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CONTAINED IN THIS VOLUME

THE SEVENTY-NINTH CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES
FIRST SESSION, 1945

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22 --- Height of buildings, District of Columbia. AN ACT To amend an Act regulating the height of buildings in the District of Columbia, approved June 1, 1910, as amended.

23 --- House of Representatives, folding of pamphlets. JOINT RESOLUTION Providing for the employment of Government employees for folding speeches and pamphlets, House of Representatives.

24 --- War Department Civil Appropriation Act, 1946. AN ACT Making appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, for civil functions administered by the War Department, and for other purposes.

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26 --- Appropriations, supplemental, 1946. JOINT RESOLUTION Making supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, in lieu of certain appropriations contained in H. R. 2374, Seventy-ninth Congress, first session, and for other purposes.

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PUBLIC LAWS
ENACTED DURING THE
FIRST SESSION OF THE SEVENTY-NINTH CONGRESS
OF THE
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

Begun and held at the City of Washington on Wednesday, January 3, 1945, and adjourned
die on Friday, December 21, 1945

FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT, President until his death, April 12, 1945; HARRY S. TRUMAN,
President on and after April 12, 1945; HENRY A. WALLACE, Vice President to
January 20, 1945; HARRY S. TRUMAN, Vice President from January 20, 1945, to
April 12, 1945; KENNETH MCKELLAR, President of the Senate pro tempore; SAM
RAYBURN, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

[CHAPTER 1]

AN ACT
February 13, 1945
[H. R. 621]
[Public Law 1]

To further amend section 22 of the Act approved March 4, 1925, entitled “An
Act providing for sundry matters affecting the naval service, and for other
purposes”, by changing the limitation on the total personnel of the Naval
Reserve Officers’ Training Corps, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the
United States of America in Congress assembled, That subsection (a)
of section 22 of the Act approved March 4, 1925 (43 Stat. 1276), as
amended, is hereby amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 22. (a) A Naval Reserve Officers’ Training Corps is hereby
authorized to be established and operated under such regulations as
the President may prescribe, which regulations shall, so far as may
be practicable, conform to the provisions of the National Defense
Act approved June 3, 1916, sections 40 to 53, inclusive (39 Stat. L.
191-194), as amended: Provided, That the powers conferred therein
upon the Secretary of War with regard to the Reserve Officers’
Training Corps are hereby conferred upon the Secretary of the Navy
with regard to the Naval Reserve Officers’ Training Corps: Pro-
vided further, That all expenditures in connection with the estab-
ishment and operation of the Naval Reserve Officers’ Training Corps
shall be specifically appropriated therefor: Provided further, That
members of the Naval Reserve Officers’ Training Corps shall be
eligible for appointment as Naval Reserve officers under the same
conditions as provided by law for the appointment of Naval Reserve
officers from other citizens of the United States, and when so
appointed shall have the same status and be entitled to the same
benefits in all respects as provided by law for other members of
the Naval Reserve: Provided further, That the word ‘naval’ wherever
used in this section shall be construed to include Marine Corps:
And provided further, That until the expiration of one year after
the cessation of hostilities in the present war as declared by the
President or by concurrent resolution of Congress, the total personnel

3
February 13, 1945

[Public Law 2]


Amounts authorized.


Service computation.

February 13, 1945

[Public Law 3]

CHAPTER 31

February 24, 1945

[Public Law 3]

CHAPTER 2

February 13, 1945

CHAPTER 3

February 24, 1945

[Public Law 3]

To grant to the Hawaiian Electric Company, Limited, the right to construct certain ditches, tunnels, and oil pipe lines in Pearl Harbor, Territory of Hawaii.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the right is hereby granted to the Hawaiian Electric Company, Limited, a Hawaiian corporation, its successors and assigns, to construct, maintain, and operate intake and discharge ditches and tunnels at the purpose of taking salt water from and discharging it into Cape Kidnos, Oahu, Territory of Hawaii, and to lay, maintain, and operate oil pipe lines from ship's moorings to the company's properties at Waian, Ewa, said Oahu, in the area in Pearl Harbor between the southern boundaries of
the company's presently owned properties at said Waiau as shown on the company's map W-1614, dated September 26, 1940, filed in the Office of the Secretary of the Navy, and the minus twenty-foot contour line in Pearl Harbor, the said area being contained on the east by a line running from the easternmost point of the said southern boundaries, the coordinates of which point are one thousand six hundred and twenty-five and thirty-four one-hundredths feet south and six thousand nine hundred and forty-two one-hundredths feet east, referred to Government survey triangulation station Ewa Church, in a true southerly direction, and on the west by a line running from the westernmost point on said southern boundaries, the coordinates of which point are one thousand five hundred and eight and forty one-hundredths feet south and five thousand eight hundred and ninety-six and seventy one-hundredths feet east, referred to Government survey triangulation station Ewa Church, in a true southerly direction, subject to the restriction that such ditches, tunnels, and pipe lines shall be constructed, maintained, and operated in such manner as not to interfere with navigation or Government use of such area: Provided, That the location and plans of the ditches, tunnels, and oil pipe lines are submitted to and approved by the Secretary of the Navy before construction is commenced: And provided further, That this grant is subject to the right of the Secretary of the Navy, from time to time, to require the company to relocate within said area at its own expense such tunnels, ditches, and pipe lines, and to alter and deepen such ditches and to alter and lower the level of tunnels and pipe lines when such is necessary in his judgment for the purpose of improving navigation or Government use of such area.

Approved February 24, 1945.

[CHAPTER 4]

AN ACT

To provide for the effective administration of certain lending agencies of the Federal Government.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Federal Loan Agency, created by section 402 of the President's Reorganization Plan Numbered I under authority of the Reorganization Act of 1939, shall continue as an independent establishment of the Federal Government and shall continue to be administered under the direction and supervision of the Federal Loan Administrator in the same manner and to the same extent as if Executive Order 9071, dated February 24, 1942, transferring the functions of the Federal Loan Agency to the Department of Commerce, had not been issued.

Sec. 2. All powers, functions, and duties of the Department of Commerce and of the Secretary of Commerce which relate to the Federal Loan Agency (together with the respective personnel, records, and property, including office equipment, relating to the exercise of such functions, powers, and duties) are hereby transferred to the Federal Loan Agency to be administered under the direction and supervision of the Federal Loan Administrator.

Sec. 3. The unexpended balance of the funds made available to the Secretary of Commerce by Public Law 365, Seventy-eighth Congress, approved June 28, 1944, for administrative expenses of supervising loan agencies, shall be transferred to the Federal Loan Agency to be used for the administrative expenses of that Agency.

Sec. 4. No functions, powers, or duties shall be transferred from the Federal Loan Agency under the provisions of title I of the First War Powers Act, 1941, or any other law unless the Congress shall otherwise by law provide.
Section 5. (a) The financial transactions of all Government corporations shall be audited by the General Accounting Office in accordance with the principles and procedures applicable to commercial corporate transactions and under such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the Comptroller General of the United States. The audit shall be conducted at the place or places where the accounts of the respective corporations are normally kept. The representatives of the General Accounting Office shall have access to all books, accounts, financial records, reports, files, and all other papers, things, or property belonging to or in use by the respective corporations and necessary to facilitate the audit, and they shall be afforded full facilities for verifying transactions with the balances or securities held by depositaries, fiscal agents, and custodians. The audit shall begin with the current fiscal year.

(b) A report of each such audit for each fiscal year ending on June 30 shall be made by the Comptroller General to the Congress not later than January 15 following the close of the fiscal year for which such audit is made. The report shall set forth the scope of the audit of each corporation and shall include a statement (showing intercorporate relations) of assets and liabilities, capital and surplus, or deficit; a statement of surplus or deficit analysis; a statement of income and expense; and such comments and information as may be deemed necessary to keep Congress informed of the operations and financial condition of the several corporations, together with such recommendations with respect thereto as the Comptroller General may deem advisable, including a report of any impairment of capital noted in the audit and recommendations for the return of such Government capital or the payment of such dividends as, in his judgment, should be accomplished. The report shall also show specifically every program, expenditure, or other financial transaction or undertaking, which, in the opinion of the Comptroller General, has been carried on or made without authority of law. A copy of each report shall be furnished to the President and to the corporation concerned at the time submitted to the Congress.

(c) The expenses of auditing the financial transactions of all Government corporations as provided in section 5 (a) of this Act may be paid out of appropriations to the General Accounting Office and appropriations in such sums as may be necessary are hereby authorized for the purpose: Provided, That by agreement between the General Accounting Office and said corporation the expenses of said audit may be paid from funds of such corporation.

Approved February 24, 1945.

[CHAPTER 5] JOINT RESOLUTION
Making an additional appropriation for the fiscal year 1945 for the Census of Agriculture.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the amount named in the appropriation contained in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1945, for preparing for, taking, compiling, and publishing the quinquennial Census of Agriculture of the United States is hereby increased by $6,784,000.

Approved February 28, 1945.
[CHAPTER 6]  

JOINT RESOLUTION  

Making an additional appropriation for the fiscal year 1945 for the Public Health Service.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, an additional amount of $184,000, fiscal year 1945, for “Pay of personnel and maintenance of hospitals”, Public Health Service, including the objects specified under this head in the Federal Security Agency Appropriation Act, 1945, and including the lease of a hospital and auxiliary facilities and not to exceed $55,000 for the necessary major repair, remodeling, and alteration thereof without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes and section 322 of the Act of June 30, 1932, as amended (40 U. S. C. 278a).

Approved February 28, 1945.

[CHAPTER 7]  

AN ACT  

To repeal the Act entitled “An Act to authorize the conveyance of the old lighthouse keeper’s residence in Manitowoc, Wisconsin, to the Otto Oas Post, Numbered 659, Veterans of Foreign Wars of the United States, Manitowoc, Wisconsin”, approved June 16, 1938.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act of June 16, 1938, ch. 472 (52 Stat. 756), entitled “An Act to authorize the conveyance of the old lighthouse keeper’s residence in Manitowoc, Wisconsin, to the Otto Oas Post, Numbered 659, Veterans of Foreign Wars of the United States, Manitowoc, Wisconsin”, is hereby repealed.

Approved February 28, 1945.

[CHAPTER 8]  

AN ACT  

To authorize the Secretary of the Navy to grant to the city of Canton, Ohio, for highway purposes only, a strip of land situated within the United States Naval Ordnance Plant at Canton, Ohio.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy be, and he is hereby, authorized to grant to the city of Canton, Ohio, for use as a public highway, under such conditions as may be approved by the Secretary of the Navy, all right, title, and interest of the United States of America in and to a strip of land containing approximately one and forty-four one-hundredths acres, twenty-five feet in width off the north side of the northwest quarter, section 18, township 10, range 8, Canton, Stark County, Ohio, and extending from Raff Road, southwest, west to the township line between Canton and Perry Townships.

Sec. 2. That if any part of the above-described lands hereby granted to the city of Canton shall be used for any other purpose or purposes, or shall cease to be maintained by the city of Canton for the purpose for which granted, such part shall revert to the United States.

Approved February 28, 1945.
February 28, 1945

[CHAPTER 9]  
AN ACT  
To authorize the Secretary of the Navy to convey to Oahu Railway and Land Company an easement for railway purposes in certain lands situated at Halawa, Ewa, Oahu, Territory of Hawaii.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy be, and is hereby, authorized to convey to Oahu Railway and Land Company an easement for railway purposes in and over a forty-foot strip of land at Pearl Harbor Navy Yard in Halawa, Ewa, Oahu, Territory of Hawaii, containing approximately two and two hundred and seventy-eight one-thousandths acres, metes and bounds description of which is on file in the Navy Department, in consideration of that company's waiving and relinquishing any and all claim to compensation for the taking by the United States of the company's right-of-way easement over and across approximately two and five hundred and seventy-seven one-thousandths acres of land described in condemnation proceedings pending in the District Court of the United States for the Territory of Hawaii entitled "United States of America, petitioner, against Certain Lands at Halawa, Ewa, Oahu, Territory of Hawaii, and Oahu Railway and Land Company, a corporation defendant", being civil numbered 493.

Approved February 28, 1945.

[CHAPTER 10]  
AN ACT  
To authorize the Secretary of the Navy to lease certain lands situated in San Diego County, State of California.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy be, and he is hereby, authorized to lease for a period not to exceed twenty-five years, upon such terms and conditions as may be approved by the Secretary of the Navy, to the Southern California Telephone Company, a corporation, organized under the laws of the State of California, a parcel of land situated in section 32, township 9 south, range 6 west, San Bernardino base and meridian, consisting of two hundred and fifty-eight one-thousandths of an acre, or less, comprising a part of the United States Marine Corps training area, Camp Joseph H. Pendleton, San Diego County, California, and a parcel of land situated in Pueblo lot 1311 of the Pueblo Lands of San Diego County, California, consisting of an acre, or less, comprising a part of the United States Marine Corps rifle range, Camp Matthews, in said county and State, the metes and bounds descriptions of which said lands are on file in the Navy Department, for the construction, maintenance, and operation of repeater station facilities: Provided, That when the lands shall cease to be used for said purposes, the lease shall be automatically terminated and the lands shall revert to the United States.

SEC. 2. That the Secretary of the Navy be, and he is hereby authorized to execute on behalf of the United States all instruments necessary to accomplish the aforesaid purposes.

Approved February 28, 1945.
[CHAPTER 11]

AN ACT

To amend section 1442, Revised Statutes, relating to furlough of officers by the Secretary of the Navy.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 1442, Revised Statutes (34 U. S. C. 228), is hereby amended by striking out the period at the end of the sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "and Marine Corps, and any officer of the Coast Guard while the Coast Guard is operating as part of the Navy. This section shall not apply to reserve officers of such organizations.", so that said section when amended shall read as follows: "The Secretary of the Navy shall have authority to place on furlough any officer on the active list of the Navy and the Marine Corps, and any officer of the Coast Guard while the Coast Guard is operating as part of the Navy. This section shall not apply to reserve officers of such organizations."

Approved February 28, 1945.

[CHAPTER 15]

AN ACT

To amend the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, and sections 7 to 17 of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act, as amended, to encourage the growing of war crops by protecting the allotments of producers of cotton, wheat, and peanuts.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in establishing acreage allotments under subtitle B of title III of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, or under the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act, as amended, the Secretary of Agriculture, under regulations prescribed by him, may provide that for any crop year (beginning with the crop year 1945) during the present emergency any farm, with respect to which a cotton, wheat, or peanut allotment was established for the 1942 crop, shall be regarded as a farm on which cotton, wheat, or peanuts, as the case may be, were planted and grown, if the Secretary determines that, with respect to cotton or wheat, because of the production of war crops designated by him on such farm, or, with respect to cotton, wheat, or peanuts, because the owner or operator was serving in the armed forces of the United States, the cotton, wheat, or peanut production history of the farm for such year is not representative of the normal history of the farm.

The Secretary may also provide with respect to any such farm that the past acreage of peanuts shall be adjusted upward to the extent that the acreage used for growing peanuts on such farm in such year is below the normal history of the farm.

Approved February 28, 1945.

[CHAPTER 16]

AN ACT

To authorize the Secretary of the Navy to proceed with the construction of certain public works, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy is hereby authorized to establish or develop the following naval shore activities by the construction of such temporary or permanent public works as he may consider necessary, including buildings, facilities, accessories, and services, with which shall be included the authority to acquire the necessary land, and to continue or complete
AN ACT

Authorizing the construction, repair, and preservation of certain public works on rivers and harbors, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in connection with the exercise of jurisdiction over the rivers of the Nation through the construction of works of improvement, for navigation or flood control, as herein authorized, it is hereby declared to be the policy of the Congress to recognize the interests and rights of the States in determining the development of the watersheds within their borders and likewise their interests and rights in water utilization and control, as herein authorized to preserve and protect to the fullest possible extent established and potential uses, for all purposes, of the waters of the Nation's rivers; to facilitate the consideration of projects on a basis of comprehensive and coordinated development; and to limit the authorization and construction of navigation works to those in which a substantial benefit to navigation will be realized therefrom and which can be operated consistently with appropriate and economic use of the waters of such rivers by other users.

In conformity with this policy—

(a) Plans, proposals, or reports of the Chief of Engineers, War Department, for any works of improvement for navigation or flood control not heretofore or herein authorized, shall be submitted to the Congress only upon compliance with the provisions of this paragraph (a). Investigations which form the basis of any such plans, proposals, or reports shall be conducted in such a manner as to give to the affected State or States, during the course of the investigations, information developed by the investigations and also opportunity for consultation regarding plans and proposals, and, to the extent deemed practicable by the Chief of Engineers, opportunity to cooperate in the investigations. If such investigations in whole or part are concerned with the use or control of waters arising west of the ninety-seventh meridian, the Chief of Engineers shall give to the Secretary of the Interior, during the course of the investigations,
information developed by the investigations and also opportunity for consultation regarding plans and proposals, and to the extent deemed practicable by the Chief of Engineers, opportunity to cooperate in the investigations. The relations of the Chief of Engineers with any State under this paragraph (a) shall be with the Governor of the State or such official or agency of the State as the Governor may designate. The term "affected State or States" shall include those in which the works or any part thereof are proposed to be located; those which in whole or part are both within the drainage basin involved and situated in a State lying wholly or in part west of the ninety-eighth meridian; and such of those which are east of the ninety-eighth meridian as, in the judgment of the Chief of Engineers, will be substantially affected. Such plans, proposals, or reports and related investigations shall be made to the end, among other things, of facilitating the coordination of plans for the construction and operation of the proposed works with other plans involving the waters which would be used or controlled by such proposed works. Each report submitting any such plans or proposals to the Congress shall set out therein, among other things, the relationship between the plans for construction and operation of the proposed works and the plans, if any, submitted by the affected States and by the Secretary of the Interior. The Chief of Engineers shall transmit a copy of his proposed report to each affected State, and, in case the plans or proposals covered by the report are concerned with the use or control of waters which rise in whole or in part west of the ninety-seventh meridian, to the Secretary of the Interior. Within ninety days from the date of receipt of said proposed report, the written views and recommendations of each affected State and of the Secretary of the Interior may be submitted to the Chief of Engineers. The Secretary of War shall transmit to the Congress, with such comments and recommendations as he deems appropriate, the proposed report together with the submitted views and recommendations of affected States and of the Secretary of the Interior. The Secretary of War may prepare and make said transmittal any time following said ninety-day period. The letter of transmittal and its attachment shall be printed as a House or Senate document.

(b) The use for navigation, in connection with the operation and maintenance of such works herein authorized for construction, of waters arising in States lying wholly or partly west of the ninety-eighth meridian shall be only such use as does not conflict with any beneficial consumptive use, present or future, in States lying wholly or partly west of the ninety-eighth meridian, of such waters for domestic, municipal, stock water, irrigation, mining, or industrial purposes.

(c) The Secretary of the Interior, in making investigations of and reports on works for irrigation and purposes incidental thereto shall, in relation to an affected State or States (as defined in paragraph (a) of this section), and to the Secretary of War, be subject to the same provisions regarding investigations, plans, proposals, and reports as prescribed in paragraph (a) of this section for the Chief of Engineers and the Secretary of War. In the event a submission of views and recommendations, made by an affected State or by the Secretary of War pursuant to said provisions, sets forth objections to the plans or proposals covered by the report of the Secretary of the Interior, the proposed works shall not be deemed authorized except upon approval by an Act of Congress; and subsection 9 (a) of the Reclamation Project Act of 1939 (53 Stat. 1187) and subsection 3 (a) of the Act of August 11, 1939 (53 Stat. 1418), as amended, are hereby amended accordingly.

SEC. 2. The following works of improvement of rivers, harbors, and other waterways are hereby adopted and authorized in the interest of
national security and the stabilization of employment, and shall be prosecuted as speedily as may be consistent with budgetary requirements, under the direction of the Secretary of War and supervision of the Chief of Engineers, in accordance with the plans in the respective reports hereinafter designated and subject to the conditions set forth therein: Provided, That no project herein authorized shall be appropriated for or constructed until six months after the termination of the present wars in which the United States is engaged unless the construction of such project has been recommended by an authorized defense agency and approved by the President as being necessary or desirable in the interest of the national defense and security, and the President has notified the Congress to that effect: Provided further, That penstocks or other similar facilities adapted to possible future use in the development of hydroelectric power shall be installed in any dam herein authorized when approved by the Secretary of War upon the recommendation of the Chief of Engineers and of the Federal Power Commission, and such recommendations shall be based upon consideration of the proper utilization and conservation in the public interest of the resources of the region:

Northeast Harbor, Maine; House Document Numbered 132, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Isle au Haut Thoroughfare, Maine; Senate Document Numbered 15, Seventy-seventh Congress;
Hendricks Harbor, Maine; Senate Document Numbered 40, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Portland Harbor, Maine; House Document Numbered 560, Seventy-sixth Congress; and the maintenance of Soldier Ledge Channel in Hussey Sound, Casco Bay, at a depth of forty feet, in accordance with the report of the Chief of Engineers dated October 26, 1942;
Josias River, Maine; House Document Numbered 227, Seventy-sixth Congress; except that the useful work done on the project by local interests shall be accepted toward the fulfillment of the requirements of local cooperation;
Newburyport Harbor, Massachusetts; House Document Numbered 703, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Gloucester Harbor and Annisquam River, Massachusetts; House Document Numbered 329, Seventy-seventh Congress;
Manchester Harbor, Massachusetts; House Document Numbered 447, Seventy-seventh Congress;
Salem Harbor, Massachusetts; House Document Numbered 701, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Marblehead Harbor, Massachusetts; House Document Numbered 85, Seventy-seventh Congress;
Boston Harbor, Massachusetts; in accordance with the report of the Chief of Engineers dated April 28, 1943;
Dorchester Bay and Neponset River, Massachusetts; House Document Numbered 394, Seventy-seventh Congress;
Weymouth Fore River, Massachusetts; House Document Numbered 291, Seventy-seventh Congress;
Cohasset Harbor, Massachusetts; House Document Numbered 425, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Duxbury Harbor, Massachusetts; Senate Document Numbered 115, Seventy-seventh Congress;
Chatham (Stage) Harbor, Massachusetts; House Document Numbered 436, Seventy-seventh Congress;
Wellfleet Harbor, Massachusetts; House Document Numbered 557, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Hyannis Harbor, Massachusetts; House Document Numbered 98, Seventy-seventh Congress;
Cape Cod Canal (Onset Bay), Massachusetts; House Document Numbered 431, Seventy-seventh Congress;
Nantucket Harbor, Massachusetts; House Document Numbered 115, Seventy-seventh Congress;
Menemsha Creek, Martha's Vineyard, Massachusetts; House Document Numbered 365, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Wickford Harbor, Rhode Island; Senate Document Numbered 105, Seventy-seventh Congress;
Great Salt Pond, Block Island, Rhode Island; House Document Numbered 330, Seventy-seventh Congress;
Pawtucket River, Rhode Island and Connecticut; House Document Numbered 859, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Mystic River, Connecticut; House Document Numbered 349, Seventy-seventh Congress;
Thames River, Connecticut; House Document Numbered 367, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Connecticut River below Hartford, Connecticut; House Document Numbered 308, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Clinton Harbor, Connecticut; House Document Numbered 240, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Guilford Harbor, Connecticut; House Document Numbered 149, Seventy-sixth Congress;
New Haven Harbor, Connecticut; House Document Numbered 307, Seventy-sixth Congress, except the further improvement of Quinnipiac River;
Bridgeport Harbor, Connecticut; House Document Numbered 819, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Norwalk Harbor, Connecticut; House Document Numbered 220, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Mianus River, Connecticut; House Document Numbered 549, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Greenwich Harbor, Connecticut; House Document Numbered 125, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Great Lakes to Hudson River Waterway; in accordance with the report of the Chief of Engineers dated April 14, 1942;
Jamaica Bay, New York; House Document Numbered 700, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Jones Inlet, New York; House Document Numbered 409, Seventy-seventh Congress;
Northport Harbor, New York; House Document Numbered 109, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Peconic River, New York; House Document Numbered 287, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Lake Montauk Harbor, New York; House Document Numbered 369, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Orooe Creek, New York; House Document Numbered 126, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Passaic River, New Jersey; House Document Numbered 430, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Newark Bay, Hackensack and Passaic Rivers, New Jersey; in accordance with the report of the Chief of Engineers dated May 20, 1942;
Way Cake Creek, New Jersey; House Document Numbered 624, Seventy-seventh Congress;
Compton Creek, New Jersey; House Document Numbered 673, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Shark River, New Jersey; House Document Numbered 102, Seventy-sixth Congress;
New Jersey Intracoastal Waterway; House Document Numbered 132, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Manasquan River, New Jersey; House Document Numbered 356, Seventy-seventh Congress;
Toms River, New Jersey; House Document Numbered 393, Seventy-seventh Congress;
Cold Spring Inlet, New Jersey; House Document Numbered 282, Seventy-seventh Congress;
Delaware River, Philadelphia to the sea; House Documents Numbered 556, Seventy-sixth Congress, and 340, Seventy-seventh Congress; and the maintenance of enlarged channel opposite the Philadelphia Navy Yard in accordance with the report on file in the Office, Chief of Engineers;
Delaware River at Camden, New Jersey; House Document Numbered 353, Seventy-seventh Congress;
Inland waterway between Rehoboth Bay and Delaware Bay, Delaware; House Document Numbered 344, Seventy-seventh Congress;
Indian River, Delaware; House Document Numbered 330, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Nanticoke River, Delaware and Maryland; Senate Document Numbered 69, Seventy-seventh Congress;
Susquehanna River, above and below Havre de Grace, Maryland; Senate Document Numbered 67, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Baltimore Harbor and channels, Maryland; in accordance with the report of the Chief of Engineers dated June 30, 1942; and channel in Curtis Creek in accordance with plans on file in the Office, Chief of Engineers;
Mill Creek, Maryland; House Document Numbered 100, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Broadwater Creek, Maryland; House Document Numbered 622, Seventy-seventh Congress;
Cadle Creek, Maryland; House Document Numbered 465, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Channel to Island Creek, Saint George Island, Maryland; House Document Numbered 99, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Saint Catherines Sound, Maryland; House Document Numbered 242, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Blacks Walnut Harbor, Maryland; House Document Numbered 217, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Town Creek, Maryland; House Document Numbered 219, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Duck Point Cove, Maryland; House Document Numbered 241, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Lower Thoroughfare, Deal Island, Maryland; House Document Numbered 238, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Crisfield Harbor, Maryland; House Document Numbered 457, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Pocomoke River, Maryland; House Document Numbered 429, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Waterway on the coast of Virginia; House Document Numbered 268, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Occohannock Creek, Virginia; House Document Numbered 222, Seventy-eighth Congress;
Oyster Channel, Virginia; House Document Numbered 716, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Onancock River, Virginia; House Document Numbered 358, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Tangier Channel, Virginia; House Document Numbered 141, Seventy-seventh Congress;
Cranes Creek, Virginia; House Document Numbered 687, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Totuskey Creek, Virginia; House Document Numbered 686, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Hoskins Creek, Virginia; House Document Numbered 129, Seventy-seventh Congress;
Urbanna Creek, Virginia; House Document Numbered 285, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Whitings Creek, Virginia; House Document Numbered 582, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Broad Creek, Virginia; House Document Numbered 281, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Pamunkey River, Virginia; House Document Numbered 671, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Appomattox River, Virginia; House Document Numbered 223, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Hampton Creek, Virginia; House Document Numbered 559, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Cape Charles City Harbor, Virginia; in accordance with the report of the Chief of Engineers dated May 12, 1942;
Norfolk Harbor, Virginia; House Document Numbered 224, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Little River, Virginia; maintenance work in accordance with the report on file in the Office, Chief of Engineers;
James River, Virginia; House Document Numbered 738, Seventy-seventh Congress;
Inland waterway from Norfolk, Virginia, to Beaufort Inlet, North Carolina; House Document Numbered 117, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Chowan River, North Carolina, and Blackwater River, Virginia; House Document Numbered 101, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Pembroke Creek, North Carolina; House Document Numbered 235, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Channel from Pamlico Sound to Rodanthe, North Carolina; House Document Numbered 234, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Channel from Pamlico Sound to Avon, North Carolina; House Document Numbered 516, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Rollinson Channel, North Carolina; House Document Numbered 236, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Waterway connecting Swan Quarter Bay with Deep Bay, North Carolina; House Document Numbered 299, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Neuse and Trent Rivers, North Carolina; House Document Numbered 623, Seventy-seventh Congress;
Channel connecting Thoroughfare Bay with Cedar Bay, North Carolina; Senate Document Numbered 87, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Channel from Back Sound to Lookout Bight, North Carolina; House Document Numbered 748, Seventy-seventh Congress;
Beaufort Harbor, North Carolina; House Document Numbered 334, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Inland waterway, Beaufort to Cape Fear River, North Carolina, including waterway to Jacksonville, North Carolina; House Documents Numbered 660, Seventy-sixth Congress, and 346, Seventy-seventh Congress;
Cape Fear River, North Carolina, at and below Wilmington; House Document Numbered 131 and Senate Document Numbered 88, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Northeast (Cape Fear) River, North Carolina; Senate Document Numbered 170, Seventy-sixth Congress;
North Carolina and South Carolina.

- Intracoastal Waterway from Cape Fear River, North Carolina, to Winyah Bay, South Carolina; House Document Numbered 327, Seventy-sixth Congress;
- Winyah Bay, South Carolina; House Document Numbered 211, Seventy-sixth Congress;
- Beresford Creek, South Carolina; House Document Numbered 602, Seventy-sixth Congress;
- Charleston Harbor, South Carolina; House Document Numbered 156, Seventy-seventh Congress;
- Shipyard River, South Carolina; report of the Chief of Engineers dated April 11, 1942;
- Abapopola Creek, South Carolina; House Document Numbered 97, Seventy-sixth Congress;
- Russell Creek, South Carolina; Senate Document Numbered 41, Seventy-sixth Congress;
- Savannah Harbor, Georgia; House Document Numbered 283, Seventy-sixth Congress;
- Altamaha, Oconee, and Ocmulgee Rivers, Georgia; House Document Numbered 610, Seventy-seventh Congress;
- Intracoastal Waterway from Cape Fear River, North Carolina, to Saint Johns River, Florida; House Document Numbered 114, Seventy-seventh Congress;
- Fernandina Harbor and Amelia River, Florida; House Document Numbered 284, Seventy-seventh Congress;
- Saint Johns River, Florida, Jacksonville to the ocean; House Document Numbered 322, Seventy-seventh Congress, and Senate Document Numbered 230, Seventy-eighth Congress, and plans for the alteration of channel alinement on file in the office of the Chief of Engineers, with such modifications as he may deem advisable;
- Saint Johns River, Florida, Palatka to Lake Harney; House Document Numbered 603, Seventy-sixth Congress;
- Saint Johns River, Florida, Jacksonville to Lake Harney; House Document Numbered 445, Seventy-eighth Congress;
- Intracoastal Waterway from Jacksonville, Florida, to Miami, Florida; in accordance with the report of the Chief of Engineers dated October 26, 1942;
- Intracoastal Waterway from Jacksonville, Florida, to Miami, Florida; House Documents Numbered 261 and 336, Seventy-sixth Congress;
- Canaveral Harbor, Florida; House Document Numbered 367, Seventy-seventh Congress;
- Saint Lucie Inlet, Florida; House Document Numbered 391, Seventy-seventh Congress;
- Lake Worth Inlet, Florida; House Document Numbered 530, Seventy-eighth Congress;
- New River, Florida; House Document Numbered 553, Seventy-sixth Congress;
- Miami Harbor, Florida; in accordance with the report of the Chief of Engineers dated June 24, 1942, with such modifications, including rearrangement of the harbor facilities and turning basin, as in the discretion of the Secretary of War and the Chief of Engineers may be advisable;
- Miami River, Florida; in accordance with the report of the Chief of Engineers dated March 19, 1942;
- Intracoastal Waterway from Miami to Key West, Florida; in accordance with the report of the Chief of Engineers dated October 26, 1942;
- Caloosahatchee River and Lake Okeechobee Drainage Areas, Florida; House Document Numbered 696, Seventy-sixth Congress; and in
accordance with the report of the Chief of Engineers dated June 5, 1943;

Intracoastal Waterway from the Caloosahatchee River to the Anclote River, Florida; House Document Numbered 871, Seventy-sixth Congress;

Little Manatee River, Florida; House Document Numbered 552, Seventy-sixth Congress;

Tampa Harbor, Florida; Senate Document Numbered 16, and House Document Numbered 119, Seventy-seventh Congress, and Senate Document Numbered 188, Seventy-eighth Congress;

Anclote River, Florida; House Document Numbered 243, Seventy-sixth Congress;

Pithlachascotee River, Florida; House Document Numbered 86, Seventy-seventh Congress;

Saint Marks River, Florida; House Document Numbered 345, Seventy-seventh Congress;

Intracoastal Waterway from Apalachicola Bay to Saint Marks River, Florida; House Document Numbered 442, Seventy-sixth Congress;

Apalachicola, Chattahoochee, and Flint Rivers, Georgia and Florida; House Document Numbered 342, Seventy-sixth Congress;

Saint Josephs Bay, Florida; Senate Document Numbered 17, Seventy-seventh Congress; and in accordance with the report on file in the Office, Chief of Engineers;

Watson Bayou, Florida; House Document Numbered 555, Seventy-sixth Congress;

Pensacola Harbor, Florida; in accordance with the report of the Chief of Engineers dated April 3, 1943;

Alabama-Coosa River, Alabama: Initial and ultimate development of the Alabama-Coosa River and tributaries for navigation, flood control, power development, and other purposes, as outlined in House Document Numbered 414, Seventy-seventh Congress, is hereby authorized substantially in accordance with the plans being prepared by the Chief of Engineers with such modifications thereof from time to time as in the discretion of the Secretary of War and the Chief of Engineers may be advisable for the purpose of increasing the development of hydroelectric power; and that for the initiation and accomplishment of the ultimate plan appropriations are authorized in such amounts as Congress may from time to time determine to be advisable, the total of such appropriations not to exceed the sum of $60,000,000. The aforesaid authorization and approval shall include authorities for all powerhouses, power machinery, and appurtenances found to be desirable by the Secretary of War upon the recommendation of the Chief of Engineers and the Federal Power Commission;

Mobile Harbor, Alabama; in accordance with the report of the Chief of Engineers dated October 20, 1942;

Warrior and Tombigbee Rivers, Alabama and Mississippi; House Documents Numbered 276, Seventy-sixth Congress, and 382, Seventy-seventh Congress;

Dauphin Island Bay Channel, Alabama; House Document Numbered 333, Seventy-sixth Congress;

Bayou Coden, Alabama; House Document Numbered 824, Seventy-seventh Congress;

Bayou La Batre, Alabama; House Document Numbered 281, Seventy-sixth Congress;

Biloxi Harbor, Mississippi; House Documents Numbered 258 and 326, Seventy-sixth Congress;

Pass Christian Harbor, Mississippi; Senate Document Numbered 214, Seventy-seventh Congress;
Bayou Galere, Mississippi; House Document Numbered 112, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Bayous LaLoutre, Saint Malo, and Yscloskey, Louisiana; Senate Document Numbered 116, Seventy-seventh Congress;
Mississippi River, Baton Rouge, Louisiana, to the Gulf of Mexico; House Document Numbered 215, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Intracoastal Waterway in the vicinity of Algiers at New Orleans, Louisiana; Senate Document Numbered 188, Seventy-eighth Congress;
Bayous Petit Anse, Tigre and Carlin, Louisiana; House Document Numbered 394, Seventy-eighth Congress;
Calcasieu River and Pass, Louisiana; House Document Numbered 465, Seventy-seventh Congress;
Louisiana and Texas Intracoastal Waterway; House Documents Numbered 428, Seventy-sixth Congress, and 383, Seventy-seventh Congress;
Louisiana and Texas Intracoastal Waterway; House Document Numbered 248, Seventy-eighth Congress;
Sabine-Neches Waterway, Texas; House Document Numbered 685, Seventy-sixth Congress, and Senate Documents Numbered 60 and 158, Seventy-seventh Congress;
Neches and Angelina Rivers, Texas; Senate Document Numbered 98, Seventy-sixth Congress;
The improvement of the Trinity River and tributaries, Texas, for navigation, flood control, and allied purposes is hereby approved and authorized in accordance with the reports contained in House Document Numbered 403, Seventy-seventh Congress;
Lavon Reservoir on East Fork of Trinity River, Texas; House Document Numbered 533, Seventy-eighth Congress;
Houston Ship Channel, Texas; House Documents Numbered 226 and 256, Seventy-sixth Congress, and in accordance with the report of the Chief of Engineers dated August 21, 1943;
Clear Creek and Clear Lake, Texas; House Document Numbered 319, Seventy-seventh Congress;
Chocolate and Bastrop Bayous, Texas; House Document Numbered 337, Seventy-sixth Congress: Provided, That the authorization is not to be construed as final approval for the improvement of Bastrop Bayou;
Channel from Pass Cavallo to Port Lavaca and Lavaca-Navidad Rivers, Texas, in accordance with the report of the Chief of Engineers dated December 10, 1943. House Documents Numbered 314, Seventy-sixth Congress, and 659, Seventy-seventh Congress;
Guadalupe River, Texas; House Document Numbered 247, Seventy-sixth Congress: Provided, That whenever any power project, not under Federal license, is benefited by the Canyon Reservoir project, the Federal Power Commission after notice to the owner or owners of such unlicensed project and after opportunity for hearing, shall determine and fix a reasonable and equitable annual charge to be paid to the United States on account of such benefits by said owner or owners or other recipients of such benefits;
Arkansas Pass-Corpus Christi Channel, Texas; House Document Numbered 544, Seventy-eighth Congress;
Brazos Island Harbor, Texas; House Document Numbered 385, Seventy-sixth Congress, and House Document Numbered 347, Seventy-seventh Congress;
Ouachita and Black Rivers, Arkansas and Louisiana; House Document Numbered 104, Seventy-sixth Congress;

Mississippi River between the Ohio and Missouri Rivers; House Document Numbered 231, Seventy-sixth Congress;

Mississippi River between Missouri River and Minneapolis: The existing project for lock and dam numbered 2 is hereby modified in accordance with the recommendation in House Document Numbered 432, Seventy-seventh Congress;

Mississippi River between Missouri River and Minneapolis: The construction of lock and dam numbered 26 at Alton, Illinois, is hereby declared to be in accord with the project authorized by the River and Harbor Act approved August 30, 1935;

Mississippi River between Missouri River and Minneapolis; House Documents Numbered 103 and 547, Seventy-sixth Congress; 263, Seventy-seventh Congress; and 449, Seventy-eighth Congress;

Mississippi River between Missouri River and Minneapolis: The existing project is hereby modified to provide for remedial works in accordance with the recommendations of the district engineer in the report submitted in House Document Numbered 137, Seventy-sixth Congress, and for such remedial works or land acquisitions in any levee or drainage district, with respect to which payments, remedial works, or land acquisitions were recommended in Rivers and Harbors Committee Document Numbered 34, Seventy-fifth Congress, and authorized by the Act of August 26, 1937, as the Chief of Engineers deems advisable, in addition to or in lieu of the payments, remedial works, or land acquisitions so recommended and authorized;


Missouri River between Sioux City, Iowa, and the mouth; House Document Numbered 214, Seventy-sixth Congress;

Scioto River at Portsmouth, Ohio; such works as the Chief of Engineers may find advisable to provide a harbor channel equivalent to that existing prior to initiation of the Portsmouth flood-control project; the cost of such works in no event to exceed $75,000;

Coasts of the Great Lakes; harbors of refuge for light-draft vessels; House Document Numbered 446, Seventy-eighth Congress;

Baudette Harbor, Minnesota; House Document Numbered 216, Seventy-sixth Congress;

Harbor at Knife River, Minnesota; House Document Numbered 686, Seventy-seventh Congress;

Ashland Harbor, Wisconsin; House Document Numbered 337, Seventy-seventh Congress;

Menominee Harbor and River, Michigan and Wisconsin; House Document Numbered 228, Seventy-sixth Congress;

Green Bay Harbor, Wisconsin; House Document Numbered 95, Seventy-sixth Congress;

Sturgeon Bay and Lake Michigan Ship Canal, Wisconsin; House Document Numbered 421, Seventy-eighth Congress;

Milwaukee Harbor, Wisconsin; Senate Document Numbered 29, Seventy-sixth Congress;

Racine Harbor, Wisconsin; House Documents Numbered 816, Seventy-seventh Congress, and 255, Seventy-eighth Congress;


Calumet Harbor and River, Illinois and Indiana; House Document Numbered 233, Seventy-sixth Congress;

Saint Joseph Harbor, Michigan; House Document Numbered 129, Seventy-sixth Congress;

Grand Haven Harbor and Grand River, Michigan; House Document Numbered 691, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Manistee Harbor, Michigan; House Document Numbered 380, Seventy-seventh Congress;

Saint Marys River, Michigan, South Canal; in accordance with the report of the Chief of Engineers dated August 14, 1944, and contained in House Document Numbered 679, Seventy-eighth Congress, second session;

Saint Marys River, Michigan; the construction of a new hydroelectric power plant in accordance with the plan recommended in House Document Numbered 339, Seventy-seventh Congress: Provided, That only the first step of the recommended development, involving an installation of approximately fourteen thousand kilowatts at an estimated cost of $3,500,000, shall be constructed at this time, and no further development in addition to said first step shall be undertaken until hereafter authorized by law: Provided further, That the existing United States hydroelectric power plant at Sault Sainte Marie shall be abandoned upon completion of the new plant: Provided further, That the electric energy generated in the operation of said new plant shall be sold by the Secretary of War, and any surplus water available to the United States which is not required for the operation of facilities owned by the United States may be leased by the Secretary of War upon such terms and conditions as he shall determine: And provided further, That pending construction of the new United States plant he may also enter into such arrangements for continued operation of the existing Government plant and the use of water as he may deem advisable in the public interest;

Saint Clair River at Southeast Bend, Michigan: The widening of the existing project channel, in accordance with alternative plan B, as outlined in the report of the district engineer in House Document Numbered 309, Seventy-seventh Congress, is hereby authorized;

Detroit River, Michigan; in accordance with the report of the Chief of Engineers dated October 26, 1942;

Sandusky Harbor, Ohio; House Document Numbered 328, Seventy-sixth Congress;

Lorain Harbor, Ohio; House Document Numbered 161, Seventy-seventh Congress; and in accordance with the report on file in the office, Chief of Engineers;

Cleveland Harbor, Ohio; House Document Numbered 232, Seventy-sixth Congress; and the extension of the channel in the Cuyahoga River in accordance with the report of the Chief of Engineers dated February 14, 1942;

Ashtabula Harbor, Ohio; House Document Numbered 321, Seventy-seventh Congress;

Erie Harbor, Pennsylvania; protection of that portion of the peninsula south of the waterworks settling basins at an estimated annual cost of $15,000 is hereby authorized;

Erie Harbor, Pennsylvania; in accordance with the report of the Chief of Engineers dated October 26, 1942;

Buffalo Harbor, New York; House Document Numbered 352, Seventy-eighth Congress;

Black Rock Channel and Tonawanda Harbor, New York, in accordance with the report of the Chief of Engineers dated April 16, 1942;

Wilson Harbor, New York; House Document Numbered 679, Seventy-sixth Congress;

Rochester Harbor, New York; House Document Numbered 139, Seventy-sixth Congress;

Sackets Harbor, New York, in accordance with the report of the Chief of Engineers dated January 6, 1944;

Cape Vincent Harbor, New York; House Document Numbered 363, Seventy-sixth Congress;
San Diego Harbor, California; House Document Numbered 390, Seventy-seventh Congress;
Newport Bay Harbor, California; Senate Document Numbered 138, Seventy-eighth Congress;
Santa Barbara Harbor, California; House Document Numbered 348, Seventy-seventh Congress;
Morro Bay, California; House Document Numbered 283, Seventy-seventh Congress; and further harbor development as desired by the Navy Department in accordance with the plans on file in the office, Chief of Engineers;
Monterey Harbor, California; House Document Numbered 266, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Monterey Bay (Moss Landing), California; in accordance with the report on file in the office, Chief of Engineers;
Redwood Creek, California; in accordance with the report of the Chief of Engineers dated November 3, 1941;
Oakland Harbor, California; House Document Numbered 466, Seventy-seventh Congress;
Oakland Harbor, California; in accordance with the report on file in the office, Chief of Engineers;
Richmond Harbor, California; House Document Numbered 715, Seventy-sixth Congress;
San Pablo Bay and Mare Island Strait, California; House Document Numbered 217, Seventy-seventh Congress;
Noyo Harbor, California; House Document Numbered 682, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Crescent City Harbor, California; House Document Numbered 688, Seventy-sixth Congress, and the construction of an inner breakwater in accordance with the plans on file in the office, Chief of Engineers;
Chetco River, Oregon; House Document Numbered 817, Seventy-seventh Congress;
Coquille River, Oregon; House Document Numbered 672, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Umpqua Harbor and River, Oregon; Senate Document Numbered 86, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Umpqua River, Oregon; Senate Document Numbered 191, Seventy-seventh Congress;
Yaquina Bay and Harbor, Oregon; Senate Document Numbered 119, Seventy-seventh Congress;
Depoe Bay, Oregon; House Document Numbered 350, Seventy-seventh Congress;
Salmon River, Oregon; House Document Numbered 551, Seventy-sixth Congress;
That there is hereby authorized to be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of $120,000, to be immediately available as an emergency fund to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of War and the supervision of the Chief of Engineers for repairing damage to and checking erosion on the Bayocean Peninsula, in Oregon, caused by a storm in January 1939, in order to provide adequate protection to property on such peninsula and in Tillamook, Oregon;
That there is hereby authorized to be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of $120,000, to be immediately available as an emergency fund to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of War and the supervision of the Chief of Engineers for repairing damage to and checking erosion on the Bayocean Peninsula, in Oregon, caused by a storm in January 1939, in order to provide adequate protection to property on such peninsula and in Tillamook, Oregon;
Snake River, Oregon, Washington, and Idaho: The construction of such dams as are necessary, and open channel improvement for purposes of providing slack water navigation and irrigation in accordance with the plan submitted in House Document Numbered 544, Seventy-fifth Congress;
of War may find advisable after consultation with the Secretary of the Interior and such other agencies as may be concerned: Provided, That surplus electric energy generated at the dams authorized in this item shall be delivered to the Secretary of the Interior for disposition in accordance with existing laws relating to the disposition of power at Bonneville Dam: Provided further, That nothing in this paragraph shall be construed as conferring the power of condemnation of transmission lines.

Columbia River at Bonneville, Oregon: The Secretary of War is hereby authorized, under such terms and conditions as he may deem advisable, to acquire lands and provide facilities in the States of Oregon and Washington to replace Indian fishing grounds submerged or destroyed as a result of the construction of Bonneville Dam: Provided, That not to exceed $50,000 may be expended for this purpose from funds heretofore or hereafter appropriated for maintenance and improvement of existing river and harbor works: Provided further, That such lands and facilities shall be transferred to the Secretary of the Interior for the use and benefit of the Indians, and shall be subject to the same conditions, safeguards, and protections as the treaty fishing grounds submerged or destroyed.

Columbia River and tributaries above Celilo Falls to the mouth of Snake River, Oregon and Washington: Senate Document Numbered 28, Seventy-sixth Congress; and House Document Numbered 324, Seventy-seventh Congress:

Umatilla Dam. Columbia River, Oregon and Washington: The construction of the Umatilla Dam for purposes of navigation, power development, and irrigation in accordance with the plan submitted in House Document Numbered 704, Seventy-fifth Congress: Provided, That surplus electric energy generated at said dam shall be delivered to the Secretary of the Interior for disposition in accordance with existing laws relating to the disposition of power at Bonneville Dam: Provided further, That nothing in this paragraph shall be construed as conferring the power of condemnation of transmission lines: Provided further, That said dam shall be so constructed as to provide a pool elevation of three hundred and forty feet above sea level if a dam of that height is found to be feasible. In the design, construction, and operation of the Umatilla Dam adequate provision shall be made for the protection of anadromous fishes by affording free access to their natural spawning grounds or by other appropriate means. Studies and surveys necessary for fish protection shall be made by the Fish and Wildlife Service of the Department of the Interior, and designs for structures and facilities required for fish protection shall be prepared in cooperation with that agency. Funds appropriated for the design, construction, or operation of said dam shall be available for transfer to the Department of the Interior for the foregoing purposes. The aforesaid dam heretofore referred to as the Umatilla Dam shall when completed be named the McNary Dam in honor of the late Senator Charles L. McNary, and shall be dedicated to his memory as a monument to his distinguished public service:

Columbia River between Vancouver, Washington, and Bonneville, Oregon; Senate Document Numbered 218, Seventy-sixth Congress; Columbia and Willamette Rivers below Vancouver, Washington, and Portland, Oregon; House Documents Numbered 341 and 630, Seventy-seventh Congress;

Baker Bay, Columbia River, Washington; House Document Numbered 448, Seventy-sixth Congress;

Willapa River and Harbor, Washington; House Document Numbered 481, Seventy-sixth Congress;

Grays Harbor and Chehalis River to Aberdeen, Washington,
maintenance work in accordance with report on file in office, Chief of Engineers;
Quillayute River, Washington; House Document Numbered 218, Seventy-eighth Congress;
Port Angeles Harbor, Washington; House Document Numbered 331, Seventy-seventh Congress;
Olympia Harbor, Washington; House Document Numbered 699, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Tacoma Harbor, Washington; House Document Numbered 124, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Stillaguamish River, Washington; House Document Numbered 286, Seventy-seventh Congress;
Lake Crockett, Washington; House Document Numbered 303, Seventy-seventh Congress;
Metlakatla Harbor, Alaska; House Document Numbered 138, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Craig Harbor, Alaska; House Document Numbered 558, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Meyers Chuck Harbor, Alaska; House Document Numbered 222, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Wrangell Harbor, Alaska; House Document Numbered 284, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Wrangell Narrows, Alaska; House Document Numbered 260, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Sitka Harbor, Alaska; in accordance with the report of the Chief of Engineers dated March 14, 1944;
Skagway Harbor, Alaska; in accordance with the report of the Chief of Engineers dated April 11, 1942;
Petersburg Harbor, Alaska; House Document Numbered 670, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Port Alexander, Alaska; House Document Numbered 578, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Gastineau Channel, Alaska; House Document Numbered 325, Seventy-seventh Congress;
Elfin Cove, Alaska; House Document Numbered 579, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Seldovia Harbor, Alaska; House Document Numbered 702, Seventy-sixth Congress;
Keehi Lagoon, Oahu, Territory of Hawaii; House Document Numbered 379, Seventy-seventh Congress;
Port Allen Harbor, Hawaii; House Document Numbered 180, Seventy-sixth Congress;
San Juan Harbor, Puerto Rico; maintenance of existing entrance channel and turning basin to Army Terminal;
Ponce Harbor, Puerto Rico; in accordance with the report of the Chief of Engineers dated May 21, 1942; and
Fajardo Harbor, Puerto Rico; House Document Numbered 280, Seventy-sixth Congress.

Sec. 3. That the Secretary of War is hereby authorized to allot not to exceed $300,000 from any appropriations heretofore or hereafter made for any one fiscal year for improvement of rivers and harbors, for removing accumulated snags and other debris, and for protecting, clearing, and straightening channels in navigable harbors and navigable streams and tributaries thereof, when in the opinion of the Chief of Engineers such work is advisable in the interest of navigation or flood control. The paragraph in section 1 of the River and Harbor Act approved July 25, 1912, relating to removal of temporary obstructions, as amended by section 3 of the River and Harbor Act approved July 3, 1930, and section 3 of the River and Harbor Act approved October 17, 1940, is hereby repealed.
Sec. 4. That (a) the consent, permission, and authority granted to the Commissioners of Lincoln Park, now superseded by the Chicago Park District, a municipal corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Illinois to exercise jurisdiction over the navigable waters of Lake Michigan which lie within the following-described boundaries:

Beginning at a point at the intersection of the existing bulkhead along Lake Shore Drive in Chicago, Illinois, with the existing pier which is parallel to and north of Ohio Street extended and south of Ontario Street extended; thence easterly along said pier to a point in a line parallel to and three hundred and fifty feet easterly of said bulkhead along the Lake Shore Drive; thence northwesterly along said last-described line to a point in a curve of two hundred feet radius and tangent both to said last-described line and to a line three hundred and fifty feet southerly from the southerly side of and parallel to the shore arm extension breakwater extending into Lake Michigan from a point near the intersection of Oak Street and Lake Shore Drive; thence along said curve to a point in said line last described; thence easterly along said line to a point in a line at right angles with said shore arm extension breakwater at the eastern extremity thereof; thence northward along said last-described line to said shore arm extension breakwater; thence westward along said shore arm extension breakwater to the shore line; and (b) the right granted to said the Commissioners of Lincoln Park, now superseded by the Chicago Park District, to destroy the navigability of the above-described waters altogether; and (c) the right granted to said the Commissioners of Lincoln Park, now superseded by the Chicago Park District, to erect an additional breakwater to connect the said shore arm extension breakwater near the intersection of Oak Street and Lake Shore Drive with the shore line; and (d) the transfer of possession of said shore arm extension breakwater to said the Commissioners of Lincoln Park, now superseded by the Chicago Park District, and the obligation for the permanent care, custody, and maintenance of said shore arm extension breakwater by the Commissioners of Lincoln Park, now superseded by the Chicago Park District, as provided for by the Act entitled "An Act granting to the Commissioners of Lincoln Park the right to erect a breakwater in the navigable waters of Lake Michigan, and transferring jurisdiction over certain navigable waters of Lake Michigan to the Commissioners of Lincoln Park", approved March 3, 1931, be rescinded.

The United States of America hereby resumes jurisdiction over the above-described waters and the above-described shore arm extension breakwater, and hereby discharges the Chicago Park District, successor to the superseded the Commissioners of Lincoln Park, from its liability for the permanent care, custody, and maintenance of said shore arm extension breakwater.

Said Chicago Park District shall signify its acceptance of this Act by written notice to the Secretary of War within sixty days after the passage of this Act, and this section shall become effective immediately upon its acceptance by said Chicago Park District. In the event of nonacceptance within sixty days this section shall become null and void.

Sec. 5. The Chief of Engineers may authorize the employment of physicians under agreement, to make such physical examinations of employees or prospective employees as he may consider essential, on a fee or regular employment basis, and all agreements heretofore entered into for such purposes are hereby validated, and the Comptroller General is authorized and directed to allow credit in the accounts of disbursing officers for reasonable payments heretofore made for such services.
SEC. 6. The Secretary of War is hereby authorized and directed to cause preliminary examinations and surveys to be made at the following-named localities, the cost thereof to be paid from appropriations heretofore or hereafter made for such purposes: Provided, That no preliminary examination, survey, project, or estimate for new works other than those designated in this or some prior Act or joint resolution shall be made: Provided further, That after the regular or formal reports made as required by law on any examination, survey, project, or work under way or proposed are submitted no supplemental or additional report or estimate shall be made unless authorized by law: Provided further, That the Government shall not be deemed to have entered upon any project for the improvement of any waterway or harbor mentioned in this Act until the project for the proposed work shall have been adopted by law: Provided further, That reports of surveys on beach erosion and shore protection shall include an estimate of the public interests involved, and such plan of improvement as is found justified, together with the equitable distribution of costs in each case: And provided further, That this section shall not be construed to interfere with the performance of any duties vested in the Federal Power Commission under existing law:

Beals Harbor, Maine.
Blue Hill Harbor, Maine.
Macks Point, Searsport, Maine, with a view to the construction of a harbor.
Scarboro River, Maine, between Prouts Neck and Pine Point.
Bunganuc Creek, Maquoite Bay, Maine.
Cathance River, Maine.
Winterport Harbor, Maine.
Boothbay Harbor, Maine, particularly the Mill Cove area.
Cundys Harbor, Maine.
Wood Island Harbor, Maine, and the pool at Biddeford.
For a continuous waterway between Portland, Maine, and Boston, Massachusetts, inland where possible.
Waterway from Plum Island Sound to the Annisquam River, Essex County, Massachusetts.
Ipswich River, Plum Island Sound and Fox Creek, Massachusetts.
Mattapoissett, Massachusetts.
Channel from Buzzards Bay to Buttermilk Bay, Massachusetts.
Fall River Harbor, Massachusetts.
Mystic River, Massachusetts.
Falmouth Harbor, Massachusetts.
Channel to Hog Island, Hingham Bay, Massachusetts.
New Bedford and Fairhaven Harbors and the Acushnet River, Massachusetts; particularly with a view to provide greater depth in the eastern portion of the anchorage basin and for the improvement of navigation, flood control and related purposes.
Eightmile River, Connecticut.
Moriches Inlet, New York.
Shinnecock Inlet, Long Island, New York.
At Smithtown, Long Island, New York.
The southern coast of Long Island, from the New York City line to Montauk Point, New York, with a view to the protection and improvement of the beaches along said coast, such examination and survey to be made under the provisions of section 2 of the River and Harbor Act approved July 3, 1930, and the Act entitled "An Act for the improvement and protection of the beaches along the shores of the United States"; approved June 26, 1936.
Nissequogue River, New York.
Saint James Harbor, New York.
Fire Island Inlet, New York.
Saw Mill River, New York.
Bronx River, New York.
Westchester Creek, New York.
Hutchinson River, New York.
Steinway Creek, Astoria, New York.
Champlain Canal, New York, with a view to its improvement without taking title to said canal and its appurtenances.
Hudson River, New York, from Albany to New York City.
Hudson River, at or near North Germantown, Columbia County, New York.
Hudson River at the mouth of Endikill Creek, New York, with a view to constructing a small boat anchorage basin.
Mohawk River, New York.
Arthur Kill, New York and New Jersey, between a point one thousand feet north of the mouth of Smiths Creek and a point one thousand feet south of Buckwheat Island.
Hackensack River, New Jersey.
Sandy Hook Bay, New Jersey, with a view to providing a channel to, and navigation improvements at, Leonardo.
Coast of New Jersey, from Sandy Hook to Cape May, with a view to the improvement and protection of the beaches along said coast, such examination and survey to be made under the provisions of section 2 of the River and Harbor Act approved July 3, 1930, and the Act entitled "An Act for the improvement and protection of the beaches along the shores of the United States", approved June 26, 1936.
Salem River, Salem County, New Jersey.
Fishing Creek, Cumberland County, New Jersey.
Cheesequake Creek, New Jersey.
Schuylkill River, Pennsylvania, particularly with a view to providing a deeper channel.
Schuylkill River, Pennsylvania, to determine whether navigation conditions may be improved, and if the increasing cost of maintenance due to silting in the channels of the Schuylkill and Delaware Rivers may be lessened, and flood heights controlled, by the construction of impounding and settling reservoirs to prevent the encroachment of mining wastes.
Mispillion River, Delaware, up to Milford.
Waterway from Indian River Inlet to Rehoboth Bay, Delaware.
Ocean City Harbor and Inlet, and Sinepuxent Bay, Maryland.
Marumsco Creek, lower Somerset County, Maryland.
Websters Cove, Somerset County, Maryland, with a view to constructing a jetty in the project channel.
Twitch Cove and Big Thoroughfare River, Maryland, with a view to the construction of a boat basin at Ewell.
Pocomoke River, Maryland, from Old Rock Buoy to Williams Point.
Crisfield Harbor, Maryland.
Taylors Landing, Worcester County, Maryland.
Channel from Charlestown, Northeast River, Maryland, to Havre de Grace.
Channel from Havre de Grace, Maryland, to Red Point, via Stump Point and Carpenter Point.
Bear Creek and Lynch Cove, Maryland.
Deep Creek and Fresh Water Pond, Maryland.
Honga River and Tar Bay, including channel into and harbor in Back Creek, Hooper Island, Maryland.
Channel in Honga River, to the plant of White and Nelson, Hoopersville, Maryland.
Harbor at Public Landing, Worcester County, Maryland.
Cambridge Harbor, Maryland.
Rockhall Harbor, Maryland.
Ross Cove (Magothy River), Maryland.
Coxes Creek, tributary of Stony Creek, Maryland.
Channels to Lake Ogleton and Walnut Lake, Anne Arundel County, Maryland.
Walnut Creek, Anne Arundel County, Maryland, lying between Bay Ridge and Arundel-on-the-Bay.
Channel from Kent Island Narrows to Well Cove, Chester River, Maryland.
Port Tobacco Creek, Maryland.
Hellens Creek, Calvert County, Maryland.
Channel from Rhodes Point to Tylerton, Somerset County, Maryland.
Saint Patricks Creek, Maryland.
Big Kingston Creek, Saint Marys County, Maryland.
Tanners Creek, Saint Marys County, Maryland.
Parkers Creek, Calvert County, Maryland.
Chester River Channel, Maryland.
Nanticoke River, Bivalve, Wicomico County, Maryland, with a view to providing a harbor for small boats.
Governor's Run, Calvert County, Maryland, with a view to providing a harbor for small boats.
Channel between Ramsey Bay and Chesapeake Bay, and other measures for the prevention of damage from erosion near the mouth of South River, Anne Arundel County, Maryland.
Area where Neale Creek, Maryland, empties into the Potomac River with a view to removing the sand bar and providing a safe harbor.
Potomac and Anacostia Rivers and adjacent waters in and near the District of Columbia, with a view to attaining a comprehensive and coordinated improvement and development of such waters and their shores. In determining the recommendations to be made with respect to such improvement and development, consultations shall be had with, and consideration given to the recommendations of, the National Capital Park and Planning Commission and the Commissioners of the District of Columbia.
Potomac River and tributaries at and below Washington, District of Columbia, with a view to elimination of the water chestnut.
Potomac River at and near Washington, District of Columbia.
Potomac and Anacostia Rivers at and near Washington, District of Columbia, with a view to providing a municipal sailing base.
Parnham Creek, Richmond County, Virginia.
Southwest side of Rappahannock River, in vicinity of Bowlers Wharf, Essex County, Virginia, to secure harbor of refuge and connecting channels.
Finneys Creek, Accomac County, Virginia, and the channel connecting said creek with Wachapreague Inlet and the Atlantic Ocean.
Jackson Creek, Westmoreland County, Virginia.
Bonum Creek, Westmoreland County, Virginia.
Kings Creek, Northampton County, Virginia.
Bransons Cove, lower Machodoc River, Virginia.
Taskmers Creek, Northumberland County, Virginia.
Davis Creek, Mathews County, Virginia.
Dyer Creek, Mathews County, Virginia.
Deep Creek, Accomac County, Virginia.
Browns Bay, Gloucester County, Virginia, and the channel connecting said bay with Mobjack Bay.
Parrots Creek, Middlesex County, Virginia.
The Hague (Smith Creek), Virginia.
Southern Branch of Elizabeth River, Norfolk Harbor, Virginia.
Chuckatuck Creek, Nansemond and Isle of Wight Counties, Virginia.
Little Creek, Princess Anne County, Virginia.
Lynnhaven Inlet and Bay and connecting waters, Virginia, with a view to preparing a plan of improvement and estimate of cost, particularly to prevent shoaling, in the interest of shellfish production and navigation.

Inland waterway from Norfolk, Virginia, to Beaufort, North Carolina, with a view to providing a side channel twelve feet deep through Pasquotank River and Albemarle Sound to Elizabeth City.
Channel from the Thoroughfare to Albemarle Sound, North Carolina, either by way of lower Cashie River, Middle River, and Bachelors Bay, or by way of any other route.

Purviance Creek, New Hanover County, North Carolina.
Little Pee Dee River, South Carolina, from junction of the Lumber River to the Great Pee Dee River, with a view to removing logs, debris, and other obstructions.
Santee-Congaree Buckingham Landing Site, South Carolina.
Jefferys Creek, Florence County, South Carolina.
Murrells Inlet, South Carolina.
Cooper River, South Carolina, from Charleston Harbor to the Pinopolis power plant.
Channel from the ocean through Saint Helena Sound or through Port Royal Sound to Beaufort, South Carolina.
North River, Georgia.
Saint Marys River, Georgia and Florida.
Saint Johns River, Florida, Palatka to Lake Harney.
Intracoastal Waterway from Jacksonville to Miami, Florida, with a view to providing an auxiliary side channel from the Intracoastal Waterway near Titusville through, and easterly of, Merritt Island via Banana Creek and River, to, or near, Eau Gallie, Florida.
Side channels, or spur channels, leading from the Intracoastal Waterway from Jacksonville to Miami, Florida, to, and turning basins or harbors at, the various communities on or near the banks of said waterway, having particular reference to providing such improvements to and at Titusville, Flagler Beach, New Smyrna, Fort Pierce, and to the Lighthouse Service depot at Taylor Creek, adjacent to Fort Pierce Harbor.
Saint Augustine Harbor, and vicinity, Florida.
Kissimme River, Florida.
Jupiter Inlet, Florida.
Oklawaha River, Florida, from Lake Apopka through Lake Dora to Lake Eustis and adjoining waterways.
Oklawaha River, Florida, from Lake Eustis to Lake Griffin, and thence from Lake Griffin to Silver Springs Run.
Oklawaha River and its tributaries, Florida, with a view to improvement in the interest of navigation, flood control, and related purposes.

For a system of interlocking open-river and canalized channels having a depth of twelve feet, and of suitable width, to be constructed through rivers and lakes, and by land cuts, as follows: From Palatka, Florida, to the Indian River at Sebastian, Melbourne, Eau Gallie, Cocoa, or such other locality as may be found most suitable; from Titusville westerly to the Saint Johns River, thence to Lake Tohopekaliga; from Lake Tohopekaliga to Leesburg, on Lake Harris; from Lake Harris to the Saint Johns River near Dexter Lake or
alternately from Lake Harris to the Wekiwa River, thence to the Saint Johns River; and from Lake Tohopekaliga via the Kissimmee River and Lake Okeechobee to a connection with the Okeechobee Cross-Florida Channel; all with a view to improvement in the interest of navigation, flood control, and water conservation.

Orange Lake Basin, Florida.

Wacasssa River and its tributaries, Florida, with a view to improvement in the interest of navigation, flood control, and related purposes.

Channel and harbor at Everglades, Collier County, Florida.

Bakers Haulover Inlet, Florida.

Waterway from packing house and railroad terminal at Belle Glade, Florida, to Lake Okeechobee and to the Intracoastal Waterway through the Hillsboro and West Palm Beach Canals.

Peace River, Florida.

Channel to Pahokee, on Lake Okeechobee, Florida.

Lake Okeechobee and its tributary streams, Florida, with a view to removing the water-hyacinth.

Fisheating Creek, Florida.

Channel from bridge at Bradenton, Florida, to deep water in Gulf of Mexico (Tampa Bay).

Channel from Tampa Bay to Safety Harbor, Florida.

Channel from Old Tampa Bay to Oldsmar, Florida.

Channel leading from Tampa Bay Channel directly north to the vicinity of Punta Gorda, Florida.

Channel leading from Tampa Bay Channel directly north to the vicinity of Mullick Key and with a view to providing a protected harbor and turning basin.

Saint Petersburg Harbor, Florida, to provide for a channel up to the depth of thirty feet from the main Tampa Bay ship channel past the port of Saint Petersburg in front of the recreation pier.

Hillsboro Inlet, Florida, in the vicinity of Pompano.

Channels through Big Pass and Little Pass, from Clearwater Bay, Florida, to deep water in the Gulf of Mexico.

Sarasota Bay, Florida: Channel from Caseys Pass (Venice Inlet), through Dona Bay to the bridge on the United States Highway Numbered 41, including a turning basin at the eastern terminus of the channel.

Hudson River, Florida.

Suwannee River, Georgia and Florida, with a view to improvement in the interest of navigation and flood control.

Channel from the deep water in Saint Joseph Sound to, and turning basin at, Ozona, Florida.

Chassahowitzka River, Florida.

Crystal River, Florida.

Channel, turning basin, and improvements at Horseshoe, Dixie County, Florida.

Santa Fe River, from bridge on Federal Highway Numbered 41, near High Springs, to the Suwannee River, and from this bridge upstream to Camp Blanding, Kingsley Lake, Florida.

Waterways from Camp Blanding, Kingsley Lake, Florida, via Black Creek to Saint Johns River, and (or) via Black Creek and Doctors Inlet to Saint Johns River.

Gulf Intracoastal Waterway, to determine if existing project should be modified by constructing the waterway from Carrabelle, Florida, to Lakeshore, thence to Turkey Point, Alligator Harbor, Tide Creek, and Panama.

Canal from Saint Marks to Tallahassee, Florida.
Chipola River, Alabama and Florida, with a view to its improvement in the interest of navigation, flood control, power, and other related purposes.

Waterway from the Intracoastal Waterway south across Santa Rosa Island, Florida, to a point at or near Deer Point Light.

La Grange Bayou, Florida.

Saint Josephs Bay, Florida.

Aucilla River, Florida.

East Pass from the Gulf of Mexico into Choctawhatchee Bay, Florida.

Chipola River, Alabama and Florida, with a view to its improvement in the interest of navigation, flood control, power, and other related purposes.

Waterway from the Intracoastal Waterway south across Santa Rosa Island, Florida, to a point at or near Deer Point Light.

La Grange Bayou, Florida.

Saint Josephs Bay, Florida.

Aucilla River, Florida.

East Pass from the Gulf of Mexico into Choctawhatchee Bay, Florida.

Chipola River, Alabama and Florida, with a view to its improvement in the interest of navigation, flood control, power, and other related purposes.

Waterway from the Intracoastal Waterway south across Santa Rosa Island, Florida, to a point at or near Deer Point Light.

La Grange Bayou, Florida.

Saint Josephs Bay, Florida.

Aucilla River, Florida.

East Pass from the Gulf of Mexico into Choctawhatchee Bay, Florida.

Chipola River, Alabama and Florida, with a view to its improvement in the interest of navigation, flood control, power, and other related purposes.

Waterway from the Intracoastal Waterway south across Santa Rosa Island, Florida, to a point at or near Deer Point Light.

La Grange Bayou, Florida.

Saint Josephs Bay, Florida.

Aucilla River, Florida.

East Pass from the Gulf of Mexico into Choctawhatchee Bay, Florida.

Chipola River, Alabama and Florida, with a view to its improvement in the interest of navigation, flood control, power, and other related purposes.

Waterway from the Intracoastal Waterway south across Santa Rosa Island, Florida, to a point at or near Deer Point Light.

La Grange Bayou, Florida.

Saint Josephs Bay, Florida.

Aucilla River, Florida.

East Pass from the Gulf of Mexico into Choctawhatchee Bay, Florida.

Chipola River, Alabama and Florida, with a view to its improvement in the interest of navigation, flood control, power, and other related purposes.

Waterway from the Intracoastal Waterway south across Santa Rosa Island, Florida, to a point at or near Deer Point Light.

La Grange Bayou, Florida.

Saint Josephs Bay, Florida.

Aucilla River, Florida.

East Pass from the Gulf of Mexico into Choctawhatchee Bay, Florida.

Chipola River, Alabama and Florida, with a view to its improvement in the interest of navigation, flood control, power, and other related purposes.

Waterway from the Intracoastal Waterway south across Santa Rosa Island, Florida, to a point at or near Deer Point Light.

La Grange Bayou, Florida.

Saint Josephs Bay, Florida.

Aucilla River, Florida.

East Pass from the Gulf of Mexico into Choctawhatchee Bay, Florida.

Chipola River, Alabama and Florida, with a view to its improvement in the interest of navigation, flood control, power, and other related purposes.

Waterway from the Intracoastal Waterway south across Santa Rosa Island, Florida, to a point at or near Deer Point Light.

La Grange Bayou, Florida.

Saint Josephs Bay, Florida.

Aucilla River, Florida.

East Pass from the Gulf of Mexico into Choctawhatchee Bay, Florida.

Chipola River, Alabama and Florida, with a view to its improvement in the interest of navigation, flood control, power, and other related purposes.

Waterway from the Intracoastal Waterway south across Santa Rosa Island, Florida, to a point at or near Deer Point Light.

La Grange Bayou, Florida.

Saint Josephs Bay, Florida.

Aucilla River, Florida.

East Pass from the Gulf of Mexico into Choctawhatchee Bay, Florida.
Bayou La Fourche, Louisiana, from Donaldsonville to the Intracoastal Waterway, via Bayou Bocuf, Assumption Parish, or other streams, in the interest of navigation, flood control, beneficial uses of water, malarial control, prevention of stream pollution, and of the location of locks at the head of said bayou at or near Donaldsonville, Louisiana.

North Prong, Schooner Bayou, Vermilion Parish, Louisiana.

Gulf Intracoastal Waterway and connecting streams, lakes, and bays in Louisiana between Bayou Sale Ridge and the Calcasieu River in the interest of navigation, flood control, irrigation, and drainage, and for the prevention of stream pollution and salt-water intrusion.

The shore of Galveston Bay, Texas, with a view to preventing its erosion.

Galveston Bay and contiguous waters, Texas, with a view to providing a seaplane channel.

Pine Island Bayou, Texas.

Cedar Bayou Pass, Corpus Christi Pass, and Pass at Murdocks Landing, Texas.

Little Bay, Texas.

Sabine River, and tributaries, Texas, in the interest of navigation, flood control and other water uses.

Neches River, and tributaries, Texas, in the interest of navigation, flood control, and other water uses.

Big Sandy Creek, Texas.

Cypress Creek, Texas.

Sabine-Neches Waterway, Texas, with a view to further improvements in the interest of navigation and the prevention of damage by floods.

Dickinson Bayou, Texas.

Jones Creek, Texas, with a view to improvement in the interest of navigation and flood control.

Waterway from the Neches River, by way of Pine Island Bayou and extension, to Trinity River, Texas.

Double Bayou, Texas.

Colorado River, Texas.

Waterway from Alvin, Texas, to the Intracoastal Waterway.

Ouachita River, with a view to the construction of a dam at or near Rockport, Arkansas, in the interest of navigation, flood control, and the development of hydroelectric power.

Loosahatchie River, Tennessee, from its mouth to the O. K. Robertson Road and including the area west of the Illinois Central Railroad and north of Wolf River, with a view to extending the navigation facilities of Memphis Harbor.

Mississippi River: Davenport (Iowa) harbor of refuge.

Mississippi River at Caseville, Wisconsin.

Mississippi River at Prairie du Chien, Wisconsin.

Mississippi River at Alma, Wisconsin.

Mississippi River at Maiden Rock, Wisconsin.

Illinois and Mississippi Canal, Illinois.

Saint Croix River Basin, Minnesota and Wisconsin, including consideration of the construction of dam below the mouth of Kettle River.

Minnesota River, Minnesota, up to a point ten miles above New Ulm, with a view to improvement in the interest of navigation and related purposes.

Red River of the North drainage basin, Minnesota, South Dakota, and North Dakota.

Missouri River in South Dakota and North Dakota.

Missouri River in Nebraska.

Allegheny River, up to Olean, New York.

Toftie Harbor, Minnesota.
Michigan.

Grand Portage Harbor, Minnesota.
Lake Kabetogama, Minnesota.
Waterway connecting Lake Superior and Lake Michigan, from Au Train Lake to Little Bay de Noc, Michigan.
Harbor at mouth of Au Train River, Michigan.
Sheldrake Harbor, Michigan.
Saint Marys River at Sault Sainte Marie, Michigan, with a view to providing facilities for light-draft navigation.
Harbor at Saint Ignace, Michigan.
Kenosha Harbor, Wisconsin.
Mackinac Harbor, Michigan.
Galien River, Berrien County, Michigan.
Pine River, Michigan.
Pineconning River, Michigan.
Clinton River, Michigan.

Ohio and Indiana.

Waterway from Lake Erie, at or near Toledo, Ohio, to the southerly end of Lake Michigan by way of the Maumee River and the city of Fort Wayne, Indiana, or other practicable route.
Saint Marys River, Ohio and Indiana.
Maumee River, Indiana and Ohio.
The coast of Lake Erie, with a view to the establishment of harbors of refuge for light-draft vessels for commercial and/or recreational purposes.
Harbor at Ballast Island, Ohio.
Vermilion Harbor, Ohio, with a view to improvement in the interest of navigation and related purposes.
Rocky River, Ohio.
The south shores of Lake Erie and of Lake Huron with a view to the establishments of harbors and harbors of refuge for light-draft commercial and fishing vessels and for recreational craft.
At or near North East, Pennsylvania, with a view to constructing a harbor of refuge.
Harbor at Hamburg Township, New York.
Little River (branch of Niagara River), at Cayuga Island, Niagara Falls, New York.
Port Bay, New York.
Osweego Harbor, New York.
Chaumont River, New York.
At and in the vicinity of Henderson, New York, with a view to constructing a harbor.
At and in the vicinity of Sacketts Harbor, New York, with a view to providing additional harbor facilities.
Point Dume, California.
Santa Monica Harbor, California.
The coast of southern California, with a view to the establishment of harbors for light-draft vessels.
Pillar Point, Half Moon Bay, San Mateo County, California.
Monterey Bay, California.
Area at and in the vicinity of South Basin, San Francisco, California.
Carquinez Strait and Alhambra Creek, California, with a view to providing harbor improvements at, and in the vicinity of, Martinez.
Noyo River, California.
Napa River, California.
Humboldt Bay, California.

Oregon.

Bays, inlets, and rivers along the coast of Oregon with a view to providing an adequate number of deep draft harbors.
Nelscott, Oregon, with a view to protection of the beach.
Harbor at Empire, Oregon.
Alsea Bay, Oregon, with a view to the construction of a harbor of refuge.
Cocos Bay, Oregon.
Channel at Charleston, South Slough, Oregon.
Tillamook Bay and Bar, Oregon.
Nehalem Bay and River.
Columbia Slough.
Astoria, Oregon, with a view to the construction of a mooring basin for fishing boats within the harbor.
Willapa Harbor, Washington, with a view to providing a channel to, and turning basin at, Tokeland Dock; also with a view to providing a mooring basin and breakwater at and near Nahcotta Dock, Nahcotta.
Grays Harbor, Washington, with a view to constructing a channel into Bay City.
Grays Harbor, Washington, with a view to providing a breakwater and other improvements at and near Westport.
Grays Harbor, Washington, with a view of providing a deep-sea fishing base at Hoquiam.
Friday Harbor, Washington.
Sitka Harbor, Alaska.
Cordova Harbor, Alaska.
Kodiak Harbor, Alaska.
Neva Strait and Olga Strait, Alaska.
Upper Kvichak River, Alaska.
Skagway Harbor, Alaska.
Valdez Harbor, Alaska, with a view to its improvement and particularly with respect to the expansion of facilities for harborage of small boats.
Cook Inlet, Alaska, with a view to improvement for navigation, providing harbor facilities for the city of Anchorage, and the development of hydroelectric power.
Anchorage Harbor, Alaska, with a view to its improvement, and with the view of determining the advisability of providing additional harbor facilities for small boats.
Kalaupapa Landing, Island of Molokai, Hawaii.
Kalepolepa Boat Harbor, Island of Maui, Hawaii.
Humacao Playa, Punta Santiago, Puerto Rico.
Arecibo Harbor, Puerto Rico, with a view to determining whether modifications in the authorized project would be desirable.
Christiansted Harbor, Saint Croix, Virgin Islands, with a view to improvement for navigation.
Sec. 7. The Secretary of War is hereby authorized and directed to ascertain as nearly as can be estimated the amounts of damages resulting to manufacturers on the Oswego River, by the improvement of the Oswego and Erie Canals by the State of New York in accordance with the project adopted by the River and Harbor Act, approved August 30, 1935.
Approved March 2, 1945.

AN ACT
To express the intent of the Congress with reference to the regulation of the business of insurance.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Congress hereby declares that the continued regulation and taxation by the several States of the business of insurance is in the public interest,
and that silence on the part of the Congress shall not be construed to impose any barrier to the regulation or taxation of such business by the several States.

Sec. 2. (a) The business of insurance, and every person engaged therein, shall be subject to the laws of the several States which relate to the regulation or taxation of such business.

(b) No Act of Congress shall be construed to invalidate, impair, or supersede any law enacted by any State for the purpose of regulating the business of insurance, or which imposes a fee or tax upon such business, unless such Act specifically relates to the business of insurance: Provided, That after January 1, 1948, the Act of July 2, 1890, as amended, known as the Sherman Act, and the Act of October 15, 1914, as amended, known as the Clayton Act, and the Act of September 26, 1914, known as the Federal Trade Commission Act, as amended, shall be applicable to the business of insurance to the extent that such business is not regulated by State law.

Sec. 3. (a) Until January 1, 1948, the Act of July 2, 1890, as amended, known as the Sherman Act, and the Act of October 15, 1914, as amended, known as the Clayton Act, and the Act of September 26, 1914, known as the Federal Trade Commission Act, as amended, and the Act of June 19, 1936, known as the Robinson-Patman Anti-discrimination Act, shall not apply to the business of insurance or to acts in the conduct thereof.

(b) Nothing contained in this Act shall render the said Sherman Act inapplicable to any agreement to boycott, coerce, or intimidate, or act of boycott, coercion, or intimidation.

Sec. 4. Nothing contained in this Act shall be construed to affect in any manner the application to the business of insurance of the Act of July 5, 1935, as amended, known as the National Labor Relations Act, or the Act of June 25, 1938, as amended, known as the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, or the Act of June 5, 1920, known as the Merchant Marine Act, 1920.

Sec. 5. As used in this Act, the term "State" includes the several States, Alaska, Hawaii, Puerto Rico, and the District of Columbia.

Sec. 6. If any provision of this Act, or the application of such provision to any person or circumstances, shall be held invalid, the remainder of the Act, and the application of such provision to persons or circumstances other than those as to which it is held invalid, shall not be affected.

Approved March 9, 1945.

[CHAPTER 24]

To authorize an exchange of lands between the city of Eastport, Maine, and the United States, and the conveyance of a roadway easement to the city of Eastport, Maine.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized to transfer, under such conditions as may be approved by the said Secretary, to the city of Eastport, Maine, without cost to the city of Eastport, Maine, all right, title, and interest in and to the following parcels of land situated on Moose Island, Washington County, Maine, metes and bounds descriptions of which are on file in the War Department:

Parcel 1. A parcel of land containing eight and ninety-four one-hundredths acres, more or less, adjacent to and lying south of the southerly shore line of Carrying Place Cove, being that parcel of land formerly owned by Andrew J. Malloy and being bounded on the.

March 9, 1945
[59 Stat. 251]
southern boundary by the northerly right-of-way line of Deep Cove or Barrett Road, on the east by a parcel of land formerly owned by Mrs. E. B. Townsend and on the west by a parcel of land formerly owned by David C. MacNichol.

Parcel 2. A parcel of land containing nine and eighty-one one-hundredths acres, more or less, adjacent to and lying south of the southerly shore line of Carrying Place Cove, being that parcel of land formerly owned by Mrs. E. B. Townsend and being bounded on the south by the northerly right-of-way line of Deep Cove or Barrett Road, on the east by the westerly right-of-way line of said road, and on the west by the easterly line of a parcel of land formerly owned by Andrew J. Malloy.

Parcel 3. A parcel of land containing nine and fifty-eight one-hundredths acres, more or less, adjacent to and lying between the southerly shore line of Carrying Place Cove and Maine State Highway Numbered 190, being bounded on the northeast by said right-of-way line and on the northwest by two parcels of land now or formerly owned by C. H. Bishop and W. J. Murphy, respectively.

Sec. 2. The Secretary of War, in consideration of the transfer hereinafter authorized, is further authorized, on behalf of the United States, to accept from the city of Eastport, Maine, without cost to the United States, all right, title, and interest of the city in and to the following-described parcels of land situated on Moose Island, Washington County, State of Maine, metes and bounds descriptions of which are on file in the War Department.

Parcel 1. A parcel of land containing five acres, more or less, adjacent to the northerly shore line of Carrying Place Cove, being bounded on the east by a tract of land now or formerly owned by R. C. Emery and on the west by a tract of land now or formerly owned by Melinda Taylor.

Parcel 2. A parcel of land containing fifteen and twenty-five one-hundredths acres, more or less, adjacent to and lying west of the westerly right-of-way line of the Maine Central Railroad Company and east and south of a large parcel of land now owned by the United States of America.

Parcel 3. A parcel of land containing four acres, more or less, lying between the easterly right-of-way line of the Maine Central Railroad Company and the westerly right-of-way line of Indian or Carlow Island Road.

Parcel 4. A parcel of land containing nine and five-tenths acres, more or less, adjacent to and lying easterly of that parcel of land described in section 3 hereof as parcel 1, being bounded on the north by the southerly shore line of Passamaquoddy Bay, on the west by a parcel of land belonging to the United States of America, and on the southwest by the northeasterly right-of-way line of Indian or Carlow Island Road.

Sec. 3. The Secretary of War is further authorized to transfer, under such conditions as may be approved by the said Secretary, to the city of Eastport, Maine, without cost to the city, a permanent easement for roadway purposes, in, over, and across the following-described parcel of land situated on Moose Island, Washington County, Maine, a metes and bounds description of which is on file in the War Department:

Parcel 1. A parcel of land containing twelve and eighty-three one-hundredths acres, more or less, lying in the northwesternmost corner of Moose Island, and being formerly owned by heirs of Anderson.

Sec. 4. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved March 13, 1945.
[CHAPTER 25]

To authorize the Secretary of War to grant to the Duke Power Company a one-hundred-and-eighty-foot perpetual easement across Camp Croft, in the State of South Carolina.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and empowered, under such terms and conditions as he may deem advisable, to grant to the Duke Power Company, its successors and/or assigns, for transmission-line purposes, a one-hundred-and-eighty-foot perpetual easement over, across, in, and upon Camp Croft, in the State of South Carolina.

Approved March 13, 1945.

[CHAPTER 27]

To authorize the Secretary of War to grant to the Orange and Rockland Electric Company a one-hundred-and-fifty-foot perpetual easement across the West Point Military Reservation in the State of New York.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and empowered, under such terms and conditions as he may deem advisable, to grant to the Orange and Rockland Electric Company, its successors, and/or assigns, for transmission-line purposes, a one-hundred-and-fifty-foot perpetual easement over, across, in, and upon the West Point Military Reservation in the State of New York.

Approved March 13, 1945.

[CHAPTER 29]

To establish the grade of general in the Marine Corps, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the grade and rank of general is hereby established on the active list of the Regular Marine Corps. The President is authorized to nominate and, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to appoint an officer, now or hereafter holding the office of Commandant of the Marine Corps, to that grade and rank. At no time shall there be more than one such officer on the active list in such grade and rank.

SEC. 2. Appointments under authority of this Act shall be made without examination and shall continue in force during such period as the President shall determine. The permanent or temporary status of officers of the active list of the Marine Corps appointed to a higher grade pursuant to section 1 hereof shall not be vacated solely by reason of such appointment, nor shall such appointees be prejudiced in regard to promotion in accordance with the laws relating to the Marine Corps.

SEC. 3. Appointees under this Act shall, while on active duty, receive the same pay and allowances as a rear admiral of the upper half, plus a personal money allowance of $2,200 per annum.

SEC. 4. In the discretion of the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, each officer who shall have served in the
grade and rank of general by virtue of an appointment under the provisions of this Act shall, upon retirement, have on the retired list the highest grade and rank held by him on the active list: Provided, That each such officer shall be entitled to retired pay equal to 75 per centum of the active-duty pay provided herein for an officer appointed pursuant to the provisions of this Act: Provided further, That no officer of the Marine Corps shall be appointed to the grade or rank of general on the active list of the Marine Corps except as provided in this Act.

Sec. 5. This Act shall be effective only until six months after the termination of the wars in which the United States is now engaged as proclaimed by the President, or such earlier date as the Congress, by concurrent resolution, may fix.

Approved March 21, 1945.

[CHAPTER 30]

AN ACT

To establish the grade of admiral in the Coast Guard, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the grade and rank of admiral is hereby established on the active list of the Regular Coast Guard. The President is authorized to nominate and, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to appoint an officer, now or hereafter holding the office of Commandant of the Coast Guard, to that grade and rank. At no time shall there be more than one such officer on the active list in such grade and rank.

Sec. 2. Appointments under authority of this Act shall be made without examination and shall continue in force during such period as the President shall determine. The permanent or temporary status of officers of the active list of the Coast Guard appointed to a higher grade pursuant to section 1 hereof shall not be vacated solely by reason of such appointment, nor shall such appointees be prejudiced in regard to promotion in accordance with the laws relating to the Coast Guard.

Sec. 3. Appointees under this Act shall, while on active duty, receive the same pay and allowances as a rear admiral of the upper half, plus a personal money allowance of $2,200 per annum.

Sec. 4. In the discretion of the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, each officer who shall have served in the grade and rank of admiral by virtue of an appointment under the provisions of this Act shall, upon retirement, have on the retired list the highest grade and rank held by him on the active list: Provided, That each such officer shall be entitled to retired pay equal to 75 per centum of the active-duty pay provided herein for an officer appointed pursuant to the provisions of this Act: Provided further, That no officer of the Coast Guard shall be appointed to the grade or rank of admiral on the active list of the Coast Guard except as provided in this Act.

Sec. 5. This Act shall be effective only until six months after the termination of the wars in which the United States is now engaged as proclaimed by the President, or such earlier date as the Congress, by concurrent resolution, may fix.

Approved March 21, 1945.
CHAPTER 36
AN ACT
To permit the Administrator, War Shipping Administration, and the United States Maritime Commission, during the national emergency, to pay the tax imposed under section 1410 of the Internal Revenue Code without regard to the $3,000 limitation in section 1426 (a) (1) of the Internal Revenue Code.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) section 1426 (i) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "The Administrator, War Shipping Administration, and the United States Maritime Commission, and their agents or persons acting on their behalf or for their account, may, for convenience of administration, make payments of the tax imposed under section 1410 without regard to the $3,000 limitation in section 1426 (a) (1), but they shall not be required to obtain a refund of the tax paid under section 1410 of the Internal Revenue Code on that part of the remuneration of seamen in their employ not included in wages by reason of section 1426 (a) (1) of the Internal Revenue Code."

(b) The amendments made by this Act shall be effective as if made by section 1 (b) (1) of the Act entitled "An Act to amend and clarify certain provisions of law relating to functions of the War Shipping Administration, and for other purposes", approved March 24, 1943 (Public Law 17, Seventy-eighth Congress; 57 Stat. 45).

Approved March 24, 1945.

CHAPTER 37
AN ACT
To amend an Act regulating the height of buildings in the District of Columbia, approved June 1, 1910, as amended.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That an Act entitled "An Act to regulate the height of buildings in the District of Columbia", approved June 1, 1910, as amended, be, and it is hereby further amended by adding at the end of section 5 of said Act the following proviso: "And further provided, That the building to be erected by the Georgetown University for a hospital as a part of the Georgetown University Medical School on parcels 28/31, 28/36, and 28/37 located on the south side of Reservoir Road Northwest, in the District of Columbia, approximately opposite Thirty-ninth Street, plans for which building are on file in the office of the Inspector of Buildings of the District of Columbia, be permitted to be erected to a height of not to exceed one hundred and ten feet above the finished grade of the land, as shown on said plans, at the middle of the front of the building."

Approved March 24, 1945.

CHAPTER 44
JOINT RESOLUTION
Providing for the employment of Government employees for folding speeches and pamphlets, House of Representatives.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That notwithstanding the provisions of the Act of May 10, 1916, as amended by the Act of August 29, 1916, the Doorkeeper of the House of Representatives is hereby authorized during the Seventy-ninth Congress to employ,
whenever necessary, the services of Government employees for folding speeches and pamphlets at the prevailing rates provided by law. Approved March 29, 1945.

[CHAPTER 45]

AN ACT

Making appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, for civil functions administered by the War Department, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, for civil functions administered by the War Department, and for other purposes, namely:

QUARTERMASTER CORPS

CEMETERIAL EXPENSES

For maintaining and improving national cemeteries, including fuel for and pay of superintendents and the superintendent at Mexico City, and other employees; purchase of grave sites; purchase of tools and materials; purchase (not to exceed one used), repair, maintenance, and operation of passenger-carrying motor vehicles; care and maintenance of the Arlington Memorial Amphitheater, chapel, and grounds in the Arlington National Cemetery, and that portion of Congressional Cemetery to which the United States has title and the graves of those buried therein, including Confederate graves, and including the burial site of Pushmataha, a Choctaw Indian chief; repair to roadways but not to more than a single approach road to any national cemetery constructed under special Act of Congress; for headstones or markers for unmarked graves of soldiers, sailors, and marines under the Acts approved March 3, 1873, February 3, 1879, February 26, 1929, and April 18, 1940 (24 U. S. C. 279-280b), and civilians interred in post cemeteries; for repairs and preservation of monuments, tablets, roads, fences, and so forth, made and constructed by the United States in Cuba and China to mark the places where American soldiers fell; care, protection, and maintenance of the Confederate Mound in Oakwood Cemetery at Chicago, the Confederate Stockade Cemetery at Johnston's Island, the Confederate burial plats owned by the United States in Confederate Cemetery at North Alton, the Confederate Cemetery, Camp Chase, at Columbus, the Confederate Cemetery at Point Lookout, and the Confederate Cemetery at Rock Island; and for care and maintenance of graves used by the Army for burials in commercial cemeteries, $1,658,700: Provided, That no railroad shall be permitted upon any right-of-way which may have been acquired by the United States leading to a national cemetery, or to encroach upon any roads or walks constructed thereon and maintained by the United States: Provided further, That no part of this appropriation shall be used for repairing any roadway not owned by the United States within the corporate limits of any city, town, or village.

SIGNAL CORPS

ALASKA COMMUNICATION SYSTEM

For operation, maintenance, and improvement of the Alaska Communication System, including travel allowances and travel in kind as authorized by law, and operation and maintenance of passenger-carrying vehicles, $227,540, to be derived from the receipts of the
Alaska Communication System which have been covered into the Treasury of the United States, and to remain available until the close of the fiscal year 1947: Provided, That the Secretary of War shall report to Congress the extent and cost of any extensions and betterments which may be effected under this appropriation.

CORPS OF ENGINEERS

RIVERS AND HARBORS AND FLOOD CONTROL

To be immediately available and to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of War and the supervision of the Chief of Engineers, and to remain available until expended: Provided, That the services of such additional technical and clerical personnel as the Secretary of War may deem necessary may be employed only in the Office of the Chief of Engineers, to carry into effect the various appropriations for rivers and harbors and flood control, surveys, and preparation for and the consideration of river and harbor and flood control estimates and bills, to be paid from such appropriations: Provided further, That the expenditures on this account for the fiscal year 1946 shall not exceed $662,000, and the Secretary of War shall each year, in the Budget, report to Congress the number of persons so employed, their duties, and the amount paid to each: Provided further, That any appropriation for civil functions under the Corps of Engineers for the fiscal year 1946 shall be available for contracting in such manner as the Secretary of War may determine to be in the public interest without regard to the provisions of section 3709 of the Revised Statutes or section 3 of the River and Harbor Act of August 11, 1888.

RIVERS AND HARBORS

For the preservation and maintenance of existing river and harbor works, and for the prosecution of such projects heretofore authorized as may be most desirable in the interests of commerce and navigation; for survey of northern and northwestern lakes and other boundary and connecting waters as heretofore authorized, including the preparation, correction, printing, and issuing of charts and bulletins and the investigation of lake levels; for prevention of obstructive and injurious deposits within the harbor and adjacent waters of New York City; for expenses of the California Debris Commission in carrying on the work authorized by the Act approved March 1, 1893, as amended (33 U. S. C. 661, 678, and 683); for removing sunken vessels or craft obstructing or endangering navigation as authorized by law; for operating and maintaining, keeping in repair, and continuing in use without interruption any lock, canal, except the Panama Canal), canalized river, or other public works for the use and benefit of navigation belonging to the United States, including maintenance of the Hennepin Canal in Illinois; for payment annually of tuition fees of not to exceed fifty student officers of the Corps of Engineers at civil technical institutions under the provisions of section 127a of the National Defense Act, as amended (10 U. S. C. 533); for examinations, surveys, and contingencies of rivers and harbors; for the execution of detailed investigations and the preparation of plans and specifications for projects heretofore or hereafter authorized; for printing and binding, newspapers, lawbooks, books of reference, periodicals, and office supplies and equipment required in the Office of the Chief of Engineers to carry out the purposes of this appropriation, including such printing as may be authorized by the Committee on Printing of the House of Representatives, either during a recess or session of Congress, of surveys authorized by law, and such surveys as may be printed during a
recess of Congress shall be printed, with illustrations, as documents of the next succeeding session of Congress, and for the purchase in the fiscal year 1946, of not to exceed two hundred used motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles and five motorboats: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be expended for any preliminary examination, survey, project, or estimate not authorized by law, $44,508,000: Provided, That from this appropriation the Secretary of War may, in his discretion and on the recommendation of the Chief of Engineers based on the recommendation by the Board of Rivers and Harbors in the review of a report or reports authorized by law, expend such sums as may be necessary for the maintenance of harbor channels provided by a State, municipality, or other public agency, outside of harbor lines and serving essential needs of general commerce and navigation, such work to be subject to the conditions recommended by the Chief of Engineers in his report or reports thereon: Provided further, That no appropriation under the Corps of Engineers for the fiscal year 1946 shall be available for any expenses incident to operating any power-driven boat or vessel on other than Government business.

FLOOD CONTROL

Flood control, general: For the construction and maintenance of certain public works on rivers and harbors for flood control, and for other purposes, in accordance with the provisions of the Flood Control Act, approved June 22, 1936, as amended and supplemented, including printing and binding, newspapers, lawbooks, books of reference, periodicals, and office supplies and equipment required in the Office of the Chief of Engineers to carry out the purposes of this appropriation, and for the purchase in the fiscal year 1946, of not to exceed forty used motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles and one motorboat, and for preliminary examinations, surveys, and contingencies in connection with the flood control, $24,172,000: Provided, That funds appropriated herein may be used for flood-control work on the Salmon River, Alaska, as authorized by law: Provided further, That funds appropriated herein may be used to execute detailed surveys, and prepare plans and specifications, necessary for the construction of flood-control projects heretofore or hereafter authorized or for flood-control projects considered for selection in accordance with the provisions of section 4 of the Flood Control Act approved June 28, 1938, and section 3 of the Flood Control Act approved August 18, 1941 (55 Stat. 638): Provided further, That the expenditure of funds for completing the necessary surveys shall not be construed as a commitment of the Government to the construction of any project: Provided further, That no part of appropriations made available to the Secretary of Agriculture for preliminary examinations and surveys, as authorized by law, for run-off and water-flow retardation and soil-erosion prevention on the watersheds of flood-control projects, shall be obligated for initiating work upon new projects or for prosecuting work upon projects heretofore commenced, unless they accord with priorities specifically approved by the Secretary of War and the Secretary of Agriculture.

Flood control, Mississippi River and tributaries: For prosecuting work of flood control in accordance with the provisions of the Flood Control Act approved May 15, 1928, as amended (33 U. S. C. 702a), including printing and binding, newspapers, lawbooks, books of reference, periodicals, and office supplies and equipment required in the Office of the Chief of Engineers to carry out the purposes of this appropriation, and for the purchase, in the fiscal year 1946 of not...
to exceed fifty used motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, $30,000,000.

Emergency fund for flood control on tributaries of Mississippi River: For rescue work and for repair or maintenance of any flood-control work on any tributaries of the Mississippi River threatened or destroyed by flood, in accordance with section 9 of the Flood Control Act, approved June 15, 1936 (49 Stat. 1508), $500,000.

Flood control, Sacramento River, California: For prosecuting work of flood control, Sacramento River, California, in accordance with the provisions of Acts approved March 1, 1917, May 15, 1928, and August 26, 1937, as modified by the Act of August 18, 1941 (33 U. S. C. 703, 704; 50 Stat. 849; 55 Stat. 638-651), $2,050,000.

MISCELLANEOUS CIVIL WORKS

Maintenance and Operation, Certain Federal Water Mains Outside the District of Columbia: For the maintenance, operation, improvement, extension, and protection of Federal water lines located outside the District of Columbia required to serve nearby Government establishments and facilities with water from the water supply system of the District of Columbia, including interconnections with other water systems for emergency use wherever located, to be immediately available and to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of War and the supervision of the Chief of Engineers, $12,000.

UNITED STATES SOLDIERS’ HOME

For maintenance and operation of the United States Soldiers’ Home, to be paid from the Soldiers’ Home permanent fund, $1,213,600: Provided, That this appropriation shall not be available for the payment of hospitalization of members of the home in United States Army hospitals at rates in excess of those prescribed by the Secretary of War, upon the recommendation of the Board of Commissioners of the home and the Surgeon General of the Army.

THE PANAMA CANAL

For every expenditure requisite for and incident to the maintenance and operation, sanitation, and civil government of the Panama Canal and Canal Zone, and construction of additional facilities, including the following: Compensation of all officials and employees; foreign and domestic newspapers and periodicals; lawbooks; textbooks and books of reference; printing and binding, including printing of annual report; personal services in the District of Columbia, purchase (not to exceed twelve used), maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled and horse-drawn passenger-carrying vehicles; claims for damages to vessels, cargo, crew, or passengers, as authorized by section 10 of title 2, Canal Zone Code, as amended (54 Stat. 387); claims for losses of or damages to property arising from the conduct of authorized business operations; claims for damages to property arising from the maintenance and operation, sanitation, and civil government of the Panama Canal, and construction of additional facilities; acquisition of land and land under water, as authorized in the Panama Canal Act; expenses incurred in assembling, assorting, storing, repairing, and selling material, machinery, and equipment heretofore or hereafter purchased or acquired for the construction of the Panama Canal which are unserviceable or no longer needed, to be reimbursed from the proceeds of such sale; expenses incident to conducting hearings and examining estimates for appropriations on the Isthmus; expenses incident to any emergency arising because of calamity by flood, fire,
pestilence, or like character not foreseen or otherwise provided for herein; travel expenses when prescribed by the Governor of the Panama Canal to persons engaged in field work or traveling on official business; not to exceed $2,000 for travel and subsistence expenses of members of the police and fire forces of the Panama Canal incident to their special training in the United States; transportation, including insurance, of public funds and securities between the United States and the Canal Zone; purchase, construction, repair, replacement, alteration, or enlargement of buildings, structures, equipment, and other improvements; and for such other expenses not in the United States as the Governor of the Panama Canal may deem necessary best to promote the maintenance and operation, sanitation, and civil government of the Panama Canal, and construction of additional facilities, all to be expended under the direction of the Governor of the Panama Canal and accounted for as follows:

For maintenance and operation of the Panama Canal: Salary of the Governor, $10,000; contingencies of the Governor, to be expended in his discretion, not exceeding $3,000; purchase, inspection, delivery, handling, and storing of materials, supplies, and equipment for issue to all departments of the Panama Canal, the Panama Railroad, other branches of the United States Government, and for authorized sales; payment in lump sums of not exceeding the amounts authorized by the Injury Compensation Act approved September 7, 1916 (5 U. S. C. 793), to alien cripples who are now a charge upon the Panama Canal by reason of injuries sustained while employed in the construction of the Panama Canal; relief payments authorized by the Act approved July 8, 1937 (50 Stat. 478); and not to exceed $7,200 for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail for offices of the Panama Canal in the United States as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364), in all, $4,137,000, together with all moneys arising from the conduct of business operations authorized by the Panama Canal Act.

For sanitation, quarantine, hospitals, and medical aid and support of the insane and of lepers and aid and support of indigent persons legally within the Canal Zone, including expenses of their deportation when practicable, the purchase of artificial limbs or other appliances for persons who were injured in the service of the Isthmian Canal Commission or the Panama Canal prior to September 7, 1916, additional compensation to any officer of the United States Public Health Service detailed with the Panama Canal as chief quarantine officer, and payments of not to exceed $50 in any one case to persons within the Government service who shall furnish blood from their veins for transfusion to the veins of patients in Panama Canal Hospitals, $1,784,200.

For civil government of the Panama Canal and Canal Zone, including gratuities and necessary clothing for indigent discharged prisoners, $1,377,000.

Construction of additional facilities Panama Canal: For construction of additional facilities for the improvement and enlargement of the capacity of the Panama Canal, in accordance with the Act of August 11, 1939 (53 Stat. 1409), including reimbursements to the appropriations for "Maintenance and operation, sanitation, and civil government, Panama Canal", in such amounts as the Governor of the Panama Canal shall from time to time determine to be additional costs incurred for the objects specified in said appropriations on account of the prosecution of the work; in all, $810,600.

Total, Panama Canal, $8,108,800, to be available until expended.

In addition to the foregoing sums there is appropriated for the fiscal year 1946 for expenditures and reinvestment under the several heads of appropriation aforesaid, without being covered into the
Treasury of the United States, and to remain available until expended, all moneys received by the Panama Canal during the fiscal year 1946 and prior fiscal years (exclusive of net profits for such prior fiscal years) from services rendered or materials and supplies furnished to the United States, the Panama Railroad Company, the Canal Zone government, or to their employees, respectively, or to the Panama Government, from hotel and hospital supplies and services; from rentals, wharfage, and like service; from labor, materials, and supplies and other services furnished to vessels other than those passing through the Canal, and to others unable to obtain the same elsewhere; from the sale of scrap and other by-products of manufacturing and shop operations; from the sale of obsolete and unserviceable materials, supplies, and equipment purchased or acquired for the operation, maintenance, protection, sanitation, and government of the Canal and Canal Zone; and any net profits accruing from such business to the Panama Canal shall annually be covered into the Treasury of the United States.

There is also appropriated for the fiscal year 1946 for the operation, maintenance, and extension of waterworks, sewers, and pavements in the cities of Panama and Colon, to remain available until expended, the necessary portions of such sums as shall be paid during that fiscal year as water rentals or directly by the Government of Panama for such expenses; and notwithstanding the transfer of the waterworks and sewer systems pursuant to the joint resolution approved May 3, 1943 (Public Law 48), any unexpended balances of the sums appropriated by this paragraph, together with the unexpended balances of sums appropriated for the same purpose in prior fiscal years, shall be immediately available and shall remain available until expended for the purposes for which appropriated.

SEC. 2. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used directly or indirectly, except for temporary employment in case of emergency, for the payment of any civilian for services rendered by him on the Canal Zone while occupying a skilled, technical, clerical, administrative, executive, or supervisory position unless such person is a citizen of the United States of America or of the Republic of Panama: Provided, however, (1) That, notwithstanding the provision in the Act approved August 11, 1939 (53 Stat. 1409), limiting employment in the above-mentioned positions to citizens of the United States from and after the date of the approval of said Act, citizens of Panama may be employed in such positions; (2) that at no time shall the number of Panamanian citizens employed in the above-mentioned positions exceed the number of citizens of the United States so employed, if United States citizens are available in continental United States or on the Canal Zone; (3) that nothing in this Act shall prohibit the continued employment of any person who shall have rendered fifteen or more years of faithful and honor service on the Canal Zone; (4) that in the selection of personnel for skilled, technical, administrative, clerical, supervisory, or executive positions, the controlling factors in filling these positions shall be efficiency, experience, training, and education; (5) that all citizens of Panama and the United States rendering skilled, technical, clerical, administrative, executive, or supervisory service on the Canal Zone under the terms of this Act (a) shall normally be employed not more than forty hours per week, (b) may receive as compensation equal rates of pay based upon rates paid for similar employment in continental United States plus 25 per cent; (6) this entire section shall apply only to persons employed in skilled, technical, clerical, administrative, executive, or supervisory positions on the Canal Zone directly or indirectly by any branch of the United States Govern-
ment or by any corporation or company whose stock is owned wholly or in part by the United States Government: Provided, That the President may suspend from time to time in whole or in part compliance with this section in time of war or national emergency if he should deem such course to be in the public interest.

Sec. 3. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used to pay the salary or wages of any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided, That for the purposes hereof an affidavit shall be considered prima facie evidence that the person making the affidavit does not advocate, and is not a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided further, That any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence and accepts employment the salary or wages for which are paid from any appropriation in this Act shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than $1,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both: Provided further, That the above penalty clause shall be in addition to, and not in substitution for, any other provisions of existing law.

Sec. 4. The Governor of the Panama Canal is hereby authorized to employ by contract or otherwise without regard to section 3709, Revised Statutes, and at such rates (not to exceed $50 per day for individuals exclusive of necessary travel expenses) as he may determine, the services of architects, engineers, and other technical and professional personnel, or firms or corporations thereof, as may be necessary.

Sec. 5. Appropriations for the Military Establishment and for civil functions administered by the War Department for the fiscal year 1946 may be used for carrying into effect the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the settlement of claims for damage to or loss or destruction of property or personal injury or death caused by military personnel or civilian employees, or otherwise incident to activities, of the War Department or of the Army", approved July 3, 1943.

Sec. 6. This Act may be cited as the "War Department Civil Appropriation Act, 1946".

Approved March 31, 1945.

CH. 461
AN ACT
To amend section 8 of the Act entitled "An Act to establish standard weights and measures for the District of Columbia; to define the duties of the Superintendent of Weights, Measures, and Markets of the District of Columbia; and for other purposes", approved March 3, 1921.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 8 of the Act entitled "An Act to establish standard weights and measures for the District of Columbia; to define the duties of the Superintendent of Weights, Measures, and Markets of the District of Columbia; and for other purposes", approved March 3, 1921, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 8. When any commodity is sold by weight it shall be net weight. When any commodity is sold by the ton, it shall be understood to mean two thousand pounds avoirdupois."

Sec. 2. This Act shall take effect on April 1, 1945.

Approved March 31, 1945.
Joint Resolution

Making supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1945, in lieu of certain appropriations contained in H. R. 2374, Seventy-ninth Congress, first session, and for other purposes.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums and paragraphs are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, in lieu of the corresponding sums and paragraphs contained in the bill (H. R. 2374) making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1945, and for prior fiscal years, to provide supplemental appropriations for the fiscal years ending June 30, 1945, and June 30, 1946, and for other purposes, as passed by the House of Representatives on March 2, 1945, and as reported to the Senate on March 24, 1945, namely:

House of Representatives

Clerk hire, Members and Delegates

Clerk hire, Members and Delegates: For an additional amount for clerk hire for Representatives and Delegates and Resident Commissioner from Puerto Rico, as authorized by law, fiscal year 1945, $657,000; and this amount shall be consolidated with the previous appropriation for such clerk hire for such fiscal year and the consolidated sum shall be available for such clerk hire as authorized by law.

Veterans' Administration

Printing and binding: For an additional amount for printing and binding, fiscal year 1945, $200,000.

Pensions: For an additional amount for pensions, fiscal year 1945, $233,000,000.

Agricultural Research Administration

Control of incipient and emergency outbreaks of insect pests and plant diseases: For an additional amount for control of incipient and emergency outbreaks of insect pests and plant diseases, fiscal year 1945, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1945, $1,080,050.

Office of the First Assistant Postmaster General

(out of the postal revenues)

Miscellaneous items, first- and second-class post offices: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1945, for “Miscellaneous items, first- and second-class post offices”, $1,855,000.

Office of the Fourth Assistant Postmaster General

Post-office stationery, equipment, and supplies: For an additional amount for post-office stationery, equipment, and supplies, including the objects specified under this head in the Post Office Department Appropriation Act, 1945, fiscal year 1945, $600,500: Provided, That the limitation on the amount available for the pay of employees in the District of Columbia, in connection with the shipment of supplies, is increased from $75,500 to $82,000, and the limitation on the amount available for salaries of the thirteen traveling mechanicians is increased from $38,900 to $42,000.

Approved March 31, 1945.
AN ACT
To amend the National Housing Act, as amended, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 603 (a) of the National Housing Act, as amended, is hereby amended by (1) striking out "$1,760,000,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "$1,800,000,000"; and (2) striking out of the third proviso "1945" in each place where it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "1946".

Sec. 2. Section 608 (g) of such Act, as amended, is amended by adding before the period at the end thereof a comma and the following: "and to insure under this title any mortgage executed in connection with the sale by him of any property acquired under this title without regard to any limit as to time or aggregate amount contained in this title".

Approved March 31, 1945.

AN ACT
To increase the debt limit of the United States, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Public Debt Act of 1945".

Sec. 2. Section 21 of the Second Liberty Bond Act, as amended, is further amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 21. The face amount of obligations issued under authority of this Act, and the face amount of obligations guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States (except such guaranteed obligations as may be held by the Secretary of the Treasury), shall not exceed in the aggregate $300,000,000,000 outstanding at any one time."

Sec. 3. Subsections (h) and (i) of section 22 of the Second Liberty Bond Act, as amended, as added by the Public Debt Act of 1943, are hereby amended to read as follows:

"(h) The Secretary of the Treasury, under such regulations as he may prescribe, may authorize or permit payments in connection with the redemption of savings bonds to be made by commercial banks, trust companies, savings banks, savings and loan associations, building and loan associations (including cooperative banks), credit unions, cash depositaries, industrial banks, and similar financial institutions. No bank or other financial institution shall act as a paying agent until duly qualified as such under the regulations prescribed by the Secretary, nor unless (1) it is incorporated under Federal law or under the laws of a State, Territory, possession, the District of Columbia, or the Commonwealth of the Philippine Islands; (2) in the usual course of business it accepts, subject to withdrawal, funds for deposit or the purchase of shares; (3) it is under the supervision of the banking department or equivalent authority of the jurisdiction in which it is incorporated; and (4) it maintains a regular office for the transaction of its business.

"(i) Any losses resulting from payments made in connection with the redemption of savings bonds shall be replaced out of the fund established by the Government Losses in Shipment Act, as amended, under such regulations as may be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury. The Treasurer of the United States, any Federal Reserve bank, or any qualified paying agent authorized or permitted to make payments in connection with the redemption of such bonds, shall be relieved from liability to the United States for such losses, upon a
determination by the Secretary of the Treasury that such losses resulted from no fault or negligence on the part of the Treasurer, the Federal Reserve bank, or the qualified paying agent. The Post Office Department or the Postal Service shall be relieved from such liability upon a joint determination by the Postmaster General and the Secretary of the Treasury that such losses resulted from no fault or negligence on the part of the Post Office Department or the Postal Service.

The provisions of section 3 of the Government Losses in Shipment Act, as amended, with respect to the finality of decisions by the Secretary of the Treasury shall apply to the determinations made pursuant to this subsection. All recoveries and repayments on account of such losses, as to which replacement shall have been made out of the fund, shall be credited to it and shall be available for the purposes thereof. The Secretary of the Treasury shall include in his annual report to the Congress a statement of all payments made from the fund pursuant to this subsection.

The Second Liberty Bond Act, as amended, is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following sections:

"Sec. 23. A finding of death made by any official or agency of the United States authorized by section 5 of the Act of March 7, 1942, as amended (U. S. C., Supp. III, title 50, Appendix, sec. 1005), or by any other law to make such a finding, or by the Secretary of War or the Secretary of the Navy, shall be a sufficient proof of death to support the allowance of credit in the accounts of any Federal Reserve bank or accountable officer of the Treasury Department in any case involving the transfer, exchange, reissue, redemption, or payment of bonds and other obligations of the United States, including those obligations guaranteed by the United States for which the Treasury Department acts as transfer agent."

"Sec. 24. Whenever any direct obligation of the United States, bearing interest or sold on a discount basis, is donated to the United States, is bequeathed by will to the United States, becomes the property of the United States under the terms of a trust, or is by its terms payable upon the death of the owner to the United States or any officer thereof in his official capacity, the Treasurer of the United States upon receipt of such obligation shall effect redemption thereof. If under applicable law such gift, bequest, or other transfer to the United States is subject to a gift or inheritance tax, the Treasurer shall pay such tax out of the proceeds of redemption and shall deposit the balance in the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts or as otherwise authorized by law. If no tax is payable the entire proceeds shall be so deposited."

Sec. 5. (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 3749 of the Revised Statutes, as amended, the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to sell, exchange, or otherwise dispose of any bonds, notes, or other securities, acquired by him on behalf of the United States under judicial process or otherwise, or delivered to him by an executive department or agency of the United States for disposal, or to enter into arrangements for the extension of the maturity thereof, in such manner, in such amounts, at such prices, for cash, securities, or other property, or any combination thereof, and upon such terms and conditions as he may deem advisable and in the public interest. No such bonds, notes, or other securities of any single issuer having at the date of disposal an aggregate face or par value, or in the case of no-par stock an aggregate stated or book value, in excess of $1,000,000, which may be held by the Secretary of the Treasury at any one time, shall be sold or otherwise disposed of under the authority of this section.

(b) Nothing contained in this section shall be construed to super-
sede or impair any authority otherwise granted to any officer or executive department or agency of the United States to sell, exchange, or otherwise dispose of any bonds, notes, or other securities, acquired by the United States under judicial process or otherwise.

Approved April 3, 1945.

[CHAPTER 52]

JOINT RESOLUTION

Relative to determination and payment of certain claims against the Government of Mexico.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 5 of the Settlement of Mexican Claims Act of 1942, approved December 18, 1942 (56 Stat. 1058), is amended by adding a new subsection numbered (d) and reading as follows:

“(d) In any case in which the Commission shall enter an award, it shall, as soon as practicable, certify such award to the Secretary of the Treasury.”

SEC. 2. Section 5 (d) of such Act is amended to read as follows:

“(e) The Commission shall, upon the completion of its work, transmit in duplicate to the Secretary of State and to the Secretary of the Treasury the following:

“(1) A list of all claims disallowed;

“(2) A list of all claims allowed, in whole or in part (together with the amount of each claim and the amount awarded thereon); and

“(3) A copy of the decision rendered in each case.”

SEC. 3. Section 8 (c) of such Act is amended to read as follows:

“(c) The Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed, out of the sums covered into the fund pursuant to subsection (b) of this section, and after making the deduction provided for in section 10 (b), to make payments on account of awards and appraisals certified pursuant to sections 4 (b), 4 (c), and 6 (b) of this Act, prior to the date of the enactment of the Settlement of Mexican Claims Act Amendments of 1945 of an amount not to exceed 30 per centum of the award or appraisal in each case, exclusive of interest; and, on and after July 1, 1945, the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed, out of the sums covered into the fund pursuant to subsection (b) of this section, and after making the deduction provided for in section 10 (b), to make an additional payment on account of awards and appraisals certified pursuant to sections 4 (b), 4 (c), and 6 (b) of this Act prior to the date of the enactment of the Settlement of Mexican Claims Act Amendments of 1945 of an amount not to exceed 10 per centum of the award or appraisal in each case, exclusive of interest.”

SEC. 4. Section 4 (b) of such Act is amended to read as follows:

“(b) In connection with such cases, the Commission shall, as soon as practicable, notify each claimant, or his attorney, by registered mail to his last-known address, of the appraisals so made. Within a period of thirty days after the mailing of such notice, the claimant shall notify the Commission in writing whether the appraisal so made is accepted as final and binding, or whether a petition for review will be filed as provided in subsection (c). If the claimant fails to so notify the Commission in writing within such period, or if the Commission is notified within such period of the final acceptance of such appraisal, it shall, at the expiration of such period, enter an award on the basis of such appraisal: Provided, That if the Commission’s efforts to notify the respective claimants, or their attorneys have failed to disclose their whereabouts, the Commission may, at the expiration of a period of thirty days from the date of the enactment of the Settle-
ment of Mexican Claims Act Amendments of 1945, enter an award on the basis of such appraisal."

SEC. 5. Section 2 (d) of such Act is amended to read as follows:

“(d) The authority of the Commission under this Act, and the terms of office of its members, shall terminate at the expiration of four years after the date on which a majority of its members first appointed take office, but the President may by Executive order fix an earlier termination date. Upon the termination of the authority of the Commission, all books, records, documents, and other papers in the possession of the Commission shall be deposited with the Department of State.”

SEC. 6. So much of section 8 (d) of such Act as precedes paragraph (2) is amended to read as follows:

“(d) On or after July 1, 1945, the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed, to the extent that it may be possible to do so out of the sums covered into the fund pursuant to subsection (b) of this section, and after making the deduction provided for in section 10 (b) —

“(1) to make similar payments of not to exceed 40 per centum on account of the principal amount of the awards certified pursuant to section 5 (d) of this Act.”

SEC. 7. Section 4 (c) of such Act is amended to read as follows:

“(c) In any case in which the Commission is so notified in writing that a petition for review will be filed, the Commission shall prescribe a reasonable period, which may be extended in the discretion of the Commission, within which such petition, together with written legal contentions in support thereof, shall be filed. If no petition for review is filed within the period or any extension thereof prescribed by the Commission, it shall enter an award on the basis of the appraisal in such case.”

SEC. 8. This joint resolution may be cited as the “Settlement of Mexican Claims Act Amendments of 1945”.

Approved April 3, 1945.
than the United States average parity price for corn; (5) sales of commodities which have substantially deteriorated in quality or of non-basic perishable commodities where there is danger of loss or waste through spoilage; or (6) sales for the purpose of establishing claims against persons who have committed fraud, misrepresentation, or other wrongful acts with respect to the commodity. The method that is now used for the purposes of Commodity Credit Corporation loans for determining the parity price or its equivalent for seven-eighths-inch Middling cotton at the average location used in fixing the base loan rate for cotton shall also be used for determining the parity price for seven-eighths-inch Middling cotton at such average location for the purposes of this section.

Sec. 3. The last paragraph of section 2 (e) of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended by the Stabilization Extension Act of 1944, shall not apply to the operations of the Commodity Credit Corporation for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946: Provided, That the making of subsidy payments and the buying of commodities for resale at a loss, by the Commodity Credit Corporation, shall be limited as follows: Obligations for making such payments and absorbing such losses may be incurred and paid by the Commodity Credit Corporation (a) in such amounts as may be necessary (1) to complete operations with respect to 1944 and prior year crop programs and (2) to fulfill obligations incurred prior to July 1, 1945, with respect to 1945 and prior fiscal year noncrop programs; and (b) in amounts which do not involve subsidy payments or losses in excess of (1) $568,000,000 for operations during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, with respect to the dairy production payment program, (2) $120,000,000 for operations during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, with respect to other noncrop programs, including the feed-wheat program, and (3) $225,000,000 with respect to the 1945 crop program operations: Provided, That not to exceed 10 percentum of each amount specified in clauses (b) (1), (2), and (3) shall be available interchangeably for the operations described in such clauses but in no case shall the total subsidy payments and losses absorbed under any one of such clauses be increased by more than 10 per centum: Provided further, That in carrying out the dairy production payment program, beginning April 1, 1945, the rate of payment per pound of butterfat delivered shall not be less than 25 per centum of the national weighted average rate of payment per one hundred pounds of whole milk delivered.

Sec. 4. The first two sentences of section 1 of the Act approved March 8, 1938 (52 Stat. 107), as amended, are amended to read as follows: "As of the 30th of June in each year and as soon as possible thereafter, beginning with June 30, 1945, an appraisal of all of the assets and liabilities of the Commodity Credit Corporation for the purpose of determining the net worth of the Commodity Credit Corporation shall be made by the Secretary of the Treasury. The value of assets shall be determined on the basis of the cost of such assets to the Commodity Credit Corporation, or insofar as practicable, the average market price of such assets during the last month of the fiscal year covered by the appraisal, whichever is the lower, and a report of any such appraisal shall be submitted to the President as soon as possible after it has been made."

Sec. 5. The first sentence of subsection (a) of section 7 of the Act approved January 31, 1935 (49 Stat. 4), as amended, is amended by striking out "June 30, 1945" and inserting in lieu thereof "June 30, 1947."

Approved April 12, 1945.
CHAPTER 61

AN ACT

To extend for one year the provisions of an Act to promote the defense of the United States, approved March 11, 1941, as amended.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That subsection (c) of section 3 of an Act to promote the defense of the United States, approved March 11, 1941, as amended, is amended by striking out “June 30, 1945” wherever it appears therein and inserting in lieu thereof “June 30, 1946”; by striking out “July 1, 1948” and inserting in lieu thereof “July 1, 1949”; and by striking out “July 1, 1945” and inserting in lieu thereof “July 1, 1946”; and subsection (b) of section 6 of such Act is amended by striking out “June 30, 1948” and inserting in lieu thereof “June 30, 1949”.

SEC. 2. That subsection (c) of section 3 of such Act is further amended by striking out the period after the word “earlier”, inserting a semicolon, and the following new language: “Provided, however, Contracts for postwar relief, etc. That nothing in section 3 (c) shall be construed to authorize the President to enter into or carry out any contract or agreement with a foreign government for postwar relief, postwar rehabilitation or postwar reconstruction; except that a contract or agreement entered into in accordance with this Act in which the United States undertakes to furnish to a foreign government defense articles, services, or information for use in the prosecution of the present war and which provides for the disposition, on terms and conditions of sale prescribed by the President, of any such defense articles, services, or information after the President determines they are no longer necessary for use by such government in promoting the defense of the United States shall not be deemed to be for postwar relief, postwar rehabilitation or postwar reconstruction.”

Approved April 16, 1945.

CHAPTER 62

AN ACT

Granting to Galveston County, a municipal corporation of the State of Texas, certain easements and rights-of-way over, under, and upon the San Jacinto Military Reservation in Galveston County, Texas.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized to grant to the county of Galveston, Texas, an easement for a right-of-way for a public road or highway and tunnel over, upon, and under a portion of the San Jacinto Military Reservation at Galveston, Texas, in such location as may be agreed upon by the War Department and the county of Galveston, in connection with the construction by the county of a tunnel and trestle or causeway across Bolivar Roads between Galveston Islands and Bolivar Peninsula, at the mouth of Galveston Bay, subject to such conditions, restrictions, and reservations as the Secretary of War may prescribe, with the right in the county of Galveston to construct, use, operate, and maintain thereon, a tunnel, ventilation building, toll houses, and other incidental structures and appurtenances thereto, together with the right of ingress and egress upon such part of the lands in the reservation which adjoin said right-of-way as may be necessary for the purpose of maintenance and repair of any of the improvements for the construction of which the aforesaid easement is granted: Provided, That whenever the county of Galveston shall cease to occupy and use the land and premises for...
highway, tunnel, and related purposes as authorized herein, then the same shall revert to the United States.

Approved April 17, 1945.

[CHAPTER 78]

AN ACT

To amend the Act entitled “An Act for the acquisition of buildings and grounds in foreign countries for use of the Government of the United States of America,” approved May 7, 1926, as amended, to permit of the sale of buildings and grounds and the utilization of proceeds of such sale in the Government interest.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act cited as the “Foreign Service Buildings Act, 1926”, approved May 7, 1926, as amended, is hereby further amended by adding at the end thereof a new paragraph numbered 9 and reading as follows:

“9. The Secretary of State, when he finds it to be in the interest of the Government, with the concurrence of the Foreign Service Buildings Commission, is authorized to sell buildings and grounds acquired for the use of diplomatic and consular establishments in foreign countries, and notwithstanding the provisions of any other law, the proceeds of such sales may be applied toward the purchase and construction, furnishing, and preservation of other properties, or held in the Foreign Service building fund, as in the judgment of the Commission may best serve the Government’s interest: Provided, however, That the Secretary of State shall report all such transactions annually to the Congress with the Budget estimates of the Department of State.”

Approved April 19, 1945.

[CHAPTER 79]

AN ACT

Granting the consent of Congress to the States of Colorado and Kansas to negotiate and enter into a compact for the division of the waters of the Arkansas River.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That consent of Congress is hereby given to the States of Colorado and Kansas to negotiate and enter into a compact not later than January 1, 1950, providing for an equitable division and apportionment between the said States of the waters of the Arkansas River and all of its tributaries, upon the condition that one suitable person who shall be appointed by the President of the United States shall participate in said negotiations as the representative of the United States and shall make report to Congress of the proceedings and of any compact entered into: Provided, That any such compact shall not be binding or obligatory upon any of the parties thereto unless and until the same shall have been ratified by the legislature of each of said States and approved by the Congress of the United States.

Sec. 2. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated a sufficient sum to pay the salary and expenses of the representative of the United States appointed hereunder: Provided, That such representative, if otherwise employed by the United States, while so employed shall not receive additional salary in the appointment hereunder.

Approved April 19, 1945.
54

PUBLIC LAWS-CHS . 80, 89-APR . 19, 23, 1945

[59

STAT.

[CHAPTER 80]
AN ACT
To amend the Fact Finders' Act .

April 19, 1945
[H . R . 1534]
[Public Law 35]
Fact Finders' Act,
amendment .
43 U . S . 0 . § 377.
chargeExpenses
able to reclamation
fund .

Be it enacted by the Senate and House o f Representatives o f the
United States of America in Congress assembled, That subsection 0
of section 4 of the Act of December 5, 1924, commonly known as the
Fact Finders' Act (43 Stat . 704), is hereby amended to read as follows
"SUBSEC. 0. That the cost and expense after June 30, 1945, of the
office of the Commissioner in the District of Columbia, and, except for
such cost and expense as are incurred on behalf of specific projects, of
general investigations and of nonproject offices outside the District of
Columbia, shall be charged to the reclamation fund and shall not be
charged as a part of the reimbursable construction or operation and
maintenance costs ."
Approved April 19, 1945 .
[CHAPTER 891

April 23, 1945
[S .530]
[Public Law 361

Dallas County, Tex.
Easement.

Limitation.

AN ACT
Authorizing the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs to grant an easement in
certain lands of the Veterans' Administration, Dallas, Texas, to Dallas County,
Texas, for highway purposes .

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the
United States o f America in Congress assembled, That the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs is authorized and directed to grant an
easement to the county of Dallas, State of Texas, for highway purposes in certain lands of the Veterans' Administration facility,
Dallas, Texas, described as follows
Beginning at the southeast corner of the Veterans' Administration,
Dallas, Texas ; said corner is the intersection of the north line of
Ledbetter Drive with the southwest line of the J . K. Sloan survey,
abstract numbered 1310, which is also the northeast line of the F .
Sadler survey, abstract numbered 1378 ; thence by metes and bounds,
north thirty degrees west along the easterly boundary line of the
Veterans' Administration reservation two thousand and twenty-three
and eight-tenths feet ; thence north thirty-eight degrees and fifty
minutes west continuing along said easterly boundary line three hundred and two and three-tenths feet ; thence north fifty-seven degrees
and three minutes west five hundred and thirty-five and six-tenths
feet to a point in the easterly boundary line of the Veterans' Administration reservation ; thence north eighty-three degrees and three
minutes west along said easterly boundary line thirty-one and ninetenths feet ; thence north fifty-eight degrees and thirty-three minutes
west continuing along said easterly boundary line four hundred and
eighty and nine-tenths feet ; thence south thirty-two degrees and fiftyseven minutes west thirty-three and four-tenths feet ; thence south
fifty-seven degrees and three minutes east eight hundred and thirtythree and seven-tenths feet ; thence on a curve to the right, with a
radius of one thousand two hundred and forty-three and fifty-seven
one-hundredths feet, five hundred and eighty-seven and two-tenths
feet along the curve, the chord of which bears south forty-three
degrees thirty-one minutes and thirty seconds east five hundred and
eighty-one and sixty-seven one-hundredths feet ; thence south thirty
degrees east one thousand nine hundred and eighteen and two-tenths
feet to a point in the north line of Ledbetter Drive ; thence north
sixty degrees east sixty feet to the point of beginning ; containing
four and forty-one one-hundredths acres, more or less .
The easement herein authorized to be granted shall be limited to
the period of time the aforesaid lands are required and actually used


for highway purposes, and when no longer so required and used, all interests herein authorized to be conveyed in said lands shall cease and determine.

Approved April 23, 1945.

[CHAPTER 90] AN ACT

To authorize the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs to transfer by quitclaim deed to the city of Los Angeles, California, for fire-station purposes, the title to certain land located at Veterans' Administration facility, Los Angeles, California.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to transfer by quitclaim deed to the city of Los Angeles, State of California, the property herein-after described and located at the Veterans' Administration facility, Los Angeles, California, subject to the conditions that the property shall be used for fire-station purposes and that twenty-four hours' fire protection be furnished to all accessible parts of the Veterans' Administration facility, Los Angeles, California, without charge:

That portion of lot 2, block 23, subdivision of Rancho San Jose De Buenos Ayres, as per map recorded in book 26, pages 19 to 25, inclusive, Miscellaneous Records of Los Angeles County, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point in the northeasterly line of Veteran Avenue, formerly Lookout Avenue, as described in deed recorded in book 5162, page 231, of deeds, records of said county, distant thereon eighteen feet northerly from the northerly line of that certain twenty-foot strip of land conveyed to the county of Los Angeles for drainage purposes, described in parcel 1 of deed recorded in book 7376, page 225, Official Records of said county, said point of beginning being distant along said northeasterly line of Veteran Avenue northwestly seven hundred and thirty-three and eighty-five one-hundredths feet from the northerly line of Wilshire Boulevard, one hundred feet wide; thence northeasterly along said northeasterly line one hundred feet; thence northeasterly at right angles to said northeasterly line one hundred and fifty feet; thence southeasterly parallel with said northeasterly line of Veteran Avenue one hundred feet; thence southwesterly in a direct line one hundred and fifty feet to the point of beginning; containing three hundred and forty-four one-thousandths acre, more or less.

The deed authorized by this Act shall contain the express reservation that should the city of Los Angeles, California, either fail to use the property for fire-station purposes or furnish twenty-four hours' fire protection to all accessible parts of the Veterans' Administration facility, Los Angeles, California, then all right, title, and interest in such property shall revert to and revest in and become the property of the United States, except in the event that such failure to so furnish fire protection is temporary and is due to conditions beyond the control of the city of Los Angeles. The deed shall further provide that in the event that all right, title, and interest in such property so revert to and revest in the United States, the city of Los Angeles may remove the buildings and structures then existing on such property upon condition that said city of Los Angeles restore the land as nearly as possible to its former condition without expense to the United States.

Approved April 23, 1945.
AN ACT

April 24, 1945

Treasury and Post Office Departments Appropriation Act, 1946.

Title I—Treasury Department

That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Treasury Department for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, namely:

Office of the Secretary

Salaries: Secretary of the Treasury, Under Secretary of the Treasury, Fiscal Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, two Assistant Secretaries of the Treasury, and other personal services in the District of Columbia, $360,000: Provided, That no part of the money appropriated shall be used to pay the salaries of more than eighteen messengers assigned to duty in the Office of the Secretary.

For deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail of the Treasury Department as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364), $5,701,500.

Foreign Funds Control

Foreign funds control: For all expenses necessary in carrying out the functions of the Secretary of the Treasury under sections 3 and 5 (b) of the Act of October 6, 1917, as amended (50 U. S. C. (App.) 3, and 50 U. S. C. (Suppl. 1941) 5 (b)), and any proclamations, orders, regulations, or instructions issued thereunder; and in exercising fiscal, financial, banking, property-control, and related functions, authorized by law, and administered by the Treasury Department in foreign countries and arising out of military operations of the United States; including personal services; printing; maintenance, repair, and operation of a motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicle; and reimbursement of any other appropriation or other funds of the United States or any agency, instrumentality, Territory, or possession thereof, including the Philippine Islands, and reimbursement of any Federal Reserve bank for printing and other expenditures; $2,000,000.
DIVISION OF PERSONNEL

Salaries: For the Chief of the Division, and other personal services in the District of Columbia, $164,000.

OFFICE OF CHIEF CLERK

Salaries: For the Chief Clerk and other personal services in the District of Columbia, $286,000.

MISCELLANEOUS AND CONTINGENT EXPENSES, TREASURY DEPARTMENT

For miscellaneous and contingent expenses of the Office of the Secretary and the Bureaus and offices of the Department, including operating expenses of the 'Treasury, Treasury Annex, Auditors', and Liberty Loan Buildings; financial journals, purchase (including exchange) of books of reference and lawbooks, technical and scientific books, newspapers, and periodicals, expenses incurred in completing imperfect series, library cards, supplies, and all other necessary expenses connected with the library; not exceeding $15,000 for traveling expenses, including the payment of actual transportation and subsistence expenses to any person whom the Secretary of the Treasury may from time to time invite to the city of Washington or elsewhere for conference and advisory purposes in furthering the work of the Department; freight, expressage, telegraph and telephone service; maintenance and repair of motor trucks and three passenger automobiles (one for the Secretary of the Treasury and two for general use of the Department), all to be used for official purposes only; file holders and cases; fuel, oils, grease, and heating supplies and equipment; gas and electricity for lighting, heating, and power purposes, including material, fixtures, and equipment therefor; floor covering and repairs thereto, furniture and office equipment, including supplies therefor and repairs thereto; purchase and repair of uniforms for elevator conductors; awnings, window shades, and fixtures; cleaning supplies and equipment; drafting equipment; flags; hand trucks; ladders; miscellaneous hardware; streetcar fares not exceeding $650; thermometers; laboratory equipment; tools and sharpening same; laundry service; laboratory supplies and equipment; removal of rubbish; postage; not to exceed $30,000 for stationery for the Treasury Department and its several bureaus and offices, and field services thereof, except such bureaus and offices as may be otherwise specifically provided for, including tags, labels, and index cards, printed in the course of manufacturing, packing boxes and other materials necessary for shipping stationery supplies, and cost of transportation of stationery supplies purchased free on board point of shipment and of such supplies shipped from Washington to field offices; and other absolutely necessary articles, supplies, and equipment not otherwise provided for; $260,000: Provided, That the appropriations for the Bureau of Accounts, Bureau of the Public Debt, Internal Revenue Service, Procurement Division, Office of the Treasurer of the United States, Division of Disbursement, and Foreign Funds Control for the fiscal year 1946 are hereby made available for the payment of items otherwise properly chargeable to this appropriation, the provisions of section 6, Act of August 23, 1912 (31 U. S. C. 669), to the contrary notwithstanding.

Printing and binding: For printing and binding for the Treasury Department and its several bureaus and offices, and field services thereof, except such bureaus and offices as may be otherwise specifically provided for, including materials for the use of the book-
binder, located in the Treasury Department, but not including work done at the New York Customhouse bindery authorized by the Joint Committee on Printing in accordance with the Act of March 1, 1919 (44 U. S. C. 111), $24,000.

**CUSTODY OF TREASURY BUILDINGS**

Salaries of operating force: For the Superintendent of Treasury Buildings and for other personal services in the District of Columbia, including the operating force of the Treasury Building, the Treasury Annex, the Liberty Loan Building, the Belasco Theatre Building, the Auditors' Building, and the west and south annexes thereof, $432,000.

**FISCAL SERVICE**

**BUREAU OF ACCOUNTS**

Salaries and expenses: For all necessary expenses in the District of Columbia, except printing and binding of the Bureau of Accounts, including contract stenographic reporting services, stationery (not to exceed $10,000), supplies and equipment; purchase and exchange of lawbooks, books of reference, periodicals, and newspapers; travel expenses, $734,000.

Deposit of withheld taxes; Salaries and expenses, deposit of withheld taxes: For all necessary expenses incident to the deposit of withheld taxes in Government depositories pursuant to the Current Tax Payment Act of 1943, including personal services in the District of Columbia; not to exceed $20,000 for printing and binding; and reimbursement to Federal Reserve banks for printing and other necessary expenses, $500,000.

Printing and binding: For printing and binding for the Bureau of Accounts, $32,000.

Transfer of funds.

**DIVISION OF DISBURSEMENT**

Division of Disbursement, salaries and expenses: For all necessary expenses, except printing and binding, of the Division of Disbursement, including personal services in the District of Columbia, stationery, and travel, $4,700,000: Provided, That with the approval of the Bureau of the Budget there may be transferred to this appropriation and to the appropriation "Printing and binding, Division of Disbursement" from funds respectively available for such purposes for the Agricultural Adjustment Agency, Federal Housing Administration, Federal Public Housing Authority, Federal Surplus Commodities Corporation, Federal Prison Industries, Railroad Retirement Board, United States Maritime Commission, the Federal Crop Insurance Corporation, the Commodity Credit Corporation, the Office of Distribution, and the Farm Security Administration, such sums as may be necessary to cover the expense incurred in performing the function of disbursement therefor.

Printing and binding: For printing and binding, Division of Disbursement, including the cost of transportation to field offices of printed and bound material and the cost of necessary packing boxes and packing materials, $130,000.

Contingent expenses, public moneys: For contingent expenses under the requirements of section 3653 of the Revised Statutes (31 U. S. C. 545), for the collection, safekeeping, transfer, and disbursement of the public money, transportation of notes, bonds, and other securities of the United States, transportation of gold coin and gold certificates transferred to Federal Reserve banks and branches, United States mints and assay offices, and the Treasury, after March 9, 1933, actual expenses of examiners detailed to examine the books, accounts, and money on hand at the several depositories, including national banks acting as depositories under the requirements of section 3649, Revised
Recoinage of silver coins: To enable the Secretary of the Treasury to continue the recoinage of worn and uncirculated subsidiary silver coins of the United States now in the Treasury or hereafter received, and to reimburse the Treasurer of the United States for the difference between the nominal or face value of such coins and the amount the same will produce in new coins, $140,000.

Relief of the indigent, Alaska: For the payment to the United States district judges in Alaska (not to exceed 10 per centum of the receipts from licenses collected outside of incorporated towns in Alaska), to be expended for the relief of persons in Alaska who are indigent and incapacitated through nonage, old age, sickness, or accident, $24,000.

Refund of moneys erroneously received and covered (indefinite appropriation): To enable the Secretary of the Treasury to meet any expenditures of the character formerly chargeable to the appropriation accounts abolished under section 18 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act of 1934, approved June 26, 1934, and any other collections erroneously received and covered which are not properly chargeable to any other appropriation, there is hereby made available such amount as may be necessary.

Payment of unclaimed moneys (indefinite appropriation): To enable the Secretary of the Treasury to meet any expenditures of the character formerly chargeable to the appropriation accounts abolished under section 17 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act of 1934, approved June 26, 1934, payable from the funds held by the United States in the trust fund receipt account “Unclaimed moneys of individuals whose whereabouts are unknown”, there is hereby made available such amount as may be necessary.

BUREAU OF THE PUBLIC DEBT

Administering the public debt: For necessary expenses connected with any public debt operations authorized by the Second Liberty Bond Act, as amended (31 U. S. C. 760-762), and with the administration of any public debt or currency issues of the United States with which the Secretary of the Treasury is charged, $84,250,000, to be expended as the Secretary of the Treasury may direct: Provided, That from the amount appropriated herein, the Federal Reserve banks and their branches may be reimbursed for expenditures made by them as fiscal agents of the United States on account of public-debt transactions for the account of the Secretary of the Treasury, and advances to the Postmaster General may be made in accordance with the provisions of section 22 (e) of the Second Liberty Bond Act, as amended (31 U. S. C. 757c (e)), which section shall be construed as applying to this appropriation: Provided further, That the indefinite appropriation provided by section 10 of the Second Liberty Bond Act, as amended, shall not be available for obligation during the fiscal year 1946.

Distinctive paper for United States securities: For distinctive paper for United States currency, including transportation of paper, traveling, mill, and other necessary expenses, and salaries of employees and allowance, in lieu of expenses, of officer or officers detailed from the Treasury Department, not exceeding $50 per month each when actually on duty, $800,000: Provided, That in order to foster competition in the manufacture of distinctive paper for United States securities, the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized, in his discretion, to split the award for such paper for the fiscal year 1946 between the two bidders whose prices per pound are the lowest received after advertisement.
Salaries and expenses: For all necessary expenses, except printing and binding, of the Office of the Treasurer of the United States, including purchase of periodicals and books of reference, $4,600,000: Provided, That with the approval of the Bureau of the Budget, there may be transferred to this appropriation and to the appropriation “Printing and binding, Office of the Treasurer of the United States”, from funds respectively available for such purposes for the Agricultural Adjustment Agency, Home Owners’ Loan Corporation, Tennessee Valley Authority, Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation, Reconstruction Finance Corporation, Federal land banks and other banks and corporations under the supervision of the Farm Credit Administration, Railroad Retirement Board, Federal Crop Insurance Corporation, United States Maritime Commission, Office of Distribution, Farm Security Administration, Federal Housing Administration, Federal Public Housing Authority, Commodity Credit Corporation, and corporations and banks under the Federal Home Loan Bank Administration, such sums as may be necessary to cover the expenses incurred on account of such respective activities in clearing of checks, servicing of bonds, handling of collections, and rendering of accounts therefor.

Salaries (reimbursable): For personal services in the District of Columbia, in redeeming Federal Reserve notes, $80,000, to be reimbursed by the Federal Reserve banks.

Printing and binding: For printing and binding for the Office of the Treasurer of the United States, $275,000.

Salaries and expenses: For collecting the revenue from customs, for enforcement, as specified in Executive Order 9083, of certain navigation laws, for the detection and prevention of frauds upon the customs revenue, and not to exceed $100,000 for the securing of evidence of violations of the customs and navigation laws; for expenses of transportation and transfer of customs receipts from points where there are no Government depositories; not to exceed $84,500 for foreign living allowances; not to exceed $500 for subscriptions to newspapers; not to exceed $85,000 for stationery; not to exceed $12,000 for improving, repairing, maintaining, or preserving buildings, inspection stations, office quarters, including living quarters for officers, sheds, and sites along the Canadian and Mexican borders acquired under authority of the Act of June 26, 1930 (19 U. S. C. 68); and for the purchase (not to exceed one hundred and fifty), maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles when necessary for official use in field work; for the payment of extra compensation earned by customs officers or employees for overtime services, at the expense of the parties in interest, in accordance with the provisions of section 5 of the Act approved February 13, 1911, as amended by the Act approved February 7, 1920, and section 451 of the Tariff Act, 1930, as amended (19 U. S. C. 261, 267, and 1451), the receipts from such overtime services to be deposited as a refund to the appropriation from which such overtime compensation is paid, in accordance with the provisions of section 524 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended; for the cost of seizure, storage, and disposition of any merchandise, vehicle and team, automobile, boat, air or water craft, or any other conveyance seized under the provisions of the customs laws, for the purchase of arms, ammunition, and accessories; not to exceed $800,600 for personal services in the District of Columbia exclusive of ten persons from the
field force authorized to be detailed under section 525 of the Tariff Act of 1930, and reimbursement, at not to exceed 3 cents per mile, of employees for travel performed by them in privately owned automobiles while engaged in inspecting, guarding, admeasuring, examining, sampling, investigating, and storekeeping duties within the limits of their official station, $22,900,000, of which $300,000 shall constitute an advance fund to enable the Bureau of Customs to meet obligations incurred by it arising from services rendered to private interests, pending receipt of reimbursements therefrom, which amount shall be returned to the Treasury not later than six months after the close of the fiscal year 1946.

Printing and binding: For printing and binding, Bureau of Customs, including the cost of transportation to field offices of printed and bound material and the cost of necessary packing boxes and packing materials, $80,000.

Refunds and drawbacks (indefinite appropriation): For the refund or payment of customs collections or receipts, and for the payment of debentures or drawbacks, bounties, and allowances, as authorized by law, there is hereby made available such amount as may be necessary.

OFFICE OF THE COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY

Salaries: Comptroller of the Currency and other personal services in the District of Columbia, $233,000.

Printing and binding: For printing and binding for the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, $12,000.

BUREAU OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Salaries and expenses: For salaries and expenses in connection with the assessment and collection of internal-revenue taxes and the administration of the internal-revenue laws, including the administration of such provisions of other laws as are authorized by or pursuant to law to be administered by or under the direction of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, including one stamp agent (to be reimbursed by the stamp manufacturers) and the employment of experts; the securing of evidence of violations of the Acts, the cost of chemical analyses made by others than employees of the United States and expenses incident to such chemists testifying when necessary; telegraph and telephone service, postage, freight, express, necessary expenses incurred in making investigations in connection with the enrollment or disbarment of practitioners before the Treasury Department in internal-revenue matters, expenses of seizure and sale, and other necessary miscellaneous expenses, including stenographic reporting services; for the acquisition of property under the provisions of title III of the Liquor Law Repeal and Enforcement Act, approved August 27, 1935 (49 Stat. 872-881), and the operation, maintenance, and repair of property acquired under such title III; for the purchase (not to exceed thirty-four), hire, maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled or horse-drawn passenger-carrying vehicles when necessary, for official use of the Alcohol Tax and Intelligence Units in field work; printing and binding (not to exceed $2,200,000); and the procurement of such supplies, stationery (not to exceed $1,400,000), equipment, furniture, mechanical devices, laboratory supplies, periodicals, newspapers for the Alcohol Tax Unit, ammunition, lawbooks and books of reference, and such other articles as may be necessary, $120,000,000, of which amount not to exceed $10,800,000 may be expended for personal services in the Dis-
Detection and prosecution of violators.


Redemption of tax stamps.

58 Stat. 201.

45 Stat. 398.
53 Stat. 269-283, 382-387.
46 Stat. 585.
56 Stat. 1045.

District of Columbia: Provided, That not more than $100,000 of the total amount appropriated herein may be expended by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue for detecting and bringing to trial persons guilty of violating the internal-revenue laws or conniving at the same, including payments for information and detection of such violation.

Refunds and payments of processing and related taxes: For refunds and payments of processing and related taxes as authorized by titles IV and VII, Revenue Act of 1936, as amended; for refunds of taxes collected (including penalties and interest) under the Cotton Act of April 21, 1934, as amended (48 Stat. 598), the Tobacco Act of June 28, 1934, as amended (48 Stat. 1275), and the Potato Act of August 24, 1935 (49 Stat. 782), in accordance with the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1938 (52 Stat. 1150), as amended, and as otherwise authorized by law; and for redemption of tax stamps purchased under the aforesaid Tobacco and Potato Acts, there is hereby continued available, during the fiscal year 1946, the unexpended balance of the funds made available to the Treasury Department for these purposes for the fiscal year 1945 by the Treasury Department Appropriation Act, 1945.

Additional income tax on railroads in Alaska: For the payment to the Treasurer of Alaska of an amount equal to the tax of 1 per centum collected on the gross annual income of all railroad corporations doing business in Alaska, on business done in Alaska, which tax is in addition to the normal income tax collected from such corporations on net income, the amount of such additional tax to be applicable to general Territorial purposes, $9,600.

Refunding internal-revenue collections (indefinite appropriation): For refunding internal-revenue collections, as provided by law, including the payment of claims for the prior fiscal years and payment of accounts arising under “Allowance or draw-back (Internal Revenue),” “Redemption of stamps (Internal Revenue),” “Refunding legacy taxes, Act of March 30, 1928”, and “Repayment of taxes on distilled spirits destroyed by casualty”, there is hereby appropriated such amount as may be necessary: Provided, That a report shall be made to Congress by internal-revenue districts and alphabetically arranged of all disbursements hereunder in excess of $500 as required by section 3 of the Act of May 29, 1928 (sec. 3776, I. R. C.), including the names of all persons and corporations to whom such payments are made, together with the amount paid to each.

BUREAU OF NARCOTICS

Salaries and expenses: For expenses to enforce sections 2550-2565; 2567-2571; 2590-2603; 3220-3228; 3230-3238 of the Internal Revenue Code; the Narcotic Drugs Import and Export Act, as amended (21 U. S. C. 171-184); the Act of June 14, 1930 (5 U. S. C. 282-282e and 21 U. S. C. 197-198) and the Opium Poppy Control Act of 1942 (21 U. S. C. Supp. III, 188-188n), including the employment of executive officers, attorneys, agents, inspectors, chemists, supervisors, clerks, messengers, and other necessary employees in the field; and in the Bureau of Narcotics in the District of Columbia, to be appointed as authorized by law; the securing of information and evidence of violations of the afore-mentioned laws and regulations promulgated thereunder; the costs of chemical analyses made by others than employees of the United States; the purchase of such supplies, equipment, mechanical devices, books, stationery (not to exceed $5,000), and such other expenditures as may be necessary in the several field offices; cost incurred by officers and employees of the Bureau of Narcotics in the seizure, forfeiture, storage, and disposition of property under the Act...
of August 9, 1939 (49 U. S. C. 781-788) and the internal-revenue laws; hire, maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled or horse-drawn passenger-carrying vehicles when necessary for official use in field work; purchase of arms and ammunition; in all, $1,167,400, of which amount not to exceed $165,873 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia: Provided, That not exceeding $10,000 may be expended for the collection and dissemination of information and appeal for law observance and law enforcement, including cost of printing, purchase of newspapers, and other necessary expenses in connection therewith: Provided further, That not exceeding $10,000 may be expended for services or information looking toward the apprehension of narcotic law violators who are fugitives from justice: Provided further, That moneys expended from this appropriation for the purchase of narcotics including marihuana, and subsequently recovered shall be reimbursed to the appropriation for enforcement of the narcotic and marihuana laws current at time of the deposit.

Printing and binding: For printing and binding for the Bureau of Narcotics, $4,000.

**BUREAU OF ENGRAVING AND PRINTING**

For the work of engraving and printing, exclusive of repay work, during the fiscal year 1946, United States currency and internal-revenue stamps, including opium orders and special-tax stamps required under the Act of December 17, 1914 (26 U. S. C. 1040, 1383), checks, drafts, and miscellaneous work, as follows:

Salaries and expenses: For the Director, two Assistant Directors, and other personal services in the District of Columbia, including wages of rotary press plate printers at per diem rates and all other plate printers at piece rates to be fixed by the Secretary of the Treasury, not to exceed the rates usually paid for such work; and all other necessary expenses, except printing and binding, including engravers’ and printers’ materials and other materials, including distinctive and nondistinctive paper, except distinctive paper for United States currency and Federal Reserve bank currency; purchase of card and continuous form checks; equipment of, repairs to, and maintenance of buildings and grounds and minor alterations to buildings; periodicals, examples of engraving and printing, including foreign securities and stamps, and books of reference, not to exceed $500; traveling expenses not to exceed $15,000; articles approved by the Secretary of the Treasury as being necessary for the protection of the person of employees, not to exceed $2,200; stationery, not to exceed $5,000; transfer to the Bureau of Standards for scientific investigations in connection with the work of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, not to exceed $15,000; and maintenance and driving of two motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles; $10,400,000, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury.

Printing and binding: For printing and binding for the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, $5,500.

During the fiscal year 1946 all proceeds derived from work performed by the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, by direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, not covered and embraced in the appropriations for such Bureau for such fiscal year, instead of being covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts, as provided by the Act of August 4, 1886 (31 U. S. C. 176), shall be credited when received to the appropriations for such Bureau for the fiscal year 1946.
Salaries: For the Chief of the Division and other personal services in the District of Columbia, $72,500.

Suppressing counterfeiting and other crimes: For salaries and other expenses in detecting, arresting, and delivering into the custody of the United States marshal or other officer having jurisdiction, dealers and pretended dealers in counterfeit money, persons engaged in counterfeiting, forging, and altering United States notes, bonds, national-bank notes, Federal Reserve notes, Federal Reserve bank notes, and other obligations and securities of the United States and of foreign governments (including endorsements thereon and assignments thereof), as well as the coins of the United States and of foreign governments, and persons committing other crimes against the laws of the United States relating to the Treasury Department and the several branches of the public service under its control; purchase (not to exceed thirteen), hire, maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles when necessary; purchase of arms and ammunition; stationery (not to exceed $7,500); traveling expenses; and for no other purpose whatsoever, except in the performance of other duties specifically authorized by law, and in the protection of the person of the President and the members of his immediate family and of the person chosen to be President of the United States, $1,400,000: Provided, That of the amount herein appropriated not to exceed $15,000 may be expended in the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury for the purpose of securing information concerning violations of the laws relating to the Treasury Department, and for services or information looking toward the apprehension of criminals.

White House Police: For one captain, one inspector, four lieutenants, six sergeants, and one hundred and eight privates, at rates of pay provided by law, $260,000, notwithstanding the provisions of the Act of April 29, 1910 (3 U. S. C. 62).

For uniforming and equipping the White House Police, including the purchase, issue, and repair of revolvers, and the purchase and issue of ammunition and miscellaneous supplies, to be procured in such manner as the President in his discretion may determine, $9,000.

Salaries and expenses, guard force, Treasury buildings: For salaries and expenses of the guard force for Treasury Department buildings in the District of Columbia, including the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, and elsewhere, including purchase, repair, and cleaning of uniforms, maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, and the purchase of arms and ammunition and miscellaneous equipment, $654,000: Provided, That not to exceed $100,000 of the appropriation “Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Engraving and Printing,” may be transferred to this appropriation to cover service rendered such Bureau in connection with the protection of currency, bonds, stamps, and other papers of value the cost of producing which is not covered and embraced in the direct appropriations for such Bureau: Provided further, That the Secretary of the Treasury may detail two agents of the Secret Service to supervise such force.

Printing and binding: For printing and binding for the Secret Service Division, $7,000.

Reimbursement to District of Columbia, benefit payments to White House Police and Secret Service forces: To enable the Secretary of the Treasury to reimburse the District of Columbia on a monthly basis for benefit payments made from the revenues of the District of Columbia to members of the White House Police force and such members of the United States Secret Service Division as are entitled
thereto under the Act of October 14, 1940 (54 Stat. 1118), to the extent that such benefit payments are in excess of the salary deductions of such members credited to said revenues of the District of Columbia during the fiscal year 1946, pursuant to section 12 of the Act of September 1, 1916 (39 Stat. 718), as amended, $31,500.

**BUREAU OF THE MINT**

Salaries and expenses, Office of the Director: For personal services in the District of Columbia and for assay laboratory chemicals, fuel, materials, balances, weights, stationery (not to exceed $700), books, periodicals, specimens of coins, ores, and travel and other expenses incident to the examination of mints, visiting mints for the purpose of superintending the annual settlement, and for the collection of statistics relative to the annual production and consumption of the precious metals in the United States, $145,000.

Transportation of bullion and coin: For transportation of bullion and coin, by registered mail or otherwise, between mints, assay offices, and bullion depositories, $12,500, including compensation of temporary employees and other necessary expenses.

Salaries and expenses, mints and assay offices: For compensation of officers and employees of the mints at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; San Francisco, California; and Denver, Colorado; the assay offices at New York, New York; and Seattle, Washington, and the bullion depositories at Fort Knox, Kentucky; and West Point, New York, including necessary personal services for carrying out the provisions of the Gold Reserve Act of 1934 and the Silver Purchase Act of 1934, and any Executive orders, proclamations, and regulations issued thereunder, and for incidental and contingent expenses, including traveling expenses, stationery (not to exceed $2,900), new machinery and repairs, arms and ammunition, purchase and maintenance of uniforms and accessories for guards, protective devices, and their maintenance, training of employees in use of firearms and protective devices, maintenance, repair, and operation of three motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, cases and enameling for medals manufactured, net wastage in melting and refining and in coining departments, losses on sale of sweeps arising from the treatment of bullion and the manufacture of coins, not to exceed $500 for the expenses of the annual assay commission, and not exceeding $1,000 for the acquisition, at the dollar face amount or otherwise, of specimen and rare coins, including United States and foreign gold coins and pieces of gold used as, or in lieu of, money, and ores, for addition to the Government's collection of such coins, pieces, and ores, $5,400,000.

Printing and binding: For printing and binding for the Bureau of the Mint, $8,000.

**PROCUREMENT DIVISION**

Salaries and expenses: For the Director of Procurement and other personal services in the District of Columbia and in the field service, and for miscellaneous expenses, including office supplies and materials, stationery (not to exceed $27,500), purchase of motortrucks and maintenance and operation of such trucks and motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, telegrams, telephone service, traveling expenses, office equipment, fuel, light, electric current, and other expenses for carrying into effect regulations governing the procurement, warehousing, and distribution by the Procurement Division of the Treasury Department of property, equipment, stores, and supplies in the District of Columbia and in the field, $1,300,000: Provided, That the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed during the fiscal year 1946 to transfer to this appropriation from any appropriations or funds...
Continuance of warehousing functions for non-Federal agencies.

Payments for supplies, services, etc.

Transactions with field offices of other Government agencies.

Standard forms and blankbook work for field warehouses.

Crediting of advances.

Personal services.

Per diem employees at fuel yards.

available to the several departments and establishments of the Government for the fiscal year 1946 such amounts as may be approved by the Bureau of the Budget, not to exceed the sum of (a) the amount of the annual compensation of employees who may be transferred or detailed to the Procurement Division, respectively, from any such department or establishment, where the transfer or detail of such employees is incident to a transfer of a function or functions to that Division and (b) such amount as the Bureau of the Budget may determine to be necessary for expenses other than personal services incident to the proper carrying out of functions so transferred: Provided further, That when there has been or shall be transferred from any agency of the Government to the Procurement Division any function of warehousing, and the agency from which such function is being transferred is authorized at the time of such transfer to perform functions of procurement, warehousing, or distribution of property, equipment, stores, or supplies for non-Federal agencies the Procurement Division is authorized during the fiscal year 1946 to continue the performance of such functions for such non-Federal agencies where such functions are to be discontinued by the agency from which the warehousing function has been transferred, and the receipts, including surcharge, for all issues to and all advances by all non-Federal agencies shall be credited to the general supply fund: Provided further, That payments during the fiscal year 1946 to the general supply fund for materials, and supplies (including fuel), and services, and overhead expenses for all issues shall be made on the books of the Treasury Department by transfer and counterwarrants prepared by the Procurement Division of the Treasury Department and countersigned by the Comptroller General, such warrants to be based solely on itemized invoices prepared by the Procurement Division at issue prices to be fixed by the Director of Procurement: Provided further, That payments covering transactions between the Procurement Division and field offices of other Government agencies whose detailed appropriation or fund accounts are maintained elsewhere than within the District of Columbia, may be made on the basis of itemized vouchers or invoices prepared by the Procurement Division and sent through the appropriate field offices to the disbursing officers for the agencies involved, who are hereby authorized to make payment based (1) upon certification of the Procurement Division, which shall include the specific statement that the vouchers are issued pursuant to and in conformity with purchase orders or requisitions duly executed by the agency billed, and (2) upon approval and certification of such vouchers by the agency billed, which action shall be based upon acceptance of the Procurement Division certification as made, subject to later adjustment if necessary, the responsibility of the certifying officer to be limited to the availability of the funds to be charged: Provided further, That the general supply fund may be used to purchase from or through the Public Printer standard forms and blankbook work for field warehouse stocking and issue, but issues thereof shall be made only to Government agencies and shall be chargeable to applicable appropriation authorizations or limitations of such agencies for printing and binding, and reports of such issues shall be made as the Public Printer may require: Provided further, That advances received pursuant to law (31 U. S. C. 686) from departments and establishments of the United States Government and the government of the District of Columbia during the fiscal year 1946 shall be credited to the general supply fund: Provided further, That during the fiscal year 1946 there shall be available from the general supply fund for personal services in the District of Columbia not to exceed $1,250,000: Provided further, That per diem employees engaged in work in connection with operations of the fuel yards may be paid.
rates of pay approved by the Secretary of the Treasury not exceeding current rates for similar services in the District of Columbia: Provided further, That the term "fuel" shall be held to include "fuel oil": Provided further, That the reconditioning and repair of surplus property and equipment for disposition or reissue to Government service, may be made at cost by the Procurement Division, payment therefor to be effected by charging the proper appropriation and crediting the general supply fund: Provided further, That all orders for printing and binding for the Treasury Department, exclusive of work performed in the Bureau of Engraving and Printing and exclusive of such printing and binding as may under existing law be procured by field offices under authorization of the Joint Committee on Printing, shall be placed by the Director of Procurement in accord with the provisions of existing law.

Repairs to typewriting machines (except bookkeeping and billing machines) in the Government service in the District of Columbia and areas adjacent thereto may be made at cost by the Procurement Division, payment therefor to be effected by charging the proper appropriation and crediting the general supply fund.

No part of any money appropriated by this or any other Act shall be used during the fiscal year 1946 for the purchase, within the continental limits of the United States, of any standard typewriting machines (except bookkeeping, billing, and electric machines) at a price in excess of the following for models with carriages which will accommodate paper of the following widths, to wit: Ten inches (correspondence models), $70; twelve inches, $75; fourteen inches, $77.50; sixteen inches, $82.50; eighteen inches, $87.50; twenty inches, $94; twenty-two inches, $95; twenty-four inches, $97.50; twenty-six inches, $103.50; twenty-eight inches, $104; thirty inches, $105; thirty-two inches, $107.50; or, for standard typewriting machines distinctively quiet in operation, the maximum prices shall be as follows for models with carriages which will accommodate paper of the following widths, to wit: Ten inches, $80; twelve inches, $85; fourteen inches, $90; eighteen inches, $95: Provided, That there may be added to such prices the amount of Federal excise taxes paid or payable with respect to any such machines.

Surplus property program: For expenses of care and handling and other necessary expenses of the Procurement Division incident to the disposal of property under the Surplus Property Act of 1944; including personal services in the District of Columbia; stationery (not to exceed $90,000); purchase (including exchange) of lawbooks, books of reference, and periodicals; printing and binding (not to exceed $100,000); advertising; and maintenance, repair, and operation of passenger automobiles; $14,999,000.

Printing and binding: For printing and binding for the Procurement Division, including printed forms and miscellaneous items for general use of the Treasury Department, the cost of transportation to field offices of printed and bound material and the cost of necessary packing boxes and packing materials, $150,000, together with not to exceed $4,000 to be transferred from the general supply fund, Treasury Department.

No part of any appropriation or authorization in this Act shall be used to pay any part of the salary or expenses of any person whose salary or expenses are prohibited from being paid from any appropriation or authorization in any other Act.

This title may be cited as the "Treasury Department Appropriation Act, 1946".
The following sums are appropriated in conformity with the Act of July 2, 1836 (5 U. S. C. 350, 39 U. S. C. 786), for the Post Office Department for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, namely:

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

OFFICE OF THE POSTMASTER GENERAL

Salaries: For the Postmaster General and other personal services in the office of the Postmaster General in the District of Columbia, $247,850.

Salaries in Bureaus and Offices

For personal services in the District of Columbia in bureaus and offices of the Post Office Department in not to exceed the following amounts, respectively:

- Office of Budget and Administrative Planning, $36,650.
- Office of the First Assistant Postmaster General, $70,800.
- Office of the Second Assistant Postmaster General, $559,250.
- Office of the Third Assistant Postmaster General, $879,000.
- Office of the Fourth Assistant Postmaster General, $454,740.
- Office of the Solicitor for the Post Office Department, $120,600.
- Office of the chief inspector, $291,800.
- Office of the purchasing agent, $68,200.
- Bureau of Accounts, including the employment of not to exceed three temporary experts by contract or otherwise without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes, or the civil-service and classification laws, $405,000.

Contingent Expenses, Post Office Department

For contingent and miscellaneous expenses; including stationery and blank books, index and guide cards, folders and binding devices, purchase of penalty envelopes; telegraph and telephone service; furniture and filing cabinets and repairs thereto; purchase of tools and electrical supplies; maintenance of two motor-driven passenger-carrying vehicles; floor coverings; postage stamps for correspondence addressed abroad, which is not exempt under article 49 of the Buenos Aires Convention of the Universal Postal Union; purchase and exchange of lawbooks, and books of reference; newspapers, not exceeding $200; and expenses of the purchasing agent and of the Solicitor and attorneys connected with his office while traveling on business of the Department, not exceeding $1,900; and other expenses not otherwise provided for; $133,000.

For printing and binding for the Post Office Department, including all of its bureaus, offices, institutions, and services located in Washington, District of Columbia, and elsewhere, $1,750,000.

 Appropriations hereinafter made for the field service of the Post Office Department, except as otherwise provided, shall not be expended for any of the purposes hereinbefore provided for on account of the Post Office Department in the District of Columbia: Provided, That the actual and necessary expenses of officials and employees of the Post Office Department and Postal Service, when traveling on official business, may be paid from the appropriations for the service in connection with which the travel is performed, and appropriations for the fiscal year 1946 shall be available therefor: Provided further, That appropriations hereinafter made, except such as are exclusively for payment of compensation, shall be immediately available for...
expenses in connection with the examination of estimates for appropriations in the field including per diem allowances in lieu of actual expenses of subsistence.

FIELD SERVICE, POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

OFFICE OF THE POSTMASTER GENERAL

Travel expenses, Postmaster General and Assistant Postmasters General: For travel and miscellaneous expenses in the Postal Service, offices of the Postmaster General and Assistant Postmasters General, $3,000.

Personal or property damage claims: To enable the Postmaster General to pay claims for damages, occurring during the fiscal year 1946, or in prior fiscal years, to persons or property in accordance with the provisions of the Deficiency Appropriation Act, approved June 16, 1921 (5 U. S. C. 392), as amended by the Act approved June 22, 1934 (48 Stat. 1207), $75,000.

Adjusted losses and contingencies: To enable the Postmaster General to pay to postmasters, Navy mail clerks, and assistant Navy mail clerks or credit them with the amount ascertained to have been lost or destroyed during the fiscal year 1946, or prior fiscal years, through burglary, fire, or other unavoidable casualty resulting from no fault or negligence on their part, as authorized by the Act approved March 17, 1882, as amended, $55,000.

OFFICE OF CHIEF INSPECTOR

Salaries of inspectors: For salaries of fifteen inspectors in charge of divisions and seven hundred and ninety-five inspectors, $3,073,375.

Traveling and miscellaneous expenses: For traveling expenses of inspectors, inspectors in charge, the chief post-office inspector, and the assistant chief post-office inspector, including reimbursement of not to exceed 3 cents per mile for official travel performed by them in privately owned automobiles within the limits of their official stations, and for the traveling expenses of four clerks performing stenographic and clerical assistance to post-office inspectors in the investigation of important fraud cases; for tests, exhibits, documents, photographs, office, and other necessary expenses incurred by post-office inspectors in connection with their official investigations, including necessary miscellaneous expenses of division headquarters, and not to exceed $500 for books of reference needed in the operation of the Post Office Inspection Service, $956,250: Provided, That not exceeding $15,000 of this sum shall be available for transfer by the Postmaster General to other departments and independent establishments for chemical and other investigations.

Clerks, division headquarters: For compensation of three hundred and sixty-seven clerks at division headquarters and other posts of duty of post-office inspectors, $860,000.

Payment of rewards: For payment of rewards for the detection, arrest, and conviction of post-office burglars, robbers, highway mail robbers, and persons mailing or causing to be mailed any bomb, infernal machine, or mechanical, chemical, or other device or composition which may ignite, or explode, $55,000: Provided, That rewards may be paid in the discretion of the Postmaster General, when an offender of the classes mentioned was killed in the act of committing the crime or in resisting lawful arrest: Provided further, That no part of this sum shall be used to pay any rewards at rates in excess of those specified in Post Office Department Order 15142,
Securing of information.

dated February 19, 1941: Provided further, That of the amount herein appropriated not to exceed $20,000 may be expended in the discretion of the Postmaster General, for the purpose of securing information concerning violations of the postal laws and for services and information looking toward the apprehension of criminals.

OFFICE OF THE FIRST ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

Compensation to postmasters: For compensation to postmasters, including compensation as postmaster to persons who, pending the designation of an acting postmaster, assume and properly perform the duties of postmaster in the event of a vacancy in the office of postmaster of the third or fourth class, and for allowances for rent, light, fuel, and equipment to postmasters of the fourth class, $39,773,000.

Compensation to assistant postmasters: For compensation to assistant postmasters at first- and second-class post offices, $10,071,000.

Clerks, first- and second-class post offices: For compensation to clerks and employees at first- and second-class post offices, including auxiliary clerk hire at summer and winter post offices, printers, mechanics, skilled laborers, watchmen, messengers, mail handlers, and substitutes, $302,000,000.

Contract station service: For contract station service, $2,900,000.

Separating mails: For separating mails at third- and fourth-class post offices, $427,400.

Unusual conditions: For unusual conditions at post offices, $500,000.

Clerks, third-class post offices: For allowances to third-class post offices to cover the cost of clerical services, $11,492,000.

Miscellaneous items, first- and second-class post offices: For miscellaneous items necessary and incidental to the operation and protection of post offices of the first and second classes, and the business conducted in connection therewith, not provided for in other appropriations, $3,200,000.

Village delivery service: For village delivery service in towns and villages having post offices of the second or third class, and in communities adjacent to cities having city delivery, $375,000.

Detroit River service: For Detroit River postal service, $12,990.

Carfare and bicycle allowance: For carfare and bicycle allowance, including special-delivery carfare, cost of transporting carriers by privately owned automobiles to and from their routes, at rates not exceeding regular streetcar or bus fare, and purchase, maintenance, and exchange of bicycles, $1,575,000.

City delivery carriers: For pay of letter carriers, City Delivery Service, and United States Official Mail and Messenger Service, $172,000,000.

Special-delivery fees: For fees to special-delivery messengers, $11,500,000.

Rural Delivery Service: For pay of rural carriers, auxiliary carriers, substitutes for rural carriers on annual and sick leave, clerks in charge of rural stations, and tolls and ferriage, Rural Delivery Service, and for the incidental expenses thereof, $93,598,000, of which not less than $200,000 shall be available for extensions and new service.

OFFICE OF THE SECOND ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

Star-route service: For inland transportation by star routes (excepting service in Alaska), including temporary service to newly established offices, $19,150,000.

Star Route and Air Mail Service, Alaska: For inland transportation by Star Route and Air Mail Service in Alaska, $403,000.
Powerboat service: For inland transportation by steamboat or other powerboat routes, including ship, steamboat, and way letters, $500,000.

Railroad transportation and mail messenger service: For inland transportation by railroad routes and for mail messenger service, $145,000,000. Provided, That separate accounts be kept of the amount expended for mail messenger service.

Railway Mail Service: For fifteen division superintendents, fifteen assistant division superintendents, two assistant superintendents at large, one hundred and twenty chief clerks, one hundred and twenty assistant chief clerks, clerks in charge of sections in the offices of division superintendents, railway postal clerks, substitute railway postal clerks, joint employees, and mail handlers in the Railway Mail Service, $74,000,000.

Railway postal clerks, travel allowance: For travel allowance to railway postal clerks and substitute railway postal clerks, $4,025,000.

Railway Mail Service, traveling expenses: For actual and necessary expenses, general superintendent and assistant general superintendent, division superintendents, assistant division superintendents, assistant superintendents, chief clerks, and assistant chief clerks, Railway Mail Service, and railway postal clerks, while actually traveling on business of the Post Office Department and away from their several designated headquarters, $61,300.

Railway Mail Service, miscellaneous expenses: For rent, light, heat, fuel, telegraph, miscellaneous and office expenses, telephone service, badges for railway postal clerks, rental of space for terminal railway post offices for the distribution of mails when the furnishing of space for such distribution cannot, under the Postal Laws and Regulations, properly be required of railroad companies without additional compensation, and for equipment and miscellaneous items necessary to terminal railway post offices, $420,600.

Electric-car service: For electric-car service, $235,000.

Foreign mail transportation: For transportation of foreign mails, except by aircraft, $400,000.

Balances due foreign countries: The unexpended balance of the appropriation "Balances due foreign countries, 1943" in the Treasury and Post Office Departments Appropriation Act, 1943, is hereby made available for the fiscal year 1946 and prior years.

Indemnities, international mail: For payment of limited indemnity for the injury or loss of international mail in accordance with convention, treaty, or agreement stipulations, fiscal year 1946 and prior years, $8,000.

Foreign air-mail transportation: For transportation of foreign mails by aircraft, as authorized by law, including the transportation of mail by aircraft between Seattle, Washington, and Fairbanks, Alaska, via intermediate points, $4,336,000.

Domestic Air Mail Service: For the inland transportation of mail by aircraft, as authorized by law, and for the incidental expenses thereof including travel expenses, and including not to exceed $74,000 for supervisory officials and clerks at field headquarters, $43,315,000.

OFFICE OF THE THIRD ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

Manufacture and distribution of stamps and stamped paper: For manufacture of adhesive postage stamps, special-delivery stamps, books of stamps, stamped envelopes, newspaper wrappers, postal cards, and for coiling of stamps, and including not to exceed $22,700 for pay of agent and assistants to examine and distribute stamped envelopes and newspaper wrappers, and for expenses of agency, $6,500,000.
Indemnities, domestic mail: For payment of limited indemnity for the injury or loss of domestic registered matter, insured and collect-on-delivery mail, and for failure to remit collect-on-delivery charges, fiscal year 1946 and prior years, $1,270,000.

Unpaid money orders more than one year old: For payment of domestic money orders after one year from the last day of the month of issue of such orders, $800,000.

OFFICE OF THE FOURTH ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

Post office stationery, equipment, and supplies: For stationery for the Postal Service, including the money-order and registry system; and also for the purchase of supplies for the Postal Savings System, including rubber stamps, canceling devices, certificates, envelopes, and stamps for use in evidencing deposits, and penalty envelopes; and for the reimbursement of the Secretary of the Treasury for expenses incident to the preparation, issue, and registration of the bonds authorized by the Act of June 25, 1910 (39 U. S. C. 760); for miscellaneous equipment and supplies, including the purchase and repair of furniture, package boxes, posts, trucks, baskets, satchels, straps, letter-box paint, baling machines, perforating machines, stamp vending and postage meter devices, duplicating machines, printing presses, directories, cleaning supplies, and the manufacture, repair, and exchange of equipment, the erection and painting of letter-box equipment, and for the purchase and repair of presses and dies for use in the manufacture of letter boxes; for postmarking, rating, money-order stamps, and electrotype plates and repairs to same; metal, rubber, and combination type, dates and figures, type holders, ink pads for canceling and stamping purposes, and for the purchase of time recorders, letter balances scales (exclusive of dormant or built-in platform scales in Federal buildings), test weights, and miscellaneous articles purchased and furnished directly to the Postal Service, including complete equipment and furniture for post offices in leased and rented quarters; for the purchase (including exchange), repair, and replacement of arms and miscellaneous items necessary for the protection of the mails; for miscellaneous expenses in the preparation and publication of post-route maps and rural-delivery maps or blueprints, including tracing for photolithographic reproduction; for other expenditures necessary and incidental to post offices of the first, second, and third classes, and offices of the fourth class having or to have rural-delivery service, and for letter boxes; for the purchase of atlases and geographical and technical works not to exceed $1,500; for wrapping twine and tying devices; for expenses incident to the shipment of supplies, including hardware, boxing, packing, and not exceeding $65,800 for the pay of employees in connection therewith in the District of Columbia; for rental, purchase, exchange, and repair of canceling machines and motors, mechanical mail-handling apparatus, accident prevention, and other labor-saving devices, including not to exceed $35,000 for salaries of thirteen traveling mechanicians, and for traveling expenses, $4,900,000: Provided, That the Postmaster General may authorize the sale to the public of post-route maps and rural-delivery maps or blueprints at the cost of printing and 10 per centum thereof added.

Equipment shops, Washington, District of Columbia: For the purchase, manufacture, and repair of mail bags and other mail containers and attachments, mail locks, keys, chains, tools, machinery, and material necessary for same, and for incidental expenses pertaining thereto; material, machinery, and tools necessary for the manufacture and repair of such other equipment for the Postal
Service as may be deemed expedient; accident prevention; for the expenses of maintenance and repair of the mail bag equipment shops building and equipment, including fuel, light, power, and miscellaneous supplies and services; maintenance of grounds; for compensation to labor employed in the equipment shops and in the operation, care, maintenance, and protection of the equipment shops building, grounds, and equipment, $2,480,000; of which not to exceed $780,393 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia: Provided, That out of this appropriation the Postmaster General is authorized to use as much of the sum, not exceeding $15,000, as may be deemed necessary for the purchase of material and the manufacture in the equipment shops of such small quantities of distinctive equipments as may be required by other executive departments; and for service in Alaska, Puerto Rico, Philippine Islands, Hawaii, or other island possessions.

Rent, light, power, fuel, and water: For rent, light, power, fuel, and water, for first-, second-, and third-class post offices, and the cost of advertising for lease proposals for such offices, $11,700,000.

Pneumatic-tube service, New York City: For rental of not exceeding twenty-eight miles of pneumatic tubes, hire of labor, communication service, electric power, and other expenses for transmission of mail in the city of New York including the Borough of Brooklyn, $537,000: Provided, That the provisions of the Acts of April 21, 1902, May 27, 1908, and June 18, 1922 (39 U. S. C. 423), relating to contracts for the transmission of mail by pneumatic tubes or other similar devices shall not be applicable hereto.

Pneumatic-tube service, Boston: For the rental of not exceeding two miles of pneumatic tubes, not including labor and power in operating the same, for the transmission of mail in the city of Boston, Massachusetts, $294,000: Provided, That the provisions not inconsistent herewith of the Acts of April 21, 1902 (39 U. S. C. 423), and May 27, 1908 (39 U. S. C. 423), relating to the transmission of mail by pneumatic tubes or other similar devices shall be applicable hereto.

Vehicle service: For vehicle service; the hire of vehicles; the rental of garage facilities; the purchase, maintenance, and repair of motor vehicles, including the repair of vehicles owned by, or under the control of, units of the National Guard and departments and agencies of the Federal Government where repairs are made necessary because of utilization of such vehicles in the Postal Service; accident prevention; the hire of supervisors, clerical assistance, mechanics, drivers, garage-men, and such other employees as may be necessary in providing vehicles and vehicle service for use in the collection, transportation, delivery, and supervision of the mail, and United States official mail and messenger service, $21,848,400: Provided, That the Postmaster General may, in his disbursement of this appropriation, apply a part thereof to the leasing of quarters for the housing of Government-owned motor vehicles at a reasonable annual rental for a term not exceeding ten years: Provided further, That the Postmaster General may purchase and maintain from this appropriation such tractors and trailer trucks as may be required in the operation of the vehicle service: Provided further, That no part of this appropriation shall be expended for maintenance or repair of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles for use in connection with the administrative work of the Post Office Department in the District of Columbia.

Transportation of equipment and supplies: For the transportation and delivery of equipment, materials, and supplies for the Post Office Department and Postal Service by freight, express, or motor transportation, and other incidental expenses, $320,000.
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PUBLIC BUILDINGS, MAINTENANCE AND OPERATION

Operating force: For personal services in connection with the operation of public buildings, including the Washington Post Office and the Customhouse Building in the District of Columbia, operated by the Post Office Department, together with the grounds thereof and the equipment and furnishings therein, including telephone operators for the operation of telephone switchboards or equivalent telephone switchboard equipment in such buildings jointly serving in each case two or more governmental activities, $27,164,000: Provided, That in no case shall the rates of compensation for the mechanical labor force be in excess of the rates current at the time and in the place where such services are employed.

Operating supplies, public buildings: For fuel, steam, gas, and electric current for lighting, heating, and power purposes, water, ice, lighting supplies, removal of ashes and rubbish, snow and ice, cutting grass and weeds, washing towels, telephone service for custodial forces, and for miscellaneous services and supplies, accident prevention, vacuum cleaners, tools and appliances and repairs thereto, for the operation of completed and occupied public buildings and grounds, including mechanical and electrical equipment, but not the repair thereof, operated by the Post Office Department, including the Washington Post Office and the Customhouse Building in the District of Columbia, and for the transportation of articles and supplies authorized herein, $6,500,000: Provided, That the foregoing appropriation shall not be available for personal services except for work done by contract, or for temporary job labor under exigency not exceeding at one time the sum of $100 at any one building: Provided further, That the Postmaster General is authorized to contract for telephone service in public buildings under his administration by means of telephone switchboards or equivalent telephone switching equipment jointly serving in each case two or more governmental activities, where he determines that joint service is economical and in the interest of the Government, and to secure reimbursement for the cost of such joint service from available appropriations for telephone expenses of the bureaus and offices receiving the same.

Furniture, carpets, and safes, public buildings: For the procurement, including transportation, of furniture; carpets, safes, safe and vault, protective devices, and repairs of same, for use in public buildings which are now, or may hereafter be, operated by the Post Office Department, $550,000: Provided, That excepting expenditures for labor for or incidental to the moving of equipment from or into public buildings, the foregoing appropriation shall not be used for personal services except for work done under contract or for temporary job labor under exigency and not exceeding at one time the sum of $100 at any one building: Provided further, That all furniture now owned by the United States in other public buildings or in buildings rented by the United States shall be used, so far as practicable, whether or not it corresponds with the present regulation plan of furniture.

Scientific investigations: In the disbursement of appropriations contained in this title for the field service of the Post Office Department the Postmaster General may transfer to the Bureau of Standards not to exceed $20,000 for scientific investigations in connection with the purchase of materials, equipment, and supplies necessary in the maintenance and operation of the Postal Service.

Deficiency in postal revenues: If the revenues of the Post Office Department shall be insufficient to meet the appropriations made
under title II of this Act, a sum equal to such deficiency in the revenues of such Department is hereby appropriated, to be paid out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to supply such deficiency in the revenues of the Post Office Department for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and the sum needed may be advanced to the Post Office Department upon requisition of the Postmaster General.

This title may be cited as the “Post Office Department Appropriation Act, 1946”.

TITLE III—GENERAL PROVISIONS

Sec. 301. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used to pay the salary or wages of any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided, That for the purposes hereof an affidavit shall be considered prima facie evidence that the person making the affidavit does not advocate, and is not a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided further, That any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence and accepts employment, the salary or wages for which are paid from any appropriation contained in this Act, shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than $1,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both: Provided further, That the above penalty clause shall be in addition to, and not, in substitution for, any other provisions of existing law.

Sec. 302. This Act may be cited as the “Treasury and Post Office Departments Appropriation Act, 1946”.

Approved April 24, 1945.

[CHAPTER 94]

AN ACT

To amend sections 4, 7, and 17 of the Reclamation Project Act of 1939 (53 Stat. 1187) for the purpose of extending the time in which amendatory contracts may be made, and for other related purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 4 (d) of the Reclamation Project Act of 1939 is hereby amended to read as follows:

“(d) For each project contract unit where a repayment contract is entered into pursuant to this section, each year the percentage of the normal returns for said year by which the annual returns of said year exceed or are less than said normal returns shall be determined by the Secretary. For each unit or major fraction of a unit of said percentage of said increase or decrease there shall be an increase or decrease, respectively, of 2 per centum in the amount or amounts of the installment or installments for said year under the organization's obligation or obligations as determined under subsections (b) and (e) of this section. Said latter amount or amounts as thus increased or decreased shall be the payment or payments of construction charges due and payable for said year, except that in no event shall the amount of the said payment or payments due and payable for any year be less than 15 per centum nor, as determined by the Secretary, more than from 150 to 200 per centum, inclusive, of the amount or
Conformity of contract amendments.

Sec. 2. Section 7 (c) of the Reclamation Project Act of 1939 is hereby amended to read as follows:

“(c) The Secretary from time to time shall report to the Congress on any proposed contracts negotiated pursuant to the authority of subsection (a) or (b) (1) of this section, and he may execute any such contract on behalf of the United States only after approval thereof has been given by Act of Congress. Contracts, so approved, however, may be amended from time to time by mutual agreement and without further approval by Congress if such amendments are within the scope of authority heretofore or hereafter granted to the Secretary under any Act, except that amendments providing for repayment of construction charges in a period of years longer than authorized by this Act, as it may be amended, shall be effective only when approved by Congress.”

Sec. 3. Section 17 of the Reclamation Project Act of 1939 is hereby amended to read as follows:

“(a) The authority granted in sections 3 and 4 of this Act for modification of existing repayment contracts or other forms of obligations to pay construction charges shall continue through December 31, 1950, or December 31 of the fifth full calendar year after the cessation of hostilities in the present war, as determined by proclamation of the President or concurrent resolution of the Congress, whichever period is the longer.

“(b) The Secretary is hereby authorized, subject to the provisions of this subsection, to defer the time for the payment of such part of any installments of construction charges under any repayment contract or other form of obligation (exclusive of contracts entered into under this Act) that are due and unpaid as of the date of this amendment or which will become due prior to the expiration of the authority under subsection (a) of this section as he deems necessary to adjust such installments to amounts within the probable ability of the water users to pay. Any such deferment shall be effective only after findings by the Secretary that the installments under consideration probably cannot be paid on their due dates without undue burden on the water users, considering the various factors which in the Secretary’s judgment bear on the ability of the water users so to pay.

“The Secretary may effect the deferments hereunder subject to such conditions and provisions relating to the operation and maintenance of the project involved as he deems to be in the interest of the United States. If, however, any deferments would affect installments to accrue more than twelve months after the action of deferment, they shall be effected only by a formal supplemental contract. Such a contract shall provide by its terms that, it being only an interim solution of the repayment problems dealt with therein, its terms are not, in themselves, to be construed as a criterion of the terms of any amendatory contract that may be negotiated pursuant to sections 3, 4, or 7 of this Act.”

Approved April 24, 1945.
[CHAPTER 95]

AN ACT

Making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1945, and for prior fiscal years, to provide supplemental appropriations for the fiscal years ending June 30, 1945, and June 30, 1946, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1945, and for prior fiscal years, to provide supplemental appropriations for the fiscal years ending June 30, 1945, and June 30, 1946, and for other purposes, namely:

TITLE I—GENERAL APPROPRIATIONS

LEGISLATIVE

SENATE

For payment to Martha M. Maloney, widow of Francis T. Maloney, late a Senator from the State of Connecticut, $10,000.

For payment to Ethel J. Moses, widow of John Moses, late a Senator from the State of North Dakota, $10,000.

Office of the Vice President: Beginning April 1, 1945, the allowance for clerical assistance to the Vice President hereby is increased from $15,420 to $19,440 per annum, the necessary additional amount to June 30, 1945, to be paid from the appropriation for salaries of officers and employees of the Senate, and the Legislative Branch and Judiciary Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1945 is amended accordingly.

Office of the Secretary: For an additional amount for clerical assistance and readjustment of present salaries in the disbursing office at the rate of $5,020 per annum (including $1,000 additional for the financial clerk so long as the position is held by the present incumbent), so much as may be necessary from April 1 to June 30, 1945, to be paid from the appropriation for salaries of officers and employees of the Senate for the fiscal year 1945.

For payment to the estate of William H. Crichton Clarke, deceased, for services rendered by the said William H. Crichton Clarke during the fiscal year 1942, as counsel to the special committee of the Senate established pursuant to S. Res. 298, Seventy-sixth Congress, to study and survey the problems of American small business enterprises, $1,000, payable from the appropriation "Inquiries and investigations, Senate, fiscal year 1943".

WAR OVERTIME PAY

For additional amounts for appropriations for the fiscal year 1945, for the payment of additional compensation authorized by the Act of May 7, 1943 (Public Law 49), as follows:

"Salaries, officers and employees, Senate, 1945", $200,000.

"Contingent expenses, reporting debates and proceedings, Senate, 1945", $4,785.

"Contingent expenses, cleaning furniture, Senate", $300.

"Contingent expenses, salaries and expenses, Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation, Senate, 1945", $3,000.

"Salaries and expenses of detailed police, Capitol Police Board, Senate, 1945", $2,500.

"Salaries and expenses, Joint Committee on Printing, Senate, 1945", $630.
For payment to the widow of James Francis O'Connor, late a Representative from the State of Montana, $10,000, to be disbursed by the Sergeant at Arms of the House.

For payment to the widow of James V. Heidinger, late a Representative from the State of Illinois, $10,000, to be disbursed by the Sergeant at Arms of the House.

Salaries, officers and employees: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1945, for “Salaries, officers and employees, House of Representatives”, pursuant to Public Law 512, Seventy-eighth Congress, approved December 20, 1944, and Public Law 2, Seventy-ninth Congress, approved February 13, 1945, $26,000: Provided, That the rate of compensation of the clerk of any standing committee shall not be increased pursuant to the second proviso of section 1 of the Act of December 20, 1944 (Public Law 512, Seventy-eighth Congress), by more than $500 per annum over the rate of compensation prevailing on December 6, 1944 (in case of a vacancy, the rate last paid).

War overtime pay

For additional amounts for appropriations for the fiscal year 1945, for the payment of additional compensation authorized by the Act of May 7, 1943 (Public Law 49, Seventy-eighth Congress), as follows:

“Salaries, officers and employees, House of Representatives, 1945”, $175,000.
“Clerk hire, Members and Delegates, House of Representatives, 1945”, $493,000.
“Contingent expenses, House of Representatives, furniture and repairs, 1945”, $5,000.
“Contingent expenses, House of Representatives, salaries and expenses, Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation, 1945”, $3,000.
“Contingent expenses, House of Representatives, folding documents, 1945”, $4,000.
“Contingent expenses, House of Representatives, payment for certain services, 1945”, $750.
“Salaries and expenses, Joint Committee on Printing, House of Representatives, 1945”, $630.
“Salaries and expenses, Legislative Counsel, House of Representatives, 1945”, $2,000.

Contingent expenses of the House

Special and select committees: For an additional amount for expenses, special and select committees authorized by the House, fiscal year 1945, $100,000.
Stationery: For an additional allowance for stationery of $500 for each Representative, Delegate, and the Resident Commissioner from Puerto Rico, for the first session of the Seventy-ninth Congress, $219,000, to remain available until June 30, 1946.

ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL

Capitol power plant: For an additional amount for lighting, heating, and power for the Capitol, Senate and House Office Buildings, Supreme Court Building, Congressional Library Buildings, and so forth, fiscal year 1945, including the objects specified under this head in the Legislative Branch Appropriation Act, 1945, $24,000.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

OFFICE FOR EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT

WAR MANPOWER COMMISSION

Employment office facilities and services: For an additional amount for "Employment office facilities and services", fiscal year 1945, including the objects specified under this head in the War Manpower Commission Appropriation Act, 1945, $5,567,400.

OFFICE OF PRICE ADMINISTRATION

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount for salaries and expenses, Office of Price Administration, fiscal year 1945, including the objects specified under this head in the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1944, $6,700,000: Provided, That this additional appropriation shall be subject to all of the provisions of the appropriation under this head in the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1944, except as to the limitation upon traveling expenses, which is hereby increased by $567,000.

INDEPENDENT EXECUTIVE AGENCIES

FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY

PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE

Tuberculosis: For an additional amount to carry out the purposes of section 314 (b) of Public Health Service Act of July 1, 1944, including the objects specified under this head in the First Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1945, fiscal year 1945, $1,500,000.

Training for nurses (national defense): The appropriations "Training for nurses, Public Health Service (national defense)", in the Federal Security Agency Appropriation Acts for fiscal years 1944 and 1945, shall be considered as having been made available for travel.

Division of Mental Hygiene: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1945, for Division of Mental Hygiene, Public Health Service, including the objects specified under this head in the Federal Security Agency Appropriation Act, 1945, $300,000.

Miscellaneous and contingent expenses: For an additional amount for miscellaneous and contingent expenses, fiscal year 1945, including the objects specified under this head in the Federal Security Agency Appropriation Act, 1945, $20,000.
Grants to States for old-age assistance, aid to dependent children and aid to the blind: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1945, for grants to States for old-age assistance, aid to dependent children, and aid to the blind, $6,200,000: Provided, That section 5 (f) of Public Law 45, Seventy-eighth Congress, approved April 29, 1943 (50 U. S. C. 1355), is hereby amended so as to include income and resources from performance of service as a nurse as an employee, or in connection with the care of sick or confined persons as an employee, in addition to income and resources from agricultural labor or labor performed in connection with the raising or harvesting of agricultural commodities as an employee, as income which shall not be a basis of excluding payments made to such an individual in computing payments as in such section provided.

Grants to States for unemployment compensation administration: For an additional amount for "Grants to States for unemployment compensation administration", fiscal year 1945, including the objects under this head in the Federal Security Appropriation Act, 1945, $996,000.

Salaries, Bureau of Old-Age and Survivors' Insurance: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1945, for salaries, Bureau of Old-Age and Survivors' Insurance, $225,000.

Temporary aid to enemy aliens and other restricted persons: The limitation of $50,000 under this head in the Federal Security Agency Appropriation Act, 1945, upon the amount which may be transferred to this appropriation from "Salaries and expenses, War Relocation Authority", is hereby increased to $225,000.

The limitation imposed by section 105 of the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1945, upon travel expenses of the Federal Trade Commission, is hereby increased to $110,868.

Public Works Administration liquidation: That the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1941, approved June 28, 1944 (Public Law 375, Seventy-eighth Congress), is hereby amended through the amendment of the two paragraphs captioned "Public Works Administration liquidation" appearing under the heading "Federal Works Agency—Office of the Administrator", by striking out the words "until June 30, 1945" wherever they appear therein, and substituting in lieu thereof "until June 30, 1946", and by inserting immediately following the words "during the fiscal year 1945" in the first paragraph the following words: "and not exceeding a total of $25,000 may be used during the fiscal year 1946".

War public works (community facilities): For an additional amount to enable the Federal Works Administrator to carry out the functions vested in him by titles II and III of the Act of October 14, 1940, as amended (42 U. S. C. 1531-1534 and 1541), $20,000,000, to remain available during the continuance of the unlimited national emergency
declared by the President on May 27, 1941, but not to be available for obligation for new projects after June 30, 1945, of which amount not to exceed $800,000 shall be available for administrative expenses, including the objects specified under the head “Defense public works (community facilities)” in the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1941, and the joint resolution approved December 23, 1941 (Public Law 371): Provided, That the limitation of $80,000,000 under this head in the First Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1945, on the total amount that may be allocated for contributions to public and private agencies for the maintenance and operation of public works after July 1, 1943, is hereby increased to $85,000,000: Provided further, That in making allocations out of the funds appropriated in this paragraph for construction projects priority shall be given to emergency projects involving an estimated cost to the Federal Government of less than $250,000.

PUBLIC ROADS ADMINISTRATION

Damage claims: For the payment of claims for damage to roads and highways under the Defense Highway Act of 1941, as amended (23 U.S.C. 110), as follows: “The Commissioner of Public Roads is authorized to reimburse the several States for the necessary rehabilitation or repair of roads and highways of States or their subdivisions substantially damaged by the Army or the Navy, or both, by any other agency of the Government, etc.,” as fully set forth in Senate Document Numbered 19, and House Document Numbered 75, Seventy-ninth Congress, $69,452.65.

Access roads: For an additional amount for access roads, including the purposes specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1945, $15,000,000.

Strategic highway network: For an additional amount for the strategic highway network, including the purposes specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1945, $8,000,000.

GENERAL ACCOUNTING OFFICE

For the purpose of conducting the audit of all Government corporations as provided by section 5 of the Act approved February 24, 1945 (Public, Numbered 4, Seventy-ninth Congress), the Comptroller General is authorized in his discretion to employ not more than ten persons without regard to the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, only one of whom may be compensated at a rate of as much as but not more than $10,000 per annum, and to employ by contract, without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes, professional services of firms and organizations for temporary periods or for special purposes: Provided, That the expenses of auditing the financial transactions of all Government corporations by the General Accounting Office shall be borne out of appropriations to the General Accounting Office, and appropriations in such sums as may be necessary are hereby authorized: Provided further, That each such corporation shall reimburse the General Accounting Office for the full cost of any such audit as billed therefor by the Comptroller General, and the General Accounting Office shall deposit the sums so reimbursed into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts: Provided further, That, unless otherwise expressly provided by law, no funds of any Government corporation shall be used to pay the cost of any private audit of the financial records of the offices of such corporation except the cost of such audits contracted for and undertaken prior to the date of approval of this Act.

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Regulating accounts: The transfer during the fiscal year 1945 of not to exceed $15,000 from the appropriation "Regulating accounts", to the appropriation "Valuation of property of carriers" is hereby authorized.

NATIONAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE FOR AERONAUTICS

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1945, for salaries and expenses of the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics, including the objects specified in the appropriation for this purpose in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1945, and including the purchase of two passenger automobiles, $667,500.

Langley Field, Virginia: For an additional amount for construction and equipment, Langley Field, Virginia, including not to exceed $2,195,000 for the construction and equipment of auxiliary flight research stations on sites elsewhere, to be selected by the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics, and the acquisition of land (not to exceed a total of one hundred acres) and rights-of-way and the construction of connections to public utilities necessary therefor, $4,100,000, to be available until expended.

Aircraft Engine Research Laboratory, Cleveland, Ohio: For an additional amount for construction and equipment, Aircraft Engine Research Laboratory, Cleveland, Ohio, $5,540,000, to be available until expended.

NATIONAL HOUSING AGENCY

War Housing: For an additional amount to carry out the purposes of title I of the Act of October 14, 1940, as amended (42 U. S. C., ch. 9), and subject to the applicable provisions of the joint resolution approved October 14, 1940 (54 Stat. 1115), $84,373,000, of which amount not to exceed $1,000,000 shall be available for administrative expenses, to remain available during the continuance of the unlimited national emergency declared by the President on May 27, 1941, but not to be available for obligation for new projects after June 30, 1945: Provided, That all obligations of this additional appropriation for projects in which (1) the War Department has a paramount interest, shall first be jointly authorized in writing by the Secretary of War and the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, (2) the Navy Department has a paramount interest, shall first be jointly authorized in writing by the Secretary of the Navy and the Director of the Bureau of the Budget: Provided further, That $18,373,000 of such sum of $84,373,000 shall not be obligated unless subsequently authorized by other law.

NATIONAL MEDIATION BOARD

Arbitration and emergency boards: For an additional amount for "Arbitration and emergency boards", fiscal year 1945, including the objects under this head in the Labor-Federal Security Appropriation Act, 1945, $35,000.

RAILROAD RETIREMENT BOARD

Penalty mail: For an additional amount for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail of the Railroad Retirement Board, fiscal year 1945, as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944, $37,250.
Veterans' Administration

Administration, medical, hospital, and domiciliary services: For an additional amount for "Administration, medical, hospital, and domiciliary services", fiscal year 1945, including the objects specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1945, $13,575,000.

District of Columbia

General Administration

Office of the corporation counsel: For an additional amount for "Office of the corporation counsel", fiscal year 1945, including the objects specified in the appropriation for this purpose in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1945, $1,500, and the limitation of $3,000 in said appropriation which may be paid for the settlement of claims not in excess of $250 each is hereby increased to $4,500.

Health Department

Gallinger Municipal Hospital: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1945, for "Gallinger Municipal Hospital", including the objects specified under this head in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1945, and including construction of a new ice plant, $31,500.

Public Welfare

Family Welfare Service

Operating expenses, child care: The limitation in the appropriation "Operating expenses, child care", in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1945, on the amount which may be paid to institutions under sectarian control for board and care of children committed to the guardianship of the Board of Public Welfare is hereby increased from $2,500 to $6,000 to each such institution.

Division of Expenses

The sums appropriated in this Act for the District of Columbia shall, unless otherwise specifically provided, be paid out of the general fund of the District of Columbia, as defined in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1945.

Department of Agriculture

Forest Service

Fighting forest fires: For an additional amount for fighting forest fires, fiscal year 1945, $1,959,000.

Department of Commerce

Office of Administrator of Civil Aeronautics

General administration, Office of the Administrator: For an additional amount for general administration, fiscal year 1945, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1945, $110,000.

Maintenance and operation of air-navigation facilities: For an additional amount for "Maintenance and operation of air-navigation
facilities”, fiscal year 1945, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1945, $84,000.

Enforcement of safety regulations: For an additional amount for “Enforcement of safety regulations”, fiscal year 1945, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1945, $23,000.

Technical development: For an additional amount for “Technical development”, fiscal year 1945, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1945, $42,000.

COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

Office force: For an additional amount for “Office force”, fiscal year 1945, $30,000.

Appropriations of the Coast and Geodetic Survey for the fiscal year 1945 available for salaries shall be available for the pay of missing or captured civilian or commissioned personnel of the Coast and Geodetic Survey under the Act of March 7, 1942, as amended (50 U. S. C. App. 1001), and for the six months’ death gratuity, regardless of the fiscal year during which such obligations accrued.

WEATHER BUREAU

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount for “Salaries and expenses”, fiscal year 1945, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1945, $100,000, and the limitation on the amount that may be expended for departmental personal services in the District of Columbia is hereby increased to $1,240,086.

Notwithstanding the provisions of section 404 of the Act of December 22, 1944 (Public Law 529, Seventy-eighth Congress), the amount available to the Weather Bureau for the purposes specified in that section shall be $498,080.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

GRAZING SERVICE

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount for salaries and expenses, fiscal year 1945, including the objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1945, $30,000.

UNITED STATES HIGH COMMISSIONER TO THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1945, for the maintenance of the office of the United States High Commissioner to the Philippine Islands, including the objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1945, and including the employment without regard to civil-service and classification laws of technical employees who may be engaged for the purpose of making an economic survey of conditions in the Philippine Islands, $60,000.

WAR RELOCATION AUTHORITY

Salaries and expenses: The limitation in the appropriation for salaries and expenses, War Relocation Authority, in the National War Agency Appropriation Act, 1945, on the amount which may be
expended for travel is hereby increased from $375,000 to $475,000; and of said appropriation not to exceed $100,000 is made available for expenses incurred during the fiscal year 1945 incident to the establishment, maintenance, and operation of the emergency refugee shelter at Fort Ontario, New York, provided for in the President's message of June 12, 1944, to the Congress (H. Doc. 656).

GENERAL LAND OFFICE

Payment to Oklahoma from royalties, oil and gas, south half of Red River: For an additional amount for payment to Oklahoma from royalties, oil and gas, south half of Red River, fiscal year 1945, $582,89: Provided, That expenditures under the total appropriation shall not exceed the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury in accordance with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

General expenses: For an additional amount for general expenses, Indian Service, fiscal year 1945, including the objects specified under the appropriation for this purpose in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1945, $2,300.

IRRIGATION AND DRAINAGE

For an additional amount for operation and maintenance of the San Carlos irrigation project for the irrigation of lands in the Gila River Indian Reservation, Arizona, fiscal year 1945, $38,000 (operation and maintenance collections), together with $25,000 (power revenues), from which total amounts expenditures shall not exceed the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury in accordance with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934; in all, $63,000.

For an additional amount for operation and maintenance of the Fort Hall irrigation systems, Idaho, fiscal year 1945, $9,000 (receipt limitation), from which total amount expenditures shall not exceed the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury in accordance with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934.

For an additional amount for operation and maintenance of the Uintah irrigation project, Utah, fiscal year 1945, $5,000 (receipt limitation), from which total amount expenditures shall not exceed the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury in accordance with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934.

For compensation and expenses of an attorney employed by the Colorado River Tribe of Indians of the Colorado River Reservation, Arizona, under a contract approved by the Secretary of the Interior, fiscal year 1945, $1,050, payable from funds on deposit to the credit of the tribe.

EDUCATION

For support and education of Indian pupils in nonreservation boarding schools, fiscal year 1945, $47,625, to be added to the appropriation of $2,627,620 for this purpose in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1945, and to be available for the following schools:

Phoenix, Arizona: $32,375; and the amount available for the support of Indian pupils is hereby increased from $163,475 to $195,850; and the number of pupils from four hundred and twenty-five to five hundred and fifty;

Chemawa, Oregon: $15,250; and the amount available for the support of Indian pupils is hereby increased from $159,475 to $174,725; and the number of pupils from three hundred and seventy-five to four hundred and twenty-five.
BUREAU OF RECLAMATION

GENERAL FUND, CONSTRUCTION

Colorado River project, Texas: For an additional amount for continuation of construction, Colorado River project, Texas, $126,000, to be expended from the general fund of the Treasury in the same manner, under the same conditions, and for the same purposes as the appropriation for this project contained in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1941, under the caption "Bureau of Reclamation, general fund, construction".

GEODETICAL SURVEY

Printing and binding, and so forth: For an additional amount for "Printing and binding, and so forth", to be used for engraving and printing geologic and topographic maps, fiscal year 1945, $26,000.

GOVERNMENT IN THE TERRITORIES

TERRITORY OF ALASKA

For an additional amount for expenses of the offices of the Governor and the Secretary, Territory of Alaska, fiscal year 1945, including the objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1945, $2,000.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

DAMAGE CLAIMS


NAVY DEPARTMENT

For additional amounts for appropriations for the Navy Department and naval service, fiscal years 1944 and 1945, to be supplemental to the appropriations and funds in the respective Naval Appropriation Acts for such fiscal years, including the objects and subject to the limitations specified under the respective heads and to the provisions under the head "General provisions", contained in such Acts, except as otherwise provided herein, as follows:

NAVAL ESTABLISHMENT

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Claim for damage: For the payment of a claim for personal injuries sustained by an inhabitant of a foreign country, adjusted and determined by the Secretary of the Navy under the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the prompt settlement of claims for damages occasioned by Army, Navy, and Marine Corps forces in foreign countries", approved April 22, 1943 (31 U. S. C. 224d-224i), as fully set forth in House Document Numbered 73, Seventy-ninth Congress, $6,488.40.

Naval Research Laboratory, 1945, $325,000.
BUREAU OF NAVAL PERSONNEL

Training, education, and welfare, Navy: Naval Training Station, Newport, Rhode Island, 1945, $325,000; Fleet training, Navy, 1945, $120,000; Libraries, Navy, 1945, $234,000; In all, training, education, and welfare, Navy, 1945, $679,000.

BUREAU OF SHIPS

Maintenance, Bureau of Ships, 1945, $600,000,000.

BUREAU OF ORDNANCE

Ordnance and ordnance stores, Navy, 1945, $755,000,000.

BUREAU OF SUPPLIES AND ACCOUNTS

Maintenance, Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, for the fiscal years that follow:
- Fiscal year 1944, $25,000,000;
- Fiscal year 1945, $165,000,000.

Transportation of things, Navy, for the fiscal years that follow:
- Fiscal year 1944, $40,000,000;
- Fiscal year 1945, $215,927,000, and, in addition, the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to transfer to this appropriation $1,387,000 from the appropriation "Pay and allowances, Coast Guard, 1945", $10,000,000 from the appropriation "Medical Department, Navy, 1945", $500,000 from the appropriation "Instruction, Navy, 1945", and $27,186,000 from the appropriation "Naval Reserve, 1945".

Fuel and transportation, Navy, 1944, $15,000,000.

BUREAU OF YARDS AND DOCKS

Maintenance, Bureau of Yards and Docks, 1945, $22,700,000: Provided, That the limitation of $2,000,000 in the Naval Appropriation Act, 1945, upon expenses of operation, maintenance, and so forth, of defense housing projects is hereby increased to $5,000,000.

Public works, Bureau of Yards and Docks: The Secretary of the Navy is authorized to enter into contracts under the appropriation "Public works, Bureau of Yards and Docks", for public-works equipment, materials, and construction, including collateral public-works items, in the amount of $114,300,000, without regard to section 3709, Revised Statutes, which authority shall be additional to that granted under the same head in the Naval Appropriation Act, 1945.

No part of the appropriations or contract authorization in this Act under the Navy Department shall be used for a permanent type of construction at any shore establishment of any character acquired subsequent to the calendar year 1938, unless such establishment shall be designated by the Secretary as a permanent establishment, and, in that event, a permanent type of construction shall be used only to meet such permanent requirements as the Secretary may approve: Provided, That nothing herein shall prevent construction of a type sufficiently substantial for the use intended nor apply to construction projects now under contract or in progress: Provided further, That no part of such appropriations or contract authorization may be used for the construction of quarters, including heating and plum-
ing apparatus, wiring and fixtures, for greater amounts per unit than follow:

Permanent construction:
- For commissioned officer, $10,000.
- For commissioned warrant or warrant officer, $7,500.
- For enlisted man, $6,000.

Temporary construction:
- For commissioned officer, $7,500.
- For commissioned warrant or warrant officer, $5,000.
- For enlisted man, $3,500.

The fixed fee to be paid the contractor as a result of any contract hereafter entered into under this appropriation or contract authorization shall not exceed 4 per centum of the estimated cost of the contract, exclusive of the fee, as determined by the Secretary.

MARINE CORPS

General expenses, Marine Corps, 1945, $35,210,000.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

(Out of the Postal Revenues)

FIELD SERVICE, POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF INSPECTOR

Salaries of inspectors: For an additional amount for "Salaries of inspectors", fiscal year 1945, $390,000.

OFFICE OF THE FOURTH ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

PUBLIC BUILDINGS, MAINTENANCE AND OPERATION

Furniture, carpets, and safes, public buildings: For an additional amount for "Furniture, carpets, and safes, public buildings", including the objects specified under this head in the Post Office Department Appropriation Act, 1945, fiscal year 1945, $150,000.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Contingent expenses: For an additional amount for contingent expenses, Department of State, fiscal year 1945, including the objects under this head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1945, and including the purchase of two used passenger automobiles, $155,000, and no greater sum shall be available except in pursuance of a direct appropriation. The limitation on the amount which may be expended for attendance at meetings, in the appropriation under this head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1945, is hereby increased to $15,000.

Passport agencies: For an additional amount for "Passport agencies", Department of State, fiscal year 1945, including the objects under this head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1945, $5,000.

Printing and binding: For an additional amount for "Printing and binding", Department of State, fiscal year 1945, $100,000.
FOREIGN SERVICE

Emergencies arising in the Diplomatic and Consular Service: For an additional amount for "Emergencies arising in the Diplomatic and Consular Service", fiscal year 1945, including the objects under this head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1945, $4,500,000.

Contingent expenses, Foreign Service, 1945: The amount available for reimbursement of appropriations for the Navy Department for the purposes stated in the appropriation under this head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1945, is hereby increased to $80,000.

INTERNATIONAL OBLIGATIONS

Rio Grande bank protection project: For the Rio Grande bank protection project in Cameron and Hidalgo Counties, Texas, to be performed in conformity with the provisions of existing treaties with Mexico and in general accordance with the engineering plan contained in the report of the International Boundary Commission, United States and Mexico, dated March 18, 1942, entitled "Report on Rio Grande Bank Protection Project", on file with the Department of State, as authorized by the Act approved August 19, 1935, as amended (22 U. S. C. 277b), including the objects specified under the head "International obligations, construction, operation, and maintenance, Public Works projects", in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1945, $50,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be expended for construction on any land, site, or easement, except such as has been acquired by donation and the title thereto has been approved by the Attorney General of the United States: Provided further, That this appropriation may be expended only for the construction of such portions of said project as the American Commissioner deems necessary for the protection of the property of the United States Government, or of other public utilities, facilities, or organizations, including irrigation water-supply systems: Provided further, That no expenditure shall be made hereunder for the protection of other than United States Government property except on the basis that the agency owning or controlling such property shall contribute at least 25 per centum of the actual construction thereof in money, labor, or materials, or any combination thereof satisfactory to the American Commissioner, and shall give satisfactory assurances that it will contribute in like manner and proportion to the permanent maintenance and operation of that portion of the project with which it is concerned: And provided further, That such money contributions shall be immediately available for expenditure for the purposes hereof.

United Nations Commission for the Investigation of War Crimes: For all necessary expenses of the participation by the United States in the United Nations Commission for the Investigation of War Crimes, including personal services without regard to civil-service and classification laws; travel expenses without regard to the Standardized Government Travel Regulations and the Subsistence Expense Act of 1926, as amended; allowances for living and quarters for temporary and permanent personnel in accordance with standardized regulations prescribed by the President for civilian officers and employees of the Government temporarily stationed in foreign countries and in accordance with the Acts of June 26, 1930, and February 23, 1931; representation allowances in accordance with the Act of May 24, 1924 (22 U. S. C. 12); stenographic reporting and other services by contract, books of reference and periodicals, and rent of office space, without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes;
Restoration of capital impairment, Commodity Credit Corporation: To enable the Secretary of the Treasury, on behalf of the United States, to restore the amount of the capital impairment of the Commodity Credit Corporation as of March 31, 1944, by a contribution to the Corporation as provided by the Act approved March 8, 1938, as amended (15 U. S. C. 713a-1), $256,764,881.04.

Subscriptions to capital stock, Federal Crop Insurance Corporation: For an additional amount to enable the Secretary of the Treasury to subscribe and pay for the capital stock of the Federal Crop Insurance Corporation, as provided in section 504 of the Federal Crop Insurance Act (7 U. S. C. 1504), $30,000,000.

Refunds under Renegotiation Act: There is hereby appropriated, to remain available until June 30, 1946, such amount not exceeding $15,000,000 as may be necessary to make the refunds, including refunds for prior years, required by section 403 (a) (4) (D) (relating to the recomputation of the amortization deduction) and by the last sentence of section 403 (i) (3) (relating to excess inventories) of the Renegotiation Act; and to refund any amount finally adjudged or determined to have been erroneously collected by the United States pursuant to a unilateral determination of excessive profits, with such interest thereon (at a rate not to exceed 4 per centum per annum) as may be adjudged or determined to be owing in law or equity: Provided, That to the extent refunds are made from this appropriation of excessive profits collected under the Renegotiation Act and retained by the Reconstruction Finance Corporation or any of its subsidiaries the Reconstruction Finance Corporation or the appropriate subsidiary shall reimburse this appropriation: Provided further, That the War Contracts Price Adjustment Board or its duly authorized representative shall certify the amount of any refund to be made in pursuance hereof to the Secretary of the Treasury who shall make payment upon such certificate in lieu of any voucher which might otherwise be required.

Payment of certified claims: There is hereby appropriated such sum as may be necessary to enable the Secretary of the Treasury to pay claims (not to exceed $500 in any case) which may be certified during the fiscal years 1945 and 1946 by the Comptroller General of the United States to be lawfully due, within the limits of, and chargeable against the balances of the respective appropriations heretofore made which, after remaining unexpended, have been carried to the surplus fund pursuant to section 5 of the Act of June 20, 1974 (31 U. S. C. 713): Provided, That hereafter any collection which otherwise would be for depositing to the credit of an appropriation where such appropriation has lapsed and the balance reverted to the surplus fund shall be deposited for covering into the general fund of the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.

Contingent expenses, public moneys: For an additional amount for "Contingent expenses, public moneys", fiscal year 1945, including the objects specified under this head in the Treasury Department Appropriation Act, 1945, $90,000.
BUREAU OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", Bureau of Internal Revenue, fiscal year 1945, including the objects specified under this head in the Treasury Department Appropriation Act, 1945, and including $42,070 additional for stationery, $3,500,000.

BUREAU OF ENGRAVING AND PRINTING

Salaries and expenses: The limitation under "Salaries and expenses", Bureau of Engraving and Printing, in the Treasury Department Appropriation Act, 1945, on the amount which may be expended for travel, is hereby increased from $15,000 to $30,000.

SECRET SERVICE DIVISION

Suppressing counterfeiting and other crimes: For an additional amount for suppressing counterfeiting and other crimes, fiscal year 1945, including the objects specified under this head in the Treasury Department Appropriation Act, 1945, $45,000.

BUREAU OF THE MINT

Transportation of bullion and coin: For an additional amount for "Transportation of bullion and coin, mints and assay offices", fiscal year 1945, including the objects specified under this head in the Treasury Department Appropriation Act, 1945, $7,500.

Salaries and expenses, mints and assay offices: For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses, mints and assay offices", fiscal year 1945, including the objects specified under this head in the Treasury Department Appropriation Act, 1945, $815,000: Provided, That the limitation contained in such appropriation upon the amount which may be expended for stationery, is hereby increased from $2,900 to $3,900.

Printing and binding: For an additional amount for "Printing and binding", Bureau of the Mint, fiscal year 1945, $2,500.

WAR DEPARTMENT

MILITARY ACTIVITIES

DAMAGE CLAIMS

Damage claims: For the payment of claims for damage to or loss or destruction of property or personal injury or death adjusted and determined by the Secretary of War under the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the settlement of claims for damage to or loss or destruction of property or personal injury or death caused by military personnel or civilian employees, or otherwise incident to activities, of the War Department or of the Army", approved July 3, 1943 (Public Law 113), as fully set forth in Senate Document Numbered 17, and House Document Numbered 72, Seventy-ninth Congress, $249,590.32.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

In addition to the transfers authorized by section 3 of the Military Appropriation Act, 1945, the appropriation "Expediting production of equipment and supplies for national defense", may be increased by not to exceed 35 per centum and the appropriation "Engineer
Service, Army” (subhead—“Barracks and quarters, Army”), may be increased by not to exceed 15 per centum, by transfers, with the approval of the Bureau of the Budget, from any of the appropriations for the Military Establishment for the fiscal year 1945 (except the appropriations “National Guard”, “Organized Reserves”, “Reserve Officers’ Training Corps”, and “Expenses, Army of the Philippines”), and, in addition, the words “10 per centum” appearing in said section 3 are changed to read “20 per centum” wherever appearing therein.

The limitation upon the amount of appropriations made available for the Military Establishment which may be expended for “Contingent expenses, War Department”, appearing in the Military Appropriation Act, 1945, is hereby increased from $5,989,000 to $6,508,000.

The limitation upon the amount of appropriations made available for the Military Establishment which may be expended for “Printing and binding, War Department”, appearing in the Military Appropriation Act, 1945, is hereby increased from $59,099,000 to $59,099,000.

CIVIL FUNCTIONS

CORPS OF ENGINEERS

Rivers and harbors: For an additional amount for rivers and harbors, including the objects specified under this head in the War Department Civil Appropriation Act, 1945, to be available until expended, $405,000.

Flood control, general: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1945, for “Flood control, general”, including the objects specified under this head in the War Department Civil Appropriation Act, 1945, to be available until expended, $1,000,000: Provided, That this sum shall be immediately available for obligation and expenditure for necessary plans, specifications, and preliminary work in connection with projects for post-war construction authorized by the Flood Control Act approved December 22, 1944.

THE JUDICIARY

UNITED STATES COURTS FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Repairs and improvements, United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1945, for “Repairs and improvements, United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia”, including the objects specified under this head in the Judiciary Appropriation Act, 1945, $1,400.

TITLE II—JUDGMENTS AND AUTHORIZED CLAIMS

PROPERTY DAMAGE CLAIMS

Sec. 201. (a) For the payment of claims for damages to or losses of privately owned property adjusted and determined by the following respective departments and independent offices under the provisions of the Act entitled “An Act to provide a method for the settlement of claims arising against the Government of the United States in the sums not exceeding $1,000 in any one case”, approved December 22, 1922 (31 U. S. C. 215), as fully set forth in House Document Numbered 89, Seventy-ninth Congress, as follows:
Executive Office of the President: Office for Emergency Management, $293.64;
Independent offices:
  National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics, $35;
  Selective Service System, $50;
Federal Security Agency, $605.50;
Federal Works Agency, $335.67;
Department of Agriculture, $708.63;
  War Food Administration, $120;
Department of Commerce, $33;
Department of the Interior, $908.14;
Department of Justice, $196.77;
Navy Department, $41,072.27;
Post Office Department, $1,567.26;
In all, $45,945.88.

(b) For the payment of claims for damages to or losses of privately owned property adjusted and determined by the following respective departments and independent establishments, under the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide a method for the settlement of claims arising against the Government of the United States in the sum not exceeding $1,000 in any one case", approved December 28, 1922 (31 U. S. C. 215), as fully set forth in Senate Document Numbered 18, Seventy-ninth Congress, as follows:
Executive Office of the President:
  Office for Emergency Management, $32.50;
Independent office:
  National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics, $12.50;
Federal Works Agency, $149.03;
National Housing Agency, $985.20;
Department of Agriculture, $581.73;
War Food Administration, $72.29;
Department of the Interior, $396.37;
Navy Department, $11,616.01;
In all, $13,845.63.

JUDGMENTS, UNITED STATES COURTS

SEC. 202. (a) For the payment of judgments, including costs of suits, rendered against the Government of the United States by United States district courts under the provisions of an Act entitled "An Act authorizing suits against the United States in admiralty for damage caused by and salvage services rendered to public vessels belonging to the United States, and for other purposes", approved March 3, 1925 (46 U. S. C. 787), and certified to the Seventy-ninth Congress in House Document Numbered 86, under the following agencies:
  War Department, $1,000;
  Navy Department, $10,119.57;
In all, $11,119.57, together with such additional sum as may be necessary to pay interest as specified in such judgments or as provided by law.
(b) For the payment of judgments, including costs of suits, which have been rendered against the Government of the United States by United States district courts under the provisions of the Act of March 3, 1887, as amended by section 297 of the Act of March 3, 1911 (28 U. S. C. 761), and which have been certified to the Seventy-ninth Congress in Senate Document Numbered 22, and House Document Numbered 87, under the following agencies:
Federal Security Agency, National Youth Administration, $629; Federal Works Agency, Work Projects Administration, $5,523.92; War Department, $22,262.56; In all, $28,415.48, together with such additional sum as may be necessary to pay interest as specified in such judgments or as provided by law.

(c) For the payment of final judgment and decree in a special case rendered against the Government of the United States pursuant to authority contained in the Act approved December 24, 1942 (Public Law Numbered 634, Seventy-seventh Congress, second session, 56 Stat. 1259), as certified to the Seventy-ninth Congress in Senate Document Numbered 20, under the Department of Agriculture, $5,808, together with such additional sum as may be necessary to pay interest as and where specified in such judgment or as provided by law.

Right of appeal.

(e) Payment of interest wherever provided for judgments contained in this Act shall not in any case continue for more than thirty days after the date of approval of this Act.

Judgments, United States Court of Claims

Sec. 203. (a) For payment of the judgments rendered by the Court of Claims and reported to the Seventy-ninth Congress in Senate Document Numbered 23, and House Document Numbered 85, under the following agencies, namely:

Federal Works Agency, Public Buildings Administration, $36,957.98; National Housing Agency, Federal Public Housing Authority, $19,803.25; Department of the Interior, Indians, $5,024,842.34; Navy Department, $7,507.67; Treasury Department, $2,832.24; War Department, $326,939.19; In all, $3,548,882.67, together with such additional sum as may be necessary to pay interest, costs and amounts measured by interest in the case of David McC. Shearer, numbered 41829, as and where specified in such judgment.

(b) None of the judgments contained under this caption shall be paid until the right of appeal shall have expired except such as have become final and conclusive against the United States by failure of the parties to appeal or otherwise.

Audited Claims

Sec. 204. For the payment of claims certified to be due by the General Accounting Office under appropriations the balances of which have been carried to the surplus fund under the provisions of section 5 of the Act of June 20, 1874 (31 U. S. C. 713), and under appropriations heretofore treated as permanent, being for the service of the fiscal year 1942 and prior years, unless otherwise stated, and which have been certified to Congress under section 2 of the Act of July 7, 1884 (5 U. S. C. 266), as fully set forth in House Document Numbered 88, and Senate Document Numbered 24, Seventy-ninth Congress, there are appropriated the sums of $2,697,740.06, together with such additional sum due to increases in rates of exchange as may be necessary to pay claims in the foreign currency and interest as specified in certain of the settlements of the General Accounting Office, to be disbursed and accounted for as a single fund, and $615,075.44 payable from postal revenues, in all, $3,312,815.50.
SEC. 205. For the payment of claims allowed by the General Accounting Office pursuant to the Act entitled "An Act for the relief of officers and soldiers of the volunteer service of the United States mustered into service for the War with Spain, and who were held in service in the Philippine Islands after the ratification of the treaty of peace, April 11, 1899", approved May 2, 1940 (Public Act Numbered 505, Seventy-sixth Congress), and which have been certified to the Seventy-ninth Congress under section 2 of the Act of July 7, 1884 (5 U. S. C. 266), under the War Department in House Document Numbered 83, $770.78.

TITLE III—GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 301. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used to pay the salary or wages of any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided, That for the purposes hereof an affidavit shall be considered prima facie evidence that the person making the affidavit does not advocate, and is not a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided further, That any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence and accepts employment the salary or wages for which are paid from any appropriation contained in this Act shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than $1,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both: Provided further, That the above penal clause shall be in addition to, and not in substitution for, any other provision of existing law.

SEC. 302. This Act may be cited as the "First Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1945".

Approved April 25, 1945.

[CHAPTER 97]

AN ACT

To extend to June 30, 1946, the period during which females may be employed in the District of Columbia for more than eight hours a day, or forty-eight hours a week, under temporary permits.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 1 of the Act entitled "An Act to regulate the hours of employment and safeguard the health of females employed in the District of Columbia", approved February 24, 1914, as amended (D. C. Code, title 36, Supp. III, sec. 36-301), is amended by striking out "June 30, 1945" and inserting in lieu thereof "June 30, 1946".

Approved April 27, 1945.

[CHAPTER 98]

AN ACT

To extend the life of the Smaller War Plants Corporation.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first sentence of section 4 (d) of the Act entitled "An Act to mobilize the productive facilities of small business in the interests of successful prosecution of the war, and for other purposes", approved June 11, 1942, as amended, is amended to read as follows: "The Corporation..."
shall not have succession beyond December 31, 1946, except for purposes of liquidation, unless its life is extended beyond such date pursuant to an Act of Congress."

Sec. 2. (a) Section 4 (c) of such Public Law 603 is amended to read as follows:

"(c) The management of the Corporation shall be vested in a board of five directors who shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, from among individuals who are familiar with the problems of small business. The President shall designate one of the members as chairman."

(b) Notwithstanding the amendment made by subsection (a) of this section, the members of the board of directors of the Smaller War Plants Corporation holding office at the time of the enactment of this Act shall continue in office until five members have been appointed pursuant to section 4 (c) of such Public Law 603 as amended by this section.

Approved April 27, 1945.

[CHAPTER 99] AN ACT

To amend an Act entitled "An Act to establish standard weights and measures for the District of Columbia; to define the duties of the Superintendent of Weights, Measures, and Markets, of the District of Columbia; and for other purposes", approved March 3, 1921, as amended.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to establish standard weights and measures for the District of Columbia; to define the duties of the Superintendent of Weights, Measures, and Markets, of the District of Columbia; and for other purposes", approved March 3, 1921, as amended, is hereby further amended as follows:

Strike out section 3 of said Act and insert in lieu thereof the following:

"Sec. 3. That the Superintendent and, under his direction, his assistants and inspectors, shall have exclusive power to perform all the duties provided in this Act. They shall, at least every six months, and oftener when the Superintendent thinks proper; inspect, test, try, and ascertain whether or not they are correct, all weights, scales, beams, measures of every kind, instruments or mechanical devices for weighing or measuring, and all tools, appliances, or accessories connected with any or all such instruments or mechanical devices for weighing or measuring used or employed in the District of Columbia by any owner, agent, lessee, or employee in determining the weight, size, quantity, extent, area, or measurement of quantities, things, produce, or articles of any kind offered for transportation, sale, barter, exchange, hire, or award, or the weight of persons for a charge or compensation, and shall approve and seal, stamp, or mark, in the manner prescribed by the Commissioners, such devices or appliances as conform to the standards kept in the office of the Superintendent, and shall seize and destroy or mark, stamp, or tag with the word `condemned' such as do not conform to the standards, and shall also mark the date of such condemnation upon the same. Any weight, scale, beam, measure, weighing or measuring device of any kind which shall be found to be unsuitable for the purpose for which it is intended to be used or of defective construction or material shall be condemned. No person shall use or, having the same under his control, shall permit to be used for any of the purposes enumerated in this Act any weight, scale, beam, measure, weighing or measuring device whatsoever unless the same has been approved in accordance with the provisions of this
Act within six months prior to such use, or that does not conform to the standards kept in the office of the Superintendent of Weights, Measures, and Markets, or that does not bear the approval seal, stamp, or mark prescribed by the Commissioners, or which, having been condemned, has not thereafter been approved as provided in this Act.

"Any person who shall acquire or have in his possession after the passage of this Act any scale, weighing instrument, or nonportable measure or measuring device, subject to inspection or test under the provisions of this Act, which has not been approved in accordance with the provisions of this Act within six months prior to acquisition or possession and which does not bear the approval seal, stamp, or mark prescribed by the Commissioners, shall notify the Superintendent in writing at his office, giving a general description thereof, and the street and number or other location where same may be found, and it shall be the duty of the Superintendent to cause the same to be inspected and tested within a reasonable time after receipt of such notice. Any person who shall acquire or have in his possession after the passage of this Act any portable measure or measuring device, subject to inspection or test under the provisions of this Act, which has not been approved in accordance with the provisions of this Act within six months prior to acquisition or possession and which does not bear the approval seal, stamp, or mark prescribed by the Commissioners shall cause the same to be taken to the office of the Superintendent for inspection and test.

"Every peddler, hawker, huckster, transient merchant, or other person with no fixed or established place of business shall, before using any weight, scale, measure, weighing or measuring device for any of the purposes enumerated in this Act, cause the same to be taken to the office of the Superintendent for inspection and test semi-annually, and shall not use for the purposes herein mentioned any weight, scale, measure, weighing or measuring device which has not been approved within six months prior to the time of such use, and does not bear the approval seal, stamp, or mark prescribed by the Commissioners."

SEC. 2. Insert at the end of section 7 the following:

-No person shall charge or collect for any commodity or commodities a sum greater than the price or prices indicated or quoted at the time of sale. No person shall charge, collect, or accept any money unless he shall have delivered or attempted to deliver substantially the quantity for which he shall not have agreed to deliver. When a whole number or fraction, or both, are used in representing the price or quantity of any commodity, thing, or service offered or exposed for sale, such number or combination of numbers shall be of such size as to indicate clearly the price or quantity of such commodity, thing, or service."

SEC. 3. Strike out section 11 of said Act and insert in lieu thereof the following:

"Sec. 11. That it shall be unlawful to sell or offer for sale in the District of Columbia any coal, charcoal, or coke in any manner other than by weight. No person shall sell or deliver or attempt to deliver to any purchaser within the District of Columbia any coal, charcoal, or coke unless the quantity so sold or delivered or attempted to be delivered to each purchaser shall have been weighed separately. No person shall deliver to any purchaser within the District of Columbia any coal, charcoal, or coke unless the same shall have been kept separated from any other coal, charcoal, coke, or other commodity after same has been weighed as aforesaid until final delivery thereof.

"No person shall deliver or attempt to deliver any coal, charcoal, or coke in a quantity of one-fourth of a ton or more without accompanying the same by a delivery ticket and a duplicate thereof, the
original of which shall be in ink or indelible substance, on each of
which shall be clearly and distinctly expressed the following
information:

"(a) The gross weight of the load, the tare weight of the delivery
vehicle, and the net weight of the coal, charcoal, or coke expressed
in pounds avoirdupois;

"(b) The name of the owner and location of the scale on which
the coal, charcoal, or coke shall have been weighed;

"(c) Name and address of the seller and of the purchaser; and

"(d) The name of the person who weighed said coal, charcoal,
or coke.

"Upon demand of the Superintendent or any of his assistants or
inspectors upon the person in charge of the vehicle of delivery, the
original of these tickets shall be surrendered to the official making
such demand. The duplicate ticket shall be delivered to the pur-
chaser of said coal, charcoal, or coke, or to his agent or representa-
tive, at the time of delivery of such coal, charcoal, or coke. Upon demand
of the Superintendent or any of his assistants or inspectors, or of the
purchaser or intended purchaser, his agent, or representative, the
person delivering such coal, charcoal, or coke shall convey the same
forthwith to a public scale, owned and operated as hereinafter pro-
vided, or to any legally approved private scale in the District of
Columbia, the owner of which may consent to its use, and shall
permit the verifying of the weight, and after the delivery of such
coal, charcoal, or coke shall return forthwith with the wagon, truck,
or other vehicle used to the same scale and permit to be verified the
weight of the wagon, truck or other vehicle.

"When coal, charcoal, or coke is sold in quantities of one-fourth
ton or more, it shall be sold in quantities of one-fourth ton, one-half
ton, one ton, or in multiples of a ton. When coal, charcoal, or coke
is sold in quantities of less than one-fourth ton, it shall be weighed
at the time of delivery or sold in packages containing one hundred
pounds, fifty pounds, twenty-five pounds, fifteen pounds, or ten
pounds. No package of coal, charcoal, or coke shall be made for
sale, kept for sale, offered for sale, exposed for sale, or sold unless it
shall have distinctly and conspicuously printed on the outside thereof
in plain bold-face type, not smaller than thirty-six point, the name of
the commodity, the quantity of contents in pounds, and the name and
address of the maker of said package. When coal, charcoal, or coke
is sold and delivered in packages, no delivery ticket shall be required.

"No coal, charcoal, or coke shall be sold which contains at the time
the weight is taken more water or other liquid substance than is due
to the natural condition of the coal, charcoal, or coke.

"Every vendor of coal, charcoal, or coke shall cause his name and
address to be distinctly and conspicuously displayed in letters and
figures at least four inches high on both sides of every vehicle used
by or for him for the sale or delivery of coal, charcoal, or coke. In
case of an estate, the trustee, administrator, or executor, or other per-
son in charge of the affairs of such estate shall be deemed to be the
vendor."

SEC. 4. Strike out section 14 of said Act and insert in lieu thereof
the following:

"Sec. 14. That bottles or jars used for the sale of milk or cream
shall be of the capacity of one gallon, half gallon, three pints, one
quart, one pint, half pint, or one gill. Such bottles or jars shall have
clearly blown or otherwise permanently marked in the side of each
such bottle or jar or printed on the cap or stopple the name and
address of the person, firm, or corporation who or which shall have
bottled such milk or cream. Any person who uses, for the purpose
of selling milk or cream, bottles or jars which do not comply with the requirements of this section shall be deemed guilty of using false measure."

SEC. 5. Insert after section 22 of said Act the following new section:

"SEC. 22¼. The Superintendent of Weights, Measures, and Markets is further authorized to make purchases of food in connection with the investigation and detection of sales of food by misrepresentation or false advertising in violation of the Act entitled 'An Act to prevent fraudulent advertising in the District of Columbia', approved May 29, 1916; and there are hereby authorized to be appropriated annually such sums as may be necessary for carrying out the purposes of this section."

SEC. 6. Strike out the last sentence of section 19 of said Act and insert in lieu thereof the following: "All fish, meat, poultry, meat products, lard, lard substitutes, butter, butter substitutes, and cheese shall be sold by avoirdupois weight."

SEC. 7. Strike out section 28 of said Act and insert in lieu thereof the following:

"SEC. 28. That the Commissioners are hereby authorized and empowered to make such regulations as may be necessary for the control, regulation, and supervision of all markets owned by the District of Columbia and that the Superintendent, under the direction of the Commissioners, shall have supervision of all produce and other markets owned by the District of Columbia, shall enforce such regulations regarding the operation of the same as the Commissioners may make, shall make such investigations regarding the sale, distribution, or prices of commodities in the District of Columbia as the Commissioners may direct, and shall make reports and recommendations in connection therewith."

Approved April 27, 1945.
[CHAPTER 101]

AN ACT

To amend the Code of Laws of the District of Columbia by adding a new section 548a, and providing for the recording of veterans’ discharge certificates.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Code of Laws of the District of Columbia, approved March 3, 1901, be amended by adding thereto the following new section:

"SEC. 548a. The recorder shall also receive for record and record all certificates of service and certificates of discharge of persons released from active duty in or discharged from the armed forces of the United States, for which no fee shall be charged or collected, but the record of any certificate authorized by this section to be recorded shall not constitute constructive notice of the existence or contents of such certificate. For making certified copies of any of the foregoing certificates from the records in the office of the recorder the usual fees shall be charged."

Approved April 27, 1945.

[CHAPTER 102]

AN ACT

To amend section 14 of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for commitments to, maintenance in, and discharges from the District Training School, and for other purposes", approved March 3, 1925, and to amend section 15 thereof, as amended.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 14 of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for commitments to, maintenance in, and discharges from the District Training School, and for other purposes", approved March 3, 1925, and section 15 thereof, as amended, be amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 14. If the order for admission is as a public patient, and it shall appear then or at any time thereafter that the patient has an estate out of which the Government may be reimbursed for his maintenance, in whole or in part, the court shall order the payment out of such estate of the whole or such part of the cost of maintenance of said patient at said institution as it shall deem just, regard being had for the needs of those having a legal right to support out of said estate, which said order shall remain in full force and effect unless modified by the court. Upon the death of such feeble-minded person while an inmate at such institution or within five years after discharge therefrom, his estate shall be liable to the District of Columbia for the cost of his maintenance at said institution, and the claim of the District of Columbia shall be a preferred claim.

"SEC. 15. If the order for admission is as a public patient and the court at any time finds that the patient has not an estate out of which the District of Columbia may be fully reimbursed for his maintenance, the father, mother, husband, wife, and adult children of such feeble-minded person, if of sufficient ability, shall pay the cost to the District of Columbia of his maintenance at the District Training School, at Laurel, Maryland. The Commissioners of the District of Columbia may petition the District Court of the United States for the District of Columbia, at any time during the commitment of such feeble-minded person to said institution, to direct any such relative or relatives to
pay the District of Columbia, in whole or in part, for his maintenance at said institution: Provided, That in no case shall any such relative or relatives be required to pay more than the actual cost to the District of Columbia of the maintenance of such feeble-minded person.

"If the District Court of the United States for the District of Columbia finds that any such relative or relatives is or are able to pay for the maintenance of such feeble-minded person, in whole or in part, it may make an order requiring payment by any such relative or relatives of such sum or sums as it may find he or they are reasonably able to pay and as may be necessary to provide for the maintenance of such feeble-minded person. Said order shall require the payment of such sum or sums to the Collector of Taxes of the District of Columbia annually, semiannually, quarterly, or monthly, as the court may direct. It shall be the duty of the said Collector of Taxes to collect the said sum or sums due under this section and section 14, and turn the same into the Treasury of the United States to the credit of the District of Columbia. If any such relative or relatives made liable for the maintenance of such feeble-minded person shall fail to provide or pay for such maintenance, in accordance with the order of court, the court shall issue to such relative or relatives a citation to show cause why he or they should not be adjudged in contempt. The citation shall be served at least ten days before the hearing thereon.

"Any such order may be enforced against any property of any such relative or relatives made liable for the maintenance of such feeble-minded person, in the same way as if it were an order for temporary alimony in a divorce case.

"Upon the death of any such relative ordered by the court to pay for the maintenance of such feeble-minded person in whole or in part, the estate of such relative shall be liable to the District of Columbia for the unpaid amount due the District of Columbia under said order of court at the time of the death of said relative, and the claim of the District of Columbia shall be a preferred claim against such estate."

Approved April 28, 1945.

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AN ACT
Relating to escapes of prisoners of war and interned enemy aliens.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That whoever procures the escape of any prisoner of war held by the United States or any of its allies, or the escape of any person apprehended or interned as an enemy alien by the United States or any of its allies, or advises, counsels, or assists in such escape, or aids, relieves, transports, harbors, conceals, shelters, protects, holds correspondence with, gives intelligence to, or otherwise assists any such prisoner of war or enemy alien, after his escape from custody, knowing him to be such prisoner of war or enemy alien, or attempts to commit or conspires to commit any of the above acts, shall be fined not more than $10,000, or imprisoned for not more than ten years, or both. The provisions of this Act shall be in addition to and not in substitution for any other provision of law.

Approved April 30, 1945.
To enable the Department of State, pursuant to its responsibilities under the Constitution and statutes of the United States, more effectively to carry out its prescribed and traditional responsibilities in the foreign field; to strengthen the Foreign Service permitting fullest utilization of available personnel and facilities of other departments and agencies and coordination of activities abroad of the United States under a Foreign Service for the United States unified under the guidance of the Department of State.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. It is the purpose of Congress to enable the Department of State, pursuant to its responsibilities under the Constitution and statutes of the United States, more effectively to carry out its prescribed and traditional responsibilities in the foreign field; to strengthen the Foreign Service permitting fullest utilization of available personnel and facilities of other departments and agencies and coordination of activities abroad of the United States under a Foreign Service for the United States unified under the guidance of the Department of State.

SEC. 2. That section 1 of the Act entitled "An Act for the grading and classification of clerks in the Foreign Service of the United States of America, and providing compensation therefor", as amended, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"SECTION 1. The administrative, fiscal, and clerical personnel of the Foreign Service of the United States of America shall be graded and classified as follows, and shall receive, within the limitation of such appropriations as the Congress may make, the basic compensation specified, and shall, within the salary range indicated, be entitled to administrative promotions in compensation which shall be made in accordance with the laws prescribing promotion of civil-service personnel as respects the administrative groups and under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of State may prescribe for senior and junior clerks:

"Administrative officers: Class I, $4,600 to $5,600; class II, $3,800 to $4,600; class III, $3,500 to $4,100.

"Administrative assistants: Class I, $3,200 to $3,800; class II, $2,900 to $3,500; class III, $2,600 to $3,200.

"Clerks: Class I, senior clerks, $2,300 to $2,900; class II, junior clerks, all clerks whose compensation as fixed by the Secretary of State is less than $2,300 per annum."

SEC. 3. That section 3 of the Act of February 23, 1931, as amended, is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 3. The Secretary of State is hereby authorized to grant at all posts, allowances for living quarters, heat, light, fuel, gas, and electricity, and at posts where in his judgment it is required by the public interests for the purpose of meeting the unusual or excessive costs of living ascertained by him to exist, to grant post allowances to clerks assigned there and also to other employees of the Foreign Service of the United States who are American citizens, within such appropriations as Congress may make for said purpose: Provided, That all such allowances shall be accounted for to the Secretary of State in such manner and under such rules and regulations as the President may prescribe, and the authorization and approval of such expenditures by the Secretary of State as complying with such rules and regulations shall be binding upon all officers of the Government: Provided, however, That all such allowances and the reasons therefor shall be reported to the Congress with the annual budget."

SEC. 4. That paragraph (a) of section 10 of the Act of February 23, 1931, as amended, is hereby amended to read:
"SEC. 10. (a) The officers in the Foreign Service of the United States shall hereafter be graded and classified as follows, with the salaries of each class herein affixed thereto, except as increases in salaries are authorized in section 33 of this Act:

"Ambassadors and Ministers, as now or hereafter provided; Foreign Service officers as follows: Class I, $9,000 to $10,000; class II, $8,000 to $8,900; class III, $7,000 to $7,900; class IV, $6,000 to $6,900; class V, $5,000 to $5,900; class VI, $4,500 to $4,900; class VII, $4,000 to $4,400; class VIII, $3,500 to $3,900; unclassified, $2,500 to $3,400: Provided, however, That as many Foreign Service officers above class VI as may be required for purposes of inspection may be detailed by the Secretary of State for that purpose."

"SEC. 5. That section 10 of the Act of February 23, 1931, is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph (c):

"SEC. 10. (c) The Secretary of State is hereby authorized to assign for special duty as officers of the Foreign Service for nonconsecutive periods of not more than four years, qualified persons holding positions in the Department of State, and, at his request, qualified persons holding positions in any other department or agency of the United States who have rendered not less than five years of Government service, and persons so assigned shall be eligible during the periods of such assignment to receive the allowances authorized by the provisions of section 19 of this Act. Persons assigned under the authority of this section shall be eligible to receive all benefits provided by civil-service law and regulation in the same manner and subject to the same conditions as though they were serving in their regular civil-service positions and upon termination of their assignment shall be reinstated in the respective department or agency from which loaned. The salaries and allowances of such persons shall notwithstanding the provisions of any other law, be paid throughout the periods of such assignments from the appropriations provided for the Department of State."

"SEC. 6. Section 14 of the Act of February 23, 1931, is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 14. That the Secretary of State is directed to report from time to time to the President, along with his recommendations, the names of those Foreign Service officers who by reason of efficient service have demonstrated special capacity for promotion to the grade of minister or ambassador and the names of those Foreign Service officers and clerks and officers and employees in the Department of State who by reason of efficient service, an accurate record of which shall be kept in the Department of State, have demonstrated special efficiency, and also the names of persons found upon taking the prescribed examination to have fitness for appointment to the Service, and any Foreign Service officers who may hereafter be promoted to a higher class within the classification prescribed in section 10 of this Act, as amended, shall have the status and receive the compensation attaching to such higher class from the date stated in his commission as the effective date of his promotion to such higher class."

"SEC. 7. Section 16 of the Act of February 23, 1931, is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 16. That every secretary, consul general, consul, vice consul, or Foreign Service officer and, if required, any other officer or employee of the Foreign Service or of the Department of State before he enters upon the duties of his office shall give to the United States a bond in such form and in such penal sum as the Secretary of State shall prescribe, with such sureties as the Secretary of State
shall approve, conditioned without division of penalty for the true
and faithful performance of his duties, including (but not by way
of limitation) certifying vouchers for payment, accounting for, pay-
ing over, and delivering up of all fees, moneys, goods, effects, books,
records, papers, and other property that shall come to his hands or
to the hands of any other person to his use as such officer or employee
under any law now or hereafter enacted and for the true and faithful
performance of all other duties now or hereafter lawfully imposed
upon him as such officer or employee, and such bond shall be con-
structed to be conditioned for the true and faithful performance of all
official duties of whatever character now or hereafter lawfully
imposed upon him, or by him assumed incident to his employment
as an officer or employee of the Government: Provided, That not-
withstanding any other provisions of law, upon approval of any
bond given pursuant to this Act, the principal shall not be required
to give another separate bond conditioned for the true and faithful
performance of only a part of the duties for which the bond given
pursuant to this Act is conditioned: Provided further, That the
operation of no existing bond of a Foreign Service officer or vice
consul shall in any way be impaired by the provisions of sections
1-23, 23f-23l, title 22, of the United States Code: Provided further,
That the bond of a Foreign Service officer shall be construed to be
conditioned for the true and faithful performance of all acts of
such officer incident to his office regardless of whether commissioned
as diplomatic, consular, or Foreign Service officer. The bonds herein
mentioned shall be deposited with the Secretary of the Treasury:
Provided further, That nothing herein contained shall be deemed to
obviate the necessity of furnishing any bond which may be required
pursuant to the provisions of the Subsistence Expense Act of 1926,
as amended."

Sec. 8. Section 19 of the Act of February 23, 1931, is amended to
read as follows:

"Sec. 19. Under such regulations as the President may prescribe
and within the limitations of such appropriations as may be made
therefor, which appropriations are authorized, ambassadors, minis-
ters, diplomatic, consular and Foreign Service officers may be granted
allowances for living quarters, heat, light, fuel, gas, and electricity;
for representation; and also post allowances wherever the cost of
living may be proportionately so high that in the opinion of the Sec-
retary of State such allowances are necessary to enable such diplo-
matic, consular, and Foreign Service officers to carry on their work
efficiently: Provided, That all such allowances shall be accounted for
to the Secretary of State in such manner and under such rules and
regulations as the President may prescribe and the authorization and
approval of such expenditures by the Secretary of State as complying
with such rules and regulations shall be binding upon all officers of
the Government: Provided further, That the Secretary of State shall
report all such expenditures annually to the Congress with the Budget
estimates of the Department of State." 

Sec. 9. Section 21 of the Act of February 23, 1931, is amended to
read as follows:

"Sec. 21. That any Foreign Service officer may be assigned for
duty in the Department of State or in any department or agency of
the Government in the discretion of the Secretary of State without
loss of class or salary, such assignment to be for a period of not more
than three years unless the public interest demands further service, when such assignment may be extended for a period not to exceed one year, upon completion of which four-year assignment and reassignment to the field, he may not again be assigned for duty in the Department of State or in any other department or agency of the Government until the expiration of at least three years of field duty. Any ambassador or minister, or any Foreign Service officer of whatever class, detailed for duty in connection with trade conferences, or international gatherings, congresses, or conferences, or for other special duty not at his post or the Department of State, except temporarily for purposes of consultation, shall be paid his salary and expenses of travel and subsistence at the rates prescribed by law.

SEC. 10. Section 31 of the Act of February 23, 1931, is amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 31. There shall be in the Department of State a Board of Foreign Service Personnel for the Foreign Service, whose duty it shall be to recommend promotions in the Foreign Service and to furnish the Secretary of State with lists of Foreign Service officers who have demonstrated special capacity for promotion to the grade of Minister or Ambassador. The Board shall be composed of not more than three Assistant Secretaries of State, one of whom shall be the Assistant Secretary of State having supervision over the Division of Foreign Service Personnel and who shall be Chairman, an officer of the Department of Commerce designated by the Secretary of Commerce and acceptable to the Secretary of State, and an officer of the Department of Agriculture designated by the Secretary of Agriculture and acceptable to the Secretary of State. The officer of the Department of Commerce shall sit as a member of the Board only when nominations and assignments of commercial attaches, the selection or assignment of Foreign Service officers for specialized training in commercial work or other matters of interest to the Department of Commerce are under consideration; the officer of the Department of Agriculture shall sit as a member of the Board only when nominations and assignments of agricultural attaches, the selection or assignment of Foreign Service officers for specialized training in agricultural work or other matters of interest to the Department of Agriculture are under consideration. The Chief of the Division of Foreign Service Personnel of the Department of State and one other member of that Division may attend the meetings of the Board and one of them shall act as secretary but they shall not be entitled to vote at its proceedings. No Foreign Service officer below class I shall be assigned as Chief of the Division of Foreign Service Personnel, nor shall such officer be given any authority except of a purely advisory character over promotions, demotions, transfers, or separations from the service of Foreign Service officers. The Director of the Office of the Foreign Service shall be assigned from among officers of the Foreign Service, but no Foreign Service officer below class I shall be so assigned."

SEC. 11. Revised Statutes 1699, 1700, and 1701 are hereby repealed.

SEC. 12. Section 7 of the Act of February 5, 1915 (38 Stat. 807), restricting the transaction of business by diplomatic officers, shall apply, with the exception of consular agents, to all officers and employees of the Foreign Service.

Approved May 3, 1945.
AN ACT

Making appropriations for the Executive Office and sundry independent executive bureaus, boards, commissions, and offices, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Executive Office and sundry independent executive bureaus, boards, commissions, and offices, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, namely:

TITLE I

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

COMPENSATION OF THE PRESIDENT

For compensation of the President of the United States, $75,000.

THE WHITE HOUSE OFFICE

Salaries and expenses: For all expenses necessary for The White House Office, including compensation of the Secretary to the President, the two additional secretaries to the President and the six administrative assistants to the President at $10,000 each, and other personal services in the District of Columbia; not to exceed $4,050 for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364); automobiles; printing and binding; and travel and official entertainment expenses of the President, to be accounted for on his certificate solely; $312,588: Provided, That employees of the departments and independent establishments of the executive branch of the Government may be detailed from time to time to The White House Office for temporary assistance.

EXECUTIVE MANSION AND GROUNDS

For the care, maintenance, repair and alteration, refurnishing, improvement, heating and lighting, including electric power and fixtures of the Executive Mansion and the Executive Mansion grounds, and traveling expenses, to be expended as the President may determine, notwithstanding the provisions of any other Act, $150,000.

BUREAU OF THE BUDGET

Salaries and expenses: For all expenses necessary for the work of the Bureau of the Budget, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, contract stenographic reporting services, traveling expenses, lawbooks, books of reference, newspapers and periodicals, teletype news service (not exceeding $800), maintenance, repair, and operation of three passenger-carrying automobiles for official use, not to exceed $540 for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364), and not to exceed $35,000 for temporary employment of persons or organizations by contract or otherwise without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes, or the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, $2,162,257. For printing and binding, $60,000.
National defense activities: For all necessary expenses of the Bureau of the Budget in the performance of activities relating to the national defense, including all the objects for which the appropriation “Salaries and expenses, Bureau of the Budget” is available, and including the temporary employment (not exceeding $12,500) of persons or organizations by contract or otherwise, without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes and the Classification Act of 1923, as amended; and the employment of persons, including State, county, or municipal officers and employees, with or without compensation, $445,300: Provided, That upon the expiration of sixty days after the cessation of hostilities between the United States and the principal enemy powers or after the date of an armistice between the United States and the principal enemy powers, this appropriation shall cease to be available for obligations unless Congress shall otherwise provide by law.

No part of the appropriations herein made to the Bureau of the Budget shall be used for the maintenance or establishment of more than four regional, field, or any other offices outside the District of Columbia.

INDependent Offices

American Battle Monuments Commission

For all expenses necessary for the work of the American Battle Monuments Commission authorized by the Act of March 4, 1923 (36 U. S. C. 121-138), and by Executive Order 6614 of February 26, 1934, including the acquisition of land or interest in land in foreign countries for carrying out the purposes of said Act and Executive Order without submission to the Attorney General of the United States under the provisions of section 355 of the Revised Statutes (34 U. S. C. 520; 40 U. S. C. 255); employment of personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; purchase and repair of uniforms for caretakers of national cemeteries and monuments in Europe at a cost not exceeding $500; travel expenses; not to exceed $15 for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364); rent of office and garage space in foreign countries which may be paid in advance; the maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles which may be furnished to the Commission by other departments of the Government or acquired by purchase; printing, binding, engraving, lithographing, photographing, and typewriting, including the publication of information concerning the American activities, battlefields, memorials, and cemeteries in Europe; transfer of household goods and effects as provided by the Act of October 10, 1940, and regulations promulgated thereunder, and, when ordered or approved by the Commission, expenses of travel of dependents of employees when transferred from one official station to another, and the temporary transfer of employees by the Commission between places in foreign countries or between foreign countries and the United States, including transfers incident thereto, or, in the case of new appointments, transfer from place of appointment, may, if ordered or approved by the Commission, be regarded as a transfer from one official station to another for permanent duty for the purpose of authorizing the payment of travel of dependents and for the purposes of said Act of October 10, 1940, and regulations promulgated thereunder; and the purchase of maps, textbooks, newspapers and periodicals; $40,000: Provided, That notwithstanding the requirements of existing laws or regulations, and under such terms and conditions as the Commission may in its discretion deem necessary and proper, the Commission may contract for
work, supplies, materials, and equipment in Europe and engage, by
contract or otherwise, the services of architects, firms of architects,
and other technical and professional personnel. Provided further,
That when traveling on business of the Commission, officers of the
Army serving as members or as secretary of the Commission may
be reimbursed for expenses as provided for civilian members of the
Commission: And provided further, That the Commission may dele-
gate to its chairman, secretary, or officials in charge of either its
Washington or Paris offices, under such terms and conditions as it
may prescribe, such of its authority as it may deem necessary and
proper.

AMERICAN COMMISSION FOR THE PROTECTION AND
SALVAGE OF ARTISTIC AND HISTORIC MONUMENTS
IN WAR AREAS

For all expenses necessary for completing the work of the Amer-
ican Commission for the Protection and Salvage of Artistic and His-
toric Monuments in War Areas in performing its functions, as
described in the letter of the Secretary of State, approved by the
President, June 23, 1943, as amended, including the employment of
persons, without regard to citizenship, in the District of Columbia
and elsewhere; not to exceed $15,000 for the temporary employment
of persons or organizations by contract or otherwise without regard
to the civil service and classification laws or section 3709 of the
Revised Statutes; travel expenses, purchase of books of reference,
periodicals, and newspapers; not to exceed $80 for deposit in the
general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail as required by
section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364); and printing
and binding; $40,000.

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION

Salaries and expenses: For all expenses necessary for the work of
the Civil Service Commission, including personal services in the Dis-
trict of Columbia; not to exceed $3,750 for employment of expert
examiners not in the Federal service on special subjects for which
examiners within the service are not available; medical examinations;
contract stenographic reporting services; traveling expenses, includ-
ing those of examiners acting under the direction of the Commission,
and expenses of examinations and investigations held in Wash-
ington and elsewhere; witness fees and mileage, including fees to
deponents and persons taking depositions, at rates paid in the courts
of the United States; rental of equipment; not to exceed $10,000 for
purchase and exchange of lawbooks, books of reference, newspapers,
and periodicals; not to exceed $200 for payment in advance for
library membership in societies whose publications are available to
members only or to members at a price lower than to the general
public; charts; gloves and other protective equipment for photostat
and other machine operators; maintenance, and repair of motor-
trucks, motorcycles, and bicycles; not to exceed $217,000 for printing
and binding; $8,673,882, of which not to exceed $350,000 shall be avail-
able for reimbursement to the Veterans Administration for services
rendered the Commission in connection with physical examinations
of applicants for and employees in the Federal classified service; not
to exceed $90,000 for performing the duties imposed upon the Civil
Service Commission by the Act of July 19, 1940 (54 Stat. 767); not
to exceed $237,600 for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury
for cost of penalty mail as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 304); and not to exceed $3,000 for actuarial services by contract, without regard to section 3709, Revised Statutes: Provided, That no details from any executive department or independent establishment in the District of Columbia or elsewhere to the Commission’s central office in Washington or to any of its regional offices shall be made during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, but this shall not affect the making of details for service as members of the boards of examiners outside the immediate offices of the regional directors, nor shall it affect the making of details of persons qualified to serve as expert examiners on special subjects: Provided further, That the Civil Service Commission shall have power in case of emergency to transfer or detail any of its employees to or from its office or field force.

Salaries and expenses, national defense: For all necessary expenses of the Civil Service Commission in connection with the recruitment and placement of civilian personnel required in connection with emergencies affecting the national security and defense, including personal services in the District of Columbia: traveling expenses; and other items otherwise properly chargeable to appropriations of the Civil Service Commission for salaries and expenses and not to exceed $42,136 for printing and binding, $6,032,000: Provided, That upon the expiration of sixty days after the cessation of hostilities between the United States and the principal enemy powers or after the date of an armistice between the United States and the principal enemy powers, this appropriation shall cease to be available for obligations unless Congress shall otherwise provide by law.

No part of the appropriations herein made to the Civil Service Commission shall be available for the salaries and expenses of the Legal Examining Unit in the Examining and Personnel Utilization Division of the Commission, established pursuant to Executive Order Numbered 9338 of July 1, 1943.

PANAMA CANAL CONSTRUCTION ANNUITY FUND

Panama Canal construction annuity fund: For payment of annuities authorized by the Act of May 28, 1944 (Public Law 319), $1,443,000, together with the unexpended balance of the appropriation under this head for the fiscal year 1945.

CIVIL-SERVICE RETIREMENT AND DISABILITY FUND

For financing of the liability of the United States, created by the Act entitled “An Act for the retirement of employees in the classified civil service, and for other purposes”, approved May 22, 1920, and Acts amendatory thereof (38 U. S. C. 11), $245,000,000, which amount shall be placed to the credit of the “civil-service retirement and disability fund”.

CANAL ZONE RETIREMENT AND DISABILITY FUND

For financing of the liability of the United States, created by the Act entitled “An Act for the retirement of employees of the Panama Canal and the Panama Railroad Company, on the Isthmus of Panama, who are citizens of the United States”, approved March 2, 1931, and Acts amendatory thereof (48 U. S. C. 1371n), $1,177,000, which amount shall be placed to the credit of the “Canal Zone retirement and disability fund”.

ALASKA RAILROAD RETIREMENT AND DISABILITY FUND

For financing of the liability of the United States created by the Act entitled "An Act for the retirement of employees of the Alaska Railroad, Territory of Alaska, who are citizens of the United States", approved June 29, 1936 (49 Stat. 2017), $217,000, which amount shall be placed to the credit of the "Alaska Railroad retirement and disability fund".

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

Salaries and expenses: For salaries and expenses of the Federal Communications Commission in performing the duties imposed by the Communications Act of 1934, approved June 19, 1934 (48 Stat. 1064), the Ship Act of 1910, approved June 24, 1910, as amended (46 U. S. C. 484–487), the International Radiotelegraphic Convention (45 Stat., pt. 2, p. 2760), Executive Order 3513, dated July 9, 1921, as amended under date of June 30, 1934, relating to applications for submarine cable licenses, and the radiotelegraphy provisions of the Convention for Promoting Safety of Life at Sea, ratified by the President July 7, 1936, including personal services, contract stenographic reporting services, rental of quarters, newspapers, periodicals, reference books, lawbooks, special counsel fees, supplies and equipment, improvement and care of grounds and repairs to buildings (not to exceed $10,000), purchase (not to exceed five), maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles for official use in the field, travel expenses (not to exceed $61,380), not to exceed $14,400 for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364), reimbursements to ships of the United States for charges incurred by such ships in transmitting information in compliance with section 357 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, $2,554,400, of which amount not to exceed $1,585,650 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

Printing and binding: For printing and binding for the Federal Communications Commission, 21,000.

Salaries and expenses, national defense: For all expenses necessary to enable the Federal Communications Commission, without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes, to perform its functions related to national defense, including radio monitoring and foreign broadcast analysis, including all of the items of expenditure for which the appropriation "Salaries and expenses, Federal Communications Commission", is available; not to exceed $40,000 for the temporary employment of persons or organizations, by contract or otherwise, without regard to the civil-service and classification laws and, in the case of language or other experts, without regard to any requirements of this Act with respect to citizenship, where citizens qualified to perform such work are not available; and not to exceed $33,800 for printing and binding, $2,430,000: Provided, That upon the expiration of sixty days after the cessation of hostilities between the United States and the principal enemy powers or after the date of an armistice between the United States and the principal enemy powers, this appropriation shall cease to be available for obligations unless Congress shall otherwise provide by law.

FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION

Not to exceed $3,308,412 of the funds of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, established by the Banking Act of 1933 and section 101 of the Banking Act of 1935, as amended (12 U. S. C. 264), shall be available during the fiscal year 1946 for administrative expenses of
the Corporation in connection with the above Acts and the administra-
tion of the Federal Credit Union Act as amended (12 U. S. C. 1751-1771), in accordance with Executive Order 9148 of April 27, 1942; including personal services and rent in the District of Colum-
bia; printing and binding; lawbooks and books of reference; rental
of news services; periodicals and newspapers; not to exceed $75,000
for temporary employment of persons or organizations by contract
or otherwise for legal or other special services, including audits, with-
out regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes and the civil-service
and classification laws; uniforms and equipment for guards; and not
to exceed $14,290 for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for
cost of penalty mail as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28,
1944 (Public Law 364); Provided, That all expenses of the Corpo-
ration in connection with the protection of depositors by making of
loans or purchases of assets or the payment of insured depositors, or
the collection, liquidation, management, or protection pending liquid-
ation of assets of insured banks by the Corporation as receiver,
pledgee, or purchaser, shall be considered as nonadministrative
expenses for the purposes hereof: Provided further, That notwith-
standing any other provisions of law except for the limitations in
amounts hereinabove specified, the administrative expenses, and all
other expenses and obligations of the Corporation shall be incurred.
allowed, and paid in accordance with the provisions of said Banking
Act of 1933, as amended.

FEDERAL POWER COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For all expenses necessary for the work of the Federal Power
Commission as authorized by law except for the work authorized by
the Act of June 28, 1938, authorizing the construction of certain pub-
lic works on rivers and harbors for flood control, and for other pur-
poses (33 U. S. C. 701a), including traveling expenses; contract
stenographic reporting services; hire, maintenance, repair, and opera-
tion of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, including not
more than one such vehicle for general administrative use in the Dis-
trict of Columbia; and not exceeding $5,000 for purchase and ex-
change of lawbooks, books of reference, newspapers, and period-
icals, $9,572,000; of which amount not to exceed $7,315,991 shall be
available for personal services in the District of Columbia exclusive
of not to exceed $20,000, which may be expended for consultants and
special counsel.

Flood-control surveys: For all expenses necessary for the work of
the Federal Power Commission as authorized by the provisions of
the Act of June 28, 1938 (52 Stat. 1215), including travel expenses;
contract stenographic reporting services; $135,000, of which amount
not to exceed $85,000 shall be available for personal services in the
District of Columbia.

National defense activities: For all necessary expenses (except
printing and binding) to enable the Federal Power Commission to
perform additional activities in connection with the national security
and defense, including activities under the provisions of the Federal
Power Act, and activities in connection with the War Department
for the protection of the electric power and gas supplies against
hostile acts, such expenses to include all items of expenditure for
which the appropriations under the heading "Salaries and expenses,
Federal Power Commission," are available, $110,000: Provided, That
the Commission may make expenditures in addition to the foregoing,
for duties connected with the national security and defense, from
Availability of funds, limitation

other appropriations available to it: Provided, That upon the expiration of sixty days after the cessation of hostilities between the United States and the principal enemy powers or after the date of an armistice between the United States and the principal enemy powers, this appropriation shall cease to be available for obligations unless Congress shall otherwise provide by law.

For all printing and binding for the Federal Power Commission, including engraving, lithographing, and photolithographing, $48,000.

For deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail of the Federal Power Commission as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364), $4,500.

**FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION**

Salaries and expenses: For salaries and expenses of the Federal Trade Commission, including personal services in the District of Columbia; contract stenographic reporting services; supplies and equipment, lawbooks, books of reference, periodicals, garage rentals; traveling expenses; newspapers not to exceed $500, foreign postage; not to exceed $4,500 for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364); and witness fees and mileage in accordance with section 9 of the Federal Trade Commission Act; $1,897,833, of which not less than $171,673 shall be available for the enforcement of the Wool Products Labeling Act: Provided, That no part of the funds appropriated herein for the Federal Trade Commission shall be expended upon any investigation hereafter provided by concurrent resolution of the Congress until funds are appropriated subsequently to the enactment of such resolution to finance the cost of such investigation.

For all printing and binding for the Federal Trade Commission, $44,000.

**FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY**

**OFFICE OF THE ADMINISTRATOR**

Salaries and expenses: For salaries and expenses in the Office of the Administrator in the District of Columbia, including the salary of a general counsel at $10,000 per annum; printing and binding (not to exceed $4,000); purchase (including exchange) of lawbooks and other books of reference, purchase of newspapers and periodicals (not to exceed $150); preparation, shipment, and installation of photographic displays, exhibits, and other descriptive materials; travel expenses; not to exceed $4,000 for the temporary employment of persons or organizations by contract or otherwise, for special services determined by the Administrator to be necessary, without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes, and civil-service and classification laws, $271,651: Provided, That the Federal Works Administrator may, under such rules and regulations as he shall prescribe, authorize the Commissioner of Public Roads and the Commissioner of Public Buildings to make appointments of personnel for such administrations.

Public works advance planning: For carrying out the provisions of title V of the War Mobilization and Reconversion Act of 1944, $17,500,000, to be immediately available, of which not to exceed 3 per centum shall be available for administrative expenses necessary therefor, to be immediately available and to remain available until June 30, 1946, including salary for not to exceed one position at $10,000 per annum; personal services and rent in the District of Columbia; printing and binding; purchase and exchange of lawbooks and books
of reference; purchase (not exceeding five) and repair, maintenance, and operation of passenger automobiles; and travel expenses (not to exceed $20,000).

Virgin Islands public works: To enable the Federal Works Administrator to carry out the functions vested in him by, and in accordance with the provisions of, the Act of December 20, 1944 (Public Law 510), $150,000, to be immediately available.

For deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail of the Federal Works Agency as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364), $25,767.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS ADMINISTRATION

For carrying into effect the provisions of the Public Buildings Acts, as provided in section 6 of the Act of May 30, 1908 (31 U. S. C. 683), and for the repair, preservation, and upkeep of all completed public buildings under the control of the Federal Works Agency, the mechanical equipment and the grounds thereof, and sites acquired for buildings, and for the operation of certain completed and occupied buildings under the control of the Federal Works Agency, including furniture and repairs thereof, but exclusive, with respect to operation, of buildings of the United States Coast Guard, of hospitals, quarantine stations, and other Public Health Service buildings, mints, bullion depositories, and assay offices, and buildings operated by the Treasury and Post Office Departments in the District of Columbia:

General administrative expenses: For architectural, engineering, mechanical, administrative, clerical, and other personal services; traveling expenses, printing and binding (not to exceed $32,000), advertising, testing instruments, lawbooks, books of reference, periodicals, and such other contingencies, articles, services, equipment, or supplies as the Commissioner of Public Buildings may deem necessary in connection with any of the work of the Public Buildings Administration; ground rent of the Federal buildings at Salamanca, New York, and Columbus, Mississippi, for which payment may be made in advance, $1,335,710, of which not to exceed $638,540 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia and not to exceed $513,500 for personal services in the field: Provided, That the foregoing appropriations shall not be available for the cost of surveys, plaster models, progress photographs, test pits and borings, or mill and shop inspections, but the cost thereof shall be construed to be chargeable against the construction appropriations of the respective projects to which they relate.

Repair, preservation, and equipment, outside the District of Columbia: For repairs, alterations, improvement, and preservation, including personal services employed therefor, of completed Federal buildings, the grounds and approaches thereof, wharves, and piers, together with the necessary dredging adjacent thereto, and care and safeguarding, not otherwise provided for, of sites acquired for Federal buildings, including tools and materials for the use of the custodial and mechanical force, wire partitions and insect screens, installation and repair of mechanical equipment, gas, and electric-light fixtures, conduits, wiring, platform scales, and tower clocks; vaults and lockbox equipment in all buildings completed and occupied, and for necessary safe equipments in buildings under the administration of the Federal Works Agency, including repairs thereto, and changes in, maintenance of, and repairs to the pneumatic-tube system in New York City established under franchise of the city of New York, approved June 29, 1909, and June 11, 1928, and the payment of any obligations arising thereunder in accordance with

Post, p. 638.
58 Stat. 627.
58 Stat. 294.
Post, p. 638.
Maintenance.
58 Stat. 537.
Administrative expenses.

Surveys, models, etc.
Buildings, etc., outside D. C.

Maintenance.

Pneumatic-tube system, New York City.
Limitation.

Kennebunkport, Maine, Mural for post office.

Public buildings and grounds, D. C., Salaries and expenses.

Use of present furniture.

Public buildings and grounds outside D. C., Salaries and expenses.

Use of present furniture.

Per diem employees.

Communication services.

the provisions of the Acts approved August 5, 1909 (36 Stat. 120), and May 15, 1928 (45 Stat. 533), $6,000,000: Provided, That the total expenditures for the fiscal year for the repair and preservation of buildings not reserved by the vendors on sites acquired for buildings or the enlargement of buildings and the installation and repair of the mechanical equipment thereof shall not exceed 20 per centum of the annual rental of such buildings: Provided further, That the Commissioner of Public Buildings may, in his discretion, upon such terms and conditions as he may deem to be in the public interest, with the approval of the Federal Works Administrator, accept on behalf of the United States for installation in the United States Post Office Building at Kennebunkport, Maine, a mural, contributed by public-spirited citizens of the town of Kennebunkport, Maine, depicting, historically, the shipbuilding and seafaring activities of that community.

Salaries and expenses, public buildings and grounds in the District of Columbia and adjacent area: For administration, protection, maintenance, and improvement of public buildings and grounds in the District of Columbia and the area adjacent thereto, maintained and operated by the Public Buildings Administration, including the National Archives Building; repair, preservation, and equipment of buildings operated by the Treasury and Post Office Departments in the District of Columbia; rent of buildings; demolition of buildings; expenses incident to moving various executive departments and establishments in connection with the assignment, allocation, transfer, and survey of building space; traveling expenses and carfare; leather and rubber articles and gas masks for the protection of public property and employees; furnishings and equipment; arms and ammunition for the guard force; purchase, repair, and cleaning of uniforms for guards and elevator conductors; $25,495,000: Provided, That all furniture now owned by the United States in other public buildings or in buildings rented by the United States shall be used, so far as practicable, whether or not it corresponds with the present regulation plan for furniture.

Salaries and expenses, public buildings and grounds outside the District of Columbia: For operation, protection, and maintenance, including cleaning, heating, lighting, rental of buildings and equipment, supplies, materials, furnishings and equipment, personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, arms, ammunition, leather and rubber articles, and gas masks for the protection of public property and employees, purchase of uniforms for guards and elevator conductors, expenses incident to moving Government agencies in connection with the assignment, allocation and transfer of building space, the restoration of leased premises, and every expenditure requisite for and incidental to such maintenance and operation of public buildings and grounds outside of the District of Columbia maintained and operated by the Public Buildings Administration, $11,500,000: Provided, That all furniture now owned by the United States in other public buildings or in buildings rented by the United States shall be used, so far as practicable, whether or not it corresponds with the present regulation plan for furniture.

Under the appropriations for salaries and expenses, public buildings and grounds in and outside the District of Columbia, per diem employees may be paid at rates approved by the Commissioner of Public Buildings, not exceeding current rates for similar services in the place where such services are employed, and such employees in emergencies may be entered on duty subject to confirmation by the Federal Works Administrator.

The appropriations for salaries and expenses, public buildings and grounds in and outside the District of Columbia, shall be available
for communication services serving one or more governmental activities, and for services to motor vehicles, and where such services, together with quarters, maintenance or other services are furnished on a reimbursable basis to any governmental activity, such activity shall make payment therefor promptly by check upon the request of the Public Buildings Administration, either in advance or after the service has been furnished, for deposit to the credit of the applicable appropriation, of all or part of the estimated or actual cost thereof, as the case may be, proper adjustment upon the basis of actual cost to be made for services paid for in advance.

In the prosecution of construction projects or planning programs assigned to the Public Buildings Administration for which funds are provided by direct appropriation or transferred under authority contained in section 35 of the Act of June 15, 1938 (40 U.S.C. 265), an amount administratively determined as necessary for the payment of salaries and expenses of personnel engaged upon the preparation of plans and specifications, field supervision, and general office expense, may be transferred and consolidated on the books of the Treasury Department into a special account for direct expenditure in the prosecution of said work, such expenditures to be subsequently allocated and reported upon by projects in accordance with procedures prescribed by the General Accounting Office.

For the establishment of a working capital fund, $50,000, without fiscal year limitation, for the payment of salaries and other expenses necessary to the operation of a central blueprinting, photostating, and duplicating service; said fund to be reimbursed in order to insure continuous operation, from available funds of constituents of the Federal Works Agency, or of any other Federal agency for which services are performed, at rates to be determined by the Public Buildings Administration on the basis of estimated or actual charges for personal services, materials, equipment (including maintenance, repair, and depreciation on existing as well as new equipment) and other expenses: Provided, That at the close of each fiscal year any excess of funds resulting from such operation, after making adequate provision for the replacement of mechanical and other equipment and for accrued annual leave of employees engaged in this work by the establishment of reserves therefor, shall be covered into the Treasury of the United States as miscellaneous receipts.

PUBLIC ROADS ADMINISTRATION

General administrative expenses: For the employment of persons and means, including rent, advertising (including advertising in the city of Washington for work to be performed in areas adjacent thereto), printing and binding (not to exceed $27,000), purchase (including exchange) of lawbooks, books of reference and periodicals, purchase of fifty passenger automobiles, and the preparation, distribution, and display of exhibits, in the city of Washington and elsewhere for the purpose of conducting research and investigational studies, either independently or in cooperation with State highway departments, or other agencies, including studies of highway administration, legislation, finance, economics, transport, construction, operation, maintenance, utilization, and safety, and of street and highway traffic control; investigations and experiments in the best methods of road making, especially by the use of local materials; and studies of types of mechanical plants and appliances used for road building and maintenance, and of methods of road repair and maintenance suited to the needs of different localities; for maintenance and repairs of experimental highways; for furnishing expert advice on these subjects; for collating, reporting, and illustrating the results of same;
and for preparing, publishing, and distributing bulletins and reports; to be paid from any moneys available from the administrative funds provided under the Act of July 11, 1916, as amended (23 U. S. C. 21), or as otherwise provided.

**FEDERAL-AID HIGHWAY SYSTEM**

For carrying out the provisions of "An Act to provide that the United States shall aid the States in the construction of rural post roads, and for other purposes", as amended (23 U. S. C. 1–117), to be expended in accordance with the provisions of said Act, as amended, including not to exceed $1,133,300 for departmental personal services in the District of Columbia, $25,000,000, to be immediately available and to remain available until expended, which sum is a part of the amount authorized to be appropriated for the fiscal year 1943 by section 1 of the Act approved September 5, 1940 (Public Law 780): Provided, That none of the money herein appropriated shall be paid to any State on account of any project on which convict labor shall be employed, except this provision shall not apply to convict labor performed by convicts on parole or probation: Provided further, that, during the fiscal year 1946, whenever performing authorized engineering or other services in connection with the survey, construction, and maintenance, or improvement of roads for other Government and State cooperating agencies the charge for such services may include depreciation on engineering and road-building equipment used, and the amounts received on account of such charges shall be credited to the appropriation concerned: Provided further, That during the fiscal year 1946 the appropriations for the work of the Public Roads Administration shall be available for meeting the expenses of warehouse maintenance and the procurement, care, and handling of supplies, materials, and equipment stored therein for distribution to projects under the supervision of the Public Roads Administration, and for sale and distribution to other Government activities and State cooperating agencies, the cost of such supplies and materials or the value of such equipment (including the cost of transportation and handling) to be reimbursed to appropriations current at the time additional supplies, materials, or equipment are procured, from the appropriation chargeable with the cost or value of such supplies, materials, or equipment: Provided further, That the appropriations available to the Public Roads Administration may be used in emergency for medical supplies and services and other assistance necessary for the immediate relief of employees engaged on hazardous work under that Administration, and (not exceeding $15,000) for the temporary employment, by contract or otherwise, of technical consultants and experts without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes, and civil-service and classification laws.

**INTER-AMERICAN HIGHWAY**

For all necessary expenses to enable the President to utilize the services of the Public Roads Administration in fulfilling the obligations of the United States under the Convention on the Pan-American Highway Between the United States and Other American Republics, signed at Buenos Aires, December 23, 1936, and proclaimed September 16, 1937 (51 Stat. 152), for the continuation of cooperation with several governments, members of the Pan American Union, in connection with the survey and construction of the Inter-American Highway as provided in public resolution, approved March 4, 1929 (Public Resolution 104), as amended or supplemented, and for performing engineering service in pan-American countries for and upon the request of any
agency or governmental corporation of the United States, $100,000 to be derived from the administrative funds provided under the Act of July 11, 1916, as amended or supplemented (23 U.S.C. 21), or as otherwise provided.

For surveys in connection with and the construction of the Inter-American Highway, in accordance with the provisions of the Act approved December 26, 1941 (Public Law 375), and necessary expenses incident thereto without regard to section 3708, Revised Statutes, $1,000,000, to be immediately available and to remain available until expended: Provided, That no part of the appropriation made in this paragraph for use in any cooperating country shall be available for obligation or expenditure unless said cooperating country executes a written agreement that it will impose no restrictions on the use of the highway, nor levy directly or indirectly any tax or charge for such use, by traffic or vehicles from any other country that do not apply with equal force to the like use of the highway by traffic or vehicles of the cooperating country.

FEDERAL-AID SECONDARY OR FEEDER ROADS

For secondary or feeder roads, including farm-to-market roads, rural-free-delivery mail roads, and public-school bus routes, $3,000,000, to be immediately available and to remain available until expended, which sum is a part of the amount authorized to be appropriated for the fiscal year 1942, by section 2 of the Act approved September 5, 1940 (Public Law 780).

ELIMINATION OF GRADE CROSSINGS

For the elimination of hazards to life at railroad grade crossings, including the separation or protection of grades at crossings, the reconstruction of existing railroad grade-crossing structures, and the relocation of highways to eliminate grade crossings, $6,000,000, to be immediately available and to remain available until expended, which sum is a part of the amount authorized to be appropriated for the fiscal year 1941, by section 3 of the Act approved June 8, 1938.

STRATEGIC HIGHWAY NETWORK

For carrying out projects to correct critical deficiencies in lines of the strategic network of highways and bridges, in accordance with the provisions of section 4 of the Defense Highway Act of 1941 (23 U.S.C. 104), $10,000,000, to be immediately available and to remain available during the continuance of the emergency declared by the President on May 27, 1941.

ACCESS ROADS

For the construction, maintenance, and improvement of access roads and for replacing existing highways and highway connections as described in, and in accordance with the provisions of, sections 6 and 9 of the Defense Highway Act of 1941, as amended by the Act approved July 2, 1942 (23 U.S.C. 106), $35,000,000, to be immediately available and to remain available during the continuance of the emergency declared by the President on May 27, 1941.

SURVEYS AND PLANS

For advance engineering surveys and plans for future development of the strategic network of highways and bypasses around and extension into and through municipalities and metropolitan areas,
in accordance with the provisions of section 9 of the Defense Highway Act of 1941 (23 U. S. C. 109), $3,000,000, to be immediately available and to remain available during the continuance of the emergency declared by the President on May 27, 1941.

Any of the foregoing appropriations for general or administrative expenses under the Federal Works Agency shall be available for the maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles in the District of Columbia and in the field.

FOREIGN-SERVICE PAY ADJUSTMENT

Foreign-service pay adjustment, appreciation of foreign currencies: For carrying into effect the provisions of the Act approved March 26, 1934 (5 U. S. C. 118c), $950,000.

GENERAL ACCOUNTING OFFICE

Salaries: For personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, $31,750,000.

Miscellaneous expenses: For all expenses necessary for the work of the General Accounting Office, including travel expenses; procurement and exchange of lawbooks and books of reference, and not to exceed $100 for periodicals; maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, $1,894,700, of which not to exceed $40,500 shall be available for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364).

For all printing and binding for the General Accounting Office, including monthly and annual editions of selected decisions of the Comptroller General of the United States, $235,000.

Investigations for, and detail of assistants to, committees of Congress: In order to enable the Comptroller General, as authorized in section 312(b) of the Budget and Accounting Act, 1921, to make investigations and reports ordered by either House of Congress or by any committee of either House having jurisdiction over revenue, appropriations, or expenditures, and to furnish, through assistants from his office, to such committees, at their request, any aid or information so requested, including the employment, in the District of Columbia or elsewhere, of necessary personnel for such purposes, and including salaries, contingent expenses, and necessary travel, $67,980.

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

General administrative expenses: For salaries and expenses necessary in the execution of laws to regulate commerce, including one chief counsel, one director of finance, and one director of traffic, at $10,000 each per annum, field hearings, traveling expenses, and contract stenographic reporting services, $2,769,400, of which amount not to exceed $2,488,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia, exclusive of special counsel, for which the expenditure shall not exceed $50,000; not exceeding $5,000 for purchase and exchange of necessary books, reports, newspapers, and periodicals.

Regulating accounts: To enable the Interstate Commerce Commission to enforce compliance with section 20 and other sections of the Interstate Commerce Act as amended by the Act approved June 29, 1906, the Transportation Act, 1920 (49 U. S. C. 20), and the Transportation Act of 1940, including the employment of necessary special
accounting agents or examiners, and traveling expenses, $400,000, of
which amount not to exceed $112,000 may be expended for personal
services in the District of Columbia.

Safety of employees: To enable the Interstate Commerce Commissi-
on to keep informed regarding and to enforce compliance with Acts
prohibiting the safety of employees and travelers upon railroads; the
Act requiring common carriers to make reports of accidents and author-
ing investigations thereof; and to enable the Interstate Commerce
Commission to investigate and test appliances intended to promote
the safety of railway operation, as authorized by the Joint Resolu-
tion approved June 30, 1906 (45 U. S. C. 35), and the provision of the
Sundry Civil Act approved May 27, 1908 (45 U. S. C. 36, 37), to
investigate, test experimentally, and report on the use and need of any
appliances or systems intended to promote the safety of railway opera-
tion, inspectors, and for traveling expenses, $550,000, of which amount
not to exceed $92,000 may be expended for personal services in the
District of Columbia.

Signal safety systems: For all authorized expenditures under section
25 of the Interstate Commerce Act, as amended by the Transportation
Act, 1920, the Act of August 26, 1937 (49 U. S. C. 26), and the Trans-
portation Act of 1940, with respect to the provision thereof under
which carriers by railroad subject to the Act may be required to install
automatic train-stop or train-control devices which comply with speci-
fications and requirements prescribed by the Commission, including
investigations and tests pertaining to block-signal and train-control
systems, as authorized by the Joint Resolution approved June 30, 1906
(45 U. S. C. 35), and including the employment of the necessary engi-
neers, and for traveling expenses, $178,000, of which amount not to
exceed $35,000 may be expended for personal services in the District
of Columbia.

Locomotive inspection: For all authorized expenditures under the
provisions of the Act of February 17, 1911, entitled "An Act to pro-
mote the safety of employees and travelers upon railroads by compel-
ing common carriers engaged in interstate commerce to equip their
locomotives with safe and suitable boilers and appurtenances thereto"
(45 U. S. C. 22), as amended by the Act of March 4, 1915, extending
"the same powers and duties with respect to all parts and appurtenances
of the locomotive and tender" (45 U. S. C. 30), and amendment of
June 7, 1924 (45 U. S. C. 27), providing for the appointment from
time to time by the Interstate Commerce Commission of not more
than fifteen inspectors in addition to the number authorized in the
first paragraph of section 4 of the Act of 1911 (45 U. S. C. 26), and
the amendment of June 27, 1930 (45 U. S. C. 24, 26), including such legal,
technical, stenographic, and clerical help as the business of the offices
of the director of locomotive inspection and his two assistants may
require and for traveling expenses, $500,000, of which amount not to
exceed $73,000 may be expended for personal services in the District
of Columbia.

Valuation of property of carriers: To enable the Interstate Com-
merce Commission to carry out the objects of the Act entitled "An
Act to amend an Act entitled 'An Act to regulate commerce',
approved February 4, 1887, and all Acts amendatory thereof, by
providing for a valuation of the several classes of property of carriers
subject thereto and securing information concerning their stocks,
bonds, and other securities", approved March 1, 1913, as amended
by the Act of June 7, 1922 (49 U. S. C. 19a), and by the "Emergency
Railroad Transportation Act, 1933" (49 U. S. C. 19a), including
traveling expenses, $388,319.
Motor transport regulation: For all authorized expenditures necessary to enable the Interstate Commerce Commission to carry out the provisions of part II of the Interstate Commerce Act and section 5, part I, of the Interstate Commerce Act insofar as applicable to common carriers subject to part II (Transportation Act of 1940), including one director at $10,000 per annum and other personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; traveling expenses; supplies; services and equipment; not to exceed $1,000 for purchase and exchange of books, reports, newspapers, and periodicals; contract stenographic reporting services; maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles; not to exceed $3,000 for the purchase of evidence in connection with investigations of apparent violations of said Act, $2,502,619: Provided, That Joint Board members may use Government transportation requests when traveling in connection with their duties as Joint Board members.

For all printing and binding for the Interstate Commerce Commission, including not to exceed $17,000 to print and furnish to the States, at cost, blank annual report forms of common carriers, and the receipts from such sales shall be credited to this appropriation, $130,000.

For deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail of the Interstate Commerce Commission as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364), $27,000.

Salaries and expenses, emergency: For necessary expenses, including traveling expenses, to enable the Interstate Commerce Commission, for the purpose of promoting the national security and defense, to adopt measures for preventing shortages of railroad equipment and congestion of traffic, and expediting the movement of cars by railroads through terminals, and related activities, $281,000.

NATIONAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE FOR AERONAUTICS

For necessary salaries and expenses of the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics, including contracts for personal services in the making of special investigations and reports; traveling expenses of members and employees, including the cost of a compartment or such other accommodation as may be authorized by the Chairman for security when authorized personnel are required to transport secret documents or hand baggage containing highly technical and valuable equipment; periodicals and books of reference; equipment, maintenance, and operation of the Langley Memorial Aeronautical Laboratory, the Ames Aeronautical Laboratory, and the aircraft engine research laboratory at Cleveland, Ohio; purchase and maintenance of cafeteria equipment; maintenance and operation of aircraft, including aircraft borrowed from the Army and Navy; maintenance and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles; not to exceed $286,871 for personal services in the District of Columbia, including one Director of Aeronautical Research at not to exceed $10,000 per annum; not to exceed $3,468 for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364); and not to exceed $2,500 for temporary employment of consultants, at not to exceed $50 per diem, by contract or otherwise, without regard to the civil-service and classification laws; in all, $25,999,393.

For all printing and binding for the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics, including all of its offices, laboratories, and services located in Washington, District of Columbia, and elsewhere, $15,000.
NATIONAL ARCHIVES

Salaries and expenses: For salaries and expenses of the Archivist and The National Archives; including personal services in the District of Columbia; scientific, technical, first-aid, protective, and other apparatus and materials for the arrangement, titling, scoring, repair, processing, editing, duplication, reproduction, and authentication of photographic and other records (including motion-picture and other films and sound recordings) in the custody of the Archivist; purchase and exchange of books, including lawbooks, books of reference, maps, and charts; contract stenographic reporting services; purchase of newspapers and periodicals; not to exceed $100 for payment in advance when authorized by the Archivist for library membership in societies whose publications are available to members only or to members at a price lower than to the general public; not to exceed $2,700 for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364); travel expenses; exchange of scientific and technical apparatus; and maintenance, operation, and repair of one passenger-carrying motor vehicle, $913,934.

Printing and binding: For all printing and binding, $7,000.

NATIONAL CAPITAL HOUSING AUTHORITY

For the maintenance and operation of properties under title I of the District of Columbia Alley Dwelling Authority Act, $14,700: Provided, That all receipts derived from sales, leases, or other sources shall be covered into the Treasury of the United States monthly.

For deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail of the National Capital Housing Authority as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364), $2,700.

NATIONAL CAPITAL PARK AND PLANNING COMMISSION

For all expenses necessary for the National Capital Park and Planning Commission in connection with the acquisition of land for the park, parkway, and playground system of the National Capital, as authorized by section 4 of the Act of May 29, 1930 (46 Stat. 485), including personal services; technical services, including real estate appraisers, by contract or otherwise, at rates of pay or fees not to exceed those usual for similar services elsewhere and without regard to the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, and section 3709 of the Revised Statutes; purchase of options and other costs incident to the acquisition of land; not to exceed $59 for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail, for the fiscal year 1946, as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364); and operation and maintenance of passenger-carrying vehicles; $393,994, to be immediately available and to remain available until expended.

NATIONAL HOUSING AGENCY

OFFICE OF THE ADMINISTRATOR

Salaries and expenses: In addition to the amounts available by or pursuant to law (which shall be transferred to this authorization) for the administrative expenses of the Office of the Administrator, National Housing Agency, in carrying out duties imposed by or pursuant to law, such amounts, not exceeding $400,000, as the Administrator determines are required for the expenses of the Office of the Administrator in the performance of administrative and supervisory services relating to the constituent units of said
Temporary employment.


Administrative expenses.

49 Stat. 1447.

42 Stat. 20.
31 U. S. C. § 1;
Supp. IV, § 16 et seq.

Consolidation of functions; transfer of funds.

Savings.

Report to Congress.

58 Stat. 394.

FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANK ADMINISTRATION

Salaries and expenses: Not to exceed a total of $7,490,127, to be derived from the same sources as the funds made available for administrative expenses of the Federal Home Loan Bank Administration, including the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation and the Home Owners' Loan Corporation, by the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1943, shall be available during the fiscal year 1946 for administrative expenses of the Federal Home Loan Bank Administration (Executive Order 9070 of February 24, 1942), which term and the term Administration, wherever used herein,
shall unless otherwise qualified include and apply to said corporations
but shall be exclusive of any corporation organized in pursuance of
authority contained in the Act of May 16, 1918 (40 Stat. 550), and
any amendments thereof, including personal services in the District
of Columbia and elsewhere; travel expenses, in accordance with the
Standardized Government Travel Regulations and the Act of June 3,
1926, as amended (5 U. S. C. 821-833); printing and binding; law-
books, books of reference, and not to exceed $1,250 for periodicals
and newspapers; rent in the District of Columbia; maintenance, repair,
and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles; use
of the services and facilities of the Federal home-loan banks, Federal
Reserve banks, and agencies of the Government, including the use of
services and facilities within the Administration; the amounts so
derived to be credited upon the books of the Treasurer of the United
States in such account or accounts as the Administration may deter-
mine, and the Administration in its discretion may utilize the facili-
ties of the Division of Disbursement of the Treasury Department for
the disbursement of funds in or derived from such account or accounts
relating to said corporations: Provided, That (1) all necessary
expenses in connection with the liquidation of insured institutions;
(2) all necessary expenses (including services performed on a force
account, contract or fee basis, but not including other personal
services) in connection with the acquisition, protection, operation,
maintenance, improvement, or disposition of real or personal prop-
erty belonging to the Home Owners' Loan Corporation or in which
it has an interest; and (3) all necessary expenses (including services
performed on a contract or fee basis, but not including other personal
services) in connection with the handling, including the purchase,
sale, and exchange, of securities on behalf of Federal home-loan
banks, and the sale, issuance, and retirement of, or payment of inter-
est on, debentures or bonds, under the Federal Home Loan Bank Act,
as amended, shall be considered as nonadministrative expenses for
the purposes hereof: Provided further, That except as herein other-
wise provided, the administrative expenses and other obligations of
the Administration shall be incurred, allowed, and paid in accordance
with the provisions of the Federal Home Loan Bank Act of July 22,
1932, as amended (12 U. S. C. 1421-1449), the Home Owners' Loan
Act of 1933, as amended (12 U. S. C. 1461-1468), and title IV of the
National Housing Act of June 27, 1934, as amended (12 U. S. C.
1724-1730).

FEDERAL HOUSING ADMINISTRATION

Salaries and expenses: In addition to the amounts available by or
pursuant to law (which shall be transferred to this authorization)
for the administrative expenses of the Federal Housing Administra-
tion in carrying out duties imposed by or pursuant to law, not to
exceed $10,250,000 of the various funds of the Federal Housing
Administration as follows, (1) the mutual mortgage insurance
fund, (2) the housing insurance fund, (3) the account in the
Treasury comprised of funds derived from premiums collected
under authority of section 2 (f), title I of the National Housing
Act, as amended (12 U. S. C. 1701), and (4) the war housing
insurance fund shall be available for expenditure, in accordance with
the provisions of said Act for the administrative expenses of the
Federal Housing Administration, including: Personal services in the
District of Columbia; travel expenses, in accordance with the Stan-
ardized Government Travel Regulations and the Act of June 3, 1926,
as amended (5 U. S. C. 821-833), but there may be allowed, in addi-
tion to mileage at a rate not to exceed 4 cents per mile for travel by
motor vehicle, reimbursement for the actual cost of ferry fares and
bridge, road, and tunnel tolls, and employees engaged in the inspection of property, servicing of loans, or the liquidation of delinquent accounts, may be paid an allowance not to exceed 4 cents per mile for all travel performed in privately owned automobiles within the limits of their official posts of duty when such travel is performed in connection with such inspection, servicing, or liquidation; printing and binding; lawbooks, books of reference, and not to exceed $1,500 for periodicals and newspapers; not to exceed $1,500 for contract actuarial services; maintenance, repair, and operation of two motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles; and rent in the District of Columbia: Provided, That all necessary expenses of the Administration (including services performed on a contract or fee basis, but not including other personal services) in connection with the acquisition, protection, completion, operation, maintenance, improvement, or disposition of real or personal property of the Administration acquired under authority of titles I, II, and VI of said National Housing Act, shall be considered as nonadministrative expenses for the purposes hereof; Provided further, That, except as herein otherwise provided, the administrative expenses and other obligations, including nonadministrative expenses, of the Administration shall be incurred, allowed, and paid in accordance with the provisions of said Act of June 27, 1934, as amended (12 U.S.C. 1701).

Payment of losses: Not to exceed $2,500,000 of the funds (after allowance for salaries and expenses as authorized under the heading, "Salaries and expenses, National Housing Agency, Federal Housing Administration") in the account in the Treasury comprised of premiums collected under authority of section 2 (f), title I, of said Act, shall be available for the payment of losses under insurance granted under section 2 and section 6, title I, of said Act.

FEDERAL PUBLIC HOUSING AUTHORITY

Salaries and expenses: In addition to the amounts available by or pursuant to law for the administrative expenses of the Federal Public Housing Authority in carrying out duties imposed by or pursuant to law, and not to exceed $96,200 of the funds of the Defense Homes Corporation available for its administrative expenses (all of which are hereby merged with this authorization), not to exceed $2,200,000 of the funds of said Authority derived from its operations under the Act of September 1, 1937, as amended (42 U.S.C. 1401), shall be available for all necessary administrative expenses of said Authority, including personal services and rent in the District of Columbia; maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles; temporary employment of persons or organizations, by contract or otherwise, for legal or other special services, without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes and the civil-service and classification laws; reimbursement for the actual cost of ferry fares and bridge, road, and tunnel tolls; printing and binding; purchase of lawbooks, books of reference, and periodicals; and photographing equipment: Provided, That all necessary expenses of providing representatives of the Authority at the sites of non-Federal projects in connection with the construction of such non-Federal projects by public housing agencies with the aid of the Authority, shall be reimbursed or paid by such agencies, and expenditures by the Authority for such purpose shall be considered nonadministrative expenses, and funds received from such payments or reimbursements may be used only for the payment of all necessary expenses of providing representatives of the Authority at the sites of non-Federal projects or for administrative expenses of the Authority not in excess of the amount authorized by the Congress.
Annual contributions:For the payment of annual contributions to public housing agencies in accordance with section 10 of the United States Housing Act of 1937, as amended (42 U. S. C. 1410), $7,600,000, together with the unexpended balance of the appropriation for this purpose for the fiscal year 1945: Provided, That except for payments required on contracts entered into prior to April 18, 1940, no part of this appropriation shall be available for payment to any public housing agency for expenditure in connection with any low-rent housing project, unless the public housing agency shall have adopted regulations prohibiting as a tenant of any such project by rental or occupancy any person other than a citizen of the United States.

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

For salaries and expenses, including personal services in the District of Columbia, of the Securities and Exchange Commission in performing the duties imposed by law or in pursuance of law, including employment of experts when necessary; contract stenographic reporting services; purchase and exchange of lawbooks, books of reference, directories, and periodicals; not to exceed $1,000 for the purchase of newspapers; travel expenses; garage rental; foreign postage; mileage and witness fees; rental of equipment; operation, maintenance, and repair of one motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicle; not to exceed $13,500 for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364); and purchase of rubber gloves; $4,100,000.

For all printing and binding for the Securities and Exchange Commission, $43,000.

SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION

Salaries and expenses: For all salaries and expenses necessary for continuing preservation, exhibition, and increase of collections from the surveying and exploring expeditions of the Government and from other sources; for the system of international exchanges between the United States and foreign countries; for anthropological researches among the American Indians; and the natives of Hawaii and the excavation and preservation of archeological remains; for maintenance of the Astrophysical Observatory, including assistants, and making necessary observations in high altitudes; and for the administration of the National Collection of Fine Arts; including personal services in the District of Columbia; traveling expenses; not to exceed $4,536 for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364); printing and binding, not exceeding $88,500, of which not to exceed $12,000 shall be available for printing the report of the American Historical Association; purchase, repair, and cleaning of uniforms for guards and elevator conductors; repairs and alterations of buildings and approaches; not exceeding $5,500 for preparation of manuscripts, drawings, and illustrations for publications; and not exceeding $6,500 for purchase of books, pamphlets, and periodicals, $1,054,061.

Salaries and expenses, National Gallery of Art: For the upkeep and operation of the National Gallery of Art, the protection and care of the works of art therein, and all administrative expenses incident thereto, as authorized by the Act of March 24, 1937 (50 Stat. 51), as amended by the public resolution of April 13, 1939 (Public Resolution 9, Seventy-sixth Congress), including personal services in the District...
of Columbia (except as otherwise provided in sec. 4 (c) of such Act); traveling expenses; not to exceed $1,742 for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364); periodicals, newspapers, law-
books (not to exceed $150), and books of reference; not to exceed $250 for payment in advance when authorized by the treasurer of the Gallery for membership in library museum, and art associations or societies whose publications or services are available to members only, or to members at a price lower than to the general public; purchase, repair, and cleaning of uniforms for guards and elevator operators; leather and rubber articles and gas masks for the protection of public property and employees; not to exceed $8,000 for printing and binding; maintenance, repair, and operation of one passenger-carrying automobile; purchase or rental of devices and services for protecting buildings and contents thereof; and maintenance and repair of build-

ings, approaches, and grounds; $583,207: Provided, That section 3709 of the Revised Statutes, or the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, shall not apply to the restoration and repair of works of art for the National Gallery of Art, the cost of which shall not exceed $15,000.

**TARIFF COMMISSION**

For salaries and expenses of the Tariff Commission, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, traveling expenses not to exceed $16,200, purchase and exchange of lawbooks, books of reference, gloves and other protective equipment for photo-

stat and other machine operators, subscriptions to newspapers and periodicals not to exceed $2,250, contract stenographic reporting ser-

vices, as authorized by sections 330 to 341 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U. S. C. 1330-1341), and not to exceed $900 for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364), $823,410: Provided. That no part of this appropriation shall be used to pay the salary of any member of the Tariff Commission who shall hereafter participate in any proceedings under sections 336, 337, and 338 of the Tariff Act of 1930, wherein he or any member of his family has any special, direct, and pecuniary interest, or in which he has acted as attorney or special representative.

For all printing and binding for the Tariff Commission, $10,000.

**TENNESSEE VALLEY AUTHORITY**

For the purpose of carrying out the provisions of the Tennes-

see Valley Authority Act of 1933, as amended (16 U. S. C. ch. 12A.), including the continued construction of Kentucky Dam at Gilberts-

town, Kentucky; and construction of South Holston Dam and Watauga Dam; and the acquisition of necessary land, the clearing of such land, relocation of highways, and the construction or purchase of transmission lines and other facilities, and all other necessary works authorized by such Act, and for printing and binding, law-

books, books of reference, newspapers, periodicals, maintenance, repair; and operation of passenger-carrying vehicles, rents in the Dis-

trict of Columbia and elsewhere, not to exceed $20,000 for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364), not to exceed $16,000 for maintenance and operation of aircraft, and all necessary salaries and expenses connected with the organization, operation, and investigations of the Tennessee Valley Authority, and for examination of estimates of appropriations and activities in the field, $9,648,000, together with the unexpended balance on June 30,
1945, in the "Tennessee Valley Authority fund, 1945", to remain available until June 30, 1946, and to be available for the payment of obligations chargeable against the "Tennessee Valley Authority fund, 1945".

THE TAX COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

For necessary expenses of The Tax Court of the United States as authorized by chapter 5 of the Internal Revenue Code, and sections 504 and 510 of the Revenue Act of 1942, including personal services and contract stenographic reporting services, traveling expenses, carfare, stationery, purchase and exchange of lawbooks and books of reference, and periodicals, $510,675, of which not to exceed $675 shall be available for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for costs of penalty mail as required by the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364): Provided, That traveling expenses of the judges of The Tax Court shall be paid upon the written certificate of the judge.

For all printing and binding for The Tax Court of the United States, $15,000.

UNITED STATES MARITIME COMMISSION

Not to exceed $28,287,450 of the construction fund established by the Merchant Marine Act, 1936, shall be available during the fiscal year 1946 for administrative expenses of the United States Maritime Commission, including personal services at the seat of government; printing and binding; lawbooks and books of reference; periodicals and newspapers (not to exceed $6,500); teletype services; maintenance, repair, and operation of passenger-carrying automobiles; compensation as authorized by the Act of August 4, 1939, for officers of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard, detailed to the Commission; not to exceed $90,000 for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail of the United States Maritime Commission and the War Shipping Administration as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364); and not to exceed $325,000 for the employment by contract or otherwise of persons, firms, or corporations for the performance of legal and other special services, without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes or the civil-service and classification laws.

VETERANS ADMINISTRATION

Administration, medical, hospital, and domiciliary services: For all salaries and expenses of the Veterans Administration, including the expenses of maintenance and operation of medical, hospital, and domiciliary services of the Veterans Administration, in carrying out the duties, powers, and functions devolving upon it pursuant to the authority contained in the Act entitled "An Act to authorize the President to consolidate and coordinate governmental activities affecting war veterans", approved July 3, 1930 (38 U. S. C. 11-11f), and any and all laws for which the Veterans Administration is now or may hereafter be charged with administering, $227,675,000, of which $44,940 shall be available for salaries and expenses of the Federal Board of Hospitalization: Provided, That this appropriation shall be available also for personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, including traveling expenses; examination of estimates of appropriations in the field, including actual expenses of subsistence or per diem allowance in lieu thereof; furnishing and laundering of such wearing apparel as may be prescribed for em-
Transportation of school children.

Actuarial services.

Transfer of funds.

Purchase of tobacco.

Aid to State or Territorial homes.

Medical consultants.

Reduced fare requests.

Legal newspapers.

Visual educational information.

Construction, purchase, and repair restrictions.

employees in the performance of their official duties; purchase and exchange of lawbooks, books of reference, periodicals, and newspapers; for purchase (not to exceed fifty-five), maintenance, repair, and operation of passenger automobiles; and notwithstanding any provisions of law to the contrary, the Administrator is authorized to utilize Government-owned automotive equipment in transporting children of Veterans Administration employees located at isolated stations to and from school under such limitations as he may by regulation prescribe; and notwithstanding any provisions of law to the contrary, the Administrator is authorized to expend not to exceed $5,000 of this appropriation for actuarial services pertaining to the Government life-insurance fund and the National Service Life Insurance Fund, to be obtained by contract, without obtaining competition, at such rates of compensation as he may determine to be reasonable; for allotment and transfer to the Federal Security Agency (Public Health Service), the War, Navy, and Interior Departments, for disbursement by them under the various headings of their applicable appropriations, of such amounts as are necessary for the care and treatment of beneficiaries of the Veterans Administration, including minor repairs and improvements of existing facilities under their jurisdiction necessary to such care and treatment; for expenses incidental to the maintenance and operation of farms; for recreational articles and facilities at institutions maintained by the Veterans Administration; for administrative expenses incidental to securing employment for war veterans; for burial, and other expenses incidental thereto for beneficiaries of the Veterans Administration accruing during the year for which this appropriation is made or prior fiscal years: Provided further, That the appropriations herein made for the care and maintenance of veterans in hospitals or homes under the jurisdiction of the Veterans Administration shall be available for the purchase of tobacco to be furnished, subject to such regulations as the Administrator of Veterans Affairs shall prescribe, to veterans receiving hospital treatment or domiciliary care in Veterans Administration hospitals or homes: Provided further, That this appropriation shall be available for continuing aid to State or Territorial homes for the support of disabled volunteer soldiers and sailors, in conformity with the Act approved August 27, 1888 (24 U. S. C. 134), as amended, for those veterans eligible for admission to Veterans Administration facilities for hospital or domiciliary care: Provided further, That the Administrator is hereby authorized to employ medical consultants for duty on such terms as he may deem advisable and without regard to the civil-service and classification laws: Provided further, That this appropriation shall be available for the purchase directly from sources authorized by the common carriers of printed reduced fare requests for use by veterans when traveling at their own expense from or to Veterans Administration facilities: Provided further, That notwithstanding any limitation in this Act, this appropriation shall be available for the purchase of legal newspapers in an amount not exceeding $200: Provided further, That not to exceed $50,000 of this appropriation shall be available for the preparation, shipment, installation, and display of exhibits, photographic displays, moving pictures, and other visual educational information and descriptive material, including the purchase or rental of equipment.

No part of this appropriation shall be expended for the purchase of any site for or toward the construction of any new hospital or home, or for the purchase of any hospital or home; and not more than $8,650,000 of this appropriation may be used to repair, alter, improve, or provide facilities in the several hospitals and homes under the jurisd-
diction of the Veterans Administration either by contract or by the hire of temporary employees and the purchase of materials.

For printing and binding for the Veterans Administration, including all its bureaus and functions located in Washington, District of Columbia, and elsewhere, $780,000.

For deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail of the Veterans Administration as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364), $614,250.

Pensions: For the payment of compensation, pensions, gratuities, and allowances, now authorized under any Act of Congress, or regulation of the President based thereon, or which may hereafter be authorized (except the benefits authorized by the Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944), including emergency officers' retirement pay and annuities, the administration of which is now or may hereafter be placed in the Veterans Administration, accruing during the fiscal year for which this appropriation is made or in prior fiscal years, $1,080,150,000, to be immediately available and to remain available until expended.

For the payment of benefits to or on behalf of veterans as authorized by title II, III, and V, of the Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944, $295,000,000, to be immediately available and to remain available until expended.

For military and naval insurance, $18,000,000, to be merged with the appropriation for this purpose in section 20 of the Act of October 6, 1917 (40 Stat. 400), the consolidated appropriation to remain available until expended.

National service life insurance: For transfer to the national service life insurance fund, in accordance with the provisions of the National Service Life Insurance Act of 1940, on account of payments of benefits in excess of the reserve of the policy in case of death, or for premiums waived in case of total disability, in cases where the death or total disability of the insured shall have been determined by the Administrator of Veterans Affairs to be the result of disease or injury traceable to the extra hazards of military or naval service, and to reimburse the national service life insurance fund for payments made therefrom when recovery of such payments is waived by the Administrator of Veterans Affairs under the authority of section 609 (a) of said Act, $900,000,000, to be immediately available and to remain available until expended.

Soldiers' and sailors' civil relief: For payment of claims as authorized by article IV of the Soldiers' and Sailors' Civil Relief Act Amendments of 1942, $400,000, to be immediately and continuously available until expended: Provided, That any moneys received under said article IV shall be credited to this appropriation.

Hospital and domiciliary facilities: For hospital and domiciliary facilities, $84,500,000, to be immediately available and to remain available until expended: Provided, That this amount shall be available for use by the Administrator of Veterans Affairs, with the approval of the President, for extending any of the facilities under the jurisdiction of the Veterans Administration or for any of the purposes set forth in sections 1 and 2 of the Act approved March 4, 1931 (38 U. S. C. 438–k) or in section 101 of the Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944: Provided further, That not to exceed 3 per centum of this amount shall be available for the employment in the District of Columbia and in the field of necessary technical and clerical assistants to aid in the preparation of plans and specifications for the projects as approved hereunder and in the supervision of the execution thereof, and for traveling expenses, field office equipment, and supplies in connection therewith.

Total, Veterans Administration, $2,607,119,250: Provided, That no...
Hospitalization etc., restrictions.

Salaries of designated officers.

Persons advocating overthrow of U. S. Government.

Affidavit.

Penalty.

Payment of certain salaries, etc., restriction.

Travel expenses, limitation.

Expenditures for newspapers, etc., limitation.

Restoration of veterans to former positions.

Part of this appropriation shall be available for hospitalization or examination of any persons except beneficiaries entitled under the laws bestowing such benefits to veterans, unless reimbursement of cost is made to the appropriation at such rates as may be fixed by the Administrator of Veterans Affairs.

SEC. 102. During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, the salaries of the Commissioners of the United States Maritime Commission, with the exception of the Chairman so long as the office is held by the present incumbent, and the Commissioners of the United States Tariff Commission shall be at the rate of $10,000 each per annum.

SEC. 103. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used to pay the salary or wages of any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence; Provided, That for the purposes hereof an affidavit may be considered prima facie evidence that the person making the affidavit does not advocate, and is not a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided further, That any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence and accepts employment the salary or wages for which are paid from any appropriation contained in this Act shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than $1,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both: Provided further, That the above penal clause shall be in addition to, and not in substitution for, any other provisions of existing law.

SEC. 104. No part of any appropriation or authorization in this Act shall be used to pay any part of the salary or expenses of any person whose salary or expenses are prohibited from being paid from any appropriation or authorization in any other Act; but this prohibition shall be effective only during the period for which such prohibition in such other Act is effective.

SEC. 105. Where appropriations in this Act are expendable for travel expenses and no specific limitation has been placed thereon, the expenditures for travel expenses may not exceed the amount set forth therefor in the budget estimates submitted for the appropriations.

SEC. 106. Where appropriations in this Act are expendable for the purchase of newspapers and periodicals and no specific limitation has been placed thereon, the expenditures therefor under each such appropriation may not exceed the amount of $50: Provided, That this limitation shall not apply to the purchase of scientific, technical, trade, or traffic periodicals necessary in connection with the performance of the authorized functions of the agencies for which funds are herein provided.

SEC. 107. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be available to pay the salary of any person filling a position, other than a temporary position, formerly held by an employee who has left to enter the armed forces of the United States and has satisfactorily completed his period of active military or naval service and has within ninety days after his release from such service or from hospitalization continuing after discharge for a period of not more than one year made application for restoration to his former position and has been certified by the Civil Service Commission as still qualified to perform the duties of his former position and has not been restored thereto.
TITLE II—GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 201. (a) Appropriations for the fiscal year 1946 available for expenses of travel of civilian officers and employees of the executive departments and independent establishments shall be available also for expenses of travel performed by them including expenses of transportation of their immediate families in accordance with regulations prescribed by the President, on transfer from one official station to another for permanent duty when authorized by the head of the department or establishment concerned in the order directing such transfer: Provided, That such expenses shall not be allowed for any transfer effected for the convenience of any officer or employee.

(b) Appropriations of the executive departments and independent establishments for the fiscal year 1946 available for the transportation of things shall be available, in accordance with the Act of October 10, 1940 (5 U. S. C. 73c-1), for expenses incurred in the transfer of household goods and effects of civilian officers and employees of such departments and establishments when transferred from one official station to another for permanent duty.

(c) Appropriations contained in this Act, available for expenses of travel shall be available, when specifically authorized by the head of the activity or establishment concerned, for expenses of attendance at meetings of organizations concerned with the function or activity for which the appropriation concerned is made: Provided, That there shall be available for such purpose during the fiscal year 1946 to each such agency or establishment not to exceed 50 per centum of the amount authorized for the same purpose for each such agency or establishment for the fiscal year 1945, except that in the case of the Veterans Administration the amount available for such purpose shall not exceed 75 per centum of the amount authorized for the fiscal year 1945.

(d) Appropriations of the executive departments and independent establishments for the fiscal year 1946 available for expenses of travel shall be available for the payment of travel expenses while away from their homes or regular place of business, including per diem in lieu of subsistence at place of employment, in accordance with the Standardized Government Travel Regulations, the Subsistence Expense Act of 1926, as amended (5 U. S. C., ch. 16), and the Act of February 14, 1931, as amended (5 U. S. C. 73a), of (1) persons employed intermittently as consultants or experts and receiving compensation on a per diem when-actually-employed basis, and (2) persons serving in an advisory capacity or employed without compensation or at $1 per annum; except that in case of (2) above there may be allowed not to exceed $10 per diem in lieu of subsistence en route and at place of service or employment, unless a higher rate is specifically provided by law.

SEC. 202. Unless otherwise specifically provided, no appropriation available for the executive departments and independent establishments for the fiscal year 1946 in this Act or any other Act, shall be expended—

(a) To purchase any motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicle (exclusive of busses, ambulances, and station wagons), at a cost, completely equipped for operation, and including the value of any vehicle exchanged, in excess of such amount as the Secretary of War, in the case of the War Department, the Secretary of the Navy, in the case of the Navy Department, the Commissioners, in the case of the government of the District of Columbia, and the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, in the case of other essential governmental needs, may determine necessary to obtain satisfactory motor-propelled vehicles.
passenger-carrying vehicles, but in no event shall the price so paid for any such vehicle exceed the maximum price therefor established by the Office of Price Administration and in no event more than $1,500, which amount shall be in addition to the amount required for transportation.

(b) For the maintenance, operation, and repair of any Government-owned motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicle not used exclusively for official purposes; and “official purposes” shall not include the transportation of officers and employees between their domiciles and places of employment, except in case of medical officers on out-patient medical services and except in cases of officers and employees engaged in field work the character of whose duties makes such transportation necessary and then only as to such latter cases when the same is approved by the head of the department or establishment concerned. Any officer or employee of the Government who uses or authorizes the use of any Government-owned motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicle, or of any motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicle leased by the Government, for other than official purposes or otherwise violates the provisions of this subsection shall be summarily removed from office by the head of the department or establishment concerned. The limitations of this subsection (b) shall not apply to any motor vehicles for official use of the President, the heads of the executive departments, Ambassadors, Ministers, chargés d’affaires, and other principal diplomatic and consular officials.

Sec. 203. Excepting appropriations for the Military and Naval Establishments, no appropriation for the fiscal year 1946 in this or any other Act shall be available for the purchase, maintenance, or operation of any aircraft unless specific authority for the purchase, maintenance, or operation thereof has been or is provided in such appropriation, and the acquisition of aircraft by any agency by transfer from another agency of the Government shall be considered as a purchase within the meaning hereof.

Sec. 204. In purchasing motor-propelled or animal-drawn vehicles or tractors, or road, agricultural, manufacturing, or laboratory equipment, or boats, or parts, accessories, tires, or equipment thereof, the head of any executive department or independent establishment or his duly authorized representative may exchange or sell similar items and apply the exchange allowances or proceeds of sales in such cases in whole or in part payment therefor: Provided, That any transaction carried out under the authority of this section shall be evidenced in writing.

Sec. 205. Section 3709, Revised Statutes (41 U. S. C. 5), shall not apply to any purchase by or service rendered to any executive department or independent establishment during the fiscal year 1946 when the aggregate amount involved does not exceed $100, but this section shall not be construed as affecting any provision of law authorizing purchases or services without regard to said section 3709 in amounts greater than $100.

Sec. 206. Unless otherwise specified and until July 1, 1946, no part of any appropriation contained in this or any other Act shall be used to pay the compensation of any officer or employee of the Government of the United States (including any agency the majority of the stock of which is owned by the Government of the United States) whose post of duty is in continental United States unless such person (1) is a citizen of the United States, (2) is a person in the service of the United States on the date of enactment of this Act who, being eligible for citizenship, had filed a declaration of intention to become a citizen of the United States prior to such date, or (3) is a person
who owes allegiance to the United States: Provided, That for the purpose of this section, an affidavit signed by any such person shall be considered prima facie evidence that the requirements of this section with respect to his status have been complied with: Provided further, That any person making a false affidavit shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than $1,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both: Provided further, That the above penal clause shall be in addition to, and not in substitution for, any other provisions of existing law: Provided further, That any payment made to any officer or employee contrary to the provisions of this section shall be recoverable in action by the Federal Government. This section shall not apply to citizens of the Commonwealth of the Philippines or to nationals of those countries allied with the United States in the prosecution of the war.

Sec. 207. Appropriations for the executive departments and independent establishments for the fiscal year 1946 available for travel expenses shall be available for the payment of per diem allowances in lieu of subsistence expenses without regard to the Subsistence Expense Act of 1926, as amended (5 U. S. C. 821–833), to civilian officers and employees of such departments and establishments while traveling on official business outside the continental limits of the United States and away from their designated posts of duty: Provided, That the amount of such allowances shall be determined by the head of the department or independent establishment concerned or by such official as he may designate for the purpose, but shall in no case, notwithstanding any other provision of law, exceed the maximum established by regulations prescribed by the President for the locality in which the travel is performed: Provided further, That the availability of appropriations of the War and Navy Departments with respect to the foregoing shall not be restricted thereby.

Sec. 208. The provision of law prescribing the use of vessels of United States registry by employees of the Government traveling overseas (46 U. S. C. 1241) shall not apply to such travel during the fiscal year 1946.

Sec. 209. Appropriations of the executive departments and independent establishments for the fiscal year 1946 shall be available for reimbursement at not to exceed 5 cents per mile to personnel serving without compensation from the United States for expenses of travel performed by them in privately owned automobiles away from their designated posts of duty.

Sec. 210. Appropriations of the executive departments and independent establishments for the fiscal year 1946, available for expenses of travel are hereby made available (1) for allowances for living and quarters in accordance with Standardized Regulations prescribed by the President for civilian officers and employees of the Government temporarily stationed in foreign countries, (2) for living quarters allowances in accordance with the Act of June 26, 1930 (5 U. S. C. 118a), and regulations prescribed thereunder, and (3) cost of living allowances in accordance with the Act of February 23, 1931, as amended (22 U. S. C. 12), and regulations prescribed thereunder, for all civilian officers and employees of the Government permanently stationed in foreign countries: Provided, That the availability of appropriations of the Departments of War and Navy and of the Department of State under the caption “Foreign Service” shall not be affected hereby.

Sec. 211. No part of any appropriation for the fiscal year 1946 contained in this Act shall be paid to any person for the filling of any position for which he or she has been nominated after the Senate has voted not to approve of the nomination of said person.
SEC. 212. The funds appropriated in the appropriation Acts for the fiscal year 1946 of the services mentioned in the title of the Act of June 16, 1942 (Public Law 607, Seventy-seventh Congress), shall be available for, and the heads of the executive departments concerned are authorized to prescribe, per diem rates of allowance, at rates not to exceed $7 per day, in lieu of subsistence to officers traveling on official business and away from their designated posts of duty, and to members of the services concerned (including officers, warrant officers, contract surgeons, enlisted personnel, aviation cadets, and members of the Nurse Corps) when traveling by air under competent orders and on duty without troops; and for the payment in advance, or otherwise, of money allowances in lieu of transportation, at the rate of 3 cents per mile to enlisted men, regardless of the mode of travel.

SEC. 213. No part of any appropriation contained in this or any other Act shall be used to pay in excess of $2 per volume for the current and future volumes of the United States Code Annotated or in excess of $3.25 per volume for the current or future volumes of the Lifetime Federal Digest.

SEC. 214. Hereafter appropriations of the executive departments and independent establishments of the Government shall be available for the expenses of committees, boards, or other interagency groups engaged in authorized activities of common interest to such departments and establishments and composed in whole or in part of representatives thereof who receive no additional compensation by virtue of such membership; Provided, That employees of such departments and establishments rendering service for such committees, boards, or other groups, other than as representatives, shall receive no additional compensation by virtue of such service.

SEC. 215. In order to enable persons who have served ninety days or more in the land or naval forces during the present war, and who have satisfactorily completed their period of active military or naval service, to obtain materials required for the construction, alteration, or repair of dwelling houses to be occupied by them, any department or agency of the Government, in allocating or granting priorities with respect to any materials, shall give to such persons a preference over all other users of such materials (except to the extent such materials are needed by such other users to meet actual military needs), without requiring any showing of hardship or other necessity for the construction, alteration, or repair of such dwelling houses.

SEC. 216. This Act may be cited as the “Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946”.

Approved May 3, 1945.

[CHAPTER 107] JOINT RESOLUTION
Providing for the celebration in 1945 of the one-hundredth anniversary of the founding of the United States Naval Academy, Annapolis, Maryland.
Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in order to provide for the commemoration of the one-hundredth anniversary of the founding of the United States Naval Academy there is hereby established a commission to be known as the United States Naval Academy Centennial Commission (hereafter referred to as the “Commission”), to be composed of three Senators to be appointed by the President of the Senate, three Members of the House of Representatives to be
appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the President of the United States, the Governor of the State of Maryland, the Secretary of the Navy, the Superintendent of the United States Naval Academy, and five persons to be appointed by the President. The members of the Commission shall select from among their number, a Chairman and a Vice Chairman. The Superintendent of the United States Naval Academy shall appoint, subject to the approval of the Chairman and Vice Chairman of the Commission, a secretary for the Commission. If any vacancy occurs in the office of secretary, such vacancy shall be filled in the manner provided for the original appointment. The authority of the Commission under this joint resolution shall cease and terminate on June 30, 1946.

SEC. 2. It shall be the duty of the Commission to formulate plans for the celebration to be held on or about October 10, 1945, in commemoration of such anniversary.

SEC. 3. The Commission is authorized to cooperate with the State of Maryland, the city of Annapolis, the Navy Athletic Association, and other organizations, in order to carry out the provisions of this joint resolution.

SEC. 4. The members of the Commission shall serve without compensation, but shall be reimbursed for actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties as members of the Commission.

SEC. 5. The Commission is authorized to make such expenditures for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this joint resolution as it may deem advisable, but no expenditure shall be made except for the purposes authorized by a majority of the members thereof. Expenditures of the Commission shall be paid upon the presentation of vouchers approved by the Chairman of the Commission.

SEC. 6. The Commission shall make a report to the Congress, as soon as practicable, of the plans formulated and the recommendations of the Commission for the observance of such anniversary.

SEC. 7. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated the sum of $5,000, to be expended by the Commission for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this joint resolution.

Approved May 3, 1945.

[CHAPTER 108]

AN ACT

May 4, 1945

Public Law 51

To amend section 2, Public Law 140, Seventy-seventh Congress.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 2 of Public Law 140, Seventy-seventh Congress, is hereby amended by adding a colon at the end thereof and the following: "Provided, That this Act shall apply to all former enlisted men of the Regular Army and the Philippine Scouts who have served for twenty years or more, and who were honorably discharged therefrom by reason of becoming permanently incapacitated for active service due to physical disability incurred in line of duty: Provided further, That any former enlisted man placed upon the retired list in accordance with the provisions of the foregoing proviso shall not be entitled to receive retirement pay for any period prior to the effective date of this amendment."

Approved May 4, 1945.
[CHAPTER 109]  
AN ACT

Making appropriations for the Department of Agriculture for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Department of Agriculture for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, hereinafter referred to as the current fiscal year, namely:

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For the Secretary of Agriculture, hereafter in this Act referred to as the Secretary, and other personal services in the Office of the Secretary in the District of Columbia, and elsewhere, and other necessary expenses, including the purchase of one and the maintenance, repair, and operation of four motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles; travel expenses, including examination of estimates for appropriations in the field; stationery, supplies, materials, and equipment; freight, express, and drayage charges; advertising, communication service, postage, washing towels, repairs and alterations, and other miscellaneous supplies and expenses not otherwise provided for and necessary for the practical and efficient work of the Department, $1,450,000, together with such amounts from other appropriations or authorizations as are provided in the schedules in the Budget for the current fiscal year for such services and expenses, which several amounts or portions thereof as may be determined by the Secretary, not exceeding a total of $131,390, shall be transferred to and made a part of this appropriation: Provided, however, That if the total amounts of such appropriations or authorizations for the current fiscal year shall at any time exceed or fall below the amounts estimated, respectively, therefor in the Budget for such year, the amounts transferred or to be transferred therefrom to this appropriation shall be increased or decreased in such amounts as the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, after a hearing thereon with representatives of the Department of Agriculture, hereafter in this Act referred to as the Department, shall determine are appropriate to the requirements as changed by such reductions or increases in such appropriations or authorizations: Provided further, That, of appropriations herein made which are available for the purchase of lands, not to exceed $1 may be expended for each option to purchase any particular tract or tracts of land: Provided further, That no part of the funds appropriated by this Act shall be used for the payment of any officer or employee of the Department who, as such officer or employee, or on behalf of the Department or any division, commission, or bureau thereof, issues, or causes to be issued, any prediction, oral or written, or forecast, except as to damage threatened or caused by insects and pests, with respect to future prices of cotton or the trend of same: Provided further, That, except to provide materials required in or incident to research or experimental work where no suitable domestic product is available, no part of the funds appropriated by this Act shall be expended in the purchase of twine manufactured from commodities or materials produced outside of the United States.
For deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail of the Department of Agriculture, including the War Food Administration, as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364), $3,238,740, together with not to exceed $30,000 of the funds made available to the Commodity Credit Corporation for administrative expenses, for penalty mail for said Corporation, and the amount authorized for penalty mail for said Corporation in the First Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1945, for the fiscal year 1945 is hereby increased by $12,000.

OFFICE OF THE SOLICITOR

For necessary expenses for the Office of Solicitor including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, purchase of law-books, books of reference, and periodicals, and payment of fees or dues for the use of law libraries by attorneys in the field service, $1,730,000, together with such amounts from other appropriations or authorizations as are provided in the schedules in the Budget for the current fiscal year for such expenses, which several amounts or portions thereof, as may be determined by the Secretary, not exceeding a total of $197,500, shall be transferred to and made a part of this appropriation; and there may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia not to exceed $906,990: Provided, however, That if the total amount of such appropriations or authorizations for the current fiscal year shall at any time exceed or fall below the amounts estimated, respectively, therefor in the budget for such year, the amounts transferred or to be transferred therefrom to this appropriation and the amount which may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia shall be increased or decreased in such amounts as the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, after a hearing thereon with representatives of the Department, shall determine are appropriate to the requirements as changed by such reductions or increases in such appropriations or authorizations.

OFFICE OF INFORMATION

SA Salaries and expenses

For necessary expenses in connection with the publication, indexing, illustration, and distribution of bulletins, documents, and reports, the preparation, distribution, and display of agricultural motion and sound pictures, and exhibits, and the coordination of informational work in the Department, $453,000, together with such amounts from other appropriations or authorizations as are provided in the schedules in the Budget for the current fiscal year for such expenses, which several amounts or portions thereof, as may be determined by the Secretary, not exceeding a total of $161,179 shall be transferred to and made a part of this appropriation, of which total appropriation amounts not exceeding those specified may be used for the purposes enumerated as follows: For personal services in the District of Columbia, $487,640; for preparation and display of exhibits, $58,470 and the preparation, distribution, and display of motion and sound pictures $60,000, including cooperation with Federal, State, county, municipal, and other agencies: Provided, however, That if the total amounts of the appropriations or authorizations for the current fiscal year from which transfers to this appropriation are herein authorized shall at any time exceed or fall below the amounts estimated,
respectively, therefor in the Budget for such year, the amounts transferred or to be transferred therefrom to this appropriation and the amount which may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia shall be increased or decreased in such amounts as the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, after a hearing thereon with representatives of the Department, shall determine are appropriate to the requirements as changed by such reductions or increases in such appropriations or authorizations: Provided further, That when and to the extent that in the judgment of the Secretary agricultural exhibits and motion and sound pictures relating to the authorized programs of the various agencies of the Department can be more advantageously prepared, displayed, or distributed by the Office of Information, as the central agency of the Department therefor, additional funds not exceeding $300,000 for these purposes may be transferred to and made a part of this appropriation, from the funds applicable, and shall be available for the objects specified herein, including personal services in the District of Columbia: Provided further, That in the preparation of motion pictures or exhibits by the Department, not exceeding a total of $10,000 may be used for temporary employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706 (a) of the Act of September 21, 1944 (Public Law 425): Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be used for the establishment or maintenance of regional or State field offices or for the compensation of employees in such offices except that not to exceed $11,856 may be used to maintain the San Francisco radio office.

PRINTING AND BINDING

For all printing and binding for the Department, including all of its bureaus, offices, institutions, and services located in Washington, District of Columbia, and elsewhere, except as otherwise in this Act provided, $1,000,000, including the purchase of reprints of scientific and technical articles published in periodicals and journals; the Annual Report of the Secretary, as required by the Acts of January 12, 1895 (44 U. S. C. 111, 212-220, 222, 241, 244), March 4, 1915 (7 U. S. C. 418), and June 20, 1936 (5 U. S. C. 108), and in pursuance of the Act approved March 30, 1906 (44 U. S. C. 214, 224), also including not to exceed $250,000 for farmers' bulletins, which shall be adapted to the interests of the people of the different sections of the country, an equal proportion of four-fifths of which shall be delivered to or sent out under the addressed franks furnished by the Senators, Representatives, and Delegates in Congress, as they shall direct, but not including work done at the field printing plants of the Forest Service authorized by the Joint Committee on Printing, in accordance with the Act approved March 1, 1919 (44 U. S. C. 111, 220) : Provided, That the Secretary may transfer to this appropriation from the appropriation made for "Conservation and Use of Agricultural Land Resources" such sums as may be necessary for printing and binding in connection with marketing quotas under the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, and from funds appropriated to carry into effect the terms of section 32 of the Act of August 24, 1935 (7 U. S. C. 612c), as amended, such sums as may be necessary for printing and binding in connection with the activities under said section 32, and from funds appropriated for "Salaries and expenses, War Food Administration", such sums as may be necessary for printing and binding in connection with functions assigned to the Office of Information by the War Food Administrator: Provided further, That the total amount that may be transferred under the authority granted in the preceding proviso shall not exceed $225,000.
LIBRARY, DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Salaries and expenses: For purchase and exchange of reference books, lawbooks, technical and scientific books, periodicals, and for expenses incurred in completing imperfect series; not to exceed $1,200 for newspapers; for dues, when authorized by the Secretary, for library membership in societies or associations which issue publications to members only or at a price to members lower than to subscribers who are not members; for salaries in the city of Washington and elsewhere; for official travel expenses, and for library fixtures, library cards, supplies, and for all other necessary expenses, $467,900, together with such amounts from other appropriations or authorizations as are provided in the schedules in the Budget for the current fiscal year, for such salaries and expenses, which several amounts or portions thereof, as may be determined by the Secretary, not exceeding a total of $750, shall be transferred to and made a part of this appropriation, of which total appropriation not to exceed $306,433, may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia: Provided, however, That if the total amounts of such appropriations or authorizations for the current fiscal year shall at any time exceed or fall below the amounts estimated, respectively, therefor in the Budget for such year, the amounts transferred or to be transferred therefrom to this appropriation and the amount which may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia shall be increased or decreased in such amounts as the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, after a hearing thereon with representatives of the Department, shall determine are appropriate to the requirements as changed by such reductions or increases in such appropriations or authorizations.

BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS

For the employment of persons and means in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, either independently or in cooperation with public agencies or organizations, including not to exceed $1,888,589 for personal services in the District of Columbia, including the salary of Chief of Bureau at $10,000 per annum, and not to exceed $1,000 for the purchase of books of reference, periodicals, and newspapers, as follows:

Economic investigations: For acquiring and diffusing useful information among the people of the United States, for conducting investigations, experiments, and demonstrations, and for aiding in formulating programs for authorized activities of the Department, relative to agricultural production, distribution, land utilization, and conservation in their broadest aspects, including farm management and practice, utilization of farm and food products, purchasing of farm supplies, farm population and rural life, farm labor, farm finance, insurance and taxation, adjustments in production to probable demand for the different farm and food products; land ownership and values, costs, prices and income in their relation to agriculture, including causes for their variations and trends, $2,110,000, together with such amounts from other appropriations or authorizations as are provided in the schedules in the Budget for the current fiscal year for such salaries and expenses, which several amounts or portions thereof, as may be determined by the Secretary, not exceeding a total of $122,933 shall be transferred to and made a part of this appropriation: Provided, however, That if the total amounts of such appropriations or authorizations for the current fiscal year shall at any time exceed or fall below the amounts estimated, respectively, therefor in the Budget for such year, the amounts transferred or to be transferred...
therefrom to this appropriation and the amount which may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia shall be increased or decreased in such amounts as the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, after a hearing thereon with representatives of the Department, shall determine are appropriate to the requirements as changed by such reductions or increases in such appropriations or authorizations: Provided further, That no part of the funds herein appropriated or made available to the Bureau of Agricultural Economics shall be used for State and county land-use planning.

Crop and livestock estimates: For collecting, compiling, abstracting, analyzing, summarizing, interpreting, and publishing data relating to agriculture, including crop and livestock estimates, acreage, yield, grades, staples of cotton, stocks, and value of farm crops and numbers, grades, and value of livestock and livestock products on farms, in cooperation with the Extension Service and other Federal, State, and local agencies, and for the collection and publication of statistics of peanuts as provided by the Act approved June 24, 1936, as amended May 12, 1938 (7 U. S. C. 951-957), $1,520,000, together with such amounts from other appropriations or authorizations as are provided in the schedules in the Budget for the current fiscal year for such salaries and expenses, which several amounts or portions thereof, as may be determined by the Secretary, not exceeding a total of $149,000, shall be transferred to and made a part of this appropriation: Provided, however, That if the total amounts of such appropriations or authorizations for the current fiscal year shall at any time exceed or fall below the amounts estimated, respectively, therefor in the Budget for such year, the amounts transferred or to be transferred therefrom to this appropriation and the amount which may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia shall be increased or decreased in such amounts as the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, after a hearing thereon with representatives of the Department, shall determine are appropriate to the requirements as changed by such reductions or increases in such appropriations or authorizations: Provided further, That no part of the funds herein appropriated shall be available for any expense incident to ascertaining, collating, or publishing a report stating the intention of farmers as to the acreage to be planted in cotton: Provided further, That estimates of apple production shall be confined to the commercial crop.

OFFICE OF FOREIGN AGRICULTURAL RELATIONS

Salaries and expenses: For carrying out the functions of the Secretary under the Act of June 5, 1930, as amended (7 U. S. C. 541-545), independently and in cooperation with other branches of the Government, State agencies, purchasing and consuming organizations and persons engaged in the production, transportation, marketing, and distribution of farm and food products, and for enabling the Secretary to coordinate and integrate activities of the Department in connection with foreign agricultural work, including the employment of persons and means in the District of Columbia elsewhere, and the purchase of such books and periodicals and not to exceed $300 for newspapers as may be necessary in connection with this work, $500,000.
INTERNATIONAL PRODUCTION CONTROL COMMITTEES

Not to exceed $12,500 may be expended from the appropriations "Salaries and expenses, Agricultural Adjustment Administration" and "Sugar Act" for the share of the United States as a member of the International Wheat Advisory Committee, the International Sugar Council, or like events or bodies concerned with the reduction of agricultural surpluses or with other objectives of said appropriations, together with traveling and other necessary expenses relating thereto.

EXTENSION SERVICE

PAYMENTS TO STATES, HAWAII, ALASKA, AND PUERTO RICO

For payments to the States, Hawaii, Alaska, and Puerto Rico, for cooperative agricultural extension work as follows:

Capper-Ketcham Act, Bankhead-Jones, and related Acts: Capper-Ketcham Act, the Act approved May 22, 1928 (7 U. S. C. 343a, 343b), $1,480,000; Bankhead-Jones Act, section 21, title II, of the Act approved June 29, 1933 (7 U. S. C. 343c), $12,000,000; additional extension work, the Act approved April 24, 1939 as amended (7 U. S. C. 343c-1), $555,000; Alaska, the Act approved February 23, 1929 (7 U. S. C. 386c), extending the benefits of the Smith-Lever Act to the Territory of Alaska, $13,950, and section 3 of the Act approved June 20, 1936 (7 U. S. C. 343c), extending the benefits of the Capper-Ketcham Act to the Territory of Alaska, $10,000, in all, for Alaska, $23,950; Puerto Rico, the Act approved August 28, 1937 (7 U. S. C. 343f-343g) extending the benefits of section 21 of the Bankhead-Jones Act to Puerto Rico, $140,000; in all, Capper-Ketcham, Bankhead-Jones, and related Acts, $14,198,950.

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

Administration and coordination of extension work: For the employment of persons and means in the District of Columbia and elsewhere to enable the Secretary to administer the provisions of the Smith-Lever Act, approved May 8, 1914 (7 U. S. C. 341-348), and Acts amendatory or supplementary thereto, and to coordinate the extension work of the Department and the several States, Territories, and insular possessions, including cooperation with other bureaus and offices of the Department, and Federal, State, county, and other agencies, in the development, preparation, and distribution of educational material designed to increase the effectiveness of cooperative extension work as conducted by the Department in cooperation with land-grant colleges, $897,900, of which amount not to exceed $543,610 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH ADMINISTRATION

OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATOR

Salaries and expenses: For necessary salaries and expenses of the Office of Administrator, including the salary of the Administrator at $9,200 per annum, and personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, and for necessary expenses in connection with the maintenance, operation, and furnishing of facilities and services at the Agricultural Research Center, $285,300. Provided, That the appropriation current at the time services are rendered may be reim-
bursed (by advance credits or reimbursements based on estimated or actual charges) from applicable appropriations, to cover the charges, including handling and other related services, for equipment rentals (including depreciation, maintenance, and repairs); for services, supplies, equipment and materials furnished, stores of which may be maintained at the Center, and for building construction, alteration, and repair performed by the Center in carrying out the purposes of such applicable appropriations and the applicable appropriations may also be charged their proportionate share of the necessary general expenses of the Center not covered by this appropriation: Provided further, That the several appropriations of the Agricultural Research Administration shall be available for the construction, alteration, and repair of buildings and improvements: Provided, however, That unless otherwise provided, the cost of constructing any one building (excepting headhouses connecting greenhouses) shall not exceed $5,000, the total amount for construction of buildings costing more than $2,500 each shall be within the limits of the estimates submitted and approved therefor, and the cost of altering any one building during the fiscal year shall not exceed $2,500 or 2 per centum of the cost of the building as certified by the Research Administrator, whichever is greater.

Special Research Fund, Department of Agriculture

For enabling the Secretary to carry into effect the provisions of an Act entitled "An Act to provide for research into basic laws and principles relating to agriculture and to provide for the further development of cooperative agricultural extension work and the more complete endowment and support of land-grant colleges", approved June 29, 1935 (7 U. S. C. 427, 427b, 427c, 427f); for administration of the provisions of section 5 of the said Act, and for special research work, including the planning, programming, coordination, and printing the results of such research, to be conducted by such agencies of the Department as the Secretary may designate or establish, and to which he may make allotments from this fund, including the employment of persons and means in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; $1,088,000, of which amount $662,894 shall be available for the maintenance and operation of research laboratories and facilities in the major agricultural regions provided for by section 4 of said Act.

Office of Experiment Stations

Payments to States, Hawaii, Alaska, and Puerto Rico

For payments to the States, Hawaii, Alaska, and Puerto Rico to be paid quarterly in advance, to carry into effect the provisions of the following Acts relating to agricultural experiment stations: Hatch Act, the Act approved March 2, 1887 (7 U. S. C. 362, 363, 365, 368, 377-379), $720,000; Adams Act, the Act approved March 16, 1906 (7 U. S. C. 369), $720,000; Purnell Act, the Act approved February 24, 1925 (7 U. S. C. 361, 366, 370, 371, 375-376, 380, 392), $2,880,000; Bankhead-Jones Act, title I of the Act approved June 29, 1935 (7 U. S. C. 427-427g), $2,663,708; Hawaii, the Act approved May 16, 1928 (7 U. S. C. 386-386b), extending the benefits of certain Acts of Congress to the Territory of Hawaii, $90,000; Alaska, the Act approved February 22, 1929 (7 U. S. C. 386c), extending the benefits of the Hatch Act to the Territory of Alaska, $15,000; and the provisions of section 2 of the Act approved June 20, 1936.
(7 U. S. C. 369a), extending the benefits of the Adams and Purnell Acts to the Territory of Alaska, $27,500; in all, for Alaska, $42,500; Puerto Rico, the Act approved March 4, 1931, as amended (7 U. S. C. 386d–386f), extending the benefits of certain Acts of Congress to Puerto Rico, $90,000; in all, payments to States, Hawaii, Alaska, and Puerto Rico, $7,206,208.

**SALARIES AND EXPENSES**

Administration of grants and coordination of research with States: For salaries and expenses, including personal services in the District of Columbia, necessary to enable the Secretary to enforce the provisions of the Acts approved March 2, 1887, March 16, 1906, February 24, 1925, May 16, 1928, February 23, 1929, March 4, 1931, and June 20, 1936, and Acts amendatory thereto (7 U. S. C. 361–363, 365–383, 386–386f), relative to their administration and for the administration of an agricultural experiment station in Puerto Rico, $153,600, of which not to exceed $143,700 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia; and the Secretary shall prescribe the form of the annual financial statement required under the above Acts, ascertain whether the expenditures are in accordance with their provisions, coordinate the research work of the State agricultural colleges and experiment stations in the lines authorized in said Acts with research of the Department in similar lines, and make report thereon to Congress.

Federal Experiment Station, Puerto Rico: To enable the Secretary to establish and maintain an agricultural experiment station in Puerto Rico, including the preparation, illustration, and distribution of reports and bulletins, $99,375; and the Secretary is authorized to sell such products as are obtained on the land belonging to the agricultural experiment station in Puerto Rico and the amount obtained from the sale thereof shall be covered into the Treasury of the United States as miscellaneous receipts.

**BUREAU OF ANIMAL INDUSTRY**

**SALARIES AND EXPENSES**

For the employment of persons and means in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, including not to exceed $591,004 for departmental personal services in the District of Columbia, for carrying out, independently or in cooperation with public or private agencies, including individuals, the provisions of the Act, as amended, establishing a Bureau of Animal Industry, and related Acts, and for investigations concerned with the livestock and meat industries, as follows:

Animal husbandry: For investigations and experiments in animal husbandry and animal and poultry feeding and breeding, and for cooperation with State authorities in the administration of regulations for the improvement of poultry, poultry products, and hatcheries, $840,000.

Diseases of animals: For scientific investigations of diseases of animals, and necessary expenses for investigations of tuberculin, serums, antitoxins, and analogous products, $708,900.

Eradicating tuberculosis and Bang's disease: For the control and eradication of the diseases of tuberculosis and paratuberculosis of animals, avian tuberculosis, and Bang's disease of cattle, $5,048,000, together with not to exceed $800,000 of the unobligated balance of the appropriation for the fiscal year 1943: Provided, That no part of the
Compensation of cattle owners, restrictions.

Limitation on amount of payment.

26 Stat. 416.

37 Stat. 832.


49 Stat. 781.

Payment of claims.

Basis of appraisement.

money hereby appropriated shall be used in compensating owners of cattle except in cooperation with and supplementary to payments to be made by State, Territory, county, or municipality where condemnation of cattle shall take place, nor shall any payment be made hereunder as compensation for or on account of any such animal if at the time of inspection or test, or at the time of condemnation thereof, it shall belong to or be upon the premises of any person, firm, or corporation to which it has been sold, shipped, or delivered for the purpose of being slaughtered: Provided further, That out of the money hereby appropriated no payment as compensation for any cattle condemned for slaughter shall exceed one-third of the difference between the appraised value of such cattle and the value of the salvage thereof; that no payment hereunder shall exceed the amount paid or to be paid by the State, Territory, county, and municipality where the animal shall be condemned; and that in no case shall any payment hereunder be more than $25 for any grade animal or more than $50 for any purebred animal.

Inspection and quarantine: For inspection and quarantine work, including the control and eradication of hog cholera and related swine diseases, southern cattle ticks, scabies in sheep and cattle, and dourine in horses, the supervision of the transportation of livestock, the inspection of vessels, the execution of the twenty-eight-hour law, the inspection and quarantine of imported animals in accordance with the Act of August 30, 1890 (21 U.S.C. 102), and the inspection work relative to the existence of contagious diseases, $999,600.

Meat inspection: For carrying out the provisions of laws relating to Federal inspection of meat and meat food products, $7,800,000.

Virus Serum Toxin Act: For carrying out the provisions of the Act approved March 4, 1913 (21 U.S.C. 151-158), regulating the preparation, sale, barter, exchange, or shipment of any virus, serum, toxin, or analogous product manufactured in the United States and the importation of such products intended for use in the treatment of domestic animals, $243,400.

Marketing agreements, hog cholera virus and serum: The sum of $31,940 of the appropriation made by section 12 (a) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act, approved May 12, 1933, is hereby made available during the fiscal year for which appropriations are herein made to carry into effect sections 56 to 60, inclusive, of the Act approved August 24, 1935 (7 U.S.C. 851-855), entitled "An Act to amend the Agricultural Adjustment Act, and for other purposes", including the employment of persons and means in the District of Columbia and elsewhere.

ERADICATION OF FOOT-AND-MOUTH AND OTHER CONTAGIOUS DISEASES OF ANIMALS

In case of an emergency arising out of the existence of foot-and-mouth disease, rinderpest, contagious pleuropneumonia, or other contagious or infectious diseases of animals, which, in the opinion of the Secretary, threatens the livestock industry of the country, he may expend in the city of Washington or elsewhere any unexpended balances of appropriations heretofore made for this purpose, not to exceed $305,000, in the arrest and eradication of any such disease, including the payment of claims growing out of past and future purchases and destruction, in cooperation with the States, of animals affected by or exposed to, or of materials contaminated by or exposed to, any such disease, wherever found and irrespective of ownership, under like or substantially similar circumstances, when such owner has complied with all lawful quarantine regulations: Provided, That the payment for animals hereafter purchased may be made on
appraisement based on the meat, dairy, or breeding value, but in case of appraisement based on breeding value no appraisement of any animal shall exceed three times its meat or dairy value, and, except in case of an extraordinary emergency, to be determined by the Secretary, the payment by the United States Government for any animals shall not exceed one-half of any such appraisements: Provided further, That of said $305,000 not to exceed $5,000 may be used to control and eradicate the European fowl pest and similar diseases in poultry.

BUREAU OF DAIRY INDUSTRY

Salaries and expenses: For necessary expenses, including not to exceed $332,325 for personal services in the District of Columbia, of the Bureau of Dairy Industry in carrying out the provisions of the Act of May 29, 1924 (7 U. S. C. 401-404), including investigations, experiments, and demonstrations in dairy industry, cooperative investigations of the dairy industry in the various States, for carrying out the applicable provisions of the Acts of May 9, 1902 (26 U. S. C. 2325, 2326 (c), 2327 (b)), and August 10, 1912 (26 U. S. C. 2327 (c)), relating to process or renovated butter, and the Act of May 23, 1908 (21 U. S. C. 94 (a)) insofar as it relates to the exportation of process or renovated butter, $742,300.

BUREAU OF PLANT INDUSTRY, SOILS, AND AGRICULTURAL ENGINEERING

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses, independently or in cooperation with public or private agencies, including individuals, necessary for investigations, experiments, and demonstrations in connection with the production and improvement of farm crops and other plants and plant industries; soils and soil-plant relationships, and the application of engineering principles to agriculture; plant diseases, including nematodes, and methods for their prevention and control; plant and plant-disease collections and surveys; the distribution of weeds and means for their control; methods of handling, processing, transportation, and storage of agricultural products; and plants in foreign countries and our possessions for introduction into the United States, including explorations and surveys, and propagation and testing in this country; for the operation and maintenance of airplanes and the purchase of not to exceed two; and for personal services in the city of Washington and elsewhere, as follows:

Field crops: For investigations on the production, improvement, and diseases of alfalfa, barley, clover, corn, cotton, flax, grasses, oats, rice, rubber crops, sorghums, soybeans, sugar beets, sugarcane, tobacco, wheat, and other field crops, $1,983,900.

Fruit, vegetable, and specialty crops: For investigations on the production, improvement, and diseases of fruit, vegetable, nut, ornamental, drug, condiment, oil, insecticide, and related crops and plants, $1,572,000.

Forest diseases: For investigations of diseases of forest and shade trees and forest products, and methods for their control, $252,700.

Soils, fertilizers, and irrigation: For investigations of soil management methods to increase and maintain productivity, including fertilization, liming, crop rotations, tillage practices, and other means of improving soils; fertilizers, fertilizer ingredients, and their improvement for agricultural use; soil management and crop production on dry and irrigated lands, and the quality of irrigation water and its use by crops; and for the classification of soils in a national system...
and indication of their extent and distribution on maps, and determination of their potential productivity under adapted cropping and improved soil management, $913,000.

Agricultural engineering: For investigations involving the application of engineering principles to agriculture, including farm power and equipment, rural water supply and sanitation, and rural electrification; farm buildings and their appurtenances and buildings for processing and storing farm products, and the preparation and distribution of building plans and specifications; cotton ginning, and other engineering problems relating to the production, processing, transportation, and storage of agricultural products, $445,500.

National Arboretum: For the maintenance and development of the National Arboretum established under the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act authorizing the Secretary of Agriculture to establish a National Arboretum, and for other purposes", approved March 4, 1927 (20 U.S.C. 191-194), including travel expenses of the advisory counsel, $26,800, of which not to exceed $2,500 may be expended for employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706 (a) of the Act of September 21, 1944 (Public Law 425).

BUREAU OF ENTOMOLOGY AND PLANT QUARANTINE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses, independently or in cooperation with public or private agencies, including individuals, corporations, or foreign governments, necessary for investigations, experiments, demonstrations and surveys for the promotion of economic entomology, for investigating and ascertaining the best means of destroying insects and related pests injurious to agriculture, for importing useful and beneficial insects and bacterial, fungal, and other diseases of insects and related pests, for investigating and ascertaining the best means of destroying insects affecting man and animals, and the best ways of utilizing beneficial insects, for carrying into effect the provisions of the Plant Quarantine Act of August 20, 1912, as amended (7 U.S.C. 151-167), the Honey Bee Act (7 U.S.C. 281-282), the Insect Pest Act (7 U.S.C. 141-144), the Mexican Border Act (7 U.S.C. 149) and the Department of Agriculture Organic Act of 1944 (Public Law 425), authorizing the eradication, control, and prevention of spread of injurious insects and plant pests; including the operation and maintenance of airplanes and the purchase of not to exceed seven, and not to exceed $544,493 for personal services in the District of Columbia, as follows:

Insect investigations: For the investigation of insects affecting fruits, grapes, nuts, tree, shrubs, forests and forest products, truck and garden crops, cereal, forage and range crops, cotton, tobacco, sugar plants, ornamental and other plants and agricultural products, household possessions, and man and animals; for bee culture and apiary management; for classifying, identifying, and collecting information to determine the distribution and abundance of insects; for investigations in connection with introduction of natural enemies of injurious insects and related pests and for the exchange with other countries of useful and beneficial insects and other arthropods; for developing methods, equipment, and apparatus to aid in enforcing plant quarantines and in the eradication and control of insect pests and plant diseases; and for investigations of insecticides and fungicides, including methods of their manufacture and use and the effects of their application, $2,114,900.
Insect and plant disease control: For carrying out operations or measures to eradicate, suppress, control, or to prevent or retard the spread of Japanese beetle, sweetpotato weevil, Mexican fruitflies, gypsy and brown-tail moths, Dutch elm disease, phonoy peach and peach mosaic, cereal rusts, and pink bollworm and Thurberia weevil, including the enforcement of quarantine regulations and cooperation with States to enforce plant quarantines as authorized by the Plant Quarantine Act of August 20, 1912, as amended (7 U. S. C. 151-167), and including the establishment of such cotton-free areas as may be necessary to stamp out any infestation of the pink bollworm as authorized by the Act of February 8, 1930 (46 Stat. 67), and for the enforcement of domestic plant quarantines through inspection in transit, including the interception and disposition of materials found to have been transported interstate in violation of Federal plant quarantine laws or regulations, and operations under the Terminal Inspection Act (7 U. S. C. 166), $2,298,300: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be used to pay the cost or value of trees, farm animals, farm crops, or other property injured or destroyed: Provided further, That, in the discretion of the Secretary, no part of this appropriation shall be expended for the control of sweetpotato weevil in any State until such State has provided cooperation necessary to accomplish this purpose, or for barberry eradication until a sum or sums at least equal to such expenditures shall have been appropriated, subscribed, or contributed by States, counties, or local authorities, or by individuals or organizations for the accomplishment of this purpose: Provided further, That, in the discretion of the Secretary, no expenditures from this appropriation shall be made for applying methods of control of the Dutch elm disease in any State where measures for the removal and destruction of trees on non-Federal lands suffering from the Dutch elm disease are not in force, provided such removal and destruction are deemed essential or appropriate for the carrying on of the control program, nor until a sum or sums at least equal to such expenditures shall have been appropriated, subscribed, or contributed by State, county, or local authorities, or by individuals, or organizations concerned: Provided, however, That expenditures incurred for removal of trees infected with Dutch elm disease from non-Federal lands shall not be considered a part of such appropriations, subscriptions, or contributions: Provided further, That no part of this appropriation shall be expended for the removal and destruction of trees infected with the Dutch elm disease except where such trees are located on property owned or controlled by the Government of the United States, or on property included within local experimental control areas.

Foreign plant quarantines: For operations against the introduction of insect pests or plant diseases into the United States, including the enforcement of foreign plant quarantines and regulations promulgated under sections 5 and 7 of the Plant Quarantine Act of August 20, 1912, as amended (7 U. S. C. 151-167), the Insect Pest Act of 1905 (7 U. S. C. 141-144), and the Mexican Border Act of 1942 (7 U. S. C. 149), for enforcement of domestic plant quarantines as they pertain to territories of the United States and enforcement of regulations governing the movement of plants into and from the District of Columbia promulgated under section 15 of the Plant Quarantine Act of August 20, 1912, as amended, and for inspection and certification of plants and plant products to meet the sanitary requirements of foreign countries, as authorized in section 102 of the Department of Agriculture Organic Act of 1944 (Public Law 425), $1,027,000.

37 Stat. 315. Establishment of cotton-free areas.

38 Stat. 1113. Restriction.


Dutch elm disease, local requirements.

F autor p. 644.


$1,027,000.
CONTROL OF EMERGENCY OUTBREAKS OF INSECTS AND PLANT DISEASES

To enable the Secretary to carry out the provisions of and for expenditures authorized by the joint resolution approved May 9, 1938 (7 U. S. C. 148-148e), including the operation and maintenance of airplanes and the purchase of not to exceed three, and surveys and control operations in Canada in cooperation with the Canadian Government or local Canadian authorities, and the employment of Canadian citizens, $2,700,000.

BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL AND INDUSTRIAL CHEMISTRY

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For investigations, experiments, and demonstrations hereinafter authorized, independently or in cooperation with other branches of the Department, other departments or agencies of the Federal Government, States, State agricultural experiment stations, universities, and other State agencies and institutions, counties, municipalities, business, farm, or other organizations and corporations, individuals, associations, and scientific societies, including the employment of necessary persons and means in the city of Washington and elsewhere, of which not to exceed $176,528 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia, as follows:

Agricultural chemical investigations: For conducting the investigations contemplated by the Act of May 15, 1862 (5 U. S. C. 511, 512), relating to the application of chemistry to agriculture; for the biological, chemical, physical, microscopical, and technological investigation of foods, feeds, drugs, plant and animal products, and substances used in the manufacture thereof; for investigations of the physiological effects and for the pharmacological testing of such products and of insecticides; for the investigation and development of methods for the manufacture of sugars, sugar sirups, and starches and the utilization of new agricultural materials for such purposes; for the technological investigation of the utilization of fruits and vegetables and for frozen pack investigations; and to cooperate with associations and scientific societies in the development of methods of analysis, $350,000.

Naval-stores investigations: For the investigation of naval stores (turpentine and rosin) and their components; the investigation and experimental demonstration of improved equipment, methods, or processes of preparing naval stores; the weighing, storing, handling, transportation, and utilization of naval stores; and for the assembling and compilation of data on production, distribution, and consumption of turpentine and rosin, pursuant to the Act of August 15, 1935 (5 U. S. C. 556b), $125,000.

Regional research laboratories: For continuing the researches established under the provisions of section 202 (a) to 202 (e), inclusive, of title II of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U. S. C. 1292), including research on food products of farm commodities, $4,000,000.

BUREAU OF HUMAN NUTRITION AND HOME ECONOMICS

Salaries and expenses: For necessary expenses, including not to exceed $236,184 for personal services in the District of Columbia, of the Bureau of Human Nutrition and Home Economics for conducting, either independently or in cooperation with other agencies, investigations of the relative utility and economy of agricultural products for food, clothing, and other uses in the home, with special sugges-
tions of plans and methods for the more effective utilization of such products for these purposes, and such economic investigations, including housing and household buying, as have for their purpose the improvement of the rural home, and for disseminating useful information on this subject, $850,000.

WHITe PINE BLISTER RUST CONTROL

For expenses necessary to enable the Secretary to carry out the purposes of the Act entitled "An Act for forest protection against the white pine blister rust", approved April 26, 1940 (16 U. S. C. 594a), and in accordance with the provisions thereof, including the employment of persons and means in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, $2,923,867, of which amount $259,838 shall be available to the Department of the Interior for control of white pine blister rust on or endangering Federal lands under the jurisdiction of that Department or lands of Indian tribes which are under the jurisdiction of or retained under restrictions of the United States; $1,266,066 of said amount to the Forest Service for the control of white pine blister rust on or endangering lands under its jurisdiction; and $1,397,963 of said amount to the Bureau of Entomology and Plant Quarantine for leadership and general coordination of the entire program, method development, and for operations conducted under its direction for such control, including, but not confined to, cooperation with individual States, local authorities and private agencies in the control of white pine blister rust on or endangering State and privately owned lands.

FOREST SERVICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For the employment of persons and means in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, including not to exceed $842,861 for departmental personal services in the District of Columbia, and to enable the Secretary to experiment and to make and continue investigations and report on forestry, national forests, forest fires, and lumbering, but no part of this appropriation shall be used for any experiment or test made outside the jurisdiction of the United States; to advise the owners of woodlands as to the proper care of the same; to investigate and test American timber and timber trees and their uses, and methods for the preservative treatment of timber; to seek, through investigations and the planting of native and foreign species, suitable trees for the treeless regions; to erect necessary buildings: Provided, That the cost of any building purchased, erected, or as improved, exclusive of the cost of constructing a water-supply or sanitary system and of connecting the same with any such building, and exclusive of the cost of any tower upon which a lookout house may be erected, shall not exceed $10,000, with the exception that any building erected, purchased, or acquired, the cost of which was $10,000 or more, may be improved out of the appropriations made under this Act for the Forest Service by an amount not to exceed 2 per centum of the cost of such building as certified by the Secretary; to protect, administer, and improve the national forests, including tree planting and other measures to prevent erosion, drift, surface wash, soil waste, and the formation of floods, and to conserve water; to ascertain the natural conditions upon and utilize the national forests, to transport and care for fish and game supplied to stock the national forests or the waters therein; to collate, digest, report, and illustrate the results of experiments and investigations made by the Forest Service; to purchase lawbooks, reference and
technical books, and technical journals for officers of the Forest Service stationed outside of Washington: Provided further, That not to exceed $1,500 may be expended for the contribution of the United States to the cost of the office of the secretariat of the International Union of Forest Research Stations and of the Department of Timber Utilization of the Comité International du Bois, as follows:

General administrative expenses: For necessary expenses for general administrative purposes, including the salary of the Chief Forest Engineer at $9,200 per annum, for the necessary expenses of the National Forest Reservation Commission as authorized by section 14 of the Act of March 1, 1911 (16 U. S. C. 514), and for other personal services in the District of Columbia, $542,000.

National forest protection and management: For the administration, protection, use, maintenance, improvement, and development of the national forests, including the establishment and maintenance of forest tree nurseries, including the procurement of tree seed and nursery stock by purchase, production, or otherwise, seeding and tree planting and the care of plantations and young growth; the operation and maintenance of airplanes and the purchase of not to exceed eight; the maintenance of roads and trails and the construction and maintenance of all other improvements necessary for the proper and economical administration, protection, development, and use of the national forests, including experimental areas under Forest Service administration, except that where, in the opinion of the Secretary, direct purchases will be more economical than construction, improvements may be purchased; the construction (not to exceed $10,000 for any one structure), equipment, and maintenance of sanitary and recreational facilities; control of destructive forest tree diseases and insects; timber cultural operations; development and application of fish and game management plans; propagation and planting of plants suitable for planting on semiarid portions of the national forests; estimating and appraising of timber and other resources and development and application of plans for their effective management, use, and sale; examination, classification, surveying, and appraisal of land incident to effecting exchanges authorized by law and of lands within the boundaries of the national forests that may be opened to homestead settlement and entry under the Act of June 11, 1906, and the Act of August 10, 1912 (16 U. S. C. 506-509), as provided by the Act of March 4, 1913 (16 U. S. C. 512); investigation and establishment of water rights, including the purchase thereof or of lands or interests in lands or rights-of-way for use and protection of water rights necessary or beneficial in connection with the administration and public use of the national forests; and all expenses necessary for the use, maintenance, improvement, protection, and general administration of the national forests, $18,649,100.

Fighting forest fires: For fighting and preventing forest fires on or threatening lands under Forest Service administration, including lands under contract for purchase or in process of condemnation for Forest Service purposes, $100,000, which amount shall also be available for meeting obligations of the preceding fiscal year.

Forest research: For forest research in accordance with the provisions of sections 1, 2, 7, 8, 9, and 10 of the Act entitled “An Act to insure adequate supplies of timber and other forest products for the people of the United States, to promote the full use for timber growing and other purposes of forest lands in the United States, including farm wood lots and those abandoned areas not suitable for agricultural production, and to secure the correlation and the most economical
conduct of forest research in the Department of Agriculture through research in reforestation, timber growing, protection, utilization, forest economics, and related subjects", approved May 22, 1928, as amended (16 U. S. C. 581, 581a, 581f-581i), as follows:

Forest management: Fire, silvicultural, watershed, and other forest investigations and experiments under said section 2, as amended, at forest experiment stations or elsewhere, $270,900.

Range investigations: Investigations and experiments to develop improved methods of management of forest and other ranges under section 7, at forest or range experiment stations or elsewhere, $337,500.

Forest products: Experiments, investigations, and tests of forest products under section 8, at the Forest Products Laboratory, or elsewhere, $1,228,900.

Forest resources investigations: A comprehensive forest survey under section 9, and investigations in forest economics under section 10, $204,600.

FOREST-FIRE COOPERATION

For cooperation with the various States or other appropriate agencies in forest-fire prevention and suppression and the protection of timbered and cut-over lands in accordance with the provisions of sections 1, 2, and 3 of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the protection of forest lands, for the reforestation of denuded areas, for the extension of national forests, and for other purposes, in order to promote the continuous production of timber on lands chiefly suitable therefor", approved June 7, 1924, as amended (16 U. S. C. 564-570), $7,300,000, of which not to exceed $37,584 and $5,000 shall be available for personal services and for the purchase of supplies and equipment, respectively, in the District of Columbia.

FARM AND OTHER PRIVATE FORESTRY COOPERATION

To enable the Secretary (1) to carry into effect, through such agencies of the Department as he may designate, the provisions of the Cooperative Farm Forestry Act, approved May 18, 1897 (16 U. S. C. 568b), (not to exceed $495,957) and the provisions of sections 4 (not to exceed $83,700) and 5 (not to exceed $65,100), of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the protection of forest lands, for the reforestation of denuded areas, for the extension of national forests, and for other purposes, in order to promote the continuous production of timber on lands chiefly suitable therefor", approved June 7, 1924 (16 U. S. C. 565-568), and Acts supplementary thereto; and (2) through the Forest Service to cooperate with and advise timberland owners and associations, wood-using industries or other appropriate agencies in the application of forest management principles to federally owned lands leased to States and to private forest lands, so as to attain sustained-yield management, the conservation of the timber resources, the productivity of forest lands, and the stabilization of employment and economic continuance of forest industries, not to exceed $87,743; in all, not to exceed $732,500, of which not to exceed $39,870 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia; the purchase of reference books and technical journals; not to exceed $30,000 for the construction, alteration, or purchase of necessary buildings, and other improvements: Provided, That in carrying into effect the provisions of the Cooperative Farm Forestry Act, no part of this appropriation shall be used to establish new nurseries or to acquire land for the establishment of such new nurseries.
FOREST ROADS AND TRAILS

For carrying out the provisions of section 23 of the Federal Highway Act approved November 9, 1921, as amended (23 U. S. C. 23, 23a), and for the construction, reconstruction, and maintenance of roads and trails on experimental areas under Forest Service administration, (1) $4,418,778 for forest development roads and trails (including not to exceed $68,846 for personal services in the District of Columbia), and (2) $1,500,000 for maintenance and reconstruction of forest highways, which latter sum is part of the balance of the amount of $5,714,222 authorized to be appropriated for the fiscal year 1942 by the Act of September 5, 1940 (54 Stat. 867, Public Law 780—Seventy-sixth Congress), in all, $5,918,778, to be immediately available and to remain available until expended: Provided, That this appropriation shall be available for the rental, purchase, construction, or alteration of buildings necessary for the storage and repair of equipment and supplies used for road and trail construction and maintenance, but the total cost of any such building purchased, altered, or constructed under this authorization shall not exceed $10,000, with the exception that any building erected, purchased, or acquired, the cost of which was $10,000 or more, may be improved within any fiscal year by an amount not to exceed 2 per centum of the cost of such building as certified by the Secretary, and that $10,200 may be expended for the installation of a heating plant in, and for other betterments to the Sellwood shop buildings in Portland, Oregon.

EMERGENCY RUBBER PROJECT

For all expenses necessary to enable the Secretary to carry into effect the Act of March 5, 1942, as amended (7 U. S. C. 171-175), including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; printing and binding without regard to section 11 of the Act of March 1, 1919 (44 U. S. C. 111); purchase of books of reference and periodicals; erection of necessary buildings; procurement of medical supplies or services for emergency use in the field; and the acceptance of donations of land and rubber-bearing plants, and furnishing to employees daily transportation between points of assembly and work projects, there is hereby continued available, in accordance with section 3 of said Act of March 5, 1942, not to exceed $4,253,662 of the unobligated balances of appropriations made under this head for the fiscal years 1942 and 1943, which balances shall be merged with the appropriation made under this head in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1944: Provided, That any proceeds from the sales of guayule, rubber processed from guayule, or other rubber-bearing plants, or from other sales, rentals, and fees resulting from operations under such Act of March 5, 1942, as amended, shall be covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.

WAR FOOD ADMINISTRATION

Salaries and expenses: For expenses necessary to enable the War Food Administration to perform its functions, including those prescribed by Executive Orders 9280, 9310, 9322, 9328, and 9334, independently or in cooperation (by transfer of funds or otherwise) with public and private agencies and individuals, other personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, including not to exceed $29,000 for employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706 (a) of the Act of September 21, 1944 (Public Law 426); actual transportation and other necessary expenses, and not to exceed
$10 per diem in lieu of subsistence, of persons serving while away from their permanent homes in an advisory capacity to or employed by the War Food Administration, without other compensation from the United States, except that such expenditures shall not exceed $115,000; printing and binding; the purchase of lawbooks, books of reference, periodicals, and not to exceed $700 for newspapers; and the purchase of one, operation, and maintenance of two passenger-carrying vehicles in the District of Columbia; $14,986,472, including $275,000 for the wage stabilization program, and, in the absence of other governing statute, the provisions of law applicable to such program during the fiscal year 1945 are continued during the current fiscal year: Provided, That none of the funds herein appropriated shall be used for the promulgation or execution of orders under which assessments are made against producers or handlers of agricultural products, excepting walnuts, for administration of such orders: Provided further, That no part of this appropriation shall be used for agricultural wage stabilization with respect to any commodity unless a majority of the producers of such commodity within the area affected participating in a referendum or meeting held for that purpose request the intervention of the Administrator of the War Food Administration.

COMMODITY CREDIT CORPORATION

Salaries and administrative expenses: Not to exceed $6,565,000 of the funds of the Commodity Credit Corporation shall be available for administrative expenses of the Corporation in carrying out its activities as authorized by law, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; travel expenses, in accordance with the Standardized Government Travel Regulations and the Act of June 3, 1926, as amended (5 U.S.C. 821-833); printing and binding; lawbooks and books of reference; not to exceed $400 for periodicals, maps, and newspapers; procurement of supplies, equipment, and services; rent in the District of Columbia; and all other necessary administrative expenses: Provided, That all necessary expenses (including legal and special services performed on a contract or fee basis, but not including other personal services) in connection with the acquisition, operation, maintenance, improvement, or disposition of any real or personal property belonging to the Corporation or in which it has an interest, including expenses of collections of pledged collateral, shall be considered as nonadministrative expenses for the purposes hereof: Provided further, That none of the fund made available by this paragraph shall be obligated or expended unless and until an appropriate appropriation account shall have been established therefor pursuant to an appropriation warrant or a covering warrant, and all such expenditures shall be accounted for and audited in accordance with the Budget and Accounting Act of 1921, as amended: Provided further, That none of the fund made available by this paragraph shall be used for administrative expenses connected with the sale of Government-owned or Government-controlled stocks of farm commodities at less than parity price as defined by the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 or the comparable price as provided by section 4(a) of the Act of July 1, 1941, as amended (15 U.S.C. 713a-8); and the method that is now used for the purposes of Commodity Credit Corporation loans for determining the parity price or its equivalent for 7/8-inch Middling cotton at the average location used in fixing the base loan rate for cotton shall also be used for determining the parity price for 7/8-inch Middling cotton at such average location for the purposes of this proviso: Provided

Wage stabilization program.

Restriction on use of funds.

Commodity Credit Corporation

Salaries and administrative expenses: Not to exceed $6,565,000 of the funds of the Commodity Credit Corporation shall be available for administrative expenses of the Corporation in carrying out its activities as authorized by law, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; travel expenses, in accordance with the Standardized Government Travel Regulations and the Act of June 3, 1926, as amended (5 U.S.C. 821-833); printing and binding; lawbooks and books of reference; not to exceed $400 for periodicals, maps, and newspapers; procurement of supplies, equipment, and services; rent in the District of Columbia; and all other necessary administrative expenses: Provided, That all necessary expenses (including legal and special services performed on a contract or fee basis, but not including other personal services) in connection with the acquisition, operation, maintenance, improvement, or disposition of any real or personal property belonging to the Corporation or in which it has an interest, including expenses of collections of pledged collateral, shall be considered as nonadministrative expenses for the purposes hereof: Provided further, That none of the fund made available by this paragraph shall be obligated or expended unless and until an appropriate appropriation account shall have been established therefor pursuant to an appropriation warrant or a covering warrant, and all such expenditures shall be accounted for and audited in accordance with the Budget and Accounting Act of 1921, as amended: Provided further, That none of the fund made available by this paragraph shall be used for administrative expenses connected with the sale of Government-owned or Government-controlled stocks of farm commodities at less than parity price as defined by the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 or the comparable price as provided by section 4(a) of the Act of July 1, 1941, as amended (15 U.S.C. 713a-8); and the method that is now used for the purposes of Commodity Credit Corporation loans for determining the parity price or its equivalent for 7/8-inch Middling cotton at the average location used in fixing the base loan rate for cotton shall also be used for determining the parity price for 7/8-inch Middling cotton at such average location for the purposes of this proviso: Provided

Ante, p. 30.

Post, pp. 423, 544.

Travel expenses.

44 Stat. 658.


Nonadministrative expenses.

Accounting.

42 Stat. 20.

31 U. S. C., § 1; Supp. IV, § 16 et seq.

Sales at less than parity price.

52 Stat. 28; 55 Stat. 450.

7 U. S. C. § 1331 (a);

Sale of deteriorated commodities, etc. further, That the foregoing shall not apply to the sale or other disposition of any agricultural commodity substantially deteriorated in quality (or in the case of perishable fruits, vegetables, and animal products if there is danger of deterioration or of accumulation of stocks) or sold for the purpose of feeding, or the extraction of peanut oil, or commodities disposed of for export pursuant to section 21 (c) of the Surplus Property Act of 1944 (Public Law 437) or commodities sold to farmers for seed or for new or byproduct uses, or commodities sold for the purpose of establishing claims against persons who have committed fraud, misrepresentations, or other wrongful acts with respect to such commodities: Provided further, That no wheat or corn shall be sold for feed at a price less than the parity price of corn at the time such sale is made: Provided further, That in making regional adjustments in the sale price of corn or wheat the minimum price need not be higher in any area than the United States average parity price of corn.

CONSERVATION AND USE OF AGRICULTURAL LAND RESOURCES

For all expenses necessary to enable the Secretary to carry into effect the provisions of sections 7 to 17, inclusive, of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act, approved February 29, 1936, as amended (16 U. S. C. 590v-1 to 590q-3), and the provisions of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended (7 U. S. C. 1281a-1 to 1281m), (except the provisions of sections 201, 202, 301, 381, and 383 and the provisions of titles IV and V), including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; not to exceed $6,000 for the preparation and display of exhibits, including such displays at State, interstate, and international fairs within the United States; purchase of lawbooks, books of reference, periodicals; $300,000,000, together with $13,000,000 of the unobligated balance of the appropriation "Parity payments" in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1944, in all $313,000,000, to remain available until December 31, 1945, for compliance with programs under said provisions of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, and the Act of February 29, 1936, as amended, pursuant to the provisions of the 1945 programs carried out during the period July 1, 1944, to December 31, 1945, inclusive, and, in addition, $12,500,000 for making additional payments on an acreage and pound basis for harvesting seeds of grasses and legumes determined by the War Food Administrator to be necessary for an adequate supply of such seeds and $29,750,000 for making payments pursuant to section 5 of the Act of December 23, 1944 (Public Law 551): Provided, That not to exceed $22,911,200 of the total sum provided under this head shall be available during the current fiscal year, for salaries and other administrative expenses for carrying out such programs; but not more than $6,382,103 shall be transferred to the appropriation account, "Administrative expenses, Agricultural Adjustment Agency": Provided further, That none of the funds herein appropriated or made available for the functions assigned to the Agricultural Adjustment Agency pursuant to the Executive Order (No. 9069) of February 23, 1942, shall be used to pay the salaries or expenses of any regional information employees or any State or county information employees, but this shall not preclude the answering of inquiries or supplying of information to individual farmers: Provided further, That such amount shall be available for salaries and other administrative expenses in connection with the formulation and administration of
the 1946 programs of soil-building practices and soil- and water-conservation practices, under the Act of February 29, 1936, as amended, and programs under the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, the total expenditures of which, including administration, shall not exceed $300,000,000; but the payments or grants under such program shall be conditioned upon the utilization of land with respect to which such payments or grants are to be made, in conformity with farming practices which will encourage and provide for soil-building and soil- and water-conserving practices in the most practical and effective manner and adapted to conditions in the several States, as determined and approved by the State committee of the Agricultural Adjustment Agency for the respective States: Provided further, That no part of such amounts shall be available after the end of the current fiscal year for salaries and other administrative expenses except for payment of obligations therefor incurred prior to the end of such year: Provided further, That the Secretary, may, in his discretion, from time to time transfer to the General Accounting Office such sums as may be necessary to pay administrative expenses of the General Accounting Office in auditing payments under this item: Provided further, That such amount shall be available for the purchase of seeds, fertilizers, lime, trees, or any other farming materials, or any soil-terracing services, and making grants thereof to agricultural producers to aid them in carrying out farming practices approved by the Secretary in the 1945, 1946, and 1947 programs under said Act of February 29, 1936, as amended: Provided further, That no part of any funds available to the Department of Agriculture, the War Food Administration, or any bureau, office, corporation, or other agency constituting a part of such Department or Administration shall be used in the current fiscal year for the payment of salary or travel expenses of any person who has been convicted of violating the Act entitled "An Act to prevent pernicious political activities", approved August 2, 1939, as amended, or who has been found in accordance with the provisions of section 6 of the Act of July 11, 1919 (18 U. S. C. 201), to have violated or attempted to violate such section which prohibits the use of Federal appropriations for the payment of personal services or other expenses designed to influence in any manner a Member of Congress to favor or oppose any legislation or appropriation by Congress except upon request of any Member or through the proper official channels: Provided further, That none of the funds appropriated in this Act for the War Food Administration or any of its constituent agencies shall be paid out for the salary, per diem allowance, or expenses of any person after it is determined by the War Food Administrator that such person has, personally or by letter, demanded that a farmer join the triple-A program as a condition of draft deferment or for the granting of a priority certificate for any rationed article or commodity. Hearings on charges filed with the War Food Administrator shall be held and decision made within thirty days after such charges are filed with him.

FEDERAL CROP INSURANCE ACT

Administrative and operating expenses: For operating and administrative expenses under the Federal Crop Insurance Act, as amended (7 U. S. C. 1501-1518), as amended by the Act of December 23, 1944 (Public Law 551), $7,984,900, including personal services in the District of Columbia, printing and binding, purchase of books of reference and periodicals, and not to exceed $700 for newspapers.
To carry out the provisions of "An Act to provide for the protection of land resources against soil erosion, and for other purposes," approved April 27, 1935 (16 U. S. C. 590a-590f), which provides for a national program of erosion control and soil and water conservation to be carried out directly and in cooperation with other agencies, including the employment of persons and means in the District of Columbia and elsewhere (but not to exceed $870,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia), purchase of books and periodicals, maintenance, repair, and operation of one passenger-carrying automobile in the District of Columbia, furnishing of subsistence to employees, training of employees, operation and maintenance of aircraft, and the purchase and erection or alteration of permanent buildings: Provided, That the cost of any building purchased, erected, or as improved, exclusive of the cost of constructing a water supply or sanitary system and connecting the same with any such building, shall not exceed $2,500 except where buildings are acquired in conjunction with land being purchased for other purposes and except for eight buildings to be constructed at a cost not to exceed $15,000 per building: Provided further, That no money appropriated in this Act shall be available for the construction of any such building on land not owned by the Government: Provided further, That in the State of Missouri where the State has established a central State agency authorized to enter into agreements with the United States or any of its agencies on policies and general programs for the saving of its soil by the extension of Federal aid to any soil conservation district in such State, the agreements made by or on behalf of the United States with any such soil conservation district shall have the prior approval of such central State agency before they shall become effective as to such district, as follows:

Soil conservation research: For research and investigations into the character, cause, extent, history, and effects of erosion, soil and moisture depletion and methods of soil and water conservation (including the construction and hydrologic phases of farm irrigation and land drainage); and for construction, operation, and maintenance of experimental watersheds, stations, laboratories, plots, and installations, $1,063,000.

Soil conservation operations: For carrying out preventive measures to conserve soil and water, including such special measures as may be necessary to prevent floods and the siltation of reservoirs, and including the improvement of farm irrigation and land drainage; and for construction, operation, and maintenance of experimental watersheds, stations, laboratories, plots, and installations, $33,036,800: Provided, That no part of this appropriation may be expended for soil and water conservation operations in demonstration projects.

Erosion control, Everglades region, Florida: For research and demonstration work in soil conservation control measures, including research and demonstration work in fire control and irrigation construction work to eliminate fire hazards, in the Everglades region of Florida, $54,500: Provided, That no expenditures shall be made for these purposes until a sum at least equal to such expenditures shall have been made available by the State of Florida, or a political subdivision thereof, for the same purposes.
LAND UTILIZATION AND RETIREMENT OF SUBMARGINAL LAND

To enable the Secretary to carry out the provisions of title III of the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act, approved July 22, 1937 (7 U.S.C. 1010-1013), including the employment of persons and means in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, $1,087,300.

SCHOOL LUNCH PROGRAM

Not exceeding $50,000,000 of the funds appropriated by and pursuant to section 32, as amended, of the Act of August 24, 1935 (7 U.S.C. 612(c)), may also be used during the current fiscal year to provide food for consumption by children in nonprofit schools of high-school grade or under and for child-care centers through (a) the purchase, processing, and exchange, and the distribution of agricultural commodities and products thereof; or (b) the making of payments to such schools and centers or agencies having control thereof in connection with the purchase and distribution of agricultural commodities in fresh or processed form and, when desirable, for the processing and exchange of such commodities and their products; or (c) by such other means as the Secretary may determine: Provided, That funds made available hereunder for a school lunch program shall be apportioned for expenditure in the States, Territories, possessions, and the District of Columbia in accordance with school enrollment and need, as determined by the Secretary, except that if program participation in any State, Territory, possession, or the District of Columbia does not require all funds so apportioned, the Secretary may reapportion such excess funds to such other States, Territories, possessions, or the District of Columbia in consideration of need, as he may determine: Provided further, That benefits under (b) of this paragraph to schools or child-care centers or other sponsoring agencies shall in no case exceed the cost of the agricultural commodities or products thereof purchased by the school or child-care center or other sponsoring agencies as established by certificates executed by the authorized representative of the sponsoring agency: Provided further, That such sponsoring agency shall maintain accounts and records clearly establishing costs of agricultural commodities furnished in the program and that such accounts and records shall be available for audit by representatives of the Department of Agriculture: Provided further, That these funds may be used for, or to make payments in connection with, the purchase of such agricultural commodities and for exchanging, distributing, disposing, transporting, storing, processing, inspection, commission, and other incidental costs and expenses without regard to the provisions of section 3709 of the Revised Statutes and without regard to the 25 per centum limitation contained in said section 32: Provided further, That not more than 2 per centum of the funds made available hereunder for a school lunch program shall be used to provide food for children in child-care centers. The amount of funds available hereunder for a school lunch program used in any State, Territory, possession, or the District of Columbia during any fiscal year shall not exceed the total amount otherwise furnished for the same purpose by or on behalf of the school authorities and other sponsoring agencies in such State, Territory, possession, or District of Columbia including the value of donated services and supplies, as certified by the respective schools, care centers, or agencies having control thereof.
To enable the Secretary to carry into effect the provisions, other than those specifically relating to the Philippine Islands, of the Sugar Act of 1937, approved September 1, 1937, as amended (7 U. S. C. 1100-1183), including the employment of persons and means, in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, as authorized by said Act, $48,446,000, to remain available until June 30, 1947.

MARKETING SERVICE

For the employment of such persons and means in the city of Washington and elsewhere (including not to exceed $1,228,446 for departmental personal services in the District of Columbia) as may be necessary in conducting investigations, experiments, and demonstrations, either independently or in cooperation with public or private agencies, organizations, or individuals, as follows:

Market news service: For collecting, publishing, and distributing, by telegraph, mail, or otherwise, timely information on the market supply and demand, commercial movement, location, disposition, quality, condition, and market prices of livestock, meats, fish, and animal products, dairy and poultry products, fruits and vegetables, peanuts and their products, grain, hay, feeds, cottonseed, and seeds, and other agricultural products, independently and in cooperation with other branches of the Government, State agencies, purchasing and consuming organizations, and persons engaged in the production, transportation, marketing, and distribution of farm and food products, $1,125,300.

Market inspection of farm products: For enabling the Secretary, independently and in cooperation with other branches of the Government, State agencies, purchasing and consuming organizations, boards of trade, chambers of commerce, or other associations of businessmen or trade organizations, and persons or corporations engaged in the production, transportation, marketing, and distribution of farm and food products, whether operating in one or more jurisdictions, to investigate and certify to shippers and other interested parties the class, quality, and condition of cotton, tobacco, fruits, and vegetables, whether raw, dried, canned, or otherwise processed, poultry, butter, hay, and other perishable farm products when offered for interstate shipment or when received at such important central markets as the Secretary may from time to time designate, or at points which may be conveniently reached therefore under such rules and regulations as he may prescribe, including payment of such fees as will be reasonable and as nearly as may be to cover the cost for the service rendered, $474,000.

Marketing farm products: For acquiring and diffusing among the people of the United States useful information relative to the standardization, classification, grading, preparation for market, handling, and marketing of farm and food products, including the demonstration and promotion of the use of uniform standards of classification of American farm and food products throughout the world, and for making analyses of cotton fiber as provided by the Act of April 7, 1941 (7 U. S. C. 473d), $388,000.

Tobacco Acts: To enable the Secretary to carry into effect the provisions of "An Act to establish and promote the use of standards of classification for tobacco, to provide and maintain an official tobacco-inspection service, and for other purposes", approved August 28, 1935 (7 U. S. C. 511–511q), "An Act to provide for the collection and publication of statistics of tobacco by the Department of Agriculture", approved January 14, 1929 (7 U. S. C. 501–508), as amended,
and "An Act to prohibit the exportation of tobacco seed and plants, except for experimental purposes", approved June 5, 1940 (7 U. S. C. 516), $1,000,000.

Perishable Agricultural Commodities, Produce Agency, and Standard Container Acts: To enable the Secretary to carry into effect the provisions of the Perishable Agricultural Commodities Act, approved June 10, 1930, as amended (7 U. S. C. 499a-499r), and the Act to prevent the destruction or dumping of farm produce, and for other purposes, approved March 3, 1927 (7 U. S. C. 491-497), the Standard Baskets Act, approved August 31, 1916, as amended (15 U. S. C. 251-256), and the Act to fix standards for hampers, round stave baskets, and split baskets for fruits and vegetables, and for other purposes, approved May 21, 1928 (15 U. S. C. 257-257i), $181,600.

Cotton Statistics, Classing, Standards, and Futures Acts: To enable the Secretary to carry into effect the provisions of the Act authorizing him to collect and publish statistics of the grade and staple length of cotton, approved March 3, 1927, as amended by the Act of April 13, 1937 (7 U. S. C. 471-476), and to perform the duties imposed upon him by chapter 14 of the Internal Revenue Code relating to cotton futures (26 U. S. C. 1920-1935), and to carry into effect the provisions of the United States Cotton Standards Act, approved March 4, 1923, as amended (7 U. S. C. 51-65), $1,042,000.

United States Grain Standards Act: To enable the Secretary to carry into effect the provisions of the United States Grain Standards Act, $741,000.

United States Warehouse Act: To enable the Secretary to carry into effect the provisions of the United States Warehouse Act, $507,000.

Federal Seed Act: To enable the Secretary to carry into effect the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to regulate interstate and foreign commerce in seeds; to require labeling and to prevent misrepresentation of seeds in interstate commerce; to require certain standards with respect to certain imported seeds; and for other purposes", approved August 9, 1939 (7 U. S. C. 1561-1610), $102,400: Provided, That not to exceed $250 of this amount may be used for meeting the share of the United States in the expenses of the International Seed Testing Congress.


Naval Stores Act: For enabling the Secretary to carry into effect the provisions of the Naval Stores Act of March 3, 1928 (7 U. S. C. 91-99), $30,100.

Insecticide Act: For enabling the Secretary to carry into effect the provisions of the Act of April 26, 1910 (7 U. S. C. 121-134), entitled "An Act for preventing the manufacture, sale, or transportation of adulterated or misbranded paris greens, lead arsenates, other insecticides, and also fungicides, and for regulating traffic therein, and for other purposes", $186,800.

Commodity Exchange Act: To enable the Secretary to carry into effect the provisions of the Commodity Exchange Act, as amended (7 U. S. C. 1-17a), $300,000.

Freight rates for farm products: To carry out the provisions of section 201 (a) to 201 (d), inclusive, of title II of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U. S. C. 1291), $84,200.
Assistance to needy farmers.

To enable the Secretary through the War Food Administration to continue to provide assistance through rural rehabilitation and grants to needy farmers in the United States, its Territories and possessions, including (1) loans to needy individual farmers, (2) grants, (3) making and servicing of loans and grants under this Act and prior laws, (4) farm debt adjustment service, (5) liquidation as expeditiously as possible of Federal rural rehabilitation projects under the supervision of the War Food Administration, and (6) servicing and collecting loans made under the provisions of the Act of July 12, 1943, Public Law 140, as amended, $22,357,264, together with not to exceed $198,000 of the unobligated balance of the appropriation made to carry out the provisions of said Act, which sum shall be also available for necessary administrative expenses incident to the foregoing, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; not to exceed $57,000 for employment pursuant to the second sentence of section 706 (a) of the Act of September 21, 1944 (Public Law 425); purchase of lawbooks, books of reference, periodicals, and not to exceed $1,000 for newspapers; and printing and binding: Provided, That the War Food Administrator shall transmit to the Congress semiannually a progress report with respect to the liquidation of Federal rural rehabilitation projects, under his supervision, showing by name and by States all dispositions of such projects, or parts thereof, together with the amounts of Federal funds expended in the process of liquidation, and any losses incurred in the use of such funds.

In making any grant payments under this Act, the Secretary is authorized to require with respect to such payments the performance of work on useful public projects, Federal and non-Federal, including work on private or public land in furtherance of the conservation of natural resources, and the provisions of the Act of February 15, 1934 (5 U.S.C. 796), as amended, relating to disability or death compensation, and benefits shall apply to those persons performing such work: Provided, That this section shall not apply to any case coming within the purview of the workmen’s compensation law of any State, Territory, or possession, or in which the claimant has received or is entitled to receive similar benefits for injury or death.

For additional funds for the purpose of making rural rehabilitation loans to needy individual farmers, who are unable to obtain credit elsewhere at comparable rates for the area where such loan is proposed to be made, the Reconstruction Finance Corporation is authorized and directed to make advances to the Secretary upon his request in an aggregate amount of not to exceed $67,500,000. Such advances shall be made (1) with interest at not to exceed the rate of 3 per centum per annum payable semiannually; (2) upon the security of obligations acceptable to the Corporation heretofore or hereafter acquired by the Secretary pursuant to law; (3) in amounts which shall not exceed 75 per centum of the then unpaid principal amount of the obligations securing such advances; and (4) upon such other terms and conditions, and with such maturities as the Corporation may determine. The Secretary shall pay to the Corporation, currently as received by him, all moneys collected as payments of principal and interest on the loans made from the amounts so advanced or collected upon any obligations held by the Corporation as security for such advances, until such amounts are fully paid. The amount of notes, debentures, bonds, or other such obligations which the Corporation is authorized and empowered to issue and to have outstanding at any one time under the provisions of law in force on the date...
this Act takes effect is hereby increased by an amount sufficient to carry out the provisions of this paragraph.

None of the moneys appropriated or otherwise authorized under this caption "Loans, grants, and rural rehabilitation", shall be used for (1) the purchase or leasing of land or for the carrying on of any land-purchase or land-leasing program; or (2) the carrying on of any operations in collective farming, or cooperative farming, or the organization, promotions, or management of homestead associations, land-leasing associations, land-purchasing associations, or cooperative land purchasing for colonies of rehabilitants or tenant purchasers, except for the liquidation as expeditiously as possible of any such projects heretofore initiated; or (3) the making of loans to any individual farmer in excess of $2,500; or (4) the making of loans to any cooperative association; or (5) the making of loans for the payment of due to or the purchase of any share or stock interest in any cooperative association (except for medical, dental, or hospital services) or for any expenditure other than that deemed necessary, in the discretion of the Administrator, for the production of agricultural commodities.

The Secretary may expend funds administered by him as trustee under the various transfer agreements with the several State rural rehabilitation corporations only for purposes for which funds made available under this caption may be expended, and the limitations applicable to such funds shall also be applicable to the expenditure of such trust funds by the Secretary.

The appropriation and authorizations herein made under the heading "Loans, grants, and rural rehabilitation", shall constitute the total amount to be available for obligation under this heading during the current fiscal year and shall not be supplemented by funds from any source.

No part of the appropriation herein made under the heading "Loans, grants, and rural rehabilitation", shall be available to pay the compensation of any person appointed in accordance with the civil-service laws.

FARM TENANCY

To enable the Secretary through the War Food Administration to carry into effect the provisions of title I of the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act, approved July 22, 1937 (7 U. S. C. 1000-1006), as follows:

Salaries and expenses: For necessary expenses in connection with the making of loans under title I of the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act, approved July 22, 1937 (7 U. S. C. 1000-1006), and the collection of moneys due the United States on account of loans heretofore made under the provisions of said Act, including the employment of persons and means in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, exclusive of printing and binding, as authorized by said Act, $2,500,000.

Loans: For loans to individual farmers in accordance with title I of the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act, approved July 22, 1937 (7 U. S. C. 1000-1006) and section 505 (b) of the Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944 (Public Law 346), $50,000,000, including $25,000,000 for loans to eligible veterans which may be distributed, without regard to the provisions of section 3 of the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act, among the States and Territories in such amounts as are necessary to make such loans, which sums shall be borrowed from the Reconstruction Finance Corporation at an interest rate of not to exceed 3 per centum per annum and no loan, excepting those to eligible veterans, shall be made in an amount greater than 15 per centum above the census value of the average farm unit of thirty acres and
RURAL ELECTRIFICATION ADMINISTRATION

more in the county, parish, or locality where the purchase is made, as determined by the 1940 farm census; and the Reconstruction Finance Corporation is hereby authorized and directed to lend such sum to the Secretary upon the security of any obligations of borrowers from the Secretary under the provisions of title I of the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act, approved July 22, 1937 (7 U. S. C. 1000–1006): Provided, That the amount loaned by the Reconstruction Finance Corporation shall not exceed 85 per centum of the principal amount outstanding of the obligations constituting the security therefor: Provided further, That the Secretary may utilize proceeds from payments of principal and interest on any loans made under such title I to repay the Reconstruction Finance Corporation the amount borrowed therefrom under the authority of this paragraph: Provided further, That the amount of notes, bonds, debentures, and other such obligations which the Reconstruction Finance Corporation is authorized and empowered to issue and to have outstanding at any one time under existing law is hereby increased by an amount sufficient to carry out the provisions hereof.

WATER FACILITIES, ARID AND SEMIARID AREAS

To enable the Secretary to carry into effect the provisions of the Act entitled “An Act to promote conservation in the arid and semiarid areas of the United States by aiding in the development of facilities for water storage and utilization, and for other purposes”, approved August 28, 1937, as amended (16 U. S. C. 590r–590x, 590z–5), $1,000,000, of which not to exceed $11,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

WATER CONSERVATION AND UTILIZATION PROJECTS

For expenses necessary to enable the Secretary, through such agencies of the Department as he may designate, to carry into effect the functions of the Department under the Act of October 14, 1940 (16 U. S. C. 590y-z–10), as amended, relating to the construction, operation, and maintenance of water conservation and utilization projects, $1,165,066, to be immediately available and to remain available until expended, which sum shall be merged with the unexpended balances of funds heretofore appropriated or transferred to said Department for the purposes of said Act, including personal services in the District of Columbia; purchase of books of reference and periodicals; and leveling or otherwise preparing such lands for the utilization of irrigation water, irrespective of ownership.

RURAL ELECTRIFICATION ADMINISTRATION

To enable the Secretary to carry into effect the provisions of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, approved May 20, 1936, as amended (7 U. S. C. 901–914), as follows:

Salaries and expenses: For administrative expenses and expenses of studies, investigations, publications, and reports including the salary of the Administrator, Rural Electrification Administration, and other personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; purchase and exchange of books, lawbooks, books of reference, directories, and periodicals; not to exceed $300 for newspapers; and not to exceed $500 for financial and credit reports, $3,200,000.

Loans: For loans in accordance with sections 3, 4, and 5 of said Act, and for carrying out the provisions of section 7 thereof, $80,000,000, which sum shall be borrowed from the Reconstruction Finance Corporation in accordance with the provisions of section 3 (a) of said Act.
FARM CREDIT ADMINISTRATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For salaries and expenses of the Farm Credit Administration in the District of Columbia and the field, including printing and binding; travel expenses, including not to exceed $5,000 for travel incurred under proper authority attending meetings or conventions of members of organizations at which matters of importance to the work of the Farm Credit Administration are to be discussed or transacted; law-books, books of reference, and not to exceed $750 for periodicals and newspapers; library membership fees or dues in organizations which issue publications to members only or to members at a lower price than to others, payment for which may be made in advance; not to exceed $20,000 for expenditures authorized by section 602 of the Act of September 21, 1944 (Public Law 425); purchase of one, maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; garage rental in the District of Columbia; payment of actual transportation and other necessary expenses and not to exceed $10 per diem in lieu of subsistence of persons serving, while away from their homes, without other compensation from the United States, in an advisory capacity to the Farm Credit Administration, except that such expenditures shall not exceed $10,000; necessary administrative expenses in connection with the making of loans under the provisions of the Act of January 29, 1937 (12 U. S. C. 1020i-1020n, 1020o), and the collection of moneys due the United States on account of loans made under the provisions of said Act and similar Acts administered by the Farm Credit Administration relating to loans for crop production, feed, seed, and harvesting; examination of corporations, banks, associations, and institutions operated, supervised, or regulated by the Farm Credit Administration; in all, $526,000, together with not to exceed $3,845,209 from the funds made available to the Farm Credit Administration pursuant to the Act of January 29, 1937 (12 U. S. C. 1020i-1020n, 1020o). Collections made pursuant to section 601 of the Act of September 21, 1944 (Public Law 425), are hereby made available to reimburse this appropriation for the cost of examining and supervising the corporations, banks, associations, and other organizations as provided in said section.

Farmers' crop production and harvesting loans: For loans to farmers under the Act of January 29, 1937 (12 U. S. C. 1020i-1020n, 1020o), as amended by the Acts of February 4, 1938 (Public Resolution 78), June 30, 1939 (Public Law 159), June 25, 1940 (12 U. S. C. 1020n-1), July 1, 1941 (Public Law 144), July 22, 1942 (Public Law 674), July 12, 1943 (Public Law 129), and June 29, 1944 (Public Law 367), the unobligated balance (exclusive of the amount of such balance made available for "Salaries and expenses, Farm Credit Administration, 1946") of the appropriation "Crop production and harvesting loans" as made in the First Deficiency Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1937 (Act of February 9, 1937, Public Law 4), and as continued available by the Acts of February 4, 1938 (Public Resolution 78), June 30, 1939 (Public Law 159), June 25, 1940 (12 U. S. C. 1020n-1), July 1, 1941 (Public Law 144), July 22, 1942 (Public Law 674), July 12, 1943 (Public Law 129), and June 28, 1944 (Public Law 367), is hereby made available, together with all collections of principal and interest on loans heretofore or hereafter made under said Act of January 29, 1937 (12 U. S. C. 1020i-1020n, 1020o).
Not to exceed $6,450,000 of the funds of the Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation, established by the Act of January 31, 1934 (12 U. S. C. 1020–1020h), shall be available during the current fiscal year for administrative expenses of the Corporation, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; travel expenses of officers and employees of the Corporation, in accordance with the Standardized Government Travel Regulations and the Act of June 3, 1926, as amended (5 U. S. C. 821–833); printing and binding, lawbooks, books of reference, and not to exceed $250 for periodicals and newspapers; contract stenographic reporting services; procurement of supplies, equipment, and services; maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, to be used only for official purposes; rent in the District of Columbia; payment of actual transportation and other necessary expenses and not to exceed $10 per diem in lieu of subsistence of persons serving, while away from their homes, without other compensation from the United States, in an advisory capacity to the Corporation; employment on a contract or fee basis of persons, firms, and corporations for the performance of special services, including legal services; use of the services and facilities of Federal land banks, national farm loan associations, Federal Reserve banks, and agencies of the Government as authorized by said Act of January 31, 1934; and all other necessary administrative expenses: Provided, That except for the limitation in amounts hereinbefore specified, and the restrictions in respect to travel expenses, the administrative expenses and other obligations of the Corporation shall be incurred, allowed, and paid in accordance with the provisions of said Act of January 31, 1934, as amended (12 U. S. C. 1016–1020h).
section) except (a) in regions in which loans or advances had been made under said section 201 (e) of the Emergency Relief and Construction Act of 1932 within one year prior to December 1, 1942, or (b) in any region which the Secretary of Agriculture shall have designated as a region in which the making of such loans or advances is necessary in order to finance the production of crops or livestock that otherwise would not be produced in such region: Provided, That none of the limitations provided for by this section shall apply with respect to any loan or advance made or approved at any time for the purpose of financing the completion of production undertaken before July 12, 1943, or for the purpose of protecting or preserving the security for or assisting in the collection or liquidation of any loan or advance made or approved before such date.

Sec. 3. Within the unit limit of cost fixed by law the lump-sum appropriations herein made for the Department shall be available for the purchase of motor-propelled and horse-drawn passenger-carrying vehicles necessary in the conduct of the field work of the Department outside the District of Columbia, but the number of such vehicles purchased or otherwise acquired for all the activities of the Department for which appropriations are made in this Act shall not exceed the total number indicated for purchase by the Department under the statements of proposed expenditures for purchase, maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled and horse-drawn passenger-carrying vehicles in the Budget: Provided, That such vehicles shall be used only for official service outside the District of Columbia, but this shall not prevent the continued use for official service of motortrucks in the District of Columbia: Provided further, That appropriations contained in this Act shall be available for the maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-propelled and horse-drawn passenger-carrying vehicles: Provided further, That the funds available to the Agricultural Adjustment Agency may be used for the maintenance, repair, and operation of one passenger-carrying vehicle in the District of Columbia.

Sec. 4. Provisions of law prohibiting or restricting the employment of aliens shall not apply to (1) the temporary employment of translators when competent citizen translators are not available; (2) employment in cases of emergency of persons in the field service of the Department for periods of not more than sixty days; (3) employment on the emergency rubber project; (4) employment by the Rural Electrification Administration of not to exceed twenty junior engineer trainees who are citizens of other American republics; and (5) employment under the appropriation for the Office of Foreign Agricultural Relations.

Sec. 5. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used to pay the salary or wages of any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided, That for the purposes hereof an affidavit shall be considered prima facie evidence that the person making the affidavit does not advocate, and is not a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided further, That such administrative or supervisory employees of the Department as may be designated for the purpose by the Secretary are hereby authorized to administer the oaths to persons making affidavits required by this section, and they shall charge no fee for so doing: Provided further, That any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence and accepts employment the salary or wages for which are paid from any appropriation contained in this Act shall be guilty of a felony and, upon

47 Stat. 713.

Exceptions.

Vehicles.

Limitation on use.

Maintenance, etc.

Use of AAA funds.

Employment of aliens.

Persons advocating overthrow of U. S. Government.

Affidavit.

Administration of oaths.

Penalty.
conviction, shall be fined not more than $1,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both: Provided further, That the above penalty clause shall be in addition to, and not in substitution for, any other provisions of existing law: Provided further, That nothing in this section shall be construed to require an affidavit from any person employed for less than sixty days for sudden emergency work involving the loss of human life or destruction of property, and payment of salary or wages may be made to such persons from applicable appropriations for services rendered in such emergency without execution of the affidavit contemplated by this section.

Sect. 6. This Act may be cited as the “Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1946”.

Approved May 5, 1945.

[CHAPTER 110] JOINT RESOLUTION

Making additional appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1945.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, namely:

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION

Panama Canal construction annuity fund: For Panama Canal construction annuity fund, fiscal year 1945, $315,480, to be additional to the appropriation under this head in the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1944.

FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY

SAINT ELIZABETHS HOSPITAL

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1945, for “Salaries and expenses, Saint Elizabeths Hospital”, including the objects specified under this head in the Federal Security Appropriation Act, 1945, $347,500.

Approved May 5, 1945.

[CHAPTER 112] AN ACT

To extend the Selective Training and Service Act of 1940, as amended.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 16 (b) of the Selective Training and Service Act of 1940, as amended, is amended by deleting “May 15, 1945,” and inserting in lieu thereof the following: “May 15, 1946, or the date of the termination of hostilities in the present war, or on such earlier date as may be specified in a concurrent resolution of the two Houses of Congress for that purpose,” and by adding at the end of section 16 (b) the following new sentence: “As used in this section the term ‘date of the termination of hostilities in the present war’ means the date proclaimed by the President as the date of such termination or the date specified in a concurrent resolution of the two Houses of Congress as the date of such termination, whichever is the earlier”.

Sect. 2. Section 3 (a) of such Act, as amended, is hereby amended by striking out the period at the end thereof and inserting in lieu thereof a colon and the following: “And provided further, That no man under nineteen years of age who is inducted into the land or
Naval and Coast Guard training assignments.

Approved May 9, 1945.

[CHAPTER 122]

AN ACT

To amend section 3 (b) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, so as to permit exemption of security issues not exceeding $300,000 from the provisions of such Act.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That subsection (b) of section 3 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, is amended by striking out "$100,000" where it appears in such subsection, and inserting in lieu thereof "$300,000".

Approved May 15, 1945.

[CHAPTER 123]

AN ACT

Amending the Act of June 25, 1938 (52 Stat. 1207), authorizing the Secretary of the Interior to pay salary and expenses of the chairman, secretary, and interpreter of the Klamath General Council, members of the Klamath business committee and other committees appointed by said Klamath General Council, and official delegates of the Klamath Tribe, as amended, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act approved June 25, 1938 (52 Stat. 1207), as amended, be, and the same hereby is, further amended so as to read in full as follows:

"The Secretary of the Interior, or such official as may be designated by him, is hereby authorized beginning as of July 1, 1937, and until otherwise directed by Congress, to pay out of any unobligated tribal funds of the Klamath Indians in the Treasury of the United States salaries and expenses to the chairman, secretary, and interpreter of the Klamath General Council and members of the Klamath business committee or other committees appointed by the Klamath General Council (except the Klamath Reimbursable Loan Fund Board), when engaged on business of the tribe, and to such official delegates of the Klamath Tribe who may carry on the business of the tribe at the seat of government: Provided, That the rate of salary and per diem paid shall be fixed in advance by resolution of the Klamath General Council, subject to the approval of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, except that additional salaries and expenses, fixed and approved in the same way, may be made retroactive to July 1, 1945: Provided further, That the official delegates of the tribe carrying on said business at the seat of government shall receive, if travel is by rail, the usual railroad and sleeping-car transportation to and from the seat of government, or, if travel is by automobile, delegates furnishing such transportation shall receive an amount equivalent to the cost of their railroad and sleeping-car transportation to and from the seat of government, but salary and per diem shall not be paid to delegates traveling by automobile for any period in excess of the time required to perform the travel by railroad: Provided further, That the aforesaid official delegates shall also receive reimbursement for telegraphic expenses.

Rates.

Transportation of official delegates.

Telegraphic expenses.
[CHAPTER 124] AN ACT

May 15, 1945
[Public Law 571]

To provide a method for the wartime reduction of temporary grades held by general officers of the Army of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, during the continuance of any of the wars in which the United States is now engaged and for six months thereafter, the President, without the advice and consent of the Senate, is authorized to appoint any member of the Army of the United States who, since August 27, 1940, has been appointed, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to the temporary grade of major general in the Army of the United States or to any higher grade, and whose appointment to such grade has been terminated, to any temporary general officer grade in the Army of the United States which is lower than the grade held under the appointment terminated.

Approved May 15, 1945.

[CHAPTER 126] AN ACT

May 15, 1945
[Public Law 58]

To extend the provisions of the Act of July 11, 1941 (Public Law 163, Seventy-seventh Congress).

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Public Law 163, Seventy-seventh Congress (518a, ch. 13, title 18 of the Criminal Code), is hereby amended by deleting "May 15, 1945" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "May 15, 1946, or the date of the termination of hostilities in the present war, or on such earlier date as may be specified in a concurrent resolution of the two Houses of Congress for that purpose. As used in this section the term `date of the termination of hostilities in the present war' means the date proclaimed by the President as the date of such termination or the date specified in a concurrent resolution of the two Houses of Congress as the date of such termination, whichever is the earlier."

Approved May 15, 1945.

[CHAPTER 127] AN ACT

May 15, 1945
[Public Law 58]

To extend the provisions of the Act of November 29, 1940 (Public Law 884, Seventy-sixth Congress).

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That for the duration of the wars in which the United States is presently engaged and for six months thereafter, the Secretary of War may, in his discretion, dispense with any part of the examination for promotion in the Regular Army of officers of the Medical, Dental, and Veterinary Corps, except those relating to physical examination.

Sec. 2. This Act shall become effective as of May 15, 1945.

Approved May 15, 1945.
AN ACT

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 409 of the Interstate Commerce Act, as amended, is amended by striking out the words "thirty-six months" wherever they appear therein and inserting in lieu thereof the words "forty-five months".

Approved May 16, 1945.

AN ACT

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Departments of State, Justice, Commerce, the Judiciary, and the Federal Loan Agency for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, namely:

TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF STATE

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE

Salaries: For Secretary of State; Under Secretary of State, $10,000; members of the Visa Board of Appeals (not to exceed $10,000 each); and other personal services in the District of Columbia, including not to exceed $6,500 for employees engaged on piece work at rates to be fixed by the Secretary of State; $9,900,000.

Contingent expenses: For contingent and miscellaneous expenses, including stationery, furniture, fixtures; purchase of uniforms; microfilming equipment, including rental and repair thereof; translating services and services for the analysis and tabulation of technical information and the preparation of special maps, globes, and geographic aids by contract without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (41 U. S. C. 5); purchase and presentation of various objects of a cultural nature suitable for presentation (through diplomatic and consular offices) to foreign governments, schools, or other cultural or patriotic organizations, the purchase, rental, distribution, and operation of motion-picture projection equipment and supplies, including rental of halls, hire of motion-picture projector operators, and all other necessary services by contract or otherwise without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (41 U. S. C. § 5); purchase and exchange of books, maps, and periodicals, domestic and foreign, and, when authorized by the Secretary of State, dues for library membership in societies or associations which issue publications to members only, or at a price to members lower than to subscribers who are not members, newspapers, teletype rentals, and tolls (not to exceed $30,000); purchase (not to exceed four passenger-carrying vehicles), maintenance, and repair of motortrucks and motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles; streetcar fare; traveling expenses, including not to exceed $10,000 for expenses of attendance at meetings concerned with the work of the Department of State when authorized by the Secretary of State; transportation and other necessary expenses in accordance with the Standardized Government Travel Regulations, and not to exceed $25 per diem in lieu of subsistence,
of persons serving while away from their homes in an advisory capacity without other compensation from the United States, or at $1 per annum; refund of fees erroneously charged and paid for the issue of passports to persons who are exempted from the payment of such fee by section 1 of the Act making appropriations for the Diplomatic and Consular Service for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1921, approved June 4, 1920 (22 U. S. C. 214, 214a); the examination of estimates of appropriations in the field; and other miscellaneous items not included in the foregoing, $795,000: Provided, That not to exceed $3,000 of this appropriation may be expended for the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of section 4 of the Act entitled "An Act to amend the Tariff Act of 1930", approved June 13, 1934, as amended (54 Stat. 107), this sum to be available in addition to the other authorized purposes of this appropriation for stenographic reporting services by contract if deemed necessary, without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes, and such other expenses as the President may deem necessary.

Cost of handling penalty mail, Department of State: For deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail of the Department of State as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364), $50,000.

Printing and binding: For all printing and binding in the Department of State, including all of its bureaus, offices, institutions, and services, located in Washington, District of Columbia, and elsewhere, $379,000.

Passport agencies: For salaries and expenses of maintenance, rent, and travel not to exceed $500, for not to exceed five passport agencies, $69,300.

Collecting and editing official papers of Territories of the United States: For the expenses of collecting, editing, copying, and arranging for publication the official papers of the Territories of the United States, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, printing and binding, and contingent and traveling expenses, as provided by the Act approved February 28, 1929, as amended by the Act approved June 28, 1937 (5 U. S. C. 168-168b), $8,400.

President’s War Relief Control Board: For all expenses necessary to enable the President’s War Relief Control Board to continue to administer section 8 (b) of the Neutrality Act of 1939 and to perform the functions vested in it by Executive Order 9205 of July 25, 1942, including personal services in the District of Columbia; fees for professional or expert services at rates to be determined by the Secretary of State, but not in excess of $25 per day; not to exceed $500 for expenses of attendance at meetings and conferences concerned with the work of the Board; printing and binding; purchase of books, newspapers, and periodicals; and stenographic reporting services by contract, without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes, $45,500.

FOREIGN SERVICE

Salaries, ambassadors and ministers: For salaries of ambassadors and ministers appointed by the President, with the advice and consent of the Senate, to such countries and at such salary rates, not exceeding $10,000 per annum each for ministers (except one at not exceeding $12,000 per annum) and not exceeding $17,500 per annum each for ambassadors, as the President may determine, notwithstanding the provisions of any other law, $783,000, including also salaries as authorized by section 1740, Revised Statutes, as amended by the
Act of April 24, 1939 (22 U. S. C. 3, 121): Provided, That no salary shall be paid to any official receiving any other salary from the United States Government: Provided further, That during the continuance of the present war and for six months after its termination, any ambassador or minister whose salary as such is payable from the appropriation “Salaries, Ambassadors and Ministers” and who, prior to appointment as ambassador or minister was legally appointed and served as a diplomatic or consular officer or as a Foreign Service officer, and who, on account of emergent conditions abroad, is unable properly to serve the United States at his regular post of duty, or, on account of such emergent conditions abroad, it shall be or has been found necessary in the public interest to terminate his appointment as ambassador or minister at such post, may be appointed or assigned to serve in any capacity in which a Foreign Service officer is authorized by law to serve, and, notwithstanding the provisions of any other law, the payment from such appropriation for the fiscal year 1946 of the salary of such officer, while serving under such assignment, is hereby authorized: Provided further, That no person, while serving under such emergency appointment or assignment, shall receive compensation in excess of $9,000 per annum while serving in the continental United States or in excess of $10,000 per annum while serving elsewhere: Provided further, That this appropriation shall be available also for the payment, at not to exceed $10,000 per annum, of the salary of any person who, incident to reestablishment of representation in areas liberated from the enemy and prior to recognition by the United States of the governments of the countries concerned, may be or has been designated or assigned to serve as commissioner, adviser, or in any similar representative capacity and who, prior to such designation, has served as ambassador or minister, having previously been legally appointed to serve as a diplomatic, consular, or Foreign Service officer of the United States.

Salaries, Foreign Service officers: For salaries of Foreign Service officers as provided in the Act approved February 23, 1931, as amended by the Act of April 24, 1939 (22 U. S. C. 3, 3a), including salaries of such officers for the period actually and necessarily occupied in receiving instruction or in making transits to and from their posts, and while awaiting recognition and authority to act in pursuance with the provisions of section 1740 of the Revised Statutes (22 U. S. C. 121); and salaries of Foreign Service officers or vice consuls while acting as chargés d'affaires ad interim or while in charge of a consulate general or consulate during the absence of the principal officer (22 U. S. C. 20); $4,875,000.

Transportation, Foreign Service: To pay the traveling expenses of diplomatic, consular, and Foreign Service officers, and other employees of the Foreign Service, including Foreign Service inspectors, and under such regulations as the Secretary of State may prescribe, of their families and expenses of transportation of effects, in going to and returning from their posts, and in removing the family and effects of any such officer or employee from any foreign post, and thereafter transporting such family and effects to his post of assignment, to whatever extent may be determined necessary by the Secretary of State by reason of emergency conditions in any country that in his opinion may endanger the life of such officer or employee or any member of his family, including automobiles as authorized by the Act of April 30, 1940 (5 U. S. C. 73c), and storage of effects while such officers or employees are absent from their permanent posts of duty, including also not to exceed $250,000 for expenses in connection with leaves of absence; attendance at trade and other conferences and congresses
Transportation of remains of personnel under orders of the Secretary of State as authorized by the Act approved February 23, 1931 (22 U. S. C. 16, 17); preparation and transportation of the remains of those officers and employees of the Foreign Service (including their families), who have died or may die abroad or in transit during the period of the employment of such officers and employees, to their former homes in this country or to a place not more distant for interment, and for the ordinary expenses of such interment, and also for payment under the provisions of section 1749 of the Revised Statutes (22 U. S. C. 130) of allowances to the widows or heirs at law of Diplomatic, Consular, and Foreign Service officers of the United States dying in foreign countries in the discharge of their duties: $2,000,000, of which amount not to exceed $50,000 shall be available until June 30, 1947, for disbursement for expenses of travel under orders issued during the fiscal year 1946: Provided, that this appropriation shall be available also for the authorized subsistence expenses of Consular and Foreign Service officers while on temporary detail under commission.

Foreign Service quarters: For rent, heat, fuel, and light for the Foreign Service for offices and grounds, and, as authorized by the Act approved June 26, 1930 (5 U. S. C. 118a), for living quarters and for allowances for living quarters, including heat, fuel, and light, $3,422,000: Provided, That payment for rent may be made in advance: Provided further, That the Secretary of State may enter into leases for such offices, grounds, and living quarters for periods not exceeding ten years and without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (41 U. S. C. 5): Provided further, That no part of this appropriation shall be used for allowances for living quarters, including heat, fuel, and light, in an amount exceeding $4,000 for an ambassador, minister, or charge d' affaires, and not exceeding $2,000 for any other Foreign Service officer.

Cost of living allowances, Foreign Service: To carry out the provisions of the Act approved February 23, 1931, as amended by the Act of April 24, 1939 (29 U. S. C. 12, 23c), relating to allowances and additional compensation to diplomatic, consular, and Foreign Service officers, clerks, and other employees when such allowances and additional compensation are necessary to enable such officers, clerks, and other employees to carry on their work efficiently, $2,150,000.

Representation allowances, Foreign Service: For representation allowances as authorized by the Act approved February 23, 1931 (29 U. S. C. 12), $585,000.

Foreign Service retirement and disability fund: For financing the liability of the United States created by the Act approved February 23, 1931, as amended by the Act of April 24, 1939 (29 U. S. C. 21-21 (o)), $922,800, which amount shall be placed to the credit of the "Foreign Service retirement and disability fund".

Salaries of clerks, Foreign Service: For salaries of vice consuls commissioned by the Secretary of State and of clerical, administrative, and fiscal personnel in the Foreign Service, as provided in the Act approved February 23, 1931 (22 U. S. C. 28a), including salaries while under instruction in the United States and during transit to and from homes in the United States upon the beginning and after termination of services, $4,220,000.

Miscellaneous salaries and allowances, Foreign Service: For salaries or compensation of kavasses, guards, dragomans, porters, interpreters, prison keepers, translators, archive collators, Chinese writers, messengers, couriers, telephone operators, radio operators, supervisors of construction, and custodial and operating force for maintenance and operation of Government-owned and leased diplomatic and consular
properties in foreign countries, including salaries while under instruction in the United States and during transit to and from their homes in the United States upon the beginning and after termination of service in foreign countries; compensation of agents and employees of despatch agencies established by the Secretary of State; operation of motor-propelled and other passenger- and non-passenger-carrying vehicles; for allowances to consular officers, who are paid in whole or in part by fees, for services necessarily rendered to American vessels and seamen, as provided in the Act of June 26, 1884 (22 U. S. C. 89; 46 U. S. C. 101); and such other miscellaneous personal services as may be necessary; $1,700,000: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be expended for salaries or wages of persons not American citizens performing clerical services (except interpreters, translators, and messengers), whether officially designated as clerks or not, in any diplomatic mission or in the diplomatic section of any combined mission: Provided further, That the Secretary of the Navy is authorized, upon request by the Secretary of State, to assign enlisted men of the Navy and Marine Corps to serve as custodians, under the immediate supervision of the Secretary of State or the chief of mission, whichever the Secretary of State shall direct, at embassies, legations, or consulates of the United States located in foreign countries.

Foreign Service, auxiliary (emergency): For all necessary expenses to enable the Department of State during the fiscal year 1946 to continue to perform functions or activities in connection with the Auxiliary Foreign Service for the performance of which, during the fiscal years 1941 and 1942, the Department of State received allocations of funds from the appropriation "Emergency fund for the President" contained in the Military Appropriation Act, 1941, including the objects for which and subject to the conditions under which such allocations were provided or expended during the fiscal years 1941 and 1942, $6,200,000: Provided, That cost of living and representation allowances, as authorized by the Act approved February 23, 1931, as amended, may be paid from this appropriation to American citizens employed hereunder.

Contingent expenses, Foreign Service: For stationery; blanks, record and other books; seals, presses, flags; signs; military equipment and supplies; repairs, alterations, preservation, and maintenance of Government-owned and leased diplomatic and consular properties in foreign countries, including minor construction on Government-owned properties, water, materials, supplies, tools, seeds, plants, shrubs, and similar objects; purchase, rental, repair, and operation of microfilm and motion picture equipment; newspapers (foreign and domestic); freight; postage; telegrams; advertising; ice and drinking water for office purposes; purchase (not to exceed forty passenger automobiles), maintenance and hire of motor-propelled, horse-drawn, or other passenger-carrying vehicles, including purchase of twelve automobiles for chiefs of missions at not to exceed $3,000 each; insurance of official motor vehicles in foreign countries when required by the law of such countries; excise taxes on negotiable instruments; funds for establishment and maintenance of commissary service; uniforms; furniture; household furniture and furnishings, except as provided by the Act of May 7, 1926, as amended (22 U. S. C. 292-299), for Government-owned or rented buildings without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes; maintenance and rental of launch for embassy in Turkey, not exceeding $3,500, including personnel for operation; rent and other expenses for despatch agencies established by the Secretary of State; traveling expenses, including the transportation of members of families and personal effects of diplomatic officers or Foreign Service officers acting as despatch agencies.
charged d'affaires in traveling to seats of government at which they are accredited other than the city of usual residence and returning to the city of usual residence; loss by exchange; radio broadcasting; payment in advance for subscriptions to commercial information, telephone and other similar services, including telephone service in residences as authorized by the Act of April 30, 1940 (31 U. S. C. 679); burial expenses and expenses in connection with last illness and death of certain native employees, as authorized by and in accordance with the Act of July 15, 1939 (5 U. S. C. 118f); expenses of vice consulates and consular agencies for any of the foregoing objects; allowances for special instruction, education, and individual training of officers of the Foreign Service at home and abroad, not to exceed $50,000; cost, not exceeding $500 per annum each, of the tuition of officers of the Foreign Service assigned for the study of foreign languages; for relief, protection, and burial of American seamen, and alien seamen as authorized by Public Law 17, approved March 24, 1943, in foreign countries and in Territories and insular possessions of the United States, and for expenses which may be incurred in the acknowledgment of the services of masters and crews of foreign vessels in rescuing American seamen or citizens from shipwreck or other catastrophe at sea; for expenses of maintaining in Egypt, Ethiopia, Morocco, and Muscat, institutions for incarcerating American convicts and persons declared insane by any consular court, rent of quarters for prisons, ice and drinking water for prison purposes, and for the expenses of keeping, feeding, and transportation of prisoners and persons declared insane by any consular court in Egypt, Ethiopia, Morocco, and Muscat; for every expenditure requisite for or incident to the bringing home from foreign countries of persons charged with crime as authorized by section 5275 of the Revised Statutes (18 U. S. C. 659); and such other miscellaneous expenses as may be necessary; $8,260,000: Provided, That this appropriation shall be available for reimbursement of appropriations for the Navy Department for materials, supplies, equipment, and services furnished by the Navy Department, including pay, subsistence, allowances, and transportation of enlisted men of the Navy and Marine Corps who may be assigned by the Secretary of the Navy, upon request of the Secretary of State, to embassies, legations, or consular offices of the United States located in foreign countries: Provided further, That reimbursements incident to the maintenance of commissary service authorized under this head shall be credited to the appropriation for this purpose current at the time obligations are incurred or such amounts are received: Provided further, That a detailed report shall be made to Congress annually of the receipts and expenditures of said commissary service.

Foreign Service buildings fund: For the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of the Act of May 25, 1938, entitled "An Act to provide additional funds for buildings for the use of the diplomatic and consular establishments of the United States" (22 U. S. C. 295a), including the initial alterations, repair, and furnishing of buildings acquired under said Act, $1,000,000.

Emergencies arising in the Diplomatic and Consular Service: To enable the President to meet unforeseen emergencies arising in the Diplomatic and Consular Service, to be expended pursuant to the requirement of section 291 of the Revised Statutes (51 U. S. C. 107), $17,500,000, of which not to exceed $25,000 shall, in the discretion of the President, be available for personal services in the District of Columbia: Provided, That all refunds, repayments, or other credits on account of funds disbursed under this head shall be credited to the appropriation for this purpose current at the time obligations are incurred or such amounts are received.
During the continuance of the present war and for six months after its termination, American citizens holding positions in the Foreign Service of the United States and who on account of emergent conditions abroad are unable properly to serve the United States at their regular posts of duty may be assigned to the Department of State to perform temporary services in that Department or to be detailed for temporary services of comparable importance, difficulty, responsibility, and value in any other department or agency of the United States, in cases where there is found to be a need of services for the performance of which such persons have the requisite qualifications. The salaries of such persons shall, notwithstanding the provisions of any other law, continue to be paid during the periods of such assignments from the appropriations under the caption "Foreign Service" in the Department of State Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1946.

Contracts entered into in foreign countries involving expenditures from any of the foregoing appropriations under the caption "Foreign Service" shall not be subject to the provisions of section 3741 of the Revised Statutes (41 U. S. C. 22).

INTERNATIONAL OBLIGATIONS

United States contributions to international commissions, congresses, and bureaus: For payment of the annual contributions, quotas, and expenses, including loss by exchange in discharge of the obligations of the United States in connection with international commissions, congresses, bureaus, and other objects, in not to exceed the respective amounts as follows: Pan American Union, $301,219.88, including not to exceed $20,000 for printing and binding; Bureau of Interparliamentary Union for Promotion of International Arbitration, $10,000; Pan American Sanitary Bureau, $62,493.31; Bureau of International Telecommunication Union, Radio Section, $8,215; Inter-American Radio Office, $6,377.50; Government of Panama, $450,000; International Hydrographic Bureau, $2,286.90; Inter-American Trade-Mark Bureau, $14,330.20; International Bureau for Protection of Industrial Property, $2,490.08; Gorgas Memorial Laboratory, $3,200, including not to exceed $1,200 for traveling expenses of the United States member of the Council of the American International Institute for the Protection of Childhood in attending the annual meeting of the Council; International Map of the World on the Millionth Scale, $50; International Penal and Penitentiary Commission, $3,260.87, including not to exceed $800 for the necessary expenses of the Commissioner to represent the United States on the Commission at its annual meetings, personal services without regard to the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, printing and binding, traveling expenses, and such other expenses as may be authorized by the Secretary of State in the meetings of the General Conference and of the Governing Body of the International Labor Office and in such regional, industrial, or other special meetings, as may be duly called by such Governing Body, including personal services, in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, rent, traveling expenses, purchase of books, documents, newspapers, periodicals, and charts, stationery, official cards, printing and binding, entertainment, hire, maintenance, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, and such other expenses as may be authorized by the Secretary of State; Implementing the Narcotics Convention of 1931, $15,681.60; International Council of Scientific Unions and Associated Unions, as follows: International Council of Scientific Unions, $32,67;
International Astronomical Union, $1,045.44; International Union of Geodesy and Geophysics, $3,920.40; International Scientific Radio Union, $392.04; in all, $3,390.55; Pan American Institute of Geography and History, $10,000; Inter-American Coffee Board, $8,000; Inter-American Indian Institute, $4,600; Inter-American Institute of Agricultural Sciences, $156,233.26; Inter-American Statistical Institute, $29,500; Inter-American Financial and Economic Advisory Committee, $22,808.45; and participation by the United States in the Emergency Advisory Committee for Political Defense, as authorized by Public Law 80, approved June 19, 1943, $96,623.50; in all, $1,790,400, together with such additional sums, due to increase in rates of exchange as the Secretary of State may determine and certify to the Secretary of the Treasury to be necessary to pay, in foreign currencies, the quotas and contributions required by the several treaties, conventions, or laws establishing the amount of the obligation.

International conferences (emergency): For all necessary expenses, without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes, of participation by the United States, upon approval by the Secretary of State, in international activities which arise from time to time in the conduct of foreign affairs and for which specific appropriations have not been provided pursuant to treaties, conventions, or special Acts of Congress, including personal services in the District of Columbia or elsewhere without regard to civil-service and classification laws; employment of aliens; travel expenses without regard to the Standardized Government Travel Regulations and the Subsistence Expense Act of 1926, as amended; transportation of families and effects under such regulations as the Secretary of State may prescribe; stenographic and other services; rent of quarters by contract or otherwise; purchase or rental of equipment, purchase of supplies, books, maps, periodicals and newspapers; transportation of things; contributions for the share of the United States in expenses of international organizations; printing and binding without regard to section 11 of the Act of March 1, 1919 (44 U. S. C. 111); entertainment; and representation allowances as authorized by the Act of February 23, 1931, as amended (22 U. S. C. 12, 23c); $1,500,000, of which $400,000 shall be immediately available.

Salaries and expenses, International Boundary Commission, United States and Mexico: For expenses of meeting the obligations of the United States under the treaties of 1884, 1889, 1905, 1906, and 1933 between the United States and Mexico, and of compliance with the Act approved August 19, 1935, as amended (49 Stat. 660, 1370); operation and maintenance of the Rio Grande rectification, canalization, flood control, and western land boundary fence projects; construction and operation of gaging stations where necessary and their equipment; personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; rent; fees for professional or expert services at rates and in amounts to be determined by the Secretary of State; expenses of attendance at meetings which, in the discretion of the Commissioner, may be necessary for the efficient discharge of the responsibilities of the Commission (not to exceed $500); traveling expenses; printing and binding; lawbooks and books of reference; subscriptions to foreign and domestic newspapers and periodicals; purchase (not exceeding six), maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, machinery and equipment and parts thereof, and map-reproduction machines; hire with or without personal services, of work animals, and animal-drawn and motor-propelled vehicles and equipment; acquisition by donation, purchase,
or condemnation, of real and personal property, including expenses of abstracts and certificates of title (not to exceed $1,500); reimbursement to other agencies of the Government for expenses incurred by them in connection with the making of maps or making of photographs by airplane; purchase of rubber boots and waders, asbestos gloves and welders' goggles, for official use of employees; purchase of ice and drinking water; inspection of equipment, supplies, and materials by contract; advertising in newspapers and technical publications without regard to section 3828 of the Revised Statutes; drilling and testing of foundations and dam sites, by contract if deemed necessary, purchase in the field of planographs and lithographs, and leasing of private property to remove therefrom sand, gravel, stone, and other materials, without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (41 U. S. C. 5); equipment and such other miscellaneous expenses as the Secretary of State may deem proper; $400,000.

Construction, operation, and maintenance, public works projects: For the construction (including surveys and operation and maintenance and protection during construction) of the following projects under the supervision of the International Boundary Commission, United States and Mexico, United States section, including salaries and wages of employees, laborers, and mechanics; fees for professional or expert services at rates and in amounts to be determined by the Secretary of State; traveling expenses; rents; construction and operation of gaging stations; purchase (not exceeding eight), maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, machinery and equipment and parts thereof, and map-reproduction machines; drilling and testing of foundations and dam sites, by contract if deemed necessary, and purchase in the field of planographs and lithographs and leasing of private property to remove therefrom sand, gravel, stone, and other materials, without regard to the provisions of section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (41 U. S. C. 5); hire, with or without personal services, of work animals and animal-drawn and motor-propelled vehicles and equipment; acquisition by donation, purchase, or condemnation, of real and personal property, including expenses of abstracts and certificates of title; inspection of equipment, supplies, and materials by contract; advertising in newspapers and technical publications without regard to section 3828 of the Revised Statutes; printing and binding; communication services; equipment; purchase of ice, drinking water where suitable drinking water is otherwise unobtainable, rubber boots, waders, asbestos gloves and welders' goggles, for official use of employees, and such other miscellaneous expenses as the Secretary of State may deem necessary:

Lower Rio Grande flood-control project: For the United States portion of the project for flood control on the Lower Rio Grande, as authorized by the Act approved August 19, 1935, as amended (49 Stat. 609, 1370), $750,000, to be immediately available and to be merged with the appropriations for this purpose made available for the fiscal year 1945, to remain available until expended: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be expended for construction on any land, site, or easement except such as has been acquired by donation and the title thereto has been approved by the Attorney General of the United States;

For supplemental construction on the Rio Grande in the El Paso-Juarez Valley under the convention concluded February 1, 1933, between the United States and Mexico, to be immediately available, and to remain available until expended, $140,000.
International Boundary Commission, United States and Canada and Alaska and Canada: To enable the President to perform the obligations of the United States under the treaty between the United States and Great Britain in respect to Canada, signed February 24, 1925; for salaries and expenses, including the salary of the Commissioner and salaries of the necessary engineers, clerks, and other employees for duty at the seat of government and in the field; necessary traveling expenses; commutation of subsistence to employees while on field duty, not to exceed $4 per day each, but not to exceed $2 per day each when a member of a field party and subsisting in camp; for payment for timber necessarily cut in keeping the boundary line clear, not to exceed $500; for purchase of books of reference; and for all other necessary and reasonable expenses incurred by the United States in maintaining an effective demarcation of the international boundary line between the United States and Canada, and Alaska and Canada, under the terms of the treaty aforesaid, including the completion of such remaining work as may be required under the award of the Alaskan Boundary Tribunal and existing treaties between the United States and Great Britain and including the hire of freight- and passenger-carrying vehicles from temporary field employees, to be disbursed under the direction of the Secretary of State, $45,000.

International Joint Commission, United States and Great Britain: For salaries and expenses, including not to exceed $7,500 for the salary of one Commissioner on the part of the United States, who shall serve at the pleasure of the President (the other Commissioners to serve in that capacity without compensation therefor), and salaries of clerks and other employees appointed by the Commissioners on the part of the United States, with the approval solely of the Secretary of State; for necessary traveling expenses, and for expenses incident to holding hearings and conferences at such places in Canada and the United States as shall be determined by the Commission or by the American Commissioners to be necessary, including traveling expense and compensation of necessary witnesses, making necessary transcript of testimony and proceedings; for cost of lawbooks, books of reference, and periodicals; and for one-half of all reasonable and necessary joint expenses of the International Joint Commission incurred under the terms of the treaty between the United States and Great Britain concerning the use of boundary waters between the United States and Canada, and for other purposes, signed January 11, 1909, $30,000, to be disbursed under the direction of the Secretary of State.

Special and technical investigations, International Joint Commission, United States and Great Britain: For an additional amount for necessary special or technical investigations in connection with matters which fall within the scope of the jurisdiction of the International Joint Commission, including personal services in the District of Columbia or elsewhere, traveling expenses, procurement of technical and scientific equipment, and the purchase (not to exceed two passenger automobiles), hire, maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled and horse-drawn passenger-carrying vehicles, $79,000, to be disbursed under the direction of the Secretary of State, who is authorized to transfer to any department or independent establishment of the Government, with the consent of the head thereof, any part of this amount for direct expenditure by such department or establishment for the purposes of this appropriation.

International Fisheries Commission: For the share of the United States of the expenses of the International Fisheries Commission, under the convention between the United States and Canada, concluded January 29, 1937, including personal services, traveling expenses,
chart of vessels, purchase of books, periodicals, furniture, and scientific instruments, contingent expenses, rent, and such other expenses in the United States and elsewhere as the Secretary of State may deem proper, to be disbursed under the direction of the Secretary of State, $25,000, to be available immediately; Provided, That not to exceed $750 may be expended by the Commissioners in attending meetings of the Commission.

International Pacific Salmon Fisheries Commission: For the share of the United States of the expenses of the International Pacific Salmon Fisheries Commission, under the convention between the United States and Canada, concluded May 26, 1930, including personal services; traveling expenses; purchase, maintenance, repair, and operation of not to exceed four motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles; charter of vessels; purchase of books, periodicals, furniture, and scientific instruments; contingent expenses; rent; and such other expenses in the United States and elsewhere as the Secretary of State may deem proper, including the reimbursement of other appropriations from which payments may have been made for any of the purposes herein specified, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of State, $40,000, to be available immediately.

Cultural relations with China and the neighboring countries and countries of the Near East and Africa: For all expenses, without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes, necessary to enable the Secretary of State independently or in cooperation with other agencies of the Government to carry out a program of cultural relations with China and the neighboring countries and with countries of the Near East and Africa, $1,390,000 (payable from the appropriation "Emergency fund for the President", contained in the First Supplemental National Defense Appropriation Act, 1943, as supplemental and amended), including the purchase of books, publications, scientific and other equipment, and educational and cultural materials; contributions of money and materials to, and contracts with, educational, cultural, and nonprofit institutions and organizations in the United States and the above countries, directly or through independent agencies; compensation, allowances, and grants to citizens of the United States and the above countries who are students, professors, or technical specialists, at such rates and under such regulations as may be determined by the Secretary of State, including expenses incurred by such persons in traveling between places of residence, Washington, District of Columbia, and posts of duty abroad, and including travel expenses of citizens of the above countries without regard to the civil-service and classification laws; and, subject to the approval of the President, the Secretary of State is authorized to transfer from this appropriation to other departments, agencies, and independent establishments of the Government for expenditure in the United States and in the above countries any part of this amount for direct expenditure by such department, agency, or independent establishment for the purposes of this appropriation and any such expenditures may be made under the specific authority herein contained or under the authority governing the activities of the department, agency, or independent establishment to which amounts are transferred.

Conference of Allied Ministers of Education in London: For all necessary expenses of the participation by the United States in the

International Pacific Salmon Fisheries Commission.

Reimbursement of other appropriations.

Cultural relations with China, etc.

Transfer of funds.

Conference of Allied Ministers of Education in London.
Conference of Allied Ministers of Education in London, or its successor, and in addition for surveys and studies related to the work thereof, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere without regard to civil-service and classification laws; travel expenses without regard to the Standardized Government Travel Regulations and the Subsistence Expense Act of 1926, as amended; entertainment, stenographic reporting and other services by contract, books of reference and periodicals, and rent of office space, without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes; printing and binding; and the share of the United States in the expenses of the secretariat of the conference; $172,000, payable from the appropriation "Emergency fund for the President", contained in the First Supplemental National Defense Appropriation Act, 1943, as supplemented and amended.

United Nations Commission for the Investigation of War Crimes: For all necessary expenses of the participation by the United States in the United Nations Commission for the Investigation of War Crimes, including personal services without regard to civil-service and classification laws; travel expenses without regard to the Standardized Government Travel Regulations and the Subsistence Expense Act of 1926, as amended; representation allowances in accordance with the Act of May 24, 1924 (22 U. S. C. 12); stenographic reporting and other services by contract, books of reference and periodicals, and the rent of office space, without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes; printing and binding; and the share of the United States in the expenses of the secretariat of the Commission, $60,000.

Cooperation with the American Republics: For all expenses necessary to enable the Secretary of State to meet the obligations of the United States under the Convention for the Promotion of Inter-American Cultural Relations between the United States and the other American republics, signed at Buenos Aires, December 23, 1936, and to carry out the purposes of the Act entitled "An Act to authorize the President to render closer and more effective the relationship between the American Republics", approved August 9, 1939, and to supplement appropriations available for carrying out other provisions of law authorizing related activities, including the establishment and operation of agricultural and other experiment and demonstration stations in other American countries, on land acquired by gift or lease for the duration of the experiments and demonstrations, and construction of necessary buildings thereon; such expenses to include personal services in the District of Columbia; not to exceed $125,000 for printing and binding; stenographic reporting, translating and other services by contract, without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (41 U. S. C. 5); not to exceed $5,000 for expenses of attendance at meetings or conventions of societies and associations concerned with the furtherance of the purposes hereof; and, under such regulations as the Secretary of State may prescribe, tuition, compensation, allowances and enrollment, laboratory, insurance, and other fees incident to training, including traveling expenses in the United States and abroad in accordance with the Standardized Government Travel Regulations and the Act of June 3, 1926, as amended, of educational, professional, and artistic leaders, and professors, students, internes, and persons possessing special scientific or other technical qualifications, who are citizens of the United States or the other American republics: Provided, That the Secretary of State is authorized under such regulations as he may adopt, to pay the actual transportation expenses and not to exceed $10 per diem in lieu of subsistence and other expenses, of citizens of the other American republics while traveling in the
Western Hemisphere, without regard to the Standardized Government Travel Regulations, and to make advances of funds notwithstanding section 3648 of the Revised Statutes; traveling expenses of members of advisory committees in accordance with section 2 of said Act of August 9, 1939 (22 U. S. C. 249a); purchase (not to exceed five passenger automobiles), hire, maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-propelled and animal-drawn passenger-carrying vehicles; purchase of books and periodicals; rental of halls and boats; and purchase, rental, and repair of microfilming equipment and supplies, and colored photographic enlargements, $4,000,000; and the Secretary of State, or such official as he may designate is hereby authorized, in his discretion, and, subject to the approval of the President, to transfer from this appropriation to other departments, agencies, and independent establishments of the Government for expenditure in the United States and in the other American republics any part of this amount for direct expenditure by such department or independent establishment for the purposes of this appropriation and any such expenditures may be made under the specific authority herein contained or under the authority governing the activities of the department, agency, or independent establishment to which amounts are transferred: Provided further, That not to exceed $100,000 of this appropriation shall be available until June 30, 1947.

Upon request of the Secretary of State and with the approval of the heads of the departments concerned, personnel of the Army, Navy, Treasury Department, or Federal Works Agency may be assigned for duty as inspectors of buildings owned or occupied by the United States in foreign countries, or as inspectors or supervisors of buildings under construction or repair by or for the United States in foreign countries, under the jurisdiction of the Department of State, or for duty as couriers of the Department of State, and when so assigned they may receive the same traveling expenses as are authorized for officers of the Foreign Service, payable from the applicable appropriations of the Department of State.

This title may be cited as the “Department of State Appropriation Act, 1946”.

**TITLE II—DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE**

**LEGAL ACTIVITIES AND GENERAL ADMINISTRATION**

For personal services in the District of Columbia and for special attorneys and special assistants to the Attorney General in the District of Columbia or elsewhere as follows:
- For the Office of the Attorney General, $82,000.
- For the Office of the Solicitor General, $95,000.
- For the Office of Assistant to the Attorney General, $125,000.
- For the Administrative Division, $1,020,000.
- For the Tax Division, $580,000.
- For the Criminal Division, $900,000.
- For the Claims Division, $935,000.
- For the Office of the Assistant Solicitor General, $110,000.
- For the Office of Pardon Attorney, $28,900.
- For the Board of Immigration Appeals, $135,000.

Not to exceed $250,000 of the foregoing appropriations for personal services shall be available for the employment, on duties properly chargeable to each of said appropriations, of special assistants to the Attorney General without regard to the Classification Act of 1923, as amended.

Contingent expenses: For stationery, furniture and repairs, floor
coverings, file holders and cases; miscellaneous expenditures, including telegraphing and telephones, and teletype, rentals and tolls, postage, labor, newspapers not exceeding $350, stenographic reporting services by contract, purchase of three and repair, maintenance, and operation of five motor-driven passenger cars; purchase of lawbooks, books of reference, and periodicals, including the exchange thereof; examination of estimates of appropriation in the field; and miscellaneous and emergency expenses authorized or approved by the Attorney General or his Administrative Assistant, $210,000.

Traveling expenses: For all necessary traveling expenses, Department of Justice, not otherwise provided for, $160,000.

Printing and binding: For printing and binding for the Department of Justice, $400,000.

Cost of handling penalty mail, Department of Justice: For deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail for the Department of Justice as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364), $350,000.

Salaries and expenses, Customs Division: For necessary expenses, including travel expenses, purchase and exchange of lawbooks and books of reference, and employment of special attorneys and expert witnesses at such rates of compensation as may be authorized or approved by the Attorney General or his Administrative Assistant, $146,000.

Salaries and expenses, Antitrust Division: For expenses necessary for the enforcement of antitrust and kindred laws, including traveling expenses, and experts at such rates of compensation as may be authorized or approved by the Attorney General, except that the compensation paid to any person employed hereunder shall not exceed the rate of $10,000 per annum, including personal services in the District of Columbia, $1,700,000: Provided, That none of this appropriation shall be expended for the establishment and maintenance of permanent regional offices of the Antitrust Division: Provided further, That no part of this appropriation shall be used for the payment of any person hereafter appointed at a salary of $7,500 or more unless such person is appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.

Examination of judicial offices: For the investigation of the official acts, records, and accounts of marshals, attorneys, clerks of the United States courts and Territorial courts, probation officers, and United States commissioners, for which purpose all the official papers, records, and dockets of said officers, without exception, shall be examined by the agents of the Attorney General at any time; and also the official acts, records, and accounts of referees and trustees of such courts; travel expenses; in all, $78,000, to be expended under the direction of the Attorney General.

Salaries and expenses, Lands Division: For personal services in the District of Columbia and for other necessary expenses, including travel expenses, employment of experts, stenographic reporting services by contract, and notarial fees or like services, $3,400,000.

Salaries and expenses, War Division: For all salaries and expenses in the District of Columbia and elsewhere necessary for the enforcement of Acts relating to the national security and war effort and in connection with the registration and control of alien enemies, including the employment of experts; supplies and equipment; printing and binding; travel expenses; stenographic reporting services by contract; books of reference, periodicals, and newspapers (not exceeding $4,000), $390,000.

Miscellaneous salaries and expenses, field: For salaries not otherwise specifically provided for (not to exceed $160,000), and for such other
expenses for the field service, Department of Justice, including travel expenses, experts, and notarial fees or like services and stenographic work in taking depositions; patent applications and contested proceedings involving inventions; firearms and ammunition therefor; purchase of lawbooks, including exchange thereof, and the Federal Reporter and continuations thereto as issued, $400,000.

Salaries and expenses of district attorneys, and so forth: For salaries, travel, and other expenses of United States district attorneys and their regular assistants, clerks, and other employees, including the office expenses of United States district attorneys in Alaska, and for salaries of regularly appointed clerks to United States district attorneys for services rendered during vacancy in the office of the United States district attorney, $3,870,000.

Compensation of special attorneys, and so forth: For compensation of special attorneys and assistants to the Attorney General and to United States district attorneys not otherwise provided for employed by the Attorney General to aid in special matters and cases, and for payment of foreign counsel employed by the Attorney General in special cases, $100,000, no part of which, except for payment of foreign counsel, shall be used to pay the compensation of any persons except attorneys duly licensed and authorized to practice under the laws of any State, Territory, or the District of Columbia: Provided, That the amount paid as compensation out of the funds herein appropriated to any person employed hereunder shall not exceed $10,000 per annum: Provided further, That reports be submitted to the Congress on the 1st day of July and January showing the names of the persons employed hereunder, the annual rate of compensation or amount of any fee paid to each, together with a description of their duties: Provided further, That no part of this appropriation shall be used for the payment of any person hereafter appointed at a salary of $7,500 or more and paid from this appropriation unless such person is appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.

Salaries and expenses of marshals, and so forth: For salaries, fees, and expenses of United States marshals, deputy marshals, and clerical assistants, including services rendered in behalf of the United States or otherwise; services in Alaska in collecting evidence for the United States or otherwise; services in Alaska in collecting evidence for the United States when so specifically directed by the Attorney General; traveling expenses, including the actual and necessary expenses incidental to the transfer of prisoners in the custody of United States marshals to narcotic farms; purchase, when authorized by the Attorney General, of two motor-propelled passenger-carrying vans at not to exceed $2,000 each; and maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles; $3,980,000: Provided, That United States marshals and their deputies may be allowed, in lieu of actual expenses of transportation, not to exceed 4 cents per mile for the use of privately owned automobiles when traveling on official business within the limits of their official station.

Fees of witnesses: For expenses, mileage, and per diems of witnesses and for per diems in lieu of subsistence, such payments to be made on the certification of the attorney for the United States and to be conclusive as provided by section 846, Revised Statutes (28 U. S. C. 577), $700,000: Provided, That not to exceed $25,000 of this amount shall be available for such compensation and expenses of witnesses or informants as may be authorized or approved by the Attorney General, which approval shall be conclusive: Provided further, That no part of the sum herein appropriated shall be used to pay any witness more than one attendance fee for any one calendar day, which fee shall not exceed $1.50 except in the District of Alaska: Provided further, That whenever an employee of the United States performs travel in order to appear as a witness on behalf of the

Foreign counsel.

Salary limitation.

Reports to Congress.

Senate approval of appointments at $7,500 or more.

Services in Alaska.

Transfer of prisoners to narcotic farms.

Transportation allowances.


Limitation on attendance fees.

Travel expenses of Federal employees.
United States in any case involving the activity in connection with which such person is employed, his travel expenses in connection therewith shall be payable from the appropriation otherwise available for the travel expenses of such employee.

Pay and expenses of bailiffs: For pay of bailiffs, not exceeding three bailiffs in each court, except in the southern district of New York and the northern district of Illinois; and meals and lodging for bailiffs or deputy marshals in attendance upon juries when ordered by the court, $185,000: Provided, That, except in the case of bailiffs in charge of juries over Sundays and holidays, no per diem shall be paid to any bailiff unless the judge is present and presiding in court or present in chambers: Provided further, That none of this appropriation shall be used for the pay of bailiffs when deputy marshals or marshals are available for the duties ordinarily executed by bailiffs, the fact of unavailability to be determined by the certificate of the marshal.

Salaries and expenses, detection and prosecution of crimes: For the detection and prosecution of crimes against the United States; for the protection of the person of the President of the United States; the acquisition, collection, classification, and preservation of identification and other records and their exchange with the duly authorized officials of the Federal Government, of States, cities, and other institutions; for such other investigations regarding official matters under the control of the Department of Justice and the Department of State as may be directed by the Attorney General; personal services in the District of Columbia; hire, maintenance, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles; purchase at not to exceed $7,000 of one, and maintenance and operation of not more than four armored automobiles; firearms and ammunition; stationery, supplies, floor coverings, equipment, and telegraph, teletype, and telephone service; not to exceed $10,000 for taxicab hire to be used exclusively for the purposes set forth in this paragraph; traveling expenses, including the cost of a compartment or such other accommodations as may be authorized by the Director for security when authorized personnel are required to transport secret documents or hand baggage containing highly technical and valuable equipment, and including expenses, in an amount not to exceed $4,500, of attendance at meetings concerned with the work of such Bureau when authorized in writing by the Attorney General; not to exceed $4,500 for membership in the International Criminal Police Commission; payment of rewards when specifically authorized by the Attorney General for information leading to the apprehension of fugitives from justice; and not to exceed $20,000 to meet unforeseen emergencies of a confidential character, to be expended under the direction of the Attorney General, who shall make a certificate of the amount of such expenditure as he may think it advisable not to specify, and every such certificate shall be deemed a sufficient voucher for the sum therein expressed to have been expended; $7,900,000.

Salaries and expenses for certain emergencies: For an additional amount for salaries and expenses, including the purposes and under the conditions specified in the preceding paragraph, $100,000, to be held as a reserve for emergencies arising in connection with kidnapping, extortion, bank robbery, and to be released for expenditure in such amounts and at such times as the Attorney General may determine.

Salaries and expenses, detection and prosecution of crimes (emergency): For salaries and expenses, during the national emergency,
in the detection and prosecution of crimes against the United States; for the protection of the person of the President of the United States; the acquisition, collection, classification, and preservation of identification and other records and their exchange with the duly authorized officials of the Federal Government, of States, cities, and other institutions; for such other investigations regarding official matters under the control of the Department of Justice and the Department of State as may be directed by the Attorney General; personal services in the District of Columbia; purchase of not to exceed two hundred (for replacement only), and hire, maintenance, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles; firearms and ammunition; stationery, supplies, floor coverings, equipment, and telegraph, teletype, and telephone service; not to exceed $3,000 for taxicab hire to be used exclusively for the purposes set forth in this paragraph; traveling expenses, including the cost of a compartment or such other accommodations as may be authorized by the Director for security when authorized personnel are required to transport secret documents or hand baggage containing highly technical and valuable equipment; payment of rewards when specifically authorized by the Attorney General for information leading to the apprehension of fugitives from justice; and including not to exceed $150,000 to meet unforeseen emergencies of a confidential character, to be expended under the direction of the Attorney General, who shall make a certificate of the amount of such expenditure as he may think it advisable not to specify, and every such certificate shall be deemed a sufficient voucher for the sum therein expressed to have been expended, $27,829,000.

None of the funds appropriated for the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall be used to pay the compensation of any civil-service employee.

**IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE**

Salaries and expenses, Immigration and Naturalization Service: For all expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary for the administration and enforcement of the laws relating to immigration, naturalization, and alien registration; including personal services in the District of Columbia; care, detention, maintenance, transportation, and other expenses incident to the deportation, removal, and exclusion of aliens in the United States and to, through, or in foreign countries; payment of rewards; stationery, supplies, floor coverings, equipment, and telegraph, teletype, and telephone services; traveling expenses, including not to exceed $5,000 for attendance at meetings concerned with the purposes of this appropriation; purchase (not to exceed one hundred and fifty), hire, maintenance, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles; purchase (not to exceed one), maintenance and operation of aircraft; firearms and ammunition; lawbooks, citizenship textbooks, for free distribution, books of reference, and periodicals, including the exchange thereof; refunds of head tax, maintenance bills, immigration fines, and other items properly returnable, except deposits of aliens who become public charges and deposits to secure payment of fines and passage money; mileage and fees of witnesses subpoenaed on behalf of the United States; stenographic reporting services by contract; and operation, maintenance, remodeling, and repair of buildings and the purchase of equipment incident thereto; $21,300,000: Provided, That the Attorney General may transfer to, or reimburse, any other department, agency, or office of Federal, State, or local governments, funds in such amounts as may be necessary for salaries and expenses incurred by them in rendering authorized assistance to the Department of Justice in connection with the administration and enforcement of said laws: Provided further, That this appropriation shall be available without regard to section...
47 Stat. 412.

Detention of alien enemies.

Use of privately owned horses.

Interpreters.

PARLIAMENT LAWS—CH. 129—MAY 21, 1945

[50 Stat.

3709 of the Revised Statutes or section 322 of the Act of June 30, 1932 (40 U. S. C. 278a), when authorized or approved by the Attorney General, for the acquisition of or alterations, improvements, and repairs to premises; for detention of alien enemies, including the construction of temporary buildings, and for all necessary expenses, including household equipment, incident to the maintenance, care, detention, surveillance, parole, and transportation of alien enemies and their wives and dependent children, including transportation and other expenses in the return of such persons to place of bona fide residence or to such other place as may be authorized by the Attorney General, advance of cash to aliens for meals and lodging while en route, and for the payment of wages to alien enemy detainees for work performed under conditions prescribed by the Geneva Convention: Provided further, That the Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization may contract with officers and employees for the use, on official business, of privately owned horses: Provided further, That provisions of law prohibiting or restricting the employment of aliens in the Government service shall not apply to the employment of interpreters in the Immigration and Naturalization Service (not to exceed ten permanent and such temporary employees as are required from time to time) where competent citizen interpreters are not available.

FEDERAL PRISON SYSTEM

Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Prisons: For salaries and travel expenses in the District of Columbia and elsewhere in connection with the supervision of the maintenance and care of United States prisoners, $365,000: Provided, That not to exceed $3,500 of this amount shall be available for expenses of attendance at meetings concerned with the work of the Bureau of Prisons when incurred on the written authorization of the Attorney General.

Salaries and expenses, penal and correctional institutions: For salaries and expenses for the support of prisoners, and the maintenance and operation of Federal penal and correctional institutions and the construction of buildings at prison camps; expenses of interment or transporting remains of deceased inmates to their relatives or friends in the United States; expenses of transporting persons released from custody of the United States to place of conviction or arrest or place of bona fide residence within the United States or to such place within the United States as may be authorized by the Attorney General, and the furnishing of suitable clothing and, in the discretion of the Attorney General, an amount of money not to exceed $30, regardless of length of sentence; purchase of not to exceed fourteen passenger-carrying automobiles; purchase of one bus at not to exceed $20,000; maintenance and repair of passenger-carrying automobiles; not to exceed $10,000 for expenses of attendance at meetings concerned with the work of the Federal Prison System when authorized in writing by the Attorney General; traveling expenses, including traveling expenses of members of advisory boards authorized by law incurred in the discharge of their official duties; furnishing of uniforms and other distinctive wearing apparel necessary for employees in the performance of their official duties; newspapers, books, and periodicals; firearms and ammunition; purchase and exchange of farm products and livestock, $13,300,000: Provided, That section 3709 of the Revised Statutes shall not be construed to apply to any purchase or service rendered under this appropriation when the aggregate amount involved does not exceed $500.

Medical and hospital service: For medical relief for inmates of penal and correctional institutions and appliances necessary for patients including personal services in the District of Columbia; and furnishing
and laundering of uniforms and other distinctive wearing apparel necessary for the employees in the performance of their official duties, $1,085,000: Provided, That there may be transferred without limitation accounts to the appropriation "Pay, and so forth, commissioned officers, Public Health Service", such amount as may be necessary for the pay of not to exceed thirty officers assigned to the Federal Prison System, and to other appropriations of the Public Health Service such amounts as may be necessary, in the discretion of the Attorney General, for direct expenditure by that Service for the other objects mentioned above.

Support of United States prisoners: For support of United States prisoners in non-Federal institutions and in the Territory of Alaska, including necessary clothing and medical aid; expenses of transporting persons released from custody of the United States to place of conviction or place of bona fide residence in the United States, or such other place within the United States as may be authorized by the Attorney General, and the furnishing to them of suitable clothing and, in the discretion of the Attorney General, an amount of money not to exceed $80, regardless of length of sentence; and including rent, repair, alteration, and maintenance of buildings and the maintenance of prisoners therein, occupied under authority of sections 4 and 5 of the Act of May 14, 1930 (18 U. S. C. 753c, 753d); support of prisoners becoming insane during imprisonment and who continue insane after expiration of sentence, who have no relatives or friends to whom they can be sent; shipping remains of deceased prisoners to their relatives or friends in the United States and interment of deceased prisoners whose remains are unclaimed; expenses incurred in identifying, pursuing, and returning escaped prisoners and for rewards for their recapture; and for repairs, betterments, and improvements of United States jails, including sidewalks, $1,800,000.

None of the money appropriated by this title shall be used to pay any witness or bailiff more than one per diem for any one day's service, even though he serves in more than one of such capacities on the same day.

None of the funds appropriated by this title may be used to pay the compensation of any person hereafter employed as an attorney unless such person shall be duly licensed and authorized to practice as an attorney under the laws of a State, Territory, or the District of Columbia.

Sixty per centum of the expenditures for the offices of the United States District Attorney and the United States Marshal for the District of Columbia from all appropriations in this title shall be reimbursed to the United States from any funds in the Treasury of the United States to the credit of the District of Columbia.

This title may be cited as the "Department of Justice Appropriation Act, 1946".

**TITLE III—DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

**OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY**

Salaries and expenses: For all necessary expenses of the Office of the Secretary of Commerce (hereafter in this title referred to as the Secretary) including personal services in the District of Columbia; newspapers (not exceeding $500); contract stenographic reporting services; lawbooks, books of reference, and periodicals; purchase of one passenger automobile at not exceeding $1,500, and maintenance, operation, and repair of motor vehicles; not exceeding $2,000 for expenses of attendance at meetings of organizations concerned with
Designation of signing officer.

Post, p. 423.

40 Stat. 1270.
44 U. S. C. § 4
National Inventors Council Service Staff.

58 Stat. 204.

Age and citizenship certification.

49 Stat. 620.
42 U. S. C. §§ 301-1307; Supp. IV, § 401 et seq.
Post, pp. 548, 671.

Procedure for furnishing evidence of age.

Post, pp. 423, 666.

Temporary employees.

42 Stat. 1488.
Post, p. 506 et seq.

Travel in privately owned automobiles.

Post, p. 423.

the work of the Office of the Secretary; $570,000: Provided, That hereafter the Secretary may designate an officer of the Department to sign minor routine official papers and documents during the temporary absence of the Secretary, the Under Secretary, and the Assistant Secretary of the Department.

Printing and binding: For all printing and binding for the Department of Commerce, except the Patent Office, the Civil Aeronautics Board, and work done at the field printing plants of the Weather Bureau authorized by the Joint Committee on Printing, in accordance with the Act approved March 1, 1919 (44 U. S. C. 111, 220), $750,000.

Salaries and expenses, National Inventors Council Service Staff: For all necessary expenses of the servicing staff of the National Inventors Council, including personal services in the District of Columbia, printing and binding and traveling expenses, $75,000.

Penalty mail, Department of Commerce: For deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail of the Department of Commerce, except the Civil Aeronautics Board, as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364), $485,000.

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

Salaries and expenses, age, and citizenship certification: For salaries and expenses necessary for searching census records and supplying information incident to carrying out the provisions of the Social Security Act, and other statutory requirements with respect to age and citizenship certification, including personal services at the seat of government, travel, microfilm, and binding records, books of reference, periodicals, and photographic supplies, $145,000: Provided, That the procedure hereunder for the furnishing from census records of evidence for the establishment of age of individuals shall be pursuant to regulations approved jointly by the Secretary and the Social Security Board.

Compiling census reports and so forth: For salaries and expenses necessary for securing information for and compiling and publishing the census reports provided for by law, the collection, compilation and periodic publication of statistics showing United States exports and imports; temporary employees at rates to be fixed by the Director of the Census without regard to the Classification Act; the cost of transcribing State, municipal, and other records; preparation of monographs on census subjects and other work of specialized character by contract or otherwise; travel expenses, including not to exceed $4,000 for attendance at meetings of organizations concerned with the collection of statistics, when incurred on the written authority of the Secretary; reimbursement for actual cost of ferry fares and bridge, road and tunnel tolls, and not to exceed 3 cents per mile for travel performed in privately owned automobiles within the limits of their official posts of duty, of employees engaged in census enumeration or surveys; maintenance, repair, and operation of three motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles; construction and repair of tabulating machines and other mechanical appliances, and the rental or purchase and exchange of necessary machinery, appliances, and supplies, including tabulating cards and continuous form tabulating paper; books of reference, periodicals, maps, newspapers (not exceeding $200), $5,318,000.

OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATOR OF CIVIL AERONAUTICS

General administration, Office of the Administrator: For necessary expenses of the Office of Administrator of Civil Aeronautics in car-
rying out the provisions of the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938, as amended (49 U. S. C. 401), including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; contract stenographic reporting services; not to exceed $14,000 for expenses of attendance at meetings of organizations concerned with aeronautics, when specifically authorized by the Administrator; newspapers (not exceeding $200); not to exceed $5,000 in fiscal year 1946 for entertainment of officials in the field of aviation of other countries when specifically authorized and approved by the Administrator; fees and mileage of expert and other witnesses; expenses of examination of estimates of appropriations in the field; hire, maintenance, repair, and operation of passenger-carrying automobiles; $2,878,000.

Establishment of air-navigation facilities: For the acquisition and establishment by contract or purchase and hire of air-navigation facilities, including the equipment of additional civil airways for day and night flying; the construction of additional necessary lighting, radio, and other signaling and communicating structures and apparatus; the alteration and modernization of existing air-navigation facilities; the acquisition of the necessary sites by lease or grant; personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; and hire, maintenance, repair, and operation of passenger-carrying automobiles, $12,577,000: Provided, That the consolidated appropriation under this head for the fiscal year 1945 is hereby continued available without warrant action until June 30, 1946, and is hereby merged with this appropriation, the total amount to be disbursed and accounted for as one fund: Provided further, That not to exceed $2,750,000 of this amount shall be available for the establishment of landing areas.

Maintenance and operation of air-navigation facilities: For necessary expenses of operation and maintenance of air-navigation facilities and air-traffic control, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; purchase (not to exceed fifteen), hire, maintenance, repair, and operation of passenger-carrying automobiles; and not to exceed 3 cents per mile for travel, in privately owned automobiles within the limits of their official posts of duty, of employees engaged in the maintenance and operation of remotely controlled air-navigation facilities; $24,000,000. There may be credited to the appropriation “Maintenance and operation of air-navigation facilities” sums received from States, counties, municipalities, and other public authorities for expenses incurred during the existence of the present war and for six months thereafter in the maintenance and operation of airport traffic control towers.

Technical development: For expenses necessary in carrying out the provisions of the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938, as amended (49 U. S. C. 401), relative to such developmental work and service testing as tends to the creation of improved air-navigation facilities, including landing areas, aircraft, aircraft engines, propellers, appliances, personnel, and operation methods, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; acquisition of necessary sites by lease or grant; cleaning and repair of uniforms for guards; operation, maintenance, and repair of passenger-carrying automobiles; and purchase of reports, documents, plans, and specifications, $850,000.

Enforcement of safety regulations: For expenses necessary in carrying out the provisions of the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938, as amended (49 U. S. C. 401), relating to safety regulations, except air-traffic control, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; hire, maintenance, repair and operation of passenger-carrying automobiles; $3,100,000.

Airport Advisory Service: For necessary expenses in furnishing
advisory services to State and other public and private agencies in connection with the construction and operation of airports and landing areas, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, and the operation, repair, and maintenance of passenger automobiles, $300,000.

Maintenance and operation of aircraft: For all expenses necessary for the maintenance, operation, and overhaul of aircraft for the use of all the activities under the Office of the Administrator, including the repair of aircraft engines and other aircraft parts, $850,000, and the Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy are authorized to transfer to the Administrator without payment therefor aircraft, surplus to the needs of the War Department or the Navy Department, such aircraft to be acquired by the Administrator for replacement purposes only.

Maintenance and operation, Washington National Airport: For salaries and expenses incident to the care, operation, maintenance, and protection of the Washington National Airport, including the operation, repair, and maintenance of passenger-carrying automobiles, and not to exceed $2,500 for the purchase, cleaning, and repair of uniforms, $582,000.

Development of landing areas: For completion of the program for the construction, improvement, and repair of public airports for national defense the consolidated appropriation under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1943, shall remain available until June 30, 1946, without warrant action, and the portion thereof available for administrative expenses shall be available also for the operation, maintenance, and repair of passenger-carrying automobiles, and not to exceed $8,000 for printing and binding: Provided, That the total number of sites shall not exceed five hundred and thirty-five: Provided further, That not to exceed $83,000 may be transferred to the appropriation "General administration, Office of Administrator of Civil Aeronautics", for necessary expenses in connection with the general administration of the development of landing areas program.

The foregoing appropriations under the Office of Administrator of Civil Aeronautics shall be available for the purchase and exchange of lawbooks, books of reference, atlases, maps, and periodicals; traveling expenses; salaries and traveling expenses of employees detailed to attend courses of training conducted by the Government or other agencies serving aviation; and the purchase, cleaning, and repair of special wearing apparel (including skis and snowshoes).

Civil Aeronautics Board, salaries and expenses: For necessary expenses of the Civil Aeronautics Board, including personal services in the District of Columbia; traveling expenses; contract stenographic reporting services; fees and mileage of expert and other witnesses; temporary employment of attorneys, examiners, consultants, and experts, and in the case of airplane accidents the employment of temporary guards on a contract or fee basis without regard to section 41 U. S. C. § 5.

Civil Aeronautics Board, salaries and expenses: For necessary expenses of the Civil Aeronautics Board, including personal services in the District of Columbia; traveling expenses; contract stenographic reporting services; fees and mileage of expert and other witnesses; temporary employment of attorneys, examiners, consultants, and experts, and in the case of airplane accidents the employment of temporary guards on a contract or fee basis without regard to section 41 U. S. C. § 5.

Civil Aeronautics Board, salaries and expenses: For necessary expenses of the Civil Aeronautics Board, including personal services in the District of Columbia; traveling expenses; contract stenographic reporting services; fees and mileage of expert and other witnesses; temporary employment of attorneys, examiners, consultants, and experts, and in the case of airplane accidents the employment of temporary guards on a contract or fee basis without regard to section 41 U. S. C. § 5.
motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles (not to exceed six) and hire, operation, maintenance, and repair of same; purchase and hire of special wearing apparel and equipment for aviation purposes (including rubber boots, snowshoes, and skis); $1,675,000: Provided, That this appropriation shall be available when specifically authorized by the Chairman of the Board, for expenses of attendance at meetings of organizations concerned with aeronautics (not to exceed $4,000).

Printing and binding: For printing and binding, $25,000.

COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

Salaries and expenses, departmental: For all expenses necessary for the work of the Survey in the District of Columbia, including the compilation of field surveys and other data; the production, purchase, or printing of maps and nautical and aeronautical charts; maintenance of and equipment for an instrument shop and procurement of woodworking supplies and equipment; motion-picture equipment; chart paper, drafting, photographic, photolithographic, and printing supplies and equipment; newspapers not to exceed $25; instruments (except surveying instruments); stationery for field stations and parties; travel; and purchase of lawbooks, books of reference, and periodicals; $2,400,000, of which not to exceed $1,600,000 shall be available for personal services.

Salaries and expenses, field: For all expenses necessary to man, equip, repair, and supply vessels and other field units of the Survey engaged in surveys and other operations required for the production of maps, nautical charts, Coast Pilots, tide and current tables, and related publications of all coasts and islands under the jurisdiction of the United States; research in physical hydrography; geodetic surveying operations to provide control for national mapping and for other purposes, magnetic and seismological observations, and the establishment of meridian lines, in the United States and in other regions under the jurisdiction of the United States; gravity surveys in United States territory and adjacent areas; operation of two latitude observatories; field surveys required for the production of aeronautical charts; purchase of plans and specifications of vessels; lease of lands where necessary and the erection of temporary magnetic and seismological buildings; purchase of two motor-propelled station wagons and hire, maintenance, operation, and repair of motor vehicles; operation, maintenance, and repair of an airplane for photographic surveys; special aviation clothing; packing, crating, and transporting personal household effects of commissioned officers when transferred from one official station to another, and of commissioned officers who die on active duty, and funeral expenses of commissioned officers, as authorized by law; extra compensation at not to exceed $15 per month to each member of the crew of a vessel when assigned duties as bomber or fathometer reader, and at not to exceed $1 per day for each station to employees of other Federal agencies while observing tides or currents or tending seismographs; and reimbursement, under rules prescribed by the Secretary, of officers of the Coast and Geodetic Survey for food, clothing, medicines, and other supplies furnished for the temporary relief of distressed persons in remote localities and to shipwrecked persons temporarily provided for by them (not to exceed a total of $500); $3,180,000, of which $10,000 shall be immediately available.

Pay, commissioned officers: For pay and allowances prescribed by law for not to exceed one hundred and seventy-one commissioned officers on the active list and of officers retired in accordance with...
Death gratuity.

Attendance at meetings.

Not to exceed $650 of the appropriations herein made for the Coast and Geodetic Survey shall be available for expenses of attendance at meetings concerned with the work of the Coast and Geodetic Survey when incurred on the written authority of the Secretary.

The foregoing appropriations for the Coast and Geodetic Survey shall be available for the pay of missing or captured civilian or commissioned personnel of the Coast and Geodetic Survey under the Act of March 7, 1942, as amended (50 U. S. C. App. 1001), and for the six months' death gratuity, regardless of the fiscal year during which such obligations accrued; the purchase of special clothing for protection of employees while engaged in their official duties; not to exceed $2,200 for the payment of part-time or intermittent employment in the District of Columbia, or elsewhere, of such architects, engineers, scientists, and technicists as may be contracted for by the Secretary, at a rate of pay not exceeding $25 per diem for any person so employed; and not to exceed $10,000 for special geodetic surveys in regions subject to earthquakes.

BUREAU OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC COMMERCE

Departmental salaries and expenses: For personal services (not to exceed $1,860,000) and other necessary expenses of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce at the seat of government in performing the duties imposed by law or in pursuance of law; travel; newspapers (not exceeding $1,500), periodicals, and books of reference; fees and mileage of witnesses, and other contingent expenses in the District of Columbia; $1,980,000: Provided, That expenses, except printing and binding, of field studies or surveys conducted by departmental personnel of the Bureau shall be payable from the amount herein appropriated.

Field office service: For salaries (not to exceed $395,000), travel and all other expenses necessary to operate and maintain regional, district, and cooperative branch offices for the collection and dissemination of information useful in the development and improvement of commerce throughout the United States and its possessions, including foreign and domestic newspapers (not exceeding $300), periodicals and books of reference, $445,000.

The appropriations for the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce shall be available in an amount not to exceed $6,500 for expenses of attendance at meetings concerned with the promotion of foreign and domestic commerce, or either, and also expenses of illustrating the work of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce by showing of maps, charts, and graphs at such meetings, when incurred on the written authority of the Secretary.

PATENT OFFICE

Salaries: For personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, $4,100,000.

Photolithographing: For producing copies of weekly issue of drawings of patents and designs; reproduction of copies of drawings and specifications of exhausted patents, designs, trade-marks, and other papers, such other papers when reproduced for sale to be sold at not less than cost plus 10 per centum; reproduction of foreign patent drawings; photo prints of pending application drawings; and photostat and photographic supplies and dry mounts, $275,000: Provided, That the headings of the drawings for patented cases may be multigraphed in the Patent Office for the purpose of photolithography.
Miscellaneous expenses: For purchase and exchange of law, professional, and other reference books and publications and scientific books; expenses of transporting publications of patents issued by the Patent Office to foreign governments; directories, furniture, filing cases; maintenance, operation, and repair of passenger-carrying automobiles; for investigating the question of public use or sale of inventions for one year or more prior to filing applications for patents, and such other questions arising in connection with applications for patents and the prior art as may be deemed necessary by the Commissioner of Patents; for expense attending defense of suits instituted against the Commissioner of Patents; for travel, including not to exceed $500 for attendance at meetings concerned with the work of the Patent Office, when incurred on the written authority of the Secretary; and for other contingent and miscellaneous expenses of the Patent Office; $125,000.

Printing and binding: For printing the weekly issue of patents, designs, trade-marks, exclusive of illustrations; and for printing, engraving illustrations, and binding the Official Gazette, including weekly and annual indices, $740,000; for miscellaneous printing and binding, $60,000; in all, $800,000.

NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS

Salaries and expenses: For all salaries and expenses necessary in carrying out the provisions of the Act establishing the National Bureau of Standards, approved March 3, 1901 (5 U. S. C. 591, 597; 15 U. S. C. 271-278), and of Acts supplementary thereto affecting the functions of the Bureau and specifically including the functions as set forth under the Bureau of Standards in the "Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1935", including personal services in the District of Columbia; rental of laboratories in the field, building of temporary experimental structures, communication service, transportation service; travel, including not to exceed $4,500 for expenses of attendance at meetings of organizations concerned with standardization or research in science, when incurred on the written authority of the Secretary; streetcar fares not exceeding $100, expenses of the visiting committee, compensation and expenses of medical officers of the Public Health Service detailed to the National Bureau of Standards for the purpose of maintaining a first-aid station and making clinical observations; compiling and disseminating scientific and technical data; demonstrating the results of the Bureau's work by exhibits or otherwise as may be deemed most effective; purchases of supplies, materials, stationery, electric power, fuel for heat, light, and power, and accessories of all kinds needed in the work of the Bureau, including supplies for office, laboratory, shop, and plant, and cleaning and toilet supplies, gloves, goggles, rubber boots and aprons; purchase, repair, and cleaning of uniforms for guards; operation, maintenance, and repair of a passenger automobile; purchases of equipment of all kinds, including its repair and exchange; periodicals and reference books, including their exchange; purchase of newspapers (not to exceed $25); and translation of technical articles:

Operation and administration: For the general operation and administration of the Bureau; improvement and care of the grounds; plant equipment; necessary repairs and alterations to buildings; $465,000.

Testing, inspection, and information service: For calibrating and certifying measuring instruments, apparatus, and standards in terms of the national standards; the preparation and distribution of standard materials; the broadcasting of radio signals of standard frequency; the testing of equipment, materials, and supplies in connection with the work of the National Bureau of Standards; $31,000.

Medical officers of Public Health Service.

Supplies, etc.
with Government purchases; the improvement of methods of testing; advisory services to governmental agencies on scientific and technical matters; and supplying available information to the public, upon request, in the field of physics, chemistry, and engineering; $1,125,000.

Research and development: For the maintenance and development of national standards of measurement; the development of improved methods of measurement; the determination of physical constants and the properties of materials; the investigation of mechanisms and structures, including their economy, efficiency, and safety; the study of fluid resistance and the flow of fluids and heat; the investigation of radiation, radioactive substances, and X-rays; the study of conditions affecting radio transmission; the development of methods of chemical analysis and synthesis; and the investigation of the properties of rare substances; investigations relating to the utilization of materials, including lubricants and liquid fuels; the study of new processes and methods of fabrication; and the solutions of problems arising in connection with standards, $1,325,000.

Standards for commerce: For cooperation with Government purchasing agencies, industries, and national organizations in developing specifications and facilitating their use; for encouraging the application of the latest developments in the utilization and standardization of building materials; for the development of engineering and safety codes, simplified-practice recommendations, and commercial standards of quality and performance, $198,000.

During the fiscal year 1946 the head of any department or independent establishment of the Government having funds available for scientific investigations and requiring cooperative work by the National Bureau of Standards on scientific investigations within the scope of the functions of that Bureau, and which the National Bureau of Standards is unable to perform within the limits of its appropriations, may, with the approval of the Secretary, transfer to the National Bureau of Standards such sums as may be necessary to carry on such investigations. The Secretary of the Treasury shall transfer on the books of the Treasury Department any sums which may be authorized hereunder, and such amounts shall be placed to the credit of the National Bureau of Standards for performance of work for the department or establishment from which the transfer is made, including, where necessary, travel expenses and compensation for personal services in the District of Columbia and in the field.

Not to exceed $100,000 of funds available for the field appropriation and transfer shall be available for payment of part-time or intermittent employment in the District of Columbia, or elsewhere, of such scientists and technicians as may be contracted for by the Secretary, in his discretion, at a rate of pay not exceeding $25 per diem for any person so employed.

Of the foregoing amounts for the National Bureau of Standards not to exceed $2,750,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

**WEATHER BUREAU**

Salaries and expenses: For expenses necessary for carrying into effect in the United States and possessions, on ships at sea, and elsewhere when directed by the Secretary, the provisions of sections 1 and 3 of an Act approved October 1, 1890 (15 U. S. C. 311-313), the Act approved October 29, 1942 (15 U. S. C. 323), and section 803 of the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938 (49 U. S. C. 603), including investigations of atmospheric phenomena; cooperation with other public agencies and societies and institutions of learning; purchase of books of reference; purchase of newspapers (not to exceed $40);
traveling expenses, including not to exceed $1,500 for attendance at meetings concerned with the work of the Bureau when authorized by the Secretary; purchase (not to exceed five), maintenance, operation, and repair of passenger automobiles; repair, alterations, and improvements to existing buildings and care and preservation of grounds, including the construction of necessary outbuildings and sidewalks on public streets, abutting Weather Bureau grounds; the erection of temporary buildings for living and working quarters of observers; telephone rentals, and telegraphing, telephoning, and cabling reports and messages, rates to be fixed by the Secretary by agreement with the companies performing the service; and establishment, equipment, and maintenance of meteorological offices and stations; $12,140,000, of which not to exceed $1,142,000 may be expended for departmental personal services in the District of Columbia; not to exceed $1,500 for the contribution of the United States to the cost of the office of the secretariat of the International Meteorological Committee; and not to exceed $10,000 for the maintenance of a printing office in the city of Washington for the printing of weather maps, bulletins, circulars, forms, and other publications: Provided, That no printing shall be done by the Weather Bureau that can be done at the Government Printing Office without impairing the service of said Bureau.

Extra compensation at not to exceed $5 per day may be paid to employees of other Government agencies in Alaska, and in other Territorial possessions for taking and transmitting meteorological observations for the Weather Bureau.

The appropriations "Maintenance and operation of air-navigation facilities”, Office of Administrator of Civil Aeronautics; “Salaries and expenses”, Civil Aeronautics Board; and “Salaries and expenses”, Weather Bureau, shall be available, under regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary, for furnishing to employees of the Civil Aeronautics Administration, the Civil Aeronautics Board, and the Weather Bureau in Alaska free emergency medical services by contract or otherwise and medical supplies, and for the purchase, transportation, and storage of food and other subsistence supplies for resale to such employees, the proceeds from such resales to be credited to the appropriation from which the expenditure for such supplies was made and a report shall be made to Congress annually showing the expenditures made for such supplies and the proceeds from such resales; and appropriations of the Civil Aeronautics Administration and the Weather Bureau, available for travel, shall be available for the travel expenses of appointees of said agencies from the point of engagement in the United States to their posts of duty at any point outside the continental limits of the United States or in Alaska.

During the fiscal year 1946 the Secretary of Commerce may delegate his authority to subordinate officials of the Coast and Geodetic Survey, the Weather Bureau, and the Civil Aeronautics Administration, to authorize payment of expenses of travel and transportation of household goods of officers and employees on change of official station: Provided, That in no case shall such authority be delegated to any official below the level of the heads of regional or field offices.

Not to exceed $1,000 of the appropriations in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1945, available for travel shall be available under regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary of Commerce for obligations incurred by officers and employees of the Department of Commerce for traveling expenses of returning members of their immediate families from outlying Territories and possessions of the United States to their former homes in the United States or points of not further distance, since the outbreak of hostilities in December...
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1941, regardless of the fiscal year during which such obligations were incurred.

This title may be cited as the "Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946".

TITLE IV—THE JUDICIARY

UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT

Salaries: For the Chief Justice and eight Associate Justices; Reporter of the Court; and all other officers and employees, whose compensation shall be fixed by the Court, except as otherwise provided by law, and who may be employed and assigned by the Chief Justice to any office or work of the Court, $499,100.

The unexpended balance of the appropriation "Preparation of rules for criminal proceedings, Supreme Court", fiscal year 1944, continued in the First Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1944, is hereby made available for the fiscal year 1946.

Printing and binding: For printing and binding for the Supreme Court of the United States, $37,000, to be expended as required without allotment by quarters, and to be executed by such printer as the Court may designate.

Miscellaneous expenses: For miscellaneous expenses of the Supreme Court of the United States, to be expended as the Chief Justice may approve, $34,900, of which amount not to exceed $1,600 shall be available for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364).

Structural and mechanical care of the building and grounds: For such expenditures as may be necessary to enable the Architect of the Capitol to carry out the duties imposed upon him by the Act approved May 7, 1934 (40 U. S. C. 13a–13d), including improvements, maintenance, repairs, equipment, supplies, materials, and appurtenances, special clothing for workmen; purchase of waterproof wearing apparel; and personal and other services (including temporary labor without reference to the Classification and Retirement Acts, as amended), and for snow removal by hire of men and equipment or under contract without compliance with sections 3709 and 3744 of the Revised Statutes (41 U. S. C. 5, 16), $74,800.

UNITED STATES COURTS FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Sixty per centum of the expenditures for the District Court of the United States for the District of Columbia from all appropriations under this title and 30 per centum of the expenditures for the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia from all appropriations under this title shall be reimbursed to the United States from any funds in the Treasury to the credit of the District of Columbia.

Repairs and improvements, District Court of the United States for the District of Columbia: For repairs and improvements to the courthouse, including repair and maintenance of the mechanical equipment, and for labor and material and every item incident thereto, $10,300, to be expended under the direction of the Architect of the Capitol.

Repairs and improvements, United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia: For repairs and improvements to the United States Court of Appeals Building, including repair and maintenance of the mechanical equipment, and for labor and material and every item incident thereto, $2,500, to be expended under the direction of the Architect of the Capitol.
Salaries: Presiding judge and four associate judges and all other officers and employees of the court, $111,600.

Contingent expenses: For books and periodicals, including their exchange; stationery, supplies, traveling expenses; drugs, chemicals, cleansers, furniture; and for such other miscellaneous expenses as may be approved by the presiding judge, $3,300: Provided, That not to exceed $180 of this appropriation shall be available for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364).

Printing and binding: For printing and binding, $6,700.

UNITED STATES CUSTOMS COURT

Salaries: Presiding judge and eight judges; and all other officers and employees of the court, $233,200.

Contingent expenses: For books and periodicals, including their exchange; stationery, supplies, traveling expenses; and for such other miscellaneous expenses as may be approved by the presiding judge, $13,000: Provided, That traveling expenses of judges of the Customs Court shall be paid upon the written certificate of the judge: Provided further, That not to exceed $500 of this appropriation shall be available for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364).

Printing and binding: For printing and binding, $1,000.

COURT OF CLAIMS

Salaries: Chief justice and four judges, seven regular and five additional commissioners, and all other officers and employees of the court, $300,000, including the compensation of stenographers authorized by the court, and for stenographic and other fees and charges necessary in the taking of testimony and in the performance of the duties as authorized by the Act entitled "An Act amending section 2 and repealing section 3 of the Act approved February 24, 1925 (28 U. S. C. 269, 270), entitled 'An Act to authorize the appointment of commissioners by the Court of Claims and to prescribe their powers and compensation' and for other purposes", approved June 23, 1930, and as also amended by an Act approved July 1, 1944.

Contingent expenses: For stationery, court library, repairs, fuel, electric light, traveling expenses, and other miscellaneous expenses, $45,000: Provided, That not to exceed $500 of this appropriation shall be available for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364).

Printing and binding: For printing and binding, $33,000.

Repairs and improvements: For necessary repairs and improvements to the Court of Claims buildings, to be expended under the supervision of the Architect of the Capitol, $6,500.

TERRITORIAL COURTS

Hawaii: For salaries of the chief justice and two associate justices of the Supreme Court of the Territory of Hawaii, of judges of the circuit courts in Hawaii, and of judges retired under the Act of May 31, 1938, $96,500.
Salaries of judges: For salaries of circuit judges; district judges (including two in the Territory of Hawaii, one in the Territory of Puerto Rico, four in the Territory of Alaska, one in the Virgin Islands, and one in the Panama Canal Zone); and judges retired under section 260 of the Judicial Code, as amended, and section 518 of the Tariff Act of 1930; in all, $3,200,000: Provided, That this appropriation shall be available for the salaries of all United States justices and circuit and district judges lawfully entitled thereto whether active or retired.

Salaries of clerks of courts: For salaries of clerks of United States circuit courts of appeals and United States district courts, their deputies, and other assistants, $2,635,000.

No part of any appropriation in this Act shall be used to pay the cost of maintaining an office of the clerk of the United States District Court at Anniston, Alabama; Florence, Alabama; Jasper, Alabama; Gadsden, Alabama; Grand Junction, Colorado; Montrose, Colorado; Durango, Colorado; Sterling, Colorado; Newman, Georgia; Benton, Illinois; Salina, Kansas; Chillicothe, Missouri; Roswell, New Mexico; Bryson City, North Carolina; Shelby, North Carolina; Ardmore, Oklahoma; Guthrie, Oklahoma; Aberdeen, South Dakota; Pierre, South Dakota; Deadwood, South Dakota; Ogden, Utah; Casper, Wyoming; Evanston, Wyoming; or Lander, Wyoming; but this paragraph shall not be so construed as to prevent the detail during sessions of court of such employees as may be necessary from other offices to the offices named herein.

Probation system, United States courts: For salaries of probation officers and their clerical assistants, as authorized by the Act entitled "An Act to amend the Act of March 4, 1925, chapter 521, and for other purposes", approved June 6, 1930 (18 U. S. C. 726), $1,173,000: Provided, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to abridge the right of the district judges to appoint probation officers, or to make such orders as may be necessary to govern probation officers in their own courts: Provided, further, That no part of this appropriation shall be used to pay the salary or expenses of any probation officer who, in the judgment of the senior or presiding judge certified to the Attorney General, fails to carry out the official orders of the Attorney General with respect to supervising or furnishing information concerning any prisoner released conditionally or on parole from any Federal penal or correctional institution.

Salaries of criers: For salaries of criers as authorized by the Act of December 7, 1944 (Public Law 468), and Acts of March 3, 1911, and March 3, 1891, as amended (28 U. S. C. 224 and 547), $200,000.

Fees of commissioners: For fees of the United States commissioners and other committing magistrates acting under section 1014, Revised Statutes (18 U. S. C. 591), including fees and expenses of conciliation commissioners, United States courts, including the objects and subject to the conditions specified for such fees and expenses of conciliation commissioners in the Department of Justice Appropriation Act, 1937, $450,000.

Fees of jurors: For mileage and per diems of jurors; meals and lodging for jurors when ordered by the court, and meals and lodging for jurors in Alaska, as provided by section 193, title II, of the Act of June 6, 1900 (31 Stat. 362), and compensation for jury commissioners, $5 per day, not exceeding three days for any one term of court, $1,600,000: Provided, That the compensation of jury commissioners for the District of Columbia shall conform to the provisions of title 18, chapter 10, section 341, of the Code of the District of Columbia, but such compensation shall not exceed $250 each per annum.
Miscellaneous salaries: For salaries of all officials and employees of the Federal judiciary, not otherwise specifically provided for, $1,400,000: Provided, That the compensation of secretaries and law clerks of circuit and district judges (exclusive of any temporary additional compensation) shall be fixed by the Director of the Administrative Office without regard to the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, except that the salary of a secretary shall conform with that of the main (CAF-4), senior (CAF-5), or principal (CAF-6) clerical grade, or assistant (CAF-7), or associate (CAF-8) administrative grade, as the appointing judge shall determine, and the salary of a law clerk shall conform with that of the junior (P-1), assistant (P-2), associate (P-3), full (P-4), or senior (P-5) professional grade, as the appointing judge shall determine, subject to review by the judicial council of the circuit if requested by the Director, such determination by the judge otherwise to be final: Provided further, That (exclusive of any temporary additional compensation) the aggregate salaries paid to secretaries and law clerks appointed by one judge shall not exceed $6,500 per annum, except in the case of the senior circuit judge of each circuit and senior district judge of each district having five or more district judges, in which case the aggregate salaries shall not exceed $7,500.

Miscellaneous expenses (other than salaries): For miscellaneous expenses of the United States courts and their officers; purchase of lawbooks, books of reference, and periodicals; purchase of firearms and ammunition; purchase of envelopes without regard to the Act of June 26, 1906 (34 Stat. 476); and not to exceed $4,000 for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail for the United States courts and the Administrative Office of the United States Courts as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364); $540,000.

Traveling expenses: For all necessary traveling expenses, not otherwise provided for, incurred by the Judiciary, including traveling expenses of probation officers and their clerks, and transfer of household goods and effects as provided by the Act of October 10, 1940, $620,000: Provided, That this sum shall be available, in an amount not to exceed $4,000, for expenses of attendance at meetings concerned with the work of Federal probation when incurred on the written authorization of the Director of the Administrative Office of the United States Courts: Provided further, That United States probation officers may be allowed, in lieu of actual expenses of transportation, not to exceed 4 cents per mile for the use of their own automobiles for transportation when traveling on official business within the city limits of their official station.

Printing and binding: For printing and binding for the Administrative Office and Courts of the United States, $59,000.

Salaries, court reporters: For salaries of court reporters for the district courts of the United States, as authorized by the Act of January 20, 1944 (Public Law 222), $700,000.

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES COURTS

Salaries: For the Director of the Administrative Office of the United States Courts, the Assistant Director, and for other personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, as may be necessary to enable the Director to carry into effect the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the administration of the United States courts, and for other purposes", approved August 7, 1939 (53 Stat. 1228), $240,000: Provided, That in expending appropriations or portions of appropriations contained in this Act for the payment of personal services in the District of Columbia, the Director shall

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fix compensation according to the Classification Act of 1923, as amended.

Miscellaneous expenses: For stationery, supplies, materials and equipment, freight, express, and drayage charges, washing towels, advertising, purchase of lawbooks and books of reference, periodicals and newspapers, communication service and postage; for the maintenance, repair, and operation of one motor-propelled delivery truck; for rent in the District of Columbia, and elsewhere; for official traveling expenses, including examination of estimates for appropriations in the field, and other miscellaneous expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary to effectively carry out the provisions of the Act providing for the administration of the United States courts, and for other purposes, $26,000.

As used in this title, the term “circuit court of appeals” includes the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia; the term “senior circuit judge” includes the Chief Justice of the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia; the term “circuit judge” includes associate justice of the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia; and the term “judge” includes justice.

The reports of the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia shall not be sold for a price exceeding that approved by the court and for not more than $6.50 per volume: Provided, That all books purchased hereunder for United States judges and other judicial officers shall be marked plainly “The Property of the United States”; and such books shall in all cases be transmitted to their successors in office.

This title may be cited as “The Judiciary Appropriation Act, 1946”.

TITLE V—FEDERAL LOAN AGENCY

OFFICE OF THE ADMINISTRATOR

Administrative expenses: Of the funds available for administrative expenses to the agencies placed under the direction and supervision of the Federal Loan Administrator by Public Law 4, Seventy-ninth Congress, approved February 24, 1945, $91,000 is hereby made available to the Administrator for administrative expenses of supervising such agencies, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; printing and binding ($2,500); lawbooks, books of reference, and periodicals; not to exceed $10,000 for the temporary employment of persons or organizations for special services by contract or otherwise without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes and the civil-service and classification laws: Provided, That none of the funds made available by this Act for administrative expenses of said agencies shall be obligated or expended unless and until an appropriate appropriation account shall have been established therefor pursuant to an appropriation warrant or a covering warrant, and all such expenditures shall be accounted for and audited in accordance with the Budget and Accounting Act, as amended.

RECONSTRUCTION FINANCE CORPORATION

Not to exceed $33,000,000 of the funds of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, established by the Act of January 22, 1932 (47 Stat. 5), shall be available during the fiscal year 1946 for its administrative expenses and the administrative expenses of Defense Plant Corporation, Defense Supplies Corporation, Disaster Loan Corporation, Federal National Mortgage Association, Metals Reserve Company, The RFC Mortgage Company, Rubber Reserve Company, and War Dam-
age Corporation, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; maintenance and operation of aircraft; travel expenses, in accordance with the Standardized Government Travel Regulations and the Act of June 3, 1926, as amended (5 U. S. C. 821-833); printing and binding; lawbooks, books of reference, and not to exceed $1,700 for periodicals and newspapers; rent in the District of Columbia; use of the services and facilities of the Federal Reserve banks; and not to exceed $131,250 for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364): Provided, That all necessary expenses (including services performed on a force account, contract, or fee basis, but not including other personal services except those which the corporations' prescribed accounting system requires to be capitalized) in connection with the acquisition, protection, operation, maintenance, improvement, or disposition of real or personal property belonging to said corporations, or in which they have an interest, including expenses of collections of pledged collateral, shall be considered as nonadministrative expenses for the purposes hereof: Provided further, That notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, except for the limitations in amounts hereinbefore specified, and the restrictions in respect to travel expenses, the administrative expenses and other obligations of the corporations shall be incurred, allowed, and paid in accordance with the provisions of said Act of January 22, 1932, as amended.

This title may be cited as the "Federal Loan Agency Appropriation Act, 1946".

TITLE VI—GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 601. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used to pay the salary or wages of any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided, That for the purposes hereof an affidavit shall be considered prima facie evidence that the person making the affidavit does not advocate, and is not a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided further, That any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence and accepts employment, the salary or wages for which are paid from any appropriation contained in this Act, shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than $1,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both: Provided further, That the above penalty clause shall be in addition to, and not in substitution for, any other provisions of existing law.

SEC. 602. This Act may be cited as the "Departments of State, Justice, Commerce, the Judiciary, and the Federal Loan Agency Appropriation Act, 1946." Approved May 21, 1945.
wise appropriated, for the Navy Department and the naval service for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, namely:

**NAVAL ESTABLISHMENT**

**Office of the Secretary**

**MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES**

For traveling expenses of civilian employees, including travel of dependents of employees to and from navy yards or stations outside the continental limits of the United States; expenses of attendance, at home and abroad, upon meetings of technical, professional, scientific, and other similar organizations when, in the judgment of the Secretary of the Navy (hereafter in this Act referred to as the Secretary), such attendance would be of benefit in the conduct of the work of the Navy Department; physical examinations by civilian physicians and in other than naval hospitals of civilian employees engaged in hazardous occupations; expenses of courts and boards; purchase of law and reference books; expenses of prisoners and prisons; clerical assistance; witnesses' fees and traveling expenses; promoting accident prevention and safety in shore establishments of the Navy, to be expended in the discretion of the Secretary; newspapers and periodicals for the naval service; all advertising of the Navy Department and its bureaus (except advertising for recruits for the Bureau of Naval Personnel); costs of suits; maintenance of attaches and others abroad, including office rental and pay of employees, and not to exceed $900 for any one person for allowances for living quarters, including heat, fuel, and light, as authorized by the Act approved June 26, 1930 (5 U. S. C. 118a); contingencies for the Director of Naval Intelligence, to be expended in his discretion, not to exceed $2,000; collection and classification of information pertaining to Naval Intelligence; telephone, telegraph, and teletype rentals and tolls (including not to exceed $300 for extension telephones between the telephone switchboards at the official stations of naval officials and the living quarters of such officials), telegrams, radiograms, and cablegrams for the Navy Department and the naval service; postage, foreign and domestic and post-office box rentals; microphotographic services; necessary expenses for interned persons and prisoners of war under the jurisdiction of the Navy Department, including funeral expenses for such interned persons or prisoners of war as may die while under such jurisdiction; payment of claims for damages as provided in the Act approved July 11, 1919 (34 U. S. C. 600), and for the payment of claims of civilian employees of the Naval Establishment as provided in the Act approved October 27, 1943 (34 U. S. C. 984), which have not been or may be eligible for payment under the provisions of the Act approved March 27, 1942 (15 U. S. C. 606b-2); and other necessary and incidental expenses; in all, $40,500,000.

**CONTINGENT, NAVY**

For all emergencies and extraordinary expenses, exclusive of personal services in the Navy Department or any of its subordinate bureaus or offices at the seat of government, arising at home or abroad, but impossible to be anticipated or classified, to be expended on the approval and authority of the Secretary, and his determination shall be final and conclusive upon the accounting officers of the Government, and for examination of estimates for appropriations and of
naval activities in the field for any branch of the naval service, $145,000.

**NAVAL EMERGENCY FUND**

For any naval object and purpose, whether or not provided for under other naval appropriations, which the Secretary may deem essential to the war effort, $4,000,000.

**NAVAL RESEARCH LABORATORY**

For research and other necessary work of the Naval Research Laboratory for the benefit of the naval service, operation and maintenance of a laboratory, additions to equipment, maintenance of buildings and grounds, temporary employment of such scientific and technical civilian assistants as may become necessary at rates of pay not exceeding $25 per diem for any person so employed; reference books and subscriptions to technical periodicals, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary, $4,590,000.

**OPERATION AND CONSERVATION OF NAVAL PETROLEUM RESERVES**

To enable the Secretary to carry out the provisions contained in the Act approved June 4, 1920, as amended (34 U. S. C. 524), requiring him to explore, prospect, conserve, develop, use, and operate the naval petroleum reserves, and to drill and equip exploratory wells in Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 4, $1,185,000; Provided, That out of any sums appropriated for naval purposes by this Act, any portion thereof, not to exceed $10,000,000, shall be available to enable the Secretary to protect Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1, by drilling wells and performing any work incident thereto: Provided further, That no part of the sum made available in the foregoing provision for the protection of Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1 shall be expended if satisfactory agreement or agreements can be made with owners of land within or adjoining said Reserve Numbered 1 not to drill wells for the purpose of producing oil or gas.

**OCEAN AND LAKE SURVEYS, NAVY**

For hydrographic surveys, including pay of hydrographic surveyors, cartographic draftsmen, and recorders, and for purchase of nautical books, charts, and sailing directions, $125,000.

**BUREAU OF NAVAL PERSONNEL**

**TRAINING, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE, NAVY**

Naval War College: For maintenance, operation, and other necessary expenses of the Naval War College; services of a professor of international law, $2,000; services of lecturers, $2,000; library expenses, including purchase, binding, and repair of books and periodicals and subscriptions to newspapers and periodicals; and not exceeding $1,000 for contingencies of the president of the Naval War College to be expended in his discretion, $175,000; Naval training stations: For maintenance, operation, and other necessary expenses, including repairs, improvements, and care of grounds of the naval training stations which follow:

- San Diego, California, $2,170,000;
- Newport, Rhode Island, $1,152,000;
- Great Lakes, Illinois, $5,700,000;
- Norfolk, Virginia, $630,000;
- Lake Seneca, New York, $1,000,000;
- Port Deposit, Maryland, $4,038,000;
Fleet training: For trophies and badges for excellence in gunnery, target practice, communication, engineering exercises, and economy in fuel consumption, to be awarded under such rules as the Secretary may formulate; recording, classifying, compiling, and publishing the rules and results; establishment and maintenance of shooting galleries, target houses, targets, and ranges; hiring established ranges; entrance fees in matches for the rifle team, and special equipment therefor; $320,000;

Instruction: For postgraduate instruction of officers in other than civil government and literature, including such amounts as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of the Act approved January 16, 1936 (34 U. S. C. 1073), and special instruction and education, including rental, maintenance, and operation of property for instruction purposes, and individual training of officers and enlisted personnel at home and abroad, including maintenance of students abroad, except aviation and submarine training otherwise appropriated for, $23,000,000: Provided, That no part of this or any other appropriation contained in this Act shall be available for or on account of any expense incident to giving special educational courses or postgraduate instruction to officers with view to qualifying them or better qualifying them for the performance of duties required to be performed by or in pursuance of law by officers of the Supply Corps, the Corps of Civil Engineers, and officers assigned to engineering duty only, except present students and except such officers who are commissioned in such corps or have been assigned to engineering duty only or who have not been commissioned in the line of the Navy more than three years and four months prior to the commencement of such educational courses or postgraduate instruction;

Libraries: For libraries, including professional books, textbooks, and religious books for ships and shore stations not otherwise appropriated for, $2,877,196;

Welfare and recreation: For welfare and recreation of the Navy, including periodicals and newspaper subscriptions, to be expended in the discretion of the Secretary, $15,124,000;

Naval Reserve Officers' Training Corps: For all expenses incident to the conduct of the Naval Reserve Officers' Training Corps under such regulations as the President has prescribed or hereafter may prescribe under the provisions of section 22 of the Act approved March 4, 1925, as amended by the Act of August 6, 1937 (34 U. S. C. 821), $658,000: Provided, That uniforms and other equipment or material issued to the Naval Reserve Officers' Training Corps in accordance with law may be furnished from surplus or reserve stocks of the Navy without payment under this appropriation, except for actual expenses incurred in the manufacture or issue;

In all, training, education, and welfare, Navy, $56,844,196.

MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES, BUREAU OF NAVAL PERSONNEL

For all miscellaneous expenses, including supplies for seamen's quarters; commissions, warrants, diplomas, discharges, good-conduct badges, medals, and identification tags, $90,000.

NAVAL RESERVE

For all expenses not otherwise provided for, authorized by the "Naval Reserve Act of 1938", as amended, and the "Naval Aviation Cadet Act of 1942" (56 Stat. 737), in connection with organizing, administering, recruiting, instructing, training, and drilling the Naval Reserve, including designing, purchasing, and engraving of medals and trophies; medical supplies and equipment; purchase,
maintenance, and operation of ambulances; aviation matériel, equipment, and fuel in connection with aviation activities of the Naval and Marine Corps Reserve; maintenance and operation of floating equipment; rental, maintenance, and operation of such shore stations as may be required in connection with Naval Reserve activities; $138,000,000: Provided, That no appropriation in this Act shall be available for pay, allowances, travel, or other expenses of any officer or enlisted person of the Naval or Marine Corps Reserve who may be drawing a pension, disability allowance, disability compensation, or retired pay from the Government of the United States, and "retired pay" as here used shall not include the pay of members of the Fleet Reserve, Fleet Marine Corps Reserve, or members on the honorary retired list of such Reserve forces.

NAVAL ACADEMY

Pay, Naval Academy: For pay of employees, professors, and instructors, including one professor as librarian, and such amounts as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of the Act approved January 16, 1936 (34 U. S. C. 1073), $1,549,000: Provided, That this appropriation shall not be available for the employment of more than fourteen masters and instructors in swordsmanship and physical training.

Maintenance, Naval Academy: For all expenses necessary for maintenance and operation of the Naval Academy; expenses of lecturers and entertainment (not exceeding $3,000); expenses of the Board of Visitors to the Naval Academy; contingencies for the Superintendent of the Naval Academy (not exceeding $5,200) and for the Commandant of Midshipmen (not exceeding $1,200), to be expended in their respective discretions; reference books, newspapers, periodicals, apparatus, equipment, and necessary supplies; purchase without regard to section 3709, Revised Statutes, binding, and repairs of books for the library; $1,858,611, of which amount $2,000 shall be available exclusively for the care of a collection of ship models.

NAVAL HOME, PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA

For all salaries and expenses necessary for the maintenance and operation of the Naval Home and plot in cemetery, including burial expenses and headstones; music in chapel and entertainment for beneficiaries; transportation of indigent, destitute, sick, and insane beneficiaries and their attendants and necessary subsistence for both; employment and support of such beneficiaries; and maintenance, repair, and operation of one motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicle; $263,250.

NAVAL PRISON FARMS AND PRISON PERSONNEL

For operation, maintenance, and improvement of naval prison farms and welfare, recreation, and education of prison personnel, to be expended under such regulations as the Secretary may prescribe, $86,000; Provided, That expenditures hereunder shall not exceed the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury in accordance with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934.

BUREAU OF SHIPS

MAINTENANCE, BUREAU OF SHIPS

For designing hulls, machinery, and equipment of naval vessels, except armament; experimental, developmental, and research work; payment on a strictly part-time or intermittent employment basis in
the District of Columbia, or elsewhere, solely under the Bureau of Ships, of such scientists and technicists as may be contracted for by the Secretary, in his discretion, at a rate of pay not exceeding $25 per diem for any person so employed; maintenance, repairs, renewal, and alterations of hulls, machinery, and equipment of naval vessels, nonnaval vessels operated for naval requirements, and yard and district craft except machinery and equipment under the cognizance of other bureaus; docking of vessels; maritime salvage services and other purposes in connection therewith authorized by law; relief of vessels in distress; hire of lighters, tugs, and small craft; pay, subsistence, and incidental expenses of civilian crews temporarily employed on naval vessels; equipage, appliances, supplies, materials, and services, at home and abroad, under the cognizance of the Bureau of Ships; searchlights and fire-control equipment for antiaircraft defense at shore stations; maintenance and operation of the Naval Communication Service (including teletype), the experimental model basin, Carderock, Maryland, and the engineering experiment station, Annapolis, Maryland, including maintenance and equipment of buildings and grounds and appurtenances; purchase, installation, repair, and preservation of machine tools, plant appliances, and equipment (including furniture in industrial activities) in naval establishments or private plants; accident prevention; incidental expenses for naval vessels, navy yards and stations, and other activities under the cognizance of the Bureau of Ships, such as photographing, plans, stationery, drafting instruments and other materials; and technical books and publications for said Bureau; $2,790,000,000. Provided, That no part of this or any other appropriation contained in this Act shall be available for or on account of the supply or replacement of table linen, dishes, glassware, silver, and kitchen utensils for use in the residences or quarters of officers on shore, except for messes temporarily set up on shore for bachelor officers and officers attached to seagoing or district defense vessels, to aviation units based on seagoing vessels, to the fleet air bases, to the submarine bases, or to landing forces and expeditions.

BUREAU OF ORDNANCE

ORDNANCE AND ORDNANCE STORES, NAVY

For developing, procuring, producing, preserving, and handling ordnance supplies, material, and equipment for naval purposes; for essential equipment, facilities, machine tools, including replacements, and services at naval or private establishments to expedite the production of ordnance material; minor improvements (not to exceed $20,000 upon any building project of a permanent character), maintenance, operation, and other necessary expenses of naval ordnance shore activities; technical books and periodicals; maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled and other freight and passenger-carrying vehicles at such activities; target practice; payment on a strictly part-time or intermittent employment basis in the District of Columbia, or elsewhere, solely under the Bureau of Ordnance, of such scientists and technicists as may be contracted for by the Secretary in his discretion at a rate of pay not exceeding $25 per diem for any person so employed, and for care and operation of schools at four ordnance stations; $8,000,000,000.

For an additional amount for "Ordinance and ordnance stores, Navy", fiscal year 1945, including the objects and subject to the conditions applicable to the appropriations under this head in the Naval Appropriation Act, 1945, $180,000,000.
PAY AND SUBSISTENCE OF NAVAL PERSONNEL

For pay and allowances and subsistence prescribed by law for naval personnel, including reserves on active duty—

Pay and allowances: Officers, active duty, no part of which shall be available for increased pay for making aerial flights, by more than ninety-one officers above the rank of captain nor by nonflying officers or observers at rates in excess of those prescribed by law for the Army, which shall be the legal maximum rates as to such nonflying officers or observers; midshipmen; officers, retired, inactive; enlisted personnel, active, including cash prizes for men for excellence in gunnery, target practice, communication, engineering competition and additional pay for duty as messmen; enlisted men, retired, inactive; members of the Fleet Reserve, inactive; nurses, female, active; nurses, female, retired, inactive; six months' death gratuity, officers, nurses, and enlisted personnel; cash allowances for uniforms for officers; clothing furnished annually to enlisted personnel and issued in kind to members of the Navy Nurse Corps, or cash in lieu thereof; civilian clothing, including an overcoat when necessary, the cost of all not to exceed $30 per person to enlisted personnel given discharges for bad conduct, undesirability, unsuitability, or inaptitude; reimbursement in kind or in cash as authorized by law to persons in the naval service, for personal property lost, destroyed, or damaged; including reimbursement, under rules prescribed by the Secretary, of naval personnel who furnish from their personal stock subsistence and clothing to shipwrecked and destitute persons; purchase of medals, crosses, bars, emblems, and other insignia; miscellaneous items, including hire of quarters for officers serving with troops where sufficient quarters are not possessed by the United States to accommodate them; rent of quarters for members of the Nurse Corps; and hire of quarters for naval personnel, comparable to quarters assignable on a capital ship, as authorized by the Secretary to meet emergency conditions, including officers and men on sea duty at such times as they may be deprived of their quarters on board ship due to repairs or other conditions which may render them uninhabitable: Provided, That under this authorization no funds may be expended for the hire of quarters for occupancy by the dependents of officers or enlisted personnel; interest on deposits by enlisted personnel; losses in the accounts of Navy, Marine Corps, and Coast Guard officers certified under the Act of July 11, 1919 (31 U. S. C. 105), and the Act of June 10, 1921 (31 U. S. C. 104), and payments in settlement of claims under the Act of January 2, 1942 (31 U. S. C. 224d); total pay and allowances, $6,061,770,000: Provided, That, except for the public quarters occupied by the Chief of Naval Operations, the Superintendent of the Naval Academy, and the Commandant of the Marine Corps, and messes temporarily set up on shore for officers attached to seagoing vessels, aviation units based on seagoing vessels (including officers' messes at naval air stations), submarine bases, overseas bases (including Alaska), mobile hospitals, landing forces and expeditions, and such bachelor officers' quarters and messes as may be specifically designated by the Secretary and, in addition, not to exceed three hundred in number at such other places as shall be designated by the Secretary, no appropriation contained in this Act shall be available for the pay, allowances, or other expenses of any enlisted man or civil
employee performing service in the residence or quarters of an officer or officers on shore as a cook, waiter, or other work of a character performed by a household servant, but nothing herein shall be construed as preventing the voluntary employment in any such capacity of a retired enlisted man or a transferred member of the Fleet Reserve without additional expense to the Government, nor the sale of meals to officers by general messes on shore as regulated by detailed instructions from the Navy Department;

Subsistence: For provisions for messes, subsistence in messes, commuted rations, including commuted rations for enlisted personnel on leave at 65 cents per diem, and other subsistence in kind; midshipmen's rations at 85 cents per diem; subsistence in kind in hospital messes of female nurses, hospital corpsmen, and other enlisted personnel on duty in hospitals, active duty enlisted personnel, active and inactive retired enlisted personnel and members of the Fleet Reserve when sick and in hospitals, credited, when applicable, to the appropriation “Medical Department, Navy”, at the rate of 80 cents per ration; subsistence of supernumeraries on naval vessels because of war conditions, including expenses heretofore incurred for such purpose; subsistence of Navy and Marine Corps general courts-martial prisoners undergoing imprisonment; money allowances for subsistence and quarters of enlisted personnel when not furnished quarters or subsistence in kind, and for enlisted personnel absent from messes on temporary duty not involving travel (during which time all other subsistence shall be stopped); total subsistence, $674,437,000;

In all, for pay and subsistence of naval personnel, $6,736,227,000, and the money herein specifically appropriated for “Pay and subsistence, Navy”, shall be disbursed and accounted for in accordance with existing law and shall constitute one fund: Provided, That hereafter additional commissioned, warranted, appointed, enlisted, and civilian personnel of the Medical Department of the Navy, required for the care of patients of the United States Veterans Administration in naval hospitals, may be employed in addition to the numbers annually appropriated for: Provided further, That during the present emergency qualified enlisted men of the Navy, Naval Reserve, and Marine Corps may be appointed to the Naval Academy after nine months of service.

TRANSPORTATION AND RECRUITING NAVAL PERSONNEL

Transportation and recruiting: For mileage and actual and necessary expenses and per diem in lieu of subsistence as authorized by law to officers and nurses while traveling under orders, including expenses when on duty with traveling recruiting parties, and the cost of a compartment or such other accommodations as may be authorized by the Secretary for security when secret documents are transported by officer messenger or when valuable naval property is transported as hand baggage by personnel of the Naval Establishment, and expenses of attendance, at home and abroad, upon meetings of technical, professional, scientific, and other similar organizations when, in the judgment of the Secretary, such attendance would be of benefit in the conduct of the work of the Navy Department; for mileage at 5 cents per mile to midshipmen entering the Naval Academy while proceeding from their homes to the Naval Academy for examination and appointment, and for transportation of midshipmen, including reimbursement of traveling expenses, while traveling under orders after appointment, and transportation in kind and subsistence to discharged midshipmen; travel allowance or transportation and subsistence of enlisted personnel upon discharge, including
enlisted personnel discharged on medical survey to their homes if residents of the United States; transportation of enlisted personnel and applicants for enlistment at home and abroad and insane supernumerary patients to hospitals, all with subsistence and transfers en route or cash in lieu thereof; expenses of funeral escorts of naval personnel and apprehension and delivery of deserters and stragglers, and for railway, steamship, and airway guides and expenses incident to transportation; transportation of dependents of officers and enlisted personnel, including those of retired and Reserve officers, and of retired and Reserve enlisted personnel of grades entitled to transportation of dependents in the Regular Navy when ordered to active duty (other than training) and upon release therefrom; for actual expenses of officers and midshipmen while on shore-patrol duty, including the hire of automobiles when necessary for the use of the shore-patrol detachment; for all necessary expenses for recruiting for the naval service, including lodging and subsistence of applicants, rent of rendezvous and expenses of maintaining the same, and advertising for and obtaining men; total transportation, $262,885,000: Provided, That the Secretary, in prescribing per diem rates of allowance in accordance with law, is hereby authorized to prescribe such per diem, whether or not orders are given to officers for travel to be performed repeatedly between two or more places in the same vicinity and without regard to the length of time away from their designated posts of duty under such orders, and also the actual and necessary expenses or per diem in lieu thereof as he may determine and approve for naval personnel on special duty in foreign countries, including per diem allowances, not exceeding $7, to naval personnel of, or under training for, the Naval Air Transport Service while on such duty or training away from their permanent stations.

MAINTENANCE, BUREAU OF SUPPLIES AND ACCOUNTS

For equipage, supplies, and services under the cognizance of the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, including scientific investigations, commissions, interest, and exchange; ferriage and bridge tolls, including streetcar fares; rent of buildings and offices not in navy yards for naval purposes, not otherwise provided for, and for other Government agencies as necessitated by their vacation of Government-owned property for naval use; accident prevention; services of civilian employees under the cognizance of the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts; payment on a strictly part-time or intermittent employment basis in the District of Columbia or elsewhere, solely under the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, of such specialists as may be contracted for by the Secretary, at a rate of pay not exceeding $25 per diem for any person so employed; packing, unpacking, and local handling, as authorized by law, of household goods and effects of civilian and naval personnel of the Naval Establishment; ice and mechanical devices for cooling drinking water on shore (except at naval hospitals and shops at industrial navy yards); $503,347,800: Provided, That without deposit to the credit of the Treasurer of the United States and withdrawal on money requisitions, receipts of public moneys from sales or other sources by officers of the Navy and Marine Corps on disbursing duty and charged in their official accounts may be used by them as required for current expenditures, all necessary bookkeeping adjustments of appropriations, funds, and accounts to be made in the settlement of their disbursing accounts: Provided further, That during the fiscal year 1946 the dependents and household effects of such personnel of the Naval Establishment on duty at
stations outside the continental limits of the United States, and in Alaska, as may be determined upon by the Secretary, may, prior to the issuance of orders for the relief of such personnel from their stations, be moved (including packing and unpacking of household effects) to such locations in continental United States as may be selected by the Secretary, by the use of either Government or commercial means of transportation, and later from such locations to the duty stations to which such personnel may be ordered, and current appropriations of the Naval Establishment available for travel and transportation may be used for this purpose.

TRANSPORTATION OF THINGS

For transportation of things (as defined by Budget-Treasury Regulation Numbered 1) pertaining to the Navy (excluding Marine Corps and Coast Guard), $550,000,000.

FUEL, NAVY

For coal and other fuel for submarine bases and steamers' and ships' use, including expenses of storage and handling the same and the removal of fuel refuse from ships; maintenance and general operation of machinery of naval fuel depots and fuel plants; water for all purposes on board naval vessels, and ice for the cooling of water, including expense of transportation and storage of both; $250,000,000.

NAVAL PROCUREMENT FUND

During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, advances by check or warrant and reimbursements to the Naval Procurement Fund from naval appropriations may be made on the basis of the estimated cost of a project without further accounting distribution of expenditures to the individual appropriations involved.

BUREAU OF MEDICINE AND SURGERY

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT

For equipment, supplies, maintenance, and operation of Medical Department activities ashore and afloat, including repairs, minor extensions, and improvements of buildings and grounds thereof (not to exceed $20,000 upon any building project of a permanent character), and compensation of employees; tolls and ferriage; necessary instruction of personnel, including equipment; issuance of medical bulletins and information; laundry supplies and services; maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-propelled busses; care of the dead as authorized by law, including transportation; purchase of technical books and stationery; optical supplies for naval personnel under regulations prescribed by the Secretary; and other necessary expenses, including care, maintenance, and treatment of patients in naval and other hospitals, as provided by regulation; $120,000,000.

The appropriation "Medical Department", for the fiscal year 1946 shall be available for the manufacture or production of products by patients in naval hospitals and other naval medical facilities incident to their convalescence and rehabilitation, and ownership thereof shall be vested in the patients manufacturing or producing such products, except that the ownership of such items manufactured or produced specifically for the use of a naval hospital or other naval medical facility shall be vested in the Government and such items shall be accounted for and disposed of accordingly.
For the labor, materials, supplies, and facilities necessary for the general maintenance of activities and properties under the cognizance of the Bureau of Yards and Docks, including accident prevention; contingent expenses and minor extensions and improvements of public works at navy yards and stations; purchase of five hundred passenger automobiles, and purchase of motortruck chassis with station-wagon type bodies and motorbusses, maintenance, repair, rental outside continental United States (not exceeding $5,000), and operation of passenger-carrying vehicles for the Navy Department and the Naval Establishment not otherwise provided for; payment on a strictly part-time or intermittent employment basis in the District of Columbia, or elsewhere, solely under the Bureau of Yards and Docks, of such engineers, architects, and technicists as may be contracted for by the Secretary, in his discretion, at a rate of pay not to exceed $25 per diem for any person so employed, $144,000,000; for expenses of operation and maintenance of housing projects maintained and operated as such by the Navy Department and developed under the provisions of the Acts of June 28, 1940 (54 Stat. 676); September 9, 1940 (54 Stat. 672); October 14, 1940 (54 Stat. 1125); March 1, 1941 (55 Stat. 14); May 24, 1941 (55 Stat. 197); and December 17, 1941 (55 Stat. 810), including utilities, roads, walks, and accessories, and expenses found necessary in the disposition of any such property or the removal of temporary housing, $6,000,000; in all, $150,000,000.

PUBLIC WORKS, BUREAU OF YARDS AND DOCKS

For public works and public utilities, Bureau of Yards and Docks, including the acquisition of necessary land, $1,589,231,400, which, together with the unexpended balances of appropriations heretofore made under this head, shall be finally accounted for as one fund, which fund shall be available for continuing or completing the construction of any project heretofore authorized or undertaken thereunder, for acquisition or construction of temporary or emergency buildings and facilities at localities within or without the United States, needed by the Navy and specifically approved by the Secretary, including collateral public works items, projects for personal services (including group IV (b) personnel), and other expenses, and payment on a strictly part-time or intermittent employment basis in the District of Columbia or elsewhere, solely under the Bureau of Yards and Docks, of scientists, technicists, and other personnel, at not to exceed $25 per diem.

The Secretary of the Navy is authorized, in accordance with the provisions of the Act approved March 1, 1945 (Public Law 13), to enter into contracts for public-works equipment, materials, and construction, including collateral public-works items and the acquisition of land, in the amount of not to exceed $974,008,413 and without regard to the provisions of section 8709, Revised Statutes: Provided, That $986,000,000 of the foregoing appropriation and contractual authorization shall apply exclusively to advance base construction, material, and equipment authorized in such Act approved March 1, 1945 (Public Law 13), and $1,500,000 for field house at United States Naval Academy, Annapolis, Maryland, including acquisition of land and accessories, as authorized by law.

No part of the appropriations or contract authorization in this Act under the Navy Department shall be used for a permanent type of
construction at any shore establishment of any character acquired subsequent to the calendar year 1938, unless such establishment shall be designated by the Secretary as a permanent establishment, and, in that event, a permanent type of construction shall be used only to meet such permanent requirements as the Secretary may approve: Provided, That nothing herein shall prevent construction of a type sufficiently substantial for the use intended nor apply to construction projects now under contract or in progress: Provided further, That no part of such appropriations or contract authorization may be used for the construction of quarters, including heating and plumbing apparatus, wiring and fixtures, for greater amounts per unit than follow:

Permanent construction:
- For commissioned officer, $10,000.
- For commissioned warrant or warrant officer, $7,500.
- For enlisted man, $6,000.

Temporary construction:
- For commissioned officer, $7,500.
- For commissioned warrant or warrant officer, $5,000.
- For enlisted man, $3,500.

The fixed fee to be paid the contractor as a result of any contract hereafter entered into under this appropriation or contract authorization shall not exceed 4 per centum of the estimated cost of the contract, exclusive of the fee, as determined by the Secretary.

BUREAU OF AERONAUTICS

AVIATION, NAVY

For aviation, as follows: For new construction and procurement of aircraft and equipment, spare parts and accessories, including expansions of and facilities in public or private plants, $799,128,500; for replacement of navigational and radio equipment for aircraft in service, aerological, photographic, and miscellaneous equipment, including repairs thereto, $168,808,200; for maintenance, repair, and operation of aircraft factory, air stations, fleet and all other aviation activities, accident prevention, testing laboratories, overhauling of planes, technical books and periodicals for use in the Bureau of Aeronautics and field, outfits for aviation messes, the purchase for aviation purposes only of special clothing, wearing apparel, and special equipment, and for care and operation of a school at one air station for the children of commissioned, enlisted, and civilian personnel of the Navy, $1,431,840,800; for continuing experiments and development work on all types of aircraft, including the payment on a strictly part-time or intermittent employment basis in the District of Columbia or elsewhere, solely under the Bureau of Aeronautics, of such scientists and technicists as may be contracted for by the Secretary, in his discretion, at a rate of pay not exceeding $25 per diem for any person so employed, $81,272,500; in all, $2,481,050,000: Provided, That the unobligated portion of the contract authorization under "Aviation, Navy, 1945" shall remain available until June 30, 1946, and in addition to the amounts herein provided, the Secretary may, prior to July 1, 1946, enter into contracts for new construction and procurement of aircraft and equipment, spare parts and accessories, to an amount not in excess of $425,000,000: Provided further, That the appropriation "Aviation, Navy, 1945" shall remain available until June 30, 1946, for the payment of obligations incurred under contracts executed on or before June 30, 1943: Provided further, That the Secretary is hereby authorized to consider, ascertain, adjust, determine, and pay out of this appropriation the
amounts due on claims for damages which have occurred or may occur to private property growing out of the operations of naval aircraft where such claim does not exceed the sum of $1,000.

MARINE CORPS

PAY, MARINE CORPS

Pay of officers: For pay and allowances prescribed by law for all officers on active duty—pay and allowances, $113,377,100, including $12,008,800 for increased pay for making aerial flights, none of which shall be available for increased pay for making aerial flights by nonflying officers or observers at rates in excess of those prescribed by law for the Army, which shall be the legal maximum rates as to such nonflying officers or observers; subsistence allowance, $17,318,200; rental allowance, $24,555,700; in all, $155,281,000;

For pay of officers prescribed by law on the retired list, not on active duty, $1,650,000;

Pay of enlisted personnel: For pay and allowances of all enlisted personnel and musicians on active duty as prescribed by law; expenses of clerks of the Marine Corps traveling under orders, including not to exceed $250 for expenses of attendance upon meetings of technical, professional, scientific, and other organizations, when, in the judgment of the Secretary, such attendance would be of benefit in the conduct of the work of the Marine Corps; additional compensation for enlisted personnel of the Marine Corps qualified as expert riflemen, sharpshooters, marksmen, aircraft machine gunners, or regularly detailed as gun captains, gun pointers, messmen; interest on deposits by enlisted personnel, post-exchange debts of deserters, and of personnel discharged or sentenced to terms of imprisonment while in debt to the United States, under such rules as the Secretary may prescribe; authorized travel allowance of discharged enlisted personnel; prizes for excellence in gunnery exercises, target practices, and communication competitions; pay of enlisted personnel designated as Navy mail clerks and assistant Navy mail clerks both afloat and ashore; and for gratuities to enlisted personnel discharged not under honorable conditions—pay and allowances, $574,935,000; allowance for lodging and subsistence, $11,069,000; in all, $586,004,000;

Enlisted personnel on the retired list.

Pay and allowances prescribed by law of enlisted personnel on the retired list, not on active duty, $1,657,000;

Pay and allowances of personnel of the Marine Corps Reserve not on active duty, $38,000;

For mileage, actual and necessary expenses, and per diem in lieu of subsistence as authorized by law to officers traveling under orders without troops, $7,000,000;

In all, $751,630,000, and the money herein specifically appropriated for pay of the Marine Corps shall be disbursed and accounted for in accordance with existing law and shall constitute one fund.

PAY OF CIVIL FORCE, MARINE CORPS

Pay of civil force: For personal services at the seat of government, as follows:

- Offices of the Commandant of the Marine Corps and the Director of Personnel, Marine Corps, $231,600;
- Office of the Paymaster General of the Marine Corps, $79,800;
- Office of the Quartermaster General of the Marine Corps, $834,000; in all, $695,400.
For all necessary expenses for the authorized work of the Marine Corps, other than as appropriated for under the headings of pay and salaries, as follows:

Provisions, etc.

For provisions, subsistence, board, and lodging of enlisted personnel, recruits and recruiting parties, and applicants for enlistment; cash allowance for lodging and subsistence to enlisted personnel traveling on duty; ice, ice machines and their maintenance; $108,422,000;

Clothing.

For clothing for enlisted personnel and for civilian clothing, including an overcoat when necessary, the cost of all not to exceed $30 per person to enlisted personnel given discharges for bad conduct, undesirability, unsuitability, or inaptitude; $132,469,000;

Fuel, etc.

For fuel, heat, light, and power, including sales to officers; $5,640,000;

Military supplies, etc.

For military supplies and equipment, including their purchase, repair, preservation, and handling; recreational, school, educational, library, musical, amusement, field sport and gymnasium supplies, equipment, services, and incidental expenses; purchase and marking of prizes for excellence in gunnery and rifle practice, good-conduct badges, medals, and buttons awarded to officers and enlisted personnel by the Government for conspicuous, gallant, and special service; rental and maintenance of target ranges and entrance fees for competitions; $244,544,000;

Transportation, etc.

For transportation of troops and applicants for enlistment, including cash in lieu of ferriage and transfers en route, toilet kits for issue to recruits upon their first enlistment and other incidental expenses of the recruiting service; and transportation for dependents of officers and enlisted personnel; $26,424,000;

Barracks, quarters, etc.

For repairs and improvements to barracks, quarters, and other public buildings at posts and stations; leasing and improvement of buildings at such places as the public exigencies require; and erection of temporary buildings upon approval of the Secretary at a total cost of not to exceed $70,000 during the year; $4,000,000;

Forage and stabling.

For forage and stabling of public animals and the authorized number of officers' horses; $75,000;

Miscellaneous supplies.

For miscellaneous supplies, material, equipment, personal and other services, and other incidental expenses for the Marine Corps not otherwise provided for; purchase and repair of furniture and fixtures; and purchase (not to exceed thirty in addition to motortruck chassis with station-wagon type bodies, motorbusses, and motorcycles) and repair of passenger-carrying and other vehicles, including parts; veterinary services, shoeing, and medicines for public animals and the authorized number of officers' horses; purchase of mounts and horse equipment for all officers below the grade of major required to be mounted; books, newspapers, and periodicals; printing and binding; packing and crating of officers' allowance of baggage; funeral expenses of officers, enlisted personnel, accepted applicants for enlistment, and retired officers on active duty, including transportation of their bodies, arms, and wearing apparel from the place of demise to their homes in the United States; construction, operation, and maintenance of laundries; and care and operation of schools at Marine Corps posts; $77,193,000;

In all, $598,767,000, to be accounted for as one fund, and of such sum $50,000,000 shall be immediately available.
INCREASE AND REPLACEMENT OF NAVAL VESSELS

Construction and machinery: On account of hulls and outfits of vessels and machinery of vessels heretofore authorized (and appropriated for in part); on account of the acquisition, conversion, alteration, and repair of vessels heretofore authorized (and appropriated for in part); and for the replacement of combatant vessels as authorized by the Act of July 9, 1942; for necessary tools, equipment, and facilities in public or private plants for shipbuilding; $2,270,000,000, and, in addition, $80,000,000 by transfer from the appropriation "Increase and replacement of naval vessels, emergency construction", to be immediately available and to remain available until expended. Provided, That, of the appropriations made available by this Act under the head of "Increase and replacement of naval vessels", there shall be available such sums as the Secretary may from time to time determine to be necessary for the engagement of technical services, and the employment of personnel in the Navy Department and in the field, the purchase of plans, drafting and other supplies, subject to the limitations hereinafter established, owing to the construction of vessels which have been or hereafter may be authorized.

Armor, armament, and ammunition: Toward the armor, armament, and ammunition for vessels hereinbefore described under the head of "Construction and machinery", including the necessary machine tools, equipment, land, and facilities for existing or additional public or private plants for the production of armor, armament, and ammunition, $600,000,000, to remain available until expended.

Emergency construction: The unexpended balance on June 30, 1945, of appropriations under this heading shall be available until December 31, 1946, for expenditure only in liquidation of obligations incurred prior to July 1, 1945.

REPAIR FACILITIES, NAVY

Repair facilities, Navy, $40,000,000, toward contract authorizations heretofore granted, to remain available until used.

COAST GUARD

Office of Commandant: For personal services at the seat of government, $1,680,000;
Pay and allowances: For pay and allowances prescribed by law for commissioned officers, cadets, warrant officers, petty officers, and other enlisted personnel, active and retired, temporary cooks, surfmen, substitute surfmen, and three civilian instructors; retired pay for certain members of the former Life Saving Service authorized by the Act approved April 14, 1930 (14 U.S.C. 178a); not exceeding $10,000 for cash prizes for men for excellence in boatmanship, gunnery, target practice, and engineering competitions; transportation of dependents of Coast Guard personnel on active duty and retired and Reserve officers and of retired and Reserve enlisted personnel, of grades entitled to transportation of dependents in the Regular Coast Guard, when ordered to active duty (other than training) and upon relief therefrom; carrying out the provisions of the Act of June 4, 1920 (34 U.S.C. 943); not to exceed $15,000 for cost of special instruction, including books, laboratory equipment and fees, school supplies, and maintenance of students; motion-picture and other equipment for instructional purposes; rations or commutation thereof for cadets, petty officers, and other enlisted personnel, mileage and expenses allowed by law for officers, including per diem rates of allowance, and the Secretary is
Public Health Service officers, per diem rates.

hereby authorized to prescribe per diem rates of allowance for Public Health Service officers detailed to the Coast Guard as authorized for Coast Guard officers; traveling expenses of other persons traveling on duty under orders from the Navy Department, including transpor-
tation of cadets, enlisted personnel, and applicants for enlistment, with subsistence and transfers on route, or cash in lieu thereof, and traveling expenses for the examinations authorized by the Act entitled
“An Act to provide for retirement for disability in the Lighthouse Service”, approved March 4, 1925 (33 U. S. C. 765); transportation
in kind and subsistence to discharged cadets; uniforms, accouterments and equipment for officers and cadets, and the appropria-
tion reimbursed, as provided by law (14 U. S. C. 50); clothing for enlisted per-
sontel personnel authorized by law; civilian clothing, including an overcoat when necessary, the cost of all not to exceed $30 per person to enlisted per-
sontel personnel given discharges for bad conduct, undesirability, unsuita-
tility, or inaptitude; reimbursement in kind or in cash as authorized by law to persons in the naval service for personal property lost, destroyed, or damaged; actual expenses of officers and cadets and quarters and subsistence of enlisted personnel on shore patrol, emergency shore detail and other detached duty, or cash in lieu thereof; hire of quarters for officers serving with troops where sufficient quarters are not possessed by the United States to accommodate them; hire of quarters for Coast Guard personnel comparable to quarters assignable on a capital ship of the Navy, as authorized by the Secretary to meet emer-
gency conditions, including officers and men on sea duty at such times as they may be deprived of their quarters on board ship due to repairs or other conditions which may render them uninhabitable: Provided,
That under this authorization no funds may be expended for the hire of quarters for occupancy by the dependents of officers or enlisted personnel; expenses of recruiting for the Coast Guard, rent of rendez-
vous, and expenses of maintaining the same; advertising for and obtaining enlisted personnel and applicants for appointment as cadets; in-service training of enlisted personnel, including textbooks, school supplies, and correspondence courses; transfer of household goods and effects of Coast Guard and Coast Guard Reserve personnel on active duty and when ordered to active duty and upon relief therefrom, and the transfer of household goods and effects of deceased Coast Guard and Coast Guard Reserve personnel who die while on active duty, as prescribed by law and regulations; transportation on Government-
owned vessels of privately owned automobiles of Coast Guard per-
sontel personnel upon change of station; purchase of provisions for sale to Coast Guard personnel at isolated stations, and the appropriation reim-
imbursed; and including not to exceed $470,400 for recreation, amuse-
tment, comfort, contentment, and health of the enlisted personnel of the Coast Guard, to be expended in the discretion of the Secretary; apprehension and delivery of deserters and stragglers; $393,737,800: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be used for increased pay for making aerial flights by nonflying officers or observers at rates in excess of those prescribed by law for the Army, which shall be the legal maximum rates as to such nonflying officers or observers: Pro-
vided further, That money accruing from commutation of rations of enlisted personnel commuted for the benefit of any mess may be paid
on proper voucher to the officer in charge of such mess: Provided
further, That existing limitations with respect to the detail of per-
sontel to officers’ quarters and messes ashore shall not apply to the Coast Guard Academy, the Coast Guard yard, Coast Guard bases, Coast Guard air stations, Coast Guard training stations, and, in addi-
tion, not to exceed one hundred in number at such stations as shall be designated by the Commandant of the Coast Guard with the approval of the Secretary;
General expenses, Coast Guard: For all expenses necessary for the operation and maintenance of the Coast Guard ashore and afloat, except as specifically provided for in other appropriations, including personal services at the seat of government and elsewhere; newspapers, reference books and periodicals, and library books for field units and headquarters; printing and binding; purchase (not exceeding twenty-seven for replacement only), and maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles; improvement of property for Coast Guard purposes, including rental, purchase, or use of additional land where necessary and the purchase of land for beacons, day-marks, and fog signals; rations and provisions, or commutation thereof, for working parties in the field, officers and crews of light vessels and tenders, and officials and other authorized persons of the Coast Guard on duty on board such tenders or vessels, but money accruing from commutation of rations and provisions for the above-named persons on board tenders and light vessels or in working parties in the field may be paid on proper voucher to the person having charge of the mess of such vessel or party; subsistence and clothing for shipwrecked and destitute persons, including reimbursement, under rules prescribed by the Secretary, of Coast Guard personnel who furnish from their personal stock subsistence and clothing to such persons; not to exceed $2,500 for contingencies for the Superintendent, United States Coast Guard Academy, to be expended in his discretion; payment of rewards for the apprehension and conviction, or for information helpful therein, of persons found interfering in violation of law with aids to navigation maintained by the Coast Guard; $62,285,000: Provided, That existing limitations with respect to the furnishing of equipment for officers’ messes ashore shall not apply to the Coast Guard Academy, the Coast Guard yard, Coast Guard bases, Coast Guard air stations, Coast Guard training stations, Coast Guard depots, messes temporarily set up on shore for officers attached to seagoing vessels, and such bachelor officers’ quarters and messes as may be specifically designated by the Secretary;

Civilian employees, Coast Guard: For compensation of civilian employees in the field, including per diem labor, but excluding personnel provided for in the appropriation “General expenses, Coast Guard”, $2,414,000;

Establishing and improving aids to navigation: For establishing and improving aids to navigation and other works, and for all expenditures directly relating thereto, $790,000;

Acquisition of vessels and shore facilities: For the purchase or construction of a replacement lightship and its equipment; the construction and repair of shore facilities, not to exceed $46,000; and for restoring leased property and reserve boats; in all, $3,833,907;

Retired pay, former Lighthouse Service, Coast Guard: For retired pay of certain officers and employees entitled thereto by virtue of former employment in the Lighthouse Service engaged in the field service or on vessels of the Coast Guard, except persons continuously employed in district offices and shops, $980,000;

Salaries, Merchant Marine Inspection, Coast Guard: For personal services at the seat of government, $369,000;

Salaries and expenses, Merchant Marine Inspection, Coast Guard: For all expenses necessary to provide and operate such motorboats and employ such persons as may be necessary for the enforcement of laws relating to navigation and inspection of vessels, boarding of vessels, and counting of passengers on excursion boats to prevent overcrowding, including fees to witnesses; materials, supplies, equipment, and services, including rent and janitor service; purchase and repair of
instruments; plans and specifications; insignia, braid, and chin straps; coats, caps, and aprons for stewards' departments on vessels; and other incidental expenses of field offices, including contract stenographic reporting services at the seat of government and elsewhere; $1,918,000; Total, Coast Guard, $468,007,707.

NAVY DEPARTMENT

SALARIES

For compensation for personal services at the seat of government, as follows:
Office of the Secretary of the Navy: Secretary of the Navy, Under Secretary of the Navy, Assistant Secretaries of the Navy, and other personal services, including Executive Officer, not to exceed $7,000, $393,500;
General Board, $13,000;
Naval examining and retiring boards, $16,000;
Office of Naval Records and Library, $39,700;
Office of Judge Advocate General, $125,900;
Office of Chief of Naval Operations, $206,000;
Board of Inspection and Survey, $28,600;
Office of Director of Naval Communications, $144,400;
Office of Naval Intelligence, $158,500;
Bureau of Naval Personnel, $678,500;
Hydrographic Office, $570,000;
Naval Observatory, including $2,500 for pay of computers on piece work, $210,000;
Bureau of Ships, $650,400;
Bureau of Ordnance, $152,900;
Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, $1,015,000;
Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, $183,300;
Bureau of Yards and Docks, $281,200;
Bureau of Aeronautics, $425,300: Provided, That the services of technical and clerical personnel may be employed only in the Bureau of Aeronautics in connection with the design and construction of aircraft, to be paid from the appropriation "Aviation, Navy, 1946";
In all, salaries, Navy Department, $5,287,200.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES

For technical reference and lawbooks, periodicals, and photostating for Department library; purchase of photographs, maps, documents, and pictorial records of the Navy, photostating and other necessary incidental expenses in connection with the preparation for publication of the naval records of the war with the Central Powers of Europe; stationery, furniture, newspapers, plans, drawings, and drawing materials; purchase, maintenance, repair, and operation of motortrucks; and other necessary expenses of the Navy Department and its various bureaus and offices, $320,000, and, in addition, not to exceed $5,500,000 of appropriations contained in this Act for the Naval Establishment: Provided, That it shall not be lawful to expend, unless otherwise specifically provided by law, for any of the offices or bureaus of the Navy Department in the District of Columbia, any sum out of appropriations made for the naval service for any of the purposes mentioned or authorized in this paragraph.

PRINTING AND BINDING

For printing and binding for the Navy Department and the Naval Establishment executed at the Government Printing Office, $863,000,
and, in addition, not to exceed $18,500,000 of appropriations contained in this Act for the Naval Establishment.

CONTINGENT AND MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES, HYDROGRAPHIC OFFICE

For all necessary expenses (except salaries) for the maintenance and operation of the Hydrographic Office at the seat of government and for all necessary salaries and expenses for the branch offices, including purchase and printing of nautical books, charts, and sailing directions; modernization, care, and repair of lithographic presses and machinery; pilot and aeronautical charts, reference books and periodicals, $3,790,000.

CONTINGENT AND MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES, NAVAL OBSERVATORY

For professional and scientific books, books of reference, periodicals, engravings, photographs, and fixtures for the library; apparatus and instruments, and repairs of the same; repairs to buildings (including quarters), fixtures, and fences; cleaning, repair, and upkeep of grounds and roads; furniture and furnishings for offices and quarters, gas, chemicals, paints, and stationery, including transmission of public documents through the Smithsonian exchange, foreign postage; plants, seeds, and fertilizers; materials needed for the maintenance and repair of boilers, engines, heating apparatus, electric lighting and power, and water supply; maintenance, repair, and operation of passenger automobiles; rental of tabulating and other mechanical equipment; and other necessary expenses, $48,500.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 102. The appropriations made in this Act for the purchase or manufacture of equipment or material or of a particular class of equipment or material shall be available for the purchase of letters patent, applications for letters patent, and licenses under letters patent and applications for letters patent that pertain to such equipment or material for which the appropriations are made.

SEC. 103. No part of any appropriation made for the Navy shall be expended for any of the purposes herein provided for on account of the Navy Department at the seat of government, including personal services of civilians, except as expressly authorized by law.

SEC. 104. Such number of enlisted personnel as may be approved by the Secretary may be detailed to duty in the Navy Department at the seat of government, and Marine Corps and Coast Guard headquarters, excepting from such number, as far as practicable, enlisted personnel qualified for combat service.

SEC. 105. No part of the appropriations made in this Act shall be available for the salary or pay of any officer, manager, superintendent, foreman, or other person or persons having charge of the work of any employee of the United States Government while making or causing to be made with a stop watch or other time-measuring device a time study of any job of any such employee between the starting and completion thereof, or of the movements of any such employee while engaged upon such work; nor shall any part of the appropriations made in this Act be available to pay any premiums or bonus or cash reward to any employee in addition to his regular wages, except for suggestions resulting in improvements or economy in the operation of any Government plant; and no money herein appropriated for the Naval Establishment or made available therefor shall be used or expended under contracts hereafter made for the repair, purchase, or acquirement, by or from any private contractor, of any naval vessel, machinery, article, or articles that at the time post, p. 426.

Letters patent.

Navy funds. Restriction on use.

Detail of enlisted personnel.

Time-measuring devices, restriction.

Cash rewards, etc.

Work by private contractors, restriction.
Estimates to accompany bids.

Inductees, pay and expenses.

Canal Zone. Citizenship requirement for civilian personnel.


Employees with 15 or more years of service.

Selection of personnel.

Hours of employment; pay rates.

Applicability of section.

Suspension of compliance in emergency.

Statutory limit on repairs, etc.

Pay of retired personnel on active duty.

of the proposed repair, purchase, or acquisition can be repaired, manufactured, or produced in each or any of the Government navy yards or arsenals of the United States, when time and facilities permit, and when, in the judgment of the Secretary, such repair, purchase, acquisition, or production would not involve an appreciable increase in cost to the Government, except when the repair, purchase, or acquisition, by or from any private contractor, would, in the opinion of the Secretary, be advantageous to the national defense.

Sec. 106. No funds herein appropriated shall be available to pay a contractor upon any contract for a naval vessel entered into under authority of this Act unless, at the time of filing his bid, he shall also file the estimates upon which such bid was based.

Sec. 107. The appropriations available to the Navy Department and the naval service shall be available for the pay and other expenses of men inducted into the Navy, Marine Corps, and Coast Guard in accordance with law.

Sec. 108. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used directly or indirectly, except for temporary employment in case of emergency, for the payment of any civilian for services rendered by him on the Canal Zone while occupying a skilled, technical, clerical, administrative, executive, or supervisory position unless such person is a citizen of the United States of America or of the Republic of Panama: Provided, however, (1) That, notwithstanding the provision in the Act approved August 11, 1939 (53 Stat. 1409), limiting employment in the above-mentioned positions to citizens of the United States from and after the date of the approval of said Act, citizens of Panama may be employed in such positions; (2) that no time shall the number of Panamanian citizens employed in the above-mentioned positions exceed the number of citizens of the United States so employed, if United States citizens are available in continental United States or on the Canal Zone; (3) that nothing in this Act shall prohibit the continued employment of any person who shall have rendered fifteen or more years of faithful and honorable service on the Canal Zone; (4) that in the selection of personnel for skilled, technical, administrative, clerical, supervisory, or executive positions, the controlling factors in filling these positions shall be efficiency, experience, training, and education; (6) that all citizens of Panama and the United States rendering skilled, technical, administrative, executive, or supervisory service on the Canal Zone under the terms of this Act (a) shall normally be employed not more than forty hours per week; (b) may receive as compensation equal rates of pay based upon rates paid for similar employment in continental United States plus 25 per centum; (6) this entire section shall apply only to persons employed in skilled, technical, clerical, administrative, executive, or supervisory positions on the Canal Zone directly or indirectly by any branch of the United States Government or by any corporation or company whose stock is owned wholly or in part by the United States Government: Provided further, That the President may suspend, from time to time in whole or in part, compliance with this section in time of war or national emergency if he should deem such course to be in the public interest.

Sec. 109. The Secretary is authorized where necessary to exceed the statutory limit on repairs and alterations to vessels during the fiscal year 1946.

Sec. 110. During the fiscal year 1946 all retired officers and enlisted men of the Navy and Marine Corps shall, when on active duty, receive full pay and allowances.
SEC. 111. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used to pay the salary or wages of any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided, That for the purposes hereof an affidavit shall be considered prima facie evidence that the person making the affidavit does not advocate, and is not a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided further, That any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence and accepts employment the salary or wages for which are paid from any appropriation in this Act shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than $1,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both: Provided further, That the above penalty clause shall be in addition to, and not in substitution for, any other provisions of existing law.

SEC. 112. No part of any money appropriated herein or included under any contract authority herein granted shall be expended for the payment of any commission on any land purchase contract in excess of 2 per centum of the purchase price.

SEC. 113. The Secretary is authorized to employ additional civil personnel in the Navy Department at the seat of government, and to provide out of any appropriations available for the Naval Establishment for their salaries: Provided, That the average number of all civil personnel in the Navy Department at the seat of government, excluding the Marine Corps and the Coast Guard, shall not exceed seventeen thousand.

SEC. 114. The appropriations for the Naval Establishment for the fiscal year 1946 shall be available for providing transportation of naval and civilian personnel between their domiciles and places of employment as authorized by law; carrying out the provisions of Executive Order Numbered 9112 of March 26, 1942, Public Law 395, approved July 1, 1944, and Public Law 457, approved October 3, 1944; services of employees assigned to group IV (b) and those performing similar services carried under native and alien schedules in the Schedule of Wages for Civil Employees in the field service of the Navy Department; payment of employment at the seat of government or elsewhere for a period not to exceed the duration of the war of such specialists as may be contracted for by the Secretary, at a rate of pay not exceeding $25 per diem for any person so employed (no appropriation for the Navy Department or the Naval Establishment shall be available during the fiscal year 1946, except funds transferred or made available to other executive agencies for use for naval purposes, for the employment of persons for the performance of service in other than the Navy Department or elsewhere than under the Navy Department, except (1) employees who had been employed by and performing service under the Navy Department for three months or more immediately prior to their detail for service elsewhere and (2) employees now or hereafter detailed and assigned pursuant to the lawful authority of the Secretary of the Navy to any committee of the Congress operating under resolution duly authorizing such assignment); payment, upon approval of the Secretary, of claims, not in excess of $1,000 in any one case, for causes other than personal injury or death, resulting from the administration or operation of the naval service during the existing national emergency and not cognizable under other law by the commissioned medical officers who are graduates of reputable schools of osteopathy; actual and necessary expenses or per diem in lieu thereof, as may be determined and approved by the Persons advocating overthrow of U. S. Government.

Addition of civil personnel.

Limitation.

Transportation of personnel.

Pay of claims.

Civilians on special duty abroad.
Rewards.

40 Stat. 768.

Payments due to appreciation of foreign currencies.

Ante, p. 118.

48 Stat. 466.

Travel expenses of civilian inspectors.

Water; mechanical refrigerators.

Missing or captured personnel.

56 Stat. 143.

Disposition of defense articles.

66 Stat. 994.

Funds available for heat and light for public quarters occupied by personnel of the Navy, Marine Corps, and Coast Guard for the fiscal year 1946 shall be available for furnishing water and for operating mechanical refrigerators in such quarters.

Sec. 118. Appropriations in this Act shall be available for the pay of missing or captured civilian or naval personnel under the provisions of Public Law 490, approved March 7, 1942, as amended, and for that which accrued during fiscal year 1945 or prior years and was not paid, including accruals of pay authorized by law for retired and Reserve officers, nurses, enlisted personnel, and family allowances.

Sec. 119. The authority contained in section 103 of the Second Supplemental National Defense Appropriation Act, 1943, is hereby extended to and made applicable to the appropriations for the naval service made subsequent to such Act and contained in this Act without any increase in the amount limitation fixed in such section: Provided, That “information and services” authorized to be rendered by the Act of March 11, 1941 (Public 11), need not be connected with the procurement or disposition of any defense article.

Sec. 120. For the fiscal year 1946 occupancy of emergency housing facilities under the jurisdiction of the Navy Department or the National Housing Agency, on a rental basis, by personnel of the services mentioned in the title of the Pay Readjustment Act of 1942, or by their dependents, shall not deprive such personnel of money allowances for rental of quarters.

Sec. 121. This Act may be cited as the “Naval Appropriation Act, 1946”.

Approved May 29, 1945.
AN ACT

Authorizing the State of Minnesota Department of Highways to construct, maintain, and operate a free highway bridge across the Mississippi River at or near Hastings, Minnesota.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in order to facilitate interstate commerce, improve the postal service, and provide for military and other purposes, the State of Minnesota Department of Highways be, and is hereby, authorized to construct, maintain, and operate a free highway bridge and approaches thereto across the Mississippi River, at a point suitable to the interests of navigation, at or near Hastings, Minnesota, in accordance with the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction of bridges over navigable waters", approved March 23, 1906, and subject to the conditions and limitations contained in this Act.

Sec. 2. There is hereby conferred upon the State of Minnesota Department of Highways all such rights and powers to enter upon lands and to acquire, condemn, occupy, possess, and use real estate and other property needed for the location, construction, operation, and maintenance of such bridge and its approaches as are possessed by railroad corporations for railroad purposes or by bridge corporations for bridge purposes in the State in which real estate or other property is situated, upon making just compensation therefor, to be ascertained and paid according to the laws of such State, and the proceedings therefor shall be the same as in the condemnation or expropriation of property for public purposes in such State.

Sec. 3. The authority granted by this Act shall terminate if the actual construction of the bridge herein authorized is not commenced within two years and completed within four years from the date of the enactment of this Act.

Sec. 4. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved May 29, 1945.

AN ACT

To authorize Slater Branch Bridge and Road Club to construct, maintain, and operate a free suspension bridge across the Tug Fork of the Big Sandy River at or near Williamson, West Virginia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Slater Branch Bridge and Road Club, Incorporated, its successors or assigns, is hereby authorized to construct, maintain, and operate a free suspension bridge and approaches thereto across the Tug Fork of the Big Sandy River between Pike County, Kentucky, and Mingo County, West Virginia, at mile 52.5 at or near Williamson, West Virginia, at a point suitable to the interests of navigation, in accordance with the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction of bridges over navigable waters", approved March 23, 1906, and subject to the conditions and limitations contained in this Act.

Sec. 2. The authority granted by this Act shall terminate if the actual construction of the bridge herein authorized is not commenced within two years and completed within four years from the date of the enactment of this Act.

Sec. 3. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved May 29, 1945.
May 29, 1945

[Public Law 652]

CHAPTER 133

An Act

Granting the consent of Congress to the State of Louisiana to construct, maintain, and operate a free highway bridge across the Mississippi River at or near New Orleans, Louisiana.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of Congress is hereby granted to the State of Louisiana to construct, maintain, and operate a free highway bridge and approaches thereto across the Mississippi River, at a point suitable to the interests of navigation, at or near New Orleans, in accordance with the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction of bridges over navigable waters", approved March 23, 1906, and subject to the conditions and limitations contained in this Act.

SEC. 2. The authority granted by this Act shall terminate if the actual construction of the bridge herein authorized is not commenced within two years and completed within four years from the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 3. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved May 29, 1945.

May 29, 1945

[Public Law 661]

CHAPTER 134

An Act

Authorizing the Department of Highways of the State of Minnesota to construct, maintain, and operate a bridge across the Pigeon River.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in order to facilitate international commerce, improve the postal service, and provide for military and other purposes, the Department of Highways of the State of Minnesota is hereby authorized to construct, maintain, and operate a free highway bridge and approaches thereto across the Pigeon River, so far as the United States has jurisdiction over the waters of such river, at a point suitable to the interests of navigation below High Falls on said Pigeon River, on Trunk Highway Numbered 61, in accordance with the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction of bridges over navigable waters", approved March 23, 1906, subject to the conditions and limitations contained in this Act, and subject to the approval of the proper authorities in the Dominion of Canada.

SEC. 2. The rights, privileges, and powers conferred upon the Department of Highways of the State of Minnesota by this Act may be exercised by such department in cooperation with the Dominion of Canada or any political subdivision or agency thereof, which may agree with such department in the construction, maintenance, and operation of such bridge.

SEC. 3. The authority granted by this Act shall terminate if the actual construction of the bridge herein authorized is not commenced within two years and completed within four years from the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 4. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved May 29, 1945.
AN ACT

To provide for the settlement of claims of military personnel and civilian employees of the War Department or of the Army for damage to or loss, destruction, capture, or abandonment of personal property occurring incident to their service.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War, and such other officer or officers as he may designate for such purposes and under such regulations as he may prescribe, are hereby authorized to consider, ascertain, adjust, determine, settle, and pay any claim against the United States, including claims not heretofore satisfied arising on or after December 7, 1939, of military personnel and civilian employees of the War Department or of the Army, when such claim is substantiated, and the property determined to be reasonable, useful, necessary, or proper under the attendant circumstances, in such manner as the Secretary of War may by regulation prescribe, for damage to or loss, destruction, capture, or abandonment of personal property occurring incident to their service, or to replace such personal property in kind: Provided, That the damage to or loss, destruction, capture, or abandonment of property shall not have been caused in whole or in part by any negligence or wrongful act on the part of the claimant, his agent, or employee, and shall not have occurred at quarters occupied by the claimant within continental United States (excluding Alaska) which are not assigned to him or otherwise provided in kind by the Government. No claim shall be settled under this Act unless presented in writing within one year after the accident or incident out of which such claim arises shall have occurred: Provided, That if such accident or incident occurs in time of war, or if war intervenes within two years after its occurrence, any claim may, on good cause shown, be presented within one year after peace is established. Any such settlement made by the Secretary of War, or his designee, under the authority of this Act and such regulations as he may prescribe hereunder, shall be final and conclusive for all purposes, notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary.

SEC. 2. Such appropriations as may be required for the settlement of claims under the provisions of this Act are hereby authorized. Appropriations available to the War Department for the settlement of claims under the provisions of the Act of March 3, 1885 (23 Stat. 350), as amended, shall be available for the settlement of claims under the provisions of this Act.


SEC. 4. That portion of section 1 of the Act of July 3, 1943 (57 Stat. 372; 31 U. S. C. 223b), reading as follows: "The provisions of this Act shall not be applicable to claims arising in foreign countries or possessions thereof which are cognizable under the provisions of the Act of January 2, 1942 (55 Stat. 880; 31 U. S. C. 224d), as amended, or to claims for damage to or loss or destruction of property of military personnel or civilian employees of the War Department or of the Army, or for personal injury or death of such persons, if such damage, loss, destruction, injury, or death occurs


Negligence or wrongful act of claimant, etc.

Time limitation.

Settlement to be final and conclusive.

Appropriations authorized.

Post, p. 389.


Infra.


Claims arising in foreign countries, etc.

Short title.

JOINT RESOLUTION
May 29, 1945
[H. J. Res. 177]
[Public Law 68]
Repealing a portion of the appropriation and contract authorization available to the Maritime Commission.

Maritime Commission, construction fund.


Contract authorization, reduction.

[CHAPTER 137]
AN ACT
May 29, 1945
[Public Law 69]
To suspend until six months after the termination of the present wars section 2 of the Act of March 3, 1883 (22 Stat. 481), as amended.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 2 of the Act of March 3, 1883 (22 Stat. 481), as amended, is hereby suspended until six months after the termination of the present wars as determined by the proclamation of the President or concurrent resolution of the Congress, whichever is earlier.

Approved May 29, 1945.

[CHAPTER 138]
AN ACT
May 29, 1945
[Public Law 70]
To authorize the Secretary of the Navy to convey to the State of Rhode Island, for highway purposes only, a strip of land within the naval advance base depot at North Kingstown, Rhode Island.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy is hereby authorized to convey (subject to section 2 of this Act) to the State of Rhode Island, for highway purposes only, upon such terms and conditions as he may prescribe, all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to a strip or parcel of land, the metes and bounds description of which is on file in the Navy Department, consisting of two and five hundred eighty-three one-thousandths acres, more or less, situated within the boundaries of the United States Naval Advance Base Depot, North Kingstown, Washington County, Rhode Island. 
SEC. 2. If any part of the land conveyed pursuant to this Act is used for other than highway purposes, or ceases to be used for highway purposes, such part shall revert to the United States. Approved May 29, 1945.

[CHAPTER 167]

JOINT RESOLUTION
Granting the consent of Congress to an agreement amending the original agreement entered into by the States of New York and Vermont relating to the creation of the Lake Champlain Bridge Commission.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of Congress is hereby given to an amendatory agreement executed on April 21, 1945, by the commissioners duly appointed on the part of the States of New York and Vermont, amending an agreement entered into by such States on May 11, 1927, and consented to by the Congress by the joint resolution approved February 16, 1928, which amendatory agreement reads as follows:

WHEREAS, the states of New York and Vermont heretofore and on the eleventh day of May, nineteen hundred twenty-seven, entered into an agreement, or compact, duly authorized by law, creating the Lake Champlain bridge commission; and

WHEREAS, the legislatures of said states have authorized their respective commissioners to enter into an agreement, or compact, amending said existing agreement, or compact;

NOW, THEREFORE, the said states of New York and Vermont do hereby enter into the following agreement, or compact, to wit:

The agreement, or compact, heretofore made and entered into on the eleventh day of May, nineteen hundred twenty-seven, between the state of New York and the state of Vermont, pursuant to chapter three hundred and twenty-one of the laws of New York, nineteen hundred twenty-seven, entitled "an act authorizing designated authorities in behalf of the state of New York to enter into an agreement or compact with designated authorities of the state of Vermont for the creation of the Lake Champlain bridge commission, the establishment of the Lake Champlain bridge commission and the defining of the powers and duties of such commission, and making an appropriation for such purposes", and act number one hundred and thirty-nine of the public acts of Vermont, nineteen hundred twenty-seven, entitled "an act ratifying a proposed agreement or compact between the state of Vermont and the state of New York relating to the creation of the Lake Champlain bridge commission and providing for carrying out the provisions of said agreement or compact", as the same was amended by the agreement or compact entered into the thirtieth day of March, nineteen hundred thirty-five, by and under the authority of chapter two hundred and one of the laws of New York, nineteen hundred thirty-three, as amended by chapter three hundred and fifty-five of the laws of New York, nineteen hundred thirty-five, and by and under the authority of act number two hundred and ten of the public acts of Vermont, nineteen hundred thirty-five, and as the same was further amended by the agreement or compact entered into the first day of April, nineteen hundred thirty-six, by and under the authority of chapter seventy-three of the laws of New York, nineteen hundred thirty-six, as amended by chapter two hundred and nineteen of the laws of New York, nineteen hundred thirty-six, and by and under the authority of act number nineteen
of the public acts of Vermont, special session, nineteen hundred thirty-five to nineteen hundred thirty-six, is hereby amended by adding thereto the following articles:

**ARTICLE XL**

The Lake Champlain bridge commission shall have power and is hereby authorized to issue its negotiable bonds, for the purpose of refunding any of its bonds, now outstanding or hereafter issued, provided, however, that the aggregate principal amount of such bonds so issued to pay off and refund said bonds, shall not exceed the aggregate amount of the principal of the bonds so retired plus any premium required to be paid at the time of refunding the outstanding bonds in connection with the redemption of such outstanding bonds. In the exercise of the power to issue refunding bonds the commission may provide for the issuance of such bonds for the following purposes:

(a) to refund bonds issued in connection with the bridge known as the Lake Champlain bridge, such refunding bonds to be payable from revenues applicable to the payment of the bonds refunded, or

(b) to refund bonds issued in connection with the bridge known as the Rouses Point bridge, such refunding bonds to be payable from revenues applicable to the payment of the bonds refunded, or

(c) to refund all bonds then outstanding issued in connection with both of the aforesaid bridges, such refunding bonds to be payable from the combined revenues of such bridges or any other revenues of the commission applicable to the payment of its indebtedness.

**ARTICLE XLI**

Such commission shall have power and is hereby authorized to call for payment and to pay any of its bonds, in accordance with the terms under which said bonds were or are issued and for such purposes it may use any funds which it has or shall have in reserves and sinking fund and in investments at the time said bonds are called for payment notwithstanding any provision heretofore set forth in this or any previous agreement, or compact.

**ARTICLE XLII**

1. The bonds issued under authority of article forty shall be authorized by resolution, or resolutions, of such commission and shall bear such date or dates, mature at such time or times on or before January first, nineteen hundred sixty-nine, bear interest at such rate or rates not exceeding five per cent per annum, payable semi-annually, be in such denominations, be in such form, either coupon or registered, carry such registration or conversion privileges, be executed in such manner, be payable in such medium of payment at such place or places and be subject to such terms of redemption, as such resolution, or resolutions, may provide. Said bonds shall be sold at public sale for such price or prices as such commission shall determine, provided that the interest cost to maturity of the money received for any issue of said bonds shall not exceed five per cent per annum.

2. Neither the members of such commission, nor any person executing said bonds, shall be liable personally on said bonds or be subject to any personal liability or accountability by reason of the issuance thereof.

3. The bonds issued under the authority of article forty shall constitute a first lien upon the property, tolls and revenues pledged to
secure the bonds which are refunded, and the said commission is hereby authorized to continue to fix, charge and collect tolls for transit over the bridge or bridges in connection with which the bonds refunded were issued, until the bonds issued under the authority of article forty and interest thereon have been fully paid and discharged. Subject to the terms of any agreement made or to be made with holders of bonds issued by such commission under this agreement, or compact, the bonds issued under the authority of article forty shall be a lien upon the tolls and revenues of either of the bridges referred to as the Lake Champlain bridge or the Rouses Point bridge, or both, and in accordance with subdivision four of article twenty-six of the amendments to this agreement, or compact, any of such tolls and revenues which would otherwise have been payable into the state treasuries of the two states may be pledged to the payment of said bonds.

4. Said bonds shall not be a debt of the state of New York or of the state of Vermont and neither state shall be liable thereon, nor shall they be payable out of any funds other than those of such commission.

5. Said bonds are hereby made securities in which all state and municipal officers and bodies, all banks, bankers, trust companies, savings banks, building and loan associations, savings and loan associations, investment companies and other persons carrying on a banking business, all insurance companies, insurance associations and other persons carrying on an insurance business, and all administrators, executors, guardians, trustees and other fiduciaries, and all other persons whatsoever, who are now or may hereafter be authorized to invest in bonds or other obligations of each of the said states, may properly and legally invest any funds, including capital, belonging to them or within their control and said bonds are hereby made securities which may properly and legally be deposited with and shall be received by any state or municipal officer or agency for any purpose for which the deposit of bonds or other obligations of each of the said states is now or may hereafter be authorized.

6. Such commission shall have power out of any funds available therefor to purchase any bonds issued by it at a price not more than the redemption price thereof at the time of such purchase with accrued interest.

Article XLIII

Such commission shall have the power to apply to the Congress of the United States, or any department of the United States, for consent or approval of this agreement, or compact, as amended, but in the absence of such consent by Congress and until the same shall have been secured, this agreement, or compact, as amended, shall be binding upon the state of New York when ratified by it and the state of Vermont when ratified by it without the consent of Congress to cooperate for the purposes enumerated in this agreement, or compact, and in the manner herein provided and for all purposes that it legally may be.

IN WITNESS THEREOF, by and under authority of Chapter 142 of the Laws of 1941 of the State of New York, as amended by Chapter 758 of the Laws of 1945 of the State of New York, and by and under the authority of Public Act No. 201 of the Acts and Resolves of 1941 of the General Assembly of the State of Vermont, as amended by Senate Bill 81 (Act 194) of the Acts and Resolves of 1945 of the General Assembly of the State of Vermont, we have signed this Compact or Agreement, in duplicate, this 21st day of April, 1945,
superseding the Third Amendment to the Compact between the States of New York and Vermont entered into the 4th day of April, 1941, which Third Amendment was not consented to or approved by the Congress of the United States.

Sec. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this joint resolution is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved May 31, 1945.

[CHAPTER 168]

AN ACT

To provide for enlistments in the Regular Army during the period of the war, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, notwithstanding the provisions of the last paragraph of section 127a of the National Defense Act, as amended (54 Stat. 213), the Secretary of War is authorized, during the existence of any war in which the United States is presently engaged and under such regulations as he may prescribe, to accept original enlistments or reenlistments in the Regular Army of male persons who are honorably serving in the Army of the United States, or any component thereof, or who were honorably discharged therefrom not more than three months prior to the date of such original enlistment or reenlistment: Provided, That the number of original enlistments or reenlistments in force pursuant to this Act shall not exceed the total enlisted peacetime strength of the Regular Army now or hereafter authorized by law. The term of service of persons enlisted or reenlisted under authority of this Act shall be for the duration of any war in which the United States is presently engaged and for six months thereafter or for three years, whichever is the longer period.

Approved June 1, 1945.

[CHAPTER 172]

AN ACT

To authorize an increase in the pay of the chaplain at the United States Military Academy while serving under reappointment for an additional term or terms.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act entitled "An Act to amend section thirteen hundred and nine, Revised Statutes, providing a chaplain for the Military Academy", approved February 18, 1896 (29 Stat. 8), as amended by the Act entitled "An Act to fix the pay and allowances of chaplain at the United States Military Academy", approved May 16, 1928 (45 Stat. 573), is amended by deleting the period at the end thereof and substituting therefor a colon and adding the following: "Provided, That the said chaplain shall, while so serving under any reappointment for an additional term or terms, receive a salary of $5,000 per annum and be entitled to the same allowances as herein provided."

Approved June 2, 1945.
[CHAPTER 173]

AN ACT

To amend the Act of Congress entitled "An Act for the relief of the Tlingit and Haida Indians of Alaska", approved June 5, 1942.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That an Act entitled "An Act for the relief of the Tlingit and Haida Indians of Alaska", approved June 5, 1942 (56 Stat. 323), is amended to read as follows:

"That the time within which suit or suits may be filed by the Tlingit and Haida Indians of Alaska under the terms of the Act of Congress of June 19, 1935 (ch. 275, 49 Stat. L. 388), is hereby extended for a period of six years from and after the date of the approval of this Act."

Approved June 4, 1945.

[CHAPTER 174]

AN ACT

To provide for emergency flood-control work made necessary by recent floods, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the sum of $12,000,000 is hereby authorized to be appropriated as an emergency fund to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of War and the supervision of the Chief of Engineers for the repair, restoration, and strengthening of levees and other flood-control works which have been threatened or destroyed by the recent floods, or which may be threatened or destroyed by later floods, and for completion of work begun under the Acts entitled "An Act to provide for emergency flood-control work made necessary by recent floods, and for other purposes", approved respectively July 12, 1943, and May 29, 1944: Provided, That pending the appropriation of said sum the Secretary of War may allot from existing flood-control appropriations such sums as may be necessary for the immediate prosecution of the work herein authorized, such appropriations to be reimbursed from the appropriation herein authorized when made.

Sec. 2. The provisions of section 1 shall be deemed to be additional and supplemental to, and not in lieu of existing general legislation authorizing allocation of flood-control funds for restoration of flood-control works threatened or destroyed by flood.

Sec. 3. The War Production Board, and every other governmental agency which has jurisdiction over allocations and priorities relating to farm machinery and equipment, are authorized and directed immediately to take such steps as may be necessary to provide for the necessary allocations and priorities to enable farmers in the areas affected by floods in 1944 and 1945 to replace and repair their farm machinery and equipment which was destroyed or damaged by such floods, or windstorms, or fire caused by lightning, and to continue farming operations.

Approved June 5, 1945.

[CHAPTER 175]

AN ACT

To provide for the further development of cooperative agricultural extension work.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That title II of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for research into basic laws and cooperative agricultural extension work."
principles relating to agriculture and to provide for the further
development of cooperative agricultural extension work and the more
complete endowment and support of land-grant colleges—, approved
June 29, 1935 (the Bankhead-Jones Act), is amended by adding at the
end thereof the following new section:

"Sec. 23. (a) In order to further develop the cooperative exten-
sion system as inaugurated under the Act entitled 'An Act to provide
for cooperative agricultural extension work between the agricultural
colleges in the several States receiving the benefits of the Act of
Congress, approved July 2, 1862, and all Acts supplementary thereto,
and the United States Department of Agriculture', approved May 8,
1914 (U. S. C., title 7, secs. 341-343, 344-348), particularly for the
further development of county extension work, there are hereby
authorized to be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not
otherwise appropriated, for the purpose of paying the expenses of
coop generating nation work in agriculture and home economics, includ-
ing technical and educational assistance to farm people in improving
their standards of living, in developing individual farm and home
plans, better marketing and distribution of farm products, work
with rural youth in 4-H Clubs and older out-of-school youth,
guidance of farm people in improving farm and home buildings,
development of effective programs in canning, food preservation,
and nutrition, and for the necessary printing and distribution of infor-
mation in connection with the foregoing, the following sums:

"(1) $4,500,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and each
subsequent fiscal year;

"(2) An additional $4,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30,
1947, and each subsequent fiscal year; and

"(3) An additional $4,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30,
1948, and each subsequent fiscal year.

(b) The sums appropriated pursuant to this section shall be paid
to the several States and the Territory of Hawaii in the same manner
and subject to the same conditions and limitations as the additional
sums appropriated under such Act of May 8, 1914 (the Smith-Lever
Act), except that—

"(1) not more than 2 per centum of the sum appropriated
pursuant to this section for each fiscal year shall be available for
paying expenses of the Extension Service in the United States
Department of Agriculture;

"(2) $500,000 of the sum so appropriated for each fiscal year
shall be allotted among the States and the Territory of Hawaii
by the Secretary of Agriculture on the basis of special needs due
taxation characteristics, area in relation to farm popula-
tion, or other special problems, as determined by such Secretary:
Provided, That not to exceed 10 per centum shall be allotted
under this subparagraph to any one State or the Territory of
Hawaii for any fiscal year: Provided further, That these funds
shall be matched by the State or Territory receiving them, on
the same basis as other funds under this Act; and

"(3) the remainder of the sum so appropriated for each fiscal
year shall be paid to the several States and the Territory of
Hawaii in the proportion that the farm population of each bears
to the total farm population of the several States and Territory
of Hawaii, as determined by the census of 1940.

(c) The sums appropriated pursuant to this section shall be in
addition to and not in substitution for sums appropriated under such
Act of May 8, 1914, as amended and supplemented, or sums otherwise
appropriated for agricultural extension work. Allotments to any State or the Territory of Hawaii for any fiscal year from the appropriations herein authorized shall be available for payment to such State or the Territory of Hawaii only if such State or the Territory of Hawaii complies, for such fiscal year, with the provisions with reference to offset of appropriations (other than appropriations under this section and section 21 of this title) for agricultural extension work."

Sec. 2. Section 21 of such Act of June 29, 1935, is amended by striking out "(other than appropriations under this section)" and inserting in lieu thereof "(other than appropriations under this section and section 23 of this title)".

Approved June 6, 1945.

[CHAPTER 176]

JOINT RESOLUTION

To extend the statute of limitations in certain cases.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That effective as of December 7, 1943, all statutes, resolutions, laws, articles, and regulations, affecting the possible prosecution of any person or persons, military or civil, connected with the Pearl Harbor catastrophe of December 7, 1941, or involved in any other possible or apparent dereliction of duty, or crime or offense against the United States, that operate to prevent the court martial, prosecution, trial, or punishment of any person or persons in military or civil capacity, involved in any matter in connection with the Pearl Harbor catastrophe of December 7, 1941, or involved in any other possible or apparent dereliction of duty, or crime or offense against the United States, in connection with the Pearl Harbor catastrophe of December 7, 1941, are hereby extended, in addition to the extensions provided for in Public Laws 208, 339, and 489, Seventy-eighth Congress, for a further period ending six months after the date of the termination of hostilities in the present war with Japan as proclaimed by the President or as specified in a concurrent resolution of the two Houses of Congress, whichever is the earlier.

Approved June 7, 1945.

[CHAPTER 177]

AN ACT

To amend section 9 of the Act entitled "An Act to facilitate the construction, extension, or completion of interstate petroleum pipe lines related to national defense, and to promote interstate commerce", approved July 30, 1941, as amended.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 9 of the Act entitled "An Act to facilitate the construction, extension, or completion of interstate petroleum pipe lines related to national defense, and to promote interstate commerce", approved July 30, 1941, as amended, is amended by striking out "June 30, 1945" and inserting in lieu thereof "June 30, 1946".

Approved June 8, 1945.
AN ACT

To amend the Criminal Code so as to punish anyone injuring a party, witness, or juror on account of his having acted as such.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 135 of the Criminal Code (35 Stat. 1113; 18 U. S. C. 241) be, and it hereby is, amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 135. Whoever corruptly, or by threats or force, or by any threatening letter or communication, shall endeavor to influence, intimidate, or impede any party or witness, in any court of the United States or before any United States commissioner or officer acting as such commissioner, or any grand or petit juror, or officer in or of any court of the United States, or officer who may be serving at any examination or other proceeding before any United States commissioner or officer acting as such commissioner, or who shall injure any party or witness in his person or property on account of his attending or having attended such court or examination before such commissioner or officer, or on account of his testifying or having testified to any matter pending therein, or who shall injure any such grand or petit juror in his person or property on account of any verdict, presentment, or indictment assented to by him, or on account of his being or having been such juror, or who shall injure any such commissioner or officer in his person or property on account of the performance of his official duties, or who corruptly or by threats or force, or by any threatening letter or communication, shall influence, obstruct, or impede, or endeavor to influence, obstruct, or impede, the due administration of justice therein, shall be fined not more than $5,000 or imprisoned not more than five years, or both."

Sec. 2. Section 135a of the Criminal Code (54 Stat. 13; 18 U. S. C. 241a) is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 135a. Whoever corruptly, or by threats or force, or by any threatening letter or communication, shall endeavor to influence, intimidate, or impede any party or witness in any proceeding pending before any department, independent establishment, board, commission, or other agency of the United States, or in connection with any inquiry or investigation being had by either House, or any committee of either House, or any joint committee of the Congress of the United States, or who shall injure any party or witness in his person or property on account of his attending or having attended such proceeding, inquiry, or investigation, or on account of his testifying or having testified to any matter pending therein, or who corruptly or by threats or force, or by any threatening letter or communication shall influence, obstruct, or impede, or endeavor to influence, obstruct, or impede the due administration of the law under which such proceeding is being had before such department, independent establishment, board, commission, or other agency of the United States, or the due and proper exercise of the power of inquiry under which such inquiry or investigation is being had by either House, or any committee of either House or any joint committee of the Congress of the United States shall be fined not more than $5,000 or imprisoned not more than five years, or both."

Sec. 3. Section 136 of the Criminal Code (35 Stat. 1113; 18 U. S. C. 242) is amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 136. If two or more persons conspire to violate any provision of section 135 or 135a of the Criminal Code, as amended, and one or more of such persons does any act to effect the object of the con-
conspiracy, each of the parties to such conspiracy shall be punished in like manner as provided by sections 135 and 135a of the Criminal Code, as amended."

Approved June 8, 1945.

[CHAPTER 184]  
JOINT RESOLUTION
Making an appropriation for emergency flood-control work and for other purposes.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the sum of $12,000,000 is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, as an emergency fund to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of War and the supervision of the Chief of Engineers for the repair, restoration, and strengthening of levees and other flood-control works which have been threatened or destroyed by the recent floods, or which may be threatened or
PUBLIC LAWS—CHS. 184, 185—JUNE 12, 1945

Joint Resolution

Making a supplemental appropriation for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1945, for the Children's Bureau, Department of Labor, and for other purposes.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, namely:

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

CHILDREN'S BUREAU

Emergency maternity and infant care.

Grants to States for emergency maternity and infant care (national defense): An additional amount for fiscal year 1945 for “Grants to States for emergency maternity and infant care (national defense),” including the objects specified under this head in the War Department Civil Appropriation Act, 1946, to be immediately available and to remain available until expended, $8,055,000 and such sum is hereby appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Approved June 12, 1945.

FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY

SOCIAL SECURITY BOARD

Grants to States for old-age assistance, aid to the blind; and grants to States for unemployment compensation administration: Such sums as may be necessary for making for the first quarter of the fiscal year 1946 (1) grants to States for assistance to aged needy individuals, needy dependent children, and needy individuals who are blind, as authorized in titles I, IV, and X, respectively, of the Social Security Act approved August 14, 1935, as amended, and (2) grants to States for unemployment compensation administration: Provided, That the obligations incurred and expenditures made for each of such purposes under the authority of this joint resolution shall be charged to any appropriations therefore in the Labor-Federal Security Appropriation Act, 1946.

Approved June 12, 1945.
AN ACT
To amend sections 11 (c) and 16 of the Federal Reserve Act, as amended, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) the third paragraph of section 16 of the Federal Reserve Act, as amended, is amended by changing the first sentence of such paragraph to read as follows:

"Every Federal Reserve bank shall maintain reserves in gold certificates of not less than 25 per centum against its deposits and reserves in gold certificates of not less than 25 per centum against its Federal Reserve notes in actual circulation: Provided, however, That when the Federal Reserve agent holds gold certificates as collateral for Federal Reserve notes issued to the bank such gold certificates shall be counted as part of the reserve which such bank is required to maintain against its Federal Reserve notes in actual circulation."

(b) The first sentence of the fourth paragraph of section 16 of the Federal Reserve Act, as amended, is amended by striking therefrom "40 per centum reserve hereinbefore required" and by inserting in lieu thereof "25 per centum reserve hereinbefore required to be maintained against Federal Reserve notes in actual circulation."

(c) Subsection (c) of section 11 of the Federal Reserve Act, as amended, is amended to read as follows:

"(c) To suspend for a period not exceeding thirty days, and from time to time to renew such suspension for periods not exceeding fifteen days, any reserve requirements specified in this Act: Provided, That it shall establish a graduated tax upon the amounts by which the reserve requirements of this Act may be permitted to fall below the level hereinafter specified: And provided further, That when the reserve held against Federal Reserve notes falls below 25 per centum, the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System shall establish a graduated tax of not more than 1 per centum per annum upon such deficiency until the reserves fall to 20 per centum, and when said reserve falls below 20 per centum, a tax at the rate increasingly of not less than 1% per centum per annum upon each 2 1/2 per centum or fraction thereof that such reserve falls below 20 per centum. The tax shall be paid by the Reserve bank, but the Reserve bank shall add an amount equal to said tax to the rates of interest and discount fixed by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System."

Sec. 2. The second paragraph of section 16 of the Federal Reserve Act, as amended, is amended to read as follows:

"Any Federal Reserve bank may make application to the local Federal Reserve agent for such amount of the Federal Reserve notes hereinbefore provided for as it may require. Such application shall be accompanied with a tender to the local Federal Reserve agent of collateral in amount equal to the sum of the Federal Reserve notes thus applied for and issued pursuant to such application. The collateral security thus offered shall be notes, drafts, bills of exchange, or acceptances acquired under the provisions of section 13 of this Act, or bills of exchange endorsed by a member bank of any Federal Reserve district and purchased under the provisions of section 14 of this Act, or bankers' acceptances purchased under the provisions of said section 14, or gold certificates, or direct obligations of the United States. In no event shall such collateral security be less than the amount of Federal Reserve notes applied for. The Federal Reserve agent shall each day notify the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System of all issues and withdrawals of Federal Reserve notes to and by the Federal Reserve bank to which he is accredited.
The said Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System may at any time call upon a Federal Reserve bank for additional security to protect the Federal Reserve notes issued to it."

SEC. 3. All power and authority with respect to the issuance of circulating notes, known as Federal Reserve bank notes, pursuant to the sixth paragraph of section 18 of the Federal Reserve Act, as amended by section 401 of the Act approved March 9, 1933 (48 Stat. 1, 6), shall cease and terminate on the date of enactment of this Act.

SEC. 4. All power and authority of the President and the Secretary of the Treasury under section 43 (b) (1) of the Act approved May 12, 1933 (48 Stat. 31, 52), with respect to the issuance of United States notes, shall cease and terminate on the date of enactment of this Act.

Approved June 12, 1945.

[CHAPTER 189] AN ACT

Making appropriations for the Legislative Branch for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Legislative Branch for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, namely:

SENATE

SAI LARIES AND MILEAGE OF SENATORS

For compensation of Senators, $960,000.
For mileage of the President of the Senate and of Senators, $51,000.

OFFICE OF THE VICE PRESIDENT

For compensation of the Vice President of the United States, $15,000.
Salaries: For clerical assistance to the Vice President, at rates of compensation to be fixed by him, $18,420.

CHAPLAIN

Chaplain of the Senate, $1,680.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Salaries: Secretary of the Senate, including compensation as disbursing officer of salaries of Senators and of contingent fund of the Senate, $8,000; Chief Clerk, who shall perform the duties of reading clerk, $5,500 and $1,500 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; financial clerk, $5,000 and $2,000 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; assistant financial clerk, $4,500; Parliamentarian, $5,000 and $1,500 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; Journal clerk, $4,000 and $1,000 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; principal clerk, $4,000; legislative clerk, $4,000 and $1,500 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; enrolling clerk, $4,000; printing clerk, $3,340 and $460 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; chief bookkeeper, $3,600 and $600 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; librarian, $3,600; executive clerk, $5,180 and $420 additional so long as the position is held by
the present incumbent; first assistant librarian, $3,120; keeper of stationery, $3,320; clerks—one at $3,900, one at $3,600 and $500 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent, one at $3,860, one at $3,180, one at $2,880 and $540 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent, two at $2,880 each, three at $2,640 each, clerk in disbursement office, $2,400, one at $2,400 and $300 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent, five at $2,400 each, three at $1,860 each, three at $1,740 each; additional clerical assistance and readjustment of salaries in the disbursement office, $4,020; two assistants in library at $1,800 each; special officer, $2,460; night watchman, $1,920, in lieu of night watchman provided by S. Res. 471, agreed to February 28, 1931; assistants at the press door—one at $2,200, one at $1,900; messenger, $1,320; laborers—one at $2,040, one at $1,680, five at $1,500 each, one at $1,440, one in Secretary's office, $1,740, one $1,620, one $1,320; in all, $167,640.

DOCUMENT ROOM

Salaries: Superintendent, $3,960 and $1,040 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; first assistant, $2,640; second assistant, $2,040; four assistants, at $2,040 each; skilled laborer, $1,440; in all, $19,280.

COMMITTEE EMPLOYEES

Clerks and messengers to the following committees: Agriculture and Forestry—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,880; assistant clerk, $2,580; assistant clerk, $2,400; assistant clerk, $2,220; additional clerk, $1,800. Appropriations—clerk, $7,000, and $1,000 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; assistant clerk, $5,000 and $1,500 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; assistant clerk, $4,800; assistant clerk, $3,600 for the office of the ranking minority member of the Committee on Appropriations, to be appointed by him; three assistant clerks at $3,000 each; two assistant clerks at $2,220 each; messenger, $1,800.

To Audit and Control the Contingent Expenses of the Senate—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,880; assistant clerk, $2,400; assistant clerk, $2,220; additional clerk, $1,800. Banking and Currency—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,880; assistant clerk, $2,400; assistant clerk, $2,220; additional clerical assistance at rates of compensation to be fixed by the chairman of said committee, $6,000. Civil Service—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $3,180; assistant clerk, $2,400; assistant clerk, $2,220; additional clerk, $1,800. Claims—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $3,600; assistant clerk, $2,880; assistant clerk, $2,580; two assistant clerks at $2,220 each. Commerce—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,880; assistant clerk, $2,580; assistant clerk, $2,400; two additional clerks at $2,220 each. Conference Majority of the Senate—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,880; two assistant clerks at $2,580 each; assistant clerk, $2,220; additional clerical assistance at rates of compensation to be fixed by the chairman of said committee, $6,000. Conference Minority of the Senate—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,880; two assistant clerks at $2,580 each; assistant clerk, $2,220; additional clerical assistance at rates of compensation to be fixed by the chairman of said committee, $6,000. District of Columbia—clerk, $3,900; two assistant clerks at $2,880 each; assistant clerk, $2,220; two additional clerks at $1,800 each; additional clerical assistance at rates of compensation to be fixed by the chairman of said committee, $6,000. Education and Labor—clerk, $3,900; assistant...
clerk, $2,880; assistant clerk, $2,580; assistant clerk, $2,220; two additional clerks at $1,800 each. Enrolled Bills—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,400; assistant clerk, $2,220; assistant clerk, $1,800. Expenditures in the Executive Departments—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $3,600; assistant clerk, $2,580; assistant clerk, $2,220; two additional clerks at $1,800 each. Finance—clerk, $4,200 and $500 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; special assistant to the committee, $3,600; assistant clerk, $2,880; assistant clerk, $2,700; assistant clerk, $2,400; two assistant clerks at $2,220 each; two experts (one for the majority and one for the minority) at $3,600 each; messenger, $1,800. Foreign Relations—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $3,600; assistant clerk, $3,000; assistant clerk, $2,880; assistant clerk, $2,580; assistant clerk, $2,220; additional clerk, $1,800. Immigration—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,580; assistant clerk, $2,400; assistant clerk, $2,220; two additional clerks at $1,800 each. Indian Affairs—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $3,600 and $1,400 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; assistant clerk, $2,580; assistant clerk, $2,400; assistant clerk, $2,220; additional clerk, $1,800. Interoceanic Canals—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,580; assistant clerk, $2,220; assistant clerk, $2,040; additional clerk, $1,800. Interstate Commerce—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $3,600; assistant clerk, $2,880; two assistant clerks at $2,580 each; assistant clerk, $2,220. Irrigation and Reclamation—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,580; assistant clerk, $2,220; two additional clerks at $1,800 each. Judiciary—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,880; two assistant clerks at $2,580 each; assistant clerk, $2,220. Library—clerk, $3,900; two assistant clerks at $2,400 each; assistant clerk, $2,220; additional clerk, $1,600. Manufactures—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,400; assistant clerk, $2,220; assistant clerk, $2,040; additional clerk, $1,800. Military Affairs—clerk, $3,900; special assistant, $3,300; assistant clerk, $2,880; assistant clerk, $2,580; assistant clerk, $2,400; two assistant clerks at $2,220 each. Mines and Mining—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,400; assistant clerk, $2,220; two assistant clerks at $1,800 each; two additional clerks at $1,800 each. Naval Affairs—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,880; assistant clerk, $2,400; two assistant clerks at $2,220 each. Patents—clerk, $3,900; two assistant clerks at $2,400 each; assistant clerk, $2,220; additional clerk, $1,800. Pensions—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,880; four assistant clerks at $2,220 each. Post Offices and Post Roads—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,580; assistant clerk, $2,320; three assistant clerks at $2,220 each; additional clerk, $1,800. Printing—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,580; assistant clerk, $2,220; additional clerk, $1,800. Privileges and Elections—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,400; two assistant clerks at $2,220 each; additional clerk, $1,800. Public Buildings and Grounds—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,400; assistant clerk, $2,220; assistant clerk, $2,000; assistant clerk, $1,800; additional clerk, $1,800. Public Lands and Surveys—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $1,800 and $1,500 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; assistant clerk, $2,880; assistant clerk, $2,580; two assistant clerks at $2,220 each. Rules—clerk, $3,900 and $200 toward the preparation biennially of the Senate Manual under the direction of the Committee on Rules; assistant clerk, $2,880; assistant clerk, $2,580; assistant clerk, $2,220; additional clerk, $1,800. Special Committee on Conservation of Wildlife Resources—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $1,800. Territories and Insular Affairs—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,580; two assistant clerks at $2,220 each; two assistant clerks at $2,000 each; additional clerk, $1,900; in all, $937,800.
Clerical assistance to Senators who are not chairmen of the committees specially provided for herein, as follows: Seventy clerks at $3,900 each; seventy assistant clerks at $2,400 each; and seventy assistant clerks at $2,220 each; seventy additional clerks at $1,800 each, one for each Senator having no more than one clerk and two assistant clerks for himself or for the committee of which he is chairman; messenger, $1,800; in all, $724,200.

Ninety-six additional clerks at $1,800 per annum each, one for each Senator, $172,800.

Ninety-six additional clerks at $1,800 per annum each, one for each Senator, $172,800.

Thirty additional clerks at $1,500 per annum each, one for each Senator from each State which has a population of three million or more inhabitants, $45,000.

For three additional clerks at $1,500 per annum each for each Senator from any State which has a population of ten million or more inhabitants, $18,000; for two additional clerks at $1,500 per annum each for each Senator from any State which has a population of five million or more inhabitants but less than ten million, $30,000, in all, $48,000: Provided, That such additional clerks shall be in addition to any other clerical assistance to which Senators are entitled, and shall be employed only during the period of the emergency.

For an additional amount for clerical assistance to Senators (including chairmen of standing committees) at the rate of $5,040 per annum for each Senator, $483,840.

Senators and chairmen of standing committees may change the number of employees in their respective offices or committees, and may rearrange the schedule of basic salaries of such employees in multiples of $5 per month: Provided, That such changes and rearrangements shall not increase the aggregate of the salaries provided for such offices or committees by law or Senate resolution: Provided further, That no salary shall be fixed under this paragraph at a rate in excess of $5,040 per annum, and no action shall be taken to reduce any salary which is specifically fixed by law at a rate higher than $5,040 per annum: Provided further, That Senators and committee chairmen, before the day on which they are to become effective, shall certify in writing such changes or rearrangements to the disbursing office of the Senate which thereafter shall pay such employees in accordance with such certifications.

Notwithstanding the provisions of the third paragraph under the heading "Clerical assistance to Senators" of section 1 of the Legislative Appropriation Act for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1928 (2 U. S. C. 92a), in the case of the death of a Senator during his term of office, his clerical assistants on the pay roll of the Senate on the date of such death shall be continued on such pay roll at their respective salaries for a period of not to exceed sixty days: Provided, That any such clerical assistants continued on the pay roll shall, while so continued, perform their duties under the direction of the Secretary of the Senate, and he is hereby authorized and directed to remove from such pay roll any such clerks who are not attending to the duties for which their services are continued: Provided further, That this shall not apply to clerical assistants of standing committees of the Senate when their service otherwise would continue beyond such period.

In all, clerical assistance to Senators, $1,646,640: Provided, That all clerks, assistants clerks, and additional clerks under this heading shall be ex officio clerks, assistant clerks, and additional clerks of any committee of which their Senator is chairman.
Salaries: Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper, $8,000; two secretaries (one for the majority and one for the minority), at $5,400 each and $1,500 additional each so long as the respective positions are held by the present respective incumbents; two assistant secretaries (one for the majority and one for the minority), at $4,320 each and $480 additional each so long as the respective positions are held by the present respective incumbents; Deputy Sergeant at Arms and storekeeper, $4,800 and $1,000 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; clerks—one $3,000, one $3,120, one $2,200, one $2,120, one $1,500, one to the secretary for the majority, $2,640, one to the secretary for the minority, $2,640; assistant doorkeeper, $2,880; messengers—three (acting as assistant doorkeepers) at $2,400 each; thirty (including four for minority) at $1,740 each; four at $1,620 each; one at card door, $2,640, and $240 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; clerk on Journal work for Congressional Record to be selected by the Official Reporters, $3,360; cabinetmakers-chief, $2,780; one, $2,300; one, $2,220; finisher, $2,300; upholsterer, $2,220; upholsterer, $2,220; janitor, $2,400 and $300 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; five skilled laborers, $1,680 each; laborer in charge of private passage, $1,800 and $120 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; four female attendants in charge of ladies' retiring rooms, at $1,560 each; three female attendants in charge of ladies' retiring rooms, Senate Office Building, at $1,560 each; telephone operators—chief, $3,000; assistant chief, $2,400; thirteen at $1,800 each; longevity pay of operators as authorized by Public Law Numbered 2, Seventy-ninth Congress, $1,350; laborer in charge of Senate toilet rooms in old library space, $1,260; press gallery—superintendent, $3,660; assistant superintendent, $1,920; messengers for service to press correspondents—two at $1,620 each, two at $1,500 each; radio press gallery—superintendent, $3,000; assistant superintendent, $1,960; laborers—two at $1,500 each, one at $1,380, twenty-six at $1,320 each, three at $540 each; special employees—seven at $1,000 each; twenty-one pages for the Senate Chamber, at the rate of $6 per day each, during the session, $19,005; in all, $283,295.

Capitol Police force under the Sergeant at Arms: Captain, $3,000; two lieutenants at $2,000 each; two special officers at $2,000 each; four sergeants at $1,920 each; fifty-five privates at $1,500 each; in all, $117,680.

POST OFFICE

Salaries: Postmaster, $3,600; assistant postmaster, $2,880; chief clerk, $2,460; wagon master, $2,280; assistant, $1,740; twenty-six mail carriers at $1,740 each; in all, $58,200.

FOLDING ROOM

Salaries: Foreman, $2,460 and $540 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; clerks—one at $2,400, two at $1,740 each; folders—chief, $3,040; thirteen at $1,440 each; in all, $29,640.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE SENATE

Vice President's automobile: For purchase, exchange, driving, maintenance, and operation of an automobile for the Vice President, $4,000.

Reporting Senate proceedings: For reporting the debates and proceedings of the Senate, payable in equal monthly installments, $65,450.
Furniture: For services in cleaning, repairing, and varnishing furniture, $2,000.

Furniture: For materials for furniture and repairs of same, exclusive of labor, and for the purchase of furniture, $8,000.

Inquiries and investigations: For expenses of inquiries and investigations ordered by the Senate, including compensation to stenographers of committees, at such rate as may be fixed by the Committee to Audit and Control the Contingent Expenses of the Senate, but not exceeding 25 cents per hundred words, $150,000: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be expended for per diem and subsistence expenses except in accordance with the provisions of the Subsistence Expense Act of 1926, approved June 3, 1926, as amended.

Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation: For payment of one-half of the salaries and other expenses of the Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation as authorized by law, $35,500.

Folding documents: For folding speeches and pamphlets at a rate not exceeding $1 per thousand, $18,000.

For materials for folding, $1,500.

Fuel, and so forth: For fuel, oil, cotton waste, and advertising, exclusive of labor, $2,000.

Senate restaurants: For payment to the Architect of the Capitol in accordance with the Act approved September 9, 1942 (Public Law 709, Seventy-seventh Congress), $35,000.

Motor vehicles: For maintaining, exchanging, and equipping motor vehicles for carrying the mails and for official use of the offices of the Secretary and Sergeant at Arms, $8,760.

Miscellaneous items: For miscellaneous items, exclusive of labor, $401,762.

Packing boxes: For packing boxes, $970.

Postage stamps: For office of Secretary, $350; office of Sergeant at Arms, $150; in all, $500.

Air-mail and special-delivery stamps: For air-mail and special-delivery stamps for Senators and the President of the Senate as authorized by law, $10,249.66, and the maximum allowance per capita of $96.56 is increased to $105.66 for the fiscal year 1946 and thereafter.

The Committee on Appropriations, authorized by Senate Resolution Numbered 198, agreed to October 14, 1943, to employ expert and clerical assistance for the purpose of obtaining and laying factual data and information before the committee for its consideration in the discharge of its functions, hereby is authorized to expend from the contingent fund of the Senate, during the fiscal year 1946, $50,000 in pursuance of the purposes set forth in said resolution: Provided, That whenever any person has left or leaves any civilian position in any department or agency in the executive branch of the Government in order to accept employment by the Senate Committee on Appropriations, he shall be carried on the rolls of such committee and shall be solely employed by such committee, and responsible only to it; but he shall be entitled upon making application to the Civil Service Commission within thirty days after the termination of his employment by such committee (unless such employment is terminated for cause) to be restored to a position in the same or any other department or agency where an opening exists, comparable to the position which, according to the records of the department or agency which he left to accept employment by the Senate Committee on Appropriations or in the judgment of the Civil Service Commission, such person would be occupying if he had remained in the employ of such department or agency during the time he was employed by such committee; and such person shall be restored to such position with the same seniority, status, and pay as if he had
remained in the employ of the department or agency which he left, during such time. This section shall not be construed to require any person to be restored to a position in any department or agency after the expiration of the time for which he was appointed to the position which he left to accept employment by such committee.

There shall be paid from the contingent fund of the Senate, in accordance with rules and regulations prescribed by the Committee to Audit and Control the Contingent Expenses of the Senate, toll charges on not to exceed twenty-six strictly official long-distance telephone calls, aggregating per month for each Senator not more than one hundred and thirty minutes, to and from Washington, District of Columbia.

There shall be paid from the contingent fund of the Senate, in accordance with rules and regulations prescribed by the Committee to Audit and Control the Contingent Expenses of the Senate, toll charges on strictly official long-distance telephone calls originating and determining outside of Washington, District of Columbia, not to exceed $300 per year for each Senator.

Stationery: For stationery for Senators and for the President of the Senate, including $7,500 for stationery for committees and offices of the Senate, $46,300: Provided, That commencing with the fiscal year 1946 the allowance for stationery for each Senator and for the President of the Senate shall be $400 per annum.

Rent: For rent of warehouse for storage of public documents, $2,000.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MEMBERS, DELEGATES, AND RESIDENT COMMISSIONER

For compensation of Members of the House of Representatives, Delegates from Territories, and the Resident Commissioner from Puerto Rico, $4,385,000.

For mileage of Representatives, the Delegate from Hawaii and the Resident Commissioner from Puerto Rico, and for expenses of the Delegate from Alaska, $171,000.

There shall be paid to each Representative and Delegate, and to the Resident Commissioner from Puerto Rico, after January 2, 1945, an expense allowance of $2,500 per annum to assist in defraying expenses related to or resulting from the discharge of his official duties, to be paid in equal monthly installments. For making such payments through June 30, 1946, $1,642,500, of which so much as is required to make such payments for the period from January 3, 1945, to June 30, 1945, both inclusive, shall be immediately available.

For compensation of officers, clerks, messengers, and others:

OFFICE OF THE SPEAKER

Salaries: Secretary to the Speaker, $4,620; three clerks to the Speaker, at $2,400 each; messenger to Speaker, $1,680; in all, $13,500.

THE SPEAKER'S TABLE

Salaries: Parliamentarian $5,000, and $2,500 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent, and for preparing Digest of the Rules, $1,000 per annum; Assistant Parliamentarian, $3,000 and $1,500 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; messenger to Speaker's table, $1,740; in all, $14,740.

CHAPLAIN

Chaplain of the House of Representatives, $1,680, and $820 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent.
Salaries: Clerk of the House of Representatives, including compensation as disbursing officer of the contingent fund, $8,000; Journal clerk, two reading clerks, and tally clerk, at $7,000 each; assistant reading clerk, $6,000, to continue available, under the limitations of House Resolution 95, adopted January 18, 1945; enrolling clerk, $4,000; disbursing clerk, $3,960 and $2,040 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; file clerk, $3,750; chief bill clerk, $3,540; assistant enrolling clerk, $3,200 and $300 additional as assistant to the Clerk of the House of Representatives; assistant tally clerk, $5,000; assistant to disbursing clerk, $3,120; stationery clerk, $2,880; librarian, $2,760; assistant librarian and assistant file clerk, at $2,520 each; assistant Journal clerk and assistant librarian, at $2,460 each; clerks—one at $2,460, four at $2,340 each; bookkeeper and assistant in disbursing office at $2,160 each; assistant in disbursing office, $1,800; additional clerical assistance in disbursing office in accordance with the provisions of House Resolutions Numbered 585, 390, and 679, adopted December 16, 1942, December 20, 1943, and December 14, 1944, respectively, $15,000; three assistants to chief bill clerk at $2,100 each; stenographer to the Clerk, $2,500; assistant in stationery room, $1,740; three messengers at $1,680 each; stenographer to Journal clerk, $1,620; laborers—three at $1,440 each, ten at $1,260 each; telephone operators—assistant chief, $2,400, twenty-three at $1,800 each; longevity pay of operators as authorized by Public Law 2, Seventy-ninth Congress, $2,010; operators and extra services of regular employees, when required, at the rate of not to exceed $135 per month each, $1,620; property custodian and superintendent of furniture, $8,960; two assistant custodians at $3,360 each; locksmith and typewriter repairer, $1,860; messenger and clock repairer, $1,740; operation, maintenance, and repair of motor vehicles, $1,200; in all, $216,350.

Committee Employees

Clerks, messengers, and janitors to the following committees:

Accounts—clerk, $3,300; assistant clerk, $2,460; janitor, $1,560.

Agriculture—clerk, $3,300; assistant clerk, $2,460; janitor, $1,560.

Appropriations—clerk, $8,000; assistant clerks and other personal services at rates to be fixed by resolution of the committee and certified to the Clerk of the House of Representatives, $48,740, and in addition, the unexpended balance for such purpose for the fiscal year 1945 is continued available during fiscal year 1946; twelve clerks-stenographers at the annual rate of $1,800 each, one for each subcommittee of the Committee on Appropriations having jurisdiction over a regular annual appropriation bill as shall be designated by the chairman of the Committee on Appropriations and to be appointed by the chairmen of the subcommittees so designated, subject to the approval of the chairman, and one for the office of the ranking minority member of the Committee on Appropriations, to be appointed by him, $23,400, of which $1,800 shall be immediately available.

Banking and Currency—clerk, $2,760; assistant clerk, $1,740; janitor, $1,260.

Census—clerk, $2,760; assistant clerk, $2,760; janitor, $1,260.

Civil Service—clerk, $2,760; assistant clerk, $1,260.

Claims—clerk, $3,300; assistant clerk, $2,460; assistant clerk, $1,800; janitor, $1,260.

Coinage, Weights, and Measures—clerk, $2,760; assistant clerk, $2,760; janitor, $1,260.

Disposition of Executive Papers—clerk, $2,760.

District of Columbia—clerk, $3,300; assistant clerk, $2,460; janitor, $1,260.

Education—clerk, $2,760; assistant clerk, $1,260.

Election of the President, Vice President,
and Representatives in Congress—clerk, $2,760; Elections Numbered 1—clerk, $2,760; janitor, $1,260; Elections Numbered 2—clerk, $2,760; janitor, $1,260; Elections Numbered 3—clerk, $2,760; janitor, $1,260. Enrolled Bills—clerk, $2,760; janitor, $1,260. Expenditures in the Executive Departments—clerk, $3,300; janitor, $1,260. Flood Control—clerk, $2,760; janitor, $1,260. Foreign Affairs—clerk, $3,300; assistant clerk, $2,460; janitor, $1,260. Immigration and Naturalization—clerk, $3,300; assistant clerk, $2,460; janitor, $1,260. Indian Affairs—clerk, $3,300; assistant clerk, $2,460; janitor, $1,260. Insular Affairs—clerk, $2,760; janitor, $1,260. Interstate and Foreign Commerce—clerk, $2,900 and $600 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; additional clerk, $2,640; assistant clerk, $2,100; janitor, $1,560. Irrigation and Reclamation—clerk, $2,760; janitor, $1,260. Invalid Pensions—clerk, $3,300; assistant clerk, $2,880; expert examiner, $2,700; stenographer, $2,640; janitor, $1,560. Judiciary—clerk, $3,300; assistant clerk, $2,460; assistant clerk, $1,800; janitor, $1,560. Labor—clerk, $2,760; assistant clerk, $1,740; janitor, $1,260. Library—clerk, $2,760; janitor, $1,260. Merchant Marine and Fisheries—clerk, $2,760; assistant clerk, $1,740; janitor, $1,260. Military Affairs—clerk, $3,300; assistant clerk, $2,100; janitor, $1,560. Mines and Mining—clerk, $2,760; janitor, $1,260. Naval Affairs—clerk, $3,300; assistant clerk, $2,100; janitor, $1,560. Patents—clerk, $2,760; assistant clerk, $2,100; janitor, $1,560. Pensions—clerk, $3,300; assistant clerk, $2,160; janitor, $1,260. Post Office and Post Roads—clerk, $3,300; assistant clerk, $2,100; janitor, $1,560. Printing—clerk, $2,760; janitor, $1,560. Public Buildings and Grounds—clerk, $3,300; assistant clerk, $1,740; janitor, $1,260. Public Lands—clerk, $3,300; assistant clerk, $1,740; janitor, $1,260. Revision of the Laws—clerk, $3,300; janitor, $1,260. Rivers and Harbors—clerk, $3,300; assistant clerk, $2,460; janitor, $1,560. Roads—clerk, $2,760; assistant clerk, $1,740; janitor, $1,260. Rules—clerk, $3,300; assistant clerk, $2,100; clerk-stenographer, $1,800; janitor, $1,260. Territories—clerk, $2,760; janitor, $1,260. Un-American Activities—clerk, $3,300; assistant clerk, $2,640; assistant clerk, $2,100; janitor, $1,560. War Claims—clerk, $3,300; assistant clerk, $1,740; janitor, $1,260. Ways and Means—clerk, $4,620; assistant clerk, $3,000; assistant clerk and stenographer, $2,640; assistant clerk, $2,550; clerk for minority, $3,180; janitors—one, $1,560; two at $1,260 each. World War Veterans' Legislation—clerk, $3,300; assistant clerk, $2,460; for an additional amount for clerks of the committees pursuant to the Act of December 20, 1944 (Public, 512), $22,880; in all, $390,960.

OFFICE OF SERGEANT AT ARMS

Salaries: Sergeant at Arms, $8,000; Deputy Sergeant at Arms in charge of mace, $3,180; cashier, $6,000; assistant cashier, $4,000; two bookkeepers at $3,360 each; Deputy Sergeant at Arms in charge of pairs, $3,600; special assistant to Sergeant at Arms, $2,400; pair clerk and messenger, $2,820; stenographer, $2,500; skilled laborer, $1,380; hire of automobile, $600; in all, $41,200. Capitol Police force under the Sergeant at Arms: Three lieutenants at $1,740 each; five sergeants at $1,680 each; sixty privates at $1,620 each; in all, $110,820.

OFFICE OF DOORKEEPER

Salaries: Doorkeeper, $6,000; special employee, $2,000; superintendent of House Press Gallery, $3,000; assistants to the superintendent of the House Press Gallery—one at $3,000, and one at $2,920; House
Radio Press Gallery—superintendent of radio room at $2,700; messenger at $1,560; chief janitor, $2,700 and $300 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; messengers—one chief messenger, $2,240 and $300 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent, sixteen messengers at $1,740 each, fourteen on soldiers' roll at $1,740 each; laborers—seventeen at $1,260 each, two (cloakroom) at $1,380 each, one (cloakroom), $1,260, and seven (cloakroom) at $1,140 each; three female attendants in ladies' retiring rooms at $1,680 each, attendant for the ladies' reception room, $1,440; superintendent of folding room, $3,180 and $820 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; foreman of folding room, $2,640; chief clerk to superintendent of folding room, $2,460; three clerks at $2,160 each; janitor, $1,260; laborer, $1,260; thirty-one folders at $1,440 each; shipping clerk, $1,740; two drivers at $1,380 each; two chief pages at $1,980 each; two telephone pages at $1,680 each; two floor managers of telephones (one for the minority) at $3,180 each and $600 each additional so long as the respective positions are held by the respective present incumbents; two assistant floor managers in charge of telephones (one for the minority) at $2,100 each; fifty pages during the session, including ten pages for duty at the entrances to the Hall of the House at $5 per day each, $45,250; superintendent of document room (Elmer A. Lewis), $3,960 and $1,040 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; assistant superintendent of document room, $2,760; clerk, $2,320; assistant clerk, $2,160; eight assistants at $1,860 each; janitor, $1,440; messenger to press room (House Press Gallery), $1,560; maintenance and repair of folding-room motortruck, $500; in all, $281,970.

SPECIAL AND MINORITY EMPLOYEES

For the minority employees authorized and named in the House Resolutions Numbered 51 and 53 of December 11, 1931, as amended: Two at $5,000 each, one at $3,000 and $450 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent, two at $3,000 each; one at $3,600 and $300 additional while the position is held by the present incumbent (minority pair clerk, House Resolution Numbered 313 of August 7, 1935); in all, $23,350.

Special employees: Assistant foreman of the folding room, authorized in the resolution of September 30, 1913, $1,980; laborer, authorized and named in the resolution of April 28, 1914, $1,380; laborer, $1,380; in all, $4,740.

Successors to any of the employees provided for in the two preceding paragraphs may be named by the House of Representatives at any time.

Office of majority floor leader: Legislative clerk, $3,110 and $300 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; clerk, $2,500; additional clerk, $2,000; two assistant clerks, at $1,800 each; $2,000; for official expenses of the majority leader, as authorized by House Resolution Numbered 101, Seventy-first Congress, adopted December 18, 1929, $2,000; in all, $13,540.

Conference minority: Clerk, $3,180 and $300 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; legislative clerk, $3,060; assistant clerk, $2,100; janitor, $1,560; in all, $10,200. The foregoing employees to be appointed by the minority leader.

Two messengers, one in the majority caucus room and one in the minority caucus room, to be appointed by the majority and minority whips, respectively, at $1,740 each; in all, $3,480.

Two printing clerks, one for the majority caucus room and one for the minority caucus room, to be appointed by the majority and minority leaders, respectively, at $2,000 each; in all, $4,000.
POST OFFICE

Salaries: Postmaster, $5,000; assistant postmaster, $2,880; two registry and money-order clerks, at $2,100 each; forty messengers (including one to superintend transportation of mails), at $1,740 each; substitute messengers and extra services of regular employees, when required, at the rate of not to exceed $145 per month each, $1,740; laborer, $1,260; in all, $84,680.

Motor vehicles: For the purchase, exchange, maintenance, and repair of motor vehicles for carrying the mails, $2,200.

OFFICIAL REPORTERS OF DEBATES

Salaries: Seven official reporters of the proceedings and debates of the House, at $7,500 each; clerk, $4,000; assistant clerk, $2,000; six expert transcribers, at $2,000 each; in all, $70,500.

COMMITTEE REPORTERS

Salaries: Four reporters to committees, at $7,500 each, and two reporters to committees, at $6,500 each; clerk, $3,360; six expert transcribers, at $2,000 each; in all, $58,360; Provided, That any sums received from the sale of copies of transcripts of hearings of committees reported by such reporters shall be covered into the Treasury as "miscellaneous receipts".

Whenever the words "during the session" occur in the foregoing paragraphs they shall be construed to mean the one hundred and eighty-one days from January 1 to June 30, 1946, inclusive.

CLERK HIRE, MEMBERS AND DELEGATES

For clerk hire necessarily employed by each Member and Delegate, and the Resident Commissioner from Puerto Rico, in the discharge of his official and representative duties, as authorized by law, $4,161,000.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE HOUSE

Furniture: For furniture and materials for repairs of the same, including labor, tools, and machinery for furniture repair shops, $53,000, of which $5,000 shall be immediately available.

Miscellaneous items: For miscellaneous items, exclusive of salaries unless specifically ordered by the House of Representatives, including the sum of $27,500 for payment to the Architect of the Capitol in accordance with section 208 of the Act approved October 9, 1940 (Public Act 812, Seventy-sixth Congress), the reimbursement to the official reporters to committees for the amounts actually paid out by them for transcribing hearings, and materials for folding, $86,000; Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be used to pay the salaries of three additional laborers authorized in section 2 of House Resolution Numbered 385 of the Seventy-eighth Congress, adopted December 17, 1943.

Reporting hearings: For stenographic reports of hearings of committees other than special and select committees, $27,500.

Special and select committees: For expenses of special and select committees authorized by the House, $400,000.

Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation: For payment of one-half of the salaries and other expenses of the Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation as authorized by law, $35,500.

Funeral expenses: No part of the appropriations contained in this title for the contingent expenses of the House of Representatives...
shall be used to defray the expenses of any committee consisting of
more than six persons (not more than four from the House and not
more than two from the Senate), nor to defray the expenses of any
other person except the Sergeant at Arms of the House or a represen-
tative of his office, and except the widow or minor children or both
of the deceased, to attend the funeral rites and burial of any person
who at the time of his or her death is a Representative, a Delegate
from a Territory, or a Resident Commissioner from Puerto Rico.

Telegraph and telephone: For telegraph and telephone service,
exclusive of personal services, $200,000.

Stationery: For stationery for Representatives, Delegates, and the
Resident Commissioner from Puerto Rico, for the second session of
the Seventy-ninth Congress, and for stationery for the use of the
committees and officers of the House (not to exceed $6,000), $33,600.

Attending physician's office: For medical supplies, equipment, and
contingent expenses of the emergency room and for the attending
physician and his assistants, including an allowance of $1,500 to be
paid to the attending physician in equal monthly installments as
authorized by the Act approved June 27, 1940 (54 Stat. 629), and
including an allowance of not to exceed $30 per month each to four
assistants as provided by the House resolutions adopted July 1,
1930, January 20, 1932, and November 18, 1940, $6,985.

Postage stamps: Postmaster, $200; Clerk, $400; Sergeant at Arms,
$250; Doorkeeper, $100; in all, $950.

To enable the Clerk of the House to procure and furnish each
Representative, Delegate, and the Resident Commissioner from
Puerto Rico, United States air mail and special delivery postage
stamps as authorized by law, $92,850; and the maximum allowance
per capita is increased by $25 for the fiscal year 1946 and thereafter.

Folding documents: For folding speeches and pamphlets, at a rate
not exceeding $1 per thousand or for the employment of personnel at
a rate not to exceed $5.20 per day per person, $30,000.

Revision of laws: For preparation and editing of the laws as
authorized by the Act approved May 29, 1928 (1 U. S. C. 59),
$8,000, to be expended under the direction of the Committee on
Revision of the Laws.

The unexpended balance of the appropriation "For preliminary
work in connection with the preparation of a new edition of the
United States Code, including the correction of errors as authorized
by the Act approved March 2, 1929", contained in the Legislative
Branch Appropriation Act, 1944, is hereby continued available until
June 30, 1946.

For preparing and editing a new edition of the Code of Laws of
the United States of America as authorized and directed by law
(U. S. C., title 1, ch. III), to remain available until expended,
$150,000.

Clerk's office, special assistance: For assistants in compiling lists
of reports to be made to Congress by public officials; compiling copy
and revising proofs for the House portion of the Official Register;
preparing and indexing the statistical reports of the Clerk of the
House; compiling the telephone and Members' directories; preparing
and indexing the daily calendars of business; preparing the official
statement of Members' voting records; preparing lists of congres-
sional nominees and statistical summary of elections; preparing and
indexing questions of order printed in the Appendix to the Journal
pursuant to House rule III; for recording and filing statements of
political committees and candidates for election to the House of
Representatives pursuant to the Federal Corrupt Practices Act, 1925
(2 U. S. C. 241-256); and for such other assistance as the Clerk of
the House may deem necessary and proper in the conduct of the business of his office, $4,500: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be used to augment the annual salary of any employee of the House of Representatives.

Speaker's automobile: For exchange, driving, maintenance, repair, and operation of an automobile for the Speaker, $4,000.

CAPITOL POLICE

General expenses: For purchasing and supplying uniforms, purchase, exchange, maintenance, and repair of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, contingent expenses, including $25 per month for extra services performed by a member of such force for the Capitol Police Board, $9,400.

Capitol Police Board: To enable the Capitol Police Board to provide additional protection during the present emergency for the Capitol Buildings and Grounds, including the Senate and House Office Buildings and the Capitol Power Plant, $55,000. Such sum shall only be expended for payment for salaries and other expenses of personnel detailed from the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the Secret Service of the Treasury Department, and the Metropolitan Police of the District of Columbia, and the heads of such agencies and the Commissioners of the District of Columbia are authorized and directed to make such details upon the request of the Board. Personnel so detailed shall, during the period of such detail, serve under the direction and instructions of the Board and is authorized to exercise the same authority as members of such Metropolitan Police and members of the Capitol Police and to perform such other duties as may be assigned by the Board. Reimbursement for salaries and other expenses of such detailed personnel shall be made to the Federal agency or the government of the District of Columbia, respectively, and any sums so reimbursed shall be credited to the appropriation or appropriations from which such salaries and expenses are payable and be available for all the purposes thereof: Provided, That any person detailed under the authority of this paragraph or under similar authority in the Legislative Branch, Appropriation Act, 1942, and the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1940, from the Metropolitan Police of the District of Columbia shall be deemed a member of such Metropolitan Police during the period or periods of any such detail for all purposes of rank, pay, allowances, privileges, and benefits to the same extent as though such detail had not been made, and at the termination thereof any such person who was a member of such police on July 1, 1940, shall have a status with respect to rank, pay, allowances, privileges, and benefits which is not less than the status of such person in such police at the end of such detail.

One-half of the foregoing amounts under "Capitol Police" shall be disbursed by the Secretary of the Senate and one-half by the Clerk of the House.

JOINT COMMITTEE ON PRINTING

Salaries: Clerk, $4,000 and $800 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; inspector under section 20 of the Act approved January 12, 1895 (44 U. S. C. 49), $2,820; assistant clerk and stenographer, $2,640; for expenses of compiling, preparing, and indexing the Congressional Directory, $1,800; in all, $11,860, one-half to be disbursed by the Secretary of the Senate and the other half to be disbursed by the Clerk of the House.
OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL

Salaries and expenses: For salaries and expenses of maintenance of the Office of Legislative Counsel, as authorized by law, $90,000, of which $42,000 shall be disbursed by the Secretary of the Senate and $48,000 by the Clerk of the House of Representatives.

STATEMENT OF APPROPRIATIONS

For preparation, under the direction of the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and House of Representatives of the statements for the first session of the Seventy-ninth Congress, showing appropriations made, indefinite appropriations, and contracts authorized, together with a chronological history of the regular appropriation bills, as required by law, $4,000, to be paid to the persons designated by the chairmen of such committees to do the work.

ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL

OFFICE OF THE ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL

Salaries: For the Architect of the Capitol, Assistant Architect of the Capitol, and other personal services at rates of pay provided by law; and the Assistant Architect of the Capitol shall act as Architect of the Capitol during the absence or disability of that official or whenever there is no Architect; $65,470.

Appropriations under the control of the Architect of the Capitol shall be available for expenses of travel on official business not to exceed in the aggregate under all funds the sum of $750.

Cost of handling penalty mail, Architect of the Capitol: For deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail of the Architect of the Capitol as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364), $300.

CAPITOL BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS

Capitol Buildings: For necessary expenditures for the Capitol Building and electrical substations of the Senate and House Office Buildings, under the jurisdiction of the Architect of the Capitol, including minor improvements, maintenance, repair, equipment, supplies, material, fuel, oil, waste, and appurtenances; furnishings and office equipment; special clothing for workmen; waterproof wearing apparel; personal and other services; cleaning and repairing works of art; maintenance and driving of motor-propelled passenger-carrying office vehicle; not exceeding $300 for the purchase of technical and necessary reference books, periodicals, and city directory; not to exceed $150 for expenses of attendance, when specifically authorized by the Architect of the Capitol, at meetings or conventions in connection with subjects related to work under the Architect of the Capitol; and the compensation of the position of supervising engineer shall be at the rate of $6,000 per annum so long as the position is held by the person who was the incumbent thereof on May 15, 1941; $332,800.

Capitol Grounds: For care and improvement of grounds surrounding the Capitol, Senate and House Office Buildings; Capitol Power Plant; personal and other services; care of trees; planting; fertilizers; repairs to pavements, walks, and roadways; purchase of waterproof wearing apparel; maintenance of signal lights; and for snow removal by hire of men and equipment or under contract without compliance with section 3709 (41 U. S. C. 5) of the Revised Statutes, $109,000.
Legislative garage: For maintenance, repairs, alterations, personal and other services, and all necessary incidental expenses, $13,200.

Subway transportation, Capitol and Senate Office Buildings: For repairs, rebuilding, and maintenance of the subway system connecting the Senate Office Building with the Senate wing of the United States Capitol and for personal and other services, including maintenance of the cars, track, and electrical equipment connected therewith, $1,500.

Senate Office Building: For maintenance, miscellaneous items and supplies, including furniture, furnishings, and equipment, and for labor and material incident thereto, and repairs thereof; for purchase of waterproof wearing apparel and for personal and other services, including four female attendants in charge of ladies' retiring rooms at $1,500 each, for the care and operation of the Senate Office Building; to be expended under the control and supervision of the Architect of the Capitol; in all, $339,500.

House Office Buildings: For maintenance, including equipment, waterproof wearing apparel, miscellaneous items, and for all necessary services, $427,000.

Capitol power plant: For lighting, heating, and power for the Capitol, Senate and House Office Buildings, Supreme Court Building, Congressional Library Buildings, and the grounds about the same, Botanic Garden, legislative garage, and folding and storage rooms of the Senate, and for air-conditioning refrigeration not supplied from plants in any of such buildings; for heating the Government Printing Office and Washington City Post Office and for light and power therefor whenever available; personal and other services, engineering instruments, fuel, oil, materials, labor, advertising, and purchase of waterproof wearing apparel in connection with the maintenance and operation of the plant, $882,700.

The appropriations under the control of the Architect of the Capitol may be expended without reference to section 4 of the Act approved June 17, 1910 (41 U. S. C. 7), concerning purchases for executive departments.

The Government Printing Office and the Washington City Post Office shall reimburse the Capitol Power Plant for heat, light, and power whenever any such service is furnished during the fiscal year 1946, and the amounts so reimbursed shall be covered into the Treasury.

**LIBRARY BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS**

**MECHANICAL AND STRUCTURAL MAINTENANCE**

Salaries: For chief engineer and all personal services at rates of pay provided by law, $97,800.

Salaries, Sunday opening: For extra services of employees and additional employees under the Architect of the Capitol to provide for the opening of the Library Buildings on Sundays and on holidays, at rates to be fixed by such Architect, $7,000.

General repairs, and so forth: For necessary expenditures for the Library Buildings and Grounds under the jurisdiction of the Architect of the Capitol, including minor improvements, maintenance, repair, equipment, supplies, waterproof wearing apparel, material, and appurtenances, and personal and other services in connection with the mechanical and structural maintenance of such buildings and grounds, $84,000, of which $40,000 shall be available for necessary expenses for remodeling of space in the annex for a cafeteria and for furniture, equipment, and other items required for operation of same.
For furniture, including the purchase of office and library equipment, apparatus, and labor-saving devices, $38,600, to be expended under the direction of the Architect of the Capitol.

BOTANIC GARDEN

Salaries: For personal services (including not exceeding $3,000 for miscellaneous temporary labor without regard to the Classification Act of 1923, as amended), $80,200; all under the direction of the Joint Committee on the Library.

Maintenance, operation, repairs, and improvements: For all necessary expenses incident to maintaining, operating, repairing, and improving the Botanic Garden, and the nurseries, buildings, grounds, and equipment pertaining thereto, including procuring fertilizers, soils, tools, trees, shrubs, plants, and seeds; materials and miscellaneous supplies, including rubber boots and aprons when required for use by employees in connection with their work; not to exceed $25 for emergency medical supplies; disposition of waste; traveling expenses of the Director and his assistants, not to exceed $250; streetcar fares, not exceeding $25; not to exceed $45 for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364); office equipment and contingent expenses; the prevention and eradication of insect and other pests and plant diseases by purchase of materials, and procurement of personal services by contract without regard to the provisions of any other Act; repair, maintenance, operation, purchase, and exchange of motor trucks, and maintenance, operation of a passenger motor vehicle; purchase of botanical books, periodicals, and books of reference, not to exceed $100; repairs and improvements to Director's residence; and all other necessary expenses; all under the direction of the Joint Committee on the Library, $20,000.

No part of the appropriations contained in this Act for the Botanic Garden shall be used for the distribution, by congressional allotment, of trees, plants, shrubs, or other nursery stock.

LIBRARY OF CONGRESS

Salaries, Library, proper: For the Librarian, the Librarian Emeritus, Chief Assistant Librarian, and other personal services, including special and temporary services and extra special services of regular employees (not exceeding $5,000) at rates to be fixed by the Librarian, $1,783,310, of which $135,000 shall be immediately available.

COPYRIGHT OFFICE

Salaries: For the Register of Copyrights, assistant register, and other personal services, $299,800.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE SERVICE

Salaries: To enable the Librarian of Congress to employ competent persons to gather, classify, and make available, in translations, indexes, digests, compilations, and bulletins, and otherwise, data for or bearing upon legislation, and to render such data serviceable to Congress, and committees and Members thereof, and for printing and binding the digests of public general bills, and including not to exceed $5,700 for employees engaged on piece work and work by the day or hour at rates to be fixed by the Librarian, $198,300: Provided, That not more than $20,000 of this sum shall be used for preparation and reproduction of copies of the Digest of General Public Bills.
DISTRIBUTION OF PRINTED CARDS

Salaries and expenses: For the distribution of printed cards and other publications of the Library, including personal services, freight charges (not exceeding $500), expressage, postage, traveling expenses connected with such distribution, expenses of attendance at meetings when incurred on the written authority and direction of the Librarian, and including not to exceed $30,000 for employees engaged in piece work and work by the day or hour and for extra special services of regular employees at rates to be fixed by the Librarian; in all, $227,900.

INDEX TO STATE LEGISLATION

Salaries and expenses: To enable the Librarian of Congress to prepare an index to the legislation of the several States, together with a supplemental digest of the more important legislation, as authorized and directed by the Act entitled “An Act providing for the preparation of a biennial index to State legislation”, approved February 10, 1927 (2 U. S. C. 164, 165), including personal and other services within and without the District of Columbia, including not to exceed $2,500 for special and temporary services at rates to be fixed by the Librarian, travel, necessary material and apparatus, and for printing and binding the indexes and digests of State legislation for official distribution only, and other printing and binding incident to the work of compilation, stationery, and incidentals, $35,000.

UNION CATALOGUES

Salaries and expenses: To continue the development and maintenance of the Union Catalogues, including personal services within and without the District of Columbia (and not to exceed $700 for special and temporary services, including extra special services of regular employees, at rates to be fixed by the Librarian), travel, necessary material and apparatus, stationery, photostat supplies, and incidentals, $44,700.

MOTION-PICTURE PROJECT

To enable the Librarian of Congress to make preliminary investigations and to prepare plans for recording, storing, and servicing of motion pictures and still photographs, including personal services, traveling expenses, rental of storage space and other necessary expenses, $11,600.

INCREASE OF THE LIBRARY OF CONGRESS

General increase of Library: For purchase of books, miscellaneous periodicals and newspapers, photo-copying supplies and photo-copying labor, and all other material for the increase of the Library, including payment in advance for subscription books and society publications, and for freight, commissions, and traveling expenses not to exceed $35,000, including expenses of attendance at meetings when incurred on the written authority and direction of the Librarian in the interest of collections, and all other expenses incidental to the acquisition of books, miscellaneous periodicals and newspapers, and all other material for the increase of the Library, by purchase, gift, bequest, or exchange, $525,000, to continue available during the fiscal year 1947.

Increase of the law library: For the purchase of books and for legal periodicals for the law library, including payment for legal society publications and for freight, commissions, traveling expenses
not to exceed $2,500, including expenses of attendance at meetings when incurred on the written authority and direction of the Librarian in the interest of collections, and all other expenses incidental to the acquisition of lawbooks, and all other material for the increase of the law library, $150,000, to continue available during the fiscal year 1947.

Books for the Supreme Court: For the purchase of books and periodicals for the Supreme Court, to be a part of the Library of Congress, and purchased by the Marshal of the Supreme Court, under the direction of the Chief Justice, $20,000.

**Books for Adult Blind**

To enable the Librarian of Congress to carry out the provisions of the Act entitled “An Act to provide books for the adult blind”, approved March 3, 1931 (2 U. S. C. 135a), as amended, $500,000, including not exceeding $30,000 for personal services, not exceeding $100,000 for books in raised characters, not exceeding $400,000 for sound-reproduction records and for the maintenance and replacement of the Government-owned reproducers for sound-reproduction records for the blind and not exceeding $1,000 for necessary traveling expenses connected with such service and for expenses of attendance at meetings when incurred on the written authority and direction of the Librarian.

**Printing and Binding**

General printing and binding: For miscellaneous printing and binding for the Library of Congress, including the Copyright Office, and the binding, rebinding, and repairing of library books, and for the Library Buildings, $319,000.

Printing the Catalogue of Title Entries of the Copyright Office: For the publication of the Catalogue of Title Entries of the Copyright Office and the decisions of the United States courts involving copyright, $20,000.

Printing catalog cards: For the printing of catalog cards and of miscellaneous publications relating to the distribution of printed cards, $260,000.

**Contingent Expenses of the Library**

For miscellaneous and contingent expenses, stationery, office supplies, stock and materials directly purchased, miscellaneous traveling expenses, postage, transportation, incidental expenses connected with the administration of the Library and Copyright Office, including not exceeding $500 for expenses of attendance at meetings when incurred on the written authority and direction of the Librarian, $86,600.

For personal services, paper, chemicals, and miscellaneous supplies necessary for the operation of the photoduplicating machines of the Library and the making of photoduplicate prints, and for the purchase of photoduplications, $24,100.

For deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail for the Library of Congress as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364), $12,500.

**Library Buildings**

Salaries: For the superintendent and other personal services, in accordance with the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, including special and temporary services and special services of regular
employees in connection with the custody, care, and maintenance of the Library Buildings in the discretion of the Librarian (not exceeding $750) at rates to be fixed by the Librarian, $314,300.

For mail, delivery, including maintenance, operation, and repair of a motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicle, telephone services, rubber boots, rubber coats, and other special clothing for employees, uniforms for guards and elevator conductors, medical supplies, equipment, and contingent expenses for the emergency room, stationery, miscellaneous supplies, and all other incidental expenses in connection with the custody and maintenance of the Library Buildings, $22,800:

Provided, That any appropriations under the control of the Librarian of Congress may be expended without reference to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (41 U. S. C. 5) in any case when the total amount of the purchase involved does not exceed the sum of $100.

LIBRARY OF CONGRESS TRUST FUND BOARD

For any expense of the Library of Congress Trust Fund Board not properly chargeable to the income of any trust fund held by the Board, $500.

Not to exceed ten positions in the Library of Congress may be exempt from the provisions of section 206 of the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, but the Librarian shall not make any appointment to any such position until he has ascertained that he cannot secure for such appointment a person in any of the three categories specified in such section 206 who possesses the special qualifications for the particular position and also otherwise meets the general requirements for employment in the Library of Congress.

GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

WORKING CAPITAL AND CONGRESSIONAL PRINTING AND BINDING

To provide the Public Printer with a working capital for the following purposes for the execution of printing, binding, lithography, mapping, engraving, and other authorized work of the Government Printing Office for the various branches of the Government: For salaries of Public Printer and Deputy Public Printer; for salaries, compensation, or wages of all necessary officers and employees additional to those herein appropriated for, including employees necessary to handle waste paper and condemned material for sale; to enable the Public Printer to comply with the provisions of law granting holidays and half holidays and Executive orders granting holidays and half holidays with pay to employees; to enable the Public Printer to comply with the provisions of law granting leave to employees with pay, such pay to be at the rate for their regular positions at the time the leave is granted; rental of buildings and equipment; fuel, gas, heat, electric current, gas and electric fixtures; bicycles, motor-propelled vehicles for the carriage of printing and printing supplies, and the maintenance, repair, and operation of the same, to be used only for official purposes, including operation, repair, and maintenance of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles for official use of the officers of the Government Printing Office when in writing ordered by the Public Printer; freight, expressage, telegraph and telephone service, furniture, typewriters, and carpets; traveling expenses, including not to exceed $3,000 for attendance at meetings or conventions when authorized by the Joint Committee on Printing; stationery, postage, and advertising; directories, technical books, newspapers, magazines, and books of reference (not exceeding $750); adding and numbering machines, time
stamps, and other machines of similar character; rubber boots, coats, and gloves; machinery (not exceeding $300,000); equipment, and for repairs to machinery, implements, and buildings, and for minor alterations to buildings; necessary equipment, maintenance, and supplies for the emergency room for the use of all employees in the Government Printing Office who may be taken suddenly ill or receive injury while on duty; other necessary contingent and miscellaneous items authorized by the Public Printer; for expenses authorized in writing by the Joint Committee on Printing for the inspection of printing and binding equipment, material, and supplies and Government printing plants in the District of Columbia or elsewhere (not exceeding $1,000); for salaries and expenses of preparing the semi-monthly and session indexes of the Congressional Record under the direction of the Joint Committee on Printing (chief indexer at $3,480, one cataloger at $3,180, two catalogers at $2,460 each, and one cataloger at $2,100); and for all the necessary labor, paper, materials, and equipment needed in the prosecution and delivery and mailing of the work; in all, $24,200,000; to which sum shall be charged the printing and binding authorized to be done for Congress including supplemental and deficiency estimates of appropriations; the printing, binding, and distribution of the Federal Register in accordance with the Act approved July 26, 1935 (44 U. S. C. 301-317) (not exceeding $500,000); for the printing and binding of the supplement to the Code of Federal Regulations for 1945, as authorized by the Act of July 26, 1935 (44 U. S. C. 311), $100,000; the printing and binding for use of the Government Printing Office; the printing and binding (not exceeding $3,000) for official use of the Architect of the Capitol upon requisition of the Secretary of the Senate; in all to an amount not exceeding $4,200,000: Provided, That not less than $20,000,000 of such working capital shall be returned to the Treasury as an unexpended balance not later than twelve months after the close of the fiscal year 1946: Provided further, That notwithstanding the provisions of section 73 of the Act of January 12, 1895 (44 U. S. C. 241), no part of the foregoing sum of $4,200,000 shall be used for printing and binding part 2 of the annual report of the Secretary of Agriculture (known as the Yearbook of Agriculture).

Printing and binding for Congress chargeable to the foregoing appropriation, when recommended to be done by the Committee on Printing of either House, shall be so recommended in a report containing an approximate estimate of the cost thereof, together with a statement from the Public Printer of estimated approximate cost of work previously ordered by Congress within the fiscal year for which this appropriation is made.

During the fiscal year 1946 any executive department or independent establishment of the Government ordering printing and binding or blank paper and supplies from the Government Printing Office shall pay promptly by check to the Public Printer upon his written request, either in advance or upon completion of the work, all or part of the estimated or actual cost thereof, as the case may be, and bills rendered by the Public Printer in accordance herewith shall not be subject to audit or certification in advance of payment: Provided, That proper adjustments on the basis of the actual cost of delivered work paid for in advance shall be made monthly or quarterly and as may be agreed upon by the Public Printer and the department or establishment concerned. All sums paid to the Public Printer for work that he is authorized by law to do; all sums received from sales of wastepaper, other waste material, and condemned property; and for losses or damage to Government property; shall be deposited to the credit,
Employees detailed for service in executive branch.

42 Stat. 1488.

Books for depository libraries.

Definitive Writings of George Washington.

58 Stat. 394.

59 Stat. 675.
28 Stat. 601.
44 U.S.C., § 41 et seq.
60 Stat. 354.

Annual, etc., reports; discontinuance of printing.

Original copies.

Private vehicles.


on the books of the Treasury Department, of the appropriation made for the working capital of the Government Printing Office for the year in which the work is done, and be subject to requisition by the Public Printer.

No part of any money appropriated in this Act shall be paid to any person employed in the Government Printing Office while detailed for or performing service in the executive branch of the public service of the United States unless such detail be authorized by law.

OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT OF DOCUMENTS

Salaries: For the Superintendent of Documents, assistant superintendent, and other personal services in accordance with the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, and compensation of employees who shall be subject to the provisions of the Act entitled “An Act to regulate and fix rates of pay for employees and officers of the Government Printing Office”, approved June 7, 1924 (44 U.S.C. 40), $1,045,000.

General expenses: For furniture and fixtures, typewriters, carpets, labor-saving machines and accessories, time stamps, adding and numbering machines, awnings, curtains, books of reference; directories, books, miscellaneous office and desk supplies, paper, twine, glue, envelopes, postage, carfares, soap, towels, disinfectants, and ice; drainage, express, freight, telephone, and telegraph service; traveling expenses (not to exceed $200); repairs to buildings, elevators, and machinery; rental of equipment; preserving sanitary condition of building; light, heat, and power; stationery and office printing, including blanks, price lists, bibliographies, catalogs, and indexes; for supplying books to depository libraries; in all, $345,000: Provided, That no part of this sum shall be used to supply to depository libraries any documents, books, or other printed matter not requested by such libraries, and the requests therefor shall be subject to approval by the Superintendent of Documents: Provided further, That the Superintendent of Documents shall furnish, from the quota that was printed for sale, two complete sets of Definitive Writings of George Washington to each Senator, Representative, Delegate, and Resident Commissioner, serving during the Seventy-eighth Congress, who makes written application therefor.

COST OF HANDLING PENALTY MAIL, GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

For deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail of the Government Printing Office as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364), $353,000.

Sec. 102. Purchases may be made from the foregoing appropriations under the “Government Printing Office”, as provided for in the Printing Act approved January 12, 1895, and without reference to section 4 of the Act approved June 17, 1910 (41 U.S.C. 7), concerning purchases for executive departments.

Sec. 103. In order to keep the expenditures for printing and binding for the fiscal year 1946 within or under the appropriations for such fiscal year, the heads of the various executive departments and independent establishments are authorized to discontinue the printing of annual or special reports under their respective jurisdictions: Provided, That where the printing of such reports is discontinued the original copy thereof shall be kept on file in the offices of the heads of the respective departments or independent establishments for public inspection.

Sec. 104. No part of the funds appropriated in this Act shall be used for the maintenance or care of private vehicles.
SEC. 105. Whenever any office or position not specifically established by the Legislative Pay Act of 1920 is appropriated for herein or whenever the rate of compensation or designation of any position appropriated for herein is different from that specifically established for such position by such Act, the rate of compensation and the designation of the position, or either, appropriated for or provided herein shall be the permanent law with respect thereto; and the authority for any position specifically established by such Act which is not specifically appropriated for herein shall cease to exist.

SEC. 106. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be paid as compensation to any person appointed after June 30, 1935, as an officer or member of the Capitol Police who does not meet the standards to be prescribed for such appointees by the Capitol Police Board: Provided, That the Capitol Police Board is hereby authorized to detail police from the House Office, Senate Office, and Capitol Buildings for police duty on the Capitol Grounds.

SEC. 107. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used to pay the salary or wages of any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided, That any person who advocates or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence and accepts employment, the salary or wages for which are paid from any appropriation contained in this Act, shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than $1,000 and imprisoned for not more than one year, or both: Provided further, That the above penalty clause shall be in addition to, and not in substitution for, any other provisions of existing law.

SEC. 108. This Act may be cited as the "Legislative Branch Appropriation Act, 1946".

Approved June 13, 1945.

[CHAPTER 190]

AN ACT

To further extend the effectiveness of the Act approved December 17, 1941, relating to additional safeguards to the radio communications service of ships of the United States, as amended, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act entitled "An Act to provide additional safeguards to the radio communications service of ships of the United States in the interest of national defense, and for other purposes", approved December 17, 1941 (55 Stat. 808), as amended (57 Stat. 244; U. S. C., 1940 edition, Supp. III, title 47, sec. 353, note), is hereby further amended by striking out the words "During the period until July 1, 1945, or until such earlier time as the Congress by concurrent resolution may designate," and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "During the period ending with the termination of the present wars as determined by proclamation of the President or concurrent resolution of Congress, whichever is earlier, or until such date prior to such termination as the Congress by concurrent resolution may designate;".

Approved June 13, 1945.
[CHAPTER 192]  

[Public Law 87]  

AN ACT  

To amend the Act entitled "An Act to expedite the provisions of housing in connection with national defense, and for other purposes", approved October 14, 1940, as amended.  

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act entitled "An Act to expedite the provision of housing in connection with the national defense, and for other purposes", approved October 14, 1940, as amended (U. S. C., 1940 edition, Supp. III, title 42, secs. 1921 et seq.), is hereby amended by adding, after section 404, the following new title:  

"TITLE V  

HOUSING FOR DISTRESSED FAMILIES OF SERVICEMEN AND VETERANS WITH FAMILIES  

"Sec. 501. In those areas or localities where the Administrator shall find that an acute shortage of housing exists or impends and that, because of war restrictions, permanent housing cannot be provided in sufficient quantities when needed, the Administrator is authorized to exercise all of the powers specified in titles I and III of this Act, subject to all of the limitations upon the exercise of such powers contained in such titles, to provide housing for distressed families of servicemen and for veterans and their families who are affected by evictions or other unusual hardships (where their needs cannot be met through utilization of the existing housing supply, including housing under the jurisdiction of the Administrator):  

Provided, That any housing constructed under the provisions of this title V shall be undertaken only where the need cannot be met by moving existing housing and shall be of a temporary character subject to the removal provisions contained in title III of this Act:  

And provided further, That the Administrator shall fix fair rentals for housing constructed or made available pursuant to this title V which shall be within the financial reach of families of servicemen and veterans with families.  

"Sec. 502. To carry out the purposes of this title V, and for administrative expenses in connection therewith, any funds made available under title I of this Act are hereby made available.  

"Sec. 503. As used in this title V the term 'families of servicemen' shall include the family of any person who is serving in the military or naval forces of the United States, and the term 'veterans' shall include any person who has served in the military or naval forces of the United States during the present war and who has been discharged or released therefrom under conditions other than dishonorable."  

Approved June 23, 1945.  

[CHAPTER 193]  

[Public Law 88]  

AN ACT  

To permit the continuation of certain subsidy payments and certain purchase and sale operations by corporations created pursuant to section 6d (3) of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation Act, as amended, and for other purposes.  

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the last paragraph of section 2 (e) of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended by the Stabilization Extension Act of 1944, shall not apply, with respect to operations for the fiscal year ending June 30,
1946, to corporations created or operations authorized to be performed pursuant to section 5d (3) of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation Act, as amended; Provided, That with respect to such corporations and such operations the making of subsidy payments and buying for resale at a loss shall be limited as follows:

(a) Payments or purchases may be made after June 30, 1945, in such amounts as may be necessary to fulfill obligations incurred prior to July 1, 1945, with respect to 1945 and prior fiscal year activities.

(b) Payments and purchases may be made with respect to operations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, which involve subsidies and anticipated losses as follows:

1. With respect to materials or commodities, other than rubber and rubber products, produced outside the United States, in an amount not to exceed $80,000,000;
2. With respect to rubber and rubber products produced outside the United States, in an amount not to exceed $60,000,000;
3. With respect to materials or commodities produced within the United States, as follows:
   (A) Meat in an amount not to exceed $595,000,000;
   (B) Butter in an amount not to exceed $100,000,000;
   (C) Flour in an amount not to exceed $190,000,000;
   (D) Petroleum and petroleum products in an amount not to exceed $290,000,000;
   (E) Copper, lead, and zinc, in the form of premium payments, in an amount not to exceed $58,000,000; and
   (F) Other materials or commodities in an amount not to exceed $100,000,000:

Provided, That in the event the entire amount of any of the above allocations is not required for its purpose, the unused portion of such allocation, may be used for making such payments on and purchases of any other item or items enumerated in this Act, as may be determined by the Director of Economic Stabilization: Provided further, That the premium price plan for copper, lead, and zinc shall be extended until June 30, 1946, on the same terms as heretofore, except that all classes of premiums shall be noncancelable unless necessary in order to make individual adjustments of income to specific mines; and that the Metals Reserve Company shall purchase during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, at its 1944 price schedule, bauxite produced from such of the underground mines as supplied bauxite to the Metals Reserve Company during 1944 and in such quantities as the Bureau of Mines determines as being subject to permanent loss if not removed prior to June 30, 1946, but not to exceed, however, five hundred thousand long tons.

Sec. 2. Any slaughterer who heretofore or hereafter shall have received extra compensation payments under Livestock Slaughter Payments Regulation Numbered 3 of Defense Supplies Corporation (adopted pursuant to directives of the Director of Economic Stabilization) when such slaughterer was not in a class eligible for such extra compensation payments, shall be relieved, in whole or in part, of obligation to repay the amount thereof and shall be entitled to receive, in whole or in part, the amount of such extra compensation payments repaid by such slaughterer to, or withheld by Defense Supplies Corporation on account of such extra compensation payments, to the extent that it is determined by the Director of Economic Stabilization, or any agency of the Government authorized by him, that it would be inequitable for Defense Supplies Corporation to require repayment by such slaughterer or to retain the amounts so repaid or withheld, provided such Director or agency also determines that such slaughterer believed reasonably and in good faith that he was eligible
AN ACT

June 29, 1945
[87 Stat. 58]

To amend an Act entitled "An Act authorizing the temporary appointment or advancement of certain personnel of the Navy and Marine Corps, and for other purposes", approved July 24, 1941, as amended, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act entitled "An Act authorizing the temporary appointment or advancement of certain personnel of the Navy and Marine Corps, and for other purposes", approved July 24, 1941 (55 Stat. 603), as amended (U. S. C., 1940 edition, Supp. IV, title 34, sec. 350 and the following), is hereby amended by adding the following new subsection (c) to section 2 of said Act:

"(c) Officers on the retired list of the Regular Navy may, while on active duty, be temporarily appointed to ranks or grades in a different branch or corps of the Regular Navy without loss of or prejudice to any rights, benefits, privileges, and gratuities enjoyed by them by virtue of their former status."

SEC. 2. Said Act of July 24, 1941, as amended, is further amended by striking out the period at the end of section 11 (a) of said Act and inserting in lieu thereof a colon and the following: "Provided, That officers on the retired list of the Naval Reserve with pay pursuant to provisions of the Act entitled `An Act making appropriations for the naval service for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and nineteen, and for other purposes', approved July 1, 1918, may, while on active duty, be temporarily appointed to ranks or grades in a different branch or corps of the Naval Reserve under the authority of this Act without loss of or prejudice to any rights, benefits, privileges, and gratuities enjoyed by them by virtue of their former status."

Approved June 29, 1945.

AN ACT

June 29, 1945
[87 Stat. 118]

Authorizing the Secretary of the Interior to convey certain lands on the Gila reclamation project, Arizona, to the University of Arizona.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to cause a patent to issue conveying the west half southwest quarter, section 28, township 9 south, range 23 west, Gila and Salt River meridian, Arizona, to the board of regents of the University of Arizona, for use by the University as an agricultural experimental farm; but in said patent there shall be reserved to the United States all oil, coal, and other mineral deposits within said lands and the right to prospect for, mine, and remove the same and a perpetual right-of-way for ditches, canals, laterals, transmission lines, telephone lines, and roadway constructed by or under authority of the United States.

SEC. 2. The conveyance herein authorized shall be made upon the express condition that if the terms of the grant have not been complied with, the grant shall be held to be forfeited and the title shall...
revert to the United States, and the Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized and empowered to determine the facts and declare such forfeiture and such reversion and restore said land to the public domain, and such order of the Secretary shall be final and conclusive.

Approved June 29, 1945.

[CHAPTER 196]

AN ACT
To repeal section 3 of the Act approved April 13, 1938, as amended, relating to hops.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 3 of the Act entitled “An Act to amend the Agricultural Adjustment Act, as amended, by including hops as a commodity to which orders under such Act are applicable”, approved April 13, 1938, as amended (U. S. C., 1940 edition, Supp. III, title 7, sec. 608c-1), is hereby repealed.

Approved June 29, 1945.

[CHAPTER 197]

AN ACT
To amend the National Defense Act, as amended, so as to eliminate provisions for retirement of wing commanders of the Air Corps.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the fourth sentence of section 4c of the Act entitled “An Act for making further and more effectual provision for the national defense, and for other purposes”, approved June 3, 1916, as amended by the Act of June 4, 1920 (41 Stat. 762), and as amended by the Act of May 12, 1939 (53 Stat. 740), and as amended by the Act of October 14, 1940 (54 Stat. 1116), is further amended to read as follows: “Any officer who shall have served four years as chief or assistant chief of a branch or as commanding general of the General Headquarters Air Force and who may subsequently be retired, shall be retired with the rank, pay, and allowances authorized by law for the highest grade held by him as such chief, assistant chief, or commanding general: Provided, That this provision shall not reduce the rank, pay, or allowances with which such officer would otherwise be entitled to retire.”

Approved June 29, 1945.

[CHAPTER 198]

AN ACT
To provide for designation of the United States Veterans' Administration hospital at Sioux Falls, South Dakota, as the Royal C. Johnson Veterans Memorial Hospital.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the proposed United States Veterans' Administration hospital at Sioux Falls, South Dakota, shall be known and designated on the public records as the Royal C. Johnson Veterans Memorial Hospital.

Approved June 29, 1945.
[CHAPTER 199] AN ACT

June 29, 1945

To remove the limitation on the right to command of officers of the Dental Corps of the Army which limits such officers to command in that corps.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act entitled "An Act making appropriation for the support of the Army for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and twelve", approved March 3, 1911, is amended by striking out from the fourth paragraph under the heading "Medical Department" the sentence which reads: "Their right to command shall be limited to the dental corps" (96 Stat. 1054; 10 U. S. C. 193).

Approved June 29, 1945.

[CHAPTER 200] JOINT RESOLUTION

June 29, 1945

Extending the time for the release of powers of appointment for the purposes of certain provisions of the Internal Revenue Code.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 403 (d) (3) of the Revenue Act of 1942 (relating to the release of certain powers of appointment) is amended by striking out "July 1, 1945" wherever it appears and inserting in lieu thereof "July 1, 1946"; and section 452 (c) of the Revenue Act of 1942 is amended to read as follows:

"(c) Release Before July 1, 1946.—

"(1) A release of a power to appoint before July 1, 1946, shall not be deemed a transfer of property by the individual possessing such power.

"(2) This subsection shall apply to all calendar years prior to 1946 and to that part of the calendar year 1946 prior to July 1, 1946."

SEC. 2. Section 501 (c) of the Revenue Act of 1932 as added by section 502 (b) of the Revenue Act of 1943, relating to certain discretionary trusts, is amended by striking out the words "on or after January 1, 1939, and" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "on or after January 1, 1939, and" and "and" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "on or after January 1, 1939, and".

Approved June 29, 1945.

[CHAPTER 201] AN ACT

June 29, 1945

Authorizing the State of Alabama to lease or sell and convey all or any part of the Salt Springs land granted to said State by the Act of March 2, 1919.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the State of Alabama shall be, and is hereby, authorized and empowered to lease or sell and convey, in such manner and on such terms and conditions as the legislature of said State has directed or may direct, the whole or any part of the Salt Springs land granted to said State for its use by the Act entitled "An Act to enable the people of Alabama Territory to form a constitution and State government, and for the admission of such State into the Union on an equal footing with the original States", approved March 2, 1919, and to apply the proceeds of such lease or leases, sale or sales, or conveyances or conveyances to such objects as the legislature of said State has directed or may in the future direct.

Approved June 29, 1945.
AN ACT

Authorizing an appropriation to carry out the provisions of the Act of May 3, 1928 (45 Stat. 484), and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there is hereby authorized to be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury of the United States not otherwise appropriated, the sum of $101,630 for payment to certain individual Sioux Indians, their heirs, or devisees, in full settlement and satisfaction of their claims against the United States for personal property losses as found and determined by the Secretary of the Interior on November 4, 1944, pursuant to the Act of May 3, 1928 (45 Stat. 484): Provided, That the Secretary may make corrections in his findings to eliminate or modify awards where overlapping or duplications exist: Provided further, That the Secretary is authorized and directed to determine what attorney or attorneys have rendered services of value on behalf of the said Indian claimants as a class, and to pay such attorney or attorneys the reasonable value of such services not to exceed, in the aggregate, 10 per centum of the amount appropriated above, which payment shall be in full for all services rendered by such attorney or attorneys to said claimants.

SEC. 2. The Secretary, or his duly authorized representative, under such rules and regulations as the Secretary may prescribe, is authorized and directed to distribute the amounts awarded to said claimants and to ascertain the heirs or devisees of deceased claimants. In addition, an additional $10,000 is hereby authorized to be appropriated to be available until expended.

SEC. 3. Every claim or demand for payment of the individual awards made pursuant to said Act of May 3, 1928, shall be forever barred unless such claim or demand shall be filed with the Office of Indian Affairs within ten years after the date of the approval of this Act. The Secretary of the Interior shall cause diligent investigation and inquiry to be made for the purpose of identifying all persons entitled to share in the distribution of any such award, including the heirs or devisees of deceased claimants. As soon as possible after the termination of the time allowed by this section, the Secretary shall certify to the Department of the Treasury the amounts of the individual awards made pursuant to said Act of May 3, 1928, which remain unpaid by reason of no claim or demand having been filed, or by reason of the death of the claimant intestate and without heirs, or by reason of inability to identify any person entitled to receive distribution of the award. All amounts so certified shall revert to the United States and be covered into the surplus fund of the Treasury.

Approved June 30, 1945.
National farm loan associations.

Loan committees.

39 Stat. 368.

New members.

Appraisal.


Investigation as to applicant's character, etc.

Ante, p. 205.

Security offered; report.


Notice to applicant as to amount and terms of loan.

Condition.

Reports to Federal land bank.

Reference of application to appraiser.


follows: "The secretary-treasurer shall be eligible for membership on the loan committee. The board of directors may empower (a) the loan committee to elect applicants to membership and (b) any three members of said committee to act as the loan committee in approving loans on behalf of the association and in electing applicants to membership in the association. No action by the loan committee shall be valid where the full committee is acting unless unanimously approved by all members or where any three of its members are acting as herein provided unless approved by all such members."

(b) The first sentence of the fifth paragraph of section 9 of the Federal Farm Loan Act, as amended (title 12, U. S. C. 745), is further amended by inserting after the words "by a majority vote of the directors" the following: "or by the loan committee where said committee has been empowered to elect applicants to membership, and".

Sec. 2. The first, second, and third paragraphs of section 10 of the Federal Farm Loan Act, as amended (title 12, U. S. C. 751, 752, and 753), are further amended to read as follows:

"Whenever an application for a mortgage loan is made to a national farm-loan association, the loan committee provided for in section 7 of this Act shall forthwith make, or cause to be made, such investigation as it may deem necessary as to the character and solvency of the applicant, and the sufficiency of the security offered. The committee may request a report on the value of the security by a land bank appraiser appointed under the authority of section 3 of this Act, in which event such an appraiser shall investigate and make a written report to the association upon the security offered. The committee shall cause written report to be made of the results of such investigation or investigations as it has required to be made and shall, if it concurs in such report, approve the same in writing. No loan shall be made unless the report of the committee is favorable. After the investigation required in this paragraph has been made, the association has requested and received a report upon the value of the security by a land bank appraiser, and the loan committee has reached an agreement as to the amount and terms of the loan which may be offered to the applicant, if such amount is not in excess of 65 per centum of the normal value of the security offered as determined by said appraiser the secretary-treasurer may notify the applicant of the amount and terms of the loan approved by the loan committee: Provided, That any such notice shall contain a statement that the amount and terms of the loan offered to the applicant are subject to and conditioned upon subsequent approval or disapproval by the Federal land bank.

"The written report required in the preceding paragraph, together with any report made by a land bank appraiser, shall be submitted to the Federal land bank with the application for the loan, and the land bank shall examine said written report when it passes on the loan application which it accompanies, but it shall not be bound by the value placed upon the property by the loan committee.

"Before any mortgage loan is made by any Federal land bank, or joint-stock land bank, it shall refer the application to one or more of the land bank appraisers appointed under the authority of section 3 of this Act, and such appraiser or appraisers shall investigate and make a written report on the security offered for said loan: Provided, That if a land bank appraiser has made a report on said security to the national farm-loan association, the Federal land bank need not request an additional report. No such loan shall be made by said land bank unless the written report of the land bank appraiser is favorable."
SEC. 3. The last sentence of the first paragraph of section 4 of the Federal Farm Loan Act, as amended (title 12, U. S. C. 672), is further amended to read as follows:

"Loans made by each such branch bank shall be subject to the restrictions and provisions of this Act, except that each such branch bank may loan direct to borrowers, and, subject to such regulations as the Farm Credit Administration may prescribe, the rate charged borrowers may be 1½ per centum in excess of the rate borne by the last preceding issue of farm loan bonds of the Federal land bank with which such branch bank is connected: Provided, That no loan shall be made in Puerto Rico or Alaska by such branch bank for a longer term than twenty years."

SEC. 4. Section 12 of the Federal Farm Loan Act, as amended (title 12, U. S. C. 771), is further amended as follows:

(a) Paragraph "Second" thereof is amended by inserting immediately after the second colon the following: "And provided further, That under the rules and regulations of the Farm Credit Administration any land bank may agree, at the time a loan is made or thereafter, that the mortgagor may make such payments or portions of payments in advance or pay the entire principal of such loan during the first five years the loan is in effect:"

(b) Subparagraph (d) of paragraph "Fourth" thereof is amended by striking out "incurred prior to January 1, 1937" and inserting in lieu thereof "incurred at least two years prior to the date of the application for the loan."

(c) The first paragraph of subparagraph "Fifth" thereof is amended to read as follows:

"No such loan shall exceed 65 per centum of the normal value of the farm mortgaged, said value to be ascertained by appraisal, as provided in section 10 of this Act. In making said appraisal the value of the farm for agricultural purposes shall be the basis of appraisal and the normal earning power of said farm shall be a principal factor."

(d) Paragraph "Ninth" thereof is amended by striking out "the rate of 8 per centum per annum" in the first and second sentences of said paragraph and inserting in lieu thereof "a rate not exceeding 6 per centum per annum."

SEC. 5. Paragraph "Seventh" of section 13 of the Federal Farm Loan Act, as amended (title 12, U. S. C. 781), is further amended to read as follows:

"To borrow money severally, or jointly and severally with one or more other Federal land banks, to give security therefor, and to pay interest thereon."

SEC. 6. Paragraph "Eighth" of section 13 of the Federal Farm Loan Act, as amended (title 12, U. S. C. 781), is amended to read as follows:

"To buy and sell United States Government obligations direct or fully guaranteed; and to purchase and acquire from the Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation notes and mortgages representing loans made by the Land Bank Commissioner pursuant to section 32 of the Emergency Farm Mortgage Act of 1933, as amended (title 12, U. S. C. 1016), upon farm property situated in the farm credit district in which said bank is located, and purchase money mortgages and contracts for the sale of farms held by the Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation in connection with the sale of farm property situated in such district: Provided, That no such note and mortgage, purchase-money mortgage, or contract shall be purchased pursuant hereto unless (1) the unpaid balance of the indebtedness represented or secured thereby, together with any indebtedness to the Federal..."
land bank secured by a prior mortgage on the property, does not exceed 6½ per centum of the normal value of the farm as determined upon appraisal made pursuant to the Federal Farm Loan Act; (2) the borrower acquires such stock in a national farm loan association, in addition to any available stock which he may already own, as may be necessary to constitute an amount equal to one share of stock for each $100 of the unpaid balance of the indebtedness represented or secured by the note and mortgage, purchase-money mortgage, or contract being purchased and acquired, together with the indebtedness secured by any prior lien on the property in favor of the Federal land bank; (3) the national farm loan association in which such stock is held elects the borrower to membership, if not already a member, and agrees to be liable for the indebtedness secured by the note and mortgage, purchase-money mortgage, or contract being purchased and acquired; and (4) the land bank takes such action, if any, as may be necessary to reduce the rate of interest on the indebtedness secured by the mortgage, purchase-money mortgage, or contract acquired or purchased to the same rate of interest the bank is charging on first-mortgage loans which it is then making.”

SEC. 7. Section 13 of the Federal Farm Loan Act, as amended (title 12, U. S. C. 781), is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

“Nineteenth. To permit any borrower to defer payment of the principal portions of installments on his loan in order that he may pay, in whole or in part, any indebtedness which is secured by a lien junior to the lien of the bank upon the farm land mortgaged to secure his loan.”

SEC. 8. Section 19 of the Federal Farm Loan Act, as amended (title 12, U. S. C. 851–857), is further amended by striking out the last paragraph and substituting in lieu thereof the following:

“Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act to the contrary, on and after the effective date of this paragraph, subject to the approval of the Farm Credit Administration, any Federal land bank may deposit with the farm-loan registrar of the district, and it shall be the duty of said registrar to accept, as collateral security for farm-loan bonds, either originally or by substitution, (a) United States Government obligations direct or fully guaranteed, and (b) notes secured by mortgages or purchase money mortgages on farms, or contracts for the sale of farms; provided any such mortgage, purchase money mortgage, or contract constitutes a first lien on the farm, or its equivalent from a security standpoint as determined by the Farm Credit Administration, and the unpaid balance thereof at the time of acceptance is not in excess of 6½ per centum of the normal value of the farm, as determined upon appraisal made pursuant to the Federal Farm Loan Act.”

SEC. 9. The first paragraph of section 20 of the Federal Farm Loan Act, as amended (title 12, U. S. C. 861), is further amended by striking out the first two sentences thereof and substituting in lieu thereof the following:

“Bonds provided for in this Act shall be issued in such amounts, denominations, and bear such terms as the Farm Credit Administration may authorize; they shall have a specified maturity, but may, in addition, when stated in the bonds, be redeemable, at the option of the land bank, at an earlier specified date or dates.”

SEC. 10. (a) The fourth paragraph of section 21 of the Federal Farm Loan Act, as amended (title 12, U. S. C. 874), is further amended by striking out the following: “of United States Government bonds, or first mortgages on farm lands” and substituting in lieu thereof the following: “prescribed by the Federal Farm Loan Act, as amended”.
(b) The tenth paragraph of section 21 of the Federal Farm Loan Act, as amended (title 12, U. S. C. 880), is further amended by striking out the following: “consisting of obligations of the United States Government, or first mortgages on farm lands” and substituting in lieu thereof the following: “prescribed by the Federal Farm Loan Act, as amended”.

Sec. 11. The fourth sentence of section 32 of the Emergency Farm Mortgage Act of 1933, as amended (title 12, U. S. C. 1016 (c)), is further amended by striking out the following words: “interest on unpaid principal at a rate of not to exceed 5 per centum per annum” and substituting therefor the following words: “interest on unpaid principal at a rate of 1 per centum per annum higher than the rate on loans through national farm loan associations made at the same time by the Federal land bank in the farm credit district in which the security for the loan under this section is located: Provided, however, That loans guaranteed under title III of the Servicemen’s Readjustment Act of 1944 may be made at such lower rate as may be necessary to qualify them for such guaranty”.

Sec. 12. Section 32 of the Emergency Farm Mortgage Act of 1933, as amended (title 12, U. S. C. 1016), is further amended by adding after the fourth sentence thereof a new sentence reading as follows: “The instruments under which each loan under this section is made and security given therefor shall provide that if at any time it shall appear to the lender that the borrower may be able to obtain a Federal land bank loan on the mortgaged property, the borrower shall, on request of the lender, apply for a Federal land bank loan to pay off the loan under this section, and shall accept such loan as may be offered to him by the Federal land bank, if sufficient in amount to pay the loan under this section and pay for any stock which it is necessary for him to purchase in obtaining the loan from the Federal land bank”.

Sec. 13. The tenth sentence of section 32 of the Emergency Farm Mortgage Act of 1933, as amended (title 12, U. S. C. 1016), is amended by striking out “July 1, 1945” wherever it appears therein and inserting in lieu thereof “July 1, 1946”.

Sec. 14. The last two sentences of section 3 of the Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation Act (title 12, U. S. C. 1020b) are hereby amended to read as follows: “The Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation is authorized to repay to the Secretary of the Treasury on behalf of the United States all amounts in excess of $50,000,000 heretofore subscribed to the capital stock of the Corporation. The proceeds of such repayment shall be held in the Treasury of the United States as a fund available for subscription, by the Governor on behalf of the United States with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, to the capital of the Corporation when, in the judgment of the directors of the Corporation, additional subscriptions to its capital are necessary.”

Sec. 15. Section 4 (b) of the Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation Act, as amended (title 12, U. S. C. 1020d), is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following: “The Corporation is authorized and empowered to sell and assign, without recourse and without warranty, its notes and mortgages representing loans made by the Land Bank Commissioner pursuant to section 32 of the Emergency Farm Mortgage Act of 1933, as amended (title 12 U. S. C. 1016), to the Federal land bank located in the farm credit district in which the mortgaged farm properties are situated, and to sell and assign in like manner purchase money mortgages and contracts for the sale of farms held by the Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation in connection with the sale of farm property situated in such district.”
Loans for stock in cooperative association.

58 Stat. 292.

Separability.

Effective date.

To continue in effect section 6 of the Act of July 2, 1940 (54 Stat. 714), as amended, relating to the exportation of certain commodities.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 6 of the Act of July 2, 1940 (54 Stat. 714), as amended by the Act of June 30, 1942 (56 Stat. 463), and the Act of July 1, 1944 (Public Law 397, Seventy-eighth Congress), is hereby further amended by deleting from subsection (d) thereof the words "June 30, 1945" and substituting therefor the words "June 30, 1946".

Approved June 30, 1945.

[CHAPTER 206] AN ACT

Authorizing the Postmaster General to continue to use post-office clerks and city letter carriers interchangeably.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act approved November 4, 1943 (57 Stat. 586), entitled "An Act authorizing the Postmaster General to use post-office clerks and city letter carriers interchangeably" is amended by substituting the date "June 30, 1945" for the date "June 30, 1946" appearing in the second section thereof.

Approved June 30, 1945.

[CHAPTER 207] AN ACT

To amend section 3 of the Act entitled "An Act to authorize the President to requisition certain articles and materials for the use of the United States, and for other purposes", approved October 10, 1940, as amended, for the purpose of continuing it in effect.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 3 of the Act entitled "An Act to authorize the President to requisition certain articles and materials for the use of the United States, and for other purposes", approved October 10, 1940 (54 Stat. 1090), as
amended by the Acts of July 2, 1942 (56 Stat. 467, Public Law 643, Seventy-seventh Congress), and June 28, 1944 (Public Law 379, Seventy-eighth Congress), is amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 3. The authority granted in this Act shall remain in force until June 30, 1946, or until such earlier time as the Congress by concurrent resolution or the President by proclamation may designate."

Approved June 30, 1945.

[CHAPTER 208]

AN ACT

To amend the Act entitled "An Act to authorize the President of the United States to requisition property required for the defense of the United States", approved October 16, 1941, as amended, for the purpose of continuing it in effect.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first sentence of the first section of the Act entitled "An Act to authorize the President of the United States to requisition property required for the defense of the United States", approved October 16, 1941 (55 Stat. 742), as amended by the Acts of March 27, 1942 (56 Stat. 176, title VI, Public Law 507, Seventy-seventh Congress), June 30, 1943 (57 Stat. 271, Public Law 104, Seventy-eighth Congress), and June 28, 1944 (Public Law 378, Seventy-eighth Congress), is hereby amended by striking out the date "June 30, 1945" and inserting in lieu thereof "June 30, 1946."

Sec. 2. Section 2 of the Act of October 16, 1941 (55 Stat. 742), as amended, is hereby amended by striking out the date "December 31, 1945" and inserting in lieu thereof "December 31, 1946."

Approved June 30, 1945.

[CHAPTER 209]

AN ACT

Making appropriations for the government of the District of Columbia and other activities chargeable in whole or in part against the revenues of such District for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there are appropriated for the District of Columbia for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, out of (1) the general fund of the District of Columbia, hereinafter known as the general fund, such fund being composed of the revenues of the District of Columbia other than those applied by law to special funds, and $8,000,000, which is hereby appropriated for the purpose out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated (to be advanced July 1, 1945), (2) the highway fund, established by law (D. C. Code, title 47, ch. 19), and (3) the water fund, established by law (D. C. Code, title 43, ch. 15), sums as follows:

From the general fund: All sums appropriated under the following heads: General administration, fiscal service, compensation and retirement fund expenses, District debt service (excluding those items designated as payable from the highway and water funds), public works investment fund, regulatory agencies, public schools, Public Library, Recreation Department, Metropolitan Police, Fire Department, policemen's and firemen's relief, courts, Health Department, public welfare, public works (excluding those items designated as payable from the highway and water funds), National Guard, National Capital Parks, National Capital Park and Planning Commission, and National Zoological Park;
From the highway fund: All sums appropriated under District debt service and public works designated as payable from the highway fund; and

From the water fund: All sums appropriated under District debt service, public works, and Washington aqueduct, designated as payable from the water fund; namely:

GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

For all expenses necessary for the offices named under this general head, including, in addition to the objects specified respectfully under each head, personal services; lawbooks, books of reference, periodicals, and newspapers; and printing and binding:

Executive office, plus so much as may be necessary to compensate the Engineer Commissioner at such rate in grade 8 of the professional service of the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, as may be determined by the Board of Commissioners of the District of Columbia, hereafter in this Act referred to as the Commissioners; $10,500 for examination of estimates of appropriations without regard to the civil-service and classification laws; payment of dues and expenses of attendance at meetings of organizations concerned with the work of the District of Columbia government when authorized by the Commissioners; $250 to aid in support of the National Conference of Commissioners on Uniform State Laws; general advertising in newspapers and legal periodicals in the District of Columbia but not elsewhere, unless the need for advertising outside the District of Columbia shall have been specifically approved by the Commissioners, including notices of public hearings, publication of orders and regulations, tax and school notices, and notices of changes in regulations; and $20,000 for expenses in case of emergency, such as riot, pestilence, public insanitary conditions, flood, fire, or storm, and for expenses of investigations; $169,200: Provided, That the certificate of the Commissioners shall be sufficient voucher for the expenditure of $1,500 of this appropriation for such purposes as they may deem necessary.

Office of the corporation counsel, including extra compensation for the corporation counsel as general counsel of the Public Utilities Commission; $4,500 for the settlement of claims not in excess of $250 each, approved by the Commissioners in accordance with the Act approved February 11, 1929 (45 Stat. 1160), as amended by the Act approved June 5, 1930 (46 Stat. 500); and judicial expenses, including witness fees and expert services, in District of Columbia cases before the courts of the United States and of the District of Columbia; $140,200.

Board of Tax Appeals, $16,600.

FISCAL SERVICE

For all expenses necessary for the offices named under this general head, including, in addition to the objects specified respectively under each head, personal services; books of reference, periodicals, and newspapers; and printing and binding:

Assessor's office, including advertising notice of taxes in arrears July 1, 1943, to be reimbursed by a charge of 75 cents for each lot or piece of property advertised, $420,000: Provided, That this appropriation shall not be available for the payment of advertising the delinquent tax list for more than once a week for two weeks in the regular issue of one newspaper published in the District of Columbia.

Collector's office, including refunding, wholly or in part, erroneous payments of taxes, special assessments, school tuition charges, payment
for lost library books, rents, fines, fees, or collections of any character, which have been erroneously covered into the Treasury to the credit of the general fund, including the refunding of fees paid for building permits authorized by the District of Columbia Appropriation Act approved March 2, 1911 (36 Stat. 367); $196,700. Provided, That this appropriation shall be available for such refunds of payments made within the past three years.

Auditor’s office, including $2,000 for the employment of a real estate expert without regard to the civil-service and classification laws, $225,400.

Purchasing Division, $64,300.

COMPENSATION AND RETIREMENT FUND EXPENSES

For compensation and retirement fund expenses, as follows:

District government employees’ compensation: For carrying out the provisions of section 11 of the District of Columbia Appropriation Act approved July 11, 1919, authorizing compensation for employees of the government of the District of Columbia suffering injuries while in the performance of their duties, $62,000.

Workmen’s compensation, administrative expenses: For reimbursement to the Employees’ Compensation Commission for administration of the law providing compensation for disability or death resulting from injury to employees in certain employments in the District of Columbia, $86,550.

District government employees’ retirement: For financing of the liability of the government of the District of Columbia, created by the Act approved May 22, 1920, as amended (5 U. S. C. 707a), $1,220,000, which amount shall be placed to the credit of the “Civil service retirement and disability fund”.

DISTRICT DEBT SERVICE

For reimbursement to the United States of funds loaned, in compliance with section 4 of the Act of May 29, 1930 (46 Stat. 482), as amended, $122,000.

District debt service (payable from highway fund): For reimbursement to the United States of funds loaned, including interest as required, in compliance with sections 3 and 4 of the Act of December 20, 1941 (55 Stat. 847), as amended, $44,000.

District debt service (payable from water fund): For reimbursement to the United States of funds loaned, including interest as required, in compliance with sections 3 and 4 of the Act of December 20, 1941 (55 Stat. 847), as amended, $250,000.

PUBLIC WORKS INVESTMENT FUND

For investment by the Secretary of the Treasury in United States securities for the account of the general fund of the District of Columbia, to provide, as priorities permit, for public works projects postponed on account of the war, $5,000,000.

REGULATORY AGENCIES

Regulatory agencies: For all expenses necessary for agencies named under this general head, including, in addition to the objects specified respectively under each head, personal services, books of reference and periodicals, and printing and binding:

Alcoholic Beverage Control Board, including witness fees, $1,000 for the purchase of samples, and allowances for privately owned

D. C. Code § 5-409.
automobiles used for the performance of official duties (not to exceed $264 per annum for each automobile), $65,700.

Board of Indeterminate Sentence and Parole, including allowances for privately owned automobiles used for the performance of official duties (not to exceed $264 per annum for each automobile), $30,400.

Coroner’s office, including juror and witness fees, and repairs to the morgue, $28,400.

Department of Insurance, $44,500.

Department of Weights, Measures, and Markets, including maintenance and repairs to markets, $2,500 for purchase of commodities and for personal services in connection with investigation and detection of sales of short weight and measure, maintenance and repair of motor vehicles, and for the purchase, including exchange, of one motor vehicle, $128,100, together with not to exceed $6,000 of the unexpended balance of the appropriation for this purpose contained in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1943; Provided, That the Disbursing Officer of the District of Columbia is authorized to advance to the Superintendent of the Department of Weights, Measures, and Markets, upon requisition previously approved by the Auditor of the District of Columbia, sums of money, not exceeding $100 at any one time, to be used exclusively in connection with investigations and detection of short weights and measures.

Minimum Wage and Industrial Safety Board, $39,200.

Office of Administrator of Rent Control, $80,700.

Office of Recorder of Deeds, including lawbooks and $100 for equipment and medical supplies for rest room, $148,700.

Poundmaster’s office, including uniforms for dog catchers, $22,200.

Public Utilities Commission, including a people’s counsel and newspapers, $98,000: Provided, That no appropriation in this Act shall be used for or in connection with the preparation, issuance, publication, or enforcement of any regulation or order of the Public Utilities Commission requiring the installation of meters in taxicabs, or for or in connection with the licensing of any vehicle to be operated as a taxicab except for operation in accordance with such system of uniform zones and rates and regulations applicable thereto as shall have been prescribed by the Public Utilities Commission.

Zoning Commission, $16,200.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS
OPERATING EXPENSES

General administration: For all expenses necessary for the general administration of the public-school system of the District of Columbia, including personal services; printing and binding; lawbooks, books of reference, and periodicals; allowances for privately owned automobiles used for the performance of official duties within the District of Columbia (not to exceed $264 per annum for each automobile); $325,000, of which $10,000 shall be immediately available.

General supervision and instruction: For all expenses necessary for supervision, instruction, and education in the teachers colleges and in the day, evening, and summer public schools of the District of Columbia, and the education of foreigners of all ages in the Americanization schools; including personal services; printing and binding; textbooks, lawbooks, books of reference, newspapers, and periodicals; and subsistence supplies for pupils attending the schools for crippled children; $8,800,000, of which $300,000 shall be available immediately:

Provided, That no part of the funds herein appropriated for the public schools shall be available for the operation of any school which
denies to legally adopted children the same treatment as that given to children living with their natural parents.

Vocational education, George-Deen program: For all expenses necessary for the development of vocational education in the District of Columbia in accordance with the Act of June 8, 1936 (49 Stat. 1488), including personal services, and allowances for privately owned automobiles used for the performance of official duties within the District of Columbia (not to exceed $100 per annum for each automobile), $100,300.

Operation of buildings and maintenance of equipment: For all expenses necessary for the operation of school buildings and the purchase and repair of equipment, including personal services, insurance and operation, maintenance, and repair of District-owned or borrowed automobiles used in driver-training courses, and allowances for privately owned automobiles used for the performance of official duties within the District of Columbia (not to exceed $264 per annum for each automobile), $1,800,000, of which $150,000 shall be immediately available.

Repairs and maintenance of buildings and grounds: For all expenses necessary for the repair, maintenance, and improvement of school buildings, mechanical equipment, and school grounds, including personal services; printing and binding; and allowances for privately owned automobiles used for the performance of official duties (not to exceed $264 per annum for each automobile); $860,000, of which $100,000 shall be immediately available: Provided, That this appropriation shall be available for making repairs to other municipal buildings, subject to reimbursement from other applicable appropriations for the cost of such work, and a report of all such expenditures shall be submitted to Congress in the annual Budget.

Auxiliary educational services: For the maintenance and instruction of deaf and dumb persons of the District of Columbia admitted to the Columbia Institution for the Deaf, and for the maintenance and instruction of colored deaf mutes of teachable age, and blind children, of the District of Columbia, in Maryland or some other State, by contract entered into by the Commissioners, for the transportation of children attending schools or classes established by the Board of Education for physically handicapped children, and for carrying out the provisions of the Act of December 16, 1944 (58 Stat. 811), $84,000.

Teachers' retirement appropriated fund: To carry out the purposes of the Act of January 15, 1920, as amended by the Act of June 11, 1926 (44 Stat. 727), $609,000: Provided, That the Treasury Department shall prepare the estimates of the annual appropriations required to be made to the teachers' retirement fund, and shall make actuarial valuations of such fund at intervals of five years, or oftener if deemed necessary by the Secretary of the Treasury, and the Commissioners are authorized to expend from money to the credit of the teachers' retirement fund not exceeding $5,000 per annum for this purpose.

CAPITAL OUTLAY

For furnishing and equipping the following school buildings: Davis Elementary School, Kimball Elementary School addition, and new elementary school in the vicinity of Fifteenth and Hamlin Streets Northeast, $24,500, to remain available until expended.

The unused balance of the appropriation for stabilization and drainage of the grounds at the Young Elementary School, Browne Junior High School, and Phelps Vocational School, contained in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1945, and the unexpended balance of the appropriation for stabilization and drainage of the grounds of the Browne Junior High School and Phelps Vocational
School contained in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1944, are hereby continued available until expended.

For construction, as follows:

For continuing construction of a new extensible vocational high school to replace the present Alexander Graham Bell (Abbot) Vocational School, to be located in Brentwood Park, not to exceed $300,000;

For beginning construction of a new junior high school to be located in the vicinity of Thirty-fourth Street and Minnesota Avenue Southeast, not to exceed $300,000, and the Commissioners are authorized to enter into a contract or contracts for such building at a total cost not to exceed $980,000: Provided, That not to exceed $20,580 may be transferred to the credit of the appropriation account, “Office of Municipal Architect, construction services”, and be available for the preparation of plans and specifications for said building;

For the construction of an addition to the Taft Junior High School, consisting of two wings, with one gymnasium and five classrooms in each wing, and an inclined floor in the auditorium, necessary remodeling of the present building, and treatment of grounds, not to exceed $200,760, and the Commissioners are authorized to enter into a contract or contracts for such addition at a total cost not to exceed $207,000;

For the construction of an eight-room elementary school addition to the Logan School, including an assembly hall-gymnasium, and treatment of grounds, and the necessary remodeling of the present building, not to exceed $242,500, and the Commissioners are authorized to enter into a contract or contracts for such addition at a total cost not to exceed $250,000;

For beginning construction of a new elementary-school building, including an assembly hall-gymnasium, in the vicinity of Eleventh and G Streets Southeast, to replace the present Cranch and Tyler Schools, not to exceed $250,000, and the Commissioners are authorized to enter into a contract or contracts for such building at a total cost not to exceed $500,000;

For the construction of a fifteen-room junior high-school addition on the second and third floors of the Banneker Junior High School, not to exceed $169,750, and the Commissioners are authorized to enter into a contract or contracts for such addition at a total cost not to exceed $175,000;

For beginning construction of the Miller Junior High School, in the vicinity of Forty-ninth Street and Washington Place Northeast, not to exceed $300,000 and the limit of cost of said building as specified in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1942, is increased to $980,000: Provided, That not to exceed $5,153 of the amount herein appropriated may be transferred to the credit of the appropriation account, “Office of Municipal Architect, construction services”, and be available for completing the plans and specifications for said building;

For the construction of an addition to the Randall Junior High School, consisting of eighteen rooms and a cafeteria, necessary remodeling of the present building, and treatment of grounds, not to exceed $320,000;

For an additional amount for the construction of an eight-room addition to the Kimball School, including an assembly hall-gymnasium, remodeling of the present building, and treatment of grounds, $60,000;

For the construction of a sixteen-room extensible elementary-school building, including an assembly hall-gymnasium, and treatment of grounds, in the vicinity of Fifty-third and Blaine Streets Northeast, $430,000;

For the preparation of plans and specifications for building improvements and alterations at Western High School, including structural
changes in the gymnasiums, at a total cost not to exceed $100,000, 
$2,100, which amount may be credited to the appropriation account, 
“Office of Municipal Architect, construction services”; 
For the preparation of plans and specifications for a new auditorium 
at the Shaw Junior High School, and for the conversion of the present 
auditorium into two gymnasiums, including necessary alterations to 
the present building, to be constructed at a total cost not to exceed 
$250,000, $5,250, which amount may be credited to the appropriation 
account, “Office of Municipal Architect, construction services”; 
For the preparation of plans and specifications for a new twenty-
four-room elementary-school building, including an assembly hall-
gymnasium, to replace the present Amidon, Fairbrother, and Green-
leaf Schools, to be constructed at a total cost of not to exceed $600,000, 
on a site in the vicinity of the Amidon School, $10,500, which amount 
may be credited to the appropriation account “Office of Municipal 
Architect, construction services”; 
For the preparation of plans and specifications for a new twenty-
four-room elementary-school building, including an assembly hall-gym-

nasium, to replace the present Walker and Jones Schools, to be 
constructed at a total cost not to exceed $500,000, on a site in the vicin-
ity of Third and L Streets Northwest, $10,500, which amount may be 
credited to the appropriation account “Office of Municipal Architect, 
construction services”; 
For the preparation of plans and specifications for a new fourteen-
room elementary-school building, including an assembly hall-gym-
nasium, to replace the present Peabody and Hilton Schools, to be 
constructed at a total cost not to exceed $360,000, on a site in the vicin-
ity of the Peabody School, $7,560, which amount may be cred-
ited to the appropriation account “Office of Municipal Architect, 
construction services”; 
For the preparation of plans and specifications for a new sixteen-
room extensible elementary-school building, including an assembly 
hall-gymnasium, to replace the present Stanton temporary and per-
manent buildings, to be constructed at a total cost not to exceed 
$360,000, on the present site of the Stanton School, $7,560, which 
amount may be credited to the appropriation account, “Office of 
Municipal Architect, construction services”; 
For the preparation of plans and specifications for a seven-room 
addition on the third floor of the Anacostia Senior High School, to 
be constructed at a total cost not to exceed $80,000, $1,680, which 
amount may be credited to the appropriation account, “Office of 
Municipal Architect, construction services”; 
For the preparation of plans and specifications for the construction 
of a stadium and associated structures at Calvin Coolidge High 
School, including the improvement of the grounds for athletic pur-
poses, at a total cost not to exceed $200,000, $4,200, which amount 
may be credited to the appropriation account, “Office of Municipal 
Architect, construction services”; 
For the preparation of plans and specifications for the construc-
tion of a stadium and associated structures at Spingarn High School, 
including the improvement of the grounds for athletic purposes, at 
a total cost not to exceed $200,000, $4,200, which amount may be 
credited to the appropriation account, “Office of Municipal Architect, 
construction services”; 
In all, $2,126,560, to be immediately available as one fund and to 
remain available until expended, to be disbursed and accounted for as 
“Capital outlay, public schools”, but obligations for expenditure 
to be made during the fiscal year 1946 shall not be incurred for any 

Total: accounting.
or all of the foregoing projects which would result in a total obligation in excess of such $2,126,560.

For the purchase of sites as follows:

In the vicinity of Ninth and C Streets Southeast, to provide an additional amount required for a site for a new junior high school to replace the present Hine Junior High School;

In the vicinity of First and O Streets Northwest, for additional land required for an addition to the Armstrong High School;

In the vicinity of the Randle Highlands School to permit the closing of R Street at Thirty-first Street Southeast;

At the Garfield School, for the construction of a twelve-room elementary school addition, including an assembly hall-gymnasium, and for playground purposes;

In the vicinity of East Capitol Street and Benning Road Southeast, for the construction of a twenty-four-room elementary-school building, including an assembly hall-gymnasium, and for playground purposes;

In the vicinity of the old Dennison School site on S Street, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth Streets Northwest, for the construction of a new senior high school, to replace the present Cardozo High School;

In all, for sites, $250,000, to remain available until expended, and to be disbursed and accounted for as “Capital outlay, school building and playground sites, public schools, District of Columbia”.

Section 6 of the Legislative, Executive, and Judicial Appropriation Act, approved May 10, 1916, as amended, shall not apply from July 1 to September 15, 1945, to teachers of the public schools of the District of Columbia when employed by any of the executive departments or independent establishments of the United States Government.

PUBLIC LIBRARY

For all expenses necessary for the operation of the Public Library, including personal services; extra services on Sundays and holidays; newspapers, books, periodicals, and other printed material, including payment in advance for subscription thereto; music records, sound recordings, and educational films; printing and binding; alterations, repairs; fitting up buildings; care of grounds; and rent of suitable quarters for branch libraries in Anacostia, Chevy Chase, and Woodridge; $679,000: Provided, That the disbursing officer of the District of Columbia is authorized to advance to the librarian of the Public Library, upon requisition previously approved by the auditor of the District of Columbia, not exceeding $50 at the first of each month, for the purchase of certain books, pamphlets, periodicals, or newspapers, or other printed material.

For the acquisition of sites for branch libraries in Woodridge and in the vicinity of Georgia Avenue and Kennedy Street Northwest, to be approved by the board of library trustees and the Commissioners, $40,000, to remain available until expended.

For the preparation of plans and specifications for construction of branch library buildings in Anacostia and Pleasant Plains, and for remodeling of existing structures at Takoma Park and Southeastern, $17,800.

The appropriation of $55,000 in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1945, for the acquisition of sites for branch libraries in Brookland, Tenley, Benning, and Cleveland Park, is continued available until expended.

For completion of the first unit of the new central library building in square 491, $100,000.
The unexpended balances of the amounts made available by the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1940, for the preparation of plans and specifications for the new central building of the Public Library of the District of Columbia shall remain available for the same purposes and under the same conditions and limitations until June 30, 1946.

RECREATION DEPARTMENT

Operating expenses: For all expenses necessary for operation and maintenance of recreation facilities in the District of Columbia, including personal services; books of reference, newspapers, and periodicals; and printing and binding; $620,000.

Capital outlay: For improvement of various municipal playgrounds and recreation centers, including erection of shelter houses, and preparation of architectural and landscaping plans, $12,300.

The disbursing officer of the District of Columbia is authorized to advance to the superintendent of recreation, upon requisitions previously approved by the auditor of the District of Columbia and upon such security as the Commissioners may require of said superintendent, sums of money to be used for the expense of conducting its activities under the trust fund created by the Act of April 29, 1942, the total of such advancements not to exceed $500 at any one time.

METROPOLITAN POLICE

For all expenses necessary for the Metropolitan Police, including pay and allowances and other personal services; the present property clerk with the rank and pay of inspector; the present acting sergeant in charge of police automobiles with the rank and pay of sergeant; the present acting sergeant in charge of the police radio station with the rank and pay of lieutenant; the present private in charge of purchasing and accounts with the rank and pay of sergeant; corporals at $2,600 per annum each; not to exceed four detectives in the salary grade of captain; meals for prisoners; rewards for fugitives; medals of award; books of reference, periodicals, newspapers, and photographs; printing and binding; rental and maintenance of teletype system; travel expenses incurred in prevention and detection of crime; $3,000 for expenses of attendance, without loss of pay or time, at specialized police training classes and pistol matches, including tuition and entrance fees; $2,500 for expenses of the police training school, including travel expenses of visiting lecturers or experts in criminology; police equipment and repairs to same; insignia of office, uniforms, and other official equipment, including cleaning, alteration, and repair of articles transferred from one individual to another, or damaged in the performance of duty; purchase, exchange, and maintenance of passenger-carrying motor vehicles; expenses of harbor patrol; and the maintenance of a suitable place for the reception and detention of girls and women over seventeen years of age, arrested by the police on charge of offense against any laws in force in the District of Columbia, or held as witnesses or held pending final investigation or examination, or otherwise; $3,955,000, of which amount $16,000 shall be exclusively available for expenditure by the Superintendent of Police for prevention and detection of crime, under his certificate, approved by the Commissioners, and every such certificate shall be deemed a sufficient voucher for the sum therein expressed to have been expended.

The disbursing officer of the District of Columbia is authorized to advance to the Superintendent of Police upon the approval of the Commissioners, sums of money to be used in the prevention and
detected by the total of such advancements not to exceed $5,000 at any one time.

**FIRE DEPARTMENT**

For all expenses necessary for the Fire Department, including pay and allowances and other personal services; books of reference and periodicals; printing and binding; uniforms and other official equipment, including cleaning, alteration, and repair of articles transferred from one individual to another, or damaged in the performance of duty; purchase, operation, and maintenance of passenger-carrying automobiles; repairs and improvements to buildings and grounds; $2,540,000: *Provided*, That the Commissioners, in their discretion, may authorize the construction, in whole or in part, of fire-fighting apparatus in the Fire Department repair shop.

Not to exceed $4,800 of the unexpended balance of the appropriation for the Fire Department, contained in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1945, is continued available for the same purpose until June 30, 1946.

**POLICEMEN’S AND FIREMEN’S RELIEF**

For policemen’s and firemen’s relief and other allowances as authorized by law, $1,500,000.

**COURTS**

District of Columbia courts: For all expenses of the following District of Columbia courts, including personal services; witness fees and compensation of jurors; lawbooks, books of reference, and periodicals; printing and binding; lodging and meals for jurors, bailiffs, and deputy United States marshals while in attendance upon jurors, when ordered by the courts; and meals for prisoners:

- Juvenile court, $132,200, of which $470 shall be available for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364): *Provided*, That the disbursing officer of the District of Columbia is authorized to advance to the chief probation officer of the juvenile court upon requisition previously approved by the judge of the juvenile court and the auditor of the District of Columbia, not to exceed $50 at any one time, to be expended for travel expenses to secure the return of absconding probationers.

- For a psychiatric service for the juvenile court of the District of Columbia $10,100: *Provided*, That the Board of Commissioners of the District of Columbia is authorized to obtain said psychiatric service for the juvenile court of the District of Columbia from the United States Public Health Service, and, at the request of the Board of Commissioners, the Surgeon General is authorized to detail the necessary medical and other personnel, not to exceed one psychiatrist, one psychologist, and one nurse, for this purpose: *Provided further*, That the amount herein appropriated shall be transferred to the United States Public Health Service for reimbursement for the medical and other personnel so detailed.

- Municipal court, including pay of retired judges and $525 for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364), $340,000: *Provided*, That deposits made on demands for jury trials in accordance with rules prescribed by the court under authority granted in section 11 of the Act approved March 3, 1921 (41 Stat. 1315), shall be earned unless, prior to three days before the time set for such trials, including Sundays and legal holidays, a new date for trial be...
set by the court, cases be discontinued or settled, or demands for jury trials be waived; Provided further, That hereafter the disbursing officer of the District of Columbia is authorized to advance to the clerk of the court, upon requisition previously approved by the Auditor of the District of Columbia, sums of money not exceeding $500 at any one time, to be used for the payment of witness fees.

Municipal court of appeals, $62,300, of which $500 shall be available for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364).

United States courts: For reimbursement to the United States for services rendered to the District of Columbia by the Judiciary and the Department of Justice as specified under the head "United States courts for the District of Columbia" in the Judiciary Appropriation Act, 1946, and in the Department of Justice Appropriation Act, 1946, $599,300.

Probation system: For all expenses necessary for the probation system, including personal services, $125 for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364), and printing and binding, $33,600.

Office of Register of Wills: For all expenses necessary for the Office of Register of Wills, including personal services; $500 for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364); lawbooks, books of reference, periodicals, and newspapers; printing and binding; and contract statistical services, $96,600.

Commission on Mental Health: For all expenses necessary for the Commission on Mental Health, including an executive secretary at $3,200 per annum and physician-members at $4,000 per annum, and other personal services; lawbooks, books of reference, and periodicals; and printing and binding; $25,300.

HEALTH DEPARTMENT

Health Department (excluding hospitals): For all expenses necessary for the general administration, medical services, laboratories, and inspection services of the Health Department, including the enforcement of the Acts relating to the prevention of the spread of contagious and infectious diseases in the District of Columbia; the maintenance of tuberculosis and venereal-disease clinics and dispensaries; the conduct of hygiene and sanitation work in schools; the maintenance of a dental health service; the maintenance of a maternal and child-health service, including housekeeping assistance in cases of authentic indigent sick; the maintenance of a nursing service; the maintenance of a psychiatric service; the maintenance of an emergency ambulance service; the operation and maintenance of laboratories; out-patient relief of the poor, including medical and surgical supplies, artificial limbs, and pay of physicians, and the enforcement of the Acts relating to the drainage of lots and abatement of nuisances in the District of Columbia, the Act relating to adulteration of foods, drugs, and candy, the Act relating to the manufacture and sale of mattresses, the Act relating to the manufacture, sale, and transportation of adulterated or misbranded or poisonous or deleterious foods, drugs, medicines, and liquors, and the Act relating to the sale of milk, cream, and ice cream; such expenses to include two physicians at $4,600 per annum each, to be appointed without regard to civil-service laws, and other personal services; contract investigational service; books and periodicals; uniforms; rent; printing and binding; purchase, maintenance, and repair of passenger-carrying
motor vehicles; manufacture of serum in indigent cases; and allowances for privately owned automobiles used for the performance of official duties (not to exceed $264 per annum for each automobile for employees other than dairy-farm inspectors and not to exceed $312 per annum for each automobile for dairy-farm inspectors); $1,340,000: Provided, That the Commissioners may, without creating any obligation for the payment of money on account thereof, accept such volunteer services as they may deem expedient in connection with the establishment and maintenance of the medical services herein provided for: Provided further, That not to exceed $200 may be expended for special services in detecting adulteration of drugs and foods, including candy and milk.

Glenn Dale Tuberculosis Sanatorium: For all expenses necessary for the Tuberculosis Sanatorium at Glenn Dale, Maryland, including personal services; compensation of consulting physicians at rates to be fixed by the Commissioners, and not to exceed $3,000 for temporary per diem services; rental, purchase, maintenance, repair, and operation of busses; school books, books of reference, and periodicals; printing and binding; classroom supplies; and repairs and improvements to buildings and grounds; $1,080,000, of which not to exceed $5,000 shall be for the compensation of convalescent patients to be employed in essential work of the sanatorium and as an aid to their rehabilitation at rates and under conditions to be determined by the Commissioners; but nothing in this paragraph shall be construed as conferring employee status on patients whose services are so utilized.

Operating expenses, Gallinger Municipal Hospital: For all expenses necessary for Gallinger Municipal Hospital and the Tuberculosis Hospital at Fourteenth and Upshur Streets Northwest including personal services; one superintendent at $8,000 per annum; one deputy superintendent at $6,000 per annum; not to exceed five full-time chief medical officers at $6,000 per annum each and two associate medical officers at $4,600 per annum each, to be appointed without reference to civil-service requirements; not to exceed $20,000 for temporary per diem services; reference books and periodicals; musical instruments and music; expenses of commencement exercises, entertainments, and the training school for nurses; printing and binding; expenses incident to furnishing proper containers for the reception, burial, and identification of the ashes of all human bodies of indigent persons that are cremated at the public crematorium and remain unclaimed after twelve months from the date of such cremation; and repairs and improvements to buildings and grounds; $1,788,000: Provided, That hereafter no District of Columbia appropriations shall be available for the care of persons, except in emergency cases, where the person has been a resident of the District of Columbia for less than one year at the time of application for admission: Provided further, That no part of any appropriation for Gallinger Municipal Hospital or the Health Department shall be used for furnishing, other than at rates prescribed by the Commissioners, clinical services, drugs, pharmaceutical preparations, or X-ray service, to persons who are not indigent, except in emergency cases or where the Commissioners determine it to be necessary in the public interest.

Not to exceed $180,000 of the appropriations of $2,203,300 for operating expenses, Gallinger Hospital, contained in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1945, and the First Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1945, is continued available until June 30, 1946.

Capital outlay, Gallinger Municipal Hospital: For the construction of a new pediatrics building, $625,000; a laboratory building, $190,000; a superintendent's residence, $15,000; and an incinerator, $15,000; in all, $840,000.
Medical charities: For care and treatment of indigent patients under contracts to be made by the Health Officer of the District of Columbia and approved by the Commissioners with institutions, as follows: Children's Hospital, $60,000; Central Dispensary and Emergency Hospital, $50,000; Eastern Dispensary and Casualty Hospital, $50,000; Washington Home for Incurables, $25,000; in all, $185,000.

Columbia Hospital and Lying-in Asylum: For general repairs, including labor and material to be expended under the direction of the Architect of the Capitol, $5,000.

Freedmen's Hospital: For reimbursement to the United States for services rendered to the District of Columbia by Freedmen's Hospital, as specified under the head, "Freedmen's Hospital", in the Federal Security Agency Appropriation Act, 1946, $406,700.

PUBLIC WELFARE

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR

For all expenses necessary for the general administration of public welfare in the District of Columbia, including personal services; printing and binding; lawbooks, city directories, books of reference, and periodicals; and contract investigational services; $61,700.

FAMILY WELFARE SERVICE

Operating expenses, child care: For all expenses necessary for placing and visiting children; board and care of all children committed to the guardianship of the Board of Public Welfare by the courts of the District, including white girls committed to the National Training School for Girls, and all children accepted by said Board for care, as authorized by law; temporary care of children pending investigation or while being transferred from place to place, with authority to pay not more than $6,000 each to institutions under sectarian control, not more than $3,360 for continuous maintenance of eight foster homes for temporary or emergency board and care of nondelinquent children, and not more than $400 for burial of children dying while beneficiaries under this appropriation; maintenance, under jurisdiction of the Board of Public Welfare, of a suitable place in a building entirely separate and apart from the house of detention for the reception and detention of children under eighteen years of age arrested by the police on charge of offense against any laws in force in the District of Columbia, or committed to the guardianship of the Board, or held as witnesses, or held temporarily, or pending hearing, or otherwise; such expenses to include personal services; books of reference and periodicals; printing and binding; and rental, repair, and upkeep of building; $557,680: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be used for the purpose of visiting any ward of the Board of Public Welfare placed outside the District of Columbia and the States of Virginia and Maryland, and a ward placed outside said District and the States of Virginia and Maryland shall be visited not less than once a year by a voluntary agent or correspondent of said Board, and said Board shall have power to discharge from guardianship any child committed to its care.

Capital outlay, child care: For the construction of a receiving home and classification center for children in parcel 141/68, $285,000.

Adult assistance: For all expenses necessary for certification of persons eligible for any public benefits which are or may become available as may be approved by the Commissioners, relief and rehabilitation for purposes of employment of indigent residents of the
District of Columbia, to be expended under rules and regulations prescribed by the Commissioners; vocational rehabilitation of disabled residents of the District of Columbia in accordance with the provisions of the Act of July 6, 1943 (Public Law 113), aid to dependent children in accordance with the provisions of the Act of June 14, 1944 (Public Law 340); assistance against old-age want, as authorized by law; pensions for needy blind persons, as authorized by law; distribution of surplus commodities and relief milk to public and charitable institutions; necessary expenses, including personal services without regard to the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, for the carrying out, under regulations to be prescribed by the Commissioners of a "penny milk" program for the school children of the District, including the purchase and distribution of milk under agreement with the United States Department of Agriculture, and for the carrying out of a food-conservation program in the District of Columbia, including the supervision of "Victory" gardens and the canning of the products thereof; maintenance pending transportation, and transportation, of indigent nonresident persons; burial of indigent residents of the District of Columbia; including for all such purposes, personal services; books of reference and periodicals; and printing and binding: $1,587,000: Provided, That collections from the milk program shall be paid to the collector of taxes, District of Columbia, for deposit in the Treasury of the United States to the credit of the District, and that reimbursement for canning of "Victory" garden products shall be in kind and for the benefit of public-welfare institutions of the District of Columbia: Provided further, That the auditing and disbursing of funds under this appropriation, and the accounting therefor, including all employees engaged in such work and records relating thereto, shall be under the supervision and control of the Auditor of the District of Columbia.

Operating expenses, institutions for the indigent: For all necessary expenses for the Home for the Aged and Infirm and the Municipal Lodging House, and the Temporary Home for Former Soldiers and Sailors, including personal services; printing and binding; subsistence of interns; repairs and improvements to buildings and grounds; care and maintenance of women and children under contracts to be made by the Board of Public Welfare and approved by the Commissioners with the Florence Crittenton Home and Saint Ann's Infant Asylum and Maternity Hospital; training and employment of the blind under contracts to be made by the Board of Public Welfare and approved by the Commissioners with the Columbia Polytechnic Institute for the Blind; and for aid and support of the National Library for the Blind; $318,500.

Not to exceed $120,000 of the appropriation of $170,000 for beginning construction of a new heating plant at the Home for the Aged and Infirm, contained in the First Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1945, is continued available until expended.

JUVENILE CORRECTIONAL SERVICE

Operating expenses: For all expenses necessary for the operation of the Industrial Home School, the Industrial Home School for Colored Children, and the National Training School for Girls, including personal services; subsistence of interns; books of reference and periodicals; printing and binding; repairs and improvements to buildings and grounds; securing suitable homes for paroled or discharged children; and care and maintenance of boys committed to the National Training School for Boys by the courts of the District of Columbia under a contract to be made by the Board of Public Welfare with the Attorney General at a rate of not to exceed $2 per day for each boy so committed; $353,740: Provided, That no part of this appropriation
shall be used for the maintenance of white girls in the National Training School for Girls: Provided further, That the salary of the superintendent of the National Training School for Girls shall be at the rate of $3,200 per annum.

The appropriation of $58,000 in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1945, for the acquisition of land in the vicinity of the District Training School near Laurel, Maryland, as a site for the National Training School for Girls, together with the unexpended balance of the appropriation of $42,000 for this purpose in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1944, is continued available until June 30, 1946.

ADULT CORRECTIONAL SERVICE

Operating expenses: For all expenses necessary for the operation of the jail and the workhouse and reformatory, including personal services; subsistence of interns; compensation of consulting physician and dentist; attendance of guards at pistol and rifle matches; uniforms and caps for guards; newspapers, books of reference, and periodicals; rental of motion-picture films; repairs and improvements to buildings and grounds; purchase, exchange, maintenance, operation, and repair of motor busses; support, maintenance, and transportation of prisoners transferred from the District of Columbia; expenses of interment of deceased inmates; discharge gratuities; electrocutions; shipping remains of deceased prisoners to their homes in the United States; identifying, pursuing, recapturing (including rewards therefor), and returning to institutions, escaped inmates and parole and conditional-release violators; and returning released prisoners to their residences, $1,468,000.

Working capital fund: To provide a working capital fund for such industrial enterprises at the workhouse and reformatory as may be approved by the Commissioners, $50,000: Provided, That the various departments and institutions of the District of Columbia and the Federal Government may purchase, at fair market prices, as determined by the Commissioners, products and services of said industrial enterprises: Provided further, That receipts from the sale of products and services shall be deposited to the credit of said working capital fund, and said fund, including all receipts credited thereto, shall be used as a revolving fund for the fiscal year 1946 for all necessary expenses of such enterprises, including personal services; the purchase and repair of machinery, tools, and equipment; purchase of raw materials and manufacturing supplies; and for the payment to inmates or their dependents of such pecuniary earnings as the Commissioners may deem proper.

MENTAL REHABILITATION SERVICE

Operating expenses, District Training School: For all expenses necessary for the operation of the District Training School, including personal services; books of reference and periodicals; printing and binding; compensation of consulting physicians at rates to be fixed by the Commissioners; subsistence of interns; and repairs and improvements to buildings and grounds, $390,000.

Saint Elizabeths Hospital: For support of indigent insane of the District of Columbia in Saint Elizabeths Hospital, as provided by law, $2,956,500.

Deportation of nonresident insane: For all necessary expenses for deportation of nonresident insane persons, as provided by law, including persons held in the psychopathic ward of the Gallinger Municipal Hospital, including personal services; books of reference; and printing and binding; $41,200.
The disbursing officer of the District of Columbia is authorized to advance to the Director of Public Welfare, upon requisitions previously approved by the Auditor of the District and upon such security as the Commissioners may require of said Director, sums of money to be used for placing and visiting children; returning escaped prisoners, conditional releases, and parolees; and deportation of non-resident insane persons; the total of such advancements not to exceed $2,000 at any one time.

PUBLIC WORKS

Office of chief clerk: For all expenses for the office of chief clerk, including personal services; books of reference and periodicals; printing and binding; maintenance and repair of wharves; and $575 for affiliation with the National Safety Council, Incorporated; $37,000.

Office of Municipal Architect: For all expenses necessary for the Office of Municipal Architect, including personal services, books of reference and periodicals, allowances for privately owned automobiles used for the performance of official duties (not to exceed $264 per annum for each automobile), and printing and binding, $84,000.

All apportionments of appropriations for the use of the Office of Municipal Architect in payment of personal services employed on construction work provided for by said appropriations shall be based on an amount not exceeding 3 per centum of a total of not more than $2,000,000 of appropriations made for such construction projects and not exceeding 2 ½ per centum of a total of the appropriations in excess of $2,000,000, and appropriations specifically made in this Act for the preparation of plans and specifications shall be deducted from any allowances authorized under this paragraph: Provided, That reimbursements may be made to this fund from appropriations contained in this Act for services rendered other activities of the District government, without reference to fiscal-year limitations on such appropriations.

Operating expenses, Office of Superintendent of District Buildings: For all expenses necessary for care of the District buildings, including personal services, rental of postage meter equipment, allowances for privately owned automobiles used for the performance of official duties (not to exceed $264 per annum for each automobile), and printing and binding, $457,700.

Surveyor’s office: For all expenses necessary for the surveyor’s office, including personal services, books of reference and periodicals, and printing and binding, $80,700.

Department of Inspections: For all expenses necessary for the Department of Inspections, including the enforcement of the Act requiring the erection of fire escapes on certain buildings (48 Stat. 845) and the removal of dangerous or unsafe and insanitary buildings (34 Stat. 157; 49 Stat. 105); such expenses to include two members of the plumbing board at $150 per annum each; two members of the board of examiners, steam engineers, at $300 per annum each (the inspector of boilers to serve without additional compensation); $6 per diem to each member of board of survey, other than the inspector of buildings, while actually employed in surveys of such dangerous and unsafe buildings; and other personal services; allowances for privately owned automobiles used for the performance of official duties (not to exceed $264 per annum for each automobile); books of reference and periodicals; and printing and binding; $346,800.

Operating expenses, Electrical Division: For all expenses necessary for the operation and maintenance of the District’s communication
systems, including personal services, allowances for privately owned automobiles used for the performance of official duties (not to exceed $264 per annum for each automobile), and printing and binding; rental, purchase, installation, and maintenance of telephone, telegraph, and radio services; and street lighting, including the purchase, installation, and maintenance of public lamps, lamp posts, street designations, lanterns, and fixtures of all kinds on streets, avenues, roads, alleys, and public spaces, part cost and maintenance of airport and airway lights necessary for operation of the air mail to be expended in accordance with the provisions of sections 7 and 8 of the District of Columbia Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1912 (36 Stat. 1008), and with the provisions of the District of Columbia Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1913 (37 Stat. 181), and other laws applicable thereto; $1,130,000: Provided, That this appropriation shall not be available for the payment of rates for electric street lighting in excess of those authorized to be paid in the fiscal year 1927, and payment for electric current for new forms of street lighting shall not exceed 2 cents per kilowatt-hour for current consumed.

Capital outlay, Electrical Division: For all expenses necessary for placing underground, relocating, and extending the telephone, police-patrol, and fire-alarm systems, $70,000.

Central garage: For all expenses necessary for the purchase, exchange, operation, and maintenance of passenger-carrying motor vehicles, work cars, field wagons, ambulances, and busses owned by the District of Columbia, including three chauffeurs for the Executive Office at $1,800 per annum each and other personal services, and printing and binding, $84,900.

All motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles owned by the District of Columbia shall be used exclusively for "official purposes" directly pertaining to the public service of said District, and shall be under the direction and control of the Commissioners, who may from time to time alter or change the assignment for use thereof or direct the joint or interchangeable use of any of the same by officials and employees of the District, except as otherwise provided in this Act; and "official purposes" shall not include the transportation of officers and employees between their domiciles and places of employment, except as to the Commissioners of the District of Columbia and in cases of officers and employees the character of whose duties makes such transportation necessary, and then only as to such latter cases when the same is approved by the Commissioners. No motor vehicles shall be transferred from the police or fire departments to any other branch of the government of the District of Columbia.

Operating expenses, Street and Bridge Divisions (payable from highway fund): For all operating expenses of the Street and Bridge Divisions, including operation, minor construction, maintenance, and repair of bridges; repairs to streets, avenues, roads, sidewalks, and alleys; reconditioning existing gravel streets and roads; and cleaning snow and ice from streets, sidewalks, cross walks, and gutters, in the discretion of the Commissioners; such expenses to include personal services; allowances for privately owned automobiles used for the performance of official duties (not to exceed $264 per annum for each automobile); books of reference and periodicals; printing and binding; and purchase, exchange, operation, and maintenance of passenger-carrying motor vehicles, surveying instruments, implements, and equipment used in this work; $1,500,000, of which amount $45,000 shall be exclusively for snow removal purposes.

Capital outlay, Street and Bridge Divisions (payable from highway fund): For personal services and all expenses necessary for the grading, surfacing, paving, repaving, widening, altering, and otherwise improving streets, avenues, roads, and alleys, including curbing and
gutters, directional and pedestrian islands at various intersections to permit of proper traffic-light control and channelization of traffic, drainage structures, culverts, suitable connections to stormwater sewer system, retaining walls, replacement and relocation of sewers, water mains, fire hydrants, traffic lights, street lights, fire-alarm boxes, police-patrol boxes, and curb-line trees, when necessary, Federal-aid highway projects under section 1 (b) of the Federal Aid Highway Act of 1938, and highway structure projects financed wholly from the highway fund upon the approval of plans for such structures by the Commissioners; for carrying out the provisions of existing laws which authorize the Commissioners to open, extend, straighten, or widen streets, avenues, roads, or highways, in accordance with the plan of the permanent system of highways for the District of Columbia, and alleys and minor streets, and for the establishment of building lines in the District of Columbia, including the procurement of chains of title; and for assessment and permit work, paving of roadways under the permit system, and construction of sidewalks and curbs around public reservations and municipal and United States buildings, including purchase or condemnation of streets, roads, and alleys, and of areas less than two hundred and fifty square feet at the intersection of streets, avenues, or roads in the District of Columbia, to be selected by the Commissioners, $2,600,000, to remain available until June 30, 1947: Provided, That appropriations contained in this Act for highways, sewers, city refuse, and the Water Division shall be available for snow removal when ordered by the Commissioners in writing: Provided further, That the Commissioners are hereby authorized to purchase a municipal asphalt plant at a cost not to exceed $30,000: Provided further, That in connection with the highway planning survey, involving surveys, plans, engineering, and economic investigations of projects for future construction in the District of Columbia, as provided for under section 10 of the Federal Aid Highway Act of 1938, and in connection with the construction of Federal-aid highway projects under section 1 (b) of said Act, and highway structure projects financed wholly from the highway fund, this appropriation shall be available for the employment of engineering or other professional services by contract or otherwise, and without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes and the civil-service and classification laws, and for engineering and incidental expenses: Provided further, That this appropriation shall be available for the construction and repair of pavements of street railways in accordance with the provisions of the Merger Act (47 Stat. 752), and the proportion of the amount thus expended which under the terms of the said Act is required to be paid by the street-railway company shall be collected, upon the neglect or the refusal of such street-railway company to make such payment, from the said street-railway company in the manner provided by section 5 of the Act of June 11, 1878, and shall be deposited to the credit of the appropriation for the fiscal year in which it is collected: Provided further, That assessments in accordance with existing law shall be made for paving and repaving roadways, alleys, and sidewalks where such roadways, alleys, and sidewalks are paved or repaved with funds herein appropriated: Provided further, That this appropriation may be used for payment to contractors and for other expenses in connection with the expense of design, construction, and inspection of grade-crossing elimination and other construction projects authorized under section 8 of the Act of June 16, 1936 (49 Stat. 1521), and section 1 (b) of the Federal Aid Highway Act of 1938, pending reimbursement to the District of Columbia by the Public Roads Administration, Federal Works Agency, reimbursement to be credited from which payment
was made: Provided further, That the Commissioners are authorized to fix or alter the respective widths of sidewalks and roadways (including tree spaces and parking) of all highways that may be improved under appropriations contained in this Act: Provided further, That no appropriation in this Act shall be available for repairing, resurfacing, or paving any street, avenue, or roadway by private contract unless the specifications for such work shall be so prepared as to permit of fair and open competition in paving materials as well as in price: Provided further, That in addition to the provision of existing law requiring contractors to keep new pavements in repair for a period of one year from the date of the completion of the work, the Commissioners shall further require that where repairs are necessary during the four years following the said one-year period, due to inferior work or defective materials, such repairs shall be made at the expense of the contractor, and the bond furnished by the contractor shall be liable for such expense: Provided further, That no appropriation in this Act shall be used for the operation of a testing laboratory of the Highway Department for making tests of materials in connection with any activity of the District government.

Department of Vehicles and Traffic (payable from highway fund): For all expenses necessary for the Department of Vehicles and Traffic, including personal services; purchase, installation, modification, operation, and maintenance of electric traffic lights, signals, controls, markers, and directional signs; printing and binding; purchase of motor-vehicle identification number plates; operation and maintenance of parking meters on the streets of the District of Columbia; $30,000 for traffic safety education without reference to any other law: $444,000: Provided, That no part of this or any other appropriation contained in this Act shall be expended for building, installing, and maintaining streetcar loading platforms and lights of any description employed to distinguish same, except that a permanent type of platform may be constructed from appropriations contained in this Act for street improvements when plans and locations thereof are approved by the Public Utilities Commission and the Director of Vehicles and Traffic: Provided further, That the street-railway company shall after construction maintain, mark, and light the same at its expense: Provided further, That fees from parking meters shall be deposited to the credit of the highway fund: Provided further, That the Commissioners are authorized and directed to designate, reserve, and properly mark appropriate and sufficient parking spaces on the streets adjacent to all public buildings in the District for the use of Members of Congress engaged on public business: Provided further, That the incumbent on July 1, 1944, of the authorized position of Registrar of Titles and Tags, whose duties shall be as prescribed in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1945, shall hereafter be continued for compensation purposes in grade 9 of the clerical, administrative, and fiscal service under the Classification Act of 1923, as amended.

Division of Trees and Parking (payable from highway fund): For all necessary expenses for the Division of Trees and Parking, including personal services; books of reference and periodicals; and printing and binding, $142,600.

Reimbursement of other appropriations (payable from highway fund): There are hereby authorized to be paid from the highway fund to other appropriations for the District of Columbia the following sums: $9,775 to "General administration" (Office of Corporation Counsel); $21,500 to "Fiscal service" (Collector's Office, $4,555; Auditor's Office, $12,720; Purchasing Division, $4,525); $8,797 to "Operating expenses, Office of Superintendent of District Buildings"; $2,928 to "Operating expenses, Electrical Division"; $607,500 to
“Metropolitan Police”; and $20,000 to “National Capital Parks”; in all, $669,900.

Refunding erroneous collections (payable from highway fund): To enable the Commissioners to refund collections erroneously covered into the Treasury during the present and past three fiscal years to the credit of the highway fund, $1,500: Provided, That this appropriation shall not be available for refunds authorized by section 10 of the Act of April 23, 1924.

Operating expenses, Refuse Division: For all expenses necessary for collection and disposal of refuse and street cleaning, including personal services; printing and binding; books of reference and periodicals; repair and maintenance of plants, buildings, and grounds; and fencing of public and private property designated by the Commissioners as public dumps; $2,560,000: Provided, That this appropriation shall not be available for collecting ashes or miscellaneous refuse from hotels and places of business or from apartment houses of four or more apartments having a central heating system, or from any building or connected group of buildings operated as a rooming, boarding, or lodging house having a total of more than twenty-five rooms.

Capital outlay, Refuse Division: For construction of the extension of the proposed incinerator numbered 3 for refuse in parcel 141/13, $403,600; for construction of a refuse transfer station on land owned by the District of Columbia in square 739 and on land to be acquired adjacent thereto for the transfer of city refuse from collection units to hauling units for transportation to remote disposal points, employment of engineering and other personal services, $302,700; for all necessary expenses for the preparation of plans and specifications for a garage and shops building in parcel 141/13, including the employment of engineering and other personal services and $1,500 for subsitio investigations, $12,500; in all, $718,800.

Operating expenses, Sewer Division: For all expenses necessary for operating the District’s system of sewage disposal; cleaning and repairing sewers and basins; operation and maintenance of the sewage pumping service and sewage treatment plant, including repairs to equipment, machinery, and structures; maintenance of public convenience stations; control and prevention of the spread of mosquitoes in the District of Columbia; and pro rata contribution of the District of Columbia to the expenses of the Interstate Commission on the Potomac River Basin in accordance with Act of July 11, 1940 (54 Stat. 748); such expenses to include personal services; books of reference and periodicals; and printing and binding; $800,000.

Capital outlay, Sewer Division: For construction of sewers and receiving basins; for assessment and permit work; for purchase or condemnation of rights-of-way for construction, maintenance, and repair of public sewers, $1,000; and for conducting a survey for city relief sewers, including personal services and all necessary expenses incident thereto, $75,000, to remain available until June 30, 1947; in all, $1,040,000: Provided, That not to exceed $365,000 of the appropriation for capital outlay, Sewer Division, including $165,000 for the acquisition and development of a site for the storage of construction materials, contained in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1945, is continued available until June 30, 1946.

Operating expenses, Water Division (payable from water fund): For all expenses necessary for operation and maintenance of the District of Columbia water distribution system; installing and repairing water meters on services to private residences and business places as may not be required to install meters under existing regulations, said meters to remain the property of the District of Columbia;
replacement of old mains, service pipes, and divide valves; water waste and leakage survey; such expenses to include personal services; books of reference and periodicals; printing and binding; allowances for privately owned automobiles used for the performance of official duties (not to exceed $264 per annum for each automobile); purchase, exchange, operation, and maintenance of passenger-carrying motor vehicles; and refunding of water rents and other water charges erroneously paid in the District of Columbia, to be refunded in the manner prescribed by law for the refunding of erroneously paid taxes; $1,140,000, to be available for such refunds of payments made within the past two years.

Capital outlay, Water Division (payable from water fund): For extension of the District of Columbia water distribution system, laying of such service mains as may be necessary under the assessment system, laying mains in advance of paving, and installing fire and public hydrants, $380,000; for construction of approximately one thousand seven hundred linear feet of thirty-six-inch trunk line water main from the vicinity of Fifth and M Streets Southeast, to the vicinity of Eleventh and M Streets Southeast, $65,000, to continue available until June 30, 1947; for construction of approximately twenty-six thousand two hundred linear feet of thirty-, twenty-four-, and twenty-inch trunk line water main from the vicinity of Eighteenth Street and Minnesota Avenue Southeast, to the vicinity of Benning Road and East Capitol Street, $605,000, to continue available until June 30, 1947; in all, $1,000,000: Provided, That the appropriations in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1943, for the construction of one or more elevated water tanks of approximately two million gallons capacity, and so forth, and for additional pumping equipment at the Anacostia pumping station are continued available until June 30, 1946.

WASHINGTON AQUEDUCT

Operating expenses (payable from water fund): For all expenses necessary for the operation, maintenance, repair, and protection of Washington aqueducts and their accessories, and maintenance of MacArthur Boulevard; including personal services; books of reference and periodicals; printing and binding; purchase, installation, and maintenance of water meters on Federal services within the District of Columbia; purchase (including exchange), operation, and maintenance of two passenger-carrying motor vehicles; purchase and repair of rubber boots and protective apparel; $850,000.

Capital outlay (payable from water fund): For increasing capacity of the McMillan pumping station; for installing loop for McMillan filter plant rising main; for rehabilitation and repair of the McMillan filter plant; for additional mechanical sand-washing equipment for McMillan filters; for beginning new conduit repairs; for relining sections containing major cracks; and for developing increased water supply for the District of Columbia and environs; and all necessary expenses incident thereto; including engineering and other professional services by contract or otherwise, without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes and civil-service and classification laws; $317,000, to continue available until June 30, 1947.

Nothing herein shall be construed as affecting the superintendence and control of the Secretary of War over the Washington aqueduct, its rights, appurtenances, and fixtures connected with the same, and over appropriations and expenditures therefor as now provided by law.
PUBLIC LAWS—CH. 209—JUNE 30, 1945

NATIONAL GUARD

For all expenses necessary for the National Guard of the District of Columbia, including personal services; expenses of attendance at meetings of associations pertaining to the National Guard; books of reference and periodicals; printing and binding; expenses of camps, including hire of horses for officers required to be mounted, and for the payment of commutation of subsistence for enlisted men who may be detailed to guard or move the United States property at home stations on days immediately preceding and immediately following the annual encampments; damages to private property incident to encampment; reimbursement to the United States for loss of property for which the District of Columbia may be held responsible; cleaning and repairing uniforms, arms, and equipment; instruction, purchase, and maintenance of athletic, gymnastic, and recreational equipment at armory or field encampments; practice marches, drills, and parades; rent of armories, drill halls, and storehouses; care and repair of armories, offices, storehouses, machinery, and dock, including dredging alongside of dock; construction of buildings for storage and other purposes at target range; maintenance and operation of passenger-carrying motor vehicles; $11,800, to be expended under the direction of the commanding general.

NATIONAL CAPITAL PARKS

For all expenses necessary for the National Capital Parks, including maintenance, care, and improvement of public parks, grounds, fountains, and reservations, propagating gardens and greenhouses, and the tourists' camp on its present site in East Potomac Park under the jurisdiction of the National Park Service; placing and maintaining portions of the parks in condition for outdoor sports, erection of stands, furnishing and placing of chairs, and services incident thereto in connection with national, patriotic, civic, and recreational functions held in the parks, including the President's Cup Regatta, and expenses incident to the conducting of band concerts in the parks; such expenses to include personal services; pay and allowances of the United States Park Police force; per diem employees at rates of pay approved by the Secretary of the Interior, not exceeding current rates of pay for similar employment in the District of Columbia; lawbooks, books of reference, and periodicals; printing and binding; uniforming and equipping the United States Park Police force, including $225 for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364); the purchase, issue, operation, maintenance, repair, exchange, and storage of revolvers, uniforms, ammunition, and radio equipment and the rental of teletype service; leather and rubber articles for the protection of employees and property; and the purchase, exchange, operation, repair, and maintenance of passenger-carrying motor vehicles, bicycles, motorcycles, and self-propelled machinery; the hire of draft animals with or without drivers at local rates approved by the Secretary of the Interior; the purchase and maintenance of draft animals, harness, and wagons; $948,300; Provided, That not to exceed $10,000 of the amount herein appropriated may be expended for the erection of minor auxiliary structures.

NATIONAL CAPITAL PARK AND PLANNING COMMISSION

For all necessary expenses of the National Capital Park and Planning Commission except the acquisition of land as authorized by law (40 U. S. C. §§ 71-74); $80 for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of
penalty mail as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364); operation, maintenance, and repair of passenger-carrying vehicles; printing and binding; and reference books, newspapers, and periodicals, $48,200.

NATIONAL ZOOLOGICAL PARK

For all expenses necessary for the National Zoological Park, including personal services; erecting and repairing buildings; care and improvement of grounds; travel, including travel for the procurement of live specimens; purchase, care, and transportation of specimens; purchase of one additional passenger-carrying vehicle, and maintenance and operation of passenger-carrying vehicles; purchase and exchange of bicycles, motorcycles, with or without side cars for use of police; revolvers, and ammunition; purchase of uniforms and equipment for police, and uniforms for keepers, and assistant keepers; books and periodicals; and printing and binding; $310,000, no part of which sum shall be available for architect's fees or compensation.

SEC. 2. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act or authorized hereby to be expended shall be used to pay the compensation of any officer or employee of the Government of the United States, or of the District of Columbia unless such person is a citizen of the United States, or a person in the service of the United States or the District of Columbia on the date of the approval of this Act who being eligible for citizenship had theretofore filed a declaration of intention to become a citizen or who owes allegiance to the United States. This section shall not apply to citizens of the Commonwealth of the Philippines or nationals of those countries allied with the United States in the prosecution of the war effort.

SEC. 3. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used to pay the salary or wages of any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided, That for the purposes hereof an affidavit shall be considered prima facie evidence that the person making the affidavit does not advocate, and is not a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided further, That any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence and accepts employment the salary or wages for which are paid from any appropriation contained in this Act shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than $1,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both: Provided further, That the above penalty clause shall be in addition to, and not in substitution for, any other provisions of existing law.

SEC. 4. Whenever in this Act an amount is specified within an appropriation for particular purposes or object of expenditure, such amount, unless otherwise specified, shall be considered as the maximum amount which may be expended for said purpose or object rather than an amount set apart exclusively therefor.

SEC. 5. The Commissioners are authorized, under available appropriations in this Act, to contract for stenographic reporting services without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes.

SEC. 6. Work performed for repairs and improvements under appropriations contained in this Act may be by contract or otherwise, as determined by the Commissioners.

SEC. 7. In purchasing motor-propelled or animal-drawn vehicles or tractors, or road, agricultural, manufacturing, or laboratory equipment, or boats, or parts, accessories, tires, or equipment thereof, the
Investments.

Sec. 8. The Commissioners are hereby authorized in their discretion, to invest at any time in United States Government securities, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, any part of the general fund, highway fund, water fund, or trust funds, of the District of Columbia, not needed to meet expenses during the current fiscal year, to deposit the interest accruing from such investment to the credit of the fund from which the investment was made, and to sell or exchange such securities for other Government securities, and deposit the proceeds to the credit of the appropriate fund.

Sec. 9. Section 7 of the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1945, is amended to read as follows: "Hereafter appropriations for the District of Columbia shall be used to pay increases in the salaries of officers and employees by reason of the reallocation of the position of any officer or employee by the Civil Service Commission, and administrative promotions within the several grades: Provided, That such reallocation increases and administrative promotions shall be subject to the approval of the Commissioners of the District of Columbia: Provided further, That officers and employees whose positions were reallocated by the Civil Service Commission during the period January 1, 1945, to July 1, 1945, who have not received such reallocation increases shall be entitled to receive them retroactively to the date they would otherwise have been effective except for the provisions of said section 7, but in no case prior to January 1, 1945."

Sec. 10. Appropriations herein made available for the purchase of passenger-carrying vehicles, with the exception of those to be purchased for use by the Fire Department and the Metropolitan Police, shall be available only for the purchase of used or Federal surplus motor vehicles.

Sec. 11. This Act may be cited as the "District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1946".

Approved June 30, 1945.

[CHAPTER 210]

AN ACT

To extend through December 31, 1945, the termination date under the Renegotiation Act.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That subsection (h) of the Renegotiation Act (relating to the termination date) is amended to read as follows:

"(h) This section shall apply only with respect to profits derived from contracts with the Departments and subcontracts which are determined under regulations prescribed by the Board to be reasonably allocable to performance prior to the close of the termination date. Notwithstanding the method of accounting employed by the contractor in keeping his books, profits determined to be so allocable shall be considered as having been received or accrued not later than the termination date. For the purposes of this subsection, the term 'termination date' means whichever of the following dates first occurs—

"(1) December 31, 1945; or

"(2) the date proclaimed by the President as the date of the termination of hostilities in the present war; or

"(3) the date specified in a concurrent resolution of the two Houses of Congress as the date of the termination of hostilities in the present war."
SEC. 2. TERMINATION OF REPRICING OF WAR CONTRACTS.

Section 802 (b) of the Revenue Act of 1943 (relating to repricing of war contracts) is amended to read as follows:

“(b) Section 801 shall not apply to any contract with a Department or any subcontract made after (1) the date proclaimed by the President as the date of the termination of hostilities in the present war, or (2) the date specified in a concurrent resolution of the two Houses of Congress as the date of such termination, or (3) December 31, 1945, whichever date is the earlier.”

Approved June 30, 1945.

[CHAPTER 211]

JOINT RESOLUTION

To continue the temporary increases in postal rates on first-class matter, and for other purposes.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 1001(a), as amended (relating to temporary increase in first-class rate), of the Revenue Act of 1932, and section 2, as amended (authorizing the President to modify certain postage rates), of the Act entitled “An Act to extend the gasoline tax for one year, to modify postage rates on mail matter, and for other purposes,” approved June 16, 1933, are further amended by striking out “July 1, 1945” wherever appearing therein and inserting in lieu thereof “July 1, 1947,” and by striking out “June 30, 1947” wherever appearing therein and inserting in lieu thereof “June 30, 1947”.

SEC. 2. Section 732 (d) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended to read as follows:

“(d) REVIEW BY SPECIAL DIVISION OF BOARD.—The determinations and redeterminations by any division of the Board involving any question arising under section 721 (a) (2) (C) or section 722 with respect to any taxable year shall be reviewed by a special division of the Board which shall be constituted by the Chairman and consist of not less than three members of the Board. The decisions of such special division shall not be reviewable by the Board, and shall be deemed decisions of the Board.”

Approved June 30, 1945.

[CHAPTER 212]

AN ACT

To improve salary and wage administration in the Federal service; to provide pay for overtime and for night and holiday work; to amend the Classification Act of 1923, as amended; to bring about a reduction in Federal personnel and to establish personnel ceilings for Federal departments and agencies; to require a quarterly analysis of Federal employment; and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the “Federal Employees Pay Act of 1945”.

TITLE I—COVERAGE AND EXEMPTIONS

COVERAGE

Sec. 101. (a) Subject to the exemptions specified in section 102 of this Act, titles II and III of this Act shall apply (1) to all civilian officers and employees in or under the executive branch of the Government, including Government-owned or controlled corporations, and in or under the District of Columbia municipal government, and (2) to those officers and employees of the judicial branch of the Government, the Library of Congress, the Botanic Garden, and the Office of
the Architect of the Capitol who occupy positions subject to the Classification Act of 1923, as amended.

(b) Title IV of this Act shall apply to officers and employees who occupy positions subject to the Classification Act of 1923, as amended.

(c) Subject to the exemptions specified in section 102 of this Act, title V of this Act shall apply to officers and employees in or under the legislative or the judicial branch of the Government whose compensation is not fixed in accordance with the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, and to the official reporters of proceedings and debates of the Senate and their employees.

(d) Subject to the exemptions specified in section 102 of this Act, title VI of this Act (containing miscellaneous provisions) shall apply to civilian officers and employees of the Government according to the terms thereof.

(e) All provisions of this Act applicable to the executive branch of the Government shall be applicable to the General Accounting Office.

EXEMPTIONS

SEC. 102. (a) This Act shall not apply to (1) elected officials; (2) Federal judges; (3) heads of departments or of independent establishments or agencies of the Federal Government, including Government-owned or controlled corporations; (4) employees of the District of Columbia municipal government whose compensation is fixed by the Teachers' Salary Act of June 4, 1924, as amended; and (5) officers and members of the Metropolitan Police or of the Fire Department of the District of Columbia. As used in this subsection the term “elected officials” shall not include officers elected by the Senate or House of Representatives who are not members of either body.

(b) This Act, except section 607, shall not apply to (1) officers and employees in the field service of the Post Office Department; (2) employees outside the continental limits of the United States, including those in Alaska, who are paid in accordance with local native prevailing wage rates for the area in which employed; (3) officers and employees of the Inland Waterways Corporation; (4) officers and employees of the Tennessee Valley Authority; (5) individuals to whom the provisions of section 1 (a) of the Act of March 24, 1943 (Public Law Numbered 17, Seventy-eighth Congress), are applicable; and (6) officers and members of the United States Park Police and the White House Police.

(c) This Act, except sections 203 and 607, shall not apply to employees whose basic compensation is fixed and adjusted from time to time in accordance with prevailing rates by wage boards or similar administrative authority serving the same purpose.

(d) This Act, except sections 606 and 607, shall not apply to employees of the Transportation Corps of the Army of the United States on vessels operated by the United States, to vessel employees of the Coast and Geodetic Survey, or to vessel employees of the Panama Railroad Company.

TITLE II—COMPENSATION FOR OVERTIME

OVERTIME PAY

SEC. 201. Officers and employees to whom this title applies shall, in addition to their basic compensation, be compensated for all hours of employment, officially ordered or approved, in excess of forty hours in any administrative workweek, at overtime rates as follows:

(a) For employees whose basic compensation is at a rate less than $2,980 per annum, the basic overtime hourly rate shall be one and one-half times the basic hourly rate of compensation: Provided, That in computing such overtime compensation for per annum employees, the basic
hourly rate of compensation shall be determined by dividing the per
annum rate by two thousand and eighty.

(b) For employees whose basic compensation is at a rate of $2,980
per annum or more, the overtime hourly rate shall be in accordance
with and in proportion to the following schedule:

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<th>Overtime rate of compensation per 41.6 overtime hours</th>
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COMPENSATORY TIME OFF FOR IRREGULAR OR OCCASIONAL OVERTIME WORK

SEC. 202. (a) The heads of departments, or of independent estab-
lishments or agencies, including Government-owned or controlled cor-
porations, and of the District of Columbia municipal government, and
the heads of legislative or judicial agencies to which this title applies,
may by regulation provide for the granting of compensatory time off
from duty, in lieu of overtime compensation for irregular or occasional
duty in excess of forty-eight hours in any regularly scheduled admin-
istrative workweek, to those per annum employees requesting
such compensatory time off from duty.

(b) The Architect of the Capitol may, in his discretion, grant per
annum employees compensatory time off from duty in lieu of over-
time compensation for any work in excess of forty hours in any
regularly scheduled administrative workweek.

WAGE-BOARD EMPLOYEES

SEC. 203. Employees whose basic rate of compensation is fixed on
an annual or monthly basis and adjusted from time to time in
accordance with prevailing rates by wage boards or similar adminis-
trative authority serving the same purpose shall be entitled to over-
time pay in accordance with the provisions of section 23 of the Act
of March 28, 1934 (U. S. C., 1940 edition, title 5, sec. 673c). The
rate of compensation for each hour of overtime employment of any
such employee shall be computed as follows:

(a) If the basic rate of compensation of the employee is fixed on
an annual basis, divide such basic rate of compensation by two thou-
sand and eighty and multiply the quotient by one and one-half; and

(b) If the basic rate of compensation of the employee is fixed on
a monthly basis, multiply such basic rate of compensation by twelve

to derive a basic annual rate of compensation, divide such basic annual rate of compensation by two thousand and eighty, and multiply the quotient by one and one-half.

TITLE III—COMPENSATION FOR NIGHT AND HOLIDAY WORK

NIGHT PAY DIFFERENTIAL

Sec. 301. Any officer or employee to whom this title applies who is assigned to a regularly scheduled tour of duty, any part of which falls between the hours of 6 o'clock postmeridian and 6 o'clock antemeridian, shall, for duty between such hours, excluding periods when he is in a leave status, be paid compensation at a rate 10 per centum in excess of his basic rate of compensation for duty between other hours: Provided, That such differential for night duty shall not be included in computing any overtime compensation to which the officer or employee may be entitled: And provided further, That this section shall not operate to modify the provisions of the Act of July 1, 1944 (Public Law Numbered 394, Seventy-eighth Congress), or any other law authorizing additional compensation for night work.

COMPENSATION FOR HOLIDAY WORK

Sec. 302. Officers and employees to whom this title applies who are assigned to duty on a holiday designated by Federal statute or Executive order shall be compensated for such duty, excluding periods when they are in leave status, in lieu of their regular pay for that day, at the rate of one and one-half times the regular basic rate of compensation: Provided, That extra holiday compensation paid under this section shall not serve to reduce the amount of overtime compensation to which the employee may be entitled under this or any other Act during the administrative workweek in which the holiday occurs, but such extra holiday compensation shall not be considered to be a part of the basic compensation for the purpose of computing such overtime compensation. This section shall take effect upon the cessation of hostilities in the present war as proclaimed by the President, or at such earlier time as the Congress by concurrent resolution may prescribe. Prior to so becoming effective, it shall be effective with respect to any designated holiday only if the President has declared that such day shall not be generally a workday in the Federal service.

TITLE IV—AMENDMENTS TO CLASSIFICATION ACT OF 1923, AS AMENDED

ESTABLISHMENT OF RATES FOR CLASSES OF POSITIONS WITHIN GRADES

Sec. 401. Section 3 of the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, is amended by inserting at the end of such section a paragraph reading as follows:

"In subdividing any grade into classes of positions, as provided in the foregoing paragraph, the Civil Service Commission, whenever it deems such action warranted by the nature of the duties and responsibilities of a class of positions in comparison with other classes in the same grade, and in the interests of good administration, is authorized to establish for any such class a minimum rate, which shall be one of the pay rates, but not in excess of the middle rate, of that grade as set forth in section 13 of this Act, as amended. Whenever the Commission shall find that within the same Government organization and at the same location gross inequities exist between basic per annum rates
of pay fixed for any class of positions under this Act and the compensa-
tion of employees whose basic rates of pay are fixed by wage boards or
similar administrative authority serving the same purpose, the
Commission is hereby empowered, in order to correct or reduce such
inequities, to establish as the minimum rate of pay for such class of
positions any rate not in excess of the middle rate within the range of
pay fixed by this Act for the grade to which such class of positions is
allocated. For the purposes of this section the fourth rate of a six-rate
grade shall be considered to be the middle rate of that grade. Min-
imum rates established under this paragraph shall be duly published
by regulation and, subject to the foregoing provisions, may be revised
from time to time by the Commission. The Commission shall make
a report of such actions or revisions with the reasons therefor to Con-
gress at the end of each fiscal year. Actions by the Civil Service Com-
mision under this paragraph shall apply to both the departmental
and field services and shall have the force and effect of law."

PERIODIC WITHIN-GRADE SALARY ADVANCEMENTS

SEC. 402. Subsection (b) of section 7 of the Classification Act of 1923,
as amended, is amended to read as follows:

"(b) All employees compensated on a per annum basis, and occupy-
ing permanent positions within the scope of the compensation sched-
ules fixed by this Act, who have not attained the maximum rate of
compensation for the grade in which their positions are respectively
allocated, shall be advanced in compensation successively to the next
higher rate within the grade at the beginning of the next pay period
following the completion of (1) each twelve months of service if such
employees are in grades in which the compensation increments are less
than $200, or (2) each eighteen months of service if such employees
are in grades in which the compensation increments are $200 or more,
subject to the following conditions:

"(1) That no equivalent increase in compensation from any
cause was received during such period, except increase made pur-
suant to subsection (f) of this section;

"(2) That an employee shall not be advanced unless his current
efficiency is 'good' or better than 'good';

"(3) That the service and conduct of such employee are certi-
ified by the head of the department or agency or such official as
he may designate as being otherwise satisfactory; and

"(4) That any employee, (A) who, while serving under perma-
nent, war service, temporary, or any other type of appointment,
his position to enter the armed forces or the merchant
marine, or to comply with a war transfer as defined by the Civil
Service Commission, (B) who has been separated under honorable
conditions from active duty in the armed forces, or has received
a certificate of satisfactory service in the merchant marine, or
has a satisfactory record on war transfer, and (C) who, under
regulations of the Civil Service Commission or the provisions of
any law providing for restoration or reemployment, or under
any other administrative procedure with respect to employees
not subject to civil service rules and regulations, is restored,
reemployed, or reinstated in any position subject to this section,
shall upon his return to duty be entitled to within-grade salary
advancements without regard to paragraphs (2) and (3) of this
subsection, and to credit such service in the armed forces, in the
merchant marine, and on war transfer, toward such within-grade
salary advancements. As used in this paragraph the term 'service
in the merchant marine' shall have the same meaning as when used
in the Act entitled 'An Act to provide reemployment rights for
persons who leave their positions to serve in the merchant marine,
and for other purposes; approved June 23, 1943 (U. S. C., 1940 edition, Supp. IV, title 30 App., secs. 1471 to 1475, inc.)."

REWARDS FOR SUPERIOR ACCOMPLISHMENT; AUTHORIZATION AND LIMITATIONS

SEC. 403. Subsection (f) of section 7 of the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, is amended to read as follows:

"(f) Within the limit of available appropriations, as a reward for superior accomplishment, under standards to be promulgated by the Civil Service Commission, and subject to prior approval by the Civil Service Commission, or delegation of authority as provided in subsection (g), the head of any department or agency is authorized to make additional within-grade compensation advancements, but any such additional advancements shall not exceed one step and no employee shall be eligible for more than one additional advancement hereunder within each of the time periods specified in subsection (b). All actions under this subsection and the reasons therefor shall be reported to the Civil Service Commission. The Commission shall present an annual consolidated report to the Congress covering the numbers and types of actions taken under this subsection."

REWARDS FOR SUPERIOR ACCOMPLISHMENT; RESPONSIBILITY OF CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION

SEC. 404. Subsection (g) of section 7 of the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, is amended to read as follows:

"(g) The Civil Service Commission is hereby authorized to issue such regulations as may be necessary for the administration of this section. In such regulations the Commission is hereby empowered, in its discretion, to delegate to the head of any department or agency, or his designated representative, the authority to approve additional within-grade compensation advancements provided for in subsection (f), without prior approval in individual cases by the Commission. The Commission is also authorized to withdraw or suspend such authority from time to time, whenever post-audit of such actions by the Commission indicates that standards promulgated by the Commission have not been observed."

INCREASE IN BASIC RATES OF COMPENSATION

SEC. 405. (a) Each of the existing rates of basic compensation set forth in section 13 of the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, except those affected by subsection (b) of this section, is hereby increased by 20 per centum of that part thereof which is not in excess of $1,200 per annum, plus 10 per centum of that part thereof which is in excess of $1,200 per annum but not in excess of $4,600 per annum, plus 5 per centum of that part thereof which is in excess of $4,600 per annum. Such augmented rates shall be considered to be the regular basic rates of compensation provided by such section.

(b) (1) The proviso to the fifth paragraph under the heading "Crafts, Protective, and Custodial Service" in section 13 of the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, is hereby amended to read as follows: "Provided, That charwomen working part time be paid at the rate of 78 cents an hour, and head charwomen at the rate of 83 cents an hour."

(2) Such section is amended so as to provide the following rates of compensation for positions in the clerical-mechanical service:

- Grade 1, 78 to 85 cents an hour.
- Grade 2, 91 to 98 cents an hour.
- Grade 3, $1.05 to $1.11 an hour.
- Grade 4, $1.18 to $1.31 an hour.
(c) The increase in existing rates of basic compensation provided by this section shall not be construed to be an "equivalent increase" in compensation within the meaning of section 7 (b) (1) of the Classification Act of 1923, as amended.

TITLE V—EMPLOYEES OF LEGISLATIVE AND JUDICIAL BRANCHES

PART I—EMPLOYEES OF THE LEGISLATIVE BRANCH

INCREASE IN RATES OF COMPENSATION

SEC. 501. Except as provided in section 503, each officer and employee in or under the legislative branch to whom this title applies shall be paid additional compensation computed as follows: 20 per centum of that part of his rate of basic compensation which is not in excess of $1,200 per annum, plus 10 per centum of that part of such rate which is in excess of $1,200 per annum but not in excess of $4,600 per annum, plus 5 per centum of that part of such rate which is in excess of $4,600 per annum. The additional compensation provided by this section shall be considered a part of the basic compensation of any such officer or employee for the purposes of the Civil Service Retirement Act of May 29, 1930, as amended. The additional compensation provided for by this section and section 502 shall not be taken into account in determining whether any amount expended for clerk hire, or the compensation paid to an officer or employee, is within any limit now prescribed by law.

TEMPORARY ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION IN LIEU OF OVERTIME

SEC. 502. During the period beginning on July 1, 1945, and ending on June 30, 1947, each officer and employee in or under the legislative branch entitled to the benefits of section 501 of this Act shall be paid additional compensation at the rate of 10 per centum of (a) the aggregate of the rate of his basic compensation and the rate of additional compensation received by him under section 501 of this Act, or (b) the rate of $2,900 per annum, whichever is the smaller.

COMPENSATION FOR OVERTIME

SEC. 503. Hereafter, for overtime pay purposes, per diem and per hour employees under the Office of the Architect of the Capitol not subject to the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, shall be regarded as subject to the provisions of section 23 of the Act of March 28, 1934 (U. S. C., 1940 edition, title 5, sec. 673c), and sections 501 and 502 of this Act shall not be applicable to such employees.

PART II—EMPLOYEES OF THE JUDICIAL BRANCH

INCREASE IN BASIC RATES OF COMPENSATION

SEC. 521. Each officer and employee in or under the judicial branch to whom this title applies shall be paid additional basic compensation computed as follows: 20 per centum of that part of his rate of basic compensation which is not in excess of $1,200 per annum, plus 10 per centum of that part of such rate which is in excess of $1,200 per annum but not in excess of $4,600 per annum, plus 5 per centum of that part of such rate which is in excess of $4,600 per annum. The limitations of $6,500 and $7,500 with respect to the aggregate salaries payable to secretaries and law clerks of circuit and district judges, contained in the eighth paragraph under the head "Miscellaneous Items of Expense" in The Judiciary Appropriation Act, 1946 (Public Law Numbered 61, Seventy-ninth Congress), shall be increased by the amounts necessary to pay the additional basic compensation provided. This Act, p. 299.
by this section; and the changes in the rates of basic compensation in the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, made by section 405 of this Act shall not be taken into account in fixing salaries under such eighth paragraph.

TEMPORARY ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION IN LIEU OF OVERTIME

SEC. 522. During the period beginning on July 1, 1945, and ending on June 30, 1947, each officer and employee in or under the judicial branch entitled to the benefits of section 521 of this Act shall be paid additional compensation at the rate of 10 per centum of (a) the rate of his basic compensation, or (b) the rate of $2,900 per annum, whichever is smaller. As used in this section the term "basic compensation" includes the additional basic compensation provided for by section 521 of this Act.

TITLE VI—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

EFFECT ON EXISTING LAWS AFFECTING CERTAIN INSPECTIONAL GROUPS

SEC. 601. The provisions of this Act shall not operate to prevent payment for overtime services or extra pay for Sunday or holiday work in accordance with any of the following statutes: Act of February 13, 1911, as amended (U. S. C., 1940 edition, title 19, secs. 261 and 267); Act of July 24, 1919 (U. S. C., 1940 edition, title 7, sec. 394); Act of June 17, 1930, as amended (U. S. C., 1940 edition, title 10, secs. 1450, 1451, and 1452); Act of March 2, 1931 (U. S. C., 1940 edition, title 8, secs. 109a and 109b); Act of May 27, 1936, as amended (U. S. C., 1940 edition, title 46, sec. 382b); Act of March 23, 1941 (U. S. C., 1940 edition, Supp. IV, title 47, sec. 154 (f) (2)); Act of June 3, 1944 (Public Law Numbered 328, Seventy-eighth Congress): Provided, That the overtime, Sunday, or holiday services covered by such payment shall not also form a basis for overtime or extra pay under this Act.

INCREASE IN BASIC STATUTORY RATES OF COMPENSATION NOT UNDER CLASSIFICATION ACT OF 1923, AS AMENDED

SEC. 602. (a) The existing basic rates of pay set forth in the Act entitled "An Act to adjust the compensation of certain employees in the Customs Service", approved May 29, 1928, as amended, and those set forth in the second paragraph of section 24 of the Immigration Act of 1917, as amended, are hereby increased in the same amount that corresponding rates would be increased under the provisions of section 405 of this Act; and each such augmented rate shall be considered to be the regular basic rate of compensation.

(b) Basic rates of compensation specifically prescribed by statute of Congress for positions in the executive branch or the District of Columbia municipal government which are not increased by any other provision of this Act are hereby increased in the same amount that corresponding rates would be increased under the provisions of section 405 of this Act; and each such augmented rate shall be considered to be the regular basic rate of compensation.

LIMITATIONS ON REDUCTIONS AND INCREASES IN COMPENSATION

SEC. 603. (a) The aggregate per annum rate of compensation with respect to any pay period, in the case of any full-time employee in the service on July 1, 1945, (1) who was a full-time employee on June 30, 1945, (2) whose per annum basic rate of compensation on June 30, 1945, did not exceed a rate of $1,800 per annum, and (3) whose compensation is fixed in accordance with the provisions of the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, or the Act entitled "An Act to adjust the compensation of certain employees in the Customs Service",...
approved May 29, 1928, as amended, shall not, under the rates of compensation established by this Act, so long as he continues to occupy the position he occupied on June 30, 1945, be less than his per annum basic rate of compensation on such date, plus the rate of $900 per annum or 25 per centum of such per annum basic rate of compensation, whichever is the smaller amount.

(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, no officer or employee shall, by reason of the enactment of this Act, be paid, with respect to any pay period, basic compensation, or basic compensation plus any additional compensation provided by this Act, at a rate in excess of $10,000 per annum, except that (1) any officer or employee who was receiving overtime compensation on June 30, 1945, and whose aggregate rate of compensation on such date was in excess of $10,000 per annum may receive overtime compensation at such rate as will not cause his aggregate rate of compensation for any pay period to exceed the aggregate rate of compensation he was receiving on June 30, 1945, until he ceases to occupy the office or position he occupied on such date or until the overtime hours of work in his administrative workweek are reduced by action of the head of his department or independent establishment or agency, or Government-owned or controlled corporation, and when such overtime hours are reduced such rate of overtime compensation shall be reduced proportionately, and (2) any officer or employee who, because of the receipt of additional compensation in lieu of overtime compensation, was receiving aggregate compensation at a rate in excess of $10,000 per annum on June 30, 1945, may continue to receive such rate of aggregate compensation so long as he continues to occupy the office or position he occupied on such date but in no case beyond June 30, 1947.

ESTABLISHMENT OF BASIC WORKWEEK; PAY COMPUTATION METHODS

Sec. 604. (a) It shall be the duty of the heads of the several departments and independent establishments and agencies in the executive branch, including Government-owned or controlled corporations, and the District of Columbia municipal government, to establish as of the effective date of this Act, for all full-time officers and employees in their respective organizations, in the departmental and the field services, a basic administrative workweek of forty hours, and to require that the hours of work in such workweek be performed within a period of not more than six of any seven consecutive days.

(b) Beginning not later than October 1, 1945, each pay period for all officers and employees of the organizations referred to in subsection (a), except officers and employees on the Isthmus of Panama in the service of The Panama Canal or the Panama Railroad Company, shall cover two administrative workweeks. When a pay period for such officers and employees begins in one fiscal year and ends in another, the gross amount of the earnings for such pay period may be regarded as a charge against the appropriation or allotment current at the end of such pay period.

(c) The following provisions of law are hereby repealed: (1) the provisions of the Saturday half-holiday law of March 3, 1931 (46 Stat. 1482; U. S. C., 1940 edition, title 5, sec. 26 (a)), and (2) the provisions of so much of section 5 of the Act entitled “An Act making appropriations for the legislative, executive, and judicial expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and ninety-four, and for other purposes”, approved March 3, 1893, as amended (30 Stat. 316; U. S. C., 1940 edition, title 5, sec. 29), as precedes the second proviso in such section. The first sentence of section 6 of the Act of June 30, 1906 (34 Stat. 763; U. S. C., 1940 edition, title 5, sec. 84), is amended by inserting after “United States” the following: “(except persons whose compensation is computed in

§ 77 Stat. 715.
§ 77 Stat. 715.
Basic per annum rates of compensation.

Conversion of pay rates.

accordance with section 604 (d) of the Federal Employees Pay Act of 1945; and the last sentence of such section 6 is amended by striking out "Any person" and inserting "Any such person".

(d) (1) Hereafter, for all pay computation purposes affecting officers or employees in or under the executive branch, the judicial branch, or the District of Columbia municipal government, basic per annum rates of compensation established by or pursuant to law shall be regarded as payment for employment during fifty-two basic administrative workweeks of forty hours.

(2) Whenever for any such purpose it is necessary to convert a basic monthly or annual rate to a basic weekly, daily, or hourly rate, the following rules shall govern:

(A) A monthly rate shall be multiplied by twelve to derive an annual rate;
(B) An annual rate shall be divided by fifty-two to derive a weekly rate;
(C) A weekly rate shall be divided by forty to derive an hourly rate; and
(D) A daily rate shall be derived by multiplying an hourly rate by the number of daily hours of service required.

(e) The Architect of the Capitol may, in his discretion, apply the provisions of subsection (a) to any officers or employees under the Office of the Architect of the Capitol or the Botanic Garden, and the Librarian of Congress may, in his discretion, apply the provisions of such subsection to any officers or employees under the Library of Congress; and officers and employees to whom such subsection is so made applicable shall also be subject to the provisions of subsections (b) and (d) of this section.

REGULATIONS

SEC. 605. The Civil Service Commission is hereby authorized to issue such regulations, subject to the approval of the President, as may be necessary for the administration of the foregoing provisions of this Act insofar as this Act affects officers and employees in or under the executive branch of the Government.

VESSEL EMPLOYEES

SEC. 606. Employees of the Transportation Corps of the Army of the United States on vessels operated by the United States, vessel employees of the Coast and Geodetic Survey, and vessel employees of the Panama Railroad Company, may be compensated in accordance with the wage practices of the maritime industry.

PERSONNEL CEILINGS

SEC. 607. (a) It is hereby declared to be the sense of the Congress that in the interest of economy and efficiency the heads of departments, and of independent establishments or agencies, in the executive branch, including Government-owned or controlled corporations, shall terminate the employment of such of the employees thereof as are not required for the proper and efficient performance of the functions of their respective departments, establishments, and agencies.

(b) The heads of departments, and of independent establishments or agencies, in the executive branch, including Government-owned or controlled corporations, shall present to the Director of the Bureau of the Budget such information as the Director shall from time to time, but at least quarterly, require for the purpose of determining the numbers of full-time civilian employees (including full-time intermittent employees who are paid on a "when actually employed")
basis, and full-time employees paid nominal compensation, such as $1 a year or $1 a month) and the man-months of part-time civilian employment (including part-time employment by intermittent employees who are paid on a "when actually employed" basis, and part-time employment by employees paid nominal compensation such as $1 a year or $1 a month) required within the United States for the proper and efficient performance of the authorized functions of their respective departments, establishments, and agencies. The Director shall, within sixty days after the date of enactment of this Act and from time to time, thereafter, determine the numbers of full-time employees and man-months of part-time employment, which in his opinion are required for such purpose, and any personnel or employment in such department, establishment, or agency in excess thereof shall be released or terminated at such times as the Director shall order. Such determinations, and any numbers of employees or man-months of employment paid in violation of the orders of the Director, shall be reported quarterly to the Congress. Each such report shall include a statement showing for each department, independent establishment, and agency the net increase or decrease in such employees and employment as compared with the corresponding data contained in the next preceding report, together with any suggestions the Director may have for legislation which would bring about economy and efficiency in the use of Government personnel. As used in this subsection the term "United States" shall include the Territories and possessions.

(c) Determinations by the Director of numbers of employees and man-months of employment required shall be by such appropriation units or organization units as he may deem appropriate.

(d) The Director shall maintain a continuous study of all appropriations and contract authorizations in relation to personnel employed and shall, under such policies as the President may prescribe, reserve from expenditure any savings in salaries, wages, or other categories of expense which he determines to be possible as a result of reduced personnel requirements. Such reserves may be released by the Director for expenditure only upon a satisfactory showing of necessity.

(e) Casual employees, as defined by the Civil Service Commission, and employees hired without compensation may be excluded from the determinations and reports required by this section.

(f) Until the cessation of hostilities in the present war as proclaimed by the President, the provisions of this section shall not be applicable to (1) employees of the War and Navy Departments except those who are subject to the provisions of titles II and III of this Act; or (2) individuals employed or paid by or through the War Shipping Administration (A) who are outside the United States, (B) to whom the provisions of section 1 (a) of the Act of March 24, 1943 (Public Law Numbered 17, Seventy-eighth Congress), are applicable, (C) who are undergoing a course of training under the United States Maritime Service or who have completed such training and are awaiting assignment to ships, or (D) who are on stand-by wages awaiting assignment to ships. As used in this subsection the term "United States" means the several States and the District of Columbia.

EXEMPTION FOR PURPOSES OF VETERANS LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Sec. 608. Amounts payable under the provisions of this Act, other than increases under sections 405, 501, 521, and 602, shall not be considered in determining the amount of a person's annual income or annual rate of compensation for the purposes of paragraph II (a) of part III of Veterans Regulation Numbered 1 (a), as amended, or


section 212 of title II of the Act entitled "An Act making appropriations for the legislative branch of the Government for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, and for other purposes", approved June 30, 1932, as amended (U. S. C., 1940 edition, title 5, sec. 59a; Supp. IV, title 5, sec. 50b).

APPROPRIATION AUTHORIZED

SEC. 609. There are hereby authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act.

EFFECTIVE DATE

SEC. 610. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 1945.

Approved June 30, 1945.

[CHAPTER 213]

AN ACT

To amend the Act suspending until June 30, 1945, the running of the statute of limitations applicable to violations of the antitrust laws, so as to continue such suspension until June 30, 1946.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first section of the Act entitled "An Act to suspend until June 30, 1945, the running of the statute of limitations applicable to violations of the antitrust laws", approved October 10, 1942 (56 Stat. 781; U. S. C., Supp. III, title 15, note following sec. 16), is amended by striking out the date "June 30, 1945" where it appears in such section and inserting in lieu thereof the date "June 30, 1946".

Approved June 30, 1945.

[CHAPTER 214]

JOINT RESOLUTION


Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 1 (b) of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, is amended by striking out "June 30, 1945" and substituting "June 30, 1946".

SEC. 2. Section 6 of the Stabilization Act of 1942, as amended, is amended by striking out "June 30, 1945" and substituting "June 30, 1946".

SEC. 3. Section 2 (b) of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"(b) Whenever in the judgment of the Administrator such action is necessary or proper in order to effectuate the purposes of this Act, he shall issue a declaration setting forth the necessity for, and recommendations with reference to, the stabilization or reduction of rents for any defense-area housing accommodations within a particular defense-rental area. If within sixty days after the issuance of any such recommendations rents for any such accommodations within such defense-rental area have not in the judgment of the Administrator been stabilized or reduced by State or local regulation, or otherwise, in accordance with the recommendations, the Administrator may by regulation or order establish such maximum rent or maximum rents for such accommodations as in his judgment will be generally fair and equitable and will effectuate the purposes of this Act. So far as practicable, in establishing any maximum rent for any defense-area housing accommodations, the Administrator shall ascertain and give
due consideration to the rents prevailing for such accommodations, or comparable accommodations, on or about April 1, 1941 (or if, prior or subsequent to April 1, 1941, defense activities shall have resulted or threatened to result in increases in rents for housing accommodations in such area inconsistent with the purposes of this Act, then on or about a date (not earlier than April 1, 1940), which in the judgment of the Administrator, does not reflect such increases), and he shall make adjustments for such relevant factors as he may determine and deem to be of general applicability in respect of such accommodations, including increases or decreases in property taxes and other costs within such defense-rental area. In designating defense-rental areas, in prescribing regulations and orders establishing maximum rents for such accommodations, and in selecting persons to administer such regulations and orders, the Administrator shall, to such extent as he determines to be practicable, consider any recommendations which may be made by State and local officials concerned with housing or rental conditions in any defense-rental area. Whenever the Administrator shall find that, in any defense-rental area or any portion thereof specified by him, the availability of adequate rental housing accommodations and other relevant factors are such as to make rent control unnecessary for the purpose of eliminating speculative, unwarranted, and abnormal increases in rents and of preventing profiteering, and speculative and other disruptive practices resulting from abnormal market conditions caused by congestion, the controls imposed upon rents by authority of this Act in such defense-rental area or portion thereof shall be forthwith abolished; but whenever in the judgment of the Administrator it is necessary or proper, in order to effectuate the purposes of this Act, to reestablish the regulation of rents in any such defense-rental area or portion thereof, he may forthwith by regulation or order reestablish maximum rents for housing accommodations therein in accordance with the standards set forth in this Act. Before issuing any regulation or order under the foregoing provisions of this subsection, the Administrator shall, so far as practicable, advise and consult with representative members of the industry which will be affected by such regulation or order, and shall give consideration to their recommendations. The Administrator shall, at the request of any substantial portion of the industry subject to such regulation or order of the Administrator, appoint a national industry advisory committee, or committees, in the same manner and form and with the same powers and duties as provided in subsection (a) for industry advisory committees relating to price."

Sec. 4. Section 2 of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, is amended by inserting at the end of such section a new subsection as follows:

"(n) In establishing or maintaining maximum prices under this Act or otherwise in the case of collect-on-delivery sales of any commodity where under established practices of the seller a uniform charge is added to the price to cover mailing costs, an increase in maximum prices shall be allowed equivalent to any increase in such costs heretofore or hereafter resulting from increased postal rates or charges."

Sec. 5. (a) Subsection (e) of section 3 of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, is amended to read as follows:

"(e) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act or any other law, no action shall be taken under this Act by the Administrator or any other person, without prior written approval of the Secretary of Agriculture, with respect to any agricultural commodity or with respect to any regulation, order, price schedule or other requirement applicable to any processor with respect to any food or feed product processed or manufactured in whole or substantial part from any

Recommendations by State and local officials.

Withdrawal of controls.

Reestablishment.

Consultation, etc., with members of affected industry.

National industry advisory committee.

Collect-on-delivery sales.
agricultural commodity; except that (1) the foregoing provisions of this subsection shall not apply in the case of any individual adjustment making an increase in a maximum price, and (2) the Administrator may take such action as may be necessary under section 202 and section 205 to enforce compliance with any regulation, order, price schedule or other requirement which is lawfully in effect."

(b) Section 302 of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, is amended by inserting after paragraph (k) thereof a new paragraph as follows:

"(l) The term 'agricultural commodity' includes livestock."

Sec. 6. Section 204 (e) of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, is amended as follows:

"(e) (1) Within thirty days after arraignment, or such additional time as the court may allow for good cause shown, in any criminal proceeding, and within five days after judgment in any civil or criminal proceeding, brought pursuant to section 205 of this Act or section 37 of the Criminal Code, involving alleged violation of any provision of any regulation or order issued under section 2 or of any price schedule effective in accordance with the provisions of section 206, the defendant may apply to the court in which the proceeding is pending for leave to file in the Emergency Court of Appeals a complaint against the Administrator setting forth objections to the validity of any provision which the defendant is alleged to have violated or conspired to violate. The court in which the proceeding is pending shall grant such leave with respect to any objection which it finds is made in good faith and with respect to which it finds there is reasonable and substantial excuse for the defendant's failure to present such objection in a protest filed in accordance with section 203(a). Upon the filing of a complaint pursuant to and within thirty days from the granting of such leave, the Emergency Court of Appeals shall have jurisdiction to enjoin or set aside in whole or in part the provision of the regulation, order, or price schedule complained of or to dismiss the complaint. The court may authorize the introduction of evidence, either to the Administrator or directly to the court, in accordance with subsection (a) of this section. The provisions of subsections (b), (c), and (d) of this section shall be applicable with respect to any proceeding instituted in accordance with this subsection.

"(2) In any proceeding brought pursuant to section 205 of this Act or section 37 of the Criminal Code, involving an alleged violation of any provision of any such regulation, order or price schedule, the court shall stay the proceeding—

"(i) during the period within which a complaint may be filed in the Emergency Court of Appeals pursuant to leave granted under paragraph (1) of this subsection with respect to such provision;

"(ii) during the pendency of any protest properly filed by the defendant under section 203 prior to the institution of the proceeding under section 205 of this Act or section 37 of the Criminal Code, setting forth objections to the validity of such provision which the court finds to have been made in good faith; and

"(iii) during the pendency of any judicial proceeding instituted by the defendant under this section with respect to such protest or instituted by the defendant under paragraph (1) of this subsection with respect to such provision, and until the expiration of the time allowed in this section for the taking of further proceedings with respect thereto.

Notwithstanding the provisions of this paragraph, stays shall be granted thereunder in civil proceedings only after judgment and upon
application made within five days after judgment. Notwithstanding the provisions of this paragraph, in the case of a proceeding under section 205 (a) the court granting a stay under this paragraph shall issue a temporary injunction or restraining order enjoining or restraining, during the period of the stay, violations by the defendant of any provision of the regulation, order, or price schedule involved in the proceeding. If any provision of a regulation, order, or price schedule is determined to be invalid by judgment of the Emergency Court of Appeals which has become effective in accordance with section 204 (b), any proceeding pending in any court shall be dismissed, and any judgment in such proceeding vacated, to the extent that such proceeding or judgment is based upon violation of such provision. Except as provided in this subsection, the pendency of any protest under section 205, or judicial proceeding under this section, shall not be grounds for staying any proceeding brought pursuant to section 205 of this Act or section 37 of the Criminal Code; nor, except as provided in this subsection, shall any retroactive effect be given to any judgment setting aside a provision of a regulation or order issued under section 2 or of a price schedule effective in accordance with the provisions of section 206."

Sec. 7. Section 3 of the Stabilization Act of 1942, as amended, is further amended by inserting at the end thereof the following: "Provided further, That on and after the date of the enactment of this proviso, no maximum prices shall be established or maintained on products resulting from the processing of cattle and calves, lambs and sheep, and hogs, the processing of each species being separately considered, which, taken together, do not allow for a reasonable margin of profit to the processing industry as a group on each such species."

Sec. 8. The Stabilization Act of 1942, as amended, is amended by inserting after section 3 thereof a new section as follows:

"Sec. 3A. (a) While this Act is in effect, no quota or other slaughtering limitation shall be imposed upon any slaughterer of animals, under authority of this or any other law, if the Secretary of Agriculture has certified that the slaughtering plant is operated under sanitary conditions and that the meat produced therein is clean, wholesome, and suitable for human consumption; but certification under this section shall not be made with respect to any slaughtering plant (1) at which inspection is maintained under the Act of March 4, 1907 (34 Stat. 1260), with respect to all its slaughtering operations, or (2) at which such inspection under such Act was previously maintained if, in the judgment of the Secretary of Agriculture, the slaughterer withdraw such plant from such inspection for the purpose of applying for certification under this section.

(b) As a condition of making certification in the case of any such slaughterer, the Secretary of Agriculture may require that such slaughterer make available to the armed services of the United States, or for Government purchase, such percentage of the meat slaughtered and processed as he may deem necessary or advisable.

"(c) The Secretary of Agriculture may make the certification provided for under subsection (a) with respect to a designated part of a slaughtering plant without making such certification with respect to the remainder of such slaughtering plant, in which event the provisions of this section shall apply only to meat produced in such designated part of the slaughtering plant.

"(d) In order that he may make the certifications provided for under subsection (a), the Secretary of Agriculture may provide for inspection in such manner and by such persons as he may deem advisable.
Transportation of meat.


Refusal or revocation of certification.

Penalty provision.

June 30, 1945

JOINT RESOLUTION
To transfer to the Reconstruction Finance Corporation the functions, powers, duties, and records of certain corporations.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, notwithstanding any other provision of law, all functions, powers, duties, and authority of the corporations hereinafter designated, are hereby transferred, together with all their documents, books of account, records, assets, and liabilities of every kind and nature, to Reconstruction Finance Corporation and shall be performed, exercised, and administered by that Corporation in the same manner and to the same extent and effect as if originally vested in Reconstruction Finance Corporation, and the designated corporations are hereby dissolved: Defense Plant Corporation, Metals Reserve Company, Rubber Reserve Company, and Defense Supplies Corporation, created by Reconstruction Finance Corporation pursuant to the Act of June 25, 1940 (54 Stat. 572), and Disaster Loan Corporation, created by the Act of February 11, 1937 (50 Stat. 19), are hereby designated as the corporations to which this joint resolution applies.

SEC. 2. The Reconstruction Finance Corporation shall assume and be subject to all liabilities, whether arising out of contract or otherwise, of the corporations dissolved by this joint resolution. No suit, action, or other proceeding lawfully commenced by or against any of such corporations shall abate by reason of the enactment of this joint resolution, but the court, on motion or supplemental petition filed at any time within twelve months after the date of such enactment, showing a necessity for the survival of such suit, action, or other proceeding to obtain a determination of the questions involved, may allow the same to be maintained by or against the Reconstruction Finance Corporation.

SEC. 3. This joint resolution shall take effect on July 1, 1945.

Approved June 30, 1945.
[CHAPTER 217]

AN ACT
To amend section 927 of the Code of Law of the District of Columbia, relating to insane criminals.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 927 of an Act entitled "An Act to establish a code of law for the District of Columbia", approved March 3, 1901, as amended, relating to insane criminals, be, and the same is hereby, amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 927. INSANE CRIMINALS.—When any person tried upon an indictment or information for an offense or tried in the juvenile court of the District of Columbia for an offense, is acquitted on the sole ground that he was insane at the time of its commission, that fact shall be set forth by the jury in their verdict; and whenever a person is indicted or is charged by an information for an offense, or is charged in the juvenile court of the District of Columbia with an offense, and before trial or after a verdict of guilty, it shall appear to the court, from prima facie evidence submitted to the court or from the evidence adduced at the trial, that the accused is then of unsound mind, the court may order the accused committed to the Gallinger Municipal Hospital for a period not exceeding thirty days, which period may be extended by the court for good cause shown, for examination and observation by the psychiatric staff of said hospital. If, after examination and observation, the said psychiatric staff shall report that in their opinion the accused is insane, the court may cause a jury to be impaneled from the jurors then in attendance on the court or, if the regular jurors have been discharged, may cause a sufficient number of jurors to be drawn to inquire into the sanity of the accused, and said inquiry shall be conducted in the presence and under the direction of the court. If the jury shall find the accused to be then insane, or if an accused person shall be acquitted by the jury solely on the ground of insanity, the court may cause a jury to be impaneled from the jurors then in attendance on the court or, if the regular jurors have been discharged, may cause a sufficient number of jurors to be drawn to inquire into the sanity of the accused, and said inquiry shall be conducted in the presence and under the direction of the court. If the jury shall find the accused to be then insane, or if an accused person shall be acquitted by the jury solely on the ground of insanity, the court may certify the fact to the Federal Security Administrator, who may order such person to be confined in the hospital for the insane, and said person and his estate shall be charged with the expense of his support in the said hospital. The person whose sanity is in question shall be entitled to his bill of exceptions and an appeal as in other cases."

Approved July 2, 1945.

[CHAPTER 218]

AN ACT
To amend the joint resolution of January 27, 1942, entitled “Joint resolution to enable the United States to become an adhering member of the Inter-American Statistical Institute.”

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the joint resolution entitled “Joint resolution to enable the United States to become an adhering member of the Inter-American Statistical Institute”, approved January 27, 1942, is amended by striking out the two provisos contained therein and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"Provided, That (1) the membership dues of the United States payable for any fiscal year shall not be paid unless, during the preceding
fiscal year, at least eight other American nations shall have been in good standing as adhering members, and unless at least eight of such other adhering members for the last preceding year for which such members were respectively obligated to pay dues shall have paid dues which aggregated at least $10,000, and (2) the total cost to the United States for any fiscal year, for adhering membership, shall not exceed $25,000."

Approved July 2, 1945.

[CHAPTER 219] AN ACT
To authorize an award of merit for uncompensated personnel of the Selective Service System.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Congress hereby declares that many members of local boards, boards of appeal, Government appeal agents, local board examining physicians and dentists, members of medical advisory boards, and reemployment committeemen and other uncompensated personnel of the Selective Service System have, in a manner which is an example of patriotism, served the United States in the administration of the Selective Training and Service Act of 1940, as amended. This service has been voluntary and uncompensated and in many cases has resulted in great sacrifices on the part of these citizens.

The Congress further declares that in accordance with the historic policy of the United States to recognize and publicly acknowledge the gratitude of the people and Government of the United States for patriotic service, that uncompensated personnel of the Selective Service System who have given faithful service should be awarded a certificate and medal in recognition of their patriotic service.

SEC. 2. There may be awarded in the name of the Congress of the United States to such uncompensated personnel of the Selective Service System who have faithfully served more than two years and such others who have served faithfully as may be selected by the Director of Selective Service a certificate and a medal for faithful service in the administration of the Selective Training and Service Act of 1940, as amended.

SEC. 3. The medal authorized by this Act shall be known as the Selective Service Medal and shall be in such form and of such design and material as shall be prescribed by the Director of Selective Service.

SEC. 4. The appropriations for the Selective Service System shall be available for the payment of all expenses incident to the creation and awarding of the certificates and medals authorized by this Act.

Approved July 2, 1945.

[CHAPTER 220] AN ACT
To amend the Canal Zone Code.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That paragraph (a) of section 95 of title 2 of the Canal Zone Code, approved June 19, 1934, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"(a) Any employee to whom this article applies who shall have attained the age of fifty-five and rendered at least twenty-five years of service, of which not less than fifteen years shall have been rendered on the Isthmus of Panama, may voluntarily retire on an annuity equivalent in value to the present worth of a deferred
annuity beginning at the age at which the employee would otherwise have become eligible for retirement, computed as provided in section 96 of this title: Provided, That any employee retiring prior to attaining the age of sixty under the provisions of this paragraph with at least thirty years of service shall receive an immediate annuity having a value equal to the present worth of a deferred annuity beginning at the age of sixty years, computed as provided in section 96 of this title."

Approved July 2, 1945.

[CHAPTER 221]

AN ACT

To provide for the issuance of the Mexican Border Service Medal to certain members of the Reserve forces of the Army on active duty in 1916 and 1917.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War is authorized and directed to issue the Mexican Border Service Medal to any officer of the Medical Reserve Corps or to any other member of a reserve component of the Army not eligible under existing law to receive such medal or the Mexican Service Medal herefore authorized by the President who (1) served on the Mexican border at any time during the period from January 1, 1916, to April 6, 1917, or (2) was called to active duty during such period on account of the existing emergency and served in the field but rendered service elsewhere than on the Mexican border: Provided, That such medal shall not be issued to any person who has, subsequent to such service, been dishonorably discharged from the service or deserted.

Approved July 2, 1945.

[CHAPTER 222]

AN ACT

To amend paragraph (c) of section 6 of the District of Columbia Traffic Act, as amended by Act approved February 27, 1931.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the proviso of paragraph (c), section 6, of the District of Columbia Traffic Acts, as amended by the Act approved February 27, 1931, be, and the same is hereby, further amended by adding thereto the following: "Provided further, That such congressional tags shall be valid only for the Congress in which such tags are so issued, and it shall be unlawful to display such congressional tags for a period longer than thirty days after the opening of the next Congress.

"Any person violating this section shall be fined not more than $300 or imprisoned not more than ninety days, or both."

Approved July 2, 1945.

[CHAPTER 223]

AN ACT

To validate titles to certain lands conveyed by Indians of the Five Civilized Tribes and to amend the Act entitled "An Act relative to restrictions applicable to Indians of the Five Civilized Tribes of Oklahoma", approved January 27, 1933, and to validate State court judgments in Oklahoma and judgments of the United States District Courts of the State of Oklahoma.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That no conveyance made by an Indian of the Five Civilized Tribes on or after April 26, 1881, and prior to the date of enactment of this Act, of lands
purchased, prior to April 26, 1931, for the use and benefit of such Indian with funds derived from the sale of, or as income from, restricted allotted lands and conveyed to him by deed containing restrictions on alienation without the consent and approval of the Secretary of the Interior prior to April 26, 1931, shall be invalid because such conveyance was made without the consent and approval of the Secretary of the Interior: Provided, That all such conveyances made after the date of the enactment of this Act must have the consent and approval of the Secretary of the Interior: Provided further, That if any such conveyances are subject to attack upon grounds other than the insufficiency of approval or lack of approval such conveyances shall not be affected by this section.

Sec. 2. That nothing contained in the Act of January 27, 1933 (47 Stat. 777), shall be construed to impose restrictions on the alienation of lands or interests in lands acquired by inheritance, devise, or in any other manner, by Indians of the Five Civilized Tribes, where such lands, or interest therein, were not restricted against alienation at the time of acquisition, and all conveyances executed by Indians of the Five Civilized Tribes after January 27, 1933, and before the date of approval of this section, of lands, or interests in lands, which, at the time of acquisition by them, were free from restrictions, are hereby confirmed and declared to be valid, irrespective of whether such conveyances were or were not approved by the Secretary of the Interior, or by any county court of the State of Oklahoma: Provided, That if any such conveyances are subject to attack upon grounds other than the insufficiency of approval or lack of approval such conveyances shall not be affected by this section: Provided further, That the provisions of this section shall not be construed to validate or confirm any conveyance made in violation of restrictions recited in any deed to lands purchased with the restricted or trust funds belonging to any Indian of the Five Civilized Tribes.

Sec. 3. That no order, judgment, or decree in partition made, entered, or rendered subsequent to the effective date of the Act of June 14, 1918 (40 Stat. 606), and prior to the effective date of this Act, and involving inherited restricted lands of enrolled and unenrolled members of the Five Civilized Tribes, shall be held null, void, invalid, or inoperative, nor shall any conveyance of any land pursuant to such order, judgment, or decree be held null, void, invalid, or inoperative because the United States was not a party to such order, judgment, or decree, or to any of the proceedings in connection therewith, or because the United States, its agents, or officers, or any of them, was not served with any notice or process in connection therewith, and all such orders, judgments, decrees, and conveyances, which are subject to attack solely by reason of any of the infirmities enumerated by this section, are hereby confirmed, approved, and declared valid.

Sec. 4. If any provision of this Act or the application of such provision to any person or circumstances shall be held invalid, the validity of the remainder of the Act and the applicability of such provision to other persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

Approved July 2, 1945.
[CHAPTER 224]

AN ACT

To increase the salary of the executive secretary of the Nurses' Examining Board of the District of Columbia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the second sentence of section 9 of the Act entitled "An Act to amend the Act of February 9, 1907, entitled 'An Act to define the term "registered nurse" and to provide for the registration of nurses in the District of Columbia'," approved March 2, 1929, be, and the same is hereby, amended to read as follows: "The executive secretary of said Board may receive a salary to be fixed by said Board at its annual organization meeting in accordance with the Classification Act of 1923, as amended."

Approved July 2, 1945.

[CHAPTER 225]

AN ACT

To extend five-year-level-premium-term policies for an additional three years.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the five-year-term period under all national service life insurance issued on or before December 31, 1945, and not exchanged or converted prior to that date to a plan other than five-year-level-premium-term insurance is hereby extended for an additional period of three years. The premiums actually chargeable for such additional period shall be the same as during the original five-year period notwithstanding that the premiums due under section 602 (e) of the National Service Life Insurance Act of 1940 are those for a three-year-level-premium-term insurance at the attained age of the insured at the commencement date of such three-year period: Provided, That the Administrator of Veterans Affairs is authorized to make such adjustments as he may determine to be proper in reserves and any dividends.

Approved July 2, 1945.

[CHAPTER 226]

AN ACT

To permit waiving of the bonds of Navy mail clerks and assistant Navy mail clerks, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 3 of the Act of August 24, 1912 (37 Stat. 554), as amended (39 U. S. C., Supp. III, sec. 185), is hereby further amended to read as follows: "Every Navy mail clerk and assistant Navy mail clerk and every Coast Guard mail clerk and assistant Coast Guard mail clerk shall give bond to the United States in such penal sum as the Postmaster General may deem sufficient for the faithful performance of his duties as such clerk: Provided, That the Secretary of the Navy may waive the giving of bond in the cases of Navy mail clerks and assistant Navy mail clerks. Navy mail clerks and assistant Navy mail clerks whose bonds are so waived shall not be entitled to the extra
Reimbursements.

Appropriation authorized.

SEC. 1. There are hereby authorized to be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, such amounts as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act.

Approved July 2, 1945.

[CHAPTER 227] AN ACT

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That notwithstanding the provisions of any other law (including any laws restricting the occupancy of housing facilities under the jurisdiction of Government departments or agencies by personnel, and dependents of personnel, of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, and Coast Guard above specified ranks, or by personnel, and dependents of personnel, of the Coast and Geodetic Survey and the Public Health Service), personnel of any of the services mentioned herein and their dependents may be accepted as tenants in and may occupy on a rental basis any such housing facilities, other than public quarters constructed or designated for assignment to and occupancy without charge by such personnel and their dependents if any, and such personnel shall not be deprived by reason of such occupancy of money allowances to which they are otherwise entitled for rental of quarters.

Approved July 2, 1945.

[CHAPTER 228] JOINT RESOLUTION

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there is hereby established in the War Department a board to be known as the Trustees of the Kermit Roosevelt Fund, whose duty it shall be properly to administer all money and property which hereafter may come under its control as part of the Kermit Roosevelt Fund, created pursuant to section 2 hereof. The board shall be composed of the Chief of Finance, United States Army, ex officio, and three general officers of the Army who shall be appointed to the board and may be replaced thereon by the Secretary of War.

SEC. 2. The board is hereby authorized to accept from Mrs. Kermit Roosevelt such money and property as she may tender, to receipt therefor on behalf of the United States, and to deposit the funds so received in the Treasury of the United States as the original corpus of a trust fund, to be known as the Kermit Roosevelt fund, which shall be used for the purpose of fostering a better understanding and a closer relationship between the military forces of the United States and those of the United Kingdom by sponsoring lectures or courses of instruction to be delivered by officers of the British Army at the United States Military Academy and elsewhere in the United States and for the maintenance of the fund.

Approved July 2, 1945.
States and by officers of the United States Army at Sandhurst Royal Military College and elsewhere in the United Kingdom or, should such exchange lectures prove or become impracticable or unnecessary for any reason, by such other application of the funds as the board, with the approval of the Secretary of War, may determine. The original corpus of the fund and the income therefrom may be disbursed at the discretion of the board in furtherance of the stated purpose, and shall be subject to investment and reinvestment as provided in section 3 hereof.

Sec. 3. The board is also authorized to accept, receive, hold, and administer gifts, bequests and devises of money, securities, or other property, whether real or personal, from any source, for the benefit of the Kermit Roosevelt fund, but no such gift, bequest, or devise which entails any expenditure not to be met out of the gift, bequest, devise, or the income thereof shall be accepted without the consent of Congress. Such additional sums or property shall be receipted for by the Chief of Finance and may, at the discretion of the board and unless otherwise restricted by the terms of the gift, bequest, or devise, be administered and disbursed in the same manner as the original corpus of the fund and the income therefrom. The board may in its discretion sell or exchange securities or other property given, bequeathed, or devised to or for the benefit of the Kermit Roosevelt fund, and may invest and reinvest the proceeds thereof, together with any other moneys in the fund, in such investments as it may determine from time to time: Provided, however, That the board is not authorized to engage in any business, nor shall it make any investments for the account of the fund which could not lawfully be made by a trust company in the District of Columbia, except that it may make any investment directly authorized by the instrument of gift, bequest, or devise under which the funds to be invested are derived, and may retain any investments accepted by it.

Sec. 4. The income from any property held or administered by the board, as and when collected, shall be deposited in the Treasury of the United States to the credit of the trust fund established pursuant to section 2 hereof, and it shall be and remain subject to investment, reinvestment, and disbursement by the board for the uses and purposes set forth therein.

Sec. 5. The board shall have all the usual powers of a trustee in respect to all property administered by it, but the members of the board shall not be personally liable, except for misfeasance, on account of any acts performed in their trust capacity. The members of the board shall not be required to furnish bond, and no additional compensation shall accrue to any of them on account of their duties as trustees. Within the limits prescribed by sections 2, 3, and 4 hereof, the administration, control, and expenditure of this fund and its application to the purposes intended shall be according to the sole discretion of the board, and the exercise of its discretion and authority in regard thereto and its decisions thereon, including any payments made or authorized by it to be made from the Kermit Roosevelt fund, shall not be subject to review except by the Secretary of War, to whom the board shall, on the 1st day of January, each year, render a full report of its activities during the preceding twelve months. The actions of the board shall not be subject to judicial review except in an action brought in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, which is hereby given jurisdiction of such suits, for the purpose of enforcing the provisions of any trust accepted by the board.

Approved July 2, 1945.
[CHAPTER 261]  
AN ACT

To amend an Act entitled "An Act to fix the salaries of officers and members of the Metropolitan Police force and the Fire Department of the District of Columbia."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 2 of the Act entitled "An Act to fix the salaries of officers and members of the Metropolitan Police force and the Fire Department of the District of Columbia", approved July 1, 1930 (46 Stat. 839), as amended May 5, 1944, be, and the same is hereby, further amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 2. That the annual basic salaries of the officers and members of the Fire Department of the District of Columbia shall be as follows: Chief engineer, $8,000; deputy chief engineers, $8,000 each; battalion chief engineers, $4,500 each; fire marshal, $5,000; deputy fire marshal, $3,600; inspectors, $2,400 each; captains, $3,600 each; lieutenants, $3,050 each; sergeants, $2,750 each; superintendent of machinery, $5,000; assistant superintendent of machinery, $3,600; pilots, $3,400 each; marine engineers, $3,400 each; assistant marine engineers, $2,460 each; marine firemen, $2,100 each; privates, a basic salary of $1,900 per year, with an annual increase of $100 in salary for five years, or until the maximum salary of $2,400 is reached. All original appointments of privates shall be made at the basic salary of $1,900 per year, and the first year of service shall be probationary."

This Act shall become effective on the first day of the first month following the month in which approved.

Approved July 3, 1945.

[CHAPTER 262]  
AN ACT

Making appropriations for the Department of the Interior for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Department of the Interior for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, namely:

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

SALARIES

Salaries: For the Secretary of the Interior (hereafter in this Act referred to as the Secretary), and other personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, $1,079,740: Provided, That no part of the appropriation made available to the office of the Secretary by this section shall be used for the broadcast of radio programs designed for or calculated to influence the passage or defeat of any legislation pending before the Congress.

OFFICE OF SOLICITOR

For personal services in the District of Columbia and in the field, $210,926.

DIVISION OF TERRITORIES AND ISLAND POSSESSIONS

For personal services in the District of Columbia, $118,980.
PETROLEUM CONSERVATION DIVISION

For all salaries and expenses necessary for administering and enforcing the provisions of the Act of February 22, 1935, as amended (15 U. S. C. 15A), and for cooperation with Federal and State authorities in the production and conservation of oil and gas, including personal services in the District of Columbia; travel expenses; contract stenographic reporting services; stationery and office supplies; not to exceed $2,500 for printing and binding; and the maintenance, operation, and repair of passenger-carrying vehicles, $173,212.

DIVISION OF GEOGRAPHY

Salaries and expenses: For all necessary expenses of the Division of Geography, during the emergency declared by the President on May 27, 1941, and for a period not exceeding thirty days thereafter, in performing the duties imposed upon the Secretary by Executive Order 6680, dated April 17, 1934, relating to uniform usage in regard to geographic nomenclature and orthography throughout the Federal Government, including personal services in the District of Columbia, stationery and office supplies, and printing and binding, $25,000.

SOIL AND MOISTURE CONSERVATION OPERATIONS

For all necessary expenses of administering and carrying out directly and in cooperation with other agencies a soil and moisture conservation program on lands under the jurisdiction of the Department of the Interior in accordance with the provisions of the Act of April 27, 1935 (16 U. S. C. 590a-590f), and Reorganization Plan Numbered IV, including such special measures as may be necessary to prevent floods and siltation of reservoirs; the improvement of irrigation and land drainage; the procurement of nursery stock and the establishment and operation of erosion nurseries; the making of conservation plans and surveys; the dissemination of information; and including $86,626 for departmental personal services including such services in the District of Columbia; traveling expenses; printing and binding; furniture, furnishings, office equipment and supplies; operation, maintenance, and repair of motor-propelled and horse-drawn passenger-carrying vehicles, hire, maintenance, and operation of aircraft, $1,200,000: Provided, That this appropriation shall be available for meeting expenses of warehouse maintenance and the procurement, care, and handling of supplies, materials, and equipment stored therein for distribution to projects under the supervision of the Department of the Interior.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES, DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

For the contingent expenses of the office of the Secretary and the bureaus and offices of the Department (except as otherwise provided), including teletype rentals and service; streetcar fares not exceeding $300; traveling expenses, including not exceeding $6,000 for inspections and investigations by the legislative branch, and any request from appropriate authority in such branch in connection therewith shall be immediately complied with by administrative authority in the Department; not exceeding $500 for the payment of damages caused to private property by Department motor vehicles; maintenance, repair, and operation of four passenger automobiles; expense of taking testimony and preparing the same in connection with disbarment proceedings instituted against persons charged with
improper practices before the Department, its bureaus and offices; expense of translations, and not exceeding $1,000 for contract stenographic reporting services; not exceeding $700 for newspapers; $12,500, exclusively for payment of awards pursuant to the Act of June 26, 1944 (Public Law 357); printing and binding; $208,860; and, in addition thereto, sums transferred from other appropriations to this for stationery supplies as follows: General Land Office, $6,500; Geological Survey, $13,000; National Park Service, $7,500; Bureau of Reclamation, $8,400, any unexpended portion of which shall revert and be credited to the reclamation fund; Bureau of Mines, $15,500; Grazing Service, $6,000.

For deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail of the Department of the Interior, as required by section 2 of the Act of June 26, 1944 (Public Law 364), $315,000.

COMMISSION OF FINE ARTS

For expenses made necessary by the Act establishing a Commission of Fine Arts (40 U. S. C. 104), including personal services in the District of Columbia, printing and binding and payment of actual traveling expenses of the members and secretary of the Commission in attending meetings and committee meetings of the Commission either within or outside of the District of Columbia, to be disbursed on vouchers approved by the Commission, $6,880.

BONNEVILLE POWER ADMINISTRATION

Not to exceed $3,487,110 of the unobligated balance of the appropriation "Construction, operation, and maintenance, Bonneville power transmission system", shall be available under the account for said appropriation in the fiscal year 1946 for expenses of marketing and operation of transmission facilities, and administrative costs in connection therewith, including $20,850 for personal services in the District of Columbia, the purchase (not exceeding thirty), maintenance, and operation of passenger automobiles, and hire, maintenance, and operation of aircraft: Provided, That funds available for construction of transmission lines shall be available only for the construction of such lines as have been previously authorized by Congress.

UNITED STATES HIGH COMMISSIONER TO THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS

For the maintenance of the office of the United States High Commissioner to the Philippine Islands as authorized by subsection 4 of section 7 of the Act approved March 24, 1934 (48 U. S. C. 1232), including salaries and wages; rental, furnishings, equipment, maintenance, renovation, and repair of office quarters and living quarters for the High Commissioner; supplies and equipment; printing and binding; newspapers; traveling expenses, including for persons appointed hereunder within the United States and their families, actual expenses of travel and transportation of their household effects from their homes in the United States to the Philippine Islands, and return, utilizing Government vessels whenever practicable; purchase (one at not to exceed $3,000 and two at $1,500 each), operation, maintenance, and repair of passenger automobiles; and all other necessary expenses, $278,900, of which not exceeding $10,000 shall be available for expenditure in the discretion of the High Commissioner for maintenance of his household; and the appropriations contained in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1945, and the First Deficiency
Appropriation Act, 1945, for the United States High Commissioner to the Philippine Islands are hereby continued available for the same objects until June 30, 1946.

OFFICE OF FISHERY COORDINATION

Salaries and expenses: For expenses necessary to enable the Office of Fishery Coordination to carry out its functions and activities under Executive Order 9204, dated July 21, 1942, and such functions and activities as have been delegated to it by the Secretary pursuant to the authority delegated to him under Food Directive Numbered 2, issued by the Secretary of Agriculture on February 8, 1943 (8 F. R. 1777), as amended March 10, 1943 (8 F. R. 3280), including personal services in the District of Columbia; contract stenographic reporting services; the acceptance and utilization of voluntary and uncompensated services; maintenance, operation, repair, and hire of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles; printing and binding; and the purchase in the District of Columbia and elsewhere of items otherwise properly chargeable to the appropriation “Contingent expenses, Department of the Interior”; $212,500.

SOLID FUELS ADMINISTRATION FOR WAR

Salaries and expenses: For all necessary expenses of the Solid Fuels Administration for War in performing its functions as prescribed in Executive Order Numbered 9332 of April 19, 1943, including the employment, without regard to civil-service and classification laws, of a Deputy Administrator at not to exceed $10,000 per annum and not to exceed twenty-eight technical employees; other personal services in the District of Columbia; printing and binding; traveling expenses, including attendance at meetings of organizations concerned with the purposes of this appropriation; reimbursement at not to exceed 3 cents per mile of employees for expenses incurred by them in official travel in privately owned automobiles within the limits of their official stations; contract stenographic reporting services; newspapers; office supplies; furniture and equipment; maintenance, repair, and operation of passenger-carrying automobiles; and the acceptance and utilization of voluntary and uncompensated services, $3,600,000.

SOUTHWESTERN POWER ADMINISTRATION

Salaries and expenses: For all necessary expenses of the Southwestern Power Administration in disposing of the electric power and energy from the Norfolk Dam and Denison Dam projects, in accordance with Executive Orders 9323, 9366, and 9373, including printing and binding, and the operation and maintenance of passenger-carrying motor vehicles, $110,000.

The unobligated balance of the Public Works Administration allotment of $500,000 made to the Department of the Interior, Southwestern Power Administration, under authority of section 201 of the Public Works Administration Appropriation Act of 1938, and continued available by the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1944, until June 30, 1945, is hereby continued available to the said Power Administration until June 30, 1946, for the purpose of acquiring land and flowage rights made necessary by the increased elevation of the Grand River Dam and for expenses in connection with such acquisition.
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GRAZING SERVICE

Salaries and expenses: For carrying out the provisions of the Act of June 28, 1934, as amended (43 U. S. C. 8A), including examination and classification of lands with respect to grazing or agricultural utility, preparation of land classification maps and reports, fire prevention and the suppression or emergency prevention of fires on or threatening lands under the jurisdiction of the Grazing Service, contract stenographic reporting services, traveling and other necessary expenses, personal services in the District of Columbia, purchase (not to exceed twelve), operation, and maintenance of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, and printing and binding, $943,970; for payment of a salary of $5 per diem while actually employed and for the payment of necessary travel expenses, exclusive of subsistence, of members of advisory committees of local stock-men, $35,500; in all, $979,470: Provided, That this appropriation shall be available for expenses of warehouse maintenance and the procurement, care, and handling of supplies, materials, and equipment stored therein for distribution to projects under the supervision of the Grazing Service, the cost of such supplies and materials or the value of such equipment (including the cost of transportation and handling) to be reimbursed, to the appropriation for “Salaries and expenses, Grazing Service” current at the time additional supplies, materials, or equipment are procured, from the appropriations chargeable with the cost or value of such supplies, materials, or equipment.

Fire fighting: For fighting and preventing fires on or threatening lands under Grazing Service administration, $50,000, which amount shall also be available for meeting obligations of the preceding fiscal year.

Range improvements: For construction, purchase, and maintenance of range improvements within grazing districts, pursuant to the provisions of sections 10 and 11 of the Act of June 28, 1934, as amended (43 U. S. C. 8A), and not including contributions under section 9 of the Act of June 28, 1934, $105,950: Provided, That expenditures hereunder shall not exceed 25 per centum of all moneys received from grazing districts under the provisions of said Act of June 28, 1934, as amended, during the fiscal years 1945 and 1946.

Leasing of grazing lands: For leasing State, county, or privately owned lands in accordance with the provisions of the Act of June 23, 1938 (52 Stat. 1033), $7,500: Provided, That expenditures hereunder shall not exceed the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury in accordance with section 4 of said Act.

Appropriations herein made for the Grazing Service for “Salaries and expenses”, “Range improvements”, and “Fire fighting” shall be available for the hire, maintenance, and operation of aircraft.

GENERAL LAND OFFICE

Salaries: For personal services in the District of Columbia, $735,070, including one clerk who shall be designated by the President to sign land patents.

General expenses: For traveling expenses of officers and employees, for employment of stenographers and other assistants, for production of maps and officials plats of surveys; for expenses of restoration to the public domain of lands in forest reserves and of lands temporarily withdrawn for forest-reserve purposes; for printing and binding; and for expenses of hearings or other proceedings held by order of the General Land Office to determine the character of lands, whether alleged fraudulent entries are of that character or have been made in
compliance with the law, and of hearings in disbarment proceedings, $31,000.

Surveying public lands: For surveys and resurveys of public lands, examination of surveys heretofore made and reported to be defective or fraudulent, inspecting mineral deposits, coal fields, and timber districts, making fragmentary surveys, and such other surveys or examinations as may be required for identification of lands for purposes of evidence in any suit or proceeding in behalf of the United States, under the supervision of the Commissioner of the General Land Office and direction of the Secretary, $450,000, including purchase of one and operation and maintenance of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles: Provided, That this appropriation may be expended for surveys made under the supervision of the Commissioner of the General Land Office, but when expended for surveys that would not otherwise be chargeable hereto it shall be reimbursed from the applicable appropriation, fund, or special deposit.

Salaries and expenses, branch of field examination: For salaries and expenses of field examinations, classification of lands, and investigations required in the administration and execution of the public land laws, and the protection of the public lands and their resources from trespass, including purchase of fifteen and operation and maintenance of passenger-carrying automobiles, $354,695.

Salaries and expenses of land offices: For all necessary expenses incident to the operation and maintenance of district land offices and the disposal, supervision, and management of the public lands, including operation and maintenance of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, $237,000: Provided, That no expenses chargeable to the Government shall be incurred by registers in the conduct of local land offices except upon previous specific authorization by the Commissioner of the General Land Office.

Forest management and protection, public domain, Alaska: For the administration and management of forest resources, including the prevention and suppression of fires on the public domain in Alaska, including the use of airplanes by charter or otherwise, and the maintenance and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, $147,460.

Payments to States of 5 per centum of proceeds from sales of public lands: For payment to the several States of 5 per centum of the net proceeds of sales of public lands lying within their limits, for the purpose of education or of making public roads and improvements, $2,500: Provided, That expenditures hereunder shall not exceed the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury in accordance with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934.

Revested Oregon and California Railroad and reconveyed Coos Bay Wagon Road grant lands, Oregon: For carrying out the provisions of title I of the Act of August 28, 1937 (50 Stat. 874), including fire protection and patrol on these and adjacent and intermingled public lands, through cooperative agreements with Federal, State, and county agencies, or otherwise, and including travel and other necessary expenses; and operation and maintenance of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, $310,000: Provided, That such expenditures shall be reimbursed from the 25 per centum referred to in section c, title II, of the Act approved August 28, 1937, of the special fund designated the “Oregon and California Land Grant Fund” and section 4 of the Act approved May 24, 1939, of the special fund designated the “Coos Bay Wagon Road Grant Fund”.

Range improvements on public lands outside of grazing districts (receipt limitation): For construction, purchase, and maintenance of range improvements on the public lands subject to grazing leases
under the provisions of section 15 and pursuant to the provisions of section 10 of the Act of June 28, 1934, as amended (43 U.S.C. 8A), including operation and maintenance of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, $46,430: Provided, That expenditures hereunder shall not exceed 25 per centum of all moneys received under the provisions of section 15 of said Act during the fiscal years 1945 and 1946.

Payment to Oklahoma from royalties, oil and gas, south half of Red River: For payment of 37\(\frac{1}{2}\) per centum of the royalties derived from the south half of Red River in Oklahoma under the provisions of the Act of March 4, 1923 (30 U.S.C. 233), which shall be paid to the State of Oklahoma in lieu of all State and local taxes upon tribal funds accruing under said Act, to be expended by the State in the same manner as if received under section 35 of the Act approved February 25, 1920 (30 U.S.C. 191), $3,000: Provided, That expenditures hereunder shall not exceed the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury in accordance with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934.

Fire protection and timber management, public domain, continental United States: For necessary expenses for the protection and preservation of timber and other growth on the public domain, pursuant to the Act of September 20, 1922 (16 U.S.C. 594), and for the promotion of sustained yield forest management, pursuant to the Act of March 29, 1944 (58 Stat. 132), not to exceed $18,000 for personal services in the District of Columbia; and the purchase, operation, and maintenance of one passenger automobile; $150,000.
appropriations made herein for the Bureau of Indian Affairs shall be available for the maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled and horse-drawn passenger-carrying vehicles for the use of employees in the Indian field service, and the transportation of Indian school pupils. Applicable appropriations may be used for the purchase of not to exceed one hundred motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, and such vehicles may be used for the transportation of Indian school pupils.

Replacement of property destroyed by fire, flood, or storm: To meet possible emergencies not exceeding $35,000 of the appropriations made by this Act for support of reservation and nonreservation schools, for school and agency buildings, and for conservation of health among Indians shall be available, upon approval of the Secretary, for replacing any buildings, equipment, supplies, livestock, or other property of those activities of the Indian Service above referred to which may be destroyed or rendered unserviceable by fire, flood, or storm: Provided, That any diversions of appropriations made hereunder shall be reported to Congress in the annual Budget.

INDIAN LANDS

The unexpended balance of the appropriation of $25,000 contained in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1938, for the payment of taxes, including penalties and interest, assessed against individually owned Indian land, title to which is held subject to restrictions against alienation or encumbrance except with the consent or approval of the Secretary, when such land was purchased with trust or restricted funds with the understanding that after purchase it would be nontaxable, as authorized by the Act of June 20, 1936 (49 Stat. 1542), is hereby continued available for the same purposes until June 30, 1946.

Purchase of improvements on lands, Havasupai Indian Reservation, Arizona: The unexpended balance of the appropriation under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1945, is hereby continued available for the same purposes until June 30, 1946.

Purchase and lease of lands (tribal funds): For the purchase of land and improvements on land; lease of lands and water rights; and necessary expenses incident thereto, in not to exceed the following amounts:

Arizona: Navajo, Arizona and New Mexico, $20,000; Colorado: Southern Ute, $30,000; Montana: Blackfeet, $50,000; Flathead, $25,000; Fort Peck, $50,000; Nebraska: Santee, $6,000; North and South Dakota: Standing Rock, $6,000; Washington: Colville, $50,000; in all, not to exceed $237,000, to be paid from the funds held by the United States in trust for the respective tribes: Provided, That 5 per centum of the foregoing amounts shall be available interchangeably.

INDUSTRIAL ASSISTANCE AND ADVANCEMENT

For the preservation of timber on Indian reservations and allotments other than the Menominee Indian Reservation in Wisconsin, the education of Indians in the proper care of forests, the general administration of forestry and grazing work, including fire prevention and payment of reasonable rewards for information leading to arrest and conviction of a person or persons setting forest and range fires, or taking or otherwise destroying timber, in violation of law on Indian lands, and the establishment of cooperative sustained yield
forest units pursuant to the Act of March 29, 1944 (Public Law 273), $566,080; Provided, That this appropriation shall be available for the expenses of administration of Indian forest lands from which timber is sold to the extent only that proceeds from the sale of timber from such lands are insufficient for that purpose.

For expenses incidental to the sale of timber, and for the expenses of administration, including fire prevention, of Indian forest lands only from which such timber is sold, $137,800, reimbursable to the United States as provided in the Act of February 14, 1920 (25 U. S. C. 413), from the proceeds of timber sales: Provided, That this appropriation shall be available for the payment of reasonable rewards for information leading to arrest and conviction of a person or persons setting forest fires, or taking or otherwise destroying timber, in violation of law.

For the suppression or emergency prevention of forest and range fires on or threatening Indian reservations, $12,000, together with $25,000 from funds held by the United States in trust for the respective tribes of Indians interested: Provided, That not to exceed $50,000 of appropriations herein made for timber operations and forest and range administration shall be available upon the approval of the Secretary for fire-suppression or emergency prevention purposes: Provided further, That any diversions of appropriations made hereunder shall be reported to Congress in the annual Budget.

For transfer to the Geological Survey for expenditures to be made in inspecting mines and examining mineral deposits on Indian lands and in supervising mining operations on restricted, tribal, and allotted Indian lands leased under the provisions of the Acts of February 28, 1891 (25 U. S. C. 336, 371, 397), May 27, 1908 (35 Stat. 312), March 3, 1909 (25 U. S. C. 396), and other Acts authorizing the leasing of such lands for mining purposes, including purchase (not to exceed one), maintenance, repair, and operation of passenger-carrying vehicles, and not to exceed $10,000 for personal services in the District of Columbia, $94,200.

For the purpose of developing agriculture and stock raising among the Indians, including necessary personnel, traveling and other expenses, and purchase of supplies and equipment, $600,000, of which not to exceed $10,000 may be used to conduct agricultural experiments and demonstrations on Indian school or agency farms and to maintain a supply of suitable plants or seed for issue to Indians, and not to exceed $38,500 may be used for the operation and maintenance of a sheep breeding station on the Navajo Reservation, and not to exceed $5,000 may be used for defraying the expenses of Indian fairs, including premiums for exhibits.

Industrial assistance (tribal funds): For advances to individual members of the tribes for the construction of homes and for the purchase of land, seed, animals, machinery, tools, implements, building material, and other equipment and supplies; and for advances to old, disabled, or indigent Indians for their support and burial, and Indians having irrigable allotments to assist them in the development and cultivation thereof, to be immediately available, $30,000, payable from tribal funds as follows: Colorado River, Arizona, $30,000; and the unexpended balances of funds available under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1945 are hereby continued available during the fiscal year 1946 for the purposes for which they were appropriated: Provided, That advances may be made to worthy Indian youth to enable them to take educational courses, including courses in nursing, home economics, forestry, agriculture, and other industrial subjects in colleges, universities, or other institutions, and advances so made shall be reimbursed in not to
exceed eight years under such regulations as the Secretary may pre-
scribe: Provided further, That all moneys reimbursed during the fiscal
year 1946 shall be credited to the respective appropriations and be
available for the purposes of this paragraph: Provided further, That
funds available under this paragraph may be used for the establish-
ment and operation of tribal enterprises when proposed by Indian
tribes and approved under regulations prescribed by the Secretary:
Provided further, That enterprises operated under the authority con-
tained in the foregoing proviso shall be governed by the regulations
established for the making of loans from the revolving loan fund
further, That the unexpended balances of prior appropriations under
this head for any tribe, including reimbursements to such appropri-
ations and the appropriations made therein, may be advanced to such
tribe, if incorporated, for use under regulations established for the
making of loans from the revolving loan fund authorized by the Act

To increase the revolving fund established for the purpose of mak-
ing and administering loans to Indian chartered corporations in
accordance with section 10 of the Act of June 18, 1934 (25 U. S. C.
470), and of making and administering loans to Indians and Indian
organizations in accordance with the Acts of June 26, 1936 (25
U. S. C. 506). May 1, 1936 (25 U. S. C. 473a), and July 12, 1943 (57
Stat. 459), $250,000, and not to exceed $125,000 of the revolving fund
established pursuant to said Acts, shall be available for all neces-
sary expenses of administering loans to Indians from said fund and
other funds, including not to exceed $3,000 for printing and binding;
and the authorization of $600,000 in the Interior Department Appro-
priation Act, 1944, for loans from said revolving fund to individual
Indians and Indian organizations otherwise ineligible to participate
therein is hereby increased to $750,000.

For the development, under the direction of the Commissioner of
Indian Affairs, of Indian arts and crafts, as authorized by the Act
of August 27, 1935 (49 Stat. 891), including expenses of exhibits, not
to exceed $2,500 for printing and binding, and other necessary
expenses, $31,740, of which not to exceed $13,000 shall be available
for personal services in the District of Columbia: Provided, That no
part of this appropriation shall be used to pay any salary at a rate
exceeding $6,500 per annum.

The appropriation “Suppressing contagious diseases of livestock
on Indian reservations” contained in the Third Supplemental
National Defense Appropriation Act, 1942, is hereby continued avail-
able until June 30, 1946, for the same purposes, and for suppressing
contagious diseases among livestock of Indians under the jurisdiction
of the Pima Agency, Arizona.

DEVELOPMENT OF WATER SUPPLY

For the development, rehabilitation, repair, maintenance, and oper-
ation of domestic and stock water facilities on the Navajo Reservation
in Arizona, New Mexico, and Utah, the Hopi Reservation in Arizona,
the Papago Reservation in Arizona, and the several Pueblos in New
Mexico, including the purchase and installation of pumping and other
equipment, $95,000.

IRRIGATION AND DRAINAGE

For the construction, repair, and maintenance of irrigation systems,
and for purchase or rental of irrigation tools and appliances, water
rights, ditches, and lands necessary for irrigation purposes for Indian
reservations and allotments; for operation of irrigation systems or appurtenances thereto when no other funds are applicable or available for the purpose; for drainage and protection of irrigable lands from damage by floods or loss of water rights, upon the Indian irrigation projects named below, $225,000, reimbursable, together with $31,100 operation and maintenance collection, from which latter amount expenditures for any one project shall not exceed the aggregate receipts from such project covered into the Treasury pursuant to section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934:

Miscellaneous projects, $40,000; Arizona: Ak Chin, $4,000; Fort Apache, $4,500; San Carlos, $5,000; Navajo, miscellaneous projects, Arizona and New Mexico, $41,535; together with $25,500 (Fruitlands, $9,000; Ganado, $1,500; Hogback, $7,000; miscellaneous projects, $5,000), collections; Hopi, miscellaneous projects, $1,500; San Xavier, $2,000; Truxton Canon, $1,815; Salt River, $3,400, together with $2,600, collections; California: Mission, $7,000, together with $3,000 (Morongo, $1,000; Pala and Rincon, $1,000; miscellaneous projects, $1,000), collections; Colorado: Southern Ute, $8,000, together with $8,000, collections; Montana: Tongue River, $2,250, together with $1,000, collections; Nevada: Pyramid Lake, $3,500, together with $500, collections; Walker River, $4,500, together with $1,500, collections; Western Shoshone, $8,000, together with $2,000, collections; New Mexico: Miscellaneous Pueblos, $24,300; Mescalero, $2,500; Oregon: Warm Springs, $3,500; Washington: Colville, $5,200, together with $5,000, collections; Lummi diking project, $500, together with $2,000, collections; and for necessary miscellaneous expenses incident to the general administration of Indian irrigation projects, including pay of employees and their traveling and incidental expenses, $78,000:

Provided, That the foregoing amounts shall be available interchangeably in the discretion of the Secretary, for necessary expenditures for damages by floods and other unforeseen exigencies, but the amounts so interchanged shall not exceed in the aggregate 5 per centum of all the amounts so appropriated: Provided further, That the cost of irrigation projects and of operating and maintaining such projects where reimbursement thereof is required by law shall be apportioned on a per-acre basis against the lands under the respective projects and shall be collected by the Secretary as required by such law, and any unpaid charges outstanding against such lands shall constitute a first lien thereon which shall be recited in any patent or instrument issued for such lands.

For operation and maintenance of the San Carlos project for the irrigation of lands in the Gila River Indian Reservation, Arizona, $125,000 (operation and maintenance collections), and $216,500 (power revenues), of which latter sum not to exceed $20,000 shall be available for major repairs in case of unforeseen emergencies caused by fire, flood, or storm, from which amounts of $125,000 and $216,500, respectively, expenditures shall not exceed the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury in accordance with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934; in all, $341,500.

For continuing subjugation and for cropping operations on the lands of the Pima Indians in Arizona, there shall be available not to exceed $132,000 of the revenues derived from these operations and deposited into the Treasury of the United States to the credit of such Indians, and such revenues are hereby made available for payment of irrigation operation and maintenance charges assessed against tribal or allotted lands of said Pima Indians.

For improvement, operation, and maintenance of the irrigation and power systems on the Colorado River Indian Reservation, Arizona, $10,500, reimbursable, together with $31,450 (operation and main-
tance collections) and $44,200 (power revenues), from which amounts of $31,450 and $44,200, respectively, expenditures shall not exceed the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury in accordance with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934; in all, $86,150.

For reclamation and maintenance charges on Indian lands within the Yuma Reservation, California, and on ten acres within each of the eleven Yuma homestead entries in Arizona under the Yuma reclamation project, $11,500, reimbursable.

For improvements, maintenance, and operation of the Fort Hall irrigation systems, Idaho, $25,820, together with $1,950, from which amount expenditures shall not exceed the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury in accordance with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934.

For maintenance and operation, repairs, and purchase of stored waters, irrigation systems, Fort Belknap Reservation, Montana, $12,500, reimbursable, together with $4,000, from which amount expenditures shall not exceed the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury in accordance with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934.

For maintenance and operation of the several units of the Fort Peck project, Montana, including not to exceed four thousand acres under the West Side Canal of the Poplar River Division, $7,940, reimbursable, together with $7,700, from which amount expenditures shall not exceed the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury in accordance with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934.

For the improvement, maintenance, and operation of the irrigation systems on the Blackfeet Indian Reservation in Montana, $10,300, reimbursable, together with $15,000, from which amount expenditures shall not exceed the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury in accordance with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934.

For operation and maintenance of the irrigation and power systems on the Flathead Reservation, Montana, $5,500, reimbursable, together with $128,400 (operation and maintenance collections) and $116,400 (power revenues), from which amounts of $128,400 and $116,400, respectively, expenditures shall not exceed the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury in accordance with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934; in all, $250,300.

For improvement, maintenance, and operation of the irrigation systems on the Crow Reservation, Montana, including maintenance assessments payable to the Two Leggins Water Users' Association and Bozeman Trail Ditch Company, Montana, properly assessable against lands allotted to the Indians and irrigable thereunder, $4,500, reimbursable, together with $44,500, from which amount expenditures shall not exceed the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury in accordance with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934.

For the payment to the Tongue River Water Users' Association, Montana, or the State Water Conservation Board of Montana, in accordance with the provisions of the Act approved August 11, 1939 (55 Stat. 1411), $9,750, reimbursable as provided in said Act.

For payment of annual installment of reclamation charges against Paiute Indian lands within the Newlands reclamation project, Nevada, $2,881; and for payment in advance, as provided by district law, of operation and maintenance assessments, including assessments for the operation of drains to the Truckee-Carson irrigation district, $5,565, to be immediately available; in all, $8,446.
For operation and maintenance assessments on Indian lands, and the buildings and grounds of the Albuquerque Indian School, within the Middle Rio Grande Conservancy District, New Mexico, $5,948, of which amount $3,948 shall be reimbursed in accordance with existing law.

For improvements, maintenance, and operation of miscellaneous irrigation projects on the Klamath Reservation, Oregon, $1,575, reimbursable, together with $5,000, from which amount expenditures shall not exceed the aggregate receipts from operation and maintenance collections on the Sand Creek and Modoc Point units covered into the Treasury in accordance with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934.

For continuing operation and maintenance and betterment of the irrigation system to irrigate allotted lands of the Uncompahgre, Uintah, and White River Utes in Utah, authorized under the Act of June 21, 1906 (34 Stat. 375), $10,750, reimbursable, together with $48,040 from which amount expenditures shall not exceed the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury in accordance with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934.

For operation and maintenance assessments on certain lands within the Uintah Indian irrigation project as authorized by section 4 (a) of the Act of May 28, 1941 (55 Stat. 209), $1,000.

For payment of operation and maintenance assessments on certain lands within the Uintah Indian irrigation project as authorized by section 4 (a) of the Act of May 28, 1941 (55 Stat. 209), $1,000.

For payment of operation and maintenance assessments on certain lands within the Uintah Indian irrigation project as authorized by section 4 (a) of the Act of May 28, 1941 (55 Stat. 209), $1,000.

For reimbursement to the reclamation fund for stored water to irrigate Indian lands on the Yakima Indian Reservation, Washington, pursuant to the Act of July 1, 1940 (54 Stat. 707), $20,000.

For reimbursement to the reclamation fund the proportionate expense of operation and maintenance of the reservoirs for furnishing stored water to lands in the Yakima Indian Reservation, Washington, in accordance with the provisions of section 22 of the Act of August 1, 1914 (38 Stat. 604), $11,000.

For reimbursement to the reclamation fund for water furnished the Wapato irrigation project, Yakima Reservation, Washington, for the fiscal years 1937 to 1946, under an agreement of March 31, 1921, $336,750, from which amount payments shall not exceed the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury as “Irrigation charges, Wapato-Satus project, Washington”, pursuant to section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934.

For settlement of claims to water rights in the Gila River, Arizona, $114,400, reimbursable, of which amount $104,400 shall be paid to the Buckeye Irrigation Company and $10,000 shall be paid to the Arlington Canal Company: Provided, That no part of the sum herein appropriated shall be paid until appropriate contracts shall have been executed by and between the Secretary of the Interior and the Buckeye Irrigation Company and the Arlington Canal Company: Provided further, That no part of the sum herein appropriated shall be paid until (a) an appropriate contract providing for repayment of the proportionate amount properly chargeable to non-Indian lands in the San Carlos Irrigation and Drainage District shall have been executed by the San Carlos Irrigation and Drainage District and approved by the Secretary of the Interior, and (b) an appropriate resolution shall have been adopted by the Gila River Pima-Maricopa Indian Community Council consenting to the charge of the proportionate amount.
of the sum herein appropriated as construction costs against all Indian lands within the San Carlos Indian irrigation project, subject to the provisions of the Act of July 1, 1932 (25 U. S. C. 386a).

For operation and maintenance of irrigation systems within the ceded and diminished portions of the Wind River Reservation, Wyoming, including the Indians’ pro rata share of the cost of operation and maintenance of the Riverton-Le Clair irrigation district and the Big Bend drainage district on the ceded reservation, $18,000, reimbursable, together with $34,000, from which amount expenditures shall not exceed the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury in accordance with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934.

For the construction, repair, and rehabilitation of irrigation systems on Indian reservations; for the purchase or rental of equipment, tools, and appliances; for the acquisition of rights-of-way, and payment of damages in connection with such irrigation systems; for the development of domestic and stock water and water for subsistence gardens; for the purchase of water rights, ditches, and lands needed for such projects; and for drainage and protection of irrigable lands from damage by floods or loss of water rights, as follows:

Arizona: Colorado River, $87,500; Navajo, Arizona and New Mexico, $30,000; Salt River, $30,000;
California: Mission, $10,000; Sacramento, $10,000;
Montana: Flathead, $65,000; Fort Belknap, $6,250; Fort Peck, $45,000;
Nevada: Carson, $8,000; Western Shoshone, $20,000; Pyramid Lake, $50,000;
Wyoming: Wind River, $20,000;
Miscellaneous garden tracts, $50,000;

For surveys, investigations, and administrative expenses, including departmental personal services, and not to exceed $2,500 for printing and binding, $115,000;

In all, $566,750, to be reimbursable in accordance with law, and to remain available until completion of the projects: Provided, That the foregoing amounts may be used interchangeably in the discretion of the Secretary, but not more than 10 per centum of any specific amount shall be transferred to any other amount, and no appropriation shall be increased by more than 10 per centum.

EDUCATION

For the support of Indian schools not otherwise provided for, and for other Indian educational purposes, including apprentices for reservation and nonreservation schools, educational facilities authorized by treaty provisions, care of Indian children of school age attending public and private schools, support and education of deaf, dumb, blind, physically handicapped, delinquent, or mentally deficient Indian children; for subsistence of pupils in boarding schools during summer months, for the tuition (which may be paid in advance) of Indian pupils attending vocational or higher educational institutions, under such regulations as the Secretary may prescribe; not exceeding $25,000 for cooperation with the State of Oklahoma for the construction and equipment of an Indian arts and crafts building at Anadarko, Oklahoma; and tuition and other assistance for Indian pupils attending public schools, and for the support of Indian museums at Rapid City, South Dakota, and Browning, Montana, and on the Fort Apache Reservation, Arizona, $5,417,190: Provided, That formal contracts shall not be required for payment (which may be made from the date of admission) of...
such tuition and care of Indian pupils: Provided further, That not to exceed $10,000 of this appropriation may be used for printing and binding (including illustrations) in authorized Indian-school printing plants: Provided further, That no part of any appropriation in this Act for the Bureau of Indian Affairs shall be available for expenses of travel for the study of educational systems or practices outside the continental limits of the United States and the Territory of Alaska.

Support of Indian schools from tribal funds: For the support of Indian schools, and for other educational purposes, including care of Indian children of school age attending public and private schools, tuition and other assistance for Indian pupils attending public schools, and support and education of deaf and dumb or blind, physically handicapped, delinquent, or mentally deficient Indian children, there may be expended from Indian tribal funds and from school revenues arising under the Act of May 17, 1926 (25 U. S. C. 155), not more than $370,000: Provided, That formal contracts shall not be required for payment (which may be made from the date of admission) of such tuition and care of Indian pupils.

Education, Osage Nation, Oklahoma (tribal funds): For the education of unallotted Osage Indian children in the Saint Louis Mission Boarding School, Oklahoma, $1,500, payable from funds held in trust by the United States for the Osage Tribe.

For loans to Indians for the payment of tuition and other expenses in recognized high schools and vocational and trade schools, and colleges and universities offering recognized vocational, trade, liberal arts, and professional courses, and for apprentice training in Federal, manufacturing, and other establishments, $25,000: Provided, That advances made under this authorization shall be reimbursed in not to exceed eight years, under such regulations as the Secretary may prescribe.

For lease, purchase, repair, and improvement of buildings at Indian schools not otherwise provided for, including the installation, repair, and improvement of heating, lighting, power, sewer, and water systems in connection therewith, and including the purchase of materials for the use of Indian pupils in the construction of buildings (not to exceed $1,500 for any one building) at Indian schools not otherwise provided for, $310,000.

For support and education of Indian pupils at the following nonreservation boarding schools in not to exceed the following amounts respectively:

Phoenix, Arizona: For five hundred pupils, including not to exceed $2,500 for printing and issuing school paper, $167,600; for pay of superintendent or other officer in charge, drayage, and general repairs and improvements, $25,000; in all, $192,600;

Sherman Institute, Riverside, California: For four hundred pupils, including not to exceed $2,000 for printing and issuing school paper, $150,810; for pay of superintendent, drayage, and general repairs and improvements, $25,000; in all, $174,310;

Haskell Institute, Lawrence, Kansas: For five hundred and twelve pupils, including not to exceed $2,500 for printing and issuing school paper, $150,810; for pay of superintendent, drayage, and general repairs and improvements, including necessary drainage work, $25,000; in all, $173,310;

Haskell Institute, Lawrence, Kansas: For five hundred pupils, $173,783; for pay of principal, drayage, and general repairs and improvements, $20,000; in all, $193,783;
Albuquerque, New Mexico: For three hundred and forty-five pupils, $127,905; for pay of superintendent or other officer in charge, drayage, and general repairs and improvements, $25,000; in all, $152,905.

Santa Fe, New Mexico: For two hundred and seventy-five pupils, $103,095; for drayage, and general repairs, and improvements, $15,000; in all, $118,095.

Wahpeton, North Dakota: For three hundred pupils, $105,370; for pay of superintendent, drayage, and general repairs and improvements, $13,000; in all, $118,370.

Chilocco, Oklahoma: For four hundred pupils, including not to exceed $2,000 for printing and issuing school paper, $153,160; for pay of superintendent, drayage, and general repairs and improvements, $25,000; in all, $178,160.

Sequoyah Vocational School, near Tahlequah, Oklahoma: For three hundred pupils, $104,080; for pay of superintendent, drayage, and general repairs and improvements, $15,000; in all, $119,080.

Carter Seminary, Oklahoma: For one hundred and sixty-five pupils, $62,355; for pay of principal, drayage, and general repairs and improvements, $7,000; in all, $69,355.

Eufaula, Oklahoma: For one hundred and forty pupils, $52,610; for pay of principal, drayage, and general repairs and improvements, $7,000; in all, $59,610.

Jones Academy, Oklahoma: For one hundred and seventy-five pupils, $65,655; for pay of principal, drayage, and general repairs and improvements, $7,000; in all, $72,655.

Wheelock Academy, Oklahoma: For one hundred and thirty pupils, $47,210; for pay of principal, drayage, and general repairs and improvements, $7,000; in all, $54,210.

Chemawa, Oregon: For four hundred and twenty-five pupils, including not to exceed $1,000 for printing and issuing school paper, $152,905; for pay of superintendent, drayage, and general repairs and improvements, $20,000; in all, $172,905.

Flandreau, South Dakota: For three hundred and fifteen pupils, $119,475; for pay of superintendent, drayage, and general repairs and improvements, $19,000; in all, $138,475.

Pierre, South Dakota: For three hundred pupils, $103,390; for pay of superintendent, drayage, and general repairs and improvements, $15,000; in all, $118,390.

In all, for above-named nonreservation boarding schools, not to exceed $2,325,143: Provided, That 5 per centum of the foregoing amounts shall be available interchangeably for expenditures for similar purposes in the various boarding schools named, but not more than 5 per centum shall be added to the amount appropriated for any one of said boarding schools or for any particular item within any boarding school. Any such interchanges shall be reported to Congress in the annual Budget.

For tuition and for care and other assistance for Indian pupils attending public schools and special Indian day schools and for the repair of special Indian day schools in the Cherokee, Creek, Choctaw, Chickasaw, and Seminole Nations and the Quapaw Agency in Oklahoma, $355,000, to be expended in the discretion of the Secretary and under regulations to be prescribed by him: Provided, That not to exceed $26,000 may be expended for the payment of salaries of public-school teachers, employed by the State, county, or district in special Indian day schools in full-blooded Indian communities, where there are not adequate white day schools available for their attendance.
Natives in Alaska: To enable the Secretary, in his discretion, to provide for support and education and relief of destitution of the Eskimos, Aleuts, Indians, and other natives of Alaska, including necessary traveling expenses of pupils to and from boarding schools in Alaska; repair and rental of school buildings; textbooks and industrial apparatus; pay and traveling expenses of employees; repair, equipment, maintenance, and operation of vessels; and all other necessary expenses which are not included under the above special heads, $1,414,910, to be immediately available, and to remain available until June 30, 1947: Provided, That a report shall be made to Congress covering expenditures from the amount herein provided for relief of destitution.

CONSERVATION OF HEALTH

For conservation of health among Indians, including equipment, materials, and supplies; repairs and improvements to buildings and plants; compensation and traveling expenses of officers and employees and renting of quarters for them when necessary; transportation of patients and attendants to and from hospitals and sanatoria; returning to their former homes and interring the remains of deceased patients; for clinical surveys and general medical research in connection with tuberculosis, trachoma, and venereal and other disease conditions among Indians, including cooperation with State and other organizations engaged in similar work and payment of traveling expenses and per diem of physicians, nurses, and other persons whose services are donated by such organizations, and including printing and binding circulars and pamphlets for use in preventing and suppressing trachoma and other contagious and infectious diseases, $5,085,965: Provided, That nonreservation boarding schools receiving specific appropriations shall contribute on a per diem basis for the hospitalization of pupils in hospitals located at such schools and supported from this appropriation: Provided further, That in the discretion of the Secretary and under such regulations as may be prescribed by him, fees may be collected from Indians for medical, hospital, and dental service and any fees so collected shall be covered into the Treasury of the United States.

Medical relief in Alaska: To enable the Secretary in his discretion through the Bureau of Indian Affairs, with the advice and cooperation of the Public Health Service, to provide for the medical and sanitary relief of the Eskimos, Aleuts, Indians, and other natives of Alaska; repair, rental, and equipment of hospital buildings; books and surgical apparatus; pay and traveling expenses of employees, and all other necessary miscellaneous expenses which are not included under the above special heads, $844,150, to be available immediately, and to remain available until June 30, 1947.

GENERAL SUPPORT AND ADMINISTRATION

For general administration of Indian property, including pay of employees authorized by continuing or permanent treaty provisions, $2,791,410: Provided, That in the discretion of the Secretary, and under such regulations as may be prescribed by him, fees may be collected from individual Indians for services performed for them, and any fees so collected shall be covered into the Treasury of the United States.

For general support and rehabilitation of needy Indians in the United States, $375,000, of which amount not to exceed $37,500 shall be available for administrative expenses incidental thereto, including departmental personal services (not to exceed $15,000), and not to
exceed $1,000 shall be available for expenses of Indians participating
in folk festivals.

Reindeer service: For supervision of reindeer in Alaska and instruction
in the care and management thereof, including salaries and travel
expenses of employees, purchase, rental, erection, and repair of range
cabins, purchase and maintenance of communication and other equip-
ment, and all other necessary miscellaneous expenses, $80,000, to be
immediately available, and to remain available until June 30, 1947.

Expenses incident to fulfilling the Atoka agreement: For all neces-

sary expenses in connection with negotiation of a contract (including
holding of an election) with the Choctaw and Chickasaw Nations of
Indians in Oklahoma for purchase by the United States of present
right, title, and interest of such Indians in the land and mineral
deposits reserved from allotment in accordance with the provisions
of section 58 of the Act entitled “An Act to ratify and confirm an
agreement with the Chotaw and Chickasaw Tribes of Indians and
for other purposes”, approved July 1, 1902, $20,000; to remain available
until expended; including $2,000 for printing and binding, and $5,000
for transfer to the Geological Survey for appraisal expenses.

Administration of Indian tribal affairs (tribal funds): For expenses
of administering the affairs and property of Indian tribes including
pay and traveling expenses of employees, $170,000, payable from funds
held by the United States in trust for the particular tribe benefited;
not to exceed $50,000 for any one tribe.

Administration of tribal affairs, Seneca Nation of New York
(tribal funds): For salary of a clerk and expenses incident to admin-
istering the leasing work of the Seneca Nation of New York, payable
from funds deposited into the United States Treasury pursuant to the
Act of February 28, 1901 (31 Stat. 819), $2,800, of which not to exceed
$500 may be paid to the treasurer of the Seneca Nation to reimburse
the nation for expenses incurred in connection with leasing work.

Support of Klamath Agency, Oregon (tribal funds): For gen-
eral support of Indians and administration of Indian property under
the jurisdiction of the Klamath Agency, payable from funds held by
the United States in trust for the Klamath Tribe of Indians, Oregon,
$206,530, of which not to exceed $4,500 shall be available for fees and
expenses of an attorney or firm of attorneys selected by the tribe
and employed under a contract approved by the Secretary, and for
relief, including cash grants.

Support of Makah Indians, Taholah Agency, Washington (tribal
funds): For general support of Indians and administration of Indian
property of the Makah Tribe under the jurisdiction of the Taholah
Agency, Washington, including the purchase of land, buildings and
other improvements, title to which shall be taken in the name of the
United States in trust for the Makah Indians; payment to the tribe
for reimbursement of expenditures made in the purchase of build-
ings and improvements; and the relief of Indians, including cash
grants, $83,600, payable from funds held by the United States in
trust for the Makah Tribe of Indians.

Support of Menominee Agency and pay of tribal officers, Wiscon-
sin (tribal funds): For general support of Indians and administra-
tion of Indian property under the jurisdiction of the Menominee
Agency, Wisconsin, payable from funds held by the United States
in trust for the Menominee Tribe of Indians, Wisconsin, $99,985,
including $30,000 for relief of Indians in need of assistance, includ-
ing cash grants, and $5,200 for the compensation and expenses of an
attorney or firm of attorneys employed by the tribe under a contract
approved by the Secretary; Provided, That not to exceed $5,000
shall be available from the funds of the Menominee Indians for the
salaries, etc., of tribal officers.
payment of salaries and expenses of the chairman, secretary, and interpreters of the Menominee general council and members of the Menominee advisory council and tribal delegates when engaged on business of the tribe at rates to be determined by the Menominee general council and approved by the Commissioner of Indian Affairs.

Relief of needy Indians: For the relief of Indians in need of assistance, including cash grants; the purchase of subsistence supplies, clothing, and household goods; medical, burial, housing, transportation, and all other necessary expenses, $75,000, payable from funds on deposit to the credit of the particular tribe concerned; Provided, That expenditures hereunder may be made without regard to section 3709, Revised Statutes, or to the Act of May 27, 1930 (46 Stat. 891), as amended.

Expenses of tribal officers, Five Civilized Tribes, Oklahoma (tribal funds): For the current fiscal year money may be expended from the tribal funds of the Choctaw, Chickasaw, Creek, and Seminole Tribes for equalization of allotments, per capita, and other payments authorized by law to individual members of the respective tribes, not to exceed $5,000 for improvement of Choctaw buildings and grounds, and for salaries and contingent expenses of the governor of the Chickasaw Nation and chief of the Choctaw Nation, one mining trustee for the Choctaw and Chickasaw Nations, at salaries of $3,000 each for the said governor, said chief, and said mining trustee, chief of the Creek Nation at $1,200 and one attorney each for the Choctaw and Chickasaw Tribes employed under contract approved by the President under existing law; Provided, That the expenses of the above-named officials shall be determined and limited by the Commissioner of Indian Affairs at not to exceed $5,000 each.

Support of Osage Agency and pay of tribal officers, Oklahoma (tribal funds): For the support of the Osage Agency, and for necessary expenses in connection with oil and gas production on the Osage Reservation, Oklahoma, including pay of the superintendent of the agency and of necessary employees, and pay of tribal officers, including the employment of a tribal attorney at the rate of $4,500 per annum to be appointed with the approval of the Osage Tribal Council under a contract to be entered into between said tribal attorney and the Osage Tribal Council, which contract shall be approved by the Secretary of the Interior; payment of damages to individual allottees; repairs to buildings, rent of quarters for employees, traveling expenses, printing, telegraphing and telephoning, and repair and operation of automobiles, $177,140, payable from funds held by the United States in trust for the Osage Tribe of Indians in Oklahoma: Provided, That of the said sum herein appropriated $7,500 is hereby made available for traveling and other expenses of members of the Osage Tribal Council, business committees, or other tribal organizations, when engaged on business of the tribe, including supplies and equipment, not to exceed $6 per diem in lieu of subsistence, and not to exceed 5 cents per mile for use of personally owned automobiles, when duly authorized or approved in advance by the Commissioner of Indian Affairs.

Expenses of tribal councils or committees thereof (tribal funds): For traveling and other expenses of members of tribal councils, business committees, or other tribal organizations, when engaged on business of the tribes, including supplies and equipment, not to exceed $6 per diem in lieu of subsistence, and not to exceed 5 cents per mile for use of personally owned automobiles, when duly authorized or approved in advance by the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, except that the Shoshone and Arapahoe Tribes of Wyoming may not exceed $8 per diem and when in the District of Columbia or Chicago, Illinois, $10 per diem as heretofore provided, $25,000, payable from funds on
deposit to the credit of the particular tribe interested: Provided, That no part of this appropriation, or of any other appropriation contained in this Act, shall be available for expenses of members of tribal councils, business committees, or other tribal organizations, when in the District of Columbia or Chicago, Illinois, for more than an eight-day period, unless the Secretary shall in writing approve a longer period.

Compensation and expenses of an attorney, Colorado River Tribe, Arizona (tribal funds): For compensation and expenses of an attorney employed by the Colorado River Tribe of Indians, Arizona, under contract to be approved by the Secretary of the Interior, $1,500, payable from funds on deposit to the credit of the tribe.

Compensation and expenses of an attorney, Ute Tribe, Utah (tribal funds): For compensation and expenses of an attorney employed by the Ute Tribe of Indians of the Uintah and Ouray Reservation, Utah, under a contract approved by the Secretary of the Interior on November 18, 1943, $4,500, payable from funds on deposit to the credit of the tribe.

Expenses of attorneys, Colville Tribe, Washington (tribal funds): For expenses of attorney or attorneys employed by the Colville Tribe of Indians of the Colville Reservation, Washington, under a contract approved by the Secretary on October 10, 1944, $2,000, payable from funds on deposit in the Treasury to the credit of said tribe of Indians.

Expenses of attorneys, Quinaielt Tribe, Washington (tribal funds): Not to exceed $8,000 of the funds on deposit to the credit of the Quinaielt Indians, Washington, is hereby made available until expended for expenses incurred by the attorney of record incident to the prosecution of the suit by said tribe against the United States as authorized by the Act of February 12, 1925 (43 Stat. 886); Provided, That claims for such expenses shall be itemized and supported by proper vouchers and shall be paid only upon the approval of the Secretary of the Interior: Provided further, That any payments made hereunder shall be deducted from any amount which may hereafter be decreed by the Court of Claims to the attorney for expenses in connection with the suit on behalf of the Quinaielt Indians.

Compensation and expenses of an attorney or attorneys, Shoshone Tribe of Indians, Wyoming (tribal funds): For compensation and expenses of an attorney or attorneys employed by the Shoshone Indian Tribe under a contract approved by the Secretary of the Interior on January 20, 1945, $20,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary, payable from funds on deposit in the Treasury to the credit of such tribe; and the amount herein appropriated shall be available for compensation earned and expenses incurred during the period covered by said contract.

ROADS AND BRIDGES

For maintenance and repair of that portion of the Gallup-Shiprock Highway within the Navajo Reservation, New Mexico, and that portion of the State highway in New Mexico between Gallup, New Mexico, and Window Rock, Arizona, serving the Navajo Reservation, $20,000, reimbursable, as authorized by the Act of May 28, 1941.

For construction, improvement, repair, and maintenance of Indian reservation roads under the provisions of the Act of May 26, 1928 (25 U. S. C. 318a), as supplemented and amended, $800,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That not to exceed $13,500 of the foregoing amount may be expended for departmental personal services.
For fulfilling treaties with Senecas of New York: For permanent annuity in lieu of interest on stock (Act of February 19, 1831, 4 Stat. 442), $6,000.

For fulfilling treaties with Six Nations of New York: For permanent annuity, in clothing and other useful articles (article 6, treaty of November 11, 1794), $4,500.

For fulfilling treaties with Choctaws, Oklahoma: For permanent annuity (article 2, treaty of November 16, 1805, and article 13, treaty of June 22, 1855), $3,000; for permanent annuity for support of light horsemen (article 13, treaty of October 18, 1820, and article 13, treaty of June 22, 1855), $600; for permanent annuity for support of blacksmith (article 6, treaty of October 18, 1820, and article 9, treaty of January 20, 1825, and article 13, treaty of June 22, 1855), $600; for permanent annuity for education (article 2, treaty of January 20, 1825, and article 13, treaty of June 22, 1855), $6,000; for permanent annuity for iron and steel (article 9, treaty of January 20, 1825, and article 13, treaty of June 22, 1855), $320; in all, $10,520.

For fulfilling treaties with Pawnees, Oklahoma: For permanent annuity (article 2, treaty of September 24, 1857, and article 3, agreement of November 23, 1892), $30,000.

For payment of Sioux benefits to Indians of the Sioux reservations, as authorized by the Act of March 2, 1889 (25 Stat. 895), as amended, $150,000.

For payment of accrued and accruing interest on moneys held in trust for the several Indian tribes, as authorized by various Acts of Congress, $725,000.
tributing material, including recordings; examination of estimates for appropriations in the field; refunds of overcollections and deposits for other purposes; lithographing, engraving, printing, and binding; purchase of ice; purchase of rubber boots for official use by employees; purchase (not to exceed two hundred and eighty), maintenance, and operation of horse-drawn and motor-propelled passenger vehicles; hire, maintenance, and operation of aircraft with funds provided for “General investigations” and the “Missouri River Basin”, and all sums appropriated in this Act to such Bureau shall be available for such hire, maintenance, and operation to meet unforeseen emergencies due to fire, flood, or storm; contract stenographic reporting services; payment of damages caused to the owners of lands or other private property of any kind by reason of the operations of the United States, its officers or employees, in the survey, construction, operation, or maintenance of irrigation works; payment for official telephone service in the field hereafter incurred in case of official telephones installed in private houses when authorized under regulations established by the Secretary; payment of rewards, when specifically authorized by the Secretary, for information leading to the apprehension and conviction of persons found guilty of the theft, damage, or destruction of public property: Provided, That no part of any sum provided for in this Act for operation and maintenance of any project or division of a project by the Bureau of Reclamation shall be used for the irrigation of any lands within the boundaries of an irrigation district which has contracted with the Bureau of Reclamation and is in arrears for more than twelve months in the payment of any charges due the United States, and no part of any sum provided for in this Act for such purpose shall be used for the irrigation of any lands which have contracted with the Bureau of Reclamation and are in arrears for more than twelve months in the payment of any charges due from said lands to the United States.

The following sums are appropriated out of the special fund in the Treasury of the United States created by the Act of June 17, 1902 (43 U.S.C. 391, 411), and therein designated “the reclamation fund”, to be available immediately:

Parker Dam power project, Arizona-California: Not to exceed $420,000 from power and other revenues shall be available for operation and maintenance;

Yuma project, Arizona-California: For operation and maintenance, $67,500: Provided, That not to exceed $25,000 from the power revenues shall be available for the operation and maintenance of the commercial system;

Central Valley project, California: Not to exceed $400,000 from power revenues shall be available for the operation and maintenance of the power system;

Colorado-Big Thompson project, Colorado: Not to exceed $140,000 from power revenues shall be available for the operation and maintenance of the power system;

Boise project, Idaho: For operation and maintenance, $106,000;

Minidoka project, Idaho: For operation and maintenance, reserved works, $16,500: Provided, That not to exceed $54,000 from the power revenues shall be available for the operation of the commercial system;

North Platte project, Nebraska-Wyoming: Not to exceed $89,400 from the power revenues shall be available for the operation and maintenance of the commercial system; and not to exceed $6,000 from power revenues allocated to the Northport irrigation district under subsection I, section 4, of the Act of December 5, 1924 (43 U.S.C. 501), shall be available for payment on behalf of the Northport irrigation district, to the Farmers' irrigation district for carriage of water;
Rio Grande, N. Mex.-Tex.

Rio Grande project, New Mexico-Texas: Not to exceed $80,700 from power revenues shall be available for the operation and maintenance of the power system;

Owyhee, Oreg.

Owyhee project, Oregon: For operation and maintenance, $200,000;

Klamath, Oreg.-Calif.

Klamath project, Oregon-California: For operation and maintenance, $121,000; Provided, That revenues received from the lease of marginal lands, Tule Lake division, shall be available for refunds to the lessees in such cases where it becomes necessary to make refunds because of flooding or other reasons within the terms of such leases;

Columbia Basin, Wash.

Columbia Basin project, Washington: Not to exceed $300,000 of the moneys deposited in the special account pursuant to section 4 of Executive Order Numbered 8526 shall be transferred to the reclamation fund to be available for operation, maintenance, and replacements, including operation and maintenance of camp and other facilities turned over by construction contractors, and similar facilities and the furnishing of services related thereto, and the payment to the school district or school districts serving Mason City and Coulee Dam, Washington, as reimbursement for instruction during the 1945-1946 school year in the schools operated by said district or districts of each pupil who is a dependent of any employee of the United States living in or in the vicinity of Coulee Dam, in the sum of $25 per semester per pupil in average daily attendance at said schools, payable after the term of instruction in any semester has been completed, under regulations prescribed by the Secretary;

Yakima, Wash.

Yakima project, Washington: For operation and maintenance, $243,500: Provided, That not to exceed $25,000 from power revenues shall be available for operation and maintenance of the power system;

Kendrick, Wyo.

Kendrick project, Wyoming: Not to exceed $140,000 from the power revenues shall be available for the operation and maintenance of the power system;

Riverton, Wyo.

Riverton project, Wyoming: For operation and maintenance, $67,750: Provided, That not to exceed $45,000 from the power revenues shall be available for the operation and maintenance of the commercial system;

Shoshone, Wyo.

Shoshone project, Wyoming: For operation and maintenance, Willwood division, $14,800: Provided, That not to exceed $50,000 from the power revenues shall be available for the operation and maintenance of the commercial system;

Limitation of expenditures.

Limitation of expenditures: Under the provisions of this Act no greater sum shall be expended, nor shall the United States be obligated to expend during the fiscal year 1946, on any reclamation project appropriated for herein under the reclamation fund, an amount in excess of the sum herein appropriated therefor, nor shall the whole expenditures or obligations incurred for all of such projects for the fiscal year 1946 exceed the whole amount in the reclamation fund for the fiscal year;

Interchange of appropriations.

Interchange of appropriations: Ten per centum of the foregoing amounts shall be available interchangeably for expenditures on the reclamation projects named; but not more than 10 per centum shall be added to the amount appropriated for any one of said projects, except that should existing works or the water supply for lands under cultivation be endangered by floods or other unusual conditions, an amount sufficient to make necessary emergency repairs shall become available for expenditure by further transfer of appropriation from any of said projects upon approval of the Secretary;

Construction of designated projects.

Construction: For continuation of construction of the following projects, and for general investigations and salaries and expenses (other than project offices) in not to exceed the following amounts, all to be reimbursable under the reclamation law, to remain available
until expended for carrying out projects (including the construction of transmission lines) or investigations previously or herein authorized by Congress:

Salaries and expenses (other than project offices): For expenses necessary during the fiscal year 1946, including personal services in the District of Columbia, in the administration and performance by other than project offices of Bureau of Reclamation functions, $3,000,000; to be available for the purposes, among others, specified under the head “Operation and maintenance administration”, Bureau of Reclamation, in the Department of the Interior Appropriation Act, 1945, and reimbursable (1) as to expenditures for operation and maintenance administration to the same extent as is provided under said head, and (2) as to other expenditures to the extent provided by subsection O of section 4 of the Act of December 5, 1924 (43 U.S. C. 377): Provided, That in addition to the foregoing amount there shall be available for expenditure under this appropriation any sums transferred thereto for work performed or to be performed for the benefit of specific projects or undertakings for which other funds or appropriations are available: Provided further, That the unobligated balances on June 30, 1945, of appropriations heretofore made under the “Reclamation fund, special fund, construction, administrative expenses”, and under the “General fund, construction, administrative expenses”, shall no longer remain available for obligation after June 30, 1945;

Projects: Gila project, Arizona, $550,000, from which expenditures may be made for land leveling, construction of farm ditches on units of public lands, production of soil-building crops, and the preparation of raw public lands for irrigation farming, any such expenditures to be charged into the construction costs to be repayable by the lands benefited, and any sums received from the sale of crops or otherwise as a result of these operations to be credited to such construction costs;

Colorado-Big Thompson project, Colorado, $800,000;

Palisades project, Idaho, $150,000;

Sun River project, Montana, $600,000;

Hungry Horse project, Montana, for work preliminary to construction, as authorized by section 1 of the Act of June 5, 1944 (Public Law 829), $200,000;

Deschutes project, Oregon, $450,000;

Provo River project, Utah, $2,000,000;

Shoshone project, Wyoming, Willwood division, $23,500;

General investigations: For engineering and economic investigations of proposed Federal reclamation projects and surveys, investigations, and other activities relating to reconstruction, rehabilitation, extensions, or financial adjustments of existing projects, and studies of water conservation and development plans, such investigations, surveys, and studies to be carried on by said Bureau either independently, or in cooperation with State agencies and other Federal agencies, including the Corps of Engineers, and the Federal Power Commission, $2,250,000, which may be used to execute detailed surveys, and to prepare construction plans and specifications: Provided, That the expenditure of any sums from this appropriation for investigations of any nature requested by States, municipalities, or other interests shall be upon the basis of the State, municipality, or other interest advancing at least 50 per centum of the estimated cost of such investigations;

Total, construction, from reclamation fund, $9,783,500.

Total, from reclamation fund, $10,620,550.

Boulder Canyon project: Not to exceed $1,050,000 shall be available from power and other revenues for operation, maintenance, and replacements of the dam, power plant, and other facilities, of the
Boulder Canyon project, and payment to the Boulder City School District as reimbursement for instruction during the 1945-1946 school year in the schools operated by said district of each pupil who is a dependent of any employee of the United States, living in or in the immediate vicinity of Boulder City, in the sum of $45 per semester per pupil in average daily attendance at said schools, payable after the term of instruction in any semester has been completed, under regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary.

**COLORADO RIVER DAM FUND**

Boulder Canyon project (All-American Canal): For continuation of construction of a diversion dam, and main canal (and appurtenant structures including distribution and drainage systems) located entirely within the United States connecting the diversion dam with the Imperial and Coachella Valleys in California; to acquire by proceedings in eminent domain, or otherwise, all lands, rights-of-way, and other property necessary for such purposes; and for incidental operations as authorized by the Boulder Canyon Project Act, approved December 21, 1928 (43 U. S. C., ch. 12A); for land leveling, construction of farm ditches on units of public lands, production of soil-building crops, and other necessary expenses in the preparation of raw public lands for irrigation farming, any such expenditures to be charged into the construction costs to be repayable by the lands benefited, and any sums received from the sale of crops or otherwise as a result of these operations to be credited to such construction costs, to be immediately available, and to remain available until advanced to the Colorado River dam fund, $3,000,000.

**COLORADO RIVER DEVELOPMENT FUND**

Colorado River development fund (expenditure account): For continuation and extension of studies and investigations by the Bureau of Reclamation for the formulation of a comprehensive plan for the utilization of waters of the Colorado River system, $150,250, and for investigations of projects for such utilization in the four States of the upper division, $349,750, as authorized by section 2 of the Boulder Canyon Project Adjustment Act, approved July 19, 1940 (54 Stat. 774); in all, $500,000 from the Colorado River Development Fund (holding account), to remain available until expended.

**GENERAL FUND, CONSTRUCTION**

For continuation of construction of the following projects in not to exceed the following amounts to be immediately available, to remain available until expended for carrying out projects (including the construction of transmission lines) previously or herein authorized by Congress, and to be reimbursable under the reclamation law:

Davis Dam project, Arizona-Nevada: The appropriation heretofore made for this project shall be available for construction of the Davis-Parker substation and interconnecting transmission line;

Central Valley project, California, $4,500,000;
San Luis Valley project, Colorado, $450,000;
Boise project, Idaho, Anderson Ranch, $3,000,000;
Tucumcari project, New Mexico, $2,000,000;
Lugert-Altus project, Oklahoma, $1,000,000;
Columbia Basin project, Washington: For continuation of construction and for other purposes authorized by the Columbia Basin Project Act of March 10, 1943 (57 Stat. 14), $6,000,000;
Yakima project, Washington, Roza division, $325,000;
Total, general fund, construction, $17,275,000.
WATER CONSERVATION AND UTILIZATION PROJECTS

The appropriations of $64,000 and $1,700,000 in the Interior Department Appropriation Acts, 1944 and 1945, respectively, for the construction of water conservation and utilization projects and small reservoirs, including the limitations for surveys, investigations, and administrative expenses in connection therewith are hereby continued available until June 30, 1947.

Fort Peck project, Montana: For construction of transmission lines, substations, and other facilities as may be required by the Bureau of Reclamation, as authorized by the Act of May 18, 1938 (16 U.S.C. 833), $155,800, to be immediately available and to remain available until June 30, 1947.

MISSOURI RIVER BASIN

Missouri River Basin (reimbursable): For the partial accomplishment of the works to be undertaken by the Secretary of the Interior, pursuant to section 9 of the Act of December 22, 1944 (Public Law 534), $3,200,000, to remain available until June 30, 1947: Provided, That this appropriation shall be expended, either independently or through or in cooperation with existing Federal and State agencies, only for detailed surveys, preparation of plans and specifications and the performance of other work, preliminary to construction of the initial stages, and for the continuation by the Bureau of Reclamation of investigations on the general plan of development.

COLORADO RIVER FRONT WORK AND LEVEE SYSTEM

To defray the cost of operating and maintaining the Colorado River front work and levee system adjacent to the Yuma Federal irrigation project in Arizona and California, and to defray the cost of other necessary protection works along the Colorado River between said Yuma project and Boulder Dam, as authorized by the Act of July 1, 1940 (54 Stat. 708), to be immediately available, $112,500, which, together with the appropriation for this purpose in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1945, shall remain available until June 30, 1947, and of which not to exceed $95,000 may be expended for the purchase of lands subject to seepage or overflow and improvements thereon: Provided, That the expenditure of any moneys for the purchase of said lands and improvements or for remedial or other necessary works for the protection of public or private property in or near the city of Needles, California, shall not be deemed a recognition of any obligation or liability whatsoever on the part of the United States: Provided further, That any moneys received by the United States as reimbursement in accordance with contracts herebefore entered into under the authority of the Act of December 21, 1928 (45 Stat. 1057), as amended, and ratified by the Act of August 30, 1935 (49 Stat. 1028), for work in or near said city of Needles, shall be covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

For all salaries and expenses necessary for the work of the Geological Survey, including personal services in the District of Columbia; purchase (not to exceed thirty), hire, maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled and horse-drawn passenger-carrying vehicles and the purchase (not to exceed one), hire, maintenance, and operation of aircraft for field use; and exchange of unserviceable and worn-out passenger-carrying and freight-carrying vehicles as part payment for new freight-carrying vehicles; and purchase (not to exceed $10,000) of office furniture and equipment for use in the District of Columbia
in addition to that which may be purchased from the appropriation for contingent expenses of the Department; as follows:

Salaries and expenses: For personal services in the District of Columbia, and other expenses, $203,160;

Topographic surveys: For topographic surveys in the United States, Alaska, the Virgin Islands, and Puerto Rico, $2,146,560, of which not to exceed $356,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be expended in cooperation with States or municipalities except upon the basis of the State or municipality bearing all of the expense incident thereto in excess of such an amount as is necessary for the Geological Survey to perform its share of standard topographic surveys, such share of the Geological Survey in no case exceeding 50 per centum of the cost of the survey: Provided further, That $263,000 of this amount shall be available only for such cooperation with States or municipalities;

Geologic surveys: For geologic surveys in the United States and chemical and physical researches relative thereto, $1,187,500, of which not to exceed $466,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia;

Strategic and critical minerals (national defense): For scientific and economic investigations of strategic and critical minerals in the United States or its Territories or insular possessions, $325,000, of which not to exceed $80,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia;

Mineral resources of Alaska: For investigation of the mineral resources of Alaska, $157,500, to be available immediately, of which not to exceed $60,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia;

Gaging streams: For gaging streams and determining the water supply of the United States, investigating underground currents and artesian wells and methods of utilizing the water resources, $1,795,800, of which not to exceed $10,000 may be expended for acquiring lands at gaging stations, and not to exceed $200,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be expended in cooperation with States or municipalities except upon the basis of the State or municipality bearing all of the expense incident thereto in excess of such an amount as is necessary for the Geological Survey to perform its share of general water resource investigations, such share of the Geological Survey in no case exceeding 50 per centum of the cost of the investigation: Provided further, That $1,300,000 of this amount shall be available only for such cooperation with States or municipalities;

Classification of lands: For the examination and classification of lands with respect to mineral character and water resources as required by the public land laws and for related administrative operations, for the preparation and publication of mineral-land classification and water-resources maps and reports; for engineering supervision of power permits and grants under the jurisdiction of the Secretary; and for performance of work for the Federal Power Commission, $213,400, of which not to exceed $60,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia;

Printing and binding, and so forth: For printing and binding, $101,500; for preparation of illustrations, $27,840; and for engraving and printing geologic and topographic maps, $275,000; in all, $404,340;

(48 U. S. C. 444), and other Acts relating to the mining and recovery of minerals on Indian and public lands and naval petroleum reserves, and for necessary related operations; and for every expense incident thereto, including supplies, equipment, expenses of travel, the construction, maintenance, and repair of necessary camp buildings and appurtenances thereto, $475,500, of which not to exceed $68,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia;

Cooperative advance: To enable the Geological Survey to meet obligations incurred by it arising from cooperative work pending reimbursement from cooperating agencies; $400,000, which amount shall be returned to the Treasury not later than six months after the close of the fiscal year 1946 out of reimbursements received from cooperating agencies;

During the fiscal year 1946 the head of any department or independent establishment of the Government having funds available for scientific and technical investigations within the scope of the functions of the Geological Survey may, with the approval of the Secretary, transfer to the Geological Survey such sums as may be necessary therefor, which sums so transferred may be expended for the same objects and in the same manner as sums appropriated herein may be expended: Provided, That not to exceed 5 per centum of any of the appropriations for the Geological Survey may be transferred to any other of such appropriations, but no appropriation shall be increased more than 5 per centum thereby. Any such transfer shall be reported to Congress in the annual Budget;

In all, salaries and expenses, Geological Survey, $7,313,760.

BUREAU OF MINES

Salaries and expenses: For salaries and expenses necessary for the general administration of the Bureau of Mines, including $70,300 for personal services in the District of Columbia, and $88,000 for printing and binding, including the purchase of reprints of scientific and technical articles published in periodicals and journals, $165,700.

Operating mine-rescue cars and stations and investigation of mine accidents: For salaries and expenses necessary for the investigation and improvement of mine-rescue and first-aid methods and appliances and the teaching of mine safety, rescue, and first-aid methods; investigations as to the causes of mine explosions, causes of falls of roof and coal, methods of mining, especially in relation to the safety of miners, the possible improvement of conditions under which mining operations are carried on, the use of explosives and electricity, the prevention of accidents, statistical studies and reports relating to mine accidents, and other investigations pertinent to the mining industry; including the construction of temporary buildings; equipment and supplies; travel expenses of employees in attendance at meetings and conferences held for the purpose of promoting safety and health in the mining and allied industries; purchase not exceeding one, operation, maintenance, and repair of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles; purchase and exchange in part payment therefor of cooks' uniforms, goggles, gloves, rubber boots, aprons; and not to exceed $70,000 for personal services in the District of Columbia; $762,400, of which not to exceed $500 may be expended for the purchase and bestowal of trophies in connection with mine-rescue and first-aid contests.

Coal-mine inspections and investigations: For all salaries and expenses necessary to enable the Bureau of Mines to perform the duties imposed upon it by the Act of May 7, 1941 (55 Stat. 177); including supplies and equipment; traveling expenses; not to exceed $81,000 for personal services in the District of Columbia; purchase in the District of Columbia and elsewhere of furniture and equipment, stationery vehicles.

Personal services.

Cooperative work on scientific, etc., investigations. Transfer of funds.

Interchange of amounts.

Report to Congress.

and supplies; purchase (not to exceed one), operation, maintenance, and repair of motor-propelled trucks and passenger-carrying vehicles for official use and in transporting employees between their homes and temporary locations where they may be employed and purchase of special wearing apparel or equipment for the protection of employees while engaged in their work; travel, and other incidental expenses of employees in attendance at meetings and conferences held for promoting safety and health in the coal-mining industry; $1,004,860.

Enforcement of Federal Explosives Act: For all necessary expenses of the Bureau of Mines in performing the duties imposed upon it by the Federal Explosives Act, including not to exceed $16,000 for personal services in the District of Columbia; newspapers; not to exceed $500 for printing and binding; contract stenographic reporting services; supplies and equipment; traveling expenses; maintenance, repair, and operation of passenger-carrying automobiles; purchase of special wearing apparel or equipment for the protection of employees while engaged in their work; purchase in the District of Columbia and elsewhere of other items otherwise properly chargeable to the appropriation "Contingent expenses, Department of the Interior"; $100,000: Provided, That the Secretary, through the Director of the Bureau of Mines, is hereby authorized to carry out projects hereunder in cooperation with other departments or agencies of the Federal Government, the District of Columbia, States, Territories, insular possessions, with other organizations or individuals, and with foreign countries and the political subdivisions thereof.

Testing fuel: To conduct inquiries and scientific and technologic investigations concerning the mining, preparation, treatment, and use of mineral fuels, and for investigation of mineral fuels belonging to or for the use of the United States, with a view to their most efficient utilization; to recommend to various departments such changes in selection and use of fuel as may result in greater economy, and, upon request of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, to investigate the fuel-burning equipment in use by or proposed for any of the departments, establishments, or institutions of the United States in the District of Columbia; and special wearing apparel and equipment for protection of employees while employed; $320,000, of which not to exceed $83,750 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

Anthracite investigations: For all expenses necessary to conduct inquiries and scientific and technologic investigations concerning the mining, preparation, treatment, and use of anthracite coals; including purchase of special wearing apparel and equipment for the protection of employees while engaged in their work; and other items otherwise properly chargeable to the appropriation "Contingent expenses, Department of the Interior"; operation, maintenance, and repair of passenger-carrying automobiles; and not to exceed $6,500 for personal services in the District of Columbia, $66,000.

Synthetic liquid fuels: For all expenses, without regard to section 3709, Revised Statutes, necessary to carry into effect the Act authorizing the construction and operation of demonstration plants to produce synthetic liquid fuels from coal, oil shales, agricultural and forestry products, and so forth, approved April 5, 1944 (Public, Numbered 290), including construction and acquirement of camp and laboratory buildings and equipment, personal services in the District of Columbia (not exceeding $90,000); not to exceed $30,000 for temporary employment of engineers, architects, or firms or corporations thereof, by contract or otherwise, without regard to civil-service
and classification laws; purchase of special wearing apparel or equipment for the protection of employees while engaged in their work; purchase (not exceeding five), maintenance, and operation of passenger-carrying automobiles; printing and binding; and purchase in the District of Columbia and elsewhere of items otherwise properly chargeable to the appropriation “Contingent expenses, Department of the Interior”, $7,000,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That these funds may be utilized to provide transportation between the proposed plants and related facilities and communities that provide adequate living accommodations of persons engaged in the operation and maintenance of these plants; and for transportation to and from schools of pupils who are dependents of such persons, which transportation shall be by methods which the Office of Defense Transportation shall find to be most advantageous and efficient: Provided further, That pursuant to agreements approved by the Secretary and the Office of Defense Transportation, the transportation equipment available to the Bureau of Mines may be pooled with that of school districts and other local or Federal agencies for use in transporting persons engaged in operation and maintenance of these plants, pupils who are dependents of such persons, and other pupils, and in the interest of economy the expenses of operating such equipment may be shared: Provided further, That, in addition to the amount herein appropriated, the Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to enter into contracts for additional work not exceeding a total of $15,000,000 during the period covered by the aforesaid Act, and his action in so doing shall be deemed a contractual obligation of the Federal Government for the payment of the cost thereof and appropriations hereafter made for the construction and operation of demonstration plants to produce synthetic liquid fuels shall be considered available for the purpose of discharging the obligations so created.

Mineral mining investigations: For scientific and technologic investigations concerning the mining, preparation, treatment, and utilization of ores and mineral substances, other than fuels, with a view to improving health conditions and increasing safety, efficiency, and economy in the mining, quarrying, metallurgical, and other mineral industries; including all equipment, supplies, expenses of travel, operation, maintenance, and repair of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, and not to exceed $30,000 for personal services in the District of Columbia, $382,700: Provided, That no part of this appropriation may be expended for an investigation in behalf of any private party.

Oil and gas investigations: For inquiries and investigations and dissemination of information concerning the mining, preparation, treatment, and utilization of petroleum and natural gas, and for every other expense incident thereto, including supplies, equipment, newspapers, expenses of travel, purchase, not to exceed one, maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, purchase of laboratory gloves, goggles, rubber boots, and aprons, $579,000, of which not to exceed $45,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

Mining experiment stations: For personal services, purchase of laboratory gloves, goggles, rubber boots, and aprons, maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, and all other expenses in connection with the establishment, maintenance, and operation of mining experiment stations, as provided in the Act of March 3, 1915 (30 U. S. C. 8), $962,200, of which not to exceed $25,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.
Buildings and grounds, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania: For care and maintenance of buildings and grounds at Pittsburgh and Bruceton, Pennsylvania, including personal services, the purchase of one and operation, maintenance, and repair of passenger automobiles, and all other expenses requisite for and incident thereto, including not to exceed $10,000 for additions and improvements, $143,450.

Economics of mineral industries: For investigations, and the dissemination of information concerning the economic problems of the mining, quarrying, metallurgical, and other mineral industries, with a view to assuring ample supplies and efficient distribution of the mineral products of the mines and quarries, including studies and reports relating to uses, reserves, production, distribution, stocks, consumption, prices, and marketing of mineral commodities and primary products thereof; preparation of the reports of the mineral resources of the United States, including special statistical inquiries; purchase of furniture and equipment; stationery and supplies; newspapers; traveling expenses; operation, maintenance, and repair of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles; and for all other necessary expenses not included in the foregoing, $915,000, of which not to exceed $897,500 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

Investigation of raw-material resources for steel production (national defense): For all expenses, without regard to section 3709, Revised Statutes, necessary to enable the Bureau of Mines to develop individual deposits of minerals useful in the steel industry the existence of which is known, and concerning which preliminary geological or other reports are available from State mineral agencies, previous investigations of the Bureau of Mines, or other sources; to conduct geophysical surveys, surface and subsurface exploration on such deposits; to conduct laboratory, pilot plant, and demonstration-plant tests to establish methods for utilizing more fully the products of such deposits; including the purchase or lease of land or buildings; mineralogical explorations for and development of sources of ferrous, nonferrous, or nonmetallic minerals useful in alloying or coating by plating or otherwise of iron and steel to reduce or eliminate corrosion, and the research and development of commercial processes therefor; construction of buildings to house laboratories, pilot plants, or demonstration plants; procurement of necessary materials, ores, and equipment; travel expenses; operation, maintenance, and repair of passenger-carrying automobiles; not to exceed $75,000 for temporary employment of engineers, architects, or firms or corporations thereof, by contract or otherwise, without regard to civil-service and classification laws, necessary to carry out the provisions of this appropriation; printing and binding; purchase in the District of Columbia or elsewhere of furniture and equipment, and purchase of special wearing apparel or equipment for the protection of employees while engaged in their work; purchase in the district of Columbia and elsewhere of other items otherwise properly chargeable to the appropriation “Contingent expenses, Department of the Interior”; and not to exceed $40,000 for personal services in the District of Columbia, $1,250,000:

Provided, That the Secretary, acting through the Director of the Bureau of Mines, is hereby authorized to accept buildings, equipment, and other contributions from public or private sources and to carry out the projects in cooperation with other agencies, Federal, State, or private.

Construction and equipment of helium plants: The unobligated balance of the funds appropriated under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1943, as supplemented in the Second Supplemental National Defense Appropriation Act, 1943, is hereby
continued available until June 30, 1946, and the limitation on the amount available for personal services in the District of Columbia from the entire amount appropriated under this head is hereby increased from $100,000 to $110,000.

Manganese beneficiation pilot plants and research (national defense): For all necessary expenses, without regard to section 3709, Revised Statutes, of investigations and development of methods of beneficiating and smelting domestic manganese ores, including ore dressing, hydrometallurgy, pyrometallurgy, and for the production of metallic manganese by electrolytic or other methods, including all necessary preliminary and supplemental laboratory research; maintenance and operation of pilot plants; procurement of necessary materials and ores for metallurgical tests; supplies and equipment; travel expenses; personal services in the District of Columbia (not to exceed $16,000); printing and binding (not to exceed $1,000); purchase in the District of Columbia and elsewhere of furniture and equipment, stationery and supplies; operation, maintenance, and repair of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles; purchase of special wearing apparel or equipment for the protection of employees while engaged in their work, $450,000. Provided, That the Secretary, acting through the Director of the Bureau of Mines, is hereby authorized to accept buildings, equipment, and other contributions from public or private sources offering to cooperate in carrying out the purpose of this appropriation, and to operate such plants in cooperation with other departments or agencies of the Federal Government, States, and State agencies, and other organizations.

Production of alumina from low-grade bauxite, aluminum clays and alunite (national defense): For all expenses necessary, without regard to section 3709, Revised Statutes, to the conduct of investigations and research on processes for production of alumina from siliceous bauxites, aluminum clays and alunite, including all necessary laboratory research; maintenance and operation of small sub-commercial plants; procurement of necessary materials and ores; construction and equipment of buildings to house testing and sub-commercial plant units; not to exceed $29,200 for personal services in the District of Columbia; purchase of furniture and equipment, stationery and supplies; purchase of special wearing apparel or equipment for protection of employees engaged in their work, $650,000.

Investigation of bauxite and alunite ores and aluminum clay deposits (national defense): For all necessary expenses, without regard to section 3709, Revised Statutes, of investigations, including laboratory research and procurement of materials therefor, concerning the extent, mode of occurrence, and quality of bauxite and alunite ores and aluminum clays in order to determine domestic sources or supply; to explore and develop on public lands and, with the consent of owners, on private lands, deposits of such ores and clays, including geologic studies and geophysical prospecting; construction, maintenance, and repair of necessary camp buildings and mining structures and appurtenances; including not to exceed $40,000 for personal services in the District of Columbia; operation, maintenance, and repair of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles; printing and binding; purchase of such wearing apparel and equipment as may be required for the protection of employees while engaged in their work; and other items otherwise properly chargeable to the appropriation “Contingent expenses, Department of the Interior”, $500,000.
Magnesium pilot plants and research (national defense): For all necessary expenses, without regard to section 3709, Revised Statutes, for the conduct of investigations and development of methods for the recovery of magnesium from domestic raw materials, including naturally occurring brines, salt deposits, dolomite, magnesite, and brucite, by hydrometallurgy, direct reduction, and electrolytic methods, including laboratory research; maintenance and operation of pilot plants; procurement of necessary materials and ores for metallurgical tests; purchase or lease of land; construction and equipment of buildings to house pilot plants, including not to exceed $30,000 for temporary employment of engineers, architects, or firms, or corporations thereof, by contract or otherwise, without regard to the civil-service and classification laws necessary to design and construct the buildings and pilot plants; supplies and equipment; travel expenses; not to exceed $15,500 for personal services in the District of Columbia; not to exceed $750 for printing and binding; purchase in the District of Columbia and elsewhere of other items otherwise properly chargeable to the appropriation “Contingent expenses, Department of the Interior”; special wearing apparel and equipment for protection of employees while employed; and the operation, maintenance, and repair of passenger-carrying automobiles; $400,000: Provided, That the Secretary, through the Director of the Bureau of Mines, is authorized to accept buildings, equipment, and other contributions from public or private sources for the purposes hereof, and to operate such plants in cooperation with other agencies, Federal, State, or private.

Investigation of deposits of critical and essential minerals in the United States and its possessions (national defense): For all necessary expenses, without regard to section 3709, Revised Statutes, of investigating deposits of critical and essential minerals in the United States and its possessions, including laboratory research; preliminary examination and surface and subsurface exploration; supplies and equipment; travel expenses; not to exceed $55,000 for personal services in the District of Columbia; not to exceed $3,000 for printing and binding; purchase in the District of Columbia and elsewhere of other items otherwise properly chargeable to the appropriation “Contingent expenses, Department of the Interior”; purchase, not to exceed one, operation, maintenance, and repair of passenger-carrying automobiles; special wearing apparel and equipment for the protection of employees while employed; $2,100,000: Provided, That the Secretary, through the Director of the Bureau of Mines, is authorized to accept lands, buildings, equipment, and other contributions from public or private sources for the purposes hereof, and to carry out such projects in cooperation with other agencies, Federal, State, or private.

Helium utilization and research: For all expenses necessary to conduct inquiries and scientific and technologic investigations concerning resources, production, repurification, storage, and utilization of helium, independently or in cooperation with other agencies, public or private; including purchase of one and operation, maintenance, and repair of passenger automobiles; purchase of special wearing apparel or equipment for the protection of employees while engaged in their work; and other items otherwise properly chargeable to the appropriation “Contingent expenses, Department of the Interior”; $78,400, including not to exceed $5,000 for personal services in the District of Columbia.

Helium production and investigations: The sums made available for the fiscal year 1946 in the Acts making appropriations for the War and Navy Departments for the acquisition of helium from the Bureau of Mines shall be transferred to the Bureau of Mines on July 1,
1945, for operation and maintenance of the plants for the production of helium for military and naval purposes, including laboratory gloves, goggles, rubber boots, and aprons; purchase, not to exceed three, maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, books of reference and periodicals; the purchase in the District of Columbia and elsewhere of items otherwise properly chargeable to the appropriation “Contingent expenses, Department of the Interior” (not exceeding $5,000); and all other necessary expenses, and including $42,000 for personal services in the District of Columbia in addition to which sums the Bureau of Mines may use for helium-plant operations in the fiscal year 1946 the unobligated balance of funds transferred to it for such operations, in the fiscal year 1945: Provided, That section 3109, Revised Statutes, shall not be construed to apply to this appropriation, or to the appropriation for development and operation of helium properties (special fund) in section 3 (c) of the Act of September 1, 1937 (50 U. S. C. 164): Provided further, That funds available for the production of helium and the development of helium properties may be utilized to provide transportation between helium plants and related facilities and communities that provide adequate living accommodations of persons engaged in the operation and maintenance of helium plants; and for transportation to and from schools of pupils who are dependents of such persons which transportation shall be by methods which the Office of Defense Transportation shall find to be most advantageous and efficient: Provided further, That pursuant to agreements approved by the Secretary and the Office of Defense Transportation, the transportation equipment available to the Bureau of Mines may be pooled with that of school districts and other local or Federal agencies for use in transporting persons engaged in operation and maintenance of helium plants, pupils who are dependents of such persons, and other pupils, and in the interest of economy the expenses of operating such equipment may be shared.

During the fiscal year 1946 the head of any department or independent establishment of the Government having funds available for scientific investigations within the scope of the functions of the Bureau of Mines may, with the approval of the Secretary, transfer to the Bureau such sums as may be necessary therefor, which sums so transferred may be expended for the same objects and in the same manner as sums appropriated herein may be expended.

The Federal Security Administrator may detail medical officers of the Public Health Service for cooperative health, safety, or sanitation work with the Bureau of Mines, and the compensation and expenses of the officers so detailed may be paid from the applicable appropriations made herein for the Bureau of Mines.

The Bureau of Mines is hereby authorized, during the fiscal year 1946, to sell directly or through any Government agency, including corporations, any metal or mineral product that may be manufactured in pilot plants operated from funds appropriated to the Bureau of Mines, and the proceeds of such sales shall be covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.

The following appropriations herein made to the Bureau of Mines shall be available for the hire, maintenance, and operation of aircraft: “Operating rescue cars and stations and investigation of accidents”; “Investigation of raw-material resources for steel production (national defense)”; and “Investigations of deposits of critical and essential minerals in the United States and its possessions (national defense)”. 

Ante, p. 319.


50 Stat. 886.

Transportation.

Pooling equipment.

Scientific investigations.

Details from Public Health Service.

Sale of products of pilot plants.

Aircraft.
Salaries and expenses: For expenses, including personal services in the District of Columbia, necessary for the general administration of the National Park Service, including $25,000 for printing and binding, $408,890.

Regional offices: For salaries and expenses of regional offices necessary in the administration, protection, maintenance, and improvement of the national park system, $323,000.

National parks: For administration, protection, maintenance, and improvement of national parks, including necessary protection of the area of federally owned land in the custody of the National Park Service known as the Ocean Strip and Queets Corridor, adjacent to Olympic National Park, Washington; necessary repairs to the roads from Glacier Park Station through the Blackfeet Indian Reservation to the various points in the boundary line of Glacier National Park, Montana, and the international boundary; repair and maintenance of approximately two and seventy-seven one-hundredths miles of road leading from United States Highway 187 to the north entrance of Grand Teton National Park, Wyoming; not to exceed $1,000 for the maintenance of approach roads through the Lassen National Forest leading to Lassen Volcanic National Park, California; maintenance and repair of the Generals Highway between the boundaries of Sequoia National Park, California, and the Grant Grove section of Kings Canyon National Park, California; maintenance of approximately two and one-fourth miles of roads comprising those portions of the Fresno-Kings Canyon approach road, Park Ridge Lookout Road, and Ash Mountain-Advance truck trail, necessary to the administration and protection of the Sequoia and Kings Canyon National Parks; not exceeding $15,500 for maintenance of the roads in the national forests leading out of Yellowstone National Park, Wyoming, Idaho, and Montana; and not exceeding $2,000 for maintenance of the road in the Stanislaus National Forest connecting the Tioga Road with the Hetch Hetchy Road near Mather Station, Yosemite National Park, California, and necessary expenses of a comprehensive study of the problems relating to the use and enjoyment of Yosemite National Park and the preservation of its natural features, $1,925,675, including $30,000 for the acquisition of the Ovington properties within the Olympic National Park.

National monuments: For administration, protection, maintenance, improvement, and preservation of national monuments, and not exceeding $308 for right-of-way easements across privately owned railroad lands necessary for supplying water to the Statue of Liberty National Monument, $411,900.

National historical parks and memorials: For administration, protection, maintenance, and improvement, including the maintenance of structures on the former Cape Hatteras Light Station Reservation within the Cape Hatteras National Seashore Recreational Area project, $160,000.

National military parks, battlefields, and cemeteries: For administration, protection, maintenance, and improvement, including the maintenance and repair of the approach road to the Custer Battlefield National Cemetery and the road connecting the said cemetery with the Reno Monument site, Montana, $249,038.

Boulder Dam National Recreational Area, Arizona and Nevada: For administration, protection, improvement, and maintenance of the recreational activities of the Boulder Dam National Recreational Area and any lands that may be added thereto by Presidential or other authority, $68,512.
Lake Texoma Recreational Area, Texas and Oklahoma: For administration, protection, improvement, and maintenance in cooperation with the Chief of Engineers of the War Department of recreational areas devoted to recreational use within the Denison Dam and Reservoir projects, $40,000.

Emergency reconstruction and fighting forest fires: For reconstruction, replacement, and repair of roads, trails, bridges, buildings, and other physical improvements and of equipment in areas under the jurisdiction of the National Park Service that are damaged or destroyed by flood, fire, storm, or other unavoidable causes, and for fighting or emergency prevention of forest fires in areas administered by the National Park Service, or fires that endanger such areas, including lands in process of condemnation for national park or monument purposes, $30,000, together with not to exceed $100,000 to be transferred upon the approval of the Secretary from the various appropriations for national parks and national monuments herein contained, any such diversions of appropriations to be reported to Congress in the annual Budget: Provided, That the allotment of these funds to the various areas administered by the National Park Service as may be required for fire-fighting purposes shall be made by the Secretary only after the obligation for the expenditure has been incurred.

Forest protection and fire prevention: For control and prevention of spread of forest insects and tree diseases and for fire-prevention measures, including necessary local transportation and subsistence in kind of persons selected for employment or as cooperators, serving without other compensation while attending fire-protection training camps in connection with the fire-control programs of the National Park Service, $213,100.

The total of the foregoing amounts shall be available in one fund for the National Park Service: Provided, That 5 per centum of the foregoing amounts shall be available interchangeably and any such diversion of funds shall be reported to Congress in the annual Budget: Provided further, That no part of the foregoing appropriations for the National Park Service shall be available for the payment of the salaries or expenses of any employee of the National Park Service assigned to duties, except as to inspection and audit, in connection with the Jefferson National Expansion Memorial in Saint Louis, Missouri.

Investigation and purchase of water rights: The unexpended balance of funds available for this purpose for the fiscal year 1945 is continued available for the same purpose during the fiscal year 1946.

Recreational demonstration areas: For administration, protection, operation, and maintenance of recreational demonstration areas, $115,000.

Salaries and expenses, National Capital parks: For administration, protection, maintenance, and improvement of the Arlington Memorial Bridge, George Washington Memorial Parkway, monuments and memorials, Lee Mansion, Battleground National Cemetery, Choptawasnic Recreational Area, Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, Federal parks in the District of Columbia, and other Federal lands authorized by the Act of May 29, 1930 (46 Stat. 482), including the pay and allowances in accordance with the provisions of the Act of May 27, 1924, as amended, of the police force for the George Washington Memorial Parkway, purchase of revolvers and ammunition, purchase, cleaning, and repair of uniforms for police, guards, and elevator conductors, and equipment, per diem employees at rates of pay approved by the Director not exceeding current rates for similar services in the District of Columbia, stenographic reporting service, traveling expenses and carfare, and leather and rubber articles for the protection of public property and employees, $400,000.
Appropriations herein made for the national parks, national monuments, and other reservations under the jurisdiction of the National Park Service, shall be available for the giving of educational lectures therein and vicinity; for the services of field employees in cooperation with such nonprofit scientific and historical societies engaged in educational work in the various parks and monuments as the Secretary may designate; and for travel expenses of employees attending Government camps for training in forest-fire prevention and suppression and the Federal Bureau of Investigation National Police Academy, and attending Federal, State, or municipal schools for training in building fire prevention and suppression.

Appropriations herein made for the National Park Service shall be available for the installation and operation of telephones in Government-owned residences, apartments, or quarters, occupied by employees of the National Park Service.

Appropriations available to the National Park Service shall be available for the purchase, not to exceed five, maintenance and operation of passenger-carrying automobiles.

Appropriations herein made under the National Park Service for "National parks" and "National monuments" shall be available for the hire, maintenance, and operation of aircraft.

**FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE**

For salaries and expenses, including traveling expenses, necessary in conducting investigations and carrying out the work of the Service, including cooperation with Federal, State, county, or other agencies or with farm bureaus, organizations, or individuals, as follows:

**SALARIES AND EXPENSES**

General administrative expenses: For general administrative purposes, including personal services in the District of Columbia, $206,190, of which sum $27,000 shall be available for printing and binding, including the purchase of reprints of scientific and technical articles published in periodicals and journals and the publication of bulletins which shall be adapted to the interests of the people of the different sections of the country, an equal proportion of four-fifths of the bulletins to be delivered to or sent out under addressed franks furnished by the Senators, Representatives, and Delegates in Congress, as they may direct.

Propagation of food fishes: For maintenance, repair, alteration, improvement, equipment, and operation of fish-cultural stations, including the erection of necessary buildings and other structures; propagation and distribution of food fishes and fresh-water mussels; development, recommendation, and application of means, including the construction of devices, to assure natural propagation and maximum survival of hatchery and other fishes; purchase, collection, and transportation of specimens and other expenses incidental to the maintenance and operation of aquarium, $1,100,000.

Operation and maintenance of fish screens: For operation and maintenance, in cooperation with the Bureau of Reclamation and the Bureau of Indian Affairs, or either, of fish screens and ladders on Federal irrigation projects, and for the conduct of investigations and surveys, the preparation of designs, and for determining the requirements for fishways and other fish protective devices at dams constructed under licenses issued by the Federal Power Commission, $30,000.

Investigations respecting food fishes: For investigations and studies into the cause of the decrease of food fishes, and other aquatic and
plant resources, in connection therewith, and of means of securing a maximum sustained yield from such resources; and maintenance, repair, improvement, equipment, and operation of fishery-experiment and biological stations, $511,800.

Commercial fisheries: For collection and compilation of fishery statistics and related information; conducting investigations and studies of methods and means of capture, preservation, utilization, and distribution of fish and aquatic plants and products thereof, including investigation, study and research with respect to the utilization of packed sardines and the development of methods and procedures which should be employed in improving the quality and appearance of packed sardines; maintenance, repair, alteration, improvement, equipment, and operation of laboratories and vessels; and enforcing the applicable provisions of the Act authorizing associations of producers of aquatic products (15 U. S. C. 521); including contract stenographic reporting services, $328,000.

Fishery market news service: For collecting, publishing, and distributing, by telegraph, mail, or otherwise, information on the fishery industry, market supply and demand, commercial movement, location, disposition, and market prices of fishery products, $105,700.

Alaska fisheries: For protecting the seal, sea otter, and other fisheries of Alaska, including the furnishing of food, fuel, clothing, and other necessities of life to the natives of the Pribilof Islands of Alaska; construction, improvement, repair, and alteration of buildings and roads, and subsistence of employees while on said islands; purchase of one, operation, and maintenance of airplanes; and contract stenographic reporting service, $624,700, of which $100,000 shall be available immediately.


Fur-resources investigations: For investigations, experiments, and demonstrations in connection with the production and utilization of animals the pelts of which are used commercially for fur, $115,500.

Biological investigations: For biological investigations, including the relations, habits, geographic distribution, and migration of animals and plants, and the preparation of maps of the life zones, and including $36,200 for investigations of the relations of wild animal life to forests, under section 5 of the Act approved May 22, 1928 (16 U. S. C. 581d); for investigations, experiments, and demonstrations, independently or in cooperation with other agencies or individuals, in developing and applying methods for the control of damage to agricultural and horticultural crops by birds, and for investigations of the wildlife resources of the Territory of Alaska, $181,550.

Control of predatory animals and injurious rodents: For investigations and demonstrations in destroying animals injurious to agriculture, horticulture, forestry, animal husbandry, and wild game, and in protecting stock and other domestic animals through the suppression of rabies and other diseases in predatory wild animals as authorized by law (7 U. S. C. 426), including not to exceed $3,000 for the purchase of printed bags, tags, and labels; and for repairs, additions, and installations in and about the grounds and buildings of the game-management supply depot and laboratory at Pocatello, Idaho, including purchase, transportation, and handling of supplies and materials for distribution from said depot to other projects, in accordance with the provisions of the Act approved June 24, 1936 (16 U. S. C. 667), $875,000.

Protection of migratory birds: For the enforcement of the Migratory Bird Treaty Act of July 3, 1918, as amended, to carry into effect
the treaty with Great Britain and the convention between the United States and the United Mexican States (16 U. S. C. 703-711); for cooperation with local authorities in the protection of migratory birds, including necessary investigations; for the enforcement of the Act for the protection of the bald eagle (16 U. S. C. 668c); for the enforcement of sections 241-244 of the Act approved March 4, 1909, as amended (18 U. S. C. 391-394), and for the enforcement of section 1 of the Act approved May 25, 1900 (16 U. S. C. 701), including necessary investigations, $300,000, of which not to exceed $10,000 may be expended in the discretion of the Secretary for the purpose of securing information concerning violations of the laws for the enforcement of which this appropriation is made available.

Enforcement of Alaska game law: For the enforcement of the Act of January 13, 1925, as amended (48 U. S. C. 192-211); purchase of two, operation, and maintenance of airplanes, $142,585.

Maintenance of mammal and bird reservations: For the administration, protection, and maintenance of mammal and bird reservations and the maintenance and protection of game introduced into suitable localities on public lands, under supervision of the Fish and Wildlife Service, including construction of fencing, wardens' quarters, shelters for animals, landings, roads, trails, bridges, ditches, telephone lines, rockwork, bulkheads, and other improvements necessary for economical administration; for the purchase, capture, and transportation of game for national reservations; and for the maintenance of the herd of long-horned cattle on the Wichita Mountains Wildlife Refuge, $625,200, and in addition thereto $40,000 of the unexpended balance for special improvements on the Wichita Mountain Wildlife Refuge for the fiscal year 1944 is continued available for the fiscal year 1946.


In all, salaries and expenses, $5,219,325.

MIGRATORY BIRD CONSERVATION FUND

For carrying into effect the provisions of section 4 of the Act of March 16, 1934, as amended (16 U. S. C. 718-718h), an amount equal to the sum received during the fiscal year 1946 from the proceeds of the sale of stamps, to be warranted monthly; and in addition thereto an amount equal to the unobligated balance on June 30, 1945, of the total of the proceeds received from the sale of stamps prior to July 1, 1945.

FEDERAL AID IN WILDLIFE RESTORATION

For carrying out the provisions of the Act of September 2, 1937, as amended (16 U. S. C. 669-669j), $1,000,000; Provided, That expenditures hereunder shall not exceed the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury under the provisions of said Act.

Total, Fish and Wildlife Service, $6,219,325, and in addition thereto, funds made available under the Migratory Bird Conservation Fund, of which amounts not to exceed $704,828 may be expended for departmental personal services, including such services in the District of Columbia. Funds available for the work of the Fish and Wildlife Service shall be available for the purchase of seventy-two motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles and for the maintenance, repair, and operation of such vehicles; hire, maintenance, and operation of aircraft; the installation and operation of telephones in Government-owned residences, apartments, or quarters occupied by employees of the Fish and Wildlife Service; providing by purchase,
construction, or otherwise, facilities incident to such public recreational uses of wildlife refuges as are not inconsistent with the primary purposes of such refuges; newspapers (not to exceed $100), rubber boots, oilskins, first-aid outfits; plans and specifications for vessels, or for contract personal services for the preparation thereof; and rations for officers and crews of vessels; and for the expenditure from appropriations available for the purchase of lands of not to exceed $1 for each option to purchase any tract of land. Reimbursements for the cost of supplies and materials and the transportation and handling thereof issued from central warehouses authorized to be established by the Act of June 24, 1936 (16 U. S. C. 667), may be credited to the appropriation current at the time supplies and materials are allotted, assigned, or issued, or at the time such reimbursements are received. Not to exceed 5 per centum of the foregoing amounts for expenses of the Fish and Wildlife Service shall be available interchangeably for expenditure on the objects included within the general expenses of said Service, but no more than 5 per centum shall be added to any one item or appropriation. In addition to the airplanes authorized for purchase in the foregoing items, the Fish and Wildlife Service may acquire not to exceed ten surplus airplanes from any disposal agency of the Government without reimbursement or transfer of funds.

GOVERNMENT IN THE TERRITORIES

TERRITORY OF ALASKA

For expenses of the offices of the Governor and the Secretary, including salaries of the Governor and Secretary; clerk hire; travel expenses; printing and binding; maintenance, repair, and preservation of Governor's house and grounds; purchase of equipment; maintenance, operation, and repair of one motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicle for the use of the Governor; stationery, lights, water, and fuel, $44,000, to be expended under the direction of the Governor.

For the establishment and maintenance of public schools, Territory of Alaska, $50,000: Provided, That expenditures hereunder shall not exceed the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury in accordance with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934.

Insane of Alaska: For care and custody of persons legally adjudged insane in Alaska, including compensation and travel expenses of medical supervisor, transportation, burial, and other expenses, $290,000: Provided, That authority is granted to the Secretary to pay from this appropriation to the Sanitarium Company, of Portland, Oregon, or to other contracting institution or institutions, for the care and maintenance of Alaskan insane patients during the fiscal year 1946: Provided further, That so much of this sum as may be required shall be available for all necessary expenses in ascertaining the residence of inmates and in returning those who are not legal residents of Alaska to their legal residence or to their friends, and the Secretary shall, as soon as practicable, return to their places of residence or to their friends all inmates not residents of Alaska at the time they became insane, and the commitment papers for any person hereafter adjudged insane shall include a statement by the committing authority as to the legal residence of such person.

For the construction, repair, and maintenance of roads, tramways, bridges, and trails, Territory of Alaska, $152,500, to be available until expended: Provided, That expenditures hereunder shall not exceed the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury in accordance with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934.
For the construction, repair, and maintenance of roads, tramways, ferries, bridges, and trails, Territory of Alaska, to be expended under the provisions of the Act approved June 30, 1932 (48 U. S. C. 321a-321c), including printing and binding, $1,038,900, to be immediately available.

Richardson Highway: For continuation of construction of Richardson Highway, Alaska, $1,250,000, to be immediately available.

The Alaska Railroad: All amounts received by the Alaska Railroad during the fiscal year 1946 shall be available, and continue available until expended, for every expenditure requisite for and incident to the authorized work of the Alaska Railroad, including maintenance, operation, and improvements of railroads in Alaska; maintenance and operation of river steamers and other boats on the Yukon River and its tributaries in Alaska; operation and maintenance of oceangoing or coastwise vessels by ownership, charter, or arrangement with other branches of the Government service, for the purpose of providing additional facilities for the transportation of freight, passengers, or mail, when deemed necessary, for the benefit and development of industries and travel affecting territory tributary to the Alaska Railroad; maintenance and operation of lodges, camps, and transportation facilities for the accommodation of visitors to Mount McKinley National Park, including the maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles as authorized by the Act of March 29, 1940 (54 Stat. 80); stores for resale; payment of claims for losses and damages arising from operations, including claims of employees of the railroad for loss and damage resulting from wreck or accident on the railroad, not due to negligence of the claimant, limited to clothing and other necessary personal effects used in connection with his duties and not exceeding $100 in value; payment of amounts due connecting lines; payment of compensation and expenses as authorized by section 42 of the Injury Compensation Act approved September 7, 1916 (5 U. S. C. 793), to be reimbursed as therein provided: Provided, That not to exceed $6,000 of this fund shall be available for personal services in the District of Columbia during the fiscal year 1946, and no one other than the general manager of said railroad shall be paid an annual salary out of this fund of more than $7,500: Provided further, That not to exceed $12,500 of such fund shall be available for printing and binding.

The following appropriations herein made shall be available for the hire, maintenance, and operation of aircraft: "Salaries and expenses, Governor and Secretary, Territory of Alaska"; "Construction and maintenance of roads, bridges, and trails, Alaska"; "Reconstruction and improvement of Richardson Highway, Alaska"; and "Alaska Railroad appropriated fund".

TERRITORY OF HAWAII

For expenses of the offices of the Governor and the Secretary, including salaries of the Governor, the Secretary ($5,800), and the private secretary to the Governor ($3,875); for printing and binding; travel expenses of the Governor; and $95 for temporary clerk hire; $22,700, to be expended by the Governor.

GOVERNMENT OF THE VIRGIN ISLANDS

For salaries of the Governor and employees incident to the execution of the Acts of March 3, 1917 (48 U. S. C. 1391), and June 22, 1936 (49 U. S. C. 1405v), traveling expenses of officers and employees, printing and binding; repair, preservation and care of Federal build-
ings and furniture, purchase of equipment, stationery, lights, water, and other necessary miscellaneous expenses, maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, and not to exceed $4,000 for personal services, household equipment and furnishings, fuel, ice, and electricity necessary in the operation of Government House at Saint Thomas and Government House at Saint Croix, $196,450, to be expended by and under the supervision and direction of the Governor: Provided, That the executive assistant to the Governor and the legal counsel shall be appointed by the Governor.

For salaries and expenses of the agricultural station in the Virgin Islands, including technical personnel, clerks, and other persons; scientific investigations of plants and plant industries, and diseases of animals; demonstrations in practical farming; official traveling expenses; fixtures, apparatus, and supplies; clearing and fencing of land; and other necessary expenses; maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, $36,600, to be expended by and under the supervision and direction of the Governor.

Puerto Rico

To enable the Division of Territories and Island Possessions to continue collection and administration of moneys due the United States on account of loans made under the joint resolutions approved December 21, 1928 (45 Stat. 1067), and January 22, 1930 (46 Stat. 57), and to make compositions and adjustments in any loan heretofore made, as authorized by Public Resolutions Numbered 59 (49 Stat. 926) and 60 (49 Stat. 928), Seventy-fourth Congress, approved August 27, 1935, not to exceed $26,350 of any unobligated balances of appropriations made by authority of those joint resolutions, including repayment of principal and payments of interest on such loans, is hereby made available for administrative expenses during the fiscal year 1946.

Sec. 2. Appropriations herein made for field work shall be available for the hire, with or without personal services, of boats, work animals and animal-drawn and motor-propelled vehicles and equipment.

Sec. 3. Appropriations herein made shall be available for the purchase, maintenance, operation, and repair of vehicles generally known as quarter-ton or half-ton pick-up trucks and as station wagons without such vehicles being considered as passenger-carrying vehicles: Provided, That appropriations herein made available for the purchase of passenger-carrying motor vehicles shall be available only for the purchase of used or Federal surplus motor vehicles.

Sec. 4. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, aliens may be employed during the fiscal year 1946 in the field service of the Department for periods of not more than thirty days in cases of emergency caused by fire, flood, storm, act of God, or sabotage.

Sec. 5. Appropriations herein made for the following bureaus and offices shall be available for expenses of attendance of officers and employees at meetings or conventions of members of societies or associations concerned with their work in not to exceed the amounts indicated: Office of the Secretary, $400; Grazing Service, $300; Petroleum Conservation Division, $100; General Land Office, $300; Bureau of Indian Affairs, $2,000; Bureau of Reclamation, $2,000; Geological Survey, $1,250; Bureau of Mines, $4,000; National Park Service, $1,000; Fish and Wildlife Service, $2,000; and soil and moisture conservation operations (all bureaus), $1,000.

Sec. 6. Appropriations available for expenses of travel of officers and employees of the Department shall be available for traveling expenses of new appointees from Seattle, Washington, or from any point within Alaska, to their posts of duty in Alaska, and return.
Persons advocating overthrow of U. S. Government.

SEC. 7. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used to pay the salary or wages of any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided, That for the purposes hereof an affidavit shall be considered prima facie evidence that the person making the affidavit does not advocate, and is not a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided further, That any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence accepts employment the salary or wages for which are paid from any appropriation contained in this Act shall be guilty of a felony, and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than $1,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year and a day, or both: Provided further, That the above penalty clause shall be in addition to, and not in substitution for, any other provisions of existing law: Provided further, That in cases of emergency, caused by fire, flood, storm, act of God, or sabotage, persons may be employed for periods of not more than thirty days and be paid salaries and wages without the necessity of inquiring into their membership in any organization.

SEC. 8. Not to exceed a total of $80,000 of the appropriations contained in this Act shall be available for expenditure for long distance telephone tolls, and not to exceed a total of $70,000 shall be available for expenditure for telegrams and cablegrams, and the savings effected thereby in the items "communication services", as set forth in the Budget estimates submitted for such appropriations shall not be diverted to other use and shall be covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.

SEC. 9. Appropriations herein made shall be available for the purchase and exchange of lawbooks, books of reference, and periodicals, and for expenses incurred in completing broken sets, for use at the seat of government, and payment of dues, when authorized by the Secretary, for library membership in societies or associations which issue publications to members only or at a price to members lower than to subscribers who are not members: Provided, That expenditures for the foregoing purposes for the following bureaus and offices shall not exceed the following amounts: Office of the Secretary, $2,250; Petroleum Conservation Division, $850; Grazing Service (including headquarters at Salt Lake City), $625; General Land Office, $1,000; Bureau of Indian Affairs (including headquarters at Chicago), $500; Bureau of Reclamation, $2,500; Geological Survey, $6,000; Bureau of Mines, $1,250; National Park Service (including headquarters at Chicago), $1,250; and Soil and Moisture Conservation Operations (all bureaus), $1,000.

SEC. 10. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used directly or indirectly by way of wages, salaries, per diem or otherwise, for the performance of any new administrative function or the enforcement or issuance of any rule or regulation occasioned by the establishment of the Jackson Hole National Monument as described in Executive Proclamation Numbered 2578, dated March 15, 1943.

SEC. 11. During the fiscal year 1946, the Secretary may delegate to the Under Secretary and the Assistant Secretaries the power to authorize changes in official stations of officers and employees and the payment of expenses of travel and transportation of household goods in connection with such change of official stations.

SEC. 12. This Act may be cited as the "Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946".

Approved July 3, 1945.
AN ACT
Making appropriations for the Department of Labor, the Federal Security Agency, and related independent agencies, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Department of Labor, the Federal Security Agency, and related independent agencies, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, namely:

TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Salaries: For personal services in the District of Columbia, $395,691.

Salaries and expenses, Office of Secretary (national defense): For expenses necessary for the administration of the Davis-Bacon Act and Executive orders dealing with premium pay in war industries and for the work of the Wage Adjustment Board, pertaining to building construction contracts financed by Federal funds, including personal services in the District of Columbia, contract stenographic reporting services, and other items otherwise properly chargeable to the appropriations under the Department of Labor for contingent expenses, travel expenses, and printing and binding, $63,000.

Salaries and expenses, Office of the Solicitor: For personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, and for other necessary expenses in the field, including contract stenographic reporting services, $714,177.

Contingent expenses: For expenses of the offices and bureaus of the Department, for which appropriations for expenses are not specifically made, including the purchase of stationery, furniture, and repairs to the same, carpets, matting, oilcloths, file cases, towels, ice, brooms, soap, sponges, laundry, not exceeding $1,000 for streetcar fares; purchase, maintenance, and repair of motorcycles and motortrucks; maintenance, operation, and repair of four motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles; examination of estimates for appropriations in the field; freight and express charges; commercial and labor-reporting services; postage to foreign countries, telegraph and telephone service; purchase and exchange of lawbooks, books of reference, newspapers, and periodicals and, when authorized by the Secretary of Labor, dues for library membership in societies or associations which issue publications to members only or at a price to members lower than to subscribers who are not members, not exceeding $8,000; contract stenographic services; and teletype service and tolls (not to exceed $1,100); $167,502.

Traveling expenses: For traveling expenses under the Department of Labor, $1,058,200: Provided, That all funds transferred to the Department of Labor from any other department or agency under section 601 of the Act of June 30, 1932, as amended (31 U. S. C. 686), and available for travel, and all funds appropriated for traveling expenses under this title, shall be available to reimburse employees at not to exceed 3 cents per mile for expenses of travel performed by them in privately owned automobiles within the limits of their official stations in the field.

Printing and binding: For printing and binding for the Department of Labor, $294,700.
For deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail of the Department of Labor as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364), $104,850.

Salaries and expenses, Division of Labor Standards: For salaries and other expenses, including purchase and distribution of reports, and of material for informational exhibits, in connection with the promotion of health, safety, employment stabilization, and amicable industrial relations for labor and industry, $145,763.

Salaries and expenses, safety and health program (national defense): For all expenses necessary to enable the Secretary of Labor to conduct a program of safety and health among employees engaged in national defense industries, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, and other items otherwise properly chargeable to the appropriations under the Department of Labor for contingent expenses, traveling expenses, and printing and binding, $149,215.

The appropriation under this title for traveling expenses shall be available for expenses of attendance of cooperating officials and consultants at conferences concerned with the work of the Division of Labor Standards when called by the Division with the written approval of the Secretary of Labor, and shall be available also in an amount not to exceed $2,000 for expenses of attendance at meetings related to the work of the Division of Labor Standards when incurred on the written authority of the Secretary of Labor.

Commissioners of Conciliation: For expenses necessary to enable the Secretary of Labor to exercise the authority vested in him by section 8 of the Act creating the Department of Labor (5 U. S. C. 611), including newspapers, books of reference, and periodicals, and not to exceed $78,000 for personal services in the District of Columbia, $445,300.

Commissioners of Conciliation (national defense): For all expenses necessary to enable the Secretary of Labor to perform conciliation services in situations growing out of employment in industries under the national defense program, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, and other items otherwise properly chargeable to the appropriations under the Department of Labor for contingent expenses, traveling expenses, and printing and binding, $1,786,200.

The appropriation in this title for traveling expenses shall be available in an amount not to exceed $2,000 for expenses of attendance at meetings, conferences, or conventions concerned with labor and industrial relations when incurred on the written authority of the Secretary of Labor.

BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS

Salaries and expenses: For personal services including temporary statistical clerks, stenographers, and typists in the District of Columbia, and including also experts and temporary assistants for field service outside of the District of Columbia; purchase of periodicals, documents, envelopes, price quotations, and reports and materials for reports and bulletins of said Bureau; $1,104,560, of which amount not to exceed $995,000 may be expended for the salary of the Commissioner and other personal services in the District of Columbia.

The appropriation in this title for traveling expenses shall be available, in an amount not to exceed $2,000, for expenses of attendance at meetings concerned with the work of the Bureau of Labor Statistics when incurred on the written authority of the Secretary of Labor.

Salaries and expenses (national defense): For all expenses necessary to enable the Secretary of Labor, through the Bureau of Labor
Statistics, in relation to the national security and defense, to perform the functions authorized by the Act of June 13, 1888, and other Acts (29 U. S. C. 1); to conduct studies relative to problems connected with labor likely to arise upon the termination of the existing emergent conditions in connection with defense activities throughout the United States, such expenses to include personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, and other items otherwise properly chargeable to the appropriations under the Department of Labor for contingent expenses, traveling expenses, and printing and binding, and not to exceed $15,000 for the temporary employment of experts without regard to the civil-service and classification laws; $2,356,876: Provided, That not to exceed $385,913 shall be used for a cost of living study and report.

CHILDREN'S BUREAU

Salaries and expenses: For expenses of investigating and reporting upon matters pertaining to the welfare of children and child life, and especially to investigate the questions of infant mortality; personal services, including experts and temporary assistants; purchase of reports and material for the publications of the Children's Bureau and for reprints from State, city, and private publications for distribution when said reprints can be procured more cheaply than they can be printed by the Government, and other necessary expenses; $338,306, of which amount not to exceed $330,200 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

Salaries and expenses, child labor provisions, Fair Labor Standards Act: For all authorized and necessary expenses of the Children's Bureau in performing the duties imposed upon it by the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; supplies; services; equipment; newspapers, books of reference, and periodicals; and reimbursement to State and local agencies and their employees for services rendered, as authorized by section 11 of said Act; $220,339.

Salaries and expenses, maternal and child welfare: For all authorized and necessary administrative expenses of the Children's Bureau in performing the duties imposed upon it in carrying out the program for emergency maternity and infant care, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, and other items otherwise chargeable to the appropriations of the Department of Labor for contingent expenses, traveling expenses, and printing and binding, $38,000.
Grants to States for emergency maternity and infant care (national defense): For grants to States, including Alaska, Hawaii, Puerto Rico, and the District of Columbia, to provide, in addition to similar services otherwise available, medical, nursing, and hospital maternity and infant care for wives and infants of enlisted men of the fourth, fifth, sixth, and seventh grades in the armed forces of the United States and of Army aviation cadets, under allotments by the Secretary of Labor and plans developed and administered by State health agencies and approved by the Chief of the Children's Bureau, $44,189,500, of which not more than 2\(\frac{1}{2}\) per centum may be allotted to the States for administrative expenses from the date of this Act on the basis of need as determined by the Chief of the Children's Bureau.

Grants to States for maternal and child-health services: For grants to States for the purpose of enabling each State to extend and improve services for promoting the health of mothers and children, as authorized in title V, part 1, of the Social Security Act, approved August 14, 1935 (42 U. S. C. 701), as amended, $5,820,000: Provided, That any allotment to a State pursuant to section 509 (b) shall not be included in computing for the purposes of subsections (a) and (b) of section 504 an amount expended or estimated to be expended by the State.

Grants to States for services for crippled children: For the purpose of enabling each State to extend and improve services for crippled children, as authorized in title V, part 2, of the Social Security Act, approved August 14, 1935 (42 U. S. C. 711), as amended, $3,870,000.

Grants to States for child-welfare services: For grants to States for the purpose of enabling the United States, through the Children's Bureau, to cooperate with State public-welfare agencies in establishing, extending, and strengthening public-welfare services for the care of homeless or neglected children, or children in danger of becoming delinquent, as authorized in title V, part 3, of the Social Security Act, approved August 14, 1935 (42 U. S. C. 721), as amended, $1,510,000.

In the administration of title V of the Social Security Act, as amended, for the fiscal year 1946, payments to the States for any quarter of the fiscal year 1946 under parts 1, 2, and 3 may be made with respect to any State plan approved under such respective parts by the Chief of the Children's Bureau prior to or during such quarter, but no such payment shall be made with respect to any plan for any period prior to the quarter in which such plan is submitted to the Chief of the Children's Bureau for approval.

The appropriation in this title for traveling expenses shall be available, in an amount not to exceed $11,000, for expenses of attendance of cooperating officials and consultants at conferences concerned with the administration of work of the Children's Bureau under the Fair Labor Standards Act and under title V, parts 1, 2, and 3, of the Social Security Act, as amended, when called by the Children's Bureau with the written approval of the Secretary of Labor, and shall be available also, in an amount not to exceed $6,000, for expenses of attendance at meetings related to the work of the Children's Bureau when incurred on the written authority of the Secretary of Labor.

WOMEN'S BUREAU

Salaries and expenses: For carrying out the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to establish in the Department of Labor a bureau to be known as the Women's Bureau", approved June 5, 1920 (29 U. S. C. 11–18), including personal services in the District of Columbia; purchase of material for reports and educational exhibits; $172,580.
The appropriation in this title for traveling expenses shall be available in an amount not to exceed $2,500 for expenses of attendance at meetings concerned with the work of the Women's Bureau when incurred on the written authority of the Secretary of Labor.

WAGE AND HOUR DIVISION

Salaries: For personal services for the Wage and Hour Division necessary in performing the duties imposed by the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 and by the Act to provide conditions for the purchase of supplies and the making of contracts by the United States, approved June 30, 1936 (41 U.S.C. 38), including reimbursement to State, Federal, and local agencies and their employees for services rendered, $8,543,470, of which amount not to exceed $615,000 may be expended for departmental salaries.

Miscellaneous expenses (other than salaries): For necessary expenses, other than salaries, of the Wage and Hour Division in performing the duties imposed by the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 and by the Act to provide conditions for the purchase of supplies and the making of contracts by the United States, approved June 30, 1936 (41 U.S.C. 38), including stenographic reporting services by contract or otherwise, purchase of one and maintenance, repair, and operation outside the District of Columbia, of two motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, lawbooks, books of reference, periodicals, manuscripts and special reports, newspapers, and reimbursement to State, Federal, and local agencies and their employees for services rendered, $261,200.

The Secretary of Labor may allot or transfer, with the approval of the Bureau of the Budget, funds from the foregoing appropriations for the Wage and Hour Division to any other bureau or office of the Department of Labor to enable such bureau or office to perform services for the Wage and Hour Division.

The appropriation in this title for traveling expenses shall be available in an amount not to exceed $4,750 for expenses of attendance at meetings concerned with the work of the Wage and Hour Division when incurred on the written authority of the Secretary of Labor. This title may be cited as the “Department of Labor Appropriation Act, 1946”.

TITLE II—FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY

AMERICAN PRINTING HOUSE FOR THE BLIND

To enable the American Printing House for the Blind more adequately to provide books and apparatus for the education of the blind in accordance with the provisions of the Act approved February 8, 1927 (20 U.S.C. 101), $115,000.

COLUMBIA INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF

For support of the Columbia Institution for the Deaf, including salaries and incidental expenses, books and illustrative apparatus, and general repairs and improvements, $167,000.

FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION

For all necessary expenses of the Food and Drug Administration in carrying out the investigations, including collecting, reporting, and illustrating the results thereof, and performing the functions
required to carry into effect the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U. S. C. 301-392); the Tea Importation Act (21 U. S. C. 41-50); the Import Milk Act (21 U. S. C. 141-149); the Federal Caustic Poison Act (15 U. S. C. 401-411); and the Filled Milk Act (21 U. S. C. 61-64); as follows:

Enforcement operations: To enable the Federal Security Administrator to carry into effect the provisions of the above statutes, including personal services in the District of Columbia (not exceeding $680,000) and elsewhere; purchase (not to exceed thirty-five), operation, maintenance, and repair of motor-propelled and horse-drawn passenger-carrying vehicles; purchase of chemicals, apparatus, and scientific equipment; contract stenographic reporting services; books of reference and periodicals, $2,641,000.

Salaries, sea-food inspectors: For salaries of sea-food inspectors designated in accordance with the provisions of section 702A of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, $40,000.

General administration: For general administration, including personal services in the District of Columbia, $68,000.

**FREEDMEN'S HOSPITAL**

Salaries and expenses: For all expenses necessary for the operation and maintenance of Freedmen's Hospital, including repairs to buildings; travel; operation and maintenance of passenger-carrying automobiles; purchase of cotton or duck suits for the use of interns, and cotton or duck uniforms or aprons for cooks, maids, and attendants, and laundering thereof; for expenses of attendance at meetings of a technical nature, pertaining to hospital administration and medical advancement, when authorized by the Federal Security Administrator; not to exceed $250 for the purchase of books, periodicals, and newspapers; not to exceed $2,000 for the special instruction of student nurses; and not to exceed $540,750 for personal services; $796,750, of which $102,000 shall be transferred to the Federal Works Agency for repairs, alterations, and improvements to the buildings and grounds of the Hospital, and $2,750 shall be transferred to the appropriation “Salaries and miscellaneous expenses, Public Health Service”, for the procurement of stationery and supplies: Provided, That hereafter the amounts to be charged the District of Columbia and other establishments of the Government for the treatment of patients for which they are responsible shall be calculated on the basis of a per diem rate recommended annually in advance by the Federal Board of Hospitalization and approved by the President.

**HOWARD UNIVERSITY**

Salaries: For payment, in full or in part, of the salaries of the officers, professors, teachers, and other regular employees of the university, the balance to be paid from privately contributed funds, $724,000.

Expenses, Howard University: For necessary expenses, including equipment, supplies, apparatus, furniture, cases and shelving, stationery, ice, repairs to buildings and grounds, $187,000.

**OFFICE OF EDUCATION**

Further development of vocational education: For carrying out the provisions of sections 1, 2, and 8 of the Act approved June 8, 1936 (20 U. S. C. 15b-j), $14,200,000: Provided, That the apportionment to the States shall be computed on the basis of not to exceed $14,483,000 for the fiscal year 1946, as authorized by the Act approved June 8, 1936.
For extending to the Territory of Hawaii the benefits of the Act approved February 23, 1917 (20 U. S. C. 11-18), in accordance with the provisions of the Act approved March 10, 1924 (20 U. S. C. 29), $30,000.


Further endowment of colleges of agriculture and the mechanic arts: For carrying out the provisions of section 22 of the Act approved June 29, 1935 (7 U. S. C. 343d), $2,480,000.

Library service: For making surveys, studies, investigations, and reports regarding public, school, college, university, and other libraries; coordinating coordination of public and school library service; coordinating library service on the national level with other forms of adult education; developing library participation in Federal projects; fostering Nation-wide coordination of research materials among the more scholarly libraries, inter-State library cooperation, and the development of public, school, and other library service throughout the country, and for the administrative expenses incident to performing these duties, including salaries of such assistants, experts, clerks, and other employees in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, as the Commissioner of Education may deem necessary, purchase of miscellaneous supplies, equipment, stationery, postage on foreign mail, books of reference, lawbooks, and periodicals, and all other necessary expenses, $20,965.

Services for the blind: For all necessary expenses, including personal services in the District of Columbia, for carrying out the provisions of the Act to authorize the operations of stands in Federal buildings by blind persons and to enlarge the economic opportunities of the blind, approved June 20, 1936 (20 U. S. C., ch. 6A), $20,125.

Salaries: For personal services in the District of Columbia, $386,955.

General expenses: For general expenses of the Office of Education, including lawbooks, books of reference, and periodicals; and for the operation, maintenance, and repair of one passenger-carrying automobile; purchase, distribution, and exchange of educational documents, motion-picture films, and lantern slides; collection, exchange, and cataloging of educational apparatus and appliances, articles of school furniture and models of school buildings illustrative of foreign and domestic systems and methods of education, and repairing the same, $39,650.

Salaries and expenses: For carrying out the provisions of section 7 of the Act approved February 23, 1917, as amended by the Act of October 6, 1917 (20 U. S. C. 15), and of section 4 of the Act approved June 8, 1936 (49 Stat. 1488), $387,423.

The appropriation in this title for traveling expenses shall be available for actual transportation and not to exceed $10 per diem in lieu of subsistence and other expenses of persons serving, while away from their homes without other compensation from the United States, in an advisory capacity to the Commissioner of Education, in an amount not exceeding $25,000.

Salaries and expenses (national defense): For all expenses necessary to enable the Office of Education to liquidate the program provided for during prior fiscal years under the head Education and Training, Defense Workers (national defense), including personal services in the District of Columbia, traveling expenses, and printing and binding, $384,900: Provided, That equipment purchased during prior fiscal years from appropriations under the heading “Education and Training, Defense Workers (national defense)”, in accordance with proposals submitted by educational agencies and approved by the
Commissioner, shall remain the property of the agency designated in the proposal and approved by the Commissioner to purchase and to hold title to such equipment, and that the supplies authorized by the Commissioner to be purchased shall remain the property of the agency authorized to purchase such supplies: Provided further, That no school or school system shall be required to surrender possession or use of any property or equipment which it is using in its educational or training programs.

The Commissioner may delegate to any officer in the Office of Education any of his powers or duties hereunder.

PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE

For necessary expenses in carrying out the functions of the Public Health Service in accordance with the Act of July 1, 1944 (Public Law 410) (hereinafter referred to as the Act), and other Acts, including (with the exception of the appropriation "Pay, and so forth, commissioned officers, Public Health Service") personal services in the District of Columbia; maintenance, repair, and operation of passenger automobiles; purchase of reports, documents, and other material for publication and of reprints from State, city, and private publications; lawbooks, books of reference, and periodicals, for use at the seat of government and elsewhere; contract stenographic services without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes or the civil-service or classification laws; preparation and display of posters and exhibits by contract or otherwise; packing, unpacking, crating, uncrating, drayage, and transportation of personal effects of commissioned officers and transportation of their dependents on change of station; increased allowances to reserve officers for foreign service and transporting in Government-owned automotive equipment, to and from school, children of personnel who have quarters for themselves and their families at isolated stations; as follows:

Venereal diseases: To carry out the purposes of sections 314 (a) and 363 of the Act with respect to venereal diseases, including the purchase of two passenger automobiles, $11,849,000.

Venereal diseases (national defense): For the operation and maintenance of centers for the diagnosis, treatment, support, and clothing of persons afflicted with venereal diseases, including travel; printing and binding; transportation and subsistence of such persons and their attendants to and from the place of treatment or allowance in lieu thereof; diagnosis and treatment (including emergency treatment for other illnesses) of such persons through contracts with physicians and hospitals and other appropriate institutions without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes; fees for case finding and referral to such centers of voluntary patients; reasonable expenses of preparing remains or burial of deceased patients; furnishing and laundering of uniforms and other distinctive wearing apparel necessary for employees in the performance of their official duties; recreational supplies and equipment; leasing of facilities and repair and alteration of Government-owned or leased facilities without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes and section 322 of the Act of June 30, 1932, as amended (40 U. S. C. 278a); purchase of twenty passenger automobiles; and for grants of money, services, supplies, equipment, and use of facilities to States, as defined in the Act, and with the approval of the respective State health authorities, to counties, health districts, and other political subdivisions of the States, for the foregoing purposes, in such amounts and upon such terms and conditions as the Surgeon General may determine; $4,644,000: Provided, That the Administrator of the Federal Works Agency
shall, without transfer of funds by the Federal Security Agency, transfer to the Federal Security Agency all records, equipment, furnishings, and supplies under the jurisdiction of the Federal Works Agency which have been used primarily in the treatment of venereal diseases: Provided further, That funds may be transferred with the approval of the Bureau of the Budget to this appropriation from the appropriation "Control of venereal diseases, Public Health Service", in an amount not exceeding $356,000, and shall be consolidated with this appropriation and the whole administered and accounted for as one fund.

Tuberculosis: To carry out the purposes of section 314 (b) of the Act, $6,047,000.

Assistance to States, general: To carry out the purposes of section 314 (c) of the Act, $11,467,000.

Communicable diseases: To carry out those provisions of sections 311 and 361 of the Act relating to the prevention and suppression of communicable diseases, the interstate transmission and spread thereof, and the enforcement of any applicable quarantine laws, including the purchase of one passenger automobile, $1,040,000.

Industrial hygiene: For field investigations and demonstrations in industrial hygiene, $134,000.

Health and sanitation activities, war and defense areas (national defense): To carry out the purposes of section 604 of the Act, and the development and prosecution of a program for the control of communicable diseases, including travel, printing and binding; the purchase of twenty-five passenger automobiles; and the purchase of oils, larvicides, and other diluents, without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes; $2,615,000.

Malaria and diseases of tropical origin (national defense): To carry out the provisions of sections 311 and 604 of the Act with respect to the control of malaria and diseases of tropical origin, including travel; printing and binding; the purchase of forty-five passenger automobiles; hire, maintenance, and operation of aircraft; and the purchase of oils, larvicides, and other diluents, without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes; $10,897,000.

Hospitals and medical care: For carrying out the purposes of section 301 with respect to mental diseases, and sections 302, 321, 322, 324, 326, 331, 332, 341, 343, 344, 502, 504, and 610 of the Act, and Executive Order 9079, dated February 26, 1942, including minor repairs and maintenance; purchase of fifteen passenger automobiles, including one ambulance; transportation to their homes in the continental United States of recovered indigent leper patients; court costs and other expenses incident to proceedings heretofore or hereafter taken for commitment of mentally incompetent persons to hospitals for the care and treatment of the insane; expenses of preparing and transporting remains, or reasonable burial expenses, for any patient dying in hospital; firearms and ammunition; travel; reimbursement to the working capital fund for articles or services furnished by the industrial activities; expenses incurred in pursuing, identifying, and returning escaped prisoners, including rewards for their capture; purchase of oil products and live stock; and not to exceed $500 for newspapers; furnishing and laundering of uniforms and other distinctive wearing apparel necessary for employees in the performance of their official duties; transportation and subsistence allowance, within continental United States, of any narcotic addict voluntarily admitted and discharged as cured; reimbursement to employees for the cost of repair or replacement (where the damage exceeds $2 and does not exceed $100) of personal belongings damaged or destroyed by patients while employees were in line
Certain Navy and Marine Corps personnel.
Post, p. 637.
Medical, etc., treatment.
Post, p. 637.

58 Stat. 692.
42 U. S. C., Supp. IV, § 241(d).
58 Stat. 707.
Transfer of funds.

of duty; and tobacco for patients; $15,501,300, of which not to exceed $115,514 shall be available for the furnishing by the Public Health Service to and at the request of any Federal department or independent establishment, including Government-owned corporations, of coordinating and consultative services with respect to methods and standards for operating emergency health facilities in such department or establishment, including in-service training of such emergency health facility personnel, and for providing employees of such agencies (1) tuberculosis and psychiatric examinations, and (2) health and nutrition instruction through lectures and demonstrations: Provided, That this appropriation shall be available for the expenses incurred in furnishing medical and hospital treatment, including dental care, to active-duty personnel of the Navy and Marine Corps in Marine hospitals and out-patient offices.

Foreign quarantine service: For the medical inspection of aliens, the maintenance and ordinary expenses of United States quarantine stations and supplementary activities abroad, and the care and treatment of quarantine detainees in private or other public hospitals when facilities of the Public Health Service are not available, including the purchase of not to exceed three motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles; $1,254,000.

National Institute of Health, operating expenses: For the activities of the National Institute of Health, not otherwise provided for, including the regulation and preparation of biologic products; the purchase of two passenger automobiles; the purchase, repair, and cleaning of uniforms for the guard force; and maintenance of buildings; $1,688,000, of which $100,000 shall be available for grants-in-aid in accordance with the provisions of Public Law 410, section 301(d).

National Cancer Institute, operating expenses: To carry out the purposes of title IV of the Act, $490,000.

Commissioned officers, pay, and so forth: For pay, uniforms and subsistence allowances, increased allowances for foreign service and commutation of quarters for not to exceed nine hundred and two regular active commissioned officers; for retired pay of regular and reserve commissioned officers; and for six months' death gratuity pay and burial payments for regular commissioned officers, $4,586,200: Provided, That for purposes of pay and pay period the officers appointed to grades above that of senior assistant pursuant to authority contained in the First Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1945, under the heading "Tuberculosis" shall be considered as having had on the date of appointment service equal to that of the junior officer of the grade to which appointed.

Training for nurses (national defense): For carrying out the purposes of the Act of June 15, 1943 (Public Law 74, Seventy-eighth Congress, as amended), $59,957,000, of which not to exceed $758,255 shall be available for administrative expenses, including printing and binding; and travel: Provided, That this appropriation is hereby made available for transfer to and consolidation with appropriations of Saint Elizabeths and Freedmen's Hospitals, in such amounts as may be deemed necessary by the Federal Security Administrator, to cover the cost of items furnished to student nurses in training under plans approved for such hospitals in accordance with the Act of June 15, 1943 (Public Law 74), as amended.

Service and supply fund: For the establishment of a service and supply fund, $250,000, without fiscal year limitation, for the payment of salaries, travel, and other expenses necessary to the maintenance and operation of (1) a supply service for the purchase, storage, handling, issuance, packing, or shipping of stationery, supplies,
materials, equipment, and blank forms, for which stocks may be maintained to meet, in whole or in part, requirements of the Public Health Service and requisitions of other Government offices, and (2) such other services as the Surgeon General, with the approval of the Administrator of the Federal Security Agency, determines may be performed more advantageously as central services; said fund to be reimbursed from applicable appropriations or funds available when services are performed or stock furnished on the basis of rates which shall include estimated or actual charges for personal services, materials, equipment (including maintenance, repairs, and depreciation), and other expenses.

Salaries and miscellaneous expenses: For the divisions and offices of the office of the Surgeon General and for miscellaneous and contingent expenses of the Public Health Service not appropriated for elsewhere, including the supervision of sanitary engineering and dental operations of the Public Health Service; maintenance and operation of the water and sanitary investigations station at Cincinnati, Ohio; collecting and compiling mortality, morbidity, and vital statistics; preparing information, articles, and publications related to public health; conducting studies and demonstrations in public health methods; nominal compensation of collaborating epidemiologists and others; purchase of two passenger automobiles; and allowances for living quarters, including fuel, heat, and light, as authorized by the Act approved June 26, 1930 (5 U. S. C. 118(a); $1,178,000.

Post-war planning: To enable the Surgeon General, either independently or in cooperation with public and private agencies, including individuals, to plan post-war health and health facilities construction programs, $317,000.

SAINT ELIZABETHS HOSPITAL

Salaries and expenses: For support, clothing, and treatment in Saint Elizabeths Hospital of persons who have become insane since their entry into the armed forces of the United States, insane beneficiaries of the Bureau of Indian Affairs, insane beneficiaries of the United States Employees’ Compensation Commission, and all other insane persons whose admission to the hospital is authorized by law, including reimbursement to employees for the cost of repair or replacement (where the damage exceeds $2 and does not exceed $100) of personal belongings damaged or destroyed by patients while employees were in line of duty; travel expenses; printing and binding; and not exceeding $3,000 for maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, and not to exceed $185,000 for repairs and improvements to buildings and grounds, and not to exceed $15,000 for furnishing and laundering of such wearing apparel as may be prescribed for employees in the performance of their official duties, $2,261,000, including cooperation with organizations or individuals in scientific research into the nature, causes, prevention, and treatment of mental illness, and including maintenance and operation of necessary facilities for feeding employees and others (at not less than cost), and the proceeds therefrom shall reimburse the appropriation for the institution; and not exceeding $1,500 of this sum may be expended in the removal of patients to their friends; for expenses of attendance at meetings of a technical nature, pertaining to hospital administration and medical advancement, when authorized by the Federal Security Administrator; not exceeding $1,500 for the purchase of such books, periodicals, and newspapers as may be required for the purposes of the hospital and for the medical library, and not exceeding $1,500 for the actual and necessary expenses incurred in the apprehension and
Return of inmates not Federal charges.

Mail facilities.

Payments for care of designated patients.

Accounting.

Transfer of funds.

Storeroom, etc.


Ante, p. 236.


Payments with respect to State plans.


return to the hospital of escaped patients: Provided, That so much of this sum as may be required shall be available for all necessary expenses in ascertaining the residence of inmates who are not or who cease to be properly chargeable to Federal maintenance in the institution and in returning them to such places of residence: Provided further, That not exceeding $200 additional may be paid to two employees to provide mail facilities for patients in the hospital: Provided further, That during the fiscal year 1946 the District of Columbia, or any branch of the Government requiring Saint Elizabeths Hospital to care for patients for which they are responsible, shall pay by check to the Superintendent upon his written request, either in advance or at the end of each month, such amounts as shall be calculated by the Superintendent to be due for such care on the basis of a per diem rate recommended annually in advance by the Federal Board of Hospitalization and approved by the President and bills rendered by the Superintendent of Saint Elizabeths Hospital in accordance herewith shall not be subject to audit or certification in advance of payment; proper adjustments of such bills paid for in advance on the basis of such calculations shall be made monthly or quarterly, as may be agreed upon by the Superintendent of Saint Elizabeths Hospital and the District of Columbia government, department, or establishments concerned. All sums paid to the Superintendent of Saint Elizabeths Hospital for the care of patients that he is authorized by law to receive shall be deposited to the credit on the books of the Treasury Department of the appropriation made for the care and maintenance of the patients at Saint Elizabeths Hospital for the year in which the support, clothing, and treatment is provided, and be subject to requisition upon the approval of the Superintendent of Saint Elizabeths Hospital.

Construction and equipment: For construction and equipment, in the grounds of the hospital, of a building for the housing, care, and treatment of mentally sick patients, including construction and equipment, preparation of plans and specifications, advertising, and supervision of construction, to remain available until expended, $1,900,000: Provided, That this amount may be transferred, upon the request of the Federal Security Administrator, to the Public Buildings Administration, Federal Works Agency.

For an additional amount for building for storeroom, and so forth, Saint Elizabeths Hospital, Federal Security Agency, including the objects specified under the appropriation for this purpose in the Federal Security Agency Appropriation Act, 1942, to remain available until expended, $681,665: Provided, That this amount, together with the amounts appropriated for this purpose in the Federal Security Agency Appropriation Acts of 1942 and 1945, may be transferred upon the request of the Federal Security Administrator, to the Public Buildings Administration, Federal Works Agency.

SOCIAL SECURITY BOARD

Grants to States for old-age assistance, aid to dependent children, and aid to the blind: For grants to States for assistance to aged needy individuals, needy dependent children, and needy individuals who are blind, as authorized in titles I, IV, and X, respectively, of the Social Security Act approved August 14, 1935, as amended, $491,000,000, of which sum such amount as may be necessary shall be available for grants under such titles I, IV, and X, respectively, for any period in the fiscal year 1945 subsequent to March 31, 1945: Provided, That payments to States for the fourth quarter of the fiscal year 1945 and for any quarter in the fiscal year 1946 under such titles I, IV, and X, respectively, may be made with respect to any State plan approved
under such titles I, IV, or X, respectively, by the Social Security Board prior to or during such period, but no such payment shall be made with respect to any plan for any period prior to the quarter in which such plan was submitted to the Board for approval.

Salaries, Bureau of Public Assistance: For personal services in the Bureau of Public Assistance in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, $815,000.

Grants to States for unemployment compensation administration: For grants to States for unemployment compensation administration, as authorized in title III of the Social Security Act, approved August 14, 1935, as amended, $82,000,000, of which such amounts as may be agreed upon by the Board and the Postmaster General shall be used for the payment, in such manner as said parties may jointly determine, of postage for the transmission of official mail matter in connection with the unemployment compensation administration of States receiving grants herefrom.


Salaries, Bureau of Old-Age and Survivors Insurance: For personal services in the Bureau of Old-Age and Survivors Insurance in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, $15,750,000.

Salaries, offices of the Social Security Board: For personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere of the Social Security Board and its several offices and bureaus, not otherwise appropriated for herein, $2,928,000, including the salary of an executive director at the rate of $9,500 per year.

Miscellaneous expenses, Social Security Board: For all expenses, not otherwise appropriated for, necessary to enable the Social Security Board to carry into effect the provisions of the Social Security Act as amended (42 U. S. C. 301–1305), including public instruction and information, and the procurement of information relating to the death of individuals entitled to benefits, receiving benefits, or upon whose death some other individual may become entitled to benefits, under title II of said Act, from proper State and local officials, including officials of the District of Columbia, Alaska, and Hawaii or individuals designated by such State and local officials, and as authorized by the Administrator for personal services on a piece-work basis or otherwise in connection with the procurement of such information without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes and the civil-service and classification laws, which expenses shall include reproducing and photographic equipment; periodicals; purchase and exchange of lawbooks and books of reference; library membership fees or dues in organizations which issue publications to members only or to members at a lower price than to others, payments for which may be made in advance; alterations and repairs; purchase (not exceeding three), operation, maintenance, and repair of passenger-carrying automobiles; $2,735,000.

If during the fiscal year 1945 or 1946 functions are transferred by the Federal Security Administrator from or between any of the said offices or bureaus, the Administrator may transfer from or between the appropriations herein made for salaries for the Social Security Board the amounts necessary for personal services in connection with the functions so transferred.

Not to exceed 5 per centum of any of the foregoing appropriations for salaries for the Social Security Board may, subject to the approval of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, be transferred by the Administrator to any other of such appropriations, but no appropriation may be increased more than 5 per centum thereby.
None of the moneys appropriated by this Act to the Social Security Board or to the Children's Bureau of the Department of Labor for grants-in-aid of State agencies to cover, in whole or in part, the cost of operation of said agencies, including the salaries and expenses of officers and employees of said agencies, shall be withheld from the said agencies of any States which have established by legislative enactment and have in operation a merit system and classification and compensation plan covering the selection, tenure in office, and compensation of their employees, because of any disapproval of their personnel or the manner of their selection by the agencies of the said States, or the rates of pay of said officers or employees.

OFFICE OF VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION

For payments, for carrying out the provisions of the Vocational Rehabilitation Act, as amended, to States (including Alaska, Hawaii, and Puerto Rico) which have submitted and had approved by the Federal Security Administrator State plans for vocational rehabilitation, as authorized by and in accordance with said Act, including payments, in accordance with regulations of the Administrator, for one-half of necessary expenditures for the acquisition of vending stands or other equipment in accordance with section 3 (a) (3) (C) of said Act for the use of blind persons, such stands or other equipment to be controlled by the State agency. $8,258,900, of which not to exceed $102,900 shall be available to the Federal Security Administrator for providing rehabilitation services to disabled residents of the District of Columbia, as authorized by section 6 of said Act, which latter amount shall be available for administrative expenses in connection with such rehabilitation in the District of Columbia, including printing and binding, and travel and subsistence: Provided, That not to exceed 15 per centum of the appropriation shall be used for administrative purposes: And provided further, That section 3709 of the Revised Statutes shall not apply to any purchase made or service rendered hereunder when the aggregate amount involved does not exceed $400.

For general administrative expenses in carrying out the provisions of the Vocational Rehabilitation Act, as amended, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere and not to exceed $3,000 for temporary employment of specialists in the fields of medicine and surgery, by contract or otherwise, without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes and the civil-service and classification laws; expenses incident to courses of instruction, tuition, and books for Federal and State personnel detailed to attend courses of instruction authorized by section 7 of said Act; purchase of reprints of scientific and technical articles published in periodicals and journals; and purchase and exchange of books of reference and periodicals; and purchase and distribution of educational films (not to exceed $30,000); $427,988.

OFFICE OF THE ADMINISTRATOR

Salaries, Office of the Administrator, including personal services in the District of Columbia, $174,400, of which $8,180 is for personal services incident to the liquidation of the Civilian Conservation Corps in accordance with the applicable provisions under the head "Civilian Conservation Corps" in the Federal Security Agency Appropriation Act, 1944, and the National Youth Administration in accordance with the applicable provisions under the head "National Youth Administration" in the Federal Security Agency Appropriation Act, 1945: Provided, That the salary of the Administrator shall be at the rate
of $12,000 per annum so long as the incumbent thereof is Chairman of the War Manpower Commission: Provided further, That of the sum herein appropriated the Administrator may expend not to exceed $10,000 for temporary employment of persons, by contract or otherwise, for special services determined necessary by the Administrator, without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes and the civil-service and classification laws.

Community War Services: For all expenses necessary to enable the Federal Security Administrator to carry out the functions transferred from the Offices of Defense Health and Welfare Services by Executive Order 9338, dated April 29, 1943, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; not to exceed $15,000 for the temporary employment of persons by contract or otherwise without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes and the civil-service and classification laws; acceptance and utilization of voluntary and uncompensated services; printing and binding; maintenance, operation, and repair of passenger-carrying motor-propelled vehicles; and traveling expenses, including expenses, when specifically authorized by the Administrator, of attendance at meetings concerned with the purposes of this appropriation; $450,000.

Temporary aid to enemy aliens and other restricted persons: For expenses necessary to enable the Federal Security Administrator to provide temporary aid, not to extend beyond the duration of the existing war and six months thereafter, to enemy aliens and other persons excluded from areas designated pursuant to authority contained in Proclamations 2525 of December 7, 1941, and 2526 and 2527 of December 8, 1941, and Executive Order 9066 of February 19, 1942, or whose normal means of livelihood has been interrupted by reasons of restrictions imposed by the Attorney General or any law or order authorizing the removal of persons whose presence may be deemed dangerous to the United States, and to the dependents of any of such persons, $61,000: Provided, That not to exceed $2,000,000 of the funds may be transferred with the approval of the Bureau of the Budget to this appropriation from the appropriation “Salaries and expenses, War Relocation Authority”, and shall be consolidated with this appropriation and the whole administered and accounted for as one fund: Provided further, That the Administrator may make expenditures from this appropriation, by advances or grants of funds or otherwise, to such Federal or other agencies as he may designate, expenditures by such other agencies to be without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes or the civil-service and classification laws.

Salaries, Division of Personnel Management, including personal services in the District of Columbia, $85,000.

Salaries, Division of Service Operations, including personal services in the District of Columbia, $220,000.

Salaries, Office of the General Counsel, including personal services in the District of Columbia, $528,000.

Miscellaneous expenses, Office of Administrator: For miscellaneous expenses of the Office of the Administrator in the District of Columbia and elsewhere (except printing and binding) including $500 for the liquidation of the Civilian Conservation Corps in accordance with the applicable provisions under the head “Civilian Conservation Corps” in the Federal Security Agency Appropriation Act, 1944, and the National Youth Administration in accordance with the applicable provisions under the head “National Youth Administration” in the Federal Security Agency Appropriation Act, 1945; examination of estimates for appropriations in the field; purchase and exchange of lawbooks, other books of reference, and periodicals; library membership fees or dues in organizations which issue publications to members only or to members at a lower price than to others, payment for
which may be made in advance; and operation, maintenance, and repair of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, $69,000: Provided, That the Administrator may transfer to this appropriation from appropriations of the constituent organizations of the Federal Security Agency such sums as may be necessary to finance the purchase of duplicating materials required in performance of duplicating work for such constituent organizations, unused portions of which sums may, at any time, be retransferred by the Administrator to the original appropriations.

Traveling expenses, Federal Security Agency: For traveling expenses (not appropriated for elsewhere) for the Federal Security Agency and all bureaus, boards, and constituent organizations thereof, including expenses, when specifically authorized by the Federal Security Administrator, of attendance at meetings concerned with the work of the Federal Security Agency (not to exceed $1,500 for the Office of the Administrator); and reimbursement, at not to exceed 3 cents per mile, for travel performed by employees of the Federal Security Agency in privately owned automobiles and within the limits of their official stations, when engaged in the investigation of claims or the furnishing or securing of information concerning claims or wage records under title II of the Social Security Act, as amended (42 U. S. C. 401-409), $2,108,550: Provided, That all receipts from non-Federal agencies representing reimbursement for subsistence and other expenses of travel of employees of the Office of Education performing advisory functions to said agencies shall be deposited in the Treasury of the United States to the credit of this appropriation.

Printing and binding, Federal Security Agency: For printing and binding (not appropriated for elsewhere) for the Federal Security Agency and all bureaus, boards, and constituent organizations thereof, including the purchase of reprints of scientific and technical articles published in periodicals and journals, $890,400, of which $514,000 shall be solely for printed forms, tabulating cards, and tabulating forms in the Bureau of Old-Age and Survivors Insurance.

For deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail of the Federal Security Agency as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364), $470,934.

In order that the Administrator may effectuate reorganization plans submitted and approved pursuant to the Reorganization Act of 1939, he may transfer to the foregoing appropriations under this title from funds available for administrative expenses of the constituent units of the Federal Security Agency such sums as represent a consolidation in the Office of the Administrator of any of the administrative functions of said constituent units: Provided, That no such transfer of funds shall be made unless the consolidation of administrative functions will result in a reduction of administrative salary and other expenses and such reduction is accompanied by savings in funds appropriated to the Federal Security Agency, which savings shall not be expended for any other purpose but shall be impounded and returned to the Treasury.

The Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to transfer to the constituent organizations of the Federal Security Agency from appropriations for traveling expenses and printing and binding, Federal Security Agency, such amounts as the Administrator may request; amounts so transferred shall be set up on the books of the Treasury under suitable titles and shall be available for the same purposes and subject to the same limitations as the appropriations from which transferred: Provided, That balances of any amounts so transferred,
or any part of such balances shall, upon request of the Administrator, be retransferred to the appropriations for traveling expenses and printing and binding, Federal Security Agency.

This title may be cited as the "Federal Security Agency Appropriation Act, 1946".

TITLE III—EMPLOYEES' COMPENSATION COMMISSION

Salaries and expenses: For all necessary administrative expenses of the United States Employees' Compensation Commission, including personal services and rent in the District of Columbia; lawbooks, books of reference, periodicals; fees and mileage of witnesses, including experts; contract stenographic reporting services; maintenance and repair of passenger automobiles; printing and binding, not to exceed $22,400; and not to exceed $18,000 for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944; $1,387,000, together with the unobligated balance of the amount of $272,480 available for administrative expenses under the appropriation "Employees' compensation fund, relief", fiscal year 1945: Provided, That section 3709, Revised Statutes, shall not apply to any purchase or service outside continental United States when the aggregate amount involved does not exceed $500.

Employees' compensation fund: For the payment of compensation and other benefits and expenses (except administrative expenses and except wage accruals authorized by the Act of December 2, 1942, as amended) authorized by law and accruing during the fiscal year 1946 or in any prior fiscal year, including payments to other Federal agencies for medical and hospital services pursuant to agreement approved by the Commission; the advancement of costs for enforcement of recoveries in third party cases; rehabilitation expenses, including fees or other payments to other agencies of the United States and public or private agencies, including individuals, for services or facilities rendered or furnished pursuant to agreement approved by the Commission; the furnishing of medical and hospital services and supplies, treatment, and funeral and burial expenses, including transportation and other expenses incidental to such services, treatment, and burial, to such enrollees of the Civilian Conservation Corps as were certified by the Director of such Corps as receiving hospital services and treatment at Government expense on June 30, 1943, and who are not otherwise entitled thereto as civilian employees of the United States, and the limitations and authority of the Act of September 7, 1916, as amended (5 U. S. C. 796), shall apply in providing such services, treatment, and expenses in such cases; $13,575,000, together with the unexpended balance of the appropriation "Employees' compensation fund, relief", fiscal year 1945, except the amount therein available for administrative expenses.

Wage accruals: For the payment of wage accruals authorized by the Act of December 2, 1942, as amended (42 U. S. C. 1701), $3,000,000, to remain available until expended.

This title may be cited as the "Employees' Compensation Commission Appropriation Act, 1946".

TITLE IV—NATIONAL LABOR RELATIONS BOARD

Salaries: For three Board members of the National Labor Relations Board and other personal services of the Board in the District of Columbia and elsewhere necessary in performing the duties authorized by law, $21,750,000.

Miscellaneous expenses: For all necessary expenses, other than salaries, of the National Labor Relations Board in performing duties
authorized by law, including repairs and alterations; contract stenographic reporting services; reimbursement to employees, at not to exceed 3 cents per mile, for expenses of travel performed by them in privately owned automobiles within the limits of their official stations in the field; lawbooks; books of reference; and periodicals; $464,000.

For deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail of the National Labor Relations Board as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944, Public Law 364, $15,930.

Printing and binding: For printing and binding for the National Labor Relations Board, $210,000.

Salaries and expenses (national defense): For all expenses necessary to enable the National Labor Relations Board to perform the duties authorized by law in connection with disputes involving labor in industries under the national defense program, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, and other items otherwise properly chargeable to appropriations of the National Labor Relations Board for miscellaneous expenses and printing and binding, $473,000.

No part of the funds appropriated in this title shall be used in any way in connection with a complaint case arising over an agreement, or a renewal thereof, between management and labor which has been in existence for three months or longer without complaint being filed by an employee or employees of such plant: Provided, That, hereafter, notice of such agreement or a renewal thereof shall have been posted in the plant affected for said period of three months, said notice containing information as to the location at an accessible place of such agreement where said agreement shall be open for inspection by any interested person: Provided further, That these limitations shall not apply to agreements with labor organizations formed in violation of section 158, paragraph 2, title 29, United States Code.

Salaries and expenses: For all expenses necessary to enable the National Labor Relations Board to perform the duties imposed upon it by the War Labor Disputes Act (50 U. S. C. App. 1501-11), including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, and other items otherwise properly chargeable to appropriations of the National Labor Relations Board for miscellaneous expenses and printing and binding, $192,500.

This title may be cited as the "National Labor Relations Board Appropriation Act, 1946".

TITLE V—NATIONAL MEDIATION BOARD

Salaries and expenses: For three members of the Board, and for other authorized expenditures of the National Mediation Board in performing the duties imposed by law, including contract stenographic reporting services; supplies and equipment; not to exceed $200 for books of reference, and periodicals, $243,300, of which amount not to exceed $176,950 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

For deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail of the National Mediation Board and the National Railroad Adjustment Board as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364), $700.

Arbitration, emergency, and emergency panel boards: For necessary expenses of arbitration boards established under section 7 of the Railway Labor Act (45 U. S. C. 157), emergency boards appointed by the President pursuant to section 10 of said Act (45 U. S. C. 160), and boards appointed from the National Railway Labor Panel under Executive Order 9172, including compensation of members and employees of such boards in the District of Columbia.
and elsewhere; personal services in the District of Columbia to
enable the Chairman of the Railway Labor Panel to perform his
functions under Executive Order 9299; necessary transportation
expenses of Board members to and from their homes or regular
places of business, and $6 per diem in lieu of subsistence on such
days as they are actually engaged in performance of the duties of
said boards; printing and binding of awards and proceedings and
testimony relating thereto; contract stenographic reporting services;
rent of quarters when suitable quarters cannot be supplied in any
Federal building, $100,000.
Printing and binding: For all printing and binding for the
National Mediation Board, $2,500.

NATIONAL RAILROAD ADJUSTMENT BOARD

Salaries and expenses: For authorized expenditures of the National
Railroad Adjustment Board, in performing the duties imposed by
law, including contract stenographic reporting services and supplies
and equipment, $232,400, of which $65,000 shall be available only
for compensation not in excess of $50 per day and expenses of
referees, and not more than $123,680 for other personal services.
Printing and binding: For all printing and binding for the
National Railroad Adjustment Board, $17,500.

This title may be cited as the "National Mediation Board Appro-
priation Act, 1946".

TITLE VI—RAILROAD RETIREMENT BOARD

Salaries: For personal services in the District of Columbia and
elsewhere necessary in performing the duties imposed by law,
$1,700,000.

Miscellaneous expenses (other than salaries): For all necessary
expenditures, other than salaries and printing and binding, of the
Railroad Retirement Board in performing the duties imposed by law,
including rent in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; traveling
expenses, including not to exceed $1,000 for expenses of attendance
at meetings concerned with the work of the Board when specifically
authorized by the Board; repairs and alterations; contract steno-
graphic reporting services; supplies and equipment (including pho-
tographic equipment); not to exceed $5,000 for lawbooks, books of
reference, periodicals; and for payment in advance when authorized
by the Board for library membership in organizations which issue
publications to members only or to members at a price lower than
to the general public; and operation, maintenance, and repair of
motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles; $435,000.

Printing and binding: For printing and binding for the Railroad
Retirement Board, $33,000.

For deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty
mail of the Railroad Retirement Board as required by section 2 of
the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364), $54,000.

Railroad retirement account: For an amount sufficient as an annual
premium for the payments required under the Railroad Retirement
Act, approved August 29, 1935, and the Railroad Retirement Act,
approved June 24, 1937, and authorized to be appropriated to the
railroad retirement account established under section 15 (a) of the
latter Act, $291,913,000, of which $50,681,000 shall be immediately
available: Provided, That such total amount shall be available until
expended for making payments required under said retirement Acts,
and the amount not required for current payments shall be invested
by the Secretary of the Treasury in accordance with the provisions of said Railroad Retirement Act of June 24, 1937.

This title may be cited as the "Railroad Retirement Board Appropriation Act, 1946".

TITLE VII—EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

WAR MANPOWER COMMISSION

General administration: For all necessary expenses for the general administration of the War Manpower Commission, including one Deputy Chairman and one Executive Director at $9,000 each per annum; not to exceed $10,000 for the employment of aliens; not to exceed $200,000 for printing and binding; and not to exceed $1,116,666 for travel expenses; in all $11,732,000, of which $1,235,410 shall be for use in carrying into effect the provisions of title IV (except section 602) of the Servicemen’s Readjustment Act of 1944.

PENALTY MAIL COSTS

For deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail of the War Manpower Commission, as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364), $531,000.

APPRENTICE TRAINING SERVICE

Apprentice training service: For all expenses necessary to enable the Chairman of the War Manpower Commission to conduct a program of encouraging apprentice training, including printing and binding (not to exceed $12,500), and travel expenses (not to exceed $93,900), $550,000.

Apprentice training service (national defense): For all expenses necessary to enable the Chairman of the War Manpower Commission to conduct a program of encouraging apprentice training in national defense industries, including printing and binding (not to exceed $4,500), and travel expenses (not to exceed $56,000), $450,000.

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE FACILITIES AND SERVICES

Employment office facilities and services: For all necessary expenses of the War Manpower Commission in connection with the operation and maintenance of employment office facilities and services, and the performance of functions, duties, and powers relating to employment service transferred to the War Manpower Commission by Executive Order 9247, including the recruitment and placement of individuals for work or training in occupations essential to the war effort, and for carrying into effect section 602 of the Servicemen’s Readjustment Act of 1944; such expenses to include contract janitorial services, at not to exceed $300 for any individual; reimbursement, at not to exceed 3 cents per mile, for official travel performed by employees in privately owned automobiles within the limits of their official station; printing and binding (not to exceed $119,500); travel expenses (not to exceed $2,372,400); and rent in the District of Columbia: Provided, That payment of salaries may be made to employees while taking annual and sick leave based upon unused leave accrued under State regulations found by the Social Security Board to conform to the requirements of title III of the Social Security Act, as amended, and on the basis of State employment which had been financed in whole or in part from grants under title III of
said Act, including payment for accrued leave to be substituted for leave without pay taken between January 1, 1942, and June 30, 1942, which payment shall not exceed in any case the amount payable for such purposes under Federal laws with respect to the maximum accumulation of such leave: Provided further, That the Chairman of the War Manpower Commission may transfer funds from this appropriation to the Social Security Board for "grants to States for unemployment compensation administration" as authorized in title III of the Social Security Act, as amended, to meet costs incurred by States in making available to the War Manpower Commission premises, equipment, supplies, facilities, and services, needed by the Commission in the operation and maintenance of employment office facilities and services, any sum so transferred and not expended in accordance with this proviso to be retransferred to this appropriation, $54,091,363, of which $7,791,134 shall be for use in carrying into effect the provisions of title IV, section 602, of the Service-men's Readjustment Act of 1944: Provided further, That pending the return to State control after the war emergency of the Employment Service facilities, property and personnel loaned by the States to the United States Employment Service, no portion of the sum herein appropriated shall be expended by any Federal agency for any salary, to any individual engaged in employment-service duties in any position within any local or field or State office, which substantially exceeds the salary which would apply to such position and individual if the relevant State merit system applied and if State operation of such office had continued without interruption: Provided further, That the Employment Service facilities, property and personnel loaned by the States to the United States Employment Service shall be returned to the States not later than three months after the termination of hostilities in the war with Japan as determined by Presidential proclamation or by concurrent resolution of Congress: Provided further, That no portion of the sum herein appropriated shall be expended by any Federal agency for the salary of any person who is engaged for more than half of the time, as determined by the State director of unemployment compensation, in the administration of the State unemployment compensation act, including claims taking but excluding registration for work.

Training Within Industry Service, War Manpower Commission (national defense) : For all expenses necessary to enable the Chairman of the War Manpower Commission to promote and facilitate on-the-job training and maximum utilization of workers by industries and agencies engaged in war by affording training to supervisory personnel; including the final liquidation of the service by December 31, 1945, including the temporary employment of persons by contract or otherwise without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes and the civil-service and classification laws; reimbursement, at not to exceed 3 cents per mile, for official travel performed by employees in privately owned automobiles within the limits of their official stations; printing and binding (not to exceed $3,500); and travel expenses (not to exceed $200,000); $600,000.

Migration of workers: To enable the War Manpower Commission to provide, in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Chairman of said Commission for the temporary migration of workers from foreign countries within the Western Hemisphere (pursuant to agreements between the United States and such foreign countries), for employment in the continental United States with industries and services essential to the war effort, including the transportation of such workers from points outside the United States to points of entry
Burial expenses.

Transportation of workers.

Fulfillment of obligations to workers.

Farm labor.

Railroad workers.


Citation of title.


46 Stat. 1279.

58 Stat. 547, 572.

800,000, of which not to exceed $91,000 shall be available for all administrative expenses necessary for the foregoing, including payment for the rental of office space and utility services outside the continental United States without regard to section 3648, Revised Statutes (31 U.S.C. 529); not to exceed $20,000 for temporary employment of administrative personnel outside continental United States; not to exceed $2,000 for printing and binding outside continental United States without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes and section 11 of the Act of March 1, 1919 (44 U.S.C. 111); and not to exceed $18,800 for travel expenses: Provided, That no transportation of workers shall be allowed hereunder unless the employer and the worker have entered into a contract for employment approved by said Chairman or his designee, and unless said Chairman certifies that reasonably adequate use is being made of local labor supply: Provided further, That this appropriation shall remain available after June 30, 1946, for the purpose of fulfilling guarantees and other obligations theretofore incurred with respect to such foreign workers and for all other purposes connected with the protection and ultimate return of any workers theretofore transported: Provided further, That no part of this appropriation shall be available for the recruitment or transportation of workers for employment in agriculture (Act of June 28, 1944, Public Law 373): Provided, That no part of the funds herein appropriated shall be available for any transportation of railroad workers.

SEC. 703. This title may be cited as the “War Manpower Commission Appropriation Act, 1946”.

TITLE VIII—GENERAL PROVISIONS

Sec. 801. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be paid to any person for the filling of any position for which he or she has been nominated after the Senate has voted not to approve of the nomination of said person.

Sec. 802. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used to pay the salary or wages of any person who advocates, or
who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided, That for the purposes hereof an affidavit shall be considered prima facie evidence that the person making the affidavit does not advocate, and is not a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided further, That any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence and accepts employment the salary or wages for which are paid from any appropriation contained in this Act shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than $1,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both: Provided further, That the above penalty clause shall be in addition to, and not in substitution for, any other provisions of existing law.

Sec. 803. No part of any appropriation for training of defense workers contained in this Act shall be available for obligation for a period longer than sixty days after cessation of hostilities in the present war.

Sec. 804. Appropriations herein made available for the purchase of passenger-carrying vehicles shall be available only for the purchase of used or Federal surplus motor vehicles.

Sec. 805. This Act may be cited as the "Labor-Federal Security Appropriation Act, 1946".

Approved July 3, 1945.

[CHAPTER 264]

AN ACT

To amend section 204 of the Act entitled "An Act to expedite the provision of housing in connection with national defense, and for other purposes", approved October 14, 1940, as amended, to increase the amount authorized to be appropriated therein, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 204 of the Act entitled "An Act to expedite the provision of housing in connection with national defense, and for other purposes", approved October 14, 1940, as amended, is amended by striking out "$500,000,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "$530,000,000".

Sec. 2. The last proviso of the Act entitled "An Act to authorize the acquisition of public works already operated by public or private agencies, except where funds are allotted for substantial additions or improvements to such public works and with the consent of the owners thereof, and (b) the total amount allocated for contributions to public and private agencies for the maintenance and operation of public works after July 1, 1943, shall not exceed $120,000,000".

Sec. 3. The paragraph under the head "War public works (community facilities)" in the First Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1945, is amended by striking out "June 30, 1945" and inserting in lieu thereof "June 30, 1946".

Approved July 3, 1945.
Making appropriations for the Military Establishment for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Military Establishment for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for other purposes namely:

MILITARY ACTIVITIES

Office of the Secretary of War

CONTINGENCIES OF THE ARMY

For all emergencies and extraordinary expenses arising in the War Department or any of its subordinate bureaus or offices in the District of Columbia, or in the Army at large, but impossible to be anticipated or classified, including personal services, the purchase of lawbooks, books of reference, subscriptions to newspapers and periodicals; the actual and necessary expenses or per diem in lieu thereof, as may be determined and approved by the Secretary of War, of military and civilian personnel in and under the Military Establishment on special duty in foreign countries; and for examination of estimates of appropriations and of military activities in the field, to be expended on the approval or authority of the Secretary of War, and for such purposes as he may deem proper, and his determination thereon shall be final and conclusive upon the accounting officers of the Government, and payments from this appropriation may, in the discretion of the Secretary of War, be made on his certificate that the expenditures were necessary for confidential military purposes; $100.

EXPEDITING PRODUCTION

Expediting production of equipment and supplies for national defense: To enable the Secretary of War, without reference to sections 3709 and 1136, as amended, Revised Statutes, to expedite the production of equipment and supplies for the Army for emergency national-defense purposes, including all of the objects and purposes specified under each of the appropriations available to the War Department during the fiscal year 1946, for procurement or production of equipment or supplies, for erection of structures, or for acquisition of land; the furnishing of Government-owned facilities at privately owned plants; the procurement and training of civilian personnel in connection with the production of equipment and material and the use and operation thereof; and for any other purposes which in the discretion of the Secretary of War are desirable in expediting production for military purposes; $100: Provided, That expenditures from any appropriation under this heading may be made without securing the specific approval of the projects by the President.

GENERAL STAFF CORPS

CONTINGENT FUND, CHIEF OF STAFF

For such emergent military uses as the Chief of Staff may determine to be necessary, to be expended at his discretion, notwithstanding any other provision of law, $100, and any advances made from this fund to meet emergency requirements to which any other military
appropriation would be legally applicable may, with the approval of
the Secretary of War, be reimbursed from such appropriations when
sufficient funds are found to remain therein, such reimbursed amounts
to be available for the purposes of this appropriation.

FIELD EXERCISES

For expenses required for the conduct of special field exercises,
including participation therein by the National Guard and the Organ-
ized Reserves, and including pay and travel of temporary employees
and officers and enlisted men of the National Guard and the Organ-
ized Reserves, not otherwise provided for, allowances for enlisted men
for quarters and rations, troop movements and travel of personnel of
the Regular Army, in connection with special field exercises, including
special combat training for small units, movement of matériel, mainte-
nance and operation of structures and utilities, rental of land or
purchase of options to rent land without reference to section 3648,
Revised Statutes, use or repair of private property, and any other
requisite supplies and services, and for settlement of claims resulting
from such exercises, under the provisions of the Act of July 3, 1943

ARMY WAR COLLEGE

For expenses of the Army War College, being for the purchase
of the necessary special stationery; textbooks, books of reference,
scientific and professional papers; newspapers and periodicals; maps,
police utensils; employment of temporary, technical, or special
services, and expenses of special lectures; purchase, repair, and
cleaning of uniforms for guards; pay of employees; and for all
other necessary expenses; $111,800.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT

COMMAND AND GENERAL STAFF SCHOOL, FORT LEAVENWORTH, KANSAS

For the purchase of textbooks, books of reference, scientific and pro-
fessional papers, instruments, and material for instruction; employ-
ment of temporary, technical, special, and clerical services; expenses
of special lectures; and for other necessary expenses of instruction, at
the Command and General Staff School, Fort Leavenworth, Kansas;
$165,000.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT

FINANCE SERVICE, ARMY

Pay of the Army: For pay and allowances of the Army of the
United States, including pay of Reserve officers and officers of
the National Guard of the United States ordered to active duty under the
provisions of section 37a and the fourth paragraph of section 38 of the
National Defense Act, as amended; pay of civilian employees at
military headquarters; allowances for quarters for enlisted men on
duty where public quarters are not available; interest on soldiers'
deposits; payment of life insurance premiums authorized by law;
payment of exchange fees and exchange losses incurred by disburs-
ing officers or their agents; payments to military and civilian person-
nel in and under the Military Establishment due to the appreciation
of foreign currencies as provided by the Act of March 26, 1934, as
amended (5 U. S. C. 118c), and for every object and purpose speci-
fied therein; repayment of amounts determined by the Secretary of
War, or officers designated by him, to have been erroneously collected
from military and civilian personnel in and under the Military Estab-
lishment; and losses in the accounts of Army disbursing officers in
Aerial flights by nonflying officers.

"Flying officer."

use of receipts from sales, etc.

Restriction on reclamation of certain payments.

Conscientious objectors.

Retired officers engaged in selling supplies to Army.

Officers, etc., engaged with certain service publications.

The appropriations contained in this Act shall not be available for increased pay for making aerial flights by nonflying officers at a rate in excess of $720 per annum, which shall be the legal maximum rate as to such officers, and such nonflying officers shall be entitled to such rate of increase by performing three or more flights within each ninety-day period, pursuant to orders of competent authority, without regard to the duration of such flight or flights: Provided further, That, during the continuance of the present war and for six months after the termination thereof, a flying officer as defined under existing law shall include flight surgeons, and commissioned officers or warrant officers while undergoing flying training: Provided further, That section 212 of the Act of June 30, 1932 (5 U. S. C. 59a), shall not apply to retired military personnel on duty at the United States Soldiers' Home: Provided further, That during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, no officer of the Army shall be entitled to receive an addition to his pay in consequence of the provisions of the Act approved May 11, 1908 (10 U. S. C. 593): Provided further, That provisions of law prohibiting the payment of any person not a citizen of the United States shall not apply to military and civilian personnel in and under the Military Establishment: Provided further, That without deposit to the credit of the Treasurer of the United States and withdrawal on money requisitions, receipts of public moneys from sales or other sources by officers of the Army on disbursing duty and charged in their official accounts, except receipts to be credited to river and harbor and flood-control appropriations and retirement deductions, may be used by them as required for current expenditures, all necessary bookkeeping adjustments of appropriations, funds, and accounts to be made in the settlement of their disbursing accounts: Provided further, That no collection or reclamation shall be made by the United States on account of any money paid to assignees, transferees, or allottees, or to others for them, under assignments, transfers, or allotments of pay and allowances made under authority of law where liability might exist with respect to such assignments, transfers, or allotments, or the use of such moneys, because of the death of the assignor, transferor, or allotter: Provided further, That no appropriation contained in this Act shall be used for any expense pertaining to (1) the instruction, education, or training of class IV-E conscientious objectors in colleges, (2) the service of such conscientious objectors outside the United States, its Territories and possessions, (3) the transportation of such conscientious objectors to or from any college or any such service, or (4) the compensation of military or civilian personnel performing any services with respect to the matters set forth in (1), (2), or (3) above after the enactment of this Act, except any services which may be necessary promptly to terminate any such class IV-E conscientious-objector college or foreign-service projects existing on the date of the enactment of this Act.

No payment shall be made from money appropriated in this Act to any officer on the retired list of the Army who, for himself or for others, is engaged in the selling of, contracting for the sale of, or negotiating for the sale of, to the Army or the War Department, any war materials or supplies:

No appropriation for the pay of the Army shall be available for the pay of any officer or enlisted man on the active list of the Army who is engaged in any manner with any publication which is or may be issued by or for any branch or organization of the Army or military association in which officers or enlisted men have membership
and which carries paid advertising of firms doing business with the War Department; *Provided, however,* That nothing herein contained shall be construed to prohibit officers from writing or disseminating articles in accordance with regulations issued by the Secretary of War;

Travel of the Army: For travel allowances and travel in kind, as authorized by law, for persons traveling in connection with the military activities of the War Department, including mileage, transportation, reimbursement of actual expenses, or per diem allowances, to officers, contract surgeons, and others whose rank, pay and allowances are assimilated to officers; the cost of a compartment or such other accommodations as may be authorized by the Secretary of War for security purposes when secret documents are transported by officer messenger, or when valuable War Department property is transported as hand baggage by personnel of the Military Establishment; transportation of troops; transportation, or reimbursement therefor, of cadets, enrolled members of the Medical Department, enlisted men, recruits, recruiting parties, applicants for enlistment between places of acceptance for enlistment and recruiting stations, rejected applicants for enlistment, general prisoners, cadets and accepted cadets from their homes to the Military Academy, discharged cadets, civilian employees, civilian witnesses before courts martial, and dependents of civilian and military personnel; all necessary expenses of travel, under such regulations and restrictions as the Secretary of War may prescribe, of military personnel who have served outside the continental limits of the United States or in Alaska, to places in the United States, its Territories and possessions, whether on leave or duty status, for purposes connected with redeployment or reassignment, or for the purpose of recuperation, rehabilitation and recovery; travel pay to discharged military personnel; transportation of discharged prisoners and persons discharged from Saint Elizabeths Hospital after transfer thereto from the military service, to their homes, or elsewhere as they may elect, the cost in each case not to be greater than to the place of last enlistment; transportation of persons discharged for fraudulent enlistment; monetary allowances for液咖啡 for troops traveling when supplied with cooked or travel rations; commutation of quarters and rations to enlisted men traveling on detached duty when it is impracticable to carry rations, and to applicants for enlistment and general prisoners traveling under orders; per diem allowances or actual cost of subsistence while in a travel status, to civilian employees and civilian witnesses before courts martial; for rental of camp sites and the local procurement of communication service, fuel, light, water service, and other necessary supplies and services incident to individual or troop movements, including transportation of organizational equipment and impedimenta; and for transportation of authorized baggage of military and civilian personnel, including packing and unpacking; $720,000,000: *Provided,* That other appropriations for the Military Establishment shall be charged with such amounts as may be required for travel in connection with development, procurement, production, maintenance, or construction activities; and, with such exception, no other appropriation in this Act shall be available for any expense for or incident to travel of personnel of the Regular Army or civilian employees under the War Department, except the appropriation "Contingencies of the Army" and the appropriations for Engineer Service, Army, the National Guard, the Organized Reserves, the Reserve Officers' Training Corps and the National Board for the Promotion of Rifle Practice, and except as may be provided for in the appropriations "Special Field
Attendance at meetings.

Personnel traveling under orders.

Personnel outside U. S.: Moving of dependents and effects.

Per diem rates of allowance.

Personnel on special duty in foreign countries.

Exercises, "Inter-American Relations, War Department", and "Air Corps, Army": Provided further, That, in addition to the authority contained in section 67, National Defense Act of June 3, 1916, as amended, a total of not to exceed $15,000 of the appropriations available to the War Department chargeable with expenses of travel shall be available for expenses incident to attendance at meetings of technical, professional, scientific, and other similar organizations, when, in the judgment of the Secretary of War, such attendance would be of benefit in the conduct of the work of the War Department: Provided further, That appropriations available for travel of personnel of the Military Establishment or employees under the War Department which are current at the date of relief from duty station of such personnel traveling under orders shall be charged with all expenses properly chargeable to such appropriations in connection with the travel enjoined, including travel of dependents and transportation of authorized baggage and household effects of such personnel, regardless of the dates of arrival at destination of the persons so traveling:

During the fiscal year 1946 the dependents and household effects of such military and civilian personnel (without regard to rank or grade) in and under the Military Establishment on duty at stations outside the continental limits of the United States, or in Alaska, as may be determined upon by the Secretary of War, may, prior to or subsequent to the issuance of orders for the relief of such personnel from their stations, or subsequent to the discharge or release of such military personnel from active military service, be moved (including packing and unpacking of household effects) from such stations outside the continental limits of the United States, or in Alaska, to such locations as may be designated by such personnel, by the use of either Government or commercial means of transportation, and later from such locations to the duty stations to which such personnel may be ordered, and current appropriations of the Military Establishment available for travel and transportation may be used for this purpose, the decision of the Secretary of War to be final as to the dependency of any individual sought to be affected by this provision except as to travel performed subsequent to arrival in the United States: Provided further, That the Secretary of War, in prescribing per diem rates of allowance in accordance with law for officers and warrant officers of the Army of the United States traveling on official business and away from their designated posts of duty, is hereby authorized to prescribe such per diem rates of allowance, whether or not orders are given to such officers for travel to be performed repeatedly between two or more places in the same vicinity, and without regard to the length of time away from their designated posts of duty under such orders, and also the actual and necessary expenses or per diem in lieu thereof as he may determine and approve for military and civilian personnel in and under the Military Establishment on special duty in foreign countries:

Expenses of courts martial: For expenses of courts martial, courts of inquiry, military commissions, retiring boards, and compensation of reporters and witnesses attending same, contract stenographic reporting services, and expenses of taking depositions and securing other evidence for use before the same, $600,000;

Apprehension of deserters: For the apprehension, securing, and delivering of soldiers absent without leave and of deserters, including escaped military prisoners, and the expenses incident to their pursuit; and no greater sum than $25 for each deserter or escaped military prisoner shall, in the discretion of the Secretary of War, be paid to any civil officer or citizen for such services and expenses; for expenses
incident to confinement of military prisoners in nonmilitary facilities; for a donation of $10 to each prisoner discharged otherwise than honorably upon his release from confinement under court-martial sentence involving dishonorable discharge; and for a donation of not to exceed $10 to each person discharged for fraudulent enlistment as authorized by law; $174,000;

Finance service: For compensation of clerks and other employees of the Finance Department, $41,300,000;

Claims for damage to or loss or destruction of property, or personal injury, or death: For payment of claims under the provisions of the Act approved July 3, 1943 (31 U. S. C. 223b), not otherwise provided for, $2,500,000;

Claims of military and civilian personnel of the War Department for destruction of private property: For the payment of claims for private property lost, destroyed, captured, abandoned, or damaged in the military service of the United States, under the provisions of the Military Personnel Claims Act of 1945, $1,750,000;

In all, Finance Service, Army, $6,633,139,000, to be accounted for as one fund.

QUARTERMASTER CORPS

Welfare of enlisted men: For the equipment and conduct of school, reading, lunch, and amusement rooms, service clubs, chapels, gymnasiums, and libraries, including periodicals and other publications and subscriptions for newspapers, salaries of civilians employed in the hostess and library services, transportation of books and equipment for these services, rental of films, purchase of slides for and making repairs to moving-picture outfits, and for similar and other recreational purposes at training and mobilization camps now established or which may be hereafter established, including expenses for the entertainment and instruction of enlisted personnel, $53,000,000; Provided, That this appropriation shall be available for the instruction of officers on the same basis as enlisted men: Provided further, That no appropriation contained in this Act shall be available for payment to or expenditure on account of any civilian personnel employed outside continental United States to paint or otherwise reproduce war scenes except by means of photography, or to paint portraits, or for payment to or expenditure on account of any military personnel within continental United States who engage in decorative art projects or painting portraits to the exclusion of regular military duties;

Subsistence of the Army: Purchase of subsistence supplies: For issue as rations to troops, including retired enlisted men when ordered to active duty, civil employees when entitled thereto, hospital matrons, applicants for enlistment while held under observation, general prisoners of war, and general prisoners at posts; ice for issue to organizations of enlisted men and for cooling drinking water at such places as the Secretary of War may determine, and for preservation of stores; for the subsistence of the masters, officers, crews, and employees of the vessels of the Army Transport Service; meals for recruiting parties and applicants for enlistment while under observation; for sales to officers, including members of the Officers' Reserve Corps while on active duty, and enlisted men of the Army. For payments: Of the regulation allowances of commutation in lieu of rations to enlisted men on furlough and to enlisted men when stationed at places where rations in kind cannot be economically issued, including retired enlisted men when ordered to active duty. For payment of the regulation allowance of commutation in lieu of rations for enlisted men,
PRIZES.

Butter substitutes.

Procurement of food or clothing not produced in U.S.

Payment of subsidies.

applicants for enlistment while held under observation, civilian employees who are entitled to subsistence at public expense, and general prisoners while sick in hospitals, to be paid to the surgeon in charge; advertising; for subsistence of supernumeraries necessitated by war conditions; for providing prizes to be established by the Secretary of War for enlisted men of the Army who graduate from the Army schools for bakers and cooks; and for other necessary expenses incident to the purchase, testing, care, preservation, issue, sale, and accounting for subsistence supplies for the Army; in all, $2,940,000,000: Provided, That none of the money appropriated in this Act shall be used for the purchase of oleomargarine or butter substitutes for other than cooking purposes, except to supply an expressed preference therefor or for use where climatic or other conditions render the use of butter impracticable: Provided further, That none of the funds appropriated in this Act shall be used for the payment of any subsidy on agricultural or other products;

Regular supplies of the Army: For all supplies, services, and other expenses, not otherwise provided for, incident to the design, development, procurement, manufacture, care, protection, alteration, repair, maintenance, installation, storage, and issue of Quartermaster Corps supplies, materials, and equipment (exclusive of fixed installations in buildings otherwise provided for), including petroleum and other products for the operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, lawbooks, books of reference, periodicals, newspapers, market reports and personal services; for supplies and equipment for troops and general service schools; for operation of field printing plants not otherwise provided for and contract printing and binding; for subsistence and care of riding and draft animals, for remounts, and for the authorized number of officers' mounts; for straw for soldiers' bedding; for expenses incident to raising and harvesting forage on military reservations, including, when specifically authorized by the Secretary of War, the cost of irrigation; $771,000,000;

Clothing and equipage: For cloth, woollens, materials, and for the purchase and manufacture of clothing for the Army, including retired enlisted men when ordered to active duty, for issue and for sale; for payment of commutation of clothing due to warrant officers of the mine-planter service and to enlisted men; for altering and fitting clothing and washing and cleaning when necessary, including laundry work for enlisted men while patients in a hospital; for operation of laundries, existing or now under construction, including purchase and repair of laundry machinery therefor; for the authorized issues of laundry materials for use of general prisoners confined at military posts without pay or allowances, and for applicants for enlistment while held under observation; for equipment and repair of equipment of existing dry-cleaning plants, salvage and sorting storeshouses, hat-repairing shops, shoe-repair shops, clothing-repair shops, and garbage-reduction works; for equipage, including animal-drawn passenger-carrying vehicles, authorized issues of toilet articles, barbers' and tailors' material, for use of general prisoners confined at
military posts without pay or allowances and applicants for enlistment while held under observation; issue of toilet kits to recruits upon their first enlistment; for expenses of packing and handling and similar necessaries; for a suit of citizens' outer clothing and when necessary an overcoat, the cost of all not to exceed $30, to be issued each soldier discharged otherwise than honorably, to each enlisted man convicted by civil court for an offense resulting in confinement in a penitentiary or other civil prison, and to each enlisted man ordered interned by reason of the fact that he is an alien enemy, or, for the same reason, discharged without internment; for indemnity to officers and men of the Army for clothing and bedding, and so forth, destroyed since April 29, 1898, by order of medical officers of the Army for sanitary reasons; $1,615,000,000;

Incidental expenses of the Army: Postage; hire of laborers in the Quartermaster Corps, including the care of officers' mounts when the same are furnished by the Government; compensation of clerks and other employees of the Quartermaster Corps, and clerks, foremen, watchmen, and organist for the United States Disciplinary Barracks; incidental expenses of recruiting; for activities of chaplains (excluding ritual garments and personal services); for the operation of coffee-roasting plants; for maintenance of Quartermaster branch depots, including utilities; for tests and experimental and development work and scientific research to be performed by the Bureau of Standards for the Quartermaster Corps; for inspection service and instruction furnished by the Department of Agriculture which may be transferred in advance; for such additional expenditures as are necessary and authorized by law in the movements and operation of the Army and at military posts, and not expressly assigned to any other departments; for supplies, services, and other expenses essential in conducting instruction of the Army in tactical or special activities and in the operation of Arm and Service Boards not otherwise provided for; for burial of the dead as authorized by Acts of May 17, 1938 (10 U. S. C. 916–916d), and July 8, 1940 (5 U. S. C. 103a), including remains of personnel of the Army of the United States who die while on active duty, including travel allowances of attendants accompanying remains, communication service, transportation of remains, and acquisition by lease or otherwise of temporary burial sites; $200,000,000: Provided, That no appropriation contained in this Act shall be available for any expense incident to educating persons in medicine (including veterinary) or dentistry if any expense on account of their education in such subjects was not being defrayed out of appropriations for the Military Establishment for the fiscal year 1944 prior to June 7, 1944, except that nothing herein shall interfere with compliance with the provisions of law authorizing the detail of officers and enlisted men of any component of the Army of the United States as students, observers, and investigators as contemplated by section 127 (a) of the National Defense Act, approved June 3, 1916, as amended;

Horses, draft and pack animals: For the purchase of draft and pack animals and horses within limits as to age, sex, and size to be prescribed by the Secretary of War for remounts for officers entitled to public mounts, for the United States Military Academy, and for such organizations and members of the military service as may be required to be mounted, and for all expenses incident to such purchases (including expenses for encouragement of the breeding of riding horses suitable for the Army, in cooperation with the Bureau of Animal Industry, Department of Agriculture, including the purchase of animals for breeding purposes and their maintenance), $1,430,000;

In all, Quartermaster Service, Army, $5,650,320,000, to be disbursed and accounted for as one fund.
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TRANSPORTATION CORPS

TRANSPORTATION SERVICE, ARMY

For expenses necessary for the transportation of Army supplies, equipment, funds of the Army, including packing, crating, and unpacking; maintenance and operation of transportation facilities and installations, including the purchase, construction, alteration, operation, lease, repair, development, and maintenance of and research in transportation equipment, including boats, vessels, motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles and railroad equipment; personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; procurement of supplies and equipment; printing and binding; communication service; maps; lawbooks and books of reference; subscriptions to newspapers and periodicals; wharfage, tolls, ferrage, drayage and cartage; premiums and indemnification for risks insured pursuant to the Act of April 11, 1942 (46 U. S. C. 1128-1128g); conducting instructions in Army transportation activities; transportation on Army vessels of privately owned automobiles of Army personnel upon change of station; $1,785,000,000: Provided, That during the fiscal year 1946 the cost of transportation from point of origin to the first point of storage or consumption of supplies, equipment, and material in connection with the manufacturing and purchasing activities of the Quartermaster Corps may be charged to the appropriations from which such supplies, equipment, and material are procured.

SIGNAL CORPS

SIGNAL SERVICE OF THE ARMY

Purchase, equipment, operation, and repair of military telegraph, telephone, radio, cable, and signaling systems; signal equipment and stores, heliographs, signal lanterns, flags, and other necessary instruments; wind vanes, barometers, anemometers, thermometers, and other meteorological instruments; photographic and cinematographic work performed for the Army by the Signal Corps; motorcycles, motor-driven and other vehicles for technical and official purposes in connection with the construction, operation, and maintenance of communication or signaling systems, and supplies for their operation and maintenance; professional and scientific books of reference, pamphlets, periodicals, newspapers, and maps for use of the Signal Corps and in the office of the Chief Signal Officer; telephone apparatus, including rental and payment for commercial, exchange, message, trunk-line, long-distance, and leased-line telephone service at or connecting any post, camp, cantonment, depot, arsenal, headquarters, hospital, aviation station, or other office or station of the Army, excepting the local telephone service for the various bureaus of the War Department in the District of Columbia, and toll messages pertaining to the office of the Secretary of War; electric time service; the rental of commercial telegraph lines and equipment, and their operation at or connecting any post, camp, cantonment, depot, arsenal, headquarters, hospital, aviation station, or other office or station of the Army, including payment for official individual telegraph messages transmitted over commercial lines; electrical installations and maintenance thereof at military posts, cantonments, camps, and stations of the Army, fire control and direction apparatus, and material for Field Artillery; salaries of civilian employees, including those necessary as instructors at vocational schools; supplies, general repairs, reserve supplies, and other expenses connected with the collecting and transmitting of information for the Army by telegraph or otherwise; experimental investigation, research, purchase, and development, or improvements in apparatus,
and maintenance of signaling and accessories thereto, including machines, instruments, and other equipment for laboratory and repair purposes; lease, alteration, and repair of such buildings required for storing or guarding Signal Corps supplies, equipment, and personnel when not otherwise provided for; including the land therefor, the introduction of water, electric light and power, sewerage, grading, roads and walks, and other equipment required; for all expenses, not otherwise provided for, incident to the preparation of plans, and construction, purchase, installation, equipment, maintenance, repair, and operation of aircraft warning service systems, and their accessories, including purchase of lands and rights-of-way, acquisition of leaseholds and other interests therein, and temporary use thereof; $526,336,000.

AIR CORPS

AIR CORPS, ARMY

For creating, maintaining, and operating at established aviation and related schools courses of instruction for military personnel, including payment of tuition, cost of equipment and supplies necessary for instruction, purchase of tools, equipment, materials, machines, textbooks, books of reference, scientific and professional papers, instruments, and materials for theoretical and practical instruction; for maintenance, repair, storage, and operation of airships, war balloons, and other aerial machines, including $500,000 on account of activities of the Civil Air Patrol, and including instruments, materials, gas plants, hangars, and repair shops, and appliances of every sort and description necessary for the operation, construction, or equipment of all types of aircraft, and all necessary spare parts and equipment connected therewith and the establishment of landing and take-off runways; for purchase of supplies and procurement of services for securing, developing, printing, and reproducing photographs and motion pictures in connection with aerial photography, including aerial mapping and charting; improvement, equipment, maintenance, repair, and operation of plants for testing and experimental work, and procuring and introducing water, electric light and power, gas, and sewerage, including maintenance, operation, and repair of such utilities at such plants; for the procurement of helium gas; for travel of military and civilian personnel in connection with the administration of this appropriation, including travel by air or rail required in connection with the transportation of new aircraft from factory to first destination; salaries and wages of civilian employees as may be necessary; transportation of materials in connection with consolidation of Air Corps activities; experimental investigations and purchase and development of new types of aircraft, accessories thereto, and aviation engines, including plans, drawings, and specifications thereof; for the purchase, manufacture, and construction of aircraft, and instruments and appliances of every sort and description, including radio, radar, and electronic equipment, necessary for the operation, construction, or equipment of all types of aircraft, and all necessary spare parts and equipment connected therewith; for aircrew and aircraft rescue and fire fighting equipment, including trucks and boats; for the marking of military airways where the purchase of land is not involved; for the purchase, manufacture, and issue of special clothing, wearing apparel, and similar equipment for aviation purposes; for all necessary expenses connected with the sale or disposal of surplus or obsolete aeronautical equipment, and the rental of buildings and other facilities for the handling or storage of such equipment; for the services of not more than four consulting engineers at experimental stations of the Air Corps as the Secretary of
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War may deem necessary, at rates of pay to be fixed by him not to exceed $25 a day for not exceeding fifty days each and necessary traveling expenses; purchase of special apparatus and appliances, repairs, and replacements of same used in connection with special scientific medical and meteorological research in the Air Corps; for maintenance and operation of such Air Corps printing plants outside of the District of Columbia as may be authorized in accordance with law; for publications, station libraries, special furniture, supplies and equipment for offices, shops, and laboratories; for special services, including the salvaging of wrecked aircraft; for payment of claims resulting from the operation of aircraft, under the provisions of the Act of July 3, 1943 (31 U. S. C. 223b); $100.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT

MEDICAL AND HOSPITAL DEPARTMENT

For the manufacture and purchase of medical and hospital supplies for military posts, camps, hospitals, hospital ships and transports, and supplies required for mosquito destruction in and about military posts in the Canal Zone; for operation of the Army Medical Library and Museum under the direct supervision of the Surgeon General; for the purchase of veterinary supplies and hire of veterinary surgeons; for expenses of medical supply depots and maintenance of branch depots; for medical care and treatment of patients when entitled thereto by law, regulation, or contract, including their care, treatment and subsistence in private hospitals, whether on duty or on furlough or on leave of absence except when elective medical treatment has been obtained by such personnel in civilian hospitals or from civilian physicians or dentists; for medical care and treatment of authorized personnel of any country whose defense the President deems vital to the defense of the United States when such care and treatment cannot be obtained from medical units of their own country; for the proper care and treatment of epidemic and contagious diseases in the Army or at military posts or stations, including measures to prevent the spread thereof, and the payment of reasonable damages, not otherwise provided for, for bedding and clothing injured or destroyed in such prevention; for the care of insane Filipino soldiers; for the pay of male and female nurses, not including the Army Nurse Corps, and of cooks and other civilians employed for the proper care of patients, under such regulations fixing their number, qualifications, assignments, pay, and allowances as shall have been or shall be prescribed by the Secretary of War; for the pay of interns; for the pay of civilian physicians employed to examine physically applicants for enlistment and enlisted men and to render other professional services from time to time under proper authority; for the pay of other employees of the Medical Department; for the payment of express companies and local transfers employed directly by the Medical Department for the transportation of medical and hospital supplies, including bidders' samples and water for analysis; for the supply of Army and Navy Hospital at Hot Springs, Arkansas; for advertising, and all other necessary miscellaneous expenses of the Medical Department; $329,000,000.
CORPS OF ENGINEERS

ENGINEER SERVICE, ARMY

Engineer Service: For the design, development, procurement, manufacture, maintenance, alteration, repair, installation, storage, and issue of engineer equipment, instruments, appliances, supplies, materials, tools and machinery required in the equipment and training of troops and in military operations, including military surveys, and including the purchase, maintenance, repair, and operation of passenger-carrying vehicles; for the operation and maintenance of the Engineer School, including (a) compensation of civilian lecturers, and (b) purchase and binding of scientific and professional books, pamphlets, papers, and periodicals; for the procurement, preparation, and reproduction of maps and similar data for military purposes; for expenses incident to the Engineer Service in military and training operations, including military surveys, and including (a) research and development of improved methods in such operations, (b) the rental of storehouses and grounds, (c) repair and alteration of buildings, including heat, light, power, water, and communication service, not otherwise provided for, and (d) expenses of railroad construction, including purchase or lease of equipment and materials, and the acquisition of lands, rights-of-way thereon, and other interests therein and temporary use thereof; $2,332,304,000;

Military posts: For construction and installation of buildings, utilities, flying fields, fortifications, and appurtenances thereto, or other facilities required for military use and for each and every object and expense connected therewith, including (a) housing, storage, interior facilities, fixed equipment, piers, roads, railroads, communications, water, sewerage, and electric systems, (b) expenses incident to the preparation of plans, the purchase and installation of equipment, (c) the employment of persons and the procurement of supplies, equipment, printing, binding, communication service, newspapers, lawbooks, books of reference, periodicals, at the seat of government and elsewhere, (d) the purchase, maintenance, repair, and operation of passenger-carrying vehicles, (e) the acquisition of land, rights pertaining thereto, leasehold, and other interests therein and temporary use thereof, and the land and interests therein, including the temporary use thereof, may be acquired and construction may be prosecuted thereon prior to the approval of the title by the Attorney General as required by section 355, Revised Statutes, as amended, and without regard to sections 1136, 3645, and 3734, Revised Statutes, as amended, (f) the settlement of claims resulting from the use and occupancy of real estate under the provisions of the Act approved July 3, 1943 (31 U. S. C. 223b), (g) the payment of deficiency judgments and interests thereon arising out of condemnation proceedings heretofore instituted pursuant to specific Acts authorizing particular projects, notwithstanding limitations of amounts contained in such Acts, and (h) the salvage and conversion of military facilities, $158,497,630: Provided, That no appropriation contained in this Act shall be available for the acquisition of land without the specific approval of the Secretary of War, and then only when it would be more economical to purchase than lease, if leasing be possible, in cases where doubt prevails as to the land desired being permanently needed for military purposes;
Barracks and quarters, Army: For the maintenance, installation, repair, operation, protection, and rental of buildings, structures, grounds, utilities, flying fields, fortifications, and appurtenances thereto, or other facilities required for military use; and for each and every object of expense connected therewith, including (a) the procurement of supplies, equipment, fuel, printing, binding, communication services, newspapers, lawbooks, books of reference, periodicals, at the seat of government and elsewhere, (b) the purchase, rental, maintenance, repair, and operation of passenger-carrying vehicles, (c) the manufacture, procurement, purchase, storage, issue, and transportation (including research, planning, design, development, inspection, tests, and the handling) of water, gas, electricity, fuel, tools, machinery, and equipment, (d) construction of additions and extensions to and alterations, improvements, and rehabilitations of existing facilities, (e) the furnishing of heat and light for buildings erected at private cost, in the operation of the Act approved May 31, 1902 (10 U. S. C. 1346), and buildings on military reservations, authorized by War Department regulations to be used for a similar purpose, and (f) expenses, including relocation costs and rental of buildings and offices, for other Government agencies, not otherwise provided for, necessitated by their vacation of Government-owned or other property for Army use, $828,399,000: Provided, That the amounts to be assessed and collected from nonmilitary interests on the Fort Monroe Military Reservation, Virginia, for expenditure in the maintenance, repair, and operation of wharves, roads, sewerage systems, and other utilities at said reservation shall be fixed by the Secretary of War during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, in proportion to the service rendered to such nonmilitary interests: Provided further, That this appropriation shall be available for the rental of offices, garages, and stables for military attaches: Provided further, That no part of the funds herein appropriated shall be available for construction of a permanent nature of an additional building or an extension or addition to an existing building, the cost of which in any case exceeds $20,000: Provided further, That the monthly rental rate to be paid out of this appropriation for stabling any animal shall not exceed $15;

In all, Engineer Service, Army, $3,019,200,630, to be accounted for as one fund.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT

ORDNANCE SERVICE AND SUPPLIES, ARMY

For manufacture, procurement, storage, and issue, including research, planning, design, development, inspection, test, alteration, maintenance, repair, and handling of ordnance material, together with the machinery, supplies, and services necessary thereto; for supplies and services in connection with the general work of the Ordnance Department, comprising police and office duties, rents, tolls, fuel, light, water, advertising, stationery, typewriting and computing machines, including their exchange, and furniture, tools, and instruments of service; to provide for instruction, training, and other incidental expenses of the ordnance service; for the purchase, hire, operation, maintenance, and repair of completely equipped motor-propelled and horse-drawn freight and passenger-carrying vehicles; for ammunition for military salutes at Government establishments and institutions to which the issues of arms for salutes are authorized; for services, material, tools, and appliances for operation of the testing machines and chemical laboratory in connection therewith; for publications for libraries of the Ordnance Department, including the Ordnance Office, including subscriptions to newspapers and periodicals; not to exceed
$150,000 for services of such consultants as the Secretary of War may deem necessary, at rates of pay to be fixed by him not to exceed $25 per day and for their necessary traveling expenses; $2,717,531,000.

ROCK ISLAND BRIDGE, ROCK ISLAND, ILLINOIS

For operating, repair, and preservation of Rock Island bridges and viaduct, and maintenance and repair of the arsenal street connecting the bridges, $16,500.

CHEMICAL WARFARE SERVICE

For purchase, manufacture, and test of chemical warfare gases or other toxic substances, incendiary materials and munitions, gas masks, or other offensive or defensive materials or appliances required for chemical warfare purposes, investigations, research, design, experimentation, and operation, purchase of chemicals, special scientific and technical apparatus and instruments, including services connected therewith; for the payment of part-time or intermittent employment of such scientists and technicists as may be contracted for by the Secretary of War, in his discretion, at a rate of pay not exceeding $25 per diem for any person so employed; for the purchase, maintenance, repair, and operation of freight- and passenger-carrying motor vehicles; construction, maintenance, and repair of plants, buildings, and equipment, and the machinery therefor; receiving, storing, and issuing of supplies, comprising police and office duties, rents, tolls, fuels, gasoline, lubricants, paints and oils, rope and cordage, light, water, advertising, stationery, typewriting and computing machines including their exchange, office furniture, tools, and instruments; for incidental expenses; for civilian employees; for libraries of the Chemical Warfare Service and subscriptions to periodicals; for expenses incidental to the organization, training, and equipment of special gas troops not otherwise provided for, including the training of the Army in chemical warfare, both offensive and defensive, together with the necessary schools, tactical demonstrations, and maneuvers; for current expenses of chemical projectile filling plants and proving grounds, including construction and maintenance of rail transportation, repairs, alterations, accessories, building and repairing butts and targets, clearing and grading ranges; $624,525,000.

SPECIAL SERVICE SCHOOLS

Infantry School: For supplies, services, and other expenses essential in conducting instruction at the Infantry School, $583,000;

Cavalry activities: For the purchase of textbooks, books of reference, scientific and professional papers, instruments, and materials for instruction; employment of temporary, technical, special, and clerical services; and for other necessary expenses of instruction at the Cavalry School, Fort Riley, Kansas; and for the instruction of the Army in cavalry activities; $64,000;

Field Artillery activities: For the pay of employees; the purchase of books, pamphlets, periodicals, and newspapers; procurement of supplies, materials, and equipment for instruction purposes; and other expenses necessary in the operation of the Field Artillery School of the Army, and for the instruction of the Army in Field Artillery activities; $464,000;

Coast Artillery activities: For supplies, services, and other expenses essential in conducting instruction at the Coast Artillery Schools, including maintenance, operation, and repair of passenger-carrying vehicles, $119,000;
In all, special service schools, $1,230,000, to be accounted for as one fund.

**ARMORED FORCES**

**INSTRUCTION IN ARMORED FORCE ACTIVITIES**

For supplies, services, and other expenses essential in conducting instruction of the Army in armored-force activities, $100,000.

**SEACOAST DEFENSES**

For all expenses incident to the preparation of plans and the construction, purchase, installation, equipment, maintenance, repair, and operation of fortifications and other works of defense, and their accessories, including personal services, ammunition storage, maintenance of channels to submarine-mine wharves, purchase of lands and rights-of-way as authorized by law, acquisition of leaseholds and other interests therein, and temporary use thereof, and payments for leasehold interests may be made in advance for the entire term notwithstanding the provisions of section 3648, Revised Statutes, and for experimental, test, and development work, $100.

**UNITED STATES MILITARY ACADEMY**

**PAY OF MILITARY ACADEMY**

Cadets: For pay of cadets, $1,756,000: *Provided*, That during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, no officer of the Army shall be entitled to receive any increase in pay or allowances because of detail or assignment to duty in any capacity at the Military Academy: *Provided further*, That the duties of librarian of the United States Military Academy may be performed by an officer of the Regular Army retired from active service under the provisions of section 1251, Revised Statutes, and detailed on active duty for that purpose.

**MAINTENANCE AND OPERATION, UNITED STATES MILITARY ACADEMY**

For text and reference books for instruction; increase and expense of library; office equipment and supplies; stationery, blank books, forms, printing and binding, and periodicals; diplomas for graduates; expense of lectures; apparatus equipment, supplies, and materials for purpose of instruction and athletics, and maintenance and repair thereof; musical instruments and maintenance of band; care and maintenance of organ; equipment for cadet mess; postage, telephones, and telegrams; freight and expressage; for commutation of rations for cadets in lieu of the regular established ration; for commutation of rations for civilians employed at cadet mess in the same amount as deducted from each civilian's pay for said rations; maintenance of children's school (not exceeding $12,200); contingencies for Superintendent of the Military Academy (not exceeding $5,200) and for the Commandant of Cadets (not exceeding $1,200), to be expended in their respective discretions; expenses of the members of the Board of Visitors (not exceeding $1,500); contingent fund, to be expended under the direction of the Academic Board (not exceeding $1,000); improvement, repair, and maintenance of buildings and grounds (including roads, walls, and fences); shooting galleries and ranges; cooking, heating, and lighting apparatus and fixtures and operation and maintenance thereof; maintenance of water, sewer, and plumbing systems; maintenance of and repairs to cadet camp; fire-extinguishing apparatus; machinery and tools and repairs of same; maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled vehicles; policing buildings and grounds; furniture, refrigerators, and lockers for
Government-owned buildings at the Academy and repair and maintenance thereof; fuel for heat, light, and power; pay of employees; and other necessary incidental expenses in the discretion of the superintendent; in all, $4,251,000: Provided, That not to exceed $3,750 of this amount shall be available to liquidate the indebtedness of cadets separated from the service for any reason during their first year, who at the time of their separation are in debt to the cadet store.

NATIONAL GUARD

For the National Guard, $100, which amount shall be available for any of the objects, as may be determined by the War Department, specified in the appropriations for the National Guard in the Military Appropriation Act, 1942.

No part of the appropriations made in this Act shall be available for pay, allowances, or traveling or other expenses of any officer or enlisted man of the National Guard who may be drawing a pension, disability allowance, disability compensation, or retired pay (where retirement has been made on account of physical disability or age) from the Government of the United States: Provided, That nothing herein shall be construed as barring the continuance of adjutants general in a federally recognized status without pay under this Act.

ORGANIZED RESERVES

For establishment, maintenance, and operation of Organized Reserve headquarters; for miscellaneous expenses incident to the administration of the Organized Reserves, including the maintenance and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles; for the actual and necessary expenses, or per diem in lieu thereof, at rates authorized by law, incurred by officers and enlisted men of the Regular Army and Reserve officers ordered to active duty for periods in excess of fifteen days traveling on duty in connection with the Organized Reserves, and for travel of dependents, and packing and transportation of baggage of such personnel; $100.

No appropriation made in this Act shall be available for pay, allowances, or traveling or other expenses of any officer of the Organized Reserves who may be drawing a pension, disability allowance, disability compensation, or retired pay from the Government of the United States.

The pay and allowances of such additional officers and nurses of the Medical Reserve Corps as are required to supplement the like officers and nurses of the Regular Army in the care of beneficiaries of the United States Veterans' Administration treated in Army hospitals may be paid from the funds allotted to the War Department by that Administration under existing law.

CITIZEN'S MILITARY TRAINING

RESERVE OFFICERS' TRAINING CORPS

For the procurement, maintenance, and issue, under such regulations as may be prescribed by the Secretary of War, to institutions at which one or more units of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps are maintained, of such public animals, means of transportation, supplies, tentage, equipment, and uniforms as he may deem necessary, including cleaning and laundering of uniforms and clothing at camps; and to forage, at the expense of the United States, public animals so issued, and to pay commutation in lieu of uniforms at a rate to be fixed annually by the Secretary of War; for transporting said animals and other authorized supplies and equipment from place of issue to
the several institutions and training camps and return of same to place of issue when necessary; for purchase of training manuals, including Government publications and blank forms; for the establishment and maintenance of camps for the further practical instruction of the members of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps, and for transporting members of such corps to and from such camps or other places designated by the Secretary of War, and to subsist them while traveling to and from such camps and while remaining therein so far as appropriations will permit, or, in lieu of transporting them to and from such camps and subsisting them while en route, to pay them travel allowance at the rate of 5 cents per mile for the distance by the shortest usually traveled route from the places from which they are authorized to proceed to the camp and for the return travel thereto, and to pay the return travel pay in advance of the actual performance of the travel, or to pay commutation in lieu of subsistence at camps at rates fixed by the Secretary of War; for expenses incident to the use, including upkeep and depreciation costs, of supplies, equipment, and material furnished in accordance with law from stocks under the control of the War Department; for pay for students attending advanced camps at the rate prescribed for soldiers of the seventh grade of the Regular Army; for the payment of commutation of subsistence to members of the senior division of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps, at a rate not exceeding the cost of the Garrison ration prescribed for the Army, as authorized in the Act approved June 3, 1916, as amended by the Act approved June 4, 1920 (10 U. S. C. 387); for the medical and hospital treatment of members of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps, who suffer personal injury or contract disease in line of duty, and for other expenses in connection therewith, including pay and allowances, subsistence, transportation, and burial expenses, as authorized by the Act of June 15, 1936 (49 Stat. 1507); for mileage, traveling expenses, or transportation, for transportation of dependents (including dependents of retired officers, warrant officers, and enlisted men of the first three grades, and enlisted men of the first three grades of the Regular Army Reserve, ordered to active duty and upon relief therefrom), and for packing, crating, and unpacking, and transportation of baggage (including baggage of retired officers, warrant officers, and enlisted men of the first three grades, and enlisted men of the first three grades of the Regular Army Reserve ordered to active duty and upon relief therefrom) for officers, warrant officers, and enlisted men traveling on duty pertaining to or on detail to or relief from duty with the Reserve Officers' Training Corps; for the purchase, maintenance, repair, and operation of motor vehicles, including station wagons; for the procurement and issue as provided in section 55e of the Act approved June 4, 1929 (10 U. S. C. 1180), and in section 1225, Revised Statutes, as amended, under such regulations as may be prescribed by the Secretary of War, to schools and colleges, other than those provided for in section 40 of the Act above referred to, of such arms, tentage, and equipment, and of ammunition, targets, and target materials, including the transporting of the same, and the overhauling and repair of articles issued, as the Secretary of War shall deem necessary for proper military training in said schools and colleges; $100: Provided, That uniforms and other equipment or material issued to the Reserve Officers' Training Corps in accordance with law shall be furnished from surplus stocks of the War Department without payment from this appropriation, except for actual expense incurred in the manufacture or issue: Provided further, That in no case shall the amount paid from this appropriation for uniforms, equipment, or material furnished to the Reserve Officers' Training
Corps from stocks under the control of the War Department be in excess of the price current at the time the issue is made: Provided further, That none of the funds appropriated in this Act shall be used for the organization or maintenance of a greater number of mounted units in the Reserve Officers' Training Corps than were in existence on January 1, 1928, or for additional motor transport or tank units unless in replacement of existing cavalry units: Provided further, That none of the funds appropriated in this Act shall be available for any expense on account of any student in Air Corps, Dental Corps, or Veterinary units not a member of such units on May 5, 1932, but such stoppage of further enrollments shall not interfere with the maintenance of existing units: Provided further, That none of the funds appropriated elsewhere in this Act, except for printing and binding and pay and allowances of officers and enlisted men, shall be used for expenses in connection with the Reserve Officers' Training Corps.

NATIONAL BOARD FOR PROMOTION OF RIFLE PRACTICE, ARMY

Promotion of rifle practice: For construction, equipment, and maintenance of rifle ranges, the instruction of citizens in marksmanship, and promotion of practice in the use of rifled arms, for arms, ammunition, targets, and other accessories for target practice, for issue and sale in accordance with rules and regulations prescribed by the National Board for the Promotion of Rifle Practice and approved by the Secretary of War; for clerical services, including not exceeding $30,000 in the District of Columbia; for procurement of materials, supplies, trophies, prizes, badges, services, and such other items as are authorized in section 113, Act of June 3, 1916, and under this head in War Department Appropriation Act of June 7, 1924; for the conduct of the national matches, including incidental travel of rifle teams and of individuals and of Marine Corps and other detachments required in the operation of the matches and including incidental travel of rifle teams and individuals attending regional, national, and international competitions, and for the purchase of medals and badges for use in National Rifle Association competitions, including those fired as a part of the national matches; for mileage at 8 cents per mile for members of the National Board for the Promotion of Rifle Practice when authorized by the Secretary of War, any provision of law to the contrary notwithstanding; and for maintenance of the National Board for the Promotion of Rifle Practice, including not to exceed $4,500 for incidental expenses in addition to the amount authorized by Act of May 28, 1928; to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of War; $67,000.

INTER-AMERICAN RELATIONS, WAR DEPARTMENT

For all expenses necessary to enable the Secretary of War to adopt such measures, appropriate to the functions and activities of the War Department, as he may deem advisable, to promote better relations with the other American countries, including transportation and subsistence expenses, while traveling in the Western Hemisphere, of Army officers and military students of the other American countries and Army officers of the United States, $100.

ARMY OF THE PHILIPPINES

For all expenses necessary for the mobilization, operation, and maintenance of the Army of the Philippines, including expenses connected with calling into the service of the armed forces of the
Availability of funds.

Transfer of funds.

Expenses of persons in advisory capacity.

Temporary employment.

United States the organized military forces of the Government of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, and expenditures incident to pay, allowances, operation, maintenance, and other activities of units and personnel of said organized military forces, and for the emergent mobilization and training of such forces, may be made without regard to the provisions of law regulating the expenditure of or accounting for funds of the United States but shall be expended and accounted for in a manner prescribed by the President of the United States, $100, which shall be available for payment to the Government of the Commonwealth of the Philippines upon its written request, either in advance of or in reimbursement for all or any part of the estimated or actual cost, as authorized by the Commanding General, United States Army Forces in the Far East, of necessary expenses for the purposes aforesaid: Provided, That any appropriation for the Military Establishment may be applied to the purposes aforesaid and may be reimbursed by transfer from this appropriation of the value of such property or service as may have been or may be applied to such purposes and any amount so transferred shall be available for expenditure for the purposes of the appropriation so reimbursed during the fiscal year in which such amount was received and the ensuing fiscal year.

Salaries, War Department

For compensation for personal services in the War Department proper, as follows:

Office of Secretary of War: Secretary of War, Under Secretary of War, Assistant Secretaries of War, and other personal services, $564,000: Provided, That not to exceed $200,000 of the appropriations contained in this Act for military activities shall be available for the payment of actual transportation expenses and not to exceed $10 per diem in lieu of subsistence and other expenses of persons serving while away from their homes, without other compensation from the United States, in an advisory capacity to the Secretary of War, and for the temporary employment of persons (at not to exceed $25 per day) or organizations, by contract or otherwise, without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes or the civil-service or classification laws: Provided, That no field-service appropriation shall be available for personal services in the War Department except as may be expressly authorized herein;

Office of Chief of Staff, $394,000;
Office of the Adjutant General, $12,088,000;
Office of the Inspector General, $38,000;
Office of the Judge Advocate General, $134,000;
Office of the Chief of Finance, $609,000;
Office of the Quartermaster General, $831,000;
Office of the Chief Signal Officer, $371,000;
Office of Commanding General, Army Air Forces, $517,000;
Office of the Surgeon General, $103,000;
Office of Chief of Engineers, $134,000;
Office of Chief of Ordnance, $833,000;
Office of Chief of Chemical Warfare Service, $88,000;
Office of Chief of Chaplains, $7,000;
National Guard Bureau, War Department, $104,000;
In all, salaries, War Department, $7,542,000.

The Secretary of War is authorized to employ such additional personnel at the seat of Government and elsewhere, and to provide out of any appropriations available for the Military Establishment for their salaries and for such printing and binding, communication and other services, and supplies as he may deem necessary to carry out the
purposes of this Act, but the amount so used for personal services at the seat of government, other than for field service employees, shall not exceed one-third of 1 per centum of the total amount of cash appropriated for the Army.

**Office of the Secretary**

**Contingent Expenses, War Department**

For stationery and office supplies; purchase of professional and scientific books, lawbooks, including their exchange; books of reference, pamphlets, periodicals, newspapers (not to exceed $5,500), maps; furniture and repairs to same; carpets, linoleum, filing equipment, photo supplies, towels, ice, brooms, soap, sponges; purchase of motor-trucks; maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-trucks and one motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicle; freight and express charges; streetcar fares; postage; and other necessary expenses; $6,500,000.

**Printing and Binding, War Department**

For printing and binding for the War Department, except such as may be otherwise provided for in accordance with existing law, $40,000,000.

Sec. 2. No part of the appropriations made in this Act shall be available for the salary or pay of any officer, manager, superintendent, foreman, or other person having charge of the work of any employee of the United States Government while making or causing to be made with a stop watch, or other time-measuring device, a time study of any job of any such employee between the starting and completion thereof, or of the movements of any such employee while engaged upon such work; nor shall any part of the appropriations made in this Act be available to pay any premiums or bonus or cash reward to any employee in addition to his regular wages, except as may be otherwise authorized in this Act.

Sec. 3. The appropriation “Finance Service, Army” may be increased by transfer of not to exceed $6,813,185,000 of unobligated balances available on or after June 30, 1945, under the appropriations now entitled “Expediting production of equipment and supplies for national defense”; “Contingencies of the Army”; “Air Corps, Army”; “Special field exercises, Army”; and “Supplies and transportation, Army” (subhead—“Army transportation”), and, in addition, not to exceed 10 per centum of any of the appropriations for the Military Establishment for the fiscal year 1946 (except the appropriations “National Guard”, “Organized Reserves”, and “Reserve Officers’ Training Corps”), may be transferred with the approval of the Bureau of the Budget to any other of such appropriations, but no appropriation or subappropriation, except the subappropriations “Claims for damage to or loss or destruction of property, or personal injury, or death” and “Claims of military and civilian personnel of the War Department for destruction of private property” shall be increased more than 10 per centum thereby.

Sec. 4. The foregoing appropriations for “Quartermaster Service, Army”, “Signal Service of the Army”, “Air Corps, Army”, “Medical and Hospital Department”, “Engineer Service, Army”, “Ordnance Service and Supplies”, “Chemical Warfare Service”, and “Seacoast Defenses” shall each be available for the pay and allowances, including travel allowances, of such Reserve officers as the President may, with their consent, order to active duty for such periods, not in excess of two years, as their service may be required in the procurement or production of equipment therein appropriated for, or on duty pertaining to aviation.
Sec. 5. Appropriations for the Military Establishment for the fiscal year 1946 shall be available for carrying out the purposes of Executive Order 9112 of March 26, 1942; for expenses in connection with the administration by the Army of occupied areas; for food, clothing, medicine and other items to meet urgent civilian needs in occupied and such other areas as may be determined by the Secretary of War to be important to military operations of the United States; for expenses of conducting investigations in foreign countries incident to matters relating strictly to the Military Establishment, without regard to section 3648, Revised Statutes, including such compensation, expenses, and allowances of witnesses, cost of procuring and transcribing evidence, documents and testimony and other miscellaneous and incidental expenses as may be determined by the investigating officer to be necessary and in accord with local custom; for living quarters allowances in accordance with the Act of June 26, 1930 (5 U. S. C. 118a), and regulations prescribed thereunder, and cost of living allowances in accordance with the Act of February 23, 1931, as amended (22 U. S. C. 12), and regulations prescribed thereunder, for all civilian officers and employees of the War Department who are citizens of the United States permanently stationed in foreign countries; and for employees' special wearing apparel and equipment necessary to carry out the purposes of this Act.

Sec. 6. No part of any appropriation made by this Act shall be used in any way to pay any expense in connection with the conduct, operation, or management of any post exchange, branch exchange, or sub-exchange within any State, Territory, or the District of Columbia, save and except for real assistance and convenience under such regulations as the Secretary of War may prescribe, to such personnel as are now or may be hereafter authorized by law and regulation to purchase subsistence stores or other Quartermaster supplies and to civilians employed or serving at military posts in supplying them with articles of small personal needs, not similar to those furnished by the Government: Provided, That the commanding officer of the post at which any such exchange is situated shall certify on the monthly report of the post exchange council that such exchange was, during the period covered by such report, operated in compliance with this section: Provided further, That at posts isolated from a convenient market the Secretary of War may broaden the nature of the articles to be sold.

Sec. 7. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used directly or indirectly, except for temporary employment in case of emergency, for the payment of any civilian for services rendered by him on the Canal Zone while occupying a skilled, technical, clerical, administrative, executive, or supervisory position unless such person is a citizen of the United States of America or of the Republic of Panama: Provided, however, (1) That, notwithstanding the provision in the Act approved August 11, 1939 (53 Stat. 1409), limiting employment in the above-mentioned positions to citizens of the United States from and after the date of the approval of said Act, citizens of Panama may be employed in such positions; (2) that at no time shall the number of Panamanian citizens employed in the above-mentioned positions exceed the number of citizens of the United States so employed, if United States citizens are available in continental United States or on the Canal Zone; (3) that nothing in this Act shall prohibit the continued employment of any person who shall have rendered fifteen or more years of faithful and honorable service on the Canal Zone; (4) that in the selection of personnel for skilled, technical, administrative, clerical, supervisory, or executive positions, the controlling factors in filling these positions shall be efficiency, experience, training, and education; (5) that all citizens of Panama and the
United States rendering skilled, technical, clerical, administrative, executive, or supervisory service on the Canal Zone under the terms of this Act (a) shall normally be employed not more than forty hours per week; (b) may receive as compensation equal rates of pay based upon rates paid for similar employment in continental United States plus 25 per centum; (c) this entire section shall apply only to persons employed in skilled, technical, clerical, administrative, executive, or supervisory positions on the Canal Zone directly or indirectly by any branch of the United States Government or by any corporation or company whose stock is owned wholly or in part by the United States Government; Provided further, That the President may suspend from time to time in whole or in part compliance with this section in time of war or national emergency if he should deem such course to be in the public interest.

Sec. 8. Appropriations for the Military Establishment for the fiscal year 1946 shall be available for all necessary expenses in connection with the instruction and training, including tuition, not otherwise provided for, of civilian employees in and under the War Department and the Military Establishment.

Sec. 9. Whenever, during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, the Secretary of War should deem it to be advantageous to the national defense, and if in his opinion the existing facilities of the War Department are inadequate, he is hereby authorized to employ, by contract or otherwise, without reference to section 3709, Revised Statutes, civil service or classification laws, or section 5 of the Act of April 6, 1914 (38 Stat. 335), and at such rates of compensation (not to exceed $25 per day and travel expenses, including actual transportation and per diem in lieu of subsistence while traveling from their homes or places of business to official duty station and return as may be authorized in travel orders or letters of appointment for individuals) as he may determine, the services of architects, engineers, or firms or corporations thereof, and other technical and professional personnel as may be necessary.

Sec. 10. Section 3648, Revised Statutes (31 U. S. C. 529), shall not apply to payments made from appropriations contained in this Act in compliance with the laws of foreign countries or their ministerial regulations under which military attaches are required to operate or to payments made for tuition.

Sec. 11. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used to pay the salary or wages of any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided, That for the purposes hereof an affidavit shall be considered prima facie evidence that the person making the affidavit does not advocate, and is not a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided further, That any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence and accepts employment the salary or wages for which are paid from any appropriation in this Act shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than $1,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both: Provided further, That the above penalty clause shall be in addition to, and not in substitution for, any other provisions of existing law.

Sec. 12. No part of any money appropriated herein or included under any contract authority herein granted shall be expended for the payment of any commission on any land purchase contract in excess of 2 per centum of the purchase price.
Construction of quarters, limitations.

SEC. 13. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act may be obligated for the construction of quarters, including heating and plumbing apparatus, wiring and fixtures, in continental United States, except in Alaska, for greater amounts per unit than follow:

Permanent construction:
- For commissioned officer, $10,000.
- For commissioned warrant or warrant officer, $7,500.
- For enlisted man, $6,000.

Temporary construction:
- For commissioned officer, $7,500.
- For commissioned warrant or warrant officer, $5,000.
- For enlisted man, $3,500.

Disposal of defense articles.

SEC. 14. Whenever the President deems it to be in the interest of national defense, he may authorize the Secretary of War to sell, transfer title to, exchange, lease, lend, or otherwise dispose of, to the government of any country whose defense the President deems vital to the defense of the United States, defense articles procured from funds appropriated in this or prior Acts, in accordance with the provisions of the Act of March 11, 1941, as amended (22 U. S. C. 411-419) to the extent that transfers have been authorized in prior Acts: Provided, That the term "defense article" as used herein shall be deemed to include defense information and services (including furnishing of quarters, subsistence, transportation, and hospitalization of personnel, and care of the dead), whether or not such information or service is necessary to or connected with the procurement or disposition of any defense article.

Prisoners of war, etc.

SEC. 15. The Secretary of War is authorized to utilize any appropriation available for the Military Establishment, under such regulations as he may prescribe, for all expenses incident to the maintenance, pay, and allowances of prisoners of war, other persons in Army custody whose status is determined by the Secretary of War to be similar to prisoners of war, and persons detained in Army custody pursuant to Presidential proclamation.

Gages, dies, jigs, etc.

SEC. 16. The appropriations contained in this Act which are available for the procurement or manufacture of munitions of war of special or technical design may be used for the development and procurement of gages, dies, jigs, and other special aids and appliances, production studies, factory plans, and other production data, including specifications and detailed drawings, in accordance with the provisions of sections 120 and 123 of the National Defense Act, as amended. Such appropriations may also be used for the purchase of letters patent, applications for letters patent, and licenses under letters patent and applications for letters patent that pertain to such equipment or material for which the appropriations are made.

Family allowances

SEC. 17. None of the moneys appropriated by this or any other Act shall be available to the War Department or the Military Establishment for audit work for the purpose of reconciling family allowance pay-roll deductions made by disbursing officers in the field with family allowance payments to dependents of military personnel under the provisions of the Servicemen's Dependents Allowance Act of 1942.

Merger of funds.

SEC. 18. Appropriations available to the Military Establishment for the fiscal year 1945 shall remain available until June 30, 1946, and appropriations made by this Act or otherwise available to the Military Establishment shall be merged with (except as otherwise provided in this Act) and become parts of appropriations under the respective heads in the Military Appropriation Act, 1945, as amended, or otherwise available, and shall include the objects and be subject to the limitations and conditions under said heads respectively in those Acts except as otherwise provided herein: Provided, That repayments
affecting merged appropriations shall be credited to the applicable current appropriations.

SEC. 19. The appropriations for the Military Establishment and for civil functions administered by the War Department for the fiscal year 1946 shall be available for the payment of rewards, subject to such regulations as the Secretary of War shall prescribe, to civilian officers and employees in addition to their usual compensation and to persons in civil life for suggestions resulting in improvement or economy in manufacturing process or plant or military material, and for suggestions resulting in efficiency or economy in the operation or administration of the War Department and the Military Establishment, and for expenses of such nonmonetary awards, including citations, insignia, emblems, medals, and devices, as may be granted in recognition of faithful and meritorious service.

SEC. 20. During the fiscal year 1946 occupancy of Government facilities under the jurisdiction of the Military Establishment on a rental basis by personnel of the services mentioned in the title of the Pay Readjustment Act of 1942 or by their dependents shall not deprive such personnel of money allowances for rental of quarters.

SEC. 21. The application to the requirements of the War Department by the reappropriation of unexpended balances of prior years shall be deemed to be a compliance with so much of paragraph (2) of subsection (c) of section 403, as amended, of the Sixth Supplemental National Defense Appropriation Act, 1942, as reads: "Upon the withholding of any amount of excessive profits or the crediting of any amount of excessive profits against amounts otherwise due a contractor, the Secretary shall certify the amount thereof to the Treasury and the appropriations of his Department shall be reduced by an amount equal to the amount so withheld or credited. The amount of such reductions shall be transferred to the surplus fund of the Treasury".

SEC. 22. As to appropriations and contract authorizations granted for the Military Establishment contained in this Act, in addition to compliance with the provisions of section 303 of the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1944, there shall be submitted to the Appropriation Committees of the Congress on January 3, 1946, a list showing the condition of the balances of each of such appropriations and contract authorizations together with recommendations for the repeal of such of those funds or portions thereof as are deemed no longer required for the purposes for which they were granted.

SEC. 23. This Act may be cited as the "Military Appropriation Act, 1946".

Approved July 3, 1945.
Foreign Economic Administration: Salaries and expenses, $900,000;
National War Labor Board: Salaries and expenses, $700,000;
Office of Defense Transportation: Salaries and expenses, $2,950,000;
Office of Inter-American Affairs: Salaries and expenses, $307,000;
Office of Scientific Research and Development: Salaries and expenses, $18,000,000;
Office of War Information: Salaries and expenses, $4,750,000;
War Manpower Commission: General administration, $300,000;
War Production Board: Salaries and expenses, $4,000,000;
Office of Censorship: Salaries and expenses, $5,107,000;
Office of Strategic Services: Salaries and expenses, $14,000,000 and
the limitation under this head on the amount for objects of a confidenti-
tial nature is hereby decreased from "$35,000,000" to "$21,000,000";
Petroleum Administration for War: Salaries and expenses, $1,050,000;

INDEPENDENT OFFICES

Civil Service Commission:
Salaries and expenses, $375,000;
Salaries and expenses (national defense), $75,000;
General Accounting Office: Salaries, $4,000,000;
Interstate Commerce Commission: Salaries and expenses, emergency, $55,000;

FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY

Office of Education:
Education and training, defense workers (national defense):
(2) For the cost of short courses of college grade, and so
forth, $1,500,000;
(3) For the cost of vocational courses in food production,
and so forth, $3,500,000;
Public Health Service: Emergency health and sanitation activities
(national defense), $800,000;

FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY

Public Buildings Administration: Emergency safeguarding of pub-
lic buildings and property, $6,400,000;

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

War Food Administration: Salaries and expenses, $2,000,000;

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Federal property utilization, $3,000,000;

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Office of Fishery Coordination: Salaries and expenses, $25,000;
Solid Fuels Administration for War, $850,000;
War Relocation Authority: Salaries and expenses, $1,500,000;
Bureau of Mines:
Enforcement of Federal Explosives Act, $35,000;
Protection of mineral resources and facilities (national
defense), $95,000;
Construction and equipment of helium plants, $500,000;
Manganese beneficiation pilot plants and research (national
defense), $100,000;
Production of alumina from low-grade bauxite, aluminum clays
and alunite (national defense), $185,000;
Investigation of bauxite and alunite ores and aluminum clay deposits (national defense), $187,000, and the amount under this head available to the Geological Survey is hereby decreased from "$317,000" to "$205,000";
Magnesium pilot plants and research (national defense), $90,000;
Reduction in zinc concentrates with methane gas (national defense), $75,000;
Government in the Territories: Emergency fund, Territories and island possessions (national defense), $4,000,000;

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Legal activities and general administration:
For the Criminal Division, $200,000;
Salaries and expenses, Lands Division, $375,000;
Salaries and expenses, War Division, $55,000;
Federal Bureau of Investigation: Salaries and expenses, detection and prosecution of crimes (emergency), $6,400,000;

TREASURY DEPARTMENT

Office of the Secretary: Loan to District of Columbia for black-out expenses, $100,000;
Foreign funds control, $1,000,000;
Bureau of the Public Debt: Salaries and expenses, $550,000;
Office of the Treasurer of the United States: Salaries, $440,000;
In all, $92,119,000.
Approved July 3, 1945.

[CHAPTER 267]

AN ACT

To amend an Act entitled "An Act to create a revenue in the District of Columbia by levying a tax upon all dogs personal property, and for other purposes", approved June 19, 1878, as amended.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act entitled "An Act to create a revenue in the District of Columbia by levying a tax upon all dogs personal property, and for other purposes", approved June 19, 1878, as amended, be and the same is hereby further amended as follows:

Section 1 of said Act is hereby amended to read as follows:
"That there shall be levied a tax of $3 each per annum upon all dogs owned or kept in the District of Columbia; said tax to be collected as other taxes in said District are or may be collected."

Sec. 2. Section 3 of said Act is hereby amended by adding thereto the following proviso: "Provided, That no owner, keeper, or purchaser, shall be permitted to redeem any dog seized and impounded as aforesaid, nor shall the Poundmaster deliver any dog to an owner, keeper, or purchaser, unless such owner, keeper, or purchaser shall first satisfy the Poundmaster that he has obtained for such dog the tax tag provided for in section 2 of this Act, and if at such time there shall be in force a proclamation of the Commissioners requiring dogs to be vaccinated against rabies, such owner, keeper, or purchaser shall also satisfy the Poundmaster that such dog has been vaccinated against rabies in accordance with such proclamation."

Sec. 3. Section 7 of said Act is hereby amended to read as follows:
"Sec. 7. Whenever it shall be made to appear to the Commissioners that any dog or other animal within the District is afflicted with rabies, or is suspected of being rabid, or whenever said Commissioners shall
be notified by the Health Officer of the District of Columbia that rabies may spread within said District, said Commissioners are hereby empowered to issue proclamations requiring such of the following measures as said Commissioners may deem necessary with respect to any or all dogs or other animals within said District: (1) Muzzling; (2) leashing; (3) confinement or quarantine; (4) vaccination against rabies. Such measure or measures shall be required for such periods or at such times as the Commissioners may designate in any such proclamation. The Commissioners are hereby authorized to prescribe in any such proclamation such regulations as may be necessary to carry out the measure or measures required.

"Whenever the Commissioners shall by proclamation require dogs or other animals in the District to be vaccinated against rabies, the owners or keepers of such dogs or other animals may have such vaccination done at their own expense by private veterinarians or at the expense of the District of Columbia by veterinarians designated for that purpose by the Commissioners. For the purposes of this section, the Commissioners are authorized and directed to provide the necessary personnel and facilities, including vaccine tags and vaccine.

"Any person violating any provision of any such proclamation shall be punished by a fine of not more than $300 or imprisonment for not more than ninety days."

Approved July 5, 1945.

[CHAPTER 268] AN ACT

To amend the District of Columbia Alley Dwelling Act, approved June 12, 1934, as amended.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 4 (b) of the Act known as the "District of Columbia Alley Dwelling Act", approved June 12, 1934, as amended, be amended further to read as follows:

"(b) On and after July 1, 1946, it shall be unlawful to use or occupy any alley building or structure as a dwelling in the District of Columbia."

SEC. 2. That section 6 of such Act, as amended, be further amended by striking "1945" and inserting in lieu thereof "1946".

Approved July 5, 1945.

[CHAPTER 269] AN ACT

To extend the authority of the President under section 350 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the period during which the President is authorized to enter into foreign trade agreements under section 350 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended and extended, is hereby extended for a further period of three years from June 12, 1945.

SEC. 2. (a) The second sentence of subsection (a) (2) of such section, as amended (U. S. C., 1940 edition, Supp. IV, title 19, sec. 1351 (a) (2)), is amended to read as follows: "No proclamation shall be made increasing or decreasing by more than 50 per centum any rate of duty, however established, existing on January 1, 1945 (even though temporarily suspended by Act of Congress), or transferring any article between the dutiable and free lists."
(b) The proviso of subsection (b) of such section (U. S. C., 1940 edition, sec. 1351 (b)) is amended to read as follows: "Provided, That the duties on such an article shall in no case be increased or decreased by more than 50 per centum of the duties, however established, existing on January 1, 1945 (even though temporarily suspended by Act of Congress)"

Sec. 3. Such section 350 is further amended by adding at the end thereof a new subsection to read as follows:

"(d) (1) When any rate of duty has been increased or decreased for the duration of war or an emergency, by agreement or otherwise, any further increase or decrease shall be computed upon the basis of the post-war or post-emergency rate carried in such agreement or otherwise.

"(2) Where under a foreign trade agreement the United States has reserved the unqualified right to withdraw or modify, after the termination of war or an emergency, a rate on a specific commodity, the rate on such commodity to be considered as 'existing on January 1, 1945' for the purpose of this section shall be the rate which would have existed if the agreement had not been entered into.

"(3) No proclamation shall be made pursuant to this section for the purpose of carrying out any foreign trade agreement the proclamation with respect to which has been terminated in whole by the President prior to the date this subsection is enacted."

Sec. 4. Section 4 of the Act entitled "An Act to amend the Tariff Act of 1930", approved June 12, 1934 (U. S. C., 1940 edition, title 19, sec. 1354), relating to the governmental agencies from which the President shall seek information and advice with respect to foreign trade agreements, is amended by inserting after "Departments of State," the following: "War, Navy,".

Approved July 5, 1945.

[CHAPTER 270]

AN ACT

To remove restrictions to the appointment of retired officers of the United States Public Health Service or retired civilian employees of the United States Government or District of Columbia government as Superintendent of Gallinger Municipal Hospital in the District of Columbia, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That notwithstanding the limitations of existing law, the Commissioners of the District of Columbia may appoint any retired officer of the United States Public Health Service or any retired civilian employee of the United States Government or District of Columbia government to the position of Superintendent of Gallinger Municipal Hospital and pay him a salary at the rate of $8,000 per annum and in addition to pay him at the rate of not to exceed $1,500 per annum for commutation of living quarters until such time as a new Superintendent’s residence at said hospital has been constructed and is ready for occupancy. Such retired officer or retired civilian employee may receive such salary and commutation of living quarters or his retired pay or retirement benefits, whichever he may elect. If he elects to receive his retired pay or retirement benefits he shall receive neither such salary nor such commutation of living quarters. If he elects to receive such salary, with or without commutation of living quarters, he shall not receive his retired pay or retirement benefits, but any such retired officer or retired civilian employee who elects to receive such salary shall not, because of his appointment to or service in such position as Superintendent, be deprived of his status as such retired officer or retired civilian
Making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1945, and for prior fiscal years, to provide supplemental appropriations for the fiscal years ending June 30, 1945, and June 30, 1946, to provide appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1945, and for prior fiscal years, to provide supplemental appropriations for the fiscal years ending June 30, 1945, and June 30, 1946, to provide appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for other purposes, namely:

TITLE I—GENERAL APPROPRIATIONS

LEGISLATIVE

Senate

For payment to Julia M. Scrugham, widow of James G. Scrugham, late a Senator from the State of Nevada, $10,000.

For the payment of twenty-one pages for the Senate Chamber, at $5 per day each, for the period July 1, 1945, to December 31, 1945, both dates inclusive, fiscal year 1946, $19,320.

The Legislative Branch Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1946 hereby is amended by inserting “and $1,400 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent” immediately following the words “Postmaster, $3,600”, and the necessary amount hereby is authorized to be expended from the appropriation for “Salaries of officers and employees of the Senate”, beginning July 1, 1945.

For an additional amount for expenses of inquiries and investigations ordered by the Senate, including compensation to stenographers of committees, at such rate as may be fixed by the Committee to Audit and Control the Contingent Expenses of the Senate, but not exceeding 25 cents per hundred words, fiscal year 1945, $50,000: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be expended except in accordance with the provisions of the Subsistence Expense Act of 1926 approved June 3, 1926, as amended.

Senate restaurants: For payment to the Architect of the Capitol in accordance with the Act approved September 9, 1942 (Public Law Numbered 709, Seventy-seventh Congress), fiscal year 1945, $6,000.
CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE HOUSE

Telegraph and telephone: For an additional amount for telegraph and telephone service, exclusive of personal services, fiscal year 1945, $37,500.

SALARIES, OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES

Committee employees: For an additional amount to pay the second assistant clerk, Committee on Claims, additional compensation at the rate of $1,000 per annum so long as the position is held by the present incumbent, as authorized by House Resolution Numbered 290, of June 8, 1945, fiscal year 1946, $1,000.

Capitol Police force under the Sergeant at Arms: The compensation rates named under this head in the Legislative Branch Appropriation Act, 1946, are hereby increased from $1,740 each to $2,000 each for lieutenants, from $1,680 each to $1,920 each for sergeants, and for $1,620 each to $1,800 each for privates, and for payment of such increases, fiscal year 1946, $12,780.

Doorkeeper's office: For payment of fifty pages, including ten pages for duty at the entrances to the Hall of the House, from July 1 to December 31, 1945, both dates inclusive, at $5 per day each, fiscal year 1946, $46,000.

COMMITTEE ON FEDERAL EXPENDITURES

For an amount which is hereby authorized to enable the Joint Committee on Reduction of Nonessential Federal Expenditures to carry out the duties imposed upon it by section 601 of the Revenue Act of 1941 (55 Stat. 726), to remain available during the existence of the committee, $10,000; to enable the committee to perform the additional duties required of it for economy studies incident to the reorganization of the executive branch, $10,000; in all, $20,000, one-half to be disbursed by the Secretary of the Senate and the other half by the Clerk of the House on vouchers approved by the chairman of the committee.

GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

Working capital and congressional printing and binding, 1945: The amount available for the printing, binding, and distribution of the Federal Register is hereby increased to $520,000 for the fiscal year 1945: Provided, That no increase is thereby made in the existing appropriation for working capital and congressional printing and binding.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

The White House Office

For all expenses incident to the death and burial of Franklin Delano Roosevelt, including undertakers' charges and expenses of transportation from Warm Springs, Georgia, to Washington, District of Columbia, and thence to Hyde Park, New York, fiscal years 1945 and 1946, $14,800, to be expended under the direction of the President: Provided, That no payment shall be made from this appropriation to any officer or employee of the Government for personal or professional services.
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Ante, p. 106.


Post, p. 658.

Employment of aliens.

41 U. S. C. • 5.

Test purchases.


Traveling expenses.

50 U. S. C., Supp. IV, app. • 1152.


Ante, pp. 51, 306 et seq.

Ante, p. 79.

55 Stat. 855.

EXECUTIVE MANSION AND GROUNDS

For extraordinary repairs to and furnishing the Executive Mansion, to be expended as the President may determine, notwithstanding the provisions of any other Act, fiscal year 1946, $50,000, to remain available until June 30, 1947.

FOREIGN WAR RELIEF

Not to exceed $2,150,000 of the appropriation “Foreign war relief” contained in the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1942, is hereby continued available until December 31, 1945, to provide for the termination of the program for which such appropriation was made.

WAR REFUGEE BOARD

Not to exceed $16,000 of the authorization for the expenditure by the War Refugee Board of $150,000 from the Emergency Fund for the President, contained in the First Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1945, is hereby continued available until June 30, 1946, for completing the liquidation of the activities of such Board.

OFFICE OF PRICE ADMINISTRATION

Salaries and expenses: For all necessary expenses of the Office of Price Administration in carrying out the provisions of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended by the Act of October 2, 1949 (50 U. S. C. App. 901), and the provisions of the Act of May 31, 1941 (55 Stat. 236), as amended by the Second War Powers Act, 1942 (50 U. S. C. App. 622), and Acts amending or supplementing such Acts, and all other powers, duties, and functions which may be lawfully delegated to the Office of Price Administration, including expenses of in-service training of employees, including salaries and traveling expenses of instructors; not to exceed $55,000 for the employment of aliens; not to exceed $30,000 for the temporary employment of persons or organizations, by contract or otherwise, without regard to section 3709, Revised Statutes, or the civil-service and classification laws; contract stenographic reporting services without regard to said section 3709; witness fees; printing and binding (not to exceed $1,470,000, which limitation shall not apply to the printing of forms prescribed for use of trade or public, instructions, regulations, coupon books, price lists, and printing required for litigation); not to exceed $1,000,000 for test purchases, without regard to section 3648, Revised Statutes, and the Act of December 29, 1941 (51 U. S. C. 529 and 82b), of commodities, services, or ration currency for enforcement purposes, authorization in each case to have approval prior to purchase of the Administrator, regional administrator, or the district director in the region or district in which the purchase is contemplated; traveling expenses (not to exceed $7,949,700), including reimbursement, at not to exceed 3 cents per mile, of employees for expenses incurred by them in official travel in privately owned automobiles within the limits of their official stations, and expenses of appointees from point of induction in continental United States to their first post of duty in the Territories.
and return; hire of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles; not to exceed $5,210,550 for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364); fiscal year 1946, $174,500,000: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be used for the compensation of any officer, agent, clerk, or other employee of the United States who shall divulge or make known in any manner whatever to any person the operations, style of work, or apparatus of any manufacturer or producer visited by him in the discharge of his official duties, or the amount or source of income, profits, losses, expenditures, or any particular thereof, set forth or disclosed in any questionnaire, report, return, or document, required or requested to be filed by order or regulation of the Administrator or to permit any questionnaire, report, return, or document or copy thereof or any book containing any abstract or particulars thereof to be seen or examined by any person except as provided by law; nor for any person who shall print or publish in any manner whatever, except as hereinafter provided, any questionnaire, report, return, or document or any part thereof or source of income, profits, losses, expenditures, or methods of doing business, appearing in any questionnaire, report, return, or document: Provided further, That the foregoing provisions shall not be construed to prevent or prohibit the publication or disclosure of studies, graphs, charts, or other documents of like general character wherein individual statistics or the source thereof is not disclosed or identified directly or indirectly nor to prevent the furnishing in confidence to the War Department, the Navy Department, or the United States Maritime Commission, such data and information as may be requested by them for use in the performance of their official duties: Provided further, That no part of this appropriation shall be available for making any subsidy payments: Provided further, That no part of this appropriation shall be used to enforce any maximum price or prices on any agricultural commodity or any commodity processed or manufactured in whole or substantial part from any agricultural commodity, including milk and its products and livestock, unless and until (1) the Secretary of Agriculture has determined and published for such agricultural commodity the prices specified in section 3 (a) of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended by Public Law 729, approved October 2, 1942, as amended; (2) in case of a comparable price for such agricultural commodity, the Secretary of Agriculture has held public hearings and determined and published such comparable price in the manner prescribed by section 3 (b) of said Act as amended; and (3) the Secretary of Agriculture has determined after investigation and proclaimed that the maximum price or prices so established on any such agricultural commodity, including milk and its product and livestock, will reflect to the producer of such agricultural commodity a price in conformity with section 3 (c) of said Act as amended: Provided further, That such maximum price or prices shall conform in all respects to the provisions of section 3 of Public Law 729 approved October 2, 1942, as amended: Provided further, That any employee of the Office of Price Administration is authorized and empowered, when designated for the purpose by the head of the agency, to administer to or take from any person an oath, affirmation, or affidavit when such instrument is required in connection with the performance of the functions or activities of said Office: Provided further, That no part of this appropriation shall be directly or indirectly used for the payment of the salary or expenses of any person who directs the formulation of any price policy, maximum price, or price ceiling with respect to any article or commodity unless, in the judgment of the
Salary, etc., of persons fixing certain maximum prices.

Appropriations and contract authorizations. Report and recommendations to Congress.

68 Stat. 623.


Post, p. 430.

Administrator and assistants.

Travel expenses.

54 Stat. 1105.
5 U. S. C. § 73c-1; Supp. IV, § 73c-1 note.

Advances to certain employees.

Printing and binding. Emergency expenses.

Salaries and expenses: For all expenses necessary to enable the Foreign Economic Administration to carry out its functions and activities, including salaries of the Administrator at $12,000 per annum except that such salary shall be $15,000 per annum during the incumbency of the present Administrator, one Deputy Administrator at $10,000 per annum, and four assistants to the Administrator at $9,000 per annum each; employment of aliens; temporary employment of persons or organizations by contract or otherwise without regard to the civil-service and classification laws (not exceeding $100,000); travel expenses (not exceeding $234,000 for travel within continental United States), including expenses of employees of the Administration and the transportation of their personal effects to their first posts of duty outside continental United States and return to their homes; transportation of dependents and household goods and effects, in accordance with the Act of October 10, 1940, from foreign countries to their homes in the United States of employees of the Foreign Economic Administration and the State Department for whom such expenses to a foreign country were authorized and paid from funds allocated to the Board of Economic Warfare; advances of money, upon the furnishing of bond, to employees traveling outside continental United States, in such sums as the Administrator shall direct; reimbursement of employees for loss of personal effects in case of marine or aircraft disaster; rental of news-reporting services; purchase of, or subscription to, commercial and trade reports; printing and binding (not exceeding $102,500); fiscal year 1946, $16,750,000, of which amount not to exceed $75,000 shall be available for payment, or reimbursement to employees, as determined by the Administrator, for emergency or extraordinary expenses in connection with operations in foreign countries, without regard to
the provisions of law regulating the expenditure, accounting for, and audit of Government funds. Provided, That not to exceed $1,200,000 of the amount herein appropriated shall be available for expenditures of a confidential character to be expended under the direction of the Administrator, who shall make a certificate of the amount of each such expenditure which he may think it advisable not to specify, and every such certificate shall be deemed a sufficient voucher for the amount therein certified.

Penalty mail costs, Foreign Economic Administration: For deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail of the Foreign Economic Administration as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364), fiscal year 1946, $48,420, together with not to exceed $1,500 of the funds made available for administrative expenses to the Export-Import Bank of Washington, the Rubber Development Corporation, and the U. S. Commercial Company.

Penalty mail costs, 1945—Foreign Economic Administration: The limitation in the First Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1945, on the amount for penalty mail for the Foreign Economic Administration is hereby increased from $47,453 to $51,000.

Payments for articles and materials requisitioned: For the purpose of making payments to the owners thereof for articles requisitioned under authority of the Acts of October 10, 1940, and October 16, 1941, as amended (50 U. S. C. App. 711 and 721), the unexpended balance as of June 30, 1945, of the fund consisting of (1) the allocation of $200,000 to the Economic Defense Board from the emergency fund for the President by letter of November 26, 1941, and (2) the receipts credited to said appropriation by said Act of October 10, 1940, as amended and reallocated for the same purpose by said letter of allocation, is hereby continued available to the Foreign Economic Administration for the fiscal year 1946: Provided, That receipts of the sales of articles requisitioned by said Administrator under authority of said Act of October 16, 1941, shall be deposited to the credit of this fund and be immediately available for the purposes thereof.

**Export-Import Bank of Washington**

Export-Import Bank of Washington, administrative expenses: Not to exceed $372,700 of the funds of the Export-Import Bank of Washington, continued as an agency of the Government by the Act of September 26, 1940 (15 U. S. C. 713b), shall be available during the fiscal year 1946 for all administrative expenses of the bank, including personal services and rent in the District of Columbia; travel expenses, in accordance with the Standardized Government Travel Regulations and the Act of June 3, 1926, as amended (5 U. S. C. 821-833); printing and binding; lawbooks and books of reference; not to exceed $100 for periodicals, $200 for newspapers, and $200 for maps; and not to exceed $24,000 for the temporary employment of persons or organizations for special services by contract or otherwise, without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes and the civil-service and classification laws: Provided, That all necessary expenses (including special services performed on a contract or fee basis, but not including other personal services) in connection with the acquisition, operation, maintenance, improvement, or disposition of any real or personal property belonging to the bank or in which it has an interest, including expenses of collections of pledged collateral, shall be considered as nonadministrative expenses for the purposes hereof: Provided further, That sections 102, 103, and 104 of the National War Agencies Appropriation Act, 1946, shall have no application to this appropriation.
Rubber Development Corporation, administrative expenses: Not
to exceed $1,201,500 of the funds of the Rubber Development
Corporation shall be available during the fiscal year 1946 for the admin-
istrative expenses of said Corporation, including rent in the District
of Columbia; travel expenses, in accordance with the Standardized
Government Travel Regulations and the Act of June 3, 1926, as
amended (5 U. S. C. §21-83); printing and binding; and not to
exceed $250 for periodicals and newspapers: Provided, That expenses
incurred (1) for services performed within the limits of continental
United States on a force account, contract, or fee basis, (2) for
services performed and commodities acquired outside such limits,
and (3) for the procurement of supplies and equipment to be used
outside such limits in connection with the production, acquisition,
protection, operation, maintenance, improvement, or disposition of
real or personal property belonging to said Corporation, shall be
considered as nonadministrative expenses for the purposes hereof:
Provided further, That sections 103 and 104 of the National War
Agencies Appropriation Act, 1946, shall have no application to the
funds authorized to be expended in this paragraph.

U. S. Commercial Company, administrative expenses: Not to
exceed $3,129,600 of the funds of the U. S. Commercial Company
shall be available during the fiscal year 1946 for the administrative
expenses of said Company, including rent in the District of Colum-
bia; and printing and binding: Provided, That all necessary expenses
(including services performed on a force account, contract or fee
basis, but not including other personal services except those which
the Company's prescribed accounting system requires to be charged
to the cost of a commodity or project) in connection with the
acquisition, protection, operation, maintenance, improvement, or dis-
position of real or personal property belonging to said Company
or in which it has an interest, shall be considered as nonadministra-
tive expenses for the purposes hereof: Provided further, That sec-
tions 103 and 104 of the National War Agencies Appropriation Act,
1946, shall have no application to the funds authorized to be expended
in this paragraph.

Those general provisions in the National War Agency Appropria-
tion Act, 1946, applicable to the constituent agencies of the Office for
Emergency Management, and those general provisions in such Act
generally applicable to all agencies in such Act, are hereby made,
applicable to the same extent, except as otherwise provided, to the
foregoing appropriations or paragraphs in this Act under the Office
for Emergency Management.

OFFICE OF INTER-AMERICAN AFFAIRS

Salaries and expenses: The limitation in the First Supplemental
Appropriation Act, 1945, on the amount for penalty mail for the
Office of the Coordinator of Inter-American Affairs (now Office of
Inter-American Affairs) is hereby increased from "$4,625" to "$9,000".

INDEPENDENT ESTABLISHMENTS

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount for salaries and
expenses, Civil Service Commission, fiscal year 1946, including the
objects specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appro-
appropriation Act, 1946, $670,000, which amount, together with the appropriation to which added, shall be available for medical examinations performed for veterans by private physicians at the direction of the Commission, and for all expenses necessary for administering the Federal Employees' Pay Act of 1945.

FEDERAL POWER COMMISSION

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount for “Penalty mail costs”, Federal Power Commission, fiscal year 1945, $300.

FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY

PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE

Pay of personnel and maintenance of hospitals, Public Health Service: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1945, for “Pay of personnel and maintenance of hospitals, Public Health Service”, including the objects specified under this head in the Federal Security Agency Appropriation Act, 1945, $600,000.

FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY

OFFICE OF THE ADMINISTRATOR

War public works (community facilities): For an additional amount to enable the Federal Works Administrator to carry out the functions vested in him by titles II and III of the Act of October 14, 1940, as amended (42 U. S. C. 1531-1534 and 1541), $20,000,000, to remain available during the continuance of the unlimited national emergency declared by the President on May 27, 1941, but not to be available for obligation for new projects after June 30, 1946, of which amount not to exceed $800,000 shall be available for administrative expenses, including the objects specified under the head “Defense public works (community facilities)” in the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1941, and the joint resolution approved December 23, 1941 (Public Law 371): Provided, That in making allocations out of the funds appropriated in this paragraph for construction projects priority shall be given to emergency projects involving an estimated cost to the Federal Government of less than $250,000: Provided further, That the amount appropriated in this paragraph shall not be available for obligation until the enactment of H. R. 3278 of the Seventy-ninth Congress.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS ADMINISTRATION

Salaries and expenses, public buildings and grounds in the District of Columbia and adjacent area: For an additional amount for “Salaries and expenses, public buildings and grounds in the District of Columbia and adjacent area”, fiscal year 1945, including the objects specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1945, $259,000.

Salaries and expenses, public buildings and grounds outside the District of Columbia: For an additional amount for “Salaries and expenses, public buildings and grounds outside the District of Columbia”, fiscal year 1945, including the objects specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1945, $390,000.

PUBLIC ROADS ADMINISTRATION

Damage claims: For the payment of claims for damage to roads and highways under the Defense Highway Act of 1941, as amended
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(23 U.S.C. 110), as follows: “The Commissioner of Public Roads is authorized to reimburse the several States for the necessary rehabilitation or repair of roads and highways of States or their subdivisions substantially damaged by the Army or the Navy, or both, by any other agency of the Government, and so forth,” as fully set forth in Senate Document Numbered 61, and House Document Numbered 234, Seventy-ninth Congress, §212,114.10.

FILIPINO REHABILITATION COMMISSION

For necessary expenses of the Filipino Rehabilitation Commission as authorized by the Act of June 29, 1944 (Public Law 381), including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere without regard to the civil-service and classification laws; printing and binding; lawbooks, books of reference, and periodicals; newspapers; purchase, maintenance, operation, and repair of passenger automobiles; temporary employment of persons or organizations by contract or otherwise without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes or the Classification Act of 1923, as amended; travel expenses, when specifically authorized by the Commission, without regard to the Standardized Government Travel Regulations or the Subsistence Expense Act of 1926, as amended; fiscal year 1946, $50,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That this appropriation shall be construed as having been available for expenditure from July 1, 1944, but, except for the compensation of the United States members of the Commission, no expenditures shall be made from this appropriation until an amount equal thereto, after deducting the amount of such compensation, has been contributed by the Commonwealth of the Philippines.

NATIONAL HOUSING AGENCY

War housing: Subject to the other limitations under this head in the First Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1945, the availability of the appropriation “War housing”, National Housing Agency, for obligation for new projects is hereby extended to December 31, 1945: Provided, That as to any project in which the War Department or the Navy Department does not have a paramount interest, no obligation shall be incurred unless and until the Director of the Bureau of the Budget shall have determined its essentiality to the prosecution of the war.

NATIONAL LABOR RELATIONS BOARD

The transfer of not to exceed $60,000 from the appropriation “Printing and binding, National Labor Relations Board, 1945”, to the appropriation “Salaries, National Labor Relations Board, 1945”, is hereby authorized.

UNITED STATES MARITIME COMMISSION

Penalty mail: The limitation in the First Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1945, on the amount for penalty mail for the United States Maritime Commission and the War Shipping Administration, is hereby increased from “$83,250” to “$100,000”.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

Board of Tax Appeals: For an additional amount for the “Board of Tax Appeals”, fiscal year 1945, including the objects specified in the appropriation for this purpose in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1945, §285.
FISCAL SERVICE

Auditor's office: For an additional amount for the "Auditor's office", fiscal year 1945, including the objects specified in the appropriation for this purpose in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1945, $5,350.

PUBLIC LIBRARY

Operating expenses: For an additional amount for "Operating expenses", Public Library, fiscal year 1945, including the objects specified in the appropriation for this purpose in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1945, $8,300.

PUBLIC WELFARE

National Training School for Boys: For an additional amount for care and maintenance of boys committed to the National Training School for Boys by the courts of the District of Columbia, fiscal year 1944, $3,370.

Saint Elizabeths Hospital: For an additional amount for support of indigent insane of the District of Columbia in Saint Elizabeths Hospital, fiscal year 1945, $34,000.

PUBLIC WORKS

Operating expenses, office of Superintendent of District Buildings: For an additional amount for "Operating expenses, Office of Superintendent of District Buildings", fiscal year 1945, including the objects specified in the appropriation for this purpose in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1945, $4,400.

WATER SERVICE

Refunding water rents: For an additional amount for the fiscal year 1943 for the refunding of water rents and other water charges erroneously paid in the District of Columbia, to be refunded in the manner prescribed by law for the refunding of erroneously paid taxes, payable from the water fund, $34.72.

JUDGMENTS

For the payment of final judgments, including costs, rendered against the District of Columbia, as set forth in House Documents Numbered 209 and 238, together with such further sum as may be necessary to pay the interest at not exceeding 4 per centum per annum on such judgments, as provided by law, from the date the same became due until the date of payment, $4,186.25.

AUDITED CLAIMS

For the payment of the following claims, certified to be due by the accounting officers of the District of Columbia, under the appropriations listed below, the balances of which have been exhausted or carried to the surplus fund under the provisions of section 5 of the Act of June 20, 1874 (31 U. S. C. 713), being for the service of the fiscal year 1942 and prior fiscal years:

- Fire Department, expenses, District of Columbia, 1942, fire-fighting apparatus, $16,474;
- District Buildings, expenses, District of Columbia, 1942, $11.76;
- Health Department, medical services, District of Columbia, 1942, $11.09;
Sponsor's contributions to Work Projects Administration, non-construction projects, District of Columbia, 1942, $28,35;
Street improvements, highway funds, District of Columbia, 1942, $5.00;
Printing and binding, District of Columbia, 1941 and 1942, $50.01;
Health Department, laboratories, District of Columbia, 1941, $4.95;
Jail, expenses, District of Columbia, 1941, $10.50;
Division of Child Welfare, board and care of children, District of Columbia, 1940, 92 cents;
District offices, expenses, District of Columbia, 1940, $3.75;
In all, $17,462.46.

**DIVISION OF EXPENSES**

The foregoing sums for the District of Columbia, unless otherwise therein specifically provided, shall be paid out of the revenues of the District of Columbia and the Treasury of the United States in the manner prescribed by the District of Columbia Appropriation Acts for the respective fiscal years for which such sums are provided.

**DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE**

**OFFICE OF THE SOLICITOR**

Office of the Solicitor: For an additional amount for the Office of the Solicitor, fiscal year 1946, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1946, $130,000.

**EXTENSION SERVICE**

For carrying into effect Public Law 76, Seventy-ninth Congress, approved June 6, 1945, for cooperative agricultural extension work, fiscal year 1946, $4,500,000.

**CONSERVATION AND USE OF AGRICULTURAL LAND RESOURCES**

For an additional amount for conservation and use of agricultural land resources, fiscal year 1946, for compliance with programs under the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, including the measurement of burley tobacco acreages, to be consolidated with the sum of $22,911,200 made available for salaries and other administrative expenses under this head in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1946, $408,000.

**RURAL ELECTRIFICATION ADMINISTRATION**

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount for “Salaries and expenses”, Rural Electrification Administration, fiscal year 1946, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1946, and including $200 additional for newspapers, $650,000, together with the unobligated balance of the appropriation made under this head in the First Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1945.

Loans: For an additional amount for “Loans”, Rural Electrification Administration, fiscal year 1946, $120,000,000, which sum shall be borrowed from the Reconstruction Finance Corporation in accordance with the provisions of section 3 (a) of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended.

**EMERGENCY RUBBER PROJECT**

Emergency rubber project: The appropriation entitled “Emergency rubber project” in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1946, is hereby amended to read as follows:
"For all expenses necessary to enable the Secretary to carry into effect the Act of March 5, 1942, as amended (7 U. S. C. 171-175), including the harvesting and delivery of guayule shrub to the Rubber Reserve Company, a Government-owned corporation, for processing in mills to be operated by said Company; personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; printing and binding without regard to section 11 of the Act of March 1, 1919 (44 U. S. C. 111); purchase of books of reference and periodicals; erection of necessary buildings; procurement of medical supplies or services for emergency use in the field; and the acceptance of donations of land and rubber-bearing plants, and furnishing to employees daily transportation between points of assembly and work projects, there is hereby continued available, in accordance with section 3 of said Act of March 5, 1942, not to exceed $4,253,662 of the unobligated balances of appropriations made under this head for the fiscal years 1942 and 1943, which balances shall be merged with the appropriation made under this head in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1944: Provided, That any proceeds from the sales of guayule, rubber processed from guayule, or other rubber-bearing plants, or from other sales, rentals, and fees resulting from operations under such Act of March 5, 1942, as amended, shall be covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts: Provided further, That guayule shrub may be sold to the Rubber Reserve Company, at a price reflecting the net realization from the sale of the rubber recovered from such shrub in mills operated by said Company after deducting the cost of milling and amortization of the cost of mills constructed for the purpose by said Company."

COMMODITY CREDIT CORPORATION

Salaries and administrative expenses: For an additional amount for "Salaries and administrative expenses", Commodity Credit Corporation, fiscal year 1946, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1946, $587,500, payable from the funds of said Corporation.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", fiscal year 1946, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, $85,325.

Printing and binding: For an additional amount for "Printing and binding," fiscal year 1946, $65,000.

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

Compiling census reports, and so forth: For an additional amount for "Compiling census reports, and so forth", fiscal year 1946, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, $60,000.

OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATOR OF CIVIL AERONAUTICS

General administration, Office of the Administrator: For an additional amount for "General administration, Office of the Administrator", fiscal year 1946, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, $150,000.
Establishment of air-navigation facilities: For an additional amount for “Establishment of air-navigation facilities”, fiscal year 1946, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, $27,000.

Maintenance and operation of air-navigation facilities: For an additional amount for “Maintenance and operation of air-navigation facilities”, fiscal year 1946, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, $1,040,000.

Enforcement of safety regulations: For an additional amount for “Enforcement of safety regulations”, fiscal year 1946, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946; and including the purchase (not to exceed seventy-four) of passenger-carrying automobiles, $400,000.

Construction of cafeteria, Washington National Airport: For the construction of a cafeteria at the Washington National Airport, $156,000, to remain available until expended.

BUREAU OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC COMMERCE

Departmental salaries and expenses: For an additional amount for “Departmental salaries and expenses”, fiscal year 1946, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, $75,000, and the limitation on the amount which may be expended for personal services is hereby increased from “$1,860,000” to “$1,929,250”.

WEATHER BUREAU

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount for “Salaries and expenses”, fiscal year 1946, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, $400,000.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

GENERAL LAND OFFICE

Registers: For an additional amount for registers, fiscal year 1945, $1,777.14.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

For an additional amount for payment of Sioux benefits to Indians of the Sioux Reservations, as authorized by the Act of March 2, 1889 (25 Stat. 895), as amended, fiscal year 1945, $27,550.

BUREAU OF RECLAMATION

Shoshone project, Wyoming: The limitation under the head “Shoshone project, Wyoming”, in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1945, upon the amount that may be expended from power revenues for the operation and maintenance of the power system is hereby increased from $50,000 to $85,300.

Reclamation fund, special fund, Rio Grande project, New Mexico-Texas: Rio Grande project, New Mexico-Texas, $490,000, to be expended from the reclamation fund, special fund, construction, and to remain available until expended.

BUREAU OF MINES

Enforcement of Federal Explosives Act: The limitation in the appropriation “Enforcement of Federal Explosives Act”, in the
Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1945, on the amount which may be expended for printing and binding is hereby increased from "$5,000" to "$15,500".

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

For the settlement in full, including expenses incidental thereto, of the claim of Henry Weibert, or any other successors in interest under allotment numbered 423 of White Goose, to a certain tract of land containing approximately ten acres, in the southeast quarter southwest quarter section 18, township 3 south, range 35 east, Montana principal meridian, which allotted lands partially overlap the Custer Battlefield National Cemetery, Montana, fiscal year 1946, $250.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

LEGAL ACTIVITIES AND GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

Salaries and expenses, Lands Division: For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses, Lands Division", fiscal year 1942, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Justice Appropriation Act, 1942, $4,680.33.

Salaries and expenses of district attorneys, and so forth: For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses of district attorneys, and so forth", fiscal year 1945, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Justice Appropriation Act, 1945, $100,000.

Salaries and expenses of marshals, and so forth: For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses of marshals, and so forth", fiscal year 1945, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Justice Appropriation Act, 1945, $275,000.

Pay and expenses of bailiffs: For an additional amount for "Pay and expenses of bailiffs", fiscal year 1945, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Justice Appropriation Act, 1945, $70,000.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION


FEDERAL PRISON SYSTEM

Salaries and expenses, penal and correctional institutions: For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses, penal and correctional institutions", fiscal year 1945, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Justice Appropriation Act, 1945, $350,000.

NAVY DEPARTMENT

For additional amounts for appropriations for the Navy Department and naval service, fiscal years 1943, 1945, and 1946, to be supplemental to the appropriations and funds in the respective naval appropriation Acts for such fiscal years, including the objects and subject to the limitations specified under the respective heads and to the provisions under the head "General provisions", contained in such Acts, except as otherwise provided herein, as follows:

NAVAL ESTABLISHMENT

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Operation and conservation of naval petroleum reserves: For the Navy Department's share of expenses in connection with the exploration and prospecting as authorized by Public Law 343, approved June 17, 1944, of Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1, including the purchase of any outstanding privately owned interests in lands and equipment thereon located within said Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1, fiscal year 1946, $7,570,000.

BUREAU OF SHIPS

Maintenance, Bureau of Ships: The appropriation “Maintenance, Bureau of Ships, 1942”, including that portion thereof which was made available for obligation until June 30, 1943, by Public Law 626, approved June 23, 1942, and the appropriation “Maintenance, Bureau of Ships, 1943”, shall remain available until June 30, 1946, for the payment of obligations legally incurred under contracts entered into on or before June 30, 1943.

BUREAU OF SUPPLIES AND ACCOUNTS

Pay, subsistence, and transportation, Navy, for the fiscal years that follow:
- Fiscal year 1943, $4,800,000;
- Fiscal year 1945, $695,719,000.

Maintenance, Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, Navy, 1943, $250,000.

Fuel and transportation, Navy, 1945, $53,000,000.

Transfer of funds. The Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized and directed to transfer the sum of $24,000,000 from the appropriation “Defense installations on merchant vessels, Navy”, to the appropriation “Fuel and transportation, Navy, 1945”.

MARINE CORPS

Pay, Marine Corps, 1945, $30,600,000.

General expenses, Marine Corps, 1946, $48,680,000.

GENERAL PROVISION

The appropriations of the Naval Establishment for the fiscal year 1946 shall be available for traveling expenses (including subsistence while awaiting transportation at west coast ports) in connection with the recruitment and placement of civilian personnel for naval facilities at Pearl Harbor and in the States of Washington, Oregon, California, Nevada, Utah, Nebraska, and Oklahoma.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

(Out of the Postal Revenues)

FIELD SERVICE, POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

OFFICE OF THE FIRST ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

For an additional amount for “Compensation to postmasters”, fiscal year 1943, including the objects specified under this head in the Post Office Department Appropriation Act, 1943, $30,000.

For additional amounts for appropriations of the Post Office Department for the fiscal year 1945, including the objects specified under the
respective heads in the Post Office Department Appropriation Act, 1945, as follows:

**POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA**

**SALARIES IN BUREAUS AND OFFICES**

Salaries, Office of the Second Assistant Postmaster General, fiscal year 1945, $7,000.

**FIELD SERVICE, POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT**

**OFFICE OF THE FIRST ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL**

Compensation to postmasters, fiscal year 1945, $7,155,000.
Compensation to assistant postmasters, fiscal year 1945, $100,000.

**OFFICE OF THE SECOND ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL**

Railroad transportation and mail messenger service, fiscal year 1945, $8,500,000.
Railway Mail Service, salaries, fiscal year 1945, $1,800,000.
Railway postal clerks, travel allowance, fiscal year 1945, $9,000.
Electric-car service, fiscal year 1945, $20,000.

**OFFICE OF THE THIRD ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL**

Manufacture and distribution of stamps and stamped paper, fiscal year 1945, $533,000.

**OFFICE OF THE FOURTH ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL**

Rent, light, fuel, and water, fiscal year 1945, $560,000.
Vehicle service, fiscal year 1945, $1,100,000.
Operating force, public buildings, fiscal year 1945, $2,000,000.
Operating supplies, public buildings, fiscal year 1945, $649,000.

**DEPARTMENT OF STATE**

**INTERNATIONAL OBLIGATIONS**

For additional amounts for "United States contributions to international commissions, congresses, and bureaus", fiscal year 1946, for payment of the annual contributions, quotas, and expenses, in accordance with the provisions under this head in the Department of State Appropriation Act for said fiscal year, as follows:

International Bureau of Weights and Measures, $14,701.50;

Arbitration of claim, by the United States and the Netherlands:
For the expenses of the arbitration under the convention between the United States and the Netherlands, signed March 18, 1938, of a claim which arose in November 1917, as a result of the requisition by the Government of the United States of certain military supplies of the Government of the Netherlands, including the share of the United States of the honorarium of the neutral arbitrator and of other joint expenses of the two governments; stenographic reporting and translating services, by contract if deemed necessary without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes; books and documents; official cards; fiscal year 1946, $17,000.

Intergovernmental Committee on Refugees: For expenses necessary for the participation by the United States in the work of the Intergovernmental Committee on Refugees, including the contribution by the United States of its share in the expenses of said committee up to and including December 31, 1945; personal services in the District of Columbia; and salary of the United States representative at not to exceed $10,000 per annum; travel expenses without regard to the Standardized Government Travel Regulations and the Subsistence Expense Act of 1926, as amended; fiscal year 1946, $4,500,000.

American Mexican Claims Commission: For all expenses necessary to carry into effect the provisions of the Settlement of Mexican Claims Act of 1942 (22 U.S.C. 661), as amended by the Act of April 3, 1945 (Public Law 29), including personal services in the District of Columbia; printing and binding; lawbooks and books of reference; $106,000, fiscal year 1946, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of State.

Cooperation with the American Republics: The appropriation “Cooperation with the American Republics”, for the fiscal year 1946, is hereby made available to make contracts with, and grants of money or property to, nonprofit institutions in the United States and the other American Republics, including the distribution of materials and other services in the fields of education and travel, arts and sciences, publications, the radio, the press, and the cinema.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Administrative expenses, Adjusted Compensation Payment Act, 1936, Treasury Department: For transfer to the Post Office Department to cover the cost of certification for redemption, recording, and other handling, including registry fees and postage on mailings, of bonds issued under the provisions of the Adjusted Compensation Payment Act of 1936, fiscal years 1945 and 1946, $260,000.

For an additional amount for “Reimbursement to District of Columbia, benefit payments to White House Police and Secret Service forces”, Treasury Department, fiscal year 1945, $6,100.

BUREAU OF ACCOUNTS

Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Accounts: For an additional amount for “Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Accounts”, fiscal year 1946, including the objects specified under this head in the Treasury Department Appropriation Act, 1946, and printing and binding (not to exceed $500), for expenses necessary for the liquidation of the
activities of the Division of Central Administrative Services and the Office of Civilian Defense, of the Office for Emergency Management, $98,760.

BUREAU OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Internal Revenue", fiscal year 1946, including the objects specified under this head in the Treasury Department Appropriation Act, 1946, $16,000,000: Provided, That the limitations on the amounts available for stationery and for personal services in the District of Columbia are hereby increased from "$1,400,000" to "$1,510,000" and from "$10,800,000" to "$11,310,000", respectively.

WAR DEPARTMENT
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Damage claims: For the payment of claims for damage to or loss or destruction of property or personal injury or death adjusted and determined by the Secretary of War under the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the settlement of claims for damage to or loss or destruction of property or personal injury or death caused by military personnel or civilian employees, or otherwise incident to activities, of the War Department or of the Army", approved July 3, 1943 (31 U. S. C. 223b), as fully set forth in Senate Document Numbered 60, and House Document Numbered 229, Seventy-ninth Congress, $262,764.24.

CIVIL FUNCTIONS, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
RIVERS AND HARBORS

For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Rivers and harbors", including the objects specified under this head in the War Department Civil Appropriation Act, 1946, to be immediately available and to remain available until expended, $6,504,600: Provided, That hereafter the appropriations for "Rivers and harbors" shall be available for necessary expenditures in connection with the weir across the Niagara River authorized by Senate executive resolution dated November 27, 1941, ratifying executive G, Seventy-seventh Congress.

FLOOD CONTROL

Flood control, general: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Flood control, general", including the objects specified under this head in the War Department Civil Appropriation Act, 1946, to be immediately available and to remain available until expended, $8,906,000.

TITLE II—DEFENSE AID—LEND LEASE

Sec. 201. To enable the President, during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, through such departments or agencies of the Government as he may designate, further to carry out the provisions of an Act to promote the defense of the United States, approved March 11, 1941, as amended, and for each and every purpose incident to or necessary therefor, the following sums for the following respective purposes:

(a) For the procurement, by manufacture or otherwise, of defense articles, information, and services, for the government of any country whose defense the President deems vital to the defense of
the United States, and the disposition thereof, including all necessary expenses in connection therewith, as follows:

Vessels, ships, boats, and other watercraft, including the hire and temporary use thereof, and equipage, supplies, materials, spare parts, and accessories, $666,912,000.

Agricultural, industrial, and other commodities and articles, $1,805,228,000.

(b) For administrative expenses, not specified or included in the appropriation for “Salaries and expenses, Foreign Economic Administration, 1946”, $2,260,000.

(c) In all, $2,475,000,000.

(d) Each of the foregoing appropriations shall be additional to, and consolidated with, the appropriations for the same purposes, contained in the same respective categories of appropriation in the Defense Aid Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1941, the Defense Aid Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1942, the Second Defense Aid Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1942, the Defense Aid Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1943, and the Defense Aid Appropriation Act, 1945, and the appropriations contained in the foregoing Acts are hereby continued and shall be available until June 30, 1946, except that $500,000,000 of the total amount thus made available shall be continued to be reserved for expenditure, as and when necessary, for the postwar price support of agriculture: Provided, That with the exception of the appropriation for “Administrative expenses”, not to exceed 20 per centum of any of the foregoing appropriations may be transferred by the President to any other of such appropriations, but no such appropriation shall be increased more than 30 per centum thereby: Provided further, That notwithstanding the foregoing proviso (1) balances, unobligated as of June 30, 1945, and balances subsequently released from obligation, of appropriations contained in the foregoing Acts for “Ordnance and ordnance stores, supplies, spare parts, and materials, including armor and ammunition and components thereof”, and for “Miscellaneous military equipment, supplies, and materials”, may be transferred by the President to and consolidated with the appropriation provided above for “Agricultural, industrial, and other commodities and articles”; and (2) balances, unobligated as of June 30, 1945, and balances subsequently released from obligation, of appropriations contained in the foregoing Acts for “Necessary services and expenses” may be transferred by the President to and consolidated with any of the appropriations provided above, except the appropriation for “Administrative expenses”.

Sec. 202. Any defense article, information, or service procured from funds appropriated by this title or prior Acts appropriating funds to the President for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of said Act of March 11, 1941, as amended, shall be retained by or transferred to and for the use of such department or agency of the United States as the President may determine, in lieu of being disposed of to a foreign government, whenever in the judgment of the President the defense of the United States will be best served thereby: Provided further, That none of the funds appropriated in this title shall be used for the payment of any subsidy on agricultural products produced in the continental United States nor for the purchase or distribution of any food products for use in Puerto Rico or the Virgin Islands.

Sec. 203. This title may be cited as “Defense Aid Appropriation Act, 1946”.

Citation of title.
SEC. 301. (a) For the payment of claims for damages to or losses of privately owned property adjusted and determined by the following respective departments and independent offices, under the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide a method for the settlement of claims arising against the Government of the United States in the sum not exceeding $1,000 in any one case", approved December 28, 1922 (31 U. S. C. 215), as fully set forth in House Document Numbered 235, Seventy-ninth Congress, as follows:

Executive Office of the President:
Office for Emergency Management:
Office of War Information, $485.63;
War Production Board, $26.87;

Independent offices:
National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics, $21.75;
Selective Service System, $136.24;
Veterans' Administration, $246.32;
Federal Security Agency, $1,982.49;
Federal Works Agency, $763.96;
National Housing Agency, $119.50;
Department of Agriculture, $1,010.81;
War Food Administration, $262.06;
Department of Commerce, $429.09;
Department of the Interior, $944.96;
Department of Justice, $833.22;
Post Office Department, $1,832.80;
Department of the Navy, $64,270.50;
Treasury Department, $486.18;
In all, $3,851.38.

(b) For the payment of claims for damages to or losses of privately owned property adjusted and determined by the following respective departments and independent offices, under the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide a method for the settlement of claims arising against the Government of the United States in the sum not exceeding $1,000 in any one case", approved December 28, 1922 (31 U. S. C. 215), as fully set forth in Senate Document Numbered 65, Seventy-ninth Congress, as follows:

Executive Office of the President:
Office for Emergency Management:
Office of Price Administration, $15;
Federal Security Agency, $114.09;
Department of Agriculture, $150;
War Food Administration, $221.50;
Department of Commerce, $150;
Department of the Interior, $944.96;
Navy Department, $15,001.44;
In all, $16,348.21.

JUDGMENTS, UNITED STATES COURTS

SEC. 302. (a) For the payment of final judgments, including costs of suits, which have been rendered under the provisions of the Act of March 3, 1887, entitled "An Act to provide for the bringing of
suits against the Government of the United States”, as amended by section 297 of the Act of March 3, 1911 (28 U.S.C. 761), and which have been certified to the Seventy-ninth Congress in Senate Document Numbered 63, and House Document Numbered 231, under the following agencies:

Under Executive Office of the President:
Office for Emergency Management, War Shipping Administration, $6,842.50;
Under independent offices:
Federal Works Agency, $502.50;
Work Projects Administration, $425;
Under executive departments:
Agriculture, $276.23;
Interior: Bureau of Reclamation, $1,659.83;
War, $9,720.81;
In all, $19,496.37, together with such additional sum as may be necessary to pay costs and interest as specified in such judgments or as provided by law.

(b) For the payment of judgments, including costs of suits, rendered against the Government of the United States by United States district courts under the provisions of an Act entitled “An Act authorizing suits against the United States in admiralty for damages caused by and salvage services rendered to public vessels belonging to the United States, and for other purposes”, approved March 3, 1925 (46 U.S.C. 787), and certified to the Seventy-ninth Congress in Senate Document Numbered 62, and House Document Numbered 232, as follows:

Under the—
Interior Department: Fish and Wildlife Service, $1,200;
Navy Department, $15,775.96;
War Department, $3,136;
In all, $20,111.96, together with such additional sum as may be necessary to pay interest as and where specified in the judgments.

(c) None of the judgments contained under this caption shall be paid until the right of appeal shall have expired except such as have become final and conclusive against the United States by failure of the parties to appeal or otherwise.

(d) Payment or interest wherever provided for judgments contained in this Act shall not in any case continue for more than thirty days after the date of approval of this Act.

JUDGMENTS, UNITED STATES COURT OF CLAIMS

Sec. 303. (a) For payment of judgments rendered by the Court of Claims and reported to the Seventy-ninth Congress in Senate Document Numbered 64, and House Document Numbered 236, under the following agencies, namely:

Independent establishments:
Federal Works Agency, Public Buildings Administration, $18,422.75;
National Housing Agency, Federal Public Housing Authority, $9,636.44;
Executive departments:
Agriculture, $3,575.40;
Interior, $4,611.84;
Navy, $11,008.76;
Post Office, $18,077.18;
Treasury, $381,438.13;
War: Military Establishment, $28,619.50;
Panama Canal, $5,157.57;
In all, $430,543.57, together with such additional sum as may be necessary to pay interest as and where specified in the judgments.

(b) None of the judgments contained under this caption shall be paid until the right of appeal has expired, except such as has become final and conclusive against the United States by failure of the parties to appeal or otherwise.

AUDITED CLAIMS

SEC. 304. (a) For the payment of claims certified to be due by the General Accounting Office under appropriations the balances of which have been carried to the surplus fund under the provisions of section 5 of the Act of June 20, 1874 (31 U. S. C. 718), and under appropriations heretofore treated as permanent, being for the service of the fiscal year 1942 and prior years, unless otherwise stated, and which have been certified to Congress under section 2 of the Act of July 7, 1884 (5 U. S. C. 266), as fully set forth in Senate Document Numbered 66, and House Document Numbered 230, Seventy-ninth Congress, there is appropriated the sum of $2,178,988.57, together with such additional sum due to increases in rates of exchange as may be necessary to pay claims in the foreign currency and interest as specified in certain of the settlements of the General Accounting Office, to be disbursed and accounted for as a single fund, and $7,587.32 payable from postal revenues; in all, $2,186,575.89.

TITLE IV—GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 401. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used to pay the salary or wages of any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided, That for the purposes hereof an affidavit shall be considered prima facie evidence that the person making the affidavit does not advocate, and is not a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided further, That any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence and accepts employment the salary or wages for which are paid from any appropriation contained in this Act shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than $1,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both: Provided further, That the above penal clause shall be in addition to, and not in substitution for, any other provision of existing law.

SEC. 402. The appropriations and authority with respect to appropriations in this Act in whole or in part for the fiscal year 1945 shall be available from and including July 1, 1944, for the purposes respectively provided in such appropriations and authority. All obligations incurred during the period between June 30, 1944, and the date of the enactment of this Act in anticipation of such appropriations and authority are hereby ratified and confirmed if in accordance with the terms thereof.

SEC. 403. The appropriations and authority with respect to appropriations in this Act in whole or in part for the fiscal year 1946 shall be available from and including July 1, 1945, for the purposes respectively provided in such appropriations and authority. All obligations incurred during the period between June 30, 1945, and the date of the enactment of this Act in anticipation of such appropriations and authority are hereby ratified and confirmed if in accordance with the terms thereof.
SEC. 404. The appropriations and authority with respect to appropriations contained in any regular annual appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1946, not a law on July 1, 1945, shall be available from and including July 1, 1945, for the purposes respectively provided in such appropriations and authority. All obligations incurred during the period between June 30, 1945, and the date of enactment of such appropriation Acts as may not have been enacted on or before July 1, 1945, in anticipation of such appropriations and authority are hereby ratified and confirmed if in accordance with the terms thereof.

SEC. 405. This Act may be cited as the "Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1945".

Approved July 5, 1945.

AN ACT

To amend the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the disposal of certain records of the United States Government".

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the disposal of certain records of the United States Government", approved July 7, 1943 (57 Stat. 380), is hereby amended as follows:

(a) By adding to section 4 the following paragraph:

"The Archivist may also submit to Congress, together with recommendations of the National Archives Council with respect thereto, and at such times as he may deem expedient, schedules proposing the disposal, after the lapse of specified periods of time, of records of a specified form or character common to several or all agencies that either have accumulated or may accumulate in such agencies and that apparently will not, after the lapse of the periods specified, have sufficient administrative, legal, research, or other value to warrant their further preservation by the United States Government."

(b) By changing section 6 to read as follows:

"Sec. 6. If the joint committee reports that any of the records listed in a list or schedule referred to it do not, or will not after the lapse of the period specified, have sufficient administrative, legal, research, or other value to warrant their continued preservation by the Government, the Archivist shall notify the agency or agencies having such records in their custody of the action of the joint committee and such agency or agencies shall cause such records to be disposed of in accordance with regulations promulgated as provided in section 2 of this Act: Provided, That authorizations granted pursuant to schedules submitted under the last paragraph of section 4 of this Act shall be permissive and not mandatory."

(c) By changing section 7 to read as follows:

"Sec. 7. If the joint committee fails to make a report during any regular or special session of Congress on any list or schedule submitted to Congress by the Archivist not less than ten days prior to the adjournment of such session, the Archivist may empower the agency or agencies having in their custody records covered by such lists or schedules to cause such records to be disposed of in accordance with regulations promulgated as provided in section 2 of this Act."

(d) By deleting the numerals "9" and "10" in the last line of section 12 and by inserting in lieu thereof the numerals "10" and "11".

Approved July 6, 1945.
AN ACT

To reclassify the salaries of postmasters, officers, and employees of the Postal Service; to establish uniform procedures for computing compensation; and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the term "employees" wherever used in this Act shall include officers, supervisors, special-delivery messengers in offices of the first class, and all other employees paid from field appropriations of the Postal Service, other than postmasters, skilled-trades employees of the mail-equipment shops, job cleaners in first- and second-class post offices, and employees who are paid on a fee or contract basis.

HOURS OF DUTY

SEC. 2. Employees shall be required to work not more than eight hours a day except as provided in section 4. The eight hours of service shall not extend over a longer period than ten consecutive hours, and the schedules of duty of the employees shall be regulated accordingly: Provided, That the provisions of this section shall not apply to employees of the Railway Mail Service and the Air Mail Service; post-office inspectors; rural carriers; traveling mechanicians; examiners of equipment and supplies; employees in third-class post offices; employees paid on an hourly basis; employees not in the automatic or additional annual salary grades; and carriers in the Village Delivery Service: Provided further, That any classified substitute employee who reports for duty at any post office or other postal unit in compliance with an official order shall be employed not less than two hours following the hour at which such classified substitute employee is ordered to report. Employment in any branch of the Postal Service will be construed as compliance with this proviso.

COMPENSATORY TIME

SEC. 3. When the needs of the service require employees to perform service on Saturdays, Sundays, or holidays, they shall be allowed compensatory time for such service on one day within five working days next succeeding the Saturday or Sunday and within thirty days next succeeding the holiday: Provided, That the Postmaster General may, if the exigencies of the service require, authorize the payment of overtime to employees other than supervisory employees whose base salaries are more than $3,200 per annum for services performed on Saturdays, Sundays, and Christmas Day during the month of December in lieu of compensatory time: Provided further, That supervisory employees whose base salaries are more than $3,200 per annum shall be allowed compensatory time for services performed on Saturdays, Sundays, and on Christmas Day during the month of December within one hundred and eighty days from the days such service was performed: And provided further, That the provisions of this section shall not apply to employees of the Railway Mail Service and the Air Mail Service; post-office inspectors; rural carriers; traveling mechanicians; examiners of equipment and supplies; clerks in third-class post offices; and employees paid on an hourly basis.

OVERTIME

SEC. 4. In emergencies or if the needs of the service require, employees may be employed in excess of eight hours per day and for such overtime service they shall be paid on the basis of 150 per centum
of the annual rate of pay received by such employees. In computing compensation for such overtime employment, the annual salary or compensation for such employees shall be divided by two thousand and eighty, the number of working hours in a year. The quotient thus obtained will be the base hourly compensation and one and one-half times that amount will be the hourly rate of overtime pay: Provided, That the provisions of this section shall not apply to employees of the Railway Mail Service and the Air Mail Service; post-office inspectors; rural carriers; traveling mechanics; examiners of equipment and supplies; employees paid on an hourly basis, and supervisory employees.

NIGHT DIFFERENTIAL

Sec. 5. Employees who are required to perform night work shall be paid extra for each hour of such work at the rate of 10 per centum of their base hourly compensation, computed by dividing the base annual salary by two thousand and eighty. Night work shall be defined as any work performed between the hours of 6 o'clock postmeridian and 6 o'clock antemeridian: Provided, That such differential for night duty shall not be included in computing any overtime compensation to which the officer or employee may be entitled. The provisions of this section shall not apply to post-office inspectors; traveling mechanics; examiners of equipment and supplies; officers of the Railway Mail Service and of the Air Mail Service; and rural carriers.

ANNUAL LEAVE

Sec. 6. Postmasters and employees shall be granted fifteen days' leave of absence with pay, exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays, each fiscal year and sick leave with pay at the rate of ten days a year, exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays, to be cumulative. Sick leave shall be granted only upon satisfactory evidence of illness in accordance with regulations to be prescribed by the Postmaster General: Provided, That the fifteen days' leave shall be credited at the rate of one and one-quarter days for each month of actual service: Provided further, That classified substitute employees, under such regulations as the Postmaster General may prescribe, shall be granted the same rights and benefits with respect to annual and sick leave that accrue to regular employees in proportion to the time employed in a pay status and one hundred and sixty-eight hours and forty minutes of such employment shall entitle the employee to one and one-quarter days' annual leave and six hours and forty minutes' sick leave: And provided further, That in no event shall a classified substitute employee be credited during a twelve-month period with more than fifteen days' annual and ten days' sick leave.

METHOD OF PAYMENT

Sec. 7. Where the compensation of any postmaster, other officer, or employee is on an annual basis, the following rules for division of time and computation of pay for services rendered are established:

Annual compensation shall be divided into twelve equal installments, one of which shall be the pay for each calendar month and one-half of each such installment shall be paid on the sixteenth day of the month and the first day of the following month, or as soon thereafter as practicable. For the purpose of computing such compensation and for computing time for services rendered during a fractional part of a month, in connection with annual compensation, each and every month shall be held to consist of thirty days, without regard to the actual number of days in any calendar month, thus excluding the thirty-first day of any calendar month from the
computation and treating February as if it actually had thirty days. Any person entering the Postal Service during a thirty-one-day month and serving until the end thereof shall be entitled to pay for that month from the date of entry to the thirtieth day of said month, both days inclusive; and any person entering said Service during the month of February and serving until the end thereof shall be entitled to one month’s pay, less as many thirtyths thereof as there were days elapsed prior to date of entry. For each day’s unauthorized absence on the thirty-first day of any calendar month one day’s pay shall be forfeited.

SEC. 8. (a) The compensation of postmasters shall be annual salaries to be fixed by the Postmaster General from their respective quarterly returns for the calendar year immediately preceding the adjustment, based on gross postal receipts at the following rates: Provided, That subsection (c) of section 1001 of the Revenue Act of 1932 (47 Stat. 285), as amended, is hereby repealed, retroactive to January 1, 1944, and thereafter the gross postal receipts shall be counted for the purpose of determining the class of the post office or the compensation or allowances of postmasters or other employees, whose compensation or allowances are based on the annual receipts of such offices: Provided further, That in fixing the salaries of the postmaster and supervisory employees in the post office at Washington, District of Columbia, the Postmaster General may, in his discretion, add not to exceed 75 per centum to the gross receipts of that office:

**FIRST CLASS**

- $40,000 but less than $50,000 — $5,000
- $50,000 but less than $60,000 — $5,700
- $60,000 but less than $75,000 — $6,800
- $75,000 but less than $90,000 — $7,300
- $90,000 but less than $120,000 — $8,400
- $120,000 but less than $150,000 — $9,400
- $150,000 but less than $200,000 — $10,000
- $200,000 but less than $250,000 — $10,300
- $250,000 but less than $300,000 — $10,400
- $300,000 but less than $400,000 — $10,600
- $400,000 but less than $500,000 — $10,800
- $500,000 but less than $600,000 — $11,300
- $600,000 but less than $1,000,000 — $12,900
- $1,000,000 but less than $1,300,000 — $16,000
- $1,300,000 but less than $1,800,000 — $18,000
- $1,800,000 but less than $2,400,000 — $20,000
- $2,400,000 but less than $3,000,000 — $22,000
- $3,000,000 but less than $3,600,000 — $24,000
- $3,600,000 and upward — $26,000

**SECOND CLASS**

- $8,000 but less than $12,000 — $3,000
- $12,000 but less than $15,000 — $3,000
- $15,000 but less than $18,000 — $3,000
- $18,000 but less than $22,000 — $3,100
- $22,000 but less than $27,000 — $3,200
- $27,000 but less than $33,000 — $3,300
- $33,000 but less than $40,000 — $3,400

Provided, That where the gross postal receipts of a post office of the second class for each of two consecutive calendar years are less than $8,000, or where in any calendar year the gross postal receipts are less than $7,000, it shall be relegated to the third class.
(b) The base annual compensation of an incumbent postmaster shall not be reduced in the readjustment to conform to the provisions of this Act, except for a decrease in gross postal receipts to an amount for which a lower salary grade is provided.

SALARIES OF SUPERVISORS, OFFICES OF THE FIRST CLASS

SEC. 9. (a) At post offices of the first class the annual salaries of supervisory employees shall be based on gross postal receipts for the preceding calendar year as follows:

(b) Receipts of $40,000 but less than $75,000—assistant postmaster, $3,200; superintendent of mails, $3,100.

c) Receipts of $75,000 but less than $90,000—assistant postmaster, $3,300; superintendent of mails, $3,200.

d) Receipts of $90,000 but less than $120,000—assistant postmaster, $3,400; superintendent of mails, $3,300; foremen, $3,200; clerks in charge, $3,100.

e) Receipts of $120,000 but less than $150,000—assistant postmaster, $3,500; superintendent of mails, $3,400; foremen, $3,200; clerks in charge, $3,100.

(f) Receipts of $150,000 but less than $200,000—assistant postmaster, $3,600; superintendent of mails, $3,450; foremen, $3,200; clerks in charge, $3,100.

g) Receipts of $200,000 but less than $250,000—assistant postmaster, $3,700; superintendent of mails, $3,400; foremen, $3,200; clerks in charge, $3,100.

(h) Receipts of $250,000 but less than $300,000—assistant postmaster, $3,800; superintendent of mails, $3,500; assistant superintendent of mails, $3,300; foremen, $3,200; clerks in charge, $3,100.
(i) Receipts of $300,000 but less than $400,000—assistant post-master, $3,900; superintendent of mails, $3,600; assistant superintendent of mails, $3,300; foremen, $3,200; clerks in charge, $3,100.

(j) Receipts of $400,000 but less than $500,000—assistant post-master, $4,000; superintendent of mails, $3,600; assistant superintendent of mails, $3,300; foremen, $3,200; clerks in charge, $3,100.

(k) Receipts of $500,000 but less than $600,000—assistant post-master, $4,100; superintendent of mails, $3,700; superintendents of postal finance, $3,400; superintendent of money orders, $3,200; assistant superintendents of mails, $3,500; foremen, $3,200; clerks in charge, $3,100.

(l) Receipts of $600,000 but less than $1,000,000—assistant post-master, $4,200; superintendent of mails, $3,900; superintendents of postal finance, $3,500; superintendents of money orders, $3,300; assistant superintendents of mails, $3,500; foremen, $3,200; clerks in charge, $3,100.

(m) Receipts of $1,000,000 but less than $2,000,000—assistant post-master, $4,300; superintendent of mails, $4,100; superintendent of postal finance, $3,700; assistant superintendent of postal finance, $3,100; superintendent of money orders, $3,400; assistant superintendent of money orders, $3,100; superintendents of mails, $3,500; auditor, $3,100; station examiners, $3,100; general foremen, $3,300; foremen, $3,200; clerks in charge, $3,100.

(n) Receipts of $2,000,000 but less than $3,000,000—assistant post-master, $4,400; superintendent of mails, $4,200; superintendent of postal finance, $3,800; assistant superintendent of postal finance, $3,500; superintendent of money orders, $3,300; assistant superintendent of money orders, $3,100; senior assistant superintendents of mails, $3,700; assistant superintendents of mails, $3,500; auditor, $3,100; station examiners, $3,100; general foremen, $3,300; foremen, $3,200; clerks in charge, $3,100.

(o) Receipts of $3,000,000 but less than $5,000,000—assistant post-master, $4,500; superintendent of mails, $4,300; superintendent of postal finance, $4,000; assistant superintendent of postal finance, $3,500; superintendent of money orders, $3,700; assistant superintendent of money orders, $3,200; senior assistant superintendent of mails, $3,900; assistant superintendents of mails, $3,500; auditor, $3,100; station examiners, $3,200; general foremen, $3,300; foremen, $3,200; clerks in charge, $3,100.

(p) Receipts of $5,000,000 but less than $7,000,000—assistant post-master, $4,700; superintendent of mails, $4,500; superintendent of postal finance, $4,200; assistant superintendent of postal finance, $3,500; superintendent of money orders, $3,900; assistant superintendent of money orders, $3,200; senior assistant superintendent of mails, $4,100; assistant superintendents of mails, $3,700; auditor, $3,100; station examiners, $3,200; general foremen, $3,500; foremen, $3,200; clerks in charge, $3,100.

(q) Receipts of $7,000,000 but less than $9,000,000—assistant post-master, $5,100; superintendent of mails, $4,800; superintendent of postal finance, $4,400; assistant superintendent of postal finance, $3,600; superintendent of money orders, $4,000; assistant superintendent of money orders, $3,500; senior assistant superintendent of mails, $4,300; assistant superintendents of mails, $3,900; auditor, $3,100; station examiners, $3,200; general foremen, $3,500; foremen, $3,200; clerks in charge, $3,100.

(r) Receipts of $9,000,000 but less than $14,000,000—assistant post-master, $5,300; general superintendent of finance, $5,100; general superintendent of mails, $5,100; superintendent of postal finance,
$4,500; superintendent of money orders, $4,500; superintendent of incoming mails, $4,500; superintendent of outgoing mails, $4,500; superintendent of carriers, $4,500; superintendent of registry, $4,500; senior assistant superintendents, $4,100; assistant superintendents, $4,100; auditor, $3,200; chief station examiner, $3,600; station examiners, $3,200; general foremen, $3,500; foremen, $3,200; clerks in charge, $3,100.

(s) Receipts of $14,000,000 but less than $20,000,000—assistant postmaster, $5,700; general superintendent of finance, $5,500; general superintendent of mails, $4,900; superintendent of postal finance, $4,400; superintendent of money orders, $4,500; superintendent of incoming mails, $4,500; superintendent of outgoing mails, $4,500; superintendent of registry, $4,500; senior assistant superintendents, $4,100; assistant superintendents, $3,600; auditor, $3,600; chief station examiner, $3,600; station examiners, $3,200; general foremen, $3,500; foremen, $3,200; clerks in charge, $3,100.

(t) Receipts of $20,000,000 but less than $40,000,000—assistant postmaster, $6,200; general superintendent of finance, $5,500; general superintendent of mails, $5,100; assistant general superintendent of mails, $4,900; superintendent of postal finance, $4,700; superintendent of money orders, $4,700; superintendent of incoming mails, $4,700; superintendent of outgoing mails, $4,700; superintendent of registry, $4,700; senior assistant superintendents, $4,500; assistant superintendents, $3,900; auditor, $4,400; assistant auditor, $3,700; chief station examiner, $3,700; station examiners, $3,400; general foremen, $3,600; foremen, $3,200; clerks in charge, $3,100.

(u) Receipts of $40,000,000 and up—assistant postmaster, $6,700; general superintendent of finance, $5,700; general superintendent of mails, $5,700; assistant general superintendent of finance, $5,100; assistant general superintendent of mails, $5,100; superintendent of postal finance, $4,700; superintendent of money orders, $4,700; superintendent of incoming mails, $4,700; superintendent of outgoing mails, $4,700; superintendent of registry, $4,700; senior assistant superintendents, $4,500; assistant superintendents, $3,900; auditor, $4,400; assistant auditor, $3,700; chief station examiner, $3,700; station examiners, $3,400; general foremen, $3,600; foremen, $3,200; clerks in charge, $3,100.

(v) The annual salaries of supervisors in the United States Stamped Envelope Agency shall be as follows:

Agent, $4,000; assistant agent, $3,500.

(w) The salary of superintendents of classified stations shall be based on the number of employees assigned thereto and the annual postal receipts. No allowance shall be made for sales of stamps to patrons residing outside of the territory of the stations. At classified stations each $25,000 of postal receipts shall be considered equal to one additional employee: Provided, That in determining the number of employees at a classified station, credit shall be allowed for service performed by regular employees, substitute employees other than those serving in lieu of regular employees absent from duty for any cause and temporary employees assigned to the station, and for each two thousand and twenty-four hours of service performed by such employees the station superintendent shall be allowed credit for one employee.

(x) At classified stations the salaries of superintendents, and, where there are more than fifty employees, assistant superintendents, shall be as follows: One to five employees—superintendent, $3,200; six to
fifteen employees—superintendent, $3,300; sixteen to twenty-five employees—superintendent, $3,400; twenty-six to fifty employees—superintendent, $3,600; fifty-one to seventy-five employees—superintendent, $3,700; assistant superintendents, $3,200; seventy-six to one hundred employees—superintendent, $3,800; assistant superintendents, $3,300; one hundred and one to one hundred and fifty employees—superintendent, $3,900; assistant superintendents, $3,400; one hundred and fifty-one to two hundred employees—superintendent, $4,000; assistant superintendents, $3,500; two hundred and one to three hundred employees—superintendent, $4,200; assistant superintendents, $3,700; three hundred and one to four hundred employees—superintendent, $4,300; assistant superintendents, $3,800; four hundred and one to five hundred employees—superintendent, $4,400; assistant superintendents, $3,900; five hundred and one to one thousand employees—superintendent, $4,600; assistant superintendents, $4,100; one thousand and one employee and up—superintendent, $4,700; assistant superintendents, $4,200.

(y) In readjusting supervisory positions at first-class post offices to conform to the provisions of this Act reassignments shall be made as follows:

AT POST OFFICES WITH RECEIPTS OF $9,000,000 AND UP

One of the assistant postmasters shall be the assistant postmaster and the other assistant postmaster shall be one of the general superintendents.

The superintendent of mails, the superintendent of delivery, the postal cashier, superintendent of registry, or the superintendent of money orders shall be the other general superintendent: Provided, That the auditor at offices with receipts of $20,000,000 and up, and the money order cashier at offices with receipts of less than $20,000,000 may be selected for the position of general superintendent and assigned accordingly.

Unless otherwise assigned as provided herein, the postal cashier shall be superintendent of postal finance, and at offices with receipts less than $20,000,000 the money-order cashier shall be superintendent of money orders.

At offices with receipts of $40,000,000 and up, selections for assistant general superintendent of finance and assistant general superintendent of mails shall be made from the positions of superintendent of mails, superintendent of delivery, superintendent of money orders, superintendent of registry, assistant superintendent of money orders, auditor, and postal cashier; and those selected shall be assigned accordingly: Provided, That at offices with receipts less than $40,000,000 the superintendent of mails or the superintendent of delivery shall be the assistant general superintendent of mails.

At offices with receipts of $20,000,000 and up, the assistant superintendent of money orders and the money-order cashier shall be senior assistant superintendents of money orders, unless otherwise assigned as provided herein.

Assistant superintendents whose annual base pay is $3,700 or more who are not otherwise assigned as provided herein shall be senior assistant superintendents. Assistant superintendents whose annual base pay is $3,500 shall be assistant superintendents. Assistant superintendents whose annual base pay is $3,100 or less shall be general foremen.

Foremen whose annual base pay is $2,700 shall be foremen and foremen whose annual base pay is less than $2,700 shall be clerks in charge.
At offices with receipts less than $20,000,000 the chief bookkeeper or assistant cashier who performs the duties of auditor shall be auditor, and at offices with receipts of $20,000,000 and up a senior salary grade bookkeeper or the employee performing the duties of chief bookkeeper shall be assistant auditor. Other bookkeepers whose annual base pay is $8,300 shall be general foremen; those whose annual base pay is $2,800 shall be foremen, and those whose annual base pay is $2,600 or less shall be clerks in charge.

The station examiner or the assistant cashier performing the duties of chief station examiner shall be chief station examiner. Senior salary grade assistant cashiers shall be senior assistant superintendents of postal finance or money orders, where such positions are authorized by the Postmaster General; assistant cashiers whose annual base pay is $8,200 or $8,300 shall be assistant superintendents; assistant cashiers whose annual base pay is $8,100 shall be general foremen; assistant cashiers whose annual base pay is $2,800 shall be foremen and those whose annual base pay is $2,600 shall be clerks in charge.

At post offices with receipts of $2,000,000 but less than $9,000,000

The postal cashier shall be superintendent of postal finance and the money-order cashier shall be superintendent of money orders. Senior salary grade assistant cashiers shall be assistant superintendents of postal finance and of money orders, respectively, and other assistant cashiers shall be general foremen, foremen, or clerks in charge, based on the title and salary that most nearly approximates their annual base pay plus $400.

At offices with receipts of $2,000,000 but less than $5,000,000 assistant superintendents of mails whose annual base pay is $3,300 or $3,500 shall be senior assistant superintendents of mails, and those whose annual base pay is $3,000 or $3,100 shall be assistant superintendents of mails; those whose annual base pay is less than $3,000 shall be general foremen. At offices with receipts of $5,000,000 but less than $9,000,000 assistant superintendents whose annual base pay is $8,700 or $8,900 shall be senior assistant superintendents of mails, and those whose annual base pay is less than $8,000 shall be general foremen. Assistant superintendents of mails; those whose annual base pay is less than $3,800 shall be general foremen.

Foremen whose annual base pay is $2,600 shall be foremen and those whose annual base pay is less than $2,600 shall be clerks in charge. The bookkeeper or other supervisor who performs the duties of auditor shall be auditor, and other bookkeepers shall be clerks in charge.

At post offices with receipts of $500,000 but less than $2,000,000

The postal cashier shall be superintendent of postal finance and the money-order cashier shall be superintendent of money orders. Assistant superintendents of postal finance and money orders, respectively.

Bookkeepers or employees performing the duties of auditor shall be auditors where such positions are provided; otherwise they shall be clerks in charge.

Station examiners or employees performing the duties of station examiners shall be station examiners where such positions are provided; otherwise they shall be clerks in charge.

At offices with receipts of $1,000,000 but less than $2,000,000, assistant superintendents of mails whose annual base pay is $3,100 shall be assistant superintendents of mails; those whose annual base pay is less than $3,100 shall be general foremen.
At offices with receipts of $1,000,000 but less than $2,000,000, foremen whose annual base pay is $2,600 shall be foremen; those whose annual base pay is less than $2,600 shall be clerks in charge.

(z) At central accounting offices where the gross postal receipts are less than $5,000,000 the superintendent of postal finance, or the employee in charge of such records and adjustments of the accounts, shall be allowed an increase of $200 per annum. At central accounting offices with gross postal receipts of $9,000,000 and up, the auditor shall be allowed a salary equal to that of the assistant superintendent of postal finance; at central accounting offices with receipts of $2,000,000 but less than $9,000,000, the auditor shall be allowed a salary equal to that of the assistant superintendent of postal finance; at central accounting offices with receipts of less than $2,000,000, the employee performing the duties of auditor shall be allowed a salary equal to that of foremen.

SALARIES OF ASSISTANT POSTMASTERS, OFFICES OF THE SECOND CLASS

Sec. 10. At post offices of the second class the annual salaries of assistant postmasters shall be based on gross postal receipts for the preceding calendar year as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Receipt Range</th>
<th>Annual Salary</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$8,000 but less than $10,000</td>
<td>$2,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$10,000 but less than $12,000</td>
<td>$2,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$12,000 but less than $15,000</td>
<td>$2,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$15,000 but less than $18,000</td>
<td>$2,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$18,000 but less than $22,000</td>
<td>$2,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$22,000 but less than $27,000</td>
<td>$2,900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$27,000 but less than $33,000</td>
<td>$2,900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$33,000 but less than $40,000</td>
<td>$2,900</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sec. 11. (a) The Postmaster General shall determine the supervisory needs at post offices of the first and second classes and shall fix the number of supervisors to be employed in accordance with the salary schedules provided in sections 9 and 10: Provided, That not more than one assistant postmaster may be employed at any post office.

(b) Regular clerks and carriers of grade 9 and above in first- and second-class post offices shall be eligible for promotion to the higher positions in their respective offices, and if for any reason such clerks and carriers of grade 9 and above are not available those clerks and carriers in the lower grades in such offices shall be eligible for such promotions.

SALARIES OF CLERICAL AND CARRIER EMPLOYEES AT FIRST-, SECOND-, AND THIRD-CLASS POST OFFICES AND DISPATCHERS AND OPERATORS OF THE PNEUMATIC TUBE SERVICE

Sec. 12. (a) Carriers in the City Delivery Service, clerks in post offices of the first and second classes, clerks in the United States Stamped Envelope Agency, and dispatchers of the pneumatic tube service shall be divided into eleven grades as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Salary Range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Grade 1</td>
<td>$1,700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grade 2</td>
<td>$1,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grade 3</td>
<td>$1,900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grade 4</td>
<td>$2,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grade 5</td>
<td>$2,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grade 6</td>
<td>$2,200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grade 7</td>
<td>$2,300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grade 8</td>
<td>$2,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grade 9</td>
<td>$2,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grade 10</td>
<td>$2,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grade 11</td>
<td>$2,700</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
and shall be promoted successively at the beginning of the quarter following one year's satisfactory service in each grade to the next higher grade until they reach the eleventh grade: Provided, That for such employees at post offices of the first class there shall be three additional grades; that is, grade 12—$2,800; grade 13—$2,900; grade 14—$3,000, and that employees who perform faithful and meritorious service shall be promoted to grade 12 after three years of such service in grade 11, shall be promoted to grade 13 after five years of such service in grade 12, and shall be promoted to grade 14 after seven years of such service in grade 13: Provided further, That marine carriers assigned to the Detroit River Marine Service shall be paid an annual salary of $300 in excess of the highest salary provided for carriers in the automatic grades in the City Delivery Service: And provided further, That the annual salary of such marine carriers shall not be in excess of $3,000.

The pay of substitute, temporary, or auxiliary employees in the services named in the preceding paragraph shall be on an hourly basis at the following rates:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Rate</th>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Rate</th>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>$0.84</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>$1.14</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>0.89</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>1.19</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>0.94</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>1.24</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>0.99</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>1.29</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>1.04</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>1.34</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>1.09</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(b) Mail handlers, messengers, and watchmen at post offices of the first and second classes paid from appropriations of the First Assistant Postmaster General; and operators of the pneumatic tube service; shall be divided into six grades with annual salaries as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Rate</th>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Rate</th>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>$1,600</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>$1,900</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>1,700</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>2,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>1,800</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>2,100</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

and shall be promoted successively at the beginning of the quarter following one year's satisfactory service in each grade to the next higher grade until they reach the sixth grade.

(c) The pay of substitute, temporary, or auxiliary employees in the services named in the preceding paragraph shall be on an hourly basis at the following rates:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Rate</th>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Rate</th>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>$0.79</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>$0.94</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>0.84</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>0.99</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>0.89</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>1.04</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(d) Classified cleaners at post offices of the first and second classes paid from appropriations of the First Assistant Postmaster General shall be divided into seven grades with annual salaries, as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Rate</th>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Rate</th>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>$1,300</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>$1,700</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>1,400</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>1,800</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>1,500</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>1,900</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>1,600</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

and shall be promoted successively at the beginning of the quarter following one year's satisfactory service in each grade to the next higher grade until they reach the seventh grade.

(e) Carriers in the village delivery service, and clerks employed not less than forty hours per week in post offices of the third class, shall be divided into six grades with annual salaries, as follows: Provided, That clerks in post offices of the third class shall not be
appointed or promoted to a salary grade in excess of $100 less than the salary of the postmaster at the office to which assigned:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>$1,200</th>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>$1,500</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>1,300</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>1,400</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>1,700</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

and shall be promoted successively at the beginning of the quarter following one year’s satisfactory service in each grade to the next higher grade until they reach the sixth grade.

The pay of substitute, temporary, or auxiliary employees in the services named in the preceding paragraph shall be on an hourly basis at the following rates:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>$0.59</th>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>$0.74</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>0.64</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0.69</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>0.79</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0.84</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Provided, that substitute, temporary, or auxiliary clerks in post offices of the third class shall not be paid in excess of 79 cents per hour where the salary of the postmaster is $1,700 per annum; in excess of 74 cents per hour where the salary of the postmaster is $1,600 per annum; in excess of 69 cents per hour where the salary of the postmaster is $1,500 per annum; or in excess of 64 cents per hour where the salary of the postmaster is $1,400 per annum.

(f) Substitute employees listed in this section shall be promoted to the next higher grade at the beginning of the quarter following two thousand and twenty-four hours’ satisfactory service in a pay status, including time served as a special delivery messenger: Provided, that there shall be not more than one increase in the rate of pay of such employee within a period of twelve months: And provided further, that when a substitute employee is appointed to a regular position, such employee shall be assigned to a salary grade corresponding to the salary as a substitute. Any fractional part of a year’s substitute service accumulated since the last compensation increase as a substitute shall be included with the regular service of a regular employee in determining eligibility for promotion to the next higher grade following appointment to a regular position.

**MOTOR-VEHICLE EMPLOYEES**

Sec. 13. (a) Employees in the Motor Vehicle Service shall be classified as follows: Superintendents, $3,100, $3,200, $3,300, $3,400, $3,800, $4,000, $4,200, and $4,400 per annum: Provided, that at offices where the receipts are $20,000,000 or more the salaries shall be $4,700; assistant superintendents, $3,100, $3,200, $3,300, and $3,400; chiefs of records and chief mechanics, $2,700, $2,800, $2,900, $3,100, $3,200, and $3,400; route supervisors, chiefs of supplies, chief dispatchers, and mechanics in charge, $2,700, $2,800, $2,900, $3,100, and $3,200; special mechanics, $2,700, $2,800, $2,900, and $3,000: Provided further, That assistant superintendents shall not be authorized at offices where the salary of the superintendent is less than $3,800.

(b) Clerks, drivers-mechanics, general mechanics, and dispatchers shall be divided into eleven grades, as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>$1,700</th>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>$2,300</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>1,800</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>2,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>1,900</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>2,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>2,000</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>2,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>2,100</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>2,700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>2,200</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>2,900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>2,500</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
and shall be promoted successively at the beginning of the quarter following one year's satisfactory service in each grade to the next higher grade until they reach the eleventh grade: Provided, That for such motor-vehicle employees at post offices of the first class there shall be three additional grades; that is, grade 12, $2,800; grade 13, $2,900; grade 14, $3,000, and that employees who perform faithful and meritorious service shall be promoted to grade 12 after three years of such service in grade 11, shall be promoted to grade 13 after five years of such service in grade 12, and shall be promoted to grade 14 after seven years of such service in grade 13.

(c) The pay of substitute, temporary, or auxiliary special mechanics shall be at the rate of $1.25 per hour. The pay of substitute, temporary, or auxiliary clerks, driver-mechanics, general mechanics, and dispatchers shall be on an hourly basis at the following rates:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Rate per Hour</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>$0.84</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>$0.89</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>$0.94</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>$0.99</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>$1.04</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>$1.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>$1.14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>$1.19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>$1.24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>$1.29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>$1.34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>$2,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>$2,900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>$3,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(d) Garagemen-drivers and mechanics' helpers shall be divided into six grades with annual salaries as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Salary</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>$1,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>$1,700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>$1,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>$1,900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>$2,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>$2,100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

and shall be promoted successively at the beginning of the quarter following one year's satisfactory service in each grade to the next higher grade until they reach the sixth grade.

The pay of substitute, temporary, or auxiliary garagemen-drivers, and mechanics' helpers shall be on an hourly basis at the following rates:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Rate per Hour</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>$0.79</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>$0.84</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>$0.89</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>$0.94</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>$0.99</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>$1.04</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(e) Substitute employees in the automatic grades listed in this section shall be promoted to the next higher grade at the beginning of the quarter following two thousand and twenty-four hours' satisfactory service in a pay status, including time served as a special delivery messenger: Provided, That there shall be not more than one increase in the rate of pay of such employee within a period of twelve months: Provided further, That, when a substitute employee is appointed to a regular position, such employee shall be assigned to the salary grade corresponding to the salary grade as a substitute. Any fractional part of a year's substitute service accumulated since the last compensation increase as a substitute shall be included with the regular service of a regular employee in determining eligibility for promotion to the next higher grade following appointment to a regular position.

CUSTODIAL SERVICE

Sec. 14. (a) The annual rates of compensation of supervisory employees in the custodial service shall be as follows:

Supervising superintendents of buildings, $5,200.
Superintendents of mechanical units, $5,000.
Assistant superintendents of mechanical units, $4,200.
Inspection engineers, $4,200.
Mechanical engineers, $4,200.

Superintendents of buildings; chief engineers: Buildings of twenty million cubic feet and up, $5,000; buildings of fifteen million but less than twenty million cubic feet, $4,500; buildings of ten million but less than fifteen million cubic feet, $4,200; buildings of six million but less than ten million cubic feet, $3,900; buildings of three million but less than six million cubic feet, $3,600; buildings of one million but less than three million cubic feet, $3,200.

Superintending engineers: Buildings of six million but less than fifteen million cubic feet, $4,500; buildings of three million but less than six million cubic feet, $4,200; buildings of one million but less than three million cubic feet, $3,600.

Principal elevator mechanics, $3,600.

Foremen of shops: Buildings of twenty million cubic feet and up, $3,600; buildings of less than twenty million cubic feet, $3,200.

Foremen of conveyors: Buildings of less than twenty million cubic feet, $3,200.

Foremen of mechanics, $3,200.

Watch engineers, $3,200.

Janitors with fewer than fifteen subordinates, $2,200; with fifteen to twenty-nine subordinates, $2,400; with thirty to ninety-nine subordinates, $2,600; with one hundred or more subordinates, $2,800.

Foremen of elevator operators with one hundred or more subordinates, $2,700.

Captains of the guard with fewer than ten subordinates, $2,400; with ten to nineteen subordinates, $2,600; with twenty to thirty-nine subordinates, $2,800; with forty or more subordinates, $3,000.

Lieutenants of the guard with fewer than ten subordinates, $2,400; with ten or more subordinates, $2,600.

Foremen of laborers with fewer than fifteen subordinates, $2,200; with fifteen to twenty-nine subordinates, $2,400; with thirty or more subordinates, $2,600.

Enginemen-janitors: Buildings of less than six hundred thousand cubic feet, $2,400; buildings of over six hundred thousand cubic feet, $2,600.

Chief clerks, $3,100.

(b) Clerks of the custodial service shall be divided into eleven grades as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>$1,700</th>
<th>$1,800</th>
<th>$1,900</th>
<th>$2,000</th>
<th>$2,100</th>
<th>$2,200</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>6</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>7</td>
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<td>8</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>9</td>
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<tr>
<td>10</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

and shall be promoted successively at the beginning of the quarter following one year's satisfactory service in each grade to the next higher grade until they reach the eleventh grade: Provided, That for such custodial employees at first-class post offices there shall be three additional grades; that is, grade 12, $2,800; grade 13, $3,000; grade 14, $3,000, and that employees who perform faithful and meritorious service shall be promoted to grade 12 after three years of such service in grade 11, shall be promoted to grade 13 after five years of such service in grade 12, and shall be promoted to grade 14 after seven years of such service in grade 13.
(c) Elevator mechanics in the custodial service shall be divided into eight grades as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Salary</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>$2,300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>2,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>2,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>2,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>2,700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>2,800</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

and shall be promoted successively at the beginning of the quarter following one year’s satisfactory service in each grade to the next higher grade until they reach the eighth grade: Provided, That for such custodial employees at first-class post offices there shall be two additional grades; that is, grade 9, $3,100; grade 10, $3,200, and that employees who perform faithful and meritorious service shall be promoted to grade 9 after three years of such service in grade 8, and shall be promoted to grade 10 after five years of such service in grade 9.

(d) Mechanics in the custodial service shall be divided into eight grades as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Salary</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>$2,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>2,200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>2,300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>2,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>2,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>2,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>2,700</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

and shall be promoted successively at the beginning of the quarter following one year’s satisfactory service in each grade to the next higher grade until they reach the eighth grade: Provided, That for such custodial employees at post offices of the first class there shall be two additional grades; that is, grade 9, $2,900, and grade 10, $3,000, and that employees who perform faithful and meritorious service shall be promoted to grade 9 after three years of such service in grade 8, and shall be promoted to grade 10 after five years of such service in grade 9.

(e) Assistant enginemen, assistant mechanics, and elevator mechanic-helpers and chief telephone operators shall be divided into 7 grades as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Salary</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>$1,900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>2,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>2,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>2,200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>2,300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>2,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>2,500</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

and shall be promoted successively at the beginning of the quarter following one year’s satisfactory service in each grade to the next higher grade until they reach the seventh grade: Provided, That for such custodial employees at post offices of the first class there shall be two additional grades; that is, grade 8, $2,600, and grade 9, $2,700, and that employees who perform faithful and meritorious service shall be promoted to grade 8 after three years of such service in grade 7, and shall be promoted to grade 9 after five years of such service in grade 8.

(f) General mechanics, assistant chief telephone operators, and elevator starters in the custodial service shall be divided into seven grades as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Salary</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>$1,700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>1,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>1,900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>2,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

and shall be promoted successively at the beginning of the quarter following one year’s satisfactory service in each grade to the next higher grade until they reach the seventh grade: Provided, That for such custodial employees at post offices of the first class there shall be
two additional grades; that is, grade 8, $2,400, and grade 9, $2,500, and
that such employees who perform faithful and meritorious service
shall be promoted to grade 8 after three years of such service in grade
7, and shall be promoted to grade 9 after five years of such service in
grade 8.

(g) Telephone operators, firemen, gardeners, guards, skilled helpers,
and marble polishers of the custodial service shall be divided into
seven grades, as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Salary</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>$1,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>1,700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>1,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>1,900</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

and shall be promoted successively at the beginning of the quarter
following one year's satisfactory service in each grade to the next
higher grade until they reach the seventh grade.

(h) Firemen-laborers, oilers, window cleaners, elevator operators,
and messengers in the custodial service shall be divided into seven
grades as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Salary</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>$1,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>1,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>1,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>1,700</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

and shall be promoted successively at the beginning of the quarter
following one year's satisfactory service in each grade to the next
higher grade until they reach the seventh grade.

(i) Laborers, matrons, head charmen, and head charwomen in the
custodial service shall be divided into seven grades with annual salaries,
as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Salary</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>$1,300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>1,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>1,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>1,600</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

and shall be promoted successively at the beginning of the quarter
following one year's satisfactory service in each grade to the next
higher grade until they reach the seventh grade.

(j) Charmen and charwomen working part time shall be divided
into four grades with hourly rates of compensation as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Rate per hour</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>$0.65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>0.70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>0.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>0.80</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

and shall be promoted successively at the beginning of the quarter
following a total of two thousand and twenty-four hours of satis-
factory service in a pay status in each grade to the next higher grade
until they reach the fourth grade: Provided, That there shall be not
more than one increase in the rate of pay of such employees within a
period of twelve months.

(k) Examiners of equipment and supplies in the custodial service
shall be divided into ten grades with annual salaries, as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Salary</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>$3,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>3,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>3,700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>3,800</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

and shall be promoted successively at the beginning of the quarter
following one year's satisfactory service in each grade to the next
higher grade until they reach the tenth grade.
(1) Temporary employees in the custodial service shall be paid at the respective rates of pay of grade 1 provided herein for regular employees.

POST-OFFICE INSPECTORS AND CLERKS IN THE INSPECTION SERVICE

SEC. 15. (a) The annual salaries of inspectors in charge, assistant inspectors in charge, and supervisory employees at division headquarters of the Inspection Service shall be as follows:

Post-office inspectors in charge, $6,700.
Assistant post-office inspectors in charge, $6,000.
Chief clerks, $4,600.
Assistant chief clerks, $3,500.
Chiefs of sections, $3,400.

(b) Post-office inspectors shall be divided into ten grades with annual salaries as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Salary</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>$3,200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>3,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>3,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>3,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>4,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>4,200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>4,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>4,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>4,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>5,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

and shall be promoted successively at the beginning of the quarter following one year's satisfactory service in each grade until they reach grade 8: Provided, That promotion of not more than 25 per centum of the authorized quota of inspectors may be made to grades 9 and 10. The Postmaster General shall assign difficult or complex work to be performed by inspectors in grades 9 and 10 and shall select the inspectors to be assigned to these grades under such rules and regulations as he shall prescribe: Provided further, That inspectors will not be selected for promotion to grades 9 and 10 until they have completed at least one year's faithful and meritorious service in the next lower grade.

(c) The clerical force of the Post Office Inspection Service shall be classified as clerks and principal review clerks.

(d) Clerks at division headquarters and other posts of duty of post-office inspectors shall be divided into nine grades with annual salaries as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Salary</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>$1,900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>2,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>2,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>2,200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>2,300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>2,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>2,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>2,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>2,700</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

and shall be promoted successively at the beginning of the quarter following one year's satisfactory service in each grade to the next higher grade until they reach grade 9: Provided, That for such clerks there shall be three additional grades; that is, grade 10, $2,500; grade 11, $2,900; grade 12, $3,500; and that clerks who perform faithful and meritorious service shall be promoted to grade 10, after three years of such service in grade 9; shall be promoted to grade 11, after five years of such service in grade 10; and shall be promoted to grade 12, after seven years of such service in grade 11.

(e) Principal review clerks at division headquarters of post-office inspectors shall be divided into four grades with annual salaries as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Salary</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>$2,700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>2,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>2,900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>3,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
and shall be promoted successively at the beginning of the quarter following one year's satisfactory service in each grade to the next higher grade until they reach the fourth grade: Provided, That for such clerks there shall be two additional grades; that is, grade 5, $3,100; grade 6, $3,200; and that such clerks who perform faithful and meritorious service shall be promoted to grade 5 after three years of such service in grade 4, and shall be promoted to grade 6 after five years of such service in grade 5.

(f) Whenever in the discretion of the Postmaster General the needs of the service require such action, he is authorized to transfer clerks, or carriers in the City Delivery Service to the position of clerk at division headquarters and other posts of duty of post-office inspectors at a salary not to exceed $2,300 when the salary of the employee being transferred is less than $2,300, and when the salary of the employee being transferred is equal to or greater than $2,300, such employee may be transferred at not less than the salary received in the position from which transferred. After such transfer is made effective, employees so transferred shall be eligible for promotion to the grades of salary provided herein for clerks at division headquarters and other posts of duty of post-office inspectors.

RAILWAY MAIL SERVICE AND AIR MAIL SERVICE

SEC. 16. (a) The annual salaries of officers in the Railway Mail Service and the Air Mail Service shall be as follows: Division superintendents, $6,700; assistant division superintendents, $5,700; assistant superintendents at large, $5,000; chief clerks, $5,000; assistant chief clerks, $4,200; chiefs of sections in offices of division superintendents, Railway Mail Service, $4,200; regional superintendents, Air Mail Service, $5,000; and assistant regional superintendents, Air Mail Service, $4,200.

(b) Railway postal clerks, and clerks assigned to offices of regional superintendents of Air Mail Service, shall be divided into seventeen grades with annual salaries as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Salary</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>$1,900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>2,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>2,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>2,200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>2,300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>2,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>2,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>2,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>2,700</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(c) Railway post-office lines shall be divided into two classes, class A and class B, and clerks assigned to class A lines shall be promoted successively to grade 9, and after three years of faithful and meritorious service in grade 9 shall be promoted to grade 10; after five years of faithful and meritorious service in grade 10 shall be promoted to grade 11, and after seven years of faithful and meritorious service in grade 11 shall be promoted to grade 12. Clerks in charge in class A lines shall be of grade 14. Clerks assigned to class B lines shall be promoted successively to grade 11 and shall be promoted to grade 12 after three years of faithful and meritorious service in grade 11; to grade 13 after five years of faithful and meritorious service in grade 12; and to grade 14 after seven years of faithful and meritorious service in grade 13. Clerks in charge of Class B lines shall be of grade 16: Provided, That in trains in which more than sixty feet of distributing car space is authorized in either direction over the entire length...
of the run not less than five days per week in either direction, the clerk in charge may be of grade 17 and in such trains there may be a second clerk in charge, who may be of grade 16. The provisions of this paragraph shall apply to the employees assigned to highway post-office service. Lines in class A existing on the effective date of this Act shall be continued in class A and lines in Class B existing on that date shall be continued in Class B.

(d) Clerks assigned to terminal railway post offices and air mail field railway post offices shall be promoted successively to grade 9; and after three years of faithful and meritorious service in grade 9 shall be promoted to grade 10; after five years of faithful and meritorious service in grade 10 shall be promoted to grade 11; and after seven years of faithful and meritorious service in grade 11 shall be promoted to grade 12. Clerks in charge of terminal railway post offices and air mail field railway post offices with less than twenty employees shall be of grade 14 and the clerks in charge of tours shall be of grade 13. Clerks in charge of terminal railway post offices and air mail field railway post offices with twenty to seventy-four employees shall be of grade 16 and clerks in charge of tours shall be of grade 15 and clerks in charge of crews within tours shall be of grade 14. Clerks in charge of terminal railway post offices and air mail field railway post offices with seventy-five or more employees shall be of grade 17, the clerks in charge of tours shall be of grade 16, and the clerks in charge of crews within tours shall be of grade 15; Provided, That in terminal railway post offices and air mail field railway post offices having twenty or more employees there shall be appointed for each clerk in charge, including clerks in charge of tours and crews, a clerk of one grade lower than the lowest grade clerk in charge of each organization and such clerks shall act as clerks in charge during the absences of the clerk in charge for whom designated; Provided further, That in terminal railway post offices and air mail field railway post offices with fewer than twenty employees a relief clerk in charge may be appointed in grade 13 to be the clerk in charge during absences of the clerks in charge.

(e) Clerks assigned to transfer offices shall be promoted successively to grade 11, and after three years of faithful and meritorious service in grade 11 shall be promoted to grade 12; after five years of faithful and meritorious service in grade 12 shall be promoted to grade 13; and after seven years of faithful and meritorious service in grade 13 shall be promoted to grade 14. Clerks in charge of transfer offices with one to four employees and of tours in such transfer offices shall be of grade 15. Clerks in charge of transfer offices with five to nineteen employees shall be of grade 16 and clerks in charge of tours shall be of grade 15. Clerks in charge of transfer offices with twenty or more employees shall be of grade 17 and the clerks in charge of tours shall be of grade 16; Provided, That in transfer offices having twenty or more employees there shall be appointed for each clerk in charge, including clerks in charge of tours, a clerk of one grade lower than the lowest grade clerk in charge of each organization and such clerks shall act as clerks in charge during the absences of the clerk in charge for whom designated; Provided further, That in transfer offices with nineteen or fewer employees and having two or more clerks in charge regularly assigned a relief clerk in charge may be appointed in grade 13.

(f) In determining the number of employees in terminal railway post offices, transfer offices, and air mail field railway post offices, credit shall be allowed for service performed by regular employees, substitute employees other than those serving in lieu of regular employees absent for any cause, and temporary employees assigned to such offices, and for each two thousand and twenty-four hours of service performed by such employee the office shall be allowed credit for one employee.
(g) Clerks assigned to offices of division superintendents, regional superintendents Air Mail Service, and in chief clerks' offices shall be promoted successively to grade 9 and after three years of faithful and meritorious service in grade 9 shall be promoted to grade 10; after five years of faithful and meritorious service in grade 10 shall be promoted to grade 11; and after seven years of faithful and meritorious service in grade 11 shall be promoted to grade 12. Assistant chiefs of sections in offices of division superintendents and clerks in charge of units in offices of regional superintendents of Air Mail Service, and in offices of chief clerks, shall be of grade 16 or 17: Provided, That all clerks in charge and those clerks designated to act as clerks in charge during absences of clerks in charge, in offices of division superintendents, regional superintendents Air Mail Service, chief clerks, class A runs, terminal railway post offices, and air mail field railway post offices, shall be required to progress through the automatic grades to and including grade 9 before being eligible to receive the salary provided herein for the various grades of clerks in charge and clerks who will act as clerks in charge: Provided further, That clerks in charge and clerks designated to act as clerks in charge during absences of clerks in charge in transfer offices and clerks in charge assigned to class B runs shall be required to progress through the automatic grades to and including grade 11 before being eligible to receive the salary provided herein for the various grades of clerks in charge and clerks who will act as clerks in charge.

(h) Examiners shall be of grade 16 and assistant examiners shall be of grade 15 whether assigned to the offices of division superintendent or chief clerk: Provided, That examiners to be eligible to receive the salary provided herein shall first progress through the automatic grades to and including grade 9.

(i) In filling positions below that of clerks in charge no clerk shall be advanced more than one grade in a period of a year.

(j) Operators of highway post-office vehicles shall be entitled to the same rights and benefits that accrue to railway postal clerks assigned to road duty, except no allowance shall be given these employees for service required on lay-off periods as provided herein for railway postal clerks assigned to road duty: Provided, That such operators shall be promoted successively to grade 9; after three years of faithful and meritorious service in grade 9 shall be promoted to grade 10; after five years of faithful and meritorious service in grade 10 shall be promoted to grade 11, and after seven years of faithful and meritorious service in grade 11 shall be promoted to grade 12.

(k) Substitute railway postal clerks shall be paid, for actual services performed when on other than road duty, and shall be paid for road services performed according to the time value of the trip of such road service including a proper allowance for all services required on lay-off periods, as provided herein for regular employees assigned to road duty, on an hourly basis at the following rates:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>$0.94 per hour</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>$1.09 per hour</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>$1.14 per hour</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>$1.24 per hour</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>$1.34 per hour</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>$1.29 per hour</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>$1.34 per hour</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>$1.39 per hour</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>$1.44 per hour</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

and shall be promoted successively to grade 9 following one year's satisfactory service in the next lower grade.

(l) Substitute railway postal clerks, when appointed regular clerks, shall be appointed in the salary grade corresponding to their salary grade as a substitute. Any fractional part of a year's service accumulated after the last promotion as a substitute shall be included with his service as a regular clerk in determining eligibility for promotion.
to the next higher grade following appointment to a regular position.

(m) Substitute railway postal clerks shall be credited with full time
while traveling under orders of the Department to and from their
designated headquarters to take up assignments, together with actual
and necessary travel expenses, not to exceed $4 per day, while on duty
away from such headquarters. When a substitute railway postal clerk
performs service in a railway post office or highway post office start-
ing from his official headquarters, he shall be allowed travel expenses
under the law applying to clerks regularly assigned to the run.

(n) Mail handlers in the Railway Mail Service shall be divided into
six grades, with annual salaries as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Annual Salary</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>$1,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>$1,700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>$1,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>$1,900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>$2,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>$2,100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

and shall be promoted successively to grade 6 following one year's
satisfactory service in the next lower grade.

(o) Substitute mail handlers in the Railway Mail Service shall be
paid hourly rates as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Hourly Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>$0.79 per hour</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>$0.84 per hour</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>$0.89 per hour</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>$0.94 per hour</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>$0.99 per hour</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>$1.04 per hour</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

and shall be promoted successively to grade 6 following one year's
satisfactory service in the next lower grade: Provided, That when
a substitute mail handler is appointed to a regular position, such
employee shall be assigned to a salary grade corresponding to the
salary grade as a substitute and any fractional part of a year's service
accumulated since the last promotion shall be included with the serv-
vice as a regular employee in determining eligibility for promotion to
the next higher grade following appointment to a regular position.

(p) When the needs of the service require employees of the Railway
Mail and Air Mail Services, other than railway postal clerks assigned
to road duty and officers, to perform service on Saturdays, Sundays,
or holidays they shall be allowed compensatory time for such service
within five working days next succeeding the Saturday or Sunday, and
on one day within thirty days next succeeding the holiday: Provided,
however, That the Postmaster General may, if the exigencies of the
service require, authorize the payment of overtime for services per-
formed on the Saturdays, Sundays during the month of December,
and on Christmas Day in lieu of compensatory time: Provided further,
That the service of railway postal clerks assigned to road duty shall be
calculated on an average of not exceeding eight hours daily for two
hundred and fifty-three days per annum, including allowances for
all service required on lay-off periods, and such allowances shall be
not less than fifty minutes per day for two hundred and fifty-three
days per annum for clerks assigned to class A runs and not less than one
hour and thirty-five minutes per day for two hundred and fifty-three
days per annum for clerks assigned to class B runs, and railway postal
clerks assigned to road duty required to perform service in excess of
an average of eight hours daily for two hundred and fifty-three days
shall be paid for such overtime service on the basis of 150 percent of
the annual rate of pay received by such employees. In computing
compensation for such overtime employment, the annual salary or
compensation for such employees shall be divided by two thousand and
twenty-four, the number of working hours in a year. The quotient
thus obtained will be the base hourly compensation and one and one-
half times that amount will be the hourly rate of overtime pay.
(q) Employees of the Railway Mail and Air Mail Services, other than railway postal clerks assigned to road duty and officers, shall be required to work not more than eight hours a day, and the eight hours of service shall not extend over a longer period than ten consecutive hours, but in cases of emergency, or if the needs of the service require, they may be required to work in excess of eight hours a day and shall be paid overtime for such additional service on the basis of 150 per centum of their annual base pay. In computing compensation for such overtime the annual salary or compensation shall be divided by two thousand and twenty-four, the number of working hours in a year. The quotient thus obtained will be the base hourly compensation, and one and one-half times that amount will be the hourly rate of overtime pay.

(r) In addition to the salaries provided by this Act, the Postmaster General may make travel allowances in lieu of actual expenses, at fixed rates per annum, not exceeding in the aggregate the sum annually appropriated, to railway postal clerks, and substitute railway postal clerks, assigned to road duty in railway post-office cars, and highway post-office vehicles after ten hours from the time of beginning their initial run, under such regulations as he may prescribe, and in no case shall such allowance exceed $4 per day.

(s) Promotions to automatic grades shall be made at the beginning of the quarter following one year's satisfactory service in the next lower grade. Promotions to additional grades shall be made at the beginning of the quarter following the required periods of faithful and meritorious service as provided herein: Provided, That two thousand and twenty-four hours of service in a pay status shall comprise a year's work for substitute railway postal clerks and substitute mail handlers: Provided further, That there shall be not more than one increase in the rate of pay of a substitute employee within a period of twelve months.

(t) In the readjustment of the service to conform to the provisions of this Act, clerks in charge of the Railway Mail Service of grade 5 or higher shall be placed in the grades provided for their assignments. A relief clerk in charge for whom a clerk in charge assignment is not provided under this Act shall be assigned to one grade lower than the lowest grade clerk in charge in the organization to which such relief clerk in charge is assigned.

RURAL DELIVERY SERVICE

SEC. 17. (a) Carriers in the Rural Delivery Service shall be divided into eleven grades, with salaries based in part on specified rates per mile per annum and in part on fixed compensation per annum, as follows:

For routes thirty miles or less in length served six days a week:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rates per mile</th>
<th>Fixed compensation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Grade 1, $54</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grade 2, $56</td>
<td>$24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grade 3, $58</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grade 4, $60</td>
<td>72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grade 5, $62</td>
<td>96</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grade 6, $64</td>
<td>120</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grade 7, $66</td>
<td>144</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grade 8, $68</td>
<td>168</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grade 9, $70</td>
<td>192</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grade 10, $72</td>
<td>216</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grade 11, $74</td>
<td>240</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
and carriers shall be promoted successively at the beginning of the quarter following one year's satisfactory service in each grade to the next higher grade until they reach the eleventh grade: Provided, That there shall be three additional grades of carriers in the Rural Delivery Service, with rates of pay per mile per annum and fixed compensation per annum, as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grades</th>
<th>Rates per mile</th>
<th>Fixed compensation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Grade 12</td>
<td>$76</td>
<td>$204</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grade 13</td>
<td>$78</td>
<td>288</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grade 14</td>
<td>$80</td>
<td>312</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

and carriers who perform faithful and meritorious service shall be promoted to grade 12 after three years of such service in grade 11, and shall be promoted to grade 13 after five years of such service in grade 12, and shall be promoted to grade 14 after seven years of such service in grade 13.

(b) A rural carrier assigned to a route over thirty miles in length served six days a week shall be promoted and shall be paid for the first thirty miles at the rates per mile per annum and the fixed compensation per annum, as herein provided for routes thirty miles or less in length, and shall be paid $20 per mile per annum for each mile or major fraction thereof said route is in excess of thirty miles, based on actual mileage.

(c) A rural carrier serving one triweekly route shall be paid a salary on the basis of a route one-half the length of the route served by him. A rural carrier serving two triweekly routes shall be paid a salary on the basis of a route one-half the combined length of the two routes.

(d) The Postmaster General may, in his discretion, allow and pay such additional compensation as he may determine to be fair and reasonable in each individual case to rural carriers serving heavily patronized routes not exceeding forty-five miles in length: Provided, That the total annual compensation of a rural carrier serving a heavily patronized route of not exceeding forty-five miles in length shall not exceed $3,000, exclusive of maintenance allowance: Provided further, That a rural carrier below the maximum grade provided herein shall not be granted an additional allowance for serving a heavily patronized route in an amount that would exceed $3,000 when added to the salary he would receive in the maximum grade.

(e) In addition to the salaries provided in this section, each carrier in the Rural Delivery Service shall be paid for equipment maintenance a sum equal to 6 cents per mile per day for each mile or major fraction of a mile scheduled. Payments for equipment and maintenance as provided herein shall be at the same periods and in the same manner as payments for regular compensation to rural carriers.

(f) A substitute rural carrier who performs service for a regular carrier absent with pay shall be paid at the same rate paid the regular carrier for each day's service, exclusive of Sundays and authorized holidays. A temporary rural carrier serving a route in place of a regular carrier absent without pay shall be paid at the same rate paid the regular carrier, Sundays and holidays included except at the beginning or end of the period of employment. A temporary rural carrier serving a route for which there is no regular carrier shall be paid at the rate of salary provided for a carrier of grade 1 for the route on which service is performed, including Sundays and authorized holidays except at the beginning and end of the period of employment.

(g) In the readjustment of the salaries of carriers in the Rural Delivery Service to conform to the provisions of this Act, rural car-
riers assigned to routes seventeen miles or more in length shall be placed in grade 8; rural carriers assigned to routes eleven to sixteen miles in length, inclusive, shall be placed in grade 9; rural carriers assigned to routes eight to ten miles in length, inclusive, shall be placed in grade 10, and rural carriers assigned to routes seven miles or less in length shall be placed in grade 11: Provided, That any carrier in the Rural Mail Delivery Service on June 30, 1945, who serves six days a week a rural route of less than thirty miles, or who serves three days a week a rural route of less than sixty miles or two routes of a combined length of less than sixty miles, and who is receiving for such service an annual salary in excess of a salary based on the standard rate of $60 per mile per annum for the first thirty miles, and whose annual salary is in excess of such standard rate in conformity with subsection (d) of the first section of the Act entitled “An Act to adjust the salaries of rural letter carriers, and for other purposes” (48 Stat. 1213), approved June 25, 1934, as amended (U. S. C., 1940 edition, title 39, sec. 197-a), shall be assigned to the lowest grade that will provide an annual salary of not less than his base pay under all provisions of said Act, as amended, plus $300.

MAIL EQUIPMENT SHOPS

Sec. 18. (a) The salary of employees in the Mail Equipment Shops shall be as follows:
Superintendent, $5,700; assistant superintendent, $4,200; general foremen, $3,600; foremen of the clerical-mechanical service, $2,600 and $2,800; cost accounting and purchasing clerks, $3,100, $3,300, and $3,500; engineers in charge, $3,100; draftsmen, $3,100, $3,300, and $3,500; assistant foremen, $2,400.
(b) Clerks, nurses, and painters shall be divided into eleven grades with annual salaries as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Salary</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>$1,700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>$2,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>$2,300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>$2,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>$2,900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>$3,200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>$3,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>$3,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>$4,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>$4,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>$4,700</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

and shall be promoted successively at the beginning of the quarter following one year's satisfactory service in each grade to the next higher grade until they reach the eleventh grade: Provided, That there shall be three additional grades; that is, grade 12, $2,800; grade 13, $2,900; and grade 14, $3,000; and employees who perform faithful and meritorious service shall be promoted to grade 12 after three years of such service in grade 11, shall be promoted to grade 13 after five years of such service in grade 12, and shall be promoted to grade 14 after seven years of such service in grade 13.

(c) Pressmen, lock makers, mail-bag repairers, inspectors, mechanics, and postmarking stamp makers shall be divided into seven grades, with annual salaries as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Salary</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>$1,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>$2,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>$2,200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>$2,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>$2,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>$2,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>$3,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

and shall be promoted successively at the beginning of the quarter following one year's satisfactory service in each grade to the next higher grade until they reach the seventh grade.
(d) Firemen, firemen-guards, skilled laborers, and sewers shall be divided into six grades, with annual salaries as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Annual Salary</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>$1,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>1,700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>1,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>1,900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>2,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>2,100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

and shall be promoted successively at the beginning of the quarter following one year's satisfactory service in each grade to the next higher grade until they reach the sixth grade.

(e) Junior mechanics, laborers, and messengers shall be divided into seven grades with annual salaries as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Annual Salary</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>$1,300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>1,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>1,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>1,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>1,700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>1,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>1,900</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

and shall be promoted successively at the beginning of the quarter following one year's satisfactory service in each grade to the next higher grade until they reach the seventh grade.

(f) Temporary employees in the mail equipment shops shall be paid at the respective rates of pay of grade 1 provided herein for regular employees.

**DIVISION OF EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLIES**

Sec. 19. (a) Traveling mechanicians shall be divided into eleven grades, with annual salaries as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Annual Salary</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>$3,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>3,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>3,200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>3,300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>3,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>3,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>3,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>3,700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>3,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>3,900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>4,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

and shall be promoted successively at the beginning of the quarter following one year’s satisfactory service in each grade to the next higher grade until they reach the ninth grade, shall be promoted to the tenth grade, after three years’ faithful and meritorious service in grade 9, and shall be promoted to the eleventh grade after five years’ faithful and meritorious service in grade 10.

(b) Storekeepers shall be paid annual salaries of $3,200 and foremen shall be paid annual salaries of $3,700.

(c) Requisition fillers and packers shall be divided into seven grades, with annual salaries as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Annual Salary</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>$1,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>1,900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>2,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>2,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>2,200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>2,300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>2,400</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

and shall be promoted successively at the beginning of the quarter following one year’s satisfactory service in each grade to the next higher grade until they reach the seventh grade.

(d) Laborers shall be divided into seven grades with annual salaries as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Annual Salary</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>$1,300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>1,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>1,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>1,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>1,700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>1,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>1,900</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
and shall be promoted successively at the beginning of the quarter following one year's satisfactory service in each grade to the next higher grade until they reach the seventh grade.

SEC. 20. During the period of hostilities with Japan and for not more than thirty days thereafter, when the needs of the service require postmasters of the first, second, and third classes, post-office inspectors, traveling mechanicians, examiners of equipment and supplies, and officers of the Railway Mail and Air Mail Services, to perform service on Saturday they shall be allowed compensatory time for such service on one day within five working days next succeeding the Saturday on which the excess service was performed: Provided, That when and if required by the Postmaster General to be on duty more than forty hours a week, they shall be paid as additional pay for working such additional time of eight hours as follows: Those whose salaries are over $5,000 and not over $7,999, 5 per centum of their base annual salaries; those whose salaries are over $4,000 and not over $5,000, 10 per centum of their base annual salaries; those whose salaries are over $2,000 and not over $4,000, 15 per centum of their base annual salaries; those whose salaries are $2,000 or under, 20 per centum of their base annual salaries: Provided further, That no postmaster whose base annual salary is $8,000 or over shall receive any additional compensation for such overtime work: Provided further, That the Postmaster General may, if the exigencies of the service require, authorize the payment of overtime in lieu of compensatory time for service performed on Saturday by employees included in the provisions of section 3 and subsection (p) of section 16 of this Act. In computing compensation for such overtime employment, the annual salary or compensation for such employees shall be divided by two thousand and eighty, the number of working hours in a year. The quotient thus obtained will be the base hourly compensation and one and one-half time that amount will be the hourly rate of overtime pay. Such overtime payments shall not be considered as part of the earned basic compensation.

SEC. 21. Employees who, under laws in effect June 30, 1945, are entitled to automatic promotions in salary effective July 1, 1945, and for whom automatic promotion grades are provided in this Act, shall be given credit for their earned automatic promotion in salary before applying the provisions of sections 23 and 24 of this Act. Employees who, under the laws in effect on June 30, 1945, would have received automatic promotions in salary on October 1, 1945, or January 1, or April 1, 1946, and for whom automatic increases in salary not exceeding $100 per annum or 5 cents per hour, are provided in this Act, shall be given credit for the time served since their last promotion prior to June 30, 1945, in determining eligibility for automatic promotions under the provisions of this Act.

SPECIAL-DELIVERY MESSENGERS

SEC. 22. (a) Where special-delivery messengers are employed on a full-time basis in offices of the first class, they shall be divided into nine grades, with annual salaries as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Salary</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>$1,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>$1,700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>$1,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>$1,900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>$2,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>$2,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>$2,200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>$2,300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>$2,400</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
and shall be promoted successively at the beginning of the quarter following one year's satisfactory service in each grade to the next higher grade until they reach the ninth grade.

(b) The pay of substitute, temporary, or auxiliary special-delivery messengers in offices of the first class shall be on an hourly basis at the following rates:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Rate per Hour</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>$0.79</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>$0.84</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>$0.89</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>$0.94</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>$0.99</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>$1.04</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>$1.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>$1.14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>$1.19</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

and shall be promoted to the next higher grade at the beginning of the quarter following two thousand and twenty-four hours' satisfactory service in a pay status.

(c) Special-delivery messengers in offices of the first class shall, upon the effective date of this Act, be entitled to the grade to conform with their years of service, as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Years of Service</th>
<th>Grade</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Less than 2</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 but less than 3</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 but less than 4</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 but less than 5</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 but less than 6</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 or more</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(d) In addition to compensation provided in subsections (a) and (b), each special-delivery messenger in offices of the first class shall be paid for automotive-equipment maintenance at the rate of 6 cents per mile or major fraction thereof for miles traveled under the direction of the Post Office Department in making delivery of special-delivery mail or at the option of the Post Office Department at the rate of 75 cents per hour spent in making delivery of special-delivery mail. Payment for equipment maintenance as provided herein shall be at the same periods and in the same manner as payments for regular compensation to special-delivery messengers.

(e) Special-delivery messengers may be employed at duties other than the delivery of special-delivery mail when their regular duties do not require eight hours work in ten; and special-delivery articles may, in the discretion of the Postmaster General, be delivered by regular, substitute, and temporary postal employees, and such employees shall be paid their regular rate of compensation for such delivery service.

(f) The Postmaster General may provide or hire vehicles under an allowance basis for use in the delivery of special-delivery mail whenever the exigencies of the service may require.

(g) For the purposes of section 8 (b), (c), and (g) of the Selective Training and Service Act of 1940, as amended, and of section 8 (b) and (c) of the joint resolution entitled "Joint resolution to strengthen the common defense and to authorize the President to order members and units of reserve components and retired personnel of the Regular Army into active military service", approved August 27, 1940, as amended (relating to reemployment of persons who have served in the armed forces of the United States), services as a special-delivery messenger in the Postal Service shall be considered services as an employee of the United States in a position other than temporary.

Sec. 23. In the readjustment of salaries to conform to the provisions of this Act, regular employees for whom salary steps, automatic and additional grades have been provided in sections 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 18, and 19 shall be assigned to the salary of their respective positions on
the basis of their base salary plus 20 per centum, or $400, whichever is the lesser amount, but not less than $300: Provided, That when the application of the above formula produces a sum that is not equal to a salary provided for the position, the employee shall be assigned to the next higher salary grade: Provided further, That no employee shall be assigned to a salary grade above the maximum automatic or additional grade provided for the position: And provided further, That clerks who are employed not less than forty hours per week at third-class post offices, and who are appointed to regular positions, shall be assigned to the minimum salary rate provided for the position.

Sec. 24. In the readjustment of part-time positions to conform to the provisions of this Act, substitute, temporary, auxiliary, and other part-time employees for whom hourly rates of pay have been provided in sections 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 18, and 19 shall be assigned, respectively, to the hourly rate of pay that most nearly equals their base hourly rate plus 20 per centum: Provided, That when the base hourly rate plus 20 per centum does not equal the hourly rates provided by this Act, fraction units of less than 50 per centum shall be disregarded and fractional units of 50 per centum or more shall be considered as a full unit rate of pay.

Sec. 25. Allowable service under the provisions of this Act shall be only such continuous active service as has been rendered and shall not include previous periods or terms of employment: Provided, however, That in the case of employees who have been separated or shall hereafter be separated from the field service of the Post Office Department for military duty, the periods or terms of such service immediately preceding entry into the military service as well as the time engaged in military service shall be construed as allowable service and pro rata credit shall be given for the time engaged in military service for each year of such service.

Sec. 26. Nothing contained in this Act shall operate to decrease the pay of any present regular employee to an amount less than his annual base pay plus $300.

Sec. 27. The sums appropriated for salaries and compensation of postmasters, officers, and employees of the Postal Service in the Act making appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, shall be available for the payment of salaries and compensation of postmasters, officers, and employees of the Postal Service at the rates of compensation herein provided; and such additional sums as may be necessary are hereby authorized to be appropriated to carry out the provisions of this Act.

Sec. 28. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 1945.

Approved July 6, 1945.

[CHAPTER 275]

AN ACT

Providing for a medal for service in the armed forces during the present war.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy are authorized and directed to procure, in numbers sufficient for the purposes of this Act, a medal (and suitable appurtenances) of design and official designation jointly approved by them, to be awarded to all persons who shall have served on active duty in the armed forces of the United States or of the Government of the Philippine Islands at any time during the period beginning December 7, 1941, and ending with the date of the termination of hostilities in the present war, and whose service
shall have been honorable. The term "date of the termination of hostilities in the present war" means the date proclaimed by the President as the date of such termination or the date specified in a concurrent resolution of the two Houses of Congress as the date of such termination, whichever is the earlier. The medal may be awarded posthumously and, when so awarded, shall be presented to such representative of the deceased as shall be prescribed in the applicable regulations. Awards shall be made pursuant to regulations prescribed by the Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy.

Approved July 6, 1945.

[CHAPTER 278]

AN ACT

To authorize the Secretary of War to convey to the Captain William Edmiston Chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution a certain building and tract or parcel of land situated in Montgomery County, Tennessee.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War is authorized and directed to grant, donate, and convey to the Captain William Edmiston Chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to that certain building and tract or parcel of land lying and being situated in the county of Montgomery, in the State of Tennessee, being a part of the same tract as conveyed by R. E. Durrett and wife, to the United States of America as recorded in deed book 89, page 1, in the records of Montgomery County, Tennessee.

Approved July 6, 1945.

[CHAPTER 279]

AN ACT

To give recognition to the noncombatant services under enemy fire performed by officers and enlisted men of the Medical Corps of the Army.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That during the present war and for six months thereafter, any enlisted man of the Army who is entitled, under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of War, to wear the Medical Badge shall be paid additional compensation at the rate of $10 per month: Provided, That any enlisted man whose right to wear the Medical Badge has been temporarily suspended may, under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of War, continue to be paid such additional compensation.

SEC. 2. The appropriations heretofore or hereafter made for "Finance Service, Army", shall be available for carrying into effect the provisions of this Act.

SEC. 3. The provisions of this Act shall become effective on the first day of the month following its enactment. The additional compensation provided by this Act shall not be paid for any retroactive period prior to the date of the actual award of the Medical Badge.

Approved July 6, 1945.
AN ACT

To amend section 100 of Public Law Numbered 346, Seventy-eighth Congress, June 22, 1944, to grant certain priorities to the Veterans' Administration, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 100 of Public Law Numbered 346, Seventy-eighth Congress, June 22, 1944, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 100. The Veterans' Administration is hereby declared to be an essential war agency and entitled to priority equal to the highest granted any department or agency of the Government in personnel, service, space, equipment, supplies, and material under any laws, Executive orders, and regulations pertaining to priorities. During the continuance of the present war and for six months after its termination, the Administrator is authorized, for the purpose of extending benefits to veterans and dependents, and to the extent he deems necessary, to procure the necessary space for administrative, clinical, medical, and outpatient treatment purposes by lease, purchase, or construction of buildings, or by condemnation or declaration of taking, pursuant to existing statutes."

Approved July 6, 1945.

[CHAPTER 281]

AN ACT

To amend the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act of June 25, 1938, as amended, by providing for the certification of batches of drugs composed wholly or partly of any kind of penicillin or any derivative thereof, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 301 (i) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act of June 25, 1938 (21 U. S. C. 301 and the following), as amended, is amended by inserting "507" after "506".

Sec. 2. Section 502 of such Act, as amended, is amended by adding a new paragraph at the end thereof, as follows:

"(1) If it is, or purports to be, or is represented as a drug composed wholly or partly of any kind of penicillin or any derivative thereof, unless (1) it is from a batch with respect to which a certificate or release has been issued pursuant to section 507, and (2) such certificate or release is in effect with respect to such drug: Provided, That this paragraph shall not apply to any drug or class of drugs exempted by regulations promulgated under section 507 (c) or (d)."

Sec. 3. Chapter V of such Act, as amended, is amended by adding a new section at the end thereof, as follows:

"CERTIFICATION OF DRUGS CONTAINING PENICILLIN

"Sec. 507. (a) The Federal Security Administrator, pursuant to regulations promulgated by him, shall provide for the certification of batches of drugs composed wholly or partly of any kind of penicillin or any derivative thereof. A batch of any such drug shall be certified if such drug has such characteristics of identity and such batch has such characteristics of strength, quality, and purity, as the Administrator prescribes in such regulations as necessary to adequately insure safety and efficacy of use, but shall not otherwise be certified. Prior to the effective date of such regulations the Administrator, in lieu of certification, shall issue a release for any batch which, in his judgment, may be released without risk..."
Regulations for certifications.

Exemptions; regulations.

Ante, p. 463.

52 Stat. 1052.
Ante, p. 463.
52 Stat. 1049, 1051.
21 U. S. C. §§ 351 (b), 352 (g).

Petition proposing issuance, etc., of regulations.

Notice.

Time limitation.

Hearing.

Order; basis.

 Approved July 6, 1945.

as to the safety and efficacy of its use. Such release shall prescribe
the date of its expiration and other conditions under which it shall
cease to be effective as to such batch and as to portions thereof.

"(b) Regulations providing for such certifications shall contain
such provisions as are necessary to carry out the purposes of this sec-
tion, including provisions prescribing (1) standards of identity and
of strength, quality, and purity; (2) tests and methods of assay
to determine compliance with such standards; (3) effective periods
for certificates, and other conditions under which they shall cease to
be effective as to certified batches and as to portions thereof; (4)
administration and procedure; and (5) such fees, specified in such
regulations, as are necessary to provide, equip, and maintain an
adequate certification service. Such regulations shall prescribe only
such tests and methods of assay as will provide for certification or
rejection within the shortest time consistent with the purposes of this
section.

"(c) Whenever in the judgment of the Administrator, the require-
ments of this section and of section 502 (1) with respect to any drug
or class of drugs are not necessary to insure safety and efficacy of use,
the Administrator shall promulgate regulations exempting such drug
or class of drugs from such requirements.

"(d) The Administrator shall promulgate regulations exempting
from any requirement of this section and of section 502 (1), (1) drugs
which are to be stored, processed, labeled, or repacked at establish-
ments other than those where manufactured, on condition that such
drugs comply with all such requirements upon removal from such
establishments; (2) drugs which conform to applicable standards of
identity, strength, quality, and purity prescribed by these regulations
and are intended for use in manufacturing other drugs; and (3) drugs
which are intended solely for investigational use by experts qualified
by scientific training and experience to investigate the safety and
efficacy of drugs.

"(e) No drug which is subject to section 507 shall be deemed to be
subject to any provision of section 505. Compliance of any drug sub-
tection to section 502 (1) or 507 with sections 501 (b) and 502 (g) shall
be determined by the application of the standards of strength, quality,
and purity, the tests and methods of assay, and the requirements of
packaging and labeling, respectively, prescribed by regulations pro-
mulgated under section 507.

"(f) Any interested person may file with the Administrator a peti-
tion proposing the issuance, amendment, or repeal of any regulation
contemplated by this section. The petition shall set forth the proposal
in general terms and shall state reasonable grounds therefor. The
Administrator shall give public notice of the proposal and an oppor-
tunity for all interested persons to present their views thereon, orally
or in writing, and as soon as practicable thereafter shall make public
his action upon such proposal. At any time prior to the thirtieth day
after such action is made public any interested person may file objec-
tions to such action, specifying with particularity the changes desired,
stating reasonable grounds therefor, and requesting a public hearing
upon such objections. The Administrator shall thereupon, after due
notice, hold such public hearing. As soon as practicable after com-
pletion of the hearing, the Administrator shall by order make public
his action on such objections. The Administrator shall base his order
only on substantial evidence of record at the hearing and shall set
forth as part of the order detailed findings of fact on which the order
is based. The order shall be subject to the provisions of section 701
(f) and (g)."

Approved July 6, 1945.
AN ACT

Further amending the part of the Act entitled "An Act making appropriations for the naval service for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1921, and for other purposes", approved June 4, 1920, as amended, relating to the conservation, care, custody, protection, and operation of the naval petroleum and oil-shale reserves.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the part of the Act of June 4, 1920 (41 Stat. 813), amended by the Act of June 30, 1938 (52 Stat. 1252), and further amended by the Act of June 17, 1944 (58 Stat. 280; U. S. C., 1940 edition, Supp. IV, title 34, sec. 524), as so amended, is hereby further amended by adding immediately following the sixth paragraph of such amended part the following new paragraph:

"Any lease outstanding on November 13, 1942, which was issued pursuant to the Act of February 25, 1920 (41 Stat. 437; 30 U. S. C. 181), or any amendment thereof, embracing lands which were added to Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1 by Executive Order Numbered 9257, dated October 15, 1942 (corrected by Executive Order Numbered 9270, dated November 13, 1942), shall terminate as to such lands at the expiration of its current term, including any extension heretofore accrued or which may accrue pursuant to the Act of February 9, 1933 (47 Stat. 798; 30 U. S. C. 209)."

Approved July 6, 1945.

AN ACT

To authorize the attendance of the Marine Band at the national encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic to be held at Columbus, Ohio, September 9 to 14, inclusive, 1945.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President is authorized to permit the band of the United States Marine Corps to attend and give concerts at the national encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic to be held at Columbus, Ohio, from September 9 to 14, inclusive, 1945.

Sec. 2. For the purpose of defraying the expenses of such band in attending and giving concerts at such encampment, there is authorized to be appropriated the sum of $6,452.10, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to carry out the provisions of this Act: Provided, That in addition to transportation and Pullman accommodations the leaders and members of the Marine Band be allowed not to exceed $6 per day each for additional living expenses while on duty, and that the payment of such expenses shall be in addition to the pay and allowances to which they would be entitled while serving at their permanent station.

Approved July 6, 1945.

JOINT RESOLUTION

Authorizing the production of petroleum for the national defense from Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1.

Whereas the Act of June 4, 1920, as amended (41 Stat. 813; 52 Stat. 1252; 58 Stat. 280), directs the Secretary of the Navy, among other things, to use and operate all properties within the naval petroleum reserves as are or may become subject to the control and use by the United States for naval purposes for the production of petroleum...
whenever and to the extent the Secretary, with the approval of the President, finds required for the national defense: Provided, however, That no petroleum shall be produced pursuant to such a finding unless authorized by the Congress by joint resolution; and Whereas such a finding of the necessity for such production to the extent authorized herein has been so made and approved: Therefore be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the production of petroleum (including crude oil and associated gas and other hydrocarbons) from Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1 is hereby authorized at a rate not in excess of sixty-five thousand barrels of crude oil produced and saved per day, averaged over each calendar month beginning with and including the month in which this joint resolution shall be approved by the President, such production (to the extent in excess of that otherwise authorized by the Act above cited) not to extend beyond December 31, 1946; and that the joint resolution approved June 17, 1944 (Public Law 344, Seventy-eighth Congress, second session, 58 Stat. 283), is hereby repealed: Provided, That such repeal shall not operate to affect existing contracts relating to the production of petroleum or the availability of funds from the appropriation "Naval emergency fund" for carrying out such contracts.

Approved July 6, 1945.

[CHAPTER 295]

AN ACT

For the relief of the Truckee-Carson Irrigation District.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the proposed contract approved as to form by the Secretary of the Interior on January 9, 1945, between the United States of America and the Truckee-Carson Irrigation District is approved and, after said contract shall have been duly executed for and in behalf of the Truckee-Carson Irrigation District, the said Secretary is hereby authorized to execute it on behalf of the United States.

Approved July 14, 1945.

[CHAPTER 296]

AN ACT

To authorize an exchange of certain lands with William W. Kiskadden in connection with the Rocky Mountain National Park, Colorado.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That upon submission of satisfactory evidence of title the Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized, in his discretion, to accept title on behalf of the United States to the following described land conveyed to William W. Kiskadden by warranty deed numbered 174403 from Mrs. Arab Chapman, recorded August 24, 1916, in book 339, page 231, records of Larimer County, Colorado: Beginning at the northeast corner of the southwest quarter of section 31, township 5 north, range 73 west, sixth principal meridian, Colorado; thence south four hundred and eighty feet; thence west two hundred feet; thence north 27 degrees 30 minutes west five hundred and forty-one feet; thence east four hundred and fifty feet to the place of beginning, containing approximately three and fifty-eight one-hundredths acres, and in exchange therefor to issue a patent for that portion of the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter and that portion of the southeast quarter of the northwest quarter of section 31, township 5 north, range 73 west, sixth principal
meridian, Colorado, more particularly described as follows: Beginning at a point from whence the center quarter-section corner of section 31 bears south 79 degrees no minutes east, three hundred and sixty and nine-tenths feet; thence south four hundred and eighty feet to a point from whence the east quarter corner of section 31 bears north 79 degrees 22 minutes east, two thousand six hundred and seventy-three and six-tenths feet; thence west two hundred feet; thence north 27 degrees 30 minutes west, five hundred and forty-one feet; thence east four hundred and fifty feet to the point of beginning, containing approximately three and five-tenths acres: Provided, That the land conveyed to the United States, other than the land to be patented, shall, upon acceptance of title thereto, become a part of the Rocky Mountain National Park, Colorado, and become subject to all laws and regulations applicable to said park.

Approved July 14, 1945.

[CHAPTER 297]

AN ACT

To revive and reenact the Act entitled "An Act creating the Arkansas-Mississippi Bridge Commission; defining the authority, power, and duties of said Commission; and authorizing said Commission and its successors and assigns to construct, maintain, and operate a bridge across the Mississippi River at or near Friar Point, Mississippi, and Helena, Arkansas, and for other purposes", approved May 17, 1939.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act approved May 17, 1939, heretofore extended by Acts of Congress approved May 27, 1940, and July 14, 1941, and February 12, 1944, creating the Arkansas-Mississippi Bridge Commission and authorizing such Commission to construct, maintain, and operate a bridge and approaches thereto across the Mississippi River, at or near Friar Point, Mississippi, and Helena, Arkansas, be, and is hereby, revived and reenacted: Provided, That this Act shall be null and void unless the actual construction of the bridge herein referred to be commenced within one year and completed within three years from the date of approval hereof.

SEC. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved July 14, 1945.

[CHAPTER 298]

AN ACT

To amend an Act entitled "An Act to provide for the purchase of public lands for home and other sites", approved June 1, 1938 (52 Stat. 609).

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the purchase of public lands for home and other sites", approved June 1, 1938 (52 Stat. 609), is hereby amended by striking out the words "prescribed: Provided further, That this Act shall not apply to any lands in the Territory of Alaska", and by inserting in lieu thereof the words "prescribe: Provided further, That any employee of the Department of the Interior, stationed in Alaska, notwithstanding such employment, may, in the discretion of the Secretary, purchase or lease one such tract in the Territory of Alaska, except business sites, under this Act".

Approved July 14, 1945.
[CHAPTER 299]

AN ACT

To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Saint Croix River at or near Hudson, Wisconsin.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Saint Croix River at or near Hudson, Wisconsin, authorized to be built by the States of Minnesota and Wisconsin, jointly or separately, by an Act of Congress approved July 17, 1942, as extended by the Act of Congress approved June 22, 1943, are hereby extended until the end of one and three years, respectively, after the date of the termination of the unlimited national emergency proclaimed by the President on May 27, 1941.

Approved July 14, 1945.

[CHAPTER 300]

AN ACT

To transfer certain lands situated in Rapides Parish, Louisiana, to board of supervisors of Louisiana State University and Agricultural and Mechanical College.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, upon the written consent of the majority of directors of the Louisiana Rural Rehabilitation Corporation, the Secretary of Agriculture is hereby directed to convey, grant, transfer, and quitclaim forthwith to the board of supervisors of Louisiana State University and Agricultural and Mechanical College, subject to a covenant on the part of such board to use such property for the establishment and maintenance of an agricultural and vocational school, all right, title, claim, interest, equity, and estate in and to the following-described lands administered by the Secretary as trustee under an agreement of transfer, dated March 31, 1937, with the Louisiana Rural Rehabilitation Corporation and situated in the Parish of Rapides, State of Louisiana, together with the improvements thereon and the rights and the appurtenances thereunto belonging or appertaining, to wit:

Three thousand one hundred and thirteen acres, more or less, located in Rapides Parish, Louisiana, and known as the Boeuf Bayou farms project of the Farm Security Administration of the War Food Administration, within the United States Department of Agriculture.

SEC. 2. Until such time as the functions, powers, and duties of the War Food Administrator or the War Food Administration are terminated, the authority vested in the Secretary of Agriculture by this Act shall be exercised by the War Food Administrator.

SEC. 3. The transfer of such lands under this Act is hereby found to be in the general interest of rural rehabilitation and shall not be deemed to impose any liability upon the Secretary of Agriculture (or War Food Administrator, as the case may be) with respect to his obligations under such agreement of transfer of March 31, 1937.

Approved July 14, 1945.
To amend section 3 of the San Carlos Act (43 Stat. 475-476), as supplemented and amended, and for other purposes.

Sec. 1. When stored water (other than dead storage) in the San Carlos Reservoir on March 1 of each year is:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Stored Water Range</th>
<th>annual construction charge payment due December 1 of the following year shall be:</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0 to 100,000 acre-feet</td>
<td>$12,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over 100,000 but not over 200,000 acre-feet</td>
<td>25,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over 200,000 but not over 250,000 acre-feet</td>
<td>37,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over 250,000 but not over 300,000 acre-feet</td>
<td>50,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over 300,000 but not over 350,000 acre-feet</td>
<td>75,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over 350,000 but not over 400,000 acre-feet</td>
<td>100,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over 400,000 acre-feet</td>
<td>125,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sec. 2. The variable repayment schedule provided for in section 1 hereof shall go into effect for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1945, and ending June 30, 1946, and the first such annual payment shall become due and payable December 1, 1946.

Sec. 3. The term “construction charges” shall mean the unpaid balance of the principal obligations due the United States under the terms of the repayment contract dated June 8, 1931, between the United States and the San Carlos Irrigation and Drainage District, as amended, including all annual installments deferred in whole or in part: Provided, That the sum of $25,000 shall be paid December 1, 1945, on the deferred installment due December 1, 1945, under the amended repayment contract: Provided further, That none of the deferred installments shall bear interest during the periods deferred.

Sec. 4. The Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized and directed to enter into a supplemental agreement with the San Carlos Irrigation and Drainage District modifying the repayment provisions of the existing repayment contract, as amended, in accordance herewith.

Approved July 14, 1945.

[CHAPTER 302]

AN ACT

Authorizing the conveyance of certain lands to the city of Cheyenne, Wyoming.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized and directed to convey to the city of Cheyenne, Wyoming, subject to any and all valid existing rights or claims, for use in connection with the water supply system of the city, and for the protection of its reservoirs, the following-described lands: The north half of section 2, township 13 north, range 70 west, containing three hundred and twenty-six and eighty-six one-hundredths acres, more or less; the northwest quarter of section 4, township 13 north, range 70 west, containing one hundred
and sixty-one and twenty-nine one-hundredths acres, more or less; the south half of the north half, the northeast quarter of the northeast quarter, the south half of the southeast quarter, and the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section 22, township 14 north, range 70 west, aggregating three hundred and twenty acres, more or less; the west half of the northwest quarter, the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter, and the north half of the south half of section 26, township 14 north, range 70 west, aggregating two hundred and eighty acres, more or less; the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section 30, township 15 north, range 70 west, containing forty acres, more or less; and the southeast quarter of the northwest quarter of section 30, township 15 north, range 70 west, containing forty acres, more or less, sixth principal meridian, Wyoming, upon condition that the city shall make payment for the said lands at their appraised price as fixed by the Secretary of the Interior, but at not less than $1.25 per acre, within six months after the approval of this Act: Provided, That there shall be reserved to the United States all oil, gas, coal, or other mineral deposits in the lands, together with the right to prospect for, mine, and remove the same under regulations to be issued by the Secretary of the Interior.

Sec. 2. The lands granted pursuant to this Act shall be used by the city of Cheyenne, Wyoming, for the purposes of its water supply system and the protection of its reservoirs, and for no other purpose, and if said lands or any part thereof shall be abandoned for such use, said lands or such parts shall revert to the United States. The Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized and empowered to declare a forfeiture of the grant if at any time he shall determine that the city has for more than one year abandoned the lands for the use herein indicated, and such order of the Secretary shall be final and conclusive, and thereupon and thereby the lands shall be restored to the public domain free from the operation of this Act.

Approved July 14, 1945.

[CHAPTER 303]

AN ACT

To provide for an adjustment of salaries of the Metropolitan Police, the United States Park Police, the White House Police, and the members of the Fire Department of the District of Columbia, to conform with the increased cost of living in the District of Columbia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the annual basic salary of any officer or member of the Metropolitan Police, the United States Park Police, the White House Police, or the Fire Department of the District of Columbia, whose rate of compensation is governed by the Act entitled "An Act to fix the salaries of officers and members of the Metropolitan Police force and the Fire Department of the District of Columbia", approved July 1, 1930, as amended, is hereby increased by 20 per centum of that part thereof which is not in excess of $1,200 per annum, plus 10 per centum of that part thereof which is in excess of $1,200 per annum but not in excess of $4,600 per annum, plus 5 per centum of that part thereof which is in excess of $4,600 per annum.

Sec. 2. In lieu of overtime pay and night pay differential, officers and members of the Metropolitan Police, the United States Park Police, the White House Police, and the Fire Department of the District of Columbia shall be paid additional compensation at the rate of 8 per centum of their annual basic salaries as provided for in section 1 of this Act.


Additional compensation in lieu of overtime, etc., pay.
SEC. 3. The provisions of this Act shall not apply to pilots and marine engineers of the Fire Department whose salaries were increased by an Act entitled "An Act to amend an Act entitled 'An Act to fix the salaries of officers and members of the Metropolitan Police force and the Fire Department of the District of Columbia', approved June 1, 1945".

SEC. 4. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 1945.

Approved July 14, 1945.

[CHAPTER 312]

AN ACT

Granting the consent of Congress to the State of North Dakota to construct, maintain, and operate a free highway bridge across the Missouri River.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of Congress is hereby granted to the State of North Dakota to construct, maintain, and operate a free highway bridge and approaches thereto across the Missouri River, at a point suitable to the interests of navigation, from McLean County to either Mercer County or Oliver County, North Dakota, in accordance with the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction of bridges over navigable waters", approved March 23, 1906, and subject to the conditions and limitations contained in this Act: Provided, That this Act shall be null and void unless actual construction of the bridge herein referred to be commenced within two years and completed within four years from the date of approval hereof.

SEC. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved July 16, 1945.

[CHAPTER 313]

AN ACT

Authorizing the construction of a free highway bridge across the Yellowstone River near Fairview, Montana.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in order to facilitate interstate commerce, improve the postal service, and provide for military and other purposes, the States of North Dakota and Montana, jointly or severally, are hereby authorized to construct, maintain, and operate a free highway bridge and approaches thereto across the Yellowstone River, at a point suitable to the interests of navigation, near Fairview, Montana, in accordance with the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction of bridges over navigable waters", approved March 23, 1906, and subject to the conditions and limitations contained in this Act: Provided, That this Act shall be null and void unless actual construction of the bridge herein referred to be commenced within two years and completed within four years from the date of approval hereof.

SEC. 2. There are hereby conferred upon the States of North Dakota and Montana all such rights and powers to enter upon lands and to acquire, condemn, occupy, possess, and use real estate and other property needed for the location, construction, operation, and maintenance of such bridge and its approaches as are possessed by railroad corporations for railroad purposes or by bridge corporations for bridge purposes in the State in which real estate or other property is situated, upon making just compensation therefor, to be ascertained and paid according to the laws of such State, and the proceedings

Pilots and marine engineers, Fire Department. Foot, p. 662.

therefor shall be the same as in the condemnation or expropriation of property for public purposes in such State.

Sec. 3. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved July 16, 1945.

[CHAPTER 314]

AN ACT

To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Columbia River in Clatsop County, Oregon.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Columbia River in Clatsop County, Oregon, authorized to be built by the Oregon-Washington Bridge Board of Trustees by an Act of Congress approved June 13, 1934, as amended, as heretofore extended by Acts of Congress approved August 30, 1935, January 27, 1936, August 5, 1937, May 26, 1938, August 5, 1939, December 16, 1940, and May 3, 1943, are further extended one and three years, respectively, from May 3, 1945.

Approved July 16, 1945.

[CHAPTER 318]

JOINT RESOLUTION

Relating to the appropriation for the roofs and skylights over the Senate and House wings of the Capitol, and for other purposes.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the appropriation of $385,000 provided in the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, approved June 27, 1940, as amended and carried forward by the Act of June 8, 1942, for the reconstruction of the roofs and skylights over the Senate and House wings of the United States Capitol, together with such additional amounts as may be provided hereafter for such purpose, shall be available also for the substitution of reinforced concrete roof slab for the skylights over the Senate and House Chambers, reconstruction of ceilings, redecoration, acoustical treatment, improved lighting, and other alterations, changes, and improvements in such Chambers: Provided further, That there is hereby authorized to be appropriated, to be merged with, and to be available for the same purposes and for expenditure in the same manner as the appropriation heretofore made, such additional amounts as may be necessary for the additional improvements herein authorized: Provided further, That the project, insofar as it affects the Senate wing of the Capitol, shall be carried forward by the Architect of the Capitol in accordance with plans to be approved by a committee of five Senators, to be appointed by the President pro tempore of the Senate, upon recommendation of the chairman of the Senate Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds: Provided further, That the project, insofar as it affects the House wing of the Capitol, shall be carried forward by the Architect of the Capitol in accordance with plans to be approved by a committee of five Representatives to be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, upon recommendation of the chairman of the House Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

Sec. 2. The Architect of the Capitol is authorized to enter into a contract or contracts for carrying out the provisions of this joint
resolution for a total amount not exceeding $861,000 in addition to
the aforesaid appropriation of $585,000 heretofore provided in the
Second Deficiency Appropriation Act of June 27, 1940.
Approved July 17, 1945.

[CHAPTER 319]

AN ACT
Making appropriations for war agencies for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946,
and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the
United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following
sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not other-
wise appropriated, for the support of war agencies for the fiscal year
ending June 30, 1946, namely:

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
OFFICE FOR EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT

Salaries and expenses: For completely terminating the functions
and duties of the Committee on Fair Employment Practice, includ-
ing such of the objects and limitations specified in the appropriation
for such agency for the fiscal year 1945 as may be incidental to its
liquidation, $250,000: Provided, That if and until the Committee on
Fair Employment Practice is continued by an Act of Congress, the
amount named herein may be used for its continued operation until
an additional appropriation shall have been provided: Provided
further, That in no case shall this fund be available for expenditure
beyond June 30, 1946.

NATIONAL WAR LABOR BOARD

Salaries and expenses: For all necessary expenses of the National
War Labor Board, including salaries at not to exceed $10,000 per
annum each for the eight public members of the Board; travel expenses
(not to exceed $720,000), including travel of new appointees and
transportation of their immediate families in accordance with regu-
lations prescribed by the President, and expenses of transportation of
household goods and personal effects in accordance with the Act of
October 10, 1940 (5 U. S. C. 73c-1), from the places of their actual
residence at the time of appointment to places of employment outside
continental United States, and for such expenses on return of civilian
officers and employees from their posts of duty outside continental
United States to the places of their actual residence at time of assign-
ment to duty outside the United States; not to exceed $45,000 for
deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail
as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364);
printing and binding (not to exceed $30,000); payment at the rates not
in excess of those fixed by law for witnesses attending in United States
courts (28 U. S. C. 600c), of fees, mileage, and subsistence of witnesses
appearing at hearings held by the National War Labor Board or its
agents in connection with the performance of its functions, which pay-
ment of fees, mileage, and subsistence shall be subject to certification
by the Chairman of the Board, or his designee, as to the necessity
therefor; actual transportation and other necessary expenses, and not
to exceed $25 per diem in lieu of subsistence, whether or not in a travel
status, of other members, alternate members, and associate members of the Board while serving as such without other compensation from the United States: $13,320,000: Provided, That those provisions of section 201 of the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, making appropriations available for travel and subsistence of persons employed or serving intermittently or without other compensation while away from their homes or regular places of business shall apply to public, labor, or industry members of the regional boards, committees, commissions, or panels, or public hearing officers of the National War Labor Board, whether employed intermittently or indefinitely, and the term "consultants" as used in section 201, National War Agencies Appropriation Act, 1945, and title I, under the head "Office for Emergency Management First Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1943," and paragraph (a), general provisions, National War Agencies Appropriation Act, 1944, shall be construed to include such persons: Provided further, That no part of the funds appropriated in this paragraph shall be used in connection with investigation, hearings, directives or orders concerning bargaining units composed in whole or in part of agricultural laborers, as that term is defined in the Social Security Act in section 409, title 42, United States Code. None of the persons receiving compensation on a per diem when-actually-employed basis and employed intermittently or indefinitely shall be entitled to any of the benefits of the Sick Leave Act of March 14, 1936 (49 Stat. 1162), or of the Annual Leave Act of March 14, 1936 (49 Stat. 1161), as amended, or of any other provisions of law pertaining to sick or annual leave.

OFFICE OF ALIEN PROPERTY CUSTODIAN

The Alien Property Custodian is hereby authorized to pay out of any funds or other property or interest vested in him or transferred to him all necessary expenses incurred by the Office of Alien Property Custodian in carrying out the powers and duties conferred on the Alien Property Custodian pursuant to the Trading with the Enemy Act of October 6, 1917, as amended (50 U. S. C. App.): Provided, That not to exceed $2,500,000 shall be available for the entire fiscal year 1946 for the general administrative expenses of the Office of Alien Property Custodian, including the salary of the Alien Property Custodian at $10,000 per annum; printing and binding; not to exceed $4,400 for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364); rent in the District of Columbia; not to exceed $70,000 for the temporary employment of persons or organizations by contract or otherwise for special services without regard to the civil service and classification laws; and all other necessary general administrative expenses: Provided further, That on or before November 1, 1945, the Alien Property Custodian shall make a report to the Appropriations Committees of the Senate and the House of Representatives giving detailed information on all administrative and nonadministrative expenses incurred in connection with the activities of the Office of Alien Property Custodian: Provided further, That nothing herein contained authorizing expenditures by the Alien Property Custodian during the fiscal year 1946 shall be construed as validating or invalidating expenditures by the Custodian during prior fiscal years.

OFFICE OF DEFENSE TRANSPORTATION

Salaries and expenses: For all necessary expenses of the Office of Defense Transportation, including salary of the Director at not to exceed $12,000, and the Deputy Director at $10,000, traveling expenses...
(not to exceed $452,500, including reimbursement, at not to exceed 3 cents per mile, of employees or others rendering service to said Office for official travel performed by them in privately owned automobiles within the limits of their official stations; printing and binding (not to exceed $47,500, including not to exceed $1,800 for printing and binding outside the continental limits of the United States without regard to provisions of law governing printing and binding (44 U. S. C. 111)); not to exceed $118,900 for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364), payment, at rates in excess of those fixed by law for witnesses attending in United States courts (28 U. S. C. 600c), of fees, mileage, and subsistence of witnesses appearing at hearings held by the Office of Defense Transportation in connection with the performance of its functions: Provided, That the payment of subsistence to witnesses shall be subject to certification by the Director of the Office of Defense Transportation or his designee, as to the necessity therefor; $7,350,000: Provided further, That in operating any commercial railroad or truck line the Office of Defense Transportation shall pay whatever license or inspection fees and highway use compensation taxes such lines would have been obligated to pay had they continued in operation under the control of the owners thereof.

OFFICE OF ECONOMIC STABILIZATION

Salaries and expenses: For all necessary expenses of the Office of Economic Stabilization, including salaries of the Director at $15,000 per annum and one assistant to the Director at $9,000 per annum; temporary employment (not to exceed $6,360) of persons or organizations by contract or otherwise, without regard to civil-service and classification laws; not to exceed $2,250 for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364); traveling expenses (not to exceed $4,500); purchase of one passenger automobile; and printing and binding (not to exceed $2,000); $196,250.

OFFICE OF SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

Salaries and expenses: For all necessary expenses of the Office of Scientific Research and Development, including the purchase of reports, documents, plans, or specifications; purchase for replacement purposes of one passenger automobile; the employment by contract or otherwise, without regard to civil-service or classification laws, at not to exceed $25 per day for individuals, of engineers, scientists, civilian analysts, technicians, or other necessary professional personnel or firms, corporations, or other organizations thereof; printing and binding; travel expenses, including, when specifically authorized or approved by the Director of the Office, transportation of personal effects of personnel to their first posts of duty outside continental United States, and return; reimbursement at not to exceed 3 cents per mile, of employees and others rendering service to the Government, for expenses incurred by them in performance of official travel in privately owned automobiles within the limits of their official stations; travel expenses of personnel on official business outside continental United States and away from designated posts of duty, on assignment with military forces, without regard to the Standardized Government Travel Regulations other than paragraph 45; the cost of a compartment or such other accommodation as may be authorized by the Director for security when authorized personnel are required to transport secret documents or hand baggage containing highly technical and valuable equipment; not to exceed $8,325...
for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364); and not to exceed $8,000 for the entertainment of officials of other countries; $70,000,000: Provided, That there may be paid from this appropriation to the National Academy of Sciences a sum not exceeding $150,000 for the administrative and overhead expenses incurred by said Academy during the fiscal year 1946 in carrying out research projects for Federal agencies, and such sum shall be in addition to any reimbursement otherwise provided for: Provided further, That notwithstanding the provisions of section 3679 of the Revised Statutes (31 U. S. C. 665), the Office of Scientific Research and Development is authorized, in making contracts for the conduct of investigations or experiments, to agree on behalf of the United States to indemnify the contractor from such funds as may be hereafter appropriated for the purpose, against loss or damage to persons or property arising from such work: Provided further, That funds available to any agency of the Government for scientific, technical, or medical research, development, testing, construction of test models, experimental production, or the provision of facilities therefor, shall be available for transfer with the approval of the head of the agency involved, in whole or in part, to the Office of Scientific Research and Development, and funds so transferred shall be expendable in the same manner as this appropriation: Provided further, That the Office of Scientific Research and Development may sell, lease, lend, or otherwise dispose of, under such terms and conditions as it may deem advisable, devices, scientific or technical equipment, models, or other articles of personality, developed, constructed, produced in or purchased for the performance of its scientific or medical contracts, except articles acquired for administrative purposes, and all receipts from such dispositions shall be covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.

OFFICE OF INTER-AMERICAN AFFAIRS

Salaries and expenses: For all necessary expenses of the Office of Inter-American Affairs, including salary of the Director at $10,000 per annum; not to exceed $15,000 for the temporary employment of persons or organizations by contract or otherwise without regard to the civil-service and classification laws; employment of aliens; travel expenses, not to exceed $101,297; printing and binding, not to exceed $12,000; not to exceed $8,000 for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364); entertainment of officials and others of the other American republics; grants of money, property, or services to governmental and public or private nonprofit institutions and facilities in the United States and the other American republics; the free distribution, donation, or loan of publications, phonograph records, radio scripts, radio transcriptions, art works, motion-picture scripts, motion-picture films, educational material, and other material and every assistance, such other gratuitous assistance as the Director may deem necessary and appropriate to carry out his program; expenses of transporting employees of the Office of Inter-American Affairs and their effects from their homes to their places of employment in the other American republics, or from their homes in the other American republics to their places of employment, and return, when specifically authorized by the Director; travel expenses of dependents and transportation of personal effects, from their places of employment to their homes in the United States or in the possessions of the United States or in the other American republics, of employees for whom such expenses were paid by the Government on their assignment to posts in
Salaries and expenses: For all necessary expenses of the Office of War Information, including the employment of a Director and Associate Director at not exceeding $12,000 and $10,000 per annum, respectively; not to exceed $45,800 for the temporary employment in the United States of persons by contract or otherwise without regard to the civil-service and classification laws; employment of aliens; employment of persons outside the continental limits of the United States without regard to the civil-service and classification laws; travel expenses (not to exceed $267,500 for travel within the continental limits of the United States); expenses of transporting employees and their effects from their homes to their places of employment outside continental United States and return to their homes in the United States; reimbursement, at not to exceed 3 cents per mile, of employees or others rendering service to the Office of War Information for use by them of privately owned automobiles for transportation on official business within the limits of their official stations or places of service; purchase of radio time and purchase or rental of facilities for radio transmission; purchase, rental, construction, improvement, maintenance, and operation of facilities for radio transmission and reception, including real property outside the continental limits of the United

OFFICE OF WAR INFORMATION

Salaries and expenses: For all necessary expenses of the Office of War Information, including the employment of a Director and Associate Director at not exceeding $12,000 and $10,000 per annum, respectively; not to exceed $45,800 for the temporary employment in the United States of persons by contract or otherwise without regard to the civil-service and classification laws; employment of aliens; employment of persons outside the continental limits of the United States without regard to the civil-service and classification laws; travel expenses (not to exceed $267,500 for travel within the continental limits of the United States); expenses of transporting employees and their effects from their homes to their places of employment outside continental United States and return to their homes in the United States; reimbursement, at not to exceed 3 cents per mile, of employees or others rendering service to the Office of War Information for use by them of privately owned automobiles for transportation on official business within the limits of their official stations or places of service; purchase of radio time and purchase or rental of facilities for radio transmission; purchase, rental, construction, improvement, maintenance, and operation of facilities for radio transmission and reception, including real property outside the continental limits of the United
States and temporary sentry stations, guard barracks, and enclosures for the security of short-wave broadcasting facilities within the continental limits of the United States without regard to the provisions of section 355, Revised Statutes (40 U. S. C. 255), and other provisions of law affecting the purchase or rental of land and the construction of buildings thereon; advertising in foreign newspapers without regard to section 3528, Revised Statutes (44 U. S. C. 324); printing and binding (not to exceed $1,000,000, for such expenses within the continental limits of the United States), including printing and binding outside the continental limits of the United States without regard to section 11 of the Act of March 1, 1919 (44 U. S. C. 111); not to exceed $56,250 for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364); purchase or rental and operation of photographic, reproduction, printing, duplicating, communication, and other machines, equipment, and devices; exchange of funds without regard to section 3651, Revised Statutes; acquisition, production, and free distribution of publications, phonograph records, radio transcriptions, motion-picture films, photographs and pictures, educational materials, and such other items as the Director may deem necessary to carry out the program of the Office of War Information, and sale or rental of such items by contract or otherwise to firms or individuals for use outside the continental limits of the United States; purchase, repair, and cleaning of uniforms for use by porters, drivers, messengers, watchmen, and other custodial employees outside continental United States; such gratuitous expenses of travel and subsistence as the Director deems advisable in the fields of education, travel, radio, press, and cinema; not to exceed $125,000 for entertainment in the United States and abroad of officials and others in the fields of education, radio, press, and cinema of other countries and prior appropriations of the Office of War Information for this purpose shall be construed as having been available for expenditure in the United States; payment of the United States' share of the expenses of the maintenance, in cooperation with any other of the United Nations, of organizations and activities designed to receive and disseminate information relative to the prosecution of the war; $35,000,000: Provided, That not more than $31,135,270 (including living and quarters allowances) shall be allocated to the Overseas Operations Branch and not more than $1,297,500 shall be allocated to the Domestic Operations Branch for the following functions only: Office of the Director; Book and Magazine Bureau; Foreign News Bureau; Graphics Bureau; News Bureau; Bureau of Special Services; Radio Bureau; Motion Picture Bureau, not exceeding $36,840: Provided further, That notwithstanding the provisions of section 3679, Revised Statutes (31 U. S. C. 665), the Office of War Information is authorized in making contracts for the use of international short-wave radio stations and facilities, to agree on behalf of the United States to indemnify the owners and operators of said radio stations and facilities from such funds as may be hereafter appropriated for the purpose, against loss or damage on account of injury to persons or property arising from such use of said radio stations and facilities: Provided further, That not to exceed $250,000 of this appropriation shall be available to meet emergencies of a confidential character to be expended under the direction of the Director, who shall make a certificate of the amount of such expenditure which he may think it advisable not to specify and every such certificate shall be deemed a sufficient voucher for the amount therein certified.

No part of this or any other appropriation shall be expended by the Office of War Information for the preparation or publication of any pamphlet or other literature, except the United States Govern-
ment Manual, for distribution to the public within the United States.

The appropriation herein made for the Office of War Information shall constitute the total amount to be available for obligation by such agency during the fiscal year 1946 and shall not be supplemented by funds from any source except by reverse lend-lease.

This appropriation shall be available when authorized by the Director of the Office of War Information for furnishing of food, prepared or otherwise, and quarters to employees and others engaged in activities of the Office of War Information in the Far East, and for furnishing of quarters which may be required in other areas outside the continental limits of the United States, including the construction of quarters (when not otherwise available) outside the continental limits of the United States without regard to the provisions of section 355, Revised Statutes (40 U. S. C. 255), and other provisions of law affecting the purchase or rental of land and the construction of buildings thereon: Provided, That food and quarters furnished hereunder shall be on a basis of not less than cost, as determined by the Director, payment therefor to be by reduction of living and travel allowances, in accordance with standardized regulations prescribed by the President, or in the case of native employees as part compensation for service rendered, or cash. Not to exceed $250,000 of the appropriations of the Office of War Information for prior fiscal years shall be construed as having been available for these purposes.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD

Salaries and expenses: For all necessary expenses of the War Production Board, including salary of the Chairman at $15,000 per annum, and salaries of six vice chairmen or principal officials at $10,000 per annum each; the employment of aliens; the employment of expert witnesses; not to exceed $20,000 for the temporary employment of persons or organizations, by contract or otherwise, without regard to the civil-service or classification laws; not to exceed $5,000 for entertainment of officials of other countries when specifically authorized or approved by the Chairman; reimbursement at not to exceed 3 cents per mile, of employees for expenses incurred by them in performance of official travel in privately owned automobiles within the limits of their official stations; not to exceed $1,944,000 for travel expenses, including travel to and from their homes or regular places of business in accordance with the Standardized Travel Regulations, including travel in privately owned automobile (and including per diem in lieu of subsistence at place of employment), of persons employed intermittently away from their homes or regular places of business as compliance commissioners and receiving compensation on a per diem when actually employed basis; not to exceed $210,000 for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364); not to exceed $648,000 for printing and binding; and the rental, maintenance, and operation of one airplane; $35,000,000: Provided, That appropriations of the War Production Board for the fiscal year 1943 shall be available for reimbursement of not to exceed 5 cents per mile to persons serving without other compensation from the United States, or at $1 per annum, for expenses of travel performed by them in privately owned automobiles away from their designated posts of duty during said fiscal year.

SMALLER WAR PLANTS CORPORATION

Smaller War Plants Corporation, administrative expenses: Not to exceed $8,000,000 of the funds of the Smaller War Plants Corporation,
acquired in accordance with the Act of June 11, 1942 (Public Law 603), shall be available for the administrative expenses of such Corporation necessary to enable it to carry out the functions vested in it by such Act, to carry out the provisions of section 2 of such Act, and such other functions as may be lawfully delegated to the Corporation, including the salary of the Chairman of the Board at $12,000 and the salaries of four members of the Board at not exceeding $9,000 each per annum; not to exceed $10,000 for the employment of aliens; not to exceed $250,000 for the temporary employment of persons or organizations by contract or otherwise without regard to the civil-service and classification laws for special services, including audits notwithstanding section 5 of the Act of April 6, 1914 (5 U. S. C. 55); printing and binding; reimbursement, at not to exceed 3 cents per mile, of employees for expenses incurred by them in performance of official travel in privately owned automobiles within the limits of their official stations; procurement of supplies, equipment, and services without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes where the amount involved in any one case does not exceed $300; not to exceed $50,000 for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364); and rent in the District of Columbia: Provided, That, as determined by the chairman of the Board of Directors, or such officer as may be designated by the Board of Directors for the purpose, expenditures (including expenditures for services performed on a force account or contract or fee basis) necessary in acquiring, operating, maintaining, improving, or disposing of real or personal property belonging to the Corporation or in which it has an interest (except property acquired for the administrative purposes of the Corporation), including expenses of collections of pledged collateral and expenses of service and administration of its loans, advances, and property under section 6 of said Act of June 11, 1942, shall be considered as nonadministrative expenses for the purposes hereof and not to exceed $1,000,000 of the funds of the Corporation shall be available for the objects named in this proviso: Provided further, That no part of said $8,000,000 shall be obligated or expended unless and until an appropriation account shall have been established therefor pursuant to an appropriation warrant or a covering warrant, and all such expenses shall be accounted for and audited in accordance with the Budget and Accounting Act.

War Shipping Administration, revolving fund: To increase the War Shipping Administration revolving fund, $367,000,000, which fund shall be available for carrying on all the activities and functions of the War Shipping Administration as prescribed in Executive Orders 9054, 9350, 9387, 9495, and 9336, dated February 7, 1942; June 10, 1943; October 15, 1943; November 2, 1944; and April 24, 1943; including costs incidental to the acquisition, operation, loading, discharging, and use of vessels transferred for use of any department or agency of the United States, and for all administrative expenses, including expenses of the Maritime War Emergency Board (not to exceed $14,682,000 in the fiscal year 1946), including the employment and compensation of persons in the District of Columbia and elsewhere in accordance with laws applicable to the employment and compensation of persons by the United States Maritime Commission except section 201 (b) of the Merchant Marine Act, 1936 (49 Stat. 1116); expenses of attendance, when specifically authorized by the Administrator, at meetings concerned with the work of the Administration; reimbursement, at not to exceed 3 cents per mile, of
employees for expenses incurred by them in official travel in privately owned automobiles within the limits of their official stations; actual transportation and other necessary expenses and not to exceed $25 per diem in lieu of subsistence of persons serving while away from their permanent homes or regular places of business in an advisory capacity to or employed by the Administration without other compensation from the United States or at $1 per annum; printing and binding; lawbooks, books of reference, periodicals, and newspapers; teletype services; maintenance, repair, rental in foreign countries, and operation of passenger-carrying automobiles; travel expenses, including transportation of effects under regulations prescribed by the Administrator, of employees from their homes to their posts of duty outside continental United States (excluding Alaska) and return; necessary advance payments in foreign countries; reimbursement of employees for loss of personal effects in case of marine or aircraft disaster; not to exceed $500 for entertainment of officials of other countries when specifically authorized by the Administrator; and the employment, on a contract or fee basis, of persons, firms, or corporations for the performance of special services, including legal services, without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes or the civil-service and classification laws: Provided, That when vessels are transferred or assigned permanently by the War Shipping Administrator to other departments or agencies of the United States Government for operation by them, funds for the operation, loading, discharging, repairs, and alterations, or other use of such vessels may be transferred from this fund to the applicable appropriations of the department or agency concerned in such amounts as may be approved by the Bureau of the Budget: Provided further, That the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized and directed to transfer the sum of $50,000,000 from the marine and war risk insurance fund to the War Shipping Administration, revolving fund.

Maritime training fund, War Shipping Administration: For the training, recruitment, repatriation, rehabilitation, and placement of personnel for the manning of the merchant marine, and the establishment and maintenance of policies respecting maritime labor relations and conditions, and for administrative expenses (not to exceed $3,269,357) including all the administrative items of expenditure for which the appropriation “War Shipping Administration, revolving fund”, is available; rent in the District of Columbia in connection with existing lease of office quarters; and not to exceed $2,500 for contingencies for the Superintendent, United States Merchant Marine Academy, to be expended in his discretion, $70,000,000: Provided, That not to exceed $1,186,000 of this appropriation may be transferred to applicable appropriations of the United States Public Health Service for payment of salaries and other expenses of the Public Health Service in performing services for the War Shipping Administration: Provided further, That the unexpended balance on June 30, 1945, of the continuing appropriation “Maritime training fund, War Shipping Administration”, shall be transferred to and merged with this appropriation, and the consolidated funds shall be available for the payment of obligations theretofore incurred under said continuing appropriation.

State marine schools, War Shipping Administration: To reimburse the State of California, $50,000; the State of Maine, $50,000; the State of Massachusetts, $50,000; the State of New York, $50,000; and the State of Pennsylvania, $50,000; for expenses incurred in the maintenance and support of marine schools in such States as provided in the Act authorizing the establishment of marine schools, and so forth, approved March 4, 1911, as amended (34 U. S. C. 1121–1123); and for the maintenance and repair of vessels loaned by the United
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States to the said States for use in connection with such State marine schools, $75,000; in all, $325,000.

**OFFICE FOR EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT—GENERAL PROVISIONS**

(a) The head of any constituent agency may delegate to any official in such agency the authority to make appointments of personnel and he may also delegate to any official in the agency of which he is the head the authority to make other determinations necessary for the conduct of the administrative management within such agency.

(b) Any employee of any of the constituent agencies is authorized, when designated for the purpose by the head of such agency, to administer to or take from any person an oath, affirmation, or affidavit, when such instrument is required in connection with the performance of the functions or activities of such agency.

(c) The head of any of the constituent agencies is authorized, in connection with the operations of such agency, to consider, ascertain, adjust, determine, and certify claims against the United States in accordance with the Act of December 28, 1922 (31 U. S. C. 215), and to designate certifying officers in accordance with the Act of December 29, 1941, or to delegate authority to the head of any other agency to designate employees of such agency as certifying officers to certify vouchers payable against the funds of the constituent agency concerned.

(d) The appropriations for the constituent agencies under the Office for Emergency Management for the fiscal year 1946 shall be available for the hire of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles.

**OFFICE OF CENSORSHIP**

Salaries and expenses: For all necessary expenses of the Office of Censorship, including the employment of aliens as examiners or translators; the employment of a Director and a deputy director at not exceeding $10,000 and $9,000 per annum, respectively; not to exceed $20,000 for temporary personal services without regard to civil-service and classification laws; travel expenses (not to exceed $81,900); travel expenses of appointees from point of induction in continental United States to their first posts of duty outside continental United States and such expenses of employees returning from their places of employment outside continental United States to their homes in the United States or possessions or in foreign countries; reimbursement at not to exceed 3 cents per mile to employees for expenses incurred by them for official travel in privately owned automobiles within the limits of their official stations; printing and binding (not to exceed $95,550); rental of photographic, communication, and other equipment and devices; hire of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles; purchase of guard uniforms; purchase of special wearing apparel or equipment for protection of employees while engaged in their work; not to exceed $8,200 for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364); not to exceed $10,000 for scientific research on models, devices, and other items related to the functions of the Office of Censorship without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes; $13,000,000: Provided, That not to exceed $5,000 of this appropriation shall be available for expenses of a confidential character, to be expended under the direction of the Director who shall make a certificate of the amount of each such expenditure which he may think it advisable not to specify and every such certificate shall be deemed a sufficient voucher for the amount therein certified.

29 Stat. 915.
Expenses of a confidential character.
Salaries and expenses: For all expenses necessary to enable the Office of Strategic Services to carry out its functions and activities, including salaries of a Director at $10,000 per annum, one assistant director and one deputy director at $9,000 per annum each; not to exceed $3,500 for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364); travel expenses, including expenses outside the United States without regard to the Standardized Government Travel Regulations and the Subsistence Expense Act of 1926, as amended (5 U. S. C. § 321d), and any general provision for the fiscal year 1946 to the contrary; preparation and transportation of the remains of officers and employees who die abroad or in transit, while in the dispatch of their official duties, to their former homes in this country or to a place not more distant for interment, and for the ordinary expenses of such interment; rental of news-reporting services; purchase of or subscription to commercial and trade reports; the rendering of such gratuitous services and the disposition, free or otherwise, of such materials as the Director deems advisable; purchase or rental and operation of photographic, reproduction, duplicating and printing machines, equipment, and devices and radio-receiving and radio-sending equipment and devices; maintenance, operation, repair, and hire of motor-propelled or horse-drawn passenger-carrying vehicles and vessels of all kinds; printing and binding; exchange of funds without regard to section 3651, Revised Statutes (31 U. S. C. 543); purchase and free distribution of firearms, guard uniforms, special clothing, and other personal equipment; the cost of a compartment or such other accommodations as may be authorized by the Director for security when authorized personnel are required to transport secret documents or hand baggage containing highly technical and valuable equipment; $20,000,000, of which amount such sums as may be authorized by the Bureau of the Budget may be transferred to other departments or agencies of the Government, either as advance payment or reimbursement of appropriation, for the performance of any of the functions or activities for which this appropriation is made: Provided, That $10,500,000 of this appropriation may be expended without regard to the provisions of law and regulations relating to the expenditure of Government funds or the employment of persons in the Government service, and $10,000,000 of such $10,500,000 may be expended for objects of a confidential nature, such expenditures to be accounted for solely on the certificate of the Director of the Office of Strategic Services and every such certificate shall be deemed a sufficient voucher for the amount therein certified.

Salaries and expenses: For all necessary expenses of the Petroleum Administration for War in performing its functions as prescribed by the President (Fed. Reg., December 4, 1942), including not to exceed $250,000 for personal services without regard to the civil-service and classification laws but not part of this sum shall be used to compensate any person who has been transferred from a classification pay status to an ungraded pay status; printing and binding not to exceed $20,000; not to exceed $2,000 for the entertainment of officials of other countries; not to exceed $22,500 for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail, as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364); and not to exceed $263,700 for travel expenses; $3,968,200: Provided, That section 8709, Revised Statutes, shall not apply to any purchase or transfer of funds.
INDEPENDENT OFFICES

OFFICE OF WAR MOBILIZATION AND RECONVERSION

For all necessary expenses of the Office of War Mobilization and Reconversion, including the Office of Contract Settlement, the Surplus Property Board, and the Retraining and Reemployment Administration, in carrying out the provisions of the Act of October 3, 1944 (Public Law 458), the Act of July 1, 1944 (Public Law 395), the Act of October 3, 1944 (Public Law 457), and all other powers, duties, and functions which may be lawfully vested in the Office of War Mobilization and Reconversion, including fees and expenses of witnesses; printing and binding; not to exceed $11,900 for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364); and purchase of two passenger automobiles; $3,955,400.

For all expenses necessary to enable the disposal agencies designated by or pursuant to the Surplus Property Act of 1944 to carry out the disposal functions vested in them by or pursuant to said Act, including the objects authorized under the appropriation for the Office of War Mobilization and Reconversion, $40,000,000, to be for allocation or reimbursement by the Surplus Property Board, with the concurrence of the Director of War Mobilization and Reconversion, to such agencies in such amounts as shall be approved by the Bureau of the Budget, including, in the case of Government corporations, reimbursement for expenditures incurred by them during prior fiscal years in connection with the disposal of surplus property under said Act and under Executive Order 9425: Provided, That these funds shall be available only for expenses incident to the care, handling, transfer, and other disposition by a disposal agency of property other than that under its control as an owning agency as defined in said Act and expenses of other Government agencies designated by the Board to render special advisory service in connection therewith: Provided further, That the provisions of section 203 of the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, restricting the availability of appropriations for the purchase, maintenance, or operation of aircraft, shall not apply to expenditures incident to the disposal of aircraft under the authority of the Surplus Property Act of 1944 (Act of October 3, 1944, Public Law 457). The appropriation, “Surplus property program”, in the amount of $14,999,000 carried under the heading “Procurement Division”, in the Treasury Department Appropriation Act, 1946, is hereby transferred to and consolidated with this appropriation and the limitations contained in such transferred appropriation shall be applicable only to such amount of $14,999,000.

SELECTIVE SERVICE SYSTEM

Salaries and expenses: For all expenses necessary for the operation and maintenance of the Selective Service System as authorized by the Selective Training and Service Act of 1940 (50 U. S. C. App. 301); including not to exceed $455,000 for printing and binding and not to exceed $1,043,000 for expenditure through other Federal agencies, and through State agencies without regard to section 3648 of the Revised Statutes, for gathering of medical and social history information on registrants; not to exceed $1,775,000 for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364); expenses incident to the granting of nonmonetary awards, including citations, insignia,
emblems, and devices, to civilian employees of the Selective Service System and others rendering service to the System in recognition of faithful and meritorious services; and, under such rules or regulations as may be prescribed by the Director of Selective Service, expenses of emergency medical care, including hospitalization, of registrants who suffer illness or injury, and the transportation, and burial, of the remains of registrants who suffer death, while acting under orders issued under the selective-service law but such burial expenses shall not exceed $150 in any one case; $52,000,000: Provided, That such amounts as may be necessary shall be available for the planning, directing, and operation of a program of work of national importance under civilian direction, either independently or in cooperation with governmental or nongovernmental agencies, and the assignment and delivery thereto of individuals found to be conscientiously opposed to participation in work of the land or naval forces, which cooperation with other agencies may include the furnishing of funds to and acceptance of money, services, or other forms of assistance from such nongovernmental agencies for the more effectual accomplishment of the work; and for the pay and allowances of such individuals at rates not in excess of those paid to persons inducted into the Army under the Selective Service System, and such privileges as are accorded such inductees: Provided further, That the travel of persons engaged in the administration of the Selective Service System, including commissioned, warrant, or enlisted personnel of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, or their reserve components, including not to exceed $5,000 for attendance at meetings of societies or associations for the purpose of obtaining or imparting information concerning functions of the Selective Service System and reimbursement at not to exceed 3 cents per mile of employees or others rendering service to the Government for expenses incurred by them in performance of official travel in privately owned automobiles within the limits of their official stations, may be ordered by the Director or by such persons as he may authorize: Provided further, That no person traveling hereunder shall be allowed travel expenses on the mileage basis unless such expenses are authorized by regulation of the service to which he belongs.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

WAR RELocation AUTHORITY

Salaries and expenses: For all necessary expenses of the War Relocation Authority, $25,000,000, including expenses incident to the extension of the program provided for in Executive Order 9102 to persons of Japanese ancestry not evacuated from military areas and the administration and operation of the emergency refugee shelter at Fort Ontario, New York, provided for in the President's message of June 12, 1944, to the Congress (H. Doc. 636); salary of the Director at not to exceed $10,000 per annum; employment of aliens; not to exceed $20,000 for the employment of persons or organizations, by contract or otherwise, without regard to the civil service and classification laws; traveling expenses, not to exceed $313,200; reimbursement, at not to exceed 3 cents per mile, of employees for official travel performed by them in privately owned automobiles within the limits of their official stations; printing and binding, not to exceed $14,900; procurement of supplies and equipment (with or without personal services); the leasing to others of land acquired for the program; purchase of uniforms for internal security officers; transfer of household goods and effects as provided by the Act of October 10, 1940, including travel expenses, of employees transferred from other Federal
Payments in lieu of taxes.
Disability or death compensation.
Supp. IV, § 796 note.

Delegation of authority.
Nonapplicability.
Travel of evacuees.

Expenditure of funds set apart for special projects.

War agencies. Services performed for, by other Government agencies.
47 Stat. 417.

Provided, That the provisions of the Act of February 15, 1934 (48 Stat. 351), as amended, relating to disability or death compensation and benefits, shall apply to persons receiving from the United States compensation in the form of subsistence, cash advances, or other allowances in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Director of the War Relocation Authority for work performed in connection with such program and, effective August 5, 1944, in connection with the administration and operation of such emergency refugee shelter; Provided further, That this provision shall not apply in any case coming within the purview of the workmen's compensation laws of any State, Territory, or possession, or in which the claimant has received or is entitled to receive similar benefits for injury or death: Provided further, That the Secretary of the Interior may delegate to any official in the War Relocation Authority the authority to make appointments of personnel and he may also delegate to any official in the War Relocation Authority the authority to make other determinations necessary for the conduct of administrative management within the Authority: And provided further, That the limitation placed on the amount available for travel expenses for the War Relocation Authority shall not apply to travel of evacuees and their escorts incident to transfers and relocation.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Sec. 102. The appropriations in this Act for salaries and expenses shall be available, in addition to the objects specified under each head, for personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; contract stenographic reporting services; lawbooks, books of reference, newspapers and periodicals; maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles; acceptance and utilization of voluntary and uncompensated services; and traveling expenses, including expenses of attendance at meetings of organizations concerned with the work of the agency from whose appropriation such expenses are paid.

Sec. 103. Whenever sums are set apart from the appropriations in this Act for special projects (classified in the estimates submitted to Congress as or under "Other contractual services") expenditures may be made therefrom for traveling expenses, printing and binding, and purchase of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles without regard to the limitations specified for such objects under the respective heads, but within such amounts as the Bureau of the Budget may approve therefor and such Bureau shall report to Congress each such limitation determined by it: Provided, That such limitations shall not apply where the special projects are performed by non-Government agencies.

Sec. 104. With the prior approval of the Bureau of the Budget and under authority of section 601 of the Act of June 30, 1932, as amended (31 U. S. C. 686), orders for work or services to be performed by other agencies of the Government may be placed by any of the agencies whose appropriations are contained in this Act, but no agency shall perform work or render services with or without reimbursement.
(including the detail or loan of personnel) for any of the agencies whose appropriations are contained in this Act except in pursuance of orders approved or authorized in accordance with regulations prescribed by said Bureau or under specific authority of other law. This provision shall not apply to the Office of Strategic Services.

Sec. 105. The foregoing sections 102, 103, and 104 shall have no application to appropriations for the War Shipping Administration.

Sec. 106. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used to pay the salary or wages of any person who advocates, or is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided, That for the purposes hereof an affidavit shall be considered prima facie evidence that the person making the affidavit does not advocate, and is not a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided further, That any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence and accepts employment the salary or wages for which are paid from any appropriation contained in this Act shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than $1,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both: Provided further, That the above penalty clause shall be in addition to, and not in substitution for, any other provisions of existing law.

Sec. 107. This Act may be cited as the "National War Agencies Appropriation Act, 1946."

Approved July 17, 1945.

[CHAPTER 320]

To authorize the Secretary of the Interior to modify the provisions of a contract for the purchase of a power plant for use in connection with the San Carlos irrigation project.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior is authorized and directed, with the consent of the Christmas Copper Corporation, to extend to December 31, 1946, the provisions of the contract entered into on June 19, 1942, whereby the United States agreed to purchase the Diesel electric-generating plant of said corporation for use in connection with the San Carlos Indian irrigation project, and whereby said corporation agreed to accept delivery of electric energy from the United States prior to December 31, 1944, in partial payment for such plant; to modify the contract thus extended so as to require that electric energy delivered to said corporation during the period beginning January 1, 1945, be paid for by credit under the contract at the rates established by the general rates schedule for the San Carlos Indian irrigation project system in effect at the time of delivery; and to delete from the contract the provision reserving a first right to said corporation to use seven hundred and fifty kilowatts of power. The terms of the contract thus extended shall be subject to the right of the United States to remove the Diesel plant from its present location or to sell or otherwise dispose of it, which action may be taken in the discretion of the Secretary of the Interior. In the event of such removal or disposition of the Diesel plant, any remaining balance of the purchase price shall be liquidated and discharged prior to December 31, 1946, in the same manner as though such plant had not been disposed of or removed.

Approved July 21, 1945.
AN ACT

To fix and regulate the salaries of teachers, school officers, and other employees of the Board of Education of the District of Columbia, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

TITLE I—SALARY SCHEDULES

Section 1. That on and after July 1, 1945, the salaries of teachers, school officers, and certain other employees of the Board of Education of the District of Columbia shall be as follows, and wherever the term "other employees" is used in this Act, it shall be interpreted to include only those employees of the Board of Education whose positions are included in the following schedule:

ARTICLE I—SALARIES OF TEACHERS, SCHOOL LIBRARIANS, AND RESEARCH ASSISTANTS

CLASS 1—TEACHERS IN ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS

Group A: A basic salary of $1,900 per year, with an annual increase in salary of $100 for ten years, or until a maximum salary of $2,900 per year is reached.

Group B: A basic salary of $3,000 per year, with an annual increase in salary of $100 for three years, or until a maximum salary of $3,300 per year is reached.

CLASS 2—TEACHERS IN JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOLS

Group A: A basic salary of $1,900 per year, with an annual increase in salary of $100 for ten years, or until a maximum salary of $2,900 per year is reached.

Group B: A basic salary of $3,000 per year, with an annual increase in salary of $100 for three years, or until a maximum salary of $3,300 per year is reached.

Group C: A basic salary of $2,100 per year, with an annual increase in salary of $100 for twelve years, or until a maximum salary of $3,300 per year is reached.

Group D: A basic salary of $3,400 per year, with an annual increase in salary of $100 for three years, or until a maximum salary of $3,700 per year is reached.

CLASS 3—TEACHERS IN SENIOR HIGH SCHOOLS

Group A: A basic salary of $2,100 per year, with an annual increase in salary of $100 for twelve years, or until a maximum salary of $3,300 per year is reached.

Group B: A basic salary of $3,400 per year, with an annual increase in salary of $100 for three years, or until a maximum salary of $3,700 per year is reached.

CLASS 4—SCHOOL LIBRARIANS

Group A: A basic salary of $1,900 per year, with an annual increase in salary of $100 for ten years, or until a maximum salary of $2,900 per year is reached.

Group B: A basic salary of $3,000 per year, with an annual increase in salary of $100 for three years, or until a maximum salary of $3,300 per year is reached.
CLASS 5—TEACHERS IN VOCATIONAL HIGH SCHOOLS

Group A: A basic salary of $1,900 per year, with an annual increase in salary of $100 for ten years, or until a maximum salary of $2,900 per year is reached.

Group B: A basic salary of $3,000 per year, with an annual increase in salary of $100 for three years, or until a maximum salary of $3,300 per year is reached.

Group C: A basic salary of $2,100 per year, with an annual increase in salary of $100 for twelve years, or until a maximum salary of $3,300 per year is reached.

Group D: A basic salary of $3,400 per year, with an annual increase in salary of $100 for three years, or until a maximum salary of $3,700 per year is reached.

CLASS 6—RESEARCH ASSISTANTS

Group A: A basic salary of $1,900 per year, with an annual increase in salary of $100 for ten years, or until a maximum salary of $2,900 per year is reached.

Group B: A basic salary of $3,000 per year, with an annual increase in salary of $100 for three years, or until a maximum salary of $3,300 per year is reached.

Group C: A basic salary of $2,100 per year, with an annual increase in salary of $100 for twelve years, or until a maximum salary of $3,300 per year is reached.

Group D: A basic salary of $3,400 per year, with an annual increase in salary of $100 for three years, or until a maximum salary of $3,700 per year is reached.

CLASS 7—INSTRUCTORS IN TEACHERS COLLEGES

Group A: A basic salary of $2,100 per year, with an annual increase in salary of $100 for twelve years, or until a maximum salary of $3,300 per year is reached.

Group B: A basic salary of $3,400 per year, with an annual increase in salary of $100 for three years, or until a maximum salary of $3,700 per year is reached.

CLASS 8—ASSISTANT LIBRARIANS IN TEACHERS COLLEGES

Group A: A basic salary of $2,100 per year, with an annual increase in salary of $100 for eight years, or until a maximum salary of $2,900 per year is reached.

Group B: A basic salary of $3,000 per year, with an annual increase in salary of $100 for three years, or until a maximum salary of $3,300 per year is reached.

CLASS 9—CHIEF LIBRARIANS IN TEACHERS COLLEGES

A basic salary of $3,400 per year, with an annual increase in salary of $100 for four years, or until a maximum salary of $3,800 per year is reached.

CLASS 10—ASSISTANT PROFESSORS IN TEACHERS COLLEGES

A basic salary of $3,400 per year, with an annual increase in salary of $100 for eight years, or until a maximum salary of $4,200 per year is reached.
CLASS 11—ASSOCIATE PROFESSORS IN TEACHERS COLLEGES

A basic salary of $3,900 per year, with an annual increase in salary of $100 for eight years, or until a maximum salary of $4,700 per year is reached.

CLASS 12—PROFESSORS IN TEACHERS COLLEGES

A basic salary of $4,400 per year, with an annual increase in salary of $100 for eight years, or until a maximum salary of $5,200 per year is reached.

ARTICLE II—SALARIES OF ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPERVISORY OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES IN THE DEPARTMENT OF SCHOOL ATTENDANCE AND WORK PERMITS

CLASS 13—PRINCIPALS IN ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS WITH SIXTEEN OR MORE ROOMS, AND PRINCIPALS IN AMERICANIZATION SCHOOLS

A basic salary of $3,700 per year, with an annual increase in salary of $100 for eight years, or until a maximum salary of $4,500 per year is reached.

CLASS 14—ASSISTANT PRINCIPALS IN JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOLS

A basic salary of $3,700 per year, with an annual increase in salary of $100 for eight years, or until a maximum salary of $4,500 per year is reached.

CLASS 15—ASSISTANT PRINCIPALS IN VOCATIONAL HIGH SCHOOLS

A basic salary of $3,900 per year, with an annual increase in salary of $100 for eight years, or until a maximum salary of $4,700 per year is reached.

CLASS 16—ASSISTANT PRINCIPALS IN SENIOR HIGH SCHOOLS

A basic salary of $3,900 per year, with an annual increase in salary of $100 for eight years, or until a maximum salary of $4,700 per year is reached.

CLASS 17—HEADS OF DEPARTMENTS

A basic salary of $3,900 per year, with an annual increase in salary of $100 for eight years, or until a maximum salary of $4,700 per year is reached.

CLASS 18—PRINCIPALS OF JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOLS

A basic salary of $4,200 per year, with an annual increase in salary of $100 for eight years, or until a maximum salary of $5,000 per year is reached.

CLASS 19—PRINCIPALS OF VOCATIONAL HIGH SCHOOLS

A basic salary of $4,700 per year, with an annual increase in salary of $100 for eight years, or until a maximum salary of $5,500 per year is reached.

CLASS 20—PRINCIPALS OF SENIOR HIGH SCHOOLS

A basic salary of $4,700 per year, with an annual increase in salary of $100 for eight years, or until a maximum salary of $5,500 per year is reached.
A basic salary of $3,900 per year, with an annual increase in salary of $100 for eight years, or until a maximum salary of $4,700 per year is reached.

CLASS 22—DIRECTORS

A basic salary of $4,700 per year, with an annual increase in salary of $100 for eight years, or until a maximum salary of $5,500 per year is reached.

CLASS 23—DIVISIONAL DIRECTORS

A basic salary of $4,700 per year, with an annual increase in salary of $100 for eight years, or until a maximum salary of $5,500 per year is reached.

CLASS 24—CHIEF EXAMINER

A basic salary of $4,700 per year, with an annual increase in salary of $100 for eight years, or until a maximum salary of $5,500 per year is reached.

CLASS 25—PRESIDENTS OF TEACHERS COLLEGES

A basic salary of $6,000 per year, with an annual increase in salary of $200 for five years, or until a maximum salary of $7,000 per year is reached.

CLASS 26—ASSOCIATE SUPERINTENDENTS

A basic salary of $6,000 per year, with an annual increase in salary of $200 for five years, or until a maximum salary of $7,000 per year is reached.

CLASS 27—ASSISTANT TO THE SUPERINTENDENT (IN CHARGE OF BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION)

A basic salary of $7,000 per year, with an annual increase in salary of $200 for five years, or until a maximum salary of $8,000 per year is reached.

CLASS 28—FIRST ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENTS

A basic salary of $7,000 per year, with an annual increase in salary of $200 for five years, or until a maximum salary of $8,000 per year is reached.

CLASS 29—SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS

A basic salary of $10,000 per year, with an annual increase in salary of $1,000 for two years, or until a maximum salary of $12,000 per year is reached.

DEPARTMENT OF SCHOOL ATTENDANCE AND WORK PERMITS

CLASS 30—DIRECTOR

A basic salary of $3,000 per year, with an annual increase in salary of $100 for eight years, or until a maximum salary of $4,700 per year is reached.
Title II—Classification and Assignment of Employees

Section 2. The Board of Education is hereby authorized to establish the eligibility requirements and prescribe such methods of appointment or promotion for teachers, officers, and other employees as it may deem proper. The Board of Education is hereby authorized, empowered, and directed, on written recommendation of the superintendent of schools, to classify and assign all teachers, school officers, and other employees to the salary classes and positions in the foregoing salary schedule: Provided, That teachers, school officers, and other employees on probationary or permanent status shall not be required to take any examinations, either mental or physical, to be continued in the positions in which they are employed on June 30, 1945, or to which they may be transferred and assigned under the provisions of section 6 of this Act.

Section 3. The Board of Education, on recommendation of the superintendent of schools, is authorized, empowered, and directed to assign, at the time of appointment, teachers, school officers, or other employees hereafter appointed to the salary classes and positions in the foregoing salary schedule in accordance with previous experience, eligibility qualifications possessed, and the character of the duties to be performed by such persons: Provided, That the first year of service of any newly appointed teacher, school officer, or other employee shall be probationary: And provided further, That such teacher, school officer, or other employee shall receive his first longevity increase on the date of his permanent appointment.

Title III—Method of Assignment of Employees to Salaries

Section 4. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, every teacher, school officer, or other employee in the service of the Board of Education on permanent or probationary tenure on June 30, 1945, shall receive the
salary provided in the foregoing schedule for his class or position in accordance with the following rules:

(a) For the purposes of the following provisions of this section, the annual compensation received by any teacher, school officer, or other employee shall be defined as the annual compensation received by such employee on June 30, 1945, under the provisions of articles I to V, inclusive, of the Act of June 4, 1924, as amended, exclusive of any additional compensation or wartime bonus.

(b) Teachers, school officers, or other employees except those assigned to salary class 25 shall receive an increase in their annual compensation at the rate of $300 at the beginning of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and shall be placed in the salary schedule of the class and group to which they shall be transferred and assigned under provisions of section 6, so they will receive this rate of increase in compensation: Provided, That all teachers, school officers, and other employees shall receive during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, the minimum or basic salary of the class and group to which they shall be transferred and assigned in all instances where the minimum or basic salary of said class and group exceeds by more than $300 the annual compensation received by any such employee on June 30, 1945: Provided further, That all school officers assigned to salary class 25 shall receive during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, the basic salary of the class plus two annual increases as provided for this class: Provided further, That all permanent teachers, school officers, and other employees whose salaries are increased at the rate of not more than $300 per annum during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, shall receive one annual increase in salary in the amount provided in title I of this Act for his class or class and group and if entitled to a longevity increase on July 1, 1945, under the provisions of the Act of June 4, 1924, as amended, shall receive one additional annual increase in salary in the amount provided in title I of this Act for his class or class and group in addition to the foregoing compensation increases provided for in this section: Provided further, That the salaries assigned to teachers, school officers, and other employees under the provisions of this section shall be in lieu of the compensation to which said employees are entitled during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1945, as provided by the Act of June 4, 1924, as amended, and the Act approved April 1, 1943 (57 Stat. 57), and the Act approved March 11, 1944 (58 Stat. 115), which provide temporary increases for certain employees of the Board of Education: And provided further, That no teacher, school officer, or other employee shall receive compensation during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, at a rate less than his annual compensation as of June 30, 1945, plus one annual increase in salary in the amount provided in title I of this Act for his class or class and group, and the temporary increases in compensation provided under the said Acts of April 1, 1943, and March 11, 1944.

Section 5. Every teacher, school officer, or other employee in the service of the Board of Education on probationary tenure on June 30, 1945, or who may be appointed or promoted thereafter shall receive his first longevity increase on the date of his permanent appointment or promotion.

Section 6. Teachers, school officers, and other employees in the service of the Board of Education on July 1, 1945, shall be placed in the salary classes and positions of the foregoing salary schedules as follows:

(a) Teachers in kindergartens and elementary schools, assigned to salary class I, group A, under the Act of June 4, 1924, as amended,
shall be transferred and assigned to salary class 1, group A, of the foregoing schedule;

(b) Teachers in kindergartens and elementary schools, assigned to salary class 1, group B, under the Act of June 4, 1924, as amended, shall be transferred and assigned to salary class 1, group B, of the foregoing schedule;

(c) Teachers in junior high schools, assigned to salary class 2, group A, under the Act of June 4, 1924, as amended, shall be transferred and assigned to salary class 2, group A, of the foregoing schedule;

(d) Teachers in junior high schools, assigned to salary class 2, group B, under the Act of June 4, 1924, as amended, shall be transferred and assigned to salary class 2, group B, of the foregoing schedule;

(e) Teachers in junior high schools, assigned to salary class 2, group C, under the Act of June 4, 1924, as amended, shall be transferred and assigned to salary class 2, group C, of the foregoing schedule;

(f) Teachers in junior high schools, assigned to salary class 2, group D, under the Act of June 4, 1924, as amended, shall be transferred and assigned to salary class 2, group D, of the foregoing schedule;

(g) Teachers in senior high schools, assigned to salary class 3, group A, under the Act of June 4, 1924, as amended, shall be transferred and assigned to salary class 3, group A, of the foregoing schedule;

(h) Teachers in senior high schools, assigned to salary class 3, group B, under the Act of June 4, 1924, as amended, shall be transferred and assigned to salary class 3, group B, of the foregoing schedule;

(i) Librarians in senior high school and visual instruction libraries, assigned to salary class 4, group A, under the Act of June 4, 1924, as amended, shall be transferred and assigned to salary class 4, group A, of the foregoing schedule;

(j) Librarians in senior high school and visual instruction libraries, assigned to salary class 4, group B, under the Act of June 4, 1924, as amended, shall be transferred and assigned to salary class 4, group B, of the foregoing schedule;

(k) Teachers in vocational or trade schools, assigned by the Board of Education to salary class 2 of article I of the Act of June 4, 1924, as amended, under the authority of the Act of April 10, 1936, shall be transferred and assigned as follows:

1. Vocational school teachers in salary class 2, group A, shall be assigned to salary class 5, group A, of the foregoing schedule;

2. Vocational school teachers in salary class 2, group B, shall be assigned to salary class 5, group B, of the foregoing schedule;

3. Vocational school teachers in salary class 2, group C, shall be assigned to salary class 5, group C, of the foregoing schedule;

4. Vocational school teachers in salary class 2, group D, shall be assigned to salary class 5, group D, of the foregoing schedule;

(1) Research assistants, assigned by the Board of Education to salary class 2 of article I of the Act of June 4, 1924, as amended, under the authority of the Act of April 5, 1939, shall be transferred and assigned as follows:

1. Research assistants in salary class 2, group A, shall be assigned to salary class 6, group A, of the foregoing schedule;

2. Research assistants in salary class 2, group B, shall be assigned to salary class 6, group B, of the foregoing schedule;

3. Research assistants in salary class 2, group C, shall be assigned to salary class 6, group C, of the foregoing schedule;
(4) Research assistants in salary class 2, group D, shall be assigned to salary class 6, group D, of the foregoing schedule;

(m) Teachers in the teachers colleges, established under the Act of February 23, 1929, assigned to salary class 3, group A, under the Act of June 4, 1924, as amended, shall be transferred and assigned to salary class 7, group A, of the foregoing schedule;

(n) Teachers in the teachers colleges, established under the Act of February 23, 1929, assigned to salary class 3, group B, under the Act of June 4, 1924, as amended, shall be transferred and assigned to salary class 7, group B, of the foregoing schedule;

(o) Librarians in the teachers colleges, established under the Act of February 23, 1929, assigned to salary class 4, group A, under the Act of June 4, 1924, as amended, shall be transferred and assigned to salary class 8, group A, of the foregoing schedule;

(p) Librarians in the teachers colleges, established under the Act of February 23, 1929, assigned to salary class 4, group B, under the Act of June 4, 1924, as amended, shall be transferred and assigned to salary class 8, group B, of the foregoing schedule;

(q) Assistant professors, assigned by the Board of Education to salary class 11 of article II of the Act of June 4, 1924, under the authority of the 1934 and subsequent District of Columbia Appropriation Acts, shall be transferred and assigned to salary class 10 of the foregoing schedule;

(r) Professors, assigned by the Board of Education to salary class 12 of article II of the Act of June 4, 1924, under the authority of the 1932 and subsequent District of Columbia Appropriation Acts, shall be transferred and assigned to salary class 12 of the foregoing schedule;

(s) Teaching principals with from four to seven rooms, assigned to salary class 5 under the Act of June 4, 1924, as amended, shall be transferred and assigned to salary class 1, group B, of the foregoing schedule;

(t) Teaching principals with from eight to fifteen rooms, assigned to salary class 6 under the Act of June 4, 1924, as amended, shall be transferred and assigned to salary class 1, group B, of the foregoing schedule;

(u) Administrative principals with sixteen or more rooms, and principals in Americanization schools, assigned to salary class 7, under the Act of June 4, 1924, as amended, shall be transferred and assigned to salary class 13 of the foregoing schedule;

(v) Assistant principals in junior high schools, assigned to salary class 11, under the Act of June 4, 1924, as amended, shall be transferred and assigned to salary class 14 of the foregoing schedule;

(w) Assistant principals in senior high schools, assigned to salary class 11, under the Act of June 4, 1924, as amended, shall be transferred and assigned to salary class 16 of the foregoing schedule;

(x) Heads of departments, assigned to salary class 11, under the Act of June 4, 1924, as amended, shall be transferred and assigned to salary class 17 of the foregoing schedule;

(y) Principals of junior high schools, assigned to salary class 8, under the Act of June 4, 1924, as amended, shall be transferred and assigned to salary class 18 of the foregoing schedule;

(z) Principals of vocational or trade schools, assigned by the Board of Education to salary class 8 of article II of the Act of June 4, 1924, as amended, under the authority of the Act of April 10, 1936, shall be transferred and assigned to salary class 19 of the foregoing schedule;

(aa) Principals of senior high schools, assigned to salary class 9, under the Act of June 4, 1924, as amended, shall be transferred and assigned to salary class 20 of the foregoing schedule;

(ab) Directors of evening and summer schools, directors of manual arts, and any other directors, assigned to salary class 10, under the Act
Employees not specifically mentioned.

Teachers, etc., appointed after effective date of this Act. Placement; longevity increases.
tors appointed after the effective date of this Act shall receive longevity increases for placement either according to the number of years of experience required by the Board of Education or the number of years of like experience acceptable to and approved by the Board of Education in accredited schools, schools systems, colleges, universities, other recognized institutions, trades and industries, previous to probationary appointment in the public schools of the District of Columbia: Provided, That in crediting previous experience of any person who has been absent from his duties because of naval or military service in the armed forces of the United States or its allies, the Board of Education is hereby authorized to include such naval or military service as the equivalent of approved experience: Provided further, That on July 1, 1945, and thereafter, no teacher or any other employee entitled to longevity increases for placement shall be placed in the foregoing salary schedule for more than the fifth year of accepted and approved experience in salary class 1, group A; salary class 2, group A or group C; salary class 3, group A; salary class 4, group A; salary class 5, group A or group C; salary class 6, group A or group C; salary class 7, group A; and salary class 8, group A, or for more than the fourth year of accepted and approved experience in salary classes 32, 33, and 34 in the foregoing schedule: And provided further, That any increase in the number of years of previous experience allowable for placement credit or any new allowances for longevity increases for placement provided for in this section which were not included in the Act of June 4, 1924, as amended, shall not apply to any probationary or permanent teacher or other probationary or permanent employee in the service of the Board of Education on June 30, 1945; (a) No provision in this Act shall be interpreted as preventing any teacher, school officer, or other employee of the Board of Education who has been granted leave to enter the armed forces of the United States or its allies from receiving any annual longevity increase or increases to which he otherwise would be entitled when he returns to service in the public schools.

TITLE IV—METHOD OF PROMOTION OF EMPLOYEES

Sec. 7. On July 1, 1946, and on the first day of each fiscal year thereafter, if his work is satisfactory, every permanent teacher, school officer, or other employee shall receive an annual increase in salary within his salary class or position as hereinbefore provided without action of the Board of Education: Provided, That in the case of trade teachers in the vocational schools the Board of Education is authorized and directed to credit approved training and experience in the trades in the same manner and in the same extent as though it were experience in and training for teaching.

Sec. 8. On and after July 1, 1945, teachers, school officers, and other employees promoted from a lower to a higher salary class or position shall receive a salary in the salary class or position to which promoted which is next above the salary in the salary class or position from which promoted.

Sec. 9. Every teacher, instructor, librarian, and research assistant in the service on July 1, 1945, except as herein otherwise provided, and every teacher, instructor, librarian, and research assistant thereafter appointed shall be assigned according to eligibility to group A or group C, and shall be promoted to group B or group D according to eligibility on the basis of such evidence of superior teaching or other superior service and of increased professional attainments as the Board of Education may prescribe: Provided, That teachers, instructors, librarians, and research assistants receiving salaries in
Eligibility for promotion to group B or D.

Restriction.

Division of number of group B and D salaries between white schools and colored schools.

Basis.

Principals in elementary schools.

Elementary schools. Classification of principals.

First Assistant Superintendents of Schools.

Boards of examiners. Membership.

Chief examiners.

Sec. 10. Teachers shall be promoted to be principals in the elementary schools, on the basis of such evidence of superior teaching, of administrative ability, and of increased professional attainments as the Board of Education may prescribe.

TITLE V—ACCOMPANYING LEGISLATION

Sec. 11. For the purpose of determining the classification of principals in the elementary schools, it shall be the duty of the Board of Education, on the recommendation of the Superintendent of Schools, to designate the number of rooms in each elementary school building or approved combination of elementary school buildings.

Sec. 12. There shall be two First Assistant Superintendents of Schools, one white First Assistant Superintendent for the white schools who, under the direction of the Superintendent of Schools, shall have general supervision over the white schools; and one colored First Assistant Superintendent for the colored schools who, under the direction of the Superintendent of Schools, shall have sole charge of all employees, classes, and schools in which colored children are taught. The First Assistant Superintendents shall perform such other duties as may be prescribed by the Superintendent of Schools.

Sec. 13. Boards of examiners for carrying out the provisions of the statutes with reference to examinations of teachers shall consist of the Superintendent of Schools and not less than four nor more than six members of the supervisory or teaching staff of the white schools for the white schools, and of the Superintendent of Schools and not less than four nor more than six members of the supervisory or teaching staff of the colored schools for the colored schools. The designations of members of the supervisory or teaching staff for membership on these boards shall be made annually by the Board of Education on the recommendation of the Superintendent of Schools.

Sec. 14. There shall be appointed by the Board of Education, on the recommendation of the Superintendent of Schools, a chief
examiner for the board of examiners for white schools: Provided, That an Associate Superintendent in the colored schools shall be designated by the Superintendent of Schools as chief examiner for the board of examiners for the colored schools: Provided further, That except as herein otherwise provided, all members of the respective boards of examiners shall serve without additional compensation.

Sec. 15. The Board of Education, on recommendation of the Superintendent of Schools, is hereby authorized to appoint annual substitute teachers, who shall qualify for said positions by meeting such eligibility requirements as the said board may prescribe and who shall be assigned to the lowest class to which eligible for the type of work to be performed, but who shall not be entitled to the longevity allowance of said class: Provided, That the said board shall prescribe the amount to be deducted from the salary of any absent teacher for whom an annual substitute may perform service; And provided further, That the above authorization for the appointment of annual substitute teachers shall not be construed to prevent the Board of Education from the employment of other substitute teachers under regulations to be prescribed by the said board.

Sec. 16. When necessary, the Board of Education, on written recommendation of the Superintendent of Schools, is authorized and empowered to appoint temporary teachers: Provided, That such appointments shall be made for a limited period not to extend beyond June 30 of the fiscal year in which the appointments are made, and the Board of Education is authorized to terminate the services of any temporary teachers at any time, on the written recommendation of the Superintendent of Schools: And provided further, That all temporary teachers shall be assigned to the basic salary of the class in which service is to be performed and shall not be entitled to longevity allowance in said class.

Sec. 17. The Board of Education is hereby authorized to conduct as parts of the public-school system, a department of school attendance and work permits, night schools, vacation schools, Americanization schools, and other activities, under and within appropriations made by Congress, and on the written recommendation of the Superintendent of Schools to fix and prescribe the salaries, other than those herein specified, to be paid to the employees of the said departments and activities.

Sec. 18. All employees assigned to salary classes 1 to 12, inclusive, and all attendance officers assigned to salary class 32 in the foregoing schedule, shall be classified as teachers for pay-roll purposes and their annual salaries shall be paid in ten monthly installments in accordance with existing law.

Sec. 19. Attendance officers in the department of school attendance and work permits assigned to class 32 in the foregoing schedule shall be entitled, in accordance with regulations made by the Board of Education, to cumulative sick leave with pay at the rate of ten days per calendar year, the total accumulation not to exceed sixty days; and in the event of any further absence of any attendance officer the Board of Education, on written recommendation of the Superintendent is hereby authorized to appoint a substitute who shall be paid at a rate fixed by the said Board and the amount paid to such substitute shall be deducted from the salary of the absent attendance officer. Such attendance officers shall not be entitled to annual or sick leave under any other law.

Sec. 20. The rates of salary herein designated shall become effective from July 1, 1945, and the estimates of the expenditures for the operation
Salary increases during fiscal year ending June 30, 1946.

Repeals.

34 Stat. 316.
53 Stat. 568.
53 Stat. 571.
49 Stat. 1194.
57 Stat. 324.


Leaves for educational improvement. Ante, p. 499.

Salary increases during fiscal year ending June 30, 1946.

SEC. 21. The following Acts or parts of Acts are hereby repealed:

So much of the Act entitled "An Act to fix and regulate the salaries of teachers, school officers, and other employees of the Board of Education of the District of Columbia", approved June 20, 1906, as amended, as is inconsistent herewith.

All of the Act entitled "An Act to amend the Act entitled 'An Act to fix and regulate the salaries of teachers, school officers, and other employees of the Board of Education of the District of Columbia', approved June 20, 1906, as amended, and for other purposes", approved June 4, 1924.

So much of section 2 of article III of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for compulsory school attendance, for the taking of a school census in the District of Columbia, and for other purposes", approved February 4, 1925, as reads: "and who shall be paid the same salary as said directors."

All of the Act entitled "An Act to amend certain sections of the Teachers' Salary Act, approved June 4, 1924, and for other purposes", approved February 28, 1929.

All of the Act entitled "An Act to amend the Teachers' Salary Act of the District of Columbia, approved June 4, 1924, as amended, in relation to raising the trade or vocational schools to the level of junior high schools, and for other purposes", approved April 10, 1936, with the exception of section 4 thereof.

All of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of research assistants in the public schools of the District of Columbia, and for other purposes", approved April 5, 1939, with the exception of section 4 thereof.

All of the Act entitled "An Act to amend section 9, article V, of an Act entitled 'An Act to amend the Act entitled "An Act to fix and regulate the salaries of teachers, school officers, and other employees of the Board of Education of the District of Columbia', approved June 20, 1906, as amended and for other purposes', approved April 5, 1939.

So much of the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1944, as reads:

"Hereafter the salaries of the presidents of the teachers' colleges shall be included in the salary schedule for the First Assistant Superintendent; the salaries of teachers-college professors shall be included in salary class 12 for supervising principals; and the salaries of teachers-college assistant professors shall be included in salary class 11 for heads of departments and assistant principals; said schedule and classes being prescribed in the Act of June 4, 1924 (43 Stat. 367)."

All of the Act entitled "An Act to amend section 16 of the Act entitled 'An Act to amend the Act entitled "An Act to fix and regulate the salaries of teachers, school officers, and other employees of the Board of Education of the District of Columbia', approved June 20, 1906, as amended, and for other purposes', approved April 4, 1939, as amended.

So much of the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1944, as reads:

"Hereafter the salaries of the presidents of the teachers' colleges shall be included in the salary schedule for the First Assistant Superintendent; the salaries of teachers-college professors shall be included in salary class 12 for supervising principals; and the salaries of teachers-college assistant professors shall be included in salary class 11 for heads of departments and assistant principals; said schedule and classes being prescribed in the Act of June 4, 1924 (43 Stat. 367)."

All of the Act entitled "An Act to amend section 16 of the Act entitled 'An Act to amend the Act entitled "An Act to fix and regulate the salaries of teachers, school officers, and other employees of the Board of Education of the District of Columbia', approved June 20, 1906, as amended, and for other purposes', approved April 4, 1924, as amended.

SEC. 22. After the effective date of this Act, the Act entitled "An Act to provide educational employees of the public schools of the District of Columbia with leave of absence, with part pay, for purposes
of educational improvement, and for other purposes", approved June 12, 1940, shall apply to employees of the Board of Education whose salaries are fixed by this Act.

SEC. 23. This Act may be cited as "District of Columbia Teachers' Salary Act of 1945".

SEC. 24. This Act shall become effective as of July 1, 1945, except that sections 18 and 19, insofar as they apply to attendance officers, shall become effective July 1, 1946.

Approved July 21, 1945.

[CHAPTER 322] JOINT RESOLUTION

To provide for the observance and celebration of the one hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the signing of the treaty with the Indians of the Northwest Territory, known as the Treaty of Greene Ville.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there is hereby established a commission to be known as the Treaty of Greene Ville Celebration Commission (hereinafter referred to as the "Commission") and to be composed of eight commissioners, as follows: The President of the United States; two Members of the Senate, one from each of the two major parties, to be appointed by the President pro tempore of the Senate; two Members of the House of Representatives, one from each of the two major parties, to be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives; and three individuals from private life, to be appointed by the President of the United States. The commissioners shall serve without compensation and shall select a chairman from among their number.

SEC. 2. It shall be the duty of the Commission to prepare and carry out a comprehensive plan for the observance and celebration of the one hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the signing on August 3, 1795, in what is now the State of Ohio, of the Treaty of Greene Ville by General Anthony Wayne and representatives of the Indians of the Northwest Territory. In the preparation of such plan, the Commission shall cooperate with the Treaty of Greene Ville Sesquicentennial Commission, Incorporated, in order that there may be proper coordination and correlation of plans for such observance and celebration.

SEC. 3. (a) Without regard to the civil-service laws or the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, the Commission is authorized to appoint and prescribe the duties and fix the compensation of a director and such other employees as are necessary in the execution of its functions.

(b) The Commission may make such expenditures as are necessary to carry out the purposes of this joint resolution, including all necessary traveling expenses and subsistence expenses incurred by the commissioners. All expenditures of the Commission shall be allowed and paid upon presentation of itemized vouchers therefor, approved by the Chairman of the Commission.

(c) The Commission shall cease to exist within six months after the date of the expiration of the celebration.

Approved July 21, 1945.
An Act

To permit amendment of the existing compact or agreement between the State of Ohio and the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania relating to Pymatuning Lake.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of the Congress of the United States is hereby granted to the State of Ohio and the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to amend the compact or agreement relating to Pymatuning Lake which was approved by the Act of August 28, 1937, entitled "An Act to approve a compact or agreement between the State of Ohio and the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania relating to Pymatuning Lake", so as to permit the use on any specified part of such lake, subject to such restrictions or requirements as may be prescribed in such amendment, of boats equipped with motors of not exceeding a six-horsepower rating.

Approved July 24, 1945.

Joint Resolution

To amend the District of Columbia Teachers' Salary Act of 1945.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That effective on the date of enactment of the District of Columbia Teachers' Salary Act of 1945, such Act is amended in the following respects:

1. Section 3 is amended by inserting before the period at the end thereof a comma and the following: "subject to the limitations of section 5".

2. The third proviso of paragraph (b) of section 4 of such Act is amended by inserting before the period at the end thereof a comma and the following: "and if entitled to a longevity increase on July 1, 1945, under the provisions of the Act of June 4, 1924, as amended, one additional annual increase in salary in the amount provided in title I of this Act for his class or class and group".

3. Paragraph (b) of section 4 of such Act is amended by inserting before the period at the end thereof a comma and the following: "subject to the limitations of section 5".

4. Section 5 of such Act is amended by inserting after "1945," the following: "whose annual compensation as defined in section 4 is increased under the provisions of this Act at the rate of not more than $400 during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946".

5. Section 5 of such Act is further amended by striking out the word "thereafter" and inserting in lieu thereof "after June 30, 1945".

6. Section 6 of such Act is amended by inserting after paragraph (ah) the following new paragraph: "(ai) Superintendent of Schools, assigned under the Act of June 4, 1924, as amended, shall be transferred and assigned to salary class 20 of the foregoing schedule;".

7. The first proviso of section 9 of such Act is amended by striking out "group C on July 1, 1945, who" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "group C who, on July 1, 1945,".

8. Section 24 of such Act is amended to read as follows: "Sec. 24. This Act shall become effective as of July 1, 1945."

Approved July 24, 1945.
Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 20 of the Act entitled "An Act to provide compensation for employees of the United States suffering injuries while in the performance of their duties, and for other purposes", as amended, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence:

"Failure to give notice of injury or to file claim for compensation for disability or death within the time and in the manner prescribed by this Act shall not bar the claim of any person thereunder if such claim is filed within five years after the injury or death and if the Commission shall find (1) that such failure was due to circumstances beyond the control of the person claiming benefits, or (2) that such person has shown sufficient cause or reason in explanation thereof, and material prejudice to the interest of the United States has not resulted from such failure; and upon such finding the Commission may waive compliance with the applicable provisions of the Act."

SEC. 2. That the first paragraph of section 10 of such Act is amended by striking therefrom the words "within six years", and the words "subject to the modification that no compensation shall be paid where..." and by deleting the comma and adding a colon following the word "pay" therein; and that section 11 of such Act is amended by striking therefrom the words "within six years", and the last sentence of such section.

SEC. 3. That subdivision (G) of section 10 of such Act is hereby amended by striking therefrom the words "for a period of eight years" and "before that time", and by substituting the word "until" for the word "unless" therein.

SEC. 4. That section 42 of such Act is hereby amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"Whenever the Commission shall find that the amount of compensation, as provided by other provisions of this Act, payable to employees of the United States who are neither citizens nor residents of the United States, any Territory, or Canada, or payable to any dependents of such employees, is substantially disproportionate to compensation for disability or death which may be payable in similar cases under local law, regulation, custom, or otherwise, at the place outside the United States, any Territory, or Canada, where such employees may be working at the time of injury, the Commission may provide for payment of compensation upon such basis as will be reasonably in accord with prevailing local payments in similar cases under local law, regulation, custom, or otherwise, by (1) the adoption or adaptation of the substantive features (by a schedule or otherwise) of local workmen's compensation provisions, or other local law, regulation or custom applicable in cases of personal injury or death, or (2) by establishing and promulgating, for specific classes of employees, areas or places, special schedules of compensation for injury and death (including schedules for the loss or loss of use of members and functions of the body); and irrespective of the basis adopted may at any time modify or limit therein (a) the maximum monthly and total aggregate payments for injury and death (including modification and limitation of medical or other benefits), and (b) the percentages of the employee's wage payable as compensation for such injury or death, and to modify, limit, or redesignate the class or

Payments to be in lieu of other U. S. compensation.

Delegation of authority.

Adverse conditions; alien enemies.

Application of provisions.

Applicability of amendments.

classes of beneficiaries entitled to death benefits, including the designation of persons, representatives, or groups, who would be entitled under local law or custom to payment on account of death, whether or not included in the classes of beneficiaries otherwise specified in this Act. In the cases of such noncitizens and nonresidents, the Commission or its designees are authorized to make lump-sum awards (in the manner prescribed by section 14 of this Act), whenever the Commission or its authorized designee shall deem such settlement to be for the best interest of the United States, and also in any such cases to compromise and pay claims for any benefits so provided for, including claims in which there is a dispute as to jurisdiction or other facts, or questions of law. Compensation so payable shall be in lieu of all other compensation from the United States for the same injury or death, and any payment so made shall for all purposes be considered as compensation under this Act and as satisfaction of all liability of the United States in respect to the particular injury or death. The Commission may delegate to any officer, agency, or employee of the United States, with such limitations and right of review as it deems advisable, authority to process, adjudicate, commute by lump-sum award, compromise, and pay any claim or class of claims for compensation, and to provide other benefits, locally, under this paragraph, in accordance with such regulations and instructions as the Commission shall deem necessary, and for such purpose the Commission is authorized to provide or transfer funds (including reimbursement of amounts paid under this Act). Should the Commission find (1) that conditions prevent the establishment of facilities for processing and adjudicating claims of such noncitizens and nonresidents, or (2) that such noncitizens and nonresidents are alien enemies, the Commission may waive the application of this Act, in whole or in part, and for such period or periods of time as the Commission shall fix. The provisions of this paragraph may be applied retrospectively as the Commission may determine, and, where necessary, with such adjustment of compensation and benefits as the Commission may find to be proper. The action of the Commission or its designees in allowing or denying any payment under this Act shall be final and conclusive for all purposes and with respect to all questions of law and fact, and not subject to review by any other official of the United States, or by any court by mandamus or otherwise, and credit shall be allowed in the accounts of any certifying or disbursing officer for payments in accordance with such action. Wherever used in this section, the geographical reference to the United States shall mean the continental United States."

Sec. 5. (a) The amendments to such Act shall be applicable retrospectively as follows:

(1) The amendment in section 1 of this Act shall apply to injury and death cases, whether or not reported or acted upon, where the injury (or injury causing death) occurred on or after December 7, 1940.

(2) The amendment in section 2 shall be applicable in any case of death following injury where the injury occurred prior to the date of approval of this Act and the employee is receiving or is entitled to receive compensation for injury on or after such date.

(3) The amendment in section 3 shall be applicable in any case where a beneficiary, affected by the provisions of section 10 (G) of such Act, (a) is receiving compensation (or whose claim is in the process of initial adjudication) on the date of the approval of this Act, or (b) whose compensation has been terminated by reason of the limitation provisions of such section 10 (G) within three years prior to the date of such approval, should be found by the Commission to be suffering hardship at the time of approval of this Act by reason of such termination.
(b) In any case where an employee employed by the United States within the purview of such Act or any extension thereof suffers disability or death after capture, detention, or other restraint by an enemy of the United States, during the present war, such disability or death shall in the administration of such Act be deemed to have resulted from injury occurring while in the performance of duty, whether or not the employee was engaged in the course of his employment when taken by the enemy: Provided, That this subparagraph shall not apply in the case of any person (1) whose residence is at or in the vicinity of the place from whence he was thus taken, and (2) who was not living there solely by virtue of the exigencies of his employment, unless such person was so taken while he was engaged in the course of his employment: Provided further, That compensation for disability or death shall not be paid during any period of time during which the disabled person (or the dependents of such person, or any one of them) should receive or be entitled to receive any pay, other benefit, or gratuity from the United States on account of detention by the enemy or by reason of the same disability or death, unless such pay, benefit, or gratuity is refunded or renounced.

Approved July 28, 1945.

[CHAPTER 329]  
AN ACT  
To provide the transfer by the Secretary of War of the Roseburg Rifle Range, Douglas County, Oregon, to the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) the Secretary of War is authorized and directed to transfer to the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, in exchange for the tract of land transferred to the United States under subsection (b), all the right, title, and interest of the United States in and to the military reservation known as the Roseburg Rifle Range, situated in Douglas County, Oregon, and more particularly described as follows:

Beginning at the quarter section corner between sections 17 and 18, township 27 south, range 5 west, of the Willamette meridian; thence north ten chains; thence east ten chains; thence south ten chains; thence south six degrees and thirty minutes west fourteen and fifty-three one-hundredths chains to northeast corner of lot 8 in First Brookside Addition to Roseburg, Oregon; thence south thirty-one chains and thirty-one-hundredths chains along East Avenue three chains to southwest corner of lot 8; thence west along Southeast corner of said lot 8, thence north forty and twelve and forty one-hundredths chains to point south from place of beginning; thence north eighteen and forty one-hundredths chains to point of beginning, containing thirty-four and eighteen one-hundredths acres, all in sections 17 and 20, township 27 south, range 5 west, of the Willamette meridian, in Douglas County, State of Oregon.

(b) The Reconstruction Finance Corporation is authorized and directed to (1) acquire, subject to the approval of the National Guard Bureau of the War Department, all right, title, and interest in and to a tract of land in the vicinity of Roseburg, Oregon, suitable for use as a target range by the Roseburg State Guard unit, and (2) transfer all its right, title, and interest in and to such tract of land to the United States, without cost to the United States.

Approved July 28, 1945.
[CHAPTER 330]  

JOINT RESOLUTION

Relating to the marketing of fire-cured and dark air-cured tobacco under the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That notwithstanding the provisions of section 312 (a) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, relating to the finding of the total supply of tobacco, the reserve supply level, and the amount of the national marketing quota, and the provisions of section 313 of said Act relating to the apportionment of the national marketing quota for tobacco among the States and farms, national marketing quotas for fire-cured and dark air-cured tobacco for the marketing years 1946-1947, 1947-1948, and 1948-1949, shall be proclaimed and the national marketing quota and State and farm acreage allotments shall be the same for the marketing year 1946-1947 as were established for the marketing year 1943-1944, and the farm acreage allotments for the marketing years 1947-1948 and 1948-1949 shall be increased or decreased in the ratio which the national marketing quota for the 1943-1944 marketing year bears to the amount of tobacco which the Secretary determines to be required to make the carry-over at the beginning of the marketing year equal the reserve supply level; Provided, however, That an additional acreage not in excess of 5 per centum of the total acreage allotted to all farms in each State for the 1943-1944 marketing year shall be allotted each year by the local committees among farms in the State in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary so as to establish allotments which the committee find will be fair and equitable in relation to the past acreage of tobacco (harvested and diverted); land, labor, and equipment available for the production of tobacco; and crop-rotation practices, and an additional acreage equal to not more than 5 per centum of the acreage allotted to all farms for the 1943-1944 marketing year shall be allotted each year to farms on which no tobacco was produced in the last five years in accordance with the provisions of subsection (g) of section 313 applicable to farms on which no tobacco was produced during the last five years. The foregoing provisions of this section shall not have the effect of modifying or repealing any other provisions of said Act.

SEC. 2. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Commodity Credit Corporation is authorized and directed, beginning with the 1945 crop, to make available upon any crop of fire-cured, dark air-cured and Virginia sun-cured tobacco, if producers have not disapproved marketing quotas for such tobacco for the marketing year beginning with the calendar year in which such crop is harvested, loans or other price support at, in the case of fire-cured tobacco, 75 per centum of the loan rate for burley tobacco for the corresponding crop and, in the case of dark air-cured and Virginia sun-cured tobacco, at 66 2/3 per centum of such burley tobacco loan rate.

Approved July 28, 1945.

[CHAPTER 332]  

AN ACT

Relating to the payment of subsidies by the Commodity Credit Corporation and the Reconstruction Finance Corporation.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the amount of funds authorized to be expended by Commodity Credit Corporation pursuant to section 3 of the Act of April 12, 1945 (Public, 30, Seventy-ninth Congress), shall be increased by such amounts as may from time to time be determined by the Secretary of Agriculture as follows:
(1) Not to exceed with respect to livestock and livestock products, $595,000,000, (2) not to exceed with respect to wheat and wheat products, $190,000,000; and (3) not to exceed with respect to butterfat and butter, $100,000,000: Provided, That the amounts authorized to be expended pursuant to section 1 of the Act of June 23, 1945 (Public Law 88, Seventy-ninth Congress), for subsidy payments on meat, butter, and flour shall be reduced correspondingly.

Approved July 31, 1945.
AN ACT

Authorizing general shore-line investigations at Federal expense, and to repeal an Act for the improvement and protection of the beaches along the shores of the United States, approved June 26, 1936.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in addition to participating in cooperative investigations and studies with agencies of the various States as authorized in section 2 of the River and Harbor Act, approved July 3, 1930, it shall be the duty of the Chief of Engineers, through the Beach Erosion Board, to make general investigations with a view to preventing erosion of the shores of the United States by waves and currents and determining the most suitable methods for the protection, restoration, and development of beaches; and to publish from time to time such useful data and information concerning the erosion and protection of beaches and shore lines as the Board may deem to be of value to the people of the United States. The cost of the general investigations herein authorized shall be borne wholly by the United States. As used in this Act, the word "shores" includes the shore lines of the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans, the Gulf of Mexico, the Great Lakes, Lake Champlain, and estuaries and bays directly connected therewith.

Sec. 2. All provisions of existing law relating to examinations and surveys and to works of improvement of rivers and harbors shall apply, insofar as practicable, to examinations and surveys and to works of improvement relating to shore protection; except that all projects having to do with shore protection shall be referred for consideration and recommendation to the Beach Erosion Board instead of to the Board of Engineers for Rivers and Harbors.

Sec. 3. The Beach Erosion Board, in making its report on any cooperative investigation and studies under the provisions of section 2 of the River and Harbor Act, approved July 3, 1930, relating to shore protection work shall, in addition to any other matters upon which it may be required to report, state its opinion as to (a) the advisability of adopting the project; (b) what public interest, if any, is involved in the proposed improvement; and (c) what share of the expense, if any, should be borne by the United States.

Sec. 4. Any expenses incident and necessary in the undertaking of the general investigations authorized herein may be paid from funds hitherto or hereafter appropriated for examinations, surveys, and contingencies for rivers and harbors.

Sec. 5. The Act of June 26, 1936 (Public, Numbered 834, Seventy-fourth Congress), is hereby repealed.

Approved July 31, 1945.

[CHAPTER 335] AN ACT

To authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to grant and convey to Springfield Township, Montgomery County, Pennsylvania, certain lands of the United States in Springfield Township, Montgomery County, Pennsylvania, for highway purposes and for ornamental-park purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of Agriculture is hereby authorized and directed to grant and convey to Springfield Township, Montgomery County, Pennsylvania, upon the conditions and limitations hereinafter expressed, three parcels of land, hereinafter described, which are parts of the property encompassed by Eastern Regional Laboratory, Bureau of Agricultural Chemistry and Engineering, United States Department of Agriculture,
parcel 1 and parcel 2 to be held and used by the township for highway purposes, and parcel 3 to be held, used, and maintained as an ornamental park. The three parcels of land are situated in Springfield Township, Montgomery County, Pennsylvania, and bounded and described in accordance with a plan and survey thereof prepared for Springfield Township by David W. Bainbridge, registered professional engineer, January 18, 1940, and approved by the Board of Commissioners of Springfield Township, January 22, 1940, as follows to wit:

Parcel 1: Beginning at the point of intersection of the northeasterly line of East Lane (forty feet wide) as opened by the court of quarter sessions of Montgomery County, Pennsylvania, in October 1922, with the southeasterly line of Mermaid Avenue (thirty-three feet wide) as opened by the said court of quarter sessions in October 1887; thence extending along the said southeasterly line of Mermaid Avenue north thirty-seven degrees nine minutes thirty seconds east two hundred and four and thirty-five one-hundredths feet to an angle; thence continuing along the said southeasterly line of Mermaid Avenue north twelve degrees forty-nine minutes east one hundred and sixty-five and fifteen one-hundredths feet to an angle, a point in the southeasterly line of Mermaid Avenue as opened by the said court of quarter sessions in December 1899; thence north thirty-seven degrees thirty-six minutes east forty and fifty-six one-hundredths feet to the point of intersection with the southeasterly line of Mermaid Avenue as it is proposed to be widened to fifty feet; thence south twelve degrees forty-nine minutes west one hundred and eighty-five and one one-hundredths feet to an angle; thence south thirty-seven degrees nine minutes thirty seconds west two hundred and thirteen and seventy one-hundredths feet to a point of curve; thence extending southwardly and southeastwardly on a curve to the left having a radius of twelve feet the arc distance of five feet to a point in the afore-mentioned northeasterly line of East Lane; thence north fifty-three degrees twelve minutes thirty seconds east sixteen and fifty-eight one-hundredths feet to the first-mentioned point and place of beginning.

Parcel 2: Beginning at a point on the southwesterly line of Mermaid Avenue south fifty-two degrees twelve minutes thirty seconds east one hundred and thirty-three and seventy-one one-hundredths feet distant from the angle point of the southeasterly and southwesterly lines of Mermaid Avenue as opened by the Court of Quarter Sessions of Montgomery County, Pennsylvania, in December 1899, where the said highway is in juxtaposition to Flourtown Avenue (formerly known as Apple Street) northwest thereof; thence south eighty and thirty-one one-hundredths feet to a point; thence south seventy-six degrees nine minutes thirty seconds west three hundred and eighteen and eighteen one-hundredths feet to a point of curve; thence continuing southwardly on a curve to the left having a radius of seventy-two feet the arc distance of nineteen and seventy-five one-hundredths feet to a point; thence extending along the northwesterly line of the proposed relocation of Mermaid Avenue north thirty-six minutes east one hundred and twenty-eight and twenty-seven one-hundredths feet to a point of curve; thence continuing southwardly on a curve to the right having a radius of eight feet the arc distance of nineteen and seventy-five one-hundredths feet to a point; thence extending along the northwesterly line of the proposed relocation of Mermaid Avenue north
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seventy-six degrees nine minutes thirty seconds east two hundred and one and sixty-five one-hundredths feet to a point of curve; thence continuing northwardly and northwesterly on a curve to the left having a radius of eight feet the arc distance of seventeen and ninety-two one-hundredths feet to the first-mentioned point and place of beginning.

Parcel 3: Beginning at the angle point of the southeasterly and southwesterly lines of Mermaid Avenue as opened by the court of quarter sessions of Montgomery County, Pennsylvania, in December 1899, where the said highway is in juxtaposition to Flourtown Avenue (formerly known as Apple Street) northwest thereof; thence extending along the said southwesterly line of Mermaid Avenue south fifty-two degrees twelve minutes thirty seconds east one hundred and thirty-three and seventy-one one-hundredths feet to a point of curve; thence extending southwardly and southwesterly on a curve to the right having a radius of eight feet the arc distance of seventeen and ninety-two one-hundredths feet to a point; thence extending along the northwesterly line of the proposed relocation of Mermaid Avenue south seventy-six degrees nine minutes thirty seconds west two hundred and one and sixty-five one-hundredths feet to a point of curve; thence extending westwardly and northwesterly on a curve to the right having a radius of eight feet and the arc distance of nineteen and seventy-five one-hundredths feet to a point on the southeasterly line of Mermaid Avenue; thence extending along the said southeasterly line of Mermaid Avenue north thirty-seven degrees thirty-six minutes east one hundred and sixty-six and fourteen one-hundredths feet to the first-mentioned point and place of beginning.

The land in parcel 3 is to be granted and conveyed subject to the conditions that Springfield Township, Montgomery County, Pennsylvania, shall accept and use such land solely for ornamental-park purposes; that the area shall not be used as a building site; and that if such township shall at any time cease to use such land for ornamental-park purposes, or shall permit the use of such land for any other purposes, or shall alienate, or attempt to alienate the land, the land shall revert to the United States of America.

Approved July 31, 1945.

[CHAPTER 336]

AN ACT

To authorize the Secretary of State to continue to completion the collecting, editing, and publishing of official papers relating to the Territories of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of State is authorized to continue to completion the work of collecting, copying, arranging, editing, copy reading, and index making of the official papers relating to the Territories of the United States as initiated and carried on under the Act approved March 3, 1925, as amended to date (5 U. S. C. 167-168c), and to have them issued as a Government publication, of which four hundred and twenty copies shall be delivered to the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, for distribution to the libraries heretofore designated by the Governors of the various States, one hundred copies for the use of the Department of State, and one hundred copies for distribution by the Joint Committee on Printing, and for this purpose there is hereby authorized to be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not
otherwise appropriated, sums of not more than $30,000 for any one year: Provided, That no expenditure shall be made for printing authorized hereunder until six months after the end of hostilities in the present war.

Approved July 31, 1945.

[CHAPTER 337]

AN ACT

To amend the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the issuance of devices in recognition of the services of merchant sailors", approved May 10, 1943 (57 Stat. 81), and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the issuance of devices in recognition of the services of merchant sailors", approved May 10, 1943 (57 Stat. 81), is amended by adding at the end thereof a new section to read as follows:

"Sec. 7. The manufacture, sale, possession, or display of any insignia, decoration, medal, award, or device, or the ribbon, button, or rosette thereof, or any colorable imitation of any insignia, decoration, medal, award, or device, provided for in this Act, or in the Act of April 11, 1942 (Public Law 524, Seventy-seventh Congress; 56 Stat. 217), or any Executive order issued thereunder, or Executive Order 9472 of August 29, 1944 (9 F. R. 10613), or section 216 of the Merchant Marine Act, 1936, as amended, or in any rule or regulation issued pursuant to any such Acts or Executive orders, is prohibited, except as authorized under any such Acts or Executive orders, or any rule or regulation issued pursuant thereto. Whoever violates any provision of this section shall be punished by a fine not exceeding $250 or by imprisonment not exceeding six months, or both."

Approved July 31, 1945.

[CHAPTER 338]

AN ACT

To amend the Act approved January 2, 1942, as amended, approved April 22, 1943, entitled "An Act to provide for the prompt settlement of claims for damages occasioned by Army, Navy, and Marine Corps forces in foreign countries".

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act of January 2, 1942 (55 Stat. 880; 31 U. S. C. 224d), as amended by the Act of April 22, 1943 (57 Stat. 66), be, and hereby is, further amended by inserting an additional section at the end thereof to read as follows:

"Sec. 8. This Act shall be applicable, notwithstanding other provisions hereof, to claims of inhabitants of the Philippine Islands arising in such islands which would be within the provisions of the Act but for the fact that the Philippine Islands is not foreign territory: Provided, That such claims arising out of accidents or incidents occurring in time of war may on good cause shown be presented within one year after peace is established."

Approved July 31, 1945.
AN ACT

To provide for the participation of the United States in the International Monetary Fund and the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. This Act may be cited as the "Bretton Woods Agreements Act".

ACCEPTANCE OF MEMBERSHIP

SEC. 2. The President is hereby authorized to accept membership for the United States in the International Monetary Fund (hereinafter referred to as the "Fund"), and in the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (hereinafter referred to as the "Bank"), provided for by the Articles of Agreement of the Fund and the Articles of Agreement of the Bank as set forth in the Final Act of the United Nations Monetary and Financial Conference dated July 22, 1944, and deposited in the archives of the Department of State.

APPOINTMENT OF GOVERNORS, EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS, AND ALTERNATES

SEC. 3. (a) The President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall appoint a governor of the Fund who shall also serve as a governor of the Bank, and an executive director of the Fund and an executive director of the Bank. The executive directors so appointed shall also serve as provisional executive directors of the Fund and the Bank for the purposes of the respective Articles of Agreement. The term of office for the governor of the Fund and of the Bank shall be five years. The term of office for the executive directors shall be two years, but the executive directors shall remain in office until their successors have been appointed.

(b) The President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall appoint an alternate for the governor of the Fund who shall also serve as alternate for the governor of the Bank. The President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall appoint an alternate for each of the executive directors. The alternate for each executive director shall be appointed from among individuals recommended to the President by the executive director. The terms of office for alternates for the governor and the executive directors shall be the same as the terms specified in subsection (a) for the governor and executive directors.

(c) No person shall be entitled to receive any salary or other compensation from the United States for services as a governor, executive director, or alternate.

NATIONAL ADVISORY COUNCIL ON INTERNATIONAL MONETARY AND FINANCIAL PROBLEMS

SEC. 4. (a) In order to coordinate the policies and operations of the representatives of the United States on the Fund and the Bank and of all agencies of the Government which make or participate in making foreign loans or which engage in foreign financial, exchange or monetary transactions, there is hereby established the National Advisory Council on International Monetary and Financial Problems (hereinafter referred to as the "Council"), consisting of the Secretary of the Treasury, as Chairman, the Secretary of State, the Secretary
of Commerce, the Chairman of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, and the Chairman of the Board of Trustees of the Export-Import Bank of Washington.

(b) (1) The Council, after consultation with the representatives of the United States on the Fund and the Bank, shall recommend to the President general policy directives for the guidance of the representatives of the United States on the Fund and the Bank.

(2) The Council shall advise and consult with the President and the representatives of the United States on the Fund and the Bank on major problems arising in the administration of the Fund and the Bank.

(3) The Council shall coordinate, by consultation or otherwise, so far as is practicable, the policies and operations of the representatives of the United States on the Fund and the Bank, the Export-Import Bank of Washington and all other agencies of the Government to the extent that they make or participate in the making of foreign loans or engage in foreign financial, exchange or monetary transactions.

(4) Whenever, under the Articles of Agreement of the Fund or the Articles of Agreement of the Bank, the approval, consent or agreement of the United States is required before an act may be done by the respective institutions, the decision as to whether such approval, consent, or agreement, shall be given or refused shall (to the extent such decision is not prohibited by section 5 of this Act) be made by the Council, under the general direction of the President. No governor, executive director, or alternate representing the United States shall vote in favor of any waiver of condition under article V, section 4, or in favor of any declaration of the United States dollar as a scarce currency under article VII, section 3, of the Articles of Agreement of the Fund, without prior approval of the Council.

(5) The Council from time to time, but not less frequently than every six months, shall transmit to the President and to the Congress a report with respect to the participation of the United States in the Fund and the Bank.

(6) The Council shall also transmit to the President and to the Congress special reports on the operations and policies of the Fund and the Bank, as provided in this paragraph. The first report shall be made not later than two years after the establishment of the Fund and the Bank, and a report shall be made every two years after the making of the first report. Each such report shall cover and include:

- The extent to which the Fund and the Bank have achieved the purposes for which they were established; the extent to which the operations and policies of the Fund and the Bank have adhered to, or departed from, the general policy directives formulated by the Council, and the Council's recommendations in connection therewith; the extent to which the operations and policies of the Fund and the Bank have been coordinated, and the Council's recommendations in connection therewith; recommendations on whether the resources of the Fund and the Bank should be increased or decreased; recommendations as to how the Fund and the Bank may be made more effective; recommendations on any other necessary or desirable changes in the Articles of Agreement of the Fund and of the Bank or in this Act; and an over-all appraisal of the extent to which the operations and policies of the Fund and the Bank have served, and in the future may be expected to serve, the interests of the United States and the world in promoting sound international economic cooperation and furthering world security.

(7) The Council shall make such reports and recommendations to the President as he may from time to time request, or as the Council may consider necessary to more effectively or efficiently accomplish...
the purposes of this Act or the purposes for which the Council is created.

(c) The representatives of the United States on the Fund and the Bank, and the Export-Import Bank of Washington (and all other agencies of the Government to the extent that they make or participate in the making of foreign loans or engage in foreign financial, exchange or monetary transactions) shall keep the Council fully informed of their activities and shall provide the Council with such further information or data in their possession as the Council may deem necessary to the appropriate discharge of its responsibilities under this Act.

CERTAIN ACTS NOT TO BE TAKEN WITHOUT AUTHORIZATION

SEC. 5. Unless Congress by law authorizes such action, neither the President nor any person or agency shall on behalf of the United States (a) request or consent to any change in the quota of the United States under article III, section 2, of the Articles of Agreement of the Fund; (b) propose or agree to any change in the par value of the United States dollar under article IV, section 5, or article XX, section 4, of the Articles of Agreement of the Fund, or approve any general change in par values under article IV, section 7; (c) subscribe to additional shares of stock under article II, section 3, of the Articles of Agreement of the Bank; (d) accept any amendment under article XVII of the Articles of Agreement of the Fund or article VIII of the Articles of Agreement of the Bank; (e) make any loan to the Fund or the Bank. Unless Congress by law authorizes such action, no governor or alternate appointed to represent the United States shall vote for an increase of capital stock of the Bank under article II, section 2, of the Articles of Agreement of the Bank.

DEPOSITORIES

SEC. 6. Any Federal Reserve bank which is requested to do so by the Fund or the Bank shall act as its depository or as its fiscal agent, and the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System shall supervise and direct the carrying out of these functions by the Federal Reserve banks.

PAYMENT OF SUBSCRIPTIONS

SEC. 7. (a) Subsection (c) of section 10 of the Gold Reserve Act of 1934, as amended (U. S. C., title 31, sec. 822a), is amended to read as follows:

"(c) The Secretary of the Treasury is directed to use $1,800,000,000 of the fund established in this section to pay part of the subscription of the United States to the International Monetary Fund; and any repayment thereof shall be covered into the Treasury as a miscellaneous receipt."

(b) The Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to pay the balance of $850,000,000 of the subscription of the United States to the Fund not provided for in subsection (a) and to pay the subscription of the United States to the Bank from time to time when payments are required to be made to the Bank. For the purpose of making these payments, the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to use as a public-debt transaction not to exceed $4,125,000,000 of the proceeds of any securities hereafter issued under the Second Liberty Bond Act, as amended, and the purposes for which securities may be issued under that Act are extended to include such purpose. Payment under this subsection of the subscription of the United States to the Fund or the Bank and repayments thereof shall be treated as public-debt transactions of the United States.
(c) For the purpose of keeping to a minimum the cost to the United States of participation in the Fund and the Bank, the Secretary of the Treasury, after paying the subscription of the United States to the Fund, and any part of the subscription of the United States to the Bank required to be made under article II, section 7(i), of the Articles of Agreement of the Bank, is authorized and directed to issue special notes of the United States from time to time at par and to deliver such notes to the Fund and the Bank in exchange for dollars to the extent permitted by the respective Articles of Agreement. The special notes provided for in this subsection shall be issued under the authority and subject to the provisions of the Second Liberty Bond Act, as amended, and the purposes for which securities may be issued under that Act are extended to include the purposes for which special notes are authorized and directed to be issued under this subsection, but such notes shall bear no interest, shall be non-negotiable, and shall be payable on demand of the Fund or the Bank, as the case may be. The face amount of special notes issued to the Fund under the authority of this subsection and outstanding at any one time shall not exceed in the aggregate the amount of the subscription of the United States actually paid to the Fund, and the face amount of such notes issued to the Bank and outstanding at any one time shall not exceed in the aggregate the amount of the subscription of the United States actually paid to the Bank under article II, section 7(i), of the Articles of Agreement of the Bank.

(d) Any payment made to the United States by the Fund or the Bank as a distribution of net income shall be covered into the Treasury as a miscellaneous receipt.

OBTAINING AND TURNING IN INFORMATION

Sec. 8. (a) Whenever a request is made by the Fund to the United States as a member to furnish data under article VIII, section 5, of the Articles of Agreement of the Fund, the President may, through any agency he may designate, require any person to furnish such information as the President may determine to be essential to comply with such request. In making such determination the President shall seek to collect the information only in such detail as is necessary to comply with the request of the Fund. No information so acquired shall be furnished to the Fund in such detail that the affairs of any person are disclosed.

(b) In the event any person refuses to furnish such information when requested to do so, the President, through any designated governmental agency, may by subpoena require such person to appear and testify or to appear and produce records and other documents, or both. In case of contumacy by, or refusal to obey a subpoena served upon any such person, the district court for any district in which such person is found or resides or transacts business, upon application by the President or any governmental agency designated by him, shall have jurisdiction to issue an order requiring such person to appear and give testimony or appear and produce records and documents, or both; and any failure to obey such order of the court may be punished by such court as a contempt thereof.

(c) It shall be unlawful for any officer or employee of the Government, or for any advisor or consultant to the Government, to disclose, otherwise than in the course of official duty, any information obtained under this section, or to use any such information for his personal benefit. Whoever violates any of the provisions of this subsection shall, upon conviction, be fined not more than $5,000, or imprisoned for not more than five years, or both.

(d) The term “person” as used in this section means an individual, partnership, corporation or association.
Sec. 9. The Act entitled "An Act to prohibit financial transactions with any foreign government in default on its obligations to the United States", approved April 13, 1934 (U. S. C., title 31, sec. 504a), is amended by adding at the end thereof a new section to read as follows:

"Sec. 3. While any foreign government is a member both of the International Monetary Fund and of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, this Act shall not apply to the sale or purchase of bonds, securities, or other obligations of such government or any political subdivision thereof or of any organization or association acting for or on behalf of such government or political subdivision, or to the making of any loan to such government, political subdivision, organization, or association."

Jurisdiction and Venue of Actions

Sec. 10. For the purpose of any action which may be brought within the United States or its Territories or possessions by or against the Fund or the Bank in accordance with the Articles of Agreement of the Fund or the Articles of Agreement of the Bank, the Fund or the Bank, as the case may be, shall be deemed to be an inhabitant of the Federal judicial district in which its principal office in the United States is located, and any such action at law or in equity to which either the Fund or the Bank shall be a party shall be deemed to arise under the laws of the United States, and the district courts of the United States shall have original jurisdiction of any such action. When either the Fund or the Bank is a defendant in any such action, it may, at any time before the trial thereof, remove such action from a State court into the district court of the United States for the proper district by following the procedure for removal of causes otherwise provided by law.

Status, Immunities and Privileges

Sec. 11. The provisions of article IX, sections 2 to 9 both inclusive, and the first sentence of article VIII, section 2 (b), of the Articles of Agreement of the Fund, and the provisions of article VI, section 5 (i), and article VII, sections 2 to 9, both inclusive, of the Articles of Agreement of the Bank, shall have full force and effect in the United States and its Territories and possessions upon acceptance of membership by the United States in, and the establishment of, the Fund and the Bank, respectively.

Stabilization Loans by the Bank

Sec. 12. The governor and executive director of the Bank appointed by the United States are hereby directed to obtain promptly an official interpretation by the Bank as to its authority to make or guarantee loans for programs of economic reconstruction and the reconstruction of monetary systems, including long-term stabilization loans. If the Bank does not interpret its powers to include the making or guaranteeing of such loans, the governor of the Bank representing the United States is hereby directed to propose promptly and support an amendment to the Articles of Agreement for the purpose of explicitly authorizing the Bank, after consultation with the Fund, to make or guarantee such loans. The President is hereby authorized and directed to accept an amendment to that effect on behalf of the United States.
STABILIZATION OPERATIONS BY THE FUND

Sec. 13. (a) The governor and executive director of the Fund appointed by the United States are hereby directed to obtain promptly an official interpretation by the Fund as to whether its authority to use its resources extends beyond current monetary stabilization operations to afford temporary assistance to members in connection with seasonal, cyclical, and emergency fluctuations in the balance of payments of any member for current transactions, and whether it has authority to use its resources to provide facilities for relief, reconstruction, or armaments, or to meet a large or sustained outflow of capital on the part of any member.

(b) If the interpretation by the Fund answers in the affirmative any of the questions stated in subsection (a), the governor of the Fund representing the United States is hereby directed to propose promptly and support an amendment to the Articles of Agreement for the purpose of expressly negating such interpretation. The President is hereby authorized and directed to accept an amendment to that effect on behalf of the United States.

FURTHER PROMOTION OF INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC RELATIONS

Sec. 14. In the realization that additional measures of international economic cooperation are necessary to facilitate the expansion and balanced growth of international trade and render most effective the operations of the Fund and the Bank, it is hereby declared to be the policy of the United States to seek to bring about further agreement and cooperation among nations and international bodies, as soon as possible, on ways and means which will best reduce obstacles to and restrictions upon international trade, eliminate unfair trade practices, promote mutually advantageous commercial relations, and otherwise facilitate the expansion and balanced growth of international trade and promote the stability of international economic relations. In considering the policies of the United States in foreign lending and the policies of the Fund and the Bank, particularly in conducting exchange transactions, the Council and the United States representatives on the Fund and the Bank shall give careful consideration to the progress which has been made in achieving such agreement and cooperation.

Approved July 31, 1945.

[CHAPTER 340]
AN ACT
To facilitate reconversion, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Tax Adjustment Act of 1945".

SEC. 2. INCREASE IN EXCESS-PROFITS TAX SPECIFIC EXEMPTION.
(a) In general.—Section 710 (b) (1) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended to read as follows:
"(1) Specific Exemption.—A specific exemption of $25,000, except that in the case of a taxable year beginning in 1945 and ending in 1946, the specific exemption shall be an amount equal to the sum of (A) an amount which bears the same relation to $10,000 which the number of days in such taxable year prior to January 1, 1946, bears to the total number of days in such taxable year and (B) an amount which bears the same relation to $25,000..."
which the number of days in such taxable year after December 31, 1945, bears to the total number of days in such taxable year; and
in the case of a mutual insurance company (other than life or marine) which is an interinsurer or reciprocal underwriter, a
specific exemption of $50,000;"

(b) RETURN REQUIREMENT.—Section 729 (b) (2) of the Internal
Revenue Code is amended by striking out "$10,000 or, in the case of
a mutual insurance company (other than life or marine) which is an
interinsurer or reciprocal underwriter, is not greater than $50,000"
and inserting in lieu thereof "the specific exemption provided in
section 710 (b) (1)".

(c) CONSOLIDATED RETURNS.—Section 141 (c) of the Internal Re-
venue Code is amended by striking out "of $10,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "as".

(d) TAXABLE YEARS TO WHICH APPLICABLE.—The amendments
made by this section shall be applicable to taxable years beginning
after December 31, 1945, and to taxable years beginning in 1945 and
ending in 1946.

SEC. 3. CHANGES IN PROVISIONS RELATING TO POSTWAR REFUND
OF EXCESS-PROFITS TAX.

(a) The first sentence of section 780 (a) of the Internal Revenue
Code is amended by striking out the words "the date of cessation of
hostilities in the present war" and substituting in lieu thereof the
following: "December 31, 1943".

(b) Section 780 (b) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by
striking out the words "three months before the date of maturity of
bonds for such year under subsection (c)" and inserting in lieu thereof
the following: "July 1, 1945".

(c) Section 780 (c) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended
(1) by inserting in the last sentence after the words "to which this
section applies" the following: "shall be payable at the option of the
owner on or after January 1, 1946, and", and (2) by striking out the
last two lines from the table at the end thereof.

(d) Section 781 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by
striking out the words "three months before the date of maturity of
the bonds for such year" and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
"July 1, 1945".

(e) The last sentence of section 781 (b) of the Internal Revenue
Code is amended by striking out the words "the time of the maturity
of bonds issued with respect to such taxable year" and substituting
in lieu thereof the following: "January 1, 1946".

(f) Section 781 (c) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended to
read as follows:

"(c) TAX PAYMENTS AFTER CUT-OFF DATE.—In the case of a pay-
ment of the tax imposed by this subchapter shown on the return for
any taxable year for which a credit is provided in section 780 (a), or
the payment of a deficiency in respect of such tax for any such taxable
year, on or after July 1, 1945, the amount of the credit under section
780 (a) for such taxable year attributable to such payment shall be
paid the taxpayer in cash. No interest for the period after December
31, 1945, shall be assessed or collected on that portion of the tax or
deficiency so paid equal to the credit under section 780 (a) attributable
to such payment. If after January 1, 1946, there is any credit under
section 780 (a) remaining in favor of the taxpayer attributable to
any taxable year for which a credit is provided in section 780 (a),
such remainder shall be paid to the taxpayer in cash. No amount
of any payment made under this subsection to a taxpayer shall be
included in gross income."
(g) Section 783 of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by inserting at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(e) TAXABLE YEARS BEGINNING AFTER DECEMBER 31, 1943.—The provisions of this section shall not apply to taxable years beginning after December 31, 1943."

(h) Subchapter E of Chapter 2 of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"SEC. 784. TEN PER CENTUM CREDIT AGAINST EXCESS PROFITS TAX.

"(a) ALLOWANCE.—Against the tax imposed by this subchapter for any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1943, there shall be allowed as a credit an amount equal to 10 per centum of such tax.

"(b) SPECIAL INTEREST PROVISION.—No interest shall be allowed or paid upon any overpayment of tax resulting from the application of subsection (a) to a taxable year ending before December 31, 1945, unless, in the return made for such taxable year, the taxpayer claims a credit under such subsection."

SEC. 4. EXTENSIONS OF TIME FOR PAYMENT OF TAXES BY CORPORATIONS EXPECTING CARRY-BACKS, AND TENTATIVE CARRY-BACK ADJUSTMENTS.

(a) Chapter 37 of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sections:

"SEC. 3779. EXTENSIONS OF TIME FOR PAYMENT OF TAXES BY CORPORATIONS EXPECTING CARRY-BACKS.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—If a corporation, in any taxable year ending on or after September 30, 1945, files with the collector a statement, as provided in subsection (b), with respect to an expected net operating loss carry-back or unused excess profits credit carry-back from such taxable year, the time for payment of all or part of any tax imposed by chapter 1 or 2 for the taxable year immediately preceding such taxable year shall be extended to the extent and subject to the conditions and limitations hereinafter provided in this section.

"(b) CONTENTS OF STATEMENT.—The statement with respect to an expected carry-back referred to in subsection (a) of this section shall be sworn to in the manner prescribed by section 52 in the case of a return and shall be filed at such time and in such manner and form as the Commissioner, with the approval of the Secretary, may by regulations prescribe. Such statement shall set forth that the corporation expects to have a net operating loss carry-back, as provided in section 122(b), or an unused excess profits credit carry-back, as provided in section 710(c)(3), from the taxable year in which such statement is made, and shall set forth, in such detail and with such supporting data and explanation as such regulations shall require—

"(1) the estimated amount of the expected net operating loss or unused excess profits credit;

"(2) the reasons, facts, and circumstances which cause the corporation to expect such net operating loss or unused excess profits credit;

"(3) the amount of the reduction, attributable to the expected carry-back, in the aggregate of the taxes previously determined for all taxable years affected by the carry-back prior to the taxable year of the expected loss or unused credit; such taxes previously determined being ascertained in accordance with the method prescribed in section 3801(d); and such reduction being determined by applying the expected carry-back in the manner provided by law to the items on the basis of which such taxes were determined
but such reduction being decreased by the amount of any credits under section 780 properly allocable to such reduction;

"(4) the tax or taxes and the amount thereof the time for payment of which is to be extended; and

"(5) such other information for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this section as may be required by such regulations.

The collector shall, upon request, furnish a receipt for any statement filed, which shall set forth the date of such filing.

"(c) Amount to Which Extension Relates and Installment Payments.—The amount the time for payment of which may be extended under subsection (a) with respect to any tax shall not exceed the amount of such tax shown on the return, increased by any amount assessed as a deficiency (or as interest or additions to the tax) prior to the date of filing the statement and decreased by any amount paid or required to be paid prior to the date of such filing, and the total amount of the taxes the time for payment of which may be extended shall not exceed the amount stated under clause (3) of subsection (b). For the purposes of this subsection, an amount shall not be considered as required to be paid unless shown on the return or assessed as a deficiency (or as interest or addition to the tax), and an amount assessed as a deficiency (or as interest or additions to the tax) shall be considered to be required to be paid prior to the date of filing of the statement if the tenth day after notice and demand for its payment occurs prior to such date. If an extension of time under this section relates to only a part of a tax, the time for payment of the remainder shall be considered to be the dates on which payments would have been required if such remainder had been the tax and the taxpayer had elected to pay the tax in four equal installments as provided in section 56 (b).

"(d) Period of Extension.—The extension of time for payment provided in this section shall expire—

"(1) on the last day of the month in which falls the last date prescribed by law (including any extension of time granted the taxpayer) for the filing of the return for the taxable year of the expected net operating loss or unused excess profits credit, or

"(2) if an application for tentative carry-back adjustment provided in section 3780 with respect to such loss or unused credit is filed before the expiration of the period prescribed in clause (1), on the date on which notice is mailed by registered mail by the Commissioner to the taxpayer that such application is allowed or disallowed in whole or in part.

"(e) Revised Statements.—Each statement filed under subsection (a) with respect to any taxable year shall be in lieu of the last statement previously filed with respect to such year. If the amount the time for payment of which is extended under a statement filed is less than the amount under the last statement previously filed the extension of time shall be terminated as to the difference between the two amounts.

"(f) Termination by Commissioner.—The Commissioner is not required to make any examination of the statement, but he may make such examination thereof as he deems necessary and practicable. The Commissioner shall terminate the extension as to any part of the amount to which it relates which he deems should be terminated because, upon such examination, he believes that, as of the time such examination is made, all or any part of the statement clearly is in a material respect erroneous or unreasonable.

"(g) Payments on Termination.—If an extension of time is terminated under subsection (e) or (f) with respect to any amount, then—
“(1) no further extension of time shall be made under this section with respect to such amount, and
“(2) the time for payment of such amount shall be considered to be the dates on which payments would have been required if there had been no extension with respect to such amount and the taxpayer had elected to pay the tax in four equal installments as provided in section 56 (b).

“(h) JEOPMENT.—If the Commissioner believes that collection of the amount to which an extension under this section relates is in jeopardy, he shall immediately terminate such extension and notice and demand shall be made by the collector for payment of such amount.

“(i) INTEREST.—In the case of an amount the time for payment of which has been extended, there shall be collected as part of such amount interest from the dates on which payments would have been required if there had been no extension and the taxpayer had elected to pay the tax in four equal installments as provided in section 56 (b)—

“(1) upon so much of such amount as is satisfied under section 3780 (b) by applying or crediting thereto, within the period of extension, a decrease in tax determined in connection with an application under section 3780 (a), interest at the rate of 3 per centum per annum to the date of such satisfaction, except that on so much of such satisfied amount as is not in excess of the amount of the deficiencies assessed under section 3780 (b) and which is not so satisfied, the rate shall be 6 per centum per annum; and

“(2) upon the remainder of the amount the time for payment of which has been extended, interest at the rate of 6 per centum per annum to the date such amount is paid.

If the Commissioner determines that during the period of extension credit or refund of an overpayment has been allowed or made, or a deficiency assessed, affecting the amount to which the extension relates and that the taxpayer could not have taken such overpayment or deficiency into account in the statement or a revised statement, appropriate adjustment shall be made in the interest.

"SEC. 3780. TENTATIVE CARRY-BACK ADJUSTMENTS.

"(a) APPLICATION FOR ADJUSTMENT.—A taxpayer may file an application for a tentative carry-back adjustment of the taxes for prior taxable years affected by a net operating loss carry-back, provided in section 122 (b), or an unused excess profits credit carry-back, provided in section 710 (c) (3), from any taxable year ending on or after September 30, 1945. The application shall be verified in the manner prescribed by section 51 or section 52 in the case of a return of such taxpayer, and shall be filed, on or after the date of filing of the return for the taxable year of the net operating loss or unused excess profits credit from which the carry-back results and within a period of twelve months from the end of such taxable year, in the manner and form required by regulations prescribed by the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary. The application shall set forth, in such detail and with such supporting data and explanation as such regulations shall require—

"(1) the amount of the net operating loss or unused excess profits credit;

"(2) the amount of the tax previously determined for each prior taxable year affected by such carry-back; the tax previously determined being ascertained in accordance with the method prescribed in section 3801 (d);

"(3) the amount of increase or decrease in each such tax, attributable to such carry-back; such increase or decrease being
determined by applying the carry-back in the manner provided by law to the items on the basis of which such taxes were determined. If an application under section 124 (j) for tentative adjustment of tax with respect to amortization has been previously filed but such adjustment has not been previously determined, then for the purposes of this section the assessments, applications, credits, and refunds provided for in section 124 (k) shall be considered as having previously been made upon the basis of such application under section 124 (j);

"(4) the amount by which the aggregate of such decreases exceeds the aggregate of such increases;

"(5) the unpaid amount of each such tax, not including any amount required to be shown under paragraph (6);

"(6) the amount, with respect to each tax for the taxable year immediately preceding the taxable year of such loss or unused credit, as to which an extension of time for payment under section 3779 is in effect; and

"(7) such other information for the purposes of carrying out the provisions of this section as may be required by such regulations.

An application under this subsection shall not constitute a claim for credit or refund.

"(b) ALLOWANCE OF ADJUSTMENTS.—Within a period of ninety days from the date on which an application for a tentative carry-back adjustment is filed under subsection (a), or from the last day of the month in which falls the last date prescribed by law (including any extension of time granted the taxpayer) for filing the return for the taxable year of the net operating loss or unused excess profits credit from which such carry-back results, whichever is the later, the Commissioner shall make, to the extent he deems practicable in such period, a limited examination of the application, to discover omissions and errors of computation therein, and shall determine the amount of the increase or decrease in each tax attributable to such carry-back upon the basis of the application and the examination, except that the Commissioner may disallow, without further action, any application which he finds contains errors of computation which he deems cannot be corrected by him within such ninety-day period or material omissions. Each such increase shall be deemed determined as a deficiency and shall be assessed, without regard to the restrictions on assessment in section 272. Each such decrease shall be applied against any unpaid amount of the tax decreased (including any amount of such tax as to which an extension of time under section 3779 is in effect) and any remainder shall be credited—

"(1) against the deficiencies (and additions to the tax) assessed under this subsection,

"(2) against any unsatisfied amount of any tax for the taxable year immediately preceding the taxable year of the net operating loss or unused excess profits credit the time for payment of which tax is extended under section 3779, and any remainder shall, within such ninety-day period, be either credited against any income, war profits, or excess profits tax or instalment thereof due from the taxpayer, or refunded to the taxpayer. The application, credit or refund of a decrease determined under this subsection shall be deemed a credit or refund of an overpayment within the meaning of sections 781 (b) and 3807 (b) (1).

"(c) ASSESSMENT OF ERRONEOUS ALLOWANCES.—If the Commissioner determines that the amount applied, credited or refunded under subsection (b) is in excess of the overassessment attributable to the carry-back with respect to which such amount was applied, credited
or refunded, he may assess the amount of the excess as a deficiency as if it were due to a mathematical error appearing on the face of the return, as provided in section 272 (f). Upon making such assessment, the Commissioner shall schedule as an overassessment the decrease in any other tax resulting from the adjustments reflected in the computation of the deficiency.

"SEC. 3781. EXTENSION OF TIME AND TENTATIVE CARRY-BACK AND AMORTIZATION ADJUSTMENTS IN THE CASE OF CONSOLIDATED RETURNS.

"If the corporation seeking an extension of time under section 3779, a tentative carry-back adjustment under section 3780, or a tentative adjustment with respect to an amortization deduction under section 124 (j) and (k), made or was required to make a consolidated return, either for the taxable year within which the net operating loss or the unused excess profits credit arises or within which the election is made to terminate the amortization period, or for a preceding taxable year affected by such loss, credit, or election, the provisions of such sections shall apply only to such extent and subject to such conditions, limitations, and exceptions as the Commissioner, with the approval of the Secretary, may by regulations prescribe."

(b) Section 294 of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(e) SUBSTANTIAL OVERSTATEMENT OF EXPECTED CARRY-BACKS.—If the time for payment of any tax or taxes for any taxable year is extended under section 3779, there shall be added to such tax or taxes an amount equal to 5 per centum of the penalty portion, if any, of the amount to which such extension relates, unless the taxpayer establishes to the satisfaction of the Commissioner that, as of the end of the taxable year in which such extension was made, there was reasonable cause to expect there would be no such penalty portion. The penalty portion shall be the excess of the amount of the tax to which such extension relates which is not paid by the end of the taxable year in which such extension is made over 125 per centum of the amount to which such extension relates which is satisfied by applying thereto a decrease in tax in respect of an application under section 3780 (a) less any amounts assessed in respect of such application which are not so satisfied."

(c) Section 3777 of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(c) TENTATIVE CARRY-BACK ADJUSTMENTS.—Any credit or refund allowed or made under section 3780 (b) shall be made without regard to the provisions of subsection (a). In any such case, if the credit or refund, reduced by any deficiency in such tax thereafter assessed and by deficiencies in any other tax resulting from adjustments reflected in the determination of the credit or refund, is in excess of $75,000, there shall be submitted to such committee a report containing the matter specified in subsection (a) at such time after the making of the credit or refund as the Commissioner shall determine the correct amount of the tax."

SEC. 5. PERIOD OF LIMITATION IN CASE OF CARRY-BACKS.

(a) Section 322 (b) (5) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by striking the words "or of a carry-back" where they appear in subparagraph (B) thereof, and by striking the last sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "If the claim for credit or refund relates to an overpayment on account of the effect that the deductibility of such a debt or loss has on the application to the taxpayer of a carry-back, the period shall be either seven years from the date prescribed by law for filing the return for the year of the net operating loss or
the unused excess profits credit which results in such carry-back or the period prescribed in paragraph (6), whichever expires the later. In the case of a claim described in this paragraph, the amount of the credit or refund may exceed the portion of the tax paid within the period prescribed in paragraph (2) or (3), whichever is applicable, to the extent of the amount of the overpayment attributable to the deductibility of items described in this paragraph.”

(b) Section 322 (b) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by inserting immediately following paragraph (5) the following new paragraph:

“(6) Special period of limitation with respect to net operating loss carry-backs and unused excess profits credit carry-backs.—If the claim for credit or refund relates to an overpayment attributable to a net operating loss carry-back or to an unused excess profits credit carry-back, in lieu of the three-year period of limitation prescribed in paragraph (1), the period shall be that period which ends with the expiration of the three-year period prescribed in paragraph (1) or the period prescribed in paragraph (3), whichever expires later, within which claim for credit or refund may be filed with respect to the taxable year of the net operating loss or the unused excess profits credit which results in such carry-back. In the case of such a claim, the amount of the credit or refund may exceed the portion of the tax paid within the period provided in paragraph (2) or (3), whichever is applicable, to the extent of the amount of the overpayment attributable to such carry-back.”

(c) Section 322 (d) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by striking the period at the end thereof and inserting in lieu thereof the following: “; or (3), if such portion was not paid within the period described in clause (1), but the notice of deficiency was mailed within the period prescribed in subsection (b) (6) for the filing of a claim for credit or refund of an overpayment attributable to a carry-back, or such a claim was filed, that such portion does not exceed the amount of the overpayment attributable to a carry-back”.

(d) Section 322 of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by inserting immediately following subsection (f) the following new subsection:

“(g) Overpayments attributable to net operating loss carry-backs and unused excess profits credit carry-backs.—If the allowance of a credit or refund of an overpayment of tax attributable to a net operating loss carry-back or to an unused excess profits credit carry-back is otherwise prevented by the operation of any law or rule of law other than section 3761, relating to compromises, such credit or refund may be allowed or made, if claim therefor is filed within the period provided in subsection (b) (6). If the allowance of an application, credit or refund of a decrease in tax determined under section 3780 (b) is otherwise prevented by the operation of any law or rule of law other than section 3761, such application, credit or refund may be allowed or made if application for a tentative carry-back adjustment is made within the period provided in section 3780 (a). In the case of any such claim for credit or refund or any such application for a tentative carry-back adjustment, the determination by any court, including The Tax Court of the United States, in any proceeding in which the decision of the court has become final, shall be conclusive except with respect to the net operating loss deduction and the unused excess profits credit adjustment, and the effect of such deduction or adjustment, to the extent that such deduction or adjustment is affected by a carry-back which was not in issue in such proceeding.”
(e) Section 276 of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by inserting immediately following subsection (c) the following new subsection:

“(d) Net Operating Loss Carry-Backs and Unused Excess Profits Credit Carry-Backs.—A deficiency attributable to the application to the taxpayer of a net operating loss carry-back or an unused excess profits credit carry-back, including deficiencies which may be assessed pursuant to the provisions of section 3780 (b) and (c), may be assessed at any time prior to the expiration of the period within which a deficiency may be assessed with respect to the taxable year of the claimed net operating loss or unused excess profits credit resulting in such carry-back.”

(f) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this section shall be applicable with respect to all taxable years beginning after December 31, 1940, except that the amendment made by subsection (d) shall not be applicable to any taxable year with respect to which the taxpayer and the Commissioner have entered into a closing agreement under the provisions of section 3760, prior to the date of enactment of this Act, in any case in which it is expressly provided in such closing agreement that the tax liability for such taxable year is not to be affected by a net operating loss carry-back or by an unused excess profits credit carry-back.

SEC. 6. Interest in Connection with Carry-Backs.

(a) Section 292 of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

“(c) Deficiency Resulting from Carry-Back and Related Matters.—If any part of a deficiency is determined by the Commissioner to be attributable (A) to a carry-back to which an overpayment described in section 3771 (e), or a decrease determined under section 3780 (b), in any other tax is attributable, or (B) to an error in the amount or effect of a carry-back which resulted in a credit or refund of an overpayment with interest computed pursuant to section 3771 (e), or in a decrease determined under section 3780 (b), no interest shall be assessed or paid under subsection (a) with respect to such part of the deficiency for any period during which interest was not allowed with respect to such overpayment or for a period prior to the application of such decrease.”

(b) Section 3771 (e) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by substituting a semicolon for the period at the end thereof relating to carry-backs, and adding the following: “nor for any period beginning with the date of filing of an application under section 3780 (a) relating to such part of the overpayment and ending with the last date the Commissioner's determination is required to be made under section 3780 (b); nor, in case an application is made under section 3780 (a), for any period before the first day of the month immediately following the month in which falls the last date prescribed by law (including any extension of time granted the taxpayer) for filing the return for the taxable year of the net operating loss or unused excess profits credit, or before the date on which the return is filed, whichever is later.”

SEC. 7. Tentative Adjustments with Respect to Amortization Deductions.

Section 124 of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by inserting at the end thereof the following new subsections:

“(j) Application for Tentative Adjustment.—Any taxpayer who has filed a statement of election as prescribed in paragraph (4) of subsection (d) may, within ninety days from the date such statement is filed, or within ninety days from the date of enactment of this Act, whichever is the later, file an application for tentative adjustment
with respect to the taxes for taxable years prior to the taxable year in which such application is filed which are to be computed as required by paragraph (4) of subsection (d) as the result of such election. Such application shall be verified in the manner prescribed by section 51 or section 52 in the case of a return of such taxpayer and shall be made in such manner and form as shall be required by regulations prescribed by the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary, and shall set forth, in such detail and with such supporting data and explanation as such regulations shall require, the recomputation of such taxes required by paragraph (4) of subsection (d) except that the tax for each taxable year to be recomputed shall be the tax for such year previously determined, ascertained in accordance with the method prescribed in section 3801 (d). If an application under section 3780 (a) for tentative carry-back adjustment has been previously filed, but such adjustment has not been previously determined, then for the purpose of subsection (j) and (k), the assessments, applications, credits, and refunds provided in section 3780 (b) shall be considered as having been previously made upon the basis of such application under section 3780 (a). Such recomputation of tax shall be made on the basis of the items on the basis of which the tax to be recomputed was determined. Such application shall also set forth the unpaid amount of each tax recomputed and such other information for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of subsections (j) and (k) as may be required by such regulations. An application under this subsection shall not constitute a claim for credit or refund.

“(k) ALLOWANCE or ADJUSTMENT.—Within a period of ninety days from the filing of an application under subsection (j), the Commissioner shall make, to the extent he deems practical in such period, a limited examination of the application for omissions and errors of computation, and shall determine the amount of the increase or decrease in each tax to which such application relates, on the basis of the application and the examination, except that the Commissioner may disallow, without further action, any application which he finds contains material omissions, or errors of computation which he deems cannot be corrected by him within such ninety-day period. Each increase shall be deemed determined as a deficiency and assessed, without regard to the restrictions on assessment in section 272. Each decrease shall be applied against any unpaid amount of the tax decreased, and any remainder shall be credited against the deficiencies (and interest or additions to the tax) assessed under this subsection, and any remainder shall, within such ninety-day period, be either credited against any other income, war profits, or excess profits tax, or installment thereof, due from the taxpayer, or refunded to the taxpayer. The application, credit, or refund of a decrease determined under this subsection shall be deemed a credit or refund of an overpayment within the meaning of section 781 (b).”

Approved July 31, 1945.

[CHAPTER 341] AN ACT
To provide for increasing the lending authority of the Export-Import Bank of Washington, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the “Export-Import Bank Act of 1945”.

Sec. 2. (a) The Export-Import Bank of Washington, District of Columbia, a banking corporation organized under the laws of the District of Columbia as an agency of the United States, is continued
as an agency of the United States, and in addition to existing charter powers, and without limitation as to the total amount of obligations thereto of any borrower, endorser, acceptor, obligor, or guarantor at any time outstanding, it is hereby authorized and empowered to make loans, to discount, rediscount or guarantee notes, drafts, bills of exchange, and other evidences of debt, or participate in the same, for the purpose of aiding in the financing and facilitating of exports and imports and the exchange of commodities between the United States or any of its Territories or insular possessions and any foreign country or the agencies or nationals thereof. The Bank is hereby authorized to use all its assets, including capital and net earnings therefrom, and to use all moneys which have been or may hereafter be allocated to or borrowed by it, in the exercise of its functions as such agency.

(b) It is the policy of the Congress that the Bank in the exercise of its functions should supplement and encourage and not compete with private capital, and that loans, so far as possible consistently with carrying out the purposes of subsection (a), shall generally be for specific purposes, and, in the judgment of the Board of Directors, offer reasonable assurance of repayment.

Sec. 3. (a) (1) The management of the Export-Import Bank of Washington shall be vested in a Board of Directors consisting of the Administrator of the Foreign Economic Administration, who shall serve as Chairman, the Secretary of State, and three persons appointed by the President of the United States by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. The Secretary of State, to such extent as he deems it advisable, may designate to act for him in the discharge of his duties as a member of the Board of Directors any officer of the Department of State who shall have been appointed by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.

(2) If the Foreign Economic Administration ceases to exist in the Office for Emergency Management in the Executive Office of the President, the President of the United States shall appoint by and with the advice and consent of the Senate another member of the Board of Directors. The member so appointed shall serve for the remainder of the existing terms of the other three appointed members, but successors shall be appointed for terms of five years. After the Foreign Economic Administration ceases to exist, if the President of the United States shall, from time to time, designate one of the members of the Board to serve as Chairman.

(3) Of the five members of the Board, not more than three shall be members of any one political party. Each of the appointed directors shall devote his time not otherwise required by the business of the United States principally to the business of the Bank. Before entering upon his duties each of the directors so appointed and each officer of the Bank shall take an oath faithfully to discharge the duties of his office. The terms of the appointed directors shall be five years, except that the terms of the directors first appointed shall run from the date of appointment until June 30, 1950. Whenever a vacancy occurs among the directors so appointed, the person appointed to fill such vacancy shall hold office for the unexpired portion of the term of the director whose place he is selected to fill. Each of the appointed directors shall receive a salary at the rate of $12,000 per annum, unless he is an officer of the Bank, in which event he may elect to receive the salary of such officer. No director, officer, attorney, agent, or employee of the Bank shall in any manner, directly or indirectly, participate in the deliberation upon or the determination of any question affecting his personal interests, or the interests of any corporation, partnership, or association in which he is directly or indirectly personally interested.

(b) A majority of the Board of Directors shall constitute a quorum.
Bylaws.

Advisory Board.

Composition.

Interim management of affairs of Bank.

Bank an independent agency.

Capital stock.

Payment.

Financing of payments.

Certificates evidencing stock ownership.

Issuance.

Payments to RFC for preferred stock.

Dividends.

Issuance of notes, etc., by Bank.

Aggregate amount.

(e) The Board of Directors shall adopt such bylaws as are necessary for the proper management and functioning of the Export-Import Bank of Washington, and may amend the same.

(d) There shall be an Advisory Board consisting of the Chairman of the Export-Import Bank of Washington, who shall serve as Chairman, the Secretary of State, the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Commerce, and the Chairman of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, which shall meet at the call of the Chairman. The Advisory Board may make such recommendations to the Board of Directors as it deems advisable, and the Board of Directors shall consult the Advisory Board on major questions of policy.

(e) Until October 31, 1945, or until at least two of the members of the Board of Directors to be appointed have qualified as such directors, whichever is the earlier, the affairs of the Bank shall continue to be managed by the existing Board of Trustees.

(f) The Export-Import Bank of Washington shall constitute an independent agency of the United States and neither the Bank nor any of its functions, powers, or duties shall be transferred to or consolidated with any other department, agency, or corporation of the Government unless the Congress shall otherwise by law provide.

Sec. 4. The Export-Import Bank of Washington shall have a capital stock of $1,000,000,000 subscribed by the United States. Payment for $1,000,000 of such capital stock shall be made by the surrender to the Bank for cancellation of the common stock heretofore issued by the Bank and purchased by the United States. Payment for $174,000,000 of such capital stock shall be made by the surrender to the Bank for cancellation of the preferred stock heretofore issued by the Bank and purchased by the Reconstruction Finance Corporation. Payment for the $825,000,000 balance of such capital stock shall be subject to call at any time in whole or in part by the Board of Directors of the Bank. For the purpose of making payments of such balance, the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to use as a public-debt transaction the proceeds of any securities hereafter issued under the Second Liberty Bond Act, as amended, and the purposes for which securities may be issued under that Act are extended to include such purpose. Payment under this section of the subscription of the United States to the Bank and repayments thereof shall be treated as public-debt transactions of the United States. Certificates evidencing stock ownership of the United States shall be issued by the Bank to the President of the United States, or to such other person or persons as he may designate from time to time, to the extent of the common and preferred stock surrendered and other payments made for the capital stock of the Bank under this section.

Sec. 5. (a) The Secretary of the Treasury shall pay to the Reconstruction Finance Corporation the par value of the preferred stock upon its surrender to the Bank for cancellation. For the purpose of making such payments to the Reconstruction Finance Corporation the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to use as a public-debt transaction the proceeds of any securities hereafter issued under the Second Liberty Bond Act, as amended, and the purposes for which securities may be issued under that Act are extended to include such purpose. Payment under this subsection to the Reconstruction Finance Corporation shall be treated as public-debt transactions of the United States.

(b) Any dividends on the preferred stock accumulated and unpaid to the date of its surrender for cancellation shall be paid to the Reconstruction Finance Corporation by the Bank.

Sec. 6. The Export-Import Bank of Washington is authorized to issue from time to time for purchase by the Secretary of the Treasury its notes, debentures, bonds, or other obligations; but the aggregate
amount of such obligations outstanding at any one time shall not exceed two and one-half times the authorized capital stock of the Bank. Such obligations shall be redeemable at the option of the Bank before maturity in such manner as may be stipulated in such obligations and shall have such maturity and bear such rate of interest as may be determined by the Board of Directors of the Bank with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury. The Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized and directed to purchase any obligations of the Bank issued hereunder and for such purpose the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to use as a public-debt transaction the proceeds of any securities hereafter issued under the Second Liberty Bond Act, as amended, and the purpose for which securities may be issued under that Act are extended to include such purpose. Payment under this section of the purchase price of such obligations of the Bank and repayments thereof by the Bank shall be treated as public-debt transactions of the United States.

Sec. 7. The Export-Import Bank of Washington shall not have outstanding at any one time loans and guarantees in an aggregate amount in excess of three and one-half times the authorized capital stock of the Bank.

Sec. 8. The provisions of the existing charter of the Bank relating to the term of its existence, to the management of its affairs, and to its capital stock are superseded by the provisions of this Act and the Bank shall be exempt from compliance with any provisions of law relating to the amendment of certificates of incorporation or to the retirement or increase of stock of District of Columbia corporations and from the payment of any fee or tax to the Recorder of Deeds of the District of Columbia determined upon the value or amount of capital stock of the Bank or any increase thereof.

Sec. 9. The Export-Import Bank of Washington shall transmit to the Congress semiannually a complete and detailed report of its operations. The report shall be as of the close of business on June 30 and December 31 of each year.

Sec. 10. Section 9 of the Act of January 31, 1935 (49 Stat. 4, ch. 2), as amended, is repealed.

Sec. 11. Notwithstanding the provisions of the Act of April 13, 1934 (48 Stat., ch. 112, p. 574), any person, including any individual, partnership, corporation, or association, may act for or participate with the Export-Import Bank of Washington in any operation or transaction, or may acquire any obligation issued in connection with any operation or transaction, engaged in by the Bank.

Approved July 31, 1945.

[CHAPTER 342]

JOINT RESOLUTION

Providing for membership of the United States in the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President is hereby authorized to accept membership for the United States in the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (hereinafter referred to as the "Organization") the Constitution of which is set forth in appendix I of the First Report to the Governments of the United Nations by the Interim Commission on Food and Agriculture, dated August 1, 1944.

Sec. 2. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, a sum not exceeding $625,000 during the first fiscal year of the Organization and sums
not exceeding $1,250,000 annually thereafter as may be required for expenditure under the direction of the Secretary of State, for the payment by the United States of its proportionate share in the expenses of the Organization.

Sec. 3. In adopting this joint resolution, it is the sense of the Congress that the Government of the United States should use its best efforts to bring about, as soon as practicable, the integration of the functions and the resources of the International Institute of Agriculture with those of the Organization, in a legal and orderly manner, to effect one united institution in such form as to provide an adequate research, informational, and statistical service for the industry of agriculture.

Sec. 4. Unless Congress by law authorizes such action, neither the President nor any person or agency shall on behalf of the United States accept any amendment under paragraph 1 of article XX of the Constitution of the Organization involving any new obligation for the United States.

Sec. 5. In adopting this joint resolution the Congress does so with the understanding that paragraph 2 of article XIII does not authorize the Conference of the Organization to so modify the provisions of its Constitution as to involve any new obligation for the United States.

Approved July 31, 1945.

[CHAPTER 343] AN ACT
For the relief of the Borough of Beach Haven, Ocean County, New Jersey.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to pay, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to the Borough of Beach Haven, Ocean County, New Jersey, the sum of $2,300. The payment of such sum shall be in full settlement of all claims of the said Borough of Beach Haven against the United States on account of property damage sustained on March 3, 1944, when a Navy Department airplane collided with the roof of the borough's elevated water tank: Provided, That no part of the amount appropriated in this Act in excess of 10 per centum thereof shall be paid or delivered to or received by any agent or attorney on account of services rendered in connection with this claim, and the same shall be unlawful, any contract to the contrary notwithstanding. Any person violating the provisions of this Act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined in any sum not exceeding $1,000.

Approved July 31, 1945.

[CHAPTER 363] JOINT RESOLUTION
To establish the first week in October of each year as National Employ the Physically Handicapped Week.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That hereafter the first week in October of each year shall be designated as National Employ the Physically Handicapped Week. During said week, appropriate ceremonies are to be held throughout the Nation, the purpose of which will be to enlist public support for and interest in the employment of otherwise qualified but physically handicapped workers.
The President is hereby requested to issue a suitable proclamation each year, and the Governors of States, mayors of cities, and heads of other instrumentalities of government, as well as leaders of industry, educational and religious groups, labor, veterans, women, farm, scientific and professional, and all other organizations and individuals at interest are invited to participate.

Approved August 11, 1945.

[CHAPTER 364]

AN ACT

To amend sections 2720 (a) and 3260 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code relating to the transfer tax, and the tax on manufacturers and dealers, in the case of certain small-game guns.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 2720 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended to read as follows:

"(a) RATE.—There shall be levied, collected, and paid upon firearms transferred in the continental United States a tax at the rate of $200 for each firearm: Provided, That the transfer tax on any gun with two attached barrels, twelve inches or more in length, from which only a single discharge can be made from either barrel without manual reloading, or any gun designed to be held in one hand when fired and having a barrel twelve inches or more in length from which only a single discharge can be made without manual reloading, shall be at the rate of $1. The tax imposed by this section shall be in addition to any import duty imposed on such firearm."

Sec. 2. Section 3260 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by striking out "Provided, That manufacturers and dealers in guns with two attached barrels from which only a single discharge can be made from either barrel without manual reloading shall pay the following taxes: Manufacturers, $25 per year; dealers, $1 per year." and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "Provided, That manufacturers and dealers in guns with two attached barrels, twelve inches or more in length, from which only a single discharge can be made from either barrel without manual reloading, guns designed to be held in one hand when fired and having a barrel twelve inches or more in length from which only a single discharge can be made without manual reloading, or guns of both types, shall pay the following taxes: Manufacturers, $25 per year; dealers, $1 per year."

Sec. 3. (a) The amendment made by the first section of this Act shall apply with respect to any transfer within the scope thereof made on or after July 1, 1945.

(b) The amendment made by section 2 of this Act shall apply with respect to any tax within the scope thereof payable under section 3260 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code for any taxable period commencing on or after July 1, 1945.

Approved August 11, 1945.

[CHAPTER 365]

AN ACT

To amend paragraph 682 of title 16 of the United States Code.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That paragraph 682 of title 16 of the United States Code, 1940 edition (Act of February 28, 1925, ch. 376, 43 Stat. 1091), be, and the same is hereby, amended by striking out the last sentence thereof.

Approved August 11, 1945.
AN ACT

To authorize the War Food Administrator or the Secretary of Agriculture to adjust boundary disputes by settling claims to certain so-called Sebastian Martin grant lands, in the State of New Mexico.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That either the War Food Administrator or the Secretary of Agriculture be, and either of them is hereby, authorized to adjust claims to any portions of the so-called Sebastian Martin grant lands, situated between State Highway Numbered 64 and the western boundary of said grant, and between the fence constructed by the Government on the west side of Ojo Sarco Creek and the eastern boundary of said grant, in the State of New Mexico, which are administered under title III of the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act of July 22, 1937 (50 Stat. 522, 525; 7 U. S. C., secs. 1010-1012).

Sec. 2. That for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this Act, if the War Food Administrator or the Secretary of Agriculture shall find, within twenty years after the acquisition by the United States of the lands described in section 1, that the title to any portion or portions of the aforesaid lands is in dispute, and that the person or persons claiming the same or their predecessors in the occupancy thereof and under whom the right thereto is claimed, have been in open, actual, visible, exclusive, hostile, continuous, and adverse possession thereof, for a period of ten years previous to the date on which the United States acquired such land or interest, irrespective of whether color of title during such possession can be established or not, either the War Food Administrator or the Secretary of Agriculture is hereby authorized to execute and deliver, on behalf of and in the name of the United States, to the person or persons so occupying said lands, whom either of them finds entitled thereto under the provisions of this Act, a quitclaim deed to such land or interest.

Sec. 3. Either the War Food Administrator or the Secretary of Agriculture is further authorized, upon a finding by either of them, that any lands situated within the areas described in section 1, which are not claimed by any person or persons as aforesaid, or right to which cannot be established as aforesaid, are not suitable for use and administration in connection with the land-conservation and land-utilization program administered under title III of the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act, to sell such lands so situated, under such terms and conditions as either of them deems will best accomplish the purposes of title III of the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act: Provided, however, That the consideration to be paid for such lands shall not be less than the value as appraised by authorized representatives of the United States.

Approved August 11, 1945.

AN ACT

To exempt certain mechanical pencils having precious metals as essential parts from the tax with respect to jewelry, and so forth.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 2400 of the Internal Revenue Code (relating to the retailers' excise tax on jewelry, etc.) is amended by striking out "to a fountain pen or smokers' pipe if the only parts of the pen or the pipe" and inserting in lieu thereof "to a fountain pen, mechanical pencil, or smokers' pipe if the only parts of the pen, the pencil, or the pipe".
SEC. 2. The amendment made by this Act shall take effect on the first day of the first month which begins more than ten days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

Approved August 11, 1945.

[CHAPTER 368]

AN ACT

To provide for administration of the Surplus Property Act of 1944 by a Surplus Property Administrator.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there is hereby established in the Office of War Mobilization and Reconversion a Surplus Property Administration which shall be headed by a Surplus Property Administrator. The Administrator shall be appointed by the President by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and shall receive compensation at the rate of $12,000 per year. The term of office of the Administrator shall be two years.

SEC. 2. (a) Effective at the time the Surplus Property Administrator first appointed under this Act qualifies and takes office, the Surplus Property Board created by section 5 of the Surplus Property Act of 1944 is abolished, all of its functions are transferred to, and shall be exercised by, the Surplus Property Administrator, and all of its personnel (except the members thereof), records, and property (including office equipment) are transferred to, and shall become, respectively, the personnel, records, and property of the Surplus Property Administration.

(b) So much of the unexpended balances of appropriations, allocations, or other funds available for the use of the Surplus Property Board in the exercise of any function transferred by this Act shall be transferred to the Surplus Property Administration for use in connection with the exercise of the functions so transferred.

(c) All regulations, policies, determinations, authorizations, requirements, designations, and other actions of the Surplus Property Board, made, prescribed, or performed before the transfer of functions provided by subsection (a) of this section shall, except to the extent rescinded, modified, superseded, or made inapplicable by the Surplus Property Administrator, have the same effect as if such transfer had not been made; but functions vested in the Surplus Property Board by any such regulation, policy, determination, authorization, requirement, designation, or other action shall, insofar as they are to be exercised after the transfer, be considered as vested in the Surplus Property Administrator.

Approved September 18, 1945.

[CHAPTER 369]

AN ACT

To amend the Veterans Regulations to provide additional rates of compensation or pension and remedy inequalities as to specific service-incurred disabilities in excess of total disability.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That subparagraphs (k) to (o) of paragraph II, part I, Veterans Regulation Numbered 1 (a), as amended, are hereby amended, and a new subparagraph (p) added to said paragraph II, to read as follows:

"(k) If the disabled person, as the result of service-incurred disability, has suffered the anatomical loss or loss of use of one foot, or one hand, or blindness of one eye, having only light perception, the rate of pension provided in part I, paragraph II, subparagraphs

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Surplus Property Administration.

Abolishment of Board.

Transfer of funds.

Regulations, prior actions, etc., of Board.

Functions.
(a) to (j), shall be increased by $35 per month; and in the event of anatomical loss or loss of use of one foot, or one hand, or blindness of one eye, having only light perception, in addition to the requirement for any of the rates specified in subparagraphs (l) to (n), inclusive, of part I, paragraph II, as herein amended, the rate of pension shall be increased by $35 per month for each such loss or loss of use, but in no event to exceed $300 per month.

"(l) If the disabled person, as the result of service-incurred disability, has suffered the anatomical loss, or loss of use of both hands, or both feet, or of one hand and one foot, or is blind in both eyes, with 5/200 visual acuity or less, or is permanently bedridden or so helpless as to be in need of regular aid and attendance, the monthly pension shall be $200.

"(m) If the disabled person, as the result of service-incurred disability, has suffered the anatomical loss or loss of use of two extremities at a level, or with complications, preventing natural elbow or knee action with prosthesis in place, or has suffered blindness in both eyes, rendering him so helpless as to be in need of regular aid and attendance, the monthly pension shall be $235.

"(n) If the disabled person, as the result of service-incurred disability, has suffered the anatomical loss of two extremities so near the shoulder or hip as to prevent the use of a prosthetic appliance or has suffered the anatomical loss of both eyes, the monthly pension shall be $265.

"(o) If the disabled person, as the result of service-incurred disability, has suffered disability under conditions which would entitle him to two or more of the rates provided in one or more of the subparagraphs (l) to (n), inclusive, of part I, paragraph II of this Regulation, no condition being considered twice in the determination, or has suffered total deafness in combination with total blindness with 8/200 visual acuity or less, the monthly pension shall be $300.

"(p) In the event the disabled person's service-incurred disabilities exceed the requirements for any of the rates prescribed herein, the Administrator, in his discretion, may allow the next higher rate or an intermediate rate, but in no event in excess of $300."

SEC. 2. Subparagraphs (k) to (o) of paragraph II, part II, Veterans Regulations Numbered 1 (a), as amended, are hereby amended, and a new subparagraph (p) added to said paragraph II, to read as follows:

"(k) If the disabled person, as the result of service-incurred disability, has suffered the anatomical loss or loss of use of one foot, or one hand, or blindness of one eye, having only light perception, in addition to the requirement for any of the rates specified in subparagraphs (l) to (n), inclusive, of part II, paragraph II, as herein amended, the rate of pension shall be increased by $26.25 per month for each such loss or loss of use but in no event to exceed $225 per month.

"(l) If the disabled person, as the result of service-incurred disability, has suffered the anatomical loss, or loss of use of both hands, or both feet, or of one hand and one foot, or is blind in both eyes, with 5/200 visual acuity or less, or is permanently bedridden or so helpless as to be in need of regular aid and attendance, the monthly pension shall be $150.

"(m) If the disabled person, as the result of service-incurred disability, has suffered the anatomical loss or loss of use of two extremities at a level, or with complications, preventing natural elbow or knee action with prosthesis in place, or has suffered blindness in both eyes,
rendering him so helpless as to be in need of regular aid and attendance, the monthly pension shall be $176.25.

"(n) If the disabled person, as the result of service-incurred disability, has suffered the anatomical loss of two extremities so near the shoulder or hip as to prevent the use of a prosthetic appliance or has suffered the anatomical loss of both eyes, the monthly pension shall be $198.75.

"(o) If the disabled person, as the result of service-incurred disability, has suffered disability under conditions which would entitle him to two or more of the rates provided in one or more of the subparagraphs (l) to (n), inclusive, of part II, paragraph II, of this Regulation, no condition being considered twice in the determination, or has suffered total deafness in combination with total blindness with 5/200 visual acuity or less, the monthly pension shall be $225.

"(p) In the event the disabled person’s service-incurred disabilities exceed the requirements for any of the rates prescribed herein, the Administrator, in his discretion, may allow the next higher rate or an intermediate rate, but in no event in excess of $225.”

Sec. 3. The increased rates provided by this Act shall be effective from the first day of the first month following the passage of this Act, and shall be deemed to include the 15 per centum increase in the rate of compensation or pension payable for service-incurred disability under section 1, Public Law 312, Seventy-eighth Congress, May 27, 1944, or Public Law 469, Seventy-eighth Congress, December 7, 1944.

Approved September 20, 1945.

[CHAPTER 382]

AN ACT

To authorize the sale of certain public lands in Alaska to the Catholic bishop of Alaska, in trust for the Roman Catholic Church.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Catholic bishop of Alaska, in trust for the Roman Catholic Church, is hereby authorized for a period of one year from and after the effective date of this Act to purchase, and the Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized and directed to convey to the bishop, for use as a shrine and for religious and recreational purposes, the following-described public lands situated in the Tongass National Forest, in Alaska:

Two tracts of land situated at approximately latitude fifty-eight degrees twenty-eight minutes north, longitude one hundred and thirty-four degrees forty-eight minutes west, the said tracts consisting of tract A, of which the area is forty-five and twenty-seven one-hundredths acres, and tract B, or Shrine Island, of which the area is one and fourteen one-hundredths acres, the specific boundaries of said tracts to be those defined by a survey executed by Charles H. Forward, forester, on May 19, 1945, the field notes and plat of said survey being of record in the office of the Forest Service at Juneau, Alaska.

Sec. 2. That the conveyance shall be made upon the payment by the said bishop for the land at its reasonable appraised price of not less than $1.25 per acre, to be fixed jointly by the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Agriculture: Provided, That the conveyance hereby authorized shall not include any land covered by a valid existing right initiated under the public-land laws or found by the Secretary of the Interior or the Secretary of Agriculture to be needed for public purposes: Provided further, That the coal and other mineral deposits in the land shall be reserved to the United States, together with the right to prospect for, mine, and remove the same under regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary of the Interior.

Approved September 24, 1945.
AN ACT

To amend the Act of October 29, 1919, entitled "An Act to punish the transportation of stolen motor vehicles in interstate or foreign commerce."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 2, subsection (a), of the National Motor Vehicle Theft Act (41 Stat. 324; 18 U.S.C. 408), is amended by adding the following new language at the end thereof: "and the term 'aircraft' means any contrivance now known or hereafter invented, used, or designed for navigation of or for flight in the air."

SEC. 2. Sections 3, 4, and 5 of the National Motor Vehicle Theft Act are amended by adding after the words "motor vehicle" wherever they appear therein, the words "or aircraft."

SEC. 3. The title of the Act of October 29, 1919, is amended to read "An Act to punish the transportation of stolen motor vehicles or aircraft in interstate or foreign commerce."

Approved September 24, 1945.

[CHAPTER 384]

AN ACT

To provide for the presentation of medals to members of the United States Antarctic Expedition of 1939–1941.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy is authorized and directed to cause to be made at the United States mint such number of gold, silver, and bronze medals of appropriate design as he may deem appropriate and necessary, to be presented to members of the United States Antarctic Expedition of 1939–1941, in recognition of their valuable services to the Nation in the field of polar exploration and science.

SEC. 2. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act.

Approved September 24, 1945.

[CHAPTER 385]

AN ACT

To provide for pay and allowances and transportation and subsistence of personnel discharged or released from the Navy, Marine Corps, and Coast Guard because of under age at the time of enlistment, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy, under such regulations as he may prescribe, may discharge or release from the Navy, Marine Corps, and the reserve components thereof, with pay and allowances and discharge certificate found appropriate for their service after enlistment, enlisted persons who heretofore have secured or hereafter may secure enlistment by reason of false statement of age on their applications for enlistment and for other purposes.

SEC. 2. Whenever the Coast Guard is operating as a part of the Navy the provisions of this Act shall be applicable to personnel of the Coast Guard, exclusive of temporary members of the Coast Guard Reserve on active duty without full military pay and allowances. When the Coast Guard is operating under the Treasury Department,
the powers conferred upon the Secretary of the Navy in section 1 of this Act shall be vested in the Secretary of the Treasury.

Sec. 3. Appropriations available for pay and allowances, subsistence, and transportation of enlisted personnel of the Navy, Marine Corps, and Coast Guard shall be available for the payment of pay and allowances, subsistence, and transportation authorized by this Act.

Sec. 4. All payments heretofore made of a character authorized under the provisions of this Act, if otherwise correct, are hereby validated.

Sec. 5. The Act approved July 1, 1944 (Public Law 398, Seventy-eighth Congress), entitled "An Act to provide for the transportation to their homes of persons discharged from the naval service because of under age at the time of enlistment", is hereby repealed.

Approved September 24, 1945.

[CHAPTER 388]

AN ACT
To provide for termination of daylight saving time.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That notwithstanding the provisions of the Act of January 20, 1942, entitled "An Act to promote the national security and defense by establishing daylight saving time", at 2 o'clock antemeridian on Sunday, September 30, 1945, the standard time of each zone established pursuant to the Act entitled "An Act to save daylight and to provide standard time for the United States", approved March 19, 1918, as amended, shall be returned to the mean astronomical time of the degree of longitude governing the standard time for such zone as provided in such Act of March 19, 1918, as amended.

Approved September 25, 1945.

[CHAPTER 389]

AN ACT
To authorize the Commissioner of the General Land Office and the registers of the land offices in Alaska to perform functions under the Alaska real property ownership declaration law.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Commissioner of the General Land Office and the registers of the land offices in Alaska are hereby authorized to perform the functions assigned to them by the Act of the Legislature of the Territory of Alaska entitled "An Act to require declaration of the ownership of land, to impose a penalty for noncompliance, and to dispose of the proceeds of such penalties", approved March 24, 1945.

Sec. 2. The said Commissioner and the said registers shall not be entitled to receive any additional compensation for the performance of the said functions and no expense incurred by them in connection therewith shall constitute an obligation of the United States.

Sec. 3. The Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to designate, in his discretion, any other officers or employees of the Department of the Interior to perform the said functions upon like conditions.

Approved September 26, 1945.
CHAPTER 390

JOINT RESOLUTION

September 26, 1945

To provide for designation of the Veterans' Administration Hospital at Crogers-on-Hudson, near Peekskill, New York, as "Franklin Delano Roosevelt Hospital".

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States in Congress assembled, That the proposed Veterans' Administration hospital at Crogers-on-Hudson, near Peekskill, New York, shall be known and designated on the public records as the "Franklin Delano Roosevelt Hospital".

Approved September 26, 1945.

CHAPTER 393

October 6, 1945

To stimulate volunteer enlistments in the Regular Military and Naval Establishments of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Armed Forces Voluntary Recruitment Act of 1945".

SEC. 2. The Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy are authorized and directed to initiate and carry forward intensive recruiting campaigns to obtain volunteer enlistments and reenlistments in the Regular Military and Naval Establishments.

SEC. 3. (a) The Act entitled "An Act to provide for enlistments in the Regular Army during the period of the war, and for other purposes", approved June 1, 1945 (Public Law 72, Seventy-ninth Congress), is hereby amended to read as follows:

"That notwithstanding the limitations contained in any other provision of law, the Secretary of War is authorized and directed to accept original enlistments and reenlistments in the Regular Army for periods of eighteen months or two or three years, at the option of the person so enlisted, from among qualified male persons not less than seventeen years of age, including persons in active service in the Army of the United States or any component thereof: Provided, That upon the presentation of satisfactory evidence as to his age and upon written application for discharge by his parent or guardian presented to the Secretary of War within six months after the date of his enlistment, any man enlisted under the provisions of this Act who is under twenty-one years of age and who has enlisted without the written consent of his parent or guardian, if any, shall be discharged from that portion of his contract of enlistment as extends beyond the duration of the present wars and six months thereafter: Provided further, That such person, when discharged from the service, shall receive the form of discharge and the travel and other allowances to which his service after enlistment shall entitle him: Provided further, That no person under the age of eighteen years shall be enlisted without the written consent of his parents or guardians, and the Secretary of War shall, upon the application of the parents or guardians of any such person enlisted without their written consent, discharge such person from the military service with pay and with the form of discharge certificate to which the service of such person, after enlistment, shall entitle him. Nothing contained in this Act shall be construed to deprive any person of any right to reenlistment in the Regular Army under any other provision of law. Any qualified and acceptable member of the Army of the United States, or of any component thereof, who has performed active service therein for a period of not less than six months, shall, upon his application, be accepted for an enlistment period of one
year plus the period of any furlough granted at the beginning of such enlistment. No person who is serving under an enlistment contracted on or after June 1, 1945, shall be entitled, before the expiration of the period of such enlistment, to enlist for an enlistment period which will expire before the expiration of the enlistment period for which he is so serving.

"Sec. 2. The Secretary of War is authorized to promulgate such regulations as may be necessary to effectuate the purposes of this Act.

"Sec. 3. The Secretary of War shall report to the Congress quarterly, the first such report to be made as of December 31, 1945, the number of enlisted men on active duty in the Regular Army who have been enlisted or reenlisted on or after June 1, 1945. The authority conferred by section 1 to accept original enlistments and reenlistments in the Regular Army shall terminate on June 30, 1947.

"Sec. 4. Any person who enlists or reenlists in the Regular Military Establishment on or after June 1, 1945, in the seventh grade, upon the completion of six months’ active service, shall unless sooner promoted, be promoted to the sixth grade, providing he meets such qualifications as may be prescribed in regulations promulgated by the Secretary of War.”

(b) The amendment made by this section shall be effective as if it had been part of such Act of June 1, 1945, when such Act was originally enacted.

Sec. 4. Whenever any enlisted man of the Regular Army shall have completed not less than twenty or more than twenty-nine years of active service, he may upon his own request be transferred to the Enlisted Reserve Corps (to remain a member thereof until his active service plus the period of his membership in such Corps equals thirty years) and at the same time be retired from the Regular Army. An enlisted man so transferred and retired shall receive, except with respect to periods of active duty he may be required to perform, until his death, annual pay equal to $2\frac{1}{2}$ per centum of the average annual enlisted pay (including longevity pay) he was receiving for the six months immediately preceding his retirement multiplied by a sum equal to the sum of the number of years of his active service performed not in excess of twenty-nine years. The number of years of service to be credited in computing the right to retirement and retirement pay authorized by this section, or any other provision of law providing for the retirement of an enlisted man of the Regular Army, shall include all active Federal military service performed in the Army of the United States, the Navy, the Marine Corps or the Coast Guard, or any component thereof, any fractional part of a year amounting to six months or more to be counted as a complete year.

Sec. 5. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, persons enlisted or reenlisted in the Regular Military or Naval Establishment shall be enlisted or reenlisted in such grades or ratings as may be prescribed by the Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy, respectively: Provided, That any person enlisted or reenlisted prior to February 1, 1946, in the Regular Military or Naval Establishment within twenty days after discharge from such establishment shall be enlisted or reenlisted in a grade or rating at least as high as the highest grade or rating, permanent or temporary, held by him at the time of such discharge.

Sec. 6. Every person discharged or released from the military or naval forces on or after June 1, 1945, who enlists or reenlists in the Regular Military or Naval Establishment (irrespective of the service from which discharged or released), and who is granted a reenlistment furlough or leave, shall be paid in advance at his option, at
the time such furlough or leave becomes effective, a furlough travel allowance at the rate of 5 cents a mile for the distance between his home or such other place as, subject to regulations prescribed by the Secretary of the Department concerned, he may select, and the place at which he is stationed when the furlough or leave becomes effective, and for the distance between his home, or other place so selected, and the place at which he is ordered to report for duty at the termination of the furlough or leave. If, in order to reach his home, or other place so selected, or to reach the place at which he is ordered to report for duty at the termination of the furlough or leave, sea travel is necessary, he shall be furnished for such sea travel transportation in kind and subsistence en route, and the distance thereof shall be excluded in computing the monetary allowance under the preceding sentence. No monetary allowance shall be paid under this section if travel allowance at least as great has been paid under section 126 of the National Defense Act upon the discharge or release immediately preceding the enlistment or reenlistment, and if travel allowance in a lesser amount has been so paid under section 126 of the National Defense Act, the monetary allowance provided for in this section shall be reduced by that so paid under such section 126. Any appropriated funds available to the Department of War or the Navy to defray the cost of travel of military or naval personnel shall be available to defray expenses incurred in carrying out the provisions of this section.

SEC. 7. (a) Section 2 (b) of the Mustering-Out Payment Act of 1944 is amended to read as follows:

"(b) Each person eligible to receive mustering-out payment under subsection (a) (1) shall receive one-third of the stipulated amount at the time of final discharge or ultimate relief from active service or, at the option of the person so eligible, at the time of discharge or release for the purpose of enlistment, reenlistment, or appointment in the Regular Military or Naval Establishment; and the remaining amount of such payment shall be paid in two equal installments—one month and two months, respectively, from the date of the original payment. Each person eligible to receive mustering-out payment under subsection (a) (2) shall receive one-half of the stipulated amount at the time of final discharge or ultimate relief from active service or, at the option of the person so eligible, at the time of discharge or release for the purpose of enlistment, reenlistment, or appointment in the Regular Military or Naval Establishment; and the remaining amount of such payment shall be paid one month from the date of the original payment. Each person eligible to receive mustering-out payment under subsection (a) (3) shall receive the stipulated amount at the time of such discharge or relief from active service or, at the option of the person so eligible, at the time of discharge or release for the purpose of enlistment, reenlistment, or appointment in the Regular Military or Naval Establishment. A person entitled to receive the first installment of the mustering-out payment at the time of discharge or release for the purpose of enlistment, reenlistment, or appointment in the Regular Military or Naval Establishment shall, at his election, receive the whole of such payment in one lump sum, rather than in installments."

(b) Section 3 of such Act is amended by inserting before the period at the end thereof the following: "or, at the option of such member, for the purpose of enlistment, reenlistment, or appointment in the Regular Military or Naval Establishment."

(c) The amendments made by this section shall be applicable, in the case of the Naval Establishment, with respect to enlistments, reenlistments, and appointments on or after February 1, 1945, and
in the case of the Military Establishment, with respect to enlistments, reenlistments, and appointments on or after June 1, 1945.

Sec. 8. Section 10 of the Pay Readjustment Act of 1942, as amended, is amended by inserting before the last paragraph thereof a new paragraph reading as follows:

"The amount of the enlistment allowance payable to persons enlisted or reenlisted in the Regular Military Establishment on or after June 1, 1945, or in the Regular Naval Establishment on or after February 1, 1945, shall be computed at the rate prescribed for enlisted men of the first three grades. For the purpose of determining the eligibility of any person enlisted or reenlisted in the Regular Military Establishment on or after June 1, 1945, or in the Regular Naval Establishment on or after February 1, 1945, to receive the enlistment allowance, and in computing the amount thereof, all continuous active Federal service in the Army of the United States, or any component thereof (if enlisted or reenlisted in the Regular Military Establishment), or in the Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard, or any reserve component thereof (if enlisted or reenlisted in the Regular Naval Establishment), whether in enlisted grades or in commissioned, commissioned warrant, or warrant officer grades, shall, if honorably performed subsequent to the payment of the last previous enlistment allowance, be credited as a period of active enlisted service. In determining whether active Federal service is continuous, any interruptions, of not more than ninety days each, between periods of such service shall be disregarded."

Sec. 9. (a) Section 101 of the Servicemen’s Dependents Allowance Act of 1942, as amended, is amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 101. The dependent or dependents of any enlisted man in the Army of the United States, the United States Navy, the Marine Corps, or the Coast Guard, including any and all retired and reserve components of such services, shall be entitled to receive a monthly family allowance for any period during which such enlisted man is in the active military or naval service of the United States on or after June 1, 1942, (1) during the existence of any war declared by Congress and the six months immediately following the termination of any such war or (2) during a period of enlistment or reenlistment contracted by such enlisted man prior to July 1, 1946."

(b) Section 108 (b) of the Servicemen’s Dependents Allowance Act of 1942, as amended, is amended to read as follows:

"(b) Monetary allowance in lieu of quarters for dependents authorized by section 10 of the Pay Readjustment Act of 1942, as amended, shall not be payable for any period with respect to which family allowances to dependents of enlisted men of the first, second, or third grades are being paid. An enlisted man of the first, second, or third grade may at his option receive either the monetary allowance in lieu of quarters for dependents or have his dependents become entitled to receive family allowance, except that payment of the monetary allowance shall be made only for such periods, from the effective date of this Act, as the enlisted man has in effect an allotment of pay, in an amount not less than the amount of such monetary allowance, for the support of the dependents on whose account the allowance is claimed. No dependents of any enlisted man shall be entitled to family allowance for any period for which such monetary allowance is paid to the enlisted man. The Secretary of the Department concerned is authorized to exercise the option on behalf of the enlisted man in any case in which he deems it desirable and finds it impracticable for the enlisted man to exercise his option, subject to termination at a later date upon specific request of the
enlisted man. Whenever any option under this subsection is exercised, payments pursuant thereto shall begin at a date to be prescribed by the Secretary of the Department concerned. The monthly pay of any enlisted man of the first, second, or third grade who is provided with public quarters for his dependents and any of whose dependents is receiving a family allowance shall be reduced by, or charged with, 90 cents per day.

(c) The exercise of an option under the amendment made by this section to receive the family allowance shall in no event have the effect of entitling the enlisted man to continue to have such family allowance beyond the period during which family allowance payments are authorized to be made under the Servicemen's Dependents Allowance Act of 1942.

Sec. 10. Any first-class letter mail matter admissible to the mails as ordinary mail matter which is sent by a member of the military or naval forces of the United States (including the United States Coast Guard), while on active duty or in the active military or naval service of the United States, to any person in the United States, including the Territories and possessions thereof, shall be transmitted in the mails free of postage, subject to such rules and regulations as the Postmaster General shall prescribe. This section shall cease to be in effect after December 31, 1947.

Sec. 11. (a) Part VIII of Veterans Regulation Numbered 1 (a) (added thereto by title II of the Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944) is amended by inserting at the end thereof a new paragraph reading as follows:

"(a) For the purposes of this part, the present war shall not be considered as terminating, in the case of any individual, before the termination of such individual's first period of enlistment or reenlistment contracted within one year after the date of the enactment of the Armed Forces Voluntary Recruitment Act of 1945."

(b) Section 500 of the Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944 is amended by inserting at the end thereof a new subsection reading as follows:

"(d) For the purposes of this title, the present war shall not be considered as terminating, in the case of any individual, before the termination of such individual's first period of enlistment or reenlistment contracted within one year after the date of the enactment of the Armed Forces Voluntary Recruitment Act of 1945."

(c) Section 700 of the Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944 is amended by inserting at the end thereof a new subsection reading as follows:

"(c) For the purposes of this title, neither the present war nor hostilities therein shall be considered as terminating, in the case of any individual, before the termination of such individual's first period of enlistment or reenlistment contracted within one year after the date of the enactment of the Armed Forces Voluntary Recruitment Act of 1945."

Sec. 12. Section 2 of the Pay Readjustment Act of 1942, as amended, is amended by striking out "Provided further, That this section shall be effective from December 7, 1941, and shall cease to be in effect twelve months after the termination of the present war is proclaimed by the President".

Sec. 13. Wherever the terms "Navy" or "Naval Establishment" are used in this Act the term shall be deemed to include the Coast Guard, and wherever authority is given to the Secretary of the Navy similar authority shall be deemed given to the Secretary of the Treasury to be exercised with respect to the Coast Guard at such time or times as the Coast Guard shall be operating under the Treasury Department.
SEC. 14. The Secretary of War, with the approval of the Philippine Government, is hereby authorized to enlist in the Philippine Scouts, with pay and allowances authorized under existing law, fifty thousand men for service in the Philippine Islands, in the occupation of Japan and of lands now or formerly subject to Japan, and elsewhere in the Far East. Such enlistments shall be for three years unless sooner terminated and citizens of the Philippine Islands shall be eligible to volunteer for such service.

Approved October 6, 1945.

[CHAPTER 394]

JOINT RESOLUTION

Authorizing the President of the United States of America to proclaim October 11, 1945, General Pulaski's Memorial Day for the observance and commemoration of the death of Brigadier General Casimir Pulaski.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States is authorized and directed to issue a proclamation calling upon officials of the Government to display the flag of the United States on all governmental buildings on October 11, 1945, and inviting the people of the United States to observe the day in schools and churches or other suitable places, with appropriate ceremonies in commemoration of the death of General Casimir Pulaski.

Approved October 11, 1945.

[CHAPTER 409]

AN ACT

To authorize the exchange of certain lands in the vicinity of the War Department Pentagon Building in Arlington, Virginia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized, under such terms and conditions as he may prescribe, to convey to the Rosslyn Connecting Railroad Company, its successors and/or assigns, all right, title, and interest of the United States of America in and to a parcel of land located within the boundaries of the War Department Pentagon grounds in Arlington, Virginia, aggregating four and three hundred and twenty-five one-thousandths acres, more or less; that the Federal Works Administrator be, and he is hereby authorized, under such terms and conditions as he may prescribe, to convey to the Rosslyn Connecting Railroad Company, its successors and/or assigns, all right, title, and interest of the United States of America in and to a parcel of land, aggregating one hundred and fifty-nine one-thousandths acre, more or less, immediately adjacent to the above described parcel of land, and that the Commissioners of the District of Columbia be, and they are hereby, authorized, under such terms and conditions as they may prescribe, to convey to the Rosslyn Connecting Railroad Company, its successors and/or assigns, all right, title, and interest of the United States of America in and to a parcel of land, aggregating seven hundred and ninety-four ten-thousandths acre, more or less, being a portion of the abandoned approach to the Highway Bridge, otherwise known as the Fourteenth Street Bridge (United States Highway Numbered 1), immediately adjacent to the next above described parcel of land, and that in exchange therefor, the United States of America accept all right, title, and interest of the Rosslyn Connecting Railroad Company in twelve and two hundred and twenty-five one thousandths acres of land, more or less, situate in the same vicinity.

Approved October 11, 1945.
[CHAPTER 410]  
AN ACT  
To amend the Nationality Act of 1940 to preserve the nationality of citizens residing abroad.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 409 of the Nationality Act of 1940, as amended (54 Stat. 1171; 55 Stat. 743; 56 Stat. 779; 58 Stat. 747; 8 U. S. C. 809), is amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 409. Nationality shall not be lost under the provisions of section 404 or 407 of this Act until the expiration of six years following the date of the approval of this Act: Provided, however, That a naturalized person who shall have become subject to the presumption that he has ceased to be an American citizen as provided for in the second paragraph of section 2 of the Act of March 2, 1907 (34 Stat. 1228), and who shall not have overcome it under the rules in effect immediately preceding the date of the approval of this Act, shall continue to be subject to such presumption for the period of six years following the date of the approval of this Act unless it is overcome during such period."

Approved October 11, 1945.

[CHAPTER 415]  
AN ACT  
To revive and reenact the Act entitled "An Act creating the Saint Lawrence Bridge Commission and authorizing said Commission and its successors to construct, maintain, and operate a bridge across the Saint Lawrence River at or near Ogdensburg, New York", approved June 14, 1933, as amended.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act approved June 14, 1933, as amended (heretofore extended by Acts of Congress approved June 8, 1934, May 28, 1935, April 11, 1936, August 12, 1937, April 26, 1939, June 8, 1940, and August 21, 1941), creating the Saint Lawrence Bridge Commission and authorizing said Commission and its successors to construct, maintain, and operate a bridge across the Saint Lawrence River at or near Ogdensburg, New York, be, and is hereby, revived and reenacted: Provided, That this Act shall be null and void unless the actual construction of the bridge herein referred to be commenced within one year and completed within three years from the date of approval hereof. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved October 16, 1945.

[CHAPTER 416]  
AN ACT  
To provide further for the appointment of postmasters for fourth-class post offices in the Territory of Alaska.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That notwithstanding any other provision of law, any officer, agent, or employee of the United States Government, who is a citizen of the United States, shall be eligible to appointment as postmaster of a fourth-class post office in the Territory of Alaska and may serve and act as such postmaster and receive the compensation provided by law for such services.

Approved October 16, 1945.
AN ACT

To revive and reenact the Act entitled "An Act to authorize the city of Duluth, in the State of Minnesota, to construct a toll bridge across the Saint Louis River, between the States of Minnesota and Wisconsin, and for other purposes", approved August 7, 1939.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act approved August 7, 1939 (hereinafter amended and extended by an Act of Congress approved April 30, 1940, and further extended and amended by an Act of Congress approved May 9, 1941), authorizing the city of Duluth, in the State of Minnesota, to construct a toll bridge across the Saint Louis River between the States of Minnesota and Wisconsin, and for other purposes, be, and is hereby, revived and reenacted: Provided, That this Act shall be null and void unless the actual construction of the bridge herein referred to be commenced within one year and completed within three years from the date of approval hereof: Provided further, That no toll shall be charged to any vehicle owned by the United States Government.

Sec. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved October 16, 1945.

AN ACT

Authorizing the reconstruction of the Spring Common Bridge on Mahoning Avenue, across the Mahoning River in the municipality of Youngstown, Mahoning County, Ohio.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Ohio Department of Highways be, and is hereby, authorized to construct, and that the county of Mahoning in the State of Ohio, acting by and through its duly elected board of county commissioners be, and is hereby, authorized to operate and maintain a new free highway bridge (commonly known as the Spring Common Bridge), and approaches thereto, across the Mahoning River on Mahoning Avenue in the city of Youngstown, Mahoning County, Ohio, and to remove the existing structure, such construction work to start before or during the first full postwar calendar year and to be completed within two years after the end of such first full postwar calendar year. Such bridge shall be of a design suitable to the interests of navigation in accordance with the provisions of an Act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction of bridges over navigable waters", approved March 23, 1906.

Approved October 16, 1945.

AN ACT

Authorizing the appointment of an additional judge for the district of Kansas.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall appoint an additional judge of the district court of the United States for the judicial district of the State of Kansas, who shall possess the same powers, perform the same duties, and receive the same compensation and allowance as the present judge of said district.
Vacancy not to be filled.

[CHAPTER 431]

AN ACT

To provide for the conveyance to the State of Iowa of the Agricultural Byproduct Laboratory on the campus of the Iowa State College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized and directed to donate and convey to the State of Iowa all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to certain premises, situate on the campus of the Iowa State College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts, Ames, Iowa, conveyed to the United States by the State of Iowa by warranty deed dated January 12, 1934, recorded in deed book 76, page 374, of the records of Story County, Iowa, and the laboratory building which the United States has erected thereon for farm waste investigations.

Approved October 18, 1945.

[CHAPTER 432]

JOINT RESOLUTION

To extend in the case of aluminum plants and facilities the time during which disposition of such plants and facilities is prohibited under the Surplus Property Act of 1944, as amended.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That subsection (c) of section 19 of the Surplus Property Act of 1944, as amended, is amended by inserting after the words "thirty days" the following: "(or sixty days in the case of aluminum plants and facilities)".

Approved October 22, 1945.

[CHAPTER 433]

AN ACT

To amend the Bonneville Project Act.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 2 (f) of the Act of August 20, 1937 (50 Stat. 731), as amended by the Act of March 6, 1940 (54 Stat. 47), is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Subject only to the provisions of this Act, the Administrator is authorized to enter into such contracts, agreements, and arrangements, including the amendment, modification, adjustment, or cancellation thereof and the compromise or final settlement of any claim arising thereunder; and to make such expenditures, upon such terms and conditions and in such manner as he may deem necessary."

Sec. 2. Section 5 (a) of the said Act is hereby amended by inserting before the period at the end of the first sentence the words "and for the disposition of electric energy to Federal agencies".

Sec. 3. Section 6 of the said Act is hereby amended by changing the period at the end of the first sentence to a semicolon and adding the following: "and such rates and charges shall also be applicable to dispositions of electric energy to Federal agencies."
SEC. 4. Section 9 (a) of the said Act is hereby amended by changing the period to a comma and adding: "and in the maintenance of such accounts, appropriate obligations shall be established for annual and sick leave of absence as earned. The Administrator shall, after the close of each fiscal year, obtain an independent commercial-type audit of such accounts. The forms, systems, and procedures prescribed by the Comptroller General for the Administrator's appropriation and fund accounting shall be in accordance with the requirements of the Federal Water Power Act with respect to accounts of electric operations of public utilities and the regulations of the Federal Power Commission pursuant thereto."

SEC. 5. Section 2 (a) of the said Act is hereby amended by striking the language inserted by section 1 of the Act of March 6, 1940 (54 Stat. 47); and section 10 of the said Act is hereby amended to read as follows:

"(a) The Secretary of the Interior shall appoint, without regard to the civil-service laws, an Assistant Administrator, chief engineer, and general counsel and shall fix the compensation of each in accordance with the Classification Act of 1923, as amended. The Assistant Administrator shall perform the duties and exercise the powers of the Administrator, in the event of the absence or sickness of the Administrator until such absence or sickness shall cease and in the event of a vacancy in the office of Administrator until a successor is appointed.

(b) The Administrator, the Secretary of War, and the Federal Power Commission, respectively, are authorized to appoint, subject to the civil-service laws, such officers and employees as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this Act, the appointment of whom is not otherwise provided for, and to fix their compensation in accordance with the Classification Act of 1923, as amended. The Administrator may employ laborers, mechanics, and workmen in connection with construction work or the operation and maintenance of electrical facilities (hereinafter called 'laborers, mechanics, and workmen'), subject to the civil-service laws, and fix their compensation without regard to the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, and any other laws, rules, or regulations relating to the payment of employees of the United States except the Act of May 29, 1930 (46 Stat. 468), as amended, to the extent that it otherwise is applicable. The Administrator is further authorized to employ physicians, under agreement and without regard to civil-service laws or regulations, to make physical examinations of employees or prospective employees who are or may become laborers, mechanics, and workmen. The Administrator, the Secretary of War, and the Federal Power Commission, respectively, are also authorized to appoint, without regard to the civil-service laws, such experts as may be necessary for carrying out the functions entrusted to them under this Act and to fix the compensation of each of such experts without regard to the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, but at not to exceed $7,500 per annum.

"(c) The Administrator may accept and utilize such voluntary and uncompensated services and with the consent of the agency concerned may utilize such officers, employees, or equipment of any agency of the Federal, State, or local governments which he finds helpful in carrying out the purposes of this Act; in connection with the utilization of such services, reasonable payments may be allowed for necessary travel and other expenses."

SEC. 6. Section 12 of the said Act is hereby amended to read as follows:

"(a) The Administrator is hereby authorized to determine, settle, compromise, and pay claims and demands against the United States Accounts.
which are not in excess of $1,000 and are presented to the Administrator in writing within one year from the date of accrual thereof, for any losses, injuries, or damages to persons or property, or for the death of persons, resulting from acts or omissions of employees acting within the scope of their employment pursuant to this Act. The Administrator is also authorized to determine, compromise, and settle any claims and demands of the United States for any losses, injuries, or damages to property under the Administrator's control, against other persons or public or private corporations. The Administrator's determination, compromise, settlement, or payment of any of the claims referred to in this subsection shall be final and conclusive upon all officers of the Government, notwithstanding the provisions of any other Act to the contrary. When claims presented to the Administrator under this subsection arise, in whole or in part, out of any damage done to private property, the Administrator may repair all or any part of such damage in lieu of making such payments.

"(b) The Administrator may, in the name of the United States, bring such suits at law or in equity as in his judgment may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this Act; and he shall be represented in the prosecution and defense of all litigation, including condemnation proceedings, affecting the status or operation of the Bonneville project by his attorneys: Provided, however, That such attorneys shall supply the Attorney General with copies of the pleadings in all such cases and that the handling of litigation which, in the Attorney General's opinion, involves interpretation of the Constitution of the United States or which involves appearance in any United States circuit court of appeals or the United States Supreme Court shall be subject to the Attorney General's direction or supervision. The Administrator may compromise and make final settlement of such litigation and pay the amount due under any compromise or judgment. Complaints in condemnation proceedings permitted by section 2 (c) and 2 (d) of this Act shall be signed, verified, and filed by the Administrator." 

Sec. 7. (a) Section 1426 of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(j) CERTAIN EMPLOYEES OF BONNEVILLE POWER ADMINISTRATOR.—The term 'employment' shall include such service as is determined by the Bonneville Power Administrator (hereinafter called the Administrator) to be performed after December 31, 1945, by a laborer, mechanic, or workman, in connection with construction work or the operation and maintenance of electrical facilities, as an employee performing service for the Administrator, but shall not include any service performed by such a laborer, mechanic, or workman, to whom the Act of May 29, 1930 (46 Stat. 468), as amended, applies. The term 'wages' means, with respect to service which constitutes employment by reason of this subsection, such amount of remuneration as is determined (subject to the provisions of this section) by the Administrator to be paid for such service. The Administrator is authorized and directed to comply with the provisions of the internal revenue laws on behalf of the United States as the employer of individuals whose service constitutes employment by reason of this subsection."

(b) Section 209 of the Social Security Act, as amended, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(p) (1) The term 'employment' shall include such service as is determined by the Bonneville Power Administrator (hereinafter called the Administrator) to be performed after December 31, 1945,
by a laborer, mechanic, or workman, in connection with construction work or the operation and maintenance of electrical facilities, as an employee performing service for the Administrator, but shall not include any service performed by such a laborer, mechanic, or workman, to whom the Act of May 29, 1930 (46 Stat. 468), as amended, applies.

"(2) The Social Security Board shall not make determinations as to whether an individual has performed services which are employment by reason of this subsection, the periods of such services, the amounts of remuneration for such services which constitutes 'wages' under the provisions of this section, or the periods in which or for which such wages were paid, but shall accept the determinations with respect thereto of the Administrator, and such agents as he may designate, as evidenced by returns filed by the Administrator as an employer pursuant to section 1426 (j) of the Internal Revenue Code and certifications made pursuant to this subsection. Such determinations shall be final and conclusive.

"(3) The Administrator is authorized and directed, upon written request of the Social Security Board, to make certification to it with respect to any matter determinable for the Board by the Administrator under this subsection, which the Board finds necessary in administering this title."

e) Section 1606 of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(e) The legislature of any State may, with respect to service to be performed after December 31, 1945, by a laborer, mechanic, or workman, in connection with construction work or the operation and maintenance of electrical facilities, as an employee performing service for the Bonneville Power Administrator (hereinafter called the Administrator), require the Administrator, who for the purposes of this subsection is designated an instrumentality of the United States, and any such employee, to make contributions to an unemployment fund under a State unemployment compensation law approved by the Board under section 1603 and to comply otherwise with such law. Such permission is subject to the conditions imposed by subsection (b) of this section upon permission to State legislatures to require contributions from instrumentalities of the United States. The Administrator is authorized and directed to comply with the provisions of any applicable State unemployment compensation law on behalf of the United States as the employer of individuals whose service constitutes employment under such law by reason of this subsection."

d) Section 1607 of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(m) CERTAIN EMPLOYEES OF BONNEVILLE POWER ADMINISTRATOR.—The term 'employment' shall include such service as is determined by the Bonneville Power Administrator (hereinafter called the Administrator) to be performed after December 31, 1945, by a laborer, mechanic, or workman, in connection with construction work or the operation and maintenance of electrical facilities, as an employee performing service for the Administrator. The term 'wages' means, with respect to service which constitutes employment by reason of this subsection, such amount of remuneration as is determined (subject to the provisions of this section) by the Administrator to be paid for such service. The Administrator is authorized and directed to comply with the provisions of the internal revenue laws on behalf of the United States as the employer of individuals whose service constitutes employment by reason of this subsection."

Approved October 23, 1945.
[CHAPTER 434] JOINT RESOLUTION

To facilitate the execution of subsection (d) of section 13 of the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act, as amended.

Whereas subsection (d) of section 13 of the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act, as amended, has been executed with respect to all States other than the State of Kentucky; and

Whereas it is deemed by the public authorities of the State of Kentucky to be more appropriate that in connection with the provision by the State of Kentucky for the execution of the provisions of said subsection there be specified a sum certain as the total amount to be transferred in accordance with the provisions of said subsection; and

Whereas it has been determined that the sum of $1,260,000 is substantially equivalent to the amounts which would after June 30, 1944, be transferred or withheld from the State of Kentucky pursuant to said subsection: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the sum of $1,260,000 shall constitute the total amount remaining after June 30, 1944, to be withheld by the Social Security Board pursuant to subsection (d) of section 13 of the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act, as amended, from certification to the Secretary of the Treasury for payment for the administration of the Kentucky unemployment compensation law.

The provisions of subsection (f) of section 13 of the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act, as amended, shall apply to such withholding in the same manner as such subsection is applicable in the event of any transfer or withholding in accordance with subsection (d) of such section.

Approved October 26, 1945.

[CHAPTER 435] AN ACT

To transfer Ben Hill County, Georgia, from the Waycross division of the southern judicial district of Georgia to the Americus division of the middle judicial district of Georgia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Ben Hill County, Georgia, of the Waycross division of the southern judicial district of Georgia be, and it is hereby, detached from said judicial district and attached to the Americus division of the middle judicial district of Georgia.

Approved October 29, 1945.

[CHAPTER 436] AN ACT

For the relief of the State of California.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to pay, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to the State of California, the sum of $12,676.83, in full settlement of all claims against the United States for damages and cost of repairs to the San Francisco-Oakland Bay Bridge across the Bay of San Francisco (which said bridge is owned and operated by the State of California) as a result of being struck by United States Navy SBD-5 airplane,
bureau number 28851, on September 12, 1943: Provided, That no part of the amount appropriated in this Act shall be paid or delivered to or received by any agent or attorney on account of services rendered in connection with this claim, and the same shall be unlawful, any contract to the contrary notwithstanding. Any person violating the provisions of this Act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined in any sum not exceeding $1,000.

Approved October 29, 1945.

[CHAPTER 437]

AN ACT
To amend section 28 (c) of the Immigration Act of 1924.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 28 (c) of the Immigration Act of 1924 (43 Stat. 168; U. S. C., title 8, sec. 224 (c)), is hereby amended to read as follows:

"(c) The term 'ineligible to citizenship', when used in reference to any individual, includes an individual who is debarred from becoming a citizen of the United States under section 303 or 306 of the Nationality Act of 1940, as amended (54 Stat. 1140, 1141; U. S. C., title 8, secs. 703, 706), or section 3 (a) of the Selective Training and Service Act of 1940, as amended (55 Stat. 845; U. S. C., title 50, App. Supp. III), section 303 (a), or under any law amendatory of, supplementary to, or in substitution for, any such sections;".

Approved October 29, 1945.

[CHAPTER 438]

AN ACT
To amend section 23 of the Immigration Act of February 5, 1917.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 23 of the Act of February 5, 1917 (39 Stat. 892; U. S. C., title 8, sec. 102), be, and it hereby is, amended by inserting the following after the first sentence thereof: "He shall receive a salary of $10,000 per annum."

Approved October 29, 1945.

[CHAPTER 439]

AN ACT
To amend an Act relating to the incorporation of Providence Hospital, Washington, District of Columbia, approved April 8, 1864.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the incorporation of Providence Hospital, of Washington, District of Columbia, under an Act of Congress approved April 8, 1864, be, and the same hereby is, approved and continued in force except as herein specifically altered:

The corporate name of the said corporation shall be "Providence Hospital" instead of "The Directors of Providence Hospital".

SEC. 2. The corporation is authorized to conduct not only a hospital, clinic, and all the departments, staffs, and services usually connected therewith, but also a school for the education and training of nurses and interns with full power to examine the said nurses and interns and to issue suitable certificates evidencing the completion of their courses of training.
SEC. 3. The provision contained in the Act incorporating Providence Hospital approved April 8, 1864, limiting the value of the real estate which may be held by the corporation is hereby repealed.

Approved October 29, 1945.

[CHAPTER 443]  
AN ACT

To establish a boundary line between the District of Columbia and the Commonwealth of Virginia, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

TITLE I—BOUNDARY LINE BETWEEN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA AND THE COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA

SEC. 101. The boundary line between the District of Columbia and the Commonwealth of Virginia is hereby established as follows:

Said boundary line shall begin at a point where the northwest boundary of the District of Columbia intercepts the high-water mark on the Virginia shore of the Potomac River and following the present mean high-water mark; thence in a southeasterly direction along the Virginia shore of the Potomac River to Little River, along the Virginia shore of Little River to Boundary Channel, along the Virginia side of Boundary Channel to the main body of the Potomac River, along the Virginia side of the Potomac River across the mouths of all tributaries affected by the tides of the river to Second Street, Alexandria, Virginia, from Second Street to the present established pierhead line, and following said pierhead line to its connection with the District of Columbia-Maryland boundary line; that whenever said mean high-water mark on the Virginia shore is altered by artificial fills and excavations made by the United States, or by alluvion or erosion, then the boundary shall follow the new mean high-water mark on the Virginia shore as altered, or whenever the location of the pierhead line along the Alexandria waterfront is altered, then the boundary shall follow the new location of the pierhead line.

SEC. 102. All that part of the territory situated on the Virginia side of the Potomac River lying between the boundary line as described in section 101 and the mean high-water mark as it existed January 24, 1791, is hereby ceded to and declared to be henceforth within the territorial boundaries, jurisdiction, and sovereignty of the State of Virginia; Provided, however, That concurrent jurisdiction over the said area is hereby reserved to the United States.

SEC. 103. Nothing in this Act shall be construed as relinquishing any right, title, or interest of the United States to the lands lying between the mean high-water mark as it existed January 24, 1791, and the boundary line as described in section 101; or to limit the right of the United States to establish its title to any of said lands as provided by Act of Congress of April 27, 1912 (37 Stat. 93); or the jurisdiction of the courts of the United States for the District of Columbia to hear and determine suits to establish the title of the United States in all lands in the bed, marshes, and lowlands of the Potomac River, and other lands as described by said Act below the mean high-water mark of January 24, 1791; or to limit the authority to make equitable adjustments of conflicting claims as provided for in the Act approved June 4, 1934 (48 Stat. 836).

SEC. 104. The "present" mean high-water mark shall be construed as the mean high-water mark existing on the effective date of this Act.
Sec. 105. The United States Coast and Geodetic Survey is hereby authorized, empowered, and instructed to survey and properly mark by suitable monuments the said boundary line as described in section 101, and from time to time to monument such sections of said boundary line as may be changed as provided for in section 101; and the necessary appropriations for this work are hereby authorized.

Sec. 106. The provisions of sections 272 to 289, inclusive, of the Criminal Code (U. S. C., title 18, secs. 451-468) shall be applicable to such portions of the George Washington Memorial Parkway and of the Washington National Airport as are situated within the Commonwealth of Virginia. Any United States commissioner specially designated for that purpose by the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Virginia shall have jurisdiction to try and, if found guilty, to sentence persons charged with petty offenses against the laws of the United States committed on the above-described portions of the said parkway or airport. The probation laws shall be applicable to persons so tried. For the purposes of this section, the term “petty offense” shall be defined as in section 335 of the Criminal Code (U. S. C., title 18, sec. 541). If any person charged with any petty offense as aforesaid shall so elect, however, he shall be tried in the said district court.

Sec. 107. The State of Virginia hereby consents that exclusive jurisdiction in the Washington National Airport (as described in sec. 1 (b) of the Act of June 29, 1940 (54 Stat. 686)), title to which is now in the United States, shall be in the United States. The conditions upon which this consent is given are the following and none others: (1) There is hereby reserved in the Commonwealth of Virginia the jurisdiction and power to levy a tax on the sale of oil, gasoline, and all other motor fuels and lubricants sold on the Washington National Airport for use in over-the-road vehicles such as trucks, busses, and automobiles, except sales to the United States: Provided, That the Commonwealth of Virginia shall have no jurisdiction or power to levy a tax on the sale or use of oil, gasoline, or other motor fuels and lubricants for other purposes; (2) there is hereby expressly reserved in the Commonwealth of Virginia the jurisdiction and power to serve criminal and civil process on the Washington National Airport; and (3) there is hereby reserved in the Commonwealth of Virginia the jurisdiction and power to regulate the manufacture, sale, and use of alcoholic beverages on the Washington National Airport (as described in sec. 1 (b) of the Act of June 29, 1940 (54 Stat. 686)). Subject to the limitation on the consent of the State of Virginia as expressed herein exclusive jurisdiction in the Washington National Airport shall be in the United States and the same is hereby accepted by the United States.

This Act shall have no retroactive effect except that taxes and contributions in connection with operations, sales and property on and income derived at the Washington National Airport heretofore paid to the Commonwealth of Virginia or the District of Columbia are hereby declared to have been paid to the proper jurisdictions and the Commonwealth of Virginia and the District of Columbia each hereby waives any claim for any such taxes or contributions heretofore assessed or assessable to the extent of any such payments to either jurisdiction.

Any provision of law of the United States or the Commonwealth of Virginia which is to any extent in conflict with this Act is to the extent of such conflict hereby expressly repealed.

Sec. 108. This title shall not become effective unless and until the State of Virginia shall accept the provisions thereof.
TITLE II—MISCELLANEOUS

SEC. 201. Nothing in this Act shall be construed (a) to prevent the acceptance by the United States pursuant to the provisions of section 355 of the Revised Statutes, as amended (40 U. S. C., sec. 255), of such jurisdiction as may be granted by the State of Virginia over any lands to which the United States now has, or may hereafter have, title within the boundaries of the State as established by this Act; or (b) to affect any jurisdiction heretofore obtained by the United States from the State of Virginia over lands adjoining or adjacent to those herein ceded; and all jurisdiction whether partial, concurrent, or exclusive, which Virginia has ceded and which the United States has accepted over any part or parts of the ceded total is hereby expressly retained.

SEC. 202. Section 111 of the Judicial Code (46 Stat. 56; U. S. C., title 28, sec. 192), as amended, is hereby further amended to read as follows:

"The State of Virginia is divided into two districts, to be known as the eastern and western districts of Virginia.

"The eastern district shall include the territory embraced on the effective date of this Act in the counties of Accomac, Arlington, Amelia, Brunswick, Caroline, Charles City, Chesterfield, Culpeper, Dinwiddie, Elizabeth City, Essex, Fairfax, Fauquier, Gloucester, Goochland, Greensville, Hanover, Henrico, Isle of Wight, James City, King and Queen, King George, King William, Lancaster, Loudoun, Louisa, Lunenburg, Mathews, Mecklenburg, Middlesex, Nansemond, New Kent, Norfolk, Northampton, Northumberland, Nottoway, Orange, Powhatan, Prince Edward, Prince George, Prince William, Princess Anne, Richmond, Southampton, Spotsylvania, Stafford, Surry, Sussex, Warwick, Westmoreland, and York.

"Terms of the district court shall be held at Richmond on the first Mondays in April and October; at Norfolk on the first Mondays in May and November; and at Alexandria on the first Mondays in June and December.

"The western district shall include the territory embraced on the effective date of this Act in the counties of Alleghany, Albemarle, Amherst, Appomattox, Augusta, Bath, Bedford, Bland, Botetourt, Buchanan, Buckingham, Campbell, Carroll, Charlotte, Clarke, Craig, Cumberland, Dickenson, Floyd, Fluvanna, Franklin, Frederick, Giles, Grayson, Greene, Halifax, Henry, Highland, Lee, Madison, Montgomery, Nelson, Page, Patrick, Pulaski, Pittsylvania, Rappahannock, Roanoke, Rockbridge, Rockingham, Russell, Scott, Shenandoah, Smyth, Tazewell, Warren, Washington, Wise, and Wythe.

"Terms of the district court shall be held at Abingdon on the second Mondays in April and November; at Big Stone Gap on the first Mondays in May and October; at Charlottesville on the first Monday in February and on the Wednesday next after the first Monday in August; at Danville on the fourth Monday in February and on the Wednesday next after the first Monday in September; at Harrisonburg on the third Monday in March and on the fourth Monday in October; at Lynchburg on the first Mondays in June and December; and at Roanoke on the first Mondays in January and July.

"The clerk of the court for the western district shall maintain an office in charge of himself or a deputy at Lynchburg, Roanoke, Danville, Charlottesville, Harrisonburg, Big Stone Gap, and Abingdon, which shall be kept open at all times for the transaction of the business of the court."

Approved October 31, 1945.
[CHAPTER 444]

JOINT RESOLUTION

Requesting the President to proclaim November 2, 1945, as Woman’s Enfranchisement Day in commemoration of the day when women throughout the United States first voted in a Presidential election.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States is requested to issue a proclamation designating November 2, 1945, as Woman’s Enfranchisement Day and calling upon the people throughout the United States to observe the day with appropriate ceremonies in celebration of the twenty-fifth anniversary of the day on which women throughout the United States first cast their votes in a Presidential election.

Approved October 31, 1945.

[CHAPTER 446]

JOINT RESOLUTION

Permitting alcohol plants to produce sugars or sirups simultaneously with the production of alcohol until July 1, 1946.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That part II of subchapter C of chapter 26 of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"SEC. 3126. EMERGENCY PRODUCTION OF SUGARS AND SIRUPS IN INDUSTRIAL ALCOHOL PLANTS.

"(a) In General.—Notwithstanding the provisions of sections 2819 and 3122, and of any other law, until July 1, 1946, sugars and sirups from potatoes and from high moisture or damaged grain may be produced in industrial alcohol plants simultaneously with, or alternately with, the production of alcohol.

"(b) Regulations.—The Commissioner, with the approval of the Secretary, is authorized to prescribe regulations to carry out the provisions of this section."

Approved November 5, 1945.

[CHAPTER 447]

AN ACT

To amend section 102 of the Act of Congress of March 3, 1911 (36 Stat. 1122; title 28, U. S. C., sec. 183), to fix a term of the United States District Court at Klamath Falls, Oregon, on the first Tuesday in June.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the State of Oregon shall constitute one judicial district, to be known as the district of Oregon. Terms of the district court shall be held at Portland on the first Mondays in March, July, and November; at Pendleton on the first Tuesday in April; at Klamath Falls on the first Tuesday in June; and at Medford on the first Tuesday in October. The marshal and the clerk for said district shall each appoint, in the manner provided by law, at least one deputy at Pendleton and one at Medford, who shall reside and maintain an office at each of said places: Provided, That no terms of the court shall be held at Klamath Falls unless suitable quarters and accommodations for holding court are furnished without cost to the United States.

Approved November 6, 1945.
[CHAPTER 449]  
AN ACT  
To name the dam at the Upper Narrows site on the Yuba River, in the State of California, the "Harry L. Englebright Dam".

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the dam constructed under the supervision of the Chief of Engineers, United States Army, at the Upper Narrows site on the Yuba River, in the State of California, and known as the "Englebright Dam", shall hereafter be known and designated as the "Harry L. Englebright Dam".

Any law, regulation, document, or record of the United States in which such dam is designated or referred to under the name of "Englebright Dam" shall be held to refer to such dam under and by the name of "Harry L. Englebright Dam".

Approved November 6, 1945.

[CHAPTER 451]  
AN ACT  
Authorizing the improvement of certain harbors in the interest of commerce and navigation.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following works of improvement for navigation are hereby adopted and authorized, to be prosecuted under the direction of the Secretary of War and supervision of the Chief of Engineers, in accordance with the plans recommended in the reports hereinafter designated and subject to the conditions set forth in said documents, and also subject to the proviso in section 2 of the River and Harbor Act approved March 2, 1945, relating to the time when appropriations shall be made for the prosecution of the projects adopted in said Act:

Savannah Harbor, Georgia, in accordance with the report submitted in House Document Numbered 227, Seventy-ninth Congress, first session;

Two Harbors (Agate Bay Harbor), Minnesota, in accordance with the report submitted in House Document Numbered 805, Seventy-eighth Congress, second session.

Approved November 7, 1945.

[CHAPTER 453]  
AN ACT  
To reduce taxation, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the "Revenue Act of 1945".

(b) ACT AMENDATORY OF INTERNAL REVENUE CODE.—Except as otherwise expressly provided, wherever in this Act an amendment or repeal is expressed in terms of an amendment to or repeal of a chapter, subchapter, title, supplement, section, subsection, subdivision, paragraph, subparagraph, or clause, the reference shall be considered to be made to a provision of the Internal Revenue Code.

(c) MEANING OF TERMS USED.—Except as otherwise expressly provided, terms used in this Act shall have the same meaning as when used in the Internal Revenue Code.
TITLE I—INCOME AND EXCESS PROFITS TAX

Part I—Individual Income Taxes

SEC. 101. REDUCTION IN NORMAL TAX AND SURTAX ON INDIVIDUALS.

(a) REDUCTION IN NORMAL TAX ON INDIVIDUALS.—Section 11 (relating to the normal tax on individuals) is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 11. NORMAL TAX ON INDIVIDUALS.

"There shall be levied, collected, and paid for each taxable year upon the net income of every individual a normal tax determined by computing a tentative normal tax of 3 per centum of the amount of the net income in excess of the credits against net income provided in section 25, and by reducing such tentative normal tax by 5 per centum thereof. For alternative tax which may be elected if adjusted gross income is less than $5,000, see Supplement T."

(b) REDUCTION IN SURTAX ON INDIVIDUALS.—Section 12(b) (relating to the rate of surtax on individuals) is amended to read as follows:

"(b) RATES OF SURTAX.—There shall be levied, collected, and paid for each taxable year upon the surtax net income of every individual a surtax determined by computing a tentative surtax under the following table, and by reducing such tentative surtax by 5 per centum thereof:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>If the surtax net income is:</th>
<th>The tentative surtax shall be:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Not over $2,000.</td>
<td>17% of the surtax net income.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $2,000 but not over $4,000</td>
<td>$340, plus 19% of excess over $2,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $4,000 but not over $6,000</td>
<td>$720, plus 23% of excess over $4,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $6,000 but not over $8,000</td>
<td>$1,180, plus 27% of excess over $6,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $8,000 but not over $10,000</td>
<td>$1,720, plus 31% of excess over $8,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $10,000 but not over $12,000</td>
<td>$2,340, plus 35% of excess over $10,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $12,000 but not over $14,000</td>
<td>$3,040, plus 40% of excess over $12,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $14,000 but not over $16,000</td>
<td>$3,840, plus 44% of excess over $14,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $16,000 but not over $18,000</td>
<td>$4,720, plus 47% of excess over $16,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $18,000 but not over $20,000</td>
<td>$5,600, plus 50% of excess over $18,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $20,000 but not over $22,000</td>
<td>$6,600, plus 53% of excess over $20,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $22,000 but not over $24,000</td>
<td>$7,720, plus 56% of excess over $22,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $24,000 but not over $26,000</td>
<td>$8,960, plus 59% of excess over $24,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $26,000 but not over $28,000</td>
<td>$10,200, plus 62% of excess over $26,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $28,000 but not over $30,000</td>
<td>$11,560, plus 65% of excess over $28,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $30,000 but not over $32,000</td>
<td>$13,000, plus 68% of excess over $30,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $32,000 but not over $34,000</td>
<td>$14,560, plus 71% of excess over $32,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $34,000 but not over $36,000</td>
<td>$16,220, plus 74% of excess over $34,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $36,000 but not over $38,000</td>
<td>$17,980, plus 77% of excess over $36,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $38,000 but not over $40,000</td>
<td>$21,180, plus 80% of excess over $38,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $40,000 but not over $50,000</td>
<td>$25,900, plus 83% of excess over $40,000.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
"If the surtax net income is:
Over $50,000 but not over $60,000— $25,320, plus 72% of excess over $50,000.
Over $60,000 but not over $70,000— $32,520, plus 75% of excess over $60,000.
Over $70,000 but not over $80,000— $40,020, plus 78% of excess over $70,000.
Over $80,000 but not over $90,000— $47,320, plus 81% of excess over $80,000.
Over $90,000 but not over $100,000— $55,320, plus 84% of excess over $90,000.
Over $100,000 but not over $150,000— $64,320, plus 86% of excess over $100,000.
Over $150,000 but not over $200,000— $107,320, plus 87% of excess over $150,000.
Over $200,000— $150,320, plus 88% of excess over $200,000."

(c) Limitation on Tax.—Section 12 (g) (relating to the 90 per centum limitation) is amended by striking out "90 per centum" and inserting in lieu thereof "851/2 per centum".

(d) Taxable Years to Which Applicable.—The amendments made by this section shall be applicable to taxable years beginning after December 31, 1945. For treatment of taxable years beginning in 1945 and ending in 1946, see section 131.

SEC. 102. ALLOWANCE OF SAME EXEMPTIONS FOR NORMAL TAX AS FOR SURTAX.

(a) In General.—So much of section 25 (b) (relating to credits for surtax) as precedes paragraph (2) thereof is amended to read as follows:

"(b) Credits for Both Normal Tax and Surtax.—

"(1) Credits.—There shall be allowed for the purposes of both the normal tax and the surtax, the following credits against net income:

"(A) An exemption of $500 for the taxpayer;

"(B) An exemption of $500 for the spouse of the taxpayer if—

"(i) a joint return is made by the taxpayer and his spouse under section 51, in which case the aggregate exemption of the spouses under subparagraph (A) and this subparagraph shall be $1,000, or

"(ii) a separate return is made by the taxpayer, and his spouse has no gross income for the calendar year in which the taxable year of the taxpayer begins and is not the dependent of another taxpayer;

"(C) An exemption of $500 for each dependent whose gross income for the calendar year in which the taxable year of the taxpayer begins is less than $500, except that the exemption shall not be allowed in respect of a dependent who has made a joint return with his spouse under section 51 for the taxable year beginning in such calendar year."

(b) Technical Amendments.—

(1) Section 23 (x) (relating to the deduction for medical expenses) is amended by striking out "surtax" wherever appearing therein.

(2) Section 25 (a) (3) (relating to the normal tax exemption) is repealed.
(3) Section 47 (e) (relating to the reduction of certain credits against net income) is amended to read as follows:

“(e) REDUCTION OF CREDITS AGAINST NET INCOME.—In the case of a return made for a fractional part of a year under section 146 (a) (1), the exemptions provided in section 25 (b) shall be reduced to amounts which bear the same ratio to the full exemptions so provided as the number of months in the period for which return is made bears to twelve months.”

(4) Section 58 (a) (1) (relating to the requirement of a declaration of estimated tax) is amended by striking out “surtax”.

(5) Section 149 (a) (2) (relating to credits against net income in the case of interest on tax-free covenant bonds) is amended by striking out “normal tax exemption provided in section 25 (a) (3) and the surtax”.

(6) Section 168 (a) (1) (relating to credits of estates and trusts against net income) is amended to read as follows:

“(1) For the purpose of the normal tax and the surtax, an estate shall be allowed, in lieu of the exemptions under section 25 (b) (1), a credit of $500 against net income, and a trust shall be allowed, in lieu of the exemptions under section 25 (b) (1), a credit of $100 against net income.”

(7) Section 214 (relating to credits of nonresident aliens against net income) is amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 214. CREDITS AGAINST NET INCOME.

“In the case of a nonresident alien individual who is not a resident of a contiguous country, only one exemption under section 25 (b) shall be allowed.”

(8) Section 215 (b) (relating to credits of nonresident aliens against net income in case of tax withheld at source) is amended by striking out the words “normal tax exemption and the surtax exemptions” and by inserting in lieu thereof “the exemptions under section 25 (b)”.?

(9) Section 251 (f) (relating to credits against net income in the case of citizens entitled to the benefits of section 251) is amended to read as follows:

“(f) CREDITS AGAINST NET INCOME.—A citizen of the United States entitled to the benefits of this section shall be allowed only one exemption under section 25 (b).”

(10) Section 401 (defining “surtax exemption” for the purposes of Supplement T) is amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 401. DEFINITION OF ‘EXEMPTION’.

“As used in the table in section 400, the term ‘number of exemptions’ means the number of the exemptions allowed under section 25 (b) as credits against net income for the purpose of the normal tax and the surtax imposed by sections 11 and 12.”

(c) TAXABLE YEARS TO WHICH APPLICABLE.—The amendments and repeals made by this section shall be applicable with respect to taxable years beginning after December 31, 1945. For treatment of taxable years beginning in 1945 and ending in 1946, see section 131.
### SEC. 103. INDIVIDUALS WITH ADJUSTED GROSS INCOMES OF LESS THAN $5,000.

(a) In General.—The tax table (including the note at the foot of such table) in section 400 (relating to optional tax on individuals with adjusted gross incomes of less than $5,000) is amended to read as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>If the adjusted gross income is</th>
<th>And the number of exemptions is</th>
<th>If the adjusted gross income is</th>
<th>And the number of exemptions is</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>At least</td>
<td>But less than</td>
<td>At least</td>
<td>But less than</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1 2 3 4 or more</td>
<td></td>
<td>1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 or more</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$9,000</td>
<td>$0 $0 $0 $0 $0</td>
<td>$9,000</td>
<td>$0 $0 $0 $0 $0 $0 $0 $0 $0 $0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$9,001 - $9,050</td>
<td>2,220</td>
<td>$9,050 - $9,100</td>
<td>2,220</td>
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<td></td>
<td>2,220</td>
<td></td>
<td>2,220</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$9,100 - $9,150</td>
<td>2,220</td>
<td>$9,150 - $9,200</td>
<td>2,220</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2,220</td>
<td></td>
<td>2,220</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$9,200 - $9,250</td>
<td>2,220</td>
<td>$9,250 - $9,300</td>
<td>2,220</td>
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<td></td>
<td>2,220</td>
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<td>2,220</td>
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<tr>
<td>$9,300 - $9,350</td>
<td>2,220</td>
<td>$9,350 - $9,400</td>
<td>2,220</td>
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<td></td>
<td>2,220</td>
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<td>2,220</td>
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<tr>
<td>$9,400 - $9,450</td>
<td>2,220</td>
<td>$9,450 - $9,500</td>
<td>2,220</td>
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<td>2,220</td>
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<td>2,220</td>
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<tr>
<td>$9,500 - $9,550</td>
<td>2,220</td>
<td>$9,550 - $9,600</td>
<td>2,220</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2,220</td>
<td></td>
<td>2,220</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$9,600 - $9,650</td>
<td>2,220</td>
<td>$9,650 - $9,700</td>
<td>2,220</td>
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<td></td>
<td>2,220</td>
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<td>2,220</td>
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<tr>
<td>$9,700 - $9,750</td>
<td>2,220</td>
<td>$9,750 - $9,800</td>
<td>2,220</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2,220</td>
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<td>2,220</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$9,800 - $9,850</td>
<td>2,220</td>
<td>$9,850 - $9,900</td>
<td>2,220</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2,220</td>
<td></td>
<td>2,220</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$9,900 - $9,950</td>
<td>2,220</td>
<td>$9,950 - $10,000</td>
<td>2,220</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2,220</td>
<td></td>
<td>2,220</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Note at foot of table:* For optional tax of $1.50, $3.00, $4.50, or $6.00 in excess of the tax on the first $5,000 of adjusted gross income. The optional tax rate is applied to the excess income, but the tax on the first $5,000 of adjusted gross income is not reduced by any reduction of itemized deductions.
(b) **Taxable Years to Which Applicable.**—The amendment made by this section shall be applicable with respect to taxable years beginning after December 31, 1945. For treatment of taxable years beginning in 1945 and ending in 1946, see section 131.

**SEC. 104. Reduction in Withholding of Tax at Source on Wages.**

(a) **Percentage Method.**—

(1) **In General.**—Section 1622(a) (relating to the percentage method of withholding) is amended by striking out "17 per centum" in lieu of "18 per centum" in paragraph (2), by inserting "19 per centum" in lieu of "19.8 per centum" in paragraph (3), and by renumbering paragraphs (2) and (3) as (1) and (2) respectively.

(2) **Technical Amendment.**—Section 1622(b)(1) (percentage method withholding table) is amended by striking out "18 per centum" in the last column of the table therein, and inserting in lieu thereof "17 per centum".

(b) **Wage Bracket Withholding.**—The tables contained in section 1622(c)(1) (relating to wage bracket withholding) are amended to read as follows:

If the pay-roll period with respect to an employee is weekly

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>And the wages are</th>
<th>And the number of withholding exemptions claimed is</th>
<th>The amount of tax to be withheld shall be</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>At least</td>
<td>But less than</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$0</td>
<td>$11</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$11</td>
<td>$12</td>
<td>$11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$12</td>
<td>$13</td>
<td>$12</td>
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<tr>
<td>$13</td>
<td>$14</td>
<td>$13</td>
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<tr>
<td>$14</td>
<td>$15</td>
<td>$14</td>
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<td>$15</td>
<td>$16</td>
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<td>$16</td>
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<td>$17</td>
<td>$18</td>
<td>$17</td>
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<tr>
<td>$18</td>
<td>$19</td>
<td>$18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$19</td>
<td>$20</td>
<td>$19</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Post, p. 370.

57 Stat. 128.

57 Stat. 128.

57 Stat. 128.
### If the pay-roll period with respect to an employee is weekly—Continued

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>At least But less than</th>
<th>0</th>
<th>1</th>
<th>2</th>
<th>3</th>
<th>4</th>
<th>5</th>
<th>6</th>
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<th>8</th>
<th>9</th>
<th>10 or more</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$52,000 and over</td>
<td>$52.00</td>
<td>$51.90</td>
<td>$51.80</td>
<td>$51.70</td>
<td>$51.60</td>
<td>$51.50</td>
<td>$51.40</td>
<td>$51.30</td>
<td>$51.20</td>
<td>$51.10</td>
<td>$51.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$50,000 and over</td>
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<td>$49.90</td>
<td>$49.80</td>
<td>$49.70</td>
<td>$49.60</td>
<td>$49.50</td>
<td>$49.40</td>
<td>$49.30</td>
<td>$49.20</td>
<td>$49.10</td>
<td>$49.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$40,000 and over</td>
<td>$40.00</td>
<td>$39.90</td>
<td>$39.80</td>
<td>$39.70</td>
<td>$39.60</td>
<td>$39.50</td>
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<td>$39.30</td>
<td>$39.20</td>
<td>$39.10</td>
<td>$39.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$30,000 and over</td>
<td>$30.00</td>
<td>$29.90</td>
<td>$29.80</td>
<td>$29.70</td>
<td>$29.60</td>
<td>$29.50</td>
<td>$29.40</td>
<td>$29.30</td>
<td>$29.20</td>
<td>$29.10</td>
<td>$29.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$20,000 and over</td>
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<td>$19.90</td>
<td>$19.80</td>
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<td>$19.50</td>
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<td>$19.30</td>
<td>$19.20</td>
<td>$19.10</td>
<td>$19.00</td>
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<td>$9.80</td>
<td>$9.70</td>
<td>$9.60</td>
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<td>$9.20</td>
<td>$9.10</td>
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<tr>
<td>$5,000 and over</td>
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<td>$4.80</td>
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<td>$4.50</td>
<td>$4.40</td>
<td>$4.30</td>
<td>$4.20</td>
<td>$4.10</td>
<td>$4.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>$0 and over</td>
<td>$0.00</td>
<td>$0.00</td>
<td>$0.00</td>
<td>$0.00</td>
<td>$0.00</td>
<td>$0.00</td>
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<td>$0.00</td>
<td>$0.00</td>
<td>$0.00</td>
<td>$0.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**The amount of tax to be withheld shall be**

If the pay-roll period with respect to an employee is biweekly

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>At least But less than</th>
<th>0</th>
<th>1</th>
<th>2</th>
<th>3</th>
<th>4</th>
<th>5</th>
<th>6</th>
<th>7</th>
<th>8</th>
<th>9</th>
<th>10 or more</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$50,000 and over</td>
<td>$50.00</td>
<td>$49.90</td>
<td>$49.80</td>
<td>$49.70</td>
<td>$49.60</td>
<td>$49.50</td>
<td>$49.40</td>
<td>$49.30</td>
<td>$49.20</td>
<td>$49.10</td>
<td>$49.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$40,000 and over</td>
<td>$40.00</td>
<td>$39.90</td>
<td>$39.80</td>
<td>$39.70</td>
<td>$39.60</td>
<td>$39.50</td>
<td>$39.40</td>
<td>$39.30</td>
<td>$39.20</td>
<td>$39.10</td>
<td>$39.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$30,000 and over</td>
<td>$30.00</td>
<td>$29.90</td>
<td>$29.80</td>
<td>$29.70</td>
<td>$29.60</td>
<td>$29.50</td>
<td>$29.40</td>
<td>$29.30</td>
<td>$29.20</td>
<td>$29.10</td>
<td>$29.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$20,000 and over</td>
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<td>$19.90</td>
<td>$19.80</td>
<td>$19.70</td>
<td>$19.60</td>
<td>$19.50</td>
<td>$19.40</td>
<td>$19.30</td>
<td>$19.20</td>
<td>$19.10</td>
<td>$19.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$10,000 and over</td>
<td>$10.00</td>
<td>$9.90</td>
<td>$9.80</td>
<td>$9.70</td>
<td>$9.60</td>
<td>$9.50</td>
<td>$9.40</td>
<td>$9.30</td>
<td>$9.20</td>
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<td>$5.00</td>
<td>$4.90</td>
<td>$4.80</td>
<td>$4.70</td>
<td>$4.60</td>
<td>$4.50</td>
<td>$4.40</td>
<td>$4.30</td>
<td>$4.20</td>
<td>$4.10</td>
<td>$4.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>$0.00</td>
<td>$0.00</td>
<td>$0.00</td>
<td>$0.00</td>
<td>$0.00</td>
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<td>$0.00</td>
<td>$0.00</td>
<td>$0.00</td>
<td>$0.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
If the pay-roll period with respect to an employee is biweekly—Continued

<table>
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<tr>
<th>At least</th>
<th>$400</th>
<th>$401</th>
<th>$402</th>
<th>$403</th>
<th>$404</th>
<th>$405</th>
<th>$406</th>
<th>$407</th>
<th>$408</th>
<th>$409</th>
<th>$410</th>
<th>$411</th>
<th>$412</th>
<th>$413</th>
<th>$414</th>
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<tbody>
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<td>$400</td>
<td>$481</td>
<td>$482</td>
<td>$483</td>
<td>$484</td>
<td>$485</td>
<td>$486</td>
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<td>$492</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 or more</td>
<td>73.50</td>
<td>65.10</td>
<td>56.70</td>
<td>48.70</td>
<td>40.70</td>
<td>32.70</td>
<td>24.70</td>
<td>16.70</td>
<td>8.70</td>
<td>0.70</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

10 percent of the excess over $400 plus—

<p>| $400 and over | 73.50 | 69.50 | 65.70 | 61.70 | 57.70 | 53.70 | 49.70 | 45.70 | 41.70 | 37.70 | 33.70 |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>12/31/2022</td>
<td>$123,456</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>01/31/2023</td>
<td>$123,456</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>02/28/2023</td>
<td>$123,456</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Note: The table above shows the amounts of withholding for the given dates.*
If the pay-roll period with respect to an employee is semimonthly—Continued

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>And the wages are—</th>
<th>And the number of withholding exemptions claimed is—</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>At least</td>
<td>But less than</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$200</td>
<td>$210</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The amount of tax to be withheld shall be—</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$320</td>
<td>$330</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$560</td>
<td>$600</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If the pay-roll period with respect to an employee is monthly

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>And the wages are—</th>
<th>And the number of withholding exemptions claimed is—</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>At least</td>
<td>But less than</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$0</td>
<td>$4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The amount of tax to be withheld shall be—</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$80,000 and over</td>
<td>$92.50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

[Table continues with additional data]
PUBLIC LAWS-CH . 453-NOV. 8, 1945

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[59 STAT.

If the pay-roll period with respect to an employee is monthly-Continued
And the number of withholding exemptions claimed is-

And the wages are0
But less
than

At least

1

f

2

3

4

I

5

I

6

7

8

9

110 or
I more

I

The amount of tax to be withhsld shall be-$224
$228
$232
$236
$240
$249
$256
$264
$272
$280
$298
M6
$304
$312
$320
$328
$336
$344
$352
$360
$368
$376
$384
$392
$400
$420
$440
$460
$480
$500
$520
$540
$560
$580
$600
$640
._
$680
$720
$760
$800
$840
$880
$920
$960

$228
$232
$236
$240
$248
$256
$264
$272
$280
$288
$296
$304
$312
$320
$328
$336
$344
$352
$360
$368
$376
$384
$392
$400
$420
$440
$460
$480
$500
$520

$39 .30
40.10
40 .80
41 .60
42.70
44 .20
45 .70
47 .20
48 .70
50.20
51 .80
53 .30
54 .80
56 30
57 .80
59 30
60 .80
62.30
63 .80
65.30
66.80
68 .30
69 .80
71 .30
73 .90
77.70
81 .50
85.20
89 00
92 80
96.50
100.30
104.00
107 80
113.40
121.00
128.50
136.00
143.50
151 10
158 60
166.10
173 60
181 .20

$540

$560
$580
$600
$640
$680
$720
$760
$800
$840
$980
$920
$960
$1,000

$30.70
31.40
32 .10
32 .90
34.00
35 .50
37.00
38 .50
40.00
41 .50
43 .00
44.50
46.10
47.60
49.10
50 .60
52 .10
63 .60
55.10
56.60
58.10
59 .60
61.10
62 .60
65.20
69.00
72.80
76.50
80.30
84.10
87.80
91 .60
95.30
99.10
104.70
112.30
119.80
127 .30
134 80
142 .40
149 .90
157 40
164 .90
172 .50

$22.80
23.50
24.20
24.90
25.90
27.30
28.60
30.00
31 .40
32 80
34.30
35.80
37,30
38.90
40,40
41.90
43,40
44,90
46, 40
47 90
49.40
50 90
52 40
53.90
56.50
60.30
64.10
67 .80
71 .60
75 .30
79 .10
82 90
86 60
90 .40
96 .00
103 .60
111.10
118 .60
126 .10
133 .70
141 20
148.70
156.20
163.80

$14 .90
15 .60
16 .30
16 .90
18.00
19 .30
20.70
22.10
23 .40
24 50
26 20
27 .60
28 .90
30 .30
31 .70
33 .20
34 .70
36 .20
37 .70
39 .20
40.70
42.20
43.70
45 .20
47 .80
51.60
55 .30
59 .10
62 .90
66 .60
70.40
74.20
77 .90
81 70
87 30
94.80
102.40
109 90
117.40
124 90
132.50

$7 .00
7 .70
8 .30
9 .00
10.10
11,40
12,80
14.20
15,50
16.90
18 .30
19.60
21.00
22 .40
23.70
25.10
26 50
27.80
29.20
30.60
32.00
33 50
35.00
36.50
39.10
42 90
46.60
50.40
54 20
57.90
61 .70
65 50
69 .20
73 .00
78.60
86 .10
93 .70
101 .20
108 .70
116 .20
123 .80
140 00 131 .30
147 .50 138 .80
155 .00 146 .30

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. 60
12.00
13.40
14 .70
16 .10
17 .50
18 .80
20 .20
22 .60
26 00
29 50
33 .00
36 70
40 50
44.30
48 00
51.80
55.60
61 .20
68.70
76.20
83 .80
91 .30
98.80
106 .30
113.90
121 .40
128.90

.40
1.10
2.10
3.50
4.90
6.20
7.60
9.00
10.30
11 .70
13.10
14 50
15.80
17.20
18.60
19.90
21.30
22 70
24.00
25.40
26.80
28.10
30 50
34 20
37.90
41 .70
45 .50
49.20
53 .00
56.70
60.50
64 30
69.90
77,40
85 .00

92 50
100 .00
107 .50
115 .10
122.60
130 10
137 .60

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9 10
12 .50
16 .00
19 40
22.80
26 20
29.60
35.10
42.60
50.10
57.60
65.20
72 70
80.20
87 70
95.30
102.80

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9 .60
1 .60
10.90
3 .00
12 30
4 .40
14.70
6.80
18 10 10 .20
21 50 13.60
25 00 17 .00
28 40 20 .50
31 80 23.90
35 .60 27 .30
39 30 30 70
43.10 34 .40
46.90 38 .10
52.50 43 .80
60 00 51 .30
67.50 58 80
75.10 66 .40
82.60 73 .90
90 .10 81.40
07,60 88 .90
105 .20 96 .50
112.70 104 .00
120.20 111 .50

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1 .20
4.60
8 .00
11 .50
14.90
18 .30
21 .70
26.90
33.90
41 .40
48.90
56 50
64 00
71 50
79.00
86 60
94.10

19 percent of the excess over $1,000 plus$1,000 and over

184.90 176,20 1167 .50 158. 80 150.10 141 .

124.00 115 .

97.90

If the pay-roll period with respect to an employee is a daily pay-roll period or a
miscellaneous pay-roll period
And the number of withholding exemptions claimed is-

And the wages divided by the number of days in such
period are-

0

1

2

3

5

I

6

I

7

I

8

9

I10or
more

1
At least

$0
$1 .50
$1 .76
$2 .00
$2 .25
$2 .50
$2 .75
$3 .00
$3 .25
$3 .50

But less
than
$1 .50
$1 .75
$2.00
$2.25
. $2.50
$2.75
$3.00
$3 .25
$3 .50
$3.76

The amount of tax to be withheld shall be the following amount multiplied by
the number of days in such period
17% of

$0g30

.
.

.30
,35
.40
.45
,50
,55
60
.60

$0
0
.05
.10
.15
.20
.25
.25
.30
.35 I

$0
0
0
0
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0
0
05
.10

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0


If the pay-roll period with respect to an employee is a daily pay-roll period or a miscellaneous pay-roll period—Continued

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>And the wages divided by the number of days in such period are</th>
<th>And the number of withholding exemptions claimed is</th>
<th>The amount of tax to be withheld shall be the following amount multiplied by the number of days in such period</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>At least $4.00</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>$0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>But less than $4.00</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>$0.05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$4.00</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>$0.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$4.25</td>
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<td>$0.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$4.50</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>$0.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$4.75</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>$0.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$5.00</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>$0.30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$5.25</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>$0.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$5.50</td>
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<tr>
<td>$5.75</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>$0.45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$6.00</td>
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<td>$0.55</td>
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<td>$0.60</td>
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<tr>
<td>$6.75</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>$0.65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$7.00</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>$0.70</td>
</tr>
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<tr>
<td>$8.50</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$8.75</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>$1.05</td>
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<tr>
<td>$9.00</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>$1.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$9.25</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>$1.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$9.50</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>$1.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$9.75</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>$1.25</td>
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(c) **Technical Amendment.—** Section 1622 (b) (1) (C) (relating to exemptions for withholding) is amended by striking out the words "a surtax exemption under section 25 (b) (5)" and by inserting in lieu thereof "an exemption under section 25 (b) (1) (C)."

(d) **Withholding Statements.—**

(1) Section 1625 (a) (relating to withholding receipts) is amended by inserting after "required to deduct and withhold a tax in respect of the wages of an employee" the following: "or who would have been so required if the employee had claimed no more than one withholding exemption."
SEC. 121. DECREASE IN CORPORATION SUTAX.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 15 (b) (relating to the corporation surtax) is amended to read as follows:

"(b) IMPOSITION OF TAX.—There shall be levied, collected, and paid for each taxable year upon the corporation surtax net income of every corporation (except a Western Hemisphere trade corporation as defined in section 108, and except a corporation subject to a tax imposed by section 231 (a), Supplement G or Supplement Q) a surtax as follows:

"(1) Surtax net incomes not over $25,000.—Upon corporation surtax net incomes not over $25,000, 6 per centum of the amount thereof.

"(2) Surtax net incomes over $25,000 but not over $50,000.—Upon corporation surtax net incomes over $25,000, but not over $50,000, $1,500 plus 22 per centum of the amount of the corporation surtax net income over $25,000.

"(3) Surtax net incomes over $50,000.—Upon corporation surtax net incomes over $50,000, 14 per centum of the corporation surtax net income."

(b) MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANIES OTHER THAN LIFE OR MARINE.—

(1) Section 207 (a) (3) (B) (relating to surtax on mutual insurance companies, other than life or marine) is amended by striking out "32 per centum" and inserting in lieu thereof "28 per centum".

(c) REGULATED INVESTMENT COMPANIES.—Section 362 (b) (4) (relating to the surtax on regulated investment companies) is amended by striking out "16 per centum" and inserting in lieu thereof "14 per centum".

(d) TAXABLE YEARS TO WHICH APPLICABLE.—The amendments made by this section shall be applicable with respect to taxable years beginning after December 31, 1945. For treatment of taxable years beginning in 1945 and ending in 1946, see section 131.

SEC. 122. REPEAL OF EXCESS PROFITS TAX IN 1946.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The provisions of subchapter E of chapter 2 shall not apply to any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1945.

(b) CARRY-BACKS FROM YEARS AFTER 1945, ETC.—Despite the provisions of subsection (a) of this section the provisions of subchapter E of chapter 2 shall remain in force for the purposes of the determination of the taxes imposed by such subchapter for taxable years beginning before January 1, 1946, such determination to be made as if subsection (a) had not been enacted but with the application of
the amendments made by subsection (c) of this section and section 131 of this Act.

(c) Unused Excess Profits Credit for Taxable Year Beginning After December 31, 1945.—Section 710 (c) (2) (defining the unused excess profits credit) is amended by inserting at the end thereof a new sentence reading as follows: "There shall be no unused excess profits credit for a taxable year beginning after December 31, 1946. The unused excess profits credit for a taxable year beginning in 1946 and ending in 1947 shall be an amount which is such part of the unused excess profits credit determined under the preceding provisions of this paragraph as the number of days in such taxable year prior to January 1, 1947, is of the total number of days in such taxable year."

(d) Affiliated Groups.—Subsection (b) shall be applied in the case of corporations making or required to make a consolidated return under chapter 1 for any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1945, and in the case of a corporation making a separate return for any such taxable year which was a member of a group which made or was required to make a consolidated return for any prior taxable year, in such manner as may be prescribed in regulations prescribed by the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary prior to the last day prescribed by law for the making of the return for the year beginning after December 31, 1945.

(e) Claims for Refund Based on Carry-Backs.—

(1) In General.—The first sentence of section 322 (b) (6) (relating to periods of limitation with respect to claims for refund based on carry-backs) is amended to read as follows: "If the claim for credit or refund relates to an overpayment attributable to a net operating loss carry-back or to an unused excess profits credit carry-back, in lieu of the three-year period of limitation prescribed in paragraph (1), the period shall be that period which ends with the expiration of the fifteenth day of the thirty-ninth month following the end of the taxable year of the net operating loss or the unused excess profits credit which results in such carry-back, or the period prescribed in paragraph (3) in respect of such taxable year, whichever expires later." (2) Taxable Years to Which Applicable.—The amendment made by this subsection shall be applicable to claims for credit or refund with respect to taxable years beginning after December 31, 1940.

(f) Deficiencies Attributable to Carry-Backs.—

(1) Section 276 (d) is amended to read as follows:

"(d) Net Operating Loss Carry-Backs and Unused Excess Profits Credit Carry-Backs.—In the case of a deficiency attributable to the application to the taxpayer of a net operating loss carry-back or an unused excess profits credit carry-back, including deficiencies which may be assessed pursuant to the provisions of section 3780 (b) or (c), such deficiency may be assessed—

"(1) in case a return was required under subchapter E of chapter 2 for the taxable year of the net operating loss or unused excess profits credit resulting in the carry-back, at any time before the expiration of the period within which (under section 275 or subsection (a) or (b) of this section) a deficiency (with respect to tax imposed either by chapter 1 or by subchapter B or E of chapter 2) for such taxable year (whichever is the longer period) may be assessed; or

"(2) in case a return was not required under subchapter E of chapter 2 for the taxable year of the net operating loss or unused excess profits credit resulting in the carry-back, at any time before the expiration of the period within which (under section 275 or subsection (a) or (b) of this section) a deficiency (with respect to tax imposed either by chapter 1 or by subchapter B or E of chapter 2) for such taxable year (whichever is the longer period) may be assessed; or

(2) any deficiency attributable to a net operating loss carry-back or to an unused excess profits credit carry-back, including deficiencies which may be assessed pursuant to the provisions of section 3780 (b) or (c), may be assessed at any time before the expiration of the period prescribed in section 275 (d) or under subsection (a) or (b) of this section."
excess profits credit resulting in the carry-back, at any time before
the expiration of the period within which (under section 275 or
subsection (a) or (b) of this section) a deficiency (with respect
to tax imposed either by chapter 1 or by subchapter A or B of
chapter 2) for such taxable year (whichever is the longer period)
may be assessed.”
(2) Effective Date.—The amendment made by this subsection
shall be applicable with respect to all taxable years beginning
after December 31, 1940.
(g) Technical Amendments.—Effective with respect to taxable
years beginning after December 31, 1945—
(1) Section 26 (e) (relating to the credit for income subject
to the excess profits tax) is repealed.
(2) Section 13 (a) (2) (defining “normal tax net income”) is
amended by striking out “minus the credit for income subject
to the tax imposed by Subchapter E of Chapter 2 provided in
section 26 (e) and”.
(3) Section 15 (a) (defining “corporation surtax net income”) is
amended (A) by striking out “minus the credit for income subject
to the tax imposed by Subchapter E of Chapter 2 provided in
section 26 (e) and”; and (B) by striking out “(computed by
limiting such credit to 85 per centum of the net income reduced
by the credit for income subject to the tax imposed by Subchapter
E of Chapter 2 in lieu of 85 per centum of the adjusted net income
so reduced).”.
(4) Section 26 (b) (relating to the credit for dividends re-
ceived) is amended by striking out “reduced by the credit for
income subject to the tax imposed by Subchapter E of Chapter 2
provided in subsection (e)”.
(5) Section 102 (d) (1) (defining terms for the purposes of
the tax imposed by section 102) is amended by striking out sub-
paragraph (D) thereof.
(6) Section 131 (b) (prescribing certain limitations on the
foreign-tax credit) is amended by striking out paragraph (3)
thereof.
(7) Section 204 (a) (2) (relating to foreign mutual insurance
companies other than life or marine) is amended to read as
follows:
“(2) Normal-tax and corporation surtax net income of for-
eign insurance companies other than life or marine.—In the case of a foreign insurance
company (other than a life or mutual insurance company) and a
foreign mutual marine insurance company and a foreign mutual
fire insurance company described in paragraph (1) of this sub-
section, the normal tax net income shall be the net income from
sources within the United States minus the credit provided in
section 26 (a) and the credit provided in section 26 (b), and the
corporation surtax net income shall be the net income from
sources within the United States minus the credit provided in
section 26 (b).”
(h) Fiscal Year Taxpayers.—For taxable years beginning in
1945 and ending in 1946, see section 131.

Part III—Fiscal Year Taxpayers

SEC. 131. FISCAL YEAR TAXPAYERS.

(a) Income Taxes.—Section 108 of the Internal Revenue Code is
amended by striking out “(c)” at the beginning of subsection (c)
and inserting in lieu thereof “(d)”, and by inserting after subsection
(b) the following:
“(c) Taxable Years Beginning in 1945 and Ending in 1946.—In the case of a taxable year beginning in 1945 and ending in 1946, the tax imposed by sections 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, and 400 shall be an amount equal to the sum of—

(1) that portion of a tentative tax, computed as if the law applicable to taxable years beginning on January 1, 1945, were applicable to such taxable year, which the number of days in such taxable year prior to January 1, 1946, bears to the total number of days in such taxable year, plus

(2) that portion of a tentative tax, computed as if the law applicable to years beginning on January 1, 1946, were applicable to such taxable year, which the number of days in such taxable year after December 31, 1945, bears to the total number of days in such taxable year.

(b) Excess Profits Tax.—

(1) In General.—Section 710 (a) (imposing the excess profits tax) is amended by inserting at the end thereof the following:

“(7) Taxable Years Beginning in 1945 and Ending in 1946.—In the case of a taxable year beginning in 1945 and ending in 1946, the tax shall be an amount equal to that portion of a tentative tax, computed as if the law applicable to taxable years beginning on January 1, 1945, were applicable to such taxable year, which the number of days in such taxable year prior to January 1, 1946, bears to the total number of days in such taxable year.”

(2) Technical Amendments.—

(A) Section 2 (a) of the Tax Adjustment Act of 1945 (relating to the specific exemption) is repealed as of the date of its enactment.

(B) Section 710 (b) (1) (relating to the specific exemption) is restored to read as such paragraph read immediately prior to the enactment of the Tax Adjustment Act of 1945, to be effective, as so restored, as if section 2 (a) of the Tax Adjustment Act of 1945 had not been enacted.

Part IV—Veterans’ and Servicemen’s Provisions

SEC. 141. ADDITIONAL ALLOWANCE FOR MILITARY AND NAVAL PERSONNEL.

(a) In General.—Section 22 (b) (13) (relating to the exclusion from gross income for military and naval personnel) is amended to read as follows:

“(13) Additional Allowance for Military and Naval Personnel.—

“(A) In the case of compensation received during any taxable year and before the termination of the present war as proclaimed by the President, for active service as a commissioned officer (or a commissioned warrant officer) in the military or naval forces of the United States during such war, or, in the case of a citizen or resident of the United States, as a member of the military or naval forces of any of the other United Nations during such war, so much of such compensation as does not exceed $1,500.

“(B) Compensation received during any taxable year and before the termination of the present war as proclaimed by the President, for active service as a member below the grade of commissioned officer (or commissioned warrant officer) in the military or naval forces of the United States during such war.”
(b) TAXABLE YEARS TO WHICH APPLICABLE.—Subparagraph (A) of section 23 (b) (13), as amended by subsection (a) of this section, shall be applicable with respect to taxable years beginning after December 31, 1942; subparagraph (B) thereof shall be applicable with respect to taxable years beginning after December 31, 1940.

(c) CREDITS OR REFUNDS FOR 1941 AND 1942.—If at any time prior to January 1, 1947, the allowance of a credit or refund of an overpayment of the tax for any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1940, and before January 1, 1943, is otherwise prevented by the operation of any law or rule of law (other than section 3761, relating to compromises), a credit or refund of the overpayment of such tax to the extent that the overpayment is attributable to the enactment of this section may, nevertheless, be allowed or made if a claim therefor is filed before January 1, 1947.

SEC. 142. DEFERMENT OF CERTAIN TAXES OF VETERANS AND SERVICEMEN.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 38 (miscellaneous provisions) is amended by inserting at the end thereof a new section reading as follows:

"SEC. 3808. DEFERMENT OF TAX ATTRIBUTABLE TO SERVICE PAY FOR COMMISSIONED SERVICE AND OF TAX ATTRIBUTABLE TO PRE-SERVICE EARNED INCOME.

"(a) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section—

"(1) TAX ATTRIBUTABLE TO SERVICE PAY.—The term 'tax attributable to service pay' means—

"(A) in the case of a war year for which the taxpayer had no gross income other than compensation for active service as a member of the military or naval forces of the United States, the tax imposed under chapter 1 for such year; or

"(B) in the case of a war year for which the taxpayer had gross income in addition to compensation for active service as a member of the military or naval forces of the United States, the excess of the tax imposed under chapter 1 for such year over the tax that would have been imposed if such compensation had been excluded from gross income;

except that in the case of a commissioned officer (or a commissioned warrant officer) of the regular component of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard, such term shall not apply to any war year unless, at the time prescribed for the payment of the tax under chapter 1 for such year, a period of time was being disregarded under section 3804.

"(2) WAR YEAR.—The term 'war year'—

"(A) when used with respect to the tax attributable to service pay means any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1939, and before January 1, 1947; and

"(B) when used with respect to the tax attributable to pre-service earned income means any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1939, but before January 1, 1942, and before the taxpayer entered upon active service as a member of the military or naval forces of the United States, but does not include any year unless part of the tax imposed by chapter 1 for such year became due and payable after the taxpayer entered upon such active service.

"(3) TAX ATTRIBUTABLE TO PRE-SERVICE EARNED INCOME.—The term 'tax attributable to pre-service earned income' means the excess of the tax imposed by chapter 1 for any war year over the tax that would have been imposed for such year if there had been excluded from the net income for such year the amount of
the earned net income (as such term was defined in section 25 (a)
(4) as in force with respect to such year, except that in comput-
ing such earned net income, compensation for active service in
such forces shall be disregarded).

"(4) First Installment Date.—The term ‘first installment
date’ means May 15, 1946, in the case of taxpayers released from
active duty in the military or naval forces of the United States
prior to December 1, 1945; and in other cases June 15, 1947, or
the fifteenth day of the sixth month which begins after the date
of the taxpayer’s release from active duty in such forces, which-
ever is the earlier; except that, if the first installment date with
respect to any war year would otherwise occur earlier than the
fifteenth day of the third month following the close of such year,
the first installment date with respect to such year shall be the
fifteenth day of such third month.

"(b) Extension of Time for Payment.—Upon application with
respect to any war year, made prior to the first installment date, and
under regulations prescribed by the Commissioner with the approval
of the Secretary—

"(1) the time for payment of an amount of the tax under
chapter 1 for such year which is equal to the tax attributable to
service pay for such year and which has not been paid before the
filing of such application; and

"(2) the time for the payment of an amount of the tax under
chapter 1 for such year which is equal to the tax attributable to
pre-service earned income for such year and which has not been
paid before the filing of such application,

shall, in lieu of the time otherwise applicable, be as follows: one-
twelfth thereof on the first installment date and an additional twelfth
thereof every three months thereafter until such tax is paid.

"(c) Suspension of Period of Limitation.—The running of the
period of limitation provided in section 276 (c) (relating to the col-
lection of the tax after assessment) in respect of any tax the time for the
payment of which is prescribed under subsection (b), shall be
suspended for the period beginning with the date of the filing of the
application under such subsection and ending six months after the
date prescribed therein for the payment of the last installment of
such tax.

"(d) Estimated Tax.—If the taxpayer is eligible for the benefits
of subsection (b) with respect to any war year—

"(1) for the purposes of the application of section 58 with
respect to such year, compensation for active service as a member
of the military or naval forces of the United States may be dis-
regarded in determining the gross income reasonably expected
for such year, and in determining the estimated tax for such
year; and

"(2) for the purposes of section 294 (d) the tax for such year
shall be determined as if such compensation were excluded from
gross income.

This subsection shall not apply with respect to a taxpayer for any
war year who at the time prescribed for making the declaration of
estimated tax for such year is a commissioned officer (or a commis-
sioned warrant officer) of the regular component of the Army, Navy,
Marine Corps, or Coast Guard.

(b) Refund of Interest Paid.—Any interest paid prior to the
date of the enactment of this Act with respect to tax attributable to
service pay for any war year, or with respect to tax attributable to
pre-service earned income for any war year, shall be credited or
refunded if claim therefor is filed with the Commissioner prior to January 1, 1947.

Part V—Miscellaneous

SEC. 151. REPORTS OF REFUNDS AND CREDITS TO JOINT COMMITTEE ON INTERNAL REVENUE TAXATION.

Section 3777 (c) (relating to refunds and credits with respect to tentative carry-back adjustments) is amended by striking out in the heading “Carry-Back”, and by inserting after “section 3780 (b)” the following: “or under section 124 (k)”.

SEC. 152. EXTENSION OF TREATMENT OF INCOME RESULTING FROM DISCHARGE OF INDEBTEDNESS.

Section 22 (b) (9) and (10) (relating to the exclusion of income from the discharge of indebtedness) are amended by striking out “1945” in each of such paragraphs and inserting in lieu thereof “1946”.

SEC. 153. LOST POSTWAR CREDIT BONDS.

Section 8 (c) of the Government Losses in Shipment Act, as amended, is amended by inserting before the period at the end thereof the following: “, and also means any bond issued under section 780 of the Internal Revenue Code”.

TITLE II—REPEAL OF CAPITAL STOCK TAX AND DECLARED VALUE EXCESS PROFITS TAX

SEC. 201. REPEAL OF CAPITAL STOCK TAX.

Effective with respect to years ending after June 30, 1945, chapter 6 (imposing the capital stock tax) is repealed.

SEC. 202. REPEAL OF DECLARED VALUE EXCESS PROFITS TAX.

Effective with respect to income-tax taxable years ending after June 30, 1946, subchapter B of chapter 2 (imposing the declared value excess profits tax) is repealed.  

SEC. 203. ALTERNATIVE TAX WHERE WAR LOSS RECOVERIES INCLUDED IN NET INCOME.

Effective with respect to income-tax taxable years ending after June 30, 1945, and before July 1, 1946, section 600 is amended by inserting before the first paragraph thereof “(a) In General—” and by inserting at the end of such section a new subsection reading as follows:

“(b) Alternative Tax.—If the net income for the taxable year includes any amount on account of war loss recoveries under section 127 (c), then, in lieu of the tax computed under subsection (a), the tax shall be a tax computed as follows:

“(1) An amount computed under subsection (a), after excluding from net income the amount of the war loss recoveries, plus

“(2) One and one-quarter per centum of the amount of the war loss recoveries included in the net income or of such portion of the net income as would be subject to the tax imposed by subsection (a) in the absence of this subsection, whichever is the lesser.”
TITLE III—EXCISE TAXES

SEC. 301. REPEAL OF USE TAX ON MOTOR VEHICLES AND BOATS.

Effective with respect to the period after June 30, 1946, chapter 33A (imposing a tax on the use of motor vehicles and boats) is repealed.

SEC. 302. FLOOR STOCKS REFUNDS AND TECHNICAL PROVISIONS RELATING TO REDUCTION OF COMMUNICATIONS TAX.

Chapter 9A (relating to war taxes and war tax rates) is amended by inserting at the end thereof the following:

"SEC. 1656. FLOOR STOCKS REFUNDS ON DISTILLED SPIRITS, WINES, AND CORDIALS, AND FERMENTED MALT LIQUORS.

"(a) In General.—With respect to any article upon which tax is imposed under section 2800, 3030, or 3150, upon which internal revenue tax (including floor stocks taxes) at the rate prescribed in section 1650 has been paid, and which, on the rate reduction date (as defined in section 1659), is held by any person and intended for sale or for use in the manufacture or production of any article intended for sale, there shall be credited or refunded to such person (without interest), subject to such regulations as may be prescribed by the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary, an amount equal to the difference between the tax so paid and the tax that would have been paid if section 1650 and the 1944 floor stocks taxes had not been applicable, if claim for such credit or refund is filed with the Commissioner within thirty days after the rate reduction date.

"(b) Limitations on Eligibility for Credit or Refund.—No person shall be entitled to credit or refund under subsection (a) unless (1) such person, for such period or periods both before and after the rate reduction date (but not extending beyond one year thereafter), as the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary shall by regulations prescribe, makes and keeps, and files with the Commissioner, such records of inventories, sales, and purchases as may be prescribed in such regulations; and (2) such person establishes to the satisfaction of the Commissioner, with respect to each kind of article for which refund is claimed by him under this section, that on and after the rate reduction date and until the expiration of three months thereafter, the price at which articles of such kind were sold (until a number equal at least to the number on hand on the rate reduction date were sold) reflected, in such manner as the Commissioner may by regulations prescribe with the approval of the Secretary, the amount of the tax reduction.

"(c) All provisions of law, including penalties, applicable in respect of internal revenue taxes on distilled spirits, wines, liqueurs and cordials, imported perfumes containing distilled spirits, and fermented malt liquors shall, insofar as applicable and not inconsistent with this section, be applicable in respect of the credits and refunds provided for in this section to the same extent as if such credits or refunds constituted credits or refunds of such taxes.

"SEC. 1657. FLOOR STOCKS REFUNDS ON ELECTRIC LIGHT BULBS.

"(a) In General.—With respect to any article upon which tax is imposed under section 3406 (a) (10), upon which internal revenue tax at the rate prescribed in section 1650 has been paid, and which, on the rate reduction date, is held by any person and intended for sale, or for use in the manufacture or production of any article intended for sale, there shall be credited or refunded to the manufacturer or producer of such article (without interest), subject to such regulations as may be prescribed by the Commissioner with the approval of the
Secretary, an amount equal to so much of the difference between the tax so paid and the tax that would have been paid if section 1650 had not been applicable, as has been paid by such manufacturer or producer to such person as reimbursement for the tax reduction on such articles, if claim for such credit or refund is filed with the Commissioner prior to the expiration of three months after the rate reduction date.

“(b) LIMITATIONS ON ELIGIBILITY FOR CREDIT OR REFUND.—No person shall be entitled to credit or refund under subsection (a) unless he has in his possession such evidence of the inventories with respect to which he has made the reimbursements described in subsection (a) as the regulations under subsection (a) prescribe.

“(c) All provisions of law, including penalties, applicable in respect of the tax imposed under section 3406 (a) (10) shall, insofar as applicable and not inconsistent with this section, be applicable in respect of the credits and refunds provided for in this section to the same extent as if such credits or refunds constituted credits or refunds of such taxes.

“SEC. 1658. TELEGRAPH, TELEPHONE, RADIO, AND CABLE FACILITIES.

“Notwithstanding section 1650, the rates therein prescribed with respect to the taxes imposed by section 3465 (a)(1), (2), and (3) shall continue to apply with respect to amounts paid pursuant to bills rendered prior to the rate reduction date; and, in the case of amounts paid pursuant to bills rendered on or after the rate reduction date for services for which no previous bill was rendered, the decreased rates shall apply except with respect to such services as were rendered more than two months before such date; and, in the case of services rendered more than two months before such date, the provisions of sections 1650 and 3465 in effect at the time such services were rendered shall be applicable to the amounts paid for such services.

“SEC. 1659. DEFINITION OF 'RATE REDUCTION DATE'.

“For the purposes of this chapter the term ‘rate reduction date’ means the first day of the first month which begins six months or more after the date of the termination of hostilities in the present war.”

SEC. 308. CONTINUATION OF POWER OF SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY TO AUTHORIZE GOVERNMENT EXEMPTION FROM CERTAIN EXCISE TAXES.

Section 307 (c) of the Revenue Act of 1943 (relating to power of Secretary with respect to Government exemption from certain excise taxes) is amended by striking out the last sentence thereof.

TITLE IV—SOCIAL SECURITY TAXES

SEC. 401. AUTOMATIC INCREASE IN 1946 RATE NOT TO APPLY.

(a) Clauses (1) and (2) of section 1400 of the Federal Insurance Contributions Act (Internal Revenue Code, sec. 1400) are amended to read as follows:

“(1) With respect to wages received during the calendar years 1939, 1940, 1941, 1942, 1943, 1944, 1945, and 1946, the rate shall be 1 per centum.

“(2) With respect to wages received during the calendar years 1947 and 1948, the rate shall be 2 1/2 per centum.”

(b) Clauses (1) and (2) of section 1410 of such Act (Internal
Revenue Code, sec. 1410) are amended to read as follows:

“(1) With respect to wages paid during the calendar years 1939, 1940, 1941, 1942, 1943, 1944, and 1945, the rate shall be 1 per centum.

“(2) With respect to wages paid during the calendar years 1947 and 1948, the rate shall be 2 1/2 per centum.”

Approved November 8, 1945, 5:17 p.m.

[CHAPTER 454]

AN ACT

To provide for covering into the Treasury of the Philippines certain Philippine funds in the Treasury of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That notwithstanding any other provision of law, the proceeds of the excise taxes imposed by section 2470 of the Internal Revenue Code, and of the import taxes imposed by sections 2490 and 2491 of the Internal Revenue Code, herefore or hereafter collected, which but for the enactment of this Act would have been required to be held in separate or special funds and paid into the Treasury of the Philippines, together with any moneys which but for the enactment of this Act would be authorized to be appropriated in accordance with section 503 of the Sugar Act of 1937, as amended, including the unexpended balance of the amount subsequently appropriated under Public Law 371, Seventy-seventh Congress, and any accruals of any of the foregoing, shall be immediately paid into the general funds of the Treasury of the Philippines, to be used for the benefit of the people and government of the Philippine Islands as they may by law provide.

Approved November 8, 1945.

[CHAPTER 456]

AN ACT

To amend the Civil Service Retirement Act approved May 29, 1930, as amended, in order to protect the retirement rights of persons who leave the service to enter the armed forces of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 5 of the Civil Service Retirement Act of May 29, 1930, as amended, is amended by adding after the second paragraph thereof a new paragraph as follows:

“No officer or employee to whom this Act applies who during the period of any war, or of any national emergency as proclaimed by the President or declared by the Congress, has left or leaves his position to enter the armed forces of the United States shall be considered as separated from such position for the purposes of this Act by reason of his service with the armed forces of the United States. This paragraph shall not be so construed as to prevent the payment of refunds as provided by section 7 (a) or 12 (b) of this Act.”

Secs. 2. Sections 4, 6, 7, 9, 10, and 12 of the Civil Service Retirement Act of May 29, 1930, as amended, are amended by striking out the words “June 30 of each year” wherever they appear in such sections, and inserting in lieu thereof the words “December 31 of each year”: Provided, That interest shall not be compounded as of December 31, 1945.
SEC. 3. There are hereby authorized to be appropriated annually to the civil-service retirement and disability fund such sums as may be necessary to meet the cost of this amendment.

SEC. 4. The amendment made by the first section of this Act shall become effective as of September 8, 1939.

Approved November 9, 1945.

[CHAPTER 468]

AN ACT

To amend the Act entitled “An Act to provide for reimbursement of officers, enlisted men, and others, in the naval service of the United States for property lost, damaged, or destroyed in such service”, approved October 27, 1943, so as to make the provisions thereof effective with respect to losses occurring on or after October 31, 1941.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first section of the Act entitled “An Act to provide for reimbursement of officers, enlisted men, and others, in the naval service of the United States for property lost, damaged, or destroyed in such service”, approved October 27, 1943 (57 Stat. 582; U. S. C., Supp. III, title 34, sec. 984), is amended to read as follows: “That the Secretary of the Navy and, subject to appeal to the Secretary of the Navy, such other officer or officers as he may designate for such purposes and under such regulations as he may prescribe are hereby authorized to consider, and to ascertain, adjust, determine, and pay any claim filed under oath of the commissioned, appointed, enrolled, and enlisted personnel of the Navy and Marine Corps, and of civilian employees of the Naval Establishment, for loss, damage, or destruction of their private personal property, including household effects, occurring on or after October 31, 1941, when such loss, damage, or destruction is not due to fault or negligence on the part of the claimant and has occurred or shall hereafter occur under the following circumstances:

Circumstances.
"First. When the loss, damage, or destruction is due to operations of war, shipwreck, or other marine disaster, or the wreck of an aircraft or other disaster thereto: Provided, That the term 'marine disaster' as used herein shall include an accident occurring on board a vessel.

"Second. When the loss, damage, or destruction is in consequence of the serviceman or employee having given his attention to the saving of the life of another, or of property belonging to the United States.

"Third. When such property is lost, damaged, or destroyed by reason of being shipped on board an unseaworthy vessel by order of an officer authorized to give such order or direct such shipment; or is lost, damaged, or destroyed, whether or not due to negligence on the part of Government personnel, while in shipment pursuant to orders issued by competent authority, but where the property was transported by a common carrier, the reimbursement shall be limited to the extent of such loss, damage, or destruction over and above the amount recoverable from such carrier.

"Fourth. When such property is lost, damaged, or destroyed by reason of being furnished at the direction of competent authority to another person under conditions of immediate and urgent distress.

"Reimbursement may be made in all such cases for loss, damage, or destruction of such articles as are required to be possessed and used by officers, enlisted men, and others in connection with their service or employment, and such additional items of personal property, including household effects, money, or currency, as the Secretary of the Navy shall determine to have been reasonably and properly in the place where they were lost, damaged, or destroyed, in consequence of the service or employment in which the serviceman or employee was engaged: Provided, That reimbursement may be made for loss of money or currency only when such money or currency has been deposited for safekeeping as provided by regulations promulgated by the Secretary of the Navy or as provided by orders of the commanding officer."

Sec. 2. Existing claims under this Act shall be presented within two years from the date of enactment of this Act and all such claims hereafter arising shall be presented within two years from the occurrence of the loss, destruction, or damage, except that any person missing, who is not willfully absent, or any person who is a prisoner in the hands of the enemy, or who is interned in a neutral country, shall in addition be allowed one year from the time of return to the jurisdiction of the United States in which to file such claim.

Approved November 14, 1945.

[CHAPTER 469]

AN ACT

To revive and reenact the Act entitled "An Act granting the consent of Congress to the State of Montana, or the counties of Roosevelt, Richland, and McCone, singly or jointly, to construct, maintain, and operate a free highway bridge across the Missouri River, at or near Poplar, Montana", approved July 28, 1937.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act approved July 28, 1937, heretofore extended by an Act of Congress approved July 18, 1939, granting the consent of Congress to the State of Montana and counties of Roosevelt, Richland, and McCone, Montana, to construct, maintain, and operate a bridge and approaches thereto across the Missouri River, at or near Poplar, Montana, is hereby revived and reenacted: Provided, That this Act shall be null

November 14, 1945

[S. 927]

[Public Law 219]

Missouri River, Bridge at Poplar, Mont.

Time limitation for presenting claims.
AN ACT

Authorizing the city of Saint Francisville, Illinois, to construct, maintain, and operate a toll bridge across the Wabash River at or near Saint Francisville, Illinois.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in order to promote interstate commerce, improve the postal service, and provide for the military and other purposes, the city of Saint Francisville, Illinois, be, and is hereby, authorized to construct, maintain, and operate a bridge and approaches thereto across the Wabash River, at a point suitable to the interests of navigation, at or near Saint Francisville, Illinois, in accordance with the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction of bridges over navigable waters", approved March 23, 1906, and subject to the conditions and limitations contained in this Act.

Sec. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved November 14, 1945.
[CHAPTER 471]

AN ACT

To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Mississippi River at Mill Street in Brainerd, Minnesota.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Mississippi River at Mill Street in Brainerd, Minnesota, authorized to be built by the State of Minnesota by an Act of Congress approved June 13, 1944, are hereby extended one and three years, respectively, from June 13, 1945.

Sec. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved November 14, 1945.

[CHAPTER 472]

AN ACT

To facilitate further the disposition of prizes captured by the United States, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first section of the Act of August 18, 1942 (56 Stat. 746), as amended (34 U. S. C. 1159), is hereby further amended to read as follows: "That the district courts shall have original jurisdiction of all prizes captured during war if said capture was made by authority of the United States or was adopted and ratified by the President of the United States and the prize was brought into the territorial waters of a cobelligerent or into a locality in the temporary or permanent possession or occupation of the armed forces of the United States or was taken or appropriated for the use of the United States, including jurisdiction of all proceedings for the condemnation of such property taken as prize".

Sec. 2. Section 4621 of the Revised Statutes, as amended (34 U. S. C. 1137), is hereby further amended to read as follows: "Any district court may appoint prize commissioners, not exceeding three in number; of whom one shall be a naval officer, active or retired, approved by the Secretary of the Navy, who shall receive no other compensation than his pay in the Navy, and who shall protect the interests of the Department of the Navy in the prize property; and at least one of the others shall be a member of the bar of the court, of not less than three years' standing, and acquainted with the taking of depositions."

Sec. 3. Section 4624 of the Revised Statutes, as amended (34 U. S. C. 1140), is hereby further amended by inserting before the period at the end thereof the following: "Provided, That notwithstanding any other provision of law, if the seized property is taken or appropriated for the use of the United States whether before or after it comes into the custody of the prize court, the prize court is authorized to proceed to adjudication on the basis of an inventory and survey and an appropriate undertaking by the United States to respond for the value of such property without the necessity for either an appraisement or the deposit of the value of the prize with the Treasurer of the United States or any other public depository".

Approved November 14, 1945.
AN ACT

To provide for terms of the District Court of the United States for the District of Nevada.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 94 of the Judicial Code, as amended (U. S. C., title 28, sec. 174), is amended to read as follows:

"The State of Nevada shall constitute one judicial district, to be known as the district of Nevada. Terms of the district court shall be held at Carson City on the first Mondays in February and May, at Las Vegas on the first Mondays in March and October, at Reno on the first Mondays in January and June, and at Elko on the first Monday in November; Provided, That suitable accommodations for holding court at Elko shall be provided without expense to the United States."

Approved November 15, 1945.

AN ACT

For the relief of the residents of Guam through the settlement of meritorious claims.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That for the purpose of granting immediate relief to the residents of Guam by the prompt settlement of meritorious claims arising in Guam, the Secretary of the Navy, and such other officer or officers as the Secretary of the Navy may designate for such purposes and under such regulations as the Secretary of the Navy may prescribe, are hereby authorized to appoint a claims commission or commissions, each composed of one or more officers of the Navy or the Marine Corps, to consider, ascertain, adjust, determine, and make payments of amounts determined as just compensation, where accepted by the claimant in full satisfaction and in final settlement, including waiver of any claims against the War Damage Corporation, of claims for damage occurring in Guam, including claims of insured but excluding claims of subrogees, on account of damage to or loss or destruction of public property, both real and personal, or on account of damage to or loss or destruction of private property, both real and personal of residents of Guam, including claims for damage to or loss or destruction of personal property bailed to the Government and claims for damages incident to use and occupation of real property, whether under a lease, express or implied, or otherwise, when such damage, loss, or destruction is the result of or incident to hostilities or hostile occupation, or is caused by or incident to noncombat activities of the United States Army, Navy, or Marine Corps forces or individual members thereof, including military and civilian employees thereof, where the amount of such claim does not exceed $5,000: Provided, That no claim shall be considered by such commissions unless presented within one year after the occurrence of the accident or the incident or engagement out of which such claim arises, except that claims arising out of accidents, incidents, or engagements, after December 6, 1941, but prior to the first day of the month following enactment of this Act, may be presented at any time prior to the
expiration of one year after the latter date: Provided further, That any such settlements made by such commissions shall be subject to such regulations as the Secretary of the Navy may prescribe and may, in cases where the amount exceeds $2,500 but does not exceed $5,000, be subject to the approval of such commanding or other officer of the Navy or Marine Corps forces, as the Secretary of the Navy may prescribe; and the Secretary of the Navy shall have authority, if he deems any claim in excess of $5,000, or any claims for death or personal injury to residents of Guam arising under the conditions herein set forth as a basis for property damage claims, to be meritorious, to certify such amount as may be found to be just and reasonable thereon to Congress as a legal claim for payment out of appropriations that may be made by Congress therefor, together with a brief statement of the character of such claim, the amount claimed, and the amount allowed: Provided further, That no claim of any person who has voluntarily aided an enemy of the United States, or of any national of any country at war with the United States, or of any ally of such enemy country, except when the local military commander or his designee shall determine that such national was at the time of the damage or injury and still is friendly to the United States, shall be allowed under this Act: Provided further, That any such settlements made by such commissions under the authority of this Act be final and conclusive for all purposes, notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary.

SEC. 2. In the discretion of the Secretary of the Navy or his designees, settlements of claims under section 1 of this Act shall be made by reimbursement in kind from available Government property stores and services and/or out of the appropriation current at the time of settlement, for “Pay and subsistence of naval personnel”.

SEC. 3. Insofar as the claims of residents of Guam arising in Guam are concerned, this Act is in lieu of all other provisions of law authorizing settlement of war-damage claims by the agencies of the United States Government, but shall otherwise be supplementary to, and not in lieu of, all other provisions of law authorizing consideration, ascertainment, adjustment, determination, or payment of claims by the Secretary of the Navy.

SEC. 4. Claims of the type described in section 1 hereof on account of damage to or loss or destruction of property, both real and personal, or personal injury or death of any person, caused by Coast Guard forces, or individual members, including military personnel and civilian employees thereof, or otherwise incident to activities of such forces, arising at any time while the Coast Guard shall be operating as a part of the Navy may be considered, ascertained, adjusted, determined, and paid in the manner in this Act provided for the settlement of Navy and Marine Corps claims: Provided, That no claims on account of damage to or loss or destruction of property, or personal injury or death, caused by Coast Guard forces or individual members thereof, or otherwise incident to the activities of such forces, shall be considered, ascertained, adjusted, determined, or paid under the provisions of this Act at any time when the Coast Guard shall be operating under the Treasury Department.

SEC. 5. This Act shall not apply to claims of persons not permanent residents of Guam or to claims not arising in Guam.

Approved November 15, 1945.
AN ACT
November 15, 1945

To authorize the Secretary of the Navy to transfer land for resettlement in Guam, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That for the purpose of effecting the rehabilitation and resettlement of the residents of Guam, the Secretary of the Navy, or such officer as he may designate for such purpose and under such regulations as he may prescribe, is hereby authorized to transfer to the naval government of Guam, for transfer or sale by the naval government of Guam at its discretion, to such persons and upon such terms and conditions and at such times as it may determine to be suitable, in replacement of lands acquired for military or naval purposes in Guam, such lands owned by the United States in Guam as may be determined by the Secretary of the Navy, after consultation with the Secretary of War, not to be required for military or naval purposes.

Approved November 15, 1945.

AN ACT
November 21, 1945

To provide for the adjustment of the compensation of certain members or former members of the armed forces of the United States who, before the expiration of their terminal leave, have performed, or shall hereafter perform, civilian services for the United States, its Territories or possessions, or the District of Columbia, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act entitled "An Act making provisions for payment of employees of the United States Government, its Territories or possessions, or the District of Columbia, for accumulated or accrued annual leave when ordered to active duty with the military or naval forces of the United States", approved August 1, 1941, as amended April 7, 1942 (56 Stat. 200), is further amended by adding at the end thereof a new section as follows:

"SEC. 2. (a) Any person, who, subsequent to May 1, 1940, shall have performed active service in the armed forces, may, while on terminal leave pending separation from or release from active duty in such service under honorable conditions, enter or reenter employment of the Government of the United States, its Territories or possessions, or the District of Columbia (including any corporation created under authority of an Act of Congress which is either wholly controlled or wholly owned by the Government of the United States, or any department, agency, or establishment thereof, whether or not the employees thereof are paid from funds appropriated by Congress), and, in addition to compensation for such employment, shall be entitled to receive pay and allowances from the armed forces for the unexpired portion of such terminal leave at the same rates and to the same extent as if he had not entered or reentered such employment.

(b) Any such person who, prior to the date of enactment of this section, entered or reentered such employment without having used all accumulated and current accrued leave to which he would have been entitled as a result of such service had he not entered or reentered such employment, shall, upon application therefor filed with the Secretary of War, the Secretary of the Navy, the Secretary of Commerce, or the Federal Security Administrator, as the case may be, be entitled to be paid a lump sum equal in amount to the pay and allowances to which he would have been entitled while on
terminal leave for the unused portion of such accumulated and current accrued leave had he not entered or reentered such employment.

"(c) Any such person who, while on terminal leave from the armed forces, performed or shall hereafter perform services for the Government of the United States, its Territories or possessions, or the District of Columbia (including any corporation created under authority of an Act of Congress which is either wholly controlled or wholly owned by the Government of the United States, or any department, agency, or establishment thereof, whether or not the employees thereof are paid from funds appropriated by Congress), for which he would have been entitled to be paid had he regularly become employed or reemployed in a civilian position prior to performing such services, and had he not been receiving pay and allowances from the armed forces for the period during which such services were performed, shall, if he has not otherwise been compensated for such services, be entitled, upon application therefor filed with the General Accounting Office, or, in the case of a person performing such services for a Territory or possession, filed with the appropriate agency or officer of the Government of such Territory or possession, to be paid a lump sum equal in amount to the compensation he would have received for such services had he been regularly employed or reemployed and had he not been receiving pay and allowances from the armed forces.

"(d) Any such person who enters the employment of a State, or any political subdivision thereof, shall upon application therefor filed with the Secretary of War, the Secretary of the Navy, the Secretary of Commerce, or the Federal Security Administrator, as the case may be, be entitled to be paid a lump sum equal in amount to the pay and allowances to which he is entitled for the unused portion of his accumulated and current accrued leave.

"(e) No waiver effectuated prior to the date of enactment of this section of any right to receive any payment to which a person would otherwise be entitled under this section shall operate to deny such person entitlement to such payment.

"(f) As used in this section, the term 'armed forces' includes the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Coast Guard, the commissioned corps of the Public Health Service, and the commissioned corps of the Coast and Geodetic Survey, and their respective components."

Approved November 21, 1945.

[CHAPTER 490]

AN ACT
To amend section 342 (b) of the Nationality Act of 1940.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That subsection (b) of section 342 of the Nationality Act of 1940 (54 Stat. 1161; 8 U. S. C. 742) is hereby amended by adding the following paragraph at the end thereof:

"Notwithstanding the preceding provisions of this subsection, no fee shall be charged or collected for an application for a declaration of intention in lieu of a declaration alleged to have been lost, mutilated, or destroyed or for an application for a certificate of naturalization in lieu of a certificate alleged to have been lost, mutilated, or destroyed, submitted by a person who was a member of the military or naval forces of the United States at any time after April 20, 1898, and before July 5, 1902; or at any time after April 5, 1917, and before November 12, 1918; or who served on the Mexican border as a member of the Regular Army or National Guard between June
AN ACT

To provide for the appointment of additional cadets at the United States Military Academy, and additional midshipmen at the United States Naval Academy, from among the sons of persons who have been or shall hereafter be awarded the Congressional Medal of Honor.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the number of cadets authorized by law enacted prior to the enactment of this Act at the United States Military Academy, and the number of midshipmen authorized by law enacted prior to the enactment of this Act at the United States Naval Academy, are each hereby increased by such number as may be appointed by the President from the United States at large from among the sons of persons who have been or shall hereafter be awarded a Medal of Honor in the name of Congress for acts performed while in any of the armed forces of the United States: Provided, That all such appointees are otherwise qualified for admission.

Approved November 24, 1945.

AN ACT

Authorizing appointments to the United States Military Academy and the United States Naval Academy of sons of members of the land or naval forces of the United States who were killed in action or have died, or may hereafter die, of wounds or injuries received, or disease contracted, in active service during the present war, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the second paragraph of the Act of June 8, 1926 (44 Stat. 703, 704), as amended by the Act of December 1, 1942 (56 Stat. 1024), is amended to read as follows:

"The number of cadets now authorized by law at the United States Military Academy and the number of midshipmen now authorized by law at the United States Naval Academy are each hereby increased by forty from the United States at large, to be appointed by the President from among the sons of members of the land or naval forces (including male and female members of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, and Coast Guard, and of all components thereof) of the United States, who were killed in action or have died, or may hereafter die, of wounds or injuries received, or disease contracted, or preexisting injury or disease aggravated, in active service during World War I or World War II (as each is defined by laws providing service-connected compensation or pension benefits for veterans of World War I and World War II and their dependents): Provided, That the determination of the Veterans' Administration as to service connection of the cause of death shall be binding upon the Secretary..."
of War and the Secretary of the Navy, respectively; Provided further, That all such appointees are otherwise qualified for admission: And provided further, That appointees under this Act shall be selected in order of merit as established by competitive examination."

Approved November 24, 1945.

[CHAPTER 494]

AN ACT

To include stepparents, parents by adoption, and any person who has stood in loco parentis among those persons with respect to whom allowances may be paid under the Pay Readjustment Act of 1942, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 4 of the Pay Readjustment Act of 1942 (56 Stat. 361), as amended, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"As used in this section, the terms ‘father’, ‘mother’, ‘parent’, and ‘parents’ shall include a stepparent, a parent by adoption, and any person, including a former stepparent, who has stood in loco parentis to the person concerned at any time for a continuous period of not less than five years: Provided, That a stepparent-stepchild relationship shall be deemed to be terminated by the stepparent’s divorce from the blood parent."

Sec. 2. This Act shall become effective on the first day of the first calendar month occurring after its enactment. No pay or allowances for any period prior to the effective date of this Act shall accrue by reason of the enactment of this Act.

Approved November 24, 1945.

[CHAPTER 495]

AN ACT

To provide for the extension of certain oil and gas leases.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the last sentence in the first section of the Act entitled "An Act to grant a preference right to certain oil and gas leases", approved July 29, 1942, as amended, is hereby amended to read as follows: "The term of any five-year lease expiring prior to December 31, 1946, maintained in accordance with the applicable statutory requirements and regulations and for which no preference right to a new lease is granted by this section, is hereby extended to December 31, 1946."

Approved November 30, 1945.

[CHAPTER 496]

AN ACT

To amend section 4 of the Act entitled "An Act for the control of floods on the Mississippi River and its tributaries and for other purposes", approved May 15, 1928.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 4 of the Act entitled "An Act for the control of floods on the Mississippi River and its tributaries, and for other purposes", approved May 15, 1928 (45 Stat. 536; 33 U. S. C. 702d), is hereby amended by deleting the words "in all such proceedings the court, for the purpose of ascertaining the value of the property and assessing the compensation to be paid, shall appoint three commissioners, whose award, when confirmed by the court, shall be final", and substituting therefor the words, "In
November 30, 1945

[Public Law 233]

D. C. Code, amendment.

31 Stat. 1284.

Trustees of incorporated societies.

[CHAPTER 498] AN ACT

To amend the Code of Laws for the District of Columbia to authorize any corporation formed under authority of subchapter 3 of chapter 18 of such code to specify in its bylaws that a less number than a majority of its trustees may constitute a quorum for the transaction of the business of the corporation.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 601 of the Act entitled “An Act to establish a code of law for the District of Columbia”, approved March 3, 1901, as amended (D. C. Code, 1940 edition, sec. 29-603), is amended to read as follows:

“Sec. 601. Trustees.—Such incorporated society may elect its trustees, directors, or managers at such time and place and in such manner as may be specified in its bylaws, who shall have the control and management of the affairs and funds of the society, and a majority of whom shall be a quorum for the transaction of business, unless a less number be specified as a quorum in the bylaws; and whenever any vacancy shall happen in such board of trustees, directors, or managers the vacancies shall be filled in such manner as shall be provided by the bylaws of the society.”

Approved November 30, 1945.

November 30, 1945

[Public Law 234]

D. C. Code, amendment.

31 Stat. 1336.

Sale of small striped bass.

[CHAPTER 499] AN ACT

To amend the Code of Laws for the District of Columbia with respect to the making and publishing of annual reports by trust companies.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 730 of the Act entitled “An Act to establish a code of law for the District of

all such proceedings the practice, pleadings, forms, and modes of proceedings shall conform as near as may be to the practice, pleadings, forms, and proceedings existing at the time in like causes in the courts of record of the State within which such district court is held, any rule of the court to the contrary notwithstanding”.

Approved November 30, 1945.
Columbia", approved March 3, 1901, as amended (D. C. Code, 1940 edition, sec. 26-318), is amended by inserting before the period at the end thereof a colon and the following: “Provided, however, That trust companies which are required to file and to publish reports under the provisions of section 3211 of the Revised Statutes, as amended, shall not be required to make or publish the annual report required under this section”.

Approved November 30, 1945.

[CHAPTER 500]

AN ACT

To provide for the opening of a road within the boundaries of the District of Columbia Training School property in Anne Arundel County, Maryland.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Commissioners of the District of Columbia be, and they are hereby, authorized to convey to the State of Maryland the land and connections thereto necessary for use as a public thoroughfare through the District of Columbia Training School property in Anne Arundel County, Maryland, as shown on map numbered 3094, filed in the office of the Surveyor of the District of Columbia.

Sec. 2. The Commissioners of the District of Columbia are hereby further authorized to grant an easement to the State of Maryland over the land and connections thereto, abutting said thoroughfare for slopes made necessary by the construction of this roadway.

Approved November 30, 1945.

[CHAPTER 501]

JOINT RESOLUTION

Providing for the continuance of the tax-exempt status of certain property in the District of Columbia when used and occupied by any department, agency, or instrumentality of the United States of America or by the American Red Cross.

Whereas certain real property in the District of Columbia, including property belonging to the United States of America and other property belonging to various institutions, associations, societies, and so forth, is exempt from real-estate taxation; and

Whereas in times of national stress it is necessary for the United States of America and its various instrumentalities to use and occupy additional space necessary for the proper execution of their enlarged functions: Therefore be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the use and occupancy of real property in the District of Columbia by any department, agency, or instrumentality of the United States of America, or by the American Red Cross, on a basis which does not result in the receipt of rent or income to the owner thereof within the meaning of section 2 of the Act of December 24, 1942 (56 Stat. 1089), shall not operate to terminate the tax-exempt status of such property if exempted from taxation prior to such use and occupancy; and, further, that any taxes, penalties, or interest which may be due by reason of such change in the use and occupancy of such property and unpaid when this joint resolution shall be approved by the President shall be abated: Provided, That nothing herein contained shall be construed as authorizing any refund of any taxes, penalties, or interest heretofore paid.

Approved November 30, 1945.
To establish the status of funds and employees of the midshipmen's store at the United States Naval Academy.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all funds collected from the operations of the midshipmen's store at the United States Naval Academy are appropriated for the purpose of providing and maintaining the necessary service and shall hereafter be accounted for as public moneys.

SEC. 2. All employees of such midshipmen's store, whether heretofore paid from appropriated moneys or from receipts of the midshipmen's store, shall hereafter be deemed to be Government employees entitled to all benefits and subject to all restrictions arising under the laws of the United States applicable to civil-service employees of their grade and class. All employees of said midshipmen's store on the effective date of this Act shall be entitled to claim credit for prior employment in said store for purposes of any benefits to which they may be entitled under the laws of the United States, and no such employee shall suffer, by virtue of being placed in the status of a civil-service employee by this Act, a reduction in total pay below that being received by him on the effective date of this Act.

Approved December 3, 1945.

To exempt Navy or Coast Guard vessels of special construction from the requirements as to the number, position, range of visibility of lights, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That any requirement as to the number, position, range of visibility, or arc of visibility of lights required to be displayed by vessels under the Act of Congress approved August 19, 1890 (title 33, U. S. C., secs. 61-141), entitled "An Act to adopt regulations for preventing collisions at sea"; or the Act of Congress approved June 7, 1897 (title 33, U. S. C., secs. 154-231), entitled "An Act to adopt regulations for preventing collision upon certain harbors, rivers, and inland waters of the United States"; or the Act of Congress approved February 8, 1895 (title 33, U. S. C., secs. 241-294), entitled "An Act to regulate navigation on the Great Lakes and their connecting and tributary waters"; or the Act of Congress approved August 19, 1890 (title 33, U. S. C., secs. 301-351), entitled "An Act to adopt special rules for the navigation of harbors, rivers, and inland waters of the United States, except the Great Lakes and their connecting and tributary waters as far east as Montreal, supplementary to the Act of August nineteenth, eighteen hundred and ninety, entitled 'An Act to adopt regulations for preventing collisions at Sea'”; and all laws amendatory thereto, shall not apply to any vessel of the Navy or of the Coast Guard, where the Secretary of the Navy, or the Secretary of the Treasury in the case of Coast Guard vessels operating under the Treasury Department, or such official or officials as either may designate, shall find or certify that, by reason of special construction, it is not possible with respect to such vessel or class of vessels to comply with the statutory provisions as to the number, position, range of visibility, or arc of visibility of lights. The lights of any such exempted vessel or class of vessels shall, however, comply...
as closely to the requirements of the applicable statutes as the Secretary shall find to be feasible.

Sec. 2. When the Secretary of the Navy or the Secretary of the Treasury, or such official or officials as either may designate, shall make any finding or certification as prescribed in section 1, notice of such finding or certification and the character and position of the lights to be displayed on such vessel shall be published in "Notice to Mariners".

Sec. 3. This Act shall expire on June 30, 1948.

Approved December 3, 1945.

[CHAPTER 512]
AN ACT
Authorizing payments of rewards to postal employees for inventions.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Postmaster General is authorized, under such rules and regulations as he may prescribe, to pay a cash reward for any invention, suggestion, or series of suggestions submitted by one or more employees of the Post Office Department or the Postal Service, which will clearly effect a material economy or increase efficiency in the administration or operation of the Post Office Department or the Postal Service, and which has been adopted for use.

The total amount of rewards made under this Act in any one fiscal year shall not exceed $25,000 and the amount so paid for any one invention, suggestion, or series of suggestions shall not exceed $1,000.

Rewards made under this Act shall be paid out of the appropriation for the postal activity primarily benefiting, or may be distributed among appropriations for postal activities benefiting, as the Postmaster General may determine. Payments shall be in addition to the regular compensation of the employee receiving the reward. No employee shall be paid a reward under this Act until he has properly executed an agreement to the effect that the use by the United States of the invention, suggestion, or series of suggestions made by him shall not form the basis of a further claim of any nature upon the United States by him, his heirs, or assigns.

Approved December 3, 1945.

[CHAPTER 513]
AN ACT
To provide that veterans may obtain copies of public records in the District of Columbia, without the payment of any fees, for use in presenting claims to the Veterans' Administration.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That when a copy of any public record of the District of Columbia is required by the Veterans' Administration to be used in determining the eligibility of any person to participate in benefits made available by the Veterans' Administration, the official custodian of such public record shall without charge provide the applicant for such benefits or any person (including any veterans' organization) acting on his behalf or the authorized representative of the Veterans' Administration with a certified copy of such record.

Approved December 3, 1945.
December 3, 1945
[Public Law 239]

D. C. Emergency Rent Act, extension.

55 Stat. 788.

[CHAPTER 514] AN ACT

To extend for the period of one year the provisions of the District of Columbia Emergency Rent Act, approved December 2, 1941, as amended.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act entitled "An Act to regulate rents in the District of Columbia, and for other purposes," approved December 2, 1941, as amended, is further amended by striking in section 1 (b) thereof the figure "1945" and inserting in lieu thereof "1946".

Approved December 3, 1945.

[CHAPTER 515] AN ACT

To amend section 3646 of the Revised Statutes, as amended, relating to the issuance of checks in replacement of lost, stolen, destroyed, mutilated, or defaced checks of the United States, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 3646 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, as amended (U. S. C., title 31, sec. 528), is further amended to read as follows:

"(a) Except as hereinafter provided, whenever it is clearly proved to the satisfaction of the Secretary of the Treasury that any original check of the United States is lost, stolen, or wholly or partly destroyed, or is so mutilated or defaced as to impair its value to its owner or holder, the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized, before the close of the fiscal year following the fiscal year in which the original check was issued to transfer the amount of the original check from the account of the drawer to a special deposit account carried in the name of the Secretary of the Treasury on the books of the Treasurer of the United States, and to issue against such special deposit account to the owner or holder thereof a substitute under current date showing such information as may be necessary to identify the original check, upon the receipt and approval by the Secretary of the Treasury of an undertaking to indemnify the United States, in such form and amount and with such surety, sureties, or security, if any, as the Secretary of the Treasury may require; but no such substitute shall be payable if the original check shall first have been paid: Provided, That nothing herein contained shall be deemed to relieve any certifying officer or his sureties or any disbursing officer or his sureties of any liability to the United States on account of any payment resulting from the erroneous issuance of the original check: And provided further, That the authority herein conferred to issue substitute checks may, in the case of checks issued on account of public-debt obligations and transactions regarding the administration of banking and currency laws, be exercised without limitation of time.

"(b) An undertaking of indemnity shall not be required under subsection (a) of this section in any of the following classes of cases except as provided in this subsection: (1) If the Secretary of the Treasury is satisfied that the loss, theft, destruction, mutilation, or defacement, as the case may be, occurred without fault of the owner or holder and while the check was in the custody or control of the United States (including the postal service when carrying mail for any officer, employee, agent, or agency of the United States when performing services in connection with an official function of the United States, but not including the postal service when otherwise acting solely in its capacity as a public carrier of the mail), or of a
person thereunto duly authorized as lawful agent of the United States, or while it was in the course of shipment effected pursuant to and in accordance with the regulations issued under the provisions of the Government Losses in Shipment Act; (2) if substantially the entire check is presented and surrendered by the owner or holder and the Secretary of the Treasury is satisfied as to the identity of the check presented and that any missing portions are not sufficient to form the basis of a valid claim against the United States; (3) if the Secretary of the Treasury is satisfied that the original check is not negotiable and cannot be made the basis of a valid claim against the United States; (4) if the amount of the check is not more than $200; (5) if the owner or holder is the United States or an officer or employee thereof in his official capacity, a State, the District of Columbia, a Territory or possession of the United States, including the Commonwealth of the Philippine Islands, a municipal corporation or political subdivision of any of the foregoing, a corporation, the whole of whose capital is owned by the United States, a foreign government, or a Federal Reserve bank: Provided, however, That in any of the foregoing classes of cases the Secretary of the Treasury may require an undertaking of indemnity if he deems it essential to the public interest.

"(c) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (a) and (b) of this section whenever it is clearly proved to the satisfaction of the Secretary of the Treasury that any original check of the United States drawn on a depositary in a foreign country or a Territory or possession of the United States, including the Panama Canal Zone and the Philippine Islands, is lost, stolen, or wholly or partly destroyed, or is so mutilated or defaced as to impair its value to its owner or holder, the drawer of the original check or such other officer or employee of the United States as may be authorized by the Secretary of the Treasury with the concurrence of the head of the department or agency upon whose behalf the original check was issued is authorized, before the close of the fiscal year following the fiscal year in which the original check was issued, to issue to the owner or holder thereof a substitute under current date showing such information as may be necessary to identify the original check, drawn against the account of the drawer of the original check or such other account as may be available for the payment of such substitute, upon the receipt and approval by the Secretary of the Treasury of an undertaking, to indemnify the United States, in such form and amount and with such surety, sureties, or security, if any, as the Secretary of the Treasury may require; but no such substitute shall be payable if the original check shall first have been paid. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to relieve any certifying officer or his sureties or any disbursing officer or his sureties of any liability to the United States on account of any payment resulting from the erroneous issuance of the original check.

"(d) The Secretary of the Treasury shall have the power to make such rules and regulations as he may deem necessary for the administration of the provisions of this section.

"(e) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (a), (b), (c), and (d) of this section, whenever any original check of the Post Office Department has been lost, stolen, or destroyed, the Postmaster General may authorize the issuance of a substitute, marked 'duplicate' and showing the number, date, and payee of the original check, before the close of the fiscal year following the fiscal year in which the original check was issued, upon the execution by the owner thereof of such bond of indemnity as the Postmaster General may prescribe: Provided, That when such original check does not exceed in amount...
the sum of $100 and the payee or owner is, at the date of the application, an officer or employee in the service of the Post Office Department, whether by contract, designation, or appointment, the Postmaster General may, in lieu of an indemnity bond, authorize the issuance of a substitute check or warrant upon such an affidavit as he may prescribe, to be made before any postmaster by the payee or owner of an original check.

“(f) Substitutes issued under this section, drawn on the Treasurer of the United States, except those for checks issued on account of public-debt obligations and transactions regarding the administration of banking and currency laws, shall be deemed to be original checks and shall be payable under the conditions set forth in section 21 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934 (U. S. C., title 31, sec. 7254). Substitutes for checks issued on account of public-debt obligations and transactions regarding the administration of banking and currency laws shall be payable without limitation of time.

“Original check.”

“(g) The term ‘original check’ wherever used in this section means any check, warrant, or other order for the payment of money, payable upon demand and not bearing interest, drawn by a duly authorized officer or agent of the United States, the District of Columbia, or the District Unemployment Compensation Board, on their behalf against an account or funds of the United States, the District of Columbia, or the District Unemployment Compensation Board, including instruments issued by any corporation or other entity owned or controlled by the United States, the funds of which are deposited and covered into the Treasury of the United States or deposited with the Treasurer of the United States, but does not include money, coins, or currency of the United States; as used in subsection (e) of this section it means such an instrument drawn by a duly authorized officer or employee of the Post Office Department.

“Delegation of authority.

“(h) Any power, authority, or discretion conferred upon the Secretary of the Treasury by this section may be delegated by him, in whole or in part, subject to such terms and conditions as he may prescribe, to such individuals as he may designate within the Treasury Department or to the head of any other department or agency of the Government or of any Federal Reserve bank, and the head of such department or agency or Federal Reserve bank may, when such action is not inconsistent with the terms and conditions of the delegation by the Secretary of the Treasury, redelegate any power, authority, or discretion conferred upon him pursuant to this subsection to any officer or employee within such department, agency, or Federal Reserve bank.”

Sec. 2. Sections 300 and 3647 of the Revised Statutes, as amended (U. S. C., title 31, sec. 119), are hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. This Act shall become effective on December 1, 1945.

Approved December 3, 1945.

[CHAPTER 516] AN ACT

To adjust the pay and allowances of members of the Navy Nurse Corps, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That during the effective period as defined in section 4 hereof, (a) each member of the Navy Nurse Corps shall receive the same pay, money allowances for subsistence and for rental of quarters, mileage and other travel allow-
ances, that are now or may hereafter be prescribed by law for officers of the Regular Navy of corresponding rank and length of service, which shall include, on and after October 1, 1944, all allowances and benefits on account of dependents as provided in section 4 of the Pay Readjustment Act of 1942, as amended.

(b) In computing the service for all pay purposes of members of the Navy Nurse Corps, such persons shall be credited with full time for all periods during which they held appointments as nurses or commissions in the Army Nurse Corps or the Navy Nurse Corps.

Sec. 2. (a) Each member of the Navy Nurse Corps who hereafter is retired by reason of physical disability incurred in the line of duty shall, if the proceedings resulting in retirement be instituted prior to the expiration of the effective period as defined in section 4 hereof, be entitled to retired pay at the rate of 75 per centum of the active-duty pay of the rank in which serving, under temporary or permanent appointment, when such disability was incurred, computed as provided in this Act.

(b) Each member of the Navy Nurse Corps who, subsequent to December 22, 1942, and prior to the date of enactment of this Act, has been retired for physical disability incurred in the line of duty, beginning on the first day of the first month next following the date of enactment of this Act, be entitled to retired pay at the rate of 75 per centum of the active-duty pay to which she would have been entitled at the time her disability was incurred had her active-duty pay and allowances at such time been computed as provided in section 1 of this Act.

Sec. 3. The provisions of this Act shall apply equally to Naval Reserve members of the Navy Nurse Corps while employed on active duty.

Sec. 4. The effective period as used herein shall mean the period beginning on July 10, 1944 (except as otherwise specified in section 2 and except that no allowances or benefits under any section of this Act on account of dependents for any period prior to October 1, 1944, shall accrue by reason of the enactment of this Act), and ending six months after the termination of the present war as declared by Presidential proclamation or by concurrent resolution of the Congress, whichever shall first occur.

Sec. 5. No person, active or retired, in the naval service shall suffer, by reason of this Act, any reduction in pay, allowances, or retirement benefits to which she was entitled upon the date of enactment of this Act.

Approved December 3, 1945.

[CHAPTER 554]

AN ACT

To amend article 6 of the Articles for the Government of the Navy.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That article 6 of the Articles for the Government of the Navy (Revised Statutes, sec. 1624, art. 6) is amended and reenacted to read as follows:

Arr. 6. If any person subject to the Articles for the Government of the Navy commits the crime of murder without the territorial jurisdiction of any particular State, or the District of Columbia, he may be tried by court martial and punished with death.

Approved December 4, 1945.
AN ACT

To provide for the compromise and settlement by the Secretary of the Navy of certain claims for damage to property under the jurisdiction of the Navy Department, to provide for the execution of releases by the Secretary of the Navy upon payment of such claims, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy is hereby authorized to consider, ascertain, adjust, determine, compromise, or settle claims for damage cognizable in admiralty in a district court of the United States and all claims for damage caused by a vessel or floating object, to property of the United States under the jurisdiction of the Navy Department or property for which the Navy Department may have assumed, by contract or otherwise, any obligation to respond for damage thereto. The Secretary of the Navy is further authorized to receive in payment of any such claim the amount due the United States pursuant to determination, compromise, or settlement as herein authorized and, upon acceptance of such payment but not until then, such determination, settlement, or compromise of such claim shall be final and conclusive for all purposes, any law to the contrary notwithstanding. All such payments shall be covered into the Treasury of the United States, as miscellaneous receipts. The Secretary of the Navy is further authorized to execute on behalf of the United States and to deliver in exchange for such payment a full release of such claim: Provided, That this section, as respects the determination, compromise, settlement, and payment of claims, shall be supplementary to, and not in lieu of, all other provisions of law authorizing the determination, compromise, or settlement of claims for damage to property hereinabove described: Provided further, That no settlement or compromise where there is involved a payment in the net amount of over $1,000,000 shall be authorized by this Act.

SEC. 2. Within twenty days after receipt of a payment in a net amount exceeding $3,000 due the United States pursuant to determination, compromise, or settlement of any claim under section 1 of this Act, the Secretary of the Navy shall file reports with the Committees on Naval Affairs of the Senate and House of Representatives, setting forth the nature of the claim; the vessel or vessels involved; the amount received; the basis of determination, compromise, or settlement; and other pertinent facts: Provided, That during any war the reports required under this section may omit any fact or facts, disclosure of which, in the opinion of the Secretary, would be prejudicial to the national security.

PENDING SUITS.

This Act shall not apply to any claim for which a suit filed by or against the United States is pending.

Approved December 5, 1945.

AN ACT

Granting travel pay and other allowances to certain soldiers of the War with Spain and the Philippine Insurrection who were discharged in the Philippine Islands.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That any person who either enlisted in the Regular Army in the year 1898 under special Act of Congress for the duration of the War with Spain or enlisted or reenlisted in the Regular Army during such war for the regular enlistment period but secured his discharge under General Orders, Num-
bored 40, issued at the Headquarters of the Army, Adjutant General's Office, Washington, May 10, 1898, and who (1) was honorably discharged from such enlistment while serving in the Philippine Islands, (2) did not there reenter the military or naval service of the United States through commission or enlistment, and (3) embarked at Manila within one year after such discharge for return to the United States, shall be allowed and paid the sum of $75 as reimbursement for lodging and subsistence in the Philippine Islands for the period during which he awaited transportation by Government transport, and, in addition, travel pay and commutation of subsistence, for the distance from Manila, Philippine Islands, to San Francisco, California, at the rate of travel pay and commutation of subsistence allowed to soldiers of the Regular Army honorably discharged on expiration of enlistment, under section 1290 of the Revised Statutes, in effect at the time of such discharge, less any sum or sums of money actually paid by the Government to such person at the time of such discharge, or subsequent thereto, and transportation and subsistence between such places: Provided, That such payments shall be without interest.

SEC. 2. Claims hereunder shall be settled in the General Accounting Office.

SEC. 3. The Comptroller General is authorized and directed to certify to the Congress, pursuant to the provisions of section 2 of the Act of July 7, 1884 (U. S. C., title 5, sec. 266), all claims allowed hereunder.

SEC. 4. Application for the benefits of this Act shall be filed within three years after the date of its passage.

SEC. 5. Payment to any attorney or agent for such assistance as may be required in the preparation and execution of the necessary papers in any application under this Act shall not exceed the sum of $10; any person collecting or attempting to collect a greater amount than is herein allowed shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished by a fine of not more than $500 or by imprisonment for not more than two years, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

SEC. 6. There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this Act.

Approved December 5, 1945.

[CHAPTER 557] AN ACT
To provide for financial control of Government corporations.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the “Government Corporation Control Act”.

DECLARATION OF POLICY

SEC. 2. It is hereby declared to be the policy of the Congress to bring Government corporations and their transactions and operations under annual scrutiny by the Congress and provide current financial control thereof.

TITLE I—WHOLLY OWNED GOVERNMENT CORPORATIONS

SEC. 101. As used in this Act the term “wholly owned Government corporation” means the Commodity Credit Corporation; Federal Intermediate Credit Banks; Production Credit Corporations; Regional Agricultural Credit Corporations; Farmers Home Corporation; Federal Crop Insurance Corporation; Federal Farm Mortgage
Corporation; Federal Surplus Commodities Corporation; Reconstruction Finance Corporation; Defense Plant Corporation; Defense Supplies Corporation; Metals Reserve Company; Rubber Reserve Company; War Damage Corporation; Federal National Mortgage Association; the RFC Mortgage Company; Disaster Loan Corporation; Inland Waterways Corporation; Warrior River Terminal Company; The Virgin Islands Company; Federal Prison Industries, Incorporated; United States Spruce Production Corporation; Institute of Inter-American Affairs; Institute of Inter-American Transportation; Inter-American Educational Foundation, Incorporated; Inter-American Navigation Corporation; Precinradio, Incorporated; Cargoes, Incorporated; Export-Import Bank of Washington; Petroleum Reserves Corporation; Rubber Development Corporation; U. S. Commercial Company; Smaller War Plants Corporation; Federal Public Housing Authority (or United States Housing Authority) and including public housing projects financed from appropriated funds and operations thereof; Defense Homes Corporation; Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation; Home Owners’ Loan Corporation; United States Housing Corporation; Panama Railroad Company; Tennessee Valley Authority; and Tennessee Valley Associated Cooperatives, Incorporated.

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Legislation.

Financing authorized activities, etc.

Sec. 102. Each wholly owned Government corporation shall cause to be prepared annually a budget program, which shall be submitted to the President through the Bureau of the Budget on or before September 15 of each year. The Bureau of the Budget, under such rules and regulations as the President may establish, is authorized and directed to prescribe the form and content of, and the manner in which such budget program shall be prepared and presented. The budget program shall be a business-type budget, or plan of operations, with due allowance given to the need for flexibility, including provision for emergencies and contingencies, in order that the corporation may properly carry out its activities as authorized by law. The budget program shall contain estimates of the financial condition and operations of the corporation for the current and ensuing fiscal years and the actual condition and results of operation for the last completed fiscal year. Such budget program shall include a statement of financial condition, a statement of income and expense, an analysis of surplus or deficit, a statement of sources and application of funds, and such other supplementary statements and information as are necessary or desirable to make known the financial condition and operations of the corporation. Such statements shall include estimates of operations by major types of activities, together with estimates of administrative expenses, estimates of borrowings, and estimates of the amount of Government capital funds which shall be returned to the Treasury during the fiscal year or the appropriations required to provide for the restoration of capital impairments.

Sec. 103. The budget programs of the corporations as modified, amended, or revised by the President shall be transmitted to the Congress as a part of the annual Budget required by the Budget and Accounting Act, 1921. Amendments to the annual budget programs may be submitted from time to time.

Budget programs shall be submitted for all wholly owned Government corporations covering operations for the fiscal year commencing July 1, 1946, and each fiscal year thereafter.

Sec. 104. The budget programs transmitted by the President to the Congress shall be considered and, if necessary, legislation shall be enacted making available such funds or other financial resources as the Congress may determine. The provisions of this section shall not
be construed as preventing wholly owned Government corporations from carrying out and financing their activities as authorized by existing law, nor shall any provisions of this section be construed as affecting in any way the provisions of section 26 of the Tennessee Valley Authority Act, as amended. The provisions of this section shall not be construed as affecting the existing authority of any wholly owned Government corporation to make contracts or other commitments without reference to fiscal-year limitations.

Sec. 105. The financial transactions of wholly owned Government corporations shall be audited by the General Accounting Office in accordance with the principles and procedures applicable to commercial corporate transactions and under such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the Comptroller General of the United States: Provided, That such rules and regulations may provide for the retention in the offices of such corporations, in whole or in part, of any accounts of accountable officers, covering corporate financial transactions, which are required by existing law to be settled and adjusted in the General Accounting Office, and for the settlement and adjustment of such accounts in whole or in part upon the basis of examinations in the course of the audit herein provided, but nothing in this proviso shall be construed as affecting the powers reserved to the Tennessee Valley Authority in the Act of November 21, 1941 (55 Stat. 775). The audit shall be conducted at the place or places where the accounts of the respective corporations are normally kept. The representatives of the General Accounting Office shall have access to all books, accounts, financial records, reports, files, and all other papers, things, or property belonging to or in use by the respective corporations and necessary to facilitate the audit, and they shall be afforded full facilities for verifying transactions with the balances or securities held by depositaries, fiscal agents, and custodians. The audit shall begin with the first fiscal year commencing after the enactment of this Act.

Sec. 106. A report of each such audit for each fiscal year ending on June 30 shall be made by the Comptroller General to the Congress not later than January 15 following the close of the fiscal year for which such audit is made. The report shall set forth the scope of the audit and shall include a statement (showing intercorporate relations) of assets and liabilities, capital and surplus or deficit; a statement of surplus or deficit analysis; a statement of income and expense; a statement of sources and application of funds; and such comments and information as may be deemed necessary to keep Congress informed of the operations and financial condition of the several corporations, together with such recommendations with respect thereto as the Comptroller General may deem advisable, including a report of any impairment of capital noted in the audit and recommendations for the return of such Government capital or the payment of such dividends as, in his judgment, should be accomplished. The report shall also show specifically any program, expenditure, or other financial transaction or undertaking observed in the course of the audit, which, in the opinion of the Comptroller General, has been carried on or made without authority of law. A copy of each report shall be furnished to the President, to the Secretary of the Treasury, and to the corporation concerned at the time submitted to the Congress.

Sec. 107. Whenever it is deemed by the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, with the approval of the President, to be practicable and in the public interest that any wholly owned Government corporation be treated with respect to its appropriations, expenditures, receipts, accounting, and other fiscal matters as if it were a Government
agency other than a corporation, the Director shall include in connection with the budget program of such corporation in the Budget a recommendation to that effect. If the Congress approves such recommendation in connection with the budget program for any fiscal year, such corporation, with respect to subsequent fiscal years, shall be regarded as an establishment other than a corporation for the purposes of the Budget and Accounting Act, 1921, and other provisions of law relating to appropriations, expenditures, receipts, accounts, and other fiscal matters, and shall not be subject to the provisions of this Act other than this section. The corporate entity shall not be affected by this section.

TITLE II—MIXED-OWNERSHIP GOVERNMENT CORPORATIONS

SEC. 201. As used in this Act the term “mixed-ownership Government corporations” means (1) the Central Bank for Cooperatives and the Regional Banks for Cooperatives, (2) Federal Land Banks, (3) Federal Home Loan Banks, and (4) Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

SEC. 202. The financial transactions of mixed-ownership Government corporations for any period during which Government capital has been invested therein shall be audited by the General Accounting Office in accordance with the principles and procedures applicable to commercial corporate transactions and under such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the Comptroller General of the United States. The audit shall be conducted at the place or places where the accounts of the respective corporations are normally kept. The representatives of the General Accounting Office shall have access to all books, accounts, financial records, reports, files, and all other papers, things, or property belonging to or in use by the respective corporations and necessary to facilitate the audit, and they shall be afforded full facilities for verifying transactions with the balances or securities held by depositaries, fiscal agents, and custodians. The audit shall begin with the first fiscal year commencing after the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 203. A report of each such audit for each fiscal year ending on June 30 shall be made by the Comptroller General to the Congress not later than January 15, following the close of the fiscal year for which such audit is made. The report shall set forth the scope of the audit and shall include a statement (showing intercorporate relations) of assets and liabilities, capital and surplus or deficit; a statement of surplus or deficit analysis; a statement of income and expense; a statement of sources and application of funds; and such comments and information as may be deemed necessary to keep Congress informed of the operations and financial condition of, and the use of Government capital by, each such corporation, together with such recommendations with respect thereto as the Comptroller General may deem advisable, including a report of any impairment of capital or lack of sufficient capital noted in the audit and recommendations for the return of such Government capital or the payment of such dividends as, in his judgment, should be accomplished. The report shall also show specifically any program, expenditure, or other financial transaction or undertaking observed in the course of the audit, which, in the opinion of the Comptroller General, has been carried on or made without authority of law. A copy of each report shall be furnished to the President, to the Secretary of the Treasury, and to the corporation concerned at the time submitted to the Congress.
SEC. 204. The President shall include in the annual Budget any recommendations he may wish to make as to the return of Government capital to the Treasury by any mixed-ownership corporation.

TITLE III—GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 301. (a) The expenses of auditing the financial transactions of wholly owned and mixed-ownership Government corporations as provided in sections 105 and 202 of this Act shall be borne out of appropriations to the General Accounting Office, and appropriations in such sums as may be necessary are hereby authorized: Provided, That each such corporation shall reimburse the General Accounting Office for the full cost of any such audit as billed therefor by the Comptroller General, and the General Accounting Office shall deposit the sums so reimbursed into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts: Provided further, That in making the audits provided in said sections the Comptroller General shall, to the fullest extent deemed by him to be practicable, utilize reports of examinations of Government corporations made by a supervising administrative agency pursuant to law.

(b) For the purpose of conducting such audit the Comptroller General is authorized in his discretion to employ not more than ten persons without regard to the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, only one of whom may be compensated at a rate of as much as but not more than $10,000 per annum, and to employ by contract, without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes, personal services of firms and organizations for temporary periods or for special purposes.

(c) The audit provided in sections 105 and 202 of this Act shall be in lieu of any audit of the financial transactions of any Government corporation required to be made by the General Accounting Office for the purpose of a report to the Congress or to the President under any existing law.

(d) Unless otherwise expressly provided by law, no funds of any Government corporation shall be used to pay the cost of any private audit of the financial records of the offices of such corporation, except the cost of such audits contracted for and undertaken prior to April 25, 1945.

SEC. 302. The banking or checking accounts of all wholly owned and mixed-ownership Government corporations shall be kept with the Treasurer of the United States, or, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, with a Federal Reserve bank, or with a bank designated as a depositary or fiscal agent of the United States: Provided, That the Secretary of the Treasury may waive the requirements of this section under such conditions as he may determine: And provided further, That this section will not apply to the establishment and maintenance in any bank for a temporary period of banking and checking accounts not in excess of $50,000 in any one bank. The provisions of this section shall not be applicable to Federal Intermediate Credit Banks, Production Credit Corporations, the Central Bank for Cooperatives, the Regional Banks for Cooperatives, or the Federal Land Banks, except that each such corporation shall be required to report annually to the Secretary of the Treasury the names of the depositaries in which such corporation keeps a banking or checking account, and the Secretary of the Treasury may make a report in writing to the corporation, to the President, and to the Congress which he deems advisable upon receipt of any such annual report.

SEC. 303. (a) All bonds, notes, debentures, and other similar obligations which are hereafter issued by any wholly owned or mixed-
ownership Government corporation and offered to the public shall be in such forms and denominations, shall have such maturities, shall bear such rates of interest, shall be subject to such terms and conditions, shall be issued in such manner and at such times and sold at such prices as have been or as may be approved by the Secretary of the Treasury.

(b) Hereafter, no wholly owned or mixed-ownership Government corporation shall sell or purchase any direct obligation of the United States or obligation guaranteed as to principal or interest, or both, for its own account and in its own right and interest, at any one time aggregating in excess of $100,000, without the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury: Provided, That the Secretary of the Treasury may waive the requirement of his approval with respect to any transaction or classes of transactions subject to the provisions of this subsection for such period of time and under such conditions as he may determine.

(c) The Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to exercise any of the functions vested in him by this section through any officer, or employee of any Federal agency whom he may designate, with the concurrence of the head of the agency concerned, for such purpose.

(d) Any mixed-ownership Government corporation from which Government capital has been entirely withdrawn shall not be subject to the provisions of section 302 or of this section during the period such corporation remains without Government capital. The provisions of subsections (a) and (b) of this section shall not be applicable to Federal Intermediate Credit Banks, Production Credit Corporations, the Central Bank for Cooperatives, the Regional Banks for Cooperatives, or the Federal Land Banks, except that each such corporation shall be required to consult with the Secretary of the Treasury prior to taking any action of the kind covered by the provisions of subsections (a) and (b) of this section, and in the event an agreement is not reached, the Secretary of the Treasury may make a report in writing to the corporation, to the President, and to the Congress stating the grounds for his disagreement.

SEC. 304. (a) No corporation shall be created, organized, or acquired hereafter by any officer or agency of the Federal Government or by any Government corporation for the purpose of acting as an agency or instrumentality of the United States, except by Act of Congress or pursuant to an Act of Congress specifically authorizing such action.

(b) No wholly owned Government corporation created by or under the laws of any State, Territory, or possession of the United States or any political subdivision thereof, or under the laws of the District of Columbia, shall continue after June 30, 1948, as an agency or instrumentality of the United States, and no funds of, or obtained from, the United States or any agency thereof, including corporations, shall be invested in or employed by any such corporation after that date, except for purposes of liquidation. The proper corporate authority of every such corporation shall take the necessary steps to institute dissolution or liquidation proceedings on or before that date: Provided, That prior thereto any such corporation may be reincorporated by Act of Congress for such purposes and term of existence and with such powers, privileges, and duties as authorized by such Act, including the power to take over the assets and assume the liabilities of its respective predecessor corporation.

Approved December 6, 1945.
[CHAPTER 558]

AN ACT

Relating to clerical assistance at post offices, branches, or stations serving military and naval personnel, and for other purposes

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act of July 9, 1943 (57 Stat. 391), entitled "An Act to provide for clerical assistance at post offices, branches, or stations serving military and naval personnel, and for other purposes", is hereby amended to read as follows:

"That, during the present war and for six months thereafter, whenever deemed necessary in serving military and naval personnel at military and naval camps, posts, or stations, or at civilian plants devoted to war production, the Postmaster General is hereby authorized to detail any postal employee from main post offices to postal units, at such camps, posts, or stations, or civilian plants, without changing the official station of such postal employee, and to authorize allowances, not exceeding $4 per day in lieu of actual expenses, while so detailed, without regard to the Subsistence Expense Act of 1926, such allowances to be paid from the appropriation 'Miscellaneous items, first- and second-class post offices'.

"Sec. 2. The Comptroller General of the United States is authorized and directed to allow credit for any payments made prior to July 9, 1943, not exceeding the allowances herein provided, to the employees so detailed."

Approved December 7, 1945.

[CHAPTER 559]

AN ACT

To authorize the head of the postgraduate school of the United States Navy to confer masters and doctors degrees in engineering and related fields.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, pursuant to such regulations as the Secretary of the Navy may prescribe, the head of the postgraduate school of the United States Navy is authorized, upon due accreditation from time to time by the appropriate professional authority of the applicable curriculum of such school leading to masters or doctors degrees in engineering or related fields, to confer such degree or degrees on qualified graduates of such school.

Approved December 7, 1945.

[CHAPTER 560]

AN ACT

To amend the Act entitled "An Act authorizing the Postmaster General to adjust certain claims of postmasters for loss by burglary, fire, or other unavoidable casualty", approved March 17, 1882, as amended.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act entitled "An Act authorizing the Postmaster General to adjust certain claims of postmasters for loss by burglary, fire, or other unavoidable casualty", approved March 17, 1882 (22 Stat. 29), as amended (U. S. C., 1940 edition, title 39, sec. 49), be, and it is hereby, amended to read as follows:

"The Postmaster General may investigate all claims of postmasters, Navy mail clerks, assistant Navy mail clerks, Coast Guard mail clerks, assistant Coast Guard mail clerks, Army mail clerks, and
assistant Army mail clerks for the loss of any funds or valuable paper which they may have in their official custody, resulting from burglary, fire, or other unavoidable casualty, and for the loss occurring after April 1, 1924, by bank failure of any such funds deposited in National or State banks, and if he shall determine that such loss resulted from no fault or negligence on the part of such officers or employees, may pay to them or credit them with the amount so ascertained to have been lost or destroyed, and may also credit them with the amount of any remittance of such funds or valuable paper made by them in compliance with the instructions of the Postmaster General, which shall have been lost or stolen while in transit by mail to the office designated as a depository, or after arrival at such depository office and before the postmaster at such depository office has become responsible therefor, or to the postmaster at any other post office, and authorized shipments of postage and other stamp stock or valuable paper lost while in transit by mail from one such officer or employee to another such officer or employee, or to or from the Post Office Department, and such funds remitted after April 1, 1924, in compliance with instructions of the Postmaster General in the form of drafts or checks which have been returned unpaid or dishonored by reason of the closing of the banks issuing such drafts or checks: Provided, That in all cases of bank failure the postmaster shall first file with the receiver of the insolvent bank a claim for the full amount of the funds involved and assign such claim to the Postmaster General, who shall receive all dividends accruing in any such case. No claim exceeding the sum of $10,000 shall be paid or credited until after the facts shall have been ascertained by the Postmaster General, and an appropriation made therefor. All such claims must be presented within six months from the time the loss occurred: Provided further, That in the case of claims of Navy mail clerks, assistant Navy mail clerks, Coast Guard mail clerks, assistant Coast Guard mail clerks, Army mail clerks, assistant Army mail clerks, and postmasters outside the continental United States the limitation shall be two years as to claims for losses occurring while the United States is at war: Provided further, That the provisions of this Act, as regards Army mail clerks and assistant Army mail clerks, shall be applicable to claims which have arisen or may arise at any time subsequent to the Act of August 21, 1941 (55 Stat. 656), authorizing the designation of Army mail clerks and assistant Army mail clerks, and likewise shall, in the case of Coast Guard mail clerks and assistant Coast Guard mail clerks, be applicable to claims which have arisen or may arise at any time subsequent to the Act of July 11, 1941 (55 Stat. 586), authorizing the designation of Coast Guard mail clerks and assistant Coast Guard mail clerks.

“Sect. 2. The provisions of this Act shall not be applicable to claims for losses cognizable under the Government Losses in Shipment Act (Act of July 8, 1937, 50 Stat. 479, as amended; 5 U. S. C., 1940 edition, sec. 134-134h), nor to claims for losses by Army mail clerks and assistant Army mail clerks relating to stamps which were supplied to them by the War Department and not by the Post Office Department, nor to the funds received through the sale of such stamps, nor to claims for losses by Navy mail clerks and assistant Navy mail clerks relating to stamps which were supplied to them by the Navy Department and not by the Post Office Department, nor to the funds received through the sale of such stamps.”

Approved December 7, 1945.
Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of $400,000 for contingent expenses of the Senate, expenses of inquiries and investigations ordered by the Senate, including compensation to stenographers of committees, at such rate as may be fixed by the Committee to Audit and Control the Contingent Expenses of the Senate, but not exceeding 25 cents per hundred words, fiscal year 1946: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be expended for per diem and subsistence expenses except in accordance with the provisions of the Subsistence Expense Act of 1926, approved June 3, 1926, as amended.

Approved December 10, 1945.

[CHAPTER 562]

AN ACT

December 11, 1945

To authorize the discharge of midshipmen from the United States Naval Academy by the Secretary of the Navy because of unsatisfactory conduct or aptitude.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Superintendent of the United States Naval Academy shall, whenever he determines that the conduct of any midshipman is unsatisfactory or whenever it is determined by a unanimous decision of the Academic Board that any midshipman possesses insufficient aptitude for becoming a commissioned officer in the naval service, submit to the Secretary of the Navy in writing a full report of such determination and of the facts on which it is based. If, after according such midshipman an opportunity to examine such report and to submit a written statement thereon, the Secretary of the Navy shall deem the Superintendent's determination reasonable and well founded upon the basis of such report and statement, he may, in his discretion, discharge such midshipman from the Naval Academy.

Approved December 11, 1945.

[CHAPTER 563]

AN ACT

December 11, 1945

To amend the Act authorizing postmasters in Alaska to administer oaths and affirmations.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 1 of the Act approved August 5, 1939, entitled "An Act to authorize postmasters within the Territory of Alaska to administer oaths and affirmations, and for other purposes" (53 Stat. 1219), is amended to read as follows:

"That each postmaster within the Territory of Alaska is hereby authorized and directed to administer oaths and affirmations and to take acknowledgments, and to make and execute certificates thereof, and to perform all other functions of a notary public within said Territory, whenever an oath, affirmation, or acknowledgment or a certificate thereof is authorized, permitted, or required by any Act or Acts of Congress, or of the Legislature of the Territory of Alaska."
And that section 2 of said Act approved August 5, 1939, is amended to read as follows:

"Each certificate of oath, affirmation, or acknowledgment executed by a postmaster within the Territory of Alaska under the authority of this Act shall be signed by the postmaster, with a designation of his title as such postmaster, shall have affixed thereto the cancellation stamp of the post office, and shall state the name of the post office and the date on which such oath or affirmation is administered or such acknowledgment is taken. Postmasters shall keep a memorandum of all deeds and other instruments of writing acknowledged before them and relating to the title to or transfer of property, which memorandum shall be transmitted to their successors in the office of postmaster and which shall be subject to public inspection."

Approved December 11, 1945.

To provide for a temporary increase in the age limit for appointees to the United States Military Academy and the United States Naval Academy.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 1318 of the Revised Statutes, as amended by the Act of March 30, 1920 (41 Stat. 548), is amended to read as follows:

"Appointees shall be admitted to the United States Military Academy only between the ages of seventeen and twenty-two years, except in the following case: Any appointee who has served honorably not less than one year in the armed forces of the United States during any of the present wars, and who possesses the other qualifications required by law, may be admitted between the ages of seventeen and twenty-four years: Provided, That whenever any member of the graduating class shall fail to complete the course with his class by reason of sickness, or deficiency in his studies, or other cause, such failure shall not operate to delay the admission of his successor."

Approved December 11, 1945.

To amend section 321, title III, part II, Transportation Act of 1940, with respect to the movement of Government traffic.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That subsection (a) of section 321 of title III, part II, of the Transportation Act of 1940, be, and the same is hereby, amended by striking out the following: "except that the foregoing provision shall not apply to the transpor-
tation of military or naval property of the United States moving for military or naval and not for civil use or to the transportation of members of the military or naval forces of the United States (or property of such members) when such members are traveling on official duty; "; so that said subsection, as so amended, shall read as follows:

"Sec. 321. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, but subject to the provisions of sections 1 (7) and 22 of the Interstate Commerce Act, as amended, the full applicable commercial rates, fares, or charges shall be paid for transportation by any common carrier subject to such Act of any persons or property for the United States, or on its behalf, and the rate determined by the Interstate Commerce Commission as reasonable therefor shall be paid for the transportation by railroad of the United States mail: Provided, however, That any carrier by railroad and the United States may enter into contracts for the transportation of the United States mail for less than such rate: Provided further, That section 3709, Revised Statutes (U. S. C., 1934 edition, title 41, sec. 5), shall not hereafter be construed as requiring advertising for bids in connection with the procurement of transportation services when the services required can be procured from any common carrier lawfully operating in the territory where such services are to be performed."

Sec. 2. The amendment made by section 1 of this Act shall take effect October 1, 1946: Provided, however, That any travel or transportation specifically contracted for prior to such effective date shall be paid for at the rate, fare, or charge in effect at the time of entering into such contract of carriage or shipment.

Sec. 3. The Interstate Commerce Commission, in the exercise of its power to prescribe just and reasonable rates, fares, and charges, shall give due consideration to the increased revenues which carriers will receive as a result of the enactment of this Act, so that such increased revenues will be reflected in appropriate readjustments in rates, fares, and charges to shippers.

Approved December 12, 1945.

[CHAPTER 575] JOINT RESOLUTION

To limit the operation of sections 109 and 113 of the Criminal Code, and sections 361, 365, and 366 of the Revised Statutes, and certain other provisions of law.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That nothing in section 109 or 113 of the Criminal Code (U. S. C., 1940 edition, title 18, secs. 198 and 203), or in section 361, 365, or 366 of the Revised Statutes (U. S. C., 1940 edition, title 5, secs. 306, 314, and 315), or in any other provision of Federal law imposing restrictions, requirements, or penalties in relation to the employment of persons, the performance of services, or the payment or receipt of compensation in connection with any claim, proceeding, or matter involving the United States, shall apply with respect to counsel serving under the provisions of S. Con. Res. 27, Seventy-ninth Congress, first session, passed by the Senate on September 6, 1945, and passed by the House of Representatives on September 11, 1945.

Approved December 14, 1945.
JOINT RESOLUTION

To provide for national elections in the Philippine Islands.

Whereas the interruption of constitutional processes of government in the Philippine Islands due to enemy occupation has prevented the holding of elections in 1943 and 1945 as provided by the constitution of the Philippines; and

Whereas the term of office of the President of the Philippines has been continued by the joint resolution of November 12, 1943 (57 Stat. 590), until such time as a successor has been elected and qualified; and

Whereas the Philippine Congress under the terms of the constitution of the Philippines cannot convene after December 30, 1945, because the terms of office of Members of the House of Representatives and of two-thirds of the Members of the Philippine Senate will have expired on that date; and

Whereas the liberation of the Philippines and the restoration of constitutional processes of democracy in the Commonwealth now permit the holding of an election in the immediate future; and

Whereas the members of the electoral commission responsible for the conduct of the elections have already been appointed by the Commonwealth government in accordance with the constitution and laws of the Commonwealth; and

Whereas the Constitution of the Commonwealth of the Philippines makes no provision for the emergency in which elections though of vital necessity cannot be held at the regularly scheduled time; and

Whereas it is the desire of the United States to fulfill her pledge to prepare the Philippines for independence and to make possible that grant of independence in accordance with existing law: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That elections shall be held for national elective offices under the Commonwealth of the Philippines not later than April 30, 1946. The present Philippine Congress shall fix the date for such elections, and the date fixed shall not be subsequent to April 30, 1946. Should the present Philippine Congress fail to fix such date, then April 30, 1946, is hereby fixed as the date elections shall be held for national elective offices under the Commonwealth of the Philippines.

SEC. 2. The President and Vice President then elected, the Senators then elected (who shall be all but those then in office whose terms continue until December 30, 1947), and the Members of the House of Representatives shall take office, and the elected Philippine Congress shall convene in regular session not later than May 28, 1946. The present Philippine Congress shall fix the date or dates for the assumption of office and for the convening of the elected Philippine Congress in regular session, and the date or dates fixed shall not be subsequent to May 28, 1946. Should the present Philippine Congress fail to fix such date or dates, then May 28, 1946, is hereby fixed as the date for assumption of office and the convening of the elected Philippine Congress in regular session.

SEC. 3. The terms of office of the President, Vice President, and Representatives then elected shall expire on the date which would have been the case had they assumed office on December 30, 1945. The terms of office of eight of the Senators elected at such elections shall expire on the date which would have been the case had they assumed office on December 30, 1945; and the terms of eight Senators
then elected shall expire on the date which would have been the case had they assumed office on December 30, 1943. Division of the Senators elected at such elections into these two classes shall be made in accordance with the constitution and laws of the Commonwealth of the Philippines. The term of any Senator then elected to fill a vacancy in a term expiring on December 30, 1947, shall expire on that date.

SEC. 4. The manner of holding such elections shall be as provided by the constitution and laws of the Commonwealth of the Philippines.

Approved December 14, 1945.

[CHAPTER 577] JOINT RESOLUTION

Making an additional appropriation for the United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Administration.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, an additional amount fiscal year 1946, to enable the President to carry out the provisions of the Act of March 28, 1944 (Public Law 267), to be available for expenditure in the manner specified in the appropriation for this purpose in the United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Participation Appropriation Act, 1945, $550,000,000: Provided, That no relief or rehabilitation supplies procured out of funds heretofore or herein appropriated shall be shipped to any country except in the Far East after December 31, 1946, and in the case of any country in the Far East after March 31, 1947.

In adopting this joint resolution the Congress does so with the following recommendations:

A. That the United States member of the control committee of the United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Administration is hereby requested, by appropriate resolutions or agreements, to secure favorable action by that committee or by the United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Administration Council to attain the following objectives:

(1) That all trade agreements and all barter agreements of a recipient country with other nations, together with satisfactory information on all exports from, and imports into, such country, whether for governmental or private account, will be made available to the United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Administration.

(2) That each recipient country shall supply accredited United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Administration personnel with all necessary facilities, credentials, documents, and safe conduct in carrying out the objectives of the United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Administration agreement, including all necessary inspections and investigations.

(3) That the Administration, if it determines such a course to be desirable, will be permitted, during the period of its operations in a recipient country, to retain title to all motor-transport equipment supplied by the Administration and will also be permitted to route such equipment and to direct the use of the fuel and lubricants supplied by the Administration.

B. That the President is hereby requested, through appropriate channels, to facilitate the admission to recipient countries of properly accredited members of the American press and radio in order that they be permitted to report without censorship on the utilization and
Citation of Act.

December 15, 1945

[CHAPTER 578]

AN ACT

To amend Section 12 of the Act entitled “An Act to provide for the recording and releasing of liens by entries on certificates of title for motor vehicles and trailers, and for other purposes,” approved July 2, 1940.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Section 12 of the Act entitled “An Act to provide for the recording and releasing of liens by entries on certificates of title for motor vehicles and trailers, and for other purposes,” approved July 2, 1940, is hereby amended to read:

“SEC. 12. The fee for recording liens or assignments or releases of liens upon a certificate shall not exceed the sum of fifty cents for each lien or assignment or release of lien on each automobile contained in the instrument.”

Approved December 15, 1945.

[CHAPTER 579]

AN ACT

To provide for the taxation of rolling stock of railroad and other companies operated in the District of Columbia, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) the rolling stock of railroad companies, refrigerator-car companies, parlor-car companies, sleeping-car companies, tank-car companies, express companies, car-renting companies, and all other companies owning parlor, sleeping, dining, tank, freight, or any other cars which are operated or run over or upon the line or lines of any railroad or terminal company in the District of Columbia, shall be deemed to be located in said District for purposes of taxation, whether or not the individual units are continuously in the District or are constantly changing, and such property shall be reported, assessed, and taxed within the time, and at the rates prescribed by law for the reporting and taxation of other personal property in the District of Columbia.

(b) Such rolling stock as is primarily located in the District of Columbia shall be reported and taxed at its full and true value on the last day of the calendar year preceding the tax date.

(c) Such rolling stock as is not primarily located in the District of Columbia shall be reported and taxed in the manner following:

(1) Every railroad company operating rolling stock over or upon the line or lines of any railroad or terminal company in the District shall report to the Assessor of the District of Columbia the various classes of such rolling stock so operated by such company whether owned by it or any other railroad company; the number of miles traveled by each class of such rolling stock within the District during the calendar year next preceding the tax date; the total number of miles traveled by each class of such rolling stock on all lines over which such company operates during the calendar year next preceding the tax date; the total full and true value of each class of such rolling stock owned by such company on the last day of the calendar year next preceding the tax date; and such other facts and information as said assessor may require. The taxable portion of the rolling...
stock of each such company shall be determined by applying the mileage traveled in the District by the various classes of such rolling stock operated in the District by such company to the total mileage traveled by the various classes of such rolling stock on all lines over which such company operates, and the tax shall be assessed on that portion of such rolling stock owned by such company on the last day of the calendar year next preceding the tax date. The mileage and value of the rolling stock owned by such company which is permanently located outside of the District of Columbia shall not be included in the computation of such assessment.

(2) Every parlor-car company and sleeping-car company owning parlor and sleeping cars (except those owned by railroad companies and described in paragraph (1) of this subsection) which are operated in the District of Columbia the total number of miles traveled by all such cars, and also the miles traveled by such cars within the District, during the calendar year next preceding the tax date; the total full and true value of all of such cars so used as of the last day of the calendar year next preceding the tax date; and such other facts and information as said assessor may require. The taxable portion of the value of the cars owned by any such company and used within the District shall be determined by applying to such value the ratio between the mileage traveled by such cars in the District and the total mileage traveled by such cars within and without the District.

(3) Every car company, mercantile company, corporation or individual (other than railroad, parlor-car and sleeping-car companies described in paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection) owning or leasing any stock cars, furniture cars, fruit cars, refrigerator cars, meat cars, oil cars, tank cars, or other similar cars, which are run over or upon the line or lines of any railroad or terminal company in the District of Columbia, shall furnish to the Assessor of the District of Columbia, on forms prescribed by said assessor, a true, full, and accurate statement, verified by the affidavit of the officer or person making the same, showing the aggregate number of miles made by their several cars over or upon the several lines of railroad within the District of Columbia during the calendar year next preceding the tax date; the average number of miles traveled per day within the District of Columbia by the cars covered by the statement in the ordinary course of business during the year; and such other pertinent facts and information as said assessor may require.

Every railroad company whose lines run through or into the District of Columbia shall annually furnish to the said assessor a statement showing the name and address of every car company, mercantile company, corporation, or individual (other than railroad, parlor-car and sleeping-car companies described in paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection) whose cars made mileage over its tracks in the District of Columbia during the calendar year next preceding the tax date, and the total number of miles made within the District of Columbia by each during said period.

It shall be the duty of the said assessor to ascertain from the best and most reliable information that can be obtained and from said statements the number of cars required to make the total mileage of each such car company, mercantile company, corporation, or individual within the District of Columbia during the period aforesaid, and to ascertain and fix the valuation upon each particular class of such cars, and the number so ascertained to be required to make the total mileage within the District of Columbia of the cars of each such car company, mercantile company, corporation, or individual within
said period shall be assessed against the respective car companies, mercantile companies, corporations, or individuals. The valuation thus obtained shall be the full and true value and shall be the taxable portion of the cars owned by any such car company, mercantile company, corporation, or individual and used within the District of Columbia.

(d) All of the provisions of law relating to the filing of returns, assessment, payment, and collection of personal property taxes in the District of Columbia shall be applicable to the companies described in the foregoing subsections.

(e) Any individual, partnership, unincorporated association, or corporation aggrieved by any assessment of taxes made pursuant to the provisions of this Act may appeal therefrom to the Board of Tax Appeals for the District of Columbia in the same manner and to the same extent as set forth in sections 3, 4, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, and 12 of title IX of the Act entitled "An Act to amend the District of Columbia Revenue Act of 1937, and for other purposes", approved May 16, 1938.

(f) The provisions of this Act shall be applicable to the taxable year beginning July 1, 1945, and each taxable year thereafter.

Approved December 15, 1945.

[CHAPTER 580]

AN ACT

To enable the United States to further participate in the work of the United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Administration.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the joint resolution of March 28, 1944, entitled "Joint resolution to enable the United States to participate in the work of the United Nations relief and rehabilitation organization", is amended in the following respect:

(1) The first section is amended by striking out "$1,350,000,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "$2,700,000,000".

(2) Section 9 is amended by striking out "1946" and inserting in lieu thereof "1947".

(3) Add a new section 8 (a):

"8 (a). In adopting this joint resolution the Congress does so with the following recommendations:

"(1) That the United States member of the control committee of the United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Administration is hereby requested, by appropriate resolutions or agreements, to secure favorable action by that committee or by the United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Administration Council to attain the following objectives:

"(2) That all trade agreements and all barter agreements of a recipient country with other nations, together with satisfactory information on all exports from, and imports into, such countries, whether for governmental or private account, will be made available to the United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Administration.

"(2) That each recipient country shall supply accredited United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Administration personnel with all necessary facilities, credentials, documents, and safe conduct in carrying out the objectives of the United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Administration agreement, including all necessary inspections and investigations.

"(3) That the Administration, if it determines such a course to be desirable, will be permitted, during the period of its operations in a recipient country, to retain title to all motor-transport equipment
supplied by the Administration and will also be permitted to route such equipment and to direct the use of the fuel and lubricants supplied by the Administration.

"B. That the President is hereby requested, through appropriate channels, to facilitate the admission to recipient countries of properly accredited members of the American press and radio in order that they be permitted to report without censorship on the utilization and distribution of United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Administration supplies and services."

Approved December 18, 1945.

AN ACT

To provide for the reorganization of Government agencies, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

TITLE I

SHORT TITLE

SECTION 1. This Act may be cited as the "Reorganization Act of 1945".

NEED FOR REORGANIZATIONS

SEC. 2. (a) The President shall examine and from time to time reexamine the organization of all agencies of the Government and shall determine what changes therein are necessary to accomplish the following purposes:

1. to facilitate orderly transition from war to peace;
2. to reduce expenditures and promote economy, to the fullest extent consistent with the efficient operation of the Government;
3. to increase the efficiency of the operations of the Government to the fullest extent practicable within the revenues;
4. to group, coordinate, and consolidate agencies and functions of the Government, as nearly as may be, according to major purposes;
5. to reduce the number of agencies by consolidating those having similar functions under a single head, and to abolish such agencies or functions thereof as may not be necessary for the efficient conduct of the Government; and
6. to eliminate overlapping and duplication of effort.

(b) The Congress declares that the public interest demands the carrying out of the purposes specified in subsection (a) and that such purposes may be accomplished in great measure by proceeding under the provisions of this Act, and can be accomplished more speedily thereby than by the enactment of specific legislation.

(c) It is the expectation of the Congress that the transfers, consolidations, coordinations, and abolitions under this Act shall accomplish an over-all reduction of at least 25 per centum in the administrative costs of the agency or agencies affected.

REORGANIZATION PLANS

SEC. 3. Whenever the President, after investigation, finds that—

1. the transfer of the whole or any part of any agency, or of the whole or any part of the functions thereof, to the jurisdiction and control of any other agency; or
(2) the abolition of all or any part of the functions of any agency; or
(3) the consolidation or coordination of the whole or any part of any agency, or of the whole or any part of the functions thereof, with the whole or any part of any other agency or the functions thereof; or
(4) the consolidation or coordination of any part of any agency or the functions thereof with any other part of the same agency or the functions thereof; or
(5) the abolition of the whole or any part of any agency which agency or part does not have, or upon the taking effect of the reorganizations specified in the reorganization plan will not have, any functions,
is necessary to accomplish one or more of the purposes of section 2(a), he shall prepare a reorganization plan for the making of the transfers, consolidations, coordinations, and abolitions, as to which he has made findings and which he includes in the plan, and transmit such plan (bearing an identifying number) to the Congress, together with a declaration that, with respect to each transfer, consolidation, coordination, or abolition referred to in paragraph (1), (2), (3), (4), or (5) of this section and specified in the plan, he has found that such transfer, consolidation, coordination, or abolition is necessary to accomplish one or more of the purposes of section 2(a). The delivery to both Houses shall be on the same day and shall be made to each House while it is in session. The President, in his message transmitting a reorganization plan, shall specify with respect to each abolition of a function specified in the plan the statutory authority for the exercise of such function.

OTHER CONTENTS OF PLANS

SEC. 4. Any reorganization plan transmitted by the President under section 3—

(1) shall change, in such cases as he deems necessary, the name of any agency affected by a reorganization, and the title of its head; and shall designate the name of any agency resulting from a reorganization and the title of its head;

(2) may include provisions for the appointment and compensation of the head and one or more assistant heads of any agency (including an agency resulting from a consolidation) if the President finds, and in his message transmitting the plan declares, that by reason of transfers, consolidations and coordinations made by the plan, the responsibilities and duties of such head are of such nature as to require such action. The head so provided for may be an individual or may be a commission or board with two or more members. In the case of any such appointment the term of office shall not be fixed at more than four years, the compensation shall not be at a rate in excess of $10,000 per annum, and, if the appointment is not under the classified civil service, it shall be by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate;

(3) shall make provision for the transfer or other disposition of the records, property, and personnel affected by any transfer, consolidation, coordination, or abolition;

(4) shall make provision for the transfer of such unexpended balances of appropriations available for use in connection with any function or agency transferred, consolidated, or coordinated, as he deems necessary by reason of the transfer, consolidation, or coordination for use in connection with the transferred, consolidated, or coordinated functions, or for the use of the agency to
which the transfer is made, but such unexpended balances so transferred shall be used only for the purposes for which such appropriation was originally made;

(5) shall make provision for winding up the affairs of any agency abolished.

LIMITATIONS ON POWERS WITH RESPECT TO REORGANIZATIONS

Sec. 5. (a) No reorganization plan shall provide for, and no reorganization under this Act shall have the effect of—

(1) abolishing or transferring an executive department or all the functions thereof or establishing any new executive department; or

(2) changing the name of any executive department or the title of its head, or designating any agency as "Department" or its head as "Secretary"; or

(3) continuing any agency beyond the period authorized by law for its existence or beyond the time when it would have terminated if the reorganization had not been made; or

(4) continuing any function beyond the period authorized by law for its exercise, or beyond the time when it would have terminated if the reorganization had not been made, or beyond the time when the agency in which it was vested before the reorganization would have terminated if the reorganization had not been made; or

(5) authorizing any agency to exercise any function which is not expressly authorized by law at the time the plan is transmitted to the Congress; or

(6) imposing, in connection with the exercise of any quasi-judicial or quasi-legislative function possessed by an independent agency, any greater limitation upon the exercise of independent judgment and discretion, to the full extent authorized by law, in the carrying out of such function, than existed with respect to the exercise of such function by the agency in which it was vested prior to the taking effect of such reorganization; except that this prohibition shall not prevent the abolition of any such function; or

(7) increasing the term of any office beyond that provided by law for such office.

(b) No reorganization plan shall provide for any reorganization affecting any agency named below in this subsection; except that this prohibition shall not apply to the transfer to such agency of the whole or any part of, or the whole or any part of the functions of, any agency not so named. No reorganization contained in any reorganization plan shall take effect if the reorganization plan is in violation of this subsection. The agencies above referred to in this subsection are as follows: Interstate Commerce Commission, Federal Trade Commission, Securities and Exchange Commission, National Mediation Board, National Railroad Adjustment Board, and Railroad Retirement Board.

(c) No reorganization plan shall provide for any reorganization affecting any civil function of the Corps of Engineers of the United States Army, or of its head, or affecting such Corps or its head with respect to any such civil function. No reorganization contained in any reorganization plan shall take effect if the reorganization plan is in violation of this subsection.

(d) No reorganization plan shall provide for a reorganization affecting any agency named below in this subsection if it also provides for a reorganization which does not affect such agency; except that this prohibition shall not apply to the transfer to such agency of the
whole or any part of, or the whole or any part of the functions of, any agency not so named. No reorganization contained in any reorganization plan shall take effect if the reorganization plan is in violation of this subsection. The agencies above referred to in this subsection are as follows: Federal Communications Commission, Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, United States Tariff Commission, and Veterans’ Administration.

(e) If, since January 1, 1945, Congress has by law established the status of any agency in relation to other agencies or transferred any function to any agency, no reorganization plan shall provide for, and no reorganization under this Act shall have the effect of, changing the status of such agency in relation to other agencies or of abolishing any such transferred function or providing for its exercise by or under the supervision of any other agency.

(f) No reorganization specified in a reorganization plan shall take effect unless the plan is transmitted to the Congress before April 1, 1948.

TAKING EFFECT OF REORGANIZATIONS

Sec. 6. (a) The reorganizations specified in the plan shall take effect in accordance with the plan upon the expiration of the first period of sixty calendar days, of continuous session of the Congress, following the date on which the plan is transmitted to it; but only if, between the date of transmittal and the expiration of such sixty-day period there has not been passed by the two Houses a concurrent resolution stating in substance that the Congress does not favor the reorganization plan.

(b) For the purposes of subsection (a)—

(1) continuity of session shall be considered as broken only by an adjournment of the Congress sine die; but

(2) in the computation of the sixty-day period there shall be excluded the days on which either House is not in session because of an adjournment of more than three days to a day certain; except that if a resolution (as defined in section 202) with respect to such reorganization plan has been passed by one House and sent to the other, no exclusion under this paragraph shall be made by reason of adjournments of the first House taken thereafter.

(c) Any provision of the plan may, under provisions contained in the plan, be made operative at a time later than the date on which the plan shall otherwise take effect.

DEFINITION OF “AGENCY”

Sec. 7. When used in this Act, the term “agency” means any executive department, commission, independent establishment, corporation wholly or partly owned by the United States which is an instrumentality of the United States, board, bureau, division, service, office, officer, authority, administration, or other establishment, in the executive branch of the Government. Such term does not include the Comptroller General of the United States or the General Accounting Office, which are a part of the legislative branch of the Government.

MATTERS DEEMED TO BE REORGANIZATIONS

Sec. 8. For the purposes of this Act any transfer, consolidation, coordination, abolition, change or designation of name or title, disposition, winding up of affairs, or provision for the appointment and compensation of the head or assistant heads of an agency, referred to in section 3 or 4, shall be deemed a “reorganization”.
SAVING PROVISIONS

SEC. 9. (a) (1) Any statute enacted, and any regulation or other action made, prescribed, issued, granted, or performed, in respect of or by any agency or function transferred to, or consolidated or coordinated with, any other agency or function under the provisions of this Act, before the effective date of such transfer, consolidation, or coordination, shall, except to the extent rescinded, modified, superseded, or made inapplicable by or under authority of law, have the same effect as if such transfer, consolidation, or coordination had not been made; but where any such statute, regulation, or other action has vested functions in the agency from which the transfer is made under the plan, such functions shall, insofar as they are to be exercised after the transfer, be considered as vested in the agency to which the transfer is made under the plan.

(2) As used in paragraph (1) of this subsection the term "regulation or other action" means any regulation, rule, order, policy, determination, directive, authorization, permit, privilege, requirement, designation, or other action.

(b) No suit, action, or other proceeding lawfully commenced by or against the head of any agency or other officer of the United States, in his official capacity or in relation to the discharge of his official duties, shall abate by reason of the taking effect of any reorganization under the provisions of this Act, but the court may, on motion or supplemental petition filed at any time within twelve months after such reorganization takes effect, showing a necessity for a survival of such suit, action, or other proceeding to obtain a settlement of the questions involved, allow the same to be maintained by or against the successor of such head or officer under the reorganization so effected or, if there be no such successor, against such agency or officer as the President shall designate.

UNEXPENDED APPROPRIATIONS

SEC. 10. The appropriations or portions of appropriations unexpended by reason of the operation of this Act shall not be used for any purpose, but shall be impounded and returned to the Treasury.

PRINTING OF REORGANIZATION PLANS

SEC. 11. If the reorganizations specified in a reorganization plan take effect, the reorganization plan shall be printed in the Statutes at Large in the same volume as the public laws, and shall be printed in the Federal Register.

TITLE II

SEC. 201. The following sections of this title are enacted by the Congress:

(a) As an exercise of the rule-making power of the Senate and the House of Representatives, respectively, and as such they shall be considered as part of the rules of each House, respectively, but applicable only with respect to the procedure to be followed in such House in the case of resolutions (as defined in section 202); and such rules shall supersede other rules only to the extent that they are inconsistent therewith; and

(b) With full recognition of the constitutional right of either House to change such rules (so far as relating to the procedure in such House) at any time, in the same manner and to the same extent as in the case of any other rule of such House.
SEC. 202. As used in this title, the term "resolution" means only a concurrent resolution of the two Houses of Congress, the matter after the resolving clause of which is as follows: "That the Congress does not favor the reorganization plan numbered transmitted to Congress by the President on , 19 .", the blank spaces therein being appropriately filled; and does not include a concurrent resolution which specifies more than one reorganization plan.

SEC. 203. A resolution with respect to a reorganization plan shall be referred to a committee (and all resolutions with respect to the same plan shall be referred to the same committee) by the President of the Senate or the Speaker of the House of Representatives, as the case may be.

SEC. 204. (a) If the committee to which has been referred a resolution with respect to a reorganization plan has not reported it before the expiration of ten calendar days after its introduction (or, in the case of a resolution received from the other House, ten calendar days after its receipt), it shall then (but not before) be in order to move either to discharge the committee from further consideration of such resolution, or to discharge the committee from further consideration of any other resolution with respect to such reorganization plan which has been referred to the committee.

(b) Such motion may be made only by a person favoring the resolution, shall be highly privileged (except that it may not be made after the committee has reported a resolution with respect to the same reorganization plan), and debate thereon shall be limited to not to exceed one hour, to be equally divided between those favoring and those opposing the resolution. No amendment to such motion shall be in order, and it shall not be in order to move to reconsider the vote by which such motion is agreed to or disagreed to.

(c) If the motion to discharge is agreed to or disagreed to, such motion may not be renewed, nor may another motion to discharge the committee be made with respect to any other resolution with respect to the same reorganization plan.

SEC. 205. (a) When the committee has reported, or has been discharged from further consideration of, a resolution with respect to a reorganization plan, it shall at any time thereafter be in order (even though a previous motion to the same effect has been disagreed to) to move to proceed to the consideration of such resolution. Such motion shall be highly privileged and shall not be debatable. No amendment to such motion shall be in order and it shall not be in order to move to reconsider the vote by which such motion is agreed to or disagreed to.

(b) Debate on the resolution shall be limited to not to exceed ten hours, which shall be equally divided between those favoring and those opposing the resolution. A motion further to limit debate shall not be debatable. No amendment to, or motion to recommit, the resolution shall be in order, and it shall not be in order to move to reconsider the vote by which the resolution is agreed to or disagreed to.

SEC. 206. (a) All motions to postpone, made with respect to the discharge from committee, or the consideration of, a resolution with respect to a reorganization plan, and all motions to proceed to the consideration of other business, shall be decided without debate.

(b) All appeals from the decisions of the Chair relating to the application of the rules of the Senate or the House of Representatives, as the case may be, to the procedure relating to a resolution with respect to a reorganization plan shall be decided without debate.

SEC. 207. If, prior to the passage by one House of a resolution of that House with respect to a reorganization plan, such House receives
from the other House a resolution with respect to the same plan, then—

(a) If no resolution of the first House with respect to such plan has been referred to committee, no other resolution with respect to the same plan may be reported or (despite the provisions of section 204(a)) be made the subject of a motion to discharge.

(b) If a resolution of the first House with respect to such plan has been referred to committee—

(1) the procedure with respect to that or other resolutions of such House with respect to such plan which have been referred to committee shall be the same as if no resolution from the other House with respect to such plan had been received; but

(2) on any vote on final passage of a resolution of the first House with respect to such plan the resolution from the other House with respect to such plan shall be automatically substituted for the resolution of the first House.

Approved December 20, 1945.

[CHAPTER 583]

AN ACT

December 20, 1945

To provide for the appointment of representatives of the United States in the organs and agencies of the United Nations, and to make other provision with respect to the participation of the United States in such organization.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

That this Act may be cited as the "United Nations Participation Act of 1945".

SEC. 2. (a) The President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall appoint a representative of the United States at the seat of the United Nations who shall have the rank and status of envoy extraordinary and ambassador plenipotentiary, shall receive annual compensation of $20,000, and shall hold office at the pleasure of the President. Such representative shall represent the United States in the Security Council of the United Nations and shall perform such other functions in connection with the participation of the United States in the United Nations as the President may from time to time direct.

(b) The President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall appoint a deputy representative of the United States to the Security Council who shall have the rank and status of envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary, shall receive annual compensation of $12,000, and shall hold office at the pleasure of the President. Such deputy representative shall represent the United States in the Security Council of the United Nations in the event of the absence or disability of the representative.

(c) The President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall designate from time to time to attend a specified session or specified sessions of the General Assembly of the United Nations not to exceed five representatives of the United States and such number of alternates as he may determine consistent with the rules of procedure of the General Assembly. One of the representatives shall be designated as the senior representative. Such representatives and alternates shall each be entitled to receive compensation at the rate of $12,000 per annum for such period as the President may specify, except that no member of the Senate or House of Representatives or officer of the United States who is designated under this subsection as a representative of the United States or as an alternate to attend any specified session or specified sessions of the General Assembly shall be entitled to receive such compensation.
Other appointments.

(d) The President may also appoint from time to time such other persons as he may deem necessary to represent the United States in the organs and agencies of the United Nations at such salaries, not to exceed $12,000 each per annum, as he shall determine, but the representative of the United States in the Economic and Social Council and in the Trusteeship Council of the United Nations shall be appointed only by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, except that the President may, without the advice and consent of the Senate, designate any officer of the United States to act, without additional compensation, as the representative of the United States in either such Council (A) at any specified meeting thereof in the absence or disability of the regular representative, or (B) in connection with a specified subject matter at any specified meeting of either such Council in lieu of the regular representative. The advice and consent of the Senate shall also be required for the appointment by the President of the representative of the United States in any commission that may be formed by the United Nations with respect to atomic energy or in any other commission of the United Nations to which the United States is entitled to appoint a representative.

(e) Nothing contained in this section shall preclude the President or the Secretary of State, at the direction of the President, from representing the United States at any meeting or session of any organ or agency of the United Nations.

Acts of representatives to accord with President's instructions.

SEC. 3. The representatives provided for in section 2 hereof, when representing the United States in the respective organs and agencies of the United Nations, shall, at all times, act in accordance with the instructions of the President transmitted by the Secretary of State unless other means of transmission is directed by the President, and such representatives shall, in accordance with such instructions, cast any and all votes under the Charter of the United Nations.

Reports to Congress.

SEC. 4. The President shall, from time to time as occasion may require, but not less than once each year, make reports to the Congress of the activities of the United Nations and of the participation of the United States therein. He shall make special current reports on decisions of the Security Council to take enforcement measures under the provisions of the Charter of the United Nations, and on the participation therein under his instructions, of the representative of the United States.

Application of enforcement measures.

SEC. 5. (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law, whenever the United States is called upon by the Security Council to apply measures which said Council has decided, pursuant to article 41 of said Charter, are to be employed to give effect to its decisions under said Charter, the President may, to the extent necessary to apply such measures, through any agency which he may designate, and under such orders, rules, and regulations as may be prescribed by him, investigate, regulate, or prohibit, in whole or in part, economic relations or rail, sea, air, postal, telegraphic, radio, and other means of communication between any foreign country or any national thereof or any person therein and the United States or any person subject to the jurisdiction thereof, or involving any property subject to the jurisdiction of the United States.

(b) Any person who willfully violates or evades or attempts to violate or evade any order, rule, or regulation issued by the President pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section shall, upon conviction, be fined not more than $10,000 or, if a natural person, be imprisoned for not more than ten years, or both; and the officer, director, or agent of any corporation who knowingly participates in such violation or evasion shall be punished by a like fine, imprisonment, or both, and any property, funds, securities, papers, or other articles or documents,
or any vessel, together with her tackle, apparel, furniture, and equipment, or vehicle, concerned in such violation shall be forfeited to the United States.

Sec. 6. The President is authorized to negotiate a special agreement or agreements with the Security Council which shall be subject to the approval of the Congress by appropriate Act or joint resolution, providing for the numbers and types of armed forces, their degree of readiness and general location, and the nature of facilities and assistance, including rights of passage, to be made available to the Security Council on its call for the purpose of maintaining international peace and security in accordance with article 43 of said Charter. The President shall not be deemed to require the authorization of the Congress to make available to the Security Council on its call in order to take action under article 42 of said Charter and pursuant to such special agreement or agreements the armed forces, facilities, or assistance provided for therein. Provided, That nothing herein contained shall be construed as an authorization to the President by the Congress to make available to the Security Council for such purpose armed forces, facilities, or assistance in addition to the forces, facilities, and assistance provided for in such special agreement or agreements.

Sec. 7. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated annually to the Department of State, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, such sums as may be necessary for the payment by the United States of its share of the expenses of the United Nations as apportioned by the General Assembly in accordance with article 17 of the Charter, and for all necessary salaries and expenses of the representatives provided for in section 2 hereof, and of their appropriate staffs, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, without regard to the civil-service and classification laws: travel expenses without regard to the Standardized Government Travel Regulations, as amended, the Subsistence Expense Act of 1926, as amended, and section 10 of the Act of March 3, 1933, and, under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of State may prescribe, travel expenses of families and transportation of effects of United States representatives and other personnel in going to and returning from their post of duty; allowances for living quarters, including heat, fuel, and light, as authorized by the Act approved June 26, 1930 (5 U.S.C. 118a); cost of living allowance under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of State may prescribe; communication services; stenographic reporting, translating, and other services, by contract, if deemed necessary, without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (41 U.S.C. 5); local transportation; equipment; transportation of things; rent of offices; printing and binding; official entertainment; stationery; purchase of newspapers, periodicals, books, and documents; and such other expenses as may be authorized by the Secretary of State.

Approved December 20, 1945.

[CHAPTER 584]

AN ACT

To amend further the Civil Service Retirement Act approved May 20, 1930, as amended.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That paragraph 2 of section 5 of the Civil Service Retirement Act of May 20, 1930, as amended, be, and the same is hereby, amended by striking out all of the said paragraph 2 thereof and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"In computing length of service for the purposes of this Act, all periods of separation from the service, and so much of any leaves of
absence as may exceed six months in the aggregate in any calendar year, shall be excluded, except leaves of absence granted employees while performing active military or naval service in the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard of the United States or while receiving benefits under the United States Employees' Compensation Act, and in the case of substitutes in the Postal Service credit shall be given from date of original appointment as a substitute.”

Approved December 21, 1945.

[CHAPTER 585]

AN ACT

To authorize the State of Tennessee to convey a railroad right-of-way through Montgomery Bell Park.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the State of Tennessee is hereby authorized and empowered to convey a right-of-way for railroad purposes, not in excess of one hundred feet in width, to The Nashville, Chattanooga and Saint Louis Railway over, through, and across the Montgomery Bell Park in Dickson County, Tennessee (previously known as the Montgomery Bell recreational demonstration area), notwithstanding the express condition contained in deed dated May 25, 1943, from the United States of America to the State of Tennessee, which deed was executed pursuant to the Act of June 6, 1942 (56 Stat. 326), entitled “An Act to authorize the disposition of recreational demonstration projects and for other purposes”. Such conveyance by the State of Tennessee shall not be deemed a breach of the express condition that the State of Tennessee should use the said property exclusively for public park, recreational, and conservation purposes. The State of Tennessee is authorized to expend funds received as a consideration for such conveyance for the acquisition of additional land needed to round out the Montgomery Bell Park area.

Approved December 21, 1945.

[CHAPTER 586]

AN ACT

To exclude certain lands in Deschutes County, Oregon, from the provisions of Revised Statutes 2319 to 2337, inclusive, relating to the promotion of the development of the mining resources of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That within the following-described real property situated in Deschutes County, Oregon, namely, sections 13 to 16, inclusive, sections 21 to 28, inclusive, sections 23 to 36, inclusive, township 21 south, range 12 east, Willamette meridian; sections 16 to 21, inclusive, sections 28 to 33, inclusive, township 21 south, range 13 east, Willamette meridian; sections 1 to 4, inclusive, sections 9 to 12, inclusive, township 22 south, range 12 east, Willamette meridian; and sections 4 to 9, inclusive, township 22 south, range 13 east, Willamette meridian; deposits of all minerals are excluded from the operation of Revised Statutes 2319 to 2337, inclusive (relating to the promotion of the development of the mining resources of the United States): Provided, That nothing in this Act shall disturb any vested rights of any person or persons in or to said real property or any part thereof.

Approved December 21, 1945.
AN ACT

To amend the Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the second sentence of section 100 of the Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944, as amended, is amended to read as follows: "The Administrator is authorized, for the purpose of extending benefits to veterans and dependents, and to the extent he deems necessary, to procure the necessary space for administrative, clinical, medical, and out-patient treatment purposes by lease, purchase, or construction of buildings, or by condemnation or declaration of taking, pursuant to existing statutes."

SEC. 2. Section 104 of the Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944, as amended, is amended by striking out the second paragraph thereof and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"Any veteran entitled to a prosthetic appliance shall be furnished such fitting and training, including institutional training, in the use of such appliance as may be necessary, whether in a Veterans' Administration facility, other training institution, or by out-patient treatment, including such service under contract and including necessary travel expenses to and from their homes to such hospital or training institution.

"The Administrator may procure any and all items mentioned herein, including necessary services required in the fitting, supplying, and training in use of such items by purchase, manufacture, contract, or in such other manner as the Administrator may determine to be proper without regard to any other provision of law."

SEC. 3. Section 200 of the Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944, as amended, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(c) The Administrator is further authorized at his discretion and under such regulations as he may prescribe to furnish, if available, necessary space and suitable office facilities for the use of paid full-time representatives of such organizations."

SEC. 4. Section 302 (a) of the Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944, as amended, is amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 302. (a) The Secretary of War, the Secretary of the Navy, and the Secretary of the Treasury are authorized and directed to establish, from time to time, boards of review composed of five commissioned officers, two of whom shall be selected from the Medical Corps of the Army or Navy, or from the Public Health Service, as the case may be. It shall be the duty of any such board to review, at the request of any officer retired or released from active service, without pay, for physical disability pursuant to the decision of a retiring board, board of medical survey, or disposition board, the findings and decisions of such board. Such review shall be based upon all available service records relating to the officer requesting such review, and such other evidence as may be presented by such officer. Witnesses shall be permitted to present testimony either in person or by affidavit, and the officer requesting review shall be allowed to appear before such board of review in person or by counsel. In carrying out its duties under this section such board of review shall have the same powers as exercised by, or vested in, the board whose findings and decision are being reviewed. The proceedings and decision of each such board of review affirming or reversing the decision of any such retiring board, board of medical survey, or disposition board shall be transmitted to the Secretary of War, the Secretary of the Navy, or..."
the Secretary of the Treasury, as the case may be, and shall be laid by him before the President for his approval or disapproval and orders in the case."

Sec. 5. (a) Paragraph 1 of part VIII of Veterans Regulation Numbered 1(a), as amended, is amended to read as follows:

"1. Any person who served in the active military or naval service on or after September 16, 1940, and prior to the termination of the present war, and who shall have been discharged or released therefrom under conditions other than dishonorable, and who either shall have served ninety days or more, exclusive of any period he was assigned for a course of education or training under the Army specialized training program or the Navy college training program, which course was a continuation of his civilian course and was pursued to completion, or as a cadet or midshipman at one of the service academies, or shall have been discharged or released from active service by reason of an actual service-incurred injury or disability, shall be eligible for and entitled to receive education or training under this part: Provided, That such course shall be initiated not later than four years after either the date of his discharge or the termination of the present war, whichever is the later: Provided further, That no such education or training shall be afforded beyond nine years after the termination of the present war."

(b) Paragraph 2 of part VIII of such Regulation is amended to read as follows:

"2. Any such eligible person shall be entitled to education or training at an approved educational or training institution for a period of one year plus the time such person was in the active service on or after September 16, 1940, and before the termination of the war, exclusive of any period he was assigned for a course of education or training under the Army specialized training program or the Navy college training program, which course was a continuation of his civilian course and was pursued to completion, or as a cadet or midshipman at one of the service academies, but in no event shall the total period of education or training exceed four years: Provided, That his work continues to be satisfactory throughout the period, according to the regularly prescribed standards and practices of the institution: Provided further, That wherever the period of eligibility ends during a quarter or semester and after a major part of such quarter or semester has expired, such period shall be extended to the termination of such unexpired quarter or semester."

(c) Paragraph 3 of part VIII of such Regulation is amended to read as follows:

"3. (a) Such person shall be eligible for and entitled to such course of education or training, full time or the equivalent thereof in part-time training, as he may elect, and at any approved educational or training institution at which he chooses to enroll, whether or not located in the State in which he resides, which will accept or retain him as a student or trainee in any field or branch of knowledge which such institution finds him qualified to undertake or pursue: Provided, That, for reasons satisfactory to the Administrator, he may change a course of instruction: And provided further, That any such course of education or training may be discontinued at any time, if it is found by the Administrator that, according to the regularly prescribed standards and practices of the institution, the conduct or progress of such person is unsatisfactory.

(b) Any such eligible person may apply for a short, intensive postgraduate, or training course of less than thirty weeks: Provided, That the Administrator shall have the authority to contract with approved institutions for such courses if he finds that the agreed cost of such courses is reasonable and fair: Provided further, That (1)
the limitation of paragraph 5 shall not prevent the payment of such agreed rates, but there shall be charged against the veteran's period of eligibility the proportion of an ordinary school year which the cost of the course bears to $500, and (2) not in excess of $500 shall be paid for any such course.

"(c) Any such eligible person may apply for a course of instruction by correspondence without any subsistence allowance: Provided, That the Administrator shall have authority to contract with approved institutions for such courses if he finds that the agreed cost of such courses is reasonable and fair: Provided further, (1) That the provisions of paragraph 5 shall not apply to correspondence courses; (2) that one-fourth of the elapsed time in following such course shall be charged against the veteran's period of eligibility; and (3) that the total amount payable for a correspondence course or courses for any veteran shall not exceed $500: And provided further, That nothing herein shall be construed to preclude the use of approved correspondence courses as a part of institutional or job training, subject to regulations prescribed by the Administrator."

(d) Paragraph 5 of part VIII of such Regulation is amended to read as follows:

"5. The Administrator shall pay to the educational or training institution, for each person enrolled in full time or part time course of education or training, the customary cost of tuition, and such laboratory, library, health, infirmary, and other similar fees as are customarily charged, and may pay for books, supplies, equipment, and other necessary expenses, exclusive of board, lodging, other living expenses, and travel, as are generally required for the successful pursuit and completion of the course by other students in the institution: Provided, That in no event shall such payments, with respect to any person, exceed $500 for an ordinary school year unless the veteran elects to have such customary charges paid in excess of such limitation, in which event there shall be charged against his period of eligibility the proportion of an ordinary school year which such excess bears to $500: Provided further, That no payments shall be made to institutions, business or other establishments furnishing apprentice training on the job: And provided further, That any institution may apply to the Administrator for an adjustment of tuition and the Administrator, if he finds that the customary tuition charges are insufficient to permit the institution to furnish education or training to eligible veterans, or inadequate compensation therefor, may provide for the payment of such fair and reasonable compensation as will not exceed the estimated cost of teaching personnel and supplies for instruction; and may in like manner readjust such payments from time to time."

(e) Effective on the first day of the first calendar month subsequent to the date of enactment of this Act, the first sentence of paragraph 6 of part VIII of such Regulation is amended to read as follows:

"6. While enrolled in and pursuing a course under this part, such person, upon application to the Administrator, shall be paid a subsistence allowance of $65 per month, if without a dependent or dependents, or $90 per month, if he has a dependent or dependents, including regular holidays and leave not exceeding thirty days in a calendar year."

(f) Paragraph 7 of part VIII of such Regulation is amended to read as follows:

"7. Any such person eligible for the benefits of this part, who is also eligible for the benefit of part VII, may elect either benefit or may be provided an approved combination of such courses: Provided, That the total period of any such combined courses shall not exceed the maximum period or limitations under the part affording the greater period of eligibility."
Sec. 6. Section 4 of Public Law Numbered 16, Seventy-eighth Congress, as added by section 402 of the Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944, is amended by striking out the period at the end thereof and inserting in lieu thereof a colon and the following: "Provided further, that returned books, supplies, or equipment may be turned in to educational or training institutions for credit under such terms as may be approved by the Administrator, or disposed of in such other manner as may be approved by the Administrator."

Sec. 7. (a) The proviso in paragraph 1 of part VII of Veterans Regulation Numbered 1 (a), as amended, is amended to read as follows: "Provided, That no course of training in excess of a period of four years shall be approved except with the approval of the Administrator, nor shall any training under this part be afforded beyond nine years after the termination of the present war."

(b) Effective on the first day of the first calendar month subsequent to the date of enactment of this Act, paragraph 3 of part VII of Veterans Regulation Numbered 1 (a), as amended, is amended to read as follows:

"3. While pursuing training prescribed herein, and for two months after his employability is determined, each veteran shall be paid the amount of subsistence allowance specified in paragraph 6 of part VIII of Veterans Regulation Numbered 1 (a), as amended: Provided, That the minimum payment of such allowance, plus any pension or other benefit, shall be, for a person without a dependent, $105 per month; and for a person with a dependent, $115, plus the following amounts for additional dependents: (1) $10 for one child and $7 additional for each additional child, and (2) $15 for a dependent parent: Provided further, That the rates set out herein shall not be subject to the increases authorized by Public Law Numbered 312, Seventy-eighth Congress, approved May 27, 1944: And provided further, That when the course of vocational rehabilitation furnished to any person as herein provided consists of training on the job by an employer, such employer shall be required to submit monthly to the Administrator a statement in writing showing any wage, compensation, or other income paid by him to such person during the month, directly or indirectly, and based upon such written statements, the Administrator is authorized to reduce the subsistence allowance of such person to an amount considered equitable and just."

Sec. 8. Title III of the Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944, as amended, is amended to read as follows:

"TITLE III—LOANS FOR THE PURCHASE OR CONSTRUCTION OF HOMES, FARMS, AND BUSINESS PROPERTY

CHAPTER V—GENERAL PROVISIONS FOR LOANS

Sec. 500. (a) Any person who shall have served in the active military or naval service of the United States at any time on or after September 16, 1940, and prior to the termination of the present war and who shall have been discharged or released therefrom under conditions other than dishonorable after active service of ninety days or more, or by reason of an injury or disability incurred in service in line of duty, shall be eligible for the benefits of this title. Any loan made by such veteran within ten years after the termination of the war for any of the purposes, and in compliance with the provisions, specified in this title, is automatically guaranteed by the Government by this title in an amount not exceeding fifty per centum of the loan: Provided, That the aggregate amount guaranteed shall not exceed $2,000 in the case of non-real-estate loans, nor $4,000 in the case of real-estate loans.
loans; or a prorated portion thereof on loans of both types or combination thereof.

"(b) Loans guaranteed under this title shall be payable under such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon by the parties thereto, subject to the conditions and limitations of this title and the regulations issued pursuant to section 504: Provided, That the liability under the guaranty within the limitations of this title shall decrease or increase pro rata with any decrease or increase of the amount of the unpaid portion of the obligation: Provided further, That loans guaranteed under this title shall bear interest at a rate not exceeding 4 per centum per annum and shall be payable in full in not more than twenty-five years, or in the case of loans on farm realty in not more than forty years: And provided further, That (1) the maturity on a non-real-estate loan shall not exceed ten years; (2) any loan for a term in excess of five years shall be amortized in accordance with established procedure; (3) except as provided in section 505 any real-estate loan, other than for repairs, alterations or improvements, shall be secured by a first lien on the realty, and a non-real-estate loan, except as to working or other capital, merchandise, good-will and other intangible assets, shall be secured by personality to the extent legal and practicable.

"(c) An honorable discharge shall be deemed a certificate of eligibility to apply for a guaranteed loan. Any veteran who does not have a discharge certificate, or who received a discharge other than honorable, may apply to the Administrator for a certificate of eligibility. Upon making a loan as provided herein, the lender shall forthwith transmit to the Administrator a statement setting forth the full name and serial number of the veteran, amount and terms of the loan, and the legal description of the property, together with the appraisal report made by the designated appraiser. Where the loan is automatically guaranteed, the Administrator shall provide the lender with a loan guaranty certificate or other evidence of the guaranty. He shall also endorse on the veteran’s discharge, or eligibility certificate, the amount and type of guaranty used, and the amount, if any, remaining. An amount equivalent to 4 per centum on the amount originally guaranteed shall be paid to the lender by the Administrator out of available appropriations, to be credited upon the loan. Nothing herein shall be deemed to preclude the assignment of any guaranteed loan nor the assignment of the security therefor.

"(d) Loans guaranteed hereunder may be made by any Federal land bank, national bank, State bank, private bank, building and loan association, insurance company, credit union, or mortgage and loan company, that is subject to examination and supervision by an agency of the United States or of any State or Territory, including the District of Columbia. Any loan at least 20 per centum of which is guaranteed under this title may be made by any national bank, or Federal savings and loan association; or by any bank, trust company, building and loan association or insurance company organized or authorized to do business in the District of Columbia; without regard to the limitations and restrictions of any other statute with respect to—

(1) ratio of amount of loan to the value of the property;
(2) maturity of loan;
(3) requirement for mortgage or other security;
(4) dignity of lien; or
(5) percentage of assets which may be invested in real estate loans.

"(e) Any loan proposed to be made to an eligible veteran by any
lender not of a class specified in subsection (d) may be guaranteed by the Administrator if he finds that it is in accord otherwise with the provisions of this title, as amended.

"PURCHASE OR CONSTRUCTION OF HOMES"

"Sec. 501. Any loan made to a veteran under this title, the proceeds of which are to be used for purchasing residential property or constructing a dwelling to be occupied as his home or for the purpose of making repairs, alterations, or improvements in property owned by him and occupied as his home, is automatically guaranteed if made pursuant to the provisions of this title, including the following:

(1) That the proceeds of such loan will be used for payment of the property purchased or constructed or improved;

(2) That the contemplated terms of payment required in any mortgage to be given in part payment of the purchase price or the construction cost bear a proper relation to the veteran's present and anticipated income and expenses; and that the nature and condition of the property is such as to be suitable for dwelling purposes; and

(3) That the price paid or to be paid by the veteran for such property or for the cost of construction, repairs, or alterations does not exceed the reasonable value thereof as determined by proper appraisal made by an appraiser designated by the Administrator.

"PURCHASE OF FARMS AND FARM EQUIPMENT"

"Sec. 502. Any loan made to a veteran under this title, the proceeds of which are to be used for purchasing any lands, buildings, livestock, equipment, machinery, supplies or implements, or for repairing, altering, constructing or improving any land, equipment, or building, including the farmhouse, to be used in farming operations conducted by the veteran involving production in excess of his own needs, or for working capital requirements necessary for such operations, or to purchase stock in a cooperative association where the purchase of such stock is required by Federal statute as an incident to obtaining the loan, is automatically guaranteed if made pursuant to the provisions of this title, including the following:

(1) That the proceeds of such loan will be used for any such purposes in connection with bona fide farming operations conducted by the applicant;

(2) That such property will be useful in and reasonably necessary for efficiently conducting such operations;

(3) That the ability and experience of the veteran, and the nature of the proposed farming operations to be conducted by him, are such that there is a reasonable likelihood that such operations will be successful; and

(4) That the purchase price paid or to be paid by the veteran for such property does not exceed the reasonable value thereof as determined by proper appraisal made by an appraiser designated by the Administrator.

"PURCHASE OF BUSINESS PROPERTY"

"Sec. 503. Any loan made to a veteran under this title, the proceeds of which are to be used for the purpose of engaging in business or
pursuing a gainful occupation, or for the cost of acquiring for such purpose land, buildings, supplies, equipment, machinery, tools, inventory, stock in trade, or for the cost of the construction, repair, alteration or improvement of any realty or personalty used for such purpose, or to provide the funds needed for working capital, is automatically guaranteed if made pursuant to the provisions of this title, including the following:

"(1) That the proceeds of such loan will be used for any of the specified purposes in connection with bona fide pursuit of gainful occupation by the veteran;

"(2) That such property will be useful in and reasonably necessary for the efficient and successful pursuit of such business or occupation;

"(3) That the ability and experience of the veteran, and the conditions under which he proposes to pursue such business or occupation, are such that there is a reasonable likelihood that he will be successful in the pursuit of such business or occupation; and

"(4) That the purchase price paid or to be paid by the veteran for such property, or the cost of such construction, alterations, or improvements, does not exceed the reasonable value thereof as determined by proper appraisal made by an appraiser designated by the Administrator.

"REGULATIONS

"Sec. 504. The Administrator is authorized to promulgate such rules and regulations not inconsistent with this title, as amended, as are necessary and appropriate for carrying out the provisions of this title, and may delegate to subordinate employees authority to issue certificates, or other evidence, of guaranty of loans guaranteed under the provisions of this title, and to exercise other administrative functions hereunder.

"SECONDARY LOANS

"Sec. 505. (a) In any case wherein a principal loan, for any of the purposes stated in section 501, 502, or 503, is approved by a Federal agency to be made or guaranteed or insured by it pursuant to applicable law and regulations, and the veteran is in need of a second loan to cover the remainder of the purchase price or cost, or a part thereof, the Administrator, subject otherwise to the provisions of this title, may guarantee the full amount of the second loan: Provided, That such second loan shall not exceed 20 per centum of the purchase price or cost: And provided further, That regulations to be promulgated jointly by the Administrator and the head of such agency may provide for servicing of both loans by such agency and for refinancing of the principal loan to include any unpaid portion of the secondary loan with accrued interest, if any, after the curtailment thereon equals twice the amount of the secondary loan.

"(b) Any person who is a veteran eligible for the benefits of this title, as provided in section 500 hereof, and who is found by the Secretary of Agriculture, by reason of his ability and experience, including training as a vocational trainee, to be likely to carry out successfully undertakings required of him under a loan which may be made under the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act, shall be eligible for the benefits of such Act to the same extent as if he were a farm tenant.
SEC. 506. In the event of default in the payment of any loan guaranteed under this title, the holder of the obligation shall notify the Administrator who shall thereupon pay to such holder the guaranty not in excess of the pro rata portion of the amount originally guaranteed, and shall be subrogated to the rights of the holder of the obligation to the extent of the amount paid on the guaranty: Provided, That prior to suit or foreclosure the holder of the obligation shall notify the Administrator of the default, and within thirty days thereafter the Administrator may, at his option, pay the holder of the obligation the unpaid balance of the obligation plus accrued interest and receive an assignment of the loan and security: Provided further, That (1) nothing herein shall be construed to preclude any forbearance for the benefit of the veteran as may be agreed upon by the parties to the loan and approved by the Administrator; and (2) the Administrator may establish the date, not later than the date of judgment and decree of foreclosure or sale, upon which accrual of interest or charges shall cease.

SEC. 507. Any loan made to a veteran, the proceeds of which are to be used to refinance any indebtedness of the veteran which is secured of record on property to be used or occupied by the veteran as a home or for farming purposes, or indebtedness incurred by him in the pursuit of a gainful occupation which he is pursuing or which he proposes in good faith to pursue, or any delinquent taxes or assessments on such property or business, is automatically guaranteed if made pursuant to the provisions of this title, including the following:

"(1) Such loan became in default or the delinquency occurred not later than ten years after the termination of the war;

"(2) Such refinancing will aid the veteran in his economic readjustment; and

"(3) The amount of the guaranteed loan does not exceed the reasonable value of the property or business, as determined by proper appraisal made by an appraiser designated by the Administrator.

SEC. 508. (a) Any loans which might be guaranteed under the provisions of this title, when made or purchased by any financial institution subject to examination and supervision by an agency of the United States or of any State or Territory, including the District of Columbia, may, in lieu of such guaranty, be insured by the Administrator under an agreement whereby he will reimburse any such institution for losses incurred on such loan up to 15 per centum of the aggregate of loans so made or purchased by it.

"(b) Loans insured hereunder shall be made on such other terms, conditions, and restrictions as the Administrator may prescribe within the limitations set forth in this title. The Administrator may fix the maximum rate of interest payable on any class of non-real-estate loans insured hereunder at a figure not in excess of a 3 per centum discount rate or an equivalent straight interest rate on non-amortized loans.

"(c) The Administrator shall pay the same amount on each loan insured hereunder as he would be required to pay under the sixth sentence of section 500 (c) hereof if the loan were guaranteed rather than insured.
"POWERS OF ADMINISTRATOR

"Sec. 509. (a) With respect to matters arising by reason of this title as now or hereafter amended and, notwithstanding the provisions of any other law, the Administrator may—

"(1) Sue and be sued in his official capacity in any court of competent jurisdiction, State or Federal;

"(2) Subject to specific limitations in this Act, consent to the modification, with respect to rate of interest, time of payment of principal or interest or any portion thereof, security or other provisions of any note, contract, mortgage or other instrument securing a loan which has been guaranteed or insured hereunder;

"(3) Pay, or compromise, any claim on, or arising because of, any such guaranty or insurance;

"(4) Pay, compromise, waive or release any right, title, claim, lien or demand, however acquired, including any equity or any right of redemption;

"(5) Purchase at any sale, public or private, upon such terms and for such prices as he determines to be reasonable, and take title to, property, real, personal or mixed; and similarly sell, at public or private sale, exchange, assign, convey, or otherwise dispose of any such property; and

"(6) Complete, administer, operate, obtain and pay for insurance on, and maintain, renovate, repair, modernize, lease, or otherwise deal with any property acquired or held pursuant to this title: Provided, That the acquisition of any such property shall not deprive any State or political subdivision thereof of its civil or criminal jurisdiction of, on, or over such property (including power to tax) or impair the rights under the State or local law of any persons on such property.

"(b) The powers by this section granted may be exercised by the Administrator without regard to any other provisions of law not enacted expressly in limitation hereof, which otherwise would govern the expenditure of public funds: Provided, That section 3709 of the Revised Statutes shall apply to any contract for services or supplies on account of any property acquired pursuant to this section if the amount of such contract exceeds $1,000.

"(c) The financial transactions of the Administrator incident to, or arising out of, the guaranty of loans pursuant to this title, and the acquisition, management, and disposition of property, real, personal or mixed, as incident to such activities and pursuant to this section, shall be final and conclusive upon all officers of the Government.

"EFFECTIVE DATE

"Sec. 510. This title, as amended, shall be effective from the date of enactment: Provided, That any application for guaranty of a loan filed within ninety days after such date may be approved under the title as it existed prior to amendment: And provided further, That nothing herein shall be construed to affect any contractual right under any certificate of guaranty issued thereunder.

Sec. 9. Section 1505 of the Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944, as amended, is hereby repealed.

Sec. 10. Title VI of the Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944, as amended, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sections:

"Sec. 1506. Persons who served in the active military or naval service of any government allied with the United States in World War II and who at time of entrance into such active service were citizens of the United States shall, by virtue of such service, and if

Exercise of powers.

Finality of financial transactions.
otherwise qualified, be entitled to the benefits of titles II, III, IV, and V of this Act or of Public Law 16, Seventy-eighth Congress, in the same manner and to the same extent as persons who served in the active military or naval service of the United States: Provided, That any such benefit shall not be extended to any person who is not a resident of the United States at time of filing claim or to any person who has applied for and received the same or similar benefit from the government of the nation in whose active military or naval service he served.

"Sec. 1507. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 1503, any person while on terminal leave, or while hospitalized pending final discharge, may be afforded the benefits of titles II and III of this Act, or vocational rehabilitation training under Public Law 16, Seventy-eighth Congress, as amended, subject to all conditions thereof except actual discharge: Provided, That no subsistence allowance shall be paid in such cases under title II of this Act or Public Law 16, Seventy-eighth Congress. This section shall be effective from June 22, 1944."

Approved December 28, 1945.

[CHAPTER 589]  
December 28, 1945  
[Public Law 589]

AN ACT

Making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for prior fiscal years, to provide supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for prior fiscal years, to provide supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1946, and for other purposes, namely:

TITLE I—GENERAL APPROPRIATIONS

LEGISLATIVE

SENATE

For payment to Minnie McN. Johnson, widow of Hiram W. Johnson, late a Senator from the State of California, $10,000.

For payment to Mary T. Peavey, daughter of John Thomas, late a Senator from the State of Idaho, $10,000.

The unobligated balance of the appropriation for mileage of the President of the Senate and of Senators, for the fiscal year 1945, is reappropriated and made available for the fiscal year 1946.

The Legislative Branch Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1946 is hereby amended by striking out "night watchman, $1,920", under the Office of the Secretary of the Senate, and inserting in lieu thereof "special officer, $2,280", and the necessary amount is hereby authorized to be expended from the appropriation for salaries of officers and employees of the Senate beginning January 1, 1946.

Beginning January 1, 1946, the salary of the secretary for the majority shall be at the rate of $5,400 per annum and $1,500 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent.

The Sergeant at Arms is authorized to install in the offices of Senators special telephone wiring plans with features to pick up, hold, and intercommunicate on one to three lines, the cost thereof to be paid out of the appropriation for "Miscellaneous items, contingent expenses of the Senate".
For an additional allowance for stationery of $500 for each Senator and the President of the Senate, for the second session of the Seventy-ninth Congress, $48,500, to be immediately available and to remain available until June 30, 1946.

For an additional amount for "Miscellaneous items", exclusive of labor, fiscal year 1945, $15,000.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

For payment to the widow of James W. Mott, late a Representative from the State of Oregon, $10,000, to be disbursed by the Sergeant at Arms of the House.

CONTINGENT EXPENSE OF THE HOUSE

Telegraph and telephone: For an additional amount for telegraph and telephone service, exclusive of personal services, fiscal year 1945, $5,000.

Stationery: For an additional allowance for stationery of $500 for each Representative, Delegate, and the Resident Commissioner from Puerto Rico, for the second session of the Seventy-ninth Congress, $219,000, to be immediately available and to remain available until June 30, 1946.

Attending physician's office: For compensation at the rate of $3,600 per annum of a technical assistant in the office of the attending physician, to be appointed by the attending physician, subject to the approval of the Speaker, fiscal year 1946, $1,800.

Whenever the usual day for paying salaries in or under the Senate or House of Representatives falls on Saturday, the respective disbursing officers are authorized to make such payments on the preceding workday.

NATIONAL MEMORIAL STADIUM COMMISSION

For carrying out the provisions of Public Law Numbered 523 of the Seventy-eighth Congress, entitled "Joint resolution to consider a site and design for a National Memorial Stadium to be erected in the District of Columbia", approved December 20, 1944, fiscal year 1945, $1,183.47, to remain available until June 30, 1946, and to be disbursed by the Secretary of the Senate on vouchers approved by the Chairman of the Commission.

JOINT COMMITTEE ON PRINTING

The provisions of section 6 of the Act entitled "An Act making appropriations for the legislative, executive, and judicial expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1917", approved May 10, 1916, as amended (relating to dual compensation), shall not apply to services rendered by the assistant clerk and stenographer of the Joint Committee on Printing from May 16 to August 3, 1944.

ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL

CAPITOL BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS

Capitol buildings: For an additional amount for the Capitol Building, including the same objects specified under this head in the Legislative Branch Appropriation Act, 1946, $19,000.
LIBRARY BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS

Not to exceed $2,000 of the appropriation for salaries, Library Buildings and Grounds, 1945, shall be transferred to, merged with, and be available for the same purposes as the appropriation for general repairs, and so forth, Library Buildings and Grounds, 1945.

THE JUDICIARY

COURT OF CUSTOMS AND PATENT APPEALS

Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1944, for “Printing and binding”, $1,234.06.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS OF EXPENSE

Salaries of criers: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Salaries of criers”, $20,000.

Fees of commissioners: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1945, for “Fees of commissioners”, including the objects specified under this head in the Judiciary Appropriation Act, 1945, $34,000.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

UNITED NATIONS RELIEF AND REHABILITATION ADMINISTRATION

United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Administration: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, to enable the President to carry out the provisions of the Act of March 28, 1944 (Public Law 267, Seventy-eighth Congress), to be available for expenditure in the manner specified in the appropriation for this purpose in the United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Administration Participation Appropriation Act, 1945, and subject to the recommendations contained in the United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Administration Participation Act, 1946, $750,000,000.

EXECUTIVE MANSION AND GROUNDS

Maintenance, Executive Mansion and grounds: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Maintenance, Executive Mansion and grounds”, including the objects specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, $21,940.

Addition to the Executive Mansion: For an addition to the Executive Mansion; for alterations, improvements, and furnishings, and for improvement of grounds, to be expended as the President may determine, notwithstanding the provisions of any other Act, to remain available until expended, $1,650,000.

BUREAU OF THE BUDGET

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Salaries and expenses”, including the objects specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, $56,800.

Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Printing and binding”, $5,000.

OFFICE FOR EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT

OFFICE OF ALIEN PROPERTY CUSTODIAN

Administrative expenses: For an additional amount for the general administrative expenses of the Office of Alien Property Custodian
for the fiscal year 1946, including not to exceed $8,900 for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail, $750,300, payable out of any funds or other property or interest vested in or transferred to the Alien Property Custodian.

OFFICE OF DEFENSE TRANSPORTATION

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Salaries and expenses”, including the objects specified under this head in the National War Agencies Appropriation Act, 1946, $165,000.

INDEPENDENT EXECUTIVE AGENCIES

AMERICAN BATTLE MONUMENTS COMMISSION

For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “American Battle Monuments Commission”, including the objects specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, $2,000.

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Salaries and expenses, Civil Service Commission”, including the objects specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, $600,000.

Panama Canal construction annuity fund: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Panama Canal construction annuity fund”, $510,000.

EMPLOYEES’ COMPENSATION COMMISSION

Wage accruals: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Wage accruals”, $4,800,000, to remain available until expended.

EXPORT-IMPORT BANK OF WASHINGTON

Administrative expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Export-Import Bank of Washington, administrative expenses”, including the objects specified under this head in the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1945, $150,000, payable from the funds of the bank.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Salaries and expenses”, including the objects specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, $392,500, and the limitation on the amount which may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia is hereby increased from “$1,585,650” to “$1,903,400”.

FEDERAL LOAN AGENCY

RECONSTRUCTION FINANCE CORPORATION

Administrative expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Administrative expenses”, $5,500,000, payable from the funds of the Corporation: Provided, That none of the funds available under this head for administrative expenses shall be used in paying the salary of any person engaged in making or processing loans in excess of $500,000 to any State, any subdivision thereof, any
municipality therein, or any public authority, for construction purposes, unless in pursuance of a specific authorization, except, however, that this provision shall not apply to any application or loan approved or made prior to December 15, 1945.

FEDERAL POWER COMMISSION

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Salaries and expenses”, Federal Power Commission, including the objects specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, $250,000: Provided, That the amount under this head which may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia is hereby increased from “$1,315,991” to “$1,469,000” and for travel is hereby increased from “$185,475” to “$212,500”.

Flood-control surveys: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Flood-control surveys”, Federal Power Commission, including the objects specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, $25,000: Provided, That the amount under this head which may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia is hereby increased from “$85,000” to “$93,000” and for travel is hereby increased from “$10,000” to “$11,250”.

FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY

COLUMBIA INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF

For an additional amount for “Columbia Institution for the Deaf”, fiscal year 1946, including the objects specified under this head in the Federal Security Agency Appropriation Act, 1946, $46,605.

FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION

Enforcement operations: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Enforcement operations”, to carry out the provisions of the Act of July 6, 1945 (Public Law 139), including not to exceed $120,000 for personal services in the District of Columbia, $153,400.

HOLDRAND UNIVERSITY

Plans and specifications: For the preparation of plans and specifications for construction on the grounds of Howard University of a dental school building, and engineering and architectural school building, two additional units of the women’s dormitories, and an auditorium building with facilities for the school of music and the teaching of fine arts, including engineering and architectural services, printing, and travel, to remain available until expended, $181,375.

Salaries: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Salaries”, including the objects specified under this head in the Federal Security Agency Appropriation Act, 1946, $188,000.

PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE

Venereal diseases (national defense): For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Venereal diseases (national defense)”, including the objects specified under this head in the Federal Security Agency Appropriation Act, 1946, $647,000.

Hospitals and medical care: Not to exceed $90,000 of the appropriation “Hospitals and medical care”, fiscal year 1946, shall be available for necessary major repair, remodeling, and alteration of the Neponsit Beach Hospital without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes and section 822 of the Act of June 30, 1932, as

47 Stat. 412.
amended (40 U. S. C. 278a): Provided, That such additional amount of $90,000 shall not become available for obligation until a contract shall have been concluded with the lessor allowing Federal occupancy for a period of not less than eighteen months with the right to extend the period of occupancy an additional period of eighteen months or less, the rental charge for any period of occupancy not to exceed the rate heretofore agreed upon.

Foreign quarantine service: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Foreign quarantine service”, including the objects specified under this head in the Federal Security Agency Appropriation Act, 1946, and including the purchase of twelve passenger automobiles; construction, purchase, major repairs, and remodeling of buildings and auxiliary facilities; rental of buildings and other structures (including quarters for commissioned officers and other personnel) without regard to section 322 of the Act of June 30, 1932, as amended; and architectural and other special personal services by contract without regard to the civil-service or classification laws; $320,000.

National Institute of Health, operating expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “National Institute of Health, operating expenses”, including the objects specified under this head in the Federal Security Agency Appropriation Act, 1946, $817,000, of which $817,000 shall be available solely for grants-in-aid in accordance with the provisions of section 301 (d), Public Law 410 (including the purchase and distribution of penicillin and other antibiotic compounds for use in research projects for which grants are made), in addition to the $100,000 specified for such grants in said Act.

Public health services, Philippine Islands: To enable the Surgeon General of the Public Health Service, fiscal year 1946, to assist the public-health organization of the Philippine Islands in reconstituting and reactivating public-health services and programs in the Philippine Islands, including personal services in the District of Columbia; personal services outside the District of Columbia without regard to the civil-service or classification laws; purchase, maintenance, repair, and operation of twenty-five passenger automobiles and ten aircraft; travel; printing and binding; purchase of supplies, materials, and equipment without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes; and packing, unpacking, crating, uncrating, drayage, and transportation of personal effects of commissioned officers and transportation of their dependents on change of station, $1,000,000.

SOCIAL SECURITY BOARD

Grants to States for unemployment compensation administration: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Grants to States for unemployment compensation administration”, including the objects specified under this head in the Federal Security Agency Appropriation Act, 1946, $25,042,000.

Salaries, Bureau of Old-Age and Survivors Insurance: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Salaries, Bureau of Old-Age and Survivors Insurance”, $1,766,625.

Salaries, office of the Social Security Board: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Salaries, offices of the Social Security Board”, $50,000.

Miscellaneous expenses, Social Security Board: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Miscellaneous expenses, Social Security Board”, including the objects specified under this head in the Federal Security Agency Appropriation Act, 1946, $132,000.
OFFICE OF THE ADMINISTRATOR

For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries, Office of the General Counsel", including personal services in the District of Columbia, $16,000.

Traveling expenses, Federal Security Agency: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Traveling expenses, Federal Security Agency", including the objects specified under this head in the Federal Security Agency Appropriation Act, 1946, and $5,000 for carrying out the provisions of the Act of July 6, 1945 (Public Law 139), $60,000.

Printing and binding, Federal Security Agency: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Printing and binding, Federal Security Agency", to carry out the provisions of the Act of July 6, 1945 (Public Law 139), $1,000; Provided, That the amount of $514,000 specified in the appropriation "Printing and binding, Federal Security Agency", for printed forms, tabulating cards, and tabulating forms in the Bureau of Old-Age and Survivors Insurance is hereby reduced by $60,000, said amount to be available for the other purposes specified under this head.

FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY

OFFICE OF THE ADMINISTRATOR

Public works advance planning: For an additional amount for "Public works advance planning", fiscal year 1946, $12,500,000, of which not to exceed $375,000 shall be available for administrative expenses in the manner specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, except that the limitation on travel expenses is increased by $40,000: Provided, That no loans shall be made or participated in by any Federal agency for the construction of any public works, plans for which have been wholly or partly financed out of this appropriation, except in pursuance of a specific authorization.

Virgin Islands public works: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Virgin Islands public works", $1,216,210.

Public Works Administration liquidation: The amount made available for administrative expenses during the fiscal year 1946 under the head "Public Works Administration liquidation" in the First Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1945, is hereby increased from "$25,000" to "$45,000".

PUBLIC BUILDINGS ADMINISTRATION

Federal office building, Nashville, Tennessee: For the acquisition of a site in Nashville, Tennessee, by purchase, condemnation, or otherwise, and the construction thereon of a new Federal office building for the use and accommodation of the United States, including the Veterans' Administration, $5,575,000.

PUBLIC ROADS ADMINISTRATION

For carrying out the provisions of the Federal Highway Act of November 8, 1921, as amended and supplemented, $25,000,000, being a part of the $100,000,000 authorized to be appropriated by section 2 of the Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1944 (Public Law 521), and to become available in accordance with said section 2 and to remain available until expended.

Damage claims: For the payment of claims for damage to roads and highways under the Defense Highway Act of 1941, as amended
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(23 U. S. C. 110), as follows: "The Commissioner of Public Roads is authorized to reimburse the several States for the necessary rehabilitation or repair of roads and highways of States or their subdivisions substantially damaged by the Army or the Navy, or both, by any other agency of the Government, and so forth", as fully set forth in Senate Document Numbered 109, and House Document Numbered 364, Seventy-ninth Congress, $473,528.31.

FOREIGN-SERVICE PAY ADJUSTMENT

Foreign-service pay adjustment: The appropriation "Foreign-service pay adjustment, appreciation of foreign currencies", in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, shall be available, in such amounts as may be determined by the President, for transfer to and merger with other appropriations available for salaries, travel, cost-of-living, quarters, and other allowances in foreign countries.

GENERAL ACCOUNTING OFFICE

Salaries: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries", $2,673,900.

Miscellaneous expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Miscellaneous expenses", including the objects specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, $506,700, of which not to exceed $4,500 shall be available for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for cost of penalty mail as required by section 2 of the Act of June 28, 1944 (Public Law 364).

Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Printing and binding", $22,500.

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION

General administrative expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "General administrative expenses", including the objects specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, $266,000, and the limitation on the amount which may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia is hereby increased from "$2,488,000" to "$2,748,000".

Valuation of property of carriers: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Valuation of property of carriers", including the objects specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, $50,000.

Motor transport regulation: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Motor transport regulation", including the objects specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, $82,000.

Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Printing and binding for the Interstate Commerce Commission", including the objects specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, $45,000.

NATIONAL HOUSING AGENCY

Veterans' housing: To enable the National Housing Administrator to carry out the purposes of title V of the Act of October 14, 1940, as amended (42 U. S. C. 1501), $191,900,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That, without regard to the provisions of any other law, but subject to the removal provisions of section 313 of said Act, said Administrator may transfer, for such consideration

OFFICE OF THE ADMINISTRATOR

Veterans' housing: To enable the National Housing Administrator to carry out the purposes of title V of the Act of October 14, 1940, as amended (42 U. S. C. 1501), $191,900,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That, without regard to the provisions of any other law, but subject to the removal provisions of section 313 of said Act, said Administrator may transfer, for such consideration
and subject to such terms and conditions as he deems feasible under the circumstances, any temporary housing (intact or in panels suitable for reuse) under his jurisdiction to any educational institution, State or political subdivision thereof, local public agency, or non-profit organization, for use or reuse in providing temporary housing for families of servicemen and for veterans and their families, or, in the discretion of the Administrator, for single veterans attending educational institutions.

**FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANK ADMINISTRATION**

Salaries and expenses: In addition to the funds made available to the Federal Home Loan Bank Administration by the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, for “Salaries and expenses”, there is hereby made available to said Administration not to exceed $150,000 from the sources specified under said head.

**FEDERAL HOUSING ADMINISTRATION**

Salaries and expenses: In addition to the funds made available to the Federal Housing Administration by the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, for “Salaries and expenses”, there is hereby made available to said Administration not to exceed $1,000,000 from the sources specified under said head.

**NATIONAL LABOR RELATIONS BOARD**

Salaries: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Salaries”, $354,000: Provided, That no part of the funds appropriated in title IV, Labor-Federal Security Appropriation Act, 1946, or of any other funds appropriated to the National Labor Relations Board for the fiscal year 1946 hereafter shall be used, except for the discharge of obligations incurred up to and including the date of approval of this Act, by the National Labor Relations Board in any way in connection with the performance of the duties imposed upon it by the War Labor Disputes Act (50 U.S.C. App. 1501-11), including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, and other items otherwise properly chargeable to appropriations of the National Labor Relations Board for miscellaneous expenses and printing and binding, and the National Labor Relations Board shall return to the Treasury all funds appropriated to it under title IV of the National Labor Relations Board Appropriation Act, 1946, for the performance of the duties imposed upon it by the War Labor Disputes Act, less all sums actually expended and obligations actually incurred in the performance of its duties under the War Labor Disputes Act up to and including the date of approval of this Act.

Miscellaneous expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Miscellaneous expenses”, including the objects specified under this head in the National Labor Relations Board Appropriation Act, 1946, $110,000.

Penalty mail: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for deposit in the general fund of the Treasury for costs of penalty mail of the National Labor Relations Board as required by the Act of June 28, 1944, $2,500.

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Salaries and expenses, National Labor Relations Board, War Labor Disputes Act”, including the objects specified under the appropriation for this purpose in the National Labor Relations Board Appropriation Act, 1946, $300,000, for reimbursement to the appropriations “Salaries” and “Miscellaneous expenses”, National Labor Relations Board, fiscal year 1946.
NATIONAL MEDIATION BOARD


There is hereby transferred $3,000 from the appropriation “Arbitration and Emergency Boards, National Mediation Board, 1945”, to the appropriation “Salaries and expenses, emergency panels, and so forth, National Mediation Board 1945”.

OFFICE OF WAR MOBILIZATION AND RECONVERSION

Expenses of disposal agencies: In addition to funds already appropriated and notwithstanding the provisions of section 30 (a) of the Surplus Property Act of 1944, hereafter all proceeds from any disposition of surplus property remaining after dispositions made as provided in sections 30 (b), (c), and (d) of such Act shall be set aside in a special fund account in the Treasury and funds so set aside in such special fund account are hereby appropriated and shall be available to the Surplus Property Administrator, not, however, to exceed $170,000,000 for the fiscal year 1946, for “Expenses of disposal agencies”, Office of War Mobilization and Reconversion, for allocation or reimbursement as specified under this head in the National War Agencies Appropriation Act, 1946, including expenses necessary to enable Government agencies designated by the Surplus Property Administration to render special services to the Administration or to disposal agencies; purchase, maintenance, operation, and repair of passenger automobiles; maintenance and operation of aircraft in connection with disposal activities in the Territories and possessions: Provided, That, notwithstanding any provision to the contrary, the appropriation under this head in this Act and in the National War Agencies Appropriation Act, 1946, shall be considered as available also for expenses incurred during the fiscal years 1945 and 1946 incident to the care, handling, transfer, and other disposition of property under the control of disposal agencies by whatever agency declared: Provided further, That the limitations under the appropriation “Surplus property program”, Procurement Division, transferred to the Office of War Mobilization and Reconversion by the National War Agencies Appropriation Act, 1946, are hereby repealed: Provided further, That any unobligated balances in the special fund account created herein shall be covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts not later than six months after the close of each fiscal year: Provided further, That any owning or disposal agency is authorized to transfer surplus property in its possession, other than real estate, to the United States Soldiers’ Home without reimbursement or transfer of funds.

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Salaries and expenses”, $166,200.

SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Salaries and expenses, Smithsonian Institution”, including the objects specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, $47,000.
Administrative, medical, hospital, and domiciliary services: The limitation under "Administration, medical, hospital, and domiciliary services", Veterans' Administration, in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, on the amount which may be expended to repair, alter, improve, or provide facilities in the several hospitals and homes, is hereby increased from $3,650,000 to $5,000,000; the limitation under the above appropriation upon the number of passenger-carrying vehicles which may be purchased during the fiscal year 1946 is hereby increased from "fifty-five" to "two hundred and eighty-four"; the limitation under the above appropriation upon the amount which may be available for the preparation, shipment, installation, and display of exhibits, photographic displays, moving pictures, and other visual educational information and descriptive material is hereby increased from "$50,000" to "$99,500"; and notwithstanding the provisions of section 106 of the above Act, the appropriation shall be available for the purchase of newspapers (other than legal) and periodicals in an amount not exceeding $975.

For construction of hospitals and domiciliary facilities for fiscal year 1946, $158,320,000.

Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Printing and binding for the Veterans' Administration", $1,360,000, of which $200,000 shall be reimbursed to the "Emergency fund for the President, national defense".

National service life insurance: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "National service life insurance", including the objects specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1946, $928,000,000, to remain available until expended.

Hospital and domiciliary facilities: The Administrator of Veterans' Affairs, subject to the approval of the Federal Board of Hospitalization, is authorized to utilize such Army and Navy hospitals, temporary or otherwise, not required by the Army or Navy, as such Administrator and the Federal Board of Hospitalization may deem safe and suitable for the hospitalization or domiciliary care of veterans.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

REGULATORY AGENCIES

Office of Recorder of Deeds: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for the "Office of Recorder of Deeds", including the objects specified for this purpose in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1946, $12,400.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS

CAPITAL OUTLAY

For an additional amount for the construction of an underpass under Hiatt Place to connect the Powell Junior High School and the Johnson Building, $7,000, to remain available until expended.
The Commissioners of the District of Columbia are authorized to enter into contract or contracts for construction of the following school buildings or additions to school buildings at a total cost in each case of not to exceed the specified amounts, namely, Alexander Graham Bell (Abbot) Vocational School, $1,190,000; Spingarn High School, $2,060,000; Miller Junior High School, $1,350,000; Taft Junior High School addition, $518,000; new elementary-school building, including assembly hall-gymnasium, in the vicinity of Eleventh and G Streets Southeast, to replace the present Cranch and Tyler Schools, $600,000; and Logan School, $330,000.

For an additional amount for the purchase of a site for elementary-school purposes in the vicinity of Eleventh and G Streets Southeast, for the replacement of the Cranch, Tyler, and Van Ness Schools, $50,000, to remain available until expended.

**Health Department**

Operating expenses, Gallinger Municipal Hospital: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Operating expenses, Gallinger Municipal Hospital”, including the objects specified under this head in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1946, $28,900.

Capital outlay, Gallinger Municipal Hospital: For an additional amount for the construction of a superintendent's residence, $5,000.

**Public Welfare**

**Family Welfare Service**

Capital outlay, institutions for the indigent: For completing construction of a new heating plant at the Home for the Aged and Infirm, including all necessary appurtenances thereto, $237,500.

**Juvenile Correctional Service**

Capital outlay: For preparation of plans and specifications for new buildings for the Industrial Home School, to be constructed at a cost not to exceed $600,000 on a new site near Laurel, Maryland, $18,000, which amount may be credited to the appropriation account, "Office of Municipal Architect, construction services".

The unexpended balance of the appropriation of $40,000 for the construction of temporary building for the National Training School for Girls on a new site to be acquired in Maryland, contained in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1944, is reappropriated and made available during the fiscal years 1946 and 1947 for repairs, alterations, and improvements to existing buildings on the new site acquired near Laurel, Maryland, for the National Training School for Girls, including furniture and equipment and the installation of necessary utilities.

**Mental Rehabilitation Service**

Capital outlay, District Training School: For the construction of a third floor and a permanent roof to the hospital and administration building; $70,000.

**Public Works**

Capital outlay, Sewer Division: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for construction of sewers and receiving basins, and so forth, including the objects specified under this head in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1946, $320,000, and in conducting a survey for city relief sewers the Commissioners are authorized to
employ engineering and other professional services by contract or otherwise, without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes and civil-service and classification laws.

### SETTLEMENT OF CLAIMS AND SUITS

For the payment of claims in excess of $250, approved by the Commissioners in accordance with the provisions of the Act of February 11, 1929, as amended (46 Stat. 500), as set forth in House Document Numbered 370 of the Seventy-ninth Congress, $1,504,50.

### DIVISION OF EXPENSES

The sums appropriated in this Act for the District of Columbia, shall, unless otherwise specifically provided, be paid out of the general fund of the District of Columbia, as defined in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1946.

### DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

**Agricultural Research Administration**

**Bureau of Entomology and Plant Quarantine**

Salaries and expenses (foreign plant quarantine): For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Salaries and expenses” (foreign plant quarantines), including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1946, $187,500.

**Forest Service**

National forest protection and management: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for national forest protection and management, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1946, $300,000.

**Forest Roads and Trails**

Forest roads and trails: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Forest roads and trails”, including the objects and subject to the conditions specified under this head in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1946, $4,000,000, to remain available until expended, of which amount $2,000,000 is for forest development roads and trails, being a part of the $12,500,000 authorized to be appropriated for the first postwar fiscal year by the Act of December 20, 1944 (58 Stat. 838), and $2,000,000 is for forest highways, being a part of the balance of the $7,000,000 authorized to be appropriated for the fiscal year 1942 by the Act of September 5, 1940 (54 Stat. 867).

### WAR FOOD ADMINISTRATION

Salaries and expenses: The limitation on the amount which may be expended for the agricultural wage stabilization program under the appropriation “Salaries and expenses, War Food Administration”, in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1946, is hereby increased from “$275,000” to “$373,700”.

### COMMODITY CREDIT CORPORATION

Salaries and administrative expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Salaries and administrative expenses”, Com-
Commodity Credit Corporation, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1946, $762,000, payable from the funds of said Corporation.

SCHOOL LUNCH PROGRAM

The limitation of $50,000,000 for the objects and for the purposes of the item “School lunch program” contained in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1946, is increased by $7,500,000.

MARKETING SERVICE

Insecticide Act: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Insecticide Act”, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1946, $26,500, and the limitation on the amount which may be expended for departmental personal services in the District of Columbia is hereby increased from $1,228,446 to $1,235,446.

FARM LABOR SUPPLY PROGRAM

Supply and distribution of farm labor: The authority and funds provided by the Farm Labor Supply Appropriation Act, 1944, as amended and supplemented, are hereby continued through December 31, 1946, to assist in providing an adequate supply of agricultural labor for the production, harvesting, and preparation for markets of agricultural commodities essential to the orderly transition from war to peace and for carrying out the other purposes of said Act, and, in addition to the amount hereby continued available, there is hereby appropriated the sum of $25,000,000 for such purposes, to be merged with the funds hereby continued available. Not less than $7,000,000 of such additional funds shall be apportioned among the several States in the manner and for the purposes specified in section 2 of said Act, and of the amount so apportioned, not more than $100,000 may be expended by the State agricultural extension services for the construction of labor supply centers under the limitations of said section 2. In addition to the amounts heretofore made available for administrative expenses pursuant to section 3 (c) of said Act, there is hereby made available, out of said funds, the sum of $562,023 for such purposes. Agricultural workers may be admitted into the United States to perform agricultural labor in accordance with the provisions of section 5 (g) of said Act during the continuance of this program, notwithstanding any official determination of the cessation of hostilities in the present war.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Salaries and expenses”, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, $28,400.

Declassification and technical services: For all expenses necessary, fiscal year 1946, in the performance of activities and services relating to the declassification of scientific and technical data, its release for public benefit, the promotion of its maximum use by business and industry in the development and utilization of new products and processes, including all the objects for which the appropriation “Salaries and expenses, Office of the Secretary”, is available, and including not to exceed $50,000 for the temporary employment of persons or
organizations (including aliens where necessary for special studies, investigations, and the translation of foreign-language documents in this country and abroad) by contract or otherwise, without regard to section 3709, Revised Statutes, and the civil-service and classification laws, and not to exceed $50,000 for printing and binding, $300,000.

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

Compiling census reports, and so forth: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Compiling census reports, and so forth”, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, $2,433,000.

OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATOR OF CIVIL AERONAUTICS

Establishment of air-navigation facilities: For an additional amount for “Establishment of air-navigation facilities”, fiscal year 1946, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1946, $182,000.

Construction, Washington National Airport: For an extension to the Terminal Building, construction of four hangars, extension to boilerhouse, and acquisition of land necessary for and planning of an access road to the airport, $3,598,000, to remain available until expended.

The War and Navy Departments are authorized to transfer to the Civil Aeronautics Administration aircraft engines, parts, and accessories surplus to the needs of such Departments, such transfer to be without charge therefor, and the appropriation “Maintenance and Operation of Aircraft” is hereby made available for the costs of transportation and storage incident to the procurement and care of such items.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

PETROLEUM CONSERVATION DIVISION

Petroleum Conservation Division: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Petroleum Conservation Division”, including the objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946, $12,300.

GENERAL LAND OFFICE

Salaries: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Salaries”, $50,000.

Salaries and expenses of land offices: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Salaries and expenses of land offices”, including the objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946, $8,000.

Payment to Oklahoma, from royalties, oil and gas, south half of Red River: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Payment to Oklahoma from royalties, oil and gas, south half of Red River”, $399.69: Provided, That expenditures under the total appropriation shall not exceed the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury in accordance with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934.

Fire protection and timber management, public domain, continental United States: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Fire protection and timber management, public domain, continental United
States”, including the objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946, $82,000.

**Bureau of Indian Affairs**

For payment to certain individual Sioux Indians, their heirs or devisees, in full settlement of their claims against the United States for personal property losses, as authorized by the Act of June 30, 1945 (Public Law 97), including payment of attorney fees and other expenses authorized by said Act, $111,630, to remain available as provided in said Act: Provided, That the respective Indian agency superintendents, acting as ex officio guardians, shall have authority to make application for, and to receive, payment of the amounts due the said claimants, their heirs or devisees.

**Bureau of Reclamation**

**Reclamation Fund, Special Fund**

Salaries and expenses (other than project offices), $500,000; General investigations, $1,000,000; Projects:
- San Luis project, Colorado, $1,000,000; Boise project, Idaho: Payette division, $2,000,000; Anderson Ranch, $1,025,000; Minidoka project, Idaho, $720,000; Palisades project, Idaho, $1,000,000; Rio Grande project, New Mexico-Texas, $750,000; Tucumcari project, New Mexico, $2,000,000; Lagert-Altus project, Oklahoma, $2,020,000; Deschutes project, Oregon, $1,000,000; Klamath project, Oregon, $1,000,000; Owyhee project, Oregon, $1,000,000; Vale project, Oregon, $3,000; Provo River project, Utah, $860,000; Yakima project, Washington, Roza division, $1,650,000; Kendrick project, Wyoming, $500,000; Riverton project, Wyoming, $1,000,000; Shoshone project, Wyoming: Heart Mountain division, $1,000,000; Power division, $1,124,000; Total, from the reclamation fund, $21,242,000.

**General Fund, Construction**

Construction: For additional amounts for construction of the following projects, including the objects specified under the head “Bureau of Reclamation” in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946, to be expended from the general fund of the Treasury, to remain available until expended and to be reimbursable under the reclamation law:
- Gila project, Arizona, $2,000,000; Davis Dam project, Arizona-Nevada, $5,900,000; Central Valley project, California: Storage system, Shasta Dam and Reservoir, relocation of secondary roads, $100,000; road between
Shasta and Keswick Dams and United States Highway 99, $150,000; clearing Shasta Reservoir area, $100,000; Shasta Dam, $500,000; Delta division, Delta-Mendota canal, $7,500,000; Delta Cross channel, $349,420; Friant division, Friant Dam and Reservoir, $200,000; Friant-Kern canal, $6,000,000; Power system, Shasta power plant, $885,580; Keswick Dam, $500,000; Keswick power plant, $550,000; switchyards, $1,600,000; transmission lines, Oroville to Sacramento, two hundred and thirty kilovolt, $730,000, and Sacramento between substations, two hundred and thirty kilovolt, $50,000; in all, $19,215,000;

Colorado-Big Thompson project, Colorado, $5,750,000; Hungry Horse project, Montana, $1,500,000; Columbia Basin project, Washington, $10,275,000; Total, general fund, construction, $44,640,000.

COLORADO RIVER DAM FUND

Boulder Canyon project (All-American Canal): For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, to remain available until expended for continuation of construction, $3,000,000.

COLORADO RIVER DEVELOPMENT FUND

Colorado River development fund (expenditure account): For an additional amount for investigations of projects for the utilization of the waters of the Colorado River system in the four States of the upper division, as authorized by section 2 of the Boulder Canyon Project Adjustment Act, approved July 19, 1940 (54 Stat. 774), $1,000,000 from the Colorado River development fund (holding account).

FORT PECK PROJECT, MONTANA

For an additional amount for Fort Peck project, Montana, $800,000, to remain available until expended.

MISSOURI RIVER BASIN

Missouri River Basin (reimbursable): For the partial accomplishment of the works to be undertaken by the Secretary of the Interior pursuant to section 9 of the Act of December 22, 1944 (58 Stat. 887), $10,780,300, to remain available until expended.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

Administrative provisions: The limitation contained in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946, on the number of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles which may be purchased is hereby increased from “two hundred and eighty” to “three hundred and eighty”.

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

Topographic surveys: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Topographic surveys”, $13,900.

Geologic surveys: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Geologic surveys”, $800.

Gaging streams: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Gaging streams”, including the objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946, $321,100, and the amount that shall be available only for cooperation with States or municipalities is hereby increased from “$1,300,000” to “$1,620,000”.
Classification of lands: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Classification of lands", $800.

Arkansas River compact: For payment of the compensation, without regard to the civil-service and classification laws, including time performed in travel, and expenses, including travel, of the person appointed by the President, pursuant to Public Law 34, Seventy-ninth Congress, to participate as the representative of the United States in the negotiation of a compact between the States of Colorado and Kansas relative to the division of the waters of the Arkansas River and its tributaries, to be available until June 30, 1947, $15,000: Provided, That, notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the contrary, the President is authorized to appoint a retired officer of the Army as such representative without prejudice to his status as a retired Army officer who shall receive such compensation and expenses in addition to his retired pay.

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses", including the objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946, $20,000; and the amount which may be expended for printing and binding is hereby increased from "$25,000" to "$29,000".

Regional offices: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Regional offices", including the objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946, $35,000.

National parks: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "National parks", including the objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946, $111,650.

National monuments: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "National monuments", including the objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946, $30,000.

National historical parks and memorials: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "National historical parks and memorials", including the objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946, $51,000.

National military parks, battlefields, and cemeteries: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "National military parks, battlefields, and cemeteries", including the objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946, $25,000.

Boulder Dam National Recreational Area, Arizona and Nevada: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Boulder Dam National Recreational Area, Arizona and Nevada", including the objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946, $5,000.

Recreational demonstration areas: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Recreational demonstration areas", including the objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946, $10,000.

Salaries and expenses, National Capital parks: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Salaries and expenses, National Capital parks", including the objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946, $70,000.

FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

Control of predatory animals and injurious rodents: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Control of predatory animals and
injurious rodents”, including the objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1946, $20,000.

GOVERNMENT IN THE TERRITORIES

GOVERNMENT OF THE VIRGIN ISLANDS

Municipal government of Saint Croix: For defraying the deficit in the treasury of the municipal government of Saint Croix, Virgin Islands, because of the excess of current expenses over current revenues for the fiscal year 1946, $150,000, to be paid in monthly installments.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

LEGAL ACTIVITIES AND GENERAL ADMINISTRATION


Tax Division: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for the “Tax Division”, $18,360.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Damage claims: For the payment of a claim for damages to privately owned property adjusted and determined by the Attorney General of the United States under the provisions of the Act entitled “An Act to provide for the adjustment and settlement of certain claims arising out of the activities of the Federal Bureau of Investigation”, approved March 20, 1936 (31 U. S. C. 224b), as fully set forth in Senate Document Numbered 113, Seventy-ninth Congress, $37,50.

IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Salaries and expenses, Immigration and Naturalization Service”, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Justice Appropriation Act, 1946, $1,172,400.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Contingent expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Contingent expenses”, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Labor Appropriation Act, 1946, $4,325.

Traveling expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Traveling expenses”, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Labor Appropriation Act, 1946, $35,000.

BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Salaries and expenses”, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Labor Appropriation Act, 1946, $172,760.

APPRENTICE TRAINING SERVICE

Apprentice Training Service: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Apprentice Training Service”, including the objects specified under this head in the War Manpower Commission Appropri-
ation Act, 1946, and including not to exceed $3,250 additional for printing and binding and $59,000 additional for travel expenses, $431,500.

NAVY DEPARTMENT

Damage claims: For the payment of claims for real and personal property damage, adjusted and determined by the Secretary of the Navy under the provisions of the Act entitled “An Act to provide for the prompt settlement of claims for damages occasioned by Army, Navy, and Marine Corps forces in foreign countries”, approved April 22, 1943 (31 U. S. C. 224d-224i), as fully set forth in House Document Numbered 352, Seventy-ninth Congress, $11,132.56.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

(Out of the Postal Revenues)

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

For additional amounts for “Salaries in Office of Postmaster General and bureaus and offices”, Post Office Department, fiscal year 1946, as follows:
- Office of the Postmaster General, $12,700.
- Office of Budget and Administrative Planning, $1,200.
- Office of the First Assistant Postmaster General, $31,500.
- Office of the Second Assistant Postmaster General, $20,600.
- Office of the Third Assistant Postmaster General, $30,000.
- Office of the Fourth Assistant Postmaster General, $28,800.
- Office of the Solicitor for the Post Office Department, $5,500.
- Office of the Chief Inspector, $9,600.
- Bureau of Accounts, $9,400.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES, POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

Contingent and miscellaneous expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Contingent and miscellaneous expenses”, including the objects specified under this head in the Post Office Department Appropriation Act, 1946, $25,000.

FIELD SERVICE, POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

OFFICE OF THE POSTMASTER GENERAL

Personal or property damage claims: For an additional amount for “Personal or property damage claims”, for the fiscal year 1946 and prior years, $65,000.

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF INSPECTOR

Clerks, division headquarters: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Clerks, division headquarters”, $22,500, and increase the limitation on the number of clerks from “three hundred and sixty-seven” to “four hundred and twelve”.

OFFICE OF THE SECOND ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

Domestic Air Mail Service: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1945, for “Domestic Air Mail Service”, including the objects specified under this head in the Post Office Department Appropriation Act, 1945, $595,000.
Indemnities, domestic mail: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Indemnities, domestic mail”, $728,000.
Unpaid money orders more than one year old: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Unpaid money orders more than one year old”, $390,000.

Post office stationery, equipment, and supplies: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Post office stationery, equipment, and supplies”, including the objects specified under this head in the Post Office Department Appropriation Act, 1946, $3,600: Provided, That the limitation on the amount available for the pay of employees in the District of Columbia in connection with the shipment of supplies is increased from “$63,600” to “$67,400”.

Salaries: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Salaries”, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1946, $263,000.

Transportation, Foreign Service: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Transportation, Foreign Service”, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1946, $1,327,000.

The limitations under the appropriation, “Foreign Service quarters”, fiscal year 1946, on the amounts which may be used for allowances for living quarters shall be exclusive of amounts paid in accordance with the Act approved March 26, 1934 (5 U. S. C. 118a), for losses sustained due to appreciation of foreign currencies.

Representation allowances, Foreign Service: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Representation allowances, Foreign Service”, $23,000.
Salaries of clerks, Foreign Service: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Salaries of clerks, Foreign Service”, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1946, $838,000.

Miscellaneous salaries and allowances, Foreign Service: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Miscellaneous salaries and allowances, Foreign Service”, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1946, $258,000.

Foreign Service, auxiliary (emergency): For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Foreign Service, auxiliary (emergency)”, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1946, $4,385,000.

Contingent expenses, Foreign Service: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Contingent expenses, Foreign Service”, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1946, $960,000.

International conferences (emergency): For an additional amount for “International conferences (emergency)”, fiscal year 1946, includ-
ing the objects specified under this head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1946, $2,750,000.

United States contributions to international commissions, congresses, and bureaux: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “United States contributions to international commissions, congresses, and bureaux”, as follows: International Bureau of Weights and Measures, $29,408; International Office of Public Health, $10,209.36; Inter-American Statistical Institute, $1,947; Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, $377,500; International Labor Organization, $80,000, to be available for the expenses of participation by the United States in the meetings of the General Conference and of the Governing Body of the International Labor Organization and in such regional, industrial, or other special meetings, as may be duly called by such Governing Body, including the objects specified for these purposes in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1946; in all, $699,059.36.

Intergovernmental Committee on Refugees: The appropriation “Intergovernmental Committee on Refugees” in the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1945, is hereby continued available until April 1, 1946.

Salaries and expenses, International Boundary Commission, United States and Mexico: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Salaries and expenses, International Boundary Commission, United States and Mexico”, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1946, $175,000.

Douglas-Agua Prieta sanitation project: For an additional amount for construction of the Douglas-Agua Prieta sanitation project, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1946, $60,000, to remain available until expended.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT
OFFICE OF CHIEF CLERK

Printing and binding: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Printing and binding”, $4,000.

BUREAU OF ACCOUNTS

Division of Disbursement, salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Division of Disbursement, salaries and expenses”, including the objects specified under this head in the Treasury Department Appropriation Act, 1946, $1,000,000.

Printing and binding, Division of Disbursement: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Printing and binding”, Division of Disbursement, including the objects specified under this head in the Treasury Department Appropriation Act, 1946, $54,000.

BUREAU OF CUSTOMS

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for “Salaries and expenses”, $1,218,000.

BUREAU OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Salaries and expenses: The limitation under “Salaries and expenses”, Bureau of Internal Revenue, on the amount which may be expended for printing and binding, fiscal year 1945, is hereby increased from “$2,000,000” to “$2,374,274”. 58 Stat. 201.
WAR DEPARTMENT

MILITARY ACTIVITIES

DAMAGE CLAIMS

For the payment of claims for damage to or loss or destruction of property or personal injury or death adjusted and determined by the Secretary of War under the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the settlement of claims for damage to or loss or destruction of property or personal injury or death caused by military personnel or civilian employees, or otherwise incident to activities, of the War Department or of the Army", approved July 3, 1943 (31 U. S. C. 223b), as fully set forth in Senate Document Numbered 107, and House Document Numbered 349, Seventy-ninth Congress, §274,127.43.

CIVIL FUNCTIONS

CORPS OF ENGINEERS

RIVERS AND HARBORS AND FLOOD CONTROL

The proviso contained in the War Department Civil Appropriation Act, 1946, under the head "Rivers and harbors and flood control", reading "Provided further, That any appropriation for civil functions under the Corps of Engineers for the fiscal year 1946 shall be available for contracting in such manner as the Secretary of War may determine to be in the public interest without regard to the provisions of section 3709 of the Revised Statutes or section 3 of the River and Harbor Act of August 11, 1888", is hereby repealed.

RIVERS AND HARBORS

For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Rivers and harbors", including the objects specified under this head in the War Department Civil Appropriation Act, 1946, $25,516,000, to remain available until expended.

FLOOD CONTROL

Flood control, general: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Flood control, general", including the objects specified under this head in the War Department Civil Appropriation Act, 1946, $84,659,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That no part of the funds herein appropriated shall be available for the actual construction of the Garrison Reservoir Dam, North Dakota, itself: Provided further, That no part of the appropriation for the Garrison Reservoir herein contained may be expended for actual construction of the dam itself until suitable land found by the Secretary of the Interior to be equal in quality and sufficient in area to compensate the Three Affiliated Tribes shall be offered to the said tribes in exchange for the land on the Fort Berthold Reservation which shall be inundated by the construction of the Garrison Dam.

For an additional amount, fiscal year 1946, for "Flood control, Mississippi River and tributaries", including the objects specified under this head in the War Department Civil Appropriation Act, 1946, $15,000,000, to remain available until expended.
TITLE II—JUDGMENTS AND AUTHORIZED CLAIMS

PROPERTY DAMAGE CLAIMS

Sec. 201. (a) For the payment of claims for damages to or losses of privately owned property adjusted and determined by the following respective departments and independent offices, under the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide a method for the settlement of claims arising against the Government of the United States in the sum not exceeding $1,000 in any one case", approved December 28, 1922 (31 U. S. C. 215), as fully set forth in House Document Numbered 350, Seventy-ninth Congress, as follows:

Executive Office of the President:
Office for Emergency Management:
War Production Board, $136.35;
War Shipping Administration, $78.72;
Office of Price Administration, $230.40;
Office of Strategic Services, $21.50;

Independent offices:
National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics, $97.84;
Selective Service System, $106.38;
Federal Security Agency, $234.68;
Federal Works Agency, $203.65;
National Housing Agency, $205.50;
Department of Agriculture, $901.99;
Department of Commerce, $1,298.80;
Department of the Interior, $1,298.80;
Department of Justice, $844.43;
Navy Department, $60,962.23;
Post Office Department, $3,520.89;

In all, $69,033.16.

(b) For the payment of claims for damages to or losses of privately owned property adjusted and determined by the following respective departments and independent offices, under the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide a method for the settlement of claims arising against the Government of the United States in the sum not exceeding $1,000 in any one case", approved December 28, 1922 (31 U. S. C. 215), as fully set forth in Senate Document Numbered 108, Seventy-ninth Congress, as follows:

Executive Office of the President:
Office for Emergency Management:
War Production Board, $136.35;
War Shipping Administration, $78.72;
Federal Security Agency, $591.54;
Federal Works Agency, $100.85;
Department of Commerce, $609.65;
Department of the Interior, $1,449;
Navy Department, $33,612.21;
Post Office Department, $598.25;
Treasury Department, $1,843.08;

In all, $38,181.15.

JUDGMENTS, UNITED STATES COURTS

Sec. 202. (a) For the payment of final judgments, including costs of suits, which have been rendered under the provisions of the Act of March 3, 1887, entitled "An Act to provide for the bringing of suits against the Government of the United States", as amended by section 297 of the Act of March 3, 1911 (28 U. S. C. 761), and which have been certified to the Seventy-ninth Congress in Senate Document
Numbered 111, and House Document Numbered 356, under the following agencies:

Veterans’ Administration, $60.42;
Federal Works Agency: Public Buildings Administration, $1,950;
United States Maritime Commission, $519.14;
Department of Agriculture, $6,287.50;
Farm Security Administration, $1,702.50;
Navy Department, $3,000;
Coast Guard, $2,250;
Office for Emergency Management: War Shipping Administration, $4,750;
War Department, $18,031.60;
In all, $38,581.16;

(a) For the payment of a judgment, rendered against the Government of the United States by a United States district court under the provisions of an Act entitled “An Act authorizing suits against the United States in admiralty for damages caused by and salvage services rendered to public vessels belonging to the United States, and for other purposes,” approved March 3, 1928 (46 U. S. C., 781–789), and which was certified to the Seventy-ninth Congress in Senate Document Numbered 112, $35,144.95.

(b) For the payment of judgments Numbered Civil 3934-PH, 788, 754, and 755 rendered by United States district courts, in the total amount of $19,933.36, and certified to the Seventy-ninth Congress in House Document Numbered 355, together with such amount as may be necessary to pay interest, to be paid from funds of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation.

(c) None of the judgments contained under this caption shall be paid until the right of appeal shall have expired except such as have become final and conclusive against the United States by failure of the parties to appeal or otherwise.

(d) Payment or interest wherever provided for judgments contained in this Act shall not in any case continue for more than thirty days after the date of approval of this Act.

Judgments, United States Court of Claims

Sec. 203. (a) For payment of judgments rendered by the Court of Claims and reported to the Seventy-ninth Congress in Senate Document Numbered 114, and House Document Numbered 357, under the following agencies, namely:

Legislative branch: Architect of the Capitol, $16,776.90;
Federal Works Agency: Public Buildings Administration, $8,383.51;
National Housing Agency: Federal Public Housing Authority, $72,350.41;
Veterans’ Administration, $2,155.14;
Navy Department, $6,223.23;
Post Office Department (payable from postal revenues), $60,274.76;
Treasury Department, $32,804.56;
War Department, $1,294.58;

In all, $222,770.85; together with such amount as may be necessary to pay interest as and when specified in the judgments.

(b) None of the judgments contained under this caption shall be paid until the right of appeal shall have expired except such as have become final and conclusive against the United States by failure of the parties to appeal or otherwise.

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Veterans’ Administration, $2,155.14;
Navy Department, $6,223.23;
Post Office Department (payable from postal revenues), $60,274.76;
Treasury Department, $32,804.56;
War Department, $1,294.58;

In all, $222,770.85; together with such amount as may be necessary to pay interest as and when specified in the judgments.

(b) None of the judgments contained under this caption shall be paid until the right of appeal shall have expired except such as have become final and conclusive against the United States by failure of the parties to appeal or otherwise.

(c) Payment or interest wherever provided for judgments contained in this Act shall not in any case continue for more than thirty days after the date of approval of this Act.
Document Numbered 115, together with such amount as may be necessary to pay interest, to be paid from funds of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation.

(c) None of the judgments contained under this caption shall be paid until the right of appeal has expired, except such as has become final and conclusive against the United States by failure of the parties to appeal or otherwise.

AUDITED CLAIMS

Sec. 204. For the payment of claims certified to be due by the General Accounting Office under appropriations the balances of which have been carried to the surplus fund under the provisions of section 5 of the Act of June 20, 1874 (31 U. S. C. 718), and under appropriations heretofore treated as permanent, being for the service of the fiscal year 1943 and prior years, unless otherwise stated, and which have been certified to Congress under section 2 of the Act of July 7, 1884 (5 U. S. C. 266), as fully set forth in Senate Document Numbered 106, and House Document Numbered 353, Seventy-ninth Congress, there is appropriated the sum of $6,225,198.02, together with such additional sum due to increases in rates of exchange as may be necessary to pay claims in the foreign currency and interest as specified in certain of the settlements of the General Accounting Office, to be disbursed and accounted for as a single fund, and $1,483.79 payable from postal revenues; in all, $6,226,681.81.

Sec. 205. For the payment of claims allowed by the General Accounting Office pursuant to the Act entitled “An Act for the relief of officers and soldiers of the volunteer service of the United States mustered into service for the War with Spain, and who were held in service in the Philippine Islands after the ratification of the treaty of peace, April 11, 1899”, approved May 2, 1940 (Public Act Numbered 505, Seventy-sixth Congress), and which have been certified to the Seventy-ninth Congress under section 2 of the Act of July 7, 1884 (5 U. S. C. 266), under the War Department in House Document Numbered 348, $1,730.63.

Sec. 206. For the payment of a claim allowed by the General Accounting Office under sections 218 and 222 of title 31, United States Code, as amended by the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, June 26, 1934 (48 Stat. 1226), and which has been certified in Senate Document Numbered 110, and House Document Numbered 351, Seventy-ninth Congress, as follows:

Under War Department: Claims of officers and men of the Army for destruction of private property, $70.39.

TITLE III—GENERAL PROVISIONS

Sec. 301. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used to pay the salary or wages of any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided, That for the purposes hereof an affidavit shall be considered prima facie evidence that the person making the affidavit does not advocate, and is not a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided further, That any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided further, That any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided further, That any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence:

Persons advocating overthrow of U. S. Government.

Affidavit.

Penalty.
or both: Provided further, That the above penal clause shall be in addition to, and not in substitution for, any other provision of existing law.

Sec. 302. This Act may be cited as the “First Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1946”.

Approved December 28, 1945.

[CHAPTER 590] AN ACT

To amend the Second War Powers Act, 1942, as amended.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) title II of the Second War Powers Act, 1942, as amended, is amended by adding thereto the following section:

“Sec. 202. The Authority to acquire property, or any use thereof or interest therein, granted by section 2 of such Act of July 2, 1917, shall not be exercised after the date upon which this section becomes effective.”

(b) Title IX of the Second War Powers Act, 1942, as amended, is hereby repealed.

(c) Title III of the Nationality Act of 1940, as amended by title X of the Second War Powers Act, 1942 (relating to naturalization of persons serving in the armed forces of the United States during the present war), is amended as follows:

“(1) Section 701 of such title is amended by striking out ‘and (3) the petition shall be filed not later than one year after the termination of the effective period of those titles of the Second War Powers Act, 1942, for which the effective period is specified in the last title thereof’ and inserting in lieu thereof ‘and (3) the petition shall be filed not later than December 31, 1946’.

(2) Such title is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

“Sec. 706. No person shall be naturalized under the provisions of this title unless such person has served in the military or naval forces of the United States prior to the date of enactment of this section.”

(d) Title XI of the Second War Powers Act, 1942, as amended, is hereby amended by adding thereto the following section:

“Sec. 1107. On and after January 1, 1946, the authority granted by this title shall be exercised only for the benefit of personnel of the armed forces of the United States stationed abroad.”

(e) Title XII of the Second War Powers Act, 1942, as amended, is hereby amended by substituting the date “December 31, 1945” for the date “December 31, 1940” wherever the latter date appears in such title.

(f) Section 1501 of title XV of the Second War Powers Act, 1942, as amended, is hereby amended to read as follows:

“Sec. 1501. Titles I to V, inclusive, and titles VII, XI, and XIV of this Act, and the amendments to existing law made by any such title, shall remain in force only until June 30, 1946, or until such earlier time as the Congress by concurrent resolution, or the President, may designate, and after such amendments cease to be in force any provision of law amended thereby shall be in full force and effect as though this Act had not been enacted; but court proceedings brought under any such title shall not abate by reason of the termination hereunder of such title.”

Approved December 28, 1945.
[CHAPTER 591]

AN ACT

To expedite the admission to the United States of alien spouses and alien minor children of citizen members of the United States armed forces.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That notwithstanding any of the several clauses of section 8 of the Act of February 5, 1917, excluding physically and mentally defective aliens, and notwithstanding the documentary requirements of any of the immigration laws or regulations, Executive orders, or Presidential proclamations issued thereunder, alien spouses or alien children of United States citizens serving in, or having an honorable discharge certificate from the armed forces of the United States during the Second World War shall, if otherwise admissible under the immigration laws and if application for admission is made within three years of the effective date of this Act, be admitted to the United States:

Provided, That every alien of the foregoing description shall be medically examined at the time of arrival in accordance with the provisions of section 16 of the Act of February 5, 1917, and if found suffering from any disability which would be the basis for a ground of exclusion except for the provision of this Act, the Immigration and Naturalization Service shall forthwith notify the appropriate public medical officer of the local community to which the alien is destined: Provided further, That the provisions of this Act shall not affect the duties of the United States Public Health Service so far as they relate to quarantinable diseases.

SEC. 2. Regardless of section 9 of the Immigration Act of 1924, any alien admitted under section 1 of this Act shall be deemed to be a nonquota immigrant as defined in section 4 (a) of the Immigration Act of 1924.

SEC. 3. Any alien admitted under section 1 of this Act who at any time returns to the United States after a temporary absence abroad shall not be excluded because of the disability or disabilities that existed at the time of that admission.

SEC. 4. No fine or penalty shall be imposed under the Act of February 5, 1917, except those arising under section 14, because of the transportation to the United States of any alien admitted under this Act.

SEC. 5. For the purpose of this Act, the Second World War shall be deemed to have commenced on December 7, 1941, and to have ceased upon the termination of hostilities as declared by the President or by a joint resolution of Congress.

Approved December 28, 1945.

[CHAPTER 592]

AN ACT

To amend section 20 of the Act of May 28, 1896 (29 Stat. 184; 28 U. S. C. 527), so as to provide that nothing therein contained shall preclude a referee in bankruptcy or a national park commissioner from appointment also as a United States commissioner.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 20, chapter 252, of the Act of May 28, 1896 (29 Stat. 184; 28 U. S. C. 527), be amended, to read as follows:

"Section 20. Except as provided in section 24 (ch. 252, 29 Stat. 186), as amended (28 U.S.C. 591), no marshal or deputy marshal, attorney or assistant attorney of any district, jury commissioner, clerk of marshal, no bailiff, crier, juror, janitor of any Government building, nor any civil or military authority of the Government, except as
provided in section 19 (ch. 259, 29 Stat. 184; 28 U. S. C. 526), and no clerk or employee of any United States justice or judge shall have, hold, or exercise the duties of the United States commissioner. However, nothing herein shall preclude a referee in bankruptcy or a national park commissioner from appointment also as a United States commissioner: Provided, however, That a national park commissioner for his services as a United States commissioner shall receive no fees or other compensation in addition to his salary as a national park commissioner. And it shall not be lawful to appoint any of the officers named in this section receiver or receivers in any case or cases brought in the courts of the United States."

Approved December 28, 1945.

[CHAPTER 593] AN ACT

To establish the status of funds and employees of the midshipmen's tailor shop at the United States Naval Academy.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all funds collected from the operation of the midshipmen's tailor shop at the United States Naval Academy are appropriated for the purpose of providing and maintaining the necessary tailor service and shall hereafter be accounted for as public moneys.

SEC. 2. All employees of such midshipmen's tailor shop whether heretofore paid from appropriated moneys or from receipts of the midshipmen's tailor shop, shall hereafter be deemed to be Government employees entitled to all benefits and subject to all restrictions arising under the laws of the United States applicable to civil-service employees of their grade and class. All employees of said midshipmen's tailor shop on the effective date of this Act shall be entitled to claim credit for prior employment in said tailor shop for purposes of any benefits to which they may be entitled under the laws of the United States, and no such employee shall suffer, by virtue of being placed in the status of a civil-service employee by this Act, a reduction in total pay below that being received by him on the effective date of this Act.

Approved December 28, 1945.

[CHAPTER 594] AN ACT

To establish the status of funds and employees of the midshipmen's cobbler and barber shops at the United States Naval Academy.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all funds collected from the operations of the midshipmen's cobbler and barber shops at the United States Naval Academy are appropriated for the purpose of providing and maintaining the necessary cobbler and barber service and shall hereafter be accounted for as public moneys.

SEC. 2. All employees of such midshipmen's cobbler and barber shops, whether heretofore paid from appropriated moneys or from receipts of the midshipmen's cobbler and barber shops, shall hereafter be deemed to be Government employees entitled to all benefits and subject to all restrictions arising under the laws of the United States applicable to civil-service employees of their grade and class. All employees of the midshipmen's cobbler and barber shops on the effective date of this Act shall be entitled to claim credit for prior employment in said cobbler and barber shops for purposes of any
benefits to which they may be entitled under the laws of the United States, and no such employee shall suffer, by virtue of being placed in the status of a civil-service employee by this Act, a reduction in total pay below that being received by him on the effective date of this Act.

Approved December 28, 1945.

[CHAPTER 595]

AN ACT

To permit the inclusion of land occupied by Dibble General Hospital within the corporate limits of the city of Menlo Park, California.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War is authorized and directed to take such action as may be necessary under the laws of the State of California to provide for or permit the inclusion within the corporate limits of the city of Menlo Park, California, of the tract of land occupied by the Dibble General Hospital, if requested so to do by such city within one year after the date of the enactment of this Act. The inclusion of such tract within the corporate limits of such city shall not affect the exclusive jurisdiction over such land heretofore accepted by the United States.

Approved December 28, 1945.

[CHAPTER 596]

AN ACT

To amend section 112 of the Judicial Code to change the times for holding the terms of the District Court for the Eastern District of the State of Washington.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 112 of the Judicial Code, as amended (U. S. C., 1940 edition, title 28, sec. 193), is amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 112. The State of Washington is divided into two districts, to be known as the eastern and western districts of Washington. The eastern district shall include the territory embraced on the first day of July, nineteen hundred and ten, in the counties of Spokane, Stevens, Ferry, Okanogan, Chelan, Grant, Douglas, Lincoln, Adams, and Whitman, with the waters thereof, including all Indian reservations within said counties, which shall constitute the northern division; also the territory embraced on the date last mentioned in the counties of Asotin, Garfield, Columbia, Franklin, Walla Walla, Benton, Klickitat, Kittitas, and Yakima, with the waters thereof, including all Indian reservations within said counties, which shall constitute the southern division; also the territory embraced on the date last mentioned in the counties of Skagit, Snohomish, King, San Juan, Island, Kitsap, Clallam, and Jefferson, with the waters thereof, including all Indian reservations within said counties, which shall constitute the northern division; also the territory embraced on the date last mentioned in the counties of Pierce, Mason, Thurston, Chehalis, Pacific, Lewis, Wahkiakum, Cowlitz, Clarke, and Skamania, with the waters thereof, including all Indian reservations within said counties which shall constitute the
AN ACT

To provide the Navy with a system of laws for the settlement of claims uniform with that of the Army.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy and his designees are authorized to exercise with respect to any claim against the United States for damages to or loss or destruction of property, real or personal, or for personal injury or death, caused by military personnel or civilian employees of the Navy Department, or of the Navy while acting within the scope of their employment, or otherwise incident to noncombat activities of the Navy Department or of the Navy, the respective powers conferred upon the Secretary of War and his designees by the Act of July 3, 1943 (57 Stat. 372) as amended by the Act of May 29, 1945 (Public Law 67, Seventy-ninth Congress).

Sec. 2. The Secretary of the Navy and his designees are further authorized to exercise with respect to claims of military personnel or civilian employees of the Navy Department or of the Navy for damages to or loss, destruction, capture, or abandonment of personal property occurring incident to their service, the respective powers conferred upon the Secretary of War and his designees by the Act of May 29, 1945 (Public Law 67, Seventy-ninth Congress).

Sec. 3. Such appropriations as may be required for the payment of claims under the provisions of this Act are hereby authorized. Appropriations available to the Navy Department shall be available for the settlement of claims by the Secretary of the Navy or his designees under the provisions of this Act.

Sec. 4. The Act of December 28, 1922 (42 Stat. 1066), shall be inapplicable to the Navy Department sixty days after approval of this Act, and the Act approved October 27, 1945 (57 Stat. 692), is hereby repealed.

Approved December 28, 1945.

[CHAPTER 598]

AN ACT

To extend the provisions of the Act of July 14, 1945, providing for an adjustment of salaries of the Metropolitan Police, the United States Park Police, the White House Police, and the members of the Fire Department of the District of Columbia, to pilots and marine engineers of the Fire Department.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 3 of the Act entitled “An Act to provide for an adjustment of salaries of the Metropolitan Police, the United States Park Police, the White House Police, and the members of the Fire Department of the District of Columbia, to conform with the increased cost of living in the District of Columbia”, approved July 14, 1945, is repealed.

Approved December 28, 1945.
SEC. 2. This Act shall take effect as of the first day of the calendar month in which it is enacted.
Approved December 28, 1945.

[CHAPTER 599]
AN ACT
To amend section 74 of the Judicial Code, as amended, to change the terms of the District Court for the District of Connecticut.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 74 of the Judicial Code, as amended, is hereby amended to read as follows: "The State of Connecticut shall constitute one judicial district to be known as the 'district of Connecticut'. Terms of the district court shall be held at New Haven on the second Tuesday in February and the third Tuesday in September; at Hartford on the second Tuesday in May and the first Tuesday in December."
Approved December 28, 1945.

[CHAPTER 600]
AN ACT
To authorize an investigation of means of increasing the capacity and security of the Panama Canal.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Governor of the Panama Canal, under the supervision of the Secretary of War, is hereby authorized and directed to make a comprehensive review and study, with approximate estimates of costs, of the means for increasing the capacity and security of the Panama Canal to meet future needs of interoceanic commerce and national defense, including restudy of the construction of additional facilities for the Panama Canal authorized by the Act approved August 11, 1939 (53 Stat. 1409). He shall also make such study without drafting plans or sketches as he may deem desirable to permit him to determine whether a canal or canals at other locations, including consideration of any new means of transporting ships across land, may be more useful to meet the future needs of interoceanic commerce or national defense than can the present canal with improvements. He shall report thereon to the Congress, through the Secretary of War and the President, not later than December 31, 1947.

SEC. 2. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated such sum as may be necessary to insure the prompt and efficient completion of the study and report authorized hereunder.
Approved December 28, 1945.

[CHAPTER 601]
AN ACT
To provide for the appointment of additional commissioned officers in the Regular Army, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That it is hereby declared the policy of the Congress to provide for the immediate selection for appointment in the Regular Army in a fair and equitable manner of a limited number of persons who, by their outstanding performance of duties while serving as temporary officers of the Army of the United States during the present wars, have demonstrated their
fitness to hold commissioned grade in the Regular Army; and to provide a minimum increase in the commissioned officer strength of the Regular Army for that purpose.

SEC. 2. On and after the effective date of this Act, the commissioned strength of the Regular Army shall not exceed twenty-five thousand officers: Provided, That notwithstanding the foregoing limitation on the commissioned strength of the Regular Army, graduates of the United States Military Academy may be promoted and commissioned as second lieutenants in the Regular Army in accordance with the provisions of the Act of May 17, 1886 (24 Stat. 50; 10 U. S. C. 486).

SEC. 3. The President is authorized to bring the actual commissioned strength of the Regular Army up to the commissioned strength specified in section 2 of this Act by the appointment and commissioning of additional officers, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, in such arms and services of the Regular Army as he may prescribe. Appointments of such additional commissioned officers may be made in accordance with any existing provision of law providing for the appointment of commissioned officers in the Regular Army, or as hereinafter provided.

SEC. 4. At any time not later than a date eight months following the date of enactment of this Act, the President is authorized to appoint and commission additional officers in the Regular Army, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, in the grades of second lieutenant, first lieutenant, captain, and major, subject to the conditions and limitations hereinafter set forth. Persons appointed under the provisions of this section shall—

(a) be male citizens of the United States, at least twenty-one years of age, of good moral character, physically qualified for active military service, and have such other qualifications as may be prescribed by the Secretary of War; and shall

(b) have served honorably in the active Federal service as commissioned officers of the Army of the United States, or any component thereof, on or after December 7, 1941, in grades equal to or higher than those prescribed in section 5 of this Act for officers credited with the amounts of service with which they would be credited under that section if appointed in the Regular Army.

SEC. 5. Each person appointed as a commissioned officer of the Regular Army under the provisions of section 4 of this Act shall be credited, at the time of appointment, with service equivalent to the total period of active Federal service performed by him after attaining the age of twenty-one years as a commissioned officer in the Army of the United States or any component thereof from December 7, 1941, to the date of such appointment, or a period of service equal to the number of days, months, and years by which his age at the time of such appointment exceeds twenty-five years, whichever is the greater: Provided, That in computing the total period of active commissioned Federal service of any such person who was honorably discharged or relieved from active service subsequent to May 12, 1945, there shall also be credited the period from the date of his discharge or relief from active service to the date of his appointment in the Regular Army under the provisions of section 4 of this Act. Upon the basis of service so credited, the grade in which each such person shall be appointed shall be determined as follows:

(a) Persons appointed in arms or services of the Regular Army, the officers of which are on the promotion list, who are credited with less than three years' service shall be appointed in the grade of second lieutenant; such persons who are credited with three or more years' service, but less than ten years' service, shall be appointed in the
grade of first lieutenant; such persons who are credited with ten or more years' service, but less than seventeen years' service, shall be appointed in the grade of captain; and such persons who are credited with seventeen or more years' service, but less than twenty-three years' service, shall be appointed in the grade of major. Such persons shall be placed on the promotion list immediately below those officers of the same grade having the same or next greater period of service;

(b) Persons appointed in the Medical Corps, the Dental Corps, or the Veterinary Corps of the Regular Army, or as chaplains in the Regular Army, who are credited with less than three years' service shall be appointed in the grade of first lieutenant; such persons who are credited with three or more years' service, but less than twelve years' service, shall be appointed in the grade of captain; and such persons who are credited with twelve or more years' service, but less than twenty years' service, shall be appointed in the grade of major;

(c) Persons appointed in the Medical Administrative Corps of the Regular Army who are credited with less than five years' service shall be appointed in the grade of second lieutenant; such persons who are credited with five or more years' service, but less than ten years' service, shall be appointed in the grade of first lieutenant; and such persons who are credited with ten or more years' service, but less than seventeen years' service, shall be appointed in the grade of captain;

(d) Persons appointed in the Pharmacy Corps of the Regular Army who are credited with less than three years' service shall be appointed in the grade of second lieutenant; such persons who are credited with three or more years' service, but less than six years' service, shall be appointed in the grade of first lieutenant; such persons who are credited with six or more years' service, but less than twelve years' service, shall be appointed in the grade of captain; and such persons who are credited with twelve or more years' service, but less than twenty years' service, shall be appointed in the grade of major.

SEC. 6. No person shall be appointed as a commissioned officer of the Regular Army under the provisions of section 4 of this Act—

(a) in a promotion-list arm or service if he would upon appointment receive credit with twenty-three or more years' service under section 5 of this Act;

(b) in the Medical Corps, the Dental Corps, the Veterinary Corps, the Pharmacy Corps, or as a chaplain, if he would upon appointment receive credit for twenty or more years' service under section 5 of this Act; or

(c) in the Medical Administrative Corps if he would upon appointment receive credit for seventeen or more years' service under section 5 of this Act.

SEC. 7. For the purpose of determining eligibility for promotion, each person appointed as a commissioned officer of the Regular Army under the provisions of section 4 of this Act shall be credited, as of the time of such appointment, with continuous commissioned service on the active list of the Regular Army equal to the period of service credited to him under section 5 of this Act. Each such person appointed in a promotion-list arm or service in the grade of major shall be deemed to have served in that grade during that portion of such credited service which exceeds seventeen years.

SEC. 8. The first proviso of section 3 of the Act of July 31, 1935 (49 Stat. 506), as amended by section 2 of the Act of June 13, 1940 (54 Stat. 380), is hereby further amended by deleting therefrom the words "seven hundred and five" and substituting therefor the words "one thousand and fifty-four".

Approved December 28, 1945.
December 28, 1945
[Public Law 282]

AN ACT

To authorize the Export-Import Bank of Washington to extend its operations to include the Philippine Islands.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 2 (a) of the Export-Import Bank Act of 1945 (Public Law 173, Seventy-ninth Congress, approved July 31, 1945) is hereby amended by inserting immediately after the word "country" the following: "(or the Philippine Islands)".

Approved December 28, 1945.

December 28, 1945
[Public Law 283]

AN ACT

To amend the Act entitled "An Act extending the classified executive civil service of the United States", approved November 26, 1940, so as to eliminate the time limit within which incumbents of positions covered into the classified civil service pursuant to such Act may be recommended for classification.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That clause (1) of subsection (a) of section 2 of the Act entitled "An Act extending the classified executive civil service of the United States", approved November 26, 1940 (54 Stat. 1212), is amended to read as follows: "(1) upon a finding by the Civil Service Commission on the basis of the personal record of the incumbent that such incumbent has served with merit for not less than six months immediately prior to the date such office or position was covered into the classified civil service;"

Approved December 28, 1945.

December 28, 1945
[Public Law 284]

AN ACT

To provide more efficient dental care for the personnel of the United States Navy.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That within six months after the date of enactment of this Act the Bureau of Medicine and Surgery shall be reorganized so as to provide for greater integrity of the Dental Service in accordance with the provisions hereof.

SEC. 2. The dental functions of such Bureau shall be defined and prescribed by appropriate directives of such Bureau, and by any necessary regulations of the Secretary of the Navy, to the end that the Dental Division of such Bureau shall study, plan, and direct all matters coming within the cognizance of such Division, as hereinafter prescribed, and all matters relating to dentistry shall be referred to the Dental Division.

SEC. 3. The Dental Division shall (1) establish professional standards and policies for dental practice; (2) conduct inspections and surveys for maintenance of such standards; (3) initiate and recommend action pertaining to complements, appointments, advancement, training assignment, and transfer of dental personnel; and (4) serve as the advisory agency for the Bureau of Medicine and Surgery on all matters relating directly to dentistry. An officer of the Dental Corps of the Navy shall be detailed as the Chief of the Dental Division. Such officer, while so serving, shall have the rank, pay, and allowances of a rear admiral.
SEC. 4. The Secretary of the Navy shall provide by regulations for establishing on ships and on shore stations dental services to be under the senior dental officer who shall be responsible to the commanding officer of such ship or shore station for all professional, technical, and administrative matters in connection therewith: Provided, That this section shall not be construed to impose any administrative requirements which would interfere with the proper functioning of battle organizations.

All laws and parts of laws in conflict herewith are hereby repealed, and nothing contained herein shall act to reduce the grade or rank of any person.

Approved December 28, 1945.

[CHAPTER 605]

AN ACT

To amend the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended, so as to permit the designation of freight forwarders as carriers of bonded merchandise.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 551 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (U. S. C., 1940 ed., title 19, sec. 1551) be, and it hereby is, amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 551. Bonding of Carriers.—Under such regulations and subject to such terms and conditions as the Secretary of the Treasury shall prescribe, any common carrier of merchandise owning or operating a railroad, steamship, or other transportation line or route for the transportation of merchandise in the United States, or any freight forwarder, as defined in section 402 of part IV of the Interstate Commerce Act (U. S. C., 1940 edition, Supp. III, title 49, sec. 1002 (5)), upon application, may, in the discretion of the Secretary, be designated as a carrier of bonded merchandise for the final release of which from customs custody a permit has not been issued."

Approved December 28, 1945.

[CHAPTER 606]

AN ACT

To transfer certain land and personal property in Limestone County, Texas, to the State of Texas, acting by and through the State Board of Control.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of Agriculture is hereby authorized and directed to transfer, convey, grant, and quitclaim unto Texas Rural Communities, for subsequent use by or transfer to the State of Texas, acting by and through the State Board of Control, for the benefit and rehabilitation of convalescent or handicapped residents of the State of Texas, all right, title, claim, interest, equity, and estate in and to the real and personal property comprising the Mexia Colony project of Farm Security Administration, Limestone County, Texas, presently administered by the Secretary of Agriculture as trustee under an agreement of transfer, dated October 31, 1939, with Texas Rural Communities.

SEC. 2. Such transfer by the Secretary of Agriculture shall be subject to any legal rights existing by virtue of any lease or other agreement by the Secretary, his successors or representatives, as such trustee.

SEC. 3. Any such transfer shall not be deemed to impose any liability upon the Secretary of Agriculture with respect to his obligations under such agreement of transfer of October 31, 1939.

Approved December 28, 1945.
[CHAPTER 607]  JOINT RESOLUTION

Giving official recognition to the pledge of allegiance to the flag of the United States.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 7 of Public Law Numbered 623 of June 22, 1942, entitled "To codify and emphasize existing rules and customs pertaining to the display and use of the flag of the United States of America", as amended, is amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 7. The following is designated as the pledge of allegiance to the flag: 'I pledge allegiance to the flag of the United States of America and to the Republic for which it stands, one Nation indivisible, with liberty and justice for all.' Such pledge should be rendered by standing with the right hand over the heart. However, civilians will always show full respect to the flag when the pledge is given by merely standing at attention, men removing the headdress. Persons in uniform shall render the military salute.'"

Approved December 28, 1945.

[CHAPTER 608]  JOINT RESOLUTION

Providing for the continuance to the end of June 1946, of the Navy's V-12 program.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That surplus amounts under any naval appropriation for the fiscal year 1946, not to exceed in the aggregate $10,000,000, may be transferred to the appropriation "Naval Reserve, 1946", for continuing the V-12 program to the end of June 1946.

Approved December 28, 1945.

[CHAPTER 609]  JOINT RESOLUTION

Fixing the date of meeting of the second session of the Seventy-ninth Congress.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the second session of the Seventy-ninth Congress shall begin at noon on Monday, January 14, 1946.

Approved December 28, 1945.

[CHAPTER 651]  JOINT RESOLUTION

Designating January 5, 1946, as George Washington Carver Day.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the 5th day of January of 1946 is hereby designated as George Washington Carver Day, in commemoration of the great scientist, and the President of the United States is authorized and requested to issue a proclamation calling upon officials of the Government to display the flag of the United States on all Government buildings on such day.

Approved December 28, 1945.
[CHAPTER 652]

AN ACT

To extend certain privileges, exemptions, and immunities to international organizations and to the officers and employees thereof, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

TITLE I

SECTION 1. For the purposes of this title, the term "international organization" means a public international organization in which the United States participates pursuant to any treaty or under the authority of any Act of Congress authorizing such participation or making an appropriation for such participation, and which shall have been designated by the President through appropriate Executive order as being entitled to enjoy the privileges, exemptions, and immunities herein provided. The President shall be authorized, in the light of the functions performed by any such international organization, by appropriate Executive order to withhold or withdraw from any such organization or its officers or employees any of the privileges, exemptions, and immunities provided for in this title (including the amendments made by this title) or to condition or limit the enjoyment by any such organization or its officers or employees of any such privilege, exemption, or immunity. The President shall be authorized, if in his judgment such action should be justified by reason of the abuse by an international organization or its officers and employees of the privileges, exemptions, and immunities herein provided or for any other reason, at any time to revoke the designation of any international organization under this section, whereupon the international organization in question shall cease to be classed as an international organization for the purposes of this title.

SEC. 2. International organizations shall enjoy the status, immunities, exemptions, and privileges set forth in this section, as follows:

(a) International organizations shall, to the extent consistent with the instrument creating them, possess the capacity—

(i) to contract;

(ii) to acquire and dispose of real and personal property;

(iii) to institute legal proceedings.

(b) International organizations, their property and their assets, wherever located, and by whomsoever held, shall enjoy the same immunity from suit and every form of judicial process as is enjoyed by foreign governments, except to the extent that such organizations may expressly waive their immunity for the purpose of any proceeding or by the terms of any contract.

(c) Property and assets of international organizations, wherever located and by whomsoever held, shall be immune from search, unless such immunity be expressly waived, and from confiscation. The archives of international organizations shall be inviolable.

(d) Insofar as concerns customs duties and internal-revenue taxes imposed upon or by reason of importation, and the procedures in connection therewith; the registration of foreign agents; and the treatment of official communications, the privileges, exemptions, and immunities to which international organizations shall be entitled shall be those accorded under similar circumstances to foreign governments.

SEC. 3. Pursuant to regulations prescribed by the Commissioner of Customs with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, the baggage and effects of designated alien personnel.
be admitted (when imported in connection with the arrival of the owner) free of customs duties and free of internal-revenue taxes imposed upon or by reason of importation.

Sec. 4. The Internal Revenue Code is hereby amended as follows:

(a) Effective with respect to taxable years beginning after December 31, 1943, section 116 (c), relating to the exclusion from gross income of income of foreign governments, is amended to read as follows:

"(c) Income of Foreign Governments and of International Organizations.—The income of foreign governments or international organizations received from investments in the United States in stocks, bonds, or other domestic securities, owned by such foreign governments or by international organizations, or from interest on deposits in banks in the United States of moneys belonging to such foreign governments or international organizations, or from any other source within the United States."

(b) Effective with respect to taxable years beginning after December 31, 1943, section 116 (h) (1), relating to the exclusion from gross income of amounts paid employees of foreign governments, is amended to read as follows:

"(1) RULE FOR EXCLUSION.—Wages, fees, or salary of any employee of a foreign government or of an international organization or of the Commonwealth of the Philippines (including a consular or other officer, or a nondiplomatic representative), received as compensation for official services to such government, international organization, or such Commonwealth—

(A) If such employee is not a citizen of the United States, or

(B) If, in the case of an employee of a foreign government or of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the services are of a character similar to those performed by employees of the Government of the United States in foreign countries or in the Commonwealth of the Philippines, as the case may be; and

(C) If, in the case of an employee of a foreign government or the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the foreign government or the Commonwealth grants an equivalent exemption to employees of the Government of the United States performing similar services in such foreign country or such Commonwealth, as the case may be.

(c) Effective January 1, 1946, section 1426 (b), defining the term "employment" for the purposes of the Federal Insurance Contributions Act, is amended (1) by striking out the word "or" at the end of paragraph (14), (2) by striking out the period at the end of paragraph (15) and inserting in lieu thereof a semicolon and the word "or", and (3) by inserting at the end of the subsection the following new paragraph:

"(16) Service performed in the employ of an international organization."

(d) Effective January 1, 1946, section 1607 (c), defining the term "employment" for the purposes of the Federal Unemployment Tax Act, is amended (1) by striking out the word "or" at the end of paragraph (14), (2) by striking out the period at the end of paragraph (15) and inserting in lieu thereof a semicolon and the word "or", and (3) by inserting at the end of the subsection the following new paragraph:

"(16) Service performed in the employ of an international organization."
(e) Section 1621 (a) (5), relating to the definition of "wages" for the purpose of collection of income tax at the source, is amended by inserting after the words "foreign government" the words "or an international organization".

(f) Section 3466 (a), relating to exemption from communications taxes is amended by inserting immediately after the words "the District of Columbia" a comma and the words "or an international organization".

(g) Section 3469 (f) (1), relating to exemption from the tax on transportation of persons, is amended by inserting immediately after the words "the District of Columbia" a comma and the words "or an international organization".

(h) Section 3475 (b)(1), relating to exemption from the tax on transportation of property, is amended by inserting immediately after the words "the District of Columbia" a comma and the words "or an international organization".

(i) Section 3797 (a), relating to definitions, is amended by adding at the end thereof a new paragraph as follows:

"(18) INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION.—The term 'international organization' means a public international organization entitled to enjoy privileges, exemptions, and immunities as an international organization under the International Organizations Immunities Act."

Sec. 5. (a) Effective January 1, 1946, section 209 (b) of the Social Security Act, defining the term "employment" for the purposes of title II of the Act, is amended (1) by striking out the word "or" at the end paragraph (14), (2) by striking out the period at the end of paragraph (15) and inserting in lieu thereof a semicolon and the word "or", and (3) by inserting at the end of the subsection the following new paragraph:

"(16) Service performed in the employ of an international organization entitled to enjoy privileges, exemptions, and immunities as an international organization under the International Organizations Immunities Act."
Immunity from suit and legal process.


Admission of certain aliens. Supra. 43 Stat. 155.

Foreign government officials, etc. Supra. 43 Stat. 155. 8 U.S.C. § 204(e).

Requirements for benefits.

Undesirable persons.

Diplomatic status.

immunities as are accorded under similar circumstances to officers and employees, respectively, of foreign governments, and members of their families.

(b) Representatives of foreign governments in or to international organizations and officers and employees of such organizations shall be immune from suit and legal process relating to acts performed by them in their official capacity and falling within their functions as such representatives, officers, or employees except insofar as such immunity may be waived by the foreign government or international organization concerned.

(c) Section 3 of the Immigration Act approved May 26, 1924, as amended (U.S.C., title 8, sec. 208), is hereby amended by striking out the period at the end thereof and inserting in lieu thereof a comma and the following: "and (7) a representative of a foreign government in or to an international organization entitled to enjoy privileges, exemptions, and immunities as an international organization under the International Organizations Immunities Act, or an alien officer or employee of such an international organization, and the family, attendants, servants, and employees of such a representative, officer, or employee".

(d) Section 15 of the Immigration Act approved May 26, 1924, as amended (U.S.C., title 8, sec. 215), is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 15. The admission to the United States of an alien excepted from the class of immigrants by clause (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), or (7) of section 3, or declared to be a nonquota immigrant by subdivision (e) of section 4, shall be for such time and under such conditions as may be by regulations prescribed (including, when deemed necessary for the classes mentioned in clause (2), (3), (4), or (6) of section 3 and subdivision (e) of section 4, the giving of bond with sufficient surety, in such sum and containing such conditions as may be by regulations prescribed) to insure that, at the expiration of such time or upon failure to maintain the status under which admitted, he will depart from the United States: Provided, That no alien who has been, or who may hereafter be, admitted into the United States under clause (1) or (7) of section 3, as an official of a foreign government, or as a member of the family of such official, or as a representative of a foreign government in or to an international organization or an officer or employee of an international organization, or as a member of the family of such representative, officer, or employee, shall be required to depart from the United States without the approval of the Secretary of State."

Sec. 8. (a) No person shall be entitled to the benefits of this title unless he (1) shall have been duly notified to and accepted by the Secretary of State as a representative, officer, or employee; or (2) shall have been designated by the Secretary of State, prior to formal notification and acceptance, as a prospective representative, officer, or employee; or (3) is a member of the family or suite, or servant, of one of the foregoing accepted or designated representatives, officers, or employees.

(b) Should the Secretary of State determine that the continued presence in the United States of any person entitled to the benefits of this title is not desirable, he shall so inform the foreign government or international organization concerned, as the case may be, and after such person shall have had a reasonable length of time, to be determined by the Secretary of State, to depart from the United States, he shall cease to be entitled to such benefits.

(c) No person shall, by reason of the provisions of this title, be considered as receiving diplomatic status or as receiving any of the
privileges incident thereto other than such as are specifically set forth herein.

SEC. 9. The privileges, exemptions, and immunities of international organizations and of their officers and employees, and members of their families, suites, and servants, provided for in this title, shall be granted notwithstanding the fact that the similar privileges, exemptions, and immunities granted to a foreign government, its officers, or employees, may be conditioned upon the existence of reciprocity by that foreign government: Provided, That nothing contained in this title shall be construed as precluding the Secretary of State from withdrawing the privileges, exemptions, and immunities herein provided from persons who are nationals of any foreign country on the ground that such country is failing to accord corresponding privileges, exemptions, and immunities to citizens of the United States.

SEC. 10. This title may be cited as the “International Organizations Immunities Act”.

TITLE II

SEC. 201. EXTENSION OF TIME FOR CLAIMING CREDIT OR REFUND WITH RESPECT TO WAR LOSSES.

If a claim for credit or refund under the internal revenue laws relates to an overpayment on account of the deductibility by the taxpayer of a loss in respect of property considered destroyed or seized under section 127 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code (relating to war losses) for a taxable year beginning in 1941 or 1942, the three-year period of limitation prescribed in section 322 (b) (1) of the Internal Revenue Code shall in no event expire prior to December 31, 1946. In the case of such a claim filed on or before December 31, 1946, the amount of the credit or refund may exceed the portion of the tax paid within the period provided in section 322 (b) (2) or (3) of such code, whichever is applicable, to the extent of the amount of the overpayment attributable to the deductibility of the loss described in this section.

SEC. 202. CONTRIBUTIONS TO PENSION TRUSTS.

(a) DEDUCTIONS FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR 1942 UNDER PRIOR INCOME TAX ACTS.—Section 23 (p) (2) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by striking out the words “January 1, 1943” and inserting in lieu thereof “January 1, 1942”, and by striking out the words “December 31, 1942” and inserting in lieu thereof “December 31, 1941”.

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by this section shall be applicable as if it had been made as a part of section 162 (b) of the Revenue Act of 1942.

SEC. 203. PETITION TO THE TAX COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.

(a) TIME FOR FILING PETITION.—The second sentences of sections 272 (a) (1), 732 (a), 871 (a) (1), and 1012 (a) (1), respectively, of the Internal Revenue Code are amended by striking out the parenthetical expression appearing therein and inserting in lieu thereof the following: “(not counting Saturday, Sunday, or a legal holiday in the District of Columbia as the ninetieth day)”.

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect as of September 8, 1945.

Approved December 29, 1945.
JOINT RESOLUTION

To amend section 502 of the Act entitled "An Act to expedite the provision of housing in connection with national defense, and for other purposes," approved October 14, 1940, as amended, to authorize an additional appropriation for the purpose of providing housing for distressed families of servicemen and for veterans and their families, and for other purposes.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 502 of the Act entitled "An Act to expedite the provision of housing in connection with national defense, and for other purposes", approved October 14, 1940, as amended, is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 502. (a) To carry out the purposes of this title V, and for administrative expenses in connection therewith, any funds made available under title I of this Act are hereby made available, and for such purposes there is also authorized to be appropriated the sum of $160,000,000: Provided, That none of the funds herein authorized to be used for the purposes of this title shall be used to construct any new temporary housing: And provided further, That any educational institution, State or political subdivision thereof, local public agency, or nonprofit organization which has incurred expenses in the relocation (including the costs of disassembling, transporting, site preparation, and re-erection but not including the costs of site acquisition or the installation of off-site utilities) of temporary housing or other facilities (but not including demountable houses) under the jurisdiction or control of the National Housing Administrator for re-use in providing temporary housing for distressed families of servicemen and for veterans and their families shall, upon application therefor, be reimbursed for such expenses by said Administrator out of the funds made available by the First Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1946 (H. R. 4805) to carry out the purpose of this title.

"(b) Upon request of the National Housing Administrator, any Federal agency having jurisdiction or control of structures or facilities (including lands, improvements, equipment, materials, or furnishings) which are no longer required by such agency and which, in the determination of said Administrator, can be utilized to provide temporary housing for distressed families of servicemen, for veterans and their families, or for single veterans attending educational institutions, in accordance with this title V, may, notwithstanding any other provisions of law, transfer such structures or facilities to said Administrator, without reimbursement, for such use.

"(c) Without regard to the provisions of any other law, but subject to the removal provisions of section 313 of said Act, said Administrator may transfer, for such consideration and subject to such terms and conditions as he deems feasible under the circumstances, any temporary housing (intact or in panels suitable for reuse) under his jurisdiction to any educational institution, State or political subdivision thereof, local public agency, or nonprofit organization, for use or reuse in producing temporary housing for families of servicemen, for veterans and their families, or, in the discretion of the Administrator, for single veterans attending educational institutions."

Approved December 31, 1945.
To establish a Department of Medicine and Surgery in the Veterans' Administration.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the medical service in the Veterans' Administration, as at present constituted, is hereby abolished and in its stead there is authorized and established in the Veterans' Administration a Department of Medicine and Surgery under a Chief Medical Director. The functions of the Department of Medicine and Surgery shall be those necessary for a complete medical and hospital service to be prescribed by the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs (hereinafter referred to as the Administrator) pursuant to this Act, other statutory authority and regulations established pursuant to law, for the medical care and treatment of veterans.

Sec. 2. The Department of Medicine and Surgery shall include the following: Office of the Chief Medical Director, Medical Service, Dental Service, Nursing Service, and Auxiliary Service.

Sec. 3. (a) The Office of the Chief Medical Director shall consist of the Chief Medical Director, one Deputy Medical Director, not to exceed eight Assistant Medical Directors, and such other personnel and employees as may be authorized by this Act.

(b) The Chief Medical Director shall be the Chief of the Department of Medicine and Surgery and shall be directly responsible to the Administrator for the operations of the Department. He shall be a qualified doctor of medicine, appointed by the Administrator. During the period of his service as such, the Chief Medical Director shall be paid a salary of $12,000 a year.

(c) The Deputy Medical Director shall be the principal assistant of the Chief Medical Director. He shall be a qualified doctor of medicine, appointed by the Administrator. During the period of his service as such, the Deputy Medical Director shall be paid a salary of $11,500 a year.

(d) There may be not to exceed eight Assistant Medical Directors, appointed by the Administrator, who shall be paid a salary of $11,000 a year each: Provided, That one shall be a qualified doctor of dental surgery who shall be directly responsible to the Chief Medical Director for the operations of the Dental Service.

(e) The Director and Deputy Director of Nursing Service shall be qualified registered nurses, appointed by the Administrator and shall be responsible to the Chief Medical Director for the operation of the Nursing Service. During the period of her service as such, the Director of Nursing Service shall be paid a salary of $8,000 a year and the Deputy Director shall be paid a salary of $7,000 a year.

(f) The Administrator may appoint a chief pharmacist, a chief dietitian, a chief physical therapist, and a chief occupational therapist. During the period of his service as such, each chief shall be paid a salary of $6,000 a year.

(g) Any appointment herein above provided shall be for a period of four years subject to removal by the Administrator for cause.

(h) Reappointments may be made for successive like periods.

Sec. 4. There shall be appointed by the Administrator additional personnel as he may find necessary for the medical care of veterans, as follows:

(a) Doctors, dentists, and nurses;

(b) Managers, pharmacists, physical therapists, occupational therapists, dietitians; scientific personnel, such as pathologists, bacteriologists, chemists, biostatisticians, and other medical and dental technologists.
Conditions of eligibility.

SEC. 5. Any person to be eligible for appointment in the Department of Medicine and Surgery must—

(a) Be a citizen of the United States.

(b) In the Medical Service—

hold the degree of doctor of medicine or of doctor of osteopathy from a college or university approved by the Administrator, have completed an internship satisfactory to the Administrator, and be licensed to practice medicine, surgery, or osteopathy in one of the States or Territories of the United States or in the District of Columbia.

(c) In the Dental Service—

hold the degree of doctor of dental surgery from a college or university approved by the Administrator, and be licensed to practice dentistry in one of the States or Territories of the United States or in the District of Columbia.

(d) In the Nursing Service—

have successfully completed a full course of nursing in a recognized school of nursing, approved by the Administrator, and be registered as a graduate nurse in one of the States or Territories of the United States or in the District of Columbia.

(e) In the Auxiliary Service—

(1) manager of hospital, home, or center—

have such business and administrative experience and qualifications as the Administrator shall prescribe;

(2) pharmacist—

hold the degree of bachelor of science in pharmacy, or its equivalent, from a school of pharmacy approved by the Administrator, and be registered as a pharmacist in one of the States or Territories of the United States or in the District of Columbia;

(3) physical therapists, occupational therapists, dietitians, and other auxiliary employees shall have such scientific or technical qualifications as the Administrator shall prescribe.

Appointments while on terminal leave.

SEC. 6. (a) Appointments of doctors, dentists, and nurses shall be made only after qualifications have been satisfactorily established in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Administrator, without regard to civil-service requirements.

(b) Such appointments as described in subsection (a) of this section shall be for a probationary period of three years and the record of each person serving under such appointment in the Medical, Dental, and Nursing Services shall be reviewed from time to time by a board, appointed in accordance with regulations of the Administrator, and if said board shall find him not fully qualified and satisfactory he shall be separated from the service.

(c) Promotions of doctors, dentists, and nurses shall be made only after examination given in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Administrator. Automatic promotions within grade may be made in increments of the minimum pay of the grade in accordance with regulations to be prescribed by the Administrator.

(d) Doctors, dentists, and nurses in the present Medical Service shall be continued in their present positions until the Administrator shall have determined their qualifications as provided in subsection (a) of this section.

(e) In determining eligibility for reinstatement in Federal civil service of persons appointed to positions in the Department of Medi-
cine and Surgery, who at the time of appointment shall have a civil-service status, and whose employment in the Department of Medicine and Surgery is terminated, the period of service performed in the Department of Medicine and Surgery shall be included in computing the period of service under Civil Service Rule IX, except that this subsection shall not be construed as authorizing restoration of any position abolished by section 1 of this Act.

Sec. 7. (a) The grades and per annum full-pay ranges for positions provided in subsection (a) of section 4 of this Act shall be as follows:

**MEDICAL SERVICE**

Chief grade, $8,750 minimum to $9,800 maximum.
Senior grade, $7,175 minimum to $8,225 maximum.
Intermediate grade, $6,230 minimum to $7,070 maximum.
Full grade, $5,180 minimum to $6,020 maximum.
Associate grade, $4,300 minimum to $5,180 maximum.
Junior grade, $3,640 minimum to $4,300 maximum.

**DENTAL SERVICE**

Senior grade, $7,175 minimum to $8,225 maximum.
Intermediate grade, $6,230 minimum to $7,070 maximum.
Full grade, $5,180 minimum to $6,020 maximum.
Associate grade, $4,300 minimum to $5,180 maximum.
Junior grade, $3,640 minimum to $4,300 maximum.

**NURSING SERVICE**

Assistant Director, $5,180 minimum to $6,020 maximum.
Senior grade, $4,300 minimum to $5,180 maximum.
Full grade, $3,640 minimum to $4,300 maximum.
Associate grade, $2,980 minimum to $3,640 maximum.
Junior grade, $2,320 minimum to $2,980 maximum.

(b) Notwithstanding any law, Executive order, or regulation, the Administrator shall prescribe by regulation the hours and conditions of employment and leaves of absence of doctors, dentists, and nurses.

Sec. 8. (a) Within the restrictions herein imposed, the Chief Medical Director may rate any doctor appointed under subsection (a) of section 4 of this Act as a medical or surgical specialist: Provided, That no person shall at any one time hold more than one such rating.

(b) No person may be rated as a medical or surgical specialist unless he is certified as a specialist by an American specialty board, recognized by the Administrator where such boards exist; or if no such boards exist, he has been examined and found qualified by a board appointed by the Chief Medical Director from specialists of the Department of Medicine and Surgery holding ratings in the specialty to which the candidate aspires: Provided, That, whenever there are insufficient specialists, rated in the proper specialty, who are readily available to constitute such a board, the Chief Medical Director may substitute consultants with comparable qualifications employed under section 14 of this Act.

(c) Any person, rated as a medical or surgical specialist under the provisions of this section shall retain such rating until it shall be withdrawn by the Chief Medical Director: Provided, That the Chief Medical Director shall not withdraw any such rating until it shall have been determined by a board of specialists that the person holding such rating is no longer qualified in his specialty.

(d) Any person, rated as a medical or surgical specialist under the provisions of this section, shall receive, in addition to his basic pay,
an allowance equal to 25 percent of such pay: Provided, That in no event shall the pay plus the allowance authorized by this subscription exceed $11,000 per annum.

SEC. 9. Persons appointed to the Department of Medicine and Surgery shall be subject to the provisions of and entitled to the benefits under the Civil Service Retirement Act of May 22, 1920, as amended (5 U. S. C. 691 and the following).

SEC. 10. (a) The Chief Medical Director, under such regulations as the Administrator shall prescribe, shall from time to time appoint boards to be known as disciplinary boards, each such board to consist of not less than three nor more than five employees, senior in grade, of the Department of Medicine and Surgery, to determine, upon notice and fair hearing, charges of inaptitude, inefficiency, or misconduct of any person employed in a position provided in subsection (a) of section 4 of this Act.

(b) The Administrator shall appoint the chairman and secretary of the board, each of whom shall have authority to administer oaths.

(c) The Chief Medical Director may designate or appoint one or more investigators, to assist each disciplinary board in the collection and presentation of evidence. Any person answering to charges before a disciplinary board may be represented by counsel of his own choosing.

(d) A disciplinary board, when in its judgment charges are sustained, shall recommend to the Administrator suitable disciplinary action, within limitations prescribed by the Administrator, which shall include reprimand, suspension without pay, reduction in grade, and discharge from the Department of Medicine and Surgery of such person. The Administrator shall either approve the recommendation of the board, approve such recommendation with modification or exception, approve such recommendation and suspend further action at the time, or disapprove such recommendation. He shall cause to be executed such action as he approves. The decision of the Administrator shall be final.

SEC. 11. There shall be appointed by the Administrator under civil-service laws, rules, and regulations, such additional employees, other than those provided in section 3, subsection (a) of section 4, and those specified in section 14 of this Act as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act: Provided, That employees of the Medical Service as at present constituted, other than those provided in section 3, subsection (a) of section 4, and section 14 of this Act, shall receive original appointments to the Department of Medicine and Surgery in their present civil-service status upon certification of satisfactory service by the manager of the hospital, home, or center where such person is presently employed: And provided further, That the per annum salary range for hospital attendants shall be $1,572 minimum to $1,902 maximum.

SEC. 12. The Administrator shall establish a special medical advisory group composed of members of the medical and allied scientific professions, nominated by the Chief Medical Director, whose duties shall be to advise the Administrator, through the Chief Medical Director, and the Chief Medical Director direct, relative to the care and treatment of disabled veterans, and other matters pertinent to the Department of Medicine and Surgery. The special medical advisory group shall conduct regular calendar quarterly meetings. The number, terms of service, compensation, and allowances to members of such advisory group shall be in accord with existing law and regulations.

SEC. 13. (a) The expenses, except membership fees, of employees described in section 3 and subsection (a) of section 4 of this Act
detailed by the Chief Medical Director to attend meetings of associations for the promotion of medical and related sciences are hereby authorized subject to available appropriations.

(b) (1) The Administrator is authorized to place employees of the Department of Medicine and Surgery described in section 3 and subsection (a) of section 4 of this Act on duty, for a period not to exceed ninety days in a year, in schools, of the Army, Navy, and Public Health Service, and in civil institutions of learning, with the consent of the authorities concerned, for the purpose of increasing the professional knowledge or technical training of the personnel of the Department: Provided, That not to exceed 5 per centum of the personnel of the Department be placed upon such duty at any one time.

(2) The Administrator is authorized, subject to available appropriations, to pay for tuition, transportation, and educational fees of personnel placed on duty under the provisions of subsection (b) (1) of this section.

(c) Any person authorized to attend a course of training shall be required to reimburse the Veterans' Administration the expenses thereof if he voluntarily leaves the service within two years after completion of such course.

Sec. 14. (a) The Administrator, upon the recommendation of the Chief Medical Director, may employ, without regard to the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, physicians, dentists, and nurses, on a temporary full-time, part-time, or fee basis; and dietitians, social workers, librarians, and such other professional, clerical, technical, and unskilled personnel, in addition to personnel described in section 3, subsection (a) of section 4, and section 11 of this Act, on a temporary full-time or part-time basis at such rates of pay as he may prescribe: Provided, That no temporary full-time appointment shall be for a period of more than ninety days.

(b) The Administrator shall have authority to establish residencies; to appoint qualified persons to such positions without regard to civil service or classification laws, rules, or regulations; and to prescribe the conditions of such employment, including necessary training, and the customary amount and terms of pay during the period of such employment and training.

Sec. 15. The Chief Medical Director with the approval of the Administrator, unless specifically otherwise provided, shall promulgate all regulations necessary to the administration of the Department of Medicine and Surgery and consistent with existing law, including regulations relating to travel, transportation of household goods and effects, and deductions from pay for quarters and subsistence; and to the custody, use, and preservation of the records, papers, and property of the Department of Medicine and Surgery.

Sec. 16. This Act shall be effective from the date of its approval. Approved January 3, 1946.