relieved from training and service in the Armed Forces of the United States or discharged from hospitalization following such training and service, shall include the period provided by law for the mandatory restoration of such individual to a position in or under the Federal Government or the municipal government of the District of Columbia.

(d)(1) Increases in rates of basic compensation authorized to be paid by paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of this section shall not be held or considered to be annual compensation for the purposes of the Federal Employees' Group Life Insurance Act of 1954, as amended (5 U.S.C. 2091–2103).

(2) Each change in rate of basic compensation made in the period described in paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of this section by reason of any payment validated by paragraph (2) of such subsection shall be held and considered to be effective for group life insurance purposes under the Federal Employees Group Life Insurance Act of 1954, as amended (5 U.S.C. 2091–2103), as of the first day of the first pay period following the pay period in which the payroll change was approved with respect to such individual.
SAVINGS PROVISIONS

SEC. 103. (a) Nothing in this title or in the amendments made by this title shall be held or considered to modify, supersede, or otherwise affect the application and operation of section 24 of title 13 of the United States Code, which contains special provisions with respect to the assignment, promotion, appointment, detail, and other utilization of nontemporary employees of the Bureau of the Census in temporary positions in connection with any census.

(b) Nothing in this title or in the amendments made by this title shall be held or considered to modify, change, or otherwise affect any increase in a saved rate of basic compensation paid in accordance with the Federal Employees Salary Increase Act of 1960 (part B of title I of the Act of July 1, 1960; 74 Stat. 298; Public Law 86–568).

TITLE II—SALARY PROTECTION FOR POSTAL FIELD SERVICE EMPLOYEES

PROTECTION OF SALARY STANDING OF POSTAL FIELD SERVICE EMPLOYEES

SEC. 201. That part of chapter 45 of title 39 of the United States Code under the heading "Salary Steps and Promotions" is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"§ 3560. Salary protection

"(a) As used in this section, the term 'salary standing' means—

"(1) basic salary and salary level, with respect to the Postal Field Service Schedule (excluding salary levels PFS 17, 18, 19, and 20),

"(2) salary for the particular route (including additional compensation for forty hours and under for serving heavily patronized routes), with respect to the Rural Carrier Schedule, and

"(3) gross receipts category, with respect to the Fourth-Class Office Schedule.

"(b) Subject to the provisions of subsection (c) of this section, each employee—

"(1) who at any time on or after July 1, 1961, is or was reduced in salary standing;

"(2) who, on the effective date of such reduction in salary standing, holds or held a career appointment or a probational appointment in the postal field service;

"(3) whose reduction in salary standing is not or was not caused by a demotion for personal cause, is not or was not at his own request, is not or was not a condition of his temporary promotion or temporary assignment to a higher salary standing, is not or was not a condition of his temporary appointment, and is not or was not effected in a reduction in force due to lack of funds or curtailment of work;

"(4) who, for two continuous years immediately prior to such reduction in salary standing, served in the postal field service with the same salary standing or with the same and higher salary standing; and

"(5) whose performance of work at all times during such period of two years is or was satisfactory;

shall be entitled, as of the effective date of such reduction in salary standing or as of the first day of the first pay period which begins on or after the date of enactment of this section, whichever is later, unless or until he is entitled to receive basic salary at a higher rate by reason..."
of the operation of this section, or until the expiration of a period of two years immediately following the effective date of such reduction in salary standing or immediately following the first day of such first pay period, as applicable, to receive the rate of basic salary to which he was entitled immediately prior to such reduction in salary standing (including each increase provided by law in such rate of basic salary) so long as he continues in the postal field service without any break in service of one workday or more and is not demoted or reassigned for personal cause, at his own request, or in a reduction in force due to lack of funds or curtailment of work.

"(c) The rate of basic salary to which such employee is entitled under subsection (b) of this section with respect to each reduction in salary standing to which this section applies shall be the lesser of the following:

"(A) the amount of the existing rate of basic salary of the employee immediately prior to the reduction in salary standing (including each increase provided by law in such rate); or

"(B) the amount of the rate of the salary level or salary range (including each increase provided by law in such rate) to which the employee is reduced, increased by 25 per centum.

"(d) The Postmaster General is authorized to issue regulations to carry out the purposes of this section.

"(e)(1) For the purposes of section 3559(a), the existing basic salary shall be the basic salary which the employee would have received except for the provisions of this section.

"(2) For the purposes of section 3544(h), the basic compensation earned shall be the basic compensation which the employee would have received except for the provisions of this section.

"(f) For the purposes of this section, the term 'curtailment of work' does not include—

"(1) reductions in class or gross receipts category of any post office, or

"(2) reductions in route mileage for rural carriers."

CONFORMING AMENDMENT

SEC. 202. That part of the table of contents of chapter 45 of title 39 of the United States Code under the heading "SALARY STEPS AND PROMOTIONS" is amended by inserting

"3560. Salary protection."

immediately below

"3559. Promotions."

Approved September 21, 1961.

Public Law 87-271

AN ACT

To amend section 607(b) of the Merchant Marine Act, 1936, as amended.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the last sentence of section 607(b) of the Merchant Marine Act, 1936 (46 U.S.C. 1177(b)) is amended by inserting before the period at the end thereof a comma and the following: "and may also pay from such fund, with such consent and upon terms and conditions which the Secretary of Commerce shall by regulation prescribe to give priority to the foregoing purposes of the fund (and with respect to any transfer of funds from the special reserve fund, to give priority to
the purposes of that fund) and to carry out the purposes of this Act, (A) amounts contributed toward research, development, and design expenses incident to new and advanced ship design machinery and equipment,” and

“(B) Amounts (1) for the purchase of cargo containers, delivered after June 30, 1959, of a type approved by the Administrator for use in connection with any of the contractor’s subsidized vessels, (2) for the payment of the principal of any indebtedness incurred for such containers, or (3) to reimburse the contractor’s general funds for expenditures for such purchases or payments. Such cargo containers to the extent paid for out of the capital reserve fund shall be treated as vessels for the purpose of deposits and withdrawals from the capital reserve fund under this section 607, and the regulations and closing agreements relating thereto, except that the depreciation on such cargo containers shall be based upon the life expectancy used for such containers in the determination of ‘net earnings’ under paragraph (d) (1) of this section 607.”

Approved September 21, 1961.

Public Law 87-272

JOINT RESOLUTION

To provide for the observance of the centennial of the enactment of the Homestead Act.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President is requested (1) to issue a proclamation designating the calendar year 1962 as the centennial of the enactment of the Homestead Act, and calling upon the Governors of the States, mayors of cities, and other public officials, as well as other persons, organizations, and groups, particularly in the States most directly affected by the Homestead Act, to observe such centennial by appropriate celebrations and ceremonies; and (2) to provide, in such manner as he deems appropriate, for participation by Federal agencies and officials in such observance.

Approved September 22, 1961.

Public Law 87-273

AN ACT

To amend the Act entitled “An Act relative to employment for certain adult Indians on or near Indian reservations”, approved August 3, 1956.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 2 of the Act entitled “An Act relative to employment for certain adult Indians on or near Indian reservations”, approved August 3, 1956 (70 Stat. 986), is amended by striking out “$3,500,000” and inserting in lieu thereof “$7,500,000” and by striking out “$500,000” and inserting in lieu thereof “$1,000,000”.

Approved September 22, 1961.
Public Law 87-274

To provide Federal assistance for projects which will demonstrate or develop techniques and practices leading to a solution of the Nation's juvenile delinquency control problems.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Juvenile Delinquency and Youth Offenses Control Act of 1961".

FINDINGS AND POLICIES

Sec. 2. (a) The Congress hereby finds and declares that juvenile delinquency and youth offenses diminish the strength and vitality of the people of our Nation; that such delinquency and offenses are increasing in both urban and rural communities; that such delinquency and offenses occur disproportionately among school dropouts, unemployed youth faced with limited opportunities and with employment barriers, and youth in deprived family situations; and that prevention and control of such delinquency and offenses require intensive and coordinated efforts on the part of private and governmental interests.

(b) The policy of the Federal Government is to assist in developing techniques for the prevention and control of juvenile delinquency and youth offenses, and to encourage the coordination of efforts among governmental and nongovernmental educational, employment, health, welfare, law enforcement, correctional, and other agencies concerned with such problems.

DEMONSTRATION AND EVALUATION PROJECTS

Sec. 3. (a) For the purpose of demonstrating improved methods for the prevention and control of juvenile delinquency or youth offenses (which, for the purposes of this Act, includes treatment of juvenile delinquents and youthful offenders), the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare (hereinafter in this Act referred to as the "Secretary") is authorized to make grants for projects for the evaluation, or demonstration of the effectiveness, of techniques and practices which in the Secretary's judgment hold promise of making a substantial contribution to the prevention or control of juvenile delinquency or youth offenses, including techniques and practices for the training of personnel and for developing or securing more effective cooperation among public and other nonprofit agencies, organizations, and institutions.

(b) Such grants may be made to any State, local, or other public or nonprofit agency, organization, or institution; and to the extent he deems it appropriate, the Secretary shall require the recipient of any grant to contribute money, facilities, or services for carrying out the project for which such grant was made.

(c) The Secretary is further authorized to enter into contracts for any such projects with public or other agencies, organizations, or institutions, and with individuals.

(d) The full amount (as determined by the Secretary) of any grant for a project made under this section shall be reserved from the appropriation for the fiscal year in which the grant is made; and payments on account of such grant in that and subsequent fiscal years may be made only from the amount so reserved.

(e) Payments under this section may be made in installments, and in advance or by way of reimbursement, as may be determined by the Secretary, and shall be made on such conditions as he finds necessary to carry out the purposes of this section.
TRAINING OF PERSONNEL

SEC. 4. (a) For the purpose of training personnel employed or preparing for employment in programs for the prevention or control of juvenile delinquency or youth offenses, the Secretary is authorized to make grants for programs for such purpose which in his judgment hold promise of making a substantial contribution to the prevention or control of juvenile delinquency or youth offenses. Such programs may include, among other things, the development of courses of study, and the establishment of short-term traineeships with such allowances for travel and subsistence expenses, as the Secretary may determine to be necessary.

(b) Such grants may be made to any Federal, State, local, or other public or nonprofit agency, organization, or institution; and to the extent he deems it appropriate, the Secretary shall require the recipient of any grant to contribute money, facilities, or services for carrying out the program for which such grant was made.

(c) The Secretary is further authorized to enter into contracts for any such programs with public or other agencies, organizations, or institutions, and with individuals.

(d) The full amount (as determined by the Secretary) of any grant for a program made under this section shall be reserved from the appropriation for the fiscal year in which the grant is made; and payments on account of such grant in that and subsequent fiscal years may be made only from the amount so reserved.

(e) Payments under this section may be made in installments and in advance or by way of reimbursement, as may be determined by the Secretary, and shall be made on such conditions as he finds necessary to carry out the purposes of this section.

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE SERVICES

SEC. 5. (a) The Secretary is authorized to make studies with respect to matters relating to the prevention or control of juvenile delinquency or youth offenses, including the effectiveness of projects or programs carried out under this Act, to cooperate with and render technical assistance to State, local, or other public or private agencies, organizations, and institutions in such matters, and to provide short-term training and instruction in technical matters relating to the prevention or control of juvenile delinquency or youth offenses.

(b) The Secretary is authorized to collect, evaluate, publish, and disseminate information and materials relating to studies conducted under this Act, and other matters relating to prevention or control of juvenile delinquency or youth offenses, for the general public or for agencies and personnel engaged in programs concerning juvenile delinquency or youth offenses, as may be appropriate.

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

SEC. 6. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1962, and each of the two succeeding fiscal years, the sum of $10,000,000 for carrying out this Act.

MISCELLANEOUS

SEC. 7. (a) (1) The Secretary is authorized to appoint such technical or other advisory committees to advise him in connection with prevention or control of juvenile delinquency or youth offenses as he deems necessary.
(2) Members of any such committee not otherwise in the employ of the United States, while attending meetings of their committee, shall be entitled to receive compensation at a rate to be fixed by the Secretary, but not exceeding $75 per diem, including travel time, and while away from their homes or regular places of business they may be allowed travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, as authorized by law (5 U.S.C. 73b–2) for persons in the Government service employed intermittently. The provisions of section 1003 of the National Defense Education Act of 1958 shall apply to members of such committees.

(b) The Secretary shall consult with the President's Committee on Juvenile Delinquency and Youth Crime on matters of general policy and procedure arising in the administration of this Act, and shall consider the recommendations, if any, of such Committee on program applications submitted under section 3 or 4 and on proposed studies or other actions to be undertaken pursuant to section 5.

(c) As used in this Act, the term "State" includes the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam, and American Samoa.

Approved September 22, 1961, 11:00 a.m.

Public Law 87-275

AN ACT

To amend the Act of June 1, 1948 (62 Stat. 281), to empower the Administrator of General Services to appoint nonuniformed special policemen.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act of June 1, 1948 (62 Stat. 281), is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"Sec. 5. Officials or employees of the General Services Administration who have been duly authorized to perform investigative functions may be empowered by the Administrator of General Services, or officials of General Services Administration duly authorized by him, to act as nonuniformed special policemen in order to protect property under the charge and control of the General Services Administration and to carry firearms, whether on Federal property or in travel status. Such officials or employees who are empowered to act as nonuniformed special policemen shall have, while on real property under the charge and control of the General Services Administration, the power to enforce Federal laws for the protection of persons and property and the power to enforce rules and regulations made and published for such purposes by the Administrator or duly authorized officials of the General Services Administration. Any such special policeman may make arrests without warrant for any offense committed upon such property if he has reasonable ground to believe (1) the offense constitutes a felony under the laws of the United States, and (2) that the person to be arrested is guilty of that offense."

Approved September 22, 1961.
Public Law 87-276

AN ACT

To make available to children who are handicapped by deafness the specially trained teachers of the deaf needed to develop their abilities and to make available to individuals suffering speech and hearing impairments the specially trained speech pathologists and audiologists needed to help them overcome their handicaps.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, in order to encourage and facilitate the training of more teachers of the deaf, the Commissioner of Education (hereinafter in this Act referred to as the "Commissioner") shall, with the advice and assistance of the Advisory Committee on the Training of Teachers of the Deaf (established by section 5 and hereinafter in this Act referred to as the "Advisory Committee"), establish and conduct a program of grants-in-aid to accredited public and nonprofit institutions of higher education which are approved training centers for teachers of the deaf or are affiliated with approved public or other nonprofit institutions which are approved for the training of teachers of the deaf to assist such institutions in providing courses of training and study for teachers of the deaf and in improving such courses. Such grants-in-aid shall be used by such institutions to assist in covering the cost of such courses of training and study and for establishing and maintaining scholarships for qualified persons who desire to enroll in such courses of training and study, the stipends of any such scholarships to be determined by the Commissioner. The Commissioner shall submit all applications for grants-in-aid under this Act to the Advisory Committee for its review and recommendations, and the Commissioner shall not approve any such application before he has received and studied the recommendations of the Advisory Committee with respect to such application, unless the Advisory Committee shall have failed to submit its recommendations to him after having had adequate time to do so.

Sec. 2. Payments of grants-in-aid pursuant to this Act shall be made by the Commissioner from time to time and on such conditions as he may determine, including the making of such reports as the Commissioner may determine to be necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act. Such payments may be made either in advance or by way of reimbursement.

Sec. 3. For the purposes of this Act—
(a) The term "nonprofit," as applied to an institution, means an institution owned and operated by one or more corporations or associations no part of the net earnings of which inures, or may lawfully inure, to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual;
(b) The term "accredited," as applied to an institution of higher education, means an institution of higher education accredited by a nationally recognized body or bodies approved for such purpose by the Commissioner; and
(c) The term "approved," as applied to training centers for teachers of the deaf, means centers approved by a nationally recognized body or bodies approved for the purpose by the Commissioner, except that a training center for teachers of the deaf which is not, at the time of its application for a grant under this Act, approved by such a recognized body or bodies may be deemed approved for purposes of this Act if the Commissioner finds, after consultation with the appropriate approved body or bodies, that there is reasonable assurance that the center will, with the aid of such grant, meet the approval standards of such body or bodies.
Sec. 4. The Commissioner is authorized to delegate any of his functions under this Act, except the making of regulations, to any officer or employee of the Office of Education.

Sec. 5. (a) There is hereby established in the Office of Education an Advisory Committee on the Training of Teachers of the Deaf. The Advisory Committee shall consist of the Commissioner, who shall be Chairman, and twelve persons appointed, without regard to the civil service laws, by the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare. The twelve appointed members shall be selected so as to secure on the Committee a balanced representation from among individuals identified with institutions approved for the training of teachers of the deaf, individuals identified with institutions of higher education which are affiliated with institutions approved for the training of teachers of the deaf, individuals who have responsibilities in the teaching of the deaf, and individuals identified with the general public who have demonstrated an interest in the education of the deaf.

(b) The Advisory Committee shall periodically review the operations of the grants-in-aid program established pursuant to this Act with a view to determining the extent to which such program is succeeding in carrying out the purposes for which it was established. On the basis of such reviews the Advisory Committee shall submit to the Commissioner such recommendations with respect to the operation and administration of the program as it may deem advisable, together with any recommendations for legislation which it may deem necessary or desirable to carry out the purposes for which this Act was enacted. Such recommendations, together with the Commissioner's comments thereon, shall be referred to the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare for transmittal by him to the Congress.

(c) The Advisory Committee is authorized to review all applications for grants-in-aid under this Act and recommend to the Commissioner the approval of such applications as, in the opinion of the Advisory Committee, contribute to the carrying out of the purposes of this Act, and the disapproval of such applications as, in the opinion of the Advisory Committee, do not contribute to the carrying out of such purposes.

(d) The Commissioner may utilize the services of any member or members of the Advisory Committee in connection with matters relating to the provisions of this Act, for such periods, in addition to conference periods, as he may determine.

(e) Members of the Advisory Committee shall, while serving on business of the Advisory Committee or at the request of the Commissioner under subsection (d) of this section, receive compensation at rates fixed by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, not to exceed $75 per day, and shall also be entitled to receive an allowance for actual and necessary travel and subsistence expenses while so serving away from their places of residence, except that any member may waive his right to receive such compensation or allowance, or both. The provisions of section 1003 of the National Defense Education Act of 1958 shall apply to members of the Advisory Committee.

Sec. 6. (a) For the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this Act there are authorized to be appropriated $1,500,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1962, and $1,500,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1963. Any grant for training or scholarships made from an appropriation under this Act for any fiscal year may include such amounts for providing such training or scholarships during succeeding years as the Commissioner may determine.

Public Law 87-277

AN ACT

To repeal that part of the Act of March 2, 1889, as amended, which requires that grantors furnish, free of all expenses to the Government, all requisite abstracts, official certifications and evidences of title.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the proviso in the third full paragraph on page 941 of volume 25 of the Statutes at Large, in the Act of March 2, 1889, as amended (40 U.S.C. 256), is hereby repealed.

Approved September 22, 1961.

Public Law 87-278

AN ACT

To change the designation of that portion of the Hawaii National Park on the island of Hawaii, in the State of Hawaii, to the Hawaii Volcanoes National Park, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, effective upon the enactment of this Act, the portion of the Hawaii National Park situated on the island of Hawaii, established and administered pursuant to the Act of August 1, 1916 (39 Stat. 432), as amended and supplemented, shall be known as the Hawaii Volcanoes National Park.

Approved September 22, 1961.

Public Law 87-279

AN ACT

To authorize the Secretary of the Interior to contract for the sale, operation, maintenance, repair, or relocation of Government-owned electric and telephone lines and other utility facilities used for the administration of the Bureau of Indian Affairs.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, except for electric utility systems constructed and operated as a part of an irrigation system, the Secretary of the Interior is authorized to contract under such terms and conditions as he considers to be in the best interest of the Federal Government for the sale, operation, maintenance, repairs, or relocation of Government-owned utilities and utility systems and appurtenances used in the administration of the Bureau of Indian Affairs. The Secretary shall not execute a contract pursuant to this Act until he has submitted to the Committees on Interior and Insular Affairs of the Senate and the House of Representatives a copy of the contract and a statement of his reasons for proposing the contract, and until such materials have lain before the Committees for sixty days (excluding the time during which either House is in recess for more than three days) unless prior thereto the Secretary is notified that neither committee has any objection to the proposed contract.

Approved September 22, 1961.
Public Law 87-280

AN ACT

To regulate the practice of physical therapy in the District of Columbia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the “Physical Therapists Practice Act”.

DEFINITIONS

SEC. 2. As used in this Act—
(a) The term “Commissioners” means the Commissioners of the District of Columbia sitting as a board, or their authorized agent or agents.

(b) The word “she” and the derivatives thereof shall be construed to include the word “he” and the derivatives thereof.

(c) The term “physical therapy” means the treatment of human disability, injury, or disease by supervised therapeutic procedures embracing the specific scientific application of physical measures to secure the functional rehabilitation of the human body. Nothing in this Act shall be construed as authorizing a physical therapist, whether registered or not, to practice medicine, osteopathy, chiropractic, naturopathy, or any other form or method of healing.

(d) The term “physical therapist” means a person who practices physical therapy under the prescription, supervision, and direction of a person licensed to practice under the Healing Arts Practice Act of the District of Columbia, approved February 27, 1929 (45 Stat. 1326), as amended.

(e) The word “State” or “States” shall be deemed to include any territory of the United States and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.

EXEMPTION FROM REGISTRATION

SEC. 3. This Act shall not apply to any person employed in the District of Columbia by the Federal Government or any agency thereof while such person is acting in the discharge of her official duties.

REGISTRATION

SEC. 4. (a) No person shall practice physical therapy in the District of Columbia unless (1) she is duly registered in accordance with the provisions of this Act, or (2) is exempted from such registration by the terms of this Act.

(b) No person not registered in accordance with the provisions of this Act, unless exempted from registration by the terms of this Act, shall, directly or indirectly, (1) represent herself to be so registered or (2) represent herself to be certified, licensed, or authorized to practice physical therapy.

(c) No person shall use in connection with her name the words “physical therapist”, “physiotherapist”, “physical therapy technician”, or use the initials “P.T.”, “P.T.T.”, “R.P.T.”, or any other letters, words, abbreviations, or insignia indicating or implying that she is a registered physical therapist, unless such person is a holder of a valid registration under this Act.

(d) Nothing in this section shall prohibit any person duly licensed or registered in the District of Columbia under any other Act from engaging in the practice for which she is duly registered or licensed.

(e) Nothing in this Act shall apply to any person licensed under the Healing Arts Practice Act of the District of Columbia, nor to any
employee of any such person working under his immediate supervision and direction in his private office, provided no such employee shall hold herself out, or otherwise represent herself to be a physical therapist.

POWERS OF COMMISSIONERS

Sec. 5. The Commissioners are hereby vested with full power and authority to delegate, from time to time, to their designated agent or agents, any of the functions vested in them by this Act.

ESTABLISHMENT OF BOARD

Sec. 6. The Commissioners may establish a physical therapists examining board to perform any of the functions vested in the Commissioners by this Act, and, if so established, such board shall be composed of such persons possessing such qualifications as the Commissioners shall determine. The Commissioners are authorized to prescribe the terms of office of members of such board and to fix the compensation of such members. The Commissioners may appoint as members of such board, Federal and District government employees, and such members shall not be entitled to receive compensation as board members, and any such member shall not be debarred by such membership from employment in the Federal or District governments not inconsistent with her duties as a board member. Any board member may receive her compensation as a board member as well as any retirement pay, retirement compensation, or annuity to which she may be entitled on account of previous service rendered to the United States or the District of Columbia governments.

POWERS AND DUTIES

Sec. 7. (a) The Commissioners are authorized to adopt from time to time and prescribe such rules and regulations as may be necessary to enable them to carry into effect the provisions of this Act. The Commissioners shall maintain a register of all persons registered as physical therapists. The Commissioners shall maintain a register of approved schools which they deem afford adequate training in physical therapy.

(b) The Commissioners may make such studies and investigations, and obtain or require the furnishing of such information under oath or affirmation or otherwise, as they deem necessary or proper to assist them in prescribing any regulation or order under this Act, or in the administration and enforcement of this Act, and regulations and orders thereunder. For such purposes, the Commissioners may administer oaths and affirmations, may require by subpoena or otherwise the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of documents at any designated place. In the event of contumacy or refusal to obey any such subpoena or requirement under this section, the Commissioners may make application to the municipal court for the District of Columbia for an order requiring obedience thereto. Thereupon the court, with or without notice and hearing, as it in its discretion may decide, shall make such order as is proper and may punish as a contempt any failure to comply with such order in accordance with the provisions of subsection (c), section 5, of the Act of April 1, 1942 (56 Stat. 193, chapter 207; sec. 11-756(c), D.C. Code, 1951 edition).
REGISTRATION

Sec. 8. The Commissioners shall register as physical therapists all applicants who prove to the satisfaction of the Commissioners their fitness for registration under the terms of this Act. The Commissioners shall issue to each person registered a certificate of registration, which shall be prima facie evidence of the right of the person to whom it is issued to represent herself as a registered physical therapist, and authorized to practice as such under this Act.

REGISTRATION WITHOUT EXAMINATION

Sec. 9. The Commissioners shall register as a physical therapist, without examination, any physical therapist who is at least twenty years of age and of good moral character and who presents evidence satisfactory to the Commissioners that she was, prior to the effective date of this Act, practicing physical therapy in the District of Columbia for a period of two years immediately preceding the effective date of this Act, and that she (1) has graduated from an approved school of physical therapy listed in the register of approved schools or (2) received comparable training or experience in the practice of physical therapy as determined by the Commissioners. Application for registration under this section shall be made on or before the expiration of one year from the effective date of this Act.

REGISTRATION AFTER EXAMINATION

Sec. 10. The Commissioners shall pass upon the qualifications of applicants for registration, provide for and conduct all examinations, determine which applicants have successfully passed the examination and duly register such applicants. To be eligible to be examined for registration as a physical therapist, an applicant must meet the following requirements:

(a) Be at least twenty years old.
(b) Be of good moral character.
(c) Be in good physical and mental health, as certified by a physician licensed to practice in the District of Columbia.
(d) Be a graduate of an approved school of physical therapy listed in the register of approved schools; or possess comparable educational qualifications as determined by the Commissioners.

The examinations specified in this section shall be conducted at such times and places as the Commissioners may determine, and notice of time and place of such examination shall be published not less than thirty days before the first day of each examination in one or more newspapers of local circulation.

The examination shall embrace such coverage of the following subjects to determine the applicant's qualification: The applied sciences of anatomy, neuroanatomy, kinesiology, physiology, pathology, physics; "physical therapy" as defined in this Act, applied to medicine, neurology, orthopedics, pediatrics, psychiatry, surgery; medical ethics; technical procedures in the practice of "physical therapy" as defined in this Act.

RECIPROCITY

Sec. 11. Any applicant who has practiced physical therapy and has been registered, certified, or licensed as such in any State may, upon proof of good moral character, be registered without examination, provided the applicant has graduated from a school of physical therapy approved by the Commissioners, or has received competent
comparable training as determined by the Commissioners. It is intended that the standards of education and training required for registration under this section shall be substantially equivalent to those required for registration pursuant to section 10 of this Act. This section shall be construed to apply only to candidates from States which admit registered physical therapists of the District of Columbia without examination.

RENEWAL OF REGISTRATION

SEC. 12. (a) Every registered physical therapist engaged in or who proposes to engage in the practice of physical therapy in the District of Columbia is hereby required to register with the Commissioners annually. Any registrant who allows her registration to lapse by failing to renew the registration annually may be reinstated by the Commissioners by showing cause satisfactory to the Commissioners for such failure and upon payment of all required fees. The Commissioners are authorized, after public hearing, to change from time to time the period for which registration or renewal thereof may be issued.

(b) Any person registered under the provisions of this Act but not so practicing in the District of Columbia shall give written notice of such fact to the Commissioners. Upon receipt of such notice, the Commissioners shall place the name of such person upon the non-practicing list. While remaining on such list, such person shall not be subject to the payment of any renewal fee and shall not hold herself out as a registered physical therapist nor practice as such in the District of Columbia. Application for renewal of registration and payment of renewal fee for the current year shall be made to the Commissioners by any such person desiring to resume practice as a registered physical therapist.

DENIAL, REVOCATION, AND SUSPENSION OF REGISTRATION

SEC. 13. The Commissioners are authorized and empowered to deny, revoke, or suspend any registration or certificate of renewal of registration issued by the Commissioners or applied for in accordance with the provisions of this Act if the applicant or holder thereof—

1. has been guilty of fraud or deceit in procuring or attempting to procure any registration or renewal thereof provided for in this Act;

2. has been convicted of a crime involving moral turpitude;

3. is an intemperate consumer of intoxicating liquors or is addicted to the use of habit-forming drugs;

4. has been guilty of unprofessional conduct;

5. has willfully violated any of the provisions of this Act, or rules or regulations promulgated by the Commissioners pursuant to authority contained in this Act;

6. is mentally incompetent;

7. is guilty of undertaking to treat ailments of human beings other than by physical therapy as authorized by this Act, or the undertaking to practice physical therapy independent of the prescription and direction of a person appropriately licensed to practice under the Healing Arts Practice Act of the District of Columbia; or

8. is otherwise professionally incapacitated.

Provided, That such denial, revocation, or suspension shall be made only upon specific charges in writing. A copy of any such charges and at least ten days' notice of the hearing of the same shall be mailed to the holder of or applicant for such registration, addressed to her at her last known address.
COURT REVIEW

SEC. 14. Any person aggrieved by any final decision or final order of the Commissioners denying, suspending, or revoking any registration, or renewal of registration, issued or applied for under this Act may obtain a review thereof in the municipal court of appeals for the District of Columbia, and may seek a review by the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit of any judgment of the municipal court of appeals entered pursuant to its review of any such decision or order, all in accordance with subsection (f) of section 7 of the Act approved April 1, 1942, as added by the Act approved August 31, 1954 (68 Stat. 1049).

UNAUTHORIZED PRACTICE OF PHYSICAL THERAPY

SEC. 15. It shall be unlawful for any person in the District of Columbia to—

(a) sell or fraudulently obtain or furnish any diploma, license, certificate of registration, or record required by this Act, or required by the Commissioners under authority of this Act, or aid or abet in the selling, fraudulently obtaining, or furnishing thereof;

(b) practice physical therapy under cover of any diploma, certificate of registration, or record required by this Act or required by the Commissioners under authority of this Act, illegally or fraudulently obtained or signed or issued unlawfully or under fraudulent registration;

(c) use in connection with her name any designation tending to imply that she is a registered physical therapist unless duly registered under provisions of this Act;

(d) practice physical therapy during the time her registration shall be suspended or revoked.

PRACTICE OF REGISTERED PHYSICAL THERAPISTS

SEC. 16. A person registered under this Act as a physical therapist shall not treat human ailments by physical therapy or otherwise except under the prescription and direction of a person duly licensed or registered under the Healing Arts Practice Act of the District of Columbia.

ENFORCEMENT

SEC. 17. Any person who shall violate the provisions of section 4, 15, or 16 of this Act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished by a fine of not exceeding $500 or by imprisonment for not more than one year, or both.

CONDUCT OF PROSECUTIONS

SEC. 18. (a) Prosecutions for violations of any provisions of section 4, 15, or 16 of this Act shall be conducted in the name of the District of Columbia in the municipal court for the District of Columbia, by the Corporation Counsel or any of his assistants.

(b) It shall be necessary to prove in any prosecution or hearing under this Act only a single act prohibited by law or a single holding out or an attempt without proving a general course of conduct in order to constitute a violation.
FEES AND CHARGES

SEC. 19. (a) The Commissioners are authorized and empowered, after a public hearing, to fix and, from time to time increase or decrease, fees for any services rendered under this Act. The Commissioners shall, pursuant to this section, increase, decrease, or fix fees in such amounts as will, in the judgment of the Commissioners, approximate the costs to the District of Columbia of administering this Act: Provided, That no fee shall be increased, decreased, or fixed except after a public hearing.

(b) Upon the change of a registration period as authorized by subsection (a) of section 12 the fee for registration or renewal of registration shall be prorated on the basis of the time covered.

(c) All moneys collected for fees and charges made pursuant to authority contained in this Act shall be paid into the Treasury to the credit of the District of Columbia.

SEVERABILITY

SEC. 20. If any provision of this Act, or the application thereof to any person or circumstance, is held invalid, the remainder of the Act, and the application of such provision to other persons and circumstances, shall not be affected thereby.

APPROPRIATIONS

SEC. 21. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated out of the revenues of the District of Columbia such sums as may be necessary to pay the expenses of administering and carrying out the purposes of this Act.

REORGANIZATION

SEC. 22. Nothing in this Act shall be construed so as to affect the authority vested in the Board of Commissioners of the District of Columbia by Reorganization Plan Numbered 5 of 1952 (66 Stat. 824). The performance of any function vested by this Act in the Board of Commissioners or in any office or agency under the jurisdiction and control of said Board of Commissioners may be delegated by said Board of Commissioners in accordance with section 3 of such plan.

EFFECTIVE DATE

SEC. 23. This Act shall take effect one hundred and twenty days after funds are appropriated for the purpose of administering the provisions of this Act.

Approved September 22, 1961.
Public Law 87-282

To amend title 23 of the United States Code with respect to Indian reservation roads.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 208 of title 23 of the United States Code is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(d) Cooperation of States, counties, or other local subdivisions may be accepted in such construction and improvement, and any funds received from a State, county, or local subdivision shall be credited to appropriations available for Indian reservation roads and bridges."

Approved September 22, 1961.

Public Law 87-283

To provide for the restoration to Indian tribes of unclaimed per capita and other individual payments of tribal trust funds.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That unless otherwise specifically provided by law, the share of an individual member of an Indian tribe or group in a per capita or other distribution, individualization, segregation, or proration of Indian tribal or group funds held in trust by the United States, or in an annuity payment under a treaty, heretofore or hereafter authorized by law, and any interest earned on such share that is properly creditable to the individual shall be restored to tribal ownership if for any reason such share cannot be paid to the individual entitled thereto and remains unclaimed for a period of six years from the date of the administrative directive to make the payment, or one year from the date of this Act, whichever occurs later: Provided, That if such individual is a member of an Indian tribe or group that has no governing body recognized by the Secretary of the Interior as authorized to act on behalf of the tribe or group, such unpaid share and interest shall be regarded as not capable of restoration to a tribal or group entity and shall be deposited in the general fund of the Treasury of the United States.

Sec. 2. The Secretary shall not restore to tribal ownership or deposit in the general fund of the Treasury any funds pursuant to this Act until sixty calendar days (exclusive of days on which either the Senate or the House of Representatives is not in session because of an adjournment of more than three days to a day certain) after he has submitted notice of his proposed action to the Committees on Interior and Insular Affairs of the Senate and House of Representatives unless each of said committees has theretofore notified him that it has no objection to the proposed action.

Approved September 22, 1961.
Public Law 87-284

AN ACT

To authorize the disposition of land no longer needed for the Chilocco Indian Industrial School at Chilocco, Oklahoma.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior is authorized to convey, without consideration, to Charlie Gray, his successors or assigns, and to Esau Greenwood, his successors or assigns, respectively, title to the homestead sites within the Chilocco Indian Industrial School Reserve that are described below when all payments required by their homestead agreements have been paid:

(a) Charlie Gray homestead: Beginning at a point 39 rods south of the northeast corner of the northeast quarter section 17, township 29 north, range 2 east, Indian meridian; thence 24 rods south, thence 33\(\frac{1}{3}\) rods west, thence 24 rods north, thence 33\(\frac{1}{3}\) rods east to point of beginning, containing 5 acres.

(b) Esau Greenwood homestead: Beginning at a point 67 rods north of southeast corner of the northeast quarter section 20, township 29 north, range 2 east, Indian meridian, thence north 20 rods, thence west 50 rods, thence south 10 rods, thence east 20 rods, thence south 10 rods, thence east 30 rods to point of beginning, containing 5 acres.

Approved September 22, 1961.

Public Law 87-285

AN ACT

To amend the Railroad Retirement Act of 1937 to provide reduced annuities to male employees who have attained age sixty-two, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 2(a)3 of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1937 is amended to read as follows:

"3. Men who will have attained the age of sixty and will have completed thirty years of service, or individuals who will have attained the age of sixty-two and will have completed less than thirty years of service, but the annuity of such men or such individuals shall be reduced by 1/180 for each calendar month that he or she is under age sixty-five when the annuity begins to accrue."

Sec. 2. Section 2(f) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1937 is amended by striking "three years" and inserting in lieu thereof "one year" and by inserting after the word "filed" where it first appears the following: "or in the month prior to her or his marriage to such annuitant or pensioner was eligible for an annuity under subsection (a) or (d) of section 5 of this Act or, on the basis of disability, under subsection (c) thereof."

Sec. 3. Section 5(1)(1) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1937 is amended by inserting before the semicolon at the end thereof the following: "Where a woman has qualified for an annuity under this section as a widow, and marries another employee who dies within one year after the marriage, she shall not be disqualified for an annuity under this section as the widow of the second employee by reason of not having been married to the employee for one year."

Sec. 4. The amendments made by this Act shall be effective with respect to annuities beginning to accrue in calendar months after the calendar month of enactment thereof.

Approved September 22, 1961.
Public Law 87-286

AN ACT

Concerning the White House and providing for the care and preservation of its historic and artistic contents.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all of that portion of reservation numbered 1 in the city of Washington, District of Columbia, which is within the President's park enclosure, comprising eighteen and seven one-hundredths acres, shall continue to be known as the White House and shall be administered pursuant to the Act of August 25, 1916 (39 Stat. 535; 16 U.S.C. 1-3), and Acts supplementary thereto and amendatory thereof. In carrying out this Act primary attention shall be given to the preservation and interpretation of the museum character of the principal corridor on the ground floor and the principal public rooms on the first floor of the White House, but nothing done under this Act shall conflict with the administration of the Executive offices of the President or with the use and occupancy of the buildings and grounds as the home of the President and his family and for his official purposes.

SEC. 2. Articles of furniture, fixtures, and decorative objects of the White House, when declared by the President to be of historic or artistic interest, together with such similar articles, fixtures, and objects as are acquired by the White House in the future when similarly so declared, shall thereafter be considered to be inalienable and the property of the White House. Any such article, fixture, or object when not in use or on display in the White House shall be transferred by direction of the President as a loan to the Smithsonian Institution for its care, study, and storage or exhibition, and such articles, fixtures, and objects shall be returned to the White House from the Smithsonian Institution on notice by the President.


Approved September 22, 1961.

Public Law 87-287

AN ACT

To grant minerals, including oil, gas, and other natural deposits, on certain lands in the Northern Cheyenne Indian Reservation, Montana, to certain Indians, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 3 of the Act of June 3, 1926 (44 Stat. 690), as amended by the Act of July 24, 1947 (61 Stat. 418), is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 3. (a) The coal or other minerals, including oil, gas, and other natural deposits, on said reservation are hereby reserved for the benefit of the tribe and may be leased with the consent of the Indian council for mining purposes in accordance with the provisions of the Act of May 11, 1938 (52 Stat. 347; 25 U.S.C. 396a-f), under such rules, regulations, and conditions as the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe: Provided, That at the expiration of fifty years from the date of the approval of this Act, the coal or other minerals, including oil, gas, and other natural deposits, of said allotments shall become the prop-
erty of the respective allottees or their heirs or devisees, subject to any outstanding leases, regardless of any prior conveyance by such allottee, heirs, or devisees of the land overlying such minerals, oil, gas, or other natural deposits and regardless of the form of reference in such conveyance, or lack of reference, to the minerals, oil, gas, or other natural deposits reserved by this Act.

"(b) Title to the minerals so granted shall be held by the United States in trust for the Indian owners, except that if upon the expiration of said fifty years the entire Indian interests in the minerals within any allotment or parcel thereof is granted by this Act to a person or persons who at that time hold an unrestricted title to the lands overlying such minerals, oil, gas, or other natural deposits, then the Secretary of the Interior shall by fee patent transfer to such person or persons the unrestricted fee simple title to such minerals, oil, gas, or other natural deposits, which title shall vest in such person or persons as of the date of the patent.

"(c) The unallotted lands of said tribe of Indians shall be held in common, subject to the control and management thereof as Congress may deem expedient for the benefit of said Indians."

Approved September 22, 1961.

Public Law 87-288

AN ACT

September 22, 1961

[S. 2241]

To donate to the Jicarilla Apache Tribe of the Jicarilla Reservation, New Mexico, approximately 391.43 acres of federally owned land.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the right, title, and interest of the United States in the following described land containing 391.43 acres, more or less, situated in the State of New Mexico and now in use by the Jicarilla Apache Tribe of the Jicarilla Reservation—

Township 32 north, range 1 west, New Mexico principal meridian:

Section 31, lots 1, 2, 3, east half northwest quarter, northeast quarter southwest quarter, containing 234.38 acres, more or less;

Section 30, lot 4, northeast quarter southwest quarter, lot 3, southeast quarter southwest quarter, containing 156.20 acres, more or less;

Beginning at corner numbered 1, from which the northwest corner of section 30, township 32 north, range 1 west, New Mexico principal meridian, bears north 57 degrees 40 minutes west a distance of 2,676 feet;

Thence from corner numbered 1 south 53 degrees 33 minutes west, a distance of 396 feet to corner numbered 2; thence south 36 degrees 27 minutes east a distance of 100 feet to corner numbered 3;

Thence north 53 degrees 33 minutes east, a distance of 352 feet to corner numbered 4; thence north 12 degrees 32 minutes west, a distance of 112 feet to point of beginning, containing 0.85 acres, more or less;

is hereby declared to be held by the United States in trust for the Jicarilla Apache Tribe of the Jicarilla Reservation, New Mexico, subject to a reservation of the right of the United States to use so much of said land, together with all facilities now thereon or hereafter installed by the United States, as shall in the opinion of the Secretary
of the Interior be needed for the administration of the affairs of the
tribe, and subject to a reservation in the United States of a right-of-
way across any part of said land which the Secretary of the Interior
deems desirable in connection with the administration of the affairs
of the tribe.

Sec. 2. The Indian Claims Commission is directed to determine in
accordance with the provisions of section 2 of the Act of August 13,
1946 (60 Stat. 1060), the extent to which the value of the title con-
veyed by this Act should or should not be set off against any claim
against the United States determined by the Commission.

Approved September 22, 1961.

Public Law 87-289

To authorize the Secretary of the Interior to replace lateral pipelines, line
discharge pipelines, and to do other work he determines to be required for the
Avondale, Dalton Gardens, and Hayden Lake Irrigation Districts in the
State of Idaho.

Sec. 2. Each irrigation district, starting with the year following
the completion of the work for the district under the authority of
this Act, shall repay the United States toward the cost thereof over
a forty-year period annual installments which, when added to those
payments required by existing repayment contracts between the
United States and the district, will be equal to the amortization capac-
ity of the lands of the district as that amortization capacity has been
heretofore established by the Secretary. In the event works or
capacity are provided hereunder at the request of the district in addi-
tion to those heretofore constructed by the United States and being
replaced or improved under authority of this Act, such work may be
undertaken by the Secretary at a cost not to exceed $125,000, and
payment therefor shall be made concurrently with other annual pay-
ments as provided for herein.

Sec. 3. Prior to initiating actual construction of any of the work
authorized in section 1 of this Act, the district shall be required to
enter into a contract with the United States satisfactory to the Secre-
tary to repay the United States toward the cost thereof as provided in
section 2 of this Act.

Sec. 4. The remaining costs of the work completed hereunder for
each district shall be returned to the reclamation fund within the
period provided for in section 2 of this Act from revenues derived by
the Secretary of the Interior from the disposition of power marketed
through the Bonneville Power Administration.

Sec. 5. There are hereby authorized to be appropriated such sums,
but not more than $1,611,000, as are necessary to carry out the provi-
sions of this Act.

Approved September 22, 1961.
Public Law 87-290

AN ACT

Making appropriations for the Departments of Labor, and Health, Education, and Welfare, and related agencies, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1962, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Departments of Labor, and Health, Education, and Welfare, and related agencies, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1962, namely:

TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for the Office of the Secretary of Labor (hereafter in this title referred to as the Secretary), purchase of one passenger motor vehicle for replacement only at not to exceed $5,000, $1,796,000, of which not more than $2,000 shall be for official entertainment expenses.

BUREAU OF LABOR-MANAGEMENT REPORTS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for the Bureau of Labor-Management Reports, $5,775,000.

BUREAU OF INTERNATIONAL LABOR AFFAIRS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for the conduct of international labor affairs, $500,000.

OFFICE OF THE SOLICITOR

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for the Office of the Solicitor, $1,116,000.

BUREAU OF LABOR STANDARDS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for the promotion of industrial safety, employment stabilization, and amicable industrial relations for labor and industry; performance of safety functions of the Secretary under the Federal Employees' Compensation Act, as amended (5 U.S.C. 784(c)) and the Longshoremen's and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act, as amended (72 Stat. 885); performance of the functions vested in the Secretary by sections 8 (b) and (c) of the Welfare and Pension Plans Disclosure Act (72 Stat. 997); and not less than $276,000 for the work of the President's Committee on Employment of the Physically Handicapped, as authorized by the Act of July 11, 1949 (63 Stat. 409); $3,258,000: Provided, That no part of the appropriation for the Presi-
dent's Committee shall be subject to reduction or transfer to any other department or agency under the provisions of any existing law; including purchase of reports and of material for informational exhibits.

**BUREAU OF VETERANS' REEMPLOYMENT RIGHTS**

**SALARIES AND EXPENSES**

For expenses necessary to render assistance in connection with the exercise of reemployment rights under section 8 of the Selective Training and Service Act of 1940, as amended (50 U.S.C. App. 308), the Service Extension Act of 1941, as amended (50 U.S.C. App. 331), the Army Reserve and Retired Personnel Service Law of 1940, as amended (50 U.S.C. App. 401), and section 9 of the Universal Military Training and Service Act (50 U.S.C. App. 459), and the Reserve Forces Act of 1955 (69 Stat. 598), $633,000.

**BUREAU OF APPRENTICESHIP AND TRAINING**

**SALARIES AND EXPENSES**

For expenses necessary to enable the Secretary to conduct a program of encouraging apprentice training, as authorized by the Acts of March 4, 1913 (5 U.S.C. 611), and August 16, 1937 (29 U.S.C. 50), $4,976,000.

**BUREAU OF EMPLOYMENT SECURITY**

**LIMITATION ON SALARIES AND EXPENSES**

For expenses necessary for the general administration of the employment service and unemployment compensation programs, including temporary employment of persons, without regard to the civil-service laws, for the farm placement migratory labor program; not more than $10,500,000 may be expended from the employment security administration account in the Unemployment trust fund, of which $1,369,000 shall be for carrying into effect the provisions of title IV (except section 602) of the Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944.

**LIMITATION ON GRANTS TO STATES FOR UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION AND EMPLOYMENT SERVICE ADMINISTRATION**

For grants in accordance with the provisions of the Act of June 6, 1933, as amended (29 U.S.C. 49-49n), for carrying into effect section 602 of the Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944, for grants to the States as authorized in title III of the Social Security Act, as amended (42 U.S.C. 501-503), including, upon the request of any State, the purchase of equipment, and the payment of rental for space made available to such State in lieu of grants for such purpose, for necessary expenses including purchasing and installing of air-conditioning equipment in connection with the operation of employment office facilities and services in the District of Columbia, and for the acquisition of a building through such arrangements as may be required to provide quarters for such offices and facilities in the District of Columbia and for the District of Columbia Unemployment Compensation Board, including conveyance by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia to the United States of title to the land on which such building is to be situated, subject to the same conditions with respect to the use of these funds for such purposes as are applicable to the procurement of buildings for other
State employment security agencies, and for expenses not otherwise provided for, necessary for carrying out title XV of the Social Security Act, as amended (68 Stat. 1130), not more than $405,000,000 may be expended from the employment security administration account in the Unemployment trust fund, of which $15,000,000 shall be available only to the extent necessary to meet increased costs of administration resulting from changes in a State law or increases in the numbers of claims filed and claims paid or increased salary costs resulting from changes in State salary compensation plans embracing employees of the State generally over those upon which the State's basic grant (or the allocation for the District of Columbia) was based, which increased costs of administration cannot be provided for by normal budgetary adjustments: Provided, That notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in section 302(a) of the Social Security Act, as amended, the Secretary of Labor shall from time to time certify to the Secretary of the Treasury for payment to each State found to be in compliance with the requirements of the Act of June 6, 1933, and, except in the case of Guam and the Virgin Islands, with the provisions of section 303 of the Social Security Act, as amended, such amounts as he determines to be necessary for the proper and efficient administration of its unemployment compensation law and of its public employment offices: Provided further, That such amounts as may be agreed upon by the Department of Labor and the Post Office Department shall be used for the payment, in such manner as said parties may jointly determine, of postage for the transmission of official mail matter in connection with the administration of unemployment compensation systems and employment services by States receiving grants herefrom.

In carrying out the provisions of said Act of June 6, 1933, the provisions of section 303(a)(1) of the Social Security Act, as amended, relating to the establishment and maintenance of personnel standards on the merit basis, shall apply.

None of the funds appropriated by this title to the Bureau of Employment Security for grants-in-aid of State agencies to cover, in whole or in part, the cost of operation of said agencies, including the salaries and expenses of officers and employees of said agencies, shall be withheld from the said agencies of any States which have established by legislative enactment and have in operation a merit system and classification and compensation plan covering the selection, tenure in office, and compensation of their employees, because of any disapproval of their personnel or the manner of their selection by the agencies of the said States, or the rates of pay of said officers or employees.

Grants to States, next succeeding fiscal year: For making, after May 31 of the current fiscal year, payments to States under title III of the Social Security Act, as amended, and under the Act of June 6, 1933, as amended, for the first quarter of the next succeeding fiscal year, such sums as may be necessary, the obligations incurred and the expenditures made thereunder for payments under such title and under such Act of June 6, 1933, to be charged to the appropriation therefor for that fiscal year: Provided, That the payments made pursuant to this paragraph shall not exceed the amount paid to the States for the first quarter of the current fiscal year.
PAYMENT TO THE FEDERAL EXTENDED COMPENSATION ACCOUNT

For payment into the Federal extended compensation account of the unemployment trust fund, as repayable advances, as authorized by section 13 of the Temporary Extended Unemployment Compensation Act of 1961, $340,000,000, to remain available only until September 30, 1962.

ADDITIONS TO EMPLOYMENT SECURITY ADMINISTRATION ACCOUNT, UNEMPLOYMENT TRUST FUND

For an additional amount for capital for the Revolving fund, $20,000,000.

UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION FOR FEDERAL EMPLOYEES AND EX-SERVICEMEN

For payments to unemployed Federal employees and ex-servicemen, either directly or through payments to States, as authorized by title XV of the Social Security Act, as amended, $147,000,000.

Unemployment compensation for Federal employees and ex-servicemen, next succeeding fiscal year: For making, after May 31 of the current fiscal year, payments to States, as authorized by title XV of the Social Security Act, as amended, such amounts as may be required for payment to unemployed Federal employees and ex-servicemen for the first quarter of the next succeeding fiscal year, and the obligations and expenditures thereunder shall be charged to the appropriation therefor for that fiscal year: Provided, That the payments made pursuant to this paragraph shall not exceed the amount paid to the States for the first quarter of the current fiscal year.

COMPLIANCE ACTIVITIES, MEXICAN FARM LABOR PROGRAM

For expenses necessary to enable the Department to determine compliance with the provisions of contracts entered into pursuant to the Act of July 12, 1951, as amended, $720,000.

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, MEXICAN FARM LABOR PROGRAM

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary to carry out the functions of the Department of Labor under the Act of July 12, 1951, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1461-1468), including temporary employment of persons without regard to the civil-service laws, $925,000, which shall be derived by transfer from the Farm labor supply revolving fund.

BUREAU OF EMPLOYEES' COMPENSATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary administrative expenses and not to exceed $103,225 for the Employees' Compensation Appeals Board, $3,834,000, together with not to exceed $55,000 to be derived from the fund created by section 44 of the Longshoremen's and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act, as amended (33 U.S.C. 944).
For the payment of compensation and other benefits and expenses (except administrative expenses) authorized by law and accruing during the current or any prior fiscal year, including payments to other Federal agencies for medical and hospital services pursuant to agreement approved by the Bureau of Employees' Compensation; continuation of payment of benefits as provided for under the head "Civilian War Benefits" in the Federal Security Agency Appropriation Act, 1947; the advancement of costs for enforcement of recoveries in third-party cases; the furnishing of medical and hospital services and supplies, treatment, and funeral and burial expenses, including transportation and other expenses incidental to such services, treatment, and burial, for such enrollees of the Civilian Conservation Corps as were certified by the Director of such Corps as receiving hospital services and treatment at Government expense on June 30, 1943, and who are not otherwise entitled thereto as civilian employees of the United States, and the limitations and authority of the Act of September 7, 1916, as amended (5 U.S.C. 796), shall apply in providing such services, treatment, and expenses in such cases and for payments pursuant to sections 4(c) and 5(f) of the War Claims Act of 1948 (50 U.S.C. App. 2012); $64,000,000: Provided, That, in the adjudication of claims under section 42 of the said Act of 1916, for benefits payable from this appropriation, authority under section 32 of the Act to make rules and regulations shall be construed to include the nature and extent of the proofs and evidence required to establish the right to such benefits without regard to the date of the injury or death for which claim is made.

**Bureau of Labor Statistics**

**Salaries and Expenses**

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary for the work of the Bureau of Labor Statistics, including advances or reimbursement to State, Federal, and local agencies and their employees for services rendered, $12,667,000.

**Revision of the Consumer Price Index**

For expenses necessary to enable the Bureau of Labor Statistics to revise the Consumer Price Index, including not to exceed $250,000 for temporary employees at rates to be fixed by the Secretary of Labor (but not to exceed a rate equivalent to that for general schedule grade 9) without regard to the civil service laws and Classification Act of 1949, as amended, $2,100,000.

**Women's Bureau**

**Salaries and Expenses**

For expenses necessary for the work of the Women's Bureau, as authorized by the Act of June 5, 1920 (29 U.S.C. 11-16), including purchase of reports and material for informational exhibits, $668,000.
For expenses necessary for performing the duties imposed by the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended, and the Act to provide conditions for the purchase of supplies and the making of contracts by the United States, approved June 30, 1936, as amended (41 U.S.C. 35–45), including reimbursement to State, Federal, and local agencies and their employees for inspection services rendered, $17,307,000.

This title may be cited as the “Department of Labor Appropriation Act, 1962”.

TITLE II—DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE

Food and Drug Administration

For necessary expenses not otherwise provided for, of the Food and Drug Administration, including reporting and illustrating the results of investigations; purchase of chemicals, apparatus, and scientific equipment; payment in advance for special tests and analyses by contract; and payment of fees, travel, and per diem in connection with studies of new developments pertinent to food and drug enforcement operations; $23,000,000.

Salaries and expenses, certification, inspection, and other services

For expenses necessary for the listing, certification or inspection of certain products, and for the establishment of tolerances for pesticides and color additives, in accordance with sections 406, 408, 504, 506, 507, 604, 702A, and 706 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, as amended (21 U.S.C. 346, 346a, 354, 356, 357, 364, 372a, and 376), the aggregate of the advance deposits during the current fiscal year to cover payments of fees for services in connection with such certifications, inspections, or establishment of tolerances, to remain available until expended. The total amount herein appropriated shall be available for purchase of chemicals, apparatus, and scientific equipment; expenses of advisory committees; and the refund of advance deposits for which no service has been rendered.

Pharmacological-animal laboratory building

For plans, specifications, and construction of a special pharmacological-animal laboratory for the Food and Drug Administration, $1,750,000, to remain available until expended.

Freedmen's Hospital

Salaries and expenses

For expenses necessary for operation and maintenance, including repairs; furnishing, repairing, and cleaning of wearing apparel used by employees in the performance of their official duties; transfer of funds to the appropriation “Salaries and expenses, Howard University” for salaries of technical and professional personnel detailed to the hospital; payments to the appropriation of Howard University
for actual cost of heat, light, and power furnished by such university; $3,736,000: Provided, That no intern or resident physician receiving compensation from this appropriation on a full-time basis shall receive compensation in the form of wages or salary from any other appropriation in this title: Provided further, That the District of Columbia shall pay by check to Freedmen's Hospital, upon the Surgeon General's request, in advance at the beginning of each quarter, such amount as the Surgeon General calculates will be earned on the basis of rates approved by the Bureau of the Budget for the care of patients certified by the District of Columbia. Bills rendered by the Surgeon General on the basis of such calculations shall not be subject to audit or certification in advance of payment; but proper adjustment of amounts which have been paid in advance on the basis of such calculations shall be made at the end of each quarter: Provided further, That the Surgeon General may delegate the responsibilities imposed upon him by the foregoing proviso.

Office of Education

Promotion and Further Development of Vocational Education

For carrying out the provisions of section 3 of the Vocational Education Act of 1946, as amended (20 U.S.C. 15j), and section 202 of said Act (20 U.S.C. 15bb), section 1 of the Act of March 3, 1931 (20 U.S.C. 30), the Act of March 18, 1950 (20 U.S.C. 31–33), and section 9 of the Act of August 1, 1956 (20 U.S.C. 34), including $4,000,000 for extension and improvement of practical nurse training under title II of the Vocational Education Act of 1946, as amended, which sum shall be available under such title also for the expansion and improvement of programs of practical nurse training in effect prior to August 2, 1956, and $180,000 for vocational education in the fishery trades and industry including distributive occupations therein, $33,672,000: Provided, That the amount of allotment which States and Territories are not prepared to use may be reapportioned among other States and Territories applying therefor for use in the programs for which the funds were originally apportioned.

Further Endowment of Colleges of Agriculture and the Mechanic Arts

For carrying out the provisions of section 22 of the Act of June 29, 1935, as amended (7 U.S.C. 329), $8,194,000.

Land-Grant College Aid

For an additional payment to the State of Hawaii, as authorized by section 14(e) of the Hawaii Omnibus Act (Public Law 86–624, approved July 12, 1960), $3,775,000.

Grants for Library Services

For grants to the States, pursuant to the Act of June 19, 1956, as amended (20 U.S.C. 351–358), $7,500,000.

Payments to School Districts

For payments to local educational agencies for the maintenance and operation of schools as authorized by the Act of September 30, 1950, as amended (20 U.S.C., ch. 13), $85,700,000: Provided, That this appropriation shall also be available for carrying out the provisions of section 6 of such Act.
ASSISTANCE FOR SCHOOL CONSTRUCTION

For an additional amount for providing school facilities and for grants to local educational agencies in federally affected areas, as authorized by the Act of September 23, 1950, as amended (20 U.S.C., ch. 19), including not to exceed $810,000 for necessary expenses during the current fiscal year of technical services rendered by other agencies, $24,850,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be available for salaries or other direct expenses of the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare.

DEFENSE EDUCATIONAL ACTIVITIES

For grants, loans, and payments under the National Defense Education Act of 1958 (72 Stat. 1580-1605), $211,557,000, of which $75,145,000 shall be for capital contributions to student loan funds and loans for non-Federal capital contributions to student loan funds, of which not to exceed $1,800,000 shall be for such loans for non-Federal capital contributions; $54,000,000 shall be for grants to States and loans to nonprofit private schools for science, mathematics, or modern foreign language equipment and minor remodeling of facilities; $3,750,000 shall be for grants to States for supervisory and other services; $12,800,000 shall be for grants to States for area vocational education programs; and $15,000,000 shall be for grants to States for testing, guidance, and counseling: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be available for the purchase of science, mathematics, and modern language teaching equipment, or equipment suitable for use for teaching in such fields of education, which can be identified as originating in or having been exported from a Communist country, unless such equipment is unavailable from any other source: Provided further, That no part of this appropriation shall be available for graduate fellowships awarded initially under the provisions of the Act after the date of enactment of the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare Appropriation Act, 1962, which are not found by the Commissioner of Education to be consistent with the purpose of the Act as stated in section 101 thereof.

Loans and payments under the National Defense Education Act, next succeeding fiscal year: For making, after May 31 of the current fiscal year, loans and payments under title II of the National Defense Education Act, for the first quarter of the next succeeding fiscal year such sums as may be necessary, the obligations incurred and the expenditures made thereunder to be charged to the appropriation for the same purpose for that fiscal year: Provided, That the payments made pursuant to this paragraph shall not exceed the amount paid for the same purposes for the first quarter of the current fiscal year.

EXPANSION OF TEACHING IN EDUCATION OF THE MENTALLY RETARDED

For grants to public or other nonprofit institutions of higher learning and to State educational agencies, pursuant to the Act of September 6, 1958, as amended (20 U.S.C. 611-617), $1,000,000.
SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for the Office of Education, including surveys, studies, investigations, and reports regarding libraries; coordination of library service on the national level with other forms of adult education; development of library service throughout the country; purchase, distribution, and exchange of educational documents, motion-picture films, and lantern slides; $11,594,000.

COOPERATIVE RESEARCH

For cooperative research, surveys, and demonstrations in education as authorized by the Act of July 26, 1954 (20 U.S.C. 351-332), $5,000,000.

OFFICE OF VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION

GRANTS TO STATES

For grants to States in accordance with the Vocational Rehabilitation Act, as amended, $64,450,000, of which $62,950,000 is for vocational rehabilitation services under section 2 of said Act; and $1,500,000 is for extension and improvement projects under section 3 of said Act: Provided, That allotments under section 2 of said Act to the States for the current fiscal year shall be made on the basis of $90,000,000, and this amount shall be considered the sum available for allotments under such section for such fiscal year.

Grants to States, next succeeding fiscal year: For making, after May 31, of the current fiscal year, grants to States under sections 2 and 3 of the Vocational Rehabilitation Act, as amended, for the first quarter of the next succeeding fiscal year such sums as may be necessary, the obligations incurred and the expenditures made thereunder to be charged to the appropriation therefor for that fiscal year: Provided, That the payments made pursuant to this paragraph shall not exceed the amount paid to the States for the first quarter of the current fiscal year.

RESEARCH AND TRAINING

For grants and other expenses (except administrative expenses) for research, training, traineeships, and other special projects, pursuant to section 4 of the Vocational Rehabilitation Act, as amended, for expenses of carrying out the training functions provided for in section 7 of said Act, and for expenses of studies, investigations, demonstrations, and reports, and of dissemination of information with respect thereto pursuant to section 7 of said Act, $20,250,000.

RESEARCH AND TRAINING (SPECIAL FOREIGN CURRENCY PROGRAM)

For purchase of foreign currencies which accrue under title I of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1704), for the purposes authorized by section 104(k) of that Act, and for carrying out the functions of the Office of Vocational Rehabilitation under the International Health Research Act of 1960 (74 Stat. 364), to remain available until expended, $1,372,000, which shall be available to purchase currencies which the Treasury Department shall determine to be excess to the normal requirements of the United States.
For expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary in carrying out the provisions of the Vocational Rehabilitation Act, as amended, and of the Act approved June 20, 1936 (20 U.S.C., ch. 6A), as amended, $2,325,000.

PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE

PREAMBLE

For necessary expenses in carrying out the Public Health Service Act, as amended (42 U.S.C., ch. 6A) (hereinafter referred to as the Act), and other Acts, including expenses for active commissioned officers in the Reserve Corps and for not to exceed two thousand six hundred commissioned officers in the Regular Corps; expenses incident to the dissemination of health information in foreign countries through exhibits and other appropriate means; expenses of primary and secondary schooling of dependents, in foreign countries, of Public Health Service personnel stationed in foreign countries, in amounts not to exceed an average of $285 per student, when it is determined by the Secretary that the schools, if any, available in the locality are unable to provide adequately for the education of such dependents, and for the transportation of such dependents between such schools and their places of residence when the schools are not accessible to such dependents by regular means of transportation; not to exceed $1,000 for entertainment of visiting scientists when specifically approved by the Surgeon General; purchase, erection, and maintenance of temporary or portable structures; and for the payment of compensation to consultants or individual scientists appointed for limited periods of time pursuant to section 207(f) or section 207(g) of the Act at rates established by the Surgeon General not to exceed $19,000 per annum; as follows:

BUILDINGS AND FACILITIES

For construction, major repair, improvement, extension, and equipment of Public Health Service facilities, not otherwise provided, including plans and specifications and acquisition of sites, $16,630,000, to remain available until expended.

ACCIDENT PREVENTION

To carry out section 301 of the Act, and for expenses necessary for demonstrations and training personnel for State and local health work pursuant to section 314(c) of the Act, with respect to accident prevention, $3,618,000.

CHRONIC DISEASES AND HEALTH OF THE AGED

To carry out section 311 of the Act, and for expenses necessary for research, demonstrations, and technical assistance under section 301 of the Act and demonstrations and training personnel for State and local health work under section 314(c) of the Act, with respect to chronic diseases and health problems of the aged, $3,958,000.
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COMMUNICABLE DISEASE ACTIVITIES

To carry out, except as otherwise provided for, those provisions of sections 301, 311, 314(c), and 361 of the Act relating to the prevention and suppression of communicable and preventable diseases, and the interstate transmission and spread thereof, including the purchase of not to exceed three passenger motor vehicles for replacement only; and hire, maintenance, and operation of aircraft; $10,000,000.

COMMUNITY HEALTH PRACTICE AND RESEARCH

To carry out, to the extent not otherwise provided, sections 306, 309, 311, and 314(c) of the Act and for expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary for research, technical assistance, and demonstrations pursuant to section 301 of the Act, $23,961,000.

CONTROL OF TUBERCULOSIS

To carry out the purposes of section 314(b) of the Act, $6,493,000, of which $500,000 shall be available for grants of money, services, supplies and equipment to States, and with the approval of the respective State health authority, to counties, health districts and other political subdivisions of the States for the control of tuberculosis in such amounts and upon such terms and conditions as the Surgeon General may determine, and of which not less than $3,500,000 shall be available only for grants to States, to be matched by an equal amount of State and local funds expended for the same purpose, for direct expenses of prevention and case-finding projects, including salaries, fees, and travel of personnel directly engaged in prevention and case finding and the necessary equipment and supplies used directly in prevention and case finding operations, but excluding the purchase of care in hospitals and sanatoriums.

CONTROL OF VENEREAL DISEASES

To carry out the purposes of sections 314(a) and 363 of the Act with respect to venereal diseases and for grants of money, services, supplies, equipment, and use of facilities to States, as defined in the Act, and with the approval of the respective State health authorities, to counties, health districts, and other political subdivisions of the States, for venereal disease control activities, in such amounts and upon such terms and conditions as the Surgeon General may determine; $6,000,000.

DENTAL SERVICES AND RESOURCES

To carry out section 311 of the Act, and for expenses necessary for research, demonstrations, and technical assistance under section 301 of the Act, with respect to dental health activities, except as otherwise provided for the National Institute of Dental Research, $2,500,000.

NURSING SERVICES AND RESOURCES

To carry out section 311 of the Act, and for expenses necessary for research, demonstrations, and technical assistance pursuant to section 301 of the Act, with respect to nursing services and resources, and to carry out section 307 of the Act, $7,675,000.
HOSPITAL CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES

To carry out the provisions of title VI of the Act, as amended, $203,000,000, of which $140,028,000 plus $9,972,000 which the Surgeon General is authorized and directed to transfer from the sums set forth herein for section 636 and for grants or loans for facilities pursuant to part G shall be for grants or loans for hospitals and related facilities pursuant to part C, $1,200,000 shall be for the purposes authorized in section 636, and $60,000,000 shall be for grants or loans for facilities pursuant to part G, as follows: $20,000,000 for diagnostic or treatment centers, $20,000,000 for hospitals for the chronically ill and impaired, $10,000,000 for rehabilitation facilities, and $10,000,000 for nursing homes; Provided, That allotments under such parts C and G to the several States for the current fiscal year shall be made on the basis of amounts equal to the limitations specified herein.

AIR POLLUTION

To carry out the Act of July 14, 1955, as amended (42 U.S.C. 1857-1857f), for expenses necessary to carry out the purposes of section 301 of the Act relating to air pollution, and to carry out the Act of June 8, 1960 (74 Stat. 162), including purchase of not to exceed one passenger motor vehicle for replacement only; and hire, maintenance, and operation of aircraft; $8,800,000, to remain available only until June 30, 1962.

MILK, FOOD, INTERSTATE, AND COMMUNITY SANITATION

To carry out sections 301, 311, and 361 of the Act, and for expenses necessary for demonstrations and training personnel for State and local health work under section 314(c) of the Act, with respect to milk, food, and community sanitation, and interstate quarantine activities, including purchase of not to exceed one passenger motor vehicle for replacement only, $7,424,000.

OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH

To carry out sections 301 and 311 of the Act, and for expenses necessary for demonstrations and training personnel for State and local health work under section 314(c) of the Act, with respect to occupational health, including purchase of not to exceed two passenger motor vehicles for replacement only, $3,081,000.

RADIOLOGICAL HEALTH

To carry out sections 301, 311, and 314(c) of the Act, with respect to radiological health, including grants for training of radiological health specialists; purchase of not to exceed five passenger motor vehicles for replacement only; and hire, maintenance, and operation of aircraft; $10,647,000.

WATER SUPPLY AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL

To carry out sections 301, 311, and 361 of the Act with respect to water supply and water pollution control, and to carry out the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended (33 U.S.C. 466-466d, 466f-466k), $15,028,000, including $2,700,000 for grants to States and $300,000 for grants to interstate agencies under section 5 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended; and purchase of not to exceed two passenger motor vehicles for replacement only.
GRANTS FOR WASTE TREATMENT WORKS CONSTRUCTION

For payments under section 6 of the Water Pollution Control Act, as amended (33 U.S.C. 466e), $50,000,000.

HOSPITALS AND MEDICAL CARE

For carrying out the functions of the Public Health Service, not otherwise provided for, under the Act of August 8, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 150), including $2,422,000 to be available only for payments for medical care of dependents and retired personnel under the Dependents' Medical Care Act (37 U.S.C., chap. 7) and under sections 321, 322, 324, 326, 331, 332, 341, 343, 344, 502, and 504 of the Act, section 810 of the Act of July 1, 1944, as amended (33 U.S.C. 763c), Private Law 419 of the Eighty-third Congress, as amended, and Executive Order 9079 of February 28, 1942, including purchase and exchange of farm products and livestock; purchase of not to exceed three passenger motor vehicles for replacement only; and purchase of firearms and ammunition; $49,835,000, of which $1,200,000 shall be available only for payments to the State of Hawaii for care and treatment of persons afflicted with leprosy: Provided, That when the Public Health Service establishes or operates a health service program for any department or agency, payment for the estimated cost shall be made in advance for deposit to the credit of this appropriation: Provided further, That this appropriation shall be available for medical, surgical, and dental treatment and hospitalization of retired ships' officers and members of crews of Coast and Geodetic Survey vessels, and their dependents, and for payment therefor: Provided further, That the limitation under the head "Hospitals and medical care" in the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare Appropriation Act, 1959, on the amount available for payments for medical care of dependents and retired personnel under the Dependents' Medical Care Act (37 U.S.C., chap. 7) is increased from "$1,866,000" to "$1,880,000".

FOREIGN QUARANTINE ACTIVITIES

For carrying out the purposes of sections 361 to 369 of the Act, relating to preventing the introduction of communicable diseases from foreign countries, the medical examination of aliens in accordance with section 325 of the Act, and the care and treatment of quarantine detainees pursuant to section 322(e) of the Act in private or other public hospitals when facilities of the Public Health Service are not available, including insurance of official motor vehicles in foreign countries when required by law of such countries, $6,084,000, of which $734,000 shall be available for construction of wharf facilities at the Rosebank Quarantine Station.

GENERAL RESEARCH AND SERVICES, NATIONAL INSTITUTES OF HEALTH

For the activities of the National Institutes of Health, not otherwise provided for, including research fellowships and grants for research projects and training grants pursuant to section 301 of the Act; regulation and preparation of biologic products, and conduct of research related thereto; and grants of therapeutic and chemical substances for demonstrations and research; $127,637,000: Provided, That funds advanced to the National Institutes of Health management fund from appropriations included in this Act shall be available for not to exceed $2,500 for entertainment of visiting scientists when...
specifically approved by the Surgeon General: *Provided further,* That all appropriations made to the Public Health Service in this Act, and available for research or training projects, may be expended pursuant to contracts made on a cost or other basis for supplies and services, including indemnification of contractors to the extent and subject to the limitations provided in title 10, United States Code, section 2354, except that approval and certification required thereby shall be by the Surgeon General.

**NATIONAL CANCER INSTITUTE**

To enable the Surgeon General, upon the recommendations of the National Advisory Cancer Council, to make grants-in-aid for research and training projects relating to cancer; to cooperate with State health agencies, and other public and private nonprofit institutions, in the prevention, control, and eradication of cancer by providing consultative services, demonstrations, and grants-in-aid; and to otherwise carry out the provisions of title IV, part A, of the Act; $142,836,000: *Provided,* That amounts appropriated under this head in the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare Appropriation Act, 1961, for plans and specifications for a research facility for the National Cancer Institute shall remain available until June 30, 1962.

**MENTAL HEALTH ACTIVITIES**

For expenses necessary for carrying out the provisions of sections 301, 302, 303, 311, 312, and 314(c) of the Act with respect to mental diseases, $108,876,000.

**NATIONAL HEART INSTITUTE**

For expenses necessary to carry out the purposes of the National Heart Act, $132,912,000, of which $1,000,000, to remain available until December 31, 1962, shall be available for plans and specifications for a gerontological research building and appurtenant facilities.

**NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF DENTAL RESEARCH**

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary to enable the Surgeon General to carry out the purposes of the Act with respect to dental diseases and conditions, $17,340,000.

**ARTHRITIS AND METABOLIC DISEASE ACTIVITIES**

For expenses necessary to carry out the purposes of the Act relating to arthritis, rheumatism, and metabolic diseases, $81,831,000.

**ALLERGY AND INFECTIOUS DISEASE ACTIVITIES**

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary to carry out the purposes of the Act relating to allergy and infectious diseases, $56,091,000, of which $250,000 shall be available for payment to the Gorgas Memorial Institute for maintenance and operation of the Gorgas Memorial Laboratory, and of which $750,000 shall be available for modernization, including renovation and alterations, planning and construction, of the Rocky Mountain Laboratory, Hamilton, Montana.
NEUROLOGY AND BLINDNESS ACTIVITIES

For expenses necessary to carry out the purposes of the Act relating to neurology and blindness; to cooperate with State health agencies, and other public and private nonprofit institutions, in the prevention, control, and eradication of neurological and sensory diseases and blindness by providing for consultative services, training, demonstrations, and other control activities, directly and through grants-in-aid, $70,812,000.

NATIONAL INSTITUTES OF HEALTH MANAGEMENT FUND

The paragraph under this head in the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare Appropriation Act, 1958 (71 Stat. 220) is amended by striking out the words “cost of such operation” in the second sentence of such paragraph, and inserting in lieu thereof “reasonable value of the meals served”.

GRANTS FOR CANCER RESEARCH FACILITIES

For making grants, as authorized by section 433(a) of the Act, for the construction of cancer research facilities, $5,000,000.

HOSPITAL AND MEDICAL FACILITY RESEARCH

For research and demonstration in the development and utilization of services and hospital and other medical facilities, including grants for construction and equipment of experimental or demonstration hospitals and other medical facilities, as authorized by section 636 of the Act, $10,000,000: Provided, That none of these funds shall be used to pay in excess of two-thirds of the cost of such construction and equipment: Provided further, That this paragraph shall be effective only upon enactment into law of H.R. 4998, Eighty-seventh Congress, or similar legislation.

GRANTS FOR CONSTRUCTION OF HEALTH RESEARCH FACILITIES

For grants pursuant to the Health Research Facilities Act of 1956, as amended by the Act of August 27, 1958 (72 Stat. 933), $30,000,000.

SCIENTIFIC ACTIVITIES OVERSEAS (SPECIAL FOREIGN CURRENCY PROGRAM)

For purchase of foreign currencies which accrue under title I of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1704), for the purposes authorized by section 194(k) of that Act, and for carrying out the functions of the Public Health Service, not otherwise provided for, under the International Health Research Act of 1960 (74 Stat. 364), to remain available until expended, $9,000,000, which shall be available to purchase currencies which the Treasury Department shall determine to be excess to the normal requirements of the United States.

NATIONAL HEALTH STATISTICS

For expenses of the National Center for Health Statistics in carrying out the provisions of sections 301, 305, 312(a), 313, 314(c), and 315 of the Act, $4,642,000.
For expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary to carry out the National Library of Medicine Act (42 U.S.C. 275), $2,066,000.

For retired pay of commissioned officers, as authorized by law, and for payments under the Uniformed Services Contingency Option Act of 1953, such amount as may be required during the current fiscal year.

For the divisions and offices of the Office of the Surgeon General and for miscellaneous expenses of the Public Health Service not appropriated for elsewhere, including preparing information, articles, and publications related to public health; and conducting studies and demonstrations in public health methods, $5,375,000.

For expenses necessary for the maintenance and operation of the hospital, including clothing for patients, and cooperation with organizations or individuals in the scientific research into the nature, causes, prevention, and treatment of mental illness, $5,105,000.

For construction, alterations, extension, and equipment, of buildings and facilities on the grounds of the hospital, including preparation of plans and specifications, advertising, and supervision of construction, $575,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That the unexpended balances of appropriations as of June 30, 1961, heretofore made available for construction, improvement, extension, or equipment of any Saint Elizabeths Hospital facilities, shall be merged with this appropriation.

For necessary expenses, not more than $241,070,000 may be expended from the Federal old-age and survivors insurance trust fund: Provided, That such amounts as are required shall be available to pay the cost of necessary travel incident to medical examinations for verifying disabilities of individuals who file applications for disability determinations under title II of the Social Security Act, as amended, and for acquisition of land adjacent to the site of the Social Security Building in Baltimore County, Maryland: Provided further, That $10,000,000 of the foregoing amount shall be apportioned for use pursuant to section 3679 of the Revised Statutes as amended (31 U.S.C. 665), only to the extent necessary to process claims workloads not anticipated in the budget estimates and after maximum absorption of the costs of such claims workload within the existing limitation has been achieved.
Advances to States, next succeeding fiscal year: For making, after May 31 of the current fiscal year, advances to States under section 221(e) of the Social Security Act, as amended, for the first quarter of the next succeeding fiscal year, such sums as may be necessary from the above authorization may be expended from the Federal old-age and survivors insurance trust fund.

GRANTS TO STATES FOR PUBLIC ASSISTANCE

For grants to States for old-age assistance, medical assistance for the aged, aid to dependent children, aid to the blind, and aid to the permanently and totally disabled, as authorized in titles I, IV, X, and XIV of the Social Security Act, as amended (42 U.S.C., ch. 7, subchs. I, IV, X, and XIV), $2,401,200,000, of which such amount as may be necessary shall be available for grants for any period in the prior fiscal year subsequent to March 31 of that year.

HOSPITALIZATION AND SERVICES FOR REPATRIATED MENTALLY ILL AMERICAN NATIONALS

For necessary expenses of carrying out the provisions of the Act of July 5, 1960 (74 Stat. 308), and for care and treatment in accordance with the Acts of March 2, 1929, and October 29, 1941, as amended (24 U.S.C. 191a, 196a), $364,000.

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, BUREAU OF PUBLIC ASSISTANCE

For expenses necessary for the Bureau of Public Assistance, $3,442,000.

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, CHILDREN’S BUREAU

For necessary expenses in carrying out the Act of April 9, 1912, as amended (42 U.S.C., ch. 6), and title V of the Social Security Act, as amended (42 U.S.C., ch. 7, subch. V), including purchase of reports and material for the publications of the Children’s Bureau and of reprints for distribution, $2,668,000: Provided, That no part of any appropriation contained in this title shall be used to promulgate or carry out any instructions, order, or regulation relating to the care of obstetrical cases which discriminate between persons licensed under State law to practice obstetrics: Provided further, That the foregoing proviso shall not be so construed as to prevent any patient from having the services of any practitioner of her own choice, paid for out of this fund, so long as State laws are complied with: Provided further, That any State plan which provides standards for professional obstetrical services in accordance with the laws of the State shall be approved.

GRANTS FOR MATERNAL AND CHILD WELFARE

For grants for maternal and child-health services, services for crippled children, and child-welfare services as authorized in title V, parts 1, 2, and 3, of the Social Security Act, as amended (42 U.S.C., ch. 7, subch. V; 74 Stat. 995-997), $69,100,000, of which $25,000,000 shall be available for services for crippled children, $25,000,000 for maternal and child-health services, $18,750,000 for child-welfare services, and $350,000 for research or demonstration projects in child welfare: Provided, That any allotment to a State pursuant to section 502(b) or 512(b) of such Act shall not be included in computing for...
the purposes of subsections (a) and (b) of sections 504 and 514 of such Act an amount expended or estimated to be expended by the State: Provided further, That $1,000,000 of the amount available under section 502(b) of such Act shall be used only for special projects for mentally retarded children.

COOPERATIVE RESEARCH OR DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS IN SOCIAL SECURITY

For grants, contracts, and jointly financed cooperative arrangements for research or demonstration projects under section 1110 of the Social Security Act, as amended (42 U.S.C. 1310), $700,000.

RESEARCH AND TRAINING (SPECIAL FOREIGN CURRENCY PROGRAM)

For purchase of foreign currencies which accrue under Title I of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1704), for the purposes authorized by section 104(k) of that Act, and for carrying out the functions of the Social Security Administration under the International Health Research Act of 1960 (74 Stat. 364), to remain available until expended, $1,607,000, which shall be available to purchase currencies which the Treasury Department shall determine to be excess to the normal requirements of the United States.

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER

For expenses necessary for the Office of the Commissioner of Social Security, $590,000, together with not to exceed $322,000 to be transferred from the Federal old-age and survivors insurance trust fund.

Grants to States, next succeeding fiscal year: For making, after May 31 of the current fiscal year, payments to States under titles I, IV, V, X, and XIV, respectively, of the Social Security Act, as amended, for the first quarter of the next succeeding fiscal year, such sums as may be necessary, the obligations incurred and the expenditures made thereunder for payments under each of such titles to be charged to the appropriation therefor for that fiscal year: Provided, That the payments made under each of such titles pursuant to this paragraph shall not exceed the amount paid for the first quarter of the current fiscal year.

In the administration of titles I, IV, V, X, and XIV, respectively, of the Social Security Act, as amended, payments to a State under any of such titles for any quarter in the period beginning April 1 of the prior year, and ending June 30 of the current year, may be made with respect to a State plan approved under such title prior to or during such period, but no such payment shall be made with respect to any plan for any quarter prior to the quarter in which such plan was submitted for approval.
For carrying out the Act of March 3, 1879, as amended (20 U.S.C. 101-105), $400,000.

Gallaudet College

Salaries and Expenses

For the partial support of Gallaudet College, including personal services and miscellaneous expenses, and repairs and improvements, as authorized by the Act of June 18, 1954 (Public Law 420), $1,256,000: Provided, That Gallaudet College shall be paid by the District of Columbia, in advance at the beginning of each quarter, at a rate not less than $1,295 per school year for each student attending and receiving instructions in elementary or secondary education pursuant to the Act of March 1, 1901 (31 D.C. Code 1008).

Construction

For construction, alteration, renovation, equipment, and improvement of buildings and facilities on the grounds of Gallaudet College, as authorized by the Act of June 18, 1954 (Public Law 420), under the supervision of the General Services Administration, including planning, architectural, and engineering services, $601,000, to remain available until expended.

Howard University

Salaries and Expenses

For the partial support of Howard University, including personal services and miscellaneous expenses and repairs to buildings and grounds, $7,007,000.

Plans and Specifications

For necessary expenses for the preparation of plans and specifications for construction, under the supervision of the General Services Administration, on the grounds of Howard University, of a men's dormitory, a warehouse service building, and site planning, including architectural and engineering services, $211,000, to remain available until expended.

Construction of Buildings

For the construction and equipment of a physical education building and powerplant facilities under the supervision of the General Services Administration, on the grounds of Howard University, including engineering and architectural services and travel, $4,447,000, to remain available until expended.

Construction of Auditorium-Fine Arts Building

For payment of obligations incurred under authority previously provided, to enter into contracts for the construction of the auditorium-fine arts building, $95,000.
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for the Office of the Secretary, $2,382,000, together with not to exceed $352,000 to be transferred from the Federal old-age and survivors insurance trust fund.

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, OFFICE OF FIELD ADMINISTRATION

For expenses necessary for the Office of Field Administration, $3,265,000, together with not to exceed $1,247,000 to be transferred from the Federal old-age and survivors insurance trust fund and not to exceed $38,000 to be transferred from the Operating fund, Bureau of Federal Credit Unions.

SURPLUS PROPERTY UTILIZATION

For expenses necessary for carrying out the provisions of subsections 203 (j), (k), (n), and (o), of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949, as amended, relating to disposal of real and personal excess property for educational purposes, civil defense purposes, and protection of public health, $862,000.

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, OFFICE OF THE GENERAL COUNSEL

For expenses necessary for the Office of the General Counsel, $713,000, together with not to exceed $29,000 to be transferred from the appropriation “Salaries and expenses, certification, inspection, and other services”, and not to exceed $667,000 to be transferred from the Federal old-age and survivors insurance trust fund.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 202. None of the funds appropriated by this title to the Social Security Administration for grants-in-aid of State agencies to cover, in whole or in part, the cost of operation of said agencies, including the salaries and expenses of officers and employees of said agencies, shall be withheld from the said agencies of any States which have established by legislative enactment and have in operation a merit system and classification and compensation plan covering the selection, tenure in office, and compensation of their employees, because of any disapproval of their personnel or the manner of their selection by the agencies of the said States, or the rates of pay of said officers or employees.

SEC. 203. The Secretary is authorized to make such transfers of motor vehicles, between bureaus and offices, without transfer of funds, as may be required in carrying out the operations of the Department.

SEC. 204. None of the funds provided herein shall be used to pay any recipient of a grant for the conduct of a research project an amount for indirect expenses in connection with such project in excess of 15 per centum of the direct costs.

SEC. 205. The Secretary is authorized to make available not to exceed $1,000 from funds available for salaries and expenses under this title for entertainment, not otherwise provided for, of officials, visiting scientists, and other experts of other countries.

SEC. 206. Appropriations to the Public Health Service available for research grants pursuant to the Public Health Service Act shall also be available, on the same terms and conditions as apply to non-Federal
institutions, for research grants to hospitals of the Service, or to Saint Elizabeths Hospital.

This title may be cited as the "Department of Health, Education, and Welfare Appropriation Act, 1962".

Citation of title.

TITLE III—NATIONAL LABOR RELATIONS BOARD

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for the National Labor Relations Board to carry out the functions vested in it by the Labor-Management Relations Act, 1947, as amended (29 U.S.C. 141-167), and other laws, $19,989,000: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be available to organize or assist in organizing agricultural laborers or used in connection with investigations, hearings, directives, or orders concerning bargaining units composed of agricultural laborers as referred to in section 2(3) of the Act of July 5, 1935 (29 U.S.C. 152), and as amended by the Labor-Management Relations Act, 1947, as amended, and as defined in section 3(f) of the Act of June 25, 1938 (29 U.S.C. 203), and including in said definition employees engaged in the maintenance and operation of ditches, canals, reservoirs, and waterways when maintained or operated on a mutual, nonprofit basis and at least 95 per centum of the water stored or supplied thereby is used for farming purposes.

TITLE IV—NATIONAL MEDIATION BOARD

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for carrying out the provisions of the Railway Labor Act, as amended (45 U.S.C. 151-188), including temporary employment of referees under section 3 of the Railway Labor Act, as amended, at rates not in excess of $100 per diem; and emergency boards appointed by the President pursuant to section 10 of said Act (45 U.S.C. 160); $1,804,000.

TITLE V—RAILROAD RETIREMENT BOARD

LIMITATION ON SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for the Railroad Retirement Board, $9,740,000, to be derived from the Railroad retirement account.

TITLE VI—FEDERAL MEDIATION AND CONCILIATION SERVICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for the Service to carry out the functions vested in it by the Labor-Management Relations Act, 1947 (29 U.S.C. 171-180, 182), including expenses of the Labor-Management Panel as provided in section 205 of said Act; expenses of boards of inquiry appointed by the President pursuant to section 206 of said Act; temporary employment of arbitrators, conciliators, and mediators on labor relations at rates not in excess of $75 per diem; and Government-listed telephones in private residences and private apartments for official use in cities where mediators are officially stationed, but no Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service office is maintained; $4,388,000.
TITLE VII—INTERSTATE COMMISSION ON THE POTOMAC RIVER BASIN

CONTRIBUTION TO INTERSTATE COMMISSION ON THE POTOMAC RIVER BASIN

To enable the Secretary of the Treasury to pay in advance to the Interstate Commission on the Potomac River Basin the Federal contribution toward the expenses of the Commission during the current fiscal year in the administration of its business in the conservancy district established pursuant to the Act of July 11, 1940 (54 Stat. 748), $5,000.

TITLE VIII—UNITED STATES SOLDIERS' HOME

LIMITATION ON OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE AND CAPITAL OUTLAY

For maintenance and operation of the United States Soldiers' Home, to be paid from the Soldiers' Home permanent fund, $6,052,000: Provided, That this appropriation shall not be available for the payment of hospitalization of members of the Home in United States Army hospitals at rates in excess of those prescribed by the Secretary of the Army, upon the recommendation of the Board of Commissioners of the Home and the Surgeon General of the Army.

TITLE IX—GENERAL PROVISIONS

Sec. 901. Appropriations contained in this Act, available for salaries and expenses, shall be available for services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a).

Sec. 902. Appropriations contained in this Act available for salaries and expenses shall be available for payment in advance for dues or fees for library membership in organizations whose publications are available to members only or to members at a price lower than to the general public and for payment in advance for publications available only upon that basis or available at a reduced price on prepublication orders.

Sec. 903. Appropriations contained in this Act available for salaries and expenses shall be available for uniforms or allowances therefor as authorized by the Act of September 1, 1954, as amended (5 U.S.C. 2131).

Sec. 904. Appropriations contained in this Act available for salaries and expenses shall be available for expenses of attendance at meetings which are concerned with the functions or activities for which the appropriation is made or which will contribute to improved conduct, supervision, or management of those functions or activities.

This Act may be cited as the "Departments of Labor, and Health, Education, and Welfare Appropriation Act, 1962".

Approved September 22, 1961.
Public Law 87-291

JOINT RESOLUTION

Designating the 17th day of December 1961 as “Wright Brothers Day”.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the 17th day of December 1961 is hereby designated as “Wright Brothers Day”, in commemoration of the first successful flights in a heavier-than-air, mechanically propelled airplane, which were made by Orville and Wilbur Wright on December 17, 1903, near Kitty Hawk, North Carolina. The President is authorized and requested to issue a proclamation inviting the people of the United States to observe such day with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

Approved September 22, 1961.

Public Law 87-292

JOINT RESOLUTION

Authorizing a celebration of the American patent system.

Whereas there occurred on July 4, 1961, the one hundred and twenty-fifth anniversary of the enactment of the Patent Act of 1836 which created the present examination system for the grant of patents and which established the United States Patent Office as a separate and distinct bureau; and

Whereas there will be granted in the year 1961 the three millionth patent since the enactment of this Patent Act; and

Whereas the patent grant is a traditional incentive for the promotion of the progress of the useful arts thereby contributing notably to the well-being of people everywhere; and

Whereas encouragement of invention is essential to the continued economic and technological development of this Nation, particularly in the light of our international relationships and obligations; and

Whereas it is fitting that this anniversary of this important Patent Act and the establishment of the Patent Office which proved so advantageous to this country and to the other countries of the world should be observed: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of Commerce and the Commissioner of Patents and such other persons or groups as they may designate be authorized to make suitable arrangements for an appropriate observance to show the important role of the American patent system and the United States Patent Office in the growth and progress of the United States of America; and be it further

Resolved, That the President of the United States be requested to designate the week of October 15, 1961, as “The American Patent System Week”, to invite a general public commemoration of an event which has proved to be so important to this Nation and to the world.

Approved September 22, 1961.
Public Law 87-293

AN ACT

To provide for a Peace Corps to help the peoples of interested countries and areas in meeting their needs for skilled manpower.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

TITLE I—THE PEACE CORPS

SHORT TITLE

Peace Corps Act. Section 1. This Act may be cited as the "Peace Corps Act".

DECLARATION OF PURPOSE

Sec. 2. The Congress of the United States declares that it is the policy of the United States and the purpose of this Act to promote world peace and friendship through a Peace Corps, which shall make available to interested countries and areas men and women of the United States qualified for service abroad and willing to serve, under conditions of hardship if necessary, to help the peoples of such countries and areas in meeting their needs for trained manpower, and to help promote a better understanding of the American people on the part of the peoples served and a better understanding of other peoples on the part of the American people.

AUTHORIZATION

Sec. 3. (a) The President is authorized to carry out programs in furtherance of the purposes of this Act, on such terms and conditions as he may determine.

(b) There is hereby authorized to be appropriated to the President for the fiscal year 1962 not to exceed $40,000,000 to carry out the purposes of this Act.

DIRECTOR OF THE PEACE CORPS AND DELEGATION OF FUNCTIONS

Sec. 4. (a) The President may appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, a Director of the Peace Corps, whose compensation shall be fixed by the President at a rate not in excess of $20,000 per annum, and a Deputy Director of the Peace Corps, whose compensation shall be fixed by the President at a rate not in excess of $10,500 per annum.

(b) The President may exercise any functions vested in him by this Act through such agency or officer of the United States Government as he shall direct. The head of any such agency or any such officer may promulgate such rules and regulations as he may deem necessary or appropriate to carry out such functions, and may delegate to any of his subordinates authority to perform any of such functions.

(c) (1) Nothing contained in this Act shall be construed to infringe upon the powers or functions of the Secretary of State.

(2) The President shall prescribe appropriate procedures to assure coordination of Peace Corps activities with other activities of the United States Government in each country, under the leadership of the chief of the United States diplomatic mission.

(3) Under the direction of the President, the Secretary of State shall be responsible for the continuous supervision and general direc-
tion of the programs authorized by this Act, to the end that such programs are effectively integrated both at home and abroad and the foreign policy of the United States is best served thereby.

(d) Except with the approval of the Secretary of State, the Peace Corps shall not be assigned to perform services which could more usefully be performed by other available agencies of the United States Government in the country concerned.

**PEACE CORPS VOLUNTEERS**

Sec. 5. (a) The President may enroll in the Peace Corps for service abroad qualified citizens and nationals of the United States (referred to in this Act as “volunteers”). The terms and conditions of the enrollment, training, compensation, hours of work, benefits, leave, termination, and all other terms and conditions of the service of volunteers shall be exclusively those set forth in this Act and those consistent therewith which the President may prescribe; and, except as provided in this Act, volunteers shall not be deemed officers or employees or otherwise in the service or employment of, or holding office under, the United States for any purpose. In carrying out this subsection no political test shall be required or taken into consideration, nor shall there be any discrimination against any person on account of race, creed, or color.

(b) Volunteers shall be provided with such living, travel, and leave allowances, and such housing, transportation, supplies, equipment, subsistence, and clothing as the President may determine to be necessary for their maintenance and to insure their health and their capacity to serve effectively. Transportation and travel allowances may also be provided, in such circumstances as the President may determine, for applicants for enrollment to or from places of training and places of enrollment, and for former volunteers from places of termination to their homes in the United States.

(c) Volunteers shall be entitled to receive termination payments at a rate not to exceed $75 for each month of satisfactory service as determined by the President. The termination payment of each volunteer shall be payable at the termination of his service, or may be paid during the course of his service to the volunteer, to members of his family or to others, under such circumstances as the President may determine. In the event of the volunteer’s death during the period of his service, the amount of any unpaid termination payment shall be paid in accordance with the provisions of section 61f of title 5 of the United States Code.

(d) Volunteers shall be deemed to be employees of the United States Government for the purposes of the Federal Employees’ Compensation Act (39 Stat. 742), as amended: Provided, however, That entitlement to disability compensation payments under that Act shall commence on the day after the date of termination of service. For the purposes of that Act:

(1) volunteers shall be deemed to be receiving monthly pay at the lowest rate provided for grade 7 of the general schedule established by the Classification Act of 1949, as amended, and volunteer leaders (referred to in section 6 of this Act) shall be deemed to be receiving monthly pay at the lowest rate provided for grade 11 of such general schedule; and

(2) any injury suffered by a volunteer during any time when he is located abroad shall be deemed to have been sustained while in the performance of his duty and any disease contracted during such time shall be deemed to have been proximately caused by his employment, unless such injury or disease is
caused by willful misconduct of the volunteer or by the volunteer's intention to bring about the injury or death of himself or of another, or unless intoxication of the injured volunteer is the proximate cause of the injury or death.

(e) Volunteers shall receive such health care during their service, and such health examinations and immunization preparatory to their service, as the President may deem necessary or appropriate. Subject to such conditions as the President may prescribe, such health care, examinations, and immunization may be provided for volunteers in any facility of any agency of the United States Government, and in such cases the appropriation for maintaining and operating such facility shall be reimbursed from appropriations available under this Act.

(f)(1) Any period of satisfactory service of a volunteer under this Act shall be credited in connection with subsequent employment in the same manner as a like period of civilian employment by the United States Government—

(A) for the purposes of the Civil Service Retirement Act, as amended (5 U.S.C. 2251, et seq.), section 852(a)(1) of the Foreign Service Act of 1946, as amended (22 U.S.C. 1092(a)(1)), and every other Act establishing a retirement system for civilian employees of any United States Government agency; and

(B) except as otherwise determined by the President, for the purposes of determining seniority, reduction in force, and layoff rights, leave entitlement, and other rights and privileges based upon length of service under the laws administered by the Civil Service Commission, the Foreign Service Act of 1946, and every other Act establishing or governing terms and conditions of service of civilian employees of the United States Government: Provided, That service of a volunteer shall not be credited toward completion of any probationary or trial period or completion of any service requirement for career appointment.

(2) For the purposes of paragraph (1)(A) of this subsection, volunteers and volunteer leaders shall be deemed to be receiving compensation during their service at the respective rates of termination payments payable under sections 5(c) and 6(l) of this Act.

(g) The President may detail or assign volunteers or otherwise make them available to any entity referred to in paragraph (1) of section 10(a) on such terms and conditions as he may determine: Provided, however, That any volunteer so detailed or assigned shall continue to be entitled to the allowances, benefits and privileges of volunteers authorized under or pursuant to this Act.

(h) Volunteers shall be deemed employees of the United States Government for the purposes of the Federal Tort Claims Act and any other Federal tort liability statute, and for the purposes of section 1 of the Act of June 4, 1920 (41 Stat. 750), as amended (22 U.S.C. 214).

(i) The service of a volunteer may be terminated at any time at the pleasure of the President.

(j) Upon enrollment in the Peace Corps, every volunteer shall take the oath prescribed for persons appointed to any office of honor or profit by section 1757 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, as amended (5 U.S.C. 16), and shall swear (or affirm) that he does not advocate the overthrow of our constitutional form of government in the United States, and that he is not a member of an organization that advocates the overthrow of our constitutional form of government in the United States, knowing that such organization so advocates.
PEACE CORPS VOLUNTEER LEADERS

Sec. 6. The President may enroll in the Peace Corps qualified citizens or nationals of the United States whose services are required for supervisory or other special duties or responsibilities in connection with programs under this Act (referred to in this Act as "volunteer leaders"). The ratio of the total number of volunteer leaders to the total number of volunteers in service at any one time shall not exceed one to twenty-five. Except as otherwise provided in this Act, all of the provisions of this Act applicable to volunteers shall be applicable to volunteer leaders, and the term "volunteers" shall include "volunteer leaders": Provided, however, That—

(1) volunteer leaders shall be entitled to receive termination payments at a rate not to exceed $125 for each month of satisfactory service as determined by the President;

(2) spouses and minor children of volunteer leaders may receive such living, travel, and leave allowances, and such housing, transportation, subsistence, and essential special items of clothing, as the President may determine, but the authority contained in this paragraph shall be exercised only under exceptional circumstances;

(3) spouses and minor children of volunteer leaders accompanying them may receive such health care as the President may determine and upon such terms as he may determine, including health care in any facility referred to in section 5(e) of this Act, subject to such conditions as the President may prescribe and subject to reimbursement of appropriations as provided in section 5(e); and

(4) spouses and minor children of volunteer leaders accompanying them may receive such orientation, language, and other training necessary to accomplish the purposes of this Act as the President may determine.

PEACE CORPS EMPLOYEES

Sec. 7. (a) The President may employ such persons, not to exceed 275 persons permanently employed in the United States at any one time in fiscal year 1962, as the President deems necessary to carry out the provisions and purposes of this Act. Except as otherwise provided in this Act, such persons (hereinafter sometimes referred to as "employees") shall be employed in accordance with and shall be subject to the laws applicable to personnel employed by the United States Government.

(b) Of the persons so employed in the United States in activities authorized by this Act, not to exceed thirty may be compensated without regard to the provisions of the Classification Act of 1949, as amended, of whom not to exceed twenty may be compensated at rates higher than those provided for grade fifteen of the general schedule established by the Classification Act of 1949, as amended, and of these not to exceed two may be compensated at a rate in excess of the highest rate provided for grades of such general schedule but not in excess of $19,000 per year. Such positions shall be in addition to those authorized by section 4(a) of this Act to be filled by Presidential appointment, and in addition to the number authorized by section 505 of the Classification Act of 1949, as amended.

(c) For the purpose of performing functions under this Act outside the United States, the President may—

(1) employ or assign persons, or authorize the employment or assignment of officers or employees of agencies of the United States Government, who shall receive compensation at any of
the rates provided for persons appointed to the Foreign Service Reserve and Staff under the Foreign Service Act of 1946, as amended (22 U.S.C. 801 et seq.), together with allowances and benefits thereunder; and persons so employed or assigned shall be entitled, except to the extent that the President may specify otherwise in cases in which the period of the employment or assignment exceeds thirty months, to the same benefits as are provided by section 528 of that Act for persons appointed to the Foreign Service Reserve, and the provisions of section 1005 of that Act shall apply in the case of such persons, except that policymaking officials shall not be subject to that part of section 1005 which prohibits political tests;

(2) utilize such authority, including authority to appoint and assign persons for the duration of operations under this Act, contained in the Foreign Service Act of 1946, as amended, as the President deems necessary to carry out functions under this Act. Such provisions of the Foreign Service Act of 1946 as the President deems appropriate shall apply to persons appointed or assigned under this paragraph, including in all cases, the provisions of section 528 of that Act: Provided, however, That the President may by regulation make exceptions to the application of section 528 in cases in which the period of the appointment of assignment exceeds thirty months: Provided further, That Foreign Service Reserve officers appointed or assigned pursuant to this paragraph shall receive within-class salary increases in accordance with such regulations as the President may prescribe; and

(3) specify which of the allowances and differentials authorized by title II of the Overseas Differentials and Allowances Act (5 U.S.C. 3031 et seq.) may be granted to any person employed, appointed or assigned under this subsection (c) and may determine the rates thereof not to exceed those otherwise granted to employees under that Act.

(d) The President is authorized to prescribe by regulation standards or other criteria for maintaining adequate performance levels for persons appointed or assigned pursuant to subsection (c) (2) of this section and section 527(c) (2) of the Mutual Security Act of 1954, as amended, and may, notwithstanding any other law, separate persons who fail to meet such standards or other criteria, and also may grant such persons severance benefits of one month's salary for each year of service, but not to exceed one year's salary at the then current salary rate of such persons.

(e) In each country or area in which volunteers serve abroad, the President may appoint an employee or a volunteer as a Peace Corps representative to have direction of other employees of the Peace Corps abroad and to oversee the activities carried on under this Act in such country or area. Unless a representative is a volunteer, the compensation, allowances and benefits, and other terms and conditions of service of each such representative, shall be the same as those of a person appointed or assigned pursuant to paragraph (1) or (2) of subsection (c) of this section, except that any such representative may, notwithstanding any provision of law, be removed by the President in his discretion.

VOLUNTEER TRAINING

Sec. 8. (a) The President shall make provision for such training as he deems appropriate for each applicant for enrollment as a volunteer and each enrolled volunteer. All of the provisions of this Act applicable respectively to volunteers and volunteer leaders shall be applicable to applicants for enrollment as such during any period of training
occurring prior to enrollment, and the respective terms "volunteers" and "volunteer leaders" shall include such applicants during any such period of training.

(b) The President may also make provision, on the basis of advances of funds or reimbursement to the United States, for training for citizens of the United States, other than those referred to in subsection (a) of this section, who have been selected for service abroad in programs not carried out under authority of this Act which are similar to those authorized by this Act. The provisions of section 9 of this Act shall apply, on a similar advance of funds or a reimbursement basis, with respect to persons while within the United States for training under authority of this subsection. Advances or reimbursements received under this subsection may be credited to the current applicable appropriation, fund, or account and shall be available for the purposes for which such appropriation, fund, or account is authorized to be used.

(c) Training hereinabove provided for shall include instruction in the philosophy, strategy, tactics, and menace of communism.

PARTICIPATION OF FOREIGN NATIONALS

SEC. 9. In order to provide for assistance by foreign nationals in the training of volunteers, and to permit effective implementation of Peace Corps projects with due regard for the desirability of cost-sharing arrangements, where appropriate, the President may make provision for transportation, housing, subsistence, or per diem in lieu thereof, and health care or health and accident insurance for foreign nationals engaged in activities authorized by this Act while they are away from their homes, without regard to the provisions of any other law: Provided, however, That per diem in lieu of subsistence furnished to such persons shall not be at rates higher than those prescribed by the Secretary of State pursuant to section 12 of Public Law 84–885 (70 Stat. 890). Such persons, and persons coming to the United States under contract pursuant to section 10(a)(4), may be admitted to the United States, if otherwise qualified, as nonimmigrants under section 101(a)(15) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(15)) for such time and under such conditions as may be prescribed by regulations promulgated by the Secretary of State and the Attorney General. A person admitted under this section who fails to maintain the status under which he was admitted or who fails to depart from the United States at the expiration of the time for which he was admitted, or who engages in activities of a political nature detrimental to the interests of the United States, or in activities not consistent with the security of the United States, shall, upon the warrant of the Attorney General, be taken into custody and promptly deported pursuant to sections 241, 242, and 243 of the Immigration and Nationality Act. Deportation proceedings under this section shall be summary and the findings of the Attorney General as to matters of fact shall be conclusive.

GENERAL POWERS AND AUTHORITIES

SEC. 10. (a) In furtherance of the purposes of this Act, the President may—

(1) enter into, perform, and modify contracts and agreements and otherwise cooperate with any agency of the United States Government or of any State or any subdivision thereof, other governments and departments and agencies thereof, and educa-
tional institutions, voluntary agencies, farm organizations, labor
unions, and other organizations, individuals and firms;
(2) assign volunteers in special cases to temporary duty with
international organizations and agencies when the Secretary of
State determines that such assignment would serve the purposes of
this Act: Provided, That not more than one hundred and twenty-
five Peace Corps volunteers or volunteer leaders shall be assigned
to international organizations as described in this section;
(3) accept in the name of the Peace Corps and employ in
furtherance of the purposes of this Act (A) voluntary services
notwithstanding the provisions of 31 U.S.C. 665(b), and (B)
any money or property (real, personal or mixed, tangible or
intangible) received by gift, devise, bequest, or otherwise; and
(4) contract with individuals for personal services abroad, and
with aliens (abroad or within the United States) for personal
services within the United States: Provided, That no such person
shall be deemed an officer or employee or otherwise in the service
or employment of the United States Government for any purpose.
(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, whenever the
President determines that it will further the purposes of this Act, the
President, under such regulations as he may prescribe, may settle and
pay, in an amount not exceeding $10,000, any claim against the
United States, for loss of or damage to real or personal property
(including loss of occupancy or use thereof) belonging to, or for per-
sonal injury or death of, any person not a citizen or resident of the
United States, where such claim arises abroad out of the act or omis-
sion of any Peace Corps employee or out of the act or omission of
any volunteer, but only if such claim is presented in writing within
one year after it accrues. Any amount paid in settlement of any claim
under this subsection shall be accepted by the claimant in full satis-
faction thereof and shall bar any further action or proceeding thereon.
(c) Subject to any future action of the Congress, a contract or
agreement which entails commitments for the expenditure of funds
available for the purposes of this Act, including commitments for the
purpose of paying or providing for allowances and other benefits of
volunteers authorized by sections 5 and 6 of this Act, may extend at
any time for not more than thirty-six months.
(d) Whenever the President determines it to be in furtherance of
the purposes of this Act, functions authorized by this Act may be
performed without regard to such provisions of law (other than the
Renegotiation Act of 1951, as amended) regulating the making, per-
formance, amendment, or modification of contracts and the expendi-
ture of Government funds as the President may specify.
(e) The President may allocate or transfer to any agency of the
United States Government any funds available for carrying out the
purposes of this Act including any advance received by the United
States from any country or international organization under author-
ity of this Act, but not to exceed 20 per centum in the aggregate of
such funds may be allocated or transferred to agencies other than the
Peace Corps. Such funds shall be available for obligation and
expenditure for the purposes of this Act in accordance with authority
granted in this Act or under authority governing the activities of the
agencies of the United States Government to which such funds are
allocated or transferred.
(f) Any officer of the United States Government carrying out func-
tions under this Act may utilize the services and facilities of, or
procure commodities from, any agency of the United States Govern-
ment as the President shall direct, or with the consent of the head
of such agency, and funds allocated pursuant to this subsection to
any such agency may be established in separate appropriation accounts on the books of the Treasury.

(g) In the case of any commodity, service, or facility procured from any agency of the United States Government under this Act, reimbursement or payment shall be made to such agency from funds available under this Act. Such reimbursement or payment shall be at replacement cost, or, if required by law, at actual cost, or at any other price authorized by law and agreed to by the owning or disposing agency. The amount of any such reimbursement or payment shall be credited to current applicable appropriations, funds, or accounts from which there may be procured replacements of similar commodities, services, or facilities, except that where such appropriations, funds, or accounts are not reimbursable except by reason of this subsection, and when the owning or disposing agency determines that such replacement is not necessary, any funds received in payment therefor shall be covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.

REPORTS

SEC. 11. The President shall transmit to the Congress, at least once in each fiscal year, a report on operations under this Act.

PEACE CORPS NATIONAL ADVISORY COUNCIL

SEC. 12. (a) The President may appoint to membership in a board to be known as the Peace Corps National Advisory Council twenty-five persons who are broadly representative of educational institutions, voluntary agencies, farm organizations, and labor unions, and other public and private organizations and groups as well as individuals interested in the programs and objectives of the Peace Corps, to advise and consult with the President with regard to policies and programs designed to further the purposes of this Act.

(b) Members of the Council shall serve at the pleasure of the President and meet at his call. They shall receive no compensation for their services, but members who are not officers or employees of the United States Government may each receive out of funds made available for the purposes of this Act a per diem allowance of $50 for each day, not to exceed twenty days in any fiscal year in the case of any such member, spent away from his home or regular place of business for the purpose of attendance at meetings or conferences and in necessary travel, and while so engaged may be paid actual travel expenses and per diem in lieu of subsistence and other expenses, at the applicable rate prescribed by the Standardized Government Travel Regulations, as amended from time to time.

EXPERTS AND CONSULTANTS

SEC. 13. (a) Experts and consultants or organizations thereof may, as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946, as amended (5 U.S.C. 55a), be employed by the Peace Corps for the performance of functions under this Act, and individuals so employed may be compensated at rates not in excess of $75 per diem, and while away from their homes or regular places of business, they may be paid actual travel expenses and per diem in lieu of subsistence and other expenses at the applicable rate prescribed in the Standardized Government Travel Regulations, as amended from time to time, while so employed: Provided, That contracts for such employment may be renewed annually.

(b) Service of an individual as a member of the Council authorized to be established by section 12 of this Act or as an expert or consultant under subsection (a) of this section shall not be considered as service or employment bringing such individual within the provisions of section
281, 283, or 284 of title 18 of the United States Code, or of section 190 of the Revised Statutes (5 U.S.C. 99), or of any other Federal law imposing restrictions, requirements, or penalties in relation to the employment of persons, the performance of service, or the payment or receipt of compensation in connection with any claim, proceeding, or matter involving the United States Government, except insofar as such provisions of law may prohibit any such individual from receiving compensation in respect of any particular matter in which such individual was directly involved in the performance of such service; nor shall such service be considered as employment or holding of office or position bringing such individual within the provisions of section 13 of the Civil Service Retirement Act, as amended (5 U.S.C. 2263), section 212 of the Act of June 30, 1932, as amended (5 U.S.C. 59a), section 872 of the Foreign Service Act of 1946, as amended, or any other law limiting the reemployment of retired officers or employees or governing the simultaneous receipt of compensation and retired pay or annuities.

DETAIL OF PERSONNEL TO FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS AND INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS

SEC. 14. (a) In furtherance of the purposes of this Act, the head of any agency of the United States Government is authorized to detail, assign, or otherwise make available any officer or employee of his agency (1) to serve with, or as a member of, the international staff of any international organization, or (2) to any office or position to which no compensation is attached with any foreign government or agency thereof: Provided, That such acceptance of such office or position shall in no case involve the taking of an oath of allegiance to another government.

(b) Any such officer or employee, while so detailed or assigned, shall be considered, for the purpose of preserving his allowances, privileges, rights, seniority, and other benefits as such, an officer or employee of the United States Government and of the agency of the United States Government from which detailed or assigned, and he shall continue to receive compensation, allowances, and benefits from funds authorized by this Act. He may also receive, under such regulations as the President may prescribe, representation allowances similar to those allowed under section 901 of the Foreign Service Act of 1946 (22 U.S.C. 1131). The authorization of such allowances and other benefits, and the payment thereof out of any appropriations available therefor, shall be considered as meeting all of the requirements of section 1765 of the Revised Statutes (5 U.S.C. 70).

(c) Details or assignments may be made under this section—

(1) without reimbursement to the United States Government by the international organization or foreign government;

(2) upon agreement by the international organization or foreign government to reimburse the United States Government for compensation, travel expenses, and allowances, or any part thereof, payable to such officer or employee during the period of assignment or detail in accordance with subsection (b) of this section; and such reimbursement shall be credited to the appropriation, fund, or account utilized for paying such compensation, travel expenses, or allowances, or to the appropriation, fund, or account currently available for such purpose; or

(3) upon an advance of funds, property or services to the United States Government accepted with the approval of the President for specified uses in furtherance of the purposes of this Act; and funds so advanced may be established as a separate fund in the Treasury of the United States Government, to be available for the specified uses, and to be used for reimbursement
of appropriations or direct expenditure subject to the provisions of this Act, any unexpended balance of such account to be returned to the foreign government or international organization.

**UTILIZATION OF FUNDS**

SEC. 15. (a) Funds made available for the purposes of this Act may be used for compensation, allowances and travel of employees, including Foreign Service personnel whose services are utilized primarily for the purposes of this Act, for printing and binding without regard to the provisions of any other law, and for expenditures outside the United States for the procurement of supplies and services and for other administrative and operating purposes (other than compensation of employees) without regard to such laws and regulations governing the obligation and expenditure of Government funds as may be necessary to accomplish the purposes of this Act.

(b) Funds made available for the purposes of this Act may be used to pay expenses in connection with travel abroad of employees and, to the extent otherwise authorized by this Act, of volunteers, including travel expenses of dependents (including expenses during necessary stopovers while engaged in such travel), and transportation of personal effects, household goods, and automobiles when any part of such travel or transportation begins in one fiscal year pursuant to travel orders issued in that fiscal year, notwithstanding the fact that such travel or transportation may not be completed during the same fiscal year, and cost of transporting to and from a place of storage, and the cost of storing automobiles of employees when it is in the public interest or more economical to authorize storage.

(c) Funds available under this Act may be used to pay costs of training employees employed or assigned pursuant to section 7(c)(2) of this Act (through interchange or otherwise) at any State or local unit of government, public or private nonprofit institution, trade, labor, agricultural, or scientific association or organization, or commercial firm; and the provisions of Public Law 84–918 (7 U.S.C. 1881 et seq.) may be used to carry out the foregoing authority notwithstanding that interchange of personnel may not be involved or that the training may not take place at the institutions specified in that Act. Such training shall not be considered employment or holding of office under section 2 of the Act of July 31, 1894, as amended (5 U.S.C. 62), and any payments or contributions in connection therewith may, as deemed appropriate by the head of the agency of the United States Government authorizing such training, be made by private or public sources and be accepted by any trainee, or may be accepted by and credited to the current applicable appropriation of such agency: Provided, however, That any such payments to an employee in the nature of compensation shall be in lieu, or in reduction, of compensation received from the United States Government.

(d) Funds available for the purposes of this Act shall be available for—

(1) rent of buildings and space in buildings in the United States, and for repair, alteration, and improvement of such leased properties;

(2) expenses of attendance at meetings concerned with the purposes of this Act, including (notwithstanding the provisions of section 9 of Public Law 60–328 (31 U.S.C. 673)) expenses in connection with meetings of persons whose employment is authorized by section 13(a) of this Act;

(3) rental and hire of aircraft;
(4) purchase and hire of passenger motor vehicles: Provided, That, except as may otherwise be provided in an appropriation or other Act, passenger motor vehicles for administrative purposes abroad may be purchased for replacement only, and such vehicles may be exchanged or sold and replaced by an equal number of such vehicles, and the cost, including exchange allowance, of each such replacement shall not exceed $2,500 in the case of an automobile for any Peace Corps country representative appointed under section 7(e): Provided further, That passenger motor vehicles may be purchased for use in the United States only as may be specifically provided in an appropriation or other Act;

(5) entertainment (not to exceed $5,000 in any fiscal year except as may otherwise be provided in an appropriation or other Act);

(6) exchange of funds without regard to section 3561 of the Revised Statutes (31 U.S.C. 543) and loss by exchange;

(7) expenditures (not to exceed $5,000 in any fiscal year except as may be otherwise provided in an appropriation or other Act) not otherwise authorized by law to meet unforeseen emergencies or contingencies arising in the Peace Corps: Provided, That a certificate of the amount only of each such expenditure and that such expenditure was necessary to meet an unforeseen emergency or contingency, made by the Director of the Peace Corps or his designee, shall be deemed a sufficient voucher for the amount therein specified;

(8) insurance of official motor vehicles acquired for use abroad;

(9) rent or lease abroad for not to exceed five years of offices, health facilities, buildings, grounds, and living quarters, and payments therefor in advance; maintenance, furnishings, necessary repairs, improvements, and alterations to properties owned or rented by the United States Government or made available for its use abroad; and costs of fuel, water, and utilities for such properties;

(10) expenses of preparing and transporting to their former homes, or, with respect to foreign participants engaged in activities under this Act, to their former homes or places of burial, and of care and disposition of, the remains of persons or members of the families of persons who may die while such persons are away from their homes participating in activities under this Act;

(11) use in accordance with authorities of the Foreign Service Act of 1946, as amended (22 U.S.C. 801 et seq.), not otherwise provided for; and

(12) ice and drinking water for use abroad.

APPOINTMENT OF PERSONS SERVING UNDER PRIOR LAW

Sec. 16. (a) Under such terms and conditions as the President may prescribe, volunteer personnel who on the effective date of this Act have been engaged by contract by, or pursuant to agreement with, the Peace Corps agency established within the Department of State pursuant to Executive Order Numbered 10924, dated March 1, 1961, may be enrolled as volunteers or volunteer leaders under this Act. Such enrollment may be made effective, for any or all purposes, as of a date prior to the effective date of this Act but not earlier than the date of commencement of training of the person in question. All allowances and termination payments similar to those authorized by this Act received by any such person or by members of his family or payable with respect to any period between the effective date and the actual date of such enrollment shall be deemed for all purposes to have been received or to be payable under the appropriate provision of this Act.
(b) Any person who was appointed by and with the advice and consent of the Senate to be Director of the Peace Corps prior to the enactment of this Act may be appointed by the President to be Director of the Peace Corps under section 4(a) of this Act without further action by the Senate.

USE OF FOREIGN CURRENCIES

Sec. 17. Whenever possible, expenditures incurred in carrying out functions under this Act shall be paid for in such currency of the country or area where the expense is incurred as may be available to the United States.

APPLICABILITY OF MUTUAL DEFENSE ASSISTANCE CONTROL ACT

Sec. 18. The Mutual Defense Assistance Control Act of 1951 (22 U.S.C. 1611 et seq.) shall apply with respect to functions carried out under this Act except in cases where the President shall determine that such application would be detrimental to the interests of the United States.

SEAL

Sec. 19. The President may adopt, alter, and use an official seal or emblem of the Peace Corps of such design as he shall determine, which shall be judicially noticed.

MORATORIUM ON STUDENT LOANS

Sec. 20. Section 205 of the National Defense Education Act of 1958 (20 U.S.C. 4225) is amended by deleting the word "or" immediately preceding clause (ii) of section 205(b)(2)(A) and by adding immediately after that clause the following: "or (iii) not in excess of three years during which the borrower is in service as a volunteer under the Peace Corps Act: Provided, That this clause shall apply to any loan outstanding on the effective date of the Peace Corps Act only with the consent of the then obligee institution."

AMENDMENT TO CIVIL SERVICE RETIREMENT ACT

Sec. 21. Subsection (j) of section 3 of the Civil Service Retirement Act, as amended (5 U.S.C. 2233), is amended to read as follows:

"(j) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section or section 5(f) of the Peace Corps Act, any military service (other than military service covered by military leave with pay from a civilian position) performed by an individual after December 1956 and any period of service by an individual as a volunteer under the Peace Corps Act, shall be excluded in determining the aggregate period of service upon which an annuity payable under this chapter to such individual or to his widow or child is to be based, if such individual or widow or child is entitled (or would upon proper application be entitled) at the time of such determination, to monthly old-age or survivors benefits under section 202 of the Social Security Act, as amended (42 U.S.C. 402), based on such individual’s wages and self-employment income. If in the case of the individual or widow such military service or service under the Peace Corps Act is not excluded under the preceding sentence, but upon attaining age sixty-two, he or she becomes entitled (or would upon proper application be entitled) to such benefits, the Commission shall redetermine the aggregate period of service upon which such annuity is based, effective as of the first day of the month in which he or she attains such age, so as to exclude such service. The Secretary
of Health, Education, and Welfare shall, upon the request of the Commission, inform the Commission whether or not any such individual or widow or child is entitled at any specified time to such benefits.

SECURITY INVESTIGATIONS

SEC. 22. All persons employed or assigned to duties under this Act shall be investigated to insure that the employment or assignment is consistent with the national interest in accordance with standards and procedures established by the President. If an investigation made pursuant to this section develops any data reflecting that the person who is the subject of the investigation is of questionable loyalty or is a questionable security risk, the investigating agency shall refer the matter to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for the conduct of a full field investigation. The results of that full field investigation shall be furnished to the initial investigating agency, and to the agency by which the subject person is employed, for information and appropriate action. Volunteers shall be deemed employees of the United States Government for the purpose of this section.

UNIVERSAL MILITARY TRAINING AND SERVICE ACT

SEC. 23. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law or regulation, service in the Peace Corps as a volunteer shall not in any way exempt such volunteer from the performance of any obligations or duties under the provisions of the Universal Military Training and Service Act.

FOREIGN LANGUAGE PROFICIENCY

SEC. 24. No person shall be assigned to duty as a volunteer under this Act in any foreign country or area unless at the time of such assignment he possesses such reasonable proficiency as his assignment requires in speaking the language of the country or area to which he is assigned.

DEFINITIONS

SEC. 25. (a) The term "abroad" means any area outside the United States.

(b) The term "United States" means the several States and territories and the District of Columbia.

(c) The term "function" includes any duty, obligation, right, power, authority, responsibility, privilege, discretion, activity, and program.

(d) The term "health care" includes all appropriate examinations, preventive, curative and restorative health and medical care, and supplementary services when necessary.

(e) For the purposes of this or any other Act, the period of any individual’s service as a volunteer under this Act shall include—

(i) except for the purposes of section 5(f) of this Act, any period of training under section 8(a) prior to enrollment as a volunteer under this Act; and

(ii) the period between enrollment as a volunteer and the termination of service as such volunteer by the President or by death or resignation.

(f) The term "United States Government agency" includes any department, board, wholly or partly owned corporation, or instrumentality, commission, or establishment of the United States Government.

(g) The word "transportation" in sections 5(b) and 6(2) includes transportation of not to exceed three hundred pounds per person of unaccompanied necessary personal and household effects.
CONSTRUCTION

Sec. 26. If any provision of this Act or the application of any provision to any circumstances or persons shall be held invalid, the validity of the remainder of this Act and the applicability of such provision to other circumstances or persons shall not be affected thereby.

EFFECTIVE DATE

Sec. 27. This Act shall take effect on the date of its enactment.

TITLE II—AMENDMENT OF INTERNAL REVENUE CODE AND SOCIAL SECURITY ACT

TAXATION OF ALLOWANCES

Sec. 201. (a) Section 912 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to exemption from gross income for certain allowances) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

“(3) PEACE CORPS ALLOWANCES.—In the case of an individual who is a volunteer or volunteer leader within the meaning of the Peace Corps Act and members of his family, amounts received as allowances under section 5 or 6 of the Peace Corps Act other than amounts received as—

“(A) termination payments under section 5(c) or section 6(1) of such Act,

“(B) leave allowances,

“(C) if such individual is a volunteer leader training in the United States, allowances to members of his family, and

“(D) such portion of living allowances as the President may determine under the Peace Corps Act as constituting basic compensation.”

(b) Section 1303(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to definition of back pay) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

“(4) Termination payments under section 5(c) or section 6(1) of the Peace Corps Act which are received or accrued by an individual during the taxable year on account of any period of service, as a volunteer or volunteer leader under the Peace Corps Act, occurring prior to the taxable year.”

(c) Section 3401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to the definition of wages for purposes of the collection of income tax at source on wages) is amended by striking out the period at the end of paragraph (12) and inserting in lieu thereof “; or”, and by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

“(13) pursuant to any provision of law other than section 5(c) or 6(1) of the Peace Corps Act, for service performed as a volunteer or volunteer leader within the meaning of such Act.”

(d) The amendments made by subsections (a) and (b) of this section shall apply with respect to taxable years ending after March 1, 1961. The amendment made by subsection (c) shall apply with respect to remuneration paid after the date of the enactment of this Act.
Sec. 202. (a) (1) Section 3121 (i) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to computation of wages for purposes of the Federal Insurance Contributions Act) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

“(3) PEACE CORPS VOLUNTEER SERVICE.—For purposes of this chapter, in the case of an individual performing service, as a volunteer or volunteer leader within the meaning of the Peace Corps Act, to which the provisions of section 3121 (p) are applicable, the term ‘wages’ shall, subject to the provisions of subsection (a) (1) of this section, include as such individual’s remuneration for such service only amounts paid pursuant to section 5 (c) or 6 (1) of the Peace Corps Act.”

(2) Section 3121 of such Code is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

“(p) PEACE CORPS VOLUNTEER SERVICE.—For purposes of this chapter, the term ‘employment’ shall, notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (b) of this section, include service performed by an individual as a volunteer or volunteer leader within the meaning of the Peace Corps Act.”

(3) The first sentence of section 3122 of such Code (relating to Federal service) is amended by inserting after “section 3121 (m) (1) are applicable,” the following: “and including service, performed as a volunteer or volunteer leader within the meaning of the Peace Corps Act, to which the provisions of section 3121 (p) are applicable,”

(4) Section 6051 (a) of such Code (relating to receipts for employees) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: “In the case of compensation paid for service as a volunteer or volunteer leader within the meaning of the Peace Corps Act, the statement shall show, in lieu of the amount required to be shown by paragraph (5), the total amount of wages as defined in section 3121 (i) (3).”

(b) (1) Section 210 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 410) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

“Peace Corps Volunteer Service

“(o) The term ‘employment’ shall, notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a), include service performed by an individual as a volunteer or volunteer leader within the meaning of the Peace Corps Act.”

(2) Section 209 of such Act (42 U.S.C. 409) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

“For purposes of this title, in the case of an individual performing service, as a volunteer or volunteer leader within the meaning of the Peace Corps Act, to which the provisions of section 210 (o) are applicable, (1) the term ‘wages’ shall, subject to the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, include as such individual’s remuneration for such service only amounts certified as payable pursuant to section 5 (c) or 6 (1) of the Peace Corps Act, and (2) any such amount shall be deemed to have been paid to such individual at the time the service, with respect to which it is paid, is performed.”

(3) The first sentence of section 205 (p) (1) of such Act (42 U.S.C. 405 (p) (1)) is amended by inserting after “are applicable,” the following: “and including service, performed as a volunteer or volunteer leader within the meaning of the Peace Corps Act, to which the provisions of section 210 (o) are applicable,”.
(c) The amendments made by subsections (a) and (b) of this section shall apply with respect to service performed after the date of the enactment of this Act. In the case of any individual who is enrolled as a volunteer or volunteer leader under section 16(a) of this Act, such amendments shall apply with respect to service performed on or after the effective date of such enrollment.

Approved September 22, 1961.

Public Law 87-294

AN ACT

To amend the Act to promote the education of the blind, approved March 3, 1879, as amended, so as to authorize wider distribution of books and other special instruction materials for the blind, and to increase the appropriations authorized for this purpose, and to otherwise improve such Act.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first sentence of section 3 of the Act entitled "An Act to promote the education of the blind", approved March 3, 1879, as amended (20 U.S.C. 102), is amended to read as follows: "The Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare is hereby authorized to pay over semianually, to the trustees of the American Printing House for the Blind, located in Louisville, Kentucky, and chartered in 1858 by the Legislature of Kentucky, upon requisition of their president, countersigned by their treasurer, one-half of such annual appropriation upon the following conditions:"

Sect. 2. The paragraph of such section 3 designated "Second." is amended to read as follows:

"Second. No part of the appropriation shall be expended in the erection or leasing of buildings; but the trustees of the American Printing House for the Blind may use each year a reasonable sum of the annual appropriation for salaries and other expenses of experts and other staff to assist special committees which may be appointed in performance of their functions, and for expenses of such special committees."

Sect. 3. The paragraph of such section 3 designated "Sixth." is amended to read as follows:

"Sixth. The superintendent of each public institution for the education of the blind (or his designee) and the chief State school officer (or his designee), of each State and possession of the United States, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and the District of Columbia, shall each, ex officio, be a member of the Board of Trustees of the American Printing House for the Blind only for purposes of administering this Act."

Sect. 4. The Act entitled "An Act providing additional aid for the American Printing House for the Blind", approved August 4, 1919, as amended (20 U.S.C. 101), is further amended by striking out "the sum not to exceed $400,000" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "such sum as the Congress may determine", and by inserting after "said Act" the following: "under rules and regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare."

Sect. 5. The amendments made by this Act shall be effective immediately after the date of its enactment.

Approved September 22, 1961.
To expand and extend the saline water conversion program being conducted by the Secretary of the Interior.

Section 1. In view of the increasing shortage of usable surface and ground water in many parts of the Nation and the importance of finding new sources of supply to meet its present and future water needs, it is the policy of the Congress to provide for the development of practicable low-cost means for the large-scale production of water of a quality suitable for municipal, industrial, agricultural, and other beneficial consumptive uses from saline water, and for studies and research related thereto. As used in this Act, the term 'saline water' includes sea water, brackish water, and other mineralized or chemically charged water, and the term 'United States' extends to and includes the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and the territories and possessions of the United States.

Section 2. In order to accomplish the purposes of this Act, the Secretary shall—

(a) conduct, encourage, and promote fundamental scientific research and basic studies to develop the best and most economical processes and methods for converting saline water into water suitable for beneficial consumptive purposes;

(b) conduct engineering research and technical development work to determine, by laboratory and pilot plant testing, the results of the research and studies aforesaid in order to develop processes and plant designs to the point where they can be demonstrated on a large and practical scale;

(c) recommend to the Congress from time to time authorization for construction and operation, or for participation in the construction and operation, of a demonstration plant for any process which he determines, on the basis of subsections (a) and (b) above, has great promise of accomplishing the purposes of this Act, such recommendation to be accompanied by a report on the size, location, and cost of the proposed plant and the engineering and economic details with respect thereto;

(d) study methods for the recovery and marketing of commercially valuable byproducts resulting from the conversion of saline water; and

(e) undertake economic studies and surveys to determine present and prospective costs of producing water for beneficial consumptive purposes in various parts of the United States by the leading saline water processes as compared with other standard methods.

Section 3. In carrying out his functions under section 2 of this Act, the Secretary may—

(a) acquire the services of chemists, physicists, engineers, and other personnel by contract or otherwise;

(b) enter into contracts with educational institutions, scientific organizations, and industrial and engineering firms;

(c) make research and training grants;

(d) utilize the facilities of Federal scientific laboratories;

(e) establish and operate necessary facilities and test sites at which to carry on the continuous research, testing, development, and programing necessary to effectuate the purposes of this Act;
“(f) acquire secret processes, technical data, inventions, patent applications, patents, licenses, land and interests in land (including water rights), plants and facilities, and other property or rights by purchase, license, lease, or donation;

“(g) assemble and maintain pertinent and current scientific literature, both domestic and foreign, and issue bibliographical data with respect thereto;

“(h) cause on-site inspections to be made of promising projects, domestic and foreign, and, in the case of projects located in the United States, cooperate and participate in their development in instances in which the purposes of this Act will be served thereby;

“(i) foster and participate in regional, national, and international conferences relating to saline water conversion;

“(j) coordinate, correlate, and publish information with a view to advancing the development of low-cost saline water conversion projects; and

“(k) cooperate with other Federal departments and agencies, with State and local departments, agencies, and instrumentalities, and with interested persons, firms, institutions, and organizations.

“Sec. 4. (a) Research and development activities undertaken by the Secretary shall be coordinated or conducted jointly with the Department of Defense to the end that developments under this Act which are primarily of a civil nature will contribute to the defense of the Nation and that developments which are primarily of a military nature will, to the greatest practicable extent compatible with military and security requirements, be available to advance the purposes of this Act and to strengthen the civil economy of the Nation. The fullest cooperation by and with Atomic Energy Commission, the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, the Department of State, and other concerned agencies shall also be carried out in the interest of achieving the objectives of this Act.

“(b) All research within the United States contracted for, sponsored, cosponsored, or authorized under authority of this Act, shall be provided for in such manner that all information, uses, products, processes, patents, and other developments resulting from such research developed by Government expenditure will (with such exceptions and limitations, if any, as the Secretary may find to be necessary in the interest of national defense) be available to the general public. This subsection shall not be so construed as to deprive the owner of any background patent relating thereto of such rights as he may have thereunder.

“Sec. 5. (a) The Secretary may dispose of water and byproducts resulting from his operations under this Act. All moneys received from dispositions under this section shall be paid into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.

“(b) Nothing in this Act shall be construed to alter existing law with respect to the ownership and control of water.

“Sec. 6. The Secretary shall make reports to the President and the Congress at the beginning of each regular session of the action taken or instituted by him under the provisions of this Act and of prospective action during the ensuing year.

“Sec. 7. The Secretary of the Interior may issue rules and regulations to effectuate the purposes of this Act.

“Sec. 8. There are authorized to be appropriated such sums, to remain available until expended, as may be necessary, but not more than $75,000,000 in all, (a) to carry out the provisions of this Act during the fiscal years 1962 to 1967, inclusive; (b) to finance, for not more than two years beyond the end of said period, such grants, contracts, cooperative agreements, and studies as may theretofore have
been undertaken pursuant to this Act; and (c) to finance, for not more than three years beyond the end of said period, such activities as are required to correlate, coordinate, and round out the results of studies and research undertaken pursuant to this Act: Provided, That funds available in any one year for research and development may, subject to the approval of the Secretary of State to assure that such activities are consistent with the foreign policy objectives of the United States, be expended in cooperation with public or private agencies in foreign countries in the development of processes useful to the program in the United States: And provided further, That every such contract or agreement made with any public or private agency in a foreign country shall contain provisions effective to ensure that the results or information developed in connection therewith shall be available without cost to the United States for the use of the United States throughout the world and for the use of the general public within the United States."

Sec. 2. Section 4 of the joint resolution of September 2, 1958 (72 Stat. 1707; 42 U.S.C. 1958(d)), is hereby amended to read:

"The authority of the Secretary of the Interior under this joint resolution to construct, operate, and maintain demonstration plants shall terminate upon the expiration of twelve years after the date on which this joint resolution is approved. Upon the expiration of a period deemed adequate for demonstration purposes for each plant, but not to exceed such twelve-year period, the Secretary shall proceed as promptly as practicable to dispose of any plants so constructed by sale to the highest bidder, or as may otherwise be directed by Act of Congress. Upon such sale, there shall be returned to any State or public agency which has contributed financial assistance under section 3 of this joint resolution a proper share of the net proceeds of the sale."

Approved September 22, 1961.
AN ACT
To establish a United States Arms Control and Disarmament Agency.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

TITLE I—SHORT TITLE, PURPOSE, AND DEFINITIONS

SHORT TITLE

SEC. 1. This Act may be cited as the "Arms Control and Disarmament Act".

PURPOSE

SEC. 2. An ultimate goal of the United States is a world which is free from the scourge of war and the dangers and burdens of armaments; in which the use of force has been subordinated to the rule of law; and in which international adjustments to a changing world are achieved peacefully. It is the purpose of this Act to provide impetus toward this goal by creating a new agency of peace to deal with the problem of reduction and control of armaments looking toward ultimate world disarmament.

Arms control and disarmament policy, being an important aspect of foreign policy, must be consistent with national security policy as a whole. The formulation and implementation of United States arms control and disarmament policy in a manner which will promote the national security can best be insured by a central organization charged by statute with primary responsibility for this field. This organization must have such a position within the Government that it can provide the President, the Secretary of State, other officials of the executive branch, and the Congress with recommendations concerning United States arms control and disarmament policy, and can assess the effect of these recommendations upon our foreign policies, our national security policies, and our economy.

This organization must have the capacity to provide the essential scientific, economic, political, military, psychological, and technological information upon which realistic arms control and disarmament policy must be based. It must be able to carry out the following primary functions:

(a) The conduct, support, and coordination of research for arms control and disarmament policy formulation;
(b) The preparation for and management of United States participation in international negotiations in the arms control and disarmament field;
(c) The dissemination and coordination of public information concerning arms control and disarmament; and
(d) The preparation for, operation of, or as appropriate, direction of United States participation in such control systems as may become part of United States arms control and disarmament activities.

DEFINITIONS

SEC. 3. As used in this Act—
(a) The terms "arms control" and "disarmament" mean the identification, verification, inspection, limitation, control, reduction, or elimination, of armed forces and armaments of all kinds under international agreement including the necessary steps taken under such an agreement to establish an effective system of inter-
national control, or to create and strengthen international organizations for the maintenance of peace.

(b) The term "Government agency" means any executive department, commission, agency, independent establishment, corporation wholly or partly owned by the United States which is an instrumentality of the United States, or any board, bureau, division, service, office, officer, authority, administration, or other establishment in the executive branch of Government.

(c) The term "Agency" means the United States Arms Control and Disarmament Agency.

TITLE II—ORGANIZATION

UNITED STATES ARMS CONTROL AND DISARMAMENT AGENCY

Sec. 21. There is hereby established an agency to be known as the "United States Arms Control and Disarmament Agency".

DIRECTOR

Sec. 22. The Agency shall be headed by a Director, who shall serve as the principal adviser to the Secretary of State and the President on arms control and disarmament matters. In carrying out his duties under this Act the Director shall, under the direction of the Secretary of State, have primary responsibility within the Government for arms control and disarmament matters, as defined in this Act. He shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. He shall receive compensation at the rate of $22,500 per annum.

DEPUTY DIRECTOR

Sec. 23. A Deputy Director of the Agency shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. He shall receive compensation at the rate of $21,500 per annum. The Deputy Director shall perform such duties and exercise such powers as the Director may prescribe. He shall act for, and exercise the powers of, the Director during his absence or disability or during a vacancy in said office.

ASSISTANT DIRECTORS

Sec. 24. Not to exceed four Assistant Directors may be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. They shall receive compensation at the rate of $20,000 per annum. They shall perform such duties and exercise such powers as the Director may prescribe.

BUREAUS, OFFICES, AND DIVISIONS

Sec. 25. The Director, under the direction of the Secretary of State, may establish within the Agency such bureaus, offices, and divisions as he may determine to be necessary to discharge his responsibilities under this Act, including, but not limited to, an Office of the General Counsel.

GENERAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE

Sec. 26. The President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, may appoint a General Advisory Committee of not to exceed fifteen members to advise the Director on arms control and disarmament policy and activities. The President shall designate one of the members as Chairman. The members of the committee may receive the compensation and reimbursement for expenses specified for
consultants by section 41(d) of this Act. The Committee shall meet at least twice each year. It shall from time to time advise the President, the Secretary of State, and the Disarmament Director respecting matters affecting arms control, disarmament, and world peace.

**TITLE III—FUNCTIONS**

**RESEARCH**

Sec. 31. The Director is authorized and directed to exercise his powers in such manner as to insure the acquisition of a fund of theoretical and practical knowledge concerning disarmament. To this end, the Director is authorized and directed, under the direction of the President, (1) to insure the conduct of research, development, and other studies in the field of arms control and disarmament; (2) to make arrangements (including contracts, agreements, and grants) for the conduct of research, development, and other studies in the field of arms control and disarmament by private or public institutions or persons; and (3) to coordinate the research, development, and other studies conducted in the field of arms control and disarmament by or for other Government agencies in accordance with procedures established under section 35 of this Act. In carrying out his responsibilities under this Act, the Director shall, to the maximum extent feasible, make full use of available facilities, Government and private. The authority of the Director with respect to research, development, and other studies shall be limited to participation in the following insofar as they relate to arms control and disarmament:

(a) the detection, identification, inspection, monitoring, limitation, reduction, control, and elimination of armed forces and armaments, including thermonuclear, nuclear, missile, conventional, bacteriological, chemical, and radiological weapons;
(b) the techniques and systems of detecting, identifying, inspecting, and monitoring of tests of nuclear, thermonuclear, and other weapons;
(c) the analysis of national budgets, levels of industrial production, and economic indicators to determine the amounts spent by various countries for armaments;
(d) the control, reduction, and elimination of armed forces and armaments in space, in areas on and beneath the earth’s surface, and in underwater regions;
(e) the structure and operation of international control and other organizations useful for arms control and disarmament;
(f) the training of scientists, technicians, and other personnel for manning the control systems which may be created by international arms control and disarmament agreements;
(g) the reduction and elimination of the danger of war resulting from accident, miscalculation, or possible surprise attack, including (but not limited to) improvements in the methods of communications between nations;
(h) the economic and political consequences of arms control and disarmament, including the problems of readjustment arising in industry and the reallocation of national resources;
(i) the arms control and disarmament implications of foreign and national security policies of the United States with a view to a better understanding of the significance of such policies for the achievement of arms control and disarmament;
(j) the national security and foreign policy implications of arms control and disarmament proposals with a view to a better understanding of the effect of such proposals upon national security and foreign policy;
(k) methods for the maintenance of peace and security during different stages of arms control and disarmament;

(l) the scientific, economic, political, legal, social, psychological, military, and technological factors related to the prevention of war with a view to a better understanding of how the basic structure of a lasting peace may be established;

(m) such related problems as the Director may determine to be in need of research, development, or study in order to carry out the provisions of this Act.

PATENTS

Sec. 32. All research within the United States contracted for, sponsored, cosponsored, or authorized under authority of this Act, shall be provided for in such manner that all information as to uses, products, processes, patents, and other developments resulting from such research developed by Government expenditure will (with such exceptions and limitations, if any, as the Director may find to be necessary in the public interest) be available to the general public. This subsection shall not be so construed as to deprive the owner of any background patent relating thereto of such rights as he may have thereunder.

POLICY FORMULATION

Sec. 33. The Director is authorized and directed to prepare for the President, the Secretary of State, and the heads of such other Government agencies, as the President may determine, recommendations concerning United States arms control and disarmament policy: Provided, however, That no action shall be taken under this or any other law that will obligate the United States to disarm or to reduce or to limit the Armed Forces or armaments of the United States, except pursuant to the treaty making power of the President under the Constitution or unless authorized by further affirmative legislation by the Congress of the United States.

NEGOTIATIONS AND RELATED FUNCTIONS

Sec. 34. Under the direction of the Secretary of State—

(a) the Director, for the purpose of conducting negotiations concerning arms control and disarmament or for the purpose of exercising any other authority given him by this Act, may (1) consult and communicate with or direct the consultation and communication with representatives of other nations or of international organizations and (2) communicate in the name of the Secretary with diplomatic representatives of the United States in this country and abroad.

(b) the Director shall perform functions pursuant to section 2(c) of Reorganization Plan 8 of 1953 with respect to providing to the United States Information Agency official United States positions and policy on arms control and disarmament matters for dissemination abroad.

(c) the Director is authorized (1) to formulate plans and make preparations for the establishment, operation, and funding of inspection and control systems which may become part of the United States arms control and disarmament activities, and (2) as authorized by law, to put into effect, direct, or otherwise assume United States responsibility for such systems.
COORDINATION

Sec. 35. The President is authorized to establish procedures to (1) assure cooperation, consultation, and a continuing exchange of information between the Agency and the Department of Defense, the Atomic Energy Commission, the National Aeronautics and Space Administration and other affected Government agencies, in all significant aspects of United States arms control and disarmament policy and related matters, including current and prospective policies, plans, and programs, (2) resolve differences of opinion between the Director and such other agencies which cannot be resolved through consultation, and (3) provide for presentation to the President of recommendations of the Director with respect to such differences, when such differences involve major matters of policy and cannot be resolved through consultation.

TITLE IV—GENERAL PROVISIONS

GENERAL AUTHORITY

Sec. 41. In the performance of his functions, the Director is authorized to—

(a) utilize or employ the services, personnel, equipment, or facilities of any other Government agency, with the consent of the agency concerned, to perform such functions on behalf of the Agency as may appear desirable. It is the intent of this section that the Director rely upon the Department of State for general administrative services in the United States and abroad to the extent agreed upon between the Secretary of State and the Director. Any Government agency is authorized, notwithstanding any other provision of law, to transfer to or to receive from the Director, without reimbursement, supplies and equipment other than administrative supplies or equipment. Transfer or receipt of excess property shall be in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949, as amended;

(b) appoint officers and employees, including attorneys, for the Agency in accordance with the civil service laws and fix their compensation in accordance with the Classification Act of 1949, as amended;

(c) enter into agreements with other Government agencies, including the military departments through the Secretary of Defense, under which officers or employees of such agencies may be detailed to the Agency for the performance of service pursuant to this Act without prejudice to the status or advancement of such officers or employees within their own agencies;

(d) procure services of experts and consultants or organizations thereof, including stenographic reporting services, as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a), at rates not to exceed $100 per diem for individuals, and to pay in connection therewith travel expenses of individuals, including transportation and per diem in lieu of subsistence while away from their homes or regular places of business, as authorized by section 5 of said Act, as amended (5 U.S.C. 73b-2): Provided, That no such individual shall be employed for more than one hundred days in any fiscal year unless the President certifies that employment of such individual in excess of such number of days is necessary in the national interest: And provided further, That such contracts may be renewed annually;
(e) employ individuals of outstanding ability without compensation in accordance with the provisions of section 710(b) of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended (50 U.S.C. App. 2160), and regulations issued thereunder;

(f) establish advisory boards to advise with and make recommendations to the Director on United States arms control and disarmament policy and activities. The members of such boards may receive the compensation and reimbursement for expenses specified for consultants by section 41(d) of this Act;

(g) delegate, as appropriate, to the Deputy Director or other officers of the Agency, any authority conferred upon the Director by the provisions of this Act; and

(h) make, promulgate, issue, rescind, and amend such rules and regulations as may be necessary or desirable to the exercise of any authority conferred upon the Director by the provisions of this Act.

FOREIGN SERVICE RESERVE AND STAFF OFFICERS

SEC. 42. The Secretary of State may authorize the Director to exercise, with respect to Foreign Service Reserve officers and Foreign Service Staff officers and employees appointed or employed for the Agency, the following authority: (1) The authority available to the Secretary of State under the Foreign Service Act of 1946, as amended, (2) the authority available to the Secretary under any other provision of law pertaining specifically, or generally applicable, to such officers or employees, and (3) the authority of the Board of Foreign Service pursuant to the Foreign Service Act of 1946, as amended.

CONTRACTS OR EXPENDITURES

SEC. 43. The President may, in advance, exempt actions of the Director from the provisions of law relating to contracts or expenditures of Government funds whenever he determines that such action is essential in the interest of United States arms control and disarmament and security policy.

CONFLICT OF INTEREST AND DUAL COMPENSATION LAWS

SEC. 44. The members of the General Advisory Committee created by section 26 of this Act, and the members of the advisory boards, the consultants, and the individuals of outstanding ability employed without compensation, all of which are provided in section 41 of this Act, may serve as such without regard to the provisions of section 281, 283, 284, or 1914 of title 18 of the United States Code, or of section 190 of the Revised Statutes (5 U.S.C. 99), or of any other Federal law imposing restrictions, requirements, or penalties in relation to the employment of individuals, the performance of services, or the payment or receipt of compensation in connection with any claim, proceeding, or matter involving the United States Government, except insofar as such provisions of law may prohibit any such individual from receiving compensation from a source other than a nonprofit educational institution in respect of any particular matter in which the Agency is directly interested. Nor shall such service be considered as employment or holding of office or position bringing such individual within the provisions of section 13 of the Civil Service Retirement Act (5 U.S.C. 2263), section 212 of the Act of June 30, 1932, as amended (5 U.S.C. 59a), or any other Federal law limiting the reemployment of retired officers or employees or governing the simultaneous receipt of compensation and retired pay or annuities.
SEC. 45. (a) The Director shall establish such security and loyalty requirements, restrictions, and safeguards as he deems necessary in the interest of the national security and to carry out the provisions of this Act. The Director shall arrange with the Civil Service Commission for the conduct of full-field background security and loyalty investigations of all the Agency's officers, employees, consultants, persons detailed from other Government agencies, members of its General Advisory Committee, advisory boards, contractors and subcontractors, and their officers and employees, actual or prospective. In the event the investigation discloses information indicating that the person investigated may be or may become a security risk, or may be of doubtful loyalty, the report of the investigation shall be turned over to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for a full-field investigation. The final results of all such investigations shall be turned over to the Director for final determination. No person shall be permitted to enter on duty as such an officer, employee, consultant, or member of advisory committee or board, or pursuant to any such detail, and no contractor or subcontractor, or officer or employee thereof shall be permitted to have access to any classified information, until he shall have been investigated in accordance with this subsection and the report of such investigations made to the Director, and the Director shall have determined that such person is not a security risk or of doubtful loyalty. Standards applicable with respect to the security clearance of persons within any category referred to in this subsection shall not be less stringent, and the investigation of such persons for such purposes shall not be less intensive or complete, than in the case of such clearance of persons in a corresponding category under the security procedures of the Government agency or agencies having the highest security restrictions with respect to persons in such category.

(b) The Atomic Energy Commission may authorize any of its employees, or employees of any contractor, prospective contractor, licensee, or prospective licensee of the Atomic Energy Commission or any other person authorized to have access to Restricted Data by the Atomic Energy Commission under section 2165 of title 42, to permit the Director or any officer, employee, consultant, person detailed from other Government agencies, member of the General Advisory Committee or of an advisory board established pursuant to section 41(f), contractor, subcontractor, prospective contractor, or prospective subcontractor, or officer or employee of such contractor, subcontractor, prospective contractor, or prospective subcontractor, to have access to Restricted Data which is required in the performance of his duties and so certified by the Director, but only if (1) the Atomic Energy Commission has determined, in accordance with the established personnel security procedures and standards of the Commission, that permitting such individual to have access to such Restricted Data will not endanger the common defense and security, and (2) the Atomic Energy Commission finds that the established personnel and other security procedures and standards of the Agency are adequate and in reasonable conformity to the standards established by the Atomic Energy Commission under section 2165 of title 42, including those for interim clearance in subsection (b) thereof. Any individual granted access to such Restricted Data pursuant to this subsection may exchange such data with any individual who (A) is an officer or employee of the Department of Defense, or any department or agency thereof, or a member of the Armed Forces, or an officer or employee of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, or a contractor or subcontractor.
ior of any such department, agency, or armed force, or an officer or employee of any such contractor or subcontractor, and (B) has been authorized to have access to Restricted Data under the provisions of sections 2163 or 2455 of title 42.

COMPTROLLER GENERAL AUDIT

Sec. 46. No moneys appropriated for the purpose of this Act shall be available for payment under any contract with the Director, negotiated without advertising, except contracts with any foreign government, international organization or any agency thereof, unless such contract includes a clause to the effect that the Comptroller General of the United States or any of his duly authorized representatives shall, until the expiration of three years after final payment, have access to and the right to examine any directly pertinent books, documents, papers, and records of the contractor or any of his subcontractors engaged in the performance of, and involving transactions related to such contracts or subcontracts: Provided, however, That no moneys so appropriated shall be available for payment under such contract which includes any provisions precluding an audit by the General Accounting Office of any transaction under such contract: And provided further, That nothing in this section shall preclude the earlier disposal of contractor and subcontractor records in accordance with records disposal schedules agreed upon between the Director and the General Accounting Office.

TRANSFER OF ACTIVITIES AND FACILITIES TO AGENCY

Sec. 47. (a) The United States Disarmament Administration, together with its records, property, personnel, and funds, is hereby transferred to the Agency. The appropriations and unexpended balances of appropriations transferred pursuant to this subsection shall be available for expenditure for any and all objects of expenditure authorized by this Act, without regard to the requirements of apportionment under section 665 of title 31.

(b) The President, by Executive order, may transfer to the Director any activities or facilities of any Government agency which relate primarily to arms control and disarmament. In connection with any such transfer, the President may under this section or other applicable authority, provide for appropriate transfers of records, property, civilian personnel, and funds. No transfer shall be made under this subsection until (1) a full and complete report concerning the nature and effect of such proposed transfer has been transmitted by the President to the Congress, and (2) the first period of sixty calendar days of regular session of the Congress following the date of receipt of such report by the Congress has expired without adoption by either House of the Congress of a resolution stating that such House does not favor such transfer. The procedures prescribed in title II of the Reorganization Act of 1949 shall apply to any such resolution.

USE OF FUNDS

Sec. 48. Appropriations made to the Director for the purposes of this Act, and transfers of funds to him by other Government agencies for such purposes, shall be available to him to exercise any authority granted him by this Act, including, without limitation, expenses of printing and binding without regard to the provisions of section 11 of the Act of March 1, 1919 (44 U.S.C. 111); purchase or hire of one passenger motor vehicle for the official use of the Director without regard to the limitations contained in section 78(c) of title 5 of the
United States Code; entertainment and official courtesies to the extent authorized by appropriation; expenditures for training and study; expenditures in connection with participation in international conferences for the purposes of this Act; and expenses in connection with travel of personnel outside the United States, including transportation expenses of dependents, household goods, and personal effects, and expenses authorized by the Foreign Service Act of 1946, as amended, not otherwise provided for.

**APPROPRIATION**

Sec. 49. (a) There are hereby authorized to be appropriated not to exceed $10,000,000 to remain available until expended, to carry out the purposes of this Act.

(b) Funds appropriated pursuant to this section may be allocated or transferred to any agency for carrying out the purposes of this Act. Such funds shall be available for obligation and expenditure in accordance with authority granted in this Act, or under authority governing the activities of the agencies to which such funds are allocated or transferred.

**REPORT TO CONGRESS**

Sec. 50. The Director shall submit to the President, for transmittal to the Congress, not later than January 31 of each year, a report concerning activities of the Agency.

Approved September 26, 1961, 12:45 p.m.

Public Law 87-298

**AN ACT**

To authorize the use of funds arising from judgments in favor of any of the Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That* the funds on deposit in the Treasury of the United States to the credit of the Colville Tribe, San Poil-Nespelem Tribe, Okanogan Tribe, Methow Tribe, and Lake Tribe (certain constituent groups of the Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation) that were appropriated to pay a judgment of the Indian Claims Commission dated March 1, 1960, in docket numbered 181, and the funds which may be deposited in the Treasury of the United States to the credit of the said constituent groups or any other constituent groups of the Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation to pay any judgments arising out of proceedings presently pending before the Indian Claims Commission in dockets numbered 161, 179, 181-A, 181-B, 181-C, 222, and 224, and the interest on said judgments, after payment of attorney fees and expenses, shall be credited to the account of the Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation, and may be advanced or expended for any purpose that is authorized by the tribal governing body of the Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation and approved by the Secretary of the Interior. Any part of such funds that may be distributed per capita to the members of the tribes shall not be subject to Federal or State income tax.

Approved September 26, 1961.
Public Law 87-299

To amend the Act of September 1, 1954, in order to limit to cases involving the national security the prohibition on payment of annuities and retired pay to officers and employees of the United States, to clarify the application and operation of such Act, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act entitled "An Act to prohibit payment of annuities to officers and employees of the United States convicted of certain offenses, and for other purposes", approved September 1, 1954, as amended (68 Stat. 1142, 70 Stat. 761; 5 U.S.C. 2281-2288), is amended to read as follows:

"That (a) there shall not be paid to any person convicted, prior to, on or after September 1, 1954, under any article or provision of law specified or described in this subsection, of any offense within the purview of such article or provision to the extent provided in this subsection, or to any survivor or beneficiary of such persons so convicted, for any period subsequent to the date of such conviction or subsequent to September 1, 1954, whichever date is later, any annuity or retired pay on the basis of the service of such person (subject to the exceptions contained in section 10 (2) and (3) of this Act) which is creditable toward such annuity or retired pay—

"(1) any offense within the purview of—

"(A) section 792 (harboring or concealing persons), 793 (gathering, transmitting, or losing defense information), 794 (gathering or delivering defense information to aid foreign government), or 798 (disclosure of classified information), of chapter 37 (relating to espionage and censorship) of title 18 of the United States Code,

"(B) chapter 105 (relating to sabotage) of title 18 of the United States Code,

"(C) section 2381 (treason), 2382 (misprision of treason), 2383 (rebellion or insurrection), 2384 (seditious conspiracy), 2385 (advocating overthrow of government), 2387 (activities affecting armed forces generally), 2388 (activities affecting armed forces during war), 2389 (recruiting for service against United States), or 2390 (enlistment to serve against United States), of chapter 115 (relating to treason, sedition, and subversive activities) of title 18 of the United States Code,


"(E) section 16(a) or 16(b) of the Atomic Energy Act of 1946 (60 Stat. 773; 42 U.S.C., 1952 edition, sec. 1816(a) and (b)) as in effect prior to the enactment of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 by the Act of August 30, 1954, insofar as such offense under such section 16(a) or 16(b) is committed with intent to injure the United States or with intent to secure an advantage to any foreign nation, or

"(F) any prior provision of law on which any provision of law specified in subparagraph (A), (B), or (C) of this paragraph is based;
"(2) any offense within the purview of—
   "(A) article 104 (aiding the enemy) or article 106 (spies) of the Uniform Code of Military Justice (chapter 47 of title 10 of the United States Code) or any prior article on which such article 104 or article 106, as the case may be, is based, or
   "(B) any current article of the Uniform Code of Military Justice (or any prior article on which such current article is based) not specified or described in subparagraph (A) of this paragraph on the basis of charges and specifications describing a violation of any provision of law specified or described in paragraph (1), (3), or (4) of this subsection if the executed sentence includes death, dishonorable discharge, or dismissal from the service, or if the defendant dies before execution of such sentence as finally approved;
"(3) perjury committed under the laws of the United States or of the District of Columbia—
   "(A) in falsely denying the commission of an act which constitutes any of the offenses—
      "(i) within the purview of any provision of law specified or described in paragraph (1) of this subsection, or
      "(ii) within the purview of any article or provision of law specified or described in paragraph (2) of this subsection insofar as such offense is within the purview of any article or provision of law specified or described in paragraph (1) or paragraph (2) (A) of this subsection,
   "(B) in falsely testifying before any Federal grand jury, court of the United States, or court-martial with respect to his service as an officer or employee of the Government in connection with any matter involving or relating to any interference with or endangerment of, or involving or relating to any plan or attempt to interfere with or endanger, the national security or defense of the United States, or
   "(C) in falsely testifying before any congressional committee in connection with any matter under inquiry before such congressional committee involving or relating to any interference with or endangerment of, or involving or relating to any plan or attempt to interfere with or endanger, the national security or defense of the United States; and
   "(4) subornation of perjury committed in connection with the false denial or false testimony of another person as specified in paragraph (3) of this subsection.
"(b) There shall not be paid to any person convicted, prior to, on, or after the date of enactment of this amendment, under any article or provision of law specified or described in this subsection, of any offense within the purview of such article or provision to the extent provided in this subsection, or to any survivor or beneficiary of such person so convicted, for any period subsequent to the date of such conviction or subsequent to the date of enactment of this amendment, whichever date is later, any annuity or retired pay on the basis of the service of such person (subject to the exceptions contained in section 10 (2) and (3) of this Act) which is creditable toward such annuity or retired pay—
   "(1) any offense within the purview of—
      "(A) section 222 (violation of specific sections) or section 223 (violation of sections generally of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (68 Stat. 858; 42 U.S.C. 2272 and 2273) insofar as such offense under such section 222 or 223 is committed
with intent to injure the United States or with intent to secure an advantage to any foreign nation,

“(B) section 224 (communication of restricted data), section 225 (receipt of restricted data), or section 226 (tampering with restricted data) of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (68 Stat. 958 and 959; 42 U.S.C. 2274, 2275, and 2276), or

“(C) section 4 (conspiracy and communication or receipt of classified information), section 112 (conspiracy or evasion of apprehension during internal security emergency), or section 113 (aiding evasion of apprehension during internal security emergency) of the Internal Security Act of 1950 (64 Stat. 991, 1029, and 1030; 50 U.S.C. 783, 822, and 823);

“(2) any offense within the purview of any current article of the Uniform Code of Military Justice (chapter 47 of title 10 of the United States Code), or any prior article on which such current article is based, on the basis of charges and specifications describing a violation of any provision of law specified or described in paragraph (1), (3), or (4) of this subsection, if the executed sentence includes death, dishonorable discharge, or dismissal from the service, or if the defendant dies before execution of such sentence as finally approved;

“(3) perjury committed under the laws of the United States or the District of Columbia in falsely denying the commission of an act which constitutes any of the offenses within the purview of any provision of law specified or described in paragraph (1) of this subsection; and

“(4) subornation of perjury committed in connection with the false denial of another person as specified in paragraph (3) of this subsection.

“Sec. 2. (a) There shall not be paid to any person who, prior to, on, or after September 1, 1954, has refused or refuses, or knowingly and willfully has failed or fails, to appear, testify, or produce any book, paper, record, or other document, relating to his service as an officer or employee of the Government, before a Federal grand jury, court of the United States, court-martial, or congressional committee, in any proceeding with respect to—

“(1) any relationship which he has had or has with a foreign government, or

“(2) any matter involving or relating to any interference with or endangerment of, or involving or relating to any plan or attempt to interfere with or endanger, the national security or defense of the United States,

or to the survivor or beneficiary of such person, for any period subsequent to September 1, 1954, or subsequent to the date of such failure or refusal of such person, whichever date is later, any annuity or retired pay on the basis of the service of such person (subject to the exceptions contained in section 10 (2) and (3) of this Act) which is creditable toward such annuity or retired pay.

“(b) There shall not be paid to any person who, prior to, on, or after September 1, 1954, knowingly and willfully, has made or makes any false, fictitious, or fraudulent statement or representation, or who, prior to, on, or after such date, knowingly and willfully, has concealed or conceals any material fact, with respect to his—

“(1) past or present membership in, affiliation or association with, or support of the Communist Party, or any chapter, branch, or subdivision thereof, in or outside the United States, or any other organization, party, or group advocating (A) the overthrow, by force, violence, or other unconstitutional means, of the Government of the United States, (B) the establishment, by force, vio-
ence, or other unconstitutional means, of a Communist totalitarian dictatorship in the United States, or (C) the right to strike against the Government of the United States,

"(2) conviction, under any article or provision of law specified or described in subsection (a) of the first section of this Act, of any offense within the purview of such subsection (a) to the extent provided in such subsection, or

"(3) failure or refusal to appear, and testify, or produce any book, paper, record, or other document, as specified in subsection (a) of this section,

for any period subsequent to September 1, 1954, or subsequent to the date on which any such statement, representation, or concealment of fact is made or occurs, whichever date is later, in any document executed by such person in connection with his employment in, or application for, a civilian or military office or position in or under the legislative, executive, or judicial branch of the Government of the United States or the government of the District of Columbia, or to the survivor or beneficiary of such person, any annuity or retired pay on the basis of the service of such person (subject to the exceptions contained in section 10 (2) and (3) of this Act) which is creditable toward such annuity or retired pay.

"(c) There shall not be paid to any person who, prior to, on, or after the date of enactment of this amendment, knowingly and willfully, has made or makes any false, fictitious, or fraudulent statement or representation, or who, prior to, on, or after such date, knowingly and willfully, has concealed or conceals any material fact, with respect to his conviction, under any article or provision of law specified or described in subsection (b) of the first section of this Act, of any offense within the purview of such subsection (b) to the extent provided in such subsection, for any period subsequent to the date of enactment of this amendment or subsequent to the date on which any such statement, representation, or concealment of fact is made or occurs, whichever date is later, in any document executed by such person in connection with his employment in, or application for, a civilian or military office or position in or under the legislative, executive, or judicial branch of the Government of the United States or the government of the District of Columbia, or to the survivor or beneficiary of such person, any annuity or retired pay on the basis of the service of such person (subject to the exceptions contained in section 10 (2) and (3) of this Act) which is creditable toward such annuity or retired pay.

"Sec. 3. There shall not be paid to any person who, prior to, on, or after the date of enactment of this amendment, knowingly and willfully, has made or makes any false, fictitious, or fraudulent statement or representation, or who, prior to, on, or after such date, knowingly and willfully, has concealed or conceals any material fact, with respect to his conviction, under any article or provision of law specified or described in subsection (a) of the first section of this Act, or (B) after the date of enactment of this amendment, is under indictment, or has outstanding against him charges preferred under the Uniform Code of Military Justice, for any offense within the purview of subsection (a) of the first section of this Act, or (B) after the date of enactment of this amendment, is under indictment, or has outstanding against him charges preferred under the Uniform Code of Military Justice, for any offense within the purview of subsection (b) of such first section, and

"(2) who willfully remains outside the United States, its Territories and possessions, and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico for a period in excess of one year with knowledge of such indictment or charges, as the case may be,

for any period subsequent to the end of such one-year period, or to the survivor or beneficiary of such person, any annuity or retired pay on the basis of the service of such person (subject to the exceptions
Refunds of contributions.

"Sec. 4. (a) In the case of—

"(1) the conviction of any person, under any article or provision of law specified or described in subsection (a) of the first section of this Act, of any offense within the purview of such subsection (a) to the extent provided in such subsection, or the commission by any person of any violation of subsection (a) or (b) of section 2 of this Act, or

"(2) the conviction of any person, under any article or provision of law specified or described in subsection (b) of the first section of this Act, of any offense within the purview of such subsection (b) to the extent provided in such subsection, or the commission by any person of any violation of subsection (c) of section 2 of this Act,

any amounts (not including employment taxes) contributed by such person toward an annuity the benefits of which are denied under this Act (less any amounts previously refunded or previously paid as annuity benefits) shall be refunded, upon appropriate application therefore—

"(A) to such person,

"(B) if such person is deceased, to such other person or persons as may be designated to receive refunds by or under the law, regulation, or agreement under which the annuity (the benefits of which are denied under this Act) would have been payable, or

"(C) if there is no such designation, in the order of precedence prescribed in section 11(c) of the Civil Service Retirement Act (70 Stat. 755; 5 U.S.C. 2261(c)) or section 2771 of title 10 of the United States Code, as applicable.

"(b) Each refund under subsection (a) of this section shall be made with interest at such rates and for such periods as may be provided under the law, regulation, or agreement under which the annuity would have been payable. Such interest shall not be computed—

"(1) if paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of this section is applicable, for any period after the date of conviction or commission of violation, as the case may be, or after September 1, 1954, whichever date is later, or

"(2) if paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of this section is applicable, for any period after the date of conviction or commission of violation, as the case may be, or after the date of enactment of this amendment, whichever date is later.

"(c) No person whose annuity is denied under this Act shall be required to repay that part of any annuity otherwise properly paid to such person which is in excess of the aggregate amount of his own contributions toward such annuity, with applicable interest.

"(d) No survivor or beneficiary of any such person shall be required to repay that part of any annuity otherwise properly paid to such person or to such survivor or beneficiary on the basis of the service of such person which is in excess of the aggregate amount of the contributions of such person toward annuity, with applicable interest.
SEC. 5. (a) No person (including an eligible beneficiary under chapter 73 of title 10 of the United States Code or under section 5 of the Uniformed Services Contingency Option Act of 1953 (67 Stat. 504; 37 U.S.C., 1952 edition, Supp. III, sec. 374)) to whom payment of retired pay is denied under this Act shall be required to refund to the United States any retired pay otherwise properly paid to such person or beneficiary which is paid in violation of this Act.

(b) In the case of the conviction of, or the commission of any violation by, any person to the extent provided in paragraph (1) or paragraph (2), as the case may be, of section 4(a) of this Act, any deposits made under section 1438 of chapter 73 of title 10 of the United States Code, or under section 5 of the Uniformed Services Contingency Option Act of 1953 (67 Stat. 504; 37 U.S.C., 1952 edition, Supp. III, sec. 374), to provide the eligible beneficiary with annuity for any period (less amounts previously paid as retired pay benefits) shall be refunded, upon appropriate application therefore, in accordance with such section 4(a), with interest as provided in section 4(b) of this Act.

SEC. 6. (a) The right to receive an annuity or retired pay shall be deemed restored to any person convicted, prior to, on, or after September 1, 1954, of an offense which is within the purview of the first section of this Act or which constitutes a violation of section 2 of this Act, for which he is denied under this Act an annuity or retired pay, to whom a pardon of such offense is granted by the President of the United States, prior to, on, or after September 1, 1954, and to the survivor or beneficiary of such person. Such restoration of the right to receive an annuity or retired pay shall be effective as of the date on which such pardon is granted. Any amounts refunded to such person under section 4 or section 5(b) of this Act shall be redeposited before credit is allowed for the period or periods of service covered by the refund. No payment of annuity or retired pay shall be made, by virtue of such pardon, for any period prior to the date on which such pardon is granted.

(b) The President is authorized to restore, effective as of such date as he may prescribe, the right to receive an annuity or retired pay to any person who is denied, prior to, on, or after September 1, 1954, an annuity or retired pay under section 2 of this Act, and to the survivor or beneficiary of such person. Any amounts refunded to such person under section 4 or section 5(b) of this Act shall be redeposited before credit is allowed for the period or periods of service covered by the refund. No payment of annuity or retired pay shall be made, by virtue of such restoration of annuity or retired pay by the President under this subsection, for any period prior to the effective date of such restoration of annuity or retired pay.

(c) The right to receive an annuity or retired pay shall not be denied because of any conviction of an offense which is within the purview of the first section of this Act or which constitutes a violation of section 2 of this Act, in any case in which it is established by satisfactory evidence that such conviction or violation resulted from proper compliance with orders issued, in a confidential relationship, by a department, agency, establishment, or other authority of any branch of the Government of the United States or of the government of the District of Columbia.

SEC. 7. No accountable officer or employee of the Government shall be held responsible for any payment made in violation of any provision of this Act if such payment is made in due course and without fraud, collusion, or gross negligence.
Sec. 8. (a) The President may—

"(1) drop from the rolls any member of the armed forces, and any member of the Coast and Geodetic Survey or of the Public Health Service, who is deprived of retired pay under the provisions of this Act, and

"(2) (A) restore to any person so dropped from the rolls to whom retired pay is restored by reason of any provision of or change in this Act (including the provisions of section 2 of the Act which enacts this clause), his military status, and (B) restore to him and his beneficiaries all rights and privileges of which he or they were deprived by reason of his name having been dropped from the rolls.

(b) If the person restored was a commissioned officer he may be reappointed by the President alone to the grade and position on the retired list which he held at the time his name was dropped from the rolls.

Sec. 9. This Act shall not be construed to restrict any authority under any other provision of law to deny or withhold benefits authorized by law.

Sec. 10. As used in this Act—

"(1) the term ‘officer or employee of the Government’ includes—

"(A) an officer or employee in or under the legislative, executive, or judicial branch of the Government of the United States;

"(B) a Member of, Delegate to, or Resident Commissioner in, the Congress of the United States;

"(C) an officer or employee of the government of the District of Columbia; and

"(D) a member or former member of the armed forces, the Coast and Geodetic Survey, or the Public Health Service.

"(2) the term ‘annuity’ means any retirement benefit (including any disability insurance benefit and any dependent’s or survivor’s benefit under title II of the Social Security Act and any monthly annuity under section 2 or section 5 of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1937) payable by any department or agency of the Government of the United States or the government of the District of Columbia upon the basis of service as a civilian officer or employee of the Government and any other service which is creditable to an officer or employee of the Government toward such benefit under the law, regulation, or agreement providing such benefit, except that—

"(A) the term ‘annuity’ does not include any benefit provided under laws administered by the Veterans’ Administration;

"(B) the term ‘annuity’ does not include salary or compensation which may not be diminished under section 1 of Article III of the Constitution of the United States;

"(C) the term ‘annuity’ does not include, in the case of a benefit payable under title II of the Social Security Act, so much of such benefit as would be payable without taking into account (for any of the purposes of such title II, including determinations of periods of disability under section 216 (i)) any remuneration for service as an officer or employee of the Government;

"(D) the term ‘annuity’ does not include any monthly annuity awarded under section 2 or section 5 of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1937 prior to the date of enactment of this amendment (whether or not computed under section 3(e) of such Act) and, in the case of any annuity awarded
under such section 2 or 5 on or subsequent to the date of enactment of this amendment, does not include so much of such annuity as would be payable without taking into account any military service creditable under section 4 of such Act;

"(E) the term 'annuity' does not include any retirement benefit (including any disability insurance benefit and any dependent's or survivor's benefit under title II of the Social Security Act) of any person to whom such benefit has been awarded or granted prior to September 1, 1954, or of the survivor or beneficiary of such person, insofar as concerns the conviction of such person, prior to such date, under any article or provision of law specified or described in subsection (a) of the first section of this Act, of any offense within the purview of such subsection (a) to the extent provided in such subsection, or the commission by such person, prior to such date, of any violation of subsection (a) or (b) of section 2 of this Act; and

"(F) the term 'annuity' does not include any retirement benefit (including any disability insurance benefit and any dependent's or survivor's benefit under title II of the Social Security Act) of any person to whom such benefit has been awarded or granted prior to the date of enactment of this amendment, or of the survivor or beneficiary of such person, insofar as concerns the conviction of such person, prior to such date, under any article or provision of law specified or described in subsection (b) of the first section of this Act, of any offense within the purview of such subsection (b) to the extent provided in such subsection, or the commission by such person, prior to such date, of any violation of subsection (c) of section 2 of this Act.

"(3) the term 'retired pay' means retired pay, retirement pay, retainer pay, or equivalent pay, payable under any law of the United States to members or former members of the armed forces, the Coast and Geodetic Survey, and the Public Health Service, and any annuity payable to an eligible beneficiary of any such member or former member under chapter 73 (annuities based on retired or retainer pay) of title 10 of the United States Code, or under section 5 of the Uniformed Services Contingency Option Act of 1953 (67 Stat. 504; 37 U.S.C., 1952 edition, Supp. III, sec. 374), except that—

"(A) the term 'retired pay' does not include any benefit provided under laws administered by the Veterans' Administration;

"(B) the term 'retired pay', as applicable to retired pay, retirement pay, retainer pay, and equivalent pay, does not include any such pay of any person to whom such pay has been awarded or granted prior to September 1, 1954, insofar as concerns the conviction of such person, prior to such date, under any article or provision of law specified or described in subsection (a) of the first section of this Act, of any offense within the purview of such subsection (a) to the extent provided in such subsection, or the commission by such person, prior to such date, of any violation of subsection (a) or (b) of section 2 of this Act;

"(C) the term 'retired pay', as applicable to retired pay, retirement pay, retainer pay, or equivalent pay, does not
include any such pay of any person to whom such pay has been awarded or granted prior to the date of enactment of this amendment insofar as concerns the conviction of such person, prior to such date, under any article or provision of law specified or described in subsection (b) of the first section of this Act, of any offense within the purview of such subsection (b) to the extent provided in such subsection, or the commission by such person, prior to such date, of any violation of subsection (c) of section 2 of this Act; and

“(D) the term ‘retired pay’, as applicable to an annuity payable to the eligible beneficiary of any person under chapter 73 of title 10 of the United States Code, or under section 5 of the Uniformed Services Contingency Option Act of 1953 (67 Stat. 504; 37 U.S.C. 1952 edition, Supp. III, sec. 374), does not include any such annuity of any such beneficiary if such annuity has been awarded or granted to such beneficiary, or if retired pay has been awarded or granted to such person, prior to the date of enactment of this amendment insofar as concerns—

“(i) the conviction, prior to such date, of the person on the basis of whose service such annuity is awarded or granted, under any article or provision of law specified or described in the first section of this Act, of any offense within the purview of such first section to the extent specified in such section, or

“(ii) the commission by such person, prior to such date, of any violation of section 2 of this Act.

“(4) the term ‘armed forces’ shall have the meaning provided for such term by title 10 of the United States Code.

“Sec. 11. If any provision of this Act, or the application of such provision to any person or circumstance, shall be held invalid, the remainder of this Act, or the application of such provision to persons or circumstances other than those as to which it is held invalid, shall not be affected thereby.

“Sec. 12. (a) Section 3282 of title 18 of the United States Code is amended by striking out ‘three’ and inserting in lieu thereof ‘five’.

“(b) The amendment made by subsection (a) shall be effective with respect to offenses (1) committed on or after September 1, 1954, or (2) committed prior to such date, if on such date prosecution therefor is not barred by provisions of law in effect prior to such date.”

Sec. 2. (a) Subject to subsection (b) of this section, any person, including his survivor or beneficiary, to whom annuity or retired pay is not payable under the Act of September 1, 1954, as in effect at any time prior to the date of enactment of this Act, by reason of any conviction of an offense, any commission of a violation, any refusal to answer, or any absence under indictment, or under charges, for any offense, shall be restored the right to receive such annuity or retired pay for any and all periods for which he would have had the right to receive such annuity or retired pay if the Act of September 1, 1954, had not been enacted, unless, under the amendment made by the first section of this Act, such annuity or retired pay remains nonpayable to such person, including his survivor or beneficiary.

(b) No annuity accrued or accruing, prior to, on, or after the date of enactment of this Act, on account of the restoration, by
Public Law 87-300

AN ACT

To authorize the Secretary of the Interior to conduct a study covering the causes and prevention of injuries, health hazards, and other health and safety conditions in metal and nonmetallic mines (excluding coal and lignite mines).

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized and directed to make or cause to be made a study covering—

(1) the causes of injuries and health hazards in metal and nonmetallic mines (excluding coal and lignite mines);
(2) the relative effectiveness of voluntary versus mandatory reporting of accident statistics;
(3) the relative contribution to safety of inspection programs embodying—
   (A) right-of-entry only and
   (B) right-of-entry plus enforcement authority;
(4) the effectiveness of health and safety education and training;
(5) the magnitude of effort and costs of each of these possible phases of an effective safety program for metal and nonmetallic mines (excluding coal and lignite mines); and
(6) the scope and adequacy of State mine-safety laws applicable to such mines and the enforcement of such laws.

Sect. 2. (a) The Secretary of the Interior or any duly authorized representative shall be entitled to admission to, and to require reports from the operator of, any metal or nonmetallic mine which is in a State (excluding any coal or lignite mine), the products of which regularly enter commerce or the operations of which substantially affect commerce, for the purpose of gathering data and information necessary for the study authorized in the first section of this Act.

(b) As used in this section—

(1) the term “State” includes the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico and any possession of the United States; and
(2) the term “commerce” means commerce between any State and any place outside thereof, or between points within the same State but through any place outside thereof.

Sect. 3. The Secretary of the Interior shall submit a report of his findings, together with recommendations for an effective safety program for metal and nonmetallic mines (excluding coal and lignite mines) based upon such findings, to the Congress not more than two years after the date of enactment of this Act.

Approved September 26, 1961.
Public Law 87-301

AN ACT

To amend the Immigration and Nationality Act; and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 101(b) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101) is hereby amended by adding the following new subparagraph (6):

"(6) The term 'eligible orphan' means any alien child under the age of fourteen at the time at which the visa petition is filed pursuant to section 205(b) who is an orphan because of the death or disappearance of both parents, or because of abandonment, or desertion by, or separation or loss from, both parents, or who has only one parent due to the death or disappearance of, abandonment, or desertion by, or separation or loss from the other parent, and the remaining parent is incapable of providing care for such orphan and has in writing irrevocably released him for emigration and adoption."

SEC. 2. Section 101(b) (1) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101) is hereby amended by adding the following:

"(F) a child who is an eligible orphan, adopted abroad by a United States citizen and spouse or coming to the United States for adoption by a United States citizen and spouse; Provided, That no natural parent or prior adoptive parent of any such child shall thereafter, by virtue of such parentage be accorded any right, privilege, or status under this Act."

SEC. 3. (a) Section 205(b) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1155) is hereby amended to read as follows:

"(b) Any citizen of the United States claiming that any immigrant is his spouse or child and that such immigrant is entitled to a nonquota immigrant status under section 101(a) (27) (A), or any citizen of the United States claiming that any immigrant is his parent or unmarried son or unmarried daughter and that such immigrant is entitled to a quota immigrant status under section 203(a) (2), or any alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence claiming that any immigrant is his spouse or his unmarried son or his unmarried daughter and that such immigrant is entitled to a quota immigrant status under section 203(a) (3), or any citizen of the United States claiming that any immigrant is his brother or sister or his married son or his married daughter and that such immigrant is entitled to a preference under section 203(a) (4) may file a petition with the Attorney General. No petition for quota immigrant status or a preference in behalf of a son or daughter under paragraph (2), (3), or (4) of section 203(a) of the Immigration and Nationality Act shall be approved by the Attorney General unless the petitioner establishes that he is a parent as defined in section 101(b) (2) of the Immigration and Nationality Act of the alien in respect to whom the petition is made, except that no such petition shall be approved if the beneficiary thereof is an alien defined in section 101(b) (1) (F). No petition for nonquota immigrant status in behalf of a child as defined in section 101(b) (1) (F) shall be approved by the Attorney General unless the petitioner establishes to the satisfaction of the Attorney General that the petitioner and spouse will care for such child properly if he is admitted to the United States, and (i) in the case of a child adopted abroad, that the petitioner and spouse personally saw and observed the child prior to or during the adoption proceedings, and (ii) in the case of a child coming to the United States for adoption, that the petitioner and spouse have complied with the preadoption requirements, if any, of the State of such child's proposed residence. The petition shall be in
such form and shall contain such information and be supported by such documentary evidence as the Attorney General may by regulations prescribe. The petition shall be made under oath administered by any individual having authority to administer oaths, if executed in the United States, but, if executed outside the United States, administered by an immigration officer or a consular officer."

(b) The second sentence of section 205(c) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1155) is hereby amended to read: "Not more than two such petitions may be approved for one petitioner in behalf of a child as defined in section 101(b)(1)(E) or (F), unless necessary to prevent the separation of brothers and sisters."

Sec. 4. The first sentence of section 221(c) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1201) is hereby amended to read: "An immigrant visa shall be valid for such period, not exceeding four months, as shall be by regulations prescribed, except that any visa issued to a child lawfully adopted by a United States citizen and spouse while such citizen is serving abroad in the United States Armed Forces, or is employed abroad by the United States Government, or is temporarily abroad on business, shall be valid until such time, for a period not to exceed three years, as the adoptive citizen parent returns to the United States in due course of his service, employment, or business."

Sec. 5. (a) Title I of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101) is hereby amended by adding the following:

"JUDICIAL REVIEW OF ORDERS OF DEPORTATION AND EXCLUSION

"Sec. 106. (a) The procedure prescribed by, and all the provisions of the Act of December 29, 1950, as amended (64 Stat. 1129; 68 Stat. 961; 5 U.S.C. 1031 et seq.), shall apply to, and shall be the sole and exclusive procedure for, the judicial review of all final orders of deportation heretofore or hereafter made against aliens within the United States pursuant to administrative proceedings under section 242(b) of this Act or comparable provisions of any prior Act, except that—

"(1) a petition for review may be filed not later than six months from the date of the final deportation order or from the effective date of this section, whichever is the later.

"(2) the venue of any petition for review under this section shall be in the judicial circuit in which the administrative proceedings before a special inquiry officer were conducted in whole or in part, or in the judicial circuit wherein is the residence, as defined in this Act, of the petitioner, but not in more than one circuit;

"(3) the action shall be brought against the Immigration and Naturalization Service, as respondent. Service of the petition to review shall be made upon the Attorney General of the United States and upon the official of the Immigration and Naturalization Service in charge of the Service district in which the office of the clerk of the court is located. The service of the petition for review upon such official of the Service shall stay the deportation of the alien pending determination of the petition by the court, unless the court otherwise directs;

"(4) except as provided in clause (B) of paragraph (5) of this subsection, the petition shall be determined solely upon the administrative record upon which the deportation order is based and the Attorney General’s findings of fact, if supported by rea
sonable, substantial, and probative evidence on the record considered as a whole, shall be conclusive;

“(5) whenever any petitioner, who seeks review of an order under this section, claims to be a national of the United States and makes a showing that his claim is not frivolous, the court shall (A) pass upon the issues presented when it appears from the pleadings and affidavits filed by the parties that no genuine issue of material fact is presented; or (B) where a genuine issue of material fact as to the petitioner's nationality is presented, transfer the proceedings to a United States district court for the district where the petitioner has his residence for hearing de novo of the nationality claim and determination as if such proceedings were originally initiated in the district court under the provisions of section 2201 of title 28, United States Code. Any such petitioner shall not be entitled to have such issue determined under section 360(a) of this Act or otherwise;

“(6) if the validity of a deportation order has not been judicially determined, its validity may be challenged in a criminal proceeding against the alien for violation of subsection (d) or (e) of section 242 of this Act only by separate motion for judicial review before trial. Such motion shall be determined by the court without a jury and before the trial of the general issue. Whenever a claim to United States nationality is made in such motion, and in the opinion of the court, a genuine issue of material fact as to the alien's nationality is presented, the court shall accord him a hearing de novo on the nationality claim and determine that issue as if proceedings had been initiated under the provisions of section 2201 of title 28, United States Code. Any such alien shall not be entitled to have such issue determined under section 360(a) of this Act or otherwise. If no such hearing de novo as to nationality is conducted, the determination shall be made solely upon the administrative record upon which the deportation order is based and the Attorney General's findings of fact, if supported by reasonable, substantial and probative evidence on the record considered as a whole, shall be conclusive. If the deportation order is held invalid, the court shall dismiss the indictment and the United States shall have the right to appeal to the court of appeals within thirty days. The procedure on such appeals shall be as provided in the Federal rules of criminal procedure. No petition for review under this section may be filed by any alien during the pendency of a criminal proceeding against such alien for violation of subsection (d) or (e) of section 242 of this Act;

“(7) nothing in this section shall be construed to require the Attorney General to defer deportation of an alien after the issuance of a deportation order because of the right of judicial review of the order granted by this section, or to relieve any alien from compliance with subsections (d) and (e) of section 242 of this Act. Nothing contained in this section shall be construed to preclude the Attorney General from detaining or continuing to detain an alien or from taking him into custody pursuant to subsection (c) of section 242 of this Act at any time after the issuance of a deportation order;

“(8) it shall not be necessary to print the record or any part thereof, or the briefs, and the court shall review the proceedings on a typewritten record and on typewritten briefs; and

“(9) any alien held in custody pursuant to an order of deportation may obtain judicial review thereof by habeas corpus proceedings.
“(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law, any alien against whom a final order of exclusion has been made heretofore or hereafter under the provisions of section 236 of this Act or comparable provisions of any prior Act may obtain judicial review of such order by habeas corpus proceedings and not otherwise.

“(c) An order of deportation or of exclusion shall not be reviewed by any court if the alien has not exhausted the administrative remedies available to him as of right under the immigration laws and regulations or if he has departed from the United States after the issuance of the order. Every petition for review or for habeas corpus shall state whether the validity of the order has been upheld in any prior judicial proceeding, and, if so, the nature and date thereof, and the court in which such proceeding took place. No petition for review or for habeas corpus shall be entertained if the validity of the order has been previously determined in any civil or criminal proceeding, unless the petition presents grounds which the court finds could not have been presented in such prior proceeding, or the court finds that the remedy provided by such prior proceeding was inadequate or ineffective to test the validity of the order.”

(b) This section shall take effect on the thirtieth day after its approval and, notwithstanding the provisions of any other law, including section 405 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, shall then be applicable to all administrative proceedings involving deportation or exclusion of aliens notwithstanding (1) that the person involved entered the United States prior to the effective date of this section or of the Immigration and Nationality Act or (2) that the administrative proceeding was commenced or conducted prior to the effective date of this section or of the Immigration and Nationality Act. Any judicial proceeding to review an order of deportation which is pending unheard in any district court of the United States on the effective date of this section (other than a habeas corpus or criminal proceeding in which the validity of the deportation order has been challenged) shall be transferred for determination in accordance with this section to the court of appeals having jurisdiction to entertain a petition for review under this section. Any judicial proceeding to review an order of exclusion which is pending unheard on the effective date of this section shall be expedited in the same manner as is required in habeas corpus. All laws or parts of laws inconsistent with this section are, to the extent of such inconsistency, repealed. If any particular provision of this section, or the application thereof to any person or circumstance, is held invalid, the remainder of this section and the application of such provision to other persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

Sec. 6. Section 222 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1202) is hereby amended by deleting from subsection (a) the language “race and ethnic classification;”, and by deleting from subsection (c) the language “his race and ethnic classification:”.

Sec. 7. (a) Section 101(d) (1) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101) is hereby amended by inserting immediately after “December 31, 1946,” the following: “or from June 25, 1950, to July 1, 1955.”

(b) Section 101(d) (2) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101) is hereby amended (1) by striking out “and (C)” and inserting in lieu thereof “(C)”, and (2) by inserting immediately after “December 31, 1946” the following: “; and (D) the term ‘Korean hostilities’ relates to the period from June 25, 1950, to July 1, 1955”.

“Veteran”.


8 USC 1226.
Public Law 87-301—Sept. 26, 1961

Sec. 8. (a) Section 329(a) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1440) is amended by inserting after "December 31, 1946," the following: "or during a period beginning June 25, 1950, and ending July 1, 1955."

(b) Section 329(b)(4) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1440) is hereby amended by inserting after "December 31, 1946," the following: "or during a period beginning June 25, 1950, and ending July 1, 1955."

Sec. 9. Section 202(e) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1152) is hereby amended to read as follows:

"(e) After the determination of quotas has been made as provided in section 201, revision of the quotas shall be made by the Secretary of State, the Secretary of Commerce, and the Attorney General, jointly, whenever necessary, to provide for any change of boundaries resulting in transfer of territory from one sovereignty to another, a change of administrative arrangements of a colony or other dependent area, or any other political change, requiring a change in the list of quota areas or of the territorial limits thereof. In the case of any change in the territorial limits of quota areas, not requiring a change in the quotas for such areas, the Secretary of State shall, upon recognition of such change, issue appropriate instructions to all consular offices concerning the change in the territorial limits of the quota areas involved. Whenever one or more colonies or other component or dependent areas overseas from the governing country, or one or more quota areas have been subject to a change of administrative arrangements, a change of boundaries, or any other political change, the annual quota of the newly established quota area or the number of visas authorized to be issued under section 202(c)(1), notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, shall not be less than the sum total of quotas in effect or number of visas authorized for the area immediately preceding the change of administrative arrangements, change of boundaries, or other political change."

Sec. 10. Section 205(c) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1155) is hereby amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection, no petition shall be approved if the alien previously has been accorded, by reason of marriage determined by the Attorney General to have been entered into for the purpose of evading the immigration laws—

"(1) a nonquota status under section 101(a)(27)(A) as the spouse of a citizen of the United States, or
"(2) a preference quota status under section 203(a)(3) as the spouse of an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence."

Sec. 11. Section 212(a)(6) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182) is hereby amended to read as follows:

"(6) Aliens who are afflicted with any dangerous contagious disease;"

Sec. 12. Section 212 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182) is hereby amended by adding the following additional subsection:

"(f) Any alien afflicted with tuberculosis in any form who (A) is the spouse or the unmarried son or daughter, or the minor unmarried lawfully adopted child, of a United States citizen, or of an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence, or of an alien who has been issued an immigrant visa, or (B) has a son or daughter who is a United States citizen, or an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence, or an alien who has been issued an immigrant visa, shall, if otherwise admissible, be issued a visa and admitted to the United States for per-
permanent residence in accordance with such terms, conditions, and con-
trols, if any, including the giving of a bond, as the Attorney General,
in his discretion after consultation with the Surgeon General of the
United States Public Health Service, may by regulations prescribe.”

SEC. 13. Section 212(a)(9) of the Immigration and Nationality Act
(8 U.S.C. 1182) is hereby amended by changing the semicolon at the
end to a period, and adding thereafter the following: “Any alien who
would be excludable because of the conviction of a misdemeanor classi-
ifiable as a petty offense under the provisions of section 1(3) of title 18,
United States Code, by reason of the punishment actually imposed, or
who would be excludable as one who admits the commission of an
offense that is classifiable as a misdemeanor under the provisions of
section 1(2) of title 18, United States Code, by reason of the punish-
ment which might have been imposed upon him, may be granted a visa
and admitted to the United States if otherwise admissible: Provided,
That the alien has committed only one such offense, or admits the com-
misson of acts which constitute the essential elements of only one such
offense.”

SEC. 14. Section 212 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8
U.S.C. 1182) is hereby amended by adding the following additional
subsection:

“(g) Any alien, who is excludable from the United States under
paragraphs (9), (10), or (12) of this section, who (A) is the spouse
or child, including a minor unmarried adopted child, of a United
States citizen, or of an alien lawfully admitted for permanent resi-
dence, or (B) has a son or daughter who is a United States citizen
or an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence, shall, if other-
wise admissible, be issued a visa and admitted to the United States
for permanent residence (1) if it shall be established to the satisfac-
tion of the Attorney General that (A) the alien’s exclusion would
result in extreme hardship to the United States citizen or lawfully
resident spouse, parent, or son or daughter of such alien, and (B) the
admission to the United States of such alien would not be contrary to
the national welfare, safety, or security of the United States; and (2)
if the Attorney General, in his discretion, and pursuant to such terms,
conditions, and procedures as he may by regulations prescribe, has
consented to the alien’s applying or reapplying for a visa and for
admission to the United States.”

SEC. 15. Section 212 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8
U.S.C. 1182) is hereby amended by adding the following additional
subsection:

“(h) Any alien who is the spouse, parent, or child of a United States
citizen or of an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence and
who is excludable because (1) he seeks, has sought to procure, or has
procured, a visa or other documentation, or entry into the United
States, by fraud or misrepresentation, or (2) he admits the commis-
sion of perjury in connection therewith, may be granted a visa and
admitted to the United States for permanent residence, if otherwise
admissible, if the Attorney General in his discretion has consented to
the alien’s applying or reapplying for a visa and for admission to the
United States.”

SEC. 16. Section 241 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8
U.S.C. 1251) is hereby amended by adding the following:

“(f) The provisions of this section relating to the deportation of
aliens within the United States on the ground that they were exclud-
able at the time of entry as aliens who have sought to procure, or
have procured visas or other documentation, or entry into the United
States by fraud or misrepresentation shall not apply to an alien other-
wise admissible at the time of entry who is the spouse, parent, or a
child of a United States citizen or of an alien lawfully admitted for
permanent residence."

Sec. 17. Section 310 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8
U.S.C. 1421) is hereby amended by adding the following additional
subsection:

"(e) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 405(a), any petition
for naturalization filed on or after the enactment of this subsection
shall be heard and determined in accordance with the requirements of
this title."

Sec. 18. (a) Section 340(a) of the Immigration and Nationality
Act (66 Stat. 260; 8 U.S.C. 1451(a)) is hereby amended by inserting,
following the language "that such order and certificate of naturaliza-
tion" the language "were illegally procured or".

(b) Section 340(b) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (66
Stat. 260; 8 U.S.C. 1451(b)) is hereby amended by inserting, imme-
diately preceding the word "procured", the language "illegally pro-
cured or".

Sec. 19. Section 349 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8
U.S.C. 1481) is hereby amended by adding the following subsection:

"(c) Whenever the loss of United States nationality is put in issue
in any action or proceeding commenced on or after the enactment of
this subsection under, or by virtue of, the provisions of this or any
other Act, the burden shall be upon the person or party claiming that
such loss occurred, to establish such claim by a preponderance of the
evidence. Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b), any per-
son who commits or performs, or who has committed or performed,
any act of expatriation under the provisions of this or any other Act
shall be presumed to have done so voluntarily, but such presumption
may be rebutted upon a showing, by a preponderance of the evidence,
that the act or acts committed or performed were not done
dvoluntarily."

Sec. 20. Section 354(4) of the Immigration and Nationality Act
(8 U.S.C. 1486) is hereby amended to read as follows:

"(4) who has attained the age of sixty years, and has had a
residence outside the United States and its outlying possessions
for not less than ten years, during all of which period he has been
engaged in an occupation of the type designated in paragraphs
(1), (2), or (4) of section 353, or paragraph (2) of this section,
and who is in bona fide retirement from such occupation; or who
is the spouse or child of the national described in this paragraph
and who has his residence abroad for the purpose of being with
such American citizen spouse or parent; or"

Sec. 21. The language "CHAPTER 3—ISSUANCE OF ENTRY DOCUMENTS"
of the table of contents of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as
amended, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"CHAPTER 3—ISSUANCE OF ENTRY DOCUMENTS"

Sec. 22. (a) The title preceding section 212 of the Immigration and
Nationality Act, as amended, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"GENERAL CLASSES OF ALIENS INELIGIBLE TO RECEIVE VISAS AND EXCLUDED
FROM ADOMSSION; WAIVERS OF INADMISSIBILITY"

(b) The title preceding section 329 of the Immigration and Nation-
ality Act, as amended, is amended to read as follows:

"NATURALIZATION THROUGH ACTIVE-DUTY SERVICE IN ARMED FORCES
DURING WORLD WAR I OR WORLD WAR II OR THE KOREAN HOSTILITIES"
Sec. 23. (a) The table of contents (TITLE I—GENERAL) of the Immigration and Nationality Act is hereby amended by adding the following:

"Sec. 106. Judicial review of orders of deportation and exclusion."

(b) Section 212 of the table of contents of the Immigration and Nationality Act is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 212. General classes of aliens ineligible to receive visas and excluded from admission; waivers of inadmissibility."

(c) Section 329 of the table of contents of the Immigration and Nationality Act, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 329. Naturalization through active-duty service in Armed Forces during World War I or World War II or the Korean hostilities."

Sec. 24. (a) The following Acts and all amendments thereto and parts of Acts and all amendments thereto are repealed:

(1) Section 4 of the Act of September 3, 1954 (68 Stat. 1145; 8 U.S.C. 1182a);

(2) Section 4 of the Act of September 11, 1957 (71 Stat. 639–640; 8 U.S.C. 1205);

(3) Sections 5, 6, and 7 of the Act of September 11, 1957 (71 Stat. 640–641; 8 U.S.C. 1182b; 8 U.S.C. 1182c; 8 U.S.C. 1251a);


(b) Paragraphs (4), (5), (6), and (7) of subsection (a) of this section shall take effect upon the expiration of the one hundred and eightieth day immediately following the date of enactment of this Act.

Sec. 25. (a) Any alien eligible for a quota immigrant status under the provisions of section 203 (a) (2) or (3) of the Immigration and Nationality Act on the basis of a petition filed with the Attorney General prior to July 1, 1961, shall be held to be a nonquota immigrant and, if otherwise admissible under the provisions of that Act, shall be issued a nonquota immigrant visa: Provided, That, upon his application for an immigrant visa, and for admission to the United States, the alien is found to have retained his relationship to the petitioner, and status, as established in the approved petition.

(b) At any time prior to the expiration of the one hundred and eightieth day immediately following the enactment of this Act a special nonquota immigrant visa may be issued to an eligible orphan as defined in section 4 of the Act of September 11, 1957, as amended (8 U.S.C. 1205; 71 Stat. 639, 73 Stat. 490, 74 Stat. 505), if a visa petition filed in behalf of such eligible orphan was (A) approved by the Attorney General prior to September 30, 1961, or (B) pending before the Attorney General prior to September 30, 1961, and the Attorney General approves such petition.

Approved September 26, 1961.
Public Law 87-302

Making appropriations for military construction for the Department of Defense for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1962, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1962, for military construction functions administered by the Department of Defense, and for other purposes, namely:

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION, DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

For transfer by the Secretary of Defense to appropriations available for military construction, to be used for the purposes of title V of Public Law 87-57, approved June 27, 1961, and to be merged with the appropriations to which transferred, $27,000,000.

LORAN STATIONS, DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

For construction of additional loran stations by the Coast Guard, to remain available until expended, $10,000,000, which shall be transferred on approval of the Secretary of Defense to the appropriation, "Acquisition, construction, and improvements", Coast Guard.

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION, ARMY

For acquisition, construction, installation, and equipment of temporary or permanent public works, military installations, and facilities for the Army as currently authorized in military public works or military construction Acts, in sections 2673 and 2675 of title 10, United States Code, to remain available until expended, $157,934,000.

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION, NAVY

For acquisition, construction, installation, and equipment of temporary or permanent public works, naval installations, and facilities for the Navy as currently authorized in military public works or military construction Acts, in sections 2673 and 2675 of title 10, United States Code, including personnel in the Bureau of Yards and Docks and other personal services necessary for the purposes of this appropriation, to remain available until expended, $192,278,000.

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION, AIR FORCE

For acquisition, construction, installation, and equipment of temporary or permanent public works, military installations, and facilities for the Air Force as currently authorized in military public works or military construction Acts, in sections 2673 and 2675 of title 10, United States Code, the Act of April 1, 1954 (Public Law 325), without regard to section 9774(d) of title 10, United States Code, to remain available until expended, $498,346,000.

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION, ARMY RESERVE

For construction, acquisition, expansion, rehabilitation, and conversion of facilities for the training and administration of the Army Reserve, as authorized by chapter 133 of title 10, United States Code, as amended, the Reserve Forces Facilities Acts, and such additional
projects as may be authorized by law during the first session of the Eighty-seventh Congress, to remain available until expended, $14,381,000.

**Military Construction, Naval Reserve**

For construction, acquisition, expansion, rehabilitation, and conversion of facilities for the training and administration of the reserve components of the Navy and Marine Corps, as authorized by chapter 133 of title 10, United States Code, as amended, the Reserve Forces Facilities Acts, and such additional projects as may be authorized by law during the first session of the Eighty-seventh Congress, to remain available until expended, $7,000,000.

**Military Construction, Air Force Reserve**

For construction, acquisition, expansion, rehabilitation, and conversion of facilities for the training and administration of the Air Force Reserve as authorized by chapter 133 of title 10, United States Code, as amended, the Reserve Forces Facilities Acts, and such additional projects as may be authorized by law during the first session of the Eighty-seventh Congress, to remain available until expended, $4,608,000.

**Military Construction, Army National Guard**

For construction, acquisition, expansion, rehabilitation, and conversion of facilities for the training and administration of the Army National Guard, and contributions therefor, as authorized by chapter 133 of title 10, United States Code, as amended, the Reserve Forces Facilities Acts, and such additional projects as may be authorized by law during the first session of the Eighty-seventh Congress, to remain available until expended, $21,868,750.

**Military Construction, Air National Guard**

For construction, acquisition, expansion, rehabilitation, and conversion of facilities for the training and administration of the Air National Guard, and contributions therefor, as authorized by chapter 133 of title 10, United States Code, as amended, the Reserve Forces Facilities Acts, and such additional projects as may be authorized by law during the first session of the Eighty-seventh Congress, to remain available until expended, $18,275,000.

**General Provisions**

Sec. 101. Funds appropriated to the military departments for construction in prior years are hereby made available for construction authorized for each such department by the authorizations enacted into law during the first session of the Eighty-seventh Congress.

Sec. 102. None of the funds appropriated in this Act shall be expended for payments under a cost-plus-a-fixed-fee contract for work where cost estimates exceed $25,000 to be performed within the United States, except Alaska, without the specific approval in writing of the Secretary of Defense setting forth the reasons therefore.

Sec. 103. None of the funds appropriated in this Act shall be expended for additional costs involved in expediting construction unless the Secretary of Defense certifies such costs to be necessary to protect the national interest and establishes a reasonable completion.
date for each project, taking into consideration the urgency of the requirement, the type and location of the project, the climatic and seasonal conditions affecting the construction and the application of economical construction practices.

Sec. 104. None of the funds appropriated in this Act shall be used for the construction, replacement, or reactivation of any bakery, laundry, or drycleaning facility in the United States, its Territories or possessions, as to which the Secretary of Defense does not certify, in writing, giving his reasons therefor, that the services to be furnished by such facilities are not obtainable from commercial sources at reasonable rates.

Sec. 105. Funds appropriated to the military departments for construction are hereby made available for: (1) hire of passenger motor vehicles, and (2) the construction, or acquisition by lease or otherwise, of family housing and community facilities projects in foreign countries as authorized by section 407 (b) of the Act of September 1, 1954 (68 Stat. 1119), as amended.

Sec. 106. Appropriations to the military departments for construction may be charged for the cost of administration, supervision and inspection of family housing authorized pursuant to title IV of the Act of August 11, 1955 (Public Law 345), as amended, not to exceed 3½ per centum of the cost of each such project: Provided, That such appropriations shall be reimbursed from the proceeds of any mortgage executed on each such project.

Sec. 107. Funds appropriated to the military departments for construction may be used for advances to the Bureau of Public Roads, Department of Commerce, for the purposes of section 210 of title 23, United States Code, when projects authorized therein are certified as important to the national defense by the Secretary of Defense.

Sec. 108. None of the funds appropriated in this Act may be used to begin construction on new bases for which specific appropriations have not been made.

Sec. 109. During the current fiscal year, appropriations available for construction of family quarters for personnel shall not be obligated for such construction at a cost per family unit in excess of $22,000 on housing units for generals or equivalent; $19,800 on housing units for colonels or equivalent; $17,600 on housing units for majors and lieutenant colonels, or equivalent; $15,400 on housing units for second lieutenants, lieutenants, captains, and warrant officers, or equivalent; or $13,200 on housing units for enlisted personnel, except that when such units are constructed outside the continental United States or in Alaska, the average cost per unit of all such units shall not exceed $32,000 and in no event shall the individual cost exceed $40,000.

Sec. 110. No part of the funds contained in this Act shall be used to incur obligations for the planning, design, or construction of facilities for an Air Force Academy the total cost of which will be in excess of $140,986,000, except for construction pursuant to section 2674 of title 10, United States Code, as amended.

Sec. 111. No part of the funds provided in this Act shall be used for purchase of land or land easements in excess of 100 per centum of the value as determined by the Corps of Engineers or the Bureau of Yards and Docks, except: (a) where there is a determination of value by a Federal court, (b) purchases negotiated by the Attorney General or his designee, and (c) where the estimated value is less than $25,000.
Sec. 112. None of the funds appropriated in this Act may be used to make payments under contracts for any project in a foreign country unless the Secretary of Defense or his designee, after consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury or his designee, certifies to the Congress that the use, by purchase from the Treasury, of currencies of such country acquired pursuant to law is not feasible for the purpose, stating the reason therefor.

Sec. 113. No part of the funds contained in this Act shall be used to incur obligations for the planning, design, or construction of facilities for the Naval Radio Research Station, Sugar Grove, West Virginia, the total cost for which will be in excess of $135,000,000.

Sec. 114. This Act may be cited as the Military Construction Appropriation Act, 1962.

Approved September 26, 1961.

Public Law 87-303

AN ACT

To amend the Ship Mortgage Act, 1920, with respect to its applicability to certain vessels.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) paragraph (a) of subsection (D) of the Ship Mortgage Act, 1920 (46 U.S.C. 922), is amended by striking out "of less than two hundred gross tons" and inserting in lieu thereof "of less than twenty-five gross tons".

(b) The amendment made by subsection (a) of this section shall not apply to (1) any mortgage in existence on the date of enactment of this Act, or (2) any mortgage placed on a vessel after the date of enactment of this Act under a mortgage on such vessel in existence on the date of enactment of this Act, so long as such existing mortgage remains undischarged.

Sec. 2. Paragraph (a) of section 1101 of title XI of the Merchant Marine Act, 1936 (46 U.S.C. 1271), is amended to read as follows:

"(a) The term 'mortgage' includes a preferred mortgage as defined in the Ship Mortgage Act, 1920, as amended, on any vessel of the United States (other than a towboat, barge, scow, lighter, car float, canal boat, or tank vessel, of less than two hundred gross tons), and a mortgage on such a vessel which will become a preferred mortgage when recorded and endorsed as required by the Ship Mortgage Act, 1920, as amended;"

Sec. 3. The proviso at the end of section 511(h) of the Merchant Marine Act, 1936, as amended, is amended to read as follows: "Provided, That until January 1, 1962, in addition to the extensions hereinafter permitted, further extensions may be granted ending not later than December 31, 1962".

Sec. 4. The amendment made by the first section of this Act shall take effect December 31, 1961, or on the date of enactment of this Act, whichever date first occurs.

Approved September 26, 1961.
AN ACT

To authorize pay with respect to civilian employees of the United States in cases of emergency evacuations, to consolidate the laws governing allotment and assignment of pay by such employees, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, for the purposes of this Act, the term—

1. “department” means—
   (A) each executive department of the Government of the United States of America;
   (B) each agency or independent establishment in the executive branch of such Government;
   (C) each corporation wholly owned or controlled by such Government;
   (D) the judicial branch of such Government;
   (E) the General Accounting Office;
   (F) the Library of Congress; and
   (G) the municipal government of the District of Columbia.

2. “head of each department” or “department head” means—
   (A) the Director of the Administrative Office of the United States Courts with respect to the judicial branch of the Government; and
   (B) the Board of Commissioners of the District of Columbia with respect to the municipal government of the District of Columbia.

3. “United States”, when used in a geographic sense, means the several States of the United States of America and the District of Columbia.

Sec. 2. (a) The head of each department is authorized to provide for the payment, in advance, of compensation, allowances, and differentials, or any of them, covering a period of not more than thirty days, to or for the account of each employee of such department (or, under emergency circumstances and on a reimbursable basis, an employee of any other department) whose evacuation (or that of his dependents or immediate family, as applicable) from a place within or outside the United States is ordered for military or other reasons which create imminent danger to the life or lives of such employee or of such dependents or immediate family.

(b) Subject to adjustment of the account of such employee in accordance with section 4 of this Act and other applicable law, such advance payment of compensation, allowances, and differentials shall be at rates then currently authorized with respect to such employee, on the date such advance payment is made, under procedures of such department governing advance payments under this subsection; but such rates so authorized shall not exceed the rates to which such employee was entitled immediately prior to the issuance of such order of evacuation.

(c) An advance of funds under subsection (a) of this section shall be recoverable by the Government of the United States or the municipal government of the District of Columbia, as the case may be, from such employee or his estate—

1. by setoff against accrued compensation, amount of retirement credit, or other amount due such employee from the Government of the United States or the municipal government of the District of Columbia, and

2. by such other method as may be provided by law.
(d) The head of the department concerned is authorized to waive in whole or in part any right of recovery of an advance of funds under subsection (a) of this section, if it is shown that such recovery would be against equity and good conscience or against the public interest.

Sec. 3. (a) The head of each department is authorized—

(1) to provide for the payment of monetary amounts, covering a period of not more than sixty days (except that the President may extend such period with respect to the executive branch for not more than one hundred and twenty additional days if he determines that the extension of such period is in the interest of the United States), to or for the account of each employee of such department (or, under emergency circumstances and on a reimbursable basis, an employee of any other department)—

(A) whose evacuation from a place within or outside the United States is ordered for military or other reasons which create imminent danger to the life of the employee, and

(B) who is prevented, by circumstances beyond his control and beyond the control of the Government of the United States or the municipal government of the District of Columbia, or both, as applicable, from performing the duties of the position which he held immediately prior to the issuance of such order of evacuation; and

(2) to provide for the termination of payment of such amounts.

(b) Subject to adjustment of the account of such employee in accordance with section 4 of this Act and other applicable law, each payment under this section shall be at rates of compensation, allowances, and differentials, or any of them, then currently authorized with respect to such employee, on the date such payment is made, under procedures of such department governing payments under this section. Such rates so authorized shall not exceed the rates to which such employee was entitled immediately prior to the issuance of the order of evacuation, except that any such employee in the executive branch may be granted such additional allowance payments as the President determines necessary to offset the direct added expenses incident to the evacuation.

(c) Each period for which payment of amounts may be made under this section to or for the account of an employee shall be held and considered, for all purposes with respect to such employee, as a period of active service (without break in service) rendered by such employee in the employment of the Government of the United States or the municipal government of the District of Columbia.

Sec. 4. The head of each department—

(1) shall provide for the review of the account of each employee of such department in receipt of payments in accordance with section 2 or 3, or both, as the case may be, of this Act, and

(2) shall provide for the adjustment of the amounts of such payments on the basis of (A) the rates of compensation, allowances, and differentials to which such employee would have been entitled, under applicable law other than this Act, for the respective periods covered by such payments, if he had rendered active service, in accordance with the terms of his appointment, during each such period in the position which he held immediately prior to the issuance of the applicable order of evacuation and (B) such additional amounts as such employee may be authorized to receive in accordance with a determination of the President under section 3(b) of this Act.

Sec. 5. The head of each department is authorized to establish procedures under which each employee of such department is permitted
Coordination of procedures.

Issuance of regulations.

Allotments of pay.

Funds reimbursable.

Repeals.

to make allotments and assignments of amounts out of his compensation for such purpose as such department head deems appropriate.

Sec. 6. (a) To the extent practicable in the public interest, the President shall coordinate the policies and procedures of the respective departments in the executive branch under this Act.

(b) The President, with respect to the executive branch, and the head of the department concerned, with respect to the appropriate department outside the executive branch, shall prescribe and issue, or provide for the formulation and issuance of, such regulations as are necessary and appropriate to carry out the provisions, accomplish the purposes, and govern the administration, of this Act. Such regulations shall be issued on or before the ninetieth day following the date of enactment of this Act and shall become effective on the ninetieth day following the date of issuance.

(c) The head of each department in the executive branch is authorized to prescribe and issue such regulations (not inconsistent with the regulations of the President issued under subsection (b) of this section) as are necessary and appropriate to carry out the functions of such department head under this Act.

Sec. 7. Notwithstanding any provision of this Act or the repeal or amendment thereof of any provision of law, and until such time as regulations prescribed by or under authority of the President are issued under section 6(b) of this Act and become effective, allotments and assignments of pay of employees in the executive branch may be made in accordance with such provisions of law so amended or repealed and the regulations issued thereunder; and such regulations may be amended or revoked in accordance with such provisions of law.

Sec. 8. Funds available to each department for payment of compensation, allowances, and differentials to or for the accounts of civilian officers and employees of such department also shall be available for payment of compensation, allowances, and differentials to or for the accounts of employees of any other department in accordance with this Act and on a reimbursable basis.

Sec. 9. (a) The following provisions of law are hereby repealed:


(2) The paragraph in the first section of the Act of June 30, 1906, under the heading “Under the Department of the Interior”, under the subheading “United States Geological Survey”, and under the caption “Scientific Assistants of the Geological Survey” (34 Stat. 727; 43 U.S.C. 35), which reads as follows:

“The Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to permit scientific and other employees of the United States Geological Survey, employed in the field, to make assignments of their pay, under such regulations as he may prescribe, during such time as they may be in the employ of the United States Geological Survey. And the Secretary of the Interior is further authorized, in his discretion, under such regulations as he may prescribe, to reimburse the scientific and other employees for expenses incurred by them in the discharge of their duties in the field and paid from their personal funds.”;

(3) That part of the first section of the Act of May 27, 1908, under the heading “Under the Department of the Interior”, under the subheading “United States Geological Survey”, and under the caption “For General Expenses of the Geological Survey” (35 Stat. 350; 43 U.S.C. 382), which reads as follows:

“The Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to permit the employees of the Reclamation Service, while employed in the field, to
make assignments of their pay under such regulations as he may prescribe.

(4) The second paragraph under the center heading "MISCELLANEOUS" and under the side heading "Paper Tests" in the Act entitled "An Act making appropriations for the Department of Agriculture for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and ten", approved March 4, 1909 (35 Stat. 1057; 5 U.S.C. 529), which reads as follows:

"And hereafter the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized to permit employees of the Department of Agriculture to make assignments of their pay, under such regulations as he may prescribe, during such time as they may be in the employ of the said department."

(5) The proviso contained in the second paragraph under the center heading "DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND LABOR" and under the side heading "Office of the Secretary" in the Act entitled "An Act making appropriations for the legislative, executive, and judicial expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and eleven, and for other purposes", approved June 17, 1910 (36 Stat. 524; 5 U.S.C. 595), which reads as follows: "Provided, That the Secretary of Commerce and Labor is hereby authorized, under such regulations as he may prescribe, to permit officers and employees of the several bureaus and divisions of the Department of Commerce and Labor to assign their salaries while absent from Washington, District of Columbia, and employed in the field"; and


(b) That part of the first section of the Act of March 4, 1907, under the heading "Under the Department of Commerce and Labor" and under the subheading "Coast and Geodetic Survey", as amended by the first section of the Act of June 21, 1955 (69 Stat. 169; 33 U.S.C. 862), relating to assignments and allotments of pay of personnel of the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey, is amended to read as follows:

"Commissioned officers of the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey are authorized to make assignments or allotments of their pay under such regulations as the Secretary of Commerce may prescribe.".

(c) Section 3689(d) of title 10 of the United States Code is amended—

(1) by inserting the word "or" immediately following the semicolon at the end of clause (2);

(2) by striking out the word "or" immediately following the semicolon at the end of clause (2); and

(3) by striking out clause (3) which reads:

"(3) permanent civilian employee of the Department of the Army on duty outside the United States;"

(d) Section 8689(d) of title 10 of the United States Code is amended—

(1) by inserting the word "or" immediately following the semicolon at the end of clause (1);

(2) by striking out the word "or" immediately following the semicolon at the end of clause (2); and

(3) by striking out clause (3) which reads:

"(3) permanent civilian employee of the Department of the Air Force on duty outside the United States;".

Approved September 26, 1961.
Public Law 87-305

AN ACT

To amend the Small Business Act.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Small Business Act Amendments of 1961".

SEC. 2. As used in this Act, unless otherwise indicated, references to "the Act" are to the Small Business Act, approved July 18, 1958 (72 Stat. 384), as amended.

Sec. 3. Section 4(c) of the Act is amended to read as follows:

"(c) The Administration is authorized to obtain money from the Treasury of the United States for use in the performance of the powers and duties granted to or imposed upon it by law, not to exceed a total of $1,125,000,000 outstanding at any one time. For this purpose appropriations not to exceed $1,125,000,000 are hereby authorized to be made to a revolving fund in the Treasury. Advances shall be made to the Administration from the revolving fund when requested by the Administration. This revolving fund shall be used for the purposes enumerated subsequently in sections 7(a), 7(b), and 8(a) of this Act, and in the exercise of the functions of the Administration under the Small Business Investment Act of 1958. Not to exceed an aggregate of $725,000,000 shall be outstanding at any one time for the purposes enumerated in sections 7(a) and 8(a) of this Act. Not to exceed an aggregate of $150,000,000 shall be outstanding at any one time for the purposes enumerated in section 7(b). Not to exceed an aggregate of $250,000,000 shall be outstanding at any one time for the exercise of the functions of the Administration under the Small Business Investment Act of 1958. The Administration shall pay into miscellaneous receipts of the Treasury, at the close of each fiscal year, interest on the net amount of the cash disbursements from such advances at a rate determined by the Secretary of the Treasury, taking into consideration the current average rate on outstanding interest-bearing marketable public debt obligations of the United States of comparable maturities."

SEC. 4. Section 5 of the Act is amended by adding at the end thereof a new subsection as follows:

"(d) Section 3648 of the Revised Statutes (31 U.S.C. 529) shall not apply to prepayments of rentals made by the Administration on safety deposit boxes used by the Administration for the safeguarding of instruments held as security for loans or for the safeguarding of other documents."

SEC. 5. (a) Section 10 of the Act is amended—

(1) by striking out subsection (a) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(a) The Administration shall make a report on December 31 of each year of operations under this Act to the President, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives. Such report shall include the names of the business concerns to whom contracts are let and for whom financing is arranged by the Administration, together with the amounts involved, and such report shall include information on the progress of the Administration in liquidating the assets and winding up the affairs of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, and such other information and such comments and recommendations as the Administration may deem appropriate. The requirement contained in this subsection with respect to the inclusion of information respecting the progress of the Administration in liquidating the assets and winding up the affairs of the Reconstruction
Finance Corporation in such report shall be in lieu of any require-
ment, pursuant to section 106(b) of the Reconstruction Finance Cor-
poration Liquidation Act, and Reorganization Plan Numbered 1 of
1957, that progress reports with respect to such liquidation or wind-
ing up of affairs by the Administration be made to the Congres-
son a quarterly basis.”;
(2) by striking out “June 30 and” from subsection (b); and
(3) by striking out subsection (c) and inserting in lieu thereof
the following:
“(c) (1) The Attorney General is directed to make, or direct the
Federal Trade Commission to make for him, surveys of any activity
of the Government which may affect small business, for the purpose
of determining any factors which may tend to eliminate competition,
create or strengthen monopolies, promote undue concentration of
economic power, or otherwise injure small business.
“(2) The Attorney General shall submit to the Congress and the
President, at such times as he deems desirable, but not less than once
every year, reports setting forth the results of such surveys and includ-
ing such recommendations as he may deem desirable.”

(b) The second and third sentences of subsection (e) of section
708 of the Defense Production Act of 1950 are amended to read as
follows: “Such surveys shall include studies of the voluntary agree-
ments and programs authorized by this section. The Attorney Gen-
eral shall submit to the Congress and the President at least once
every three months reports setting forth the results of such studies
of voluntary agreements and programs authorized by this section.”

Sec. 6. The fifth sentence of section 2(a) of the Act is amended by
inserting after “contracts”, each place the term appears, the following:
“or subcontracts”.

Sec. 7. Section 8 of the Act is amended by adding at the end thereof
a new subsection as follows:
“(d) (1) Within ninety days after the effective date of this sub-
section, the Administrator, the Secretary of Defense, and the Admin-
istrator of General Services shall cooperatively develop a small busi-
ness subcontracting program which shall contain such provisions as
may be appropriate to (A) enable small business concerns to be con-
sidered fairly as subcontractors and suppliers to contractors perform-
ning work or rendering services as prime contractors or subcontractors
under Government procurement contracts, (B) insure that such prime
contractors and subcontractors will consult through the appropriate
procuring agency with the Administration when requested by the
Administration, and (C) enable the Administration to obtain from
any Government procurement agency such available or reasonably
obtainable information and records concerning subcontracting by its
prime contractors and their subcontractors as the Administration may
deam necessary: Provided. That such program shall not authorize the
Administration to (i) prescribe the extent to which any contractor or
subcontractor shall subcontract, (ii) specify the business concerns to
which subcontracts shall be granted, or (iii) vest in the Administra-
tion authority respecting the administration of individual prime con-
tacts or subcontracts: Provided further. That such program shall
provide that in evaluating bids or selecting contractors for negoti-
ated contracts, the extensive use of subcontractors by a proposed con-
tractor shall be considered a favorable factor. The Secretary of
Defense and the Administrator of General Services each shall promul-
gate regulations implementing the program as developed: Provided,
That prior to the promulgation of such regulations, or any changes
therein, the concurrence of the Administration shall be obtained, and
if such concurrence cannot be obtained the matter in disagreement
shall be submitted to the President who shall make the final determination. In addition, the Administrator of General Services and the Secretary of Defense may issue such other regulations concerning subcontracting not inconsistent with the small business subcontracting program as they each deem necessary or appropriate to effectuate their functions and responsibilities.

“(2) Every contract for property or services (including but not limited to contracts for research and development, maintenance, repair and construction, but excluding contracts to be performed entirely outside of the United States or its territories) in excess of $1,000,000 made by a Government department or agency, which in the opinion of the procuring agency offers substantial subcontracting possibilities, shall require the contractor to conform to the small business subcontracting program promulgated under this subsection, and to insert in all subcontracts and purchase orders in excess of $500,000 which offer substantial possibilities for further subcontracting a provision requiring the subcontractor or supplier to conform to such small business subcontracting program.

“(3) The Administration shall include in any report filed under section 10 (b) of this Act information, and such recommendations as it may deem appropriate, with respect to the administration of the small business subcontracting program established under this subsection.

“(4) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to authorize the Administrator, the Secretary of Defense, or the Administrator of General Services to secure and disseminate technical data or processes developed by any business concern at its own expense.”

Sec. 8. Section 8 of the Act is further amended by inserting after subsection (d) (as added by section 7 of this Act) a new subsection as follows:

“(e) It shall be the duty of the Secretary of Commerce, and he is hereby empowered, to obtain notice of all proposed defense procurement actions of $10,000 and above, and all civilian procurement actions of $5,000 and above, from any Federal department, establishment, or agency engaged in procurement of supplies and services in the United States; and to publicize such notices in the daily publication ‘United States Department of Commerce Synopsis of the United States Government Proposed Procurements, Sales, and Contract Awards’, immediately after the necessity for the procurement is established; except that nothing herein shall require publication of such notices with respect to those procurements (1) which for security reasons are of a classified nature, or (2) which involve perishable subsistence supplies, or (3) which are for utility services and the procuring agency in accordance with applicable law has predetermined the utility concern to whom the award will be made, or (4) which are of such unusual and compelling emergency that the Government would be seriously injured if bids or offers were permitted to be made more than 15 days after the issuance of the invitation for bids or solicitation for proposals, or (5) which are made by an order placed under an existing contract, or (6) which are made from another Government department or agency, or a mandatory source of supply, or (7) which are for personal or professional services, or (8) which are for services from educational institutions, or (9) in which only foreign sources are to be solicited, or (10) for which it is determined in writing by the procuring agency, with the concurrence of the Administrator, that advance publicity is not appropriate or reasonable.”

Sec. 9. Section 7(d) of the Act is amended to read as follows:

“(d) The Administration also is empowered to make grants to any State government or any agency thereof, any State-chartered develop-
ment credit or finance corporation, any land-grant college or university, any college or school of business, engineering, commerce, or agriculture, or to any corporation formed by two or more of the entities hereinabove described which are eligible to receive such grants, for studies, research, and counseling concerning the managing, financing, and operation of small business enterprises and technical and statistical information necessary thereto in order to carry out the purposes of section 8(b)(1) by coordinating such information with existing information facilities within the State and by making such information available to State and local agencies. The Administrator may recommend to grant applicants particular studies or research which are to be financed by such grants. The total of all grants (including amendments and modifications thereof) made under this subsection within any one State in any one year shall not exceed $40,000. The Administration may require, as a condition to any grant (or amendment or modification thereof) made under this subsection, that an additional amount not exceeding the amount of such grant be provided from sources other than the Administration to assist in carrying out the purposes for which such grant is made: Provided, That if such grant or any part thereof is to be utilized for the purpose of providing counseling services to individual small business enterprises the Administration shall require that such additional amount be provided and in an amount which is equal to the amount of such grant. What constitutes such additional amount may be defined by the Administration.”

Approved September 26, 1961.

Public Law 87-306

AN ACT

To amend section 1362 of title 18 of the United States Code so as to further protect the internal security of the United States by providing penalties for malicious damage to certain communications facilities.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 1362 of title 18 of the United States Code is amended to read as follows:

“§ 1362. Communication lines, stations or systems.

“Whoever willfully or maliciously injures or destroys any of the works, property, or material of any radio, telegraph, telephone or cable, line, station, or system, or other means of communication, operated or controlled by the United States, or used or intended to be used for military or civil defense functions of the United States, whether constructed or in process of construction, or willfully or maliciously interferes in any way with the working or use of any such line, or system, or willfully or maliciously obstructs, hinders, or delays the transmission of any communication over any such line, or system, shall be fined not more than $10,000 or imprisoned not more than ten years, or both.

“In the case of any works, property, or material, not operated or controlled by the United States, this section shall not apply to any lawful strike activity, or other lawful concerted activities for the purposes of collective bargaining or other mutual aid and protection which do not injure or destroy any line or system used or intended to be used for the military or civil defense functions of the United States.”

Approved September 26, 1961.
Public Law 87-307

AN ACT

To provide for the conveyance of a portion of the Henry G. Shirley Memorial Highway and other highways on the Pentagon road network to the Commonwealth of Virginia, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) the Secretary of Commerce may convey to the Commonwealth of Virginia all the right, title, and interest of the United States in and to that portion of the Henry G. Shirley Memorial Highway in Arlington County, Virginia, as described in subsection (b) of this section, if the Commonwealth of Virginia agrees to promptly undertake the necessary project or projects to bring such highway up to the standards of the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways. The Federal share payable on account of such project on the Interstate System shall be 95 per centum of the total cost of such project.

(b) That portion of the Henry G. Shirley Memorial Highway in Arlington County, Virginia, authorized to be conveyed to the Commonwealth of Virginia by subsection (a) of this section shall be deemed to include the following roads, together with such pertinent bridges, interchanges, approaches, connections, and other facilities as may be agreed upon by the Secretary of Commerce and the Secretary of the Army:

(1) United States Route 1 from the boundary line between the District of Columbia and the Commonwealth of Virginia established by section 101 of the Act approved October 21, 1945 (59 Stat. 552; sec. 1-101 note, D.C. Code, 1951 ed.), to the present northerly limit of State maintenance on such route in the vicinity of Army and Navy Drive (G road), approximately one mile (NS road);

(2) The Henry G. Shirley Memorial Highway (State Route 350) from United States Route 1 to State Route 7, approximately four miles (CD road); and

(3) Connecting road, between the Henry G. Shirley Memorial Highway and Arlington Ridge Road, approximately two-tenths mile (JK road).

Sec. 2. (a) The Secretary of Commerce may convey to the Commonwealth of Virginia, together with interchanges, frontage roads, structures, and other facilities appurtenant thereto, the following routes:

(1) Jefferson Davis Highway from United States Route 1 to the intersection with Arlington Ridge Road near Wilson Boulevard, approximately two and three-tenths miles (H road);

(2) Connecting road, from the Henry G. Shirley Memorial Highway along the south boundary of Fort Myer, to a point near Arlington Boulevard, approximately one and three-tenths miles (AB road);

(3) Connecting road, from the Henry G. Shirley Memorial Highway to Columbia Island, approximately one mile (AB road); and

(4) Columbia Pike Extension, from old Arlington Ridge Road to connecting road between Henry G. Shirley Memorial Highway and Columbia Island, approximately four-tenths mile.

(b) There is authorized to be appropriated, out of the Highway Trust Fund created by the Highway Revenue Act of 1956, not to exceed $2,500,000 to be expended by the Secretary of Commerce without regard to section 104 and 120 of title 23 of the United States Code.
to pay the full cost of improving to adequate standards for current traffic the routes authorized to be conveyed under subsection (a) of this section. Such sum shall be available until expended. No funds authorized by this subsection shall be used until the Commonwealth of Virginia has agreed to accept conveyance of these routes and until such routes shall have been selected or designated by the Commonwealth and approved by the Secretary of Commerce as part of one of the Federal-aid highway systems. Amounts authorized by this subsection shall be in addition to and not in lieu of any other amounts otherwise authorized to be appropriated for expenditure on such Federal-aid highway systems.

Approved September 26, 1961.

Public Law 87-308

AN ACT

To reserve for use by the Department of the Army at Fort Richardson, Alaska, certain public lands in the Campbell Creek area, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That subject to valid existing rights the public lands aggregating approximately four thousand seven hundred and six acres in the Campbell Creek Area, Alaska, withdrawn from the public domain by Public Land Order 2029 and described in detail in the Federal Register of December 19, 1959, page 10310 (Federal Register Document 59-10755; filed, December 18, 1959; 8:46 antemeridian), are hereby reserved for the use of the Department of the Army in conjunction with Fort Richardson for a period of ten years or, if extended by the Secretary of the Interior for a period of fifteen years, or for any shorter period as may be determined by the Secretary of the Army upon notice to the Secretary of the Interior.

(b) The Secretary of the Interior may, with the concurrence of the Secretary of the Army, authorize use or disposition of any of the land or resources reserved by subsection (a) of this section.

(c) Upon the final termination of the reservation effected by this Act, the Secretary of the Interior shall provide for the appropriate disposition of the lands under the public land laws and other laws existing at the time of such termination. Nothing in this subsection, however, shall be construed to prevent the Secretary of the Army at that time from making application for further withdrawal and reservation of all or part of said lands under laws and regulations then existing.

Approved September 26, 1961.

Public Law 87-309

AN ACT

To authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to convey certain lands in the State of Wyoming to the county of Fremont, Wyoming.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized and directed to convey by quitclaim deed, without consideration, to the county of Fremont, Wyoming, all the right, title, and interest of the United States in and to lot 5, block 14, of the original townsite of Lander, Fremont County, Wyoming.

Approved September 26, 1961.
AN ACT

To provide for withdrawal and reservation for the use of the Department of the
Air Force of certain public lands of the United States at Nellis Air Force
Range, Nevada, for defense purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the
United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) subject to
valid existing rights, the public lands, and the minerals therein, within
the areas described in section 2 of this Act are hereby withdrawn from
all appropriations and other forms of disposition under the public
land laws, including the mining and mineral leasing laws and dis-
posals of materials under the Act of July 31, 1947, as amended (61
Stat. 681; 30 U.S.C. 601-604), except as provided in subsection (b)
of this section, and reserved (subject to an agreement which has been
approved by the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of the
Interior for the joint use of the lands for military, grazing, and wild-
life purposes), for the use of the Department of the Air Force for a
period of ten years with an option to renew the withdrawal and
reservation for a period of five years upon notice to the Secretary of the
Interior, and subject to the condition that the reservation may be
terminated at any time during either of such periods by the Secretary
of the Air Force upon notice to the Secretary of the Interior. How-
ever, this Act does not affect Executive Order Numbered 7373 of
May 20, 1936 (1 F.R. 427), establishing the Desert Game Range, except
to the extent rendered necessary by the national defense.

(b) Lands and resources withdrawn and reserved by subsection (a)
of this section shall be subject to such appropriation and other disposi-
tion as the Secretary of the Interior shall determine to be consistent
both with the requirements of Executive Order Numbered 7373 of
May 20, 1936 (1 F.R. 427), and, with the approval of the Secretary
of the Air Force, with the requirements of the national defense. The
Secretary of the Interior may, with the concurrence of the Secretary
of the Air Force, authorize use or disposition of any of the lands or
resources withdrawn and reserved by subsection (a) of this section.

(c) Upon request of the Secretary of the Interior at the time of
final termination of the reservation effected by this Act, the Depart-
ment of the Air Force shall make safe for nonmilitary uses the land
withdrawn and reserved, or such portions thereof as may be specified
by the Secretary of the Interior, by neutralizing unexploded ammuni-
tion, bombs, artillery projectiles, or other explosive objects and chem-
ical agents. Thereafter the Secretary of the Interior pursuant to law
shall provide for the appropriate use or disposition of all or any part
of the land withdrawn and reserved under provisions of this Act.
Nothing in this subsection, however, shall be construed to prevent the
Secretary of the Air Force at that time from making application for
further withdrawal and reservation of all or part of said lands under
laws and regulations then existing.

SEC. 2. The lands withdrawn and reserved by this Act are those that
are now or may hereafter become subject to the public land laws within
the areas described as follows: Approximately 81,480 acres of land,
more or less, located approximately 27 miles northwest from the easter-
n boundary of Nellis Air Force Base, adjoining the eastern boundary
of Nellis Air Force Range, Clark County, Nevada, and more fully
described as follows:

(1) Parcel 1, adjoining the eastern and southern boundaries of the
Nellis Air Force Range, Clark County, Nevada, comprised of town-
ship 15 south, ranges 57 and 58 east; sections 1 to 6, the northeast quar-
ter of section 7, sections 8 to 16, the northeast quarter of section 17,
the northeast quarter of section 21, sections 22 to 26, the northeast quarter of section 27, the northeast quarter of section 25, section 36, all in township 16 south, range 57 east; sections 1 to 7, the south half and the northwest quarter of section 8, the west half of section 16, sections 17 to 21, the southwest quarter of section 22, the southwest quarter of section 26, sections 27 to 35, all in township 16 south, range 58 east; sections 1 to 4, the northeast quarter of section 5, the northeast quarter of section 9, the north half, the southeast quarter, the north half of the southeast quarter and the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section 10, section 11, 12, the northwest quarter of section 13, the north half and the southeast quarter and the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section 14, the northeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section 15, all in township 17 south, range 58 east; section 6, the northwest quarter of section 7, all in township 17 south, range 59 east, Mount Diablo meridian, Clark County, Nevada, a total of 81,160 acres, more or less.

(2) Parcel 2, the south half of the southeast quarter and the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section 20, the southwest quarter of the southwest quarter of section 21, the northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section 28, the north half of the northeast quarter and the northeast quarter of the northwest quarter of section 29, all in township 16 south, range 57 east; for a total of 320 acres, more or less.

Approved September 26, 1961.

Public Law 87-311

AN ACT

To amend the Export-Import Bank Act of 1945.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That subsection (c) of section 2 of the Export-Import Bank Act of 1945 is amended to read as follows:

“(c)(1) The Export-Import Bank of Washington, in furtherance of its objects and purposes under this Act, is authorized and empowered to guarantee, insure, coinsure, and reinsure United States exporters and foreign exporters doing business in the United States in an aggregate amount not in excess of $1,000,000,000 outstanding at any one time against political and credit risks of loss arising in connection with United States exports; and to establish and maintain fractional reserves in connection therewith. The reserves maintained by the Bank for the guarantees, insurance, coinsurance or reinsurana issued pursuant to this section shall be not less than 25 per centum of the related contractual liability of the Bank. Insofar as contracts of guarantee, insurance, coinsurance, and reinsuana are concerned, only that part of the Bank’s liabilities represented by reserves provided for above shall be taken into account for the purposes of applying the limitations imposed by section 7 of this Act. Fees and premiums shall be charged in connection with such contracts commensurate, in the judgment of the Bank, with the risks covered.

“(2) The Bank may issue such guarantees, insurance, coinsurance, and reinsurance to or with exporters, insurance companies, financial institutions, or others, or groups thereof, and where appropriate may employ any of the same to act as its agent in the issuance and servicing of such guarantees, insurance, coinsurance, and reinsurance, and the adjustment of claims arising thereunder.”

Approved September 26, 1961.
Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) ELECTION FOR PAST YEARS.—In the case of brick and tile clay, fire clay, or shale used by the mineowner or operator in the manufacture of building or paving brick, drainage and roofing tile, sewer pipe, flower pots, and kindred products (without regard to the applicable rate of percentage depletion), if an election is made under subsection (c), for the purpose of applying section 613(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (and corresponding provision of the Internal Revenue Code of 1939) for each of the taxable years with respect to which the election is effective—

(1) gross income from the property shall be 50 per centum of the amount for which the manufactured products are sold during the taxable year except that with respect to such manufactured products, gross income from the property shall not exceed an amount equal to $12.50 multiplied by the number of short tons used in the manufactured products sold during the taxable year, and

(2) for purposes of computing the 50 per centum limitation under section 613(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (or the corresponding provision of the Internal Revenue Code of 1939), the taxable income from the property (computed without allowance for depletion) shall be 50 per centum of the taxable income from the manufactured products sold during the taxable year (computed without allowance for depletion).

(b) YEARS TO WHICH APPLICABLE.—An election made under subsection (c) to have the provisions of this section apply shall be effective for all taxable years beginning before January 1, 1961, in respect of which—

(1) the assessment of a deficiency,

(2) the refund or credit of an overpayment, or

(3) the commencement of a suit for recovery of a refund under section 7405 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, is not prevented on the date of the enactment of this Act by the operation of any law or rule of law. Such election shall also be effective for any taxable year beginning before January 1, 1961, in respect of which an assessment of a deficiency has been made but not collected on or before the date of the enactment of this Act.

(c) TIME AND MANNER OF ELECTION.—An election to have the provisions of this section apply shall be made by the taxpayer on or before the sixtieth day after the date of publication in the Federal Register of final regulations issued under authority of subsection (f), and shall be made in such form and manner as the Secretary of the Treasury or his delegate shall prescribe by regulations. Such election, if made, may not be revoked.

(d) STATUTES OF LIMITATION.—Notwithstanding any other law, the period within which an assessment of a deficiency attributable to the election under subsection (c) may be made with respect to any taxable year for which such election is effective, and the period within which a claim for refund or credit of an overpayment attributable to the election under such subsection may be made with respect to any such taxable year, shall not expire prior to one year after the last day for making an election under subsection (c). An election by
a taxpayer under subsection (c) shall be considered as a consent to the application of the provisions of this subsection.

(e) **Terms; Applicability of Other Laws.**—Except where otherwise distinctly expressed or manifestly intended, terms used in this section shall have the same meaning as when used in the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (or corresponding provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1939) and all provisions of law shall apply with respect to this section as if this section were a part of such Code (or corresponding provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1939).

(f) **Regulations.**—The Secretary of the Treasury or his delegate shall prescribe such regulations as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this section.

Approved September 26, 1961.

Public Law 87-313

AN ACT

To provide for the disposal of certain lands held for inclusion in the Cape Hatteras National Seashore Recreational Area, North Carolina, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the tract of Federal property comprising eight and one-tenth acres of land situated in Dare County, North Carolina, approximately two miles north of Kitty Hawk, which was transferred to the administrative jurisdiction of the Department of the Interior by the Act of June 3, 1948 (62 Stat. 301; 16 U.S.C. 459a–4), to be administered as a part of the Cape Hatteras National Seashore Recreational Area, may be disposed of by the Administrator of General Services in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949, as amended.

Approved September 26, 1961.

Public Law 87-314

AN ACT

To amend section 5011 of title 38, United States Code, to clarify the authority of the Veterans' Administration to use its revolving supply fund for the repair and reclamation of personal property.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 5011 (a) of title 38, United States Code, is amended by—

(1) changing the parenthetical clause in the first sentence to read: "(including procurement of supplies, equipment, and personal services and the repair and reclamation of used, spent, or excess personal property)"); and

(2) inserting in paragraph (3) immediately after the words "operation of the fund, including" the following: "property returned to the supply system when no longer required by activities to which it had been furnished,"

Approved September 26, 1961.
AN ACT

To authorize appropriations for the Atomic Energy Commission in accordance with section 261 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SEC. 101. PLANT OR FACILITY ACQUISITION OR CONSTRUCTION.—There is hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Atomic Energy Commission in accordance with the provisions of section 261a(1) of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, the sum of $226,440,000 for acquisition or condemnation of any real property or any facility or for plant or facility acquisition, construction, or expansion, as follows:

(a) SPECIAL NUCLEAR MATERIALS.—

Project 62-a-1, modifications to production and supporting installations, $7,500,000.

Project 62-a-2, fission product recovery, phase II, Hanford, Washington, $1,500,000.

Project 62-a-3, modifications for improved natural fuel elements, Savannah River, South Carolina, $3,950,000.

Project 62-a-4, solvent purification installation, Savannah River, South Carolina, $500,000.

Project 62-a-5, additional reactor confinement, Savannah River, South Carolina, $3,000,000.

(b) SPECIAL NUCLEAR MATERIALS.—

Project 62-b-1, relocation of Clinch River pumping station, Oak Ridge, Tennessee, $1,425,000.

Project 62-b-2, feed vaporization building, Paducah, Kentucky, $585,000.

Project 62-b-3, permanent Gallaher Bridge, Oak Ridge, Tennessee, $1,265,000.

(c) ATOMIC WEAPONS.—

Project 62-c-1, weapons production, development, and test installations, $7,500,000.

Project 62-c-2, specialized plant addition and modification, Oak Ridge, Tennessee, $3,500,000.

Project 62-c-3, Tandem Van de Graaff facility, Los Alamos, New Mexico, $3,500,000.

(d) REACTOR DEVELOPMENT.—

Project 62-d-1, test plant for Project SNAP, Santa Susana, California, $3,375,000.

Project 62-d-2, experimental beryllium oxide reactor, National Reactor Testing Station, Idaho, $8,000,000.

Project 62-d-3, fuels recycle pilot plant, Hanford, Washington, $8,000,000.

Project 62-d-4, high radiation level analytical laboratory, Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Tennessee, $2,000,000.

Project 62-d-5, improvements to radioactive liquid waste system, Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Tennessee, $1,700,000.

Project 62-d-6, experimental organic cooled reactor loops, National Reactor Testing Station, Idaho, $6,000,000.

Project 62-d-7, ultrahigh temperature reactor experiment building, Los Alamos Scientific Laboratory, New Mexico, $3,500,000.

(e) REACTOR DEVELOPMENT.—

Project 62-e-1, additional transient housing, Argonne National Laboratory, Illinois, $300,000.

Project 62-e-2, technical services building, National Reactor Testing Station, Idaho, $1,500,000.
Project 62-e-3, instrumentation and health physics building, Brookhaven National Laboratory, New York, $2,000,000.

(f) PHYSICAL RESEARCH.—
Project 62-f-1, modifications to CP–5 reactor and low energy accelerator installations, Argonne National Laboratory, Illinois, $1,650,000.
Project 62-f-2, accelerator and reactor additions and modifications, Brookhaven National Laboratory, New York, $1,875,000.
Project 62-f-3, accelerator improvements, Cambridge and Princeton accelerators, $500,000.
Project 62-f-4, accelerator improvements, Lawrence Radiation Laboratory, California, $550,000.

(g) PHYSICAL RESEARCH.—
Project 62-g-1, high energy physics laboratory, Argonne National Laboratory, Illinois, $6,900,000.
Project 62-g-2, chemistry laboratory, Brookhaven National Laboratory, New York, $6,000,000.
Project 62-g-3, cosmotron laboratory addition, Brookhaven National Laboratory, New York, $525,000.
Project 62-g-4, mechanical shops building, Lawrence Radiation Laboratory, California, $2,640,000.
Project 62-g-5, physics building, University of Chicago, Illinois, $800,000.

(h) BIOLOGY AND MEDICINE.—
Project 62-h-1 laboratory for mixed fission product inhalation studies, Lovelace Foundation, Albuquerque, New Mexico, $2,000,000.

(i) BIOLOGY AND MEDICINE.—
Project 62-i-1, cell physiology laboratories, Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Tennessee, $500,000.
Project 62-i-2, mammalian genetics laboratories, Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Tennessee, $760,000.
Project 62-i-3, controlled environment laboratory, Brookhaven National Laboratory, New York, $1,000,000.
Project 62-i-4, animal bioradiological laboratory, Lawrence Radiation Laboratory, California, $700,000.

(j) COMMUNITY.—
Project 62-j-1, additional junior high school construction, Los Alamos, New Mexico, $1,750,000.
Project 62-j-2, additional elementary school construction, Los Alamos, New Mexico, $700,000.
Project 62-j-3, Mesa public library addition, Los Alamos, New Mexico, $70,000.
Project 62-j-4, real estate development, Los Alamos County, New Mexico, $410,000.

(k) GENERAL PLANT PROJECTS.—$34,510,000.

Sec. 102. LIMITATIONS.—(a) The Commission is authorized to start any project set forth in subsections 101 (a), (c), (d), (f), and (h), only if the currently estimated cost of that project does not exceed by more than 25 per centum the estimated cost set forth for that project.
(b) The Commission is authorized to start any project set forth in subsections 101 (b), (e), (g), (i), and (j), only if the currently estimated cost of that project does not exceed by more than 10 per centum the estimated cost set forth for that project.
(c) The Commission is authorized to start a project under subsection 101(k) only if it is in accordance with the following:
1. For community operations, the maximum currently estimated cost of any project shall be $100,000 and the maximum currently estimated cost of any building included in such project shall be $10,000.
2. For all other programs, the maximum currently estimated cost of any project shall be $500,000 and the maximum currently estimated cost of any building included in such a project shall be $100,000.

3. The total cost of all projects undertaken under subsection 101(k) shall not exceed the estimated cost set forth in that subsection by more than 10 per cent.

SEC. 103. ADVANCE PLANNING AND DESIGN.—There are hereby authorized to be appropriated funds for advance planning, construction design, and architectural services, in connection with projects which are not otherwise authorized by law, and the Atomic Energy Commission is authorized to use funds currently or otherwise available to it for such purposes.

SEC. 104. RESTORATION OR REPLACEMENT.—There are hereby authorized to be appropriated funds necessary to restore or to replace plants or facilities destroyed or otherwise seriously damaged, and the Atomic Energy Commission is authorized to use funds currently or otherwise available to it for such purposes.

SEC. 105. CURRENTLY AVAILABLE FUNDS.—In addition to the sums authorized to be appropriated to the Atomic Energy Commission by section 101 of this Act, there are hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Atomic Energy Commission to accomplish the purposes of this Act such sums of money as may be currently available to the Atomic Energy Commission.

SEC. 106. SUBSTITUTIONS.—Funds authorized to be appropriated or otherwise made available by this Act may be used to start any other new project for which an estimate was not included in this Act if it be a substitute for a project or portion of a project authorized in subsections 101(a), (b), and (c) and the estimated cost thereof is within the limit of cost of the project for which substitution is to be made, and the Commission certifies that—

(a) the project is essential to the common defense and security;
(b) the new project is required by changes in weapon characteristics or weapon logistic operations; and
(c) it is unable to enter into a contract with any person, including a licensee, on terms satisfactory to the Commission to furnish from a privately owned plant or facility the product or services to be provided in the new project.

SEC. 107. AMENDMENT OF PRIOR YEAR ACTS.—(a) Section 101 of Public Law 86-457 is amended by striking therefrom the figure "$211,476,000" and substituting therefor the figure "$338,476,000".

(b) Section 101(f) of Public Law 86-457 is amended by striking therefrom “Project 61-f-7, design and engineering, linear electron accelerator, $3,000,000" and substituting therefor “Project 61-f-7, linear electron accelerator, $114,000,000".

(c) Section 101(d) of Public Law 86-457 is amended by striking therefrom the figure "$24,000,000" for project 61-d-9, advanced test reactor, and substituting therefor the figure "$40,000,000".

SEC. 108. PROJECT RESCISSIONS.—(a) Public Law 86-457 is amended by rescinding therefrom authorization for a project, except for funds heretofore obligated, as follows:

Project 61-b-2, high-velocity test track, Sandia Base, New Mexico, $2,100,000.

(b) Public Law 86-50, as amended, is further amended by rescinding therefrom authorization for projects, except for funds heretofore obligated, as follows:

Project 60-a-2, prototype installations, gaseous diffusion plants, $1,000,000.
Project 60-b-1, cylinder storage area, Paducah, Kentucky, $500,000.

(c) Public Law 85-500, as amended, is further amended by rescinding therefrom authorization for projects, except for funds heretofore obligated, as follows:

Project 59-c-9, test assembly building, $510,000.

Project 59-d-1, reprocessing pilot plant, Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Tennessee, $3,500,000.

Project 59-d-3, fast reactor safety testing station, Nevada test site, $1,367,000.

(d) Public Law 85-162, as amended, is further amended by rescinding therefrom authorization for a project, except for funds heretofore obligated, as follows:

Project 58-b-6, additions to gaseous diffusion plants, $6,600,000.

(e) Public Law 84-506, as amended, is further amended by rescinding therefrom authorization for projects, except for funds heretofore obligated, as follows:

Project 57-a-6, charging and discharging system, Hanford, Washington, $8,450,000.

SEC. 109. COOPERATIVE POWER REACTOR DEMONSTRATION PROGRAM.—

(a) Section 111 of Public Law 85-162, as amended, is further amended by striking out the date "June 30, 1961," in clause (3) of subsection (a) and inserting in lieu thereof the date "June 30, 1962."

(b) There is hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Atomic Energy Commission the sum of $7,000,000 to be available, in addition to the funds heretofore authorized, for carrying out the Commission's power reactor demonstration program in accordance with the terms and conditions provided in sections 110 and 112 of Public Law 86-50.

The maximum amount of the program authorization, specified in subsection 110(b) of Public Law 86-50 and section 109 of Public Law 86-457, is increased by $12,000,000. In addition to the amounts authorized under subsection 110(c) of Public Law 86-50 and section 109 of Public Law 86-457, the Commission is authorized to use funds not to exceed $7,000,000 in the aggregate, to provide research and development assistance in support of unsolicited proposals from the utility industry to construct nuclear power plants.

(c) Funds appropriated to the Commission pursuant to the authorization contained in subsections (b) and (d) of section 110 of Public Law 86-50 shall be available to the Commission, notwithstanding the provisions of section 111(f) of Public Law 85-162, for a cooperative arrangement in accordance with the basis for an agreement described in the program justification data for arrangement numbered 60-110-2, a cooperative power reactor project designated as the LaCrosse boiling water reactor.

SEC. 110. DISPOSITION OF ELECTRIC ENERGY.—

(a) Electric energy produced during the operating life of the electric generating facilities constructed under section 101(a) shall be delivered by the Commission at the site of said generating facilities to, and pursuant to agreement with, the Secretary of the Interior who shall transmit and dispose of such energy under the terms prescribed by section 44 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended.

(b) Allocation of costs to the production of such electric energy shall be made jointly by the Commission and the Secretary of the Interior, and, in the event of disagreement, shall be made by the President. Costs so allocated shall be returned to the Treasury from revenue derived by the Secretary from the disposition of electric energy marketed through the Bonneville Power Administration.

Approved September 26, 1961.
AN ACT

For the allocation of costs on the Wapato-Satus unit of the Wapato Indian irrigation project.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior shall (a) designate within one year from the date of this Act the lands that are capable of being served by the irrigation works that have already been constructed on the Wapato-Satus unit of the Wapato Indian irrigation project, (b) determine the final construction costs of such works, (c) allocate the costs on a per acre basis to the land capable of being served, (d) assess the costs so allocated to land in non-Indian ownership, and (e) defer the assessment of the costs so allocated to land in Indian ownership in accordance with the Act of July 1, 1932 (47 Stat. 564).

Sec. 2. The Secretary of the Interior is authorized to install trash racks at the Yakima River diversion headworks of the Wapato-Satus unit, and the cost thereof shall be allocated and either assessed or deferred in accordance with the provisions of section 1 of this Act.

Sec. 3. The Secretary of the Interior is authorized (a) to designate additional lands that could be served by the Wapato-Satus unit if additional works were constructed, and (b) to construct such additional works: Provided, That no land in non-Indian ownership shall be included until an agreement satisfactory to the Secretary has been reached with the owner thereof for payment of the construction cost.

Sec. 4. If the Secretary of the Interior determines that an operation and maintenance assessment for the repair or replacement of any irrigation works that have been or may be constructed on the Wapato-Satus unit exceeds the amount that should reasonably be paid in one year, he may provide for payment over such period of time as he deems reasonable.

Sec. 5. The proportionate share of the cost incurred under sections 2 and 3 of this Act that is allocated to land in Indian ownership shall be added to the deferred construction charges determined under section 1 of this Act, and the total amount shall be assessed on a per acre basis when the deferment is terminated.

Sec. 6. The Secretary of the Interior is authorized to redesignate from time to time the lands that are capable of being served by the irrigation works of the Wapato-Satus unit. Any Indian or non-Indian land that is removed from the project by such redesignation shall bear its proportionate share of the construction costs, either deferred or assessed, and its proportionate share of the operation and maintenance cost to the date of such removal, if the removal is based on a redesignation for a higher use. If the lands removed are in Indian ownership, and the removal is based on any other factor, the lands shall not thereafter be assessed for construction charges.

Approved September 26, 1961.
Public Law 87-317

AN ACT

To amend section 4126 of title 18, United States Code, with respect to compensation to prison inmates for injuries incurred in the course of employment.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first sentence of the third paragraph of section 4126 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the words "or in any work activity in connection with the maintenance or operation of the institution where confined."

Approved September 26, 1961.

Public Law 87-318

AN ACT

To prohibit the examination in District of Columbia courts of any minister of religion in connection with any communication made to him in his professional capacity, without the consent of the party to such communication.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That no priest, clergyman, rabbi, or other duly licensed, ordained, or consecrated minister of any religion authorized to perform a marriage ceremony in the District of Columbia or duly accredited practitioner of Christian Science shall be examined in any civil or criminal proceedings in the courts of the District of Columbia—

(1) with respect to any confession, or communication, made to him, in his professional capacity in the course of discipline enjoined by the church or other religious body to which he belongs, without the consent of the person making such confession or communication, or

(2) with respect to any communication made to him, in his professional capacity in the course of giving religious or spiritual advice, without the consent of the person seeking such advice, or

(3) with respect to any communication made to him, in his professional capacity, by either spouse, in connection with any effort to reconcile estranged spouses, without the consent of the spouse making the communication.

Approved September 26, 1961.

Public Law 87-319

JOINT RESOLUTION

Authorizing the President to issue annually a proclamation designating the third week in March as National Poison Prevention Week, in order to aid in bringing to the American people the dangers of accidental poisoning.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President is hereby authorized and requested to issue annually a proclamation designating the third week in March as National Poison Prevention Week, to aid in encouraging the American people to learn of the dangers of accidental poisoning and to take such preventive measures as are warranted by the seriousness of the danger.

Approved September 26, 1961.
Public Law 87-320

AN ACT

To provide for the withdrawal of certain public lands forty miles east of Fairbanks, Alaska, for use by the Department of the Army as a Nike range.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) subject to valid existing rights the public lands aggregating approximately six hundred and seven thousand eight hundred acres described in application for withdrawal, serial number Fairbanks 022929 published in the Federal Register of May 26, 1959, page 4218 (Federal Register Document 59-4405; filed, May 25, 1959; 8:49 antemeridian), are hereby withdrawn from all forms of use and appropriation under the public land laws including the mining and mineral leasing laws and disposals of materials under the Act of July 31, 1947, as amended (61 Stat. 681; 30 U.S.C. 601–604), except as provided in subsection (b) of this section and reserved for the use of the Department of the Army as a Nike range for a period of ten years or, if extended by the Secretary of the Interior, for a period of fifteen years, or for any shorter period as may be determined by the Secretary of the Army upon notice to the Secretary of the Interior.

(b) The lands and resources withdrawn and reserved by subsection (a) of this section shall be subject to use, appropriation, and disposition in a manner that will not interfere with the use of the withdrawn area by the Department of the Army during the period December 15 to March 15 annually in accordance with schedules adopted by the Department of the Army.

(c) All occupancy and use under homestead entries, mining locations, mineral leases or other appropriation or use conformable with the Public Land Laws of the United States as aforesaid which may be effectuated within the area withdrawn and reserved under subsection (b) of this Act shall be subject to the paramount and exclusive right of the Army to utilize the lands for Nike range and incidental military purposes during the period December 15 to March 15 annually until termination of the withdrawal and reservation effected by this Act, and all documents authorizing use or occupancy or effecting disposition of such lands shall expressly preserve to the United States the paramount and exclusive right above specified.

(d) Upon request of the Secretary of the Interior at the time of final termination of the reservation effected by this Act, the Department of the Army shall make safe for nonmilitary uses the land withdrawn and reserved, or such portions thereof as may be specified by the Secretary of the Interior, by neutralizing unexploded ammunition, bombs, artillery projectiles, or other explosive objects and chemical agents. Thereafter the Secretary of the Interior pursuant to law shall provide for the appropriate use or disposition of all or any part of the land withdrawn and reserved under provisions of this Act. Nothing in this subsection, however, shall be construed to prevent the Secretary of the Army at that time from making application for further withdrawal and reservation of all or part of said lands under laws and regulations then existing.

Approved September 26, 1961.
Public Law 87-321

AN ACT

September 26, 1961

Relating to the credits against the employment tax in the case of certain successor employers and to provide an election for past taxable years with respect to the determination of gross income from mining in the case of quartzite and clay used in the production of refractory products.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) section 3302 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to credits against tax imposed by Federal Unemployment Tax Act) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(e) Successor Employer.—Subject to the limits provided by subsection (c), if—

"(1) an employer acquires during any calendar year substantially all the property used in the trade or business of another person, or used in a separate unit of a trade or business of such other person, and immediately after the acquisition employs in his trade or business one or more individuals who immediately prior to the acquisition were employed in the trade or business of such other person, and

"(2) such other person is not an employer for the calendar year in which the acquisition takes place, then, for the calendar year in which the acquisition takes place, in addition to the credits allowed under subsections (a) and (b), such employer may credit against the tax imposed by section 3301 for such year an amount equal to the credits which (without regard to subsection (c)) would have been allowable to such other person under subsections (a) and (b) and this subsection for such year, if such other person had been an employer, with respect to remuneration subject to contributions under the unemployment compensation law of a State paid by such other person to the individual or individuals described in paragraph (1)."

(b) The amendment made by subsection (a) shall apply with respect to the calendar year 1961 and each calendar year thereafter.

SEC. 2. ELECTION FOR QUARTZITE AND CLAY USED IN THE PRODUCTION OF REFRACORY PRODUCTS.

(a) Election for Past Years.—If an election is made under subsection (c), in the case of quartzite and clay used by the mine owner or operator in the production of refractory products, for the purpose of applying section 613 (c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (and corresponding provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1939) for each of the taxable years with respect to which the election is effective—

(1) the term "ordinary treatment processes" shall include crushing, grinding, and separating the mineral from waste, but shall not include any subsequent process; and

(2) the gross income from mining for each short ton of such quartzite or clay used in the production of all refractory products sold during the taxable year shall be equal to 87 1/2 percent of the lesser of—

(A) the average lowest published or advertised price, or

(B) the average lowest actual selling price, at which, during the taxable year, the mine owner or operator offered to sell, or sold, such quartzite or clay (in the form and condition of such products after the application of only the.
processes described in paragraph (1) and before transportation from the plant in which such processes were applied). For purposes of this paragraph, exceptional, unusual, or nominal sales or selling prices shall be disregarded. If the mine owner or operator makes no sales of, or makes only exceptional, unusual, or nominal sales of, such quartzite or clay after application of only the processes described in paragraph (1), then in lieu of the price provided for in subparagraph (A) or (B) there shall be used the average lowest recognized selling price for the taxable year for such quartzite or clay in the marketing area of the mine owner or operator published in a trade journal or other industry publication.

(b) **Years to Which Applicable.**—An election made under subsection (c) to have the provisions of this section apply shall be effective on and after January 1, 1951, for all taxable years beginning before January 1, 1961, in respect of which—

1. the assessment of a deficiency,
2. the refund or credit of an overpayment, or
3. the commencement of a suit for recovery of a refund under section 7405 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954,

is not prevented on the date of the enactment of this Act by the operation of any law or rule of law. Such election shall also be effective on and after January 1, 1951, for any taxable year beginning before January 1, 1961, in respect of which an assessment of a deficiency has been made but not collected on or before the date of the enactment of this Act.

(c) **Time and Manner of Election.**—An election to have the provisions of this section apply shall be made by the taxpayer on or before the 60th day after the date of publication in the Federal Register of final regulations issued under authority of subsection (f), and shall be made in such form and manner as the Secretary of the Treasury or his delegate shall prescribe by regulations. Such election, if made, may not be revoked.

(d) **Statutes of Limitations.**—Notwithstanding any other law, the period within which an assessment of a deficiency attributable to the election under subsection (c) may be made with respect to any taxable year for which such election is effective, and the period within which a claim for refund or credit of an overpayment attributable to the election under such subsection may be made with respect to any such taxable year, shall not expire prior to one year after the last day for making an election under subsection (c). An election by a taxpayer under subsection (c) shall be considered as a consent to the application of the provisions of this subsection.

(e) **Terms; Applicability of Other Laws.**—Except where otherwise distinctly expressed or manifestly intended, terms used in this section shall have the same meaning as when used in the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (or corresponding provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1939) and all provisions of law shall apply with respect to this section as if this section were a part of such Code (or corresponding provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1939).

(f) **Regulations.**—The Secretary of the Treasury or his delegate shall prescribe such regulations as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this section.

Approved September 26, 1961.
Public Law 87-322

AN ACT
To amend section 505(d) of the Classification Act of 1949, as amended, with respect to certain positions in the General Accounting Office.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 505(d) of the Classification Act of 1949, as amended (5 U.S.C. 1105(d)), is amended by striking out the words “twenty-five positions” and inserting in lieu thereof the words “thirty-nine positions”.

Sec. 2. Section 106(a) of the Federal Executive Pay Act of 1956 (5 U.S.C. 2205(a)) is amended by adding the following subparagraph after subparagraph (47):

“(48) General Counsel of the General Accounting Office.”

Sec. 3. The amendment made by section 2 of this Act shall become effective at the beginning of the first pay period which begins on or after the date of enactment of this Act.

Approved September 26, 1961.

Public Law 87-323

JOINT RESOLUTION
Providing for printing copies of “Cannon’s Procedure in the House of Representatives”.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there shall be printed and bound for the use of the House one thousand five hundred copies of “Cannon’s Procedure in the House of Representatives”, by Clarence Cannon, to be printed under the supervision of the author and to be distributed to the Members by the Speaker.

Sec. 2. That, notwithstanding any provision of the copyright laws and regulations with respect to publications in the public domain, “Cannon’s Procedure in the House of Representatives” shall be subject to copyright by the author thereof.

Approved September 26, 1961.

Public Law 87-324

AN ACT
To amend the Act of September 2, 1958, establishing a Commission and Advisory Committee on International Rules of Judicial Procedure, as amended.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the second paragraph of subsection (b) of section 7 of the Act of September 2, 1958, “An Act to establish a Commission and Advisory Committee on International Rules of Judicial Procedure” (72 Stat. 1743, 1745), as amended by the Act of September 16, 1959 (73 Stat. 567), is further amended to read as follows:

“The Commission shall submit its final report and the Commission and the Advisory Committee shall terminate prior to December 31, 1963.”

Approved September 26, 1961.
Public Law 87-325

AN ACT

To authorize the Philadelphia, Baltimore, and Washington Railroad Company to construct, maintain, and operate branch sidings over First Street Southwest in the District of Columbia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Philadelphia, Baltimore, and Washington Railroad Company is hereby authorized to construct, maintain, and operate at grade two branch sidings from its present tracks in square 607 over First Street to square 663 between S and T Streets Southwest, Washington, District of Columbia. Such sidings shall be constructed in accordance with plans approved by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia.

Sec. 2. Congress reserves the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act.

Approved September 26, 1961.

Public Law 87-326

AN ACT

To provide for the withdrawal from the public domain of certain lands in the Ladd-Eielson area, Alaska, for use by the Department of the Army as the Yukon Command training site, Alaska, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) subject to valid existing rights the public lands aggregating approximately two hundred and fifty-six thousand acres in the Ladd-Eielson area, fourth judicial division, Alaska, as more fully described in application (serial number Fairbanks 020174) from the Department of the Army to the Department of the Interior and set forth in the Federal Register of July 31, 1958, page 5804 (Federal Register Document 58-5837; filed, July 31, 1958; 8:47 antemeridian), are hereby withdrawn from all forms of appropriation under the public land laws including the mining and mineral leasing laws and disposals of materials under the Act of July 31, 1947, as amended (61 Stat. 681; 30 U.S.C. 601-604), and reserved for the use of the Department of the Army as the Yukon Command training site for a period of ten years or, if extended by the Secretary of the Interior for a period of fifteen years, or for any shorter period as may be determined by the Secretary of the Army upon notice to the Secretary of the Interior.

(b) The Secretary of the Interior may, with the concurrence of the Secretary of the Army, authorize use or disposition of any of the lands or resources withdrawn and reserved by subsection (a) of this section.

(c) To the extent that the Secretary of the Army determines it to be consistent with military requirements and the public safety: (1) the lands withdrawn and reserved by this Act, or selected portions thereof, shall be open during legally established seasons for hunting, fishing and trapping, and military operations affecting the same shall be suspended during such periods and (2) access across the lands, or selected portions thereof, shall be permitted to public hunting, fishing, and trapping areas.

(d) Upon request of the Secretary of the Interior at the time of final termination of the reservation effected by this Act, the Department of the Army shall make safe for nonmilitary uses the land withdrawn and reserved, or such portions thereof as may be specified by the Secretary of the Interior, by neutralizing unexploded ammunition, bombs, artillery projectiles, or other explosive objects and chemical
agents. Thereafter the Secretary of the Interior pursuant to law shall provide for the appropriate use or disposition of all or any part of the land withdrawn and reserved under provisions of this Act. Nothing in this subsection, however, shall be construed to prevent the Secretary of the Army at that time from making application for further withdrawal and reservation of all or part of said lands under laws and regulations then existing.

Approved September 26, 1961.

Public Law 87-327

To provide for the withdrawal from the public domain of certain lands in the
Big Delta area, Alaska, for continued use by the Department of the Army at Fort Greely, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That subject to valid existing rights public lands aggregating approximately five hundred and seventy-two thousand acres of land in the Big Delta area, Fairbanks recording precinct, Alaska, as more fully described in application (serial number Fairbanks 019269) from the Department of the Army to the Department of the Interior and set forth in the Federal Register May 8, 1958, page 3071 (Federal Register Document 58-3480; filed, May 7, 1958; 8:53 antemeridian), are hereby withdrawn from all forms of appropriation under the public lands laws including the mining and mineral leasing laws and disposals of materials under the Act of July 31, 1947, as amended (61 Stat. 681; 30 U.S.C. 601-604), and reserved for the use of the Department of the Army as the Fort Greely maneuver area for a period of ten years, or if extended by the Secretary of the Interior for a period of fifteen years, or for any shorter period as may be determined by the Secretary of the Army upon notice to the Secretary of the Interior.

(b) The Secretary of the Interior may, with the concurrence of the Secretary of the Army, authorize use or disposition of any of the lands or resources withdrawn and reserved by subsection (a) of this section.

(c) To the extent that the Secretary of the Army determines it to be consistent with military requirements and the public safety: (1) the lands withdrawn and reserved by this Act, or selected portions thereof, shall be open during legally established seasons for hunting, fishing, and trapping, and military operations affecting the same shall be suspended during such periods and (2) access across the lands, or selected portions thereof, shall be permitted to public hunting, fishing, and trapping areas.

(d) Upon request of the Secretary of the Interior at the time of final termination of the reservation effected by this Act, the Department of the Army shall make safe for nonmilitary uses the land withdrawn and reserved, or such portions thereof as may be specified by the Secretary of the Interior, by neutralizing unexploded ammunition, bombs, artillery projectiles, or other explosive objects and chemical agents. Thereafter the Secretary of the Interior pursuant to law shall provide for the appropriate use or disposition of all or any part of the land withdrawn and reserved under provisions of this Act. Nothing in this subsection, however, shall be construed to prevent the Secretary of the Army at that time from making application for further withdrawal and reservation of all or part of said lands under laws and regulations then existing.

Approved September 26, 1961.
JOINT RESOLUTION

To create a regional agency by intergovernmental compact for the planning, conservation, utilization, development, management, and control of the water and related natural resources of the Delaware River Basin, for the improvement of navigation, reduction of flood damage, regulation of water quality, control of pollution, development of water supply, hydroelectric energy, fish and wildlife habitat, and public recreational facilities, and other purposes, and defining the functions, powers, and duties of such agency.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

PART I

COMPACT

Whereas the signatory parties recognize the water and related resources of the Delaware River Basin as regional assets vested with local, State, and National interests, for which they have a joint responsibility; and

Whereas the conservation, utilization, development, management, and control of the water and related resources of the Delaware River Basin under a comprehensive multipurpose plan will bring the greatest benefits and produce the most efficient service in the public welfare; and

Whereas such a comprehensive plan administered by a basinwide agency will provide effective flood damage reduction; conservation and development of ground and surface water supply for municipal, industrial, and agricultural uses; development of recreational facilities in relation to reservoirs, lakes, and streams; propagation of fish and game; promotion of related forestry, soil conservation, and watershed projects; protection and aid to fisheries dependent upon water resources; development of hydroelectric power potentialities; improved navigation; control of the movement of salt water; abatement and control of stream pollution; and regulation of stream flows toward the attainment of these goals; and

Whereas decisions of the United States Supreme Court relating to the waters of the basin have confirmed the interstate regional character of the water resources of the Delaware River Basin, and the United States Corps of Engineers has in a prior report on the Delaware River Basin (House Document 179, Seventy-third Congress, second session) officially recognized the need for an interstate agency and the economies that can result from unified development and control of the water resources of the basin; and

Whereas the water resources of the basin are presently subject to the duplicating, overlapping, and uncoordinated administration of some forty-three State agencies, fourteen interstate agencies, and nineteen Federal agencies which exercise a multiplicity of powers and duties resulting in a splintering of authority and responsibilities; and

Whereas the joint advisory body known as the Interstate Commission on the Delaware River Basin (INCODEL), created by the respective commissions or Committee on Interstate Cooperation of the States of Delaware, New Jersey, New York, and Pennsylvania, has on the basis on its extensive investigations, surveys, and studies concluded that regional development of the Delaware River Basin is feasible, advisable, and urgently needed; and has recommended that an interstate compact with Federal participation be consummated to this end; and
Whereas the Congress of the United States and the executive branch of the Government have recognized the national interest in the Delaware River Basin by authorizing and directing the Corps of Engineers, Department of the Army, to make a comprehensive survey and report on the water and related resources of the Delaware River Basin, enlisting the technical aid and planning participation of many Federal, State, and municipal agencies dealing with the waters of the basin, and in particular the Federal Departments of Agriculture, Commerce, Health, Education, and Welfare, and Interior, and the Federal Power Commission; and

Whereas some twenty-two million people of the United States at present live and work in the region of the Delaware River Basin and its environs, and the government, employment, industry, and economic development of the entire region and the health, safety, and general welfare of its population are and will continue to be vitally affected by the use, conservation, management, and control of the water and related resources of the Delaware River Basin; and

Whereas demands upon the waters and related resources of the basin are expected to mount rapidly because of the anticipated increase in the population of the region projected to reach thirty million by 1980 and forty million by 2010, and because of the anticipated increase in industrial growth projected to double by 1980; and

Whereas water resources planning and development is technical, complex, and expensive, and has often required fifteen to twenty years from the conception to the completion of a large dam and reservoir; and

Whereas the public interest requires that facilities must be ready and operative when needed, to avoid the catastrophe of unexpected floods or prolonged drought, and for other purposes; and

Whereas the Delaware River Basin Advisory Committee, a temporary body constituted by the Governors of the four basin States and the mayors of the cities of New York and Philadelphia, has prepared a draft of an interstate-Federal compact for the creation of a basin agency, and the signatory parties desire to effectuate the purposes thereof: Now therefore

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the United States hereby consents to, and joins the States of Delaware, New Jersey, and New York and the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in, the following compact:

ARTICLE 1

SHORT TITLE, DEFINITIONS, PURPOSE AND LIMITATIONS

Section 1.1 Short title. This Act shall be known and may be cited as the Delaware River Basin Compact.

1.2 Definitions. For the purposes of this compact, and of any supplemental or concurring legislation enacted pursuant thereto, except as may be otherwise required by the context:

(a) "Basin" shall mean the area of drainage into the Delaware River and its tributaries, including Delaware Bay;

(b) "Commission" shall mean the Delaware River Basin Commission created and constituted by this compact;

(c) "Compact" shall mean Part I of this act;

(d) "Cost" shall mean direct and indirect expenditures, commitment, and net induced adverse effects, whether or not compensated for, used or incurred in connection with the establishment, acquisition, construction, maintenance and operation of a project;
(e) "Facility" shall mean any real or personal property, within or without the basin, and improvements thereof or thereon, and any and all rights of way, water, water rights, plants, structures, machinery and equipment, acquired, constructed, operated or maintained for the beneficial use of water resources or related land uses including, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, any and all things and appurtenances necessary, useful or convenient for the control, collection, storage, withdrawal, diversion, release, treatment, transmission, sale or exchange of water; or for navigation thereon, or the development and use of hydroelectric energy and power, and public recreational facilities; or the propagation of fish and wildlife; or to conserve and protect the water resources of the basin or any existing or future water supply source, or to facilitate any other uses of any of them;

(f) "Federal government" shall mean the government of the United States of America, and any appropriate branch, department, bureau or division thereof, as the case may be;

(g) "Project" shall mean any work, service or activity which is separately planned, financed, or identified by the commission, or any separate facility undertaken or to be undertaken within a specified area, for the conservation, utilization, control, development or management of water resources which can be established and utilized independently or as an addition to an existing facility, and can be considered as a separate entity for purposes of evaluation;

(h) "Signatory party" shall mean a state or commonwealth party to this compact, and the federal government;

(i) "Water resources" shall include water and related natural resources in, on, under, or above the ground, including related uses of land, which are subject to beneficial use, ownership or control.

1.3 Purpose and Findings. The legislative bodies of the respective signatory parties hereby find and declare:

(a) The water resources of the basin are affected with a local, state, regional and national interest and their planning, conservation, utilization, development, management and control, under appropriate arrangements for intergovernmental cooperation, are public purposes of the respective signatory parties.

(b) The water resources of the basin are subject to the sovereign right and responsibility of the signatory parties, and it is the purpose of this compact to provide for a joint exercise of such powers of sovereignty in the common interests of the people of the region.

(c) The water resources of the basin are functionally inter-related, and the uses of these resources are interdependent. A single administrative agency is therefore essential for effective and economical direction, supervision and coordination of efforts and programs of federal, state and local governments and of private enterprise.

(d) The water resources of the Delaware River Basin, if properly planned and utilized, are ample to meet all presently projected demands, including existing and added diversions in future years and ever increasing economies and efficiencies in the use and reuse of water resources can be brought about by comprehensive planning, programming and management.

(e) In general, the purposes of this compact are to promote interstate comity; to remove causes of present and future controversy; to make secure and protect present developments within the states; to encourage and provide for the planning, conservation, utilization, development, management and control of the water resources of the basin; to provide for cooperative planning and action by the signatory parties with respect to such water resources; and to apply the principle of equal and uniform treatment to all water users who are
similarly situated and to all users of related facilities, without regard to established political boundaries.

1.4 Powers of Congress; Withdrawal. Nothing in this compact shall be construed to relinquish the functions, powers or duties of the Congress of the United States with respect to the control of any navigable waters within the basin, nor shall any provision hereof be construed in derogation of any of the constitutional powers of the Congress to regulate commerce among the states and with foreign nations. The power and right of the Congress to withdraw the federal government as a party to this compact or to revise or modify the terms, conditions and provisions under which it may remain a party by amendment, repeal or modification of any federal statute applicable thereto is recognized by the signatory parties.

1.5 Existing Agencies; Construction. It is the purpose of the signatory parties to preserve and utilize the functions, powers and duties of existing offices and agencies of government to the extent not inconsistent with the compact, and the commission is authorized and directed to utilize and employ such offices and agencies for the purpose of this compact to the fullest extent it finds feasible and advantageous.

1.6 Duration of Compact.

(a) The duration of this compact shall be for an initial period of 100 years from its effective date, and it shall be continued for additional periods of 100 years if not later than 20 years nor sooner than 25 years prior to the determination of the initial period or any succeeding period none of the signatory states, by authority of an act of its legislature, notifies the commission of intention to terminate the compact at the end of the then current 100 year period.

(b) In the event that this compact should be terminated by operation of paragraph (a) above, the commission shall be dissolved, its assets and liabilities transferred, and its corporate affairs wound up, in such manner as may be provided by act of the Congress.

ARTICLE 2

ORGANIZATION AND AREA

Section 2.1 Commission Created. The Delaware River Basin Commission is hereby created as a body politic and corporate, with succession for the duration of this compact, as an agency and instrumentality of the governments of the respective signatory parties.

2.2 Commission Membership. The commission shall consist of the Governors of the signatory states, ex officio, and one commissioner to be appointed by the President of the United States to serve during the term of office of the President.

2.3 Alternates. Each member of the commission shall appoint an alternate to act in his place and stead, with authority to attend all meetings of the commission, and with power to vote in the absence of the member. Unless otherwise provided by law of the signatory party for which he is appointed, each alternate shall serve during the term of the member appointing him, subject to removal at the pleasure of the member. In the event of a vacancy in the office of alternate, it shall be filled in the same manner as an original appointment for the unexpired term only.

2.4 Compensation. Members of the commission and alternates shall serve without compensation but may be reimbursed for necessary expenses incurred in and incident to the performance of their duties.

2.5 Voting Power. Each member shall be entitled to one vote on all matters which may come before the commission. No action of the commission shall be taken at any meeting unless a majority of the membership shall vote in favor thereof.
2.6 Organization and Procedure. The commission shall provide for its own organization and procedure, and shall adopt rules and regulations governing its meetings and transactions. It shall organize annually by the election of a chairman and vice-chairman from among its members. It shall provide by its rules for the appointment by each member in his discretion of an advisor to serve without compensation, who may attend all meetings of the commission and its committees.

2.7 Jurisdiction of the Commission. The commission shall have, exercise and discharge its functions, powers and duties within the limits of the basin, except that it may in its discretion act outside the basin whenever such action may be necessary or convenient to effectuate its powers or duties within the basin, or to sell or dispose of water, hydroelectric power or other water resources within or without the basin. The commission shall exercise such power outside the basin only upon the consent of the state in which it proposes to act.

ARTICLE 3

POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE COMMISSION

Section 3.1 Purpose and Policy. The commission shall develop and effectuate plans, policies and projects relating to the water resources of the basin. It shall adopt and promote uniform and coordinated policies for water conservation, control, use and management in the basin. It shall encourage the planning, development and financing of water resources projects according to such plans and policies.

3.2 Comprehensive Plan, Program and Budgets. The commission shall, in accordance with Article 13 of this compact, formulate and adopt:

(a) A comprehensive plan, after consultation with water users and interested public bodies, for the immediate and long range development and uses of the water resources of the basin;

(b) A water resources program, based upon the comprehensive plan, which shall include a systematic presentation of the quantity and quality of water resources needs of the area to be served for such reasonably foreseeable period as the commission may determine, balanced by existing and proposed projects required to satisfy such needs, including all public and private projects affecting the basin, together with a separate statement of the projects proposed to be undertaken by the commission during such period; and

(c) An annual current expense budget, and an annual capital budget consistent with the water resources program covering the commission’s projects and facilities for the budget period.

3.3 Allocations, Diversions and Releases. The commission shall have the power from time to time as need appears, in accordance with the doctrine of equitable apportionment, to allocate the waters of the basin to and among the states signatory to this compact and to and among their respective political subdivisions, and to impose conditions, obligations and release requirements related thereto, subject to the following limitations:

(a) The commission, without the unanimous consent of the parties to the United States Supreme Court decree in New Jersey v. New York, 347 U.S. 995 (1954), shall not impair, diminish or otherwise adversely affect the diversions, compensating releases, rights, conditions, obligations, and provisions for the administration thereof as provided in said decree; provided, however, that after consultation with the river master under said decree the commission may find and declare a state of emergency resulting from a drought or catastrophe.
and it may thereupon by unanimous consent of its members authorize and direct an increase or decrease in any allocation or diversion permitted or releases required by the decree, in such manner and for such limited time as may be necessary to meet such an emergency condition.

(b) No allocation of waters hereafter made pursuant to this section shall constitute a prior appropriation of the waters of the basin or confer any superiority of right in respect to the use of those waters, nor shall any such action be deemed to constitute an apportionment of the waters of the basin among the parties hereto: Provided, That this paragraph shall not be deemed to limit or restrict the power of the commission to enter into covenants with respect to water supply, with a duration not exceeding the life of this compact, as it may deem necessary for a benefit or development of the water resources of the basin.

c) Any proper party deeming itself aggrieved by action of the commission with respect to an out-of-basin diversion or compensating releases in connection therewith, notwithstanding the powers delegated to the commission by this compact may invoke the original jurisdiction of the United States Supreme Court within one year after such action for an adjudication and determination thereof de novo. Any other action of the commission pursuant to this section shall be subject to judicial review in any court of competent jurisdiction.

3.4 Supreme Court Decree; Waivers. Each of the signatory states and their respective political subdivisions, in consideration of like action by the others, and in recognition of reciprocal benefits, hereby waives and relinquishes for the duration of this compact any right, privilege or power it may have to apply for any modification of the terms of the decree of the United States Supreme Court in New Jersey v. New York, 347 U.S. 995 (1954) which would increase or decrease the diversions authorized or increase or decrease the releases required thereunder, except that a proceeding to modify such decree to increase diversions or compensating releases in connection with such increased diversions may be prosecuted by a proper party to effectuate rights, powers, duties and obligations under Section 3.3 of this compact, and except as may be required to effectuate the provisions of paragraphs IIIB3 and VB of said decree.

3.5 Supreme Court Decree; Specific Limitations on Commission. Except as specifically provided in sections 3.3 and 3.4 of this article, nothing in this compact shall be construed in any way to impair, diminish or otherwise adversely affect the rights, powers, privileges, conditions and obligations contained in the decree of the United States Supreme Court in New Jersey v. New York, 347 U.S. 995 (1954).

To this end, and without limitation thereto, the commission shall not:

(a) Acquire, construct or operate any project or facility or make any order or take any action which would impede or interfere with the rights, powers, privileges, conditions or obligations contained in said decree;

(b) Impose or collect any fee, charge or assessment with respect to diversions of waters of the basin permitted by said decree;

(c) Exercise any jurisdiction, except upon consent of all the parties to said decree, over the planning, design, construction, operation or control of any projects, structures or facilities constructed or used in connection with withdrawals, diversions and releases of waters of the basin authorized by said decree or of the withdrawals, diversions or releases to be made thereunder; or

(d) Serve as river master under said decree, except upon consent of all the parties thereto.
3.6 General Powers. The commission may:

(a) Plan, design, acquire, construct, reconstruct, complete, own, improve, extend, develop, operate and maintain any and all projects, facilities, properties, activities and services, determined by the commission to be necessary, convenient or useful for the purposes of this compact;

(b) Establish standards of planning, design and operation of all projects and facilities in the basin which affect its water resources, including without limitation thereto water and waste treatment plants, stream and lake recreational facilities, trunk mains for water distribution, local flood protection works, small watershed management programs, and ground water recharging operations;

(c) Conduct and sponsor research on water resources, their planning, use, conservation, management, development, control and protection, and the capacity, adaptability and best utility of each facility thereof, and collect, compile, correlate, analyze, report and interpret data on water resources and uses in the basin, including without limitation thereto the relation of water to other resources, industrial water technology, ground water movement, relation between water price and water demand, and general hydrological conditions;

(d) Compile and coordinate systematic stream stage and ground water level forecasting data, and publicize such information when and as needed for water uses, flood warning, quality maintenance or other purposes;

(e) Conduct such special ground water investigations tests, and operations and compile such data relating thereto as may be required to formulate and administer the comprehensive plan;

(f) Prepare, publish and disseminate information and reports with respect to the water problems of the basin and for the presentation of the needs, resources and policies of the basin to executive and legislative branches of the signatory parties;

(g) Negotiate for such loans, grants, services or other aids as may be lawfully available from public or private sources to finance or assist in effectuating any of the purposes of this compact; and to receive and accept such aid upon such terms and conditions, and subject to such provisions for repayment as may be required by federal or state law or as the commission may deem necessary or desirable;

(h) Exercise such other and different powers as may be delegated to it by this compact or otherwise pursuant to law, and have and exercise all powers necessary or convenient to carry out its express powers or which may be reasonably implied therefrom.

3.7 Rates and Charges. The commission may from time to time after public notice and hearing fix, alter and revise rates, rentals, charges and tolls and classifications thereof, for the use of facilities which it may own or operate and for products and services rendered thereby, without regulation or control by any department, office or agency of any signatory party.

3.8 Referral and Review. No project having a substantial effect on the water resources of the basin shall hereafter be undertaken by any person, corporation or governmental authority unless it shall have been first submitted to and approved by the commission, subject to the provisions of Sections 3.3 and 3.5. The commission shall approve a project whenever it finds and determines that such project would not substantially impair or conflict with the comprehensive plan and may modify and approve as modified, or may disapprove any such project whenever it finds and determines that the project would substantially impair or conflict with such plan. The commission shall provide by regulation for the procedure of submission, review and consideration of projects, and for its determinations pursuant to this section. Any
determination of the commission hereunder shall be subject to judicial review in any court of competent jurisdiction.

3.9 Coordination and Cooperation. The commission shall promote and aid the coordination of the activities and programs of federal, state, municipal and private agencies concerned with water resources administration in the basin. To this end, but without limitation thereto, the commission may:

(a) Advise, consult, contract, financially assist, or otherwise cooperate with any and all such agencies;

(b) Employ any other agency or instrumentality of any of the signatory parties or of any political subdivision thereof, in the design, construction, operation and maintenance of structures, and the installation and management of river control systems, or for any other purpose;

(c) Develop and adopt plans and specifications for particular water resources projects and facilities which so far as consistent with the comprehensive plan incorporate any separate plans of other public and private organizations operating in the basin, and permit the decentralized administration thereof;

(d) Qualify as a sponsoring agency under any federal legislation heretofore or hereafter enacted to provide financial or other assistance for the planning, conservation, utilization, development, management or control of water resources.

3.10 Advisory Committees. The commission may constitute and empower advisory committees, which may be comprised of representatives of the public and of federal, state, county and municipal governments, water resources agencies, water-using industries, water-interest groups, labor and agriculture.

ARTICLE 4

WATER SUPPLY

Section 4.1 Generally. The commission shall have power to develop, implement and effectuate plans and projects for the use of the water of the basin for domestic, municipal, agricultural and industrial water supply. To this end, without limitation thereto, it may provide for, construct, acquire, operate and maintain dams, reservoirs and other facilities for utilization of surface and ground water resources, and all related structures, appurtenances and equipment on the river and its tributaries and at such off-river sites as it may find appropriate, and may regulate and control the use thereof.

4.2 Storage and Release of Waters.

(a) The commission shall have power to acquire, operate and control projects and facilities for the storage and release of waters, for the regulation of flows and supplies of surface and ground waters of the basin, for the protection of public health, stream quality control, economic development, improvement of fisheries, recreation, dilution and abatement of pollution, the prevention of undue salinity and other purposes.

(b) No signatory party shall permit any augmentation of flow to be diminished by the diversion of any water of the basin during any period in which waters are being released from storage under the direction of the commission for the purpose of augmenting such flow, except in cases where such diversion is duly authorized by this compact, or by the commission pursuant thereto, or by the judgment, order or decree of a court of competent jurisdiction.

4.3 Assessable Improvements. The commission may undertake to provide stream regulation in the main stream or any tributary in the
basin and may assess on an annual basis or otherwise the cost thereof upon water users or any classification of them specially benefited thereby to a measurable extent, provided that no such assessment shall exceed the actual benefit to any water user. Any such assessment shall follow the procedure prescribed by law for local improvement assessments and shall be subject to judicial review in any court of competent jurisdiction.

4.4 Coordination. Prior to entering upon the execution of any project authorized by this article, the commission shall review and consider all existing rights, plans and programs of the signatory parties, their political subdivisions, private parties, and water users which are pertinent to such project, and shall hold a public hearing on each proposed project.

4.5 Additional Powers. In connection with any project authorized by this article, the commission shall have power to provide storage, treatment, pumping and transmission facilities, but nothing herein shall be construed to authorize the commission to engage in the business of distributing water.

ARTICLE 5

POLLUTION CONTROL

Section 5.1 General Powers. The commission may undertake investigations and surveys, and acquire, construct, operate and maintain projects and facilities to control potential pollution and abate or dilute existing pollution of the water resources of the basin. It may invoke as complainant the power and jurisdiction of water pollution abatement agencies of the signatory parties.

5.2 Policy and Standards. The Commission may assume jurisdiction to control future pollution and abate existing pollution in the waters of the basin, whenever it determines after investigation and public hearing upon due notice that the effectuation of the comprehensive plan so requires. The standard of such control shall be that pollution by sewage or industrial or other waste originating within a signatory state shall not injuriously affect waters of the basin as contemplated by the comprehensive plan. The commission, after such public hearing may classify the waters of the basin and establish standards of treatment of sewage, industrial or other waste, according to such classes including allowance for the variable factors of surface and ground waters, such as size of the stream, flow, movement, location, character, self-purification, and usage of the waters affected. After such investigation, notice and hearing the commission may adopt and from time to time amend and repeal rules, regulations and standards to control such future pollution and abate existing pollution, and to require such treatment of sewage, industrial or other waste within a time reasonable for the construction of the necessary works, as may be required to protect the public health or to preserve the waters of the basin for uses in accordance with the comprehensive plan.

5.3 Cooperative Legislation and Administration. Each of the signatory parties covenants and agrees to prohibit and control pollution of the waters of the basin according to the requirements of this compact and to cooperate faithfully in the control of future pollution in and abatement of existing pollution from the rivers, streams, and waters in the basin which flow through, under, into or border upon any of such signatory states, and in order to effect such object, agrees to enact any necessary legislation to enable each such party to place and maintain the waters of said basin in a satisfactory condition, available for safe and satisfactory use as public and industrial water supplies after reasonable treatment, suitable for recreational usage,
capable of maintaining fish and other aquatic life, free from unsightly or malodorous nuisances due to floating solids or sludge deposits and adaptable to such other uses as may be provided by the comprehensive plan.

5.4 Enforcement. The commission may, after investigation and hearing, issue an order or orders upon any person or public or private corporation, or other entity, to cease the discharge of sewage, industrial or other waste into waters of the basin which it determines to be in violation of such rules and regulations as it shall have adopted for the prevention and abatement of pollution. Any such order or orders may prescribe the date, including a reasonable time for the construction of any necessary works, on or before which such discharge shall be wholly or partially discontinued, modified or treated, or otherwise conformed to the requirements of such rules and regulations. Such order shall be reviewable in any court of competent jurisdiction. The courts of the signatory parties shall have jurisdiction to enfore against any person, public or private corporation, or other entity, any and all provisions of this Article or of any such order. The commission may bring an action in its own name in any such court of competent jurisdiction to compel compliance with any provision of this Article, or any rule or regulation issued pursuant thereto or of any such order, according to the practice and procedure of the court.

5.5 Further Jurisdiction. Nothing in this compact shall be construed to repeal, modify or qualify the authority of any signatory party to enact any legislation or enforce any additional conditions and restrictions to lessen or prevent the pollution of waters within its jurisdiction.

ARTICLE 6

FLOOD PROTECTION

Section 6.1 General Powers. The commission may plan, design, construct and operate and maintain projects and facilities, as it may deem necessary or desirable for flood damage reduction. It shall have power to operate such facilities and to store and release waters on the Delaware River and its tributaries and elsewhere within the basin, in such manner, at such times, and under such regulations as the commission may deem appropriate to meet flood conditions as they may arise.

6.2 Flood Plain Zoning.

(a) The commission shall have power to adopt, amend and repeal recommended standards, in the manner provided by this section, relating to the nature and extent of the uses of land in areas subject to flooding by waters of the Delaware River and its tributaries. Such standards shall not be deemed to impair or restrict the power of the signatory parties or their political subdivisions to adopt zoning and other land use regulations not inconsistent therewith.

(b) The commission may study and determine the nature and extent of the flood plains of the Delaware River and its tributaries. Upon the basis of such studies, it may establish encroachment lines and delineate the areas subject to flood, including a classification of lands with reference to relative risk of flood and the establishment of standards for flood plain use which will safeguard the public health, safety and property. Prior to the adoption of any standards delineating such area or defining such use, the commission shall hold public hearings, in the manner provided by Article 14, with respect to the substance of such standards. At or before such public hearings the proposed standards shall be available, and all interested persons shall be given an opportunity to be heard thereon at the hearing. Upon the adoption and promulgation of such standards, the commission may enter into agreements to provide technical and financial aid to any

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municipal corporation for the administration and enforcement of any local land use ordinances or regulations giving effect to such standards.

6.3 Flood Lands Acquisition. The commission shall have power to acquire the fee or any lesser interest in lands and improvements thereon within the area of a flood plain for the purpose of restricting the use of such property so as to minimize the flood hazard, converting property to uses appropriate to flood plain conditions, or preventing unwarranted constrictions that reduce the ability of the river channel to carry flood water. Any such action shall be in accord with the standards adopted and promulgated pursuant to Section 6.2.

6.4 Flood and Stream Stage Warnings and Posting. The commission may cause lands particularly subject to flood to be posted with flood hazard warnings, and may from time to time cause flood advisory notices to be published and circulated as conditions may warrant.

**Article 7**

**WATERSHED MANAGEMENT**

Section 7.1 Watersheds Generally. The commission shall promote sound practices of watershed management in the basin, including projects and facilities to retard runoff and waterflow and prevent soil erosion.

7.2 Soil Conservation and Forestry. The commission may acquire, sponsor or operate facilities and projects to encourage soil conservation, prevent and control erosion, and to promote land reclamation and sound forestry practices.

7.3 Fish and Wildlife. The commission may acquire, sponsor or operate projects and facilities for the maintenance and improvement of fish and wildlife habitats related to the water resources of the basin.

7.4 Cooperative Planning and Operation.

(a) The commission shall cooperate with the appropriate agencies of the signatory parties and with other public and private agencies in the planning and effectuation of a coordinated program of facilities and projects authorized by this Article.

(b) The commission shall not operate any such project or facility unless it has first found and determined that no other suitable unit or agency of government is available to operate the same upon reasonable conditions, in accordance with the intent and purpose expressed in Section 1.5 of this compact.

**Article 8**

**RECREATION**

Section 8.1 Development. The commission shall provide for the development of water related public sports and recreational facilities. The commission on its own account or in cooperation with a signatory party, political subdivision or any agency thereof, may provide for the construction, maintenance and administration of such facilities, subject to the provisions of Section 8.2 hereof.

8.2 Cooperative Planning and Operation.

(a) The commission shall cooperate with the appropriate agencies of the signatory parties and with other public and private agencies in the planning and effectuation of a coordinated program of facilities and projects authorized by this article.

(b) The commission shall not operate any such project or facility unless it has first found and determined that no other suitable unit or agency of government is available to operate the same upon reasonable
conditions, in accordance with the intent and purpose expressed in Section 1.5 of this compact.

8.3 Operation and Maintenance. The commission, within limits prescribed by this article, shall:

(a) Encourage activities of other public agencies having water related recreational interests and assist in the coordination thereof;

(b) Recommend standards for the development and administration of water related recreational facilities;

(c) Provide for the administration, operation and maintenance of recreational facilities owned or controlled by the commission and for the letting and supervision of private concessions in accordance with this article.

8.4 Concessions. The commission shall after notice and public hearing provide by regulation for the award of contracts for private concessions in connection with recreational facilities, including any renewal or extension thereof, upon sealed competitive bids after public advertisement therefor.

ARTICLE 9

HYDROELECTRIC POWER

Section 9.1 Development. The waters of the Delaware River and its tributaries may be impounded and used by or under authority of the commission for the generation of hydroelectric power and hydroelectric energy, in accordance with the comprehensive plan.

9.2 Power Generation. The commission may develop and operate, or authorize to be developed and operated, dams and related facilities and appurtenances for the purpose of generating hydroelectric power and hydroelectric energy.

9.3 Transmission. The commission may provide facilities for the transmission of hydroelectric power and hydroelectric energy produced by it where such facilities are not otherwise available upon reasonable terms, for the purpose of wholesale marketing of power and nothing herein shall be construed to authorize the commission to engage in the business of direct sale to consumers.

9.4 Development Contracts. The commission may after public notice and hearing enter into contracts on reasonable terms, consideration and duration under which public utilities or public agencies may develop hydroelectric power and hydroelectric energy through the use of dams, related facilities and appurtenances.

9.5 Rates and Charges. Rates and charges fixed by the commission for power which is produced by its facilities shall be reasonable, nondiscriminatory, and just.

ARTICLE 10

REGULATION OF WITHDRAWALS AND DIVERSES

Section 10.1 Power of Regulation. The Commission may regulate and control withdrawals and diversions from surface waters and ground waters of the basin, as provided by this article. The commission may enter into agreements with the signatory parties relating to the exercise of such power or regulation or control and may delegate to any of them such powers of the commission as it may deem necessary or desirable.

10.2 Determination of Protected Areas. The commission may from time to time after public hearing upon due notice determine and delineate such areas within the basin wherein the demands upon supply made by water users have developed or threaten to develop to such a degree as to create a water shortage or to impair or conflict with the
requirements or effectuation of the comprehensive plan, and any such areas may be designated as "protected areas." The commission, whenever it determines that such shortage no longer exists, shall terminate the protected status of such area and shall give public notice of such termination.

10.3 Withdrawal Permits. In any protected areas so determined and delineated, no person, firm, corporation or other entity shall divert or withdraw water for domestic, municipal, agricultural or industrial uses in excess of such quantities as the commission may prescribe by general regulation, except (i) pursuant to a permit granted under this article, or (ii) pursuant to a permit or approval heretofore granted under the laws of any of the signatory states.

10.4 Emergency. In the event of a drought or other condition which may cause an actual and immediate shortage of available water supply within the basin, or within any part thereof, the commission may, after public hearing, determine and delineate the area of such shortage and declare a water supply emergency therein. For the duration of such emergency as determined by the commission no person, firm, corporation or other public or private entity shall divert or withdraw water for any purpose, in excess of such quantities as the commission may prescribe by general regulation or authorize by special permit granted hereunder.

10.5 Standards. Permits shall be granted, modified or denied as the case may be so as to avoid such depletion of the natural stream flows and ground waters in the protected area or in an emergency area as will adversely affect the comprehensive plan or the just and equitable interests and rights of other lawful users of the same source, giving due regard to the need to balance and reconcile alternative and conflicting uses in the event of an actual or threatened shortage of water of the quality required.

10.6 Judicial Review. The determinations and delineations of the commission pursuant to Section 10.2 and the granting, modification or denial of permits pursuant to Section 10.3 through 10.5 shall be subject to judicial review in any court of competent jurisdiction.

10.7 Maintenance of Records. Each state shall provide for the maintenance and preservation of such records of authorized diversions and withdrawals and the annual volume thereof as the commission shall prescribe. Such records and supplementary reports shall be furnished to the commission at its request.

10.8 Existing State Systems. Whenever the commission finds it necessary or desirable to exercise the powers conferred by this article any diversion or withdrawal permits authorized or issued under the laws of any of the signatory states shall be superseded to the extent of any conflict with the control and regulation exercised by the commission.

ARTICLE 11

INTERGOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS

Section 11.1 Federal Agencies and Projects. For the purposes of avoiding conflicts of jurisdiction and of giving full effect to the commission as a regional agency of the signatory parties, the following rules shall govern federal projects affecting the water resources of the basin, subject in each case to the provisions of Section 1.4 of this compact:

(a) The planning of all projects related to powers delegated to the commission by this compact shall be undertaken in consultation with the commission;
(b) No expenditure or commitment shall be made for or on account of the construction, acquisition or operation of any project or facility nor shall it be deemed authorized, unless it shall have first been included by the commission in the comprehensive plan;

(c) Each federal agency otherwise authorized by law to plan, design, construct, operate or maintain any project or facility in or for the basin shall continue to have, exercise and discharge such authority except as specifically provided by this section.

11.2 State and Local Agencies and Projects. For the purposes of avoiding conflicts of jurisdiction and of giving full effect to the commission as a regional agency of the signatory parties, the following rules shall govern projects of the signatory states, their political subdivisions and public corporations affecting water resources of the basin:

(a) The planning of all projects related to powers delegated to the commission by this compact shall be undertaken in consultation with the commission;

(b) No expenditure or commitment shall be made for or on account of the construction, acquisition or operation of any project or facility unless it shall have first been included by the commission in the comprehensive plan;

(c) Each state and local agency otherwise authorized by law to plan, design, construct, operate or maintain any project or facility in or for the basin shall continue to have, exercise and discharge such authority, except as specifically provided by this section.

11.3 Reserved Taxing Powers of States. Each of the signatory parties reserves the right to levy, assess and collect fees, charges and taxes on or measured by the withdrawal or diversion of waters of the basin for use within the jurisdictions of the respective signatory parties.

11.4 Project Costs and Evaluation Standards. The commission shall establish uniform standards and procedures for the evaluation, determination of benefits, and cost allocations of projects affecting the basin, and for the determination of project priorities, pursuant to the requirements of the comprehensive plan and its water resources program. The commission shall develop equitable cost sharing and reimbursement formulas for the signatory parties including:

(a) Uniform and consistent procedures for the allocation of project costs among purposes included in multiple-purpose programs;

(b) Contracts and arrangements for sharing financial responsibility among and with signatory parties, public bodies, groups and private enterprise, and for the supervision of their performance;

(c) Establishment and supervision of a system of accounts for reimbursable purposes and directing the payments and charges to be made from such accounts;

(d) Determining the basis and apportioning amounts (i) of reimbursable revenues to be paid signatory parties or their political subdivisions, and (ii) of payments in lieu of taxes to any of them.

11.5 Cooperative Services. The commission shall furnish technical services, advice and consultation to authorized agencies of the signatory parties with respect to the water resources of the basin, and each of the signatory parties pledges itself to provide technical and administrative services to the commission upon request, within the limits of available appropriations and to cooperate generally with the commission for the purposes of this compact, and the cost of such services may be reimbursable whenever the parties deem appropriate.
ARTICLE 12

CAPITAL FINANCING

Section 12.1 Borrowing Power. The commission may borrow money for any of the purposes of this compact, and may issue its negotiable bonds and other evidences of indebtedness in respect thereto. All such bonds and evidences of indebtedness shall be payable solely out of the properties and revenues of the commission without recourse to taxation. The bonds and other obligations of the commission, except as may be otherwise provided in the indenture under which they were issued, shall be direct and general obligations of the commission and the full faith and credit of the commission are hereby pledged for the prompt payment of the debt service thereon and for the fulfillment of all other undertakings of the commission assumed by it or for the benefit of the holders thereof.

12.2 Funds and Expenses. The purposes of this compact shall include without limitation thereto all costs of any project or facility or any part thereof, including interest during a period of construction and a reasonable time thereafter and any incidental expenses (legal, engineering, fiscal, financial consultant and other expenses) connected with issuing and disposing of the bonds; all amounts required for the creation of an operating fund, construction fund, reserve fund, sinking fund, or other special fund; all other expenses connected with the planning, design, acquisition, construction, completion, improvement or reconstruction of any facility or any part thereof; and reimbursement of advances by the commission or by others for such purposes and for working capital.

12.3 Credit Excluded; Officers, State and Municipal. The commission shall have no power to pledge the credit of any signatory party, or of any county or municipality, or to impose any obligation for payment of the bonds upon any signatory party or any county or municipality. Neither the commissioners nor any person executing the bonds shall be liable personally on the bonds of the commission or be subject to any personal liability or accountability by reason of the issuance thereof.

12.4 Funding and Refunding. Whenever the commission deems it expedient, it may fund and refund its bonds and other obligations whether or not such bonds and obligations have matured. It may provide for the issuance, sale or exchange of refunding bonds for the purpose of redeeming or retiring any bonds (including the payment of any premium, duplicate interest or cash adjustment required in connection therewith) issued by the commission or issued by any other issuing body, the proceeds of the sale of which have been applied to any facility acquired by the commission or which are payable out of the revenues of any facility acquired by the commission. Bonds may be issued partly to refund bonds and other obligations then outstanding, and partly for any other purpose of the commission. All provisions of this compact applicable to the issuance of bonds are applicable to refunding bonds and to the issuance, sale or exchange thereof.

12.5 Bonds: Authorization Generally. Bonds and other indebtedness of the commission shall be authorized by resolution of the commission. The validity of the authorization and issuance of any bonds by the commission shall not be dependent upon nor affected in any way by: (i) the disposition of bond proceeds by the commission or by contract, commitment or action taken with respect to such proceeds; or (ii) the failure to complete any part of the project for which bonds are authorized to be issued. The commission may issue bonds in one or more series and may provide for one or more consolidated
bond issues, in such principal amounts and with such terms and provisions as the commission may deem necessary. The bonds may be secured by a pledge of all or any part of the property, revenues and franchises under its control. Bonds may be issued by the commission in such amount, with such maturities and in such denominations and form or forms, whether coupon or registered, as to both principal and interest, as may be determined by the commission. The commission may provide for redemption of bonds prior to maturity on such notice and at such time or times and with such redemption provisions, including premiums, as the commission may determine.

12.6 Bonds; Resolutions and Indentures Generally. The commission may determine and enter into indentures providing for the principal amount, date or dates, maturities, interest rate, denominations, form, registration, transfer, interchange and other provisions of the bonds and coupons and the terms and conditions upon which the same shall be executed, issued, secured, sold, paid, redeemed, funded and refunded. The resolution of the commission authorizing any bond or any indenture so authorized under which the bonds are issued may include all such covenants and other provisions other than any restriction on the regulatory powers vested in the commission by this compact as the commission may deem necessary or desirable for the issue, payment, security, protection or marketing of the bonds, including without limitation covenants and other provisions as to the rates or amounts of fees, rents and other charges to be charged or made for use of the facilities; the use, pledge, custody, securing, application and disposition of such revenues, of the proceeds of the bonds, and of any other moneys of the commission; the operation, maintenance, repair and reconstruction of the facilities and the amounts which may be expended therefor; the sale, lease or other disposition of the facilities; the insuring of the facilities and of the revenues derived therefrom; the construction or other acquisition of other facilities; the issuance of additional bonds or other indebtedness; the rights of the bondholders and of any trustee for the bondholders upon default by the commission or otherwise; and the modification of the provisions of the indenture and of the bonds. Reference on the face of the bonds to such resolution or indenture by its date of adoption or the apparent date on the face thereof is sufficient to incorporate all of the provisions thereof and of this compact into the body of the bonds and their appurtenant coupons. Each taker and subsequent holder of the bonds or coupons, whether the coupons are attached to or detached from the bonds, has recourse to all of the provisions of the indenture and of this compact and is bound thereby.

12.7 Maximum Maturity. No bond or its terms shall mature in more than fifty years from its own date and in the event any authorized issue is divided into two or more series or divisions, the maximum maturity date herein authorized shall be calculated from the date on the face of each bond separately, irrespective of the fact that different dates may be prescribed for the bonds of each separate series or division of any authorized issue.

12.8 Tax Exemption. All bonds issued by the commission under the provisions of this compact and the interest thereof shall at all times be free and exempt from all taxation by or under authority of any of the signatory parties, except for transfer, inheritance and estate taxes.

12.9 Interest. Bonds shall bear interest at a rate of not to exceed six percent per annum, payable annually or semi-annually.

12.10 Place of Payment. The commission may provide for the payment of the principal and interest of bonds at any place or places within or without the signatory states, and in any specified lawful coin or currency of the United States of America.
12.11 Execution. The commission may provide for the execution and authentication of bonds by the manual, lithographed or printed facsimile signature of officers of the commission, and by additional authentication by a trustee or fiscal agent appointed by the commission. If any of the officers whose signatures or counter signatures appear upon the bonds or coupons cease to be officers before the delivery of the bonds or coupons, their signatures or counter signatures are nevertheless valid and of the same force and effect as if the officers had remained in office until the delivery of the bonds and coupons.

12.12 Holding Own Bonds. The Commission shall have power out of any funds available therefor to purchase its bonds and may hold, cancel or resell such bonds.

12.13 Sale. The commission may fix terms and conditions for the sale or other disposition of any authorized issue of bonds. The commission may sell bonds at less than their par or face value but no issue of bonds may be sold at an aggregate price below the par or face value thereof if such sale would result in a net interest cost to the commission calculated upon the entire issue so sold of more than six percent per annum payable semi-annually, according to standard tables of bond values. All bonds issued and sold for cash pursuant to this act shall be sold on sealed proposals to the highest bidder. Prior to such sale, the commission shall advertise for bids by publication of a notice of sale not less than ten days prior to the date of sale, at least once in a newspaper of general circulation printed and published in New York City carrying municipal bond notices and devoted primarily to financial news. The commission may reject any and all bids submitted and may thereafter sell the bonds so advertised for sale at private sale to any financially responsible bidder under such terms and conditions as it deems most advantageous to the public interest, but the bonds shall not be sold at a net interest cost calculated upon the entire issue so advertised, greater than the lowest bid which was rejected. In the event the commission desires to issue its bonds in exchange for an existing facility or portion thereof, or in exchange for bonds secured by the revenues of an existing facility, it may exchange such bonds for the existing facility or portion thereof or for the bonds so secured, plus an additional amount of cash, without advertising such bonds for sale.

12.14 Negotiability. All bonds issued under the provisions of this compact are negotiable instruments, except when registered in the name of a registered owner.

12.15 Legal Investments. Bonds of the commission shall be legal investments for savings banks, fiduciaries and public funds in each of the signatory states.

12.16 Validation Proceedings. Prior to the issuance of any bonds, the commission may institute a special proceeding to determine the legality of proceedings to issue the bonds and their validity under the laws of any of the signatory parties. Such proceeding shall be instituted and prosecuted in rem and the judgment rendered therein shall be conclusive against all persons whomsoever and against each of the signatory parties.

12.17 Recording. No indenture need be recorded or filed in any public office, other than the office of the commission. The pledge of revenues provided in any indenture shall take effect forthwith as provided therein and irrespective of the date of receipts of such revenues by the commission or the indenture trustee. Such pledge shall be effective as provided in the indenture without physical delivery of the revenues to the commission or to the indenture trustee.
12.18 Pledged Revenues. Bond redemption and interest payments shall, to the extent provided in the resolution or indenture, constitute a first, direct and exclusive charge and lien on all such rates, rents, tolls, fees and charges and other revenues and interest thereon received from the use and operation of the facility, and on any sinking or other funds created therefrom. All such rates, rents, tolls, fees, charges and other revenues, together with interest thereon, shall constitute a trust fund for the security and payment of such bonds and except as and to the extent provided in the indenture with respect to the payment therefrom of expenses for other purposes including administration, operation, maintenance, improvements or extensions of the facilities or other purposes shall not be used or pledged for any other purpose so long as such bonds, or any of them, are outstanding and unpaid.

12.19 Remedies. The holder of any bond may for the equal benefit and protection of all holders of bonds similarly situated: (a) by mandamus or other appropriate proceedings require and compel the performance of any of the duties imposed upon the commission or assumed by it, its officers, agents or employees under the provisions of any indenture, in connection with the acquisition, construction, operation, maintenance, repair, reconstruction or insurance of the facilities, or in connection with the collection, deposit, investment, application and disbursement of the rates, rents, tolls, fees, charges and other revenues derived from the operation and use of the facilities, or in connection with the deposit, investment and disbursement of the proceeds received from the sale of bonds; or (b) by action or suit in a court of competent jurisdiction of any signatory party require the commission to account as if it were the trustee of an express trust, or enjoin any acts or things which may be unlawful or in violation of the rights of the holders of the bonds. The enumeration of such rights and remedies does not, however, exclude the exercise or prosecution of any other rights or remedies available to the holders of bonds.

12.20 Capital Financing by Signatory Parties; Guarantees.
(a) The signatory parties will provide such capital funds required for projects of the commission as may be authorized by their respective statutes in accordance with a cost sharing plan prepared pursuant to Article 11 of this compact; but nothing in this section shall be deemed to impose any mandatory obligation on any of the signatory parties other than such obligations as may be assumed by a signatory party in connection with a specific project or facility.
(b) Bonds of the commission, notwithstanding any other provision of this compact, may be executed and delivered to any duly authorized agency of any of the signatory parties without public offering and may be sold and resold with or without the guaranty of such signatory party, subject to and in accordance with the constitutions of the respective signatory parties.
(c) The commission may receive and accept, and the signatory parties may make, loans, grants, appropriations, advances and payments of reimbursable or non-reimbursable funds or property in any form for the capital or operating purposes of the commission.
ARTICLE 13

PLAN, PROGRAM AND BUDGETS

Section 13.1 Comprehensive Plan. The commission shall develop and adopt, and may from time to time review and revise, a comprehensive plan for the immediate and long range development and use of the water resources of the basin. The plan shall include all public and private projects and facilities which are required, in the judgment of the commission, for the optimum planning, development, conservation, utilization, management and control of the water resources of the basin to meet present and future needs; provided that the plan shall include any projects required to conform with any present or future decree or judgment of any court of competent jurisdiction. The commission may adopt a comprehensive plan or any revision thereof in such part or parts as it may deem appropriate, provided that before the adoption of the plan or any part or revision thereof the commission shall consult with water users and interested public bodies and public utilities and shall consider and give due regard to the findings and recommendations of the various agencies of the signatory parties and their political subdivisions. The commission shall conduct public hearings with respect to the comprehensive plan prior to the adoption of the plan or any part of the revision thereof.

13.2 Water Resources Program. The commission shall annually adopt a water resources program, based upon the comprehensive plan, consisting of the projects and facilities which the commission proposes to be undertaken by the commission and by other authorized governmental and private agencies, organizations and persons during the ensuing six years or such other reasonably foreseeable period as the commission may determine. The water resources program shall include a systematic presentation of:

1) the quantity and quality of water resources needs for such period;
2) the existing and proposed projects and facilities required to satisfy such needs, including all public and private projects to be anticipated;
3) a separate statement of the projects proposed to be undertaken by the commission during such period.

13.3 Annual Current Expense and Capital Budgets.

(a) The commission shall annually adopt a capital budget including all capital projects it proposes to undertake or continue during the budget period containing a statement of the estimated cost of each project and the method of financing thereof.

(b) The commission shall annually adopt a current expense budget for each fiscal year. Such budget shall include the commission's estimated expenses for administration, operation, maintenance and repairs, including a separate statement thereof for each project, together with its cost allocation. The total of such expenses shall be balanced by the commission's estimated revenues from all sources, including the cost allocations undertaken by any of the signatory parties in connection with any project. Following the adoption of the annual current expense budget by the commission, the executive director of the commission shall:

1) certify to the respective signatory parties the amounts due in accordance with existing cost sharing established for each project; and
2) transmit certified copies of such budget to the principal budget officer of the respective signatory parties at such time and in such manner as may be required under their respective budgetary procedures. The amount required to balance the current
expense budget in addition to the aggregate amount of item (1) above and all other revenues available to the commission shall be apportioned equitably among the signatory parties by unanimous vote of the commission, and the amount of such apportionment to each signatory party shall be certified together with the budget.

(c) The respective signatory parties covenant and agree to include the amounts so apportioned for the support of the current expense budget in their respective budgets next to be adopted, subject to such review and approval as may be required by their respective budgetary processes. Such amounts shall be due and payable to the commission in quarterly installments during its fiscal year, provided that the commission may draw upon its working capital to finance its current expense budget pending remittances by the signatory parties.

ARTICLE 14

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Section 14.1 Auxiliary Powers of Commission; Functions of Commissioners.

(a) The commission, for the purposes of this compact, may:

1) Adopt and use a corporate seal, enter into contracts, sue and be sued in all courts of competent jurisdiction;

2) Receive and accept such payments, appropriations, grants, gifts, loans, advances and other funds, properties and services as may be transferred or made available to it by any signatory party or by any other public or private corporation or individual, and enter into agreements to make reimbursement for all or part thereof;

3) Provide for, acquire and adopt detailed engineering, administrative, financial and operating plans and specifications to effectuate, maintain or develop any facility or project;

4) Control and regulate the use of facilities owned or operated by the commission;

5) Acquire, own, operate, maintain, control, sell and convey real and personal property and any interest therein by contract, purchase, lease, license, mortgage or otherwise as it may deem necessary for any project or facility, including any and all appurtenances thereto necessary, useful or convenient for such ownership, operation, control, maintenance or conveyance;

6) Have and exercise all corporate powers essential to the declared objects and purposes of the commission.

(b) The commissioners, subject to the provisions of this compact, shall:

1) Serve as the governing body of the commission, and exercise and discharge its powers and duties except as otherwise provided by or pursuant to this compact;

2) Determine the character of and the necessity for its obligations and expenditures and the manner in which they shall be incurred, allowed, and paid subject to any provisions of law specifically applicable to agencies or instrumentalities created by compact;

3) Provide for the internal organization and administration of the commission;

4) Appoint the principal officers of the commission and delegate to and allocate among them administrative functions, powers and duties;

5) Create and abolish offices, employments and position as it deems necessary for the purposes of the commission, and subject to the provisions of this article, fix and provide for the qualifica-
tion, appointment, removal, term, tenure, compensation, pension and retirement rights of its officers and employees;

6) Let and execute contracts to carry out the powers of the commission.

14.2 Regulations; Enforcement. The commission may:

(a) Make and enforce reasonable rules and regulations for the effectuation, application and enforcement of this compact; and it may adopt and enforce practices and schedules for or in connection with the use, maintenance and administration of projects and facilities it may own or operate and any product or service rendered thereby; provided that any rule or regulation, other than one which deals solely with the internal management of the commission, shall be adopted only after public hearing and shall not be effective unless and until filed in accordance with the law of the respective signatory parties applicable to administrative rules and regulations generally; and

(b) Designate any officer, agent or employee of the commission to be an investigator or watchman and such person shall be vested with the powers of a peace officer of the state in which he is duly assigned to perform his duties.

14.3 Tax Exemption. The commission, its property, functions, and activities shall be exempt from taxation by or under the authority of any of the signatory parties or any political subdivision thereof; provided that in lieu of property taxes the commission shall, as to specific projects, make payments to local taxing districts in annual amounts which shall equal the taxes lawfully assessed upon property for the tax year next prior to its acquisition by the commission for a period of ten years. The nature and amount of such payments shall be reviewed by the commission at the end of ten years, and from time to time thereafter, upon reasonable notice and opportunity to be heard to the affected taxing district, and the payments may be thereupon terminated or continued in such reasonable amount as may be necessary or desirable to take into account hardships incurred and benefits received by the taxing jurisdiction which are attributable to the project.

14.4 Meetings; Public Hearing; Records, Minutes.

(a) All meetings of the commission shall be open to the public.

(b) The commission shall conduct at least one public hearing prior to the adoption of the comprehensive plan, water resources program, annual capital and current expense budgets, the letting of any contract for the sale or other disposition by the commission of hydroelectric energy or water resources to any person, corporation or entity, and in all other cases wherein this compact requires a public hearing. Such hearing shall be held upon at least ten days public notice given by posting at the offices of the commission. The commission shall also provide forthwith for distribution of such notice to the press and by the mailing of a copy thereof to any person who shall request such notices.

(c) The minutes of the commission shall be a public record open to inspection at its offices during regular business hours.

14.5 Officers Generally.

(a) The officers of the commission shall consist of an executive director and such additional officers, deputies and assistants as the commission may determine. The executive director shall be appointed and may be removed by the affirmative vote of a majority of the full membership of the commission. All other officers and employees shall be appointed by the executive director under such rules of procedure as the commission may determine.
(b) In the appointment and promotion of officers and employees for the commission, no political, racial, religious or residence test or qualification shall be permitted or given consideration, but all such appointments and promotions shall be solely on the basis of merit and fitness. Any officer or employee of the commission who is found by the commission to be guilty of a violation of this section shall be removed from office by the commission.

14.6 Oath of Office. An oath of office in such form as the commission shall prescribe shall be taken, subscribed and filed with the commission by the executive director and by each officer appointed by him not later than fifteen days after the appointment.

14.7 Bond. Each officer shall give such bond and in such form and amount as the commission may require for which the commission may pay the premium.

14.8 Prohibited Activities.
(a) No commissioner, officer or employee shall:
1) be financially interested, either directly or indirectly, in any contract, sale, purchase, lease or transfer of real or personal property to which the commission is a party;
2) solicit or accept money or any other thing of value in addition to the compensation or expenses paid him by the commission for services performed within the scope of his official duties;
3) offer money or any thing of value for or in consideration of obtaining an appointment, promotion or privilege in his employment with the commission.
(b) Any officer or employee who shall willfully violate any of the provisions of this section shall forfeit his office or employment.
(c) Any contract or agreement knowingly made in contravention of this section is void.
(d) Officers and employees of the commission shall be subject in addition to the provisions of this section to such criminal and civil sanctions for misconduct in office as may be imposed by federal law and the law of the signatory state in which such misconduct occurs.

14.9 Purchasing. Contract for the construction, reconstruction or improvement of any facility when the expenditure required exceeds ten thousand dollars and contracts for the purchase of services, supplies, equipment and materials when the expenditure required exceeds two thousand five hundred dollars shall be advertised and let upon sealed bids to the lowest responsible bidder. Notice requesting such bids shall be published in a manner reasonably likely to attract prospective bidders, which publication shall be made at least ten days before bids are received and in at least two newspapers of general circulation in the basin. The commission may reject any and all bids and readvertise in its discretion. If after rejecting bids the commission determines and resolves that in its opinion the supplies, equipment and materials may be purchased at a lower price in the open market, the commission may give each responsible bidder an opportunity to negotiate a price and may proceed to purchase the supplies, equipment and materials in the open market at a negotiated price which is lower than the lowest rejected bid of a responsible bidder, without further observance of the provisions requiring bids or notice. The commission shall adopt rules and regulations to provide for purchasing from the lowest responsible bidder when sealed bids, notice and publication are not required by this section. The commission may suspend and waive the provisions of this section requiring competitive bids whenever:
1) the purchase is to be made from or the contract to be made with the federal or any state government or any agency or political subdivision thereof or pursuant to any open end bulk purchase contract of any of them;
2) the public exigency requires the immediate delivery of the articles or performance of the service;
3) only one source of supply is available;
4) the equipment to be purchased is of a technical nature and the procurement thereof without advertising is necessary in order to assure standardization of equipment and interchangeability of parts in the public interest; or
5) services are to be provided of a specialized or professional nature.

14.10 Insurance. The commission may self-insure or purchase insurance and pay the premiums therefor against loss or damage to any of its properties; against liability for injury to persons or property; and against loss of revenue from any cause whatsoever. Such insurance coverage shall be in such form and amount as the commission may determine, subject to the requirements of any agreement arising out of the issuance of bonds by the commission.

14.11 Annual Independent Audit.
(a) As soon as practical after the closing of the fiscal year, an audit shall be made of the financial accounts of the commission. The audit shall be made by qualified certified public accountants selected by the commission, who have no personal interest direct or indirect in the financial affairs of the commission or any of its officers or employees. The report of audit shall be prepared in accordance with accepted accounting practices and shall be filed with the chairman and such other officers as the commission shall direct. Copies of the report shall be distributed to each commissioner and shall be made available for public distribution.
(b) Each signatory party by its duly authorized officers shall be entitled to examine and audit at any time all of the books, documents, records, files and accounts and all other papers, things or property of the commission. The representatives of the signatory parties shall have access to all books, documents, records, accounts, reports, files and all other papers, things or property belonging to or in use by the commission and necessary to facilitate the audit and they shall be afforded full facilities for verifying transactions with the balances or securities held by depositaries, fiscal agents and custodians.
(c) The financial transactions of the commission shall be subject to audit by the general accounting office in accordance with the principles and procedures applicable to commercial corporate transactions and under such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the comptroller general of the United States. The audit shall be conducted at the place or places where the accounts of the commission are kept.
(d) Any officer or employee who shall refuse to give all required assistance and information to the accountants selected by the commission or to the authorized officers of any signatory party or who shall refuse to submit to them for examination such books, documents, records, files, accounts, papers, things or property as may be requested shall forfeit his office.

14.12 Reports. The commission shall make and publish an annual report to the legislative bodies of the signatory parties and to the public reporting on its programs, operations and finances. It may also prepare, publish and distribute such other public reports and informational materials as it may deem necessary or desirable.

14.13 Grants, Loans or Payments by States or Political Subdivisions.
(a) Any or all of the signatory parties or any political subdivision thereof may:
1) Appropriate to the commission such funds as may be necessary to pay preliminary expenses such as the expenses incurred in the making of borings, and other studies of subsurface conditions, in the preparation of contracts for the sale of water and in the preparation of detailed plans and estimates required for the financing of a project;

2) Advance to the commission, either as grants or loans, such funds as may be necessary or convenient to finance the operation and management of or construction by the commission of any facility or project;

3) Make payments to the commission for benefits received or to be received from the operation of any of the projects or facilities of the commission.

(b) Any funds which may be loaned to the commission either by a signatory party or a political subdivision thereof shall be repaid by the commission through the issuance of bonds or out of other income of the commission, such repayment to be made within such period and upon such terms as may be agreed upon between the commission and the signatory party or political subdivision making the loan.


(a) The commission shall have the power to acquire by condemnation the fee or any lesser interest in lands, lands lying under water, development rights in land, riparian rights, water rights, waters and other real or personal property within the basin for any project or facility authorized pursuant to this compact. This grant of power of eminent domain includes but is not limited to the power to condemn for the purposes of this compact any property already devoted to a public use, by whomsoever owned or held, other than property of a signatory party and any property held, constructed, operated or maintained in connection with a diversion authorized by a United States Supreme Court decree. Any condemnation of any property or franchises owned or used by a municipal or privately owned public utility, unless the affected public utility facility is to be relocated or replaced, shall be subject to the authority of such state board, commission or other body as may have regulatory jurisdiction over such public utility.

(b) Such power of condemnation shall be exercised in accordance with the provisions of any federal law applicable to the commission; provided that if there is no such applicable federal law, condemnation proceedings shall be in accordance with the provisions of such general state condemnation law as may be in force in the signatory state in which the property is located.

(c) Any award or compensation for the taking of property pursuant to this article shall be paid by the commission, and none of the signatory parties nor any other agency, instrumentality or political subdivision thereof shall be liable for such award or compensation.

14.15 Conveyance of Lands and Relocation of Public Facilities.

(a) The respective officers, agencies, departments, commissions or bodies having jurisdiction and control over real and personal property owned by the signatory parties are authorized and empowered to transfer and convey in accordance with the laws of the respective parties to the commission any such property as may be necessary or convenient to the effectuation of the authorized purposes of the commission.

(b) Each political subdivision of each of the signatory parties is authorized and empowered, notwithstanding any contrary provision of law, to grant and convey to the commission, upon the commission's request, any real property or any interest therein owned by such political subdivisions including lands lying under water and lands already
devoted to public use which may be necessary or convenient to the effectuation of the authorized purposes of the commission.

(c) Any highway, public utility or other public facility which will be dislocated by reason of a project deemed necessary by the commission to effectuate the authorized purposes of this compact shall be relocated and the cost thereof shall be paid in accordance with the law of the state in which the facility is located; provided that the cost of such relocation payable by the commission shall not in any event exceed the expenditure required to serve the public convenience and necessity.

14.16 Rights of Way. Permission is hereby granted to the commission to locate, construct and maintain any aqueducts, lines, pipes, conduits and auxiliary facilities authorized to be acquired, constructed, owned, operated or maintained by the commission in, over, under or across any streets and highways now or hereafter owned, opened or dedicated to or for public use, subject to such reasonable conditions as the highway department of the signatory party may require.

14.17 Penal Sanction. Any person, association or corporation who violates or attempts or conspires to violate any provision of this compact or any rule, regulation or order of the commission duly made, promulgated or issued pursuant to the compact in addition to any other remedy, penalty or consequence provided by law shall be punishable as may be provided by statute of any of the signatory parties within which the offense is committed; provided that in the absence of such provision any such person, association or corporation shall be liable to a penalty of not less than $50 nor more than $1,000 for each such offense to be fixed by the court which the commission may recover in its own name in any court of competent jurisdiction, and in a summary proceeding where available under the practice and procedure of such court. For the purposes of this section in the event of a continuing offense each day of such violation, attempt or conspiracy shall constitute a separate offense.

14.18 Tort Liability. The commission shall be responsible for claims arising out of the negligent acts or omissions of its officers, agents and employees only to the extent and subject to the procedures prescribed by law generally with respect to officers, agents and employees of the government of the United States.

14.19 Effect on Riparian Rights. Nothing contained in this compact shall be construed as affecting or intending to affect or in any way to interfere with the law of the respective signatory parties relating to riparian rights.

14.20 Amendments and Supplements. Amendments and supplements to this compact to implement the purposes thereof may be adopted by legislative action of any of the signatory parties concurred in by all of the others.

CONSTRUCTION AND SEVERABILITY

14.21 The provisions of this Act and of agreements thereunder shall be severable and if any phrase, clause, sentence or provision of the Delaware River Basin Compact or such agreement is declared to be unconstitutional or the applicability thereof to any signatory party, agency or person is held invalid, the constitutionality of the remainder of such compact or such agreement and the applicability thereof to any other signatory party, agency, person or circumstance shall not be affected thereby. It is the legislative intent that the provisions of such compact be reasonably and liberally construed.
14.22 Effective Date; Execution. This compact shall become binding and effective thirty days after the enactment of concurring legislation by the federal government, the states of Delaware, New Jersey and New York, and the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The compact shall be signed and sealed in six duplicate original copies by the respective chief executives of the signatory parties. One such copy shall be filed with the Secretary of State of each of the signatory parties or in accordance with the laws of the state in which the filing is made, and one copy shall be filed and retained in the archives of the commission upon its organization. The signatures shall be affixed and attested under the following form:

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, and in evidence of the adoption and enactment into law of this compact by the Congress and legislatures, respectively, of the signatory parties, the President of the United States and the respective Governors do hereby, in accordance with authority conferred by law, sign this compact in six duplicate original copies, as attested by the respective secretaries of state, and have caused the seals of the United States and of the respective states to be hereunto affixed this day of , 19

PART II

ARTICLE 15

RESERVATIONS

15.1 In the exercise of the powers reserved to the Congress, pursuant to Section 1.4 of the Compact, the consent to and participation in the Compact by the United States is subject to the following conditions and reservations:

(a) Notwithstanding any provision of the Delaware River Basin Compact the Delaware River Basin Commission shall not undertake any project (as defined in such compact), other than a project for which State supplied funds only will be used, beyond the planning stage until—

(1) such Commission has submitted to the Congress such complete plans and estimates for such project as may be necessary to make an engineering evaluation of such project, including—

(A) where the project will serve more than one purpose, an allocation of costs among the purposes served and an estimate of the ratio of benefits to costs for each such purpose.

(B) an apportionment of costs among the beneficiaries of the project, including the portion of the costs to be borne by the Federal Government and by State and local governments, and

(C) a proposal for financing the project, including the terms of any proposed bonds or other evidences of indebtedness to be used for such purpose; and

(2) such project has been authorized by Act of Congress.

(b) No provision of Section 3.7 of the Compact shall be deemed to authorize the Commission to impose any charge for water withdrawals or diversions from the Basin if such withdrawals or diversions could lawfully have been made without charge on the effective date of the Compact; or to impose any charges with respect to commercial navigation within the Basin, jurisdiction over which is reserved to the Federal Government: Provided, That this paragraph shall be applicable to the extent not inconsistent with Section 1.4 of this Compact.
(e) Nothing contained in the Compact shall be deemed to restrict the executive powers of the President in the event of a national emergency.

(d) Notwithstanding the provisions of Article 2, section 2.2 of the Compact, the member of the Commission appointed by the President of the United States and his alternate shall serve at the pleasure of the President.

(e) Nothing contained in the Compact shall be construed as impairing or in any manner affecting the applicability to all Federal funds budgeted and appropriated for use by the Commission, or such authority over budgetary and appropriation matters as the President and Congress may have with respect to agencies in the Executive Branch of the Federal Government.

(f) Except to the same extent that state bonds are or may continue to be free or exempt from Federal taxation under the internal revenue laws of the United States, nothing contained in the Compact shall be construed as freeing or exempting from internal revenue taxation in any manner whatsoever any bonds issued by the Commission, their transfer, or the income therefrom (including any profits made on the sale thereon).

(g) Nothing contained in the Compact shall be construed to obligate the United States legally or morally to pay the principal or interest on any bonds issued by the Delaware River Basin Commission.

(h) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 11.5 or any other provision of the Compact, the furnishing of technical services to the Commission by agencies of the executive branch of the Government of the United States is pledged only to the extent that the respective agencies shall from time to time agree thereto or to the extent that the President may from time to time direct such agencies to perform such services for the Commission. Nothing in the Compact shall be deemed to require the United States to furnish administrative services or facilities for carrying out functions of the Commission except to the extent that the President may direct.

(i) All laborers and mechanics employed by contractors or subcontractors in the construction, alteration or repair, including painting and decorating, of projects, buildings and works which are undertaken by the Commission or are financially assisted by it, shall be paid wages at rates not less than those prevailing on similar construction in the locality so determined by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with the Davis-Bacon Act, as amended (40 U.S.C. 276a–276a–5), and every such employee shall receive compensation at a rate not less than one and one-half times his basic rate of pay for all hours worked in any workweek in excess of eight hours in any workday or forty hours in any workweek, as the case may be. A provision stating the minimum wages thus determined and the requirement that overtime be paid as above provided shall be set out in each project advertisement for bids and in each bid proposal form and shall be made a part of the contract covering the project. The Secretary of Labor shall have, with respect to the administration and enforcement of the labor standards specified in this provision, the supervisory, investigatory and other authority and functions set forth in Reorganization Plan Numbered 14 of 1950 (15 F.R. 3176, 64 Stat. 1267, 5 U.S.C. 1332–15, and section 2 of the Act of June 13, 1934, as amended (48 Stat. 948, as amended; 40 U.S.C. 276(c))).
(j) Contracts for the manufacture or furnishing of materials, supplies, articles and equipment with the Commission which are in excess of $10,000 shall be subject to the provisions of the Walsh-Healey Public Contracts Act (41 U.S.C. 35 et seq.).

(k) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, nothing contained in this Act or in the Compact shall be construed as superseding or limiting the functions, under any other law, of the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare or of any other officer or agency of the United States, relating to water pollution: Provided, That the exercise of such functions shall not limit the authority of the Commission to control, prevent, or abate water pollution.

(l) The provisions of section 8.4 of Article 8 of the Compact shall not be construed to apply to facilities operated pursuant to any other Federal law.

(m) For purposes of the Act of June 25, 1948, 62 Stat. 982, as amended (Title 28, U.S. Code, chapter 171, and sections 1346(b) and 2412, 2501), and the Act of March 3, 1887, 24 Stat. 505, as amended (Title 28, U.S. Code, sections 1402, 1491, 1496, 1501, 1503, 2071, 2072, 2411, 2446, 2501), and the Act of June 11, 1946, 60 Stat. 237, as amended (Title 5, U.S. Code, sections 1001 and 1011, Title 50 App. U.S. Code, section 1900), the Commission shall not be considered a Federal agency.

(n) The officers and employees of the Commission (other than the United States member, alternate United States member, and advisors, and personnel employed by the United States member under direct Federal appropriation) shall not be deemed to be, for any purpose, officers or employees of the United States or to become entitled at any time by reason of employment by the Commission to any compensation or benefit payable or made available by the United States solely and directly to its officers or employees.

(o) Neither the Compact nor this Act shall be deemed to enlarge the authority of any Federal agency other than the Commission to participate in or to provide funds for projects or activities in the Delaware River Basin.

(p) The United States district courts shall have original jurisdiction of all cases or controversies arising under the Compact, and this Act and any case or controversy so arising initiated in a State Court shall be removable to the appropriate United States district court in the manner provided by § 1446, Title 28 U.S.C. Nothing contained in the Compact or elsewhere in this Act shall be construed as a waiver by the United States of its immunity from suit.

(q) The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved. The right is hereby reserved to the Congress or any of its standing committees to require the disclosure and furnishing of such information and data by the Delaware River Basin Compact Commission as is deemed appropriate by the Congress or any such committee.

(r) The provisions of section 2.4 and 2.6 of Article 2 of the Compact notwithstanding, the member and alternate member appointed by the President and advisor there referred to may be paid compensation by the United States, such compensation to be fixed by the President at the rates which he shall deem to prevail in respect to comparable officers in the executive branch.

(s) Nothing contained in this Act or in the Compact shall impair or affect the constitutional authority of the United States or any of its powers, rights, functions, or jurisdiction under other existing or future legislation in and over the area or waters which are the subject
of the Compact including projects of the Commission: Provided, That whenever a comprehensive plan, or any part or revision thereof, has been adopted with the concurrence of the member appointed by the President, the exercise of any powers conferred by law on any officer, agency or instrumentality of the United States with regard to water and related land resources in the Delaware River Basin shall not substantially conflict with any such portion of such comprehensive plan and the provisions of Section 3.8 and Article 11 of the Compact shall be applicable to the extent necessary to avoid such substantial conflict: Provided further, That whenever the President shall find and determine that the national interest so requires, he may suspend, modify or delete any provision of the comprehensive plan to the extent that it affects the exercise of any powers, rights, functions, or jurisdiction conferred by law on any officer, agency or instrumentality of the United States other than the Commission. Such action shall be taken by executive order in which such finding and determination shall be set forth.

2. For the purposes of paragraph 1 hereof, concurrence by the member appointed by the President shall be presumed unless within 60 days after notice to him of adoption of the comprehensive plan, or any part or revision thereof, he shall file with the Commission notice of his nonconcurrence. Each concurrence of the member appointed by the President in the adoption of the comprehensive plan or any part or revision thereof may be withdrawn by notice filed with the Commission at any time between the first and sixtieth day of the sixth year after the initial adoption of the comprehensive plan and of every sixth year thereafter.

(t) In the event that any phrase, clause, sentence or provision of Section 1.4 of Article 1 of the Compact, is declared to be unconstitutional under the constitution of any of the signatory parties, or the applicability thereof to any signatory party, agency or person is held invalid by a court of last resort of competent jurisdiction, the United States shall cease to be a party to the Compact, except to the extent that the President deems remaining a party necessary and proper to protect the national interest, and shall cease to be bound by the terms thereof.

(u) All Acts or parts of Acts inconsistent with the provisions of this Act are hereby amended for the purpose of this Act to the extent necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act: Provided, however, That no act of the Commission shall have the effect of repealing, modifying or amending any Federal law.

EFFECTUATION

15.2 (a) The President is authorized to take such action as may be necessary and proper, in his discretion, to effectuate the Compact and the initial organization and operation of the Commission thereunder.
(b) Executive departments and other agencies of the executive branch of the Federal Government shall cooperate with and furnish appropriate assistance to the United States member. Such assistance shall include the furnishing of services and facilities and may include the detailing of personnel to the United States member. Appropriations are hereby authorized as necessary for the carrying out of the functions of the United States member, including appropriations for the employment of personnel by the United States member.

15.3 Effective Date: This Act shall take effect immediately. Approved September 27, 1961.
Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1962, namely:

**TITLE I—FOREIGN ASSISTANCE**

**FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT**

For expenses necessary to enable the President to carry out the provisions of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, to remain available until June 30, 1962, unless otherwise specified herein, as follows:

**ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE**

Development loans: For expenses authorized by section 202(a), $1,112,500,000, to remain available until expended.

Development grants: For expenses authorized by section 212, including $2,800,000 for ocean freight, $2,000,000 for Atoms for Peace, and $22,600,000 for the malaria eradication program, $296,500,000.

Development grants, special authorization: For assistance authorized by section 214(b) at the discretion of the President for an American sponsored school in Poland, $100,000, to be used to purchase foreign currencies which the Department of the Treasury may determine to be excess to the normal requirements of the United States.

Surveys of investment opportunities: For expenses authorized by section 232, $1,500,000.

International organizations and programs: For expenses authorized by section 302, $153,500,000.

Supporting assistance: For expenses authorized by section 402, $425,000,000, including $15,000,000 for supporting assistance for Spain as authorized by section 402.

Contingency fund: For expenses authorized by section 451(a), $275,000,000.

Administrative expenses: For expenses authorized by section 637(a), including the purchase of not to exceed twenty-five passenger motor vehicles for use outside the United States, $47,500,000.

**MILITARY ASSISTANCE**

Military assistance: For expenses authorized by section 504(a), including administrative expenses authorized by section 636(g)(1), which shall not exceed $24,500,000 for the current fiscal year, and purchase of passenger motor vehicles for replacement only for use outside the United States, $1,600,000,000: Provided, That to the extent that these funds have not been otherwise previously programmed amounts equivalent to the value of orders issued pursuant to the special authority granted in section 510(a) shall be used to reimburse the appropriations financing the replacement of goods or services furnished pursuant to such orders.
DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Administrative and other expenses: For expenses authorized by section 637(b) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 and by section 305 of the Mutual Defense Assistance Control Act of 1951, as amended, $3,000,000.

Unobligated balances (not to exceed $69,533,000) as of June 30, 1961, of funds heretofore made available under the authority of the Mutual Security Act of 1954, as amended, are, except as otherwise provided by law, hereby continued available for the fiscal year 1962 for the same general purposes for which appropriated.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Sec. 101. Amounts certified pursuant to section 1311 of the Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1955, as having been obligated against appropriations heretofore made under the authority of the Mutual Security Act of 1954, as amended, for the same general purpose as any of the subparagraphs under “Economic Assistance” except the subparagraph of this title for “Administrative expenses”, are hereby continued available for the same period as the respective appropriations in such subparagraphs for the same general purpose.

Sec. 102. None of the funds herein appropriated (other than funds appropriated under the authorization for “International organizations and programs”) shall be used to finance the construction of any new flood control, reclamation, or other water or related land resource project or program which has not met the standards and criteria used in determining the feasibility of flood control, reclamation and other water and related land resource programs and projects proposed for construction within the United States of America as per circular A-47 of the Bureau of the Budget, dated December 31, 1952.

Sec. 103. Obligations made from funds herein appropriated for engineering and architectural fees and services to any individual or group of engineering and architectural firms on any one project in excess of $25,000 shall be reported to the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and House of Representatives at least twice annually.

Sec. 104. Except for the appropriations entitled “Contingency fund” and “Development loans”, not more than 20 per centum of any appropriation item made available by this title shall be obligated and/or reserved during the last month of availability.

Sec. 105. None of the funds herein appropriated nor any of the counterpart funds generated as a result of assistance hereunder or any prior Act shall be used to pay pensions, annuities, retirement pay or adjusted service compensation for any persons heretofore or hereafter serving in the armed forces of any recipient country.

Sec. 106. None of the funds herein appropriated shall be used to finance any of the activities under the Investment Incentive Fund Program.

Sec. 107. The Congress hereby reiterates its opposition to the seating in the United Nations of the Communist China regime as the representative of China, and it is hereby declared to be the continuing sense of the Congress that the Communist regime in China has not demonstrated its willingness to fulfill the obligations contained in the Charter of the United Nations and should not be recognized to represent China in the United Nations. In the event of the seating of representatives of the Chinese Communist regime in the Security Council or General Assembly of the United Nations, the President is requested...
to inform the Congress insofar as is compatible with the requirements of national security, of the implications of this action upon the foreign policy of the United States and our foreign relationships, including that created by membership in the United Nations, together with any recommendations which he may have with respect to the matter.

Sec. 108. It is the sense of Congress that any attempt by foreign nations to create distinctions because of their race or religion among American citizens in the granting of personal or commercial access or any other rights otherwise available to United States citizens generally is repugnant to our principles; and in all negotiations between the United States and any foreign state arising as a result of funds appropriated under this title these principles shall be applied as the President may determine.

Sec. 109. None of the funds provided in this title shall be available for assistance to any country, the government of which sells arms, ammunition, or implements of war to the Castro regime, or which furnishes, by grant or loan, any military or economic aid to that regime, unless the President determines that the withholding of such assistance to such country would be contrary to the national interest.

Sec. 110. Any obligation made from funds provided in this title for procurement outside the United States of any commodity in bulk and in excess of $100,000 shall be reported to the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and the House of Representatives at least twice annually: Provided, That each such report shall state the reasons for which the President determined, pursuant to criteria set forth in section 604(a) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, that foreign procurement will not adversely affect the economy of the United States.

Sec. 111. Public Law 87–195, approved September 4, 1961, is amended by inserting the following after the enacting clause: “That this Act may be cited as ‘The Foreign Assistance Act of 1961’”.

Sec. 112. It is the sense of Congress that in the administration of these funds great attention and consideration should be given to those nations which share the view of the United States on the world crisis.

TITLE II—DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY—CIVIL FUNCTIONS

RYUKYU ISLANDS, ARMY

ADMINISTRATION

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary to meet the responsibilities and obligations of the United States in connection with the government of the Ryukyu Islands, as authorized by the Act of July 12, 1960 (74 Stat. 461); services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a), of individuals not to exceed ten in number; not to exceed $3,500 for contingencies for the High Commissioner, to be expended in his discretion; hire of passenger motor vehicles and aircraft; purchase of four passenger motor vehicles for replacement only; and construction, repair, and maintenance of buildings, utilities, facilities, and appurtenances; $7,089,000, of which not to exceed $1,722,000 shall be available for administrative and information expenses: Provided, That expenditures from this appropriation may be made outside continental United States when necessary to carry out its purposes, without regard to sections 355 and 3648, Revised Statutes, as amended, section 4774(d) of title 10, United States Code.
States Code, civil service or classification laws, or provisions of law prohibiting payment of any person not a citizen of the United States: 

Provided further, That funds appropriated hereunder may be used, insofar as practicable, and under such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the Secretary of the Army to pay ocean transportation charges from United States ports, including territorial ports, to ports in the Ryukyus for the movement of supplies donated to, or purchased by, United States voluntary nonprofit relief agencies registered with and recommended by the Advisory Committee on Voluntary Foreign Aid or of relief packages consigned to individuals residing in such areas: 

Provided further, That the President may transfer to any other department or agency any function or functions provided for under this appropriation, and there shall be transferred to any such department or agency without reimbursement and without regard to the appropriation from which procured, such property as the Director of the Bureau of the Budget shall determine to relate primarily to any function or functions so transferred.

**TITLE III—EXPORT-IMPORT BANK OF WASHINGTON**

The Export-Import Bank of Washington is hereby authorized to make such expenditures within the limits of funds and borrowing authority available to such corporation, and in accord with law, and to make such contracts and commitments without regard to fiscal year limitations as provided by section 104 of the Government Corporation Control Act, as amended, as may be necessary in carrying out the programs set forth in the budget for the current fiscal year for such corporation, except as hereinafter provided:

**LIMITATION ON OPERATING EXPENSES**

Not to exceed $1,300,000,000 (of which not to exceed $800,000,000 shall be for development loans) shall be obligated during the current fiscal year for other than administrative expenses.

**LIMITATION ON ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES**

Not to exceed $3,010,000 (to be computed on an accrual basis) shall be available during the current fiscal year for administrative expenses, including services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a) at rates not to exceed $75 per diem for individuals, and not to exceed $9,000 for entertainment allowances for members of the Board of Directors; and, in addition, not to exceed the equivalent of $200,000 of the aggregate amount of foreign currencies made available to the Export-Import Bank for loans pursuant to the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954, as amended, shall be available during the current fiscal year for expenses incurred by the Export-Import Bank incident to such loans: 

*Provided, That (1) fees or dues to international organizations of credit institutions engaged in financing foreign trade, (2) necessary expenses (including special services performed on a contract or fee basis, but not including other personal services) in connection with the acquisition, operation, maintenance, improvement, or disposition of any real or personal property belonging to the Bank or in which it has an
interest, including expenses of collections of pledged collateral, or the investigation or appraisal of any property in respect to which an application for a loan has been made, and (3) expenses (other than internal expenses of the Bank) incurred in connection with the issuance and servicing of guarantees, insurance, and reinsurance shall be considered as nonadministrative expenses for the purposes hereof.

TITLE IV—TREASURY DEPARTMENT
INVESTMENT IN INTER-AMERICAN DEVELOPMENT BANK

For payment of subscriptions to the Inter-American Development Bank, to remain available until expended, $110,000,000 of which $60,000,000 is for the second installment on paid-in capital stock and $50,000,000 is for payment of the second installment of the subscription of the United States to the fund for special operations.

SUBSCRIPTION TO THE INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION

For payment of the second installment of the subscription of the United States to the International Development Association, $61,656,000, to remain available until expended.

TITLE V—PEACE CORPS
FUNDS APPLICATED TO THE PRESIDENT

For expenses necessary to enable the President to carry out the provisions of the Peace Corps Act, including purchase of not to exceed sixteen passenger motor vehicles for use outside the United States, $30,000,000.

TITLE VI—GENERAL PROVISIONS

Sec. 601. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used for publicity or propaganda purposes within the United States not heretofore authorized by the Congress.

Sec. 602. None of the funds herein appropriated shall be used for expenses of the Inspector General, Foreign Assistance, after the expiration of the thirty-five day period which begins on the date the General Accounting Office or any committee of the Congress, or any duly authorized subcommittee thereof, charged with considering foreign assistance legislation, appropriations, or expenditures, has delivered to the office of the Inspector General, Foreign Assistance, a written request that it be furnished any document, paper, communication, audit, review, finding, recommendation, report, or other material in the custody or control of the Inspector General, Foreign Assistance, relating to any review, inspection, or audit arranged for, directed, or conducted by him, unless and until there has been furnished to the General Accounting Office or to such committee or subcommittee, as the case may be, (A) the document, paper, communication, audit, review, finding, recommendation, report, or other material so requested or (B) a certification by the President, personally, that he has forbidden the furnishing thereof pursuant to such request and his reason for so doing.

Sec. 603. This Act may be cited as the "Foreign Assistance and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1962". Approved September 30, 1961.
Making appropriations for civil functions administered by the Department of the Army, certain agencies of the Department of the Interior, the Atomic Energy Commission, the Tennessee Valley Authority and certain study commissions, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1962, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1962, for civil functions administered by the Department of the Army, certain agencies of the Department of the Interior, the Atomic Energy Commission, the Tennessee Valley Authority and certain study commissions, and for other purposes, namely:

TITLE I—CIVIL FUNCTIONS, DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

CEMETERY EXPENSES

Salaries and Expenses

For necessary cemeterial expenses as authorized by law, including maintenance, operation, and improvement of national cemeteries, and purchase of headstones and markers for unmarked graves; purchase of four passenger motor vehicles, of which three shall be for replacement only; maintenance of that portion of Congressional Cemetery to which the United States has title, Confederate burial places under the jurisdiction of the Department of the Army, and graves used by the Army in commercial cemeteries; $10,440,000: Provided, That this appropriation shall not be used to repair more than a single approach road to any national cemetery: Provided further, That this appropriation shall not be obligated for construction of a superintendent's lodge or family quarters at a cost per unit in excess of $17,000, but such limitation may be increased by such additional amounts as may be required to provide office space, public comfort rooms, or space for the storage of Government property within the same structure: Provided further, That reimbursement shall be made to the applicable military appropriation for the pay and allowances of any military personnel performing services primarily for the purposes of this appropriation.

Corps of Engineers—Civil

The following appropriations shall be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Army and the supervision of the Chief of Engineers for authorized civil functions of the Department of the Army pertaining to rivers and harbors, flood control, beach erosion, and related purposes:

GENERAL INVESTIGATIONS

For expenses necessary for the collection and study of basic information pertaining to river and harbor, flood control, shore protection, and related projects, and when authorized by law, surveys and studies (including cooperative beach erosion studies as authorized in Public Law 520, approved July 3, 1930, as amended and supplemented), of projects prior to authorization for construction, $15,877,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That $55,000 of this appropriation shall be transferred to the United States Fish and Wildlife Service.
for studies, investigations, and reports thereon as required by the Fish and Wildlife Coordination Act of 1958 (72 Stat. 563-565) to provide that wildlife conservation shall receive equal consideration and be coordinated with other features of water-resource development programs of the Department of the Army.

CONSTRUCTION, GENERAL

For the prosecution of river and harbor, flood control, shore protection, and related projects authorized by law; and detailed studies, and plans and specifications, of projects (including those for development with participation or under consideration for participation by States, local governments, or private groups) authorized or made eligible for selection by law (but such studies shall not constitute a commitment of the Government to construction); $724,021,880, to remain available until expended: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be used for projects not authorized by law or which are authorized by law limiting the amount to be appropriated therefor, except as may be within the limits of the amount now or hereafter authorized to be appropriated: Provided further, That none of the funds appropriated for "Construction, General", in this Act shall be used on the project "Missouri River, Kansas City to mouth", for any purpose other than bank stabilization work: Provided further, That appropriations under this head shall be available to the Chief of Engineers for the purposes authorized by section 6 of the Flood Control Act of 1946 as amended by the Civil Functions Appropriations Act of 1949: Provided further, That funds herein appropriated shall be available for expenditure, in addition to funds heretofore made available for the Garrison Dam project on the Missouri River, for cooperation with the North Dakota State Conservation Commission to the extent of one-half the cost of the replenishing and freshening Lake Wildwood, North Dakota, which has been interfered with by the construction of the Garrison Dam and Reservoir on the Missouri River: Provided further, That $550,000 of this appropriation shall be transferred to the United States Fish and Wildlife Service for studies, investigations, and reports thereon as required by the Fish and Wildlife Coordination Act of 1958 (72 Stat. 563-565) to provide that wildlife conservation shall receive equal consideration and be coordinated with other features of water-resource development programs of the Department of the Army.

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, GENERAL

For expenses necessary for the preservation, operation, maintenance, and care of existing river and harbor, flood control, and related works, including such sums as may be necessary for the maintenance of harbor channels provided by a State, municipality or other public agency, outside of harbor lines, and serving essential needs of general commerce and navigation; financing the United States share of the cost of operation and maintenance of remedial works in the Niagara River; activities of the California Debris Commission; administration of laws pertaining to preservation of navigable waters; surveys and charting of northern and northwestern lakes and connecting waters; clearing and straightening channels; removal of obstructions to navigation; and rescue work, and repair, or restoration of flood control projects threatened or destroyed by flood; $138,897,000, to remain available until expended.
GENERAL EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for general administration and related functions in the Office of the Chief of Engineers and offices of the Division Engineers; activities of the Board of Engineers for Rivers and Harbors and the Beach Erosion Board; commercial statistics; and miscellaneous investigations; $13,148,000.

FLOOD CONTROL, MISSISSIPPI RIVER AND TRIBUTARIES

For expenses necessary for prosecuting work of flood control, and rescue work, repair, restoration, or maintenance of flood control projects threatened or destroyed by flood, as authorized by law (33 U.S.C. 702a, 702g-1), $72,950,000, to remain available until expended.

UNITED STATES SECTION, SAINT LAWRENCE RIVER JOINT BOARD OF ENGINEERS

For necessary expenses of the United States section of the Saint Lawrence River Joint Board of Engineers, established by Executive Order 10500, dated November 4, 1953, including services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a), at rates not to exceed $100 per day for individuals; $20,000: Provided, That no part of these funds shall be obligated until agreement has been entered into, by the United States Government and the United States entity authorized to construct the power works in the International Rapids section of the Saint Lawrence River, providing for the reimbursement of the expenditures of the United States section of this Board by the construction entity.

INTERNATIONAL NAVIGATION CONGRESSES

For necessary expenses of the meeting of the Permanent International Association of Navigation Congresses to be held in the United States in 1961, as authorized by law (72 Stat. 513), $30,000.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

Appropriations in this title shall be available for expenses of attendance by military personnel of meetings in the manner authorized by section 19(b) of the Act of July 7, 1958 (72 Stat. 336), uniforms, or allowances therefor, as authorized by the Act of September 1, 1954, as amended (5 U.S.C. 2131), and for printing, either during a recess or session of Congress, of survey reports authorized by law, and such survey reports as may be printed during a recess of Congress shall be printed, with illustrations, as documents of the next succeeding session of Congress; and during the current fiscal year the revolving fund, Corps of Engineers, shall be available for purchase (not to exceed one hundred and sixty-six, of which one hundred and forty-eight shall be for replacement only) and hire of passenger motor vehicles.

TITLE II—DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

BUREAU OF RECLAMATION

For carrying out the functions of the Bureau of Reclamation as provided in the Federal reclamation laws (Act of June 17, 1902, 32 Stat. 388, and Acts amendatory thereof or supplementary thereto) and other Acts applicable to that Bureau, as follows:
GENERAL INVESTIGATIONS

For engineering and economic investigations of proposed Federal reclamation projects and studies of water conservation and development plans and activities preliminary to the reconstruction, rehabilitation, and betterment, financial adjustment, or extension of existing projects, including not to exceed $350,000 for investigations of projects in Alaska, to remain available until expended, $6,643,000, of which $5,520,000 shall be derived from the reclamation fund and $500,000 shall be derived from the Colorado River development fund: Provided, That none of this appropriation shall be used for more than one-half of the cost of an investigation requested by a State, municipality, or other interest: Provided further, That $250,000 of this appropriation shall be transferred to the United States Fish and Wildlife Service for studies, investigations, and reports thereon as required by the Fish and Wildlife Coordination Act of 1958 (72 Stat. 563-565) to provide that wildlife conservation shall receive equal consideration and be coordinated with other features of water-resource development programs of the Bureau of Reclamation.

CONSTRUCTION AND REHABILITATION

For construction and rehabilitation of authorized reclamation projects or parts thereof (including power transmission facilities) and for other related activities, as authorized by law, to remain available until expended, $152,405,500, of which $67,400,000 shall be derived from the reclamation fund: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be used to initiate the construction of transmission facilities within those areas covered by power wheeling service contracts which include provision for service to Federal establishments and preferred customers, except those transmission facilities for which construction funds have been heretofore appropriated, those facilities which are necessary to carry out the terms of such contracts or those facilities for which the Secretary of the Interior finds the wheeling agency is unable or unwilling to provide for the integration of Federal projects or for service to a Federal establishment or preferred customer: Provided further, That funds shall be available to complete the construction of and to operate and maintain within and adjacent to the Yuma Irrigation District, in the South Gila Valley, Arizona, those drainage works on which construction has heretofore been initiated pursuant to the Act of June 28, 1946 (60 Stat. 338): Provided further, That not to exceed $192,000 of funds made available for construction and maintenance of access roads in the Yellowtail Unit area shall be nonreimbursable: Provided further, That not to exceed $435,000 shall be available toward investigation and the emergency rehabilitation of the Dalton Gardens, Avondale, and Hayden Lake Unit, Rathdrum Prairie Irrigation projects, Idaho, to be effective only upon approval by the President of H.R. 4458, Eighty-seventh Congress.

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

For operation and maintenance of reclamation projects or parts thereof and of other facilities, as authorized by law; and for a soil and moisture conservation program on lands under the jurisdiction of the Bureau of Reclamation, pursuant to law; $36,159,000, of which $30,687,000 shall be derived from the reclamation fund and $1,491,000 shall be derived from the Colorado River Dam fund: Provided, That funds advanced for operation and maintenance of reclamation projects or parts thereof shall be deposited to the credit of this appropria-
tion and may be expended for the same objects and in the same manner as sums appropriated herein may be expended, and the unexpended balances of such advances shall be credited to the appropriation for the next succeeding fiscal year.

**LOAN PROGRAM**

For loans to irrigation districts and other public agencies for construction of distribution systems on authorized Federal reclamation projects, and for loans and grants to non-Federal agencies for construction of projects, as authorized by the Acts of July 4, 1955, as amended (43 U.S.C. 421a-421d), and August 6, 1956 (43 U.S.C. 422a-422k), as amended (71 Stat. 48), including expenses necessary for carrying out the program, $13,272,600, to remain available until expended: Provided, That any contract under the Act of July 4, 1955 (69 Stat. 244), as amended, not yet executed by the Secretary, which calls for the making of loans beyond the fiscal year in which the contract is entered into shall be made only on the same conditions as those prescribed in section 12 of the Act of August 4, 1939 (53 Stat. 1187).

**EMERGENCY FUND**

For an additional amount for the "Emergency fund", as authorized by the Act of June 26, 1948 (43 U.S.C. 502), to remain available until expended for the purposes specified in said Act, $1,000,000, to be derived from the reclamation fund.

**UPPER COLORADO RIVER BASIN FUND**

For the Upper Colorado River Storage Project, as authorized by the Act of April 11, 1956 (43 U.S.C. 620d), to remain available until expended, $55,468,000 of which $52,534,500 shall be available for the "Upper Colorado River Basin Fund" authorized by section 5 of said Act of April 11, 1956, and $2,933,500 shall be available for construction of recreational and fish and wildlife facilities authorized by section 8 thereof, and may be expended by bureaus of the Department through or in cooperation with State or other Federal agencies, and advances to such Federal agencies are hereby authorized: Provided, That no part of the funds herein appropriated shall be available for construction or operation of facilities to prevent waters of Lake Powell from entering any National Monument.

**GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES**

For necessary expenses of general administration and related functions in the offices of the Commissioner of Reclamation and in the regional offices of the Bureau of Reclamation, $9,450,000, to be derived from the reclamation fund and to be nonreimbursable pursuant to the Act of April 19, 1945 (43 U.S.C. 377): Provided, That no part of any other appropriation in this Act shall be available for activities or functions budgeted for the current fiscal year as general administrative expenses.

**SPECIAL FUNDS**

Sums herein referred to as being derived from the reclamation fund, the Colorado River Dam fund, or the Colorado River development fund, are appropriated from the special funds in the Treasury created by the Act of June 17, 1902 (43 U.S.C. 391), the Act of December 21, 1928 (43 U.S.C. 617a), and the Act of July 19, 1940.
Appropriations to the Bureau of Reclamation shall be available for purchase of not to exceed seventy-four passenger motor vehicles for replacement only; payment of claims for damage to or loss of property, personal injury, or death arising out of activities of the Bureau of Reclamation; payment, except as otherwise provided for, of compensation and expense of persons on the rolls of the Bureau of Reclamation appointed as authorized by law to represent the United States in the negotiation and administration of interstate compacts without reimbursement or return under the reclamation laws; rewards for information or evidence concerning violations of law involving property under the jurisdiction of the Bureau of Reclamation; performance of the functions specified under the head "Operation and Maintenance Administration", Bureau of Reclamation, in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1945; preparation and dissemination of useful information including recordings, photographs, and photographic prints; and studies of recreational uses of reservoir areas, and investigation and recovery of archeological and paleontological remains in such areas in the same manner as provided for in the Act of August 21, 1935 (16 U.S.C. 461-467): Provided, That no part of any appropriation made herein shall be available pursuant to the Act of April 19, 1945 (43 U.S.C. 377), for expenses other than those incurred on behalf of specific reclamation projects except "General Administrative Expenses" and amounts provided for reconnaissance, basin surveys, and general engineering and research under the head "General Investigations".

Allotments to the Missouri River Basin project from the appropriation under the head "Construction and Rehabilitation" shall be available additionally for said project for those functions of the Bureau of Reclamation provided for under the head "General Investigations" (but this authorization shall not preclude use of the appropriation under said head within that area), and for the continuation of investigations by agencies of the Department on a general plan for the development of the Missouri River Basin. Such allotments may be expended through or in cooperation with State and other Federal agencies, and advances to such agencies are hereby authorized.

Sums appropriated herein which are expended in the performance of reimbursable functions of the Bureau of Reclamation shall be returnable to the extent and in the manner provided by law.

No part of any appropriation for the Bureau of Reclamation, contained in this Act or in any prior Act, which represents amounts earned under the terms of a contract but remaining unpaid, shall be obligated for any other purpose, regardless of when such amounts are to be paid: Provided, That the incurring of any obligation prohibited by this paragraph shall be deemed a violation of section 3679 of the Revised Statutes, as amended (31 U.S.C. 665).

No funds appropriated to the Bureau of Reclamation for operation and maintenance, except those derived from advances by water users, shall be used for the particular benefit of lands (a) within the boundaries of an irrigation district, (b) of any member of a water
users' organization, or (c) of any individual, when such district, organization, or individual is in arrears for more than twelve months in the payment of charges due under a contract entered into with the United States pursuant to laws administered by the Bureau of Reclamation.

Not to exceed $225,000 may be expended from the appropriation “Construction and rehabilitation” for work by force account on any one project or Missouri Basin unit and then only when such work is unsuitable for contract or no acceptable bid has been received and, other than otherwise provided in this paragraph or as may be necessary to meet local emergencies, not to exceed 12 per centum of the construction allotment for any project from the appropriation “Construction and rehabilitation” contained in this Act shall be available for construction work by force account: Provided, That this paragraph shall not apply to work performed under the Rehabilitation and Betterment Act of 1949 (63 Stat. 724).

Bonneville Power Administration

CONSTRUCTION

After October 1, 1961, the position of Administrator, Bonneville Power Administration, shall have the same annual rate of compensation as that provided for positions listed in section 2205(b) of title 5, United States Code, so long as held by the present incumbent.

For construction and acquisition of transmission lines, substations, and appurtenant facilities, as authorized by law, $20,875,000, to remain available until expended.

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

For necessary expenses of operation and maintenance of the Bonneville transmission system and of marketing electric power and energy, $12,205,000.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

Appropriations of the Bonneville Power Administration shall be available to carry out all the duties imposed upon the Administrator pursuant to law. Appropriations made herein to the Bonneville Power Administration shall be available in one fund, except that the appropriation herein made for operation and maintenance shall be available only for the service of the current fiscal year.

Other than as may be necessary to meet local emergencies, not to exceed 12 per centum of the appropriation for construction herein made for the Bonneville Power Administration shall be available for construction work by force account or on a hired-labor basis.

Southeastern Power Administration

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

For necessary expenses of operation and maintenance of power transmission facilities and of marketing electric power and energy pursuant to the provisions of section 5 of the Flood Control Act of 1944 (16 U.S.C. 825s), as applied to the southeastern power area, $800,000.
SOUTHWESTERN POWER ADMINISTRATION

CONSTRUCTION

For construction and acquisition of transmission lines, substations, and appurtenant facilities, and for administrative expenses connected therewith, in carrying out the provisions of section 5 of the Flood Control Act of 1944 (16 U.S.C. 825s), as applied to the southwestern power area, $950,000, to remain available until expended.

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

For necessary expenses of operation and maintenance of power transmission facilities and of marketing electric power and energy pursuant to the provisions of section 5 of the Flood Control Act of 1944 (16 U.S.C. 825s), as applied to the southwestern power area, including purchase of not to exceed four passenger motor vehicles for replacement only, $1,310,000.

CONTINUING FUND

Not to exceed $5,000,000 shall be available during the current fiscal year from the continuing fund for all costs in connection with the purchase of electric power and energy, and rentals for the use of transmission facilities.

GENERAL PROVISIONS—DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Sec. 201. Appropriations in this title shall be available for expenditure or transfer (within each bureau or office), with the approval of the Secretary, for the emergency reconstruction, replacement or repair of aircraft, buildings, utilities, or other facilities or equipment damaged or destroyed by fire, flood, storm, or other unavoidable causes:

*Provided,* That no funds shall be made available under this authority until funds specifically made available to the Department of the Interior for emergencies shall have been exhausted.

Sec. 202. The Secretary may authorize the expenditure or transfer (within each bureau or office) of any appropriation in this title, in addition to the amounts included in the budget programs of the several agencies, for the suppression or emergency prevention of forest or range fires on or threatening lands under jurisdiction of the Department of the Interior.

Sec. 203. Appropriations in this title shall be available for operation of warehouses, garages, shops, and similar facilities, wherever consolidation of activities will contribute to efficiency or economy, and said appropriations shall be reimbursed for services rendered to any other activity in the same manner as authorized by the Act of June 30, 1932 (31 U.S.C. 686): *Provided,* That reimbursements for cost of supplies, materials and equipment, and for services rendered may be credited to the appropriation current at the time such reimbursements are received.

Sec. 204. No part of any funds made available by this Act to the Southwestern Power Administration may be made available to any other agency, bureau, or office for any purposes other than for services rendered pursuant to law to the Southwestern Power Administration.
OPERATING EXPENSES

For necessary operating expenses of the Commission in carrying out the purposes of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, including the employment of aliens; services authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a); purchase of equipment; purchase, maintenance, and operation of aircraft; publication and dissemination of atomic information; purchase, repair, and cleaning of uniforms; official entertainment expenses (not to exceed $30,000); reimbursement of the General Services Administration for security guard services; purchase (not to exceed four hundred and thirty-two, of which three hundred and fourteen are for replacement only) and hire of passenger motor vehicles; $2,352,001,000, and any moneys (except sums received from disposal of property under the Atomic Energy Community Act of 1955 (42 U.S.C. 2301)) received by the Commission, notwithstanding the provisions of section 3617 of the Revised Statutes (31 U.S.C. 484), to remain available until expended:

Provided, That of such amount $100,000 may be expended for objects of a confidential nature and in any such case the certificate of the Commission as to the amount of the expenditure and that it is deemed inadvisable to specify the nature thereof shall be deemed a sufficient voucher for the sum therein expressed to have been expended: Provided further, That from this appropriation transfers of sums may be made to other agencies of the Government for the performance of the work for which this appropriation is made, and in such cases the sums so transferred may be merged with the appropriation to which transferred: Provided further, That no part of this appropriation shall be used in connection with the payment of a fixed fee to any contractor or firm of contractors engaged under a cost-plus-a-fixed-fee contract or contracts at any installation of the Commission, where that fee for community management is at a rate in excess of $90,000 per annum, or for the operation of a transportation system where that fee is at a rate in excess of $45,000 per annum.

PLANT ACQUISITION AND CONSTRUCTION

For expenses of the Commission, as authorized by law, in connection with the purchase and construction of plant and other expenses incidental thereto necessary in carrying out the purposes of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, including the acquisition or condemnation of any real property or any facility or for plant or facility acquisition, construction, or expansion; and hire of passenger motor vehicles; $195,360,000, to remain available until expended.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Any appropriation available under this or any other Act to the Atomic Energy Commission may initially be used subject to limitations in this Act during the fiscal year 1962 to finance the procurement of materials, services, or other costs which are a part of work or activities for which funds have been provided in any other appropriation available to the Commission: Provided, That appropriate transfers or adjustments between such appropriations shall subsequently be made for such costs on the basis of actual application determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.
Not to exceed 5 per centum of appropriations made available for the fiscal year 1962 for "Operating expenses" and "Plant acquisition and construction" may be transferred between such appropriations, but neither such appropriation, except as otherwise provided herein, shall be increased by more than 5 per centum by any such transfers, and any such transfers shall be reported promptly to the Appropriations Committees of the House and Senate.

No part of any appropriation herein shall be used to confer a fellowship on any person who advocates or who is a member of an organization or party that advocates the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence or with respect to whom the Commission finds, upon investigation and report by the Civil Service Commission on the character, associations, and loyalty of whom, that reasonable grounds exist for belief that such person is disloyal to the Government of the United States: Provided, That any person who advocates or who is a member of an organization or party that advocates the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence and accepts employment or a fellowship the salary, wages, stipend, grant, or expenses for which are paid from any appropriation contained herein shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than $1,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both: Provided further, That the above penal clause shall be in addition to, and not in substitution for, any other provisions of existing law.

TENNESSEE VALLEY AUTHORITY

PAYMENT TO TENNESSEE VALLEY AUTHORITY FUND

For the purpose of carrying out the provisions of the Tennessee Valley Authority Act of 1933, as amended (16 U.S.C., ch. 12A), including purchase (not to exceed four, of which three shall be for replacement only), hire, maintenance, and operation of aircraft, and purchase (not to exceed two hundred for replacement only) and hire of passenger motor vehicles, $38,203,000, to remain available until expended.

U.S. STUDY COMMISSION—SOUTHEAST RIVER BASINS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of the Act approved August 28, 1958 (72 Stat. 1090), including services as authorized by the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a), to remain available until June 30, 1963, $1,380,000.

U.S. STUDY COMMISSION—TEXAS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of title II of the Act approved August 28, 1958, as amended (72 Stat. 1058, 73 Stat. 456), including services as authorized by the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a), $540,000.

This Act may be cited as the "Public Works Appropriation Act, 1962".

To amend the antitrust laws to authorize leagues of professional football, baseball, basketball, and hockey teams to enter into certain television contracts, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the antitrust laws, as defined in section 1 of the Act of October 15, 1914, as amended (38 Stat. 730), or in the Federal Trade Commission Act, as amended (38 Stat. 717), shall not apply to any joint agreement by or among persons engaging in or conducting the organized professional team sports of football, baseball, basketball, or hockey, by which any league of clubs participating in professional football, baseball, basketball, or hockey, or hockey contests sells or otherwise transfers all or any part of the rights of such league's member clubs in the sponsored telecasting of the games of football, baseball, basketball, or hockey, as the case may be, engaged in or conducted by such clubs.

SEC. 2. Section 1 of this Act shall not apply to any joint agreement described in section 1 of this Act which prohibits any person to whom such rights are sold or transferred from televising any games within any area, except within the home territory of a member club of the league on a day when such club is playing a game at home.

SEC. 3. Section 1 of this Act shall not apply to any joint agreement described in section 1 of this Act which permits the telecasting of all or a substantial part of any professional football game on any Friday after six o'clock postmeridian or on any Saturday during the period beginning on the second Friday in September and ending on the second Saturday in December in any year from any telecasting station located within seventy-five miles of the game site of any intercollegiate football contest scheduled to be played on such a date if—

(1) such intercollegiate football contest is between institutions of higher learning both of which confer degrees upon students following completion of sufficient credit hours to equal a four-year course, and

(2) such intercollegiate football contest and such game site were announced through publication in a daily newspaper of general circulation prior to March 1 of such year as being regularly scheduled for such day and place.

SEC. 4. Nothing contained in this Act shall be deemed to change, determine, or otherwise affect the applicability or nonapplicability of the antitrust laws to any act, contract, agreement, rule, course of conduct, or other activity by, between, or among persons engaging in, conducting, or participating in the organized professional team sports of football, baseball, basketball, or hockey, except the agreements to which section 1 of this Act shall apply.

SEC. 5. As used in this Act, “persons” means any individual, partnership, corporation, or unincorporated association or any combination or association thereof.

SEC. 6. Nothing in this Act shall affect any cause of action existing on the effective date hereof in respect to the organized professional team sports of baseball, football, basketball, or hockey.

Public Law 87-332

AN ACT
Making supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1962, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to supply supplemental appropriations (this Act may be cited as the "Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1962") for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1962, and for other purposes, namely:

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

STATISTICAL REPORTING SERVICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and Expenses", $20,000.

AGRICULTURAL STABILIZATION AND CONSERVATION SERVICE

EMERGENCY CONSERVATION MEASURES

For an additional amount for "Emergency conservation measures" to be used for the same purposes and subject to the same conditions as funds appropriated under this head in the Third Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1957, and the Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1958, including necessary administrative expenses, $5,000,000, to remain available until expended.

FARMERS HOME ADMINISTRATION

LOAN AUTHORIZATIONS

For an additional amount for "Loan Authorizations", for loans under the Act of August 28, 1937, as amended, $8,000,000.

FARM HOUSING GRANTS AND LOANS

For grants and loans for the purposes of subsections 504(a) and 504(b), of the Housing Act of 1949, as amended (42 U.S.C. 1474), $10,000,000, to remain available until June 30, 1965.

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", including $125,000 for farm housing research and study programs as authorized by subsections (b) and (c) of section 506 of the Housing Act of 1949, as added by section 805 of the Housing Act of 1961 (42 U.S.C. 1471), $1,500,000.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

PARTICIPATION IN CENTURY 21 EXPOSITION

For an additional amount for Participation in Century 21 Exposition, for expenses necessary to carry out the provisions of the Act of September 2, 1958 (72 Stat. 1708), as amended (73 Stat. 486), $900,000, to remain available until expended.
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS
SALARIES AND EXPENSES
For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", $185,000.

MARITIME ACTIVITIES
MARITIME TRAINING
Reimbursement may be made to the appropriation for the current fiscal year for "Maritime training", for expenses in support of activities financed from the appropriations for "Research and development" and "Ship construction."

PAYMENT OF WAR SHIPPING ADMINISTRATION CLAIMS
For payment of claims arising out of vessel operations activities of the War Shipping Administration, $18,136.

NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS
RESEARCH AND TECHNICAL SERVICES
For an additional amount for "Research and technical services", $1,500,000, of which not to exceed $475,000 shall be available for payment to the "Working capital fund", National Bureau of Standards, for additional capital.

WEATHER BUREAU
METEOROLOGICAL SATELLITE OPERATIONS
For expenses necessary to establish and operate a system for the continuous observation of worldwide meteorological conditions from space satellites and for the reporting and processing of the data obtained for use in weather forecasting, including services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a), $48,000,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That payments of (a) not to exceed $285,000 may be made to the appropriation for the Weather Bureau for the current fiscal year for "Salaries and expenses," and (b) not to exceed $600,000 may be made to the General Services Administration for construction of additional office space: Provided further, That this appropriation shall be available for payment to the National Aeronautics and Space Administration for procurement, in accordance with the authority available to that Administration, of such equipment or facilities as may be necessary to establish and operate the aforesaid system.

AREA REDEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION
AREA REDEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE
For necessary expenses of the Area Redevelopment Administration, including not to exceed $3,375,000 for technical assistance as authorized by section 11 of the Area Redevelopment Act (Public Law 87–27), not to exceed $40,000,000 for public facility grants as authorized by section 8 of such Act, not to exceed $122,500,000 for loans and participations as authorized by section 6 and public facility loans as authorized by section 7 of such Act, and not to exceed $4,875,000 for expenses not otherwise provided for herein, including rent in the District of Columbia and hire of passenger motor vehicles, in all,
pursuant to authority of section 23 of such Act, $170,750,000; Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be used for administrative expenses in connection with loans and participations financed or to be financed with funds borrowed from the Secretary of the Treasury.

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—CIVIL FUNCTIONS

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

RIVERS AND HARBOURS AND FLOOD CONTROL

For an additional amount for "Operation and maintenance, general", $5,000,000, to remain available until expended.

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—MILITARY

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY

For construction of a United States Ship Arizona Memorial, as authorized by law (Public Law 87-201), $150,000.

PROCUREMENT

SHIPBUILDING AND CONVERSION, NAVY

For an additional amount for "Shipbuilding and conversion, Navy", $40,000,000, to remain available until expended.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE

OFFICE OF EDUCATION

PAYMENTS TO SCHOOL DISTRICTS

For an additional amount for "Payments to School Districts", $145,593,000: Provided, That this paragraph shall be effective only upon enactment into law of S. 2393, Eighty-seventh Congress, or similar legislation.

ASSISTANCE FOR SCHOOL CONSTRUCTION

For an additional amount for "Assistance for School Construction", including not to exceed $90,000 for necessary expenses during the current fiscal year of technical services rendered by other agencies, $30,000,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That this paragraph shall be effective only upon enactment into law of S. 2393, Eighty-seventh Congress.

DEFENSE EDUCATIONAL ACTIVITIES

For an additional amount for "Defense educational activities", $70,000.

EXPANSION OF TEACHING IN EDUCATION OF THE DEAF

For grants to public or other nonprofit institutions of higher education for courses of study and scholarships for training teachers of the deaf, and not to exceed $75,000 for salaries and expenses in connection therewith, including services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a), $1,575,000.
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PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE

CHRONIC DISEASES AND HEALTH OF THE AGED

For an additional amount for “Chronic diseases and health of the aged”, including carrying out section 316 of the Public Health Service Act, $7,000,000; and in addition, $2,000,000 to be transferred from the appropriation for “Community health practice and research” in the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare Appropriation Act, 1962: Provided, That $6,000,000 of the appropriations granted under this head shall be available only for allotments and payments to States pursuant to section 314(c) of the Public Health Service Act for establishing and maintaining adequate community services for the chronically ill and aged: Provided further, That any State's allotment for general health purposes under section 314(c) of such Act shall also be available at the discretion of the State for establishing and maintaining adequate community services for the chronically ill and aged: Provided further, That this paragraph shall be effective only upon the enactment into law of H.R. 4998, Eighty-seventh Congress.

COMMUNITY HEALTH PRACTICE AND RESEARCH

For an additional amount for “Community Health Practice and Research”, $375,000: Provided, That this paragraph shall be effective only upon the enactment into law of H.R. 4998, Eighty-seventh Congress.

HOSPITAL CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES

For an additional amount for “Hospital construction activities”, for grants or loans for nursing homes under part G of title VI of the Public Health Service Act, as amended, $8,500,000: Provided, That this paragraph shall become effective only upon the enactment into law of H.R. 4998, Eighty-seventh Congress.

GRANTS FOR WASTE TREATMENT WORKS CONSTRUCTION

For an additional amount for “Grants for waste treatment works construction”, fiscal years 1960-1961, $1,101,000, to remain available until five days after the date of approval of this Act.

For an additional amount for “Grants for waste treatment works construction”, $30,000,000.

BUILDINGS AND FACILITIES

For an additional amount for “Buildings and facilities”, $1,600,000, to remain available until expended.

WATER SUPPLY AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL

For an additional amount for “Water supply and water pollution control”, including an additional amount of $1,800,000 for grants to States under section 5 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended, $5,300,000.

HOSPITALS AND MEDICAL CARE

For an additional amount, fiscal year 1961, for “Hospitals and medical care”, $200,000; and the limitation under this head in the
Department of Health, Education, and Welfare Appropriation Act, 1961, on the amount available for payments for medical care of dependents and retired personnel under the Dependents' Medical Care Act (37 U.S.C., chap. 7), is increased from "$2,445,000" to "$2,645,000".

CIVIL DEFENSE MEDICAL STOCKPILE ACTIVITIES

For expenses necessary for procurement, storage (including underground storage), distribution, and maintenance of emergency civil defense medical supplies and equipment authorized by section 201(h) of the Federal Civil Defense Act of 1950, as amended (50 U.S.C., app. 2281(h)), $13,000,000, to remain available until expended.

SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION

LIMITATION ON SALARIES AND EXPENSES, BUREAU OF OLD-AGE AND SURVIVORS INSURANCE

For an additional amount for "Limitation on salaries and expenses, Bureau of Old-Age and Survivors Insurance", to be derived from the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund, $26,500,000.

LIMITATION ON CONSTRUCTION, BUREAU OF OLD-AGE AND SURVIVORS INSURANCE

For an additional amount for "Limitation on construction, Bureau of Old-Age and Survivors Insurance", $4,000,000, to be derived from the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund, which together with sums heretofore appropriated under said head shall establish a limitation of cost of $36,290,000.

ASSISTANCE FOR UNITED STATES CITIZENS RETURNED FROM FOREIGN COUNTRIES, BUREAU OF PUBLIC ASSISTANCE

For necessary expenses of carrying out section 1113 of the Social Security Act, as amended (42 U.S.C. 1301-1312), including reimbursement to the "Emergency Fund for the President, national defense", fiscal year 1962, for expenditures heretofore made during the current fiscal year for welfare services and emergency financial assistance to repatriated American nationals, $400,000, to be merged with the appropriation granted in the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare Appropriation Act, 1962, for "Hospitalization and services for repatriated mentally ill American nationals".

AMERICAN PRINTING HOUSE FOR THE BLIND

EDUCATION OF THE BLIND

For an additional amount for "Education of the blind", $370,000.

HOWARD UNIVERSITY

PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS

For an additional amount for "Plans and specifications", including a hospital building and related facilities, as authorized by law, $250,000 to remain available until expended.
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for “Salaries and expenses, Office of the Secretary”, $145,000.

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, OFFICE OF FIELD ADMINISTRATION

For an additional amount for “Salaries and expenses, Office of Field Administration”, $180,000, to be transferred from the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund.

JUVENILE DELINQUENCY AND YOUTH OFFENSES

For grants for demonstration, evaluation, and training projects, and for technical assistance, relating to control of juvenile delinquency, and youth offenses, and for salaries and expenses in connection therewith, $8,200,000.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

EXECUTIVE MANSION AND GROUNDS

For an additional amount for “Executive Mansion and Grounds”, $165,000.

NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE COUNCIL

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for “Salaries and expenses”, including not to exceed $25,000 for travel expenses, $225,000.

COUNCIL OF ECONOMIC ADVISERS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for “Salaries and expenses”, $170,000, including an additional amount of not to exceed $155,000 for salaries.

FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT

DISASTER RELIEF

For an additional amount for “Disaster relief”, $15,000,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That not to exceed 3 per centum of the foregoing amount shall be available for administrative expenses.

INDEPENDENT OFFICES

FEDERAL AVIATION AGENCY

GRANTS-IN-AID FOR AIRPORTS

For grants-in-aid for airports pursuant to the provisions of the Federal Airport Act, as amended, $150,000,000, to remain available until expended, as follows: for the purposes of section 5(d)(1) of such Act, $66,500,000 for each of the fiscal years 1962 and 1963; for the purposes of section 5(d)(2) of such Act, $1,500,000 for each of the fiscal years 1962 and 1963; and for the purposes of section 5(d)(3) of such Act, $7,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 1962 and 1963.
Federal Home Loan Bank Board

Limitation on Administrative and Nonadministrative Expenses,
Federal Home Loan Bank Board

In addition to amounts otherwise available for administrative expenses of the Federal Home Loan Bank Board for the current fiscal year, not to exceed $140,000 shall be available for such expenses.

Limitation on Administrative Expenses, Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation

In addition to amounts otherwise available for administrative expenses of the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation for the current fiscal year, not to exceed $75,000 shall be available for such expenses.

Federal Maritime Commission

Salaries and Expenses

For necessary expenses of the Federal Maritime Commission, including services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a), at rates for individuals not to exceed $75 per diem; hire passenger motor vehicles; and uniforms, or allowances therefor, as authorized by the Act of September 1, 1954, as amended (5 U.S.C. 2131); $40,000.

Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service

Salaries and Expenses

For an additional amount for “Salaries and expenses”, $150,000.

General Services Administration

Hospital Facilities in the District of Columbia

For an additional amount for expenses necessary in carrying out the provisions of the Act of August 7, 1946 (60 Stat. 896), as amended, authorizing the establishment of a hospital center in the District of Columbia, including grants to private agencies for hospital facilities in said District, $3,000,000, to remain available until expended.

Operating Expenses, Federal Supply Service

For an additional amount for “Operating expenses, Federal Supply Service”, $900,000.

Expenses, Supply Distribution

For an additional amount for “Expenses, supply distribution”, $2,000,000.

Expenses, Federal Telecommunications System

For necessary expenses, not otherwise provided for, of management and operation of a Federal Telecommunications System, including services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a), $850,000: Provided, That the unexpended balances of funds appropriated for telecommunications purposes in the appropriations for the current fiscal year for “Operating expenses, Public
Buildings Service”, in an amount of not to exceed $523,000, and for “Operating expenses, Transportation and Public Utilities Service”, in an amount of not to exceed $47,000, may be merged with this appropriation.

**ADDITIONAL COURT FACILITIES**

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary to provide, directly or indirectly, additional space, facilities and courtrooms for the judiciary, including alteration and extension of Government-owned buildings and acquisition of additions to sites of such buildings; rents; furnishings and equipment; repair and alteration of rented space; moving Government agencies in connection with the assignment and transfer of space; preliminary planning; preparation of drawings and specifications by contract or otherwise; and administrative expenses; $2,500,000, to remain available until expended.

**HOUSING AND HOME FINANCE AGENCY**

**OFFICE OF THE ADMINISTRATOR**

**SALARIES AND EXPENSES**

For an additional amount for “Salaries and expenses”, $150,000: Provided, That funds expended under this head shall be available for services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a) at rates not to exceed $75 per diem for individuals: Provided further, That in addition to amounts otherwise available for expenses of travel, not to exceed $55,000 shall be available for such expenses.

**URBAN PLANNING GRANTS**

For an additional amount for “Urban planning grants”, $13,500,000.

**HOUSING FOR THE ELDERLY FUND**

For an additional amount for the revolving fund established pursuant to section 202 of the Housing Act of 1959, as amended (12 U.S.C. 1701-q et seq.), including an additional amount of not to exceed $162,500 for administrative expenses during the current fiscal year; $35,000,000.

**MASS TRANSPORTATION LOANS AND GRANTS**

For necessary expenses in connection with loans including purchase of securities and obligations in connection with mass transportation facilities, as authorized by clause (2) of section 202(a) of the Housing Amendments of 1955, as amended, and grants in connection with mass transportation demonstration projects, as authorized by section 103(b) of the Housing Act of 1949, as amended, including not to exceed $157,500 for administrative expenses, $42,500,000: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be used for administrative expenses in connection with loans including the purchase of securities and obligations which are to be financed with funds borrowed from the Secretary of the Treasury or grants to be made requiring payments in excess of the amount herein appropriated therefor.

**OPEN SPACE LAND GRANTS**

For expenses in connection with grants to aid in the acquisition of open-space land or interests therein, and with the provision of technical assistance to State and local public bodies (including the undertak-
ing of studies and publication of information), $35,000,000: Provided, That not to exceed $110,000 may be used for administrative expenses and technical assistance, and no part of this appropriation shall be used for administrative expenses in connection with grants requiring payments in excess of the amount herein appropriated therefor.

LOW INCOME HOUSING DEMONSTRATION PROGRAMS

For low income housing demonstration programs pursuant to section 207 of the Housing Act of 1961, $2,000,000: Provided, That not to exceed $20,000 of this appropriation may be used for administrative expenses, and no part shall be used for administrative expenses in connection with contracts to make grants in excess of the amount herein appropriated therefor.

LIMITATION ON ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES, OFFICE OF THE ADMINISTRATOR, PUBLIC FACILITY LOANS

In addition to the amount otherwise available for administrative expenses in connection with public facility loans from the revolving fund established pursuant to title II of the Housing Amendments of 1955, as amended, $350,000 shall be available for such expenses during the current fiscal year.

FEDERAL HOUSING ADMINISTRATION

LIMITATIONS ON ADMINISTRATIVE AND NONADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES, FEDERAL HOUSING ADMINISTRATION

In addition to amounts otherwise available for administrative and nonadministrative expenses of the Federal Housing Administration during the current fiscal year, not to exceed $200,000 shall be available for administrative expenses and not to exceed $5,000,000 shall be available for certain nonadministrative expenses of said agency, as classified by law.

FEDERAL NATIONAL MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION

LIMITATION ON ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES, FEDERAL NATIONAL MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION

In addition to the amount otherwise available for administrative expenses of the Federal National Mortgage Association for the current fiscal year, not to exceed $600,000 shall be available for such expenses.

PUBLIC HOUSING ADMINISTRATION

ANNUAL CONTRIBUTIONS

For an additional amount, fiscal year 1961, for "Annual contributions", $5,322,000.

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION

PAYMENT OF LOAN GUARANTIES

For payments required to be made as a consequence of loan guaranties made by the Interstate Commerce Commission under section 503 of the Interstate Commerce Act, as amended (49 U.S.C. 1233), $14,700,000.
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NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

Not to exceed $10,000,000 for the National Aeronautics and Space Administration may be transferred from "Research and development" to the "Salaries and expenses" appropriation.

NATIONAL CAPITAL TRANSPORTATION AGENCY

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and Expenses", $85,000.

LAND ACQUISITION AND CONSTRUCTION

For necessary expenses for the National Capital Transportation Agency for acquisition of land, or interests therein, and for incidental construction, for transit facilities, as authorized by law, $1,000,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That this paragraph shall be effective only upon the enactment into law of S. 2397, Eighty-seventh Congress, or similar legislation, authorizing said agency to carry out part 1 of its transit development program.

RAILROAD RETIREMENT BOARD

PAYMENT TO RAILROAD UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACCOUNT

For an additional amount for payment to the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Account, as a repayable advance, as authorized by section 4 of the Temporary Extended Railroad Unemployment Insurance Benefits Act of 1961, $10,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 1962: Provided, That this amount shall be repaid to the general fund of the Treasury from the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Account, whether or not the total derived from the temporary increase in the contribution rate under section 5 of such Act is sufficient for this purpose.

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", $412,500.

SELECTIVE SERVICE SYSTEM

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", $3,415,000.

SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", $363,500.

REVOLVING FUND

For additional capital for the revolving fund authorized by the Small Business Act of 1953, as amended, to be available without fiscal year limitations, $160,000,000.
For an additional amount for “Salaries and expenses”, $1,500,000.

For an additional amount for “Acquisition and construction of radio facilities”, $3,250,000, to remain available until expended.

GENERAL PROVISION

Section 206 of the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1944 (5 U.S.C. 16a), is amended by inserting “(a)” after “Sec. 206.” and by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

“(b) In all cases in which under the Constitution or laws of the United States oaths are authorized or required to be administered, such oaths may be administered by the Vice President of the United States.”

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

MANAGEMENT OF LANDS AND RESOURCES

For an additional amount for “Management of lands and resources”, $1,250,000.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

EDUCATION AND WELFARE SERVICES

For an additional amount for “Education and Welfare Services,” $750,000.

REVOLVING FUND FOR LOANS

For payment to the revolving fund for loans, as authorized by section 10 of the Act of June 18, 1934, as amended (25 U.S.C. 470), $4,000,000.

FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

BUREAU OF COMMERCIAL FISHERIES

Management and Investigations of Resources

For an additional amount for “Management and investigations of resources”, $400,000.

OFFICE OF SALINE WATER

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for “Salaries and Expenses”, $3,500,000, to remain available until expended, including an additional amount of $130,000 for administration and coordination.

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

MANAGEMENT AND PROTECTION

For an additional amount for “Management and Protection”, $25,000.
CONSTRUCTION

For an additional amount for "Construction", for acquisition of lands, interests therein, improvements, and related personal property, $2,250,000, to remain available until expended.

OFFICE OF TERRITORIES
ADMINISTRATION OF TERRITORIES

For an additional amount for "Administration of territories", $4,500,000.

TRUST TERRITORY OF THE PACIFIC ISLANDS

For an additional amount for "Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands", $200,000.

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY
SURVEYS, INVESTIGATIONS, AND RESEARCH

For an additional amount for "Surveys, Investigations, and Research", $100,000.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY
SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", $200,000.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
LEGAL ACTIVITIES AND GENERAL ADMINISTRATION
SALARIES AND EXPENSES, GENERAL LEGAL ACTIVITIES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses, general legal activities", $460,000.

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, ANTITRUST DIVISION

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses, Antitrust Division", $375,000.

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, ADMINISTRATIVE CONFERENCE OF THE UNITED STATES

For expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary for the Administrative Conference of the United States, including services as authorized by section 15 of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 55a), at rates not to exceed $75 per diem for individuals, $150,000.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY
AREA REDEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES

For expenses necessary to carry into effect sections 16 and 17 of the Area Redevelopment Act (Public Law 87-27), including grants or reimbursements to States, $14,000,000, of which $10,000,000 shall be available for occupational training and retraining payments to individuals authorized by section 17 of such Act.
For an additional amount for “Compliance activities, Mexican farm labor program”, $429,000: Provided, That this paragraph shall be effective only upon the enactment into law of H.R. 2010, Eighty-seventh Congress.

For an additional amount for “Salaries and expenses, Mexican farm labor program”, $594,000, to be derived from the Farm labor supply revolving fund: Provided, That this paragraph shall be effective only upon the enactment into law of H.R. 2010, Eighty-seventh Congress.

For an additional amount for “Salaries and expenses”, $1,950,000.

For necessary expenses, not otherwise provided for, for arms control and disarmament activities, as authorized by law, $1,000,000: Provided, That this paragraph shall be effective only upon the enactment into law of S. 2180 or H.R. 9118, Eighty-seventh Congress, or similar legislation.

For an additional amount for “Missions to international organizations”, $15,000.

Not to exceed $100,000 of the amount appropriated under this head in the Second Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1961, shall remain available until June 30, 1962.

To enable the Secretary of State to provide for carrying out the provisions of the Center for Cultural and Technical Interchange Between East and West Act of 1960, by grant to any appropriate agency of the State of Hawaii, $3,300,000: Provided, That none of the funds appropriated herein shall be used to pay the salary, or to enter into any contract providing for the payment thereof, to any individual in excess of $20,000 per annum.
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75 STAT.

PRESERVATION OF ANCIENT NUBIAN MONUMENTS
(SPECIAL FOREIGN CURRENCY PROGRAM)

For purchase of Egyptian pounds which accrue under title I of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act of 1954, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1704), for the purposes authorized by section 104(k) of that Act, $4,000,000.

OTHER

PAN AMERICAN HEALTH ORGANIZATION BUILDING SITE

For an additional amount for necessary expenses of carrying out the provisions of the Act of March 28, 1960 (Public Law 86-395), authorizing the acquisition of land for conveyance, without consideration, to the Pan American Health Organization for use as a headquarters site, $217,150, to be transferred to the General Services Administration.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT

BUREAU OF CUSTOMS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for “Salaries and expenses”, $675,000.

BUREAU OF THE MINT

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

Not to exceed $2,500 of the appropriation granted under this head for the fiscal year 1962 shall be available for the purposes of Public Law 87-42, approved May 27, 1961, authorizing a gold medal to be awarded posthumously to Doctor Thomas A. Dooley III.

THE JUDICIARY

COURTS OF APPEALS, DISTRICT COURTS, AND OTHER JUDICIAL SERVICES

SALARIES OF JUDGES

For an additional amount for “Salaries of judges”, $900,000.

SALARIES OF SUPPORTING PERSONNEL

For an additional amount for “Salaries of supporting personnel”, $1,145,000.

TRAVEL AND MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES

For an additional amount for “Travel and miscellaneous expenses”, $920,000.

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES COURTS

For an additional amount for “Administrative Office of the United States Courts”, $15,000.
FEES OF JURORS AND COMMISSIONERS

For an additional amount, fiscal year 1961, for “Fees of jurors and commissioners”, $135,000.

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH

SENATE

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE SENATE

FURNITURE

For an additional amount, fiscal year 1961, for “Furniture”, $16,650.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS

For an additional amount, fiscal year 1961, for “Miscellaneous items”, $263,000.

SENATE RESTAURANTS

For an additional amount for “Senate Restaurants”, $25,000: Provided, That the unobligated balances remaining in the appropriations for Senate Restaurants, fiscal years 1960 and 1961, are hereby made available for payment to the Architect of the Capitol for deposit in the special deposit account created by Public Law 87-82, approved July 6, 1961.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

For payment to Mollie M. Brooks, widow of Overton Brooks, late a Representative from the State of Louisiana, $22,500.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE HOUSE

TELEGRAPH AND TELEPHONE

Such additional amounts as may be necessary for telephone and telegraph, fiscal year 1961, may be derived by transfer from the appropriation for such purpose for the fiscal year 1962.

PENALTY MAIL COSTS

Funds available for expenses as authorized and necessary under section 2 of Public Law 286, Eighty-third Congress, shall be available for expenses, as now authorized by law, of delivery to postal patrons of mail matter under congressional frank.

ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL

CAPITOL BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS

Capitol Buildings

For an additional amount for “Capitol buildings”, $494,000.

CLAIMS AND JUDGMENTS

For payment of claims as settled and determined by departments and agencies in accord with law and judgments rendered against the United States by the United States Court of Claims and United States
Public Law 87-333

AN ACT

To carry into effect a provision of the Convention of Paris for the Protection of Industrial Property as revised at Lisbon, Portugal, October 31, 1958.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 119 of title 35 of the United States Code, entitled "Patents", is amended by adding the following paragraph thereto:

"In like manner and subject to the same conditions and requirements, the right provided in this section may be based upon a subsequent regularly filed application in the same foreign country instead of the first filed foreign application, provided that any foreign application filed prior to such subsequent application has been withdrawn, abandoned, or otherwise disposed of, without having been laid open to public inspection and without leaving any rights outstanding, and has not served, nor thereafter shall serve, as a basis for claiming a right of priority."

SEC. 2. Section 44(d) of the Act approved July 5, 1946, Public Law 489, Seventy-ninth Congress, chapter 540 (60 Stat. 427; 15 U.S.C. 1126(d)), is amended by adding the following paragraph thereto:

"In like manner and subject to the same conditions and requirements, the right provided in this section may be based upon a subsequent regularly filed application in the same foreign country, instead of the first filed foreign application: Provided, That any foreign application filed prior to such subsequent application has been withdrawn, abandoned, or otherwise disposed of, without having been laid open to public inspection and without leaving any rights outstanding, and has not served, nor thereafter shall serve, as a basis for claiming a right of priority."

SEC. 3. This Act shall take effect on the date when the Convention of Paris for the Protection of Industrial Property of March 20, 1883, as revised at Lisbon, October 31, 1958, comes into force with respect to the United States and shall apply only to applications thereafter filed in the United States by persons entitled to the benefit of said convention, as revised at the time of such filing.

Public Law 87-334

AN ACT

To provide for the withdrawal from the public domain of certain lands in the Granite Creek area, Alaska, for use by the Department of the Army at Fort Greely, Alaska, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That subject to valid existing rights the public lands aggregating approximately fifty-one thousand five hundred and ninety acres of land in the Granite Creek area, Alaska, as more fully described in application (serial number Fairbanks 012203) from the Department of the Army to the Department of the Interior and set forth in the Federal Register of December 13, 1955, page 9313 (Federal Register document 55-10007; filed, December 12, 1955; 8:52 antemeridian), however excepting therefrom that portion of west one-half of section 26, township 12 south, range 10 east Fairbanks meridian lying east of the Richardson Highway, are hereby withdrawn from all forms of appropriation under the public land laws including the mining and mineral leasing laws and disposals of materials under the Act of July 31, 1947, as amended (61 Stat. 681; 30 U.S.C. 601-604), and reserved for the use of the Department of the Army as a testing and maneuver area for a period of ten years or, if extended by the Secretary of the Interior for a period of fifteen years, or for any shorter period as may be determined by the Secretary of the Army upon notice to the Secretary of the Interior.

(b) The Secretary of the Interior may, with the concurrence of the Secretary of the Army, authorize use or disposition of any of the lands or resources withdrawn and reserved by subsection (a) of this section.

(c) To the extent that the Secretary of the Army determines it to be consistent with military requirements and the public safety: (1) the lands withdrawn and reserved by this Act, or selected portions thereof, shall be open during legally established seasons for hunting, fishing, and trapping, and military operations affecting the same shall be suspended during such periods and (2) access across the lands, or selected portions thereof, shall be permitted to public hunting, fishing, and trapping areas.

(d) Upon request of the Secretary of the Interior at the time of the final termination of the reservation effected by this Act, the Department of the Army shall make safe for nonmilitary uses the land withdrawn and reserved, or such portions thereof as may be specified by the Secretary of the Interior, by neutralizing unexploded ammunition, bombs, artillery projectiles, or other explosive objects and chemical agents. Thereafter the Secretary of the Interior pursuant to law shall provide for the appropriate use or disposition of all or any part of the land withdrawn and reserved under provisions of this Act. Nothing in this subsection, however, shall be construed to prevent the Secretary of the Army at that time from making application for further withdrawal and reservation of all or part of said lands under laws and regulations then existing.

October 3, 1961

AN ACT

For the relief of Albany County, New York.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to pay, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to Albany County, New York, the sum of $6,688.99 in full settlement of its claims against the United States for reimbursement, in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Civil Defense Act of 1950, of one-half the cost to that county of leasing communications equipment, maintained for civil defense purposes in the event of emergencies, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1960: Provided, That no part of the amount appropriated in this Act shall be paid or delivered to or received by any agent or attorney on account of services rendered in connection with this claim, and the same shall be unlawful, any contract to the contrary notwithstanding. Any person violating the provisions of this Act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined in any sum not exceeding $1,000.


October 3, 1961

AN ACT

To amend section 5021 of title 18, United States Code.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 5021 of title 18, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“§ 5021. Certificate setting aside conviction

“(a) Upon the unconditional discharge by the division of a committed youth offender before the expiration of the maximum sentence imposed upon him, the conviction shall be automatically set aside and the division shall issue to the youth offender a certificate to that effect.

“(b) Where a youth offender has been placed on probation by the court, the court may thereafter, in its discretion, unconditionally discharge such youth offender from probation prior to the expiration of the maximum period of probation theretofore fixed by the court, which discharge shall automatically set aside the conviction, and the court shall issue to the youth offender a certificate to that effect.”


October 3, 1961

AN ACT

To waive section 142 of title 28, United States Code, with respect to the United States District Court for the Western District of Louisiana, Lafayette Division, holding court at Lafayette, Louisiana.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the limitations and restrictions contained in section 142 of title 28, United States Code, shall be waived with respect to the holding of court at Lafayette, Louisiana, by the United States District Court for the Western District of Louisiana.

Public Law 87-338

AN ACT
To amend section 35 of title 18, United States Code.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 35 of title 18, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"§ 35. Imparting or conveying false information

(a) Whoever imparts or conveys or causes to be imparted or conveyed false information, knowing the information to be false, concerning an attempt or alleged attempt being made or to be made, to do any act which would be a crime prohibited by this chapter or chapter 97 or chapter 111 of this title shall be fined not more than $1,000, or imprisoned not more than one year, or both.

(b) Whoever willfully and maliciously, or with reckless disregard for the safety of human life, imparts or conveys or causes to be imparted or conveyed false information, knowing the information to be false, concerning an attempt or alleged attempt being made or to be made, to do any act which would be a crime prohibited by this chapter or chapter 97 or chapter 111 of this title—shall be fined not more than $5,000, or imprisoned not more than five years, or both."


Public Law 87-339

AN ACT
To amend the Federal Employees' Compensation Act of 1960.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first proviso of section 104 of the Federal Employees' Compensation Act Amendments of 1960 (74 Stat. 906) is amended by adding immediately preceding the colon, the following: "except that this section shall apply to employees of the government of the District of Columbia other than members of the police and fire departments who are pensioned or pensionable under the provisions of the Policemen and Firemen's Retirement and Disability Act."

Sec. 2. This Act shall take effect October 1, 1960.


Public Law 87-340

AN ACT
To disclaim interest in certain rights in certain lands in the State of Nevada.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the United States hereby disclaims any interest in lands which it may have, prior to the date of approval of this Act, acquired by virtue of chapter 108 Stat., Nevada 1887, or by any revisions and reenactment thereof.

Public Law 87-341

To amend the Small Business Investment Act of 1958, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Small Business Investment Act Amendments of 1961".

Sec. 2. Section 103 of the Small Business Investment Act of 1958 is amended—

(1) by striking out paragraph (3) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(3) the terms 'small business investment company', 'company', and 'licensee' mean a company approved by the Administration to operate under the provisions of this Act and issued a license as provided in section 301(c);"; and

(2) by striking out "and" at the end of paragraph (5), by striking out the period at the end of paragraph (6) and inserting in lieu thereof "; and", and by adding after paragraph (6) the following new paragraph:

"(7) the term 'license' means a license issued by the Administration as provided in section 301(c)."

Sec. 3. (a) Section 302(a) of the Small Business Investment Act of 1958 is amended by striking out the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "In order to facilitate the formation and growth of small business investment companies, the Administration is hereby authorized, notwithstanding any other provisions of law (but only to the extent that the necessary funds are not available to the company involved from private sources on reasonable terms), to purchase the debentures of any such company in an amount not to exceed the lesser of $400,000 or the amount of the paid-in capital and surplus of the company from other sources; but debentures of a small business investment company may be purchased by the Administration under this subsection only during such period (in no case ending more than three years after the date of the issuance of its license under section 301(c) or the date of the enactment of the Small Business Investment Act Amendments of 1961, whichever is later) as may be fixed by the Administration."

(b) Section 302(b) of such Act is amended by striking out "1 percent of its capital and surplus" and inserting in lieu thereof "2 percent of its capital and surplus."

(b) The second sentence of section 303(b) of such Act is amended to read as follows: "The total amount of obligations of any one company which may be purchased and outstanding at any one time by the Administration under this subsection (including commitments to purchase such obligations) shall not exceed 50 percent of the paid-in capital and surplus of such company or $4,000,000, whichever is less."

(c) Section 303(b) of such Act is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "All loans made by the Administration under this subsection shall be of such sound value as reasonably to assure repayment."

Sec. 5. Section 304 of the Small Business Investment Act of 1958 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(d) Equity capital provided to incorporated small business concerns under this section may be provided directly or in cooperation..."
with other investors, incorporated or unincorporated, through agreements to participate on an immediate basis.”

SEC. 6. Section 305(b) of the Small Business Investment Act of 1958 is amended by striking out “other lending institutions” and inserting in lieu thereof “other lenders, incorporated or unincorporated.”

SEC. 7. (a) Section 306 of the Small Business Investment Act of 1958 is amended by striking out the matter following “exceed” and inserting in lieu thereof the following: “(1) 20 per centum of the combined capital and surplus of such small business investment company authorized by this Act, or (2) $500,000, whichever is the lesser.”

(b) The amendment made by subsection (a) shall apply only with respect to obligations and securities acquired by a small business investment company on or after the date of the enactment of this Act; except that such amendment shall not apply with respect to any obligations or securities so acquired pursuant to a commitment issued before such date.

SEC. 8. Section 308(a) of the Small Business Investment Act of 1958 is amended to read as follows:

“(a) Wherever practicable the operations of a small business investment company, including the generation of business, may be undertaken in cooperation with banks or other investors or lenders, incorporated or unincorporated, and any servicing or initial investigation required for loans or acquisitions of securities by the company under the provisions of this Act may be handled through such banks or other investors or lenders on a fee basis. Any small business investment company may receive fees for services rendered to such banks and other investors and lenders.”

SEC. 9. Title III of the Small Business Investment Act of 1958 is amended by adding after section 308 the following new sections:

SUSPENSION OF LICENSES; CEASE AND DESIST ORDERS

“SEC. 309. (a) A license may be suspended by the Administration—

“(1) for false statements knowingly made in any written statement required under this title, or under any regulation issued under this title by the Administration, for the purpose of obtaining the license;

“(2) if any written statement required under this title, or under any regulation issued under this title by the Administrator, for the purpose of obtaining the license, fails to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statement not misleading in the light of the circumstances under which the statement was made;

“(3) for willful or repeated violation of, or willful or repeated failure to observe, any provision of this Act;

“(4) for willful or repeated violation of, or willful or repeated failure to observe, any rule or regulation of the Administration authorized by this Act; or

“(5) for violation of, or failure to observe, any cease and desist order issued by the Administration under this section.

(b) Where a licensee has not complied with any provision of this Act, or of any regulation issued under this Act by the Administration, the Administration may order such licensee to cease and desist from such action or failure to act; and the Administration may further order such licensee to take such action or to refrain from such action as the Administration deems necessary to ensure compliance with the Act and the regulations. The Administration may also suspend
the license of such licensee until the licensee has complied with such order.

“(c) Before suspending a license pursuant to subsection (a), or issuing a cease and desist order pursuant to subsection (b), the Administration shall serve upon the licensee involved an order to show cause why an order suspending the license or a cease and desist order should not be issued. Any such order to show cause shall contain a statement of the matters of fact and law asserted by the Administration and the legal authority and jurisdiction under which a hearing is to be held, and shall inform the licensee that a hearing will be held before the Administration at a time and place stated in the order. If after hearing, or a waiver thereof, the Administration determines on the record that an order suspending the license or a cease and desist order should issue, it shall promptly issue such order, which shall include a statement of the findings of the Administration and the grounds and reasons therefor and specify the effective date of the order, and shall cause the order to be served on the licensee.

“(d) The Administration may require by subpena the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of all books, papers, and documents relating to the hearing from any place in the United States. Witnesses summoned before the Administration shall be paid by the party at whose instance they were called the same fees and mileage that are paid witnesses in the courts of the United States. In case of disobedience to a subpena, the Administration, or any party to a proceeding before the Administration, may invoke the aid of any court of the United States in requiring the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of books, papers, and documents.

“(e) An order issued by the Administration under this section shall be final and conclusive unless within thirty days after the service thereof the licensee appeals to the United States court of appeals for the circuit in which such licensee has its principal place of business by filing with the clerk of such court a petition praying that the Administration's order be set aside or modified in the manner stated in the petition. After the expiration of such thirty days, a petition may be filed only by leave of court on a showing of reasonable grounds for failure to file the petition theretofore. The clerk of the court shall immediately cause a copy of the petition to be delivered to the Administration, and the Administration shall thereupon certify and file in the court a transcript of the record upon which the order complained of was entered. If before such record is filed the Administration amends or sets aside its order, in whole or in part, the petitioner may amend the petition within such time as the court may determine, on notice to the Administration. The filing of a petition for review shall not of itself stay or suspend the operation of the order of the Administration, but the court of appeals in its discretion may restrain or suspend, in whole or in part, the operation of the order pending the final hearing and determination of the petition. The proceedings in such cases in the court of appeals shall be made a preferred cause and shall be expedited in every way. The court may affirm, modify, or set aside the order of the Administration. If the court determines that the just and proper disposition of the case requires the taking of additional evidence, the court shall order the Administration to reopen the hearing for the taking of such evidence, in such manner and upon such terms and conditions as the court may deem proper. The Administration may modify its findings as to the facts, or make new findings, by reason of the additional evidence so taken, and it shall file its modified or new findings and the amendments, if any, of its order, with the record of such additional evidence. No objection to an order of the Administration shall be con-
sidered by the court unless such objection was urged before the Administration or, if it was not so urged, unless there were reasonable grounds for failure to do so. The judgment and decree of the court affirming, modifying, or setting aside any such order of the Administration shall be subject only to review by the Supreme Court of the United States upon certification or certiorari as provided in section 1254 of title 28, United States Code.

"(f) If any licensee against which an order is issued under this section fails to obey the order, the Administration may apply to the United States court of appeals, within the circuit where the licensee has its principal place of business, for the enforcement of the order, and shall file a transcript of the record upon which the order complained of was entered. Upon the filing of the application the court shall cause notice thereof to be served on the licensee. The evidence to be considered, the procedure to be followed, and the jurisdiction of the court shall be the same as is provided in subsection (e) for applications to set aside or modify orders. The proceedings in such cases shall be made a preferred cause and shall be expedited in every way.

"INVESTIGATIONS"

"Sec. 310. The Administration may make such investigations as it deems necessary to determine whether a licensee or any other person has engaged or is about to engage in any acts or practices which constitute or will constitute a violation of any provision of this Act, or of any rule or regulation under this Act, or of any order issued under this Act. The Administration shall permit any person to file with it a statement in writing, under oath or otherwise as the Administration shall determine, as to all the facts and circumstances concerning the matter to be investigated. For the purpose of any investigation, the Administration is empowered to administer oaths and affirmations, subpena witnesses, compel their attendance, take evidence, and require the production of any books, papers, and documents which are relevant to the inquiry. Such attendance of witnesses and the production of any such records may be required from any place in the United States. In case of contumacy by, or refusal to obey a subpena issued to, any person, including a licensee, the Administration may invoke the aid of any court of the United States, or of any court of any place subject to the jurisdiction of the United States, for an order requiring such person to appear before the Administration, there to produce records, if so ordered, or to give testimony touching the matter under investigation. Any failure to obey such order of the court may be punished by such court as a contempt thereof. All process in any such case may be served in the judicial district whereof such person is an inhabitant or wherever he may be found.

"INJUNCTIONS AND OTHER ORDERS"

"Sec. 311. (a) Whenever, in the judgment of the Administration, a licensee or any other person has engaged or is about to engage in any acts or practices which constitute or will constitute a violation of any provision of this Act, or of any rule or regulation under this Act, or of any order issued under this Act, the Administration may make application to the proper district court of the United States or a United States court of any place subject to the jurisdiction of the United States for an order enjoining such acts or practices, or for an order enforcing compliance with such provision, rule, regulation, or
order, and such courts shall have jurisdiction of such actions and,
upon a showing by the Administration that such licensee or other
person has engaged or is about to engage in any such acts or practices,
a permanent or temporary injunction, restraining order, or other
order, shall be granted without bond. The proceedings in such a case
shall be made a preferred cause and shall be expedited in every way.

"(b) In any such proceeding the court as a court of equity may,
to such extent as it deems necessary, take exclusive jurisdiction of
the licensee or licensees and the assets thereof, wherever located; and
the court shall have jurisdiction in any such proceeding to appoint a
trustee or receiver to hold or administer under the direction of the
court the assets so possessed."

SEC. 10. Section 502 of the Small Business Investment Act of 1958
is amended—

(1) by striking out "$250,000" in paragraph (3) and inserting
in lieu thereof "$350,000"; and

(2) by striking out "ten" where it first appears in paragraph
(5) and inserting in lieu thereof "twenty-five".

SEC. 11. (a) Section 301(a) of the Small Business Investment Act
of 1958 is amended to read as follows:

"(a) A small business investment company shall be an incorporated
body, organized and chartered under State law solely for the purpose
of performing the functions and conducting the activities contem-
plated under this title, which has succession for a period of not less
than thirty years unless sooner dissolved by its shareholders and
possesses the powers reasonably necessary to perform such functions
and conduct such activities. The area in which the company is to
conduct its operations, and the establishment of branch offices or
agencies (if authorized by the articles of incorporation), shall be
subject to the approval of the Administration."

(b)(1) The second sentence of section 301(c) of such Act is
amended by striking out "In determining whether to approve the
establishment of such a company and its proposed articles of incorpora-
tion" and inserting in lieu thereof "In determining whether to approve
such a company’s articles of incorporation and permit it to operate
under the provisions of this Act”.

(2) The last sentence of section 301 (c) of such Act is amended to
read as follows: “After consideration of all relevant factors, if it
approves the company’s articles of incorporation, the Administration
may in its discretion approve the company to operate under the provi-
sions of this Act and issue the company a license for such operation”.

(3) Section 301 of such Act is further amended by striking out
subsections (d) and (e).

(c) The second sentence of section 308(b) of such Act is amended
by striking out “organized under this Act” and inserting in lieu thereof
“operating under the provisions of this Act”.

(d) Section 308 of such Act is amended by striking out subsections
(e) and (f) and redesignating subsection (g) as subsection (e), and
by striking out "organized under this Act" in the subsection so redesig-
nated and inserting in lieu thereof “operating under the provisions
of this Act”.

(e) Section 309 of such Act (relating to approval of State chartered
companies for operations under this Act) is repealed.

(f) Title IV of such Act is repealed.

(g) (1) The table of contents of such Act is amended by striking
out:

"Sec. 309. Approving State chartered companies for operations under this Act."
and inserting in lieu thereof
"Sec. 309. Suspension of licenses; cease and desist orders.
"Sec. 310. Investigations.
"Sec. 311. Injunctions and other orders."

(2) The table of contents of such Act is further amended by striking out

"TITLE IV—CONVERSION OF STATE CHARTERED INVESTMENT COMPANIES AND STATE
DEVELOPMENT COMPANIES".

(h) (1) Section 202 of such Act is amended by striking out "(a)" where it appears immediately after "Sec. 202.", and by striking out subsection (b).

(2) Section 20 of the Small Business Act is amended by inserting before the period at the end thereof the following: "other than those for which appropriations to the revolving fund are authorized by section 4(c)".

(3) So much of the first sentence of section 4(c) of the Small Business Act (as amended by section 3 of the Small Business Act Amendments of 1961) as precedes "not to exceed" is amended to read as follows: "The Administration is authorized to obtain money from the Treasury of the United States for use in the exercise of its functions under sections 7(a), 7(b), and 8(a) and under the Small Business Investment Act of 1958 (including the payment of administrative expenses in connection with such functions)."

(4) Section 4(c) of such Act (as so amended) is further amended by striking out the fourth sentence.

SEC. 12. Section 4(c) of the Small Business Act (as amended by section 3 of the Small Business Act Amendments of 1961) is further amended—

(1) by striking out "$1,125,000,000" each place it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "$1,200,000,000"; and

(2) by striking out "$250,000,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "$325,000,000".


Public Law 87-342

AN ACT
To strengthen the Federal Firearms Act.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 1 of the Federal Firearms Act, as amended (52 Stat. 1250; 15 U.S.C. 901-909), is further amended by repealing paragraph (6), by deleting the words "crime of violence" in paragraph (7) and inserting in lieu thereof the words "crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year", and by renumbering paragraphs (7) and (8) as paragraphs (6) and (7).

SEC. 2. Section 2 of such Act is amended by deleting the words "crime of violence" in subsections (d), (e), and (f) and inserting in lieu thereof the words "crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year".

AN ACT  
To amend further the Federal Farm Loan Act and the Farm Credit Act of 1933, as amended, and for other purposes.  

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) section 12 of the Federal Farm Loan Act, as amended (12 U.S.C. 771), is amended—  

(1) by substituting "a fixed number of one or more installments each year" for "a fixed number of annual or semiannual installments" in paragraph "Second" thereof; and  

(2) by substituting in the fourth sentence of paragraph "Sixth" thereof the following for all that comes after "but no such loan shall be made to a corporation": "unless the principal part of its income is derived from farming operations and unless owners of stock in the corporation assume personal liability for the loan to the extent required under rules and regulations prescribed by the Farm Credit Administration.".  

(b) Section 202(c) of the Federal Farm Loan Act, as amended (12 U.S.C., supp. II, sec. 1033), is amended by changing the word "five" to the word "seven".  

SEC. 2. The Farm Credit Act of 1933, as amended, is amended—  

(1) by adding the following subsection to section 5 thereof (12 U.S.C. 1131i):  

"(f) The revolving funds created by subsections (a) and (e) of this section are hereby combined into a single revolving fund which shall be available for all purposes for which both such funds were heretofore available, and reference in any provision of law to the revolving fund created by said subsection (a) or said subsection (e) shall be deemed a reference to the single revolving fund created by this subsection.";  

(2) by changing section 22(a) thereof (12 U.S.C. 1131f(a)) to read:  

"(a) Each production credit association shall, at the end of each fiscal year, apply the amount of its earnings for such year in excess of operating expenses (including provision for valuation reserves against loan assets in an amount equal to one-half of 1 per centum of loans outstanding at the end of the fiscal year, to the extent that earnings for the year in excess of other operating expenses permit, until such reserves equal or exceed 3 1/2 per centum of loans outstanding at the end of the fiscal year beyond which 3 1/2 per centum further additions to such reserves are not required but may be made), first, to the restoration of the impairment, if any, of capital; and, second, to the establishment and maintenance of a surplus account, the minimum amount of which shall be prescribed by the Federal intermediate credit bank."; and  

(3) by adding the following subsection to section 36 thereof (12 U.S.C. 11341):  

"(d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, in the case of liquidation or dissolution of any present or former borrower from a bank for cooperatives, the bank, may, in accordance with rules and regulations prescribed by the Farm Credit Administration, retire and cancel any capital stock or allocated surplus and contingency reserves or other equity interest, in the bank owned by such borrower at the fair book value thereof, not exceeding par, and, to the extent required, corresponding shares and allocations or other equity interests held by the regional bank in the central bank shall be retired.".  

Public Law 87-344

AN ACT

To extend for two additional years the expired provisions of Public Laws 815 and 874, Eighty-first Congress, and the National Defense Education Act of 1958, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled:

TITLE I—EXTENSION OF PUBLIC LAWS 815 AND 874, EIGHTY-FIRST CONGRESS

AMENDMENTS TO PUBLIC LAW 815

Sec. 101. (a) The first sentence of section 3 of the Act of September 23, 1950, as amended (20 U.S.C. 633), is amended by striking out “1961” and inserting in lieu thereof “1963”.

(b) Subsection (b) of section 14 of such Act is amended (1) by striking out “1961” each time it appears therein and inserting in lieu thereof “1963”, and (2) by striking out “$40,000,000” and inserting in lieu thereof “$60,000,000”.

(c) Paragraph (15) of section 15 of such Act is amended by striking out “1958–1959” and inserting in lieu thereof “1960–1961”.

AMENDMENTS TO PUBLIC LAW 874

Sec. 102. (a) The Act of September 30, 1950, as amended (20 U.S.C. 236–244), is amended by striking out “1961” each place where it appears in sections 2(a), 3(h), and 4(a) and inserting “1963” in lieu thereof in each such place.

EFFECTIVE DATE

Sec. 103. The amendments made by this title shall be effective for the period beginning July 1, 1961.

TITLE II—EXTENSION OF NATIONAL DEFENSE EDUCATION ACT OF 1958

AMENDMENTS TO TITLE II (LOANS TO STUDENTS IN INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION)

Sec. 201. (a) Section 201 of the National Defense Education Act of 1958 is amended by striking out “for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1962, and such sums for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1963, and each of the three succeeding fiscal years as may be necessary to enable students who have received a loan for any school year ending prior to July 1, 1962” and inserting in lieu thereof the following: “each for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1962, and for the two succeeding fiscal years, and such sums for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1963, and each of the three succeeding fiscal years as may be necessary to enable students who have received a loan for any school year ending prior to July 1, 1964”.

(b) Section 202 of such Act is amended by striking out “1962” each place where it appears therein and inserting in lieu thereof “1964”.

(c) Section 206 of such Act is amended by striking out “1966” each place where it appears therein and inserting in lieu thereof “1968”.

EFFECTIVE DATE

Sec. 103. The amendments made by this title shall be effective for the period beginning July 1, 1961.
AMENDMENTS TO TITLE III (FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR STRENGTHENING
SCIENCE, MATHEMATICS, AND MODERN FOREIGN LANGUAGE INSTRUCTION)

Sec. 202. (a) Section 301 of the National Defense Education Act of 1958 is amended by striking out "three succeeding fiscal years" both places where it appears therein and inserting in lieu thereof "five succeeding fiscal years".

(b) The last sentence of section 302(a) (2) of such Act is amended by striking out "two fiscal years in the period beginning July 1, 1960, and ending June 30, 1962" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "four fiscal years in the period beginning July 1, 1960, and ending June 30, 1964".

(c) The second sentence of section 304(b) of such Act is amended by striking out "two succeeding fiscal years" and inserting in lieu thereof "four succeeding fiscal years".

AMENDMENT TO TITLE IV (NATIONAL DEFENSE FELLOWSHIPS)

Sec. 203. Section 402 of the National Defense Education Act of 1958 is amended by striking out "three succeeding fiscal years" and inserting in lieu thereof "five succeeding fiscal years".

AMENDMENTS TO TITLE V (GUIDANCE, COUNSELING, AND TESTING; IDENTIFICATION AND ENCOURAGEMENT OF ABLE STUDENTS)

Sec. 204. (a) Section 501 of the National Defense Education Act of 1958 is amended by striking out "three succeeding fiscal years" and inserting in lieu thereof "five succeeding fiscal years".

(b) The second sentence of section 504 (a) of such Act is amended by striking out "two succeeding fiscal years" and inserting in lieu thereof "four succeeding fiscal years".

(c) The first sentence of section 504(b) of such Act is amended by striking out "three succeeding fiscal years" and inserting in lieu thereof "five succeeding fiscal years".

(d) The first sentence of section 511 of such Act is amended by striking out "three succeeding fiscal years" and inserting in lieu thereof "five succeeding fiscal years".

AMENDMENTS TO TITLE VI (LANGUAGE DEVELOPMENT)

Sec. 205. (a) Section 601 of the National Defense Education Act of 1958 is amended by striking out "1962" both places where it appears therein and inserting in lieu thereof "1964".

(b) Section 611 of such Act is amended by striking out "three succeeding fiscal years" and inserting in lieu thereof "five succeeding fiscal years".

AMENDMENT TO TITLE VII (RESEARCH AND EXPERIMENTATION IN MORE EFFECTIVE UTILIZATION OF EDUCATIONAL MEDIA)

Sec. 206. Section 763 of the National Defense Education Act of 1958 is amended by striking out "three succeeding fiscal years" and inserting in lieu thereof "five succeeding fiscal years".

AMENDMENT TO TITLE VIII (AREA VOCATIONAL EDUCATION PROGRAMS)

Sec. 207. Section 301 of the Vocational Education Act of 1946 is amended by striking out "three succeeding fiscal years" and inserting in lieu thereof "five succeeding fiscal years".
AN ACT

To amend title V of the Agricultural Act of 1949, as amended, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 502(2) of the Agricultural Act of 1949, as amended, is amended to read as follows:

"(2) to reimburse the United States for essential expenses incurred by it under this title, except salaries and expenses of personnel engaged in compliance activities, in amounts not to exceed $15 per worker; and."

Sec. 2. Clause (3) of section 503 of such Act is amended to read as follows: "(3) reasonable efforts have been made to attract domestic workers for such employment at wages, standard hours of work, and working conditions comparable to those offered to foreign workers."

Sec. 3. Sections 504 through 509 of such Act are renumbered sections "505" through "510" respectively; the reference to "section 507" in section 508, renumbered as section "509", is changed to section "508"; and the following new section "504" is inserted after section 503:

"Sec. 504. No workers recruited under this title shall be made available to any employer or permitted to remain in the employ of any employer—"

"(1) for employment in other than temporary or seasonal occupations, except in specific cases when found by the Secretary of Labor necessary to avoid undue hardship; or

"(2) for employment to operate or maintain power-driven self-propelled harvesting, planting, or cultivating machinery, except in specific cases when found by the Secretary of Labor necessary for a temporary period to avoid undue hardship."

Sec. 4. Section 505 of such Act, as amended, renumbered as section "506", is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"(d) Workers recruited under the provisions of this title shall not be subject to any Federal or State tax levied to provide illus or disability benefits for them."

Sec. 5. Paragraph (1) of section 507 of such Act, renumbered as section "508", is amended by changing the comma after the words "Internal Revenue Code, as amended" to a period and deleting the remainder of the paragraph.

Sec. 6. Section 509 of such Act, as amended, renumbered as section "510", is amended by striking "December 31, 1961" and inserting "December 31, 1963."


AMENDMENT TO SECTION 1009 (IMPROVEMENT OF STATISTICAL SERVICES)

Sec. 208. Section 1009(a) of the National Defense Education Act of 1958 is amended by striking out "three succeeding fiscal years" and inserting in lieu thereof "five succeeding fiscal years."

Public Law 87-346

AN ACT

To amend the Shipping Act, 1916, as amended, to authorize ocean common carriers and conferences thereof serving the foreign commerce of the United States to enter into effective and fair dual rate contracts with shippers and consignees, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Shipping Act, 1916, is amended by adding after section 14a a new section to read as follows:

"SEC. 14b. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, on application the Federal Maritime Commission (hereinafter 'Commission'), shall, after notice, and hearing, by order, permit the use by any common carrier or conference of such carriers in foreign commerce of any contract, amendment, or modification thereof, which is available to all shippers and consignees on equal terms and conditions, which provides lower rates to a shipper or consignee who agrees to give all or any fixed portion of his patronage to such carrier or conference of carriers unless the Commission finds that the contract, amendment, or modification thereof will be detrimental to the commerce of the United States or contrary to the public interest, or unjustly discriminatory or unfair as between shippers, exporters, importers, or ports, or between exporters from the United States and their foreign competitors, and provided the contract, amendment, or modification thereof, expressly (1) permits prompt release of the contract shipper from the contract with respect to any shipment or shipments for which the contracting carrier or conference of carriers cannot provide as much space as the contract shipper shall require on reasonable notice; (2) provides that whenever a tariff rate for the carriage of goods under the contract becomes effective, insofar as it is under the control of the carrier or conference of carriers, it shall not be increased before a reasonable period, but in no case less than ninety days; (3) covers only those goods of the contract shipper as to the shipment of which he has the legal right at the time of shipment to select the carrier: Provided, however, That it shall be deemed a breach of the contract if, before the time of shipment and with the intent to avoid his obligation under the contract, the contract shipper divests himself, or with the same intent permits himself to be divested, of the legal right to select the carrier and the shipment is carried by a carrier which is not a party to the contract; (4) does not require the contract shipper to divert shipment of goods from natural routings not served by the carrier or conference of carriers where direct carriage is available; (5) limits damages recoverable for breach by either party to actual damages to be determined after breach in accordance with the principles of contract law: Provided, however, That the contract may specify that in the case of a breach by a contract shipper the damages may be an amount not exceeding the freight charges computed at the contract rate on the particular shipment, less the cost of handling; (6) permits the contract shipper to terminate at any time without penalty upon ninety days' notice; (7) provides for a spread between ordinary rates and rates charged contract shippers which the Commission finds to be reasonable in all the circumstances but which spread shall in no event be more than 15 per centum of the ordinary rates; (8) excludes cargo of the contract shippers which is loaded and carried in bulk without mark or count except liquid bulk cargoes, other than chemicals, in less than full shipload lots: Provided, however, That upon finding that economic factors so warrant, the Commission may exclude from the contract any commodity subject to the
foregoing exception; and (9) contains such other provisions not inconsistent herewith as the Commission shall require or permit. The Commission shall withdraw permission which it has granted under the authority contained in this section for the use of any contract if it finds, after notice and hearing, that the use of such contract is detrimental to the commerce of the United States or contrary to the public interest, or is unjustly discriminatory or unfair as between shippers, exporters, importers, or ports, or between exporters from the United States and their foreign competitors. The carrier or conference of carriers may on ninety days' notice terminate without penalty the contract rate system herein authorized, in whole or with respect to any commodity: Provided, however, That after such termination the carrier or conference of carriers may not reinstitute such contract rate system or part thereof so terminated without prior permission by the Commission in accordance with the provisions of this section. Any contract, amendment, or modification of any contract not permitted by the Commission shall be unlawful, and contracts, amendments, and modifications shall be lawful only when and as long as permitted by the Commission: before permission is granted or after permission is withdrawn it shall be unlawful to carry out in whole or in part, directly or indirectly, any such contract, amendment, or modification. As used in this section, the term ‘contract shipper’ means a person other than a carrier or conference of carriers who is a party to a contract the use of which may be permitted under this section.”

Sec. 2. Section 15, Shipping Act, 1916, is amended to read as follows:

“Sec. 15. That every common carrier by water, or other person subject to this Act, shall file immediately with the Commission a true copy, or, if oral, a true and complete memorandum, of every agreement with another such carrier or other person subject to this Act, or modification or cancellation thereof, to which it may be a party or conform in whole or in part, fixing or regulating transportation rates or fares; giving or receiving special rates, accommodations, or other special privileges or advantages; controlling, regulating, preventing, or destroying competition; pooling or apportioning earnings, losses, or traffic; allotting ports or restricting or otherwise regulating the number and character of sailings between ports; limiting or regulating in any way the volume or character of freight or passenger traffic to be carried; or in any manner providing for an exclusive, preferential, or cooperative working arrangement. The term ‘agreement’ in this section includes understandings, conferences, and other arrangements.

“The Commission shall by order, after notice and hearing, disapprove, cancel or modify any agreement, or any modification or cancellation thereof, whether or not previously approved by it, that it finds to be unjustly discriminatory or unfair as between carriers, shippers, exporters, importers, or ports, or between exporters from the United States and their foreign competitors, or to operate to the detriment of the commerce of the United States, or to be contrary to the public interest, or to be in violation of this Act, and shall approve all other agreements, modifications, or cancellations. No such agreement shall be approved, nor shall continued approval be permitted for any agreement (1) between carriers not members of the same conference or conferences of carriers serving different trades that would otherwise be naturally competitive, unless in the case of agreements between carriers, each carrier, or in the case of agreements between conferences, each conference, retains the right of independent action, or (2) in respect to any conference agreement, which fails to provide reasonable and equal terms and conditions for admission and readmission to con-
ference membership of other qualified carriers in the trade, or fails to provide that any member may withdraw from membership upon reasonable notice without penalty for such withdrawal.

"The Commission shall disapprove any such agreement, after notice and hearing, on a finding of inadequate policing of the obligations under it, or of failure or refusal to adopt and maintain reasonable procedures for promptly and fairly hearing and considering shippers' requests and complaints.

"Any agreement and any modification or cancellation of any agreement not approved, or disapproved, by the Commission shall be unlawful, and agreements, modifications, and cancellations shall be lawful only when and as long as approved by the Commission; before approval or after disapproval it shall be unlawful to carry out in whole or in part, directly or indirectly, any such agreement, modification, or cancellation; except that tariff rates, fares, and charges, and classifications, rules, and regulations explanatory thereof (including changes in special rates and charges covered by section 14b of this Act which do not involve a change in the spread between such rates and charges and the rates and charges applicable to noncontract shippers) agreed upon by approved conferences, and changes and amendments thereto, if otherwise in accordance with law, shall be permitted to take effect without prior approval upon compliance with the publication and filing requirements of section 18(b) hereof and with the provisions of any regulations the Commission may adopt.

"Every agreement, modification, or cancellation lawful under this section, or permitted under section 14b, shall be excepted from the provisions of the Act approved July 2, 1890, entitled 'An Act to protect trade and commerce against unlawful restraints and monopolies', and amendments and Acts supplementary thereto, and the provisions of sections 73 to 77, both inclusive, of the Act approved August 27, 1894, entitled 'An Act to reduce taxation, to provide revenue for the Government, and for other purposes', and amendments and Acts supplementary thereto.

"Whoever violates any provision of this section or of section 14b shall be liable to a penalty of not more than $1,000 for each day such violation continues, to be recovered by the United States in a civil action."

Sec. 3. Notwithstanding the provisions of sections 14, 14b, and 15, Shipping Act, 1916, as amended by this Act, all existing agreements which are lawful under the Shipping Act, 1916, immediately prior to enactment of this Act, shall remain lawful unless disapproved, canceled, or modified by the Commission pursuant to the provisions of the Shipping Act, 1916, as amended by this Act: Provided, however, That all such existing agreements which are rendered unlawful by the provisions of such Act as hereby amended must be amended to comply with the provisions of such Act as hereby amended, and if such amendments are filed for approval within six months after the enactment of this Act, such agreements so amended shall be lawful for a further period of not to exceed one year after such filing. Within such year the Commission shall approve, disapprove, cancel or modify all such agreements and amendments in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

Sec. 4. Section 18, Shipping Act, 1916, is hereby amended as follows:

(a) Insert "(a)" immediately after the section number "18".

(b) Add the following subsection 18(b):

"(b) (1) From and after ninety days following enactment hereof every common carrier by water in foreign commerce and every conference of such carriers shall file with the Commission and keep open
to public inspection tariffs showing all the rates and charges of such carrier or conference of carriers for transportation to and from United States ports and foreign ports between all points on its own route and on any through route which has been established. Such tariffs shall plainly show the places between which freight will be carried, and shall contain the classification of freight in force, and shall also state separately such terminal or other charge, privilege, or facility under the control of the carrier or conference of carriers which is granted or allowed, and any rules or regulations which in anywise change, affect, or determine any part or the aggregate of such aforesaid rates, or charges, and shall include specimens of any bill of lading, contract of affreightment, or other document evidencing the transportation agreement. Copies of such tariffs shall be made available to any person and a reasonable charge may be made therefor. The requirements of this section shall not be applicable to cargo loaded and carried in bulk without mark or count.

"(2) No change shall be made in rates, charges, classifications, rules or regulations, which results in an increase in cost to the shipper, nor shall any new or initial rate of any common carrier by water in foreign commerce or conference of such carriers be instituted, except by the publication, and filing, as aforesaid, of a new tariff or tariffs which shall become effective not earlier than thirty days after the date of publication and filing thereof with the Commission, and each such tariff or tariffs shall plainly show the changes proposed to be made in the tariff or tariffs then in force and the time when the rates, charges, classifications, rules or regulations as changed are to become effective: Provided, however, That the Commission may, in its discretion and for good cause, allow such changes and such new or initial rates to become effective upon less than the period of thirty days herein specified. Any change in the rates, charges, or classifications, rules or regulations which results in a decreased cost to the shipper may become effective upon the publication and filing with the Commission. The term “tariff” as used in this paragraph shall include any amendment, supplement or reissue.

"(3) No common carrier by water in foreign commerce or conference of such carriers shall charge or demand or collect or receive a greater or less or different compensation for the transportation of property or for any service in connection therewith than the rates and charges which are specified in its tariffs on file with the Commission and duly published and in effect at the time; nor shall any such carrier rebate, refund, or remit in any manner or by any device any portion of the rates or charges so specified, nor extend or deny to any person any privilege or facility, except in accordance with such tariffs.

"(4) The Commission shall by regulations prescribe the form and manner in which the tariffs required by this section shall be published and filed; and the Commission is authorized to reject any tariff filed with it which is not in conformity with this section and with such regulations. Upon rejection by the Commission, a tariff shall be void and its use unlawful.

"(5) The Commission shall disapprove any rate or charge filed by a common carrier by water in the foreign commerce of the United States or conference of carriers which, after hearing, it finds to be so unreasonably high or low as to be detrimental to the commerce of the United States.

"(6) Whoever violates any provision of this section shall be liable to a penalty of not more than $1,000 for each day such violation continues, to be recovered by the United States in a civil action."

Sec. 5. Section 20, Shipping Act, 1916, is amended by changing the period at the end thereof to a semicolon and adding the following: “or
to prevent any common carrier by water which is a party to a conference agreement approved pursuant to section 15 of this Act, or any other person subject to this Act, or any receiver, trustee, lessee, agent, or employee of such carrier or person, or any other person authorized by such carrier to receive information, from giving information to the conference or any person, firm, corporation, or agency designated by the conference, or to prevent the conference or its designee from soliciting or receiving information for the purpose of determining whether a shipper or consignee has breached an agreement with the conference or its member lines or of determining whether a member of the conference has breached the conference agreement, or for the purpose of compiling statistics of cargo movement, but the use of such information for any other purpose prohibited by this Act or any other Act shall be unlawful."

Sec. 6. Section 16 First, Shipping Act, 1916 (39 Stat. 734; 46 U.S.C. 815), is hereby amended by deleting the period at the end thereof and adding the following: "Provided, That within thirty days after enactment of this Act, or within thirty days after the effective date or the filing with the Commission, whichever is later, of any conference freight rate, rule, or regulation in the foreign commerce of the United States, the Governor of any State, Commonwealth, or possession of the United States may file a protest with the Commission upon the ground that the rate, rule, or regulation unjustly discriminates against that State, Commonwealth, or possession of the United States, in which case the Commission shall issue an order to the conference to show cause why the rate, rule, or regulation should not be set aside. Within one hundred and eighty days from the date of the issuance of such order, the Commission shall determine whether or not such rate, rule, or regulation is unjustly discriminatory and issue a final order either dismissing the protest, or setting aside the rate, rule, or regulation."

Sec. 7. The Shipping Act, 1916, is hereby amended by inserting a new section 43 reading as follows:

"Sec. 43. The Commission shall make such rules and regulations as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act."


Public Law 87-347

AN ACT

To stabilize the mining of lead and zinc by small domestic producers on public, Indian, and other lands, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized and directed to establish and maintain a program of stabilization payments to small domestic producers of lead and zinc ores and concentrates in order to stabilize the mining of lead and zinc by small domestic producers on public, Indian, and other lands as provided in this Act.

Sec. 2. (a) Subject to the limitations of this Act, the Secretary shall make stabilization payments to small domestic producers upon presentation of evidence satisfactory to him of their status as such producers and of the sale by them of newly mined ores, or concentrates produced therefrom, as provided in this Act. Payments shall be made only with respect to the metal content as determined by assay.

(b) Such payments shall be made to small domestic producers of lead as long as the market price for common lead at New York, New
York, as determined by the Secretary, is below 14\(\frac{1}{2}\) cents per pound, and such payments shall be 75 per centum of the difference between 14\(\frac{1}{2}\) cents per pound and the average market price for the month in which the sale occurred as determined by the Secretary.

(c) Such payments shall be made to small domestic producers of zinc as long as the market price for prime western zinc at East Saint Louis, Illinois, as determined by the Secretary, is below 14\(\frac{1}{2}\) cents per pound, and such payments shall be 55 per centum of the difference between 14\(\frac{1}{2}\) cents per pound and the average market price for the month in which the sale occurred as determined by the Secretary.

(d) The maximum amount of payments which may be made pursuant to this Act on account of sales of newly mined ores or concentrates produced therefrom made during the calendar year 1962 shall not exceed $4,500,000; the maximum amount of such payments which may be made on account of such sales made during the calendar year 1963 shall not exceed $4,500,000; the maximum amount of such payments which may be made on account of such sales made during the calendar year 1964 shall not exceed $4,000,000; and the maximum amount of such payments which may be made on account of such sales made during the calendar year 1965 shall not exceed $3,500,000.

Sec. 3. (a) Subject to the provisions of subsection (b) and subsection (c) of this section, no stabilization payments under this Act shall be made to any small domestic producer on sales, or further processing in lieu of sales, in the twelve-month period ending December 31, 1962, in excess of one thousand five hundred tons of zinc and one thousand five hundred tons of lead; or in the twelve-month period ending December 31, 1963, in excess of one thousand two hundred tons of zinc and one thousand two hundred tons of lead; or in the twelve-month period ending December 31, 1964, in excess of nine hundred tons of zinc and nine hundred tons of lead; and in the twelve-month period ending December 31, 1965, in excess of six hundred tons of zinc and six hundred tons of lead, subject to the further limitation that no producer may be paid in any such calendar year for an amount in excess of his maximum production during any calendar year between January 1, 1950, and December 31, 1960. Payments shall be made only with respect to ores and concentrates produced from an operating unit which was operated during the whole or some part of the period January 1, 1956, to August 1, 1961. No payments shall be made on any production from any property acquired by sale, lease, permit, or otherwise (except devise or inheritance) subsequent to August 1, 1961: Provided, however, That any person or firm acquiring a property by sale, lease, permit, or otherwise may qualify as a small domestic producer if such person or firm produced ores or concentrates from a mine specified in a lease, permit, or contract during the whole or some part of the period January 1, 1956, to August 1, 1961.

(b) No stabilization payments under this Act shall be made on any domestically produced material which is sold to or eligible for sale to the United States Government, or any agency thereof, pursuant to a contract made under the provisions of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, or the Strategic and Critical Materials Stockpiling Act. Any such material shall be applied to reduce the annual limitations specified in this section, and the quarterly limitations as fixed by the Secretary.

(c) For purposes of administration the Secretary may fix quarterly limitations on the total amounts of each material on which stabilization payments are made for the purpose of achieving stabilization in the annual rates of production.

Sec. 4. The Secretary is authorized to establish and promulgate such regulations and require such reports as he deems necessary to carry out...
the purposes of this Act, but such regulations shall assure equitable
distribution of the benefits of the programs provided by this Act
among the small domestic producers affected.

Sec. 5. The Secretary may delegate any of the functions authorized
by this Act to the Administrator of General Services.

Sec. 6. (a) For the purposes of this Act—

(1) The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Interior.

(2) The term "small domestic producer" means any person or firm
engaged in producing ores or concentrates from mines located within
the United States or its possessions and in selling the material so pro-
duced in normal commercial channels who, during any twelve-month
period between January 1, 1956, and the first day of the period for
which he seeks payments under this Act, has not produced or sold ores
or concentrates the recoverable content of which is more than three
thousand tons of lead and zinc combined, recoverable content being
computed as 95 per centum of the lead content of the ores or concen-
trates and 85 per centum of the zinc content of the ores or concentrates.

(3) The term "sale" means a bona fide transfer for value of ores
and concentrates from a producer to a processing plant. In the event
that a producer further processes ores or concentrates, a sale shall be
deemed to have occurred when such ores or concentrates are shipped to
the processing plant.

(4) The term "newly mined" means domestic material processed into
concentrates or severed from the land subsequent to the date of enact-
ment of this Act, but shall not exclude normal inventories of crude ore.
The term does not refer to material recovered from mine dumps, mill
tailings, or from smelter slags and residues derived from material
mined prior to the date of enactment of this Act.

(5) The term "quarter" means the calendar periods commencing on
the first day of the months of January, April, July, and October.

(b) For the purposes of this Act, the Secretary may determine
what constitutes a single operating unit producing ores and, in the
event that more than one producer claims payment for sales from
production of a single operating unit, the Secretary may determine
the quantity of sales for each such producer to which the above limita-
tions apply.

(c) For purposes of this Act, sales of concentrates produced from
ores sold to a mill or processing plant in accordance with regulations
issued pursuant to this Act shall not be considered as the sales of the
owner of the mill, but shall be considered as the sales of the small
domestic producer of the ores.

Sec. 7. No payment shall be made under this Act on any ores or
concentrates sold, or processed in lieu of sale, after December 31,
1965; but authorized payment shall be made only if application therefor is
filed not later than March 31, 1966, in accordance with regulations
established by the Secretary.

Sec. 8. The Secretary shall make an annual report with respect to
operations under this Act not later than March 1 of each year to the
Congress of the United States. Any such report shall contain such
recommendations as the Secretary may deem appropriate.

Sec. 9. (a) Whoever, for the purpose of procuring a payment to
which he is not entitled under this Act and the regulations issued pur-
suant thereto or for the purpose of assisting another to procure a pay-
ment to which the other is not entitled under this Act and the
regulations issued pursuant thereto, misrepresents any material fact,
knowing the same to be false, fictitious, or fraudulent, shall be guilty
of an offense against the United States and shall be fined not more than
$5,000 or imprisoned not more than two years, or both, and shall
thenceforth be entitled to no benefits under this Act.
(b) Whoever accepts a payment under this Act to which, or any portion of which, he is not entitled, knowing that he is not entitled thereto or whoever, having accepted a payment under this Act to which, or any portion of which, he is not entitled, retains the same, knowing that he is not entitled thereto, shall be required, in a civil action instituted by the Attorney General, to refund treble the amount accepted or retained by him. The acceptance or retention of any payment as aforesaid shall also constitute an offense against the United States punishable by a fine of not more than $5,000 or imprisonment for not more than two years, or both, and any person who shall be convicted of such offense shall thenceforth be entitled to no benefits under this Act.

(c) No producer shall be eligible for payment under this Act if he is operating under a lease, contract, or permit obtained after the effective date of this Act from another producer of lead and zinc who has placed a larger portion of his mining properties under lease, contract, or permit to other producers than he had placed at his highest production level since January 1, 1956, to the effective date of this Act.


Public Law 87-348

JOINT RESOLUTION

Fixing the beginning of the second regular session of the Eighty-seventh Congress.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the second regular session of the Eighty-seventh Congress shall begin at noon on Wednesday, January 10, 1962.


Public Law 87-349

AN ACT

To amend the Acts of March 3, 1901, and June 28, 1944, so as to exempt the District of Columbia from paying fees in any of the courts of the District of Columbia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first sentence of section 177 of the Act entitled "An Act to establish a code of law for the District of Columbia", approved March 3, 1901 (31 Stat. 1219), as amended (sec. 11-1507, District of Columbia Code, 1951 edition), is amended by inserting "or the District of Columbia" immediately after "than the United States", and by inserting "or by the District of Columbia" immediately before the period.

Sec. 2. Section 16 of the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1945, approved June 28, 1944 (58 Stat. 583; sec. 11-1519, District of Columbia Code, 1951 edition), is amended by inserting "or fees" immediately following "court costs".

Public Law 87-350

AN ACT

To amend the Civil Service Retirement Act with respect to interest earnings on special Treasury issues held by the civil service retirement and disability fund, with respect to employees of agricultural stabilization and conservation county committees, and with respect to certain other categories of persons subject to such Act, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) subsection (d) of section 17 of the Civil Service Retirement Act, as amended (70 Stat. 759; 5 U.S.C. 2267(d)), is amended to read as follows:

"(d) The purposes for which obligations of the United States may be issued under the Second Liberty Bond Act, as amended, are hereby extended to authorize the issuance at par of public-debt obligations for purchase by the fund. Such obligations issued for purchase by the fund shall have maturities fixed with due regard for the needs of the fund and bear interest at a rate equal to the average market yield computed as of the end of the calendar month next preceding the date of such issue, borne by all marketable interest-bearing obligations of the United States then forming a part of the public debt that are not due or callable until after the expiration of four years from the end of such calendar month, except that where such average market yield is not a multiple of one-eighth of 1 per centum, the rate of interest on such obligations shall be the multiple of one-eighth of 1 per centum nearest such average market yield. The Secretary of the Treasury may purchase other interest-bearing obligations of the United States, or obligations guaranteed as to both principal and interest by the United States, on original issue or at the market price only if he determines that such purchases are in the public interest."

(b) All special issues in which the civil service retirement and disability fund is invested in accordance with section 17(d) of the Civil Service Retirement Act as in effect prior to the enactment of this Act shall be redeemed and the moneys reinvested by the Secretary of the Treasury, as nearly as may be practicable, in equal annual amounts over the period of ten calendar years beginning with the calendar year 1962, in accordance with such section 17(d), as amended by subsection (a) of this section.

SEC. 2. (a) Paragraphs (2) and (3) of section 2(h) of the Civil Service Retirement Act, as amended (74 Stat. 302; 5 U.S.C. 2252(h) (2) and (3)), are amended to read as follows:

"(2) The Commission is authorized and directed to accept the certification of the Secretary of Agriculture or his designee with respect to service, for purposes of this Act, of the type rendered by employees described in paragraph (3) of this subsection.

"(3) Subject to the provisions of sections 4(c) and 9(f) of this Act, service rendered prior to July 10, 1960, as an employee of a county committee established pursuant to section 8(b) of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act (16 U.S.C. 590h (b)) or of a committee or an association of producers described in section 10(b) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of May 12, 1933 (48 Stat. 37), shall be included in computing length of creditable service for the purposes of this Act."

(b) The amendment made by subsection (a) of this section shall become effective as of July 1, 1961.
SEC. 3. Section 11(h) of the Civil Service Retirement Act, as amended (74 Stat. 409; 5 U.S.C. 2261(h)), is amended—
(1) by inserting "(1)" immediately following "(h)"; and
(2) by adding at the end thereof the following:
"(2) Any employee—
"(A) who is separated from the service prior to July 12, 1960; and
"(B) who continues in the service after July 12, 1960, without break in service of one workday or more, shall be granted the benefits of paragraph (1) of this subsection as if he were separated after July 12, 1960."

SEC. 4. (a) Sections 7(d) and 7(e) of the Civil Service Retirement Act, as amended (70 Stat. 750, 751; 5 U.S.C. 2257(d) and (e)), are amended to read as follows:
"(d) If such annuitant, before reaching age sixty, recovers from his disability, payment of the annuity shall cease upon reemployment by the Government or one year from the date of the medical examination showing such recovery, whichever is earlier. If such annuitant, before reaching age sixty, is restored to an earning capacity fairly comparable to the current rate of compensation of the position occupied at the time of retirement, payment of the annuity shall cease upon reemployment by the Government or one year from the end of the calendar year in which earning capacity is so restored, whichever is earlier. Earning capacity shall be deemed restored if, in each of two succeeding calendar years, the income of the annuitant from wages or self-employment, or both, shall equal at least 80 per centum of the current rate of compensation of the position occupied immediately prior to retirement.
"(e) If such annuitant whose annuity is discontinued under subsection (d) is not reemployed in any position included in the provisions of this Act, he shall be considered except for service credit, as having been involuntarily separated from the service for the purposes of this Act as of the date of discontinuance of the disability annuity and shall, after such discontinuance, be entitled to annuity in accordance with the applicable provision of this Act. In the case of an annuitant whose annuity is heretofore or hereafter discontinued because of an earning capacity provision of this or any prior law and such annuitant is not reemployed in any position included in the provisions of this Act, annuity at the same rate shall be restored effective the first of the year following any calendar year in which his income from wages or self-employment, or both, is less than 80 per centum of the current rate of compensation of the position occupied immediately prior to retirement, if he has not recovered from the disability for which he was retired. In the case of an annuitant whose annuity is heretofore or hereafter discontinued because of a medical finding that the annuitant has recovered from disability and such annuitant is not reemployed in any position included in the provisions of this Act, annuity at the same rate shall be restored effective from the date of medical examination showing a recurrence of such disability. Neither the second nor third sentence of this subsection shall be applicable in the case of any person receiving or eligible to receive annuity under the first sentence hereof and who has reached the age of 62 years."

(b) No annuity payment shall be made, as a result of the amendment made by subsection (a) of this section, for any period prior to January 1 of the year following the year in which this Act is enacted.

SEC. 5. Section 13(b) of the Civil Service Retirement Act, as amended (5 U.S.C. 2263(b)), is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "A similar right to redetermination after
deposit shall be applicable to an annuitant (1) whose annuity is based on an involuntary separation from the service, and (2) who is separated, on or after the date of enactment of this sentence, after a period of reemployment on a full-time basis which began before October 1, 1956."

SEC. 6. (a) The first sentence of section 9(b) of the Civil Service Retirement Act, as amended (5 U.S.C. 2259(b)), is amended by inserting "or former congressional employee," immediately following the words "congressional employee" where first appearing in such sentence.

(b) The second sentence of such section 9(b) is amended—

(1) by inserting "or former congressional employee," immediately following the words "congressional employee" where first appearing in such sentence;

(2) by inserting the word "and" immediately following "service," at the end of clause (1) thereof; and

(3) by striking out "and (3) has served as a congressional employee during the last eleven months of his civilian service".

SEC. 7. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, annuity benefits under the Civil Service Retirement Act, as amended, resulting from the operation of this Act shall be paid from the civil service retirement and disability fund.


Public Law 87-351

AN ACT

To amend the Act of June 22, 1948, as amended, relating to certain areas within the Superior National Forest, in the State of Minnesota, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act of June 22, 1948, as amended (16 U.S.C. 577c-577h) is amended by deleting the proviso from section 1 (16 U.S.C. 577c) and by changing the figure in section 6 (16 U.S.C. 577h) thereof to read $4,500,000. Funds appropriated to carry out the purposes of the Act shall remain available until expended.


Public Law 87-352

AN ACT

To redesignate the Jefferson Division of the Eastern District of Texas as the Marshall Division.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 124 (c)(5) of title 28, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"(5) The Marshall Division comprises the counties of Camp, Cass, Harrison, Hopkins, Marion, Morris, and Upshur.

"Court for the Marshall Division shall be held at Marshall."

Public Law 87-353

AN ACT

To abolish the Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) the Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation, established by the Act of January 31, 1934 (48 Stat. 344; 12 U.S.C. 1020), is hereby abolished; and, except as provided in subsection (d), all of the powers, duties, functions, and authority of such Corporation are hereby terminated.

(b) All right, title, and interest in or to real property other than reserved mineral interests which may appear of public record in any farm credit district to be in the Land Bank Commissioner or the Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation are hereby confirmed to be in the Federal land bank of said district, and said bank is hereby authorized in its own name or in the name of the Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation to execute any assignment, release, satisfaction, or other instrument as may be necessary or appropriate in connection therewith to perfect title of record in the true owners.

(c) All right, title, and interest to any reserved mineral interests of the Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation which have not been disposed of otherwise by the Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation are hereby confirmed to be in the United States of America to be administered by the Secretary of the Interior under the mineral laws of the United States.

(d) There are hereby transferred to the Secretary of the Treasury (1) all cash, accounts receivable, and other assets owned by the Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation, and (2) all authority of such corporation relating to the collection of notes receivable from the Federal land banks.

(e) Any cash received by the Secretary of the Treasury, and any moneys collected by him, by virtue of the transfer made under this section shall be deposited in the general fund of the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.

Sec. 2. No suit, action, or other proceeding lawfully commenced by or against the Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation shall abate by reason of the enactment of this Act, but the court, on motion or supplemental petition filed at any time within twelve months after the date of such enactment, may allow the same to be maintained by or against the Secretary of the Treasury.

Sec. 3. (a) Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 12, 17, and 18 of the Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation Act, as amended (12 U.S.C. 1020, 1020a-1020h, 992a, 723(f)), are hereby repealed.

(b) Sections 32 (except the fourteenth sentence thereof), 33, 34, and 35 of the Emergency Farm Mortgage Act of 1933, as amended (12 U.S.C. 1016-1019, except 1016(h), second sentence), are hereby repealed, and the fourteenth sentence of such section 32 (12 U.S.C. 1016(h), second sentence) is hereby amended by deleting therefrom the word "such".

(c) The first sentence of the eighth paragraph of section 13 of the Federal Reserve Act, as amended (12 U.S.C. 347), is amended by striking out "or by the deposit or pledge of Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation bonds issued under the Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation Act,"

(d) The first sentence of section 14(b) of the Federal Reserve Act, as amended (12 U.S.C. 355), is amended by striking out "bonds of the Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation having maturities from date of purchase of not exceeding six months,"

38 Stat. 958.

38 Stat. 264.
(e) The fourteenth paragraph of section 7 of the Federal Farm Loan Act, as amended (12 U.S.C. 723(c)), is amended by striking out the fourth sentence thereof.

(f) The last paragraph of section 12 of the Federal Farm Loan Act, as amended (12 U.S.C. 772), is amended to read as follows:

"Amounts transmitted to Federal land bank associations by Federal land banks to be loaned to its members shall, at the option of the bank, be in current funds or, at the option of the borrower, in farm loan bonds."

(g) Paragraph Eighth of section 13 of the Federal Farm Loan Act, as amended (12 U.S.C. 781), is amended to read as follows:

"Eighth. To buy and sell United States Government obligations direct or fully guaranteed."

(h) Section 13 of the Federal Farm Loan Act, as amended (12 U.S.C. 781), is amended by striking out paragraphs Fifteenth, Sixteenth, and Twentieth thereof.

(i) Section 22 of the Federal Farm Loan Act, as amended (12 U.S.C. 897), is amended by (1) striking out clause (e) under the heading "In the case of a Federal land bank", and (2) striking out clause (e) under the heading "In the case of a joint-stock land bank".

(j) Section 62 of the Farm Credit Act of 1933, as amended (12 U.S.C. 1138b), is amended by striking out "the Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation,"


(l) Section 7(b) of the First Deficiency Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1936, approved June 22, 1936 (49 Stat. 1648; 15 U.S.C. 712a(b)), is amended by striking out item 4 thereof and by redesignating items 5 to 13, inclusive, as 4 to 12, respectively.

(m) The Act of September 6, 1950 (64 Stat. 769; 7 U.S.C. 1036), is amended by striking out section 4 thereof.

(n) Section 7(a) of the Farm Credit Act of 1953, as amended (12 U.S.C. 636f(a)), is amended by striking out the second and third sentences thereof.

(o) The second sentence of section 433 of title 18 of the United States Code is amended by striking out "the Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation,"

(p) The first paragraph of section 493 of title 18 of the United States Code is amended by striking out "Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation".

(q) Section 657 of title 18 of the United States Code is amended by striking out "Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation,"

(r) Section 658 of title 18 of the United States Code is amended by striking out "Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation,"

(s) Section 1006 of title 18 of the United States Code is amended by striking out "Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation,"

(t) Section 1014 of title 18 of the United States Code is amended by striking out "or the Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation,"

(u) Section 101 of the Government Corporation Control Act, as amended (31 U.S.C. 846), is amended by striking out "Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation;"


(w) The last paragraph of section 32 of the Federal Farm Loan Act, as amended (12 U.S.C. 992, 993), is hereby repealed.

Public Law 87-354

AN ACT

To facilitate the protection of consumers of articles of merchandise composed in whole or in part of gold or silver from fraudulent misrepresentation concerning the quality thereof, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) section 4 of the Act entitled "An Act forbidding the importation, exportation, or carriage in interstate commerce of falsely stamped articles of merchandise made of gold or silver or their alloys, and for other purposes", approved June 13, 1906 (34 Stat. 260; 15 U.S.C. 294 et seq.), is amended by—

(1) inserting therein, immediately after the section number "Sec. 4.", the subsection designation "(a)"; and
(2) adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(b) Whenever any person, firm, corporation, or association, being a manufacturer or dealer subject to the first section of this Act—

"(1) applies or causes to be applied to any article of merchandise intended for sale or customarily sold as a complete product to consumers in any State, by stamping, branding, engraving, or otherwise, any quality mark or stamp indicating or purporting to indicate that such article is made in whole or in part of gold or silver or of an alloy of either such metal; or

"(2) imports into any State any such article of merchandise bearing any such quality mark or stamp which indicates or purports to indicate that such article is made in whole or in part of gold or silver or of an alloy of either such metal, such person, firm, corporation, or association, before depositing any such article manufactured or imported after six months after the effective date of this Act in the United States mails, or causing such article to be so deposited, for transmission thereby, or delivering such article or causing such article to be delivered to any common carrier for transportation from one State to any other State, or transporting such article or causing such article to be transported from one State to any other State, shall—

"(A) apply or cause to be applied to that article a trademark of such person, firm, corporation, or association duly registered or applied for within thirty days after an article bearing the trademark is placed in commerce or imported under the laws of the United States or the name of such person, firm, corporation, or association; and

"(B) if such article of merchandise is composed of two or more parts which are complete in themselves but which are not identical in quality, and any one of such parts bears such a quality mark or stamp, apply or cause to be applied to each other part of that article of merchandise a quality mark or stamp of like pattern and size disclosing the quality of that other part.

Each identifying trademark or name applied to any article of merchandise in compliance with clause (A) of this section shall be applied to that article by the same means as that used in applying the quality mark or stamp appearing thereon, in type or lettering at least as large as that used in such quality mark or stamp, and in a position as close as possible to that quality mark or stamp. For the purposes of this subsection, the term ‘State’ includes the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and the District of Columbia."
PUBLIC LAW 87-355—OCT. 4, 1961

SEC. 2. The amendments made by this Act shall take effect on the first day of the third month beginning after the date of enactment of this Act.


Public Law 87-355

AN ACT

Authorizing the National Capital Transportation Agency to carry out part 1 of its transit development program and to further the objectives of the Act approved July 14, 1960 (74 Stat. 537).

Whereas the National Capital Transportation Agency on July 31, 1961, transmitted to the Congress, pursuant to section 204(c) of the National Capital Transportation Act of 1960 (74 Stat. 537), a report entitled “Report on Part One of the Transit Development Program, July 1961”; and

Whereas part 1 of the transit development program provides for acquisition by the National Capital Transportation Agency of land for future express transit service in conjunction with the development of certain new highways and parkways in the National Capital region:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That for the purpose of enabling the National Capital Transportation Agency to carry out that part of its transit development program described in its report entitled “Report on Part One of the Transit Development Program, July 1961”, transmitted to the Congress on July 31, 1961, pursuant to the provisions of subsection (c) of section 204 of the National Capital Transportation Act of 1960, the National Capital Transportation Agency is hereby authorized, subject to the provisions of such Act, to acquire, or enter into agreements for the acquisition or use of, facilities, property, and rights-of-way for express transit:

(1) in the center median area and elsewhere in, adjacent to, or in conjunction with (A) Interstate Route 66 in Fairfax County and Arlington County, Virginia; and (B) Interstate Route 95 in Prince Georges County, Maryland;

(2) adjacent to, or in conjunction with (A) the George Washington Memorial Parkway; (B) the Little Falls Branch Parkway from the George Washington Memorial Parkway to the vicinity of Massachusetts Avenue; (C) the Parkway Spur through the Cabin John Valley from Cabin John to the Capital Beltway; and (D) the Capital Beltway from the George Washington Memorial Parkway to the vicinity of Bradley Boulevard, all in Montgomery County, Maryland:

Provided, That the Agency is further authorized to carry out, as part of part 1 of its transit development program, such construction in connection with the land acquisition projects provided for herein, as must necessarily be undertaken at the time the aforesaid highways and parkways are constructed: Provided further, That the authority granted the Agency under subparagraph (2) above shall in no way diminish the powers of the Secretary of the Interior under other Federal laws.

AN ACT
To amend section 207 of the Military Construction Act of 1960 in order to
clarify the authority granted under such section to the Secretary of the Navy
to exchange certain lands owned by the United States for lands owned by the
State of Oregon.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the
United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 207
of the Military Construction Act of 1960 (74 Stat. 166, 175) is
amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 207. (a) Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, the
Secretary of the Navy is authorized, upon such terms and conditions
as he may determine to be in the public interest, to convey to the State
of Oregon all or part of or interests in the lands, including acquired
and public domain lands, comprising the Boardman Bombing Range
in the State of Oregon, as delineated on a map designated as 'War
Department, Office of the Division Engineer, North Pacific Division,
Real Estate, Boardman Precision Bombing Range,' approved Febru-
ary 17, 1947, drawing numbered O-31-52. The conveyance of such
lands to the State of Oregon shall be made in exchange for a con-
vveyance, without restriction as to the use of lands, to the United
States of such lands, or interests therein, of the State of Oregon as
the Secretary of the Navy shall find suitable for use, with any lands
or interests retained by the Navy, as a bombing range, and upon pay-
ment by the State of Oregon to the United States of such amount as
the Secretary of the Navy determines to represent the total of (1) the
difference, if any, between the fair market value of the property so
conveyed by the Secretary of the Navy and the fair market value of
the land and interests in lands accepted in exchange therefor, and
(2) the cost to the Department of the Navy of providing a complete
substitute facility on the retained lands, if any, and the State lands
so acquired.

"(b) The State of Oregon shall agree to be primarily liable and
hold the United States harmless from any claims for personal injury
or property damage resulting from the condition of the lands con-
vveyed by the United States.

"(c) Of the lands retained by the Navy, if any, together with any
lands conveyed to the United States by the State of Oregon, 37,320.31
acres thereof, inclusive of any retained public domain lands, as agreed
upon by the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of the Navy,
shall become public domain lands of the United States subject to all
the laws and regulations applicable thereto, but shall remain with-
drawn from all forms of appropriation under the public land laws,
including the mining and mineral leasing laws, and shall be reserved
for use as a bombing range under the administration of the Depart-
ment of the Navy until such withdrawal and reservation is revoked by
order of the Secretary of the Interior with the concurrence of the
Secretary of the Navy. The remaining acreage of the lands conveyed
to the United States shall become a part of the lands comprising the
substitute bombing range and shall be administered by the Department
of the Navy.

"(d) The money received by the Secretary of the Navy in connec-
tion with the exchange authorized by this Act shall be disbursed as
follows: (1) The difference in the fair market value between the pub-
lc domain lands conveyed by the United States and the lands design-
nated as public domain lands under subsection (c), exclusive of any
retained public domain lands, shall be distributed as a receipt from

October 4, 1961
[S. 2475]
Public Law 87-357

AN ACT

To provide a two-year extension of the existing provision for a minimum wheat acreage allotment in the Tulelake area of California.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 334(i) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended—
(1) by striking “1958 through 1961” out of the first sentence thereof, and inserting “1958 through 1963”; and
(2) by adding at the end thereof the following additional sentence: “Any provision of law providing for a general reduction in farm acreage allotments, or for an acreage diversion program, for the 1962 or 1963 crop of wheat shall not be construed to apply to farms for which acreage allotments are increased under the provisions hereof unless such provision of law is made applicable specifically to such farms.”


Public Law 87-358

AN ACT

To provide for apportioning the expense of maintaining and operating the Woodrow Wilson Memorial Bridge over the Potomac River from Jones Point, Virginia, to Maryland.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the bridge being constructed by the Secretary of Commerce in accordance with the provisions of title II of the Act entitled “An Act to authorize and direct the construction of bridges over the Potomac River, and for other purposes”, approved August 30, 1954, as amended, shall be maintained and operated at the expense of the States of Maryland and Virginia and the District of Columbia in accordance with such arrangements as shall be agreed upon by such States and the District of Columbia: Provided, That the annual portion of such expense to be assumed by the District of Columbia shall not exceed one-third of the total annual cost of maintaining and operating such bridge.

Public Law 87-359  
AN ACT  
To amend the Act approved July 14, 1960 (74 Stat. 526), relating to the establishment of a register in the Department of Commerce of certain motor vehicle operators' licenses.  

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 1 of the Act approved July 14, 1960 (74 Stat. 526), is hereby amended to read as follows:  

"That the Secretary of Commerce shall establish and maintain a register containing the name of each individual reported to him by a State, or political subdivision thereof, as an individual with respect to whom such State or political subdivision has terminated or temporarily withdrawn an individual's license or privilege to operate a motor vehicle because of (1) driving under the influence of intoxicating liquor, or (2) conviction of a violation of a statute of a State, or ordinance of any political subdivision thereof, which resulted in the death of any person. Such register shall contain such other information as the Secretary may deem appropriate to carry out the purposes of this Act."


Public Law 87-360  
AN ACT  
To amend the Act entitled "An Act for the organization, improvement, and maintenance of the National Zoological Park", approved April 30, 1890.  

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 2 of the Act entitled "An Act for the organization, improvement, and maintenance of the National Zoological Park", approved April 30, 1890 (26 Stat. 78), is amended by inserting immediately after "administer" the following: "and improve".


Public Law 87-361  
AN ACT  
For the relief of the State of Louisiana.  

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the United States hereby waives any and all rights it has or may have with respect to claiming a violation on the part of the State of Louisiana for failure to comply with a restriction in a deed of conveyance dated September 30, 1920, from the Rockefeller Foundation to the State of Louisiana, limiting the purposes for which income from leases on mineral lands included within the lands conveyed by such deed may be used, if the violation occurs solely as the result of the State of Louisiana apportioning and using 10 per centum of such income in accordance with article 4, section 2 of the constitution of such State, as in effect on the date of enactment of this Act, such restriction having been specifically included in the terms of such deed and all rights of the grantor under such deed having been assigned to the United States by the Rockefeller Foundation.

Public Law 87-362

JOINT RESOLUTION
To provide for the preservation and protection of certain lands in Prince Georges and Charles Counties, Maryland, and for other purposes.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in order to preserve for the benefit of present and future generations the historic and scenic values, the unusual cultural, scientific, and recreational values, and the present open and wooded character of certain lands situated along the Potomac River in Prince Georges and Charles Counties, Maryland, and in order to preserve lands which provide the principal overview from the Mount Vernon Estate and Fort Washington, in a manner that will insure, insofar as practicable, the natural beauty of such lands as it existed at the time of the construction and active use of Mount Vernon Mansion and Fort Washington, the Secretary of the Interior is authorized to acquire and administer lands and interests therein, in the manner hereinafter provided.

Sec. 2. (a) The Secretary of the Interior is authorized to accept donations of lands or interests therein located in Prince Georges and Charles Counties, Maryland, in the vicinity of Piscataway Creek, held by the Accokeek Foundation or other foundations or organizations for public use.

(b) When the Secretary receives a commitment, subject to such conditions as shall be agreeable to the Secretary of the Interior and the potential donor or donors, in accordance with which commitment the property referred to in subsection (a) will be donated to the United States for purposes of this Act, he is authorized to acquire by such means as he finds are in the public interest other land and interests in land lying generally within the area identified as follows:

Beginning at a point on the shoreline of the Potomac River at the intersection of the northerly right-of-way line of Maryland State Route 227 in Charles County, Maryland; thence following the Maryland shoreline of said river in a northeasterly direction to the confluence of Piscataway Creek in Prince Georges County, Maryland;

thence following the shoreline from Mockley Point and proceeding in a generally easterly direction along the south shore of Piscataway Creek to a point 250 feet to the west of the point where the westerly right-of-way line of Farmington Creek Road intersects the shoreline of Piscataway Creek; thence southeasterly along said line approximately 250 feet west of Farmington Creek Road; thence westerly generally following the 50-foot contour line to the southeasterly corner of the property of the Accokeek Foundation;

thence westerly along said boundary approximately 1,600 feet; thence southerly with said boundary line approximately 1,800 feet; thence northwesterly on said line approximately 2,200 feet; thence westerly along said line approximately 800 feet; thence generally westerly with the 50-foot contour line to the north side of a private road on the Alice Ferguson Foundation property; thence in a westerly direction along north side of said road to the southeasterly corner of Moyaone Association land;

thence with the boundary line of the Moyaone Association land approximately 900 feet northwesterly; thence with that line approximately 800 feet westerly; thence with that line approximately 500 feet southeasterly to its intersection with the right-of-way of Bryan’s Point Road; thence generally westerly with the
northern right-of-way line of that road approximately 3,500 feet to its intersection with Cactus Hill Road;

thence northerly along the eastern right-of-way line of Bryan’s Point Road approximately 300 feet to the southwesterly property line of the Bryan’s Point Farm of the Accokeek Foundation;

thence with the southerly boundary line of said property approximately 700 feet; thence with that line approximately 1,000 feet in a southerly direction; thence 1,700 feet in a westerly direction;

thence following said boundary line along the easterly side of the area known as Johnson’s Gully to a point approximately 4,500 feet from the Potomac River;

thence northerly along said line to the 50-foot contour line; thence northerly along said line to its intersection with Prince Georges-Charles County line; thence in a westerly and southerly direction along the southerly boundary of the Accokeek Foundation lands; leaving the Accokeek Foundation land at a point approximately 2,200 feet from the Potomac River; thence approximately 300 feet in a westerly direction; thence north on a line parallel to and 300 feet from the boundary of the Accokeek Foundation land approximately 800 feet; thence approximately 2,200 feet in a northwesterly direction to the southeasterly corner of the Accokeek Foundation lands;

thence along the southerly border of said lands approximately 1,700 feet in a southwesterly direction to the southwest corner of said lands; thence approximately 1,400 feet to the intersection with the northerly right-of-way of Maryland State Route 227; thence with said right-of-way approximately 1,300 feet to the point of beginning, excluding all that land within the described area now leased and operated by the Marshall Hall Park, Inc., as more specifically described in a deed, recorded in the land records of Charles County, Maryland, in folio 126, liber 131. The property herein described is more particularly depicted on drawing numbered 1961–1, a copy of which is on file with the Secretary of the Interior.

Within the above-described area the Secretary shall not condemn improved residential property. As used herein “improved residential property” means a detached, one-family dwelling and structures accessory thereto, the construction of which was begun before May 1, 1961, which are used solely for noncommercial residential purposes, together with one acre of land on which the improvements are situated, or all of such lesser acreage as the owner may hold.

(c) To further the preservation objective of this Act the Secretary may accept donations of scenic easements in that land within the described area now leased and operated by the Marshall Hall Park, Inc., as more specifically described in a deed, recorded in the land records of Charles County, Maryland, in folio 126, liber 131, and the area lying between the south boundary line depicted in drawing numbered 1961–1, referred to in section 2(b) and a line approximately 3,000 feet south of said boundary. The Secretary may also acquire by other appropriate means scenic easements in the area referred to in this subsection when, in his judgment, such action is necessary in order to assure uniform application of scenic control. To further achieve the purpose of this Act he may cooperate and enter into agreements and covenants with property owners, groups thereof, and nonprofit organizations and may also cooperate with the State of Maryland and the political subdivisions thereof in order to promote and achieve scenic preservation through zoning and such other means as may be feasible.
Sec. 3. Land and interests therein acquired pursuant to this Act shall be administered in accordance with the Act entitled "An Act to establish a National Park Service, and for other purposes," approved August 25, 1916 (39 Stat. 535), as amended and supplemented.

Sec. 4. There are hereby authorized to be appropriated such sums, but not more than $937,600, to carry out the provisions of this Act. Approved October 4, 1961.

Public Law 87-363

JOINT RESOLUTION

To waive certain provisions of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 so as to permit the agreement for cooperation between the United States and France to be made immediately effective.

Whereas on September 7, 1961, the President submitted to the Congress pursuant to section 123 d. of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, a proposed agreement for cooperation between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of the French Republic, signed at Paris, July 27, 1961; and

Whereas section 123 d. of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 provides in effect that such an agreement may not enter into force for the United States until sixty days have expired while the Congress is in session after the submission of the agreement, without adverse action thereon by the Congress; and

Whereas it appears that the full sixty-day period will not have expired during this session of the Congress and that the proposed agreement, therefore, would not in the ordinary course of events be brought into force until Congress reconvenes; and

Whereas the Congress is satisfied that the proposed agreement is within the scope of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, particularly sections 91 c. (1) and 144 b.; and

Whereas the proposed agreement is similar to the agreements for cooperation already in effect with the Federal Republic of Germany, Greece, Italy, the Netherlands, and Turkey; and

Whereas recent international developments warrant proceeding with such cooperation with France as expeditiously as possible; and

Whereas the Congress recognizes that the early entry into force of this proposed agreement would contribute to the strength of the free world and thus enhance the common defense and security:

Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That notwithstanding the provisions of section 123 d. of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, which provides for a sixty-day waiting period before agreements for cooperation for mutual defense purposes may be made effective, the proposed agreement for cooperation between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of the French Republic, submitted on September 7, 1961, by the President to the Congress, may be made effective at any time after the approval of this resolution.

Public Law 87-364

JOINT RESOLUTION

Authorizing the creation of a commission to consider and formulate plans for the construction in the District of Columbia of an appropriate permanent memorial to the memory of Woodrow Wilson.

Whereas Woodrow Wilson, as twenty-eighth President of the United States, won the enduring gratitude of the people of the United States and throughout the world for his farsighted and tireless efforts to achieve a lasting peace, with justice and freedom for all; and

Whereas he so eloquently phrased the principles for which this country stands and provided, with his own high standards of integrity, vision, and compassionate good will an inspiration for generations to come: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) there is hereby established a commission, to be known as the Woodrow Wilson Memorial Commission (hereinafter referred to as the “Commission”), for the purpose of considering and formulating plans for the design, construction, and location of a permanent memorial to Woodrow Wilson in Washington, District of Columbia, or in its immediate environs. The Commission shall, in general, decide on the advisability of one of two kinds of memorials: One which would be a monument similar to those which honor Presidents Washington, Jefferson, and Lincoln; or one which will serve as a building of a functional nature, or, as it is often called, a “living memorial”. The Commission shall study, among others, proposals to associate the memorial with the Washington International Center program for international visitors.

(b) The Commission shall be composed of the following members:
(1) Former Presidents of the United States, at their pleasure;
(2) Two persons to be appointed by the President of the United States;
(3) Two Senators to be appointed by the President of the Senate;
(4) Two Members of the House of Representatives to be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives; and
(5) Three members to be appointed by the President of the United States, one from each of the following:
(A) The Woodrow Wilson Foundation;
(B) The Woodrow Wilson Centennial Commission (now discharged); and
(C) One member of the Department of the Interior, who shall be the Director of the National Park Service, or his representative.

(c) The Commission shall select a chairman and a vice chairman from among its members. Vacancies occurring in the membership of the Commission shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointment.

(d) The members of the Commission shall serve without compensation, but shall be reimbursed for expenses incurred by them in carrying out the duties of the Commission.

(e) The Commission shall report such plans, together with its recommendations, to the President and Congress at the earliest practicable date, and in the interim shall make annual reports of its progress to the President and Congress. However, such plans and recommendations shall not be reported until the Commission has obtained the assistance and advice of the National Capital Planning Commission and the Commission of Fine Arts if the memorial is to be located in the District of Columbia, or the assistance and advice of the National Capital Planning Commission, the Commission of Fine Arts, and the Commission of Fine Arts.
Arts, and the National Capital Regional Planning Council if the memorial is to be located in the environs of the District of Columbia.

SEC. 2. The Commission is authorized to—
(a) make such expenditures for personal services and otherwise for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this joint resolution as it may deem advisable from funds appropriated or received as gifts for such purpose;
(b) accept gifts to be used in carrying out the provisions of this joint resolution or to be used in connection with the construction or other expenses of such memorial; and
(c) hold hearings, organize contests, enter into contracts for personal services and otherwise, and do such other things as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this joint resolution.

SEC. 3. There is authorized to be appropriated not more than $10,000 to carry out the provisions of this joint resolution.


Public Law 87-365

JOINT RESOLUTION

To amend the joint resolution providing for membership and participation by the United States in the Inter-American Children's Institute.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act of February 16, 1960 (74 Stat. 3), which amended the Act of May 3, 1928, as amended (22 U.S.C. 269b), is hereby amended by deleting the phrase "for the fiscal years 1961 and 1962" and inserting in lieu thereof the phrase "for the fiscal years 1963 and 1964".


Public Law 87-366

AN ACT

To amend sections 1 and 3 of the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 1(b) of the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended (56 Stat. 248), is amended by adding thereto a new paragraph (6) to read as follows:

“(6) A domestic partnership, association, corporation, organization, or other combination of individuals, supervised, directed, controlled, or financed, in whole or in substantial part, by any foreign government or foreign political party;”.

SEC. 2. Section 3(d) of such Act is amended to read as follows:

“(d) Any person engaging or agreeing to engage only in private and nonpolitical financial or mercantile activities in furtherance of the bona fide trade or commerce of such foreign principal or in the soliciting or collecting of funds and contributions within the United States to be used only for medical aid and assistance, or for food and clothing to relieve human suffering, if such solicitation or collection of funds and contributions is in accordance with and subject to the provisions of the Act of November 4, 1939, as amended (54 Stat. 48), and such rules and regulations as may be prescribed thereunder;”.

Public Law 87-367

AN ACT

To increase the limitation on the number of positions which may be placed in the top grades of the Classification Act of 1949, as amended, to provide certain additional research and development positions, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

TITLE I—POSITIONS IN TOP GRADES OF CLASSIFICATION ACT OF 1949

CONGRESSIONAL FINDINGS AND DECLARATION OF POLICY WITH RESPECT TO TOP GRADES OF CLASSIFICATION ACT OF 1949

Sec. 101. (a) The Congress hereby finds that—

(1) the public interest requires that effective limitations and controls be established and maintained with respect to the allocation of positions—whether by law or by administrative action—to grades 16, 17, and 18 of the Classification Act of 1949—the so-called top grades below the Federal executive level in the Government service—in order to prevent the unwarranted allocation of positions to such grades and to promote efficiency and economy in the operation of the Government;

(2) one of the principal purposes of the Classification Act of 1949, as originally enacted and as amended from time to time, was, and continues to be, the establishment and maintenance, by specific provisions of such Act, of a coordinated and comprehensive authority and control over the allocation of positions to these top grades of such Act;

(3) under the rules of the Senate and the rules of the House of Representatives, as applicable, and the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1946, the Committee on Post Office and Civil Service of the Senate and the Committee on Post Office and Civil Service of the House of Representatives are vested with exclusive legislative jurisdiction, and charged with the duty of exercising legislative oversight and supervision, with respect to all matters within the purview of the Classification Act of 1949 and the administration thereof, including the allocation of positions to these top grades of such Act;

(4) this legislative authority, duty, and jurisdiction of such committees, and the orderly and established legislative processes of the Congress generally in this respect, are being undermined by the increasing practice, resulting from certain solicitations from individual departments and agencies in the executive branch and elsewhere, of allocating additional numbers of positions to such top grades by means of appropriation Acts and other laws and reorganization plans (other than the Classification Act of 1949) which disregard the numerical limitations or the standards and procedures, or both, with respect to the allocation of positions to such grades;

(5) at the present time, therefore, the pertinent provisions of the Classification Act of 1949 do not reflect, even by approximation, the existing state of the law with respect to the total number of positions which may be allocated to the top grades of such Act; and

(6) this state of affairs subverts and undermines the object and purpose of the Classification Act of 1949 with respect to the allocation of positions to such top grades of such Act.
(b) It is, therefore, hereby declared to be the sense of the Congress—

(1) that the matter of requesting the allocation of additional numbers of positions to the top grades of the Classification Act of 1949, whether by groups of positions or on an individual basis, is properly within the jurisdiction of those standing committees of the Senate and House of Representatives having jurisdiction over the Classification Act of 1949 in accordance with orderly and established legislative processes—the Committee on Post Office and Civil Service of the Senate and the Committee on Post Office and Civil Service of the House of Representatives; 

(2) that the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, the United States Civil Service Commission, and other authority designated by the President exercise to the fullest extent the authority and responsibility of disapproving requests of the departments and agencies in the executive branch for individual exceptions (to be attained through the enactment of laws outside the jurisdiction of the committees above referred to) from the numerical limitations or the standards and procedures, or both, imposed by the Classification Act of 1949 with respect to the allocation of positions to the top grades of such Act; and

(3) that, if need should develop for increasing such numerical limitations or waiving such standards or procedures, or both, in any case or cases, the matter should be presented promptly to the Congress in a manner consistent with the legislative authority, duty, responsibility, and jurisdiction of the respective Committees on Post Office and Civil Service of the Senate and House of Representatives.

INCREASE IN NUMBER OF AUTHORIZED TOP GRADE POSITIONS UNDER CLASSIFICATION ACT OF 1949

Sec. 102. (a) Subsection (b) of section 505 of the Classification Act of 1949, as amended (5 U.S.C. 1105 (b)), relating to the maximum number of positions authorized at any one time for grades 16, 17, and 18 of the General Schedule of such Act, is amended to read as follows:

"(b) Subject to subsections (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), and (j) of this section, a majority of the Civil Service Commissioners are authorized to establish and, from time to time, revise the maximum numbers of positions (not to exceed an aggregate of nineteen hundred and eighty-nine) which may be in grades 16, 17, and 18 of the General Schedule at any one time, except that under such authority—

"(1) not to exceed 25 per centum of such aggregate number may be placed in grade 17 and not to exceed 12 per centum of such aggregate number may be placed in grade 18;

"(2) fifty of such positions shall be available only for allocation, with the approval of the President, for agencies or functions created after the date of enactment of this subparagraph;

"(3) fourteen of such positions shall be available only for allocation to the United States Arms Control and Disarmament Agency;

"(4) six of such positions shall be available only for allocation to the Immigration and Naturalization Service of the Department of Justice; and

"(5) four of such positions shall be available only for allocation to the Federal Home Loan Bank Board."

(b) Subsection (j) of such section 505, as amended (5 U.S.C. 1105 (j)), relating to positions authorized for the Department of Defense in grades 16, 17, and 18 of the General Schedule of the Classification-
tion Act of 1949, is amended by striking out "three hundred seventy-two positions" and inserting in lieu thereof "four hundred seven positions".

(c) Such section 505, as amended, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(m) In any case in which, during the Eighty-seventh Congress, provisions are included in any Act of Congress (other than those contained in this Act) which authorize any agency of the Government to place additional positions in grade 16, 17, or 18 of the General Schedule, the Commission is authorized and directed to withdraw from such agency the allotments of a number of positions (equal to the number of such additional positions authorized under such Act of Congress) made by the Commission for such agency out of the number of positions authorized by subsection (b) of this section, to the extent possible in the light of the number of positions so allotted to such agency and in the light of the number of such additional positions authorized under such Act of Congress."

CONFORMING CHANGES IN EXISTING LAW

SEC. 103. The following provisions of law are hereby repealed:

(1) Subsections (f), (k), and (l) of section 505 of the Classification Act of 1949, as amended (5 U.S.C. 1105 (f), (k), and (l)), authorizing five positions, two hundred and sixty positions, and twenty-five positions in grades 16, 17, and 18 of the General Schedule of such Act for the National Security Council, the Department of the Treasury, and the Interstate Commerce Commission, respectively.

(2) Sections 202(b) and 302(j) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (72 Stat. 742 and 747; 49 U.S.C. 1322 (b) and 1343(h)), authorizing eight positions and seventy positions in grades 16, 17, and 18 of the General Schedule of the Classification Act of 1949 for the Civil Aeronautics Board and the Federal Aviation Agency, respectively.

(3) The last sentence of section 5(a) of the Small Business Act (72 Stat. 385; 15 U.S.C. 634(a)), authorizing fifteen positions in grades 16, 17, and 18 of such General Schedule for the Small Business Administration.

(4) Section 205(a) (11) of the National Capital Transportation Act of 1960 (74 Stat. 543; Public Law 86-669), authorizing five positions in grades 16, 17, and 18 of such General Schedule for the National Capital Transportation Agency.

(5) The proviso in the paragraph under the heading "FEDERAL POWER COMMISSION" and under the subheading "SALARIES AND EXPENSES" in title I of the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1961 (74 Stat. 429; Public Law 86-626), authorizing six positions in grades 16, 17, and 18 of such General Schedule for the Federal Power Commission.

(6) The proviso in the paragraph under the heading "CIVIL AERONAUTICS BOARD" and under the subheading "SALARIES AND EXPENSES" in title III of the Department of Commerce and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1959 (72 Stat. 237; 49 U.S.C. 1322, note), authorizing ten positions in such grades 16, 17, and 18 for the Civil Aeronautics Board.

(7) Subsection (b) of the first section of the Act of September 23, 1959 (73 Stat. 700; 5 U.S.C. 1105, note; Public Law 86-377), containing certain provisions with respect to positions in such grades 16, 17, and 18 in the Department of Defense, which reads as follows:

"(b) The total number of positions authorized by section 505(b) of the Classification Act of 1949, as amended (5 U.S.C. 1105(b)), to be
placed in grades 16, 17, and 18 of the General Schedule of such Act at any time shall be deemed to have been reduced by the number of positions in such grades allocated to the Department of Defense immediately prior to the date of enactment of this Act. The respective number of positions authorized by such section 505(b) to be placed in grades 17 and 18 of such schedule at any one time shall be deemed to have been reduced by the respective number of positions in such grades allocated to the Department of Defense immediately prior to the date of enactment of this Act.”

(8) That part of the first sentence of section 601 of the Supplemental Defense Appropriation Act, 1958 (72 Stat. 8; 10 U.S.C. 1581, note) authorizing the Secretary of Defense to place ten positions in such grades 16, 17, and 18, which reads as follows: “and to place ten positions in grades 16, 17, or 18 of the General Schedule, in accordance with the procedures prescribed in the Classification Act of 1949, as amended”.


(10) That part of the second sentence of section 3 of Reorganization Plan Numbered 1 of 1958, effective July 1, 1958 (72 Stat. 1800; 23 F.R. 4991), authorizing not to exceed ten positions of regional director of the regional offices of the Office of Civil and Defense Mobilization to receive compensation under the Classification Act of 1949 without regard to the numerical limitations on positions in section 505 of such Act, which reads as follows: “except that the compensation may be fixed without regard to the numerical limitations on positions set forth in section 505 of the Classification Act of 1949, as amended (5 U.S.C. 1105)”.


(12) Section 302 of the Act of July 31, 1956 (70 Stat. 743; 5 U.S.C. 517c), authorizing three positions of Deputy Administrator of the Agricultural Research Service, Department of Agriculture, to be placed in grade 18 of such General Schedule.

(13) That part of the first paragraph of section 205 of the Public Works Appropriation Act, 1958 (71 Stat. 423; Public Law 85–167), which reads as follows: “the position of Administrator of the Southeastern Power Administration shall be in grade GS–18 of the Classification Act of 1949, as amended, but without regard to the numerical limitation contained in section 505 of said Act;”.

(14) That part of the sixth sentence of section 3(a) of the Fish and Wildlife Act of 1956 (70 Stat. 1120; 16 U.S.C. 742b(a)), authorizing the position of Director of the Bureau of Commercial Fisheries, and of Director of the Bureau of Sport Fisheries and Wildlife, United States Fish and Wildlife Service, Department of the Interior, to be placed in grade 17 of the General Schedule of the Classification Act of 1949, which reads: “at Grades GS–17 each”.

SAVINGS PROVISIONS

Sec. 104. (a) The changes in existing law made by sections 102 and 103 of this title shall not affect any position existing immediately prior to the effective date of such changes in existing law, the compensation attached to such position, and any incumbent thereof, his appointment thereto, and his entitlement to receive the compensation attached thereto, until appropriate action is taken in accordance with this title.

(b) Positions in grades 16, 17, or 18, as the case may be, of the General Schedule of the Classification Act of 1949, as amended, immediately prior to the effective date of this section, shall remain, on and after such effective date, in their respective grades, until appropriate action is taken under section 505 of the Classification Act of 1949 as in effect on and after such effective date.

TITLE II—SCIENTIFIC AND PROFESSIONAL POSITIONS AND POSITIONS OF A SECURITY NATURE

INCREASE IN NUMBER OF POSITIONS OF A SECURITY NATURE IN THE NATIONAL SECURITY AGENCY UNDER THE ACT OF MAY 29, 1959

Sec. 201. Section 2 of the Act of May 29, 1959 (73 Stat. 63; Public Law 86-36), authorizing the Secretary of Defense to establish positions in the National Security Agency, is amended by striking out “Not more than fifty such officers and employees shall be paid basic compensation at rates equal to rates of basic compensation contained in grades 16, 17, and 18 of such General Schedule.” and inserting in lieu thereof the following: “Not more than sixty-five such officers and employees shall be paid basic compensation at rates equal to rates of basic compensation contained in grades 16, 17, and 18 of such General Schedule.”.

INCREASE IN NUMBER OF SCIENTIFIC AND PROFESSIONAL POSITIONS UNDER THE ACT OF AUGUST 1, 1947 (PUBLIC LAW 313, EIGHTIETH CONGRESS)

Sec. 202. The Act of August 1, 1947 (Public Law 313, Eightieth Congress), as amended (5 U.S.C. 1161-1163), is amended to read as follows:

“That (a) the Secretary of the Interior is authorized to establish and fix the compensation for not more than eight scientific or professional positions in the Department of the Interior, each such position being established to effectuate those research and development functions of such department which require the services of specially qualified personnel.

“(b) The Secretary of Agriculture is authorized to establish and fix the compensation for not more than twenty scientific or professional positions in the Department of Agriculture, each such position being established to effectuate those research and development functions of such department which require the services of specially qualified personnel.

“(c) The Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare is authorized to establish and fix the compensation for not more than thirteen scientific or professional positions in the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, each such position being established to effectuate those research and development functions of such department which require the services of specially qualified personnel.

“(d) The Secretary of Commerce is authorized to establish and fix the compensation for not more than thirty scientific or professional positions in the Department of Commerce, of which not less than five
shall be for the United States Patent Office in its examining and related activities, each such position being established to effectuate those research and development functions of such department which require the services of specially qualified personnel.

"(e) The Postmaster General is authorized to establish and fix the compensation for not more than three scientific or professional positions in the Post Office Department, each such position being established to effectuate those research and development functions of such Department which require the services of specially qualified personnel.

"(f) The Director of the United States Arms Control and Disarmament Agency is authorized to establish and fix the compensation for not more than fourteen scientific or professional positions in the United States Arms Control and Disarmament Agency, each such position being established to effectuate those research and development functions of such agency which require the services of specially qualified personnel.

"SEC. 2. (a) Positions created pursuant to this Act shall be included in the competitive civil service of the United States, but appointments to such positions shall be made without competitive examination upon approval of the proposed appointee's qualifications by the United States Civil Service Commission or such officers and agents as the Commission may designate for this purpose.

"(b) The rates of compensation for positions established pursuant to the provisions of this Act shall not be less than $12,500 per annum nor more than $19,000 per annum and shall be subject to the approval of the United States Civil Service Commission.

"(c) In any case in which, subsequent to February 1, 1958, provisions are included in a general appropriation Act authorizing an agency of the Government referred to in this Act to establish and fix the compensation of scientific or professional positions similar to those authorized by this Act, the number of such positions authorized by this Act shall, unless otherwise expressly provided, be deemed to have been reduced by the number of positions authorized by the provisions of such appropriation Act.

"SEC. 3. The head of each department or agency authorized to establish and fix the compensation of positions under this Act shall submit to the Congress, not later than December 31 of each year, a report setting forth the number of positions established pursuant to this Act in his department or agency during that calendar year, and the name, rate of compensation, and description of the qualifications of each incumbent, together with a statement of the functions performed by each. In any instance in which any such department or agency head may consider full public report on these items detrimental to the national security, such department or agency head is authorized to omit such items from his annual report and, in lieu thereof, to present such information in executive sessions of such committees of the Senate and House of Representatives as the presiding officers of those bodies shall designate.

SEC. 203. Section 1581(a) of title 10 of the United States Code, authorizing the Secretary of Defense to establish not more than four hundred fifty scientific and professional positions in the Department of Defense, is amended by striking out "four hundred fifty civilian positions" and inserting in lieu thereof "five hundred thirty civilian positions".

INCREASE IN NUMBER OF SCIENTIFIC AND PROFESSIONAL POSITIONS IN DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE UNDER SECTION 1581(a) OF TITLE 10, UNITED STATES CODE

73 Stat. 701.
10 USC 1581.
INCREASE IN NUMBER OF SCIENTIFIC AND PROFESSIONAL POSITIONS IN THE NATIONAL SECURITY AGENCY UNDER THE ACT OF MAY 29, 1959

SEC. 204. Section 4 of the Act of May 29, 1959 (73 Stat. 63; Public Law 86-36), authorizing the Secretary of Defense to establish not more than fifty scientific and professional positions in the National Security Agency, is amended by striking out "fifty civilian positions" and inserting in lieu thereof "sixty civilian positions".

INCREASE IN NUMBER OF SCIENTIFIC AND PROFESSIONAL POSITIONS IN THE FEDERAL AVIATION AGENCY UNDER SECTION 302(h) OF THE FEDERAL AVIATION ACT OF 1958

SEC. 205. (a) Section 302(h) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (72 Stat. 746; 49 U.S.C. 1343(f)), authorizing the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Agency to establish not more than fifteen scientific and professional positions in the Federal Aviation Agency, is amended by striking out "fifteen positions" and inserting in lieu thereof "twenty positions".

(b) Section 302(f) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (72 Stat. 146; 49 U.S.C. 1343(d)), which provides for not to exceed ten positions in the Federal Aviation Agency at rates of annual compensation of not to exceed $19,500, is amended by striking out "ten positions" and inserting in lieu thereof "twenty-three positions".

INCREASE IN NUMBER OF SCIENTIFIC, ENGINEERING, AND ADMINISTRATIVE POSITIONS IN THE NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION UNDER SECTION 203(b) (2) OF THE NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ACT OF 1958

SEC. 206. (a) Section 203(b)(2) of the National Aeronautics and Space Act of 1958 (72 Stat. 429; 42 U.S.C. 2473(b) (2)), authorizing the Administrator of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration to establish not more than two hundred and ninety scientific, engineering, and administrative positions in the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, is amended by striking out "thirteen", and inserting in lieu thereof "thirty", and by striking out "two hundred and ninety" and inserting in lieu thereof "four hundred and twenty-five (of which not to exceed three hundred and fifty-five may be filled prior to March 1, 1962 and not to exceed three hundred and ninety may be filled prior to July 1, 1962)"

(b) (1) The Administrator of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration shall submit to the Congress not later than forty-five days after the close of each fiscal year a report which sets forth, as of the close of such fiscal year—

(A) the number of positions established under section 203(b) (2) of the National Aeronautics and Space Act of 1958, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2473(b) (2));

(B) the name, rate of compensation, and description of the qualifications of each incumbent of each position established under such section 203(b)(2), together with the position title and a statement of the duties and responsibilities performed by each such incumbent;

(C) the position or positions in or outside the Federal Government held by each such incumbent, and his rate or rates of compensation, during the five-year period immediately preceding the date of appointment of such incumbent to such position; and

(D) such other information as the Administrator may deem appropriate or which may be required by the Congress or a committee thereof.
Nothing contained in this subsection shall require the resubmission of any information required under subparagraphs (B) and (C) of this subsection which has been reported pursuant to this subsection and remains unchanged.

(2) In any instance in which the Administrator may find full public disclosure of any or all of the matter covered by paragraph (1) of this subsection to be detrimental to the national security, the Administrator is authorized—

(A) to omit in such report those matters with respect to which full public disclosure is found to be detrimental to the national security;

(B) to inform the Congress of such omission; and

(C) at the request of any congressional committee to which such report is referred, to present all information concerning such matters.

INCREASE IN NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES, OF NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE COUNCIL UNDER SECTION 201(F) OF THE NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ACT OF 1958

Sec. 207. Section 201(f) of the National Aeronautics and Space Act of 1958 (72 Stat. 428; 42 U.S.C. 2471(f)), authorizing the executive secretary of the National Aeronautics and Space Council to employ not to exceed three persons at rates of annual compensation of not to exceed $19,000, is amended by striking out “three” and inserting in lieu thereof “seven”.

TITLE III—REALIGNMENT OF COMPENSATION OF CERTAIN POSITIONS UNDER THE CLASSIFICATION ACT OF 1949 AND THE FEDERAL EXECUTIVE PAY ACT OF 1956

REMOVAL OF CERTAIN POSITIONS FROM THE PURVIEW OF THE FEDERAL EXECUTIVE PAY ACT OF 1956

Sec. 301. Section 107(a) of the Federal Executive Pay Act of 1956, as amended (5 U.S.C. 2206(a)), providing annual compensation of $17,500 for certain positions, is amended by striking out the following paragraphs:

"(2) Administrator, Bonneville Power Administration.");

"(3) Administrator, Farmers' Home Administration.");

"(4) Administrator, Soil Conservation Service, Department of Agriculture.");

"(9) Chief Forester of the Forest Service, Department of Agriculture.");

"(10) Chief of Staff of the Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation.");

"(11) Commissioner of Customs.");

"(12) Commissioner, Federal Supply Service, General Services Administration.");

"(14) Commissioner of Narcotics.");

"(15) Commissioner, Public Buildings Service.");

"(17) Commissioner of Reclamation.");

"(22) Manager, Federal Crop Insurance Corporation, Department of Agriculture."); and

"(23) Director of Coal Research, Department of the Interior.".
CONFORMING CHANGES IN EXISTING LAW

SEC. 302. (a) The proviso contained in the first sentence of section 5 (d) of the Farm Credit Act of 1953, as amended (73 Stat. 387; 12 U.S.C. 636d (d)), providing annual compensation of $17,500 for not more than three positions of deputy governor in the Farm Credit Administration, is amended to read as follows: "Provided, That the salary of not more than three positions of deputy governor each shall be fixed by the Board at a rate not exceeding the maximum scheduled rate of the General Schedule of the Classification Act of 1949, as amended."

(b) (1) There is hereby repealed the second sentence of section 4201 of title 18 of the United States Code, providing annual compensation of $17,500 for each member of the Board of Parole in the Department of Justice, which reads as follows: "The annual rate of basic compensation of each member of the Board shall be $17,500."

(2) The section heading of such section 4201 is amended by striking out "salaries" and inserting in lieu thereof

"4201. Board of Parole; members; salaries."

and inserting in lieu thereof

"4201. Board of Parole; members; salaries."

(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the rate of gross annual compensation of the Chief of Staff of the Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation shall be an amount which is equal to $17,500, as increased in the manner provided by section 4 (r) of the Federal Employees Salary Increase Act of 1958 (72 Stat. 209; Public Law 85–462) and section 117 (g) of the Federal Employees Salary Increase Act of 1960 (Part B of the Act of July 1, 1960; 74 Stat. 304; Public Law 86–568).

(d) On and after the effective date of this subsection, section 116 (a) of the Federal Employees Salary Increase Act of 1960 (Part B of the Act of July 1, 1960; 74 Stat. 303; Public Law 86–568) shall not be applicable with respect to the Deputy Director of the Administrative Office of the United States Courts.

(e) (1) Section 106 (b) of the Federal Executive Pay Act of 1956, as amended (5 U.S.C. 2205 (b)), is amended by striking out "(1) Architect of the Capitol."

(2) Section 107 (a) of such Act, as amended (5 U.S.C. 2206 (a)), is amended by striking out "(5) Assistant Architect of the Capitol."

READJUSTMENT OF CERTAIN PAY LEVELS OF THE FEDERAL EXECUTIVE PAY ACT OF 1956

SEC. 303. (a) Clause (4) of section 104 (a) of the Federal Executive Pay Act of 1956, as amended (5 U.S.C. 2203 (a)), is amended to read as follows:

"(4) Administrator of the Small Business Administration."

(b) Clause (5) of section 106 (a) of such Act (5 U.S.C. 2205 (b) (5)) is repealed.

(c) Section 106 (b) of such Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"(17) Administrator, Farmers Home Administration.

"(18) Administrator, Soil Conservation Service, Department of Agriculture.

"(19) Chief Forester of the Forest Service, Department of Agriculture."
“(20) Commissioner of Customs.
“(21) Manager, Federal Crop Insurance Corporation, Department of Agriculture.
“(22) Deputy Administrator, Small Business Administration
“(23) Commissioner of the Indian Claims Commission (3).”

(d) Section 106(c) of such Act (5 U.S.C. 2205(c)), providing annual compensation of $18,000 for the Commissioners of the Indian Claims Commission, is hereby repealed.

(e) Section 107(a) of such Act (5 U.S.C. 2206(a)), providing annual compensation of $17,500 for certain positions, is amended by striking out “$17,500” and inserting in lieu thereof “$18,500”.

(f) Section 107(b) of such Act (5 U.S.C. 2206(b)), providing annual compensation of $17,000 for certain positions, is hereby repealed.

(g) Section 106(a) of such Act (5 U.S.C. 2205(a)), providing annual compensation of $20,000 for certain positions, is amended by inserting

“(48) General Counsel, United States Arms Control and Disarmament Agency.
“(49) Public Affairs Advisor, United States Arms Control and Disarmament Agency.”
immediately following

“(47) Commissioner of Education.”.

(h) Section 105 of title 3 of the United States Code, providing for the compensation of certain assistants to the President, is amended by striking out “$17,500” and inserting in lieu thereof “$18,500”.

SAVINGS PROVISIONS

Sec. 304. Except as provided by subsections (a), (c), (d), and (e) of section 302 of this title, each position specifically referred to in or covered by any amendment made by sections 301 and 302 of this title shall be placed in the appropriate grade of the General Schedule of the Classification Act of 1949, as amended, in accordance with the provisions of such Act. The incumbent of each such position immediately prior to the effective date of this section shall continue to receive the rate of basic compensation which he was receiving immediately prior to such effective date until he leaves such position or until he is entitled to receive compensation at a higher rate in accordance with law. When such incumbent leaves such position, the rate of basic compensation of each subsequent appointee to such position shall be determined in accordance with the Classification Act of 1949, as amended.

EFFECTIVE DATE

Sec. 305. The foregoing provisions of this title (except section 303 (g)) shall become effective at the beginning of the first pay period which begins on or after the sixtieth day following the date of enactment of this Act.
TITLE IV—POSITIONS IN TOP SALARY LEVELS IN THE POSTAL FIELD SERVICE

INCREASE IN NUMBER OF AUTHORIZED TOP SALARY LEVEL POSITIONS IN THE POSTAL FIELD SERVICE

Sec. 401. Section 3301 of title 39, United States Code, relating to the maximum number of positions authorized at any one time for salary levels 17, 18, 19, and 20 in the postal field service, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "In addition to the number of positions prescribed by subparagraphs (2) to (5), inclusive, of this section, the Postmaster General is authorized to assign a total of not more than forty positions among salary levels 17, 18, 19, and 20 as he may determine."


Public Law 87-368

AN ACT

To amend section 1073 of title 18, United States Code, the Fugitive Felon Act.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 1073 of title 18 of the United States Code is amended to read as follows:

"Whoever moves or travels in interstate or foreign commerce with intent either (1) to avoid prosecution, or custody or confinement after conviction, under the laws of the place from which he flees, for a crime, or an attempt to commit a crime, punishable by death or which is a felony under the laws of the place from which the fugitive flees, or which, in the case of New Jersey, is a high misdemeanor under the laws of said State, or (2) to avoid giving testimony in any criminal proceedings in such place in which the commission of an offense punishable by death or which is a felony under the laws of such place, or which in the case of New Jersey, is a high misdemeanor under the laws of said State, is charged, shall be fined not more than $5,000 or imprisoned not more than five years, or both."

"Violations of this section may be prosecuted only in the Federal judicial district in which the original crime was alleged to have been committed, or in which the person was held in custody or confinement and only upon formal approval in writing by the Attorney General or an Assistant Attorney General of the United States, which function of approving prosecutions may not be delegated."


Public Law 87-369

AN ACT

To repeal section 791 of title 18 of the United States Code so as to extend the application of chapter 37 of title 18, relating to espionage and censorship.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 791 of title 18, United States Code, is repealed. 

Sec. 2. The analysis of chapter 37 of such title is amended by deleting the following:

"791. Scope of chapter."

Public Law 87-370

AN ACT

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 and incorporate therein provisions for the payment of annuities to widows and certain dependents of the judges of the Tax Court of the United States, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That subchapter C of chapter 76 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to the Tax Court of the United States) is hereby amended by adding immediately following section 7447 the following new section:

"SEC. 7448. ANNUITIES TO WIDOWS AND DEPENDENT CHILDREN OF JUDGES.

(a) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section—

(1) The term ‘Tax Court’ means the Tax Court of the United States.

(2) The term ‘judge’ means the chief judge or a judge of the Tax Court, including any individual receiving retired pay (or compensation in lieu of retired pay) under section 7447 or under section 1106 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1939 whether or not performing judicial duties pursuant to section 7447(c) or pursuant to section 1106(d) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1939.

(3) The term ‘chief judge’ means the chief judge of the Tax Court.

(4) The term ‘judge’s salary’ means the salary of a judge received under section 7443(c), retired pay received under section 7447(d), and compensation (in lieu of retired pay) received under section 7447(c).

(5) The term ‘survivors annuity fund’ means the Tax Court judges survivors annuity fund established by this section.

(6) The term ‘widow’ means a surviving wife of an individual, who either (A) shall have been married to such individual for at least 2 years immediately preceding his death or (B) is the mother of issue by such marriage, and who has not remarried.

(7) The term ‘dependent child’ means an unmarried child, including a dependent stepchild or an adopted child, who is under the age of 18 years or who because of physical or mental disability is incapable of self-support.

(b) ELECTION.—Any judge may by written election filed with the chief judge within 6 months after the date on which he takes office after appointment or any reappointment, or within 6 months after the date upon which he first becomes eligible for retirement under section 7447(b), or within 6 months after the enactment of this section, bring himself within the purview of this section, except that, in the case of such an election by the chief judge, the election shall be filed as prescribed by the Tax Court subject to the preceding requirements as to the time of filing.

(c) SALARY DEDUCTIONS.—There shall be deducted and withheld from the salary of each judge electing under subsection (b) a sum equal to 3 percent of such judge’s salary. The amounts so deducted and withheld from such judge’s salary shall, in accordance with such procedure as may be prescribed by the Comptroller General of the United States, be deposited in the Treasury of the United States to the credit of a fund to be known as the ‘Tax Court judges survivors annuity fund’ and said fund is appropriated for the payment of annuities, refunds, and allowances as provided by this section. Each judge electing under subsection (b) shall be deemed thereby to consent.
and agree to the deductions from his salary as provided in this sub-
section, and payment less such deductions shall be a full and complete
discharge and acquittance of all claims and demands whatsoever for
all judicial services rendered by such judge during the period covered
by such payment, except the right to the benefits to which he or his
survivors shall be entitled under the provisions of this section.

"(d) Deposits in Survivors Annuity Fund.—Each judge electing
under subsection (b) shall deposit, with interest at 4 percent per
annum to December 31, 1947, and 3 percent per annum thereafter,
compounded on December 31 of each year, to the credit of the sur-
vivors annuity fund, a sum equal to 3 percent of his judge's salary
and of his basic salary, pay, or compensation for service as a Senator,
Representative, Delegate, or Resident Commissioner in Congress, and
for any other civilian service within the purview of section 3 of the
Civil Service Retirement Act (5 U.S.C. 2253). Each such judge may
elect to make such deposits in installments during the continuance of
his service as a judge in such amount and under such conditions as
may be determined in each instance by the chief judge. Notwith-
standing the failure of a judge to make such deposit, credit shall be
allowed for the service rendered, but the annuity of the widow of such
judge shall be reduced by an amount equal to 10 percent of the amount
of such deposit, computed as of the date of the death of such judge,
unless such widow shall elect to eliminate such service entirely from
credit under subsection (n), except that no deposit shall be required
from a judge for any year with respect to which deductions from his
salary were actually made under the Civil Service Retirement Act
and no deposit shall be required for any honorable service in the
Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard of the United
States.

"(e) Investment of Survivors Annuity Fund.—The Secretary of
the Treasury shall invest from time to time, in interest-bearing securi-
ties of the United States or Federal farm loan bonds, such portions of
the survivors annuity fund as in his judgment may not be immediately
required for the payment of the annuities, refunds, and allowances as
provided in this section. The income derived from such investments
shall constitute a part of said fund for the purpose of paying annuities
and of carrying out the provisions of subsections (g), (h), and (j).

"(f) Crediting of Deposits.—The amount deposited by or deducted
and withheld from the salary of each judge electing to bring himself
within the purview of this section for credit to the survivors annuity
fund shall be credited to an individual account of such judge.

"(g) Termination of Service.—If the service of any judge electing
under subsection (b) terminates other than pursuant to the provisions
of section 7447 or other than pursuant to section 1106 of the Internal
Revenue Code of 1939, the amount credited to his individual account,
together with interest at 4 percent per annum to December 31, 1947,
and 3 percent per annum thereafter, compounded on December 31 of
each year, to the date of his relinquishment of office, shall be returned
to him. For the purpose of this section, the service of any judge
electing under subsection (b) who is not reappointed following expira-
tion of his term but who, at the time of such expiration, is eligible for
and elects to receive retired pay under section 7447 shall be deemed to
have terminated pursuant to said section.

"(h) Entitlement to Annuity.—In case any judge electing under
subsection (b) shall die, while a judge after having rendered at least
5 years of civilian service computed as prescribed in subsection (n),
for the last 5 years of which the salary deductions provided for by
subsection (c) or the deposits required by subsection (d) have actually

70 Stat. 745.
Post, p. 800.
70 Stat. 743.
5 USC 2251 note.
67 Stat. 482.
been made or the salary deductions required by the Civil Service Retirement Act have actually been made—

"(1) if such judge is survived by a widow but not by a dependent child, there shall be paid to such widow an annuity beginning with the day of the death of the judge or following the widow's attainment of the age of 50 years, whichever is the later, in an amount computed as provided in subsection (m); or

"(2) if such judge is survived by a widow and a dependent child or children, there shall be paid to such widow an immediate annuity in an amount computed as provided in subsection (m), and there shall also be paid to or on behalf of each such child an immediate annuity equal to one-half the amount of the annuity of such widow, but not to exceed $900 per year divided by the number of such children or $360 per year, whichever is lesser; or

"(3) if such judge leaves no surviving widow or widower but leaves a surviving dependent child or children, there shall be paid to or on behalf of each such child an immediate annuity equal to the amount of the annuity of such widow which such widow would have been entitled under paragraph (2) of this subsection had she survived, but not to exceed $480 per year.

"The annuity payable to a widow under this subsection shall be terminable upon such widow's death or remarriage. The annuity payable to a child under this subsection shall be terminable upon (A) his attaining the age of 18 years, (B) his marriage, or (C) his death, whichever first occurs, except that if such child is incapable of self-support by reason of mental or physical disability his annuity shall be terminable only upon death, marriage, or recovery from such disability. In case of the death of a widow of a judge leaving a dependent child or children of the judge surviving her, the annuity of such child or children shall be recomputed and paid as provided in paragraph (3) of this subsection. In any case in which the annuity of a dependent child is terminated under this subsection, the annuities of any remaining dependent child or children, based upon the service of the same judge, shall be recomputed and paid as though the child whose annuity was so terminated had not survived such judge.

"(i) DETERMINATION OF DEPENDENCY AND DISABILITY.—Questions of dependency and disability arising under this section shall be determined by the chief judge subject to review only by the Tax Court, the decision of which shall be final and conclusive. The chief judge may order or direct at any time such medical or other examinations as he shall deem necessary to determine the facts relative to the nature and degree of disability of any dependent child who is an annuitant or applicant for annuity under this section, and may suspend or deny any such annuity for failure to submit to any examination so ordered or directed.

"(j) PAYMENTS IN CERTAIN CASES.—

"(1) In any case in which—

"(A) a judge electing under subsection (b) shall die while in office (whether in regular active service or retired from such service under section 7447), before having rendered 5 years of civilian service computed as prescribed in subsection (n), or after having rendered 5 years of such civilian service but without a survivor or survivors entitled to annuity benefits provided by subsection (h), or

"(B) the right of all persons entitled to annuity under subsection (h) based on the service of such judge shall terminate before a valid claim therefor shall have been established,
the total amount credited to the individual account of such judge, with interest at 4 percent per annum to December 31, 1947, and 3 percent per annum thereafter, compounded on December 31 of each year, to the date of the death of such judge, shall be paid, upon the establishment of a valid claim therefor, to the person or persons surviving at the date title to the payment arises, in the following order of precedence, and such payment shall be a bar to recovery by any other person:

"(i) to the beneficiary or beneficiaries whom the judge may have designated by a writing filed prior to his death with the chief judge, except that in the case of the chief judge such designation shall be by a writing filed by him, prior to his death, as prescribed by the Tax Court;

"(ii) if there be no such beneficiary, to the widow of such judge;

"(iii) if none of the above, to the child or children of such judge and the descendants of any deceased children by representation;

"(iv) if none of the above, to the parents of such judge or the survivor of them;

"(v) if none of the above, to the duly appointed executor or administrator of the estate of such judge; and

"(vi) if none of the above, to such other next of kin of such judge as may be determined by the chief judge to be entitled under the laws of the domicile of such judge at the time of his death.

Determination as to the widow, child, or parent of a judge for the purposes of this paragraph shall be made by the chief judge without regard to the definitions in subsections (a) (6) and (7).

"(2) In any case in which the annuities of all persons entitled to annuity based upon the service of a judge shall terminate before the aggregate amount of annuity paid equals the total amount credited to the individual account of such judge, with interest at 4 percent per annum to December 31, 1947, and 3 percent per annum thereafter, compounded on December 31 of each year, to the date of the death of such judge, the difference shall be paid, upon establishment of a valid claim therefor, in the order of precedence prescribed in paragraph (1).

"(3) Any accrued annuity remaining unpaid upon the termination (other than by death) of the annuity of any person based upon the service of a judge shall be paid to such person. Any accrued annuity remaining unpaid upon the death of any person receiving annuity based upon the service of a judge shall be paid, upon the establishment of a valid claim therefor, in the following order of precedence:

"(A) to the duly appointed executor or administrator of the estate of such person;

"(B) if there is no such executor or administrator payment may be made, after the expiration of thirty days from the date of the death of such person, to such individual or individuals as may appear in the judgment of the chief judge to be legally entitled thereto, and such payment shall be a bar to recovery by any other individual.

"(k) PAYMENTS TO PERSONS UNDER LEGAL DISABILITY.—Where any payment under this section is to be made to a minor, or to a person mentally incompetent or under other legal disability adjudged by a court of competent jurisdiction, such payment may be made to the person who is constituted guardian or other fiduciary by the law of the State of residence of such claimant or is otherwise legally
vested with the care of the claimant or his estate. Where no guardian or other fiduciary of the person under legal disability has been appointed under the laws of the State of residence of the claimant, the chief judge shall determine the person who is otherwise legally vested with the care of the claimant or his estate.

“(1) Method of Payment of Annuities.—Annuities granted under the terms of this section shall accrue monthly and shall be due and payable in monthly installments on the first business day of the month following the month or other period for which the annuity shall have accrued. None of the moneys mentioned in this section shall be assignable, either in law or in equity, or subject to execution, levy, attachment, garnishment, or other legal process.

“(m) Computation of Annuities.—The annuity of the widow of a judge electing under subsection (b) shall be an amount equal to the sum of (1) $\frac{1}{4}$ percent of the average annual salary received by such judge for judicial service and any other prior allowable service during the last 5 years of such service prior to his death, or prior to his receiving retired pay under section 7447(d), whichever first occurs, multiplied by the sum of his years of judicial service, his years of prior allowable service as a Senator, Representative, Delegate, or Resident Commissioner in Congress, his years of prior allowable service performed as a member of the Armed Forces of the United States, and his years, not exceeding 15, of prior allowable service performed as a congressional employee (as defined in section 1(c) of the Civil Service Retirement Act (5 U.S.C. 2251(c)), and (2) three-fourths of 1 percent of such average annual salary multiplied by his years of any other prior allowable service, but such annuity shall not exceed $\frac{37}{2}$ percent of such average annual salary and shall be further reduced in accordance with subsection (d), if applicable.

“(n) Includible Service.—Subject to the provisions of subsection (d), the years of service of a judge which are allowable as the basis for calculating the amount of the annuity of his widow shall include his years of service as a member of the United States Board of Tax Appeals and as a judge of the Tax Court, his years of service as a Senator, Representative, Delegate, or Resident Commissioner in Congress, his years of active service as a member of the Armed Forces of the United States not exceeding 5 years in the aggregate and not including any such service for which credit is allowed for the purposes of retirement or retired pay under any other provision of law, and his years of any other civilian service within the purview of section 3 of the Civil Service Retirement Act (5 U.S.C. 2253).

“(o) Simultaneous Entitlement.—Nothing contained in this section shall be construed to prevent a widow eligible therefor from simultaneously receiving an annuity under this section and any annuity to which she would otherwise be entitled under any other law without regard to this section, but in computing such other annuity service used in the computation of her annuity under this section shall not be credited.

“(p) Estimates of Expenditures.—The chief judge shall submit to the Bureau of the Budget annual estimates of the expenditures and appropriations necessary for the maintenance and operation of the survivors annuity fund, and such supplemental and deficiency estimates as may be required from time to time for the same purposes, according to law. The chief judge shall cause periodic examinations of the survivors annuity fund to be made by an actuary, who may be an actuary employed by another department of the Government temporarily assigned for the purpose, and whose findings and recommendations shall be transmitted by the chief judge to the Tax Court.

“(q) Transitional Provision.—In the case of a judge who dies
within 6 months after the date of enactment of this section after having rendered at least 5 years of civilian service computed as prescribed in subsection (n), but without having made an election as provided in subsection (b), an annuity shall be paid to his widow and surviving dependents as is provided in this section, as if such judge had elected on the day of his death to bring himself within the purview of this section but had not made the deposit provided for by subsection (d). An annuity shall be payable under this section computed upon the basis of the actual length of service as a judge and other allowable service of the judge and subject to the reduction required by subsection (d) even though no deposit has been made, as required by subsection (h) with respect to any of such service.

“(r) WAIVER OF CIVIL SERVICE BENEFITS.—Any judge electing under subsection (b) shall, at the time of such election, waive all benefits under the Civil Service Retirement Act. Such a waiver shall be made in the same manner and shall have the same force and effect as a waiver filed under section 7447(g)(3).

“(s) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATION.—Funds necessary to carry out the provisions of this section may be appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.”

SEC. 2. The table of sections for part I of subchapter C of chapter 76 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

“Sec. 7448. Annuities to widows and dependent children of judges.”

SEC. 3. (a) Section 403(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (relating to taxability of beneficiaries under annuities purchased by section 501(c)(3) organizations) is amended—

(1) by striking out subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

“(A) an annuity contract is purchased—

“(i) for an employee by an employer described in section 501(c)(3) which is exempt from tax under section 501(a), or

“(ii) for an employee (other than an employee described in clause (i)), who performs services for an educational institution (as defined in section 151(e)(4)), by an employer which is a State, a political subdivision of a State, or an agency or instrumentality of any one or more of the foregoing;”;

(2) by striking out “the employer described in section 501(c)(3) and exempt from tax under section 501(a),” in paragraph (3) and inserting in lieu thereof the following: “the employer described in paragraph (1)(A),”; and

(3) by inserting before the period in the heading of such subsection the following: “or PUBLIC SCHOOL.”

(b) The amendments made by subsection (a) shall apply with respect to taxable years beginning after December 31, 1957.

October 4, 1961
[H. R. 1777]

AN ACT

To amend title 18 of the United States Code to prohibit the transportation of fraudulent State tax stamps in interstate and foreign commerce, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 2311 of title 18 of the United States Code is amended by inserting, immediately before the last paragraph, the following new paragraph:

"'Tax stamp' includes any tax stamp, tax token, tax meter imprint, or any other form of evidence of an obligation running to a State, or evidence of the discharge thereof;".

Sec. 2. Section 2314 of title 18 of the United States Code is amended as follows:

(a) by inserting after the word "securities" in the third paragraph thereof, the words "or tax stamps," and
(b) by inserting after the word "security" in the fourth paragraph thereof, the words "or tax stamps," and
(c) by amending the heading of section 2314 to read as follows:

"§ 2314. Transportation of stolen goods, securities, moneys, fraudulent State tax stamps, or articles used in counterfeiting."

Sec. 3. Section 2315 of title 18 of the United States Code is amended as follows:

(a) by inserting after the word "securities" wherever it appears in the second paragraph thereof, the words "or tax stamps," and
(b) by inserting after the word "security" wherever it appears in the third paragraph thereof, the words "or tax stamp," and
(c) by amending the heading of section 2315 to read as follows:

"§ 2315. Sale or receipt of stolen goods, securities, moneys, or fraudulent State tax stamps."

Sec. 4. The section analysis of chapter 113 of title 18 of the United States Code is amended to read as follows:

"Chapter 113.—STOLEN PROPERTY

"2311. Definitions.
"2312. Transportation of stolen vehicles.
"2313. Sale or receipt of stolen vehicles.
"2314. Transportation of stolen goods, securities, moneys, fraudulent State tax stamps, or articles used in counterfeiting.
"2315. Sale or receipt of stolen goods, securities, moneys, or fraudulent State tax stamps.
"2316. Transportation of cattle.
"2317. Sale or receipt of cattle."


October 4, 1961
[H. R. 8099]

AN ACT

To amend section 109 of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949, as amended, so as to remove the limitation on the maximum capital of the General Supply Fund.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the third sentence of subsection (a) of section 109 of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (63 Stat. 382), as amended (5 U.S.C. 630g(a)), is hereby deleted.

Public Law 87-373

AN ACT

To provide for the construction of a fireproof annex building for use of the Government Printing Office, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there is hereby authorized to be constructed in accordance with plans to be prepared by the Administrator of General Services and approved by the Public Printer, a fireproof annex building for use of the Government Printing Office, including the mechanical equipment for the building, connections with the present Government Printing Office buildings and utilities, interconnections with the Capitol Power Plant in accordance with plans to be approved by the Architect of the Capitol, access facilities over or under public streets, other necessary appurtenances or facilities, and such mechanical and other changes in the present Government Printing Office buildings as may be necessitated thereby.

Sec. 2. (a) To carry out the purposes of section 1 of this Act, the Administrator of General Services is authorized to acquire on behalf of the United States, by purchase, condemnation, donation, transfer without reimbursement, or otherwise, such publicly or privately owned real property in the District of Columbia (including streets and alleys or parts thereof) as may be located in the area extending west of the property line at the rear of the Government Printing Office Building Numbered 3, along H Street west of North Capitol Street to the alley connecting G and H Streets and south to Jackson Alley, including that portion of Jackson Alley adjacent to the proposed site bordered on the south by present Government Printing Office property and to the north by lots numbered 823, 824, 47, 48, 49, 68, 67, and including the “T” shaped public alley bounded by lots 64, 65, and 66 on the north, lot 67 on the east, Jackson Alley on the south and lot 68 on the west, in square numbered 624 in the District of Columbia.

(b) Any proceeding for condemnation ordered under subsection (a) shall be conducted in accordance with the pertinent provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the acquisition of land in the District of Columbia for use in the United States", approved March 1, 1929 (16 D.C. Code, secs. 619–644).

(c) The Administrator of General Services is authorized to provide for the demolition and removal as expeditiously as possible of any buildings or other structures on, or constituting a part of, such real property as may be acquired under, or made available for the purpose of this Act.

(d) The Administrator of General Services is authorized to cause the building herein provided for to be constructed pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Public Buildings Act of 1959 (73 Stat. 479), but without regard to the requirements of sections 7 and 8(a) thereof.

Sec. 3. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Government Printing Office such sums as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this Act, and such sums may be available for transfer to the Administrator of General Services to remain available until expended.

Public Law 87-374

*AN ACT*

To amend section 303(c) of the Career Compensation Act of 1949 to authorize the Secretaries concerned to prescribe a reasonable monetary allowance for the transportation of house trailers or mobile dwellings.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the twelfth sentence of section 303(c) of the Career Compensation Act of 1949 (37 U.S.C. 253(c)) is amended to read as follows: "Under regulations prescribed by the Secretaries concerned and in lieu of transportation of baggage and household effects or payment of a dislocation allowance, a member of the uniformed services, or in the case of his death his dependents, who would otherwise be entitled to transportation of baggage and household goods under this section, may transport a house trailer or mobile dwelling within the continental United States for use as a residence by one of the following means—

"(1) transport the trailer or dwelling and receive a monetary allowance in lieu of transportation at a rate to be prescribed by the Secretaries concerned (but not to exceed twenty cents per mile);

"(2) deliver the trailer or dwelling to the Government for transportation by commercial means; or

"(3) transport the trailer or dwelling by commercial means and be reimbursed by the Government subject to such rates as may be prescribed by the Secretaries concerned;

Provided, That the cost of transportation under clause (2) or the reimbursement under clause (3) may not exceed (A) the current average cost for the commercial transportation of a house trailer or mobile dwelling, (B) 36 cents per mile, or (C) the cost of transporting the baggage and household effects of the member or his dependents plus the dislocation allowance authorized in this section, whichever of (A), (B) or (C) is the lesser: And provided further, That any payment authorized by this section may be made in advance of the transportation concerned."


Public Law 87-375

*AN ACT*

To authorize longer term leases of Indian lands on the Dania Reservation in Florida.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) the second sentence of section 1 of the Act of August 9, 1955 (69 Stat. 539), as amended (25 U.S.C. 415), is further amended by inserting after the words "Agua Caliente (Palm Springs) Reservation" the words "the Dania Reservation."

(b) The third sentence of the first section of such Act of August 9, 1955, is amended by inserting after "residential, or business purposes" the words "(except leases the initial term of which extends for more than seventy-four years)".

Public Law 87-376

AN ACT

To authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to sell and convey certain lands in the State of Iowa.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized to sell and convey to the State of Iowa, by quitclaim deed, at fair market value as determined by him, subject to all outstanding rights, all the right, title, and interest of the United States to those certain tracts of land containing approximately 4,649 acres of land, more or less, located in Van Buren, Lee, Appanoose, and Davis Counties, Iowa, in:

A. Van Buren County:
   1. Township 68 north, range 8 west, section 25, containing 300 acres of land, more or less.

B. Lee County:
   1. Township 67 north, range 7 west, section 4, containing 40 acres of land, more or less.
   2. Township 67 north, range 7 west, section 6, containing 380 acres of land, more or less.
   3. Township 67 north, range 7 west, section 7, containing 30 acres of land, more or less.
   4. Township 67 north, range 7 west, section 16, containing 160 acres of land, more or less.
   5. Township 67 north, range 7 west, section 17, containing 240 acres of land, more or less.
   6. Township 67 north, range 7 west, section 18, containing 1.48 acres of land, more or less.
   7. Township 67 north, range 7 west, section 20, containing 150 acres of land, more or less.
   8. Township 67 north, range 7 west, section 21, containing 160 acres of land, more or less.
   9. Township 67 north, range 7 west, section 26, containing 80 acres of land, more or less.
   10. Township 67 north, range 7 west, section 33, containing 160 acres of land, more or less.
   11. Township 67 north, range 7 west, section 34, containing 160 acres of land, more or less.
   12. Township 67 north, range 7 west, section 35, containing 200 acres of land, more or less.
   13. Township 67 north, range 7 west, section 36, containing 160 acres of land, more or less.
   14. Township 66 north, range 7 west, section 1, containing 533 acres of land, more or less.
   15. Township 66 north, range 6 west, section 6, containing 120 acres of land, more or less.

C. Appanoose County:
   1. Township 70 north, range 16 west, section 10, containing 240 acres of land, more or less.
   2. Township 70 north, range 16 west, section 17, containing 80 acres of land, more or less.
   3. Township 70 north, range 16 west, section 24, containing 180 acres of land, more or less.
   4. Township 70 north, range 16 west, section 26, containing 120 acres of land, more or less.
   5. Township 70 north, range 16 west, section 27, containing 30 acres of land, more or less.
6. Township 70 north, range 16 west, section 34, containing 80 acres of land, more or less.
7. Township 70 north, range 16 west, section 35, containing 160 acres of land, more or less.
8. Township 70 north, range 16 west, section 36, containing 160 acres of land, more or less.
9. Township 69 north, range 16 west, section 1, containing 80 acres of land, more or less.

D. Davis County:
1. Township 70 north, range 15 west, section 7, containing 216 acres of land, more or less.
2. Township 70 north, range 15 west, section 15, containing 60 acres of land, more or less.
3. Township 70 north, range 15 west, section 16, containing 40 acres of land, more or less.
4. Township 70 north, range 15 west, section 18, containing 40 acres of land, more or less.
5. Township 70 north, range 15 west, section 19, containing 290 acres of land, more or less.
6. Township 70 north, range 15 west, section 21, containing 20 acres of land, more or less.
7. Township 70 north, range 15 west, section 22, containing 20 acres of land, more or less.

SEC. 2. If within two years from the date on which the director of the State Conservation Commission of the State of Iowa is advised by the Department of Agriculture of the fair market value of the described lands as determined by the Secretary of Agriculture, the State has not entered into firm agreement with the Secretary for the purchase of all such lands as herein authorized, the Secretary is authorized thereafter to sell the described lands to the highest bidder, after adequate public notice, but at not less than the fair market value as determined by him.


Public Law 87-377

AN ACT

To provide outpatient medical and dental treatment for veterans of the Indian wars on the same basis as such treatment is furnished to veterans of the Spanish-American War, and to extend the time within which certain children eligible for benefits under the War Orphans Educational Assistance Act of 1956 may complete their education.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That subsection (e), and paragraph (5) of subsection (b), of section 612 of title 38, United States Code, are each amended by inserting “or Indian wars” immediately after “Spanish-American War”.

SEC. 2. The period referred to in section 1712 of title 38, United States Code, shall not end before June 18, 1963, with respect to pursuit of a program of education or special restorative training under chapter 35 of such title 38 by an eligible person who (1) had not reached his twenty-third birthday on June 29, 1956, and (2) resided in the Republic of the Philippines during all or part of the period June 29, 1956, through June 18, 1958.

AN ACT

To provide for more effective participation in the reserve components of the Armed Forces, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 6 of the Universal Military Training and Service Act, as amended (50 U.S.C. App. 456), is amended—

(1) by amending subsection (c) (2) (E) to read as follows: "(E) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, the President, under such rules and regulations as he may prescribe, may provide that any person enlisted in the Ready Reserve of any reserve component of the Armed Forces pursuant to authority conferred by this paragraph or under section 262 of the Armed Forces Reserve Act of 1952, as amended, or any member of the National Guard deferred from training and service by clause (A) of this paragraph, or any person enlisted or appointed in the Ready Reserve of any reserve component of the armed forces (other than under section 511(b) of title 10, United States Code), the Army National Guard, or the Air National Guard after the effective date of this amended clause, but prior to his attaining the age of 26, who fails to serve satisfactorily as a member of such Ready Reserve or National Guard or the Ready Reserve of another reserve component of which he becomes a member may be selected for training and service and inducted into the armed force of which such reserve component is a part, prior to the selection and induction of other persons liable therefor,"; and

(2) by striking out the words "in such unit:" in the seventh and eighth sentences of subsection (d) (1) and amending the fifth and sixth sentences of that subsection to read as follows: "If, at the time of, or subsequent to, such appointment, the armed force in which such person is commissioned does not require his service on active duty in fulfillment of the obligation undertaken by him in compliance with clause (B) of the first sentence of this paragraph, such person shall be ordered to active duty for training with such armed force in the grade in which he was commissioned for a period of active duty for training of not less than three months or more than six months (not including duty performed under section 270(a) of title 10, United States Code), as determined by the Secretary of the military department concerned to be necessary to qualify such person for a mobilization assignment. Upon being commissioned and assigned to a reserve component, such person shall be required to serve therein, or in a reserve component of any other armed force in which he is later appointed, until the eighth anniversary of the receipt of such commission pursuant to the provisions of this section".

Sec. 2. Section 270 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding the following new subsection at the end thereof:

"(c) Any person who becomes a member of the Army National Guard of the United States or the Air National Guard of the United States after the enactment of this subsection and who fails in any year to perform satisfactorily the training duty prescribed by or under law for members of the Army National Guard or the Air National Guard, as the case may be, as determined by the Secretary concerned, may, upon the request of the Governor of the State or territory, Puerto Rico, or the Canal Zone, or the commanding general of the District of
Columbia National Guard, whichever is concerned, be ordered, without his consent, to perform additional active duty for training for not more than forty-five days. A member ordered to active duty under this subsection shall be ordered to duty as a Reserve of the Army or as a Reserve of the Air Force, as the case may be.”

Sec. 3. Section 3261 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—
(1) by striking out the designation “(b)” in subsection (a) and inserting the designation “(c)” in place thereof; and
(2) by redesignating subsection (b) as subsection “(c)” and inserting the following new subsection (b):
“(b) Under regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary of the Army, a person who enlists or reenlists in the Army National Guard, or whose term of enlistment or reenlistment in the Army National Guard is extended, shall be concurrently enlisted or reenlisted, or his term of enlistment or reenlistment shall be concurrently extended, as the case may be, as a Reserve of the Army for service in the Army National Guard of the United States.”

Sec. 4. Section 8261 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—
(1) by striking out the designation “(b)” in subsection (a) and inserting the designation “(c)” in place thereof; and
(2) by redesignating subsection (b) as subsection “(c)” and inserting the following new subsection (b):
“(b) Under regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary of the Air Force, a person who enlists or reenlists in the Air National Guard, or whose term of enlistment or reenlistment in the Air National Guard is extended, shall be concurrently enlisted or reenlisted, or his term of enlistment or reenlistment shall be concurrently extended, as the case may be, as a Reserve of the Air Force for service in the Air National Guard of the United States.”

Sec. 5. Title 32, United States Code, is amended as follows:
(1) Section 302 is amended to read as follows:
“§ 302. Enlistments, reenlistments, and extensions
“(a) Under regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary concerned, original enlistments in the National Guard may be accepted for—
“(1) any specified term, not less than three years, for persons who have not served in an armed force; or
“(2) any specified term, not less than one year, for persons who have served in an armed force.
“(b) Under regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary concerned, reenlistment in the National Guard may be accepted for any specified period, or, if the person last served in one of the highest five enlisted grades, for an unspecified period.
“(c) Enlistments or reenlistments in the National Guard may be extended—
“(1) under regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary concerned, at the request of the member, for any period not less than six months; or
“(2) by proclamation of the President, if Congress declares an emergency, until six months after termination of that emergency.”

(2) The analysis of chapter 3 is amended by striking out the following item:
“302. Enlistments.”
and inserting the following item in place thereof:
“302. Enlistments, reenlistments, and extensions.”

Sec. 6. The amendments made by sections 3, 4, and 5 of this Act shall not affect any enlistment, reenlistment, or appointment entered into or made before the effective date of this Act.
SEC. 7. (a) Section 29(a) of the Act of August 10, 1956, as amended (5 U.S.C. 30r), is amended by striking out the words "fiscal year" wherever they appear therein and substituting the words "calendar year" in lieu thereof.

(b) Except with respect to substitute postal employees, the amendments made by subsection (a) of this section shall become effective as of January 1, 1961, and with respect to substitute postal employees such amendments shall become effective as of January 1, 1962.


Public Law 87-379

AN ACT

To place in trust status certain lands on the Crow Creek Indian Reservation in South Dakota, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all the right, title, and interest in and to the following described tracts of land on the Crow Creek Indian Reservation in South Dakota, purchased by the United States for Crow Creek Indian school purposes, shall hereafter be held by the United States in trust for the benefit of the Crow Creek Sioux Tribe of South Dakota:

Township 107 north, range 72 west, fifth principal meridian: Section 2, lots 3, 4, southwest quarter, south half northwest quarter, 318.65 acres; section 3, lots 1, 2, 3, 4, south half north half, 317.60 acres; section 4, southeast quarter, 160.00 acres.

Township 108 north, range 72 west, fifth principal meridian: Section 33, south half, 320.00 acres; section 35, southwest quarter, 160.00 acres; a total of 1,276.25 acres.

SEC. 2. The Indian Claims Commission is directed to determine in accordance with the provisions of section 2 of the Act of August 13, 1946 (60 Stat. 1050), the extent to which the value of the title conveyed by this Act should or should not be set off against any claim against the United States determined by the Commission.


Public Law 87-380

AN ACT

To increase monthly disability and death compensation payable pursuant to the War Hazards Compensation Act.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, notwithstanding any other provision of law the monthly disability and death compensation payable pursuant to section 101(a) of the War Hazards Compensation Act shall, with respect to injuries or deaths resulting from injury sustained prior to July 1, 1946, be increased by 15 per centum.

SEC. 2. The increase authorized by this Act shall be effective only with respect to disability and death compensation payable for periods commencing on and after the date of enactment of this Act.

PUBLIC LAW 87-381—OCT. 4, 1961

To amend title 10, United States Code, with respect to annuities based on retired or retainer pay, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That title 10, United States Code, is amended as follows:

(1) The title of chapter 73 is amended to read as follows:

"CHAPTER 73.—RETIRED SERVICEMAN'S FAMILY PROTECTION PLAN"

(2) The chapter analysis of subtitle A and the analysis of part II of subtitle A are each amended by striking out the following item:

"73. Annuities Based on Retired or Retainer Pay 1431" and inserting the following item in place thereof:

"73. Retired Serviceman's Family Protection Plan 1431".

SEC. 2. Section 1431 of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"1431. Election of annuity: members of armed forces

(a) This section applies to all members of the armed forces except—

(1) members whose names are on a retired list other than a list maintained under section 1376 (a) of this title;

(2) cadets at the United States Military Academy, the United States Air Force Academy, or the Coast Guard Academy; and

(3) midshipmen.

(b) To provide an annuity under section 1434 of this title, a person covered by subsection (a) may elect to receive a reduced amount of the retired or retainer pay to which he may become entitled as a result of service in his armed force. Except as otherwise provided in this section, unless it is made before he completes 18 years of service for which he is entitled to credit in the computation of his basic pay, the election must be made at least three years before the first day for which retired or retainer pay is granted. However, if, because of military operations, a member is assigned to an isolated station or is missing, interned in a neutral country, captured by a hostile force, or beleaguered or besieged, and for that reason is unable to make an election before completing 18 years of that service, he may make the election, to become effective immediately, within one year after he ceases to be assigned to that station or returns to the jurisdiction of his armed force, as the case may be. A member to whom retired pay or retainer pay is granted retroactively, and who is otherwise eligible to make an election, may make the election within 90 days after receiving notice that such pay has been granted to him.

(c) An election may be changed or revoked by the elector before the first day for which retired or retainer pay is granted. However, unless made on the basis of restored mental competency under section 1433 of this title, the change or revocation is not effective if made less than three years before the first day for which retired or retainer pay is granted.

(d) If an election made under this section is found to be void for any reason except fraud or willful intent of the member making the election, he may make a corrected election at any time within 90 days after he is notified in writing that the election is void. A corrected election made under this subsection is effective as of the date of the voided election it replaces."
Sec. 3. Section 1434 of title 10, United States Code is amended—
(1) by amending subsection (b) to read as follows:
"(b) A person may elect to provide both the annuity provided in
clause (1) of subsection (a) and that provided in clause (2) of sub-
section (a), but he may elect only 25 or 12 1/2 percent of his reduced
retired or retainer pay for each annuity. The reduction in his retired
or retainer pay on account of each annuity, and the amount of each
annuity, shall be determined in the same manner that it would be
determined if the other annuity had not been elected."; and
(2) by adding the following new subsection at the end thereof:
"(d) Under regulations prescribed under section 1444(a) of this
title, a person may, before or after the first day for which retired or
retainer pay is granted, provide for allocating, during the period of
the surviving spouse's eligibility, a part of the annuity under subsec-
tion (a) (3) for payment to those of his surviving children who are
not children of that spouse."
Sec. 4. Section 1436 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—
(1) by adding the following at the end of the catchline:
"; withdrawal for severe financial hardship";
(2) by inserting the designation "(a)" before the words "The
reduction" at the beginning; and
(3) by adding the following new subsection at the end thereof:
"(b) Under regulations prescribed under section 1444(a) of this
title, the Secretary concerned may, whenever he considers it necessary
because of the member's severe financial hardship, allow him to with-
draw from participation in an annuity program under this chapter,
when requiring the member to continue to participate in the program
would violate equity and good conscience. The absence of an eligible
beneficiary shall not of itself be a basis for such action. However, no
amounts by which retired or retainer pay is reduced may be refunded
to him under this subsection."
Sec. 5. Section 1444 (b) of title 10, United States Code, is amended
by adding the following new sentence at the end thereof: "In addition
to a report on the administration of this chapter, the report shall also
contain a detailed account, including an actuarial analysis, of those
cases in which relief is granted under sections 1436 (b) and 1552 of
this title, or any other statutory or administrative procedure."
Sec. 6. Chapter 73 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—
(1) by adding the following new sections at the end thereof:
"§ 1445. Correction of administrative deficiencies
"Whenever he considers it necessary, the Secretary concerned may,
under regulations prescribed under section 1444 (a) of this title, cor-
rect any election, or any change or revocation of an election, under this
chapter when he considers it necessary to correct an administrative
error. Except when procured by fraud, a correction under this sec-
tion is final and conclusive on all officers of the United States.

§ 1446. Restriction on participation
"(a) Notwithstanding section 1441 of this title, if a person—
"(1) has made an election under this chapter; and
"(2) is retired for physical disability before he completes 18
years of service for which he is entitled to credit in the com-
putation of his basic pay;
and thereafter dies, his beneficiaries are not entitled to the annuities
provided under this chapter until they give proof to the department
concerned that they are not eligible for benefits under chapter 11 or 13
of title 38. If the beneficiaries are not eligible for benefits under
chapter 11 or 13 of title 38, the annuity shall begin on the first day of
the month in which the death occurs.
“(b) Whenever the beneficiaries on whose behalf the election was made are restricted, under subsection (a), from participating in the annuities provided under this chapter, the amount withheld from the elector’s retired or retainer pay as a result of an election under this chapter shall be refunded to the beneficiaries, less the amount of any annuities paid under this chapter, and in either case without interest.”; and

(2) by striking out the following item in the analysis:

“1436. Computation of reduction in retired pay.”

and inserting the following item in place thereof:

“1436. Computation of reduction in retired pay; withdrawal for severe financial hardship.”; and

(3) by adding the following new items at the end of the analysis:

“1445. Correction of administrative deficiencies.
“1446. Restriction on participation.”

SEC. 7. Any person who, before the date of enactment of this Act, has filed a change or revocation, subject to section 1431(c) of title 10, United States Code, of an election made under section 1431(b) of that title, which change or revocation would be ineffective if the first day for which retired or retainer pay is granted were to be the date of enactment of this Act, shall have that change or revocation become effective on that date, or three years after the date upon which it was filed, whichever is later.

SEC. 8. Any person who—

(1) made an election before the date of enactment of this Act which would be effective if he retired on the day before such date; and

(2) hereafter retires for physical disability before completing 18 years of service for which he is entitled to credit in the computation of his basic pay—

shall be considered as having applicable to him all of the provisions of chapter 73 of title 10, United States Code, existing on the date preceding the date of enactment of this Act, except that any revocation or change of an election is not effective until three years after the date of filing such revocation or change, or the date of enactment of this Act, whichever is later.

Public Law 87-383

AN ACT

To promote the conservation of migratory waterfowl by the acquisition of wetlands and other essential waterfowl habitat, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in order to promote the conservation of migratory waterfowl and to offset or prevent the serious loss of important wetlands and other waterfowl habitat essential to the preservation of such waterfowl, there is hereby authorized to be appropriated for the seven-year period beginning with fiscal year 1962, not to exceed $105,000,000.

Sec. 2. Funds appropriated each fiscal year pursuant to this Act shall be accounted for, added to, and used for purposes of the migratory bird conservation fund established pursuant to section 4 of the Migratory Bird Hunting Stamp Act of March 16, 1934, as amended (48 Stat. 451; 16 U.S.C. 718d).

Sec. 3. Funds appropriated pursuant to this Act shall be treated as an advance, without interest, to the migratory bird conservation fund. Such appropriated funds, beginning with fiscal year 1969, shall be repaid to the Treasury out of the migratory bird conservation fund, and such repayment shall be made in annual amounts comprising 75 per centum of the moneys accruing annually to such fund: Provided, That in the event the full amount authorized by section 1 of this Act is appropriated prior to the end of the aforesaid seven-year period, the repayment of such funds pursuant to this section shall begin with the next full fiscal year: Provided further, That no land shall be acquired with moneys from the migratory bird conservation fund unless the acquisition thereof has been approved by the Governor of the State or appropriate State agency.


Public Law 87-384

AN ACT

To authorize the Postmaster General to dispose of certain land, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, notwithstanding section 2103(b) of title 39, United States Code, the Postmaster General is authorized to dispose of, as provided in section 2103(a)(2) (B) of title 39, United States Code, the following-described real property situated in Independence, Jackson County, Missouri:

Beginning at the southwest corner of the intersection of West Lexington Avenue and South Osage Street; thence south 0 degrees 09 minutes 47 seconds east along the west side of South Osage Street 215.17 feet more or less to a point; thence south 90 degrees 00 minutes 00 seconds west 235.79 feet more or less to a point; thence north 0 degrees 06 minutes 46 seconds west 215.17 feet more or less to a point; thence north 90 degrees 00 minutes 00 seconds east 235.62 feet more or less to the place of beginning.

Public Law 87-385

AN ACT

To amend chapter 47 (Uniform Code of Military Justice) of title 10, United States Code, to provide a specific statutory authority for prosecution of bad check offenses.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That subchapter X of chapter 47 (Uniform Code of Military Justice) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by inserting the following new section after section 923:

§ 923a. Art. 123a. Making, drawing, or uttering check, draft, or order without sufficient funds

"Any person subject to this chapter who—

(1) for the procurement of any article or thing of value, with intent to defraud; or

(2) for the payment of any past due obligation, or for any other purpose, with intent to deceive;

makes, draws, utters, or delivers any check, draft, or order for the payment of money upon any bank or other depository, knowing at the time that the maker or drawer has not or will not have sufficient funds in, or credit with, the bank or other depository for the payment of that check, draft, or order in full upon its presentment, shall be punished as a court-martial may direct. The making, drawing, uttering, or delivering by a maker or drawer of a check, draft, or order, payment of which is refused by the drawee because of insufficient funds of the maker or drawer in the drawee's possession or control, is prima facie evidence of his intent to defraud or deceive and of his knowledge of insufficient funds in, or credit with, that bank or other depository, unless the maker or drawer pays the holder the amount due within five days after receiving notice, orally or in writing, that the check, draft, or order was not paid on presentment. In this section, the word 'credit' means an arrangement or understanding, express or implied, with the bank or other depository for the payment of that check, draft, or order."

(2) by inserting the following new item in the analysis:

"923a. 123a. Making, drawing, or uttering check, draft, or order without sufficient funds."

Effective date.

Sec. 2. This Act becomes effective on the first day of the fifth month following the month in which it is enacted.


Public Law 87-386

AN ACT

To amend the Flood Control Act of 1958 to extend the time within which land in certain reservoir projects in Texas may be reconveyed to the former owners thereof.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That subsection (i) of section 205 of the Flood Control Act of 1958 is amended by striking out "three" and inserting in lieu thereof "four":

AN ACT

To authorize the loan of naval vessels to friendly foreign countries and the extension of certain naval vessel loans now in existence.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, notwithstanding section 7307 of title 10, United States Code, or any other law, the President may extend the loans of two destroyer escorts to the Government of Portugal and two destroyers to the Government of Spain on such terms and under such conditions as he deems are appropriate.

Sec. 2. The extensions of the existing loans authorized under this Act are extensions of the loans made under the authority granted by the Act of August 5, 1953 (67 Stat. 363), as amended by the Act of August 3, 1956 (70 Stat. 967).

Sec. 3. Extensions of existing loans shall be for a period of not to exceed five years and shall be made on the condition that they may be terminated at an earlier date if necessitated by the defense requirements of the United States.

Sec. 4. Notwithstanding section 7307 of title 10, United States Code, or any other law, the President may, under conditions which he prescribes, lend or otherwise make available to friendly foreign nations from the Reserve Fleet, on such terms and under such conditions as he deems appropriate, destroyers, destroyer escorts, and submarines as follows: (1) North Atlantic Treaty Organization and European area, not to exceed six ships; (2) southern Asia, not to exceed two ships; (3) Far Eastern area, not to exceed six ships; and (4) a pool of not to exceed two such ships to be loaned to friendly nations in an emergency as a replacement for a ship, covered under an existing loan, lost by enemy action or an act of God.

Sec. 5. New loans executed under this Act shall be for periods not exceeding five years. All loans shall be made on the condition that they may be terminated at an earlier date if necessitated by the defense requirements of the United States.

Sec. 6. All expenses involved in the activation, rehabilitation, and outfitting, including repairs, alterations, and logistic support of vessels transferred under this Act, shall be charged to funds programed for the recipient government under the Mutual Security Act of 1954, as amended, or successor legislation, or to funds provided by the recipient government.

Sec. 7. No loan may be made or extended under this Act unless the Secretary of Defense, after consultation with the Joint Chiefs of Staff, determines that such loan or extension is in the best interest of the United States. The Secretary of Defense shall keep the Congress currently advised of all loans or extensions made under authority of this Act.

Sec. 8. The President may promulgate such rules and regulations as he deems necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act.

Sec. 9. The authority of the President to transfer naval vessels under this Act terminates on December 31, 1963.

Public Law 87-388

AN ACT

To modify the project for the Duluth-Superior Harbor, Minnesota and Wisconsin to provide for the abandonment of the Twenty-first Avenue West Channel, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the project for the Duluth-Superior Harbor, Minnesota and Wisconsin authorized by the Act entitled "An Act authorizing the construction, repair, and preservation of certain public works on rivers and harbors, and for other purposes", approved August 30, 1935 (49 Stat. 1028, 1035), and the project for such harbor authorized by the River and Harbor Act of 1960, are each modified to abandon those portions of the Twenty-first Avenue West Channel more particularly described in section 2 of this Act, and that portion of the Duluth-Superior Harbor in the Twenty-first Avenue West Channel area bounded by harbor lines as approved by the Secretary of War on November 17, 1899, more particularly described in section 2 of this Act, is hereby declared to be a nonnavigable water of the United States within the meaning of the Constitution and laws of the United States. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this section is expressly reserved.

Description.

SEC. 2. The area to be abandoned referred to in the first section of this Act is more particularly described as follows:

About the northerly 1,250 feet of the 3,300-foot-long Twenty-first Avenue West Channel authorized by the Act of August 30, 1935, as described in House Document Numbered 482, Seventy-second Congress, second session, 1932; and about the northerly 500 feet of the 2,500-foot-long Twenty-first Avenue West Channel authorized by the River and Harbor Act of 1960, as described in House Document Numbered 196, Eighty-sixth Congress, first session, 1960; and the harbor area beginning at harbor line point 40, situated south 62 degrees 25 minutes 49 seconds west, 1,375.00 feet from a point on city monument line of Garfield Avenue produced 1,462.50 feet northerly from a granite city monument, situated 25 feet southerly from centerline of Ash Avenue and 25 feet easterly of centerline of Garfield Avenue; thence south 62 degrees 25 minutes 49 seconds west, a distance of 793.40 feet to harbor line point 42; thence south 27 degrees 34 minutes 11 seconds east, parallel with city monument line of Garfield Avenue and 2,168.40 feet therefrom, a distance of 654.00 feet to harbor line point 42a, to be established; thence south 56 degrees 28 minutes 40 seconds east, a distance of 620.60 feet to harbor line point 40b, to be established; thence south 49 degrees 52 minutes 29 seconds east, a distance of 1,300.00 feet to harbor line point 40a; situated on the harbor line between points 38 and 40, as approved by Secretary of War, November 17, 1899; thence on said approved harbor line north 27 degrees 34 minutes 11 seconds west, for a distance of 2,400.00 feet to harbor line point 40, the point of beginning.

Public Law 87-389

AN ACT

To amend the Act of August 12, 1955, relating to elections in the District of Columbia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act entitled "An Act to regulate the election of delegates representing the District of Columbia to national political conventions, and for other purposes," approved August 12, 1955 (69 Stat. 699; title I, ch. 11, D.C. Code, 1951 ed.), is amended as follows:

(1) The first section is amended by inserting after the word "That" the words "in the District of Columbia electors of President and Vice President of the United States and".

(2) Section 3 of such Act of August 12, 1955 (D.C. Code, sec. 1-1103), is amended by inserting at the end thereof the following new sentence: "The said Commissioners shall from time to time designate the Chairman of the Board."

(3) Paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of section 5 of such Act of August 12, 1955 (D.C. Code, sec. 1-1105), is amended by striking out "permanent."

(4) Paragraph 3 of subsection (a) of section 5 of such Act of August 12, 1955 (D.C. Code, sec. 1-1105), is amended to read as follows:

"(3) provide for recording and counting votes by means of ballots or machines or both and not less than five days before each election held pursuant to this Act, publish in one or more newspapers of general circulation in the District a copy of the official ballot to be used in any such election."

(5) Section 5 of such Act of August 12, 1955 (D.C. Code, sec. 1-1105), is further amended (A) by striking from the first sentence of subsection (b) "The Board, and persons authorized by it" and inserting in lieu thereof "Each member of the Board and persons authorized by the Board", and by striking the period at the end of subsection (c) thereof and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "including, a regulation permitting persons not absent from the District but who are physically unable to appear personally at an official registration place, to register in the manner prescribed in such regulation for the purpose of voting in any election held pursuant to this Act."

(6) Paragraphs (6) and (7) of subsection (a) of section 5 of such Act of August 12, 1955 (D.C. Code, sec. 1-1105) are hereby renumbered as paragraphs (7) and (8) respectively, and a new paragraph inserted immediately after paragraph (5) as follows:

"(6) Develop and administer procedures for absentee registration for and voting in any election held under this Act by any person included within the categories referred to in paragraphs (1), (2), (3), or (4) of section 101 of the Federal Voting Assistance Act of 1955 (69 Stat. 584)._"

(7) Section 6 of such Act of August 12, 1955 (D.C. Code, sec. 1-1106), is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(c) Subject to the approval of the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, the Board is authorized to adopt and use a seal."
(9) Paragraphs (2) and (3) of section 7(b) of such Act of August 12, 1955 (D.C. Code, sec. 1-1107), are hereby amended to read as follows:

"(2) he executes a registration affidavit by signature or mark (unless prevented by physical disability) on the form prescribed by the Board pursuant to subsection (c) showing that he meets each of the requirements specified in section 2(2) for a qualified elector or qualifies under procedures established by the Board under paragraph (6) of subsection (a) of section 5 of this Act, and, if he desires to vote in a party election, such form shall show his political party affiliation."

(10) Section 7(c) of such Act of August 12, 1955 (D.C. Code, sec. 1-1107), is amended by striking "(b)(3)" and inserting in lieu thereof "(b)(2)".

(11) The first sentence of subsection (d) of section 7 of such Act of August 12, 1955 (D.C. Code, sec. 1-1107), is amended to read as follows: "The registry shall be open from January 1 until forty-five days before the first Tuesday following the first Monday in November during each presidential election year except the forty-five day period which ends on the first Tuesday in May, and except as provided by the Board in the case of a special election. The Board may close the registry on Saturdays, Sundays and holidays."

(12) So much of subsection (a) of section 8 of such Act of August 12, 1955 (D.C. Code, sec. 1-1108), as precedes clause (1) is amended to read as follows:

"(a) Candidates for office participating in an election of the officials referred to in clauses (1), (2), and (3) of the first section of this Act and of officials designated pursuant to clause (4) of such section shall be the persons registered under section 7 of this Act who have been nominated for such office by a petition—".

(13) Section 8 of such Act of August 12, 1955 (D.C. Code, sec. 1-1108), is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsections:

"(d) Each political party who has had its candidate elected as President of the United States after January 1, 1950, shall be entitled to nominate candidates for presidential electors. The executive committee of the organization recognized by the national committee of each such party as the official organization of that party in the District of Columbia shall nominate by appropriate means the presidential electors for that party. Nominations shall be made by message to the Board of Elections on or before September 1 next preceding a presidential election.

"(e) The names of the candidates of each political party for President and Vice President shall be placed on the ballot under the title and device, if any, of that party as designated by the duly authorized committee of the organization recognized by the national committee of that party as the official organization of that party in the District. The form of the ballot shall be determined by the Board. The position on the ballot of names of candidates for President and Vice President shall be determined by lot. The names of persons nominated as candidates for electors of President and Vice President shall not appear on the ballot.

"(f) A political party which does not qualify under subsection (d) of this section may have the names of its candidates for President and Vice President of the United States printed on the general election ballot provided a petition nominating the appropriate number of candidates for presidential electors signed by at least 5 per centum of registered qualified electors of the District of Columbia, as of July 1 of the year in which the election is to be held is presented to the Board on or before August 15 preceding the date of the presidential election.
“(g) No person may be elected to the office of elector of President and Vice President pursuant to this Act unless (1) he is a registered voter in the District and (2) he has been a bona fide resident of the District for a period of three years immediately preceding the date of the presidential election. Each person elected as elector of President and Vice President shall, in the presence of the Board, take an oath or solemnly affirm that he will vote for the candidates of the party he has been nominated to represent, and it shall be his duty to vote in such manner in the electoral college.”

(14) Subsection (a) of section 9 is amended by striking the second sentence.

(15) Subsection (b) of section 9 is amended by striking “ballot” and inserting in lieu thereof “vote” in the first sentence thereof and by inserting at the end thereof the following new sentence: “The Board shall by regulation permit voting for electors of President and Vice President by any registered elector who is absent from the District or who, because of his physical condition, is unable to vote in person at the polling place in his voting precinct on election day.”

(16) Subsection (e) of section 9 of such Act of August 12, 1955 (D.C. Code, sec. 1–1109), is amended by striking “municipal court of the District” and inserting in lieu thereof “municipal court for the District.”

(17) Subsection (g) of section 9 of such Act of August 12, 1955 (D.C. Code, sec. 1–1109), is amended to read as follows:

“(g) No person shall vote more than once in any election, nor shall any person vote in an election held by a political party other than that of which he has declared himself a member.”

(18) Subsection (a) of section 10 of such Act of August 12, 1955 (D.C. Code, sec. 1–1110), is amended by inserting “(1)” immediately after “(a)”, and by adding at the end of such subsection the following:

“(2) The electors of President and Vice President of the United States shall be elected on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November in every fourth year succeeding every election of a President and Vice President of the United States. Polls shall be open from 8 o’clock antemeridian to 8 o’clock postmeridian on election day. Each vote cast for a candidate for President or Vice President whose name appears on the general election ballot shall be counted as a vote cast for the candidates for presidential electors of the party supporting such presidential and vice presidential candidate. Candidates receiving the highest number of votes in such election shall be declared the winners, except that in the case of a tie it shall be resolved in the same manner as is provided in subsection (c) of this section.”

(19) Subsection (b) of section 10 of such Act of August 12, 1955 (D.C. Code, sec. 1–1109), is amended by striking “said election” and inserting in lieu thereof “such elections”.

(20) Section (d) of section 10 is amended by striking “dies” and inserting in lieu thereof “dies, resigns, or becomes unable to serve”, and by striking “local committee” and inserting in lieu thereof “party committee: Provided, That such successor shall have the qualifications required by this Act for such office”.

(21) Subsection (b) of section 13 of such Act of August 12, 1955 (D.C. Code, sec. 1–1113), is amended by inserting after the words “a candidate for” the words “elector of President and Vice President,”.

(22) Subsection (d) of section 13 of such Act of August 12, 1955 (D.C. Code, sec. 1–1113), is amended by striking “any national committeeman” and inserting in lieu thereof “any elector, national committeeman”.

(23) Subsection (e) of section 13 of such Act of August 12, 1955 (D.C. Code, sec. 1–1113), is amended by striking from the first
sentence thereof "the election" and inserting in lieu thereof "an election".

(24) Section 14 of such Act of August 12, 1955 (D.C. Code, sec. 1–1114), is amended (A) by striking from the first sentence thereof "if employed in the counting of votes in such elections" and inserting in lieu thereof "if employed in the counting of votes in any election held pursuant to this Act knowingly"; (B) by inserting the word "knowingly" immediately before the words "make any expenditure".

(25) The title of such Act of August 12, 1955 (D.C. Code), is amended to read as follows: "An Act to regulate the election in the District of Columbia of electors of President and Vice President of the United States and of delegates representing the District of Columbia to national political conventions, and for other purposes."

(26) Clause (A) of paragraph 2 of section 2 of such Act is amended to read as follows: "(A) who does not claim voting residence or right to vote in any State or Territory; and who, for the purpose of voting in an election under this Act, has resided in the District continuously since the beginning of the one-year period ending on the day of such election;"

SEC. 2. (a) Chapter 1 of title 3 of the United States Code is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"§ 21. Definitions

"As used in this chapter the term—

"(a) 'State' includes the District of Columbia.

"(b) 'executives of each State' includes the Board of Commissioners of the District of Columbia."

(b) The table of contents of chapter 1 of title 3 of the United States Code is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"21. Definitions."

(c) For the purposes of the Federal Voting Assistance Act of 1955 (69 Stat. 584) the word "State" shall be deemed to include the District of Columbia.

Sec. 3. The second paragraph of section 7 of the District of Columbia Alcoholic Beverage Control Act, as amended (sec. 25–107, D.C. Code, 1951 ed.), is amended by inserting after the first sentence the following new sentence: "Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, the Commissioners shall not authorize the sale by any licensee, other than the holder of a retailer's license, class E, of any beverages on the day of the presidential election in the District of Columbia during the hours when the polls are open, and any such sales are hereby prohibited."


Public Law 87-390

AN ACT

To further amend section 201(i) of the Federal Civil Defense Act of 1950, as amended, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 201(i) of the Federal Civil Defense Act of 1950, as amended, is further amended by inserting after the first proviso the following: "Provided further, That retroactive financial contributions which were otherwise approvable, approved and made to the States prior to June 30, 1960, to carry out the purposes of this subsection are hereby ratified and affirmed;"

Public Law 87-391

To amend and clarify the reemployment provisions of the Universal Military Training and Service Act, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 9 of the Universal Military Training and Service Act, as amended (50 U.S.C. App. 459), is amended as follows:

(1) By amending paragraph (1) of subsection (g) to read as follows:

"(1) Any person who after entering the employment to which he claims restoration, enlists in the Armed Forces of the United States (other than a reserve component) shall be entitled upon release from service under honorable conditions to all the reemployment rights and other benefits provided for by this section in the case of persons inducted under the provisions of this title, if the total of his service performed between June 24, 1948, and August 1, 1961, did not exceed four years, and the total of any service, additional or otherwise, performed by him after August 1, 1961, does not exceed four years (plus in each case any period of additional service imposed pursuant to law)."

(2) By amending paragraph (2) of subsection (g) to read as follows:

"(2) Any person who, after entering the employment to which he claims restoration, enters upon active duty (other than for the purpose of determining his physical fitness and other than for training), whether or not voluntarily, in the Armed Forces of the United States or the Public Health Service in response to an order or call to active duty shall, upon his relief from active duty under honorable conditions, be entitled to all of the reemployment rights and benefits provided by this section in the case of persons inducted under the provisions of this title, if the total of such active duty performed between June 24, 1948, and August 1, 1961, did not exceed four years, and the total of any such active duty, additional or otherwise, performed after August 1, 1961, does not exceed four years (plus in each case any additional period in which he was unable to obtain orders relieving him from active duty)."

(3) By amending paragraph (4) of subsection (g) to read as follows:

"(4) Any employee not covered by paragraph (3) of this subsection who holds a position described in paragraph (A) or (B) of subsection (b) of this section shall upon request be granted a leave of absence by his employer for the period required to perform active duty for training or inactive duty training in the Armed Forces of the United States. Upon his release from a period of such active duty for training or inactive duty training, or upon his discharge from hospitalization incident to that training, such employee shall be permitted to return to his position with such seniority, status, pay, and vacation as he would have had if he had not been absent for such purposes. He shall report for work at the beginning of his next regularly scheduled working period after expiration of the last calendar day necessary to travel from the place of training to the place of employment following his release, or within a reasonable time thereafter if delayed return is due to factors beyond the employee's control. Failure to report for work at such next regularly scheduled working period shall make the employee subject to the conduct rules of the employer pertaining to explanations and discipline with respect to absence from scheduled work. If that employee is hospitalized incident to active
duty for training or inactive duty training, he shall be required to report for work at the beginning of his next regularly scheduled work period after expiration of the time necessary to travel from the place of discharge from hospitalization to the place of employment, or within a reasonable time thereafter if delayed return is due to factors beyond the employee's control, or within one year after his release from active duty for training or inactive duty training, whichever is earlier. If an employee covered by this paragraph is not qualified to perform the duties of his position by reason of disability sustained during active duty for training or inactive duty training, but is qualified to perform the duties of any other position in the employ of the employer or his successor in interest, he shall be restored by that employer or his successor in interest to such other position the duties of which he is qualified to perform as will provide him like seniority, status, and pay, or the nearest approximation thereof consistent with the circumstances in his case."

(4) By renumbering paragraph (5) of subsection (g) as paragraph (6), and by inserting a new paragraph (5) as follows:

"(5) Any employee not covered by paragraph (3) of this subsection who holds a position described in paragraph (A) or (B) of subsection (b) of this section shall be considered as having been on leave of absence during the period required to report for the purpose of being inducted into, entering or determining by a preinduction or other examination his physical fitness to enter the Armed Forces of the United States. Upon his rejection, upon completion of his preinduction or other examination, or upon his discharge from hospitalization incident to that rejection or examination, such employee shall be permitted to return to his position in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (4) of this subsection."


Public Law 87-392

AN ACT

To amend section 303(a) of title 23, United States Code, relating to the organization of the Bureau of Public Roads, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That subsection (a) of section 303 of title 23, United States Code, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"(a) The Bureau of Public Roads shall be in the Department of Commerce as a primary unit administered by the Federal Highway Administrator, appointed by the President by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. The Administrator shall receive basic compensation at the rate prescribed by law for Assistant Secretaries of executive departments and shall perform such duties as the Secretary of Commerce may prescribe or as may be required by law. There shall be a Deputy Federal Highway Administrator, who shall be appointed by the Secretary and perform such duties as may be prescribed by the Federal Highway Administrator. The Deputy Federal Highway Administrator shall receive basic compensation at a rate $1,000 less than the rate provided for the Federal Highway Administrator."

Sec. 2. Section 107(a) of the Act approved July 31, 1956 (70 Stat. 739), is hereby amended by deleting the paragraph which reads:

"(16) Commissioner of Public Roads."

Public Law 87-393

AN ACT

To remove the present $5,000 limitation which prevents the Secretary of the Air Force from settling certain claims arising out of the crash of a United States Air Force aircraft at Midwest City, Oklahoma.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the $5,000 limitation contained in section 2733 of title 10, United States Code, shall not apply with respect to claims arising out of the crash of a United States Air Force aircraft at Midwest City, Oklahoma, on August 25, 1961.

SEC. 2. With respect to claims filed as a result of an aircraft crash described in the first section of this Act, the Secretary of the Air Force shall, within thirty months after the date of the enactment of this Act, report to Congress on—

(1) each claim settled and paid by him under this Act with a brief statement concerning the character and equity of each such claim, the amount claimed, and the amount approved and paid; and

(2) each claim submitted under this Act which has not been settled, with supporting papers and a statement of findings of facts and recommendations with respect to each such claim.

SEC. 3. Payments made pursuant to this Act for death, personal injury, and property loss claims, shall not be subject to insurance subrogation claims in any respect. No payments made pursuant to this Act shall include any amount for reimbursement to any insurance company or compensation insurance fund for loss payments made by such company or fund.

SEC. 4. No part of the amounts awarded under this Act in excess of 10 per centum thereof shall be paid or delivered to or received by any agent or attorney on account of services rendered in connection with these claims, and the same shall be unlawful, any contract to the contrary notwithstanding. Any person violating the provisions of this Act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined in any sum not exceeding $1,000.


Public Law 87-394

AN ACT

To amend the Freeport Harbor project, Texas.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the existing project for Freeport Harbor, Texas, is hereby modified by revoking the provision of local cooperation set forth at paragraph 12(a) of the report of the Board of Engineers for Rivers and Harbors as contained in House Document Numbered 1469, Sixty-third Congress, insofar as it requires the town of Freeport to own in perpetuity the strip of land specifically referred to therein and to maintain a dock thereon. The assurance heretofore furnished by the town in compliance with this requirement is hereby nullified.

SEC. 2. The Freeport Harbor project shall be subject to a condition that local interests shall maintain adequate public terminal facilities at the harbor.

Public Law 87-395

AN ACT

To assist in expanding and improving community facilities and services for the health care of aged and other persons, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Community Health Services and Facilities Act of 1961".

GRANTS FOR PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICES

Sec. 2. (a) Subsection (c) of section 314 of the Public Health Service Act is amended by striking out "there is hereby authorized to be appropriated for each fiscal year a sum not to exceed $30,000,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "there is authorized to be appropriated for each of the first five fiscal years ending after June 30, 1961, the sum of $50,000,000".

(b) The second sentence of such subsection is amended (1) by striking out "an amount, not to exceed $3,000,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "such amount as may be necessary," and (2) by striking out "$1,000,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "$2,500,000".

(c) Such subsection is further amended by inserting after the first sentence the following new sentence: "When so provided in any Act appropriating funds for carrying out the purposes of this subsection for any year, such amounts as may be specified in such Act shall be available only for allotments and payments for such services and activities included under this subsection as may be provided in such Act; and in such case the requirements of subsection (h) shall be separately applied to such allotments and payments."

(d) Section 314 of such Act is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(w) The Surgeon General, at the request of the State health authority or, where appropriate, the State mental health authority, may reduce the payments to a State under this section by the amount of the pay, allowances, traveling expenses, and any other costs in connection with the detail of an officer or employee of the Public Health Service to the State or any of its political subdivisions when such detail is made for the convenience of and at the request of the State and for purposes of carrying out its State plan approved under this section. The amount by which such payments are so reduced shall be available for payment of such costs by the Surgeon General, but shall, for purposes of subsection (h), be deemed to have been paid to the State."

(e) Part B of title III of the Public Health Service Act is further amended by adding after section 315 the following new section:

"SPECIAL PROJECT GRANTS FOR IMPROVING COMMUNITY HEALTH SERVICES

Sec. 316. (a) There are hereby authorized to be appropriated for each of the first five fiscal years ending after June 30, 1961, the sum of $10,000,000, for grants to State or other public or nonprofit private agencies or organizations for studies, experiments, and demonstrations looking toward development of new or improved methods of providing health services outside the hospital, particularly for chronically ill or aged persons. Any grant for any such project made from an appropriation under this section for any fiscal year may include such amounts as the Surgeon General determines to be necessary for succeeding fiscal years for completion of the Federal participation in the project as approved by the Surgeon General."
"(b) Payments under this section may be made in advance or by way of reimbursement, and in such installments, as may be determined by the Surgeon General; and shall be made on such conditions as the Surgeon General finds necessary to carry out the purposes of this section. Nothing in this Act shall preclude a State or community from establishing and collecting fees for personal health services which may be provided through programs financed from funds under this section when collection of such fees is authorized or required by State or local law.

"(c) The Surgeon General, at the request of a State or other public agency, may reduce the grant to such agency under this section by the amount of the pay, allowances, traveling expenses, and any other costs in connection with the detail of an officer or employee of the Public Health Service to such agency when such detail is made for the convenience of and at the request of such agency and for the purpose of carrying out its study, experiment, or demonstration with respect to which a grant is made under this section. The amount by which such grant is so reduced shall be available for payment of such costs by the Surgeon General, but shall, for purposes of subsection (b), be deemed to have been paid to such agency."

INCREASE IN GRANTS FOR CONSTRUCTION OF NONPROFIT NURSING HOMES

Sec. 3. (a) Paragraph (4) of section 651 of the Public Health Service Act is amended by striking out "$10,000,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "$20,000,000".

(b) Section 652 of such Act is amended by striking out "(3) or (4)" and inserting in lieu thereof "(3)" and by striking out "(1) or (2)" and inserting in lieu thereof "(1), (2), or (4)".

(c) The amendments made by subsections (a) and (b) shall be applicable in the case of fiscal years beginning after June 30, 1961.

RESEARCH, EXPERIMENTS, AND DEMONSTRATIONS IN UTILIZATION OF MEDICAL FACILITIES

Sec. 4. (a) Section 636 of the Public Health Service Act is amended by striking out "hospital services, facilities, and resources" each time it appears therein and inserting in lieu thereof "services, facilities, and resources of hospitals or other medical facilities" the first time and "services, facilities, and resources of hospitals or other medical facilities, agencies, or institutions, and including projects for the construction of experimental or demonstration hospitals or other medical facilities and projects for acquisition of experimental or demonstration equipment for use in connection with hospitals or other medical facilities" the second time.

(b) Section 636 of such Act is further amended by striking out the last sentence thereof and inserting the following in lieu of such sentence: "Any award for any such project made from an appropriation under this section for any fiscal year may include such amounts as the Surgeon General determines to be necessary for succeeding fiscal years for completion of the Federal participation in the project as approved by the Surgeon General. Payments of any such grant may be made in advance or by way of reimbursement, and in such installments, as may be determined by the Surgeon General; and shall be made on such conditions as the Surgeon General finds necessary to carry out the purposes of this section. Except where the Surgeon General determines that unusual circumstances make a larger percentage necessary in order to effectuate the purposes of this section, amounts paid under this section with respect to any project for con-
construction of a facility or for acquisition of equipment may not exceed 66 2/3 per centum of so much of the cost of such facility or such equipment as the Surgeon General determines is reasonably attributable to experimental or demonstration purposes. The provisions of clause (5) of the third sentence of subsection (a) of section 625 and any other provisions of such section which the Surgeon General deems appropriate shall be applicable, along with such other conditions as the Surgeon General may determine, to grants under this section for projects for construction or for acquisition of equipment. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated not to exceed $10,000,000 for any fiscal year to carry out the provisions of this section.”

(c) Such section is further amended by striking out “In carrying out the purposes of section 301 with respect to hospital facilities, the Surgeon General” and inserting in lieu thereof “(a) The Surgeon General”, and by adding at the end of such section the following new subsection:

“(b) If, within twenty years after completion of any construction for which funds have been paid under this section—

“(1) the applicant or other owner of the facility shall cease to be a public or other nonprofit institution or organization, or

“(2) the facility shall cease to be used for the purposes for which it was constructed or for the provision of hospital or other services for which construction projects may be approved under this title,

the United States shall be entitled to recover from the applicant or other owner of the facility an amount bearing the same ratio to the then value (as determined by agreement of the parties or by action brought in the United States district court for the district in which such facility is situated) of the facility, as the amount of the Federal participation bore to the cost of construction of such facility. Such right of recovery shall not constitute a lien on such facility prior to judgment.”

AMENDMENT TO DEFINITION OF REHABILITATION FACILITY

Sec. 5. Section 631(n) of the Public Health Service Act is amended to read as follows:

“(n) The term ‘rehabilitation facility’ means a facility which is operated for the primary purpose of assisting in the rehabilitation of disabled persons through an integrated program of—

“(1) medical evaluation and services, and

“(2) psychological, social, or vocational evaluation and services, under competent professional supervision, and in the case of which—

“(3) the major portion of the required evaluation and services is furnished within the facility; and

“(4) either (A) the facility is operated in connection with a hospital, or (B) all medical and related health services are prescribed by, or are under the general direction of, persons licensed to practice medicine or surgery in the State.”

EXTENSION OF AUTHORIZATION FOR LOANS

Sec. 6. Section 661 of the Public Health Service Act is amended by striking out “prior to July 1, 1962” and inserting in lieu thereof “prior to July 1, 1964”.

Sec. 7. Effective July 1, 1962, the parenthetical phrase in the first sentence of section 453(a) of such Act which reads “(including grants-in-aid for drawing plans, erection of buildings, and acquisition of land therefor)” is repealed.
SEC. 8. (a) Section 704 of the Public Health Service Act is hereby amended by striking out "five" and inserting "six", and by striking out "$30,000,000" and inserting "$50,000,000".
(b) Section 705(a) of the Public Health Service Act is hereby amended by striking out "1961" and inserting "1962".
(c) Section 706(a) of such Act is amended by striking out "or, in the case of a multipurpose facility," and inserting in lieu thereof "in the case of a facility which the Surgeon General determines is to be used for research, or research and purposes related thereto (including research training), in the sciences related to health or, in the case of any other multipurpose facility.".
(d) Sections 704 and 705(c)(2) of such Act are each amended by inserting "or research and related purposes," after "research", wherever it appears therein. Section 705(e) of such Act is amended by inserting "or research and related purposes," after "research" the first time it appears therein and inserting "or related purposes" after "research" the second time it appears therein. Section 707(b) of such Act is amended by inserting "or research and related purposes," after "research purposes." Section 706(a) of such Act is amended by striking out "facility for research" and inserting in lieu thereof "facility for research, or research and related purposes." Section 708 of such Act is amended by inserting "or related purposes" after "research".


Public Law 87-396

AN ACT

To amend title 14 of the United States Code to provide for an expansion of the functions of the Coast Guard.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That title 14 of the United States Code, relating to the Coast Guard, is amended by inserting in chapter 1, section 2, after the words "rescue facilities for the promotion of safety on and over the high seas and waters subject to the jurisdiction of the United States;" and before the words "and shall maintain a state of readiness" the words: "shall engage in oceanographic research on the high seas and in waters subject to the jurisdiction of the United States;" and is further amended by inserting at the end of chapter 5 the following new section:

§ 94. Oceanographic research

"The Coast Guard shall conduct such oceanographic research, use such equipment or instruments, and collect and analyze such oceanographic data, in cooperation with other agencies of the Government, or not, as may be in the national interest."

SEC. 2. The analysis of chapter 5 of title 14 of the United States Code is amended by inserting at the end thereof the following:

"94. Oceanographic research."

Public Law 87-397

AN ACT

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 to permit the use of identifying numbers.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

(a) IDENTIFYING NUMBERS.—Subchapter B of chapter 61 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (miscellaneous provisions relating to information and returns) is amended by renumbering section 6109 as section 6110 and inserting after section 6110 the following new section:

"SEC. 6109. IDENTIFYING NUMBERS.

"(a) SUPPLYING OF IDENTIFYING NUMBERS.—When required by regulations prescribed by the Secretary or his delegate:

"(1) INCLUSION IN RETURNS.—Any person required under the authority of this title to make a return, statement, or other document shall include in such return, statement, or other document such identifying number as may be prescribed for securing proper identification of such person.

"(2) FURNISHING NUMBER TO OTHER PERSONS.—Any person with respect to whom a return, statement, or other document is required under the authority of this title to be made by another person shall furnish to such other person such identifying number as may be prescribed for securing his proper identification.

"(3) FURNISHING NUMBER OF ANOTHER PERSON.—Any person required under the authority of this title to make a return, statement, or other document with respect to another person shall request from such other person, and shall include in any such return, statement, or other document, such identifying number as may be prescribed for securing proper identification of such other person.

"(b) LIMITATION.—

"(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), a return of any person with respect to his liability for tax, or any statement or other document in support thereof, shall not be considered for purposes of paragraphs (2) and (3) of subsection (a) as a return, statement, or other document with respect to another person.

"(2) For purposes of paragraphs (2) and (3) of subsection (a), a return of an estate or trust with respect to its liability for tax, and any statement or other document in support thereof, shall be considered as a return, statement, or other document with respect to each beneficiary of such estate or trust.

"(c) REQUIREMENT OF INFORMATION.—For purposes of this section, the Secretary or his delegate is authorized to require such information as may be necessary to assign an identifying number to any person.

(b) PENALTY FOR FAILURE TO SUPPLY IDENTIFYING NUMBER.—

Subchapter B of chapter 68 of such Code (relating to assessable penalties) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"SEC. 6676. FAILURE TO SUPPLY IDENTIFYING NUMBERS.

"(a) CIVIL PENALTY.—If any person who is required by regulations prescribed under section 6109—

"(1) to include his identifying number in any return, statement, or other document,

"(2) to furnish his identifying number to another person, or
“(3) to include in any return, statement, or other document made with respect to another person the identifying number of such other person, fails to comply with such requirement at the time prescribed by such regulations, such person shall pay a penalty of $5 for each such failure, unless it is shown that such failure is due to reasonable cause.

“(b) DEFICIENCY PROCEDURES NOT TO APPLY.—Subchapter B of chapter 63 (relating to deficiency procedures for income, estate, and gift taxes) shall not apply in respect of the assessment or collection of any penalty imposed by subsection (a).”

(c) TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.—

(1) The table of sections for subchapter B of chapter 61 of such Code is amended by striking out the last line and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

“Sec. 6109. Identifying numbers.
Sec. 6110. Cross references.”

(2) The table of sections for subchapter B of chapter 68 of such Code is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

“Sec. 6676. Failure to supply identifying numbers.”

(d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—Paragraph (1) of section 6109(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as added by subsection (a) of this section, shall apply only in respect of returns, statements, and other documents relating to periods commencing after December 31, 1961. Paragraphs (2) and (3) of such section 6109(a) shall apply only in respect of returns, statements, or other documents relating to periods commencing after December 31, 1962.


Penalty.

New Hampshire Relief.

Public Law 87-398

AN ACT
For the relief of the State of New Hampshire.

October 5, 1961

New Hampshire Relief.

Penalty.
PUBLIC LAW 87-399—OCT. 5, 1961

AN ACT

To amend the Act of June 19, 1948, relating to the workweek of the Fire Department of the District of Columbia, and for other purposes.

October 5, 1961
[S. 1292]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That subsection (a) of section 2 of the Act entitled "An Act to amend the Act entitled 'An Act to classify the officers and members of the Fire Department of the District of Columbia, and for other purposes', approved June 20, 1906, and for other purposes", approved June 19, 1948, as amended (sec. 4-404a(a), D.C. Code, 1951 ed.), is amended to read as follows:

"(a) The Commissioners of the District of Columbia are authorized and directed to establish a workweek for officers and members of the firefighting division of the Fire Department of the District of Columbia which will result in an average workweek of fifty-six hours in any complete work cycle: Provided, That no workweek shall exceed seventy-two hours.

"(b) The firefighting division shall operate under a two-shift system and all hours of duty of any shift shall be consecutive.

"(c) The Commissioners of the District of Columbia are further authorized and directed to establish a workweek for officers and members of the Fire Department, other than those in the firefighting division, of forty hours, and the hours of work in such workweek shall be performed on consecutive days in such workweek.

"(d) The days off duty to which each officer or member of the Fire Department is entitled shall be in addition to his annual leave and sick leave allowed by law. In the case of any shift of the Fire Department beginning on one day and extending without a break in continuity into the next day, or in the case of two shifts beginning on the same day, the Commissioners are authorized to designate the shift which shall be the workday, and the entire shift so designated shall be considered the workday for all pay and leave purposes.

"(e) If a holiday shall fall on any day off of any officer or member of the Fire Department, he shall be excused from duty on such other day as is designated by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, and if he is required to be on duty in lieu of such day off, he shall receive compensation for such duty at the rate provided by law for duty performed on a holiday. When any shift of the Fire Department begins on the day before a holiday and extends without a break in continuity into the holiday, or begins on a holiday and extends without a break in continuity into the next day, the Commissioners of the District of Columbia are authorized to designate either of such shifts as the holiday workday, and the entire shift so designated shall be considered the holiday workday for all pay and leave purposes. As used in this subsection the word 'holiday' shall have the same meaning as such word has in the Act of October 24, 1951 (65 Stat. 607), as amended (sec. 4-808, D.C. Code, 1951 ed.), and as supplemented by the Act of January 11, 1957 (71 Stat. 3; Public Law 85-1)."

SEC. 2. Section 2 of such Act approved June 19, 1948 (62 Stat. 499; sec. 4-404a(b), D.C. Code 1951 ed.), is further amended by redesignating subsection (b) as subsection (f) and by amending the first sentence of subsection (f) as so redesignated to read as follows: "Notwithstanding the provisions of the preceding subsection, whenever the Commissioners declare that an emergency exists of such a character as to necessitate the continuous service of all or some of the officers and members of the Fire Department, the granting of days off shall be suspended during the continuation of such emergency."
Sec. 3. Subsection (e) of the first section of the Act entitled "An Act to provide a five-day week for officers and members of the Metropolitan Police force, the United States Park Police force, and the White House Police force", approved August 15, 1950 (64 Stat. 447), as amended (sec. 4–904, D.C. Code, 1951 ed.), is amended (a) by inserting "the Fire Department of the District of Columbia," after "Metropolitan Police force,"; (b) by striking "Major and Superintendent of Police," and inserting in lieu thereof "Chief of Police, the Fire Chief,"; and (c) by striking therefrom "section 5 of the Act entitled "An Act to fix the salaries of officers and members of the Metropolitan Police force and the Fire Department of the District of Columbia", approved July 1, 1930, as amended", and inserting in lieu thereof "such section".

Sec. 4. The first section of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for Holiday pay. granting to officers and members of the Metropolitan Police force, the Fire Department of the District of Columbia, and the White House and United States Park Police forces additional compensation for working on holidays", approved October 24, 1951 (65 Stat. 607), as amended (sec. 4–807, D.C. Code, 1951 ed.), is amended to read as follows:

"That under regulations promulgated by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia each officer and member of the Metropolitan Police force and of the Fire Department of the District of Columbia when he may be required to work on any holiday, shall be compensated for such duty, excluding periods when he is in a leave status, in lieu of his regular rate of basic compensation for such work, at the rate of twice such regular rate of basic compensation: Provided, That for the purpose of this Act, each such officer or member who works eight hours or less on any holiday shall be compensated for such duty in addition to his regular rate of basic compensation for such work, at the rate of one-eighth of his daily rate of basic compensation for each hour so worked, computed to the nearest hour, counting thirty minutes or more as a full hour: Provided further, That the total compensation to be paid any such officer or member for duty performed on a holiday shall not exceed an amount equal to twice the daily rate of pay to which such officer or member shall be entitled for performing one regular tour of duty on a day other than a holiday: And provided further, That no such officer or member shall be entitled to additional compensation for such holiday work for any day for which he is entitled to receive additional compensation under the provisions of subsection (e) of the first section of the Act approved August 15, 1950 (64 Stat. 447), as amended (sec. 4–904, D.C. Code, 1951 ed.). So much of the compensation for such holiday work as is in excess of the regular pay for such day shall not be considered as salary for the purpose of computing deductions for life insurance or for computing annuity payments under the provisions of the Policemen and Firemen's Retirement and Disability Act (67 Stat. 718, 71 Stat. 391; sec. 4–521, et seq., D.C. Code, 1951 ed.), nor shall such excess compensation be subject to deduction as provided in such Act. Appropriations for personal services for the Metropolitan Police force, the Fire Department of the District of Columbia, the White House Police force, and the United States Park Police force shall be available for payment of the additional compensation authorized by this Act."

Sec. 5. Clause (D) of subsection (b) of section 405 of the District of Columbia Police and Firemen's Salary Act of 1953, as amended (67 Stat. 76; D.C. Code, sec. 4–821), is amended to read as follows:
“(D) In the case of the Metropolitan Police force, except with respect to computation of holiday pay, a biweekly rate shall be divided by the number of hours constituting the biweekly tour of duty in order to derive an hourly rate.

“(E) In the case of the firefighting division of the Fire Department of the District of Columbia, except with respect to computation of holiday pay, the weekly or biweekly rate shall be divided by 56 or 112, as the case may be, to derive an hourly rate.

“(F) In the case of officers and members of divisions of the Fire Department of the District of Columbia other than the firefighting division, except with respect to computation of holiday pay, a biweekly rate shall be divided by the number of hours constituting the biweekly tour of duty in order to derive an hourly rate.”

Sec. 6. (a) For the purpose of recording annual and sick leave on an hourly basis for officers and members of the firefighting division of the Fire Department of the District of Columbia, the workday of any workweek shall be considered to be twelve hours.

(b) For the purposes of recording on an hourly basis annual and sick leave taken by officers and members of the firefighting division, the following formula shall be used:

1. During the day shift of ten hours, one and two-tenths hours of leave shall be charged for each hour taken.
2. During the night shift of fourteen hours, twelve-fourteenth of an hour of leave shall be charged for each hour taken, calculated to the nearest fractional tenth.

Sec. 7. This Act shall take effect on the first day of the first full pay period which begins at least sixty days after the date of approval of this Act.


Public Law 87-400

AN ACT

To amend title II of the National Defense Education Act of 1958 with respect to the periods for which loans under that title are made.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) section 205(a) of the National Defense Education Act of 1958 is amended by striking out “fiscal year” and inserting in lieu thereof “academic year or its equivalent, as determined under regulations of the Commissioner”,.

(b) The amendment made by subsection (a) of this section shall not apply with respect to any academic year or equivalent period, as determined under regulations of the Commissioner of Education, which began before July 1, 1961.

Public Law 87-401

AN ACT

To amend section 510 of the Merchant Marine Act, 1936, to provide for the trade-in of obsolete vessels in connection with the construction of new vessels, either at the time of executing the construction contract or at the time of delivery of the new vessel.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 510 of the Merchant Marine Act, 1936 (46 U.S.C. 1160), is amended by:

(1) Striking the present subsection (b) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(b) In order to promote the construction of new, safe, and efficient vessels to carry the domestic and foreign waterborne commerce of the United States, the Commission is authorized, subject to the provisions of this section, to acquire any obsolete vessel in exchange for an allowance of credit. The obsolete vessel shall be acquired by the Commission, if the owner so requests, either at the time the owner contracts for the construction or purchase of a new vessel or within five days of the actual date of delivery of the new vessel to the owner. The amount of the allowance shall be determined at the time of the acquisition of the obsolete vessel by the Commission. In the event the obsolete vessel is acquired by the Commission at the time the owner contracts for the construction or purchase of the new vessel, the allowance shall not be paid to the owner of the obsolete vessel, but shall be applied upon the purchase price of a new vessel. In the case of a new vessel constructed under the provisions of this Act, such allowance may, under such terms and conditions as the Commission may prescribe, be applied upon the cash payments required under this Act. In case the new vessel is not constructed under the provisions of this Act, the allowance shall, upon acquisition of the obsolete vessel by the Commission, be paid, for the account of the owner, to the shipbuilder constructing such new vessel. In the event that title to the obsolete vessel is acquired by the Commission at the time of delivery of the new vessel, the allowance shall be deposited in the owner's capital reserve fund. This subsection shall apply to obsolete vessels exchanged for new vessels hereafter contracted to be built, or eligible for such exchange but not exchanged in connection with a contract for new vessels executed prior to October 1, 1960."

(2) Striking the present subsection (d) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(d) The allowance for an obsolete vessel shall be the fair and reasonable value of such vessel as determined by the Commission. In making such determination the Commission shall consider: (1) the scrap value of the obsolete vessel both in American and foreign markets, (2) the depreciated value based on a twenty or twenty-five year life, whichever is applicable to the obsolete vessel, and (3) the market value thereof for operation in the world trade or in the foreign or domestic trade of the United States. In the event the obsolete vessel is acquired by the Commission at the time the owner contracts for the construction of the new vessel, and the owner uses such vessel during the period of construction of the new vessel, the allowance shall be reduced by an amount representing the fair value of such use. The rate for the use of the obsolete vessel shall be fixed by the Commission for the entire period of such use at the time of execution of the contract for the construction of the new vessel."