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NOTICE

The original of every act and joint resolution printed in this volume has the following heading:

SEVENTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA;

AT THE FIRST SESSION

Begun and held at the City of Washington on Friday, the third day of January, one thousand nine hundred and forty-one

All bills and joint resolutions presented to the President of the United States bear the signatures of the Speaker (or of the Speaker pro tempore) of the House of Representatives and of the Vice President of the United States and President of the Senate (or of the President of the Senate pro tempore or of the Acting President of the Senate pro tempore); those signatures accordingly appear on the originals of all acts and joint resolutions.

The signature of the President of the United States appears on the originals of all approved acts and joint resolutions.

The original of every act and joint resolution has endorsed thereon a certificate of origin, signed, as the case may be, by the Clerk of the House of Representatives or by the Secretary of the Senate and reading "I certify that this Act (or Joint Resolution) originated in the House of Representatives (or Senate)." The origin of each act and joint resolution contained in this volume is indicated in the margin at the beginning of each enactment; thus, for example, H. R. 1053 or H. J. Res. 80 indicates origin in the House of Representatives, and S. 187 or S. J. Res. 7 indicates origin in the Senate.
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17 --- Foreign Service, statutory leave. AN ACT To amend the first paragraph of section 22 of the Act of February 23, 1931 (46 Stat. 1210).

18 --- Internal Revenue Code, amendments. JOINT RESOLUTION To amend the Internal Revenue Code.

19 --- Bridge, Potomac River. AN ACT Authorizing the State of Maryland, by and through its State roads commission or the successors of said commission, to construct, maintain, and operate a free highway bridge across the Potomac River at or near Sandy Hook, Maryland, to a point opposite in Virginia.

20 --- Communications Act of 1934, amendment. AN ACT To amend section 4 (f) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, to provide for extra compensation for overtime of inspectors in charge and radio inspectors of the Field Division of the Engineering Department of the Federal Communications Commission.

21 --- Navy, public works projects. AN ACT To authorize the Secretary of the Navy to proceed with the construction of certain public works, and for other purposes.

22 --- Navy, public works projects. AN ACT To authorize the Secretary of the Navy to proceed with the construction of certain public works, and for other purposes.

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24 --- National Housing Act, amendments. AN ACT To amend the National Housing Act, and for other purposes.

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26 --- Bridge, Hudson River. AN ACT Granting the consent of Congress to Rensselaer and Saratoga Counties, New York, or to either of them, or any agency representing said counties, to construct, maintain, and operate a free highway bridge across the Hudson River between the city of Mechanicville and Hemstreet Park in the town of Schaghticoke, New York.

27 --- Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, amendments. AN ACT To amend the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, for the purpose of regulating interstate and foreign commerce in peanuts, and for other purposes.

28 --- Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1942. AN ACT Making appropriations for the Executive Office and sundry independent executive bureaus, boards, commissions, and offices, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1942, and for other purposes.

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34 --- Bituminous Coal Act of 1937 and Internal Revenue Code, amendments. AN ACT To extend the provisions of the Bituminous Coal Act of 1937 for a period of two years, and for other purposes.

35 --- Relief of certain disbursing officers. AN ACT To relieve disbursing officers, certifying officers, and payees in respect of certain payments made in contravention of appropriation restrictions regarding citizenship status.

36 --- Army disbursing officers. AN ACT For the relief of certain disbursing officers of the Army of the United States and for the settlement of individual claims approved by the War Department.

37 --- Bridge and ferries, Wabash River. AN ACT To create the White County Bridge Commission; defining the authority, power, and duties of said Commission; and authorizing said Commission and its successors and assigns to purchase, maintain, and operate a bridge across the Wabash River at or near New Harmony, Indiana, and to purchase, maintain and operate certain ferries.

38 --- Biloxi, Miss., lands. AN ACT Authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to convey a portion of the lighthouse reservation, Biloxi, Mississippi, to the city of Biloxi.

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69... Foreign Service, retirement. AN ACT To amend the Act entitled "An Act for the grading and classification of clerks in the Foreign Service of the United States of America, and providing compensation therefor", approved February 25, 1931, as amended...

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163. AN ACT To prohibit prostitution within such reasonable distance of military and/or naval establishments as the Secretaries of War and/or Navy shall determine to be needful to the efficiency, health, and welfare of the Army and/or Navy.

164. AN ACT Authorizing the construction of a crypt for the remains of Gutzon and Mary Borglum.

165. AN ACT To supplement the navigation laws and facilitate the maintenance of discipline on board vessels of the United States.

166. AN ACT To amend and clarify certain Acts pertaining to the Coast Guard, and for other purposes.

167. AN ACT To authorize the Secretary of War to exchange certain land located within the Fort Missoula Military Reservation, Montana, for certain land owned by the Missoula Chamber of Commerce, of Missoula, Montana.

168. AN ACT To authorize the construction of a bridge across the Columbia River at Astoria, Clatsop County, Oregon.

169. AN ACT To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Mississippi River at or near Vicksburg, Mississippi, and Helena, Arkansas.

170. AN ACT To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Mississippi River at or near Friar Point, Mississippi, and Helena, Arkansas.

171. AN ACT To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Columbia River at Astoria, Clatsop County, Oregon.

172. AN ACT To amend an Act entitled "An Act authorizing the temporary detail of John L. Savage, an employee of the United States, to service under the government of the State of New South Wales, Australia, and the government of the Punjab, India" (Act of June 29, 1940, Public, Numbered 678, Seventy-sixth Congress, third session).

173. AN ACT To provide for priorities in transportation by merchant vessels in the interests of national defense, and for other purposes.

174. AN ACT To authorize the Secretary of the Navy to proceed with the construction of certain public works, and for other purposes.

175. AN ACT To amend the Act entitled "An Act conferring jurisdiction upon the United States Court of Claims to hear, examine, adjudicate, and render judgment on any and all claims which the Ute Indians or any tribe or band thereof may have against the United States, and for other purposes", approved June 28, 1938.

176. AN ACT Authorizing the Copper River and Northwestern Railway Company to convey to the United States its railroad right-of-way and other railroad properties in Alaska, for use as a public highway, tramroad, or tramway, and for other purposes.

177. AN ACT To ratify a lease entered into by certain Mission Indians of California.

178. AN ACT To authorize the construction of Coast Guard cutters necessary in the interest of national defense and for performance of Coast Guard duties, and for other purposes.
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<td>Disability, etc., compensation to employees at certain U. S. bases. AN ACT To provide compensation for disability or death resulting from injury to persons employed at military, air, and naval bases acquired by the United States from foreign countries, and on lands occupied or used by the United States for military or naval purposes outside the continental limits of the United States, including Alaska, Guantanamo, and the Philippine Islands, but excluding the Canal Zone, and for other purposes.</td>
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216 Coronado International Memorial, Ariz. AN ACT To provide for the establishment of the Coronado International Memorial, in the State of Arizona.

217 National Cattle Theft Act. AN ACT To provide for the punishment of persons transporting stolen cattle in interstate commerce, and for other purposes.

218 Wildlife-restoration projects. AN ACT To extend the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide that the United States shall aid the States in wildlife-restoration projects, and for other purposes", approved September 2, 1937.

219 Warehouses. AN ACT For the establishment of warehouses in the Territory of Alaska.

220 United Daughters of the Confederacy. AN ACT Granting an extension of patent to the United Daughters of the Confederacy.

221 Patent rights. AN ACT To afford greater protection to the purchaser of patent rights.

222 Bridge, Monongahela River. AN ACT To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of bridges across the Monongahela River in Allegheny County, Pennsylvania.

223 Bridge, Santee River. AN ACT Granting the consent of Congress to the South Carolina State Highway Department to construct, maintain, and operate a free highway bridge across the Santee River, at or near Leneudes Ferry, South Carolina.

224 Bridge, Wabash River. AN ACT To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of a toll bridge across the Wabash River at or near Mount Vernon, Posey County, Indiana.

225 Bridge, Tug Fork of Big Sandy River. AN ACT To legalize the construction by the Big Creek Bridge Company, Consolidated, of a bridge across the Tug Fork of the Big Sandy River at Nolan, West Virginia.

226 Pipelines, D. C. AN ACT To permit construction, maintenance, and use of certain pipe lines for petroleum and petroleum products in the District of Columbia.

227 Bridges, New River. AN ACT Granting the consent of Congress to the Department of Highways, Commonwealth of Virginia, to construct, maintain, and operate two free bridges across the New River, one at Bluff City and the other at Eggleston, in the State of Virginia.

228 Flood control projects. AN ACT Authorizing the construction of certain public works on rivers and harbors for flood control, and for other purposes.

229 Bridge, Monongahela River. AN ACT To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Monongahela River, between the boroughs of Elizabeth, in Elizabeth Township, and West Elizabeth, in Jefferson Township, in the county of Allegheny, and in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

230 Army warrant officers. AN ACT To strengthen the national defense by creating the grade of chief warrant officer in the Army, and for other purposes.

231 Reemployment of retired employees. AN ACT To permit the reemployment by the Federal Bureau of Investigation of persons retired under the Civil Service Retirement Act.

232 Rainbow Division, memorial. AN ACT To authorize the Rainbow Division veterans to erect a suitable memorial to the Rainbow (Forty-second) Division, American Expeditionary Forces.

233 Smithsonian Gallery of Art, D. C. AN ACT To permit the Smithsonian Gallery of Art Commission to purchase a model of the winning design for the proposed Smithsonian Gallery of Art, and for other purposes.

234 National-defense material. AN ACT To amend an Act entitled "An act to punish the willful injury or destruction of war material, or of war premises or utilities used in connection with war material, and for other purposes", approved April 20, 1918, as amended November 30, 1940.
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257. Cut Bank, Mont., lands. AN ACT To authorize the sale of certain Indian lands to the city of Cut Bank, Montana.

258. Copyright Act of 1909, amendment. AN ACT To amend section 8 of the Copyright Act of March 4, 1909, as amended, so as to preserve the rights of authors during the present emergency, and for other purposes.

259. Able seamen on seagoing barges. AN ACT Relating to the manning of certain seagoing barges.

260. Shipping on the Great Lakes, etc. AN ACT To dispense with the requirement of clearance and entry for certain United States vessels on the Great Lakes which touch at Canadian ports for bunker fuel only.

261. S. S. "Port Saunders" and S. S. "Hawk." AN ACT To permit the steamship Port Saunders, official number 220150, and steamship Hawk, official number 220149, to engage in the fisheries.

262. Retirement pay and hospitalization of certain Reserve officers. AN ACT To provide retirement pay and hospital benefits to certain Reserve officers, Army of the United States, disabled while on active duty.

263. Hawaii, special homestead agreements, etc. AN ACT To ratify and confirm certain right of purchase leases, special homestead agreements, cash freethold agreements, certificates of occupation, homestead leases, and patents issued under or in purported compliance with section 73 of the Hawaiian Organic Act and the laws of the Territory of Hawaii.

264. Recorder of deeds building, D. C. AN ACT To increase the amount authorized by the Act of July 11, 1940, for the construction of a building for the office of the recorder of deeds of the District of Columbia.

265. Union Railroad Station, D. C. AN ACT To amend an Act to provide for a Union Railroad Station in the District of Columbia, and for other purposes.

266. Canal Zone, rental allowances. AN ACT Relating to allowances for rental quarters of certain naval officers stationed in the Canal Zone.

267. U. S. courts, witnesses and jurors, fees and costs. AN ACT Relating to the payment of fees and costs of witnesses and jurors and the accounting therefor.

268. Alien registration receipt cards. AN ACT To amend the Alien Registration Act, 1940, by making it a criminal offense to reproduce alien registration receipt cards.

269. U. S. and D. C. employees as witnesses. AN ACT To authorize employees of the United States to testify on behalf of the District of Columbia and employees of the District of Columbia to testify on behalf of the United States and of the District of Columbia without loss of salary or annual leave.

270. Reading matter for the blind. AN ACT To further amend the Acts for promoting the circulation of reading matter among the blind.

271. D. C. minimum wage law, amendments. AN ACT To amend an Act entitled "An Act to protect the lives and health and morals of women and minor workers in the District of Columbia, and to establish a Minimum Wage Board, and define its powers and duties, and to provide for the fixing of minimum wages for such workers, and for other purposes", approved September 19, 1918.

272. Court of Claims. AN ACT Relating to the traveling and subsistence expenses of judges and retired judges of the Court of Claims.


274. Requisition of property for national defense. AN ACT To authorize the President of the United States to requisition property required for the defense of the United States.

275. Nationality Act of 1940, amendment. AN ACT To amend the Nationality Act of 1940 to preserve the nationality of citizens residing abroad.

276. Public contracts. AN ACT To repeal sections 512; 513; 514; 515, as amended, of the Revised Statutes; sections 1 and 3 of the Act approved February 4, 1929 (45 Stat. 1147); and section 3744, as amended; 3745, 3746, and 3747 of the Revised Statutes.
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297 ... Hickam Field, Oahu, T. H. AN ACT To authorize maintenance and use of a banking house upon the United States military reservation at Hickam Field, Oahu, Hawaii.

298 ... National cemetery, Honolulu, T. H. AN ACT To authorize an appropriation for the purpose of establishing a national cemetery at Honolulu, Territory of Hawaii.

299 ... Kalamazoo National Guard Target Range, Mich. AN ACT To authorize the Secretary of War to grant a right-of-way to Grand Trunk Western Railroad Company, across the Kalamazoo National Guard Target Range, Michigan.

300 ... Massachusetts, vacancy in office of district judge. AN ACT To repeal the prohibition against the filling of a vacancy in the office of district judge for the district of Massachusetts.

301 ... Tennessee Valley Authority, bridge reconstruction. AN ACT To provide for the alteration, reconstruction, or relocation of certain highway and railroad bridges by the Tennessee Valley Authority.

302 ... Bridges, Minnesota River. AN ACT To repeal the Act entitled "An Act to authorize the construction of bridges across a portion of the Minnesota River in the State of Minnesota", approved March 15, 1904.

303 ... McMinneville, Oreg. AN ACT To reimburse the city of McMinneville, Oregon, for damages assessed to it by the United States for innocent trespass upon land belonging to the United States.

304 ... Alaska, transportation of U. S. employees. AN ACT To authorize transportation of employees of the United States on vessels of the Army transport service.

305 ... Bridge, Mississippi River. AN ACT To extend the times for completing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Mississippi River at or near Memphis, Tennessee.

306 ... Tennessee Valley Authority, accounts. AN ACT To amend section 9(b) of the Tennessee Valley Authority Act, as amended by section 14 of the Act of August 31, 1935.

307 ... Bridge, Susquehanna River. AN ACT Granting the consent of Congress to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to construct, maintain, and operate a free highway bridge across the Susquehanna River at Bridge Street in Plymouth Borough, between Plymouth and Hanover Townships, in the county of Luzerne, and in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

308 ... Kauai County, T. H. AN ACT To empower the Legislature of the Territory of Hawaii to authorize the County of Kauai to issue improvement bonds.

309 ... Hawaii, electric franchise. AN ACT To approve Act numbered 112 of the Session Laws of 1941 of the Territory of Hawaii, entitled "An Act to amend Act 101 of the Session Laws of Hawaii, 1921, relating to the manufacture, maintenance, distribution, and supply of electric current for light and power within the districts of North and South Hilo and Puna, in the County of Hawaii, so as to extend the franchise to the districts of Kau and South Kohala in said county, and extend the term thereof as to the town of Hilo."

310 ... Lost or stolen checks. AN ACT To authorize the Treasurer of the United States to make settlements with payees of lost or stolen checks, which have been paid on forged indorsements, in advance of reclamation, and for other purposes.

311 ... Grosse Point Lighthouse Reservation, Ill. AN ACT To authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to dispose of the remaining portion of the Grosse Point Lighthouse Reservation by deed to the city of Evanston, Illinois.

312 ... Bridge at Cedar Point, Ala. AN ACT To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction, by the Alabama Bridge Commission, an agency of the State of Alabama, of a toll bridge and causeway between Dauphin Island and the mainland at or near Cedar Point, within the State of Alabama.

313 ... Supreme Court, rule-making authority. AN ACT To extend the provisions of the Act of February 24, 1933, and of the Act of June 29, 1940, to proceedings to punish for criminal contempt of court.

314 ... Chief of Chaplains, Army. AN ACT To constitute an Army Chaplains' Corps with a brigadier general as Chief of the Corps.

315 ... Alaska Road Commission. AN ACT To authorize the transportation of employees of the Alaska Road Commission, and to validate payments made for that and other purposes.
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317 --- Bridge, Mississippi River. AN ACT Granting the consent of Congress to the State of Minnesota and the city of Minneapolis to construct, maintain, and operate a free highway bridge across the Mississippi River at or near Minneapolis, Minnesota.

318 --- Bridge, Wabash River. AN ACT Authorizing the State of Indiana to construct, maintain, and operate a free highway bridge across the Wabash River at or near Montezuma, Indiana.

319 --- Quarters and subsistence. AN ACT To provide for payments in advance to enlisted men of monetary allowance in lieu of quarters and subsistence under certain conditions.

320 --- Army, examination of monthly accounts. AN ACT To extend, under certain conditions, the time for examination of monthly accounts covering expenditures by disbursing officers of the Army after the date of actual receipt by bureaus and offices of the War Department, and before transmitting the same to the General Accounting Office.

321 --- D. C. Unemployment Compensation Act, amendment. AN ACT To amend the District of Columbia Unemployment Compensation Act.

322 --- Army of Occupation of Germany Medal. AN ACT Authorizing the procurement and issue of an Army of Occupation of Germany Medal for each person who served in Germany or Austria-Hungary during the period of occupation.

323 --- Naval local defense vessels. AN ACT To authorize the construction or acquisition of certain naval local defense vessels, and for other purposes.

324 --- Coast Guard cutter. AN ACT To provide for the construction of a Coast Guard cutter designed for ice-breaking and assistance work on the Great Lakes.

325 --- Hawaiian Homes Commission Act, 1920, amendments. AN ACT To amend the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act of 1920, as amended, by amending sections 203 (4), 208 (3), 209, 213, 215, 220, and 222 thereof and by adding thereto a new section to be numbered section 225, all relating to the powers, duties, and functions of the Hawaiian Homes Commission.

326 --- Construction activities, Army. AN ACT To make provision for the construction activities of the Army.

327 --- District of Columbia Emergency Rent Act. AN ACT To regulate rents in the District of Columbia, and for other purposes.

328 --- War with Japan. JOINT RESOLUTION Declaring that a state of war exists between the Imperial Government of Japan and the Government and the people of the United States and making provisions to prosecute the same.

329 --- Six months death gratuity benefits. AN ACT To extend the six months' death gratuity benefits, now paid only to dependents of officers and enlisted men of the Regular Army, to the dependents of all officers, warrant officers, and enlisted men of the Army of the United States who die in line of duty while in active military service of the United States.

330 --- Seeing-eye dogs. AN ACT To permit seeing-eye dogs to enter Government buildings when accompanied by their blind masters, and for other purposes.

331 --- War with Germany. JOINT RESOLUTION Declaring that a state of war exists between the Government of Germany and the Government and the people of the United States and making provision to prosecute the same.

332 --- War with Italy. JOINT RESOLUTION Declaring that a state of war exists between the Government of Italy and the Government and the people of the United States and making provision to prosecute the same.

333 --- Enlisted men needing medical care. AN ACT To provide for continuing in the service of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, and Coast Guard of the United States beyond the term of their enlistment, those suffering from service-connected disease or injury, and in need of medical care or hospitalization until recovery through such medical care and hospitalization.
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PUBLIC LAWS
AN ACT
To authorize major alterations to certain naval vessels.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That for the purpose of improving antiaircraft defenses of combatant and auxiliary vessels of the United States, alterations to such vessels are hereby authorized, and expenditures therefor shall not be limited by the provisions of the Act approved July 18, 1935 (49 Stat. 482; 5 U. S. C., Supp. V, sec. 468a), but the total cost of such alterations shall not exceed $300,000,000.

Approved, January 29, 1941.

[CHAPTER 2]

To remove certain limitations on appropriations for the pay of midshipmen, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That so much of the Act approved June 11, 1940 (Public, Numbered 588, Seventy-sixth Congress), as relates to the pay of midshipmen whose admission subsequent to January 30, 1940, would result in exceeding the allowance specified in such Act, is hereby repealed.

Sec. 2. The number of midshipmen who may be appointed each year at large under the provisions of the Act approved December 20, 1917, as amended (40 Stat. 430; 34 U. S. C. 1032), is hereby increased from fifteen to twenty-five, and the number who may be appointed each year by the Secretary of the Navy under the provisions of

[Die [Died June 22, 1941, 6: 45 a. m.]
section 307 of the Naval Reserve Act of 1938 (52 Stat. 1182; U. S. C., Supp. V, title 34, sec. 855f) is hereby increased from fifty to one hundred.

Sec. 3. In the event that the quota of midshipmen authorized by section 307 of title III of the Naval Reserve Act of 1938 (52 Stat. 1182; U. S. C., Supp. V, title 34, sec. 855f), as amended herein, to be appointed from the enlisted men of the Naval Reserve and the Marine Corps Reserve is not filled in any one year the Secretary of the Navy shall have authority to fill such vacancies with enlisted men from the Regular Navy or Marine Corps.

Approved, January 30, 1941.

[CHAPTER 3] JOINT RESOLUTION

To amend section 124 of the Internal Revenue Code by extending the time for certification of national-defense facilities and contracts for amortization purposes.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 124 (f) (1) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by striking out “, within the time specified in paragraph (3) of this subsection, and”.

Sec. 2. Section 124 (f) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended to read as follows:

“The certificate provided for in paragraph (1) shall have no effect unless an application therefor is filed before the expiration of sixty days after the beginning of such construction, reconstruction, erection, or installation or the date of such acquisition, or before February 6, 1941, whichever is later: Provided, That in no event and notwithstanding any of the other provisions of this section, no amortization deduction shall be allowed in respect of any emergency facility for any taxable year unless a certificate in respect thereof under paragraph (1) of this subsection shall have been made prior to the making of the election, pursuant to subsection (b) and (d) (4) of this section, to take the amortization deduction and begin the sixty-month period in or with such taxable year, or before February 6, 1941, whichever is later.”

Sec. 3. Section 124 (i) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended—

(a) By striking out from the first sentence thereof “, before the expiration of ninety days after the making of such contract or one hundred and twenty days after the date of the enactment of the Second Revenue Act of 1940, whichever of such periods expires the later,”;

(b) By striking out from the second sentence thereof “, before the expiration of ninety days after the making of a contract or one hundred and twenty days after the date of the enactment of the Second Revenue Act of 1940, whichever of such periods expires the later,”; and

(c) By adding after the second sentence thereof a new sentence to read as follows: “The certificates provided for under this subsection shall have no effect unless an application therefor is filed before the expiration of sixty days after the making of such contract, or before February 6, 1941, whichever is later.”

Sec. 4. The amendments made by this joint resolution to section 124 of the Internal Revenue Code shall be applicable as if they were a part of such section on the date of the enactment of the Second Revenue Act of 1940.

Approved, January 31, 1941.
[CHAPTER 4]  AN ACT

Authorizing appropriations for additional shipbuilding and ordnance manufacturing facilities and equipment for the United States Navy, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in addition to the sums authorized to be appropriated by the Act of June 14, 1940 (Public, Numbered 629, Seventy-sixth Congress), and the Act of July 19, 1940 (Public, Numbered 757, Seventy-sixth Congress), there is hereby authorized to be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, $315,000,000 for essential equipment and facilities at either private or naval establishments for building or equipping any complete naval vessel or portion thereof heretofore or hereafter authorized, and $194,000,000 for essential equipment and facilities for the manufacture or production of ordnance material, munitions, and armor at either private or naval establishments. The authority herein granted shall include the authority to acquire lands at such locations as the Secretary of the Navy, with the approval of the President, may deem best suited to the purpose, erect buildings, and acquire the necessary machinery and equipment.

Sec. 2. The Secretary of the Navy is authorized to construct not to exceed four hundred small craft, for patrol, local defense, escort, salvage, and towing services in addition to all such craft heretofore authorized and appropriated for, and he is hereby authorized to enter into contracts for this purpose to a total amount not exceeding $400,000,000.

Approved, January 31, 1941.

[CHAPTER 5]  JOINT RESOLUTION

Making an appropriation to the United States Maritime Commission for emergency cargo ship construction, and for other purposes.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That for the purpose of providing as rapidly as possible cargo ships essential to the commerce and defense of the United States there is hereby appropriated to the United States Maritime Commission, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of $313,500,000, to remain available until expended, which amount shall be additional to the $500,000 allocated from the Emergency Fund for the President in the Military Appropriation Act, 1941, and $36,000,000 to be allocated during the fiscal year 1942 from funds available for the payment of obligations incurred for the purposes hereof under the contract authorizations under such emergency fund for the President, the total of such sums, aggregating $350,000,000, to be known as the “Emergency Ship Construction Fund, United States Maritime Commission”, which fund shall be available for the payment of said contract authorizations and for (1) the construction in the United States of ocean-going cargo vessels of such type, size, and speed as the Commission may determine to be useful in time of emergency for carrying on the commerce of the United States and to be capable of the most rapid construction; (2) the production and procurement of parts, equipment, material, and supplies for such ships; (3) the establishment, acquisition, construction, enlargement, or extension of plants or facilities, on land whether owned by the Government or otherwise owned (including the acquisition by purchase or condemnation of
real property or any interest therein), to be used for the construction of ships or for the production of parts, equipment, supplies, or material therefor, and the maintenance, repair, operation (under lease or otherwise), and management of such plants and facilities; and (4) all administrative expenses in connection with the program provided herein including personal services at the seat of government and elsewhere: Provided, That the employment of personnel engaged in the maintenance, repair, operation, or management of plants or facilities shall be without regard to the civil service and classification laws: Provided further, That no part of this appropriation shall be used to pay the salary or wages of any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided further, That the above penalty clause shall be in addition to, and not in substitution for, any other provisions of existing law.

Sec. 2. The provisions of section 207 of the Merchant Marine Act, 1936, as amended (46 U. S. C. 1117), and the Act of October 10, 1940 (Public, Numbered 831), shall apply to all the activities and functions which the Commission is authorized to perform under section 1 of this joint resolution; and the Commission is authorized to carry on the objects, activities, and functions provided for in section 1 of this joint resolution, without regard to the provisions of sections 355, 3648, and 3709 of the Revised Statutes of the United States; section 7 of the Act of May 27, 1930 (46 Stat. 391), relating to the purchase of prison-made goods; the Act of August 24, 1935 (49 Stat. 738), requiring performance and other bonds on public works; section 321 of the Act of June 30, 1932 (47 Stat. 419), relating to the lease of Government property, and any provision of law relating to the disposal of surplus Government property.

Sec. 3. In addition to contract authorizations for carrying out the provisions of the Merchant Marine Act of 1936, as amended, contained in previous Acts, the United States Maritime Commission is authorized to enter into contract or contracts for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of said Act in an amount not to exceed $65,000,000.

Sec. 4. The Commission is authorized to construct, reconstruct, repair, equip, and outfit, by contract or otherwise, vessels or parts thereof, for any other department or agency of the Government, to the extent that such other department or agency is authorized by law to do so for its own account, and any obligations heretofore or hereafter incurred by the Commission for any of the aforesaid purposes shall not diminish or otherwise affect any contract authorization granted to the Commission: Provided, The obligations incurred or the expenditures made are charged against and, to the amount of such obligation or expenditure, diminish the existing appropriation or contract authorization of such department or agency.

Approved, February 6, 1941.
CHAPTER 6

JOINT RESOLUTION

Making an additional appropriation for the Military Establishment for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1941.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sum is appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Military Establishment for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1941: For clothing and equipage, to be supplemental to, and merged with, previous appropriations under this head for the fiscal year 1941, including the objects and subject to the limitations and conditions specified therein, $175,000,000.

Approved, February 13, 1941.

[CHAPTER 7]

AN ACT

To increase the debt limit of the United States, to provide for the Federal taxation of future issues of obligations of the United States and its instrumentalities, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the Public Debt Act of 1941.

Sec. 2. (a) Section 21 of the Second Liberty Bond Act, as amended, is further amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 21. The face amount of obligations issued under the authority of this Act shall not exceed in the aggregate $65,000,000,000 outstanding at any one time."

(b) The authority granted in the following provisions of law to issue obligations is terminated:

(1) Section 30 of the Act entitled "An Act to provide ways and means to meet war expenditures, and for other purposes", approved June 13, 1908, as amended (U. S. C., 1934 edition, title 31, sec. 756) (authorizing the issue of $300,000,000 certificates of indebtedness);

(2) Section 6 of the First Liberty Bond Act, as amended (U. S. C., 1934 edition, title 31, sec. 755) (authorizing the issue of $2,000,000,000 certificates of indebtedness); and

(3) Section 6 of the Second Liberty Bond Act, as amended (U. S. C., 1934 edition, title 31, sec. 757) (authorizing the issue of $4,000,000,000 of war savings certificates).

(c) Section 301 of title III of the Revenue Act of 1940 (54 Stat. 526) (creating a special fund for the retirement of defense obligations) is repealed.

Sec. 3. Section 22 of the Second Liberty Bond Act, as amended (U. S. C., title 31, sec. 757c), is amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 22. (a) The Secretary of the Treasury, with the approval of the President, is authorized to issue, from time to time, through the Postal Service or otherwise, United States savings bonds and United States Treasury savings certificates, the proceeds of which shall be available to meet any public expenditures authorized by law, and to retire any outstanding obligations of the United States bearing interest or issued on a discount basis. The various issues and series of the savings bonds and the savings certificates shall be in such forms, shall be offered in such amounts, subject to the limitation imposed by section 21 of this Act, as amended, and shall be issued in such manner and subject to such terms and conditions consistent with subsections (b), (c), and (d) hereof, and including any restrictions on their
Basis on which issued.

Proviso.

Interest rate, etc.

Denominations.

Holdings.

Issuance of stamps, etc., to evidence partial payments.

Denominations.

Tax exemption, existing savings bonds.

Circulation privilege.

Availability of funds.

No further original issue.

Fiscal agency services.

transfer, as the Secretary of the Treasury may from time to time prescribe.

“(b) Savings bonds and savings certificates may be issued on an interest-bearing basis, on a discount basis, or on a combination interest-bearing and discount basis and shall mature, in the case of bonds, not more than twenty years, and in the case of certificates, not more than ten years, from the date as of which issued. Such bonds and certificates may be sold at such price or prices, and redeemed before maturity upon such terms and conditions as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe: Provided, That the interest rate on, and the issue price of, savings bonds and savings certificates and the terms upon which they may be redeemed shall be such as to afford an investment yield not in excess of 3 per centum per annum, compounded semiannually. The denominations of savings bonds and of savings certificates shall be such as the Secretary of the Treasury may from time to time determine and shall be expressed in terms of their maturity values. The Secretary of the Treasury is authorized by regulation to fix the amount of savings bonds and savings certificates issued in any one year that may be held by any one person at any one time.

“(c) The Secretary of the Treasury may, under such regulations and upon such terms and conditions as he may prescribe, issue, or cause to be issued, stamps, or may provide any other means to evidence payments for or on account of the savings bonds and savings certificates authorized by this section, and he may make provision for the exchange of savings certificates for savings bonds. The limitation on the authority of the Postmaster General to prescribe the denominations of postal-savings stamps contained in the second paragraph of section 6 of the Act of June 25, 1910, as amended (U. S. C., title 39, sec. 756), is removed; and the Postmaster General is authorized, for the purposes of such section and to encourage and facilitate the accumulation of funds for the purchase of savings bonds and savings certificates, to prepare and issue postal-savings stamps in such denominations as he may prescribe.

“(d) The provisions of section 7 of this Act, as amended (relating to exemptions from taxation), shall apply to savings bonds issued before the effective date of the Public Debt Act of 1941. For purposes of taxation any increment in value represented by the difference between the price paid and the redemption value received (whether at or before maturity) for savings bonds and savings certificates shall be considered as interest. The savings bonds and the savings certificates shall not bear the circulation privilege.

“(e) The appropriation for expenses provided by section 10 of this Act and extended by the Act of June 16, 1921 (U. S. C., title 31, secs. 760 and 761), shall be available for all necessary expenses under this section, and the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to advance, from time to time, to the Postmaster General from such appropriation such sums as are shown to be required for the expenses of the Post Office Department and of the Postal Service, in connection with the handling of savings bonds, savings certificates, and stamps or other means provided to evidence payment thereof, which sums may be used for additional employees or any other expenditure, wherever or in whatever class of post office incurred, in connection with such handling.

“(f) No further original issue of bonds authorized by section 10 of the Act approved June 25, 1910 (U. S. C., title 39, sec. 760), shall be made after July 1, 1935.

“(g) At the request of the Secretary of the Treasury the Postmaster General, under such regulations as he may prescribe, shall
require the employees of the Post Office Department and of the Postal Service to perform, without extra compensation, such fiscal agency services as may be desirable and practicable in connection with the issue, delivery, safekeeping, redemption, or payment of the savings bonds and savings certificates, or in connection with any stamps or other means provided to evidence payments."

Sec. 4. (a) Interest upon, and gain from the sale or other disposition of obligations issued on or after the effective date of this Act by the United States or any agency or instrumentality thereof shall not have any exemption, as such, and loss from the sale or other disposition of such obligations shall not have any special treatment, as such, under Federal tax Acts now or hereafter enacted; except that any such obligations which the United States Maritime Commission or the Federal Housing Administration has, prior to the effective date of this Act, contracted to issue at a future date, shall when issued bear such tax-exemption privileges as were, at the time of such contract, provided in the law authorizing their issuance. For the purposes of this subsection a Territory, a possession of the United States, and the District of Columbia, and any political subdivision thereof, and any agency or instrumentality of any one or more of the foregoing, shall not be considered as an agency or instrumentality of the United States.

(b) The provisions of this section shall, with respect to such obligations, be considered as amendatory of and supplementary to the respective Acts or parts of Acts authorizing the issuance of such obligations, as amended and supplemented.

Sec. 5. This Act, except sections 2 (b) and (c), shall become effective on the first day of the month following the date of its enactment.

Approved, February 19, 1941.

[CHAPTER 8]

AN ACT

To provide for the establishment, administration, and maintenance of a Coast Guard Auxiliary and a Coast Guard Reserve.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Coast Guard Auxiliary and Reserve Act of 1941".

TITLE I—REPEAL OF COAST GUARD RESERVE ACT OF 1939, AS AMENDED, AND ESTABLISHMENT OF COAST GUARD AUXILIARY

Sec. 1. The Coast Guard Reserve Act of 1939 (53 Stat. 854; U. S. C., Supp. V, title 14, ch. 9), as amended by Public Law Numbered 564, Seventy-sixth Congress, third session, is hereby repealed and in lieu of the United States Coast Guard Reserve provided for in such Act there is hereby created and established a United States Coast Guard Auxiliary (hereinafter referred to as the "Auxiliary").

Sec. 2. It is hereby declared to be the purposes of the Auxiliary (a) to further interest in safety of life at sea and upon the navigable waters, (b) to promote efficiency in the operation of motorboats and yachts, (c) to foster a wider knowledge of, and better compliance with, the laws, rules, and regulations governing the operation of motorboats and yachts, and (d) to facilitate operations of the Coast Guard.

Sec. 3. The Auxiliary shall be composed of citizens of the United States and of its Territories and possessions, except the Philippine
Islands, who are owners (sole or part) of motorboats or yachts, and who may be enrolled therein pursuant to regulations prescribed under the authority of this Act.

Sec. 4. The Auxiliary shall be a nonmilitary organization administered by the Commandant of the Coast Guard (hereinafter referred to as the “Commandant”) under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, and the Commandant shall, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, prescribe such regulations as may be necessary to effectuate the purposes of this title.

Sec. 5. Subject to regulations prescribed under the authority of this Act, members of the Auxiliary may also be enrolled in the Coast Guard Reserve established by title II of this Act, and membership in the Auxiliary shall not be a bar to membership in any other naval or military organization.

Sec. 6. The Coast Guard is authorized to utilize in the conduct of duties incident to the saving of life and property, in the patrol of marine parades and regattas, or for any other purpose incident to the carrying out of the functions and duties of the Coast Guard which may be authorized by the Secretary of the Treasury, any motorboat or yacht placed at its disposition for any of such purposes by any member of the Auxiliary. No such motorboat or yacht shall be assigned to Coast Guard duty unless it is placed in charge of a commissioned officer, chief warrant officer, warrant officer, or petty officer of the Coast Guard or the Coast Guard Reserve established by title II of this Act during such assignment.

Sec. 7. Any motorboat or yacht, while assigned to Coast Guard duty as herein authorized, shall be deemed to be a public vessel of the United States, and within the meaning of the Act of June 15, 1936 (49 Stat. 1514; U.S.C., Supp. V, title 14, sec. 71), shall be deemed to be a vessel of the United States Coast Guard.

Sec. 8. Appropriations of the Coast Guard shall be available for the payment of actual necessary expenses of operation of any such motorboat or yacht when so utilized, but shall not be available for the payment of compensation for personal services, incident to such operation, to other than personnel of the regular Coast Guard or the Coast Guard Reserve established by title II of this Act. The term “actual necessary expenses of operation”, as used herein, shall include fuel, oil, water, supplies, provisions, and any replacement or repair of equipment or any repair of the motorboat or yacht where, upon investigation by a board of not less than three commissioned officers of the regular Coast Guard, it is determined that responsibility for the loss or damage necessitating such replacement or repair of equipment or such repair of the motorboat or yacht rests with the Coast Guard.

Sec. 9. No member of the Auxiliary, solely by reason of such membership, shall be vested with or exercise any right, privilege, power, or duty vested in or imposed upon the personnel of the Coast Guard, except that such a member may, under such regulations as the Commandant shall prescribe, act in an advisory capacity to the Commandant in the administration of the Auxiliary. Any member performing such service shall, upon authorization by the Commandant, be entitled to actual expenses of travel and to a per diem allowance not exceeding $5 per day while performing such travel from and to his home and while engaged upon such service.

Sec. 10. All orders, rules, regulations, enrollments, privileges, or other benefits made, issued, or granted pursuant to the Coast Guard Reserve Act of 1939, as amended, and in effect on the date of the enactment of this Act, shall be applicable to the Coast Guard Auxiliary and shall continue in effect hereunder until modified or revoked in accordance with the provisions of this Act.
TITLE II—ESTABLISHMENT OF NEW COAST GUARD RESERVE

Sec. 201. There is hereby created and established a United States Coast Guard Reserve (hereinafter referred to as the "Reserve"), the purpose of which is to provide a trained force of officers and men which, added to regular personnel of the Coast Guard, will be adequate to enable that service to perform such extraordinary duties as may be necessitated by emergency conditions.

Sec. 202. The Reserve shall be composed of male citizens of the United States and of its Territories and possessions, except the Philippine Islands, between the ages of seventeen and sixty-four, who are physically and otherwise qualified for the performance of duty with the Coast Guard, and who, through appointment or enlistment therein, obligate themselves to serve in the Coast Guard in time of war or during any period of national emergency declared by the President to exist.

Sec. 203. The ranks, grades, and ratings in the Reserve shall be the various ranks, grades, and ratings, not above lieutenant commander, prescribed by law for the Coast Guard.

Sec. 204. The Reserve shall be a military organization administered by the Commandant, under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, and the Commandant shall, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury and the concurrence of the Secretary of the Navy, prescribe such regulations as may be necessary to effectuate the purposes of this title.

Sec. 205. Any member of the Reserve may be ordered to active duty by the Commandant in time of war or during any period of national emergency declared by the President to exist and be required to perform active duty throughout the war or until the President declares that such national emergency no longer exists; but in time of peace, except for disciplinary purposes as provided in section 209 hereof, no such member shall be ordered to or continued on active duty without his consent: Provided, That the Commandant may release any member from active duty either in time of war or in time of peace. Members of the Reserve while engaged on active duty shall be vested with the same power, authority, rights, and privileges as members of the regular Coast Guard of similar ranks, grades, or ratings.

Sec. 206. Commissioned officers, chief warrant officers, warrant officers, and enlisted men of the Reserve when engaged on active duty, or on active duty while undergoing training, or when engaged in authorized travel to or from such duty, shall receive the same pay and allowances as are received by commissioned officers, chief warrant officers, warrant officers, and enlisted men of the regular Coast Guard of the same rank, grade, rating, and length of service. In determining length of service for the purposes of this section, there shall be included (a) all periods of active duty under this Act, except active duty while undergoing training, and (b) all other service for which credit is given by law to members of the regular Coast Guard. When members of the Reserve perform active duty or active duty while undergoing training for a period of less than thirty days, such duty performed on the thirty-first day of any month shall be paid for at the same rate as for other days: Provided, That members of the Reserve while engaged on active duty which involves the actual flying in aircraft in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Commandant shall receive the same increase of pay of their ranks, grades, or ratings as may be received by members of the regular Coast Guard in similar ranks, grades, or ratings, for the performance of similar duty.
SEC. 207. The Commandant, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, is hereby authorized to enroll for active duty, as temporary members of the Reserve, such owners, regular officers, and members of the crew of any motorboat or yacht placed at the disposal of the Coast Guard as are citizens of the United States or of its Territories or possessions, except the Philippine Islands, define their powers and duties, and confer upon them, appropriate to their qualifications and experience, the same ranks, grades, and ratings as are provided for the personnel of the regular Coast Guard Reserve. When on active duty with the Coast Guard, as herein authorized, temporary members of the Reserve shall be entitled to receive the pay of their respective ranks, grades, or ratings, and such allowances, not to exceed those prescribed for members of the regular Coast Guard, as the Commandant may deem appropriate: Provided, That temporary membership in the Reserve and the other benefits conferred by this section as a result thereof shall extend only for such period as the motorboat or yacht to which such members are attached is utilized in the service of the Coast Guard.

SEC. 208. Members of the Reserve, other than temporary members as provided for in section 207 hereof, shall receive the same exemption from registration and liability for training and service as members of the Naval Reserve, and no member of the Reserve, other than temporary members thereof, shall be a member of any other naval or military organization except the Auxiliary or the Coast Guard as provided for in sections 214 and 215 of this title: Provided, That temporary members of the Reserve who may be members of any other military reserve, if ordered to active duty therein, shall be forthwith released from all active duty with the Coast Guard, and their status as temporary members of the Reserve terminated.

SEC. 209. All members of the Reserve when employed on active duty, or when employed in authorized travel to or from such duty, or while wearing a uniform prescribed for the Reserve, shall be subject to the laws, regulations, and orders for the government of the Coast Guard: Provided, That disciplinary action for an offense committed while subject to the laws, regulations, and orders for the government of the Coast Guard shall not be barred by reason of release from duty status of any person charged with the commission thereof: Provided further, That for the purpose of carrying the provisions of this section into effect, members of the Reserve may be retained on or returned to a duty status without their consent, but not for a longer period of time than may be required for disciplinary action.

SEC. 210. Members of the Reserve may be allowed the cost of or issued such items of uniform, bedding, and equipment, as may be prescribed by the Commandant, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury: Provided, That the value of such allowances or of items so issued to any one person during any three-year period shall not exceed $100.

SEC. 211. Members of the Reserve, other than temporary members thereof, who suffer sickness, disease, disability, or death in line of duty shall be entitled to the same benefits as are or may hereafter be prescribed by law for members of the Naval Reserve who suffer sickness, disease, disability, or death under similar conditions.

SEC. 212. When any temporary member of the Reserve is physically injured in line of duty while performing active Coast Guard service, or dies as a result of such physical injury, he or his beneficiary shall be entitled to all the benefits prescribed by law for civilian employees of the United States, and the United States Employees' Compensation Commission shall have jurisdiction in such cases and shall perform
the same duties with reference thereto as in the case of civil employees of the United States. Temporary members of the Reserve who contract sickness or disease while performing active duty shall be entitled to the same hospital treatment as is afforded members of the regular Coast Guard.

Sec. 213. Officers and employees of the United States or of the District of Columbia who may become members of the Reserve shall be entitled to the same leave of absence with pay while on training duty and, except as otherwise provided by this Act, to all other benefits which are now or hereafter may be applicable by law to officers and employees of the United States or of the District of Columbia who are members of the Naval Reserve.

Sec. 214. Chief warrant and warrant officers and enlisted men of the regular Coast Guard may, under regulations promulgated pursuant to section 204 of this Act, be issued appointments as commissioned, chief warrant, or warrant officers in the Reserve, under which appointments they may be required to serve only in time of war or during any period of national emergency declared by the President to exist: Provided, That while serving on active duty under such appointments, the regular status of such appointees shall be considered as in abeyance, and upon termination of active duty thereunder they shall revert to the status held by them immediately preceding such active duty: Provided further, That active duty in the Reserve performed under the provisions of this Act shall be counted for all purposes as though it had been rendered by the individuals concerned in the status held by them immediately preceding such active duty.

Sec. 215. Members of the regular Coast Guard called to active duty in the Reserve, as provided by section 214 of this Act, shall not thereby suffer any reduction in pay and allowances: Provided, That if while so serving on active duty such members contract sickness or disease or sustain injury, or die as a result of such sickness, disease, or injury, they or their beneficiaries shall be entitled to all the benefits provided for commissioned, chief warrant, or warrant officers of the Reserve of the same rank, or to the benefits to which they would have been entitled had such active service been performed in their prior status as officer, warrant officer, or enlisted man of the regular Coast Guard, whichever may be the greater.

TITLE III—GENERAL PROVISIONS

Sec. 301. The term of enrollment in the Auxiliary and appointment and enlistment in the Reserve (except for temporary members of the Reserve) shall be three years.

Sec. 302. The Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to prescribe one or more suitable distinguishing flags or pennants to be flown from the motorboats and yachts owned by members of the Auxiliary or the Reserve, and one or more suitable insignia which may be worn by such members. Such flags and insignia shall be furnished by the Coast Guard at actual cost, and the proceeds received therefore shall be credited to the appropriation from which paid: Provided, That any member of the Auxiliary who surrenders flags, pennants, or insignia which were furnished to him by the Coast Guard as a member of the former Coast Guard Reserve shall be entitled to a like number of the flags, pennants, and insignia prescribed for the Auxiliary without additional charge. Any person who shall, without proper authority fly from a motorboat, yacht, or other vessel, any flag or pennant or wear any insignia of the Auxiliary or of the Reserve shall, upon conviction thereof, be punished by a fine not exceeding $100.
Coast Guard Institute.
Correspondence courses, availability, etc.

Provisos.

Use of Coast Guard services.

SEC. 303. Pursuant to such rules and regulations as the Commandant may prescribe, correspondence courses of the Coast Guard Institute may be made available to members of the Auxiliary and to members of the Reserve: Provided, That the actual cost of the study materials for each such course shall be paid by the member of the Auxiliary taking such course and the proper Coast Guard appropriation shall be credited accordingly: Provided further, That such courses shall be made available to members of the Reserve in accordance with Coast Guard regulations applicable to personnel of the regular Coast Guard.

SEC. 304. The services and facilities of the Coast Guard may be employed in the administration and operation of the Auxiliary and of the Reserve; and the appropriations for the Coast Guard shall be available to effectuate the purposes of this Act.

Approved, February 19, 1941.

[CHAPTER 9]

AN ACT

Making additional appropriations for the fiscal year 1941 urgently required for the Work Projects Administration and certain other Federal agencies, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1941, for the following respective purposes:

LEGISLATIVE

SENATE

Effective with the first day of the month next following the enactment of this Act, the provision in the Legislative Branch Appropriation Act, 1941, which reads as follows: "Office of the Vice President, salaries: Secretary to the Vice President, $4,620; clerk, $2,400; assistant clerks—one $2,280, one $2,160; in all, $11,460." is hereby amended to read as follows: "Office of the Vice President, salaries: For clerical assistance to the Vice President, at rates of compensation to be fixed by him, $11,460."

For repairs, improvements, equipment, and supplies for the Senate kitchens and restaurants, Capitol Building and Senate Office Building, including personal and other services, to be expended from the contingent fund of the Senate, under supervision of the Committee on Rules, United States Senate, fiscal year 1941, $25,000.

EMERGENCY FUNDS FOR THE PRESIDENT

Defense housing: To enable the President of the United States, through such agencies of the Government as he may designate, without regard to section 3709, Revised Statutes, to provide temporary shelter, either by the construction of buildings or otherwise, including appurtenances and including the acquisition of land or interests therein, in localities where by reason of national defense activities a shortage of housing exists, as determined by the President, and where it is not practicable under the Act of October 14, 1940 (Public, Numbered 849, Seventy-sixth Congress), or other Acts of Congress
or through private enterprise to meet the immediate need for emergency housing, fiscal year 1941, $5,000,000, to be available until June 30, 1942, and to be available also for all necessary expenses incident to the providing of such facilities and the operation and management thereof, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, printing and binding, and purchase, operation, and maintenance of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles: Provided, That all receipts derived from the rental or operation of the facilities provided for herein shall be returned to this appropriation and shall be available for expenses of operation and management of such facilities, including administrative expenses in connection therewith, and the unobligated balance of such receipts shall be covered into the Treasury at the end of each fiscal year as miscellaneous receipts: Provided further, That a detailed report of expenditures under this paragraph shall be made by the agency or agencies designated by the President under this provision to the Secretary of the Senate and the Clerk of the House of Representatives every six months from and after the passage of this Act.

INDEPENDENT AGENCIES

FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY

Public Health Service, emergency health and sanitation activities, 1941: For all expenses necessary to enable the Surgeon General of the Public Health Service to assist State and local health authorities in health and sanitation activities (1) in areas adjoining military and naval reservations, (2) in areas where there are concentrations of military and naval forces, (3) in areas adjoining Government and private industrial plants engaged in defense work, and (4) in private industrial plants engaged in defense work; and to provide emergency health and sanitation services in Government industrial plants engaged in defense work and in areas adjoining United States military and naval reservations outside of the United States; such expenses to include personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; purchase, exchange, maintenance, and operation of passenger-carrying automobiles; stationery; travel; printing and binding; and items otherwise properly chargeable to the appropriation for miscellaneous and contingent expenses of the Public Health Service, fiscal year 1941, $525,000.

FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY

Work Projects Administration, emergency relief, 1941: For an additional amount to enable the Work Projects Administration, during the fiscal year 1941, to continue to provide work for needy persons on useful public projects in the United States and its Territories and possessions, in accordance with the Emergency Relief Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1941, as amended, $375,000,000: Provided, That except as herein otherwise provided, all the provisions and conditions of the Emergency Relief Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1941, as amended, are applicable to the expenditure of the appropriation in such Act to such Administration shall be applicable to the foregoing appropriation; Provided further, That the limitation of $40,000,000, contained in section 10 (a) of such Act, on the amount that is authorized to be allocated by the Commissioner to other Federal agencies for the operation of projects of the type specified in subsection (b) of section 1 of such Act which are within the
Nonlabor costs. 54 Stat. 612.

Administrative expenses. 54 Stat. 613.

Provisional increases. 54 Stat. 611.

Salaries and expenses. 54 Stat. 595.

Transfer of funds. 54 Stat. 596.

Referees. 54 Stat. 622.

National Railroad Adjustment Board, salaries and expenses, 1941: For an additional amount for “Salaries and expenses, National Railroad Adjustment Board, National Mediation Board,” fiscal year 1941, $15,000, and in addition thereto not to exceed the sum of $15,000 may be transferred from the appropriation “Printing and binding, National Railroad Adjustment Board, National Mediation Board, 1941”; and the amount heretofore made available for such fiscal year only for the services of referees is hereby increased from $35,000 to $60,000.

National Mediation Board

United States Employees' Compensation Commission

Emergency relief, 1941: For an additional amount to enable the United States Employees' Compensation Commission during the fiscal year 1941 to carry out the provisions of section 23 of the Emergency Relief Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1941, $800,000.

Navy Department

Training, Education, and Welfare, Navy

Naval training stations: For an additional amount for naval training stations for the fiscal year 1941, including the same objects specified under this head in the Naval Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1941, as follows:
- Newport, Rhode Island, $269,000;
- Great Lakes, Illinois, $253,775;
- In all, training, education, and welfare, Navy, $522,775.
Emergency relief, 1941, administrative expenses: The Secretary of the Treasury may transfer, with the approval of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, not to exceed $65,000 from the appropriation "Emergency relief, Treasury, Bureau of Accounts, administrative expenses, 1941" (referred to in section 5 (a) of the Emergency Relief Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1941, as "Office of Commissioner of Accounts and Deposits and Division of Bookkeeping and Warrants") to the appropriation "Emergency Relief, Treasury, Office of the Treasurer, administrative expenses, 1941", contained in the same section of such Act.

BUREAU OF CUSTOMS

Refunds and drawbacks, customs, 1941: For an additional amount for the refund or payment of customs collections or receipts, and for the payment of debentures or drawbacks, bounties, and allowances as authorized by law, fiscal year 1941, $811,800,000.

Approved, March 1, 1941.

[CHAPTER 10]

AN ACT

To amend certain provisions of the Internal Revenue Code relating to the excess profits tax, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Excess Profits Tax Amendments of 1941".

SEC. 2. UNUSED EXCESS PROFITS CREDIT.

(a) Section 710 (b) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended to read as follows:

"(3) UNUSED EXCESS PROFITS CREDIT.—The amount of the excess profits credit carry-over for the taxable year, computed in accordance with subsection (c)."

(b) COMPUTATION OF EXCESS PROFITS CREDIT CARRY-OVER.—Section 710 of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(c) EXCESS PROFITS CREDIT CARRY-OVER.—

'(1) DEFINITION OF UNUSED EXCESS PROFITS CREDIT.—The term 'unused excess profits credit' means the excess, if any, of the excess profits credit for any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1939, over the excess profits net income for such taxable year, computed on the basis of the excess profits credit applicable to such taxable year.

'(2) COMPUTATION OF EXCESS PROFITS CREDIT CARRY-OVER.—The excess profits credit carry-over for any taxable year shall be the sum of the following:

'(A) The unused excess profits credit for the first preceding taxable year; and

'(B) The unused excess profits credit for the second preceding taxable year reduced by the amount, if any, by which the excess profits net income for the first preceding taxable year exceeds the sum of—

'(i) the excess profits credit for such first preceding taxable year, plus

'(ii) the unused excess profits credit for the third preceding taxable year."

Transfer of funds.

54 Stat. 617.

54 Stat. 60.

Short title.

54 Stat. 675.

26 U. S. C. § 710 (b) (3).
SEC. 3. ABNORMAL DEDUCTION IN BASE PERIOD.

Sections 711 (b) (1) (G), (H), and (I), of the Internal Revenue Code are amended to read as follows:

"(G) Dividends Received.—The credit for dividends received shall apply, without limitation, to dividends on stock of domestic corporations;

"(H) Payment of Judgments, and So Forth.—Deductions attributable to any claim, award, judgment, or decree against the taxpayer, or interest on any of the foregoing, if abnormal for the taxpayer, shall not be allowed, and if normal for the taxpayer, but in excess of 125 per centum of the average amount of such deductions in the four previous taxable years, shall be disallowed in an amount equal to such excess;

"(I) Intangible Drilling and Development Costs.—Deductions attributable to intangible drilling and development costs paid or incurred in or for the drilling of wells or the preparation of wells for the production of oil or gas, and for development costs in the case of mines, if abnormal for the taxpayer, shall not be allowed, and if normal for the taxpayer, but in excess of 125 per centum of the average amount of such deductions in the four previous taxable years, shall be disallowed in an amount equal to such excess; and

"(J) Abnormal Deductions.—Under regulations prescribed by the Commissioner, with the approval of the Secretary, for the determination, for the purposes of this subparagraph, of the classification of deductions—

"(i) Deductions of any class shall not be allowed if deductions of such class were abnormal for the taxpayer, and

"(ii) If the class of deductions was normal for the taxpayer, but the deductions of such class were in excess of 125 per centum of the average amount of deductions of such class for the four previous taxable years, they shall be disallowed in an amount equal to such excess.

"(K) Rules for Application of Subparagraphs (H), (I), and (J).—For the purposes of subparagraphs (H), (I), and (J)—

"(i) If the taxpayer was not in existence for four previous taxable years, then such average amount specified in such subparagraphs shall be determined for the previous taxable years it was in existence and the succeeding taxable years which begin before the beginning of the taxpayer’s second taxable year under this subchapter. If the number of such succeeding years is greater than the number necessary to obtain an aggregate of four taxable years there shall be omitted so many of such succeeding years, beginning with the last, as are necessary to reduce the aggregate to four.

"(ii) Deductions shall not be disallowed under such subparagraphs unless the taxpayer establishes that the abnormality or excess is not a consequence of an increase in the gross income of the taxpayer in its base period or a decrease in the amount of some other deduction in its base period, and is not a consequence of a change at any time in the type, manner of operation, size, or condition of the business engaged in by the taxpayer.

"(iii) The amount of deductions of any class to be disallowed under such subparagraphs with respect to
any taxable year shall not exceed the amount by which the
deductions of such class for such taxable year exceed
the deductions of such class for the taxable year for
which the tax under this subchapter is being computed."

SEC. 4. COMPUTATION OF AVERAGE BASE PERIOD NET INCOME.

(a) Section 713 (a) (1) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended
by striking out "subsection (b)" and inserting in lieu thereof "sub-
section (d)"; and by striking out "subsection (c)" wherever occurring
therein and inserting in lieu thereof "subsection (g)".

(b) Section 713 (b) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended to
read as follows:

"(b) Base Period.—

"(1) Definition.—As used in this section the term ‘base
period’—

"(A) If the corporation was in existence during the whole
of the forty-eight months preceding the beginning of its
first taxable year under this subchapter, means the period
commencing with the beginning of its first taxable year
beginning after December 31, 1935, and ending with the
close of its last taxable year beginning before January 1,
1940; and

"(B) In the case of a corporation which was in existence
during only part of the forty-eight months preceding the
beginning of its first taxable year under this subchapter,
means the forty-eight months preceding the beginning of
its first taxable year under this subchapter.

"(2) Division into halves.—For the purposes of subsections
(d) and (f) the base period of the taxpayer shall be divided into
halves, the first half to be composed of one-half the entire num-
ber of months in the base period and to begin with the beginning
of the base period.

"(c) Deficit in Excess Profits Net Income.—For the purposes
of this section the term ‘deficit in excess profits net income’ with
respect to any taxable year means the amount by which the deduc-
tions plus the credit for dividends received exceeded the gross income.
For the purposes of this subsection in determining whether there
was such an excess and in determining the amount thereof, the
adjustments provided in section 711 (b) (1) shall be made.

"(d) Average Base Period Net Income—Determination.—

"(1) Definition.—For the purposes of this section the aver-
age base period net income of the taxpayer shall be the amount
determined under subsection (e), subject to the exception that
if the aggregate excess profits net income for the last half of its
base period, reduced by the aggregate of the deficits in excess
profits net income for such half, is greater than such aggregate
so reduced for the first half, then the average base period net
income shall be the amount determined under subsection (f),
if greater than the amount determined under subsection (e).

"(2) For the purposes of subsections (e) and (f), if the tax-
payer was in existence during only part of the 48 months pre-
ceding the beginning of its first taxable year under this sub-
chapter, its excess profits net income—

"(A) for each taxable year of twelve months (beginning
with the beginning of its base period) during which it was
not in existence, shall be an amount equal to 8 per centum
of the excess of—

"(i) the daily invested capital for the first day of the
taxpayer's first taxable year beginning after December
31, 1939, over
“(ii) an amount equal to the same percentage of such daily invested capital as is applicable under section 720 in reduction of the average invested capital of the preceding taxable year;

“(B) for the taxable year of less than twelve months consisting of that part of the remainder of its base period during which it was not in existence, shall be the amount ascertained for a full year under subparagraph (A), multiplied by the number of days in such taxable year of less than twelve months and divided by the number of days in the twelve months ending with the close of such taxable year.

“(3) In no case shall the average base period net income be less than zero.

“(4) For the computation of average base period net income in the case of certain reorganizations, see section 742.

“(e) AVERAGE BASE PERIOD NET INCOME—GENERAL AVERAGE.—The average base period net income determined under this subsection shall be determined as follows:

“(1) By computing the aggregate of the excess profits net income for each of the taxable years of the taxpayer in the base period, reduced, if for more than one of such taxable years there was a deficit in excess profits net income, by the sum of such deficits, excluding the greatest;

“(2) By dividing the amount ascertained under paragraph (1) by the total number of months in all such taxable years; and

“(3) By multiplying the amount ascertained under paragraph (2) by twelve.

“(f) AVERAGE BASE PERIOD NET INCOME—INCREASED EARNINGS IN LAST HALF OF BASE PERIOD.—The average base period net income determined under this subsection shall be determined as follows:

“(1) By computing, for each of the taxable years of the taxpayer in its base period, the excess profits net income for such year, or the deficit in excess profits net income for such year;

“(2) By computing for each half of the base period the aggregate of the excess profits net income for each of the taxable years in such half, reduced, if for one or more of such years there was a deficit in excess profits net income, by the sum of such deficits. For the purposes of such computation, if any taxable year is partly within each half of the base period there shall be allocated to the first half an amount of the excess profits net income or deficit in excess profits net income, as the case may be, for such taxable year, which bears the same ratio thereto as the number of months falling within such half bears to the entire number of months in such taxable year; and the remainder shall be allocated to the second half;

“(3) If the amount ascertained under paragraph (2) for the second half is greater than the amount ascertained for the first half, by dividing the difference by two;

“(4) By adding the amount ascertained under paragraph (3) to the amount ascertained under paragraph (2) for the second half of the base period;

“(5) By dividing the amount found under paragraph (4) by the number of months in the second half of the base period and by multiplying the result by twelve;

“(6) The amount ascertained under paragraph (5) shall be the average base period net income determined under this subsection, except that the average base period net income determined under this subsection shall in no case be greater than
the highest excess profits net income for any taxable year in the base period. For the purpose of such limitation if any taxable year is of less than twelve months, the excess profits net income for such taxable year shall be placed on an annual basis by multiplying by twelve and dividing by the number of months included in such taxable year.

“(7) For the purposes of this subsection, the excess profits net income for any taxable year ending after May 31, 1940, shall not be greater than an amount computed as follows:

“(A) By reducing the excess profits net income by an amount which bears the same ratio thereto as the number of months after May 31, 1940, bears to the total number of months in such taxable year; and

“(B) By adding to the amount ascertained under subparagraph (A) an amount which bears the same ratio to the excess profits net income for the last preceding taxable year as such number of months after May 31, 1940, bears to the number of months in such preceding year. The amount added under this subparagraph shall not exceed the amount of the excess profits net income for such last preceding taxable year.

“(C) If the number of months in such preceding taxable year is less than such number of months after May 31, 1940, by adding to the amount ascertained under subparagraph (B) an amount which bears the same ratio to the excess profits net income for the second preceding taxable year as the excess of such number of months after May 31, 1940, over the number of months in such preceding taxable year bears to the number of months in such second preceding taxable year.”

(c) Section 713 (c) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by striking out “(c)” and inserting in lieu thereof “(g)”.  
(d) Section 743 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by striking out “section 713 (c)” and inserting in lieu thereof “section 713 (g)”.

SEC. 5. ABNORMALITIES IN INCOME IN TAXABLE PERIOD.

Section 721 of the Internal Revenue Code is amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 721. ABNORMALITIES IN INCOME IN TAXABLE PERIOD.

“(a) Definitions.—For the purposes of this section—

“(1) Abnormal Income.—The term ‘abnormal income’ means income of any class includible in the gross income of the taxpayer for any taxable year under this subchapter if it is abnormal for the taxpayer to derive income of such class, or, if the taxpayer normally derives income of such class but the amount of such income of such class includible in the gross income of the taxable year is in excess of 125 per centum of the average amount of the gross income of the same class for the four previous taxable years, or, if the taxpayer was not in existence for four previous taxable years, the taxable years during which the taxpayer was in existence.

“(2) Separate Classes of Income.—Each of the following subparagraphs shall be held to describe a separate class of income:

“(A) Income arising out of a claim, award, judgment, or decree, or interest on any of the foregoing; or
"(B) Income constituting an amount payable under a contract the performance of which required more than 12 months; or

"(C) Income resulting from exploration, discovery, prospecting, research, or development of tangible property, patents, formulas, or processes, or any combination of the foregoing, extending over a period of more than 12 months; or

"(D) Income includible in gross income for the taxable year rather than for a different taxable year by reason of a change in the taxpayer's accounting period or method of accounting; or

"(E) In the case of a lessor of real property, income included in gross income for the taxable year by reason of the termination of the lease; or

"(F) Income consisting of dividends on stock of foreign corporations, except foreign personal holding companies.

All the income which is classifiable in more than one of such subparagraphs shall be classified under the one which the taxpayer irrevocably elects. The classification of income of any class not described in subparagraphs (A) to (F), inclusive, shall be subject to regulations prescribed by the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary.

"(3) Net abnormal income.—The term 'net abnormal income' means the amount of the abnormal income less, under regulations prescribed by the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary, (A) 125 per centum of the average amount of the gross income of the same class determined under paragraph (1), and (B) an amount which bears the same ratio to the amount of any direct costs or expenses, deductible in determining the normal-tax net income of the taxable year, through the expenditure of which such abnormal income was in whole or in part derived as the excess of the amount of such abnormal income over 125 per centum of such average amount bears to the amount of such abnormal income.

"(b) Amount attributable to other years.—The amount of the net abnormal income that is attributable to any previous or future taxable year or years shall be determined under regulations prescribed by the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary. In the case of amounts otherwise attributable to future taxable years, if the taxpayer either transfers substantially all its properties or distributes any property in complete liquidation, then there shall be attributable to the first taxable year in which such transfer or distribution occurs (or if such year is previous to the taxable year in which the abnormal income is includible in gross income, to such latter taxable year) all amounts so attributable to future taxable years not included in the gross income of a previous taxable year.

"(c) Computation of tax for current taxable year.—The tax under this subchapter for the taxable year, in which the whole of such abnormal income would without regard to this section be includible, shall not exceed the sum of:

"(1) The tax under this subchapter for such taxable year computed without the inclusion in gross income of the portion of the net abnormal income which is attributable to any other taxable year, and

"(2) The aggregate of the increase in the tax under this subchapter which would have resulted for each previous taxable year to which any portion of such net abnormal income is attributable, computed as if an amount equal to such portion had been included in the gross income for such previous taxable year.
"(d) Computation of Tax for Future Taxable Year.—The amount of the net abnormal income attributable to any future taxable year shall, for the purposes of this subchapter, be included in the gross income for such taxable year. The tax under this subchapter for such future taxable year shall not exceed the sum of—

"(1) the tax under this subchapter for such future taxable year computed without the inclusion in excess profits net income of the portion of such net abnormal income which is attributable to such year, and

"(2) the decrease in the tax under this subchapter for the previous taxable year in which the whole of such abnormal income would without regard to this section be includible, which resulted by reason of the exclusion of the whole or a part of the abnormal income from the gross income for such previous taxable year; but the amount of such decrease shall be diminished by the aggregate of the increases in the tax under this subchapter which have resulted for the taxable years intervening between such previous taxable year and such future taxable year because of the inclusion in the gross income of the portions of such net abnormal income attributable to such intervening years."

SEC. 6. ABNORMAL BASE PERIOD EARNINGS.

Section 722 of the Internal Revenue Code is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 722. ADJUSTMENT OF ABNORMAL BASE PERIOD NET INCOME.

"(a) General Rule.—In the case of a taxpayer whose first taxable year under this subchapter begins in 1940, if the taxpayer establishes—

"(1) that the character of the business engaged in by the taxpayer as of January 1, 1940, is different from the character of the business engaged in during one or more of the taxable years in its base period (as defined in section 713 (b) (1)); or

"(2) that in one or more of the taxable years in such base period normal production, output, or operation was interrupted or diminished because of the occurrence of events abnormal in the case of such taxpayer; and

"(3) the amount that would have been its average base period net income—

"(A) if the character of the business as of January 1, 1940, had been the same during each of the taxable years of such base period; and

"(B) if none of the abnormal events referred to in paragraph (2) had occurred; and

"(C) if in each of such taxable years none of the items of gross income had been abnormally large, and none of the items of deductions had been abnormally small; and

"(4) that the amount established under paragraph (3) is greater than the average base period net income computed under section 713 (d) or section 742, as the case may be, then the amount established under paragraph (3) shall be considered as the average base period net income of the taxpayer for the purposes of this subchapter.

"(b) Rules for Application of Subsection (a).—For the purposes of subsection (a)—

"(1) High prices of materials, labor, capital, or any other agent of production, low selling price of the product of the taxpayer, or low physical volume of sales owing to low demand for such product or for the output of the taxpayer, shall not be considered as abnormal.
“(2) The character of the business engaged in by the taxpayer as of January 1, 1940, shall be considered different from the character of the business engaged in during one or more of the taxable years in its base period only if—

(A) there is a difference in the products or services furnished; or

(B) there is a difference in the capacity for production or operation; or

(C) there is a difference in the ratio of nonborrowed capital to total capital; or

(D) the taxpayer was in existence during only part of its base period; or

(E) the taxpayer acquired, before January 1, 1940, all or part of the assets of a competitor, with the result that the competition of such competitor was eliminated or diminished.

“(3) The average base period net income determined under subsection (a) (3) shall be computed in the same manner as provided in section 713 (d), except paragraphs (2) and (4), but for such purposes computing excess profits net income and deficit in excess profits net income on the basis of the assumptions made in subsection (a) (5).

“(4) If subsection (a) (1), or both subsections (a) (1) and (a) (2) are applicable to any taxpayer, its average base period net income under subsection (a) (3) shall not exceed the excess profits net income (as computed for the purposes of subsection (a) (3)) for the last taxable year in such base period. For the purposes of this paragraph, if such last taxable year is of less than twelve months, the excess profits net income for such taxable year shall be placed on an annual basis by multiplying by twelve and dividing by the number of months included in such taxable year.

“(c) LIMITATION ON APPLICATION OF GENERAL RULE.—This section shall not be applicable unless—

(1) the tax under this subchapter for the taxable year computed without reference to this section, exceeds 6 per centum of the taxpayer’s normal-tax net income for such year; and

(2) the application of this section would result in a diminution of the tax otherwise payable under this subchapter for the taxable year by more than 10 per centum thereof.

“(d) EXTENT OF REDUCTION IN TAX UNDER THIS SECTION.—The application of this section shall not reduce the tax payable under this subchapter for the taxable year below 6 per centum of the taxpayer’s normal-tax net income for such year. The tax under this subchapter computed with the application of subsection (a) shall be increased by an amount equal to 10 per centum of the tax computed without reference to this section.

“(e) APPLICATION FOR RELIEF UNDER THIS SECTION.—The taxpayer shall compute its tax and file its return under this subchapter without the application of this section. The benefits of this section shall not be allowed unless the taxpayer, within six months from the date prescribed by law for the filing of its return, makes application therefor in accordance with regulations to be prescribed by the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary, except that if the Commissioner in the case of any taxpayer with respect to the tax liability of any taxable year—

(1) issues a preliminary notice stating a deficiency in the tax imposed by this subchapter such taxpayer may, within ninety days after the date of such notice, make such application, or
"(2) mails a notice of deficiency (A) without having previously issued a preliminary notice thereof or (B) within ninety days after the date of such preliminary notice, such taxpayer may claim the benefits of this section in its petition to the Board or in an amended petition in accordance with the rules of the Board.

If the application is not filed within six months after the date prescribed by law for the filing of the return, the application of this section shall not reduce the tax otherwise determined under this subchapter by an amount in excess of the amount of the deficiency finally determined under this subchapter without the application of this section. If the average base period net income has been determined under subsection (a) for any taxable year, the Commissioner may, by regulations approved by the Secretary, prescribe the extent to which the limitations prescribed by this subsection may be waived for the purpose of determining the tax under this subchapter for a subsequent taxable year."

SEC. 7. CONSOLIDATED RETURNS OF INSURANCE COMPANIES OTHER THAN LIFE OR MUTUAL.

Section 730 (e) (6) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended to read as follows:

"(6) Insurance companies subject to taxation under section 201 or 207."

SEC. 8. INCORPORATION OF PARTNERSHIP OR SOLE PROPRIETORSHIP.

(a) Section 740 (a) (1) (C) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by striking out "owned by such other corporation." and inserting in lieu thereof:

"owned by such other corporation, or"

"(D) Substantially all the properties of a partnership in an exchange to which section 112 (b) (5), or so much of section 112 (c) or (e) as refers to section 112 (b) (5), or to which a corresponding provision of a prior revenue law, is or was applicable."

(b) Section 740 (b) (4) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by striking out the period at the end thereof and inserting in lieu thereof a semicolon and the following:

"or"

"(5) In the case of a transaction specified in subsection (a) (1) (D), the partnership whose properties were acquired."

(c) Section 740 of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by inserting at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(h) Sole Proprietorship.—For the purposes of sections 740 (a) (1) (D), 740 (b) (5), and 742 (g), a business owned by a sole proprietorship shall be considered a partnership."

(d) Section 742 of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by inserting at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(g) In the case of a partnership which is a component corporation by virtue of section 740 (b) (5), the computations required by this Supplement shall be made, under rules and regulations prescribed by the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary, as if such partnership had been a corporation. For the purpose of such computations, in making the adjustment for income taxes required by section 711 (b) (1) (A), the partnership so regarded as a corporation shall be considered as having distributed all its net income as a dividend."


54 Stat. 1101. 26 U. S. C. § 740 (a)

53 Stat. 37, 39. 26 U. S. C. §§ 112 (b), 112 (c) or (e).

54 Stat. 1101. 26 U. S. C. § 740 (b)


Supra.
SEC. 9. PROCEDURAL PROVISIONS.

Part 1 of subchapter E of chapter 2 of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by inserting at the end thereof the following new section:

"SEC. 732. REVIEW OF ABNORMALITIES BY BOARD OF TAX APPEALS.

(a) Petition to the Board.—If a claim for refund of tax under this subchapter for any taxable year is disallowed in whole or in part by the Commissioner, and the disallowance relates to the application of section 711 (b) (1) (H), (I), (J), or (K), section 721, or section 722, relating to abnormalities, the Commissioner shall send notice of such disallowance to the taxpayer by registered mail. Within ninety days after such notice is mailed (not counting Sunday or a legal holiday in the District of Columbia as the ninetieth day) the taxpayer may file a petition with the Board of Tax Appeals for a redetermination of the tax under this subchapter. If such petition is so filed, such notice of disallowance shall be deemed to be a notice of deficiency for all purposes relating to the assessment and collection of taxes or the refund or credit of overpayments.

(b) Deficiency Found by Board in Case of Claim.—If the Board finds that there is no overpayment of tax in respect of any taxable year in respect of which the Commissioner has disallowed, in whole or in part, a claim for refund described in subsection (a) and the Board further finds that there is a deficiency for such year, the Board shall have jurisdiction to determine the amount of such deficiency and such amount shall, when the decision of the Board becomes final, be assessed and shall be paid upon notice and demand from the collector.

(c) Finality of Determination.—If in the determination of the tax liability under this subchapter the determination of any question is necessary solely by reason of section 711 (b) (1) (H), (I), (J), or (K), section 721, or section 722, the determination of such question shall not be reviewed or redetermined by any court or agency except the Board."

SEC. 10. CAPITALIZATION OF ADVERTISING, ETC., EXPENDITURES.

(a) Part 1 of subchapter E of chapter 2 of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by inserting at the end thereof the following new section:

"SEC. 733. CAPITALIZATION OF ADVERTISING, ETC., EXPENDITURES.

(a) Election to Charge to Capital Account.—For the purpose of computing the excess profits credit, a taxpayer may elect, within six months after the date prescribed by law for filing its return for its first taxable year under this subchapter, to charge to capital account so much of the deductions for taxable years in its applicable base period on account of expenditures for advertising or the promotion of good will, as, under rules and regulations prescribed by the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary, may be regarded as capital investments. Such election must be the same for all such taxable years, and must be for the total amount of such expenditures which may be so regarded as capital investments. In computing the excess profits credit, no amount on account of such expenditures shall be charged to capital account:

(1) For taxable years in the base period unless the election authorized in subsection (a) is exercised, or

(2) For any taxable year prior to the beginning of the base period."
"(b) Effect of Election.—If the taxpayer exercises the election authorized under subsection (a)—

"(1) The net income for each taxable year in the base period shall be considered to be the net income computed with such deductions disallowed, and such deductions shall not be considered as having diminished earnings and profits. This paragraph shall be retroactively applied as if it were a part of the law applicable to each taxable year in the base period; and

"(2) The treatment of such expenditures as deductions for a taxable year in the base period shall, for the purposes of section 734 (b) (2), be considered treatment which was not correct under the law applicable to such year."

(b) Amendment to Chapter 1.—Section 23 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by adding at the end thereof a new paragraph, applicable to taxable years beginning after December 31, 1939, reading as follows:

"(3) Expenditures for Advertising and Good Will.—If a corporation has, for the purpose of computing its excess profits credit under chapter 2E, claimed the benefits of the election provided in section 733, no deduction shall be allowable under paragraph (1) to such corporation for expenditures for advertising or the promotion of good will which, under the rules and regulations prescribed under section 733 (a), may be regarded as capital investments."

SEC. 11. Adjustment in Case of Inconsistent Position.

Part 1 of subchapter E of chapter 2 of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by inserting at the end thereof the following new section:


"(a) Definitions.—For the purposes of this section—

"(1) Taxpayer.—The term `taxpayer' means any person subject to a tax under the applicable revenue Act.

"(2) Income Tax.—The term `income tax' means an income tax imposed by chapter 1 or chapter 2A of this title; Title I and Title IA of the Revenue Acts of 1938, 1936, and 1934; Title I of the Revenue Acts of 1932 and 1928; Title II of the Revenue Acts of 1937 and 1927; Title II of the Revenue Acts of 1921 and 1918; Title I of the Revenue Act of 1917; Title I of the Revenue Act of 1916; or section II of the Act of October 3, 1913; a war profits or excess profits tax imposed by Title III of the Revenue Acts of 1921 and 1918; or Title II of the Revenue Act of 1917; or an income, war profits, or excess profits tax imposed by any of the foregoing provisions, as amended or supplemented.

"(3) Prior Taxable Year.—A taxable year beginning after December 31, 1939, shall not be considered a prior taxable year.

"(b) Circumstances of Adjustment.—

"(1) If—

"(A) in determining at any time the tax of a taxpayer under this subchapter an item affecting the determination of the excess profits credit is treated in a manner inconsistent with the treatment accorded such item in the determination of the income-tax liability of such taxpayer or a predecessor for a prior taxable year or years, and

"(B) the treatment of such item in the prior taxable year or years consistently with the determination under this sub-
chapter would effect an increase or decrease in the amount of the income taxes previously determined for such taxable year or years, and

"(C) on the date of such determination of the tax under this subchapter correction of the effect of the inconsistent treatment in any one or more of the prior taxable years is prevented (except for the provisions of section 3801) by the operation of any law or rule of law (other than section 3761, relating to compromises),

then the correction shall be made by an adjustment under this section. If in a subsequent determination of the tax under this subchapter for such taxable year such inconsistent treatment is not adopted, then the correction shall not be made in connection with such subsequent determination.

"(2) Such adjustment shall be made only if there is adopted in the determination a position maintained by the Commissioner (in case the net effect of the adjustment would be a decrease in the income taxes previously determined for such year or years) or by the taxpayer with respect to whom the determination is made (in case the net effect of the adjustment would be an increase in the income taxes previously determined for such year or years) which position is inconsistent with the treatment accorded such item in the prior taxable year or years which was not correct under the law applicable to such year.

"(c) Method and Effect of Adjustment.—(1) The adjustment authorized by subsection (b), in the amount ascertained as provided in subsection (d), if a net increase shall be added to, and if a net decrease shall be subtracted from, the tax otherwise computed under this subchapter for the taxable year with respect to which such inconsistent position is adopted.

"(2) If more than one adjustment under this section is made because more than one inconsistent position is adopted with respect to one taxable year under this subchapter, the separate adjustments, each an amount ascertained as provided in subsection (d), shall be aggregated, and the aggregate net increase or decrease shall be added to or subtracted from the tax otherwise computed under this subchapter for the taxable year with respect to which such inconsistent positions are adopted.

"(3) If all the adjustments under this section, made on account of the adoption of an inconsistent position or positions with respect to one taxable year under this subchapter, result in an aggregate net increase, the tax imposed by this subchapter shall in no case be less than the amount of such aggregate net increase.

"(d) Ascertainment of Amount of Adjustment.—In computing the amount of an adjustment under this section there shall first be ascertained the amount of the income taxes previously determined for each of the prior taxable years for which correction is prevented. The amount of each such tax previously determined for each such taxable year shall be (1) the tax shown by the taxpayer, or by the predecessor, upon the return for such prior taxable year, increased by the amounts previously assessed (or collected without assessment) as deficiencies, and decreased by the amounts previously abated, credited, refunded, or otherwise repaid in respect of such tax; or (2) if no amount was shown as the tax by such taxpayer or such predecessor upon the return, or if no return was made by such taxpayer or such predecessor, then the amounts previously assessed (or collected without assessment) as deficiencies, but such amounts previously assessed, or collected without assessment, shall be decreased by the amounts previously abated, credited, refunded, or otherwise
repaid in respect of such tax. There shall then be ascertained the increase or decrease in each such tax previously determined for each such year which results solely from the treatment of the item consistently with the treatment accorded such item in the determination of the tax liability under this subchapter. To the increase or decrease so ascertained for each such tax for each such year there shall be added interest thereon computed as if the increase or decrease constituted a deficiency or an overpayment, as the case may be, for such prior taxable year. There shall be ascertained the difference between the aggregate of such increases, plus the interest attributable to each, and the aggregate of such decreases, plus the interest attributable to each, and the net increase or decrease so ascertained shall be the amount of the adjustment under this section with respect to the inconsistent treatment of such item."

SEC. 12. ADMISSIBLE ASSETS OF DEALERS IN SECURITIES.

(a) Section 720 (a) (1) (A) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended to read as follows:

"(A) Stock in corporations except stock in a foreign personal-holding company, and except stock which is not a capital asset; and"

(b) Section 711 (a) (2) (A) is amended by inserting after "companies" a period and the following: "This subparagraph shall not apply to dividends on stock which is not a capital asset".

SEC. 13. ALLOWANCE OF EXCESS PROFITS CREDIT.

Section 712 of the Internal Revenue Code is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 712. EXCESS PROFITS CREDIT—ALLOWANCE.

(a) Domestic Corporations.—In the case of a domestic corporation which was in existence before January 1, 1940, the excess profits credit for any taxable year shall be an amount computed under section 713 or section 714, whichever amount results in the lesser tax under this subchapter for the taxable year for which the tax under this subchapter is being computed. In the case of all other domestic corporations the excess profits credit for any taxable year shall be an amount computed under section 714. (For allowance of excess profits credit in case of certain reorganizations of corporations, see section 741.)"

(b) Foreign Corporations.—In the case of a foreign corporation engaged in trade or business within the United States or having an office or place of business therein, the first taxable year of which under this subchapter begins on any date in 1940, which was in existence on the day forty-eight months prior to such date and which at any time during each of the taxable years in such forty-eight months was engaged in trade or business within the United States or had an office or place of business therein, the excess profits credit for any taxable year shall be an amount computed under section 713 or section 714, whichever amount results in the lesser tax under this subchapter for the taxable year for which the tax under this subchapter is being computed. In the case of all other foreign corporations the excess profits credit for any taxable year shall be an amount computed under section 714.

(c) Effect of Disclaimer of Credit.—If the taxpayer states in its return for the taxable year under this subchapter that it disclaims the use of the credit computed under section 713 or the use of the..."
credit computed under section 714, the credit so disclaimed shall not, for the purposes of the internal revenue laws, be applicable to the computation of the tax under this subchapter for such taxable year."

SEC. 14. EXCESS PROFITS CREDIT OF ACQUIRING CORPORATIONS.

Section 741 of the Internal Revenue Code is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 741. ALLOWANCE OF EXCESS PROFITS CREDIT.

(a) ALLOWANCE.—In the case of a taxpayer which is an acquiring corporation which was in existence on the date of the beginning of its base period, the excess profits credit for any taxable year shall be an amount computed under section 713 or section 714, whichever amount results in the lesser tax under this subchapter for the taxable year for which the tax under this subchapter is being computed.

(b) EFFECT OF DISCLAIMER OF CREDIT.—If the taxpayer states in its return for the taxable year under this subchapter that it disclaims the use of the credit computed under section 713 or the use of the credit computed under section 714, the credit so disclaimed shall not, for the purposes of the internal revenue laws, be applicable to the computation of the tax under this subchapter for such taxable year."

SEC. 15. AVERAGE BASE PERIOD NET INCOME OF ACQUIRING CORPORATIONS.

So much of section 742 of the Internal Revenue Code as follows the section heading and precedes the beginning of subsection (a) is amended to read as follows:

"In the case of a taxpayer which is an acquiring corporation the excess profits credit of which is allowed under section 741, its average base period net income (for the purpose of the credit computed under section 713) if the taxpayer was actually in existence before January 1, 1940, shall, at the election of the taxpayer made in its return for the taxable year, be computed as follows, and if the taxpayer was not actually in existence before such date, shall be computed as follows, in lieu of the method provided in section 713."

SEC. 16. COMPUTATION OF CREDITS ON RETURNS.

Section 729 (b) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by striking out "(b) Returns.—" and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(b) Returns.—

(1) COMPUTATION OF EXCESS PROFITS CREDITS.—In the case of a taxpayer which under section 712 or section 741 is entitled to have the excess profits credit computed under section 713 or section 714, whichever results in the lesser tax under this subchapter, the return under this subchapter for any taxable year shall contain computations of two tentative taxes, one with the credit computed under section 713 and one with the credit computed under section 714; and the return shall contain all information which the Commissioner, by regulations prescribed by him with the approval of the Secretary, may prescribe as necessary for such computations. If the taxpayer states in such return that it disclaims the use of one of such credits in the computation of the tax under this subchapter for the taxable
year, the computation and information based on such credit may be omitted from the return.

“(2) No return required.”

SEC. 17. EFFECTIVE DATE.

The amendments made by this Act shall be effective as of the date of enactment of the Excess Profits Tax Act of 1940.

Approved, March 7, 1941.

[CHAPTER 11]

AN ACT

Further to promote the defense of the United States, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as "An Act to Promote the Defense of the United States".

SEC. 2. As used in this Act—

(a) The term “defense article” means—

(1) Any weapon, munition, aircraft, vessel, or boat;

(2) Any machinery, facility, tool, material, or supply necessary for the manufacture, production, processing, repair, servicing, or operation of any article described in this subsection;

(3) Any component material or part of or equipment for any article described in this subsection;

(4) Any agricultural, industrial or other commodity or article for defense.

Such term “defense article” includes any article described in this subsection: Manufactured or procured pursuant to section 3, or to which the United States or any foreign government has or hereafter acquires title, possession, or control.

(b) The term “defense information” means any plan, specification, design, prototype, or information pertaining to any defense article.

SEC. 3. (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law, the President may, from time to time, when he deems it in the interest of national defense, authorize the Secretary of War, the Secretary of the Navy, or the head of any other department or agency of the Government—

(1) To manufacture in arsenals, factories, and shipyards under their jurisdiction, or otherwise procure, to the extent to which funds are made available therefor, or contracts are authorized from time to time by the Congress, or both, any defense article for the government of any country whose defense the President deems vital to the defense of the United States.

(2) To sell, transfer title to, exchange, lease, lend, or otherwise dispose of, to any such government any defense article, but no defense article not manufactured or procured under paragraph (1) shall in any way be disposed of under this paragraph, except after consultation with the Chief of Staff of the Army or the Chief of Naval Operations of the Navy, or both. The value of defense articles disposed of in any way under authority of this paragraph, and procured from funds heretofore appropriated, shall not exceed $1,300,000,000. The value of such defense articles shall be determined by the head of the department or agency concerned or such other department, agency or officer as shall be designated in the manner provided in the rules and regulations issued hereunder. Defense articles procured from funds hereafter appropriated to any department or agency of the Government,
other than from funds authorized to be appropriated under this Act, shall not be disposed of in any way under authority of this paragraph except to the extent hereafter authorized by the Congress in the Acts appropriating such funds or otherwise.

(3) To test, inspect, prove, repair, outfit, recondition, or otherwise to place in good working order, to the extent to which funds are made available therefor, or contracts are authorized from time to time by the Congress, or both, any defense article for any such government, or to procure any or all such services by private contract.

(4) To communicate to any such government any defense information, pertaining to any defense article furnished to such government under paragraph (2) of this subsection.

(5) To release for export any defense article disposed of in any way under this subsection to any such government.

(b) The terms and conditions upon which any such foreign government receives any aid authorized under subsection (a) shall be those which the President deems satisfactory, and the benefit to the United States may be payment or repayment in kind or property, or any other direct or indirect benefit which the President deems satisfactory.

(c) After June 30, 1943, or after the passage of a concurrent resolution by the two Houses before June 30, 1943, which declares that the powers conferred by or pursuant to subsection (a) are no longer necessary to promote the defense of the United States, neither the President nor the head of any department or agency shall exercise any of the powers conferred by or pursuant to subsection (a); except that until July 1, 1946, any of such powers may be exercised to the extent necessary to carry out a contract or agreement with such a foreign government made before July 1, 1943, or before the passage of such concurrent resolution, whichever is the earlier.

(d) Nothing in this Act shall be construed to authorize or to permit the authorization of convoying vessels by naval vessels of the United States.

(e) Nothing in this Act shall be construed to authorize or to permit the authorization of convoying vessels by naval vessels of the United States.

Sec. 4. All contracts or agreements made for the disposition of any defense article or defense information pursuant to section 3 shall contain a clause by which the foreign government undertakes that it will not, without the consent of the President, transfer title to or possession of such defense article or defense information by gift, sale, or otherwise, or permit its use by anyone not an officer, employee, or agent of such foreign government.

Sec. 5. (a) The Secretary of War, the Secretary of the Navy, or the head of any other department or agency of the Government involved shall, when any such defense article or defense information is exported, immediately inform the department or agency designated by the President to administer section 6 of the Act of July 2, 1940 (54 Stat. 714), of the quantities, character, value, terms of disposition, and destination of the article and information so exported.

(b) The President from time to time, but not less frequently than once every ninety days, shall transmit to the Congress a report of operations under this Act except such information as he deems incompatible with the public interest to disclose. Reports provided for under this subsection shall be transmitted to the Secretary of the Senate or the Clerk of the House of Representatives, as the case may be, if the Senate or the House of Representatives, as the case may be, is not in session.
SEC. 6. (a) There is hereby authorized to be appropriated from time to time, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, such amounts as may be necessary to carry out the provisions and accomplish the purposes of this Act.  
(b) All money and all property which is converted into money received under section 3 from any government shall, with the approval of the Director of the Budget, revert to the respective appropriation or appropriations out of which funds were expended with respect to the defense article or defense information for which such consideration is received, and shall be available for expenditure for the purpose for which such expended funds were appropriated by law, during the fiscal year in which such funds are received and the ensuing fiscal year; but in no event shall any funds so received be available for expenditure after June 30, 1946.

SEC. 7. The Secretary of War, the Secretary of the Navy, and the head of the department or agency shall in all contracts or agreements for the disposition of any defense article or defense information fully protect the rights of all citizens of the United States who have patent rights in and to any such article or information which is hereby authorized to be disposed of and the payments collected for royalties on such patents shall be paid to the owners and holders of such patents.

SEC. 8. The Secretaries of War and of the Navy are hereby authorized to purchase or otherwise acquire arms, ammunition, and implements of war produced within the jurisdiction of any country to which section 3 is applicable, whenever the President deems such purchase or acquisition to be necessary in the interests of the defense of the United States.

SEC. 9. The President may, from time to time, promulgate such rules and regulations as may be necessary and proper to carry out any of the provisions of this Act; and he may exercise any power or authority conferred on him by this Act through such department, agency, or officer as he shall direct.

SEC. 10. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to change existing law relating to the use of the land and naval forces of the United States, except insofar as such use relates to the manufacture, procurement, and repair of defense articles, the communication of information and other noncombatant purposes enumerated in this Act.

SEC. 11. If any provision of this Act or the application of such provision to any circumstance shall be held invalid, the validity of the remainder of the Act and the applicability of such provision to other circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

Approved, March 11, 1941.

[CHAPTER 12]

AN ACT
To authorize the Secretary of the Navy to convey certain lands situated in Duval and Brevard Counties, Florida, to the State of Florida for highway purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy be, and he is hereby, authorized to convey to the State of Florida for highway purposes, upon such terms and conditions as he may prescribe, all right, title, and interest of the United States of America in and to two strips of land, one within the boundaries of the naval air station, Jacksonville, Duval County, Florida, being a strip two hundred feet wide, and the other within the boundaries of the naval air station, Banana River, Brevard County, Florida, being a strip of land one hundred feet wide.

Approved, March 14, 1941
Sec. 2. That if any part of the areas which may be conveyed to the State of Florida pursuant to the provisions of this Act shall cease to be maintained for highway uses, such part shall revert to the United States.

Sec. 3. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, March 14, 1941.

[CHAPTER 16]

AN ACT

Making deficiency and supplemental appropriations for the Army and Navy for the national defense for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1941, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Army and Navy for the national defense for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1941, and for other purposes, namely:

TITLE I—WAR DEPARTMENT—MILITARY ACTIVITIES

QUARTERMASTER CORPS

MILITARY POSTS

Construction of buildings, utilities, and appurtenances at military posts: For an additional amount for construction of buildings, utilities, and appurtenances at military posts, including the purposes and objects and subject to the limitations and conditions specified under this appropriation in the Military Appropriation Act, 1941, as amended by the Third Supplemental National Defense Appropriation Act, 1941; and including the acquisition of land, rights pertaining thereto, leasehold and other interests therein, not to exceed $15,202,466, and temporary use thereof, without regard to the provisions of sections 355, 1136, and 3648, Revised Statutes, as amended (10 U. S. C. 1339; 40 U. S. C. 255; 31 U. S. C. 629); and the purchase, operation, maintenance, and repair of passenger-carrying vehicles; fiscal year 1941, $675,283,000, to remain available until expended, of which not to exceed $8,455,000 shall be for payments under contracts authorized under this head in the Military Appropriation Acts for the fiscal years 1940 and 1941.

BARRACKS AND QUARTERS

Barracks and quarters: For an additional amount for barracks and quarters, fiscal year 1941, $18,538,000, to remain available until June 30, 1942.

CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR OF HOSPITALS

Construction and repair of hospitals: For an additional amount for construction and repair of hospitals, fiscal year 1941, $1,597,000, to remain available until June 30, 1942.

This title may be cited as "Title V, Military Appropriation Act, 1941."

TITLE II—NAVY DEPARTMENT

For additional amounts for appropriations for the Navy Department and the naval service, fiscal year 1941, to be supplemental and in addition to the appropriations in the Naval Appropriation Act
for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1941, including the objects and subject to the limitations and conditions specified therein, excepting the limitations suspended by the Act approved June 28, 1940 (Public, Numbered 671, Seventy-sixth Congress), and except as otherwise provided herein, as follows:

**NAVAL ESTABLISHMENT**

**OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY**

Miscellaneous expenses, Navy, including the expenses of naval observers and not to exceed $50,000 for the temporary employment of persons or organizations by contract or otherwise without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes, or the classification laws, or section 5 of the Act of April 6, 1914 (38 Stat. 335), $461,750.

**BUREAU OF NAVIGATION**

Training, education, and welfare, Navy:
- Naval Training Station, San Diego, California, $167,000;
- Naval Training Station, Norfolk, Virginia, $174,512;
- Fleet training, $71,000;
- Instruction, $29,603;
- Libraries, $28,952;
- Welfare and recreation, $250,000;
In all, training, education, and welfare, Navy, $721,067.

Pay, Naval Academy: For pay of other employees, $10,090.

Maintenance and repairs, Naval Academy, $56,500.

**BUREAU OF SHIPS**

Maintenance, Bureau of Ships, including charter and hire of vessels for auxiliary purposes when considered necessary by the Secretary of the Navy, $49,325,000, and, in addition, the Secretary of the Navy may enter into contracts for the objects under this appropriation prior to July 1, 1941, to an amount not in excess of $49,355,000.

**BUREAU OF ORDNANCE**

Ordnance and ordnance stores, Navy, $64,000,000.

**BUREAU OF SUPPLIES AND ACCOUNTS**

Pay, subsistence, and transportation, Navy, including subsistence of members of the Fleet Reserve and retired enlisted men in naval hospitals, furlough rations, one additional officer above the rank of captain in a flight pay status, and transportation of dependents of retired and Reserve officers and of retired and Reserve enlisted men (of grades entitled to transportation for dependents in the Regular Navy) when ordered to active duty (other than training) and upon release therefrom, $48,823,012: Provided, That the number of enlisted men who may be detailed to duty in officers' quarters on shore is hereby increased to one hundred: Provided further, That the limitation on the amount which may be paid to officers of the Regular Navy for making aerial flights is hereby increased to $2,075,845: And provided further, That service of enlisted men of the Navy with fleet aircraft only shall be considered the equivalent of service aboard a vessel of the Navy in full commission for appointment as midshipmen.

Maintenance, Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, including transfer of household goods and effects of civilian personnel as provided by the Act of October 10, 1940 (Public, Numbered 880), and regulations
promulgated thereunder, and of naval personnel as provided by law
and regulations, $2,500,000.

Clothing and small stores fund: For purchase of clothing and small
stores for issue to the naval service, to be added to the "Clothing and
small stores fund", $7,000,000.

BUREAU OF MEDICINE AND SURGERY

Medical Department, Navy, $826,543.
Care of the dead, Navy, $11,781.

BUREAU OF YARDS AND DOCKS

Maintenance, Bureau of Yards and Docks, including the purchase
of forty motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles at a cost not to
exceed $1,500 each, and ten motorbusses at a cost not to exceed $4,500
each, $2,500,000.

Public Works, Bureau of Yards and Docks: Toward the following
public works and public utilities projects, at a cost not to exceed the
amount stated for each project, respectively, $169,415,000, which
amount, together with unexpended balances of appropriations herein
and heretofore made under this head, shall be disbursed and
accounted for in accordance with existing law and shall constitute
one fund:

Navy Yard, Boston, Massachusetts: Additional ship repair facili-
ties, including buildings and accessories, South Boston, $3,500,000.
Navy Yard, Boston, Massachusetts: Housing and messing facilities
for crews of ships undergoing overhaul, repair and fitting out, and
acquisition of land, $285,000.

Navy Yard, Charleston, South Carolina: Housing and messing
facilities for crews of ships undergoing overhaul, repair and fitting
out, and quarters for officers, $529,500.

Navy Yard, Mare Island, California: Housing and messing
facilities for crews of ships undergoing overhaul, repair and fitting out,
and acquisition of water supply, $1,010,000.

Navy Yard, Norfolk, Virginia: Housing and messing facilities
for crews of ships undergoing overhaul, repair and fitting out, and
acquisition of land, $484,500.

Navy Yard, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii: Housing and messing facilities
for crews of ships undergoing overhaul, repair and fitting out, and
improvement of water supply, bombproofed break-down power sup-
ply, extension of storage facilities, and acquisition of land, $6,527,000.

Navy Yard, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania: Housing and messing
facilities for crews of ships undergoing overhaul, repair and fitting out,
and quarters for officers, $587,500.

Navy Yard, Puget Sound, Washington: Housing and messing
facilities for crews of ships undergoing overhaul, repair and fitting out,
and extension of storage facilities, $628,000.

Navy Yard, Washington, District of Columbia: Additional ord-
nance manufacturing facilities, $960,000.

Naval station, Guam: Fleet operating facilities, additional power,
recreational facilities, bombproofed shelters for communication and
personnel, and acquisition of land, $4,700,000.

Naval station, Guantanamo, Cuba: Additional fleet operating
facilities, bombproofed shelters for communication and personnel, and
limited ship-repair facilities, $5,747,500.

Naval station, Key West, Florida: Additional submarine and sur-
face-craft operating and repair facilities, including housing and
messing facilities for ships' crews, and acquisition of land, $1,517,500.
Naval station, Tutuila, Samoa: Expansion of naval station facilities, including buildings and accessories, and the development of defense facilities, including housing, landplane and seaplane operating facilities, and acquisition of land, $8,100,000.

Naval operating base, Balboa, Canal Zone: Fleet operating and repair facilities, including buildings and accessories, Balboa and Cristobal, $2,765,000.

Submarine operating facilities, Balboa, Canal Zone: Additional submarine operating facilities, including buildings and accessories, piers, and dredging, $1,855,000.

Submarine base, Charlotte Amalie, Virgin Islands: Additional submarine operating facilities, including buildings and accessories, and acquisition of land, $1,270,000.

Submarine base, Coco Solo, Canal Zone: Additional submarine operating facilities, including buildings and accessories, $1,010,000.


Submarine base, Kodiak, Alaska: Submarine operating and limited repair facilities, including piers and buildings and accessories, $4,002,000.

Submarine base, Midway Island: Submarine operating and limited repair facilities, including piers and buildings and accessories, $4,115,000.

Submarine base, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii: Storehouse and housing for submarine training devices, $128,000.

Destroyer base, San Diego, California: Submarine operating facilities, including buildings and accessories, and the development of north water front for handling landing boats, $1,405,000.

Naval air station, Sitka, Alaska: Surface craft berthing facilities, including extension of pier, dredging, and storage facilities, $592,000.

Naval air station, Unalaska, Alaska: Surface craft berthing facilities, including piers and storehouse, and acquisition of land, $1,050,000.

Tenth Naval District, San Juan, Puerto Rico: Surface craft operating facilities, including buildings and accessories, berthing, and housing for personnel, and acquisition of land, $3,999,000.

Naval air station, Corpus Christi, Texas: Surface craft housing, messing and recreation facilities, $173,000.

Naval air station, Jacksonville, Florida: Surface craft housing, messing and recreational facilities, $173,000.

Vieques, Puerto Rican area: Protected fleet anchorage, including breakwaters, dredging, development of limited repair facilities, buildings and accessories, and acquisition of land, $3,500,000.

Naval air station, Alameda, California: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, and acquisition of land, $3,499,000.

Naval air station, Anacostia, District of Columbia: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $1,250,000.

Naval Academy, Annapolis, Maryland: Additional aviation facilities, $855,000.

Model testing basin, Carderock, Maryland: Wind tunnel building and accessories, $500,000.

Naval air station, Charleston, South Carolina: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories and equipment, $950,000.

Naval air station, Coco Solo, Canal Zone: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $450,000.
Naval air station, Lakehurst, New Jersey: Development of lighter-than-air facilities, including buildings and accessories and equipment, $2,000,000.

Naval air station, Corpus Christi, Texas: Additional aviation training facilities, including buildings and accessories and equipment and acquisition of outlying fields, $12,954,500.

Naval proving ground, Dahlgren, Virginia: Acquisition of land and developments of landing field for aircraft spotting work, $520,000.

Naval air station, Jacksonville, Florida: Additional aviation training facilities, including buildings and accessories and equipment, $1200,000.

Naval air station, Kaneohe Bay, Hawaii: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories and equipment, $1,014,500.

Naval air station, Kodiak, Alaska: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories and equipment, $3,077,500.

Naval air station, Miami, Florida: Additional aviation training facilities, including buildings and accessories and equipment, $550,000.

Naval air station, Midway Island: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories and equipment, $5,592,000.

Naval air station, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania: Extension of landing field and additional facilities for aircraft testing, including buildings and equipment, $720,000.

Naval air station, San Diego, California: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories and equipment, $679,000.

Naval air station, San Juan, Puerto Rico: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories and breakwater, $1,575,000.

Naval air station, Seattle, Washington: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories and equipment, $300,000.

Naval air station, Sitka, Alaska: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories and equipment, $499,000.

Naval air station, Unalaska, Alaska: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories and equipment, $4,086,500.

Naval air station, Wake Island: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories and equipment, and development of entrance channel, $2,954,500.

Naval air station, Cape May, New Jersey: Additional lighter-than-air facilities, including buildings and accessories, $200,000.

Naval air station, Trinidad: Toward the development of protected fleet anchorage, and collateral items, for construction now under way, $5,100,000.

Naval air station, Newfoundland: Collateral items of machine tools and equipment for work now under way, $1,600,000.

Naval air station, Bermuda: Collateral items of machine tools and equipment for work now under way, $1,100,000.

Naval proving ground, Dahlgren, Virginia: Additional ordnance testing facilities, including buildings and accessories, and quarters and accessories for officers, $325,500.

Naval ammunition depot, Hawthorne, Nevada: Extension of water supply and quarters for officers, $95,000.

Naval ammunition depot, Iona Island, New York: Improvement of power plant, $100,000.

Naval torpedo station, Keyport, Washington: Quarters for officers, $30,000.

Naval ammunition depot, Mare Island, California: Inert storehouse, $70,000.

Naval torpedo station, Newport, Rhode Island: Additional torpedo manufacturing facilities, including buildings and accessories and improvement of power plant, $2,855,000.
Naval ammunition depot, Puget Sound, Washington: Inert storehouse, $70,000.
Naval mine depot, Yorktown, Virginia: Additional inert storage facilities, pier, and dredging, $1,000,000.
Naval net depots—various locations: Additional development of net depots, including buildings and accessories, piers, dredging, and acquisition of land, $2,000,000.
Naval hospital, Balboa, Canal Zone: Development of temporary hospital facilities, including buildings and accessories, $600,000.
Medical supply depot, Brooklyn, New York: Extension of medical supply storehouse and acquisition of land, $150,000.
Naval hospital, Chelsea, Massachusetts: Additional ward building, $65,000.
Naval hospital, Coco Solo, Canal Zone: Extension of hospital facilities, including buildings and accessories, $700,000.
Naval hospital, Corpus Christi, Texas: Extension of hospital facilities, including buildings and accessories, $750,000.
Naval hospital, Great Lakes, Illinois: Additional ward building, $65,000.
Naval hospital, Guantanamo, Cuba: Additional hospital facilities, including buildings and accessories, and quarters for corpsmen and nurses, $610,000.
Naval hospital, Jacksonville, Florida: Additional hospital facilities, including buildings and accessories, $490,000.
Naval hospital, Newport, Rhode Island: Additional ward building, $65,000.
Naval hospital, Parris Island, South Carolina: Temporary barrack building, and accessories, $90,000.
Naval hospital, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii: Development of hospital facilities, including buildings and accessories, and acquisition of land, $2,800,000.
Naval hospital, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania: Storehouse and accessories, $100,000.
Naval air station, Quonset Point, Rhode Island: Expansion of existing naval dispensary, including buildings and accessories, $200,000.
Naval hospital, San Diego, California: Expansion of hospital facilities, including buildings and accessories, $280,000.
Naval hospital, San Juan, Puerto Rico: Quarters for nurses and corpsmen, $85,000.
Naval hospital, Long Beach-San Pedro area, California: Development of hospital facilities, including buildings and accessories, and acquisition of land, $2,500,000.
Naval supply depot, Bayonne, New Jersey: Additional fleet supply storage, including buildings and accessories, $6,500,000.
Naval supply depot, Norfolk, Virginia: Additional fleet supply storage facilities, including buildings and accessories, and repair and improvement of Army terminal, supply depot annex, Norfolk, $4,400,000.
Naval supply depot, Oakland, California: Additional fleet supply storage facilities, including buildings and accessories, $1,500,000.
Naval fuel depot, Yorktown, Virginia: Additional pier, dredging and recreation facilities, Mine Warfare School, $730,000.
General: Additional underground fuel-storage facilities at various locations outside continental limits of the United States, including acquisition of land, $5,000,000.
Marine barracks at Parris Island, Pearl Harbor, Quantico, and San Diego: Additional housing, storage, and recreation facilities, including buildings and accessories and facilities, and acquisition of land, $8,500,000.
Naval research laboratory, Bellevue, District of Columbia: Additional research facilities, including buildings and accessories, $309,000.

Floating drydock ARD-2: Accessory construction, including equipment and towing and mooring facilities, $500,000.

Fifth Naval District: District communication center, including extension of underground service lines, replacement of administration building destroyed by fire on January 26, 1941, and additional officers' quarters, $1,250,000.

Tenth Naval District: Acquisition, improvement, and development of Puerto Rican drydock, including berthing and limited repair facilities, $2,500,000; bombproofing communication centers, bombproofed shelters for personnel, recreation facilities, and acquisition of land, $650,000.

Eleventh Naval District: High frequency strategic direction finder station, including acquisition of land, $80,000.

Fourteenth Naval District: Bombproofing communication centers, bombproof shelters for personnel, quarters for officers, recreation facilities, and acquisition of land, $2,300,000.

Fifteenth Naval District: Bombproofing communication centers, bombproof shelters for personnel, quarters for officers and recreation facilities, $1,340,000.

Naval radio station, Bainbridge Island, Washington: Radio transmitting station, including buildings and accessories, and acquisition of land, $350,000.

The provisions of section 4 of the Act approved April 25, 1939 (53 Stat. 590-592), shall be applicable to all public-works and public-utilities projects provided in this title, regardless of location: Provided, That the fixed fee to be paid the contractor as a result of any contract hereafter entered into under the authority of the above-mentioned Act shall not exceed 6 per centum of the estimated cost of the contract, exclusive of the fee, as determined by the Secretary of the Navy.

To enable the Secretary of the Navy to expedite the construction or provision of the public-works and public-utilities projects mentioned in this title, the limit of cost indicated for each of such projects may, in the discretion of the Secretary of the Navy, be varied upward or downward by an amount not to exceed 10 per centum, but the aggregate of all such limits of cost shall not be exceeded.

Aviation, Navy, including not to exceed $459,000 for passenger-carrying motorbusses for air stations, $96,382,300, and, in addition, the Secretary of the Navy may enter into contracts prior to July 1, 1941, for airplanes to an amount not in excess of $15,000,000 and for plant facilities to an amount not in excess of $15,000,000.

Pay, Marine Corps, $8,241,559.

General expenses, Marine Corps:

- Provisions, $2,065,000;
- Clothing, $2,800,000;
- Fuel, $191,050;
- Military supplies and equipment, $3,010,000;
- Transportation of troops and recruiting, $450,000;
- Repairs and improvements to barracks, and so forth, $195,000;
- Miscellaneous supplies and expenses, $1,880,000;

In all, general expenses, Marine Corps, $10,021,050.
ALTERATIONS TO NAVAL VESSELS

Alterations to naval vessels, including defense installations on Government or privately owned merchant vessels, $10,000,000, to remain available until expended; and, in addition, the Secretary of the Navy may enter into contracts prior to July 1, 1941, for the alterations to thirty-one auxiliaries authorized by the First and Second Supplemental National Defense Appropriation Acts, 1941, to an amount not in excess of $58,000,000.

REPLACEMENT OF NAVAL VESSELS

Construction and machinery, including construction of small craft and the providing of facilities, tools, and equipment in accordance with the Act of January 31, 1941 (Public, Numbered 4), $100,000,000, to remain available until expended; and, in addition, the Secretary of the Navy is authorized to incur obligations for tools, facilities, and equipment for building or equipping any complete naval vessel or portion thereof, but the total of obligations heretofore and hereafter incurred for such purpose shall not exceed the total amount authorized for such purpose by the Act of June 14, 1940 (Public, Numbered 629), the Act of July 19, 1940 (Public, Numbered 757), and the Act of January 31, 1941 (Public, Numbered 4): Provided, That no additional small craft shall be procured under the authority of the Act of June 26, 1940 (Public, Numbered 667): Provided further, That the unexpended balance, as of the last day of the month in which this Act is approved, of the appropriation provided under the head "Emergency Fund", in title III of the Naval Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1941, and all outstanding obligations against that appropriation for rental, conversion, or construction, or acquisition and conversion of vessels are hereby transferred to the appropriation "Replacement of Naval Vessels, Construction and Machinery", which appropriation shall be available to complete the acquisition and conversion or construction of one hundred and thirty vessels already acquired or planned for acquisition under the authority contained under the appropriation “Emergency Fund”.

Armor, armament, and ammunition, including the armor, armament, and ammunition for vessels hereinbefore described under the head of “Construction and Machinery” and the necessary tools, equipment, and facilities at naval establishments or private plants for the manufacture or production of ordnance material, munitions, and armor in accordance with the Act of January 31, 1941 (Public, Numbered 4), $102,000,000, to remain available until expended; and, in addition, the Secretary of the Navy is authorized to incur obligations for tools, facilities, and equipment for the manufacture or production of ordnance material, munitions, and armor, but the total of obligations heretofore and hereafter incurred for such purpose shall not exceed the total amounts authorized for such purpose by the Act of June 14, 1940 (Public, Numbered 629), the Act of July 19, 1940 (Public, Numbered 757), and the Act of January 31, 1941 (Public, Numbered 4): Provided, That the Secretary of the Navy is authorized to transfer $15,000,000 of the funds provided in title IV of the Naval Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1941 under the head “Armor, Armament, and Ammunition”, to the War Department for the War Department facilities for the manufacture of smokeless powder.

NAZV DEPARTMENT

Office of the Secretary of the Navy, salaries, $10,000.
Hydrographic Office, contingent and miscellaneous expenses, $120,000.
Naval emergency fund: For local and passive defense installations, and the rental, acquisition, and construction of section bases, station ships, or barracks, and of training and defense facilities and equipment of all kinds, including the necessary purchase of land, $10,000,000, to remain available until expended.

This title may be cited as "Title VI, Naval Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1941".

TITLE III—CIVIL NATIONAL DEFENSE ACTIVITIES

INDEPENDENT AGENCIES

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION

National-defense activities: For an additional amount for salaries and expenses, fiscal year 1941, to be available only for investigational work in connection with national-defense activities, to be merged with funds allocated to the Commission for national-defense activities from the appropriations "Emergency Fund of the President" contained in the Military Appropriation Act, 1941, and the Act making appropriations for the Navy Department for the fiscal year 1941, $125,000.

Sec. 2. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be expended for a permanent type of construction at any military or naval shore establishment of any character acquired subsequently to the calendar year 1938, unless such establishment shall be designated by the Secretary of the Navy or the Secretary of War (whichever has jurisdiction), as a permanent establishment, and, in that event, a permanent type of construction shall be used only to meet such permanent requirements as the Secretary of the Navy or the Secretary of War, respectively, may approve: Provided, That nothing herein shall prevent construction of a type sufficiently substantial for the use intended: Provided further, That this section shall not apply to construction now under contract or in progress.

Sec. 3. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used to pay the salary or wages of any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided, That for the purposes hereof an affidavit shall be considered prima facie evidence that the person making the affidavit does not advocate, and is not a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided further, That any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided further, That the above penal clause shall be in addition to, and not in substitution for, any other provisions of existing law.

Sec. 4. This Act may be cited as the "Fourth Supplemental National Defense Appropriation Act, 1941".

Approved, March 17, 1941.
[CHAPTER 17] AN ACT

To amend the Act of May 4, 1898 (30 Stat. 380; U. S. C., title 34, sec. 21), as amended, to authorize the President to appoint additional acting assistant surgeons in time of national emergency.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act of May 4, 1898, entitled "An Act making appropriations for the naval service for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and ninety-nine, and for other purposes" (30 Stat. 380; U. S. C., title 34, sec. 21), as amended by the Act of March 18, 1940, Public Numbered 440, Seventy-sixth Congress, is hereby further amended to read as follows: "The President is hereby authorized to appoint for temporary service one hundred acting assistant surgeons, who shall have the rank and compensation of assistant surgeons: Provided, That the Secretary of the Navy may appoint in time of war or national emergency declared by the President to exist, for temporary service, such acting assistant surgeons as the exigencies of the service may require, who shall receive the compensation of assistant surgeons."

Approved, March 17, 1941.

[CHAPTER 18] AN ACT

To authorize an exchange of lands between the people of Puerto Rico and the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy be, and he is hereby, authorized to transfer, under such conditions as the Secretary may approve, to the people of Puerto Rico, by appropriate deed of conveyance, a parcel of land embracing approximately two and seventy-five one-hundredths acres, situated in the ward known as Miramar, located in the south section of Santurce, Puerto Rico, bounded on the north at a point located at the intersection of the north side of the actual road that leads to the naval air station with the west side of the Fernandez Juncos Avenue; on the east with lands belonging to the people of Puerto Rico and lands of the estate known as Miramar, now property of Mr. Solé and Company; on the south with lands of Mr. Solé and Company, and on the west with lands of the naval air station, in consideration of the transfer to the United States by appropriate deed of conveyance, free from all encumbrances, without cost to the United States and for use as a part of the naval air station at San Juan, of all right, title and interest of the people of Puerto Rico in and to a parcel of six and twenty-six one-hundredths acres, more or less, in the ward known as Tras-Miramar, located at the south section of Santurce, Puerto Rico, being adjacent to and on the east of lands of the United States of America used as a quarantine station on the island of Miraflores.

Approved, March 17, 1941.

[CHAPTER 19] AN ACT

Extending the provisions of the Act approved August 27, 1940, entitled "An Act increasing the number of naval aviators in the line of the Regular Navy and Marine Corps, and for other purposes."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the benefits provided by section 4 of the Act approved August 27, 1940 (Public Numbered 775, Seventy-sixth Congress), shall include payment of
To amend the first paragraph of section 22 of the Act of February 23, 1931 (46 Stat. 1210).

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first paragraph of section 22 of the Act of February 23, 1931 (22 U. S. C. 17), be, and the same is hereby, amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 22. That the Secretary of State is authorized, whenever he deems it to be in the public interest, to order to the United States on his statutory leave of absence any Foreign Service officer or American employee who has performed three years or more of continuous service abroad: Provided, That the expenses of transportation and subsistence of such officers and employees and their immediate families, in traveling from their posts to their homes in the United States and return, shall be paid under the same rules and regulations applicable in the case of officers and employees going to and returning from their posts under orders of the Secretary of State when not on leave: And provided further, That while in the United States the services of such officers and employees shall be available for trade conference work or for such duties in the Department of State as the Secretary of State may prescribe, but the time of such work or duties shall not be counted as leave."

Approved, March 17, 1941.

[CHAPTER 20]

AN ACT

To amend the first paragraph of section 22 of the Act of February 23, 1931 (46 Stat. 1210).

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first paragraph of section 22 of the Act of February 23, 1931 (22 U. S. C. 17), be, and the same is hereby, amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 22. That the Secretary of State is authorized, whenever he deems it to be in the public interest, to order to the United States on his statutory leave of absence any Foreign Service officer or American employee who has performed three years or more of continuous service abroad: Provided, That the expenses of transportation and subsistence of such officers and employees and their immediate families, in traveling from their posts to their homes in the United States and return, shall be paid under the same rules and regulations applicable in the case of officers and employees going to and returning from their posts under orders of the Secretary of State when not on leave: And provided further, That while in the United States the services of such officers and employees shall be available for trade conference work or for such duties in the Department of State as the Secretary of State may prescribe, but the time of such work or duties shall not be counted as leave."

Approved, March 17, 1941.

[CHAPTER 21]

JOINT RESOLUTION

To amend the Internal Revenue Code.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Internal Revenue Code, as amended, be amended as follows:

In section 27 (c), insert "1936 or" before "1937".

In section 113 (a) (11), insert "or the Revenue Act of 1938, 52 Stat. 508," after "49 Stat. 1698,"

In section 113 (a) (11), insert "or the Revenue Act of 1938" at the end of the third sentence and after "the Revenue Act of 1936" wherever it appears in the last sentence.

In section 504 (a), insert "or of section 405 of the Revenue Act of 1938" after "subsection (c) of this section".

In section 504 (a), insert "or under Title IA of the Revenue Act of 1938" after "under this subchapter".

In section 504 (a), insert "beginning after December 31, 1937" after "any preceding taxable year".

In section 504 (b), strike out the period at the end of the subsection and insert in lieu thereof a semicolon.

In section 504 (c) (3) (A), insert before the closing mark of parenthesis the following: "or, in the case of a taxable year beginning in 1939, by the amount allowed under section 405 (c) of the Revenue Act of 1938 in the computation of the tax under Title IA of such Act for a taxable year beginning prior to January 1, 1939".
In section 506 (c) (2) (A), insert after "or both," the following: "of this section or section 407 of the Revenue Act of 1938.

In section 506 (c) (2) (B), insert after "or both" the following: "of this section or section 407 of the Revenue Act of 1938."

In section 813 (c), insert "or under Title III of the Revenue Act of 1932, 47 Stat. 245," after "under chapter 4."

In section 813 (a) (2), insert "or chapter 4" before the period at the end of the heading.

In section 813 (a) (2), strike out "chapter 3" and insert in lieu thereof "this subchapter".

In section 813 (a) (2), insert "or under Title III of the Revenue Act of 1932" after "under chapter 4" wherever it first appears.

In section 813 (a) (2), insert "or under Title III of the Revenue Act of 1932" after "under chapter 4" wherever it thereafter appears.

In section 813 (b), insert "or 860" after "810" wherever it appears.

In section 813 (b), insert "or 860" after "810" wherever it appears.

In section 813 (a) (2), insert "or under Title III of the Revenue Act of 1932, 47 Stat. 245," after "under chapter 4." 

In section 813 (a) (2), insert "or under Title III of the Revenue Act of 1932, 47 Stat. 245," after "under chapter 4." 

In section 813 (a) (2), insert "or under Title III of the Revenue Act of 1932," after "under chapter 4" wherever it appears thereafter.

In section 813 (a) (2), strike out "chapter 3" and insert in lieu thereof "this subchapter".

In section 813 (a) (2), insert "or under Title III of the Revenue Act of 1932" after "under chapter 4" wherever it first appears.

In section 813 (a) (2), insert "or under Title III of the Revenue Act of 1932" after "under chapter 4" wherever it appears thereafter.

In section 813 (b), strike out "813 (b)" from the end of paragraph (1) and insert in lieu thereof "813 (a) (2)".

In section 1536, strike out "3762" and insert in lieu thereof "3661".

Amend that part of section 1805 following the paragraph defining the term "silver bullion" to read as follows:

"The term 'person' means an individual, partnership, association, or corporation.

"The Secretary is authorized to issue, with the approval of the President, such rules and regulations as the Secretary may deem necessary or proper to carry out the purposes of this section."

In section 2887, strike out "by" preceding "the tax paid stamp" in the next to the last sentence of the second paragraph and insert in lieu thereof "of".

In section 2901 (b), strike out "any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated" from the end of the second sentence and insert in lieu thereof "annual appropriations from the general fund of the Treasury".

In section 3170, strike out "or" where it appears immediately before "by any law".

Sec. 2. The sections of the Internal Revenue Code amended by this joint resolution shall have effect as if such sections, as so amended, had been enacted in the Internal Revenue Code on February 10, 1939.

Approved, March 17, 1941.

[CHAPTER 23]

AN ACT

Authorizing the State of Maryland, by and through its State roads commission or the successors of said commission, to construct, maintain, and operate a free highway bridge across the Potomac River at or near Sandy Hook, Maryland, to a point opposite in Virginia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in order to facilitate interstate commerce, improve the postal service, and provide for military and other purposes, the State of Maryland by and
through the State roads commission, or the successors of said commission be, and is hereby authorized to construct, maintain, and operate a free highway bridge and approaches thereto across the Potomac River at a point suitable to the interests of navigation, at or near Sandy Hook, Washington County, Maryland, to a point opposite in Loudoun County, Virginia, in accordance with the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction of bridges over navigable waters", approved March 23, 1906, and subject to the conditions and limitations contained in this Act.

Sec. 2. There is hereby conferred upon the State of Maryland and its State roads commission or the successors of said commission all such rights and powers to enter upon lands and to acquire, condemn, occupy, possess, and use real estate and other property needed for the location, construction, operation, and maintenance of such bridge and its approaches as are possessed by railroad corporations for railroad purposes or by bridge corporations for bridge purposes in the State, in which real estate or other property is situated, upon making just compensation therefor, to be ascertained and paid according to the laws of such State, and the proceedings therefor shall be the same as in the condemnation or expropriation of property for public purposes in such State.

Sec. 3. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, March 19, 1941.

[CHAPTER 24] AN ACT

To amend section 4 (f) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, to provide for extra compensation for overtime of inspectors in charge and radio inspectors of the Field Division of the Engineering Department of the Federal Communications Commission.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 4 (f) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended (49 Stat. 1098), is hereby further amended by inserting after the letter "(f)" the figure "(1)" and by adding after section 4 (f) as so amended the following additional paragraph:

“(2) The Commission shall fix a reasonable rate of extra compensation for overtime services of inspectors in charge and radio inspectors of the Field Division of the Engineering Department of the Federal Communications Commission, who may be required to remain on duty between the hours of 5 o'clock postmeridian and 8 o'clock antemeridian or on Sundays or holidays to perform services in connection with the inspection of ship radio equipment and apparatus for the purposes of part II of title III of this Act, on the basis of one-half day's additional pay for each two hours or fraction thereof of at least one hour that the overtime extends beyond 5 o'clock postmeridian (but not to exceed two and one-half days' pay for the full period from 5 o'clock postmeridian to 8 o'clock antemeridian) and two additional days' pay for Sunday or holiday duty. The said extra compensation for overtime services shall be paid by the master, owner, or agent of such vessel to the local United States collector of customs or his representative, who shall deposit such collection into the Treasury of the United States to an appropriately designated receipt account: Provided, That the amounts of such collections received by the said collector of customs or his representatives shall be covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts; and the payments of such extra compensation to the several employees entitled thereto shall be made from the annual appropriations for salaries and expenses of the
Commission: Provided further, That to the extent that the annual appropriations which are hereby authorized to be made from the general fund of the Treasury are insufficient, there are hereby authorized to be appropriated from the general fund of the Treasury such additional amounts as may be necessary to the extent that the amounts of such receipts are in excess of the amounts appropriated: Provided further, That such extra compensation shall be paid if such field employees have been ordered to report for duty and have so reported whether the actual inspection of the radio equipment or apparatus takes place or not: And provided further, That in those ports where customary working hours are other than those hereinabove mentioned, the inspectors in charge are vested with authority to regulate the hours of such employees so as to agree with prevailing working hours in said ports where inspections are to be made, but nothing contained in this proviso shall be construed in any manner to alter the length of a working day for the inspectors in charge and radio inspectors or the overtime pay herein fixed."

Approved, March 23, 1941.

[CHAPTER 25]

AN ACT

To authorize the Secretary of the Navy to proceed with the construction of certain public works, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy is hereby authorized to proceed with the construction of the following public works projects, with which shall be included the authority to acquire land, at a cost not to exceed the amount stated after each item enumerated:

Navy Yard, Boston, Massachusetts: Storehouse and accessories for hemp, $300,000.

Navy Yard, Norfolk, Virginia: Storehouse for landing boats, $400,000.

Navy Yard, Puget Sound, Washington: Storehouse and accessories, $1,400,000.

Naval Academy, Annapolis, Maryland: Acquisition of land, $350,000; but no part of such sum shall be used for the construction of a stadium; instruction and storage building, rifle range, $80,000.

Naval Ammunition Depot, Hawthorne, Nevada: Additional ammunition storage facilities, $1,995,000.

Naval Ammunition Depot, Hingham, Massachusetts: Additional ammunition storage facilities, including purchase of land, $164,000.

Naval Ammunition Depot, Iona Island, New York: Additional ammunition storage facilities, $75,000.

Naval Ammunition Depot, Mare Island, California: Additional ammunition storage facilities, $848,000.

Naval Ammunition Depot, Oahu, Hawaii: Additional ammunition storage facilities, including purchase of land, $815,000.


Naval Ammunition Depot, Saint Juliens Creek, Virginia: Additional ammunition storage facilities, $457,000.

Naval Ammunition Depot, San Diego area, California: Ammunition storage facilities, including buildings and accessories and acquisition of land, $2,500,000.

East Coast Ammunition Depot: Additional ammunition storage facilities, $3,750,000.

Naval Air Station, Jacksonville, Florida: Recreation facilities for enlisted men, including building and accessories, $350,000; recreation
facilities for officers, including buildings and accessories, $250,000; high-explosive magazines, $40,000.

- Naval Air Station, Kaneohe Bay, Hawaii: Seaplane hangar, $773,000.
- Naval Air Station, Midway Island: Seaplane hangar, $741,783.
- Naval Air Station, San Juan, Puerto Rico: Quarters and accessories for bachelor officers, $200,000.
- Naval Supply Depot, Oakland, Puerto Rico: Quarters and accessories, $8,500,000.
- Marine Barracks, San Diego, California: Gymnasium and auditorium building and accessories, $500,000; administration building and accessories, $400,000.

**Eleventh Naval District:**

- Eleventh Naval District: Participation with the city of San Diego in trunk sewer and sewage disposal plant, $200,000.
- Marine Corps Training Area, East Coast: Facilities, including acquisition of land, $15,000,000.
- Naval Air Station, Jacksonville, Florida: Additional aviation training facilities, including buildings and accessories and equipment, $7,351,000.
- Naval Air Station, Johnston Island: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories and equipment, $3,480,000.
- Naval Air Station, Kaneohe Bay, Hawaii: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories and equipment, $3,446,500.
- Naval Air Station, Key West, Florida: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories and equipment, $2,770,000.
- Naval Air Station, Kodiak, Alaska: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories and equipment, $5,266,500.
- Naval Air Station, Miami, Florida: Additional aviation training facilities, including buildings and accessories and equipment, $711,000.
- Naval Air Station, Norfolk, Virginia: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories and equipment, $8,906,000.
- Naval Air Station, Palmyra Island: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories and equipment, $3,489,000.
- Naval Air Station, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories and the development of outlying fields, $4,395,000.
- Naval Air Station, Pensacola, Florida: Additional aviation training facilities, including buildings and accessories and equipment, $2,081,000.
- Marine Corps Aviation Facilities, Charlotte Amalie, Virgin Islands: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories and equipment, $1,281,000.
- Marine Corps Flying Field, Quantico, Virginia: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories and equipment, $328,000.
- Naval Air Station, San Juan, Puerto Rico: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories and breakwater, $972,000.
- Naval Air Station, San Pedro, California: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories and equipment, $870,000.
- Naval Air Station, Seattle, Washington: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories and equipment, $605,000.
- Naval Air Station, Sitka, Alaska: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories and equipment, $4,305,000.
- Naval Air Station, Squantum, Massachusetts: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories and equipment, $610,000.
Naval Air Station, Tongue Point, Oregon: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories and equipment, $2,460,500.

Naval Air Station, Unalaska, Alaska: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories and equipment, $5,030,000.

Naval Air Station, Banana River, Florida: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories and equipment, $1,425,000.

Naval Air Station, Quonset Point, Rhode Island: Ammunition storage facilities, and recreation facilities, $460,000.

Approved, March 23, 1941, 11 a.m.

[CHAPTER 26]

AN ACT

To authorize the Secretary of the Navy to proceed with the construction of certain public works, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy is hereby authorized to establish or develop the following shore activities by the construction of the public works projects hereinafter indicated at a cost not to exceed the amount stated after each item enumerated:

Navy Yard, Boston, Massachusetts: Additional ship-repair facilities, including buildings and accessories, South Boston, $8,090,000.

Navy Yard, Charleston, South Carolina: Housing and messing facilities for crews of ships undergoing overhaul, repair, and fitting out, $222,500.

Navy Yard, Mare Island, California: Housing and messing facilities for crews of ships undergoing overhaul, repair, and fitting out, and improvement of water supply, $1,010,000.


Navy Yard, Norfolk, Virginia: Housing and messing facilities for crews of ships undergoing overhaul, repair and fitting out, and quarters for officers, $587,500.

Navy Yard, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii: Housing and messing facilities for crews of ships undergoing overhaul, repair, and fitting out, improvement of water supply, bombproofed break-down power supply and extension of storage facilities, $6,827,000.


Navy Yard, Puget Sound, Washington: Housing and messing facilities for crews of ships undergoing overhaul, repair and fitting out, and extension of storage facilities, $625,000.


Naval station, Guam: Fleet operating facilities, additional power, recreational facilities, and bombproofed shelters for communication and personnel, $4,700,000.

Naval station, Guantanamo, Cuba: Additional fleet operating facilities, bombproofed shelters for communication and personnel, and limited ship repair facilities, $3,447,500.

Approved, March 23, 1941
Key West, Fla. Naval station, Key West, Florida: Additional submarine and surface-craft operating and repair facilities, including housing and messing facilities for ship's crews, $1,517,500.

Tutuila, Samoa. Naval station, Tutuila, Samoa: Expansion of naval station facilities, including buildings and accessories and the development of defense facilities, including housing, landplane and seaplane operating facilities, and acquisition of land, $8,100,000.

Balboa, C. Z. Naval operating base, Balboa, Canal Zone: Fleet operating and repair facilities, including buildings and accessories, Balboa and Cristobal, $2,763,000.

Submarine operating facilities, Balboa, Canal Zone: Additional submarine operating facilities, including buildings and accessories, piers, and dredging, $1,855,000.

Charlotte Amalie, V. I. Submarine base, Charlotte Amalie, Virgin Islands: Additional submarine operating facilities, including buildings and accessories, $1,270,000.

Coco Solo, C. Z. Submarine base, Coco Solo, Canal Zone: Additional submarine operating facilities, including buildings and accessories, $1,010,000.


Kodiak, Alaska. Submarine base, Kodiak, Alaska: Submarine operating and limited repair facilities, including piers and buildings and accessories, $4,002,000.

Midway Island. Submarine base, Midway Island: Submarine operating and limited repair facilities, including piers and buildings and accessories, $4,115,000.

Pearl Harbor, T. H. Submarine base, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii: Storehouse and housing for submarine training devices, $125,000.

San Diego, Calif. Destroyer base, San Diego, California: Submarine operating facilities, including buildings and accessories, and the development of north water front for handling landing boats, $4,105,000.

Sitka, Alaska. Naval air station, Sitka, Alaska: Surface craft berthing facilities, including extension of pier, dredging, and storage facilities, $392,000.

Unalaska, Alaska. Naval air station, Unalaska, Alaska: Surface craft berthing facilities, including piers and storehouse, $1,050,000.

San Juan, P. R. Tenth Naval District, San Juan, Puerto Rico: Surface craft operating facilities, including buildings and accessories, berthing, and housing for personnel, $787,500.

Jacksonville, Fla. Naval air station, Corpus Christi, Texas: Surface craft housing, messing and recreation facilities, $173,000.

Vieques, Puerto Rican area. Naval air station, Jacksonville, Florida: Surface craft housing, messing and recreation facilities, $173,000.

Fleet operating facilities—Security of fleet anchorage, Vieques, Puerto Rican area: Protected fleet anchorage, including breakwaters, dredging, development of limited repair facilities, and buildings and accessories, $83,000,000.

Alameda, Calif. Naval air station, Alameda, California: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $3,499,000.

Amacostia, D. C. Naval air station, Amacostia, District of Columbia: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $1,250,000.

Carderock, Md. Model testing basin, Carderock, Maryland: Wind tunnel building and accessories, $500,000.

Charleston, S. C. Naval air station, Charleston, South Carolina: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories and equipment, $950,000.

Coco Solo, C. Z. Naval air station, Coco Solo, Canal Zone: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $450,000.
Naval air station, Lakehurst, New Jersey: Development of lighter-than-air facilities, including buildings and equipment, $2,000,000.

Naval air station, Corpus Christi, Texas: Additional aviation training facilities, including buildings and equipment and purchase of outlying fields, $12,954,500.

Naval proving ground, Dahlgren, Virginia: Acquisition of land and developments of landing field for aircraft spotting work, $420,000.

Naval air station, Jacksonville, Florida: Additional aviation training facilities, including buildings and equipment, $1,260,500.

Naval air station, Kaneohe Bay, Hawaii: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and equipment, $1,014,500.

Naval air station, Kodiak, Alaska: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and equipment, $3,077,500.

Naval air station, Miami, Florida: Additional aviation training facilties, including buildings and accessory, equipment, $550,000.

Naval air station, Midway Islands: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories and equipment, $5,592,000.

Naval aircraft factory, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania: Extension of landing field and additional facilities for aircraft testing, including buildings and equipment, $720,000.

Naval air station, San Diego, California: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and equipment, $679,000.

Naval air station, San Juan, Puerto Rico: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and equipment and breakwater, $1,575,000.

Naval air station, Seattle, Washington: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and equipment, $290,000.

Naval air station, Sitka, Alaska: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and equipment, $490,000.

Naval air station, Unalaska, Alaska: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and equipment, $4,086,500.

Naval air station, Wake Island: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and equipment and the development of entrance channel, $2,954,500.

Naval air station, Cape May, New Jersey: Additional lighter-than-air facilities, including buildings and equipment, $200,000.

Naval air stations, Trinidad, Newfoundland, Bermuda, British Guiana, Jamaica, Antigua, Saint Lucia, and the Bahama Islands: Aviation facilities, including buildings and equipment, $66,050,000.

Naval proving ground, Dahlgren, Virginia: Quarters and accessories for officers, $40,000.

Naval ammunition depot, Hawthorne, Nevada: Quarters for officers, $20,000.

Naval torpedo station, Keyport, Washington: Quarters for officers, $30,000.

Naval torpedo station, Newport, Rhode Island: $2,855,000.

Naval ammunition depot, Mare Island, California: Inert storehouse, $70,000.

Naval ammunition depot, Puget Sound, Washington: Inert storehouse, $70,000.

Naval mine depot, Yorktown, Virginia: Additional inert storage facilties, $350,000.

Naval net depots, various locations: Additional development of net depots, including buildings and accessories, piers, and dredging, $2,000,000.
Naval hospital, Balboa, Canal Zone: Development of temporary hospital facilities, including buildings and accessories, $500,000.

Naval hospital, Chelsea, Massachusetts: Additional ward building, $65,000.

Naval hospital, Coco Solo, Canal Zone: Extension of hospital facilities, including buildings and accessories, $700,000.

Naval hospital, Corpus Christi, Texas: Extension of hospital facilities, including buildings and accessories, $750,000.

Naval hospital, Great Lakes, Illinois: Additional ward building, $65,000.

Naval hospital, Guantanamo, Cuba: Additional hospital facilities, including buildings and accessories, and quarters for corpsmen and nurses, $610,000.

Naval hospital, Jacksonville, Florida: Additional hospital facilities, including buildings and accessories, $490,000.

Naval hospital, Newport, Rhode Island: Additional ward building, $65,000.

Naval hospital, Parris Island, South Carolina: Temporary barrack building, and accessories, $90,000.

Naval hospital, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii: Development of hospital facilities, including buildings and accessories, and acquisition of land, $2,600,000.

Naval hospital, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania: Storehouse and accessories, $100,000.

Naval air station, Quonset Point, Rhode Island: Expansion of existing naval dispensary, including buildings and accessories, $200,000.

Naval hospital, San Diego, California, and Quantico, Virginia: Expansion of hospital facilities, including buildings and accessories, $250,000.

Naval hospital, San Juan, Puerto Rico: Quarters for nurses and corpsmen, $85,000.

Naval hospital, Long Beach-San Pedro area, California: Development of hospital facilities, including buildings and accessories, and acquisition of land, $2,500,000.

Naval supply depot, Bayonne, New Jersey: Additional fleet supply storage facilities, including buildings and accessories, $6,500,000.

Naval supply depot, Norfolk, Virginia: Additional fleet supply storage facilities, including buildings and accessories, and repair and improvement of Army terminal, supply depot annex, Norfolk, $4,400,000.

Naval fuel depot, Oakland, California: Additional fleet supply storage facilities, including buildings and accessories, $1,500,000.

Naval fuel depot, Yorktown, Virginia: Recreation facilities, Mine Warfare School, $80,000.

Naval research laboratory, Bellevue, District of Columbia: Additional research facilities, including buildings and accessories, $100,000.

Floating drydock ARD-2: Accessory construction, including equipment and towing and mooring facilities, $500,000.

Fifth Naval District: District communication center, including extension of underground service lines, replacement of administration building destroyed by fire on January 26, 1941, and additional officers' quarters, $1,250,000.

Tenth Naval District: Acquisition, improvement, and development of Puerto Rican drydock, including berthing and limited repair
facilities, $2,500,000; bombproofing communication centers, bombproofed shelters for personnel, and recreation facilities, $650,000.

Eleventh Naval District: High frequency strategic direction finder station, including acquisition of land, $80,000.

Fourteenth Naval District: Bombproofing communication centers, bombproofed shelters for personnel, quarters for officers, and recreation facilities, $2,300,000.

Fifteenth Naval District: Bombproofing communication centers, bombproofed shelters for personnel, quarters for officers and recreation facilities, $1,340,000.

Naval radio station, Bainbridge Island, Washington: Radio transmitting station including buildings and accessories, $350,000.

The provisions of section 4 of the Act approved April 25, 1939 (53 Stat. 590-592), shall be applicable to all public works and public utilities projects authorized by this Act, regardless of location: Provided, That the fixed fee to be paid the contractor as a result of any contract hereafter entered into under the authority of the above-mentioned Act shall not exceed 6 per centum of the estimated cost of the contract, exclusive of the fee, as determined by the Secretary of the Navy: Provided further, That the fact that any contract authorized by this or any other Act is entered into without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, or upon a cost-plus-a-fixed-fee basis or otherwise without advertising for proposals, shall not be construed to render inapplicable the provisions of the Act of March 8, 1931, as amended by the Act of August 30, 1935 (49 Stat. 1011; U. S. C., title 40, sec. 276 (a)), if such Act would otherwise be applicable to such contract.

The provisions of section 8 (a) of the Act approved June 28, 1940 (Public, Numbered 671, Seventy-sixth Congress), shall be applicable to naval public works projects authorized by this and all prior Acts.

The acquisition of necessary land is hereby authorized in connection with such of the projects provided in this Act as are enumerated in this paragraph, namely: (a) Navy Yards—Boston, Massachusetts (housing and messing facilities for crews of ships undergoing overhaul, and so forth), New York, New York, and Pearl Harbor, Hawaii; (b) naval stations—Guam and Key West, Florida; (c) submarine bases—Charlotte Amalie, Virgin Islands, and New London, Connecticut; (d) naval air stations—Unalaska, Alaska; Alameda, California; and Corpus Christi, Texas; (e) naval districts—Tenth and Fourteenth; (f) fleet operating facilities (security of fleet anchorage, Vieques, Puerto Rico); (g) general (underground fuel storage); (h) naval net depots; (i) medical supply depot, Brooklyn, New York; (j) naval radio station, Bainbridge Island, Washington; and (k) Marine barracks at Parris Island, Pearl Harbor, Quantico, and San Diego. The acquisition of such land shall be a part of the amount fixed for each respective project by this Act.

Approved, March 23, 1941, 12 noon.
Procurement of designated defense articles.
Post, p. 746.

Testing, outfitting, etc.
Post, p. 746.

Interchangeability of funds.

Services and expenses.
Post, p. 746.

Transfer of funds.

Retention of defense article by U. S.

Petition advocating overthrow of U. S. Government.

Each and every purpose incident to or necessary therefor, there is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the following sums for the following respective purposes, namely:

(a) For the procurement, by manufacture or otherwise, of defense articles for the government of any country whose defense the President deems vital to the defense of the United States, including services and expenses in connection therewith, as follows:

1. Ordnance and ordnance stores, supplies, spare parts, and materials, including armor and ammunition and components thereof, $1,343,000,000.
2. Aircraft and aeronautical material, including engines, spare parts, and accessories, $2,054,000,000.
3. Tanks, armored cars, automobiles, trucks, and other automotive vehicles, spare parts, and accessories, $362,000,000.
4. Vessels, ships, boats, and other watercraft, and equipage, supplies, materials, spare parts, and accessories, $629,000,000.
5. Miscellaneous military equipment, supplies, and materials, $260,000,000.
6. Facilities and equipment, for the manufacture or production of defense articles, by construction or acquisition, including the acquisition of land, and the maintenance and operation of such facilities and equipment, $752,000,000.
7. Agricultural, industrial, and other commodities and articles, $1,350,000,000.
8. For testing, inspecting, proving, repairing, outfitting, reconditioning, or otherwise placing in good working order any defense articles for the government of any country whose defense the President deems vital to the defense of the United States, including services and expenses in connection therewith, $200,000,000.
9. Not to exceed 20 per centum of any of the foregoing eight appropriations may be transferred by the President to any other such appropriation, but no appropriation shall be increased by more than 30 per centum.
10. For necessary services and expenses for carrying out the purposes of such Act not specified or included in the foregoing, $40,000,000.
11. For administrative expenses, $10,000,000.
12. In all, $7,000,000,000, to remain available until June 30, 1943.

Sec. 2. If any defense article procured from an appropriation made before March 11, 1941, is disposed of, under such Act of March 11, 1941, by any department or agency to the government of any country whose defense the President deemed vital to the defense of the United States, the President may transfer, from the appropriations made by this Act to the appropriate appropriation of such department or agency, an amount equivalent to the value (as computed for the purposes of the $1,300,000,000 limitation contained in section 3 (a) (2) of such Act of March 11, 1941) of the defense article so disposed of, but not to exceed in the aggregate $1,300,000,000.

Sec. 3. Any defense article procured from an appropriation made by this Act shall be retained by or transferred to and for the use of such department or agency of the United States as the President may determine, in lieu of being disposed of to a foreign government, whenever in the judgment of the President the defense of the United States will be best served thereby.

Sec. 4. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used to pay the salary or wages of any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of
the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided,
That for the purposes hereof an affidavit shall be considered prima
facie evidence that the person making the affidavit does not advocate,
and is not a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow
of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Pro-
vided further, That any person who advocates, or who is a member
of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government
of the United States by force or violence and accepts employment
the salary or wages for which are paid from any appropriation in
this Act shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, shall be
fined not more than $1,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year,
or both: Provided further, That the above penalty clause shall be in
addition to, and not in substitution for, any other provisions of
existing law.
Sec. 5. This Act may be cited as the “Defense Aid Supplemental
Appropriation Act, 1941”.
Approved, March 27, 1941, 10:50 a. m., E. S. T.

[CHAPTER 31]

AN ACT
To amend the National Housing Act, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the
United States of America in Congress assembled, That the National
Housing Act, as amended, is amended by the addition of the following
title at the end thereof:

“TITLE VI—DEFENSE HOUSING INSURANCE

“Sec. 601. As used in this title—

“(a) The term ‘mortgage’ means a first mortgage on real estate, in
fee simple, or on a leasehold (1) under a lease for not less than ninety-nine
years which is renewable; or (2) under a lease having a period of
not less than fifty years to run from the date the mortgage was executed;
and the term ‘first mortgage’ means such classes of first liens as are
commonly given to secure advances on, or the unpaid purchase price of,
real estate, under the laws of the State in which the real estate is
located, together with the credit instruments, if any, secured thereby.

“(b) The term ‘mortgagor’ includes the original lender under a
mortgage, and his successors and assigns approved by the Administra-
tor; and the term ‘mortgagor’ includes the original borrower under a
mortgage and his successors and assigns.

“(c) The term ‘maturity date’ means the date on which the mortgage
debtedness would be extinguished if paid in accordance with peri-
odic payments provided for in the mortgage.

“(d) The term ‘State’ includes the several States, and Alaska,
Hawaii, Puerto Rico, the District of Columbia, and the Virgin Islands.

Sec. 602. There is hereby created a Defense Housing Insurance
Fund which shall be used by the Administrator as a revolving fund
for the carrying out of the provisions of this title, and mortgages
insured under this title shall be known and referred to as ‘defense
housing insured mortgages’. For this purpose, the Reconstruction
Finance Corporation shall make available to the Administrator such
funds as he may deem necessary, not to exceed $10,000,000, and the
amount of notes, debentures, bonds, or other such obligations which
the Corporation is authorized to issue and have outstanding at any
one time under existing law is hereby increased by an amount suffi-
Provisos.
Cancellation of Corporation notes.

Transfer of evidence of indebtedness, etc.

Allocation of funds.

Insurance of eligible mortgages.

Locality of property.

Aggregate insurance.

Duration of authority.

Eligibility requirements.

Qualification of mortgagees.

Amount of principal obligation.

efficient to provide such funds: Provided, That the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to cancel from time to time, upon the request of the Corporation, notes of the Corporation (which notes are hereby made available to the Secretary of the Treasury for purposes of this section), and to discharge its liability, as respects all sums due and unpaid upon or in connection with such notes at the time of such cancelation and discharge in a principal amount equal to the funds made available to the Administrator by the Corporation under or by reason of this title together with interest paid to the Treasury thereon: Provided further, That any evidence of indebtedness with respect to funds so disbursed by the Corporation shall be transferred to the Secretary of the Treasury; that the Secretary and the Corporation are authorized and directed to make such adjustments on their books and records as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this section; that the amount of notes, debentures, bonds, or other such obligations which the Corporation is authorized to issue and have outstanding at any one time under the provisions of this section shall be correspondingly reduced by the amount of notes so canceled by the Secretary, and that any sums at any time received by the Corporation, representing repayments or recoveries of funds so disbursed shall forthwith be covered into the general fund of the Treasury: And provided further, There shall be allocated immediately to the Defense Housing Insurance Fund the sum of $5,000,000 out of funds made available to the Administrator for this purpose.

General expenses of operation of the Federal Housing Administration under this title may be charged to the Defense Housing Insurance Fund.

"Sec. 603. (a) The Administrator is authorized, upon application by the mortgagee, to insure as hereinafter provided any mortgage which is eligible for insurance as hereinafter provided and upon such terms as the Administrator may prescribe to make commitments for the insuring of such mortgages prior to the date of their execution or disbursement thereon: Provided, That the property covered by the mortgage is in an area or locality in which the President shall find that an acute shortage of housing exists or impends which would impede national-defense activities: Provided further, That the aggregate amount of principal obligations of all mortgages insured under this section shall not exceed $100,000,000: And provided further, That no mortgage shall be insured under this section after July 1, 1942, or after such earlier date as the emergency, declared by the President on September 8, 1939, to exist, has by his declaration ceased to exist, except pursuant to a commitment to insure issued on or before July 1, 1942, or such earlier date, whichever first occurs.

"(b) To be eligible for insurance under this section a mortgage shall—

"(1) have been made to, and be held by, a mortgagee approved by the Administrator as responsible and able to service the mortgage properly;

"(2) involve a principal obligation (including such initial service charges, appraisal, inspection, and other fees as the Administrator shall approve) in an amount not to exceed 80 per centum of the appraised value (as of the date the mortgage is accepted for insurance) of a property, urban, suburban, or rural upon which there is located a dwelling designed principally for residential use for not more than four families in the aggregate, which is approved for mortgage insurance or defense housing insurance prior to the beginning of construction, and (i) the construction of which is begun after the date of enactment of
this title, or (ii) the construction of which was begun after January 1, 1940, and prior to the date of enactment of this title, and which has not been sold or occupied since completion. Such principal obligation shall not exceed—

"(A) $4,000 if such dwelling is designed for a single-family residence, or

"(B) $6,000 if such dwelling is designed for a two-family residence, or

"(C) $8,000 if such dwelling is designed for a three-family residence, or

"(D) $10,500 if such dwelling is designed for a four-family residence;

"(3) have a maturity satisfactory to the Administrator but not to exceed twenty years from the date of the insurance of the mortgage;

"(4) contain complete amortization provisions satisfactory to the Administrator;

"(5) bear interest (exclusive of premium charges for insurance) but not to exceed 5 per centum per annum on the amount of the principal obligation outstanding at any time, or not to exceed 6 per centum per annum if the Administrator finds that in certain areas or under special circumstances the mortgage market demands it;

"(6) provide, in a manner satisfactory to the Administrator, for the application of the mortgagee's periodic payments (exclusive of the amount allocated to interest and to the premium charge which is required for mortgage insurance as herein provided) to amortization of the principal of the mortgage; and

"(7) contain such terms and provisions with respect to insurance, repairs, alterations, payment of taxes, default reserves, delinquency charges, foreclosure proceedings, anticipation of maturity, additional and secondary liens, and other matters as the Administrator may in his discretion prescribe.

"(c) The Administrator is authorized to fix a premium charge for the insurance of mortgages under this title but in the case of any mortgage such charge shall not be less than an amount equivalent to one-half of 1 per centum per annum nor more than an amount equivalent to 1 1/2 per centum per annum of the amount of the principal obligation of the mortgage outstanding at any time, without taking into account delinquent payments or prepayments. Such premium charges shall be payable by the mortgagee, either in cash, or in debentures issued by the Administrator under this title at par plus accrued interest, in such manner as may be prescribed by the Administrator: Provided, That the Administrator may require the payment of one or more such premium charges at the time the mortgage is insured, at such discount rate as he may prescribe not in excess of the interest rate specified in the mortgage. If the Administrator finds upon the presentation of a mortgage for insurance and the tender of the initial premium charge or charges so required that the mortgage complies with the provisions of this title, such mortgage may be accepted for insurance by endorsement or otherwise as the Administrator may prescribe; but no mortgage shall be accepted for insurance under this section unless the Administrator finds that the project with respect to which the mortgage is executed is economically sound. In the event that the principal obligation of any mortgage accepted for insurance under this title is paid in full prior to the maturity date, the Administrator is further authorized
Refund of current unearned premium charges.

Contract conclusive evidence of eligibility; validity.

Foreclosures; payment of insurance.

Conditions.

Termination of obligation to pay premium charges.

Debentures and certificates of claim.

Value of mortgage, determination.

Proviso.

in his discretion to require the payment by the mortgagee of an adjusted premium charge in such amount as the Administrator determines to be equitable, but not in excess of the aggregate amount of the premium charges that the mortgagee would otherwise have been required to pay if the mortgage had continued to be insured under this section until such maturity date; and in the event that the principal obligation is paid in full as herein set forth, and a mortgage on the same property is accepted for insurance at the time of such payment, the Administrator is authorized to refund to the mortgagee for the account of the mortgagor all, or such portion as he shall determine to be equitable, of the current unearned premium charges theretofore paid.

"(d) Any contract of insurance heretofore or hereafter executed by the Administrator under this title shall be conclusive evidence of the eligibility of the mortgage for insurance, and the validity of any contract of insurance so executed shall be incontestable in the hands of an approved mortgagee from the date of the execution of such contract, except for fraud or misrepresentation on the part of such approved mortgagee.

"SEC. 604. (a) In any case in which the mortgagee under a mortgage insured under this title shall have foreclosed and taken possession of the mortgaged property, in accordance with regulations of, and within a period to be determined by, the Administrator, or shall, with the consent of the Administrator, have otherwise acquired such property from the mortgagor after default, the mortgagee shall be entitled to receive the benefit of the insurance as hereinafter provided, upon (1) the prompt conveyance to the Administrator of title to the property which meets the requirements of rules and regulations of the Administrator in force at the time the mortgage was insured, and which is evidenced in the manner prescribed by such rules and regulations; and (2) the assignment to him of all claims of the mortgagee against the mortgagor or others, arising out of the mortgage transaction or foreclosure proceedings, except such claims as may have been released with the consent of the Administrator. Upon such conveyance and assignment the obligation of the mortgagee to pay the premium charges for insurance shall cease and the Administrator shall, subject to the cash adjustment hereinafter provided, issue to the mortgagee debentures having a total face value equal to the value of the mortgage and a certificate of claim, as hereinafter provided. For the purposes of this subsection, the value of the mortgage shall be determined, in accordance with rules and regulations prescribed by the Administrator, by adding to the amount of the original principal obligation of the mortgage which was unpaid on the date of the institution of foreclosure proceedings, or on the date of the acquisition of the property after default other than by foreclosure, the amount of all payments which have been made by the mortgagee for taxes, ground rents, and water rates, which are liens prior to the mortgage, special assessments which are noted on the application for insurance or which become liens after the insurance of the mortgaged property, and any mortgage insurance premiums paid after either of such dates and by deducting from such total amount any amount received on account of the mortgage after either of such dates, and any amount received as rent or other income from the property, less reasonable expenses incurred in handling the property, after either of such dates: Provided, That with respect to mortgages which are foreclosed before there shall have been paid on account of the principal obligation of the mortgage a sum equal to 10 per centum of the appraised value of the property
as of the date the mortgage was accepted for insurance, there may be included in the debentures issued by the Administrator, on account of the cost of foreclosure (or of acquiring the property by other means) actually paid by the mortgagee and approved by the Administrator an amount—

"(1) not in excess of 2 per centum of the unpaid principal of the mortgage as of the date of the institution of foreclosure proceedings and not in excess of $75; or

"(2) not in excess of two-thirds of such cost, whichever is the greater.

"(b) The Administrator may at any time, under such terms and conditions as he may prescribe, consent to the release of the mortgagor from his liability under the mortgage or the credit instrument secured thereby, or consent to the release of parts of the mortgaged property from the lien of the mortgage: Provided, That the mortgagor shall not be released from such liability in any case until the Administrator is satisfied that the mortgaged property has been sold to a purchaser satisfactory to the Administrator, and that such purchaser has paid on account of the purchase price, in cash or its equivalent, at least 10 per centum of the appraised value of such property as determined by the Administrator as of the date the mortgage is accepted for insurance.

"(c) Debentures issued under this section shall be in such form and denominations in multiples of $50, shall be subject to such terms and conditions, and shall include such provisions for redemption, if any, as may be prescribed by the Administrator with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, and may be in coupon or registered form. Any difference between the value of the mortgage determined as herein provided and the aggregate face value of the debentures issued, not to exceed $50, shall be adjusted by the payment of cash by the Administrator to the mortgagee from the Defense Housing Insurance Fund.

"(d) The debentures issued under this section to any mortgagee shall be executed in the name of the Defense Housing Insurance Fund as obligor, shall be signed by the Administrator by either his written or engraved signature, and shall be negotiable. All such debentures shall be dated as of the date foreclosure proceedings were instituted, or the property was otherwise acquired by the mortgagee after default, and shall bear interest from such date at a rate determined by the Administrator, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, at the time the mortgage was offered for insurance, but not to exceed 3 per centum per annum, payable semiannually on the first day of January and the first day of July of each year, and shall mature three years after the first day of July following the maturity date of the mortgage on the property in exchange for which the debentures were issued. Such debentures shall be exempt, both as to principal and interest, from all taxation (except surtaxes, estate, inheritance, and gift taxes) now or hereafter imposed by any Territory, dependency, or possession of the United States, or by the District of Columbia, or by any State, county, municipality, or local taxing authority, and shall be paid out of the Defense Housing Insurance Fund, which shall be primarily liable therefor, and they shall be fully and unconditionally guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States, and such guaranty shall be expressed on the face of the debentures. In the event that the Defense Housing Insurance Fund fails to pay upon demand, when due, the principal of or interest on any debentures issued under this section, the Secretary of the Treasury shall pay to the holders the amount thereof which is hereby authorized to be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not
Certificate of claim.

"(e) The certificate of claim issued by the Administrator to any mortgagee shall be for an amount which the Administrator determines to be sufficient, when added to the face value of the debentures issued and the cash adjustment paid to the mortgagee, to equal the amount which the mortgagee would have received if, at the time of the conveyance to the Administrator of the property covered by the mortgage, the mortgagor had redeemed the property and paid in full all obligations under the mortgage and a reasonable amount for necessary expenses incurred by the mortgagee in connection with the foreclosure proceedings, or the acquisition of the mortgaged property otherwise, and the conveyance thereof to the Administrator. Each such certificate of claim shall provide that there shall accrue to the holder of such certificate with respect to the face amount of such certificate, an increment at the rate of 3 per centum per annum which shall not be compounded. The amount to which the holder of any such certificate shall be entitled shall be determined as provided in subsection (f).

Excess net earnings.

"(f) If the net amount realized from any property conveyed to the Administrator under this section and the claim assigned therewith, after deducting all expenses incurred by the Administrator in handling, dealing with, and disposing of such property and in collecting such claims, exceeds the face value of the debentures issued and the cash paid in exchange for such property plus all interest paid on such debentures, such excess shall be divided as follows:

"(1) If such excess is greater than the total amount payable under the certificate of claim issued in connection with such property, the Administrator shall pay to the holder of such certificate the full amount so payable, and any excess remaining thereafter shall be paid to the mortgagor of such property; and

"(2) If such excess is equal to or less than the total amount payable under such certificate of claim, the Administrator shall pay to the holder of such certificate the full amount of such excess.

Handling and disposal of real property.

"(g) Notwithstanding any other provision of law relating to the acquisition, handling, or disposal of real property by the United States, the Administrator shall have power to deal with, complete, rent, renovate, modernize, insure, make contracts or establish suitable agencies for the management of, or sell for cash or credit, in his discretion, any properties conveyed to him in exchange for debentures and certificates of claim as provided in this section; and notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Administrator shall also have power to pursue to final collection, by way of compromise or otherwise, all claims against mortgagors assigned by mortgagees to the Administrator as provided in this section, except that no suit or action shall be commenced by the Administrator against any such mortgagor on account of any claim so assigned unless such suit or action is commenced within six months after the assignment of such claim to the Administrator, or within six months after the last payment was made to the Administrator with respect to the claim so assigned, whichever is later: Provided, That section 3709 of the Revised Statutes shall not be construed to apply to any contract for hazard insurance, or to any purchase or contract for services or supplies on account of such property if the amount thereof does not exceed $1,000. The power to convey and to execute in the name of
the Administrator deeds of conveyances, deeds of release, assignments, and satisfactions of mortgages, and any other written instrument relating to real property or any interest therein heretofore or hereafter acquired by the Administrator pursuant to the provisions of this Act, may be exercised by the Administrator or by any Assistant Administrator appointed by him, without the execution of any express delegation of power or power of attorney: Provided. That nothing in this subsection shall be construed to prevent the Administrator from delegating such power by order or by power of attorney in his discretion, to any officer, agent, or employee he may appoint.

"(h) No mortgagee or mortgagor shall have and no certificate of claim shall be construed to give to any mortgagee or mortgagor, any right or interest in any property conveyed to the Administrator or in any claim assigned to him; nor shall the Administrator owe any duty to any mortgagee or mortgagor with respect to the handling or disposal of any such property or the collection of any such claim.

"SEC. 605. (a) Moneys in the Defense Housing Insurance Fund not needed for the current operations of the Federal Housing Administration under this title shall be deposited with the Treasurer of the United States to the credit of the Defense Housing Insurance Fund, or invested in bonds or other obligations of, or in bonds or other obligations guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States. The Administrator may, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, purchase in the open market debentures issued under the provisions of section 604. Such purchases shall be made at a price which will provide an investment yield of not less than the yield obtainable from other investments authorized by this section. Debentures so purchased shall be canceled and not reissued.

"(b) Premium charges, adjusted premium charges, and appraisal and other fees received on account of the insurance of any mortgage accepted for insurance under this title, the receipts derived from the property covered by such mortgage and claims assigned to the Administrator in connection therewith shall be credited to the Defense Housing Insurance Fund. The principal of, and interest paid and to be paid on debentures issued under this title, cash adjustments, and expenses incurred in the handling, management, renovation, and disposal of properties acquired under the title shall be charged to the Defense Housing Insurance Fund.

"SEC. 606. Nothing in this title shall be construed to exempt any real property acquired and held by the Administrator under this title from taxation by any State or political subdivision thereof, to the same extent, according to its value, as other real property is taxed.

"SEC. 607. The Administrator is authorized and directed to make such rules and regulations as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this title."

"SEC. 2. Section 1 of title I of such Act, as amended, is further amended by striking the words "titles II and III" each time they appear, and inserting in lieu thereof the words "titles II, III, and VI".

"SEC. 3. Section 5 of title I of such Act, as amended, is amended by striking the words "titles II and III" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "titles II, III, and VI".

"SEC. 4. (a) Section 201 of title II of such Act, as amended, is amended (1) by striking out the words "district, or Territory" in subsection (a) of such section, and (2) by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(d) The term 'State' includes the several States, and Alaska, Hawaii, Puerto Rico, the District of Columbia, and the Virgin Islands."
(b) Section 207 (a) of title II of such Act, as amended, is amended
(1) by striking out the words “district, or Territory” in paragraph (1)
of such section, and (2) by adding at the end thereof the following new
paragraph:
“(7) The term ‘State’ includes the several States, and Alaska,
Hawaii, Puerto Rico, the District of Columbia, and the Virgin Islands.”

(c) Section 209 of title II of such Act, as amended, is amended by
striking out the words “Fund and the Housing Fund” and inserting in
lieu thereof the words “Fund, the Housing Fund, and the Defense
Housing Insurance Fund”.

Sec. 5. Section 301 (a) (2) of title III of such Act, as amended, is
further amended by striking the words “title II” and inserting in lieu
thereof the words “titles II and VI”.

Sec. 6. The first sentence of section 302 of title III of such Act, as
amended, is further amended, by striking the words “title II” and
inserting in lieu thereof the words “titles II and VI”.

Sec. 7. Section 10 (a) of the Federal Home Loan Bank Act, as
amended, is further amended, by striking the words “title II” and
inserting in lieu thereof the words “titles II and VI”.

Sec. 8. The third sentence of section 24 of the Federal Reserve Act
as amended, is further amended by striking the words “Title II” and
inserting therein the words “Titles II and VI”.

Sec. 9. If any provision of this Act, or the application thereof to
any person or circumstances, is held invalid, the remainder of the Act,
and the application of such provision to other persons or circumstances,
shall not be affected thereby.

Approved, March 28, 1941.

[CHAPTER 32]

AN ACT

Making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the
fiscal year ending June 30, 1941, and prior fiscal years, to provide supplemental
appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1941, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the
United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following
sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not other-
wise appropriated, to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for
the fiscal year ending June 30, 1941, and prior fiscal years, to provide
supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1941,
and for other purposes, namely:

TITLE I—GENERAL APPROPRIATIONS

LEGISLATIVE

SENATE

For payment to Mimosas Gates Pittman, widow of Key Pittman,
late a Senator from the State of Nevada, $10,000.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

For payment to the widow of William D. Byron, late a Representa-
tive from the State of Maryland, $10,000.

For payment to the widow of Sam C. Massingale, late a Representa-
tive from the State of Oklahoma, $10,000.

For payment to the widow of Kenneth F. Simpson, late a Representa-
tive from the State of New York, $10,000.

The three foregoing items to be disbursed by the Sergeant at Arms
of the House of Representatives.
CONTINGENT EXPENSES

Special and select committees: For an additional amount for expenses of special and select committees authorized by the House, fiscal year 1941, $50,000.

JUDICIARY

UNITED STATES COURTS

Fees of commissioners: For additional amounts for fees of commissioners, United States courts, for the following fiscal years:

For 1937, $675.
For 1939, $781.93.

EXECUTIVE

INDEPENDENT ESTABLISHMENTS

EMPLOYEES' COMPENSATION COMMISSION

Appropriations or funds available during the fiscal years 1941 and 1942 for payments of benefits under the Act of September 7, 1916, as amended, and extended to enrollees of the Civilian Conservation Corps and to persons receiving compensation from the appropriations of the National Youth Administration for services rendered as employees of the United States, are hereby made available for payment to or reimbursement of agencies of the Federal Government for medical, surgical, and hospital services and supplies furnished by such agencies to beneficiaries of such Act.

FEDERAL LOAN AGENCY

EXPORT-IMPORT BANK OF WASHINGTON

For an additional amount for administrative expenses of the Export-Import Bank of Washington, fiscal year 1941, including the same objects specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1941, $40,000, payable from the funds of the Export-Import Bank of Washington.

FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANK BOARD

For an additional amount for administrative expenses of the Federal Home Loan Bank Board, fiscal year 1941, including the same objects specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1941, $50,000, payable from assessments upon the Federal home-loan banks and receipts of the Federal Home Loan Bank Board from other sources for the fiscal year 1941 and prior fiscal years.

RECONSTRUCTION FINANCE CORPORATION

MORTGAGE COMPANY

Reconstruction Finance Corporation and The RFC Mortgage Company: For an additional amount for administrative expenses of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation and The RFC Mortgage Company, fiscal year 1941, including the same objects specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1941, $600,000, payable from the funds of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation.
Transfer of funds.

The Federal Security Agency Appropriation Act, 1941, as amended by the First Supplemental Civil Functions Appropriation Act, 1941, approved October 9, 1940, is further amended by striking out the figures "$166,880,000" under the heading "Civilian Conservation Corps" and inserting in lieu thereof "$165,380,000": Provided, That the $1,500,000 transferred hereby from the amount available for "Pay, subsistence, clothing (and repair thereof), transportation, and hospitalization of enrollees" and thereby made available for expenditure for other expenses of the Civilian Conservation Corps shall continue available until June 30, 1942: Provided further, That of the funds hereby transferred not more than $75,000 may be used for new repair shops, including equipment therefor.

SOCIAL SECURITY BOARD

Grants to States for unemployment compensation administration: For an additional amount for grants to States for unemployment compensation administration, as authorized in title III of the Social Security Act, approved August 14, 1935, as amended, fiscal year 1941, $3,000,000.

Grants to States for public employment offices: For an additional amount for payments to the several States in accordance with the provisions of the Act of June 6, 1933 (29 U. S. C. 49-491), as amended, $103,000.

Salaries and expenses: Notwithstanding the 10 per centum limitation specified in the last proviso under the appropriation heading "Salaries and Expenses, Social Security Board" in the Labor-Federal Security Appropriation Act, 1941, with respect to increases in the amounts available for the several classes of objects of expenditure appearing in the Budget for 1941, the amount which may be expended from such appropriation for the object designated in the Budget "1360, Operation and Maintenance" is hereby increased to $200,000.

NATIONAL YOUTH ADMINISTRATION

For additional amounts for the National Youth Administration, fiscal year 1941, to be expended in accordance with the provisions of the National Youth Administration Appropriation Act, 1941, except that all training or educational programs for youth employed by the National Youth Administration on work projects shall be under the control and supervision of the State boards for vocational education of the several States and shall be paid for out of appropriations made to the Office of Education and expended by the States pursuant to plans submitted by State boards for vocational education and approved by the Commissioner of Education as provided for in First Supplemental Civil Functions Appropriation Act, 1941, under the heading, "Office of Education", paragraph (5), and except as hereinafter provided, for the following purposes:

For the purposes and objects specified in paragraph 1 (b) of such Act, $21,980,000, of which $25,000 shall be available to the United States Employees' Compensation Commission for the purposes of paragraph 18 of such Act.

For salaries and other administrative expenses specified in paragraph 2 of such Act, $500,000, of which sum so much as may be necessary may be transferred to appropriations of the Treasury Department in accordance with and for the purposes of such paragraph.

For printing and binding, $20,000.
FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY

National-defense housing: For an additional amount to enable the Federal Works Administrator to carry out the purposes of the Act entitled “An Act to expedite the provision of housing in connection with national defense, and for other purposes”, approved October 14, 1940 (Public Numbered 849), $75,000,000, to remain available until expended and to be expended in accordance with the authority and limitations applying to the expenditure of funds under such Act and Public Resolution Numbered 106, approved October 14, 1940, for the liquidation of contractual obligations authorized to be incurred by such public resolution.

RAILROAD RETIREMENT BOARD

Salaries: For an additional amount for salaries, fiscal year 1941, including the same objects specified under this head in the Railroad Retirement Board Appropriation Act, 1941, $244,000.

Miscellaneous expenses: For an additional amount for miscellaneous expenses, fiscal year 1941, including the same objects specified under this head in the Railroad Retirement Board Appropriation Act, 1941, $210,000.

Printing and binding: For an additional amount for printing and binding for the Railroad Retirement Board, fiscal year 1941, $8,000.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA EMPLOYEES' COMPENSATION FUND

For an additional amount for the fiscal year 1941 for carrying out the provisions of section 11 of the District of Columbia Appropriation Act approved July 11, 1919, extending to the employees of the government of the District of Columbia the provisions of the Act entitled “An Act to provide compensation for employees of the United States suffering injuries while in the performance of their duties, and for other purposes”, approved September 7, 1916, $15,000.

RECORER OF DEEDS OFFICE

For an additional amount for personal services, fiscal year 1941, $3,970.

For an additional amount for miscellaneous and contingent expenses, fiscal year 1941, including the same objects specified under the head in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1941, $2,750.

CONTINGENT AND MISCELLANEOUS

For payment to Joseph Sharfsin, Esquire, of the Philadelphia bar, for retainer fee covering professional services heretofore rendered the District of Columbia as special counsel representing the interests of the District of Columbia in re First and Final Account of Girard Trust Company, trustee under deed of trust of Helen M. Fink (now deceased), dated April 10, 1929, Numbered 2446, in the Court of Common Pleas, Numbered 4 of Philadelphia County, and including the perfecting of appeal without bond from judgment of said court to the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, $1,500: Provided, That the Commissioners of the District of Columbia are hereby authorized and directed to pay to said Joseph Sharfsin, Esquire, in full satisfaction of all fees and charges for professional services rendered the District of Columbia in the above matter for carrying said cause to conclusion in the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania and in any subsequent proceedings, 10 per centum of the amount actually awarded to and received by the District of Columbia in said cause, less the sum of $1,500.
For an additional amount for the fiscal year 1941 for assessment and permit work, sewers, $160,000.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Buildings and grounds: For the construction of an eight-room extensible elementary school building on a site to be acquired in the vicinity of Minnesota Avenue and Ely Place Southeast, $180,000, to remain available until expended.
For the purchase of school building and playground sites as follows:
For the purchase of a site in the vicinity of Minnesota Avenue and Ely Place Southeast, for the construction of an elementary school;
For the purchase of a site in the vicinity of Pennsylvania and Alabama Avenues Southeast, for the construction of an elementary school;
In all, $65,000, to remain available until expended.

PUBLIC WELFARE

District Training School: For replacement of laundry equipment, fiscal year 1941, $7,000.

HIGHWAY FUND, GASOLINE TAX AND MOTOR VEHICLE FEES

Street improvements: For grading, paving, surfacing, and otherwise improving such unpaved or inadequately surfaced streets, avenues, and roads in newly developed areas as may be designated by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia and such curbing, gutters, and drainage facilities as may be necessary to insure reasonably satisfactory conditions pending permanent and final improvement, including all necessary expenses incident thereto, fiscal year 1941, $250,000, to remain available until June 30, 1942, and to be paid wholly out of the special fund created by the Act entitled “An Act to provide for a tax on motor-vehicle fuels sold within the District of Columbia, and for other purposes”, approved April 23, 1924 (43 Stat. 106), and the Act entitled “An Act to provide additional revenue for the District of Columbia and for other purposes”, approved August 17, 1937.

WASHINGTON AQUEDUCT

Washington Aqueduct: For effecting changes in the Dalecarlia hydroelectric station to permit of its conversion, in cases of emergency, into a pumping station for lifting raw water from the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal into the Dalecarlia Reservoir, and for all necessary expenses incident thereto, fiscal year 1941, $75,000, to continue available until June 30, 1942.
For construction of protective fencing around the intakes at Great Falls, the Dalecarlia Reservoir reservation, the Dalecarlia filter plant, the McMillan filter plant, and several isolated works, and for all necessary expenses incident thereto, fiscal year 1941, $65,000.
For an additional amount for the operation, maintenance, and repair of Washington aqueducts and their accessories, including the purchase of uniforms for guards and one additional passenger-carrying motor vehicle at a cost of not to exceed $650, fiscal year 1941, $18,190.
Water Department: For an additional amount for the fiscal year 1941 for extension of the water department distribution system, laying of such service mains as may be necessary under the assessment system, $150,000.
The foregoing sums under the water service shall be paid wholly out of the revenues of the Water Department of the District of Columbia.

JUDGMENTS

For the payment of final judgments, including costs, rendered against the District of Columbia, as set forth in House Document Numbered 64 of the Seventy-seventh Congress, $10,297.75, together with the further sum to pay the interest at not exceeding 4 per centum per annum on such judgments, as provided by law, from the date the same became due until the date of payment.

DIVISION OF EXPENSES

The foregoing sums for the District of Columbia, unless otherwise therein specifically provided, shall be paid out of the revenues of the District of Columbia and the Treasury of the United States in the manner prescribed by the District of Columbia Appropriation Acts for the respective fiscal years for which such sums are provided.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

FOREST SERVICE

National forest protection and management: For an additional amount for national forest protection and management, fiscal year 1941, including the same objects specified under this head in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1941, $50,000.

Fighting forest fires: For an additional amount for fighting and preventing forest fires, fiscal year 1941, including the same objects specified under this head in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1941, $3,480,000.

BUREAU OF ENTOMOLOGY AND PLANT QUARANTINE

Foreign plant quarantines: For an additional amount for the enforcement of foreign plant quarantines, fiscal year 1941, including the same objects specified under this head in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1941, $18,000.

Control of incipient and emergency outbreaks of insect pests and plant diseases: To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to carry out the provisions of and for expenditures authorized by the public resolution approved May 9, 1938 (7 U. S. C. 148-148e), fiscal year 1941, to remain available until June 30, 1942. $2,225,000: Provided, That no part of this sum allocated for expenditure in connection with the control and prevention of spread of the white-fringed beetle shall be used in any State without the request of the Governor of such State.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

BONNEVILLE POWER ADMINISTRATION

Construction, operation, and maintenance, Bonneville transmission system: For an additional amount for construction, operation, and maintenance, including the same objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1941, to remain available until expended, $1,000,000.

GENERAL LAND OFFICE

Revested Oregon and California Railroad and Reconveyed Coos Bay Wagon Road Grant Lands, Oregon: For an additional amount for carrying out the provisions of title I of the Act entitled "An Act relating to the revested Oregon and California Railroad and
Reconveyed Coos Bay Wagon Road Grant Lands situated in the State of Oregon", approved August 28, 1937 (50 Stat. 874), fiscal year 1941, $20,000: Provided, That such expenditures shall be reimbursed from the 25 per centum referred to in section c, title II of the Act approved August 28, 1937, of the special fund designated the "Oregon and California Land Grant Fund" and section 4 of the Act approved May 24, 1939, of the special fund designated the "Coos Bay Wagon Road Grant Fund".

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

Payment to Cherokee Indians: For payment to the Cherokee Indian Nation or Tribe, as authorized by the Act of November 27, 1940 (54 Stat. 1218), entitled "An Act for the relief of the Cherokee Indian Nation or Tribe, and for other purposes", $2,185.72, with interest at 5 per centum from June 30, 1919, to the date of this Act.

Purchase and transportation of Indian supplies: For additional amounts for expenses of purchase and transportation of goods and supplies for the Indian Service for the following fiscal years:

For 1937, $674.69;
For 1940, $120,000.

BUREAU OF RECLAMATION

COLORADO RIVER DAM FUND

Boulder Canyon project: For an additional amount for the construction of the Boulder Dam and incidental works in the main stream of the Colorado River at Black Canyon, including the same objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1941, $1,000,000, to remain available until advanced to the Colorado River Dam fund; and the limitation of $500,000 under this head in such Act on the amount available from power and other revenues for the operation and maintenance of the Boulder Dam, power plant, and other facilities is hereby increased to $750,000.

Grand Coulee Dam project, Washington: For an additional amount for construction of the Grand Coulee Dam and appurtenant works, including the same objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1941, $7,500,000, to remain available until expended and to be reimbursed under the reclamation law.

BUREAU OF MINES

Helium plants and investigations: To enable the Secretary of the Interior to increase and improve the production capacity of the helium plant located at Amarillo, Texas, by the construction and equipment of buildings or additions to existing buildings, the drilling of wells and construction of pipe lines, and other appurtenant facilities, and to conduct investigations with respect to available resources of helium-bearing gas, and for all necessary expenses incident to the foregoing, including the employment by contract or otherwise, at such rates of compensation as the Secretary of the Interior may determine, of engineers, architects, or firms or corporations thereof that are necessary to design and construct the buildings, structures, and equipment; supplies and equipment; travel expenses; purchases in the District of Columbia and elsewhere of furniture and equipment, stationery and supplies, typewriting, adding and computing machines, accessories and repairs; and including the purchase, not to exceed $5,250, and exchange as part payment for, operation, maintenance, and repair of passenger-carrying automobiles for official use in field
work, and not to exceed $7,000 for personal services in the District of Columbia, fiscal year 1941, $175,000, to remain available until June 30, 1942.

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

Emergency reconstruction and fighting forest fires in national parks: For an additional amount for reconstruction and fighting forest fires in national parks, fiscal year 1941, including the same objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1941, $110,000.

GOVERNMENT IN THE TERRITORIES

Construction of Palmer-Richardson Road, Alaska: For commencement of construction of a road and necessary bridges between Palmer and the Richardson Highway, Alaska (within a limit of total cost of $1,500,000), and all necessary expenses incident thereto, $1,000,000, to remain available until expended.

Insane of Alaska: For an additional amount for care and custody of persons legally adjudged insane in Alaska, fiscal year 1940, including the same objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1940, $157.58.

Defraying deficits in treasuries of municipal governments, Virgin Islands: For an additional amount for defraying the deficits in the treasuries of the municipal governments because of excess of current expenses over current revenues for the fiscal year 1941 as follows: Municipality of Saint Thomas and Saint John, $29,933.78, to be used for the refund of income taxes in the amount of $25,140.31 erroneously collected by said municipality, together with interest thereon; municipality of Saint Croix, $28,500, to be paid to the treasury of said municipality in monthly installments; in all, $58,433.78.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

Contingent expenses: For an additional amount for contingent expenses, Department of Justice, fiscal year 1937, including the same objects specified under this head in the Department of Justice Appropriation Act, 1937, $104.05.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Salaries and expenses, detection and prosecution of crimes (emergency): For an additional amount for salaries and expenses, fiscal year 1941, including the same objects specified under this head in the Department of Justice Appropriation Act, 1941, $975,000.

Claim for damages: For the payment of claims for damages to any person or damages to or loss of privately owned property caused by employees of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, acting within the scope of their employment, considered, adjusted, and determined by the Attorney General, under the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the adjustment and settlement of certain claims arising out of the activities of the Federal Bureau of Investigation", approved March 20, 1936 (5 U. S. C. 300b), as fully set forth in House Document Numbered 103, Seventy-seventh Congress, $169.50.

IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE

Salaries, Office of Commissioner (departmental salaries): For an additional amount for personal services in the District of Columbia, fiscal year 1941, $200,000.
Salaries, field service: For an additional amount for salaries, field service, fiscal year 1941, including the same objects specified under this head in the Department of Labor Appropriation Act, 1941, $200,000.

Salaries and expenses, Immigration and Naturalization Service (alien registration): For an additional amount for salaries and expenses, Immigration and Naturalization Service (alien registration), fiscal year 1941, including the same objects specified under this head in the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1940, $2,900,000.

The sum of $105,000 of the unobligated balance of the appropriation “General Expenses, Immigration and Naturalization Service, 1941” is hereby transferred and made available for the purposes of the appropriations to which transferred, as follows: The sum of $35,000 to “Traveling Expenses, Immigration and Naturalization Service, 1941”; the sum of $20,000 to “Contingent Expenses, Immigration and Naturalization Service, 1941”; and the sum of $50,000 to “Printing and Binding, Immigration and Naturalization Service, 1941”.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

WAGE AND HOUR DIVISION

Salaries: Not to exceed $29,000 of the appropriation “Salaries, Wage and Hour Division, Department of Labor, 1941”, may be transferred to the appropriation “Miscellaneous Expenses, Wage and Hour Division, Department of Labor, 1941”, and not to exceed $5,000 of the appropriation “Salaries, Wage and Hour Division, Department of Labor, 1941”, may be transferred to the appropriation “Contingent Expenses, Department of Labor, 1941”.

NAVY DEPARTMENT

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Claims for damages by collision with naval vessels: To pay claims for damages adjusted and determined by the Secretary of the Navy under the provisions of the Act entitled “An Act to amend the Act authorizing the Secretary of the Navy to settle claims for damages to private property arising from collisions with naval vessels”, approved December 28, 1929, as fully set forth in Senate Document Numbered 24, and House Document Numbered 104, Seventy-seventh Congress, $1,133.57.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

(OUT OF THE POSTAL REVENUES)

OFFICE OF CHIEF INSPECTOR

Salaries of inspectors: For an additional amount for salaries of inspectors, fiscal year 1941, $9,000: Provided, That the number of inspectors that may be employed is hereby increased from six hundred to six hundred and twenty for the remainder of the fiscal year 1941.

OFFICE OF FIRST ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

Unusual conditions: For an additional amount for unusual conditions at post offices, fiscal year 1941, $50,000.

Miscellaneous items, first- and second-class post offices: For an additional amount for miscellaneous items, first- and second-class post offices, fiscal year 1941, including the same objects specified under this head in the Post Office Department Appropriation Act, 1941, $250,000.
Railway Mail Service, traveling expenses: For an additional amount for Railway Mail Service, traveling expenses, fiscal year 1941, including the same objects specified under this head in the Post Office Department Appropriation Act, 1941, $7,500.

Domestic air mail: For an additional amount for the inland transportation of mail by aircraft, fiscal year 1940, including the same objects specified under this head in the Post Office Department Appropriation Act, 1940, $285,000.

Unpaid money orders more than one year old: For an additional amount for payment of domestic money orders after one year from the last day of the month of issue of such orders, fiscal year 1941, $60,000.

Contingent expenses (departmental): For an additional amount for contingent expenses (departmental), fiscal year 1941, including the same objects specified under this head in the State Department Appropriation Act, 1941, $37,500, of which amount there may be expended not to exceed $10,000 for the purchase of typewriters, adding machines, and other labor-saving devices, including rental, exchange, and repair thereof.

Salaries, Ambassadors and Ministers: During the period of the existing state of emergency proclaimed by the President on September 8, 1939, any Ambassador or Minister whose salary as such is payable from the appropriation “Salaries, Ambassadors and Ministers” and who prior to appointment as Ambassador or Minister was legally appointed and served as a diplomatic or consular officer of career or as a Foreign Service officer, and who on account of emergent conditions abroad is unable properly to serve the United States at his regular post of duty, or on account of such emergent conditions abroad it shall be or has been found necessary in the public interest to terminate his appointment as Ambassador or Minister at such post, may be appointed or assigned to serve in any capacity in which a Foreign Service officer is authorized by law to serve, and, notwithstanding the provisions of any other law, the payment from such appropriation for the fiscal years 1941 and 1942 of the salary of such officer, while serving under such assignment, is hereby authorized: Provided, That no person, while serving under such emergency appointment or assignment, shall receive compensation in excess of $9,000 per annum while serving in continental United States or in excess of $10,000 per annum while serving elsewhere.

The appropriation for “Salaries of Ambassadors and Ministers” contained in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1941, shall be available for the salary of an Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to Uruguay at the rate of $17,500 per annum.

Transportation, Foreign Service: For an additional amount for transportation, Foreign Service, fiscal year 1941, including the same objects specified under this head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1941, $393,000.
Salaries of clerks, Foreign Service: For an additional amount for salaries of clerks, Foreign Service, fiscal year 1941, including the same objects specified under this head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1941, $94,000.

Miscellaneous salaries and allowances, Foreign Service: For an additional amount for miscellaneous salaries and allowances, Foreign Service, fiscal year 1941, including the same objects specified under this head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1941, $15,000.

Contingent expenses, Foreign Service: For an additional amount for contingent expenses, Foreign Service, fiscal year 1941, including the same objects specified under this head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1941, $650,000.

INTERNATIONAL COMMISSIONS, CONFERENCES, CONGRESSES, AND SO FORTH

International Joint Commission, United States and Great Britain: For an additional amount for salaries and expenses, fiscal year 1941, including the same objects specified under this head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1941, $2,000.

Mixed Claims Commission, United States and Germany: For completing the work of the Mixed Claims Commission, United States and Germany, fiscal year 1941, including the same objects specified under this head in the First Deficiency Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1936, $9,500.

Eighth Pan American Child Congress: For the expenses of organizing and holding the Eighth Pan American Child Congress in the United States in 1941, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, without regard to classification laws; stenographic reporting, translating, and other services by contract, if deemed necessary, without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (41 U. S. C. 5); communication service; rent; travel expenses; local transportation; transportation of things; purchase of necessary books, documents, newspapers, and periodicals; stationery; equipment; official cards; printing and binding; costs of assembling, installing, packing, transporting, safekeeping, demonstrating, and renovating a suitable exhibit, by contract, if deemed necessary, without regard to said section 3709, and the purchase of supplies incident thereto; entertainment and other expenses which may be actually and necessarily incurred by the Government of the United States in the observance of appropriate courtesies to foreign participants; and such other expenses as may be authorized by the Secretary of State, including the reimbursement of other appropriations from which payments may have been made for any of the purposes herein specified, fiscal years 1941 and 1942, $9,000: Provided, That the unexpended balance of the appropriation “Eighth Pan American Child Congress, San Jose, Costa Rica” made in the Urgent Deficiency and Supplemental Appropriation Act, fiscal years 1939 and 1940, approved June 30, 1939, and continued available for the same purposes in the “Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1940”, approved June 27, 1940, is hereby made available for the purposes enumerated herein, and continued available until June 30, 1942.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Foreign-owned property control: For an additional amount for “Salaries and Expenses, Foreign-owned Property Control”, fiscal year 1941, including the same objects specified under this head in the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1940, $650,000.
DIVISION OF PRINTING

Salaries: For an additional amount for personal services in the District of Columbia, fiscal year 1941, $540.

Printing and binding: For an additional amount for printing and binding, Treasury Department, fiscal year 1941, including the same objects specified under this head in the Treasury Department Appropriation Act, 1941, $64,500.

Stationery: For an additional amount for stationery, Treasury Department, fiscal year 1941, including the same objects specified under this head in the Treasury Department Appropriation Act, 1941, $85,000.

BUREAU OF ACCOUNTS

Contingent expenses, public moneys: For an additional amount for contingent expenses, public moneys, fiscal year 1941, including the same objects specified under this head in the Treasury Department Appropriation Act, 1941, $40,000.

BUREAU OF THE PUBLIC DEBT

Expenses of loans: The limitation on the amount that may be obligated during the fiscal year 1941 under the indefinite appropriation “Expenses of Loans, Act of September 24, 1917, as Amended and Extended”, contained in the Treasury Department Appropriation Act, 1941, is hereby increased from $4,000,000 to $5,500,000: Provided, That such appropriation shall be available during the fiscal years 1941 and 1942 for the payment of all necessary expenses connected with public debt issues or with any refunding operations, to be expended as the Secretary of the Treasury may direct.

BUREAU OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Refunding internal revenue collections: For an additional amount for refunding internal revenue collections, fiscal year 1941, including the same objects specified under this head in the Treasury Department Appropriation Act, 1941, $15,000,000.

COAST GUARD

Pay and allowances: For an additional amount for pay and allowances, Coast Guard, fiscal year 1941, including the same objects specified under this head in the Treasury Department Appropriation Act, 1941, $380,000.

General expenses: For an additional amount for general expenses, Coast Guard, fiscal year 1941, including the same objects specified under this head in the Treasury Department Appropriation Act, 1941, $2,159,800, to remain available until June 30, 1942.

Emergency construction, vessels and shore facilities: For an additional amount for emergency construction, Coast Guard, vessels and shore facilities, fiscal year 1941, including the same objects specified under this head in the First Supplemental Civil Functions Appropriations Act, 1941, $457,500.

Special projects, vessels, and aids to navigation: For an additional amount for special projects, vessels, and aids to navigation, fiscal year 1941, $7,466,800, of which amount $5,850,000 shall be available for constructing or purchasing and equipping lighthouse tenders and light vessels for the Coast Guard, and, in addition, the Secretary of the Treasury may enter into contracts for an amount not in excess of $500,000 in connection with five of such tenders to meet contingencies arising under escalator clauses in contracts for such tenders which
relate to increased costs of labor and material, and $1,616,600 shall be available for establishing and improving aids to navigation and other works.

Claims for damages, operation of vessels: To pay claims for damages adjusted and determined by the Secretary of the Treasury under the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the adjustment and settlement of certain claims for damages resulting from the operation of vessels of the Coast Guard and the Public Health Service, in sums not exceeding $3,000 in any one case", approved June 15, 1936, as fully set forth in House Document Numbered 106, Seventy-seventh Congress, $501.67.

WAR DEPARTMENT—MILITARY ACTIVITIES

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Claims for damages to and loss of private property: To pay claims for damages adjusted and determined by the Secretary of War under the provisions of an Act entitled "An Act making appropriations for the support of the Army for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1913, and for other purposes", approved August 24, 1912, as fully set forth in Senate Document Numbered 23, and House Document Numbered 110, Seventy-seventh Congress, $9,151.75. Relief of Howard R. M. Browne: For payment of Howard R. M. Browne, for baggage and property lost at La Nue, France, as authorized by the Act of October 14, 1940 (Private, Numbered 626, Seventy-sixth Congress), $137.

WAR DEPARTMENT—CIVIL FUNCTIONS

CORPS OF ENGINEERS

Rivers and harbors (National Defense): For an additional amount for the preservation and maintenance of existing river and harbor works and for the prosecution of projects authorized by the Act entitled "An Act authorizing the improvement of certain rivers and harbors in the interest of national defense, and for other purposes", approved October 17, 1940 (Public Act Numbered 868, Seventy-sixth Congress), and set forth in House Document Numbered 87, Seventy-seventh Congress, including the objects and under the conditions specified under this head in the War Department Civil Appropriation Act, 1941, $23,882,000, to be available until expended; and, in addition, the Chief of Engineers, when authorized by the Secretary of War, may enter into contracts prior to July 1, 1941, to an amount not in excess of $5,794,000 for the purposes for which this appropriation is available. Claim for damages, river and harbor work: To pay claims for damages under river and harbor work adjusted and determined by the War Department under the provision of section 9 of the River and Harbor Act, approved June 5, 1920 (33 U. S. C. 564), as set forth in House Document Numbered 105, Seventy-seventh Congress, $900.

THE PANAMA CANAL

Maintenance and operation: For an additional amount for maintenance and operation of the Panama Canal, fiscal year 1941, including the objects and conditions specified under this head in the War Department Civil Appropriation Act, 1941, $823,882,000, to be available until expended; and, in addition, the Chief of Engineers, when authorized by the Secretary of War, may enter into contracts prior to July 1, 1941, to an amount not in excess of $5,794,000 for the purposes for which this appropriation is available. No part of any appropriation or other fund contained in this title shall be used to pay the salary or wages of any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the United States Government.
of the Government of the United States by force or violence: 

*Provided*, That for the purposes hereof an affidavit shall be considered prima facie evidence that the person making the affidavit does not advocate, and is not a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: 

*Provided further*, That any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence and accepts employment the salary or wages for which are paid from any appropriation or fund in such title shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than $1,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both: 

*Provided further*, That the above penalty clause shall be in addition to, and not in substitution for, any other provisions of existing law.

**TITLE II—JUDGMENTS AND AUTHORIZED CLAIMS**

**PROPERTY DAMAGE CLAIMS**

**Sec. 201.** (a) For the payment of claims for damages to or losses of privately owned property adjusted and determined by the following respective departments and independent offices, under the provisions of the Act entitled “An Act to provide a method for the settlement of claims arising against the Government of the United States in the sums not exceeding $1,000 in any one case”, approved December 28, 1922 (31 U. S. C. 215), as fully set forth in House Document Numbered 102 of the Seventy-seventh Congress, as follows:

- Federal Security Agency, $42.35;
- Railroad Retirement Board, $10;
- Department of Agriculture, $3,199.14;
- Department of Commerce, $1,749.39;
- Department of the Interior, $1,557.01;
- Department of Justice, $37.01;
- Navy Department, $539.02;
- Treasury Department, $1,308.38;
- War Department, $4,981.31;
- Post Office Department, payable from postal revenues, $782.99;
- In all, $14,226.60.

(b) For the payment of claims for damages to or losses of privately owned property adjusted and determined by the following respective departments and independent offices, under the provisions of the Act entitled “An Act to provide a method for the settlement of claims arising against the Government of the United States in the sums not exceeding $1,000 in any one case”, approved December 28, 1922 (31 U. S. C. 215), as fully set forth in Senate Document Numbered 25, Seventy-seventh Congress, as follows:

- Federal Communications Commission, $11.50;
- Department of Agriculture, $828.69;
- Department of Commerce, $22.09;
- Department of the Interior, $1,448.02;
- Navy Department, $686.31;
- War Department, $1,331.13;
- In all, $4,327.74.

**JUDGMENTS, UNITED STATES COURTS**

**Sec. 202.** (a) For the payment of the final judgments, including costs of suits, which have been rendered under the provisions of the Act of March 3, 1887, entitled “An Act to provide for the bringing of suits against the Government of the United States”, as amended
by Section 297 of the Act of March 3, 1911 (28 U. S. C. 761), certified to the Seventy-seventh Congress in House Document Numbered 108, under the following departments and establishments:

Public Buildings Administration (Federal Works Agency), $2,199.54;
Work Projects Administration (Federal Works Agency), $528.50;
War Department, $536.90;
In all, $3,062.94 together with such additional sum as may be necessary to pay costs and interest as specified in such judgments or as provided by law.

(b) For the payment of judgments, including cost of suits, rendered against the Government of the United States by United States district courts under the provisions of an Act entitled “An Act authorizing suits against the United States in admiralty for damages caused by and salvage services rendered to public vessels belonging to the United States, and for other purposes”, approved March 3, 1925 (46 U. S. C. 781–789), certified to the Seventy-seventh Congress in House Document Numbered 108 under the following department:
Navy Department, $3,000, together with such additional sum as may be necessary to pay interest as and where specified in such judgment or as provided by law.

(c) For the payment of final judgments and decree in special cases rendered against the Government of the United States pursuant to authority contained in the Act approved August 26, 1937 (Private Act Numbered 390, Seventy-fifth Congress, first session, 50 Stat. 1097), and Act approved June 29, 1937 (Private Act Numbered 195, Seventy-fifth Congress, first session, 50 Stat. 1012), as certified to the Seventy-seventh Congress in Senate Document Numbered 27, under the Work Projects Administration, $1,500; and House Document Numbered 108, under the War Department, $5,400, and House Document Numbered 108, under the Work Projects Administration, $1,500;
In all, $6,900, together with such additional amounts as may be necessary to pay costs and interest as specified in such judgments or as provided by law.

(d) None of the judgments contained under this caption shall be paid until the right of appeal shall have expired except such as have become final and conclusive against the United States by failure of the parties to appeal or otherwise.

(e) Payment of interest wherever provided for judgments contained in this Act shall not in any case continue for more than thirty days after the date of approval of this Act.

JUDGMENTS, COURT OF CLAIMS

Sec. 203. (a) For payment of the judgments rendered by the Court of Claims and reported to the Seventy-seventh Congress in Senate Document Numbered 26, and House Document Numbered 107, under the following establishment and departments, namely:
Public Buildings Administration (Federal Works Agency), $11,482.49;
Department of Agriculture, $1,160;
Navy Department, $16,698.62;
Treasury Department, $1,892.05;
War Department, $536,205.96;
In all, $167,439.12, together with such additional sum as may be necessary to pay interest as and where specified in such judgments.

(b) None of the judgments contained under this caption shall be paid until the right of appeal shall have expired, except such as have become final and conclusive against the United States by failure of the parties to appeal or otherwise.
AUDITED CLAIMS

SEC. 204. (a) For the payment of the following claims, certified to be due by the General Accounting Office under appropriations the balances of which have been carried to the surplus fund under the provisions of section 5 of the Act of June 20, 1874 (31 U. S. C. 713), and under appropriations heretofore treated as permanent, being for the service of the fiscal year 1938 and prior years, unless otherwise stated, and which have been certified to Congress under section 2 of the Act of July 7, 1884 (5 U. S. C. 266), as fully set forth in House Document Numbered 113, Seventy-seventh Congress, there is appropriated as follows:

Legislative: For public printing and binding, Government Printing Office, $52,32.

Independent Offices: For National Industrial Recovery, Civil Works Administration, $15.
For Federal Civil Works Administration, $50.90.
For Securities and Exchange Commission, $255.
For traveling expenses, Civil Service Commission, $1.
For Federal Trade Commission, $83.25.
For Interstate Commerce Commission, $15.64.
For salaries and expenses, Railroad Retirement Board, $40.15.
For salaries and expenses, Federal Communications Commission, $11.50.
For salaries and expenses, National Labor Relations Board, $9.
For operations under Mineral Act of October 5, 1918, $148,693.66.
For salaries and expenses, Federal Housing Authority, $257.45.
For medical and hospital service, penal institutions (Justice transfer to Treasury, Public Health Service, Act June 16, 1937), $110.
For preventing the spread of epidemic diseases, $9.
For diseases and sanitation investigations, Public Health Service, $77.91.
For salaries and expenses, Social Security Board, $156.85.
For wage records, Social Security Board, $1.66.
For pay of personnel and maintenance of hospitals, Public Health Service, $1,675.84.
For repair, preservation, and equipment, public buildings, Procurement Division, $26.02.
For general administrative expenses, public buildings branch, Procurement Division, $16.00.

For medical and hospital services, Veterans' Bureau, $14.50.
For military and naval compensation, Veterans' Administration, $50.
For Army and Navy pensions, $50.
For salaries and expenses, Veterans' Administration, $699.46.

Department of Agriculture: For exportation and domestic consumption of agricultural commodities, Department of Agriculture (transfer to Federal Surplus Commodities Corporation, Act June 28, 1937), $1,921.97.
For salaries and expenses, Soil Conservation Service, $2,994.78.
For emergency conservation fund (transfer from War to Agriculture, Act March 31, 1933), $89.54.
For working fund, Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service (War Conservation Corps), $33.65.
For exportation and domestic consumption of agricultural commodities, Department of Agriculture, $646.38.
For farmers' crop-production and harvesting loans, Farm Credit Administration, $236.57.
For National Industrial Recovery, Interior, soil-erosion prevention (transfer to Agriculture), $12.90.
For loans to farmers in storm- and drought-stricken areas, Southern States, $11.56.
For loans, title I, Farm Tenant Act, Department of Agriculture, $6.
For agricultural credits and rehabilitation, emergency relief, $49.30.
For salaries and expenses, Farm Credit Administration, $136.75.
For conservation and use of agricultural land resources, Department of Agriculture, $6,409.09.
For National Industrial Recovery, Resettlement Administration, submarginal lands (transfer to Agriculture), $4,576.64.
For salaries and expenses, Bureau of Entomology and Plant Quarantine, $1.
For salaries and expenses, Extension Service, $1.50.
For submarginal lands program, Farm Tenancy Act, Department of Agriculture, $4,880.55.
For salaries and expenses, Bureau of Plant Industry, $3.50.
For salaries and expenses, Office of Experiment Stations, $36.
For increase of compensation, Department of Agriculture, $10.
For elimination of diseased cattle, Department of Agriculture, $615.86.
For special research fund, Department of Agriculture, $113.42.
For salaries and expenses, Forest Service, $156.50.
For administration of Sugar Act of 1937, Department of Agriculture, $12.38.
For acquisition of lands for protection of watersheds of navigable streams, $1,840.93.
For salaries and expenses, Bureau of Animal Industry, $13.31.
For salaries and expenses, Bureau of Agricultural Economics, $95.26.
For control of emergency outbreaks of insect pests and plant diseases, $123.08.
For general expenses, Agricultural Adjustment Administration, $1,831.24.
For loans and relief in stricken agricultural areas (transfer to Farm Credit Administration), $32.98.
For retirement of cotton pool participation trust certificates, Department of Agriculture, 1938-December 31, 1939, $43.05.
For domestic commerce, Department of Commerce, $13.32.
For party expenses, Coast and Geodetic Survey, $69.
For Civil Aeronautics Authority fund, $1,018.35.
For traveling expenses, Department of Commerce, $26.12.
For air-navigation facilities, $3.
For salaries and expenses, Weather Bureau, $316.
For salaries and expenses, Bureau of the Census, 53 cents.
For census of agriculture, 1935-December 31, 1936, $83.11.
For Public Works Administration, allotment to Commerce, Bureau of Air Commerce, $150.
For salaries, Patent Office, $62.50.

Department of the Interior: For contingent expenses of land offices, $12.38.
For migratory bird conservation fund (receipt limitation), $80.28.
For contingent expenses, Department of the Interior, $21.65.
For salaries and expenses, Bureau of Biological Survey, $2.56.
For range improvements within grazing districts (receipt limitation), $16.69.
For National Park Service, $326.89.
For operating rescue cars and stations and investigation of accidents, Bureau of Mines, $7.06.
For expenses, mining experiment stations, Bureau of Mines, $1.01.
For National Industrial Recovery, Interior, investigations, $5.97.
For National Industrial Recovery, Interior, National Park Service, recreational demonstration projects, $422.45.
For pay of Indian police, $203.
For maintaining law and order on Indian reservations, $60.
For construction, and so forth, irrigation systems, Indian reservations (reimbursable), $4.
For support of Indians and administration of Indian property, $619.16.
For conservation of health among Indians, $435.56.
For Indian agency buildings, $1.60.
For Indian boarding schools, $75.22.
For agriculture and stock raising among Indians, $19.96.
For Civilian Conservation Corps (transfer to Interior, Indians), $69.62.
For Indian school support, $84.62.
For expenses of organizing Indian corporations, $71.11.
For loans and relief in stricken agricultural areas (transfer from Agriculture to Interior, Indians), $14.62.
For Indian Service supply fund, $459.32.
For emergency conservation work (transfer to Interior, Indians, Act June 22, 1936), $68.
For emergency conservation work (transfer to Interior, Indians, Act February 9, 1937), $339.40.

**Department of Justice:** For salaries, fees, and expenses of marshals, United States courts, $239.17.
For fees and expenses of conciliation commissioners, United States courts, $25.
For miscellaneous expenses, United States courts, $304.75.
For United States Penitentiary, Atlanta, Georgia, maintenance, $9.91.
For United States Northeastern Penitentiary, maintenance, $109.50.
For support of United States prisoners, $1,117.60.
For detection and prosecution of crimes, $1.75.
For fees of jurors and witnesses, United States, $52.90.
For contingent expenses, Department of Justice, $229.01.
For probation system, United States courts, $72.22.
For salaries and expenses of marshals, and so forth, Department of Justice, $236.54.
For salaries and expenses, Federal Bureau of Investigation, $44.60.
For printing and binding, Department of Justice and courts, $48.97.

**Department of Labor:** For salaries and expenses, Children’s Bureau, $8.50.
For foreign-service pay adjustment, appreciation of foreign currencies (Labor), $88.66.
For traveling expenses, Department of Labor, $3.80.

**Navy Department:** For ordnance and ordnance stores, Bureau of Ordnance, $453,425.54.
For general expenses, Marine Corps, $234.41.
For pay, Marine Corps, $239.87.
For engineering, Bureau of Engineering, $222,045.34.
For miscellaneous expenses, Navy, $16.70.
For organizing the Naval Reserve, $11,404.16.
For maintenance, Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, $991.40.
For construction and repair, Bureau of Construction and Repair, $51,024.38.
For pay, subsistence, and transportation, Navy, $5,362.41.
For increase of the Navy, emergency construction, $115,685.
For payment to officers and employees of the United States in foreign countries due to appreciation of foreign currencies (Navy), $154.63.
For aviation, Navy, $415,244.44.
For foreign-service pay adjustment, appreciation of foreign currencies (Navy), $272.30.
For pay of the Navy, $173.34.
For instruments and supplies, Bureau of Navigation, $12,105.89.
Post Office Department: For operating supplies for public buildings, general fund, $15.34.
For operating supplies for public buildings, Post Office Department, general fund, $15.06.
Department of State: For contingent expenses, Foreign Service, $213.55.
For miscellaneous salaries and allowances, Foreign Service, $586.50.
For contingent expenses, Department of State, $12.68.
For transportation of Foreign Service officers, $73.69.
Treasury Department: For general expenses, Lighthouse Service, $165.
For retired pay, Lighthouse Service, $100.92.
For pay and allowance, Coast Guard, $4.75.
For contingent expenses, Coast Guard, $221.38.
For collecting the revenue from customs, $24.51.
For salaries and expenses, Bureau of Engraving and Printing, $40.41.
For increase of compensation, Treasury Department, $30.67.
For payment of officers and employees of the United States in foreign countries due to appreciation of foreign currencies (Treasury), $33.67.
For collecting the internal revenue, $250.09.
For salaries and expenses, Bureau of Narcotics, $38.
For public debt service, $211.85.
For foreign service pay adjustment, appreciation of foreign currencies (Treasury), $165.84.
War Department: For general appropriations, Quartermaster Corps, $6,015.52.
For pay, and so forth, of the Army, $4,647.33.
For pay of the Army, $10,337.63.
For Army transportation, $1,010.93.
For Reserve Officers' Training Corps, $88.36.
For increase of compensation, Military Establishment, $925.98.
For replacing ordnance and ordnance stores, $23.14.
For supplies, services, and transportation, Quartermaster Corps, $36.27.
For construction and repair of hospitals, Army, $67.74.
For pay, and so forth, of the Army, War with Spain, $102.69.
For Organized Reserves, $229.03.
For barracks and quarters, Army, $11.80.
For travel of the Army, $371.62.
For Air Corps, Army, $314.92.
For medical and hospital department, $53.33.
For Signal Service of the Army, $2,220.
For medical and hospital department, Army, $115.82.
For subsistence of the Army, $281.09.
For payment to officers and employees of the United States in foreign countries due to appreciation of foreign currencies (War), 44 cents.
For seacoast defenses, $178.64.
For citizens' military training camps, 16 cents.
For replacing Army transportation, $6.03.
For replacing barracks and quarters, $97.
For increase of compensation, War Department, $12.33.
For expenses, camps of instruction, and so forth, National Guard, $52.37.
For arrears of pay, bounty, and so forth, $5.57.
For printing and binding, War Department, $97.98.
For Air Corps Depot, Sacramento, California, $55,469.65.
For ordnance service and supplies, Army, $191.70.
For National Guard, $1,489.51.
For clothing and equipage, Army, $177.73.
For mileage of the Army, 6 cents.
For Civilian Conservation Corps (transfer to War), $3,458.06.
For cemeterial expenses, War Department, $12.03.
For emergency conservation work (transfer to War, Act June 22, 1936), $0.513.84.
For emergency conservation work (transfer to War, Act February 9, 1937), $995.47.
For emergency conservation fund (transfer to War, Act March 31, 1933), $4,737.49.
For emergency conservation fund (transfer to War, Act June 19, 1934), $931.52.
For loans and relief in stricken agricultural areas (transfer from emergency conservation work to War, Act June 19, 1934), $508.99.

Emergency Relief: For emergency relief, Agriculture, Forest Service, forestation, and so forth, $1,324.58.
For emergency relief, Interior, administrative expenses, $84.27.
For emergency relief, Interior, National Park Service, sanitation, prevention of soil erosion, and so forth, $47.50.
For emergency relief, Labor, assistance for educational, professional and clerical persons, $702.84.
For emergency relief, Treasury, Coast Guard, $470.
For emergency relief, emergency conservation work, War, Civilian Conservation Corps, $11,985.79.
For emergency relief, Federal Emergency Relief Administration, expenses of liquidation, $405.98.
For emergency relief, Resettlement Administration, administrative expenses (transfer to Agriculture), $272.27.
For emergency relief, Resettlement Administration, rural rehabilitation (transfer to Agriculture), $712.35.
For emergency relief, Resettlement Administration, sanitation, prevention of soil erosion, and so forth (transfer to Agriculture), $14,143.16.
For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration, grants to States, and so forth, $5,387.51.
For emergency relief, Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service, $64.22.
For emergency relief, Agriculture, administrative expenses, $7.53.
For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration, work relief projects, $417.44.
For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration, administrative expenses, $8.10.
For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration, assistance for educational, professional, and clerical persons, $125.12.
For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration, forestation, prevention of soil erosion, $5.20.
For emergency relief, Farm Security Administration, administrative expenses, $1,405.72.
For emergency relief, Labor, United States Employment Service, administrative expenses, $5.50.
For emergency relief, Resettlement Administration, rural rehabilitation, loans and relief to farmers, and so forth (transfer to Agriculture), $1,019.93.
For emergency relief, Agriculture, public roads, highways, roads, and streets, $2,030.98.
For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration (non-Federal projects approved prior to June 22, 1936), $21,548.73.
For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration, public utilities, and so forth, $22.
For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration, highways, roads, and streets, $7,484.14.
For emergency relief, Interior, National Park Service, parks and recreational facilities, non-Federal projects, $73.56.
For emergency relief, Agriculture, Forest Service, flood control and other conservation, $22.
For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration, administrative expenses, $8.85.
For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration, women's projects, $43.34.
For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration, miscellaneous work projects, $3.38.
For emergency relief, Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service, flood control and other conservation, $45.07.
For emergency relief, War, administrative expenses, $54.05.
For emergency relief, Resettlement Administration, flood control and other conservation (transfer to Agriculture), $6.03.
For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration, parks and recreational facilities, $12.83.
For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration, public buildings (Federal projects), $73.41.
For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration, public buildings, $45.06.
For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration, assistance for educational, professional, and clerical persons, $35.80.
For emergency relief, Labor, United States Employment Service, administrative expenses, $1.80.
For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration (non-Federal projects approved prior to June 30, 1937), $2,904.41.
For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration, public buildings, parks, utilities, flood control, and so forth, $505.89.
For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration, assistance for educational, professional, and clerical persons, and so forth, $23.49.
For emergency relief, Agriculture, Farm Security Administration, rural rehabilitation, $52.92.
For emergency relief, Agriculture, Farm Security Administration, public buildings, parks, utilities, flood control, and so forth, $118.91.
For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration, National Youth Administration (Federal projects), $170.89.
For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration, administrative expenses, general, $219.93.
For emergency relief, Interior, National Park Service, public buildings, parks, utilities, flood control, and so forth, non-Federal projects, 98 cents.

For emergency relief, Treasury, administrative expenses, $86.90.

For emergency relief, Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service, public buildings, parks, utilities, flood control, and so forth, $266.98.

For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration, assistance for educational, professional, and clerical persons, and so forth, Federal projects, $36.05.

For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration, supply fund, $2,744.83.

For emergency relief, Agriculture, Forest Service, public buildings, parks, utilities, flood control, and so forth, $3.90.

For emergency relief, War, Quartermaster Corps, highways, roads, and streets, $475.20.

For emergency relief, War, Quartermaster Corps, public buildings, parks, utilities, flood control, and so forth, $219.01.

For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration, highways, roads, and streets, $261.62.

For emergency relief, Justice, administrative expenses, $101.65.

For emergency relief, Interior, National Park Service, public buildings, parks, utilities, flood control, and so forth, $55.50.

For emergency relief, Agriculture, agricultural economics, public buildings, parks, utilities, flood control, and so forth, $66.

For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration, Federal projects approved prior to June 30, 1937, $479.46.

For emergency relief, Agriculture, Farm Security Administration, loans to farmers, and so forth, $13.40.

District of Columbia: For general expenses, public parks, District of Columbia, $14.15.

Post Office Department—Postal Service (out of the Postal Revenues): For city delivery carriers, $31.63.

For clerks, contract stations, $4.84.

For clerks, first- and second-class post offices, $53.40.

For compensation of postmasters, $201.12.

For foreign mail transportation, $1,760.34.

For freight, express, or motor transportation of equipment, and so forth, $10.51.

For increased compensation, Postal Service employees, $10.20.

For indemnities, domestic mail, $243.12.

For miscellaneous items, first- and second-class post offices, $18.33.

For operating supplies for public buildings, Post Office Department, $22.26.

For Railway Mail Service salaries, $748.66.

For rent, light, and fuel, 50 cents.

For Rural Delivery Service, $100.18.

For transportation of equipment and supplies, $6.

For vehicle service, $1,142.80.

Total, audited claims, section 204 (a), $1,726,567.57, together with such additional sum due to increases in rates of exchange as may be necessary to pay claims in the foreign currency and interest specified in certain of the settlements of the General Accounting Office.

(b) For the payment of the following claims, certified to be due by the General Accounting Office under appropriations the balances of which have been carried to the surplus fund under the provisions of section 5 of the Act of June 20, 1874 (31 U. S. C. 713), and under appropriations heretofore treated as permanent, being for the service of the fiscal year 1938 and prior years, unless otherwise stated, and which have been certified to Congress under section 2 of the Act of 18 Stat. 110. Additional claims.
July 7, 1884 (5 U. S. C. 266), as fully set forth in Senate Document Numbered 30, Seventy-seventh Congress, there is appropriated as follows:

**Independent Offices:** For Federal Civil Works Administration, $1.11.
- For Interstate Commerce Commission, $16.56.
- For operations under Mineral Act of October 5, 1918, $35,146.90.
- For salaries and expenses, Federal Housing Administration, $1.80.
- For National Industrial Recovery, Labor, United States Employment Service, $1.11.
- For National Industrial Recovery, Federal Emergency Administration of Public Works, $185.86.
- For administrative expenses, Federal Emergency Administration of Public Works, $37.72.
- For general administrative expenses, Public Works Branch, Procurement Division, $3.91.
- For salaries and expenses, Veterans' Bureau, $1.80.
- For salaries and expenses, Veterans' Administration, $93.15.

**Department of Agriculture:** For conservation and use of agricultural land resources, Department of Agriculture, $435.
- For acquisition of lands for protection of watersheds of navigable streams, $1,873.05.
- For elimination of diseased cattle, Department of Agriculture, $43.64.
- For retirement of cotton pool participation trust certificates, Department of Agriculture, $11.70.
- For salaries and expenses, Bureau of Entomology and Plant Quarantine, $7.68.
- For salaries and expenses, Forest Service, $1.07.
- For salaries and expenses, Soil Conservation Service, $1.82.
- For exportation and domestic consumption of agricultural commodities, Department of Agriculture, $6.50.
- For exportation and domestic consumption of agricultural commodities, Department of Agriculture (transfer to Federal Surplus Commodities Corporation, Act June 28, 1937), $621.

**Department of Commerce:** For establishment of air-navigation facilities, Civil Aeronautics Authority, $4,712.
- For contingent expenses, Department of Commerce, 75 cents.
- For traveling expenses, Department of Commerce, $4.50.
- For maintenance of air-navigation facilities, Civil Aeronautics Authority, $61.04.
- For Civil Aeronautics Authority fund, $4.41.
- For salaries and expenses, Bureau of the Census, 49 cents.
- For salaries and expenses, Weather Bureau, $14.57.

**Department of the Interior:** For salaries and expenses, National Bituminous Coal Commission, Department of the Interior, $27.
- For miscellaneous expenses, Bureau of Fisheries, $23.97.
- For power distribution system, Bonneville project, Oregon, Department of the Interior, $319.57.
- For support of Indians and administration of Indian property, $270.92.
For conservation of health among Indians, $3.40.
For emergency conservation work (transfer to Interior, Indians, Act February 9, 1937), $7.18.
For emergency conservation work (transfer to Interior, Indians, Act June 22, 1936), $7.34.

Department of Justice: For miscellaneous expenses, United States courts, $560.12.
For detection and prosecution of crimes, $1.50.
For fees of jurors and witnesses, United States courts, $44.
For salaries and expenses, Immigration and Naturalization Service, $12.23.
For salaries, fees, and expenses of marshals, United States courts, $1.
For salaries and expenses, Federal Bureau of Investigation, $3.33.
For salaries and expenses, United States Court for China, $145.06.
For traveling expenses, Department of Justice and Judiciary, $6.69.

Department of Justice: For miscellaneous expenses, United States courts, $560.12.
For detection and prosecution of crimes, $1.50.
For fees of jurors and witnesses, United States courts, $44.
For salaries and expenses, Immigration and Naturalization Service, $12.23.
For salaries, fees, and expenses of marshals, United States courts, $1.
For salaries and expenses, Federal Bureau of Investigation, $3.33.
For salaries and expenses, United States Court for China, $145.06.
For traveling expenses, Department of Justice and Judiciary, $6.69.

Department of Justice: For miscellaneous expenses, United States courts, $560.12.
For detection and prosecution of crimes, $1.50.
For fees of jurors and witnesses, United States courts, $44.
For salaries and expenses, Immigration and Naturalization Service, $12.23.
For salaries, fees, and expenses of marshals, United States courts, $1.
For salaries and expenses, Federal Bureau of Investigation, $3.33.
For salaries and expenses, United States Court for China, $145.06.
For traveling expenses, Department of Justice and Judiciary, $6.69.

Department of Justice: For miscellaneous expenses, United States courts, $560.12.
For detection and prosecution of crimes, $1.50.
For fees of jurors and witnesses, United States courts, $44.
For salaries and expenses, Immigration and Naturalization Service, $12.23.
For salaries, fees, and expenses of marshals, United States courts, $1.
For salaries and expenses, Federal Bureau of Investigation, $3.33.
For salaries and expenses, United States Court for China, $145.06.
For traveling expenses, Department of Justice and Judiciary, $6.69.

Department of Justice: For miscellaneous expenses, United States courts, $560.12.
For detection and prosecution of crimes, $1.50.
For fees of jurors and witnesses, United States courts, $44.
For salaries and expenses, Immigration and Naturalization Service, $12.23.
For salaries, fees, and expenses of marshals, United States courts, $1.
For salaries and expenses, Federal Bureau of Investigation, $3.33.
For salaries and expenses, United States Court for China, $145.06.
For traveling expenses, Department of Justice and Judiciary, $6.69.

Department of Justice: For miscellaneous expenses, United States courts, $560.12.
For detection and prosecution of crimes, $1.50.
For fees of jurors and witnesses, United States courts, $44.
For salaries and expenses, Immigration and Naturalization Service, $12.23.
For salaries, fees, and expenses of marshals, United States courts, $1.
For salaries and expenses, Federal Bureau of Investigation, $3.33.
For salaries and expenses, United States Court for China, $145.06.
For traveling expenses, Department of Justice and Judiciary, $6.69.
For loans and relief in stricken agricultural areas (transfer from emergency conservation work to War, Act June 19, 1934), $1.84.

Emergency Relief: For emergency relief, Resettlement Administration, rural rehabilitation, (transfer to Agriculture), $698.29.

For emergency relief, Agriculture, administrative expenses, $2.25.

For emergency relief, Office of Coordinator for Industrial Cooperation, administrative expenses, $45.20.

For emergency relief, Federal Emergency Relief Administration, expenses of liquidation, $148.46.

For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration, assistance for educational, professional, and clerical persons, $927.

For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration, grants to States, and so forth, $953.31.

For emergency relief, Resettlement Administration, sanitation, prevention of soil erosion, and so forth (transfer to Agriculture), $944.82.

For emergency relief, emergency conservation work, War, Civilian Conservation Corps, $385.12.

For emergency relief, Office of Coordinator for Industrial Cooperation, administrative expenses, $19.90.

For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration (non-Federal projects approved prior to June 22, 1936), $3,365.95.

For emergency relief, Resettlement Administration, rural rehabilitation, loans and relief to farmers, and so forth (transfer to Agriculture), $1.50.

For emergency relief, Treasury, Office of the Secretary, assistance for educational, professional, and clerical persons, $42.94.

For emergency relief, Interior, National Park Service, parks and recreational facilities, $2.92.

For emergency relief, War, administrative expenses, $99.90.

For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration, assistance for educational, professional, and clerical persons, $370.30.

For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration, administrative expenses, $1.

For emergency relief, Interior, National Park Service, public buildings, parks, utilities, flood control, and so forth, $9.12.

For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration, highways, roads, and streets, $11.11.

For emergency relief, Interior, National Park Service, public buildings, parks, utilities, flood control, and so forth, non-Federal projects, $8.55.

For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration, assistance for educational, professional, and clerical persons, and so forth, $467.10.

For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration, non-Federal projects approved prior to June 30, 1937, $1,520.42.

For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration, administrative expenses, general, $54.34.

For emergency relief, Treasury, Procurement Division, work relief supply fund, $14.62.

For emergency relief, Agriculture, agricultural economics, public buildings, parks, utilities, flood control, and so forth, $405.81.

For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration, public buildings, parks, utilities, flood control, and so forth, $12.38.

Post Office Department—Postal Service (out of the Postal Revenues): For clerks, contract stations, $18.67.

For indemnities, domestic mail, $11.28.

For rent, light, and fuel, $10.18.

For rent, light, fuel, and water, $20.72.

For Rural Delivery Service, $62.74.
Total, audited claims, section 204 (b), $292,153.74, together with such additional sum due to increases in rates of exchange as may be necessary to pay claims in the foreign currency and interest as specified in certain of the settlements of the General Accounting Office.

SEC. 205. For the payment of claims allowed by the General Accounting Office pursuant to the Act entitled "An Act for the relief of officers and soldiers of the volunteer service of the United States mustered into service for the War with Spain, and who were held in service in the Philippine Islands after the ratification of the treaty of peace, April 11, 1899", approved May 2, 1940 (Public Act Numbered 505, Seventy-sixth Congress), which have been certified to Congress under section 2 of the Act of July 7, 1884 (U. S. C., title 5, sec. 266), under the War Department, in Senate Document Numbered 29, and in House Document Numbered 112 of the Seventy-seventh Congress, $2,615,646.16.

SEC. 206. For payment of the claim allowed by the General Accounting Office for payment of bounty for destruction of enemy's vessels, provided in section 4635 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, as amended by the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934 (31 U. S. C., 725b), which has been certified to Congress in House Document Numbered 111 of the Seventy-seventh Congress, $19.31.

SEC. 207. For payment of the claims allowed by the General Accounting Office for extra pay to volunteers, War with Spain, and certified to Congress as provided by law, under the War Department, in Senate Document Numbered 28, and in House Document Numbered 101, Seventy-seventh Congress, $115.96.

SEC. 208. This Act may be cited as the "First Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1941".

Approved, April 1, 1941.

[CHAPTER 35] AN ACT

Granting the consent of Congress to Rensselaer and Saratoga Counties, New York, or to either of them, or any agency representing said counties, to construct, maintain, and operate a free highway bridge across the Hudson River between the city of Mechanicville and Hemstreet Park in the town of Schaghticoke, New York.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of Congress is hereby granted to the counties of Rensselaer and Saratoga, New York, or to either of them, or any agency representing said counties, to construct, maintain, and operate a free highway bridge across the Hudson River between the city of Mechanicville and Hemstreet Park in the town of Schaghticoke, New York.

April 2, 1941

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of Congress is hereby granted to the counties of Rensselaer and Saratoga, New York, or to either of them, or any agency representing said counties, to construct, maintain, and operate a free highway bridge across the Hudson River, at a point suitable to the interests of navigation, between the city of Mechanicville and Hemstreet Park in the town of Schaghticoke, New York, at or near River Street in the city of Mechanicville, in accordance with the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction of bridges over navigable waters"; approved March 28, 1906. The proposed highway bridge will replace the existing highway bridge over the Hudson River between the city of Mechanicville and Hemstreet Park in the town of Schaghticoke, New York.

Sec. 2. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, April 2, 1941.
To amend the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, for the purpose of regulating interstate and foreign commerce in peanuts, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That title III of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, is amended by inserting after part V of subtitle B thereof the following new part:

"PART VI—MARKETING QUOTAS—PEANUTS"

"LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS"

"Sec. 357. The production, marketing, and processing of peanuts and peanut products employs a large number of persons and is of national interest. The movement of peanuts from producer to consumer is preponderantly in interstate and foreign commerce, and, owing to causes beyond their control, the farmers producing such commodity and the persons engaged in the marketing and processing thereof are unable to regulate effectively the orderly marketing of the commodity. As the quantity of peanuts marketed in the channels of interstate and foreign commerce increases above the quantity of peanuts needed for cleaning and shelling, the prices at which all peanuts are marketed are depressed to low levels. These low prices tend to cause the quantity of peanuts available for marketing in later years to be less than normal, which in turn tends to cause relatively high prices. This fluctuation of prices and marketings of peanuts creates an unstable and chaotic condition in the marketing of peanuts for cleaning and shelling and for crushing for oil in the channels of interstate and foreign commerce. Since these unstable and chaotic conditions have existed for a period of years and are likely, without proper regulation, to continue to exist, it is imperative that the marketing of peanuts for cleaning and shelling and for crushing for oil in interstate and foreign commerce be regulated in order to protect producers, handlers, processors, and consumers.

"MARKETING QUOTAS"

"Sec. 358. (a) Between July 1 and December 1 of each calendar year the Secretary shall proclaim the amount of the national marketing quota for peanuts for the crop produced in the next succeeding calendar year in terms of the total quantity of peanuts which will make available for marketing a supply of peanuts from the crop with respect to which the quota is proclaimed equal to the average quantity of peanuts harvested for nuts during the five years immediately preceding the year in which such quota is proclaimed, adjusted for current trends and prospective demand conditions, and the quota so proclaimed shall be in effect with respect to such crop. The national marketing quota for peanuts for any year shall be converted to a national acreage allotment by dividing such quota by the normal yield per acre of peanuts for the United States determined by the Secretary on the basis of the average yield per acre of peanuts in the five years preceding the year in which the quota is proclaimed, with such adjustments as may be found necessary to correct for trends in yields and for abnormal conditions of production affecting yields in such five years: Provided, That the national marketing quota established for the crop produced in the calendar year 1941 shall be a quantity of peanuts sufficient to provide a national acreage allotment of not less than one million six hundred and ten thousand acres, and
that the national marketing quota established for any subsequent year shall be quantity of peanuts sufficient to provide a national acreage allotment of not less than 95 per centum of that established for the crop produced in the calendar year 1941.

"(b) Not later than December 15 of each calendar year the Secretary shall conduct a referendum of farmers engaged in the production of peanuts in the calendar year in which the referendum is held to determine whether such farmers are in favor of or opposed to marketing quotas with respect to the crops of peanuts produced in the three calendar years immediately following the year in which the referendum is held, except that, if as many as two-thirds of the farmers voting in any referendum vote in favor of marketing quotas, no referendum shall be held with respect to quotas for the second and third years of the period. The Secretary shall proclaim the results of the referendum within thirty days after the date on which it is held, and, if more than one-third of the farmers voting in the referendum vote against marketing quotas, the Secretary also shall proclaim that marketing quotas will not be in effect with respect to the crop of peanuts produced in the calendar year immediately following the calendar year in which the referendum is held. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, the Secretary shall proclaim a national marketing quota with respect to the crop of peanuts produced in the calendar year 1941 equal to the minimum quota provided for said year in subsection (a) hereof and shall provide for the holding of a referendum on such quota within thirty days after the date upon which this Act becomes effective, and the State and farm acreage allotments established under the 1941 agricultural conservation program shall be the State and farm acreage allotments for the 1941 crop of peanuts.

"(c) The national acreage allotment shall be apportioned among States on the basis of the average acreage of peanuts harvested for nuts in the five years preceding the year in which the national allotment is determined, with adjustments for trends, abnormal conditions of production, and the State peanut-acreage allotment for the crop immediately preceding the crop for which the allotment hereunder is established: Provided, That the allotment established for any State for any year subsequent to 1941 shall be not less than 95 per centum of the allotment established for such State for the crop produced in the calendar year 1941: Provided further, That for the second or third year of any three-year period in which marketing quotas are in effect the acreage allotment for each State for such year shall be increased above or decreased below the allotment for the State for the immediately preceding year by the same percentage as the national marketing quota for such year is increased above or decreased below the national marketing quota for the preceding year.

"(d) The Secretary shall provide for apportionment of the State acreage allotment for any State through local committees among farms on which peanuts were grown in any of the three years immediately preceding the year for which such allotment is determined. Such apportionment shall be made on the basis of the tillable acreage available for the production of peanuts and the past acreage of peanuts on the farm, taking into consideration the peanut-acreage allotments established for the farm under previous agricultural adjustment and conservation programs. Any acreage of peanuts harvested in excess of the allotted acreage for any farm for any year shall not be considered in the establishment of the allotment for the farm until the third year following the year in which such excess acreage is harvested and the total increases made in farm-acreage allotments in any year based
on such excess acreage shall not exceed 2 per centum of the national acreage allotment for such year; Provided, That in the distribution of such increases based on such excess acreage the total allotments established for new farms shall not be less than 50 per centum of such increases. The amount of the marketing quota for each farm shall be the actual production of the farm-acreage allotment, and no peanuts shall be marketed under the quota for any farm other than peanuts actually produced on the farm.

"MARKETING PENALTIES"

"SEC. 359. (a) The marketing of any peanuts in excess of the marketing quota for the farm on which such peanuts are produced, or the marketing of peanuts from any farm for which no acreage allotment was determined, shall be subject to a penalty of 3 cents per pound, except as provided in subsection (b) of this section. Such penalty shall be paid by the person who buys or otherwise acquires the peanuts from the producer, or, if the peanuts are marketed by the producer through an agent, the penalty shall be paid by such agent, and such person or agent may deduct an amount equivalent to the penalty from the price paid to the producer. The Secretary may require collection of the penalty upon a portion of each lot of peanuts marketed from the farm equal to the proportion which the acreage of peanuts in excess of the farm-acreage allotment is of the total acreage of peanuts on the farm. If the person required to collect the penalty fails to collect such penalty, such person and all persons entitled to share in the peanuts marketed from the farm or the proceeds thereof shall be jointly and severally liable for the amount of the penalty. All funds collected pursuant to this section shall be deposited in a special deposit account with the Treasurer of the United States and such amounts as are determined, in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary, to be penalties incurred shall be transferred to the general fund of the Treasury of the United States. Amounts collected in excess of determined penalties shall be paid to such producers as the Secretary determines, in accordance with regulations prescribed by him, bore the burden of the payment of the amount collected. Such special account shall be administered by the Secretary and the basis for, the amount of, and the producer entitled to receive a payment from such account, when determined in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary, shall be final and conclusive. If, in the course of marketing, any peanuts produced on one farm are falsely identified by a representation that such peanuts were produced on another farm, or, if there is a failure to make a report of the disposition of peanuts available for marketing from any farm, each person participating in the false identification of the peanuts or failing to make a report of the disposition of such peanuts as required by regulations issued by the Secretary shall be subject to a penalty of $25 for each acre, or fraction thereof, of peanuts harvested in excess of the farm-acreage allotment for the farm on which such peanuts were produced and such penalty shall be in addition to any other penalty due hereunder.

"(b) Payment of the penalty of 3 cents per pound upon the marketing of peanuts as provided in subsection (a) above will not be required if such excess peanuts are delivered to and marketed through an agency or agencies designated each year by the Secretary. Any peanuts received under this subsection by such agency shall be sold by such agency for crushing for oil under a sales agreement approved by the Secretary, or for cleaning and shelling at prices not less than those established under any peanut-diversion or peanut-loan program operated by the Secretary. For all peanuts so
delivered under this subsection, producers shall be paid for the portion of the lot constituting excess peanuts the market value thereof for crushing for oil as of the date of such delivery, less the estimated cost of storing, handling, and selling such peanuts. Any person who acquires peanuts for crushing for oil under the provisions of this subsection, and who uses or disposes of such peanuts for purposes other than for crushing into oil, shall pay a penalty of 3 cents per pound upon the peanuts so used or disposed of and shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not more than $1,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both. Operations under this subsection shall be carried on under regulations prescribed by the Secretary, and the operations of any agency designated to receive and market peanuts may be separate from or combined with operations of other agencies.

"(c) The provisions of this part shall not apply to peanuts produced on any farm on which the acreage harvested for nuts is one acre or less.

"(d) The word 'peanuts' wherever used in this Act means peanuts which are picked and threshed by mechanical means, whether such peanuts are picked and threshed before or after marketing by the producer.

"(e) If, in any referendum carried out pursuant to subsection (b) of section 358, marketing quotas with respect to peanuts are opposed by more than one-third of the farmers voting in such referendum, no peanut-diversion program or peanut loan shall be in effect with respect to the crop produced in the calendar year immediately following that in which the referendum is held. If quotas are approved by not less than two-thirds of the farmers voting in such referendum, either a peanut-diversion program or a peanut-loan program, or both, shall be in effect with respect to the crops of peanuts produced in the three calendar years immediately following the year in which the referendum is held. The Commodity Credit Corporation is directed to make available loans upon peanuts during any marketing year in which marketing quotas are in effect. Such loans shall be made only to producers, farmer cooperatives, and farmer associations, only on the marketing quota for each farm, at rates not less than 50 per cent and not more than 75 per cent of the parity price of peanuts as of the beginning of the marketing year (which parity price shall be on the basis of the formula used in determining the parity price of peanuts as published by the Bureau of Agricultural Economics in The Agricultural Situation, volume 25, number 1, January 1941), and the peanuts shall be the sole security for such loans. If a referendum is held in 1941 with respect to the crops of peanuts produced in 1941, the provisions of this subsection shall apply as though such referendum had been held in the calendar year 1940.

"(f) There is hereby authorized to be appropriated, each fiscal year beginning with the fiscal year 1941, out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, such sums as may be necessary for the purposes set forth in this part and for the expenses of administering this part.

"(g) The provisions of this section shall not apply to nor interfere with the inauguration or the operation of any program approved by the Secretary pursuant to authority contained in existing law designed to establish new uses for peanuts and peanut products or expand markets for peanuts and peanut products."

Sec. 2. Paragraph (1) (B) of subsection (b) of section 301 of subtitle A of title III of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, is amended by inserting immediately following the word "cotton" the words "or peanuts".
SEC. 3. Paragraph (6) of subsection (b) of section 301 of subtitle A of title III of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, is amended by adding the following new paragraph:

“(C) ‘Market’, in the case of peanuts, means to dispose of peanuts, including farmers’ stock peanuts, shelled peanuts, cleaned peanuts, or peanuts in processed form, by voluntary or involuntary sale, barter, or exchange, or by gift inter vivos.”

SEC. 4. Section 361 of subtitle C of title III of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, is amended by inserting after the comma following the word “cotton” the word “peanuts” and a comma.

SEC. 5. Subsections (a) and (b) of section 371 of subtitle C of title III of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, are amended by inserting after the comma following the word “rice” the word “peanuts” and a comma.

SEC. 6. Subsection (a) of section 373 of subtitle C of title III of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, is amended by inserting after the comma following the word “rice” wherever it appears in the first sentence thereof the word “peanuts” and a comma, by striking out the word “and” following the word “producers”; in such first sentence; and by striking out the period at the end of such first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof a comma and the following: “all brokers and dealers in peanuts, all agents marketing peanuts for producers, or acquiring peanuts for buyers and dealers, and all peanut growers’ cooperative associations, all persons engaged in the business of cleaning, shelling, crushing, and salting of peanuts and the manufacture of peanut products, and all persons owning or operating peanut-picking or peanut-threshing machines.”

SEC. 7. Subsection (b) of section 373 of subtitle C of title III of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, is amended by inserting after the comma following the word “rice” the word “peanuts” and a comma.

SEC. 8. Section 374 of subtitle C of title III of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, is amended by inserting after the comma following the word “cotton” the word “peanuts” and a comma.

SEC. 9. Subsection (a) of section 375 of subtitle C of title III of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, is amended by inserting after the comma following the word “rice” the word “peanuts” and a comma.

Approved, April 3, 1941.

[CHAPTER 40] AN ACT

Making appropriations for the Executive Office and sundry independent executive bureaus, boards, commissions, and offices, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1942, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Executive Office and sundry independent executive bureaus, boards, commissions, and offices, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1942, namely:

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
COMPENSATION OF THE PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT

For compensation of the President of the United States, $75,000.
For compensation of the Vice President of the United States, $15,000.
THE WHITE HOUSE OFFICE

Salaries: For personal services in the office of the President, including the Secretary to the President, two additional secretaries to the President and six administrative assistants to the President at $10,000 each; $224,860: Provided, That employees of the executive departments and other establishments of the executive branch of the Government may be detailed from time to time to the office of the President of the United States for such temporary assistance as may be deemed necessary.

Contingent expenses: For contingent expenses of The White House Office, including stationery, record books, telegrams, telephones, books for library, furniture and carpets for offices, automobiles, expenses of garage, including labor, special services, and miscellaneous items to be expended in the discretion of the President, $50,000.

For printing and binding, $2,700.

Traveling expenses: For traveling and official entertainment expenses of the President of the United States, to be expended in his discretion and accounted for on his certificate solely, $30,000.


EXECUTIVE MANSION AND GROUNDS

For the care, maintenance, repair and alteration, refurnishing, improvement, heating and lighting, including electric power and fixtures of the Executive Mansion, the Executive Mansion greenhouses, including reconstruction, and the Executive Mansion grounds, and traveling expenses, to be expended as the President may determine, notwithstanding the provisions of any other Act, $150,070.

BUREAU OF THE BUDGET

Salaries and expenses: For every expenditure requisite for and incident to the work of the Bureau of the Budget, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, contract stenographic reporting services, traveling expenses, including expenses of attendance at meetings when necessary in furthering the work of the Bureau of the Budget, streetcar fares, lawbooks, books of reference, periodicals, and newspapers, purchase (not to exceed $750), maintenance, repair, and operation of passenger-carrying automobiles for official use, and not to exceed $50,000 for temporary employment of persons or organizations by contract or otherwise without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes, or the Classification Act of 1919, as amended, and including obligations chargeable against the appropriation for this purpose for the fiscal year 1941, $993,000, together with the unexpended balance of the appropriation under this head for the fiscal year 1941.

For printing and binding, $4,4000.

National defense activities: For all necessary expenses to enable the Bureau of the Budget during the fiscal year 1942 to continue to perform the functions or activities for the performance of which, during the fiscal year 1941, the Bureau of the Budget received an allocation of funds from the appropriation "Emergency fund for the President" contained in the Military Appropriation Act, 1941, including the objects for which and subject to the conditions under which such allocation was expended during the fiscal year 1941, $200,000.

NATIONAL RESOURCES PLANNING BOARD

Salaries and expenses: For every expenditure requisite for and incident to the work of the National Resources Planning Board, to perform the functions transferred to said Board on July 1, 1939,
including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; contract for temporary employment of persons or organizations by contract or otherwise without regard to said section 3709, or classification laws, of which not to exceed $40,000 shall be available for printing and binding: Provided, That no part of the funds appropriated under this item shall be used for the performance of any functions or duties other than the functions heretofore authorized by law to be performed by the Federal Employment Stabilization Board.

National defense activities: For all necessary expenses to enable the National Resources Planning Board during the fiscal year 1942 to continue to perform the functions or activities for the performance of which, during the fiscal year 1941, the National Resources Planning Board received allocations of funds from the appropriations "Emergency fund for the President" contained in the Military Appropriation Act, 1941, and in the Act making appropriations for the Navy Department for the fiscal year 1941, including the objects for which and subject to the conditions under which such allocations were expended during the fiscal year 1941, $400,000.

Total, Executive Office of the President, $2,886,620.

EMERGENCY FUNDS FOR THE PRESIDENT

To enable the President, through appropriate agencies of the Government, to provide for emergencies affecting the national security and defense and for each and every purpose connected therewith, and to make all necessary expenditures incident thereto for any purpose for which the Congress has previously made appropriation or authorization and without regard to the provisions of law regulating the expenditure of Government funds or the employment of persons in the Government service, such as section 3709 of the Revised Statutes and the civil service and classification laws; and any waiver hereunder of the provisions of any law regulating such expenditure or such employment shall not be exercised by any agency unless the allocation to such agency or subsequent action of the President in connection therewith permits any such waiver to be availed of; $100,000,000; and, in addition, the President is authorized, through such agencies, to enter into contracts during the fiscal year 1942 for the same purposes to an amount not exceeding $25,000,000: Provided, That an account shall be kept of all expenditures made or authorized hereunder, and a report thereon shall be submitted to the Congress on June 30, 1942.

For the payment of obligations incurred under the contract authorization of $66,000,000 under this head in the Military Appropriation Act, 1941, $66,000,000.

For the payment of obligations incurred under the contract authorization of $54,000,000 under this head in the Act making appropriations for the Navy Department and the naval service for the fiscal
year ending June 30, 1941, $34,000,000: Provided, That the unobligated portion of said contract authorization is hereby continued in effect until June 30, 1942, and the unobligated balance of the appropriation under this head for the fiscal year 1941 is hereby continued available until June 30, 1942.

INDEPENDENT ESTABLISHMENTS

AMERICAN BATTLE MONUMENTS COMMISSION

For every expenditure requisite for or incident to the work of the American Battle Monuments Commission authorized by the Act of March 4, 1923 (36 U. S. C. 121-138), and by Executive Order Numbered 6614 of February 26, 1934, including the acquisition of land or interest in land in foreign countries for carrying out the purposes of said Act and Executive order without submission to the Attorney General of the United States under the provisions of section 355 of the Revised Statutes (34 U. S. C. 520; 40 U. S. C. 253); employment of personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; including not to exceed $3,000 for allowances for living quarters, including heat, fuel, and light, as authorized by the Act approved June 26, 1930 (5 U. S. C. 118a); purchase and repair of uniforms for caretakers of national cemeteries and monuments in Europe at a cost not exceeding $500; travel expenses; rent of office and garage space in foreign countries which may be paid for in advance; the maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles which may be furnished to the Commission by other departments of the Government or acquired by purchase; printing, binding, engraving, lithographing, photographing, and typewriting, including the publication of information concerning the American activities, battlefields, memorials, and cemeteries in Europe; transfer of household goods and effects as provided by the Act of October 10, 1940 (Public, Numbered 830), and regulations promulgated thereunder, and expenses of travel of dependents of employees when transferred from one official station to another by order of the Commission; the purchase of maps, textbooks, newspapers and periodicals, $134,250: Provided, That notwithstanding the requirements of existing laws or regulations, and under such terms and conditions as the Commission may in its discretion deem necessary and proper, the Commission may contract for work, supplies, materials, and equipment in Europe and engage, by contract or otherwise, the services of architects, firms of architects, and other technical and professional personnel: Provided further, That when traveling on business of the Commission, officers of the Army serving as members or as secretary of the Commission may be reimbursed for expenses as provided for civilian members of the Commission: And provided further, That the Commission may delegate to its chairman, secretary, or officials in charge of either its Washington or Paris offices, under such terms and conditions as it may prescribe, such of its authority as it may deem necessary and proper.

BOARD OF TAX APPEALS

For every expenditure requisite for and incident to the work of the Board of Tax Appeals as authorized under title IX, section 900, of the Revenue Act of 1924, approved June 2, 1924, as amended by title X of the Revenue Act of 1926, approved February 26, 1926, and title IV of the Revenue Act of 1928, approved May 29, 1928, and title IX of the Revenue Act of 1932, approved June 6, 1932, including personal services and contract stenographic reporting serv-
Printing and binding.

Salaries and expenses. Post, pp. 544, 820.

Reimbursement of Veterans' Administration. Provisor. Actuarial services.

Details from departments, etc., restriction.

Emergency transfers, etc.

duties imposed upon it by the Act of July 19, 1940 (54 Stat. 767), including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; contract stenographic reporting services; advertising; streetcar fares (not to exceed $100); purchase and exchange of books of reference and periodicals (not to exceed $500); traveling expenses; transfer of household goods and effects as provided by the Act of October 10, 1940 (Public, Numbered 839), and regulations promulgated thereunder; witness fees and mileage, including fees to deponents and persons taking deposition, at rates paid in the courts of the United States; and printing and binding, $25,000.

For all printing and binding for the Civil Service Commission, including all of its bureaus, offices, institutions, and services located in Washington and elsewhere, $160,000.

National defense activities: For all necessary expenses to enable the Civil Service Commission during the fiscal year 1942 to continue to perform the functions or activities for the performance of which, during the fiscal year 1941, the Civil Service Commission received allocations of funds from the appropriations “Emergency Fund for the President” contained in the Military Appropriation Act, 1941, and the Act making appropriations for the Navy Department for the fiscal year 1941, including the objects for which and subject to the conditions under which such allocations were expended during the fiscal year 1941, $3,000,000.

CIVIL-SERVICE RETIREMENT AND DISABILITY FUND

For financing of the liability of the United States, created by the Act entitled “An Act for the retirement of employees in the classified civil service, and for other purposes”, approved May 22, 1920, and Acts amendatory thereof (38 U. S. C. 11), $106,911,562, which amount shall be placed to the credit of the “civil-service retirement and disability fund”.

CANAL ZONE RETIREMENT AND DISABILITY FUND

For financing of the liability of the United States, created by the Act entitled “An Act for the retirement of employees of the Panama Canal and the Panama Railroad Company, on the Isthmus of Panama, who are citizens of the United States”, approved March 2, 1931, and Acts amendatory thereof (48 U. S. C. 1371n), $1,177,000, which amount shall be placed to the credit of the “Canal Zone retirement and disability fund”.

ALASKA RAILROAD RETIREMENT AND DISABILITY FUND

For financing of the liability of the United States created by the Act entitled “An Act for the retirement of employees of the Alaska Railroad, Territory of Alaska, who are citizens of the United States”, approved June 29, 1936 (49 Stat. 2017), $175,000, which amount shall be placed to the credit of the “Alaska Railroad retirement and disability fund”.

Total, Civil Service Commission, $110,423,562.

THE ALLEY DWELLING AUTHORITY

The unexpended balance on June 30, 1941, of the “Conversion of inhabited alleys fund”, established pursuant to the provisions of the District of Columbia Alley Dwelling Act, together with all accretions during the fiscal year 1942 to said fund under the provisions of said Act and of the United States Housing Act of 1937 shall be available until June 30, 1942, for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of said District of Columbia Alley Dwelling Act.
FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

Salaries and expenses: For seven Commissioners, and for all other authorized expenditures of the Federal Communications Commission in performing the duties imposed by the Communications Act of 1934, approved June 19, 1934 (48 Stat. 1064), the Ship Act of 1910, approved June 24, 1910, as amended (46 U.S.C. 481), the International Radiotelegraphic Convention (45 Stat., pt. 2, p. 2760), Executive Order Numbered 3513, dated July 9, 1921, as amended under date of June 30, 1934, relating to applications for submarine cable licenses, and the radiotelegraphy provisions of the Convention for Promoting Safety of Life at Sea, ratified by the President of the United States, July 7, 1936, including personal services, contract stenographic reporting services, rental of quarters, newspapers, periodicals, reference books, lawbooks, special counsel fees, supplies and equipment, including purchase and exchange of instruments, which may be purchased without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (41 U. S. C. 5) when the aggregate amount involved does not exceed $25; improvement and care of grounds and repairs to buildings, not to exceed $5,000, purchase and exchange (not to exceed $8,000), maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles for official use in the field, travel expenses, including not exceeding $1,000 for expenses of attendance at meetings which in the discretion of the Commission are necessary for the efficient discharge of its responsibilities, reimbursement to ships of the United States for charges incurred by such ships in transmitting information in compliance with section 357 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, transfer of household goods and effects as provided by the Act of October 10, 1940 (Public, Numbered 889), and regulations promulgated thereunder; $2,315,229, of which amount not to exceed $1,419,350 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia, including compensation of employees of the Interdepartment Radio Advisory Committee.

Printing and binding: For all printing and binding for the Federal Communications Commission, $24,500.

National defense activities: For all necessary expenses to enable the Federal Communications Commission, during the fiscal year 1942, to continue to perform the functions or activities for the performance of which, during the fiscal year 1941, the Federal Communications Commission received an allocation of funds from the appropriation "Emergency Fund for the President" contained in the Military Appropriation Act, 1941, including the objects for which and subject to the conditions under which such allocation was expended during the fiscal year 1941, $1,920,000.

Total, Federal Communications Commission, $4,259,729.

FEDERAL LOAN AGENCY
OFFICE OF THE ADMINISTRATOR

Administrative expenses, Federal Loan Agency: Of the funds available for administrative expenses to the agencies placed under the supervision of the Federal Loan Administrator by section 402 of Reorganization Plan Numbered I under authority of the Reorganization Act of 1939, $200,000 is hereby made available to the Federal Loan Agency for all the general administrative expenses thereof, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; printing and binding ($8,000); lawbooks, other books of reference and periodicals; newspapers (not exceeding $500); not exceeding $1,500 for expenses of attendance at meetings or conven-
tions of societies or associations concerned with the furtherance of the work of the Agency, when specifically authorized by the Administrator; purchase (including exchange in part payment) of office equipment and purchase of one passenger-carrying automobile at $1,800 for the use of the Administrator and the rental of garage therefor, and the maintenance, operation, or repair thereof; not to exceed $16,000 for the temporary employment of persons or organizations for special services by contract or otherwise without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes; payment when specifically authorized by the Administrator of actual transportation expenses and not to exceed $10 per diem in lieu of subsistence and other expenses to persons serving, while away from their home, without other compensation from the United States, in an advisory capacity to the Agency: Provided, That none of the funds made available by this Act for administrative expenses of the Federal Loan Agency and the agencies under its supervision named herein shall be obligated or expended unless and until an appropriate appropriation account shall have been established therefor pursuant to an appropriation warrant or a covering warrant, and all such expenditures shall be accounted for and audited in accordance with the Budget and Accounting Act, as amended.

Export-Import Bank of Washington

Export-Import Bank of Washington, administrative expenses: Not to exceed $220,000 of the funds of the Export-Import Bank of Washington, established as an agency of the Government by Executive Order Numbered 6581 of February 2, 1934, and continued as such agency until January 22, 1947, by the Act approved January 31, 1936, as amended by the Act of September 26, 1940 (Public Numbered 792), shall be available during the fiscal year 1942 for all administrative expenses of the bank, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; travel expenses, in accordance with the Standardized Government Travel Regulations and the Act of June 3, 1926, as amended (5 U. S. C. 821-833); printing and binding; lawbooks and books of reference; not to exceed $500 for periodicals, newspapers, and maps; procurement of supplies, equipment, and services; typewriters, adding machines, and other labor-saving devices, including their repair and exchange; not to exceed $25,000 for the temporary employment of persons or organizations for special services by contract or otherwise, without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes; transfer of household goods and effects, as provided by the Act of October 10, 1940 (Public Numbered 889), and regulations promulgated thereunder; rent in the District of Columbia: Provided, That all necessary expenses (including special services performed on a contract or fee basis, but not including other personal services) in connection with the acquisition, operation, maintenance, improvement, or disposition of any real or personal property belonging to the bank or in which it has an interest, including expenses of collections of pledged collateral, shall be considered as nonadministrative expenses for the purposes hereof.

Federal Home Loan Bank Board

For the administrative expenses of the Federal Home Loan Bank Board, established by the Federal Home Loan Bank Act of July 22, 1932 (47 Stat. 725), including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; travel expenses, in accordance with the Standardized Government Travel Regulations and the Act of June 3, 1926, as amended (5 U. S. C. 821-833); expenses (not to exceed...
$2,500) of attendance at meetings concerned with the work of the Board when specifically authorized by the Board; printing and binding; lawbooks, books of reference, and not to exceed $500 for periodicals and newspapers; typewriters, adding machines, and other labor-saving devices, including their repair and exchange; payment, when specifically authorized by the Board, of actual transportation expenses and not to exceed $10 per diem in lieu of subsistence and other expenses of persons serving, while away from their homes, without other compensation from the United States, in an advisory capacity to the Board; transfer of household goods and effects as provided by the Act of October 10, 1940 (Public, Numbered 839), and regulations promulgated thereunder; use of the services and facilities of the Home Owners' Loan Corporation and the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation; and all other necessary administrative expenses, $1,500,000, payable from assessments upon the Federal home-loan banks and receipts of the Federal Home Loan Bank Board from other sources for the fiscal year 1942 and prior fiscal years: Provided, That all necessary expenses (including services performed on a contract or fee basis, but not including other personal services) in connection with the sale, issuance, and retirement of, or payment of interest on, debentures or bonds, under said Federal Home Loan Bank Act, as amended, shall be considered as nonadministrative expenses for the purposes hereof: Provided further, That except for the limitations in amounts hereinafter specified, and the restrictions in respect to travel expenses, the administrative expenses and other obligations of the Board shall be incurred, allowed, and paid in accordance with the provisions of said Act of July 22, 1932, as amended (12 U. S. C. 1421-1449).

FEDERAL HOUSING ADMINISTRATION

Not to exceed $11,283,000 of the mutual mortgage insurance fund, $1,065,000 of the housing insurance fund, and $1,040,000 from the account in the Treasury comprised of funds derived from premiums collected under authority of section 2 (f) title I of the National Housing Act (48 Stat. 1246) as amended by the Act of June 3, 1939, in all $13,388,000 shall be available for administrative expenses of the Federal Housing Administration, including: Personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; travel expenses, in accordance with the Standardized Government Travel Regulations and the Act of June 3, 1926, as amended (5 U. S. C. 821-833), but there may be allowed in addition to mileage at a rate not to exceed 4 cents per mile for travel by motor vehicle reimbursement for the actual cost of ferry fares and bridge and tunnel tolls, and employees engaged in the inspection of property may be paid an allowance not to exceed 4 cents per mile for all travel performed in privately owned automobiles within the limits of their official posts of duty when such travel is performed in connection with such inspection; printing and binding; lawbooks, books of reference, and not to exceed $1,500 for periodicals and newspapers; not to exceed $1,500 for contract actuarial services; procurement of supplies, equipment, and services; purchase (including exchange) of one and maintenance, repair, and operation of two motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, to be used only for official purposes; payment, when specifically authorized by the Administrator, of actual transportation expenses and not to exceed $10 per diem in lieu of subsistence and other expenses to persons serving, while away from their homes, without other compensation from the United States, in an advisory capacity to the Administration; not to exceed $2,000 for expenses of attendance,
when specifically authorized by the Administrator, at meetings concerned with the work of the Administration; typewriters, adding machines, and other labor-saving devices, including their repair and exchange; rent in the District of Columbia; transfer of household goods and effects as provided by the Act of October 10, 1940 (Public, Numbered 889), and regulations promulgated thereunder; and all other necessary administrative expenses: Provided, That all necessary expenses of the Administration (including services performed on a contract or fee basis, but not including other personal services) in connection with the acquisition, protection, completion, operation, maintenance, improvement, or disposition of real or personal property of the Administration acquired under authority of titles I and II of said National Housing Act, shall be considered as nonadministrative expenses for the purposes hereof, and such expenses with respect to title I property shall be paid from funds in the Treasury derived from premiums collected under authority of section 2 (f) title I of said Act and such expenses with respect to title II property shall be paid from the mutual mortgage insurance fund or the housing insurance fund as provided in title II of said Act: Provided further, That, except for the limitations in amounts hereinafter specified and the restrictions in respect to travel expenses, the administrative expenses and other obligations of the Administration shall be incurred, allowed, and paid in accordance with the provisions of said Act of June 27, 1934, as amended (12 U. S. C. 1701–1723): Provided further, That not exceeding $300,000 of the sum herein authorized shall be expended in the District of Columbia for purposes of the Public Relations and Education Division: Provided further, That not to exceed $50,000 of the amount made available hereby for administrative expenses may be transferred to the National Bureau of Standards to carry out specific projects of the Administration, upon the request of the Administrator, for studies of the properties and suitability of building materials with particular reference to their use in low-cost and low-rent housing, including the construction of such experimental structures as may be necessary therefor, and for printing, binding, and disseminating the results of such studies.

Not to exceed $7,000,000 of the funds of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, advanced or to be advanced to the Federal Housing Administration under authority of the National Housing Act of June 27, 1934 (48 Stat. 1246), as amended, shall be available for the payment of losses under insurance granted under section 2 and section 6, title I, of said Act.

FEDERAL SAVINGS AND LOAN INSURANCE CORPORATION

Not to exceed $389,874 of the funds of the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, established by title IV of the National Housing Act of June 27, 1934 (48 Stat. 1246), shall be available during the fiscal year 1942 for administrative expenses of the Corporation, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; travel expenses, in accordance with the Standardized Government Travel Regulations and the Act of June 3, 1926, as amended (5 U. S. C. 821–833); expenses (not to exceed $2,500) of attendance at meetings concerned with the work of the Corporation when specifically authorized by the Board of Trustees; transfer of household goods and effects as provided by the Act of October 10, 1940 (Public, Numbered 889), and regulations promulgated thereunder; printing and binding; lawbooks, books of reference, and not to exceed $250 for periodicals and newspapers; procurement of supplies, equipment, and services; typewriters, adding machines, and other labor-saving devices, including
their repair and exchange; use of the services and facilities of the Federal Home Loan Bank Board, Federal home-loan banks, Federal Reserve banks, and agencies of the Government as authorized by said title IV; and all other necessary administrative expenses: Provided, That all necessary expenses in connection with the liquidation of insured institutions under said title IV shall be considered as non-administrative expenses for the purposes hereof: Provided further, That, except for the limitations in amounts hereinbefore specified, and the restrictions in respect to travel expenses, the administrative expenses and other obligations of the Corporation shall be incurred, allowed, and paid in accordance with the provisions of said Act of June 27, 1934, as amended (12 U. S. C. 1725-1732).

HOME OWNERS' LOAN CORPORATION

Not to exceed $19,400,000 of the funds of the Home Owners' Loan Corporation, established by the Home Owners' Loan Act of 1933 (48 Stat. 128), shall be available during the fiscal year 1942 for administrative expenses of the Corporation, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; transfer of household goods and effects as provided by the Act of October 10, 1940 (Public, Numbered 839), and regulations promulgated thereunder; travel expenses, in accordance with the Standardized Government Travel Regulations and the Act of June 3, 1926, as amended (5 U. S. C. 821-833); expenses (not to exceed $3,500) of attendance at meetings concerned with the work of the Corporation when specifically authorized by the Board of Directors; printing and binding; lawbooks, books of reference, and not to exceed $500 for periodicals and newspapers; procurement of supplies, equipment, and services; maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, to be used only for official purposes; typewriters, adding machines, and other labor-saving devices, including their repair and exchange; rent in the District of Columbia; use of the services and facilities of the Federal Home Loan Bank Board, Federal home-loan banks, and Federal Reserve banks: Provided, That all necessary expenses (including services performed on a force account, contract or fee basis, but not including other personal services) in connection with the acquisition, protection, operation, maintenance, improvement, or disposition of real or personal property belonging to the Corporation or in which it has an interest, shall be considered as non-administrative expenses for the purposes hereof: Provided further, That not to exceed $50,000 of the amount made available hereby for administrative expenses may be transferred to the National Bureau of Standards to carry out specific projects of the Corporation, upon its request, for studies of the properties and suitability of building materials, with particular reference to their use in low-cost and low-rent housing, including the construction of such experimental structures as may be necessary therefor, and for printing, binding, and disseminating the results of such studies: Provided further, That except for the limitations in amounts hereinbefore specified, and the restrictions in respect to travel expenses, the administrative expenses and other obligations of the Corporation shall be incurred, allowed, and paid in accordance with the provisions of said Home Owners' Loan Act of 1933, as amended (12 U. S. C. 1461-1468).

RECONSTRUCTION FINANCE CORPORATION

Not to exceed $9,890,680 of the funds of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, established by the Act of January 22, 1932 (47 Stat. 5), shall be available during the fiscal year 1942 for administrative
expenses of the Corporation and of The RFC Mortgage Company, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; travel expenses, in accordance with the Standardized Government Travel Regulations and the Act of June 3, 1926, as amended (5 U. S. C. 821-833); printing and binding; lawbooks, books of reference, and not to exceed $1,500 for periodicals and newspapers; procurement of supplies, equipment, and services; typewriters, adding machines, and other labor-saving devices, including their repair and exchange; rent in the District of Columbia; transfer of household goods and effects as provided by the Act of October 10, 1940 (Public, Numbered 893), and regulations promulgated thereunder; use of the services and facilities of the Federal Reserve banks; and all other necessary administrative expenses: Provided, That all necessary expenses in connection with the acquisition, operation, maintenance, improvement, or disposition of any real or personal property belonging to the Corporation or The RFC Mortgage Company or in which they have an interest, including expenses of collections of pledged collateral, shall be considered as nonadministrative expenses for the purposes hereof: Provided further, That notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, except for the limitations in amounts hereinbefore specified, and the restrictions in respect to travel expenses, the administrative expenses and other obligations of the Corporation shall be incurred, allowed, and paid in accordance with the provisions of said Act of January 22, 1932, as amended (15 U. S. C. 661-617).

**FEDERAL POWER COMMISSION**

**SALARIES AND EXPENSES**

For every expenditure requisite for and incident to the work of the Federal Power Commission as authorized by law except for the work authorized by the Act of June 28, 1938, entitled "An Act authorizing the construction of certain public works on rivers and harbors for flood control and for other purposes" (52 Stat. 1215), including traveling expenses; expenses of attendance at meetings which in the discretion of the Commission are necessary for the efficient discharge of its responsibilities; contract stenographic reporting services; purchase and exchange (not to exceed $3,000); hire, maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, including not more than one such vehicle for general administrative use in the District of Columbia; supplies and office equipment; services; scientific instruments; transfer of household goods and effects as provided by the Act of October 10, 1940 (Public, Numbered 893), and regulations promulgated thereunder; and not exceeding $6,000 for purchase and exchange of lawbooks, other books of reference, newspapers, and periodicals, $2,235,000; of which amount not to exceed $1,163,000 shall be available for personal services in the District of Columbia exclusive of not to exceed $25,000 which may be expended for consultants and special counsel.

For every expenditure requisite for and incident to the work of the Federal Power Commission as authorized by the provisions of the Act of June 28, 1938, entitled "An Act authorizing the construction of certain public works on rivers and harbors for flood control, and for other purposes" (52 Stat. 1215), including travel expenses; contract stenographic reporting services; maintenance, repair, and operation of one motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicle; supplies and office equipment; services; scientific instruments; $200,000, of which amount not to exceed $180,000 shall be available for personal services in the District of Columbia.

In all, salaries and expenses, Federal Power Commission, $2,435,000.
National defense activities: For all necessary expenses to enable the Federal Power Commission, during the fiscal year 1942, to continue to perform the functions or activities for the performance of which, during the fiscal year 1941, the Federal Power Commission received an allocation of funds from the appropriation "Emergency fund for the President" contained in the Military Appropriation Act, 1941, including the objects for which and subject to the conditions under which such allocation was expended during the fiscal year 1941, $150,000.

For all printing and binding for the Federal Power Commission, including engraving, lithographing, and photolithographing, $42,000.
Total, Federal Power Commission, $2,627,000.

FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION

For five Commissioners, and for all other authorized expenditures of the Federal Trade Commission in performing the duties imposed by law or in pursuance of law, including secretary to the Commission and other personal services, contract stenographic reporting services; supplies and equipment, lawbooks, books of reference, periodicals, garage rentals, traveling expenses, including not to exceed $900 for expenses of attendance, when specifically authorized by the Commission, at meetings concerned with the work of the Federal Trade Commission, for newspapers not to exceed $500, foreign postage, and witness fees and mileage in accordance with section 9 of the Federal Trade Commission Act; $2,300,000: Provided, That no part of the funds appropriated herein for the Federal Trade Commission shall be expended upon any investigation hereafter provided by concurrent resolution of the Congress until funds are appropriated subsequently to the enactment of such resolution to finance the cost of such investigation.

For all printing and binding for the Federal Trade Commission, $60,000.
Total, Federal Trade Commission, $2,360,000.

FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY

Salaries and expenses: For salaries in the Office of the Administrator in the District of Columbia, including the salary of a General Counsel at $10,000 per annum, and other expenses of said office, including printing and binding (not to exceed $8,000); actual transportation expenses and not to exceed $10 per diem in lieu of subsistence and other expenses to persons serving, while away from their homes without other compensation from the United States, in an advisory capacity to the Administrator; purchase (including exchange) of lawbooks and other books of reference, and periodicals; not to exceed $1,800 for the purchase of a motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicle for the use of the Administrator; not to exceed $1,500 for expenses of attendance, when specifically authorized by the Administrator, at meetings or conventions relating to the work of the Agency; not to exceed $10,000 for the employment of persons or organizations by contract or otherwise, for special services determined by the Administrator to be necessary, without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes, and classification laws, $312,000: Provided, That the Administrator in order to effectuate part 3 of Reorganization Plan Numbered 1 submitted and approved pursuant to the Reorganization Act of 1939 may transfer to this appropriation from funds available for administrative expenses of the constituent
units of the Federal Works Agency such sums as represent a consolidation in the Office of the Administrator of any of the administrative functions of said constituent units; but no such transfer of funds shall be made unless the consolidation of administrative functions will result in a reduction of administrative salary and other expenses and such reduction is accompanied by savings in funds appropriated to the Federal Works Agency, which savings shall not be expended for any other purpose but shall be impounded and returned to the Treasury.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS ADMINISTRATION

For carrying into effect the provisions of the Public Buildings Acts, as provided in section 6 of the Act of May 30, 1908 (31 U. S. C. 683), and for the repair, preservation, and upkeep of all completed public buildings under the control of the Federal Works Agency, the mechanical equipment and the grounds thereof, and sites acquired for buildings, and for the operation of certain completed and occupied buildings under the control of the Federal Works Agency, including furniture and repairs thereof, but exclusive, with respect to operation, of buildings of the United States Coast Guard, of hospitals, quarantine stations, and other Public Health Service buildings, mints, bullion depositories, and assay offices, the Treasury, Treasury Annex, Liberty Loan, and Auditors' Buildings:

General administrative expenses: For architectural, engineering, mechanical, administrative, clerical, and other personal services; traveling expenses, including expenses of employees directed by the Federal Works Administrator to attend meetings of technical and professional societies and educational exhibits in connection with subjects related to the work of the Public Buildings Administration, and for transfer of household goods and effects as provided by the Act of October 10, 1940 (Public, Numbered 839), and regulations promulgated thereunder; printing and binding (not to exceed $13,000), advertising, not exceeding $1,000 for expenses of educational exhibits, specifically approved by the Federal Works Administrator, testing instruments, lawbooks, books of reference, periodicals, and such other contingencies, articles, services, equipment, or supplies as the Commissioner of Public Buildings may deem necessary in connection with any of the work of the Public Buildings Administration; ground rent of the Federal buildings at Salamanca, New York, and Columbus, Mississippi, for which payment may be made in advance; expenses necessary to wind up the affairs of the United States Housing Corporation and effect its dissolution; $875,840, of which amount not to exceed $518,500 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia and not to exceed $196,910 for personal services in the field: Provided, That the foregoing appropriations shall not be available for the cost of surveys, plaster models, progress photographs, test pits and borings, or mill and shop inspections, but the cost thereof shall be construed to be chargeable against the construction appropriations of the respective projects to which they relate.

Repair, preservation, and equipment, outside the District of Columbia: For repairs, alterations, improvement, and preservation, including personal services employed therefor, of completed Federal buildings (including Marcus Hook), the grounds and approaches thereof, wharves, and piers, together with the necessary dredging adjacent thereto, and care and safeguarding, not otherwise provided for, of sites acquired for Federal buildings, including tools and materials for the use of the custodial and mechanical force, wire partitions and insect screens, installation and repair of mechanical...
equipment, gas, and electric-light fixtures, conduits, wiring, platform scales, and tower clocks; vaults and lockbox equipment in all buildings completed and occupied, and for necessary safe equipments in buildings under the administration of the Federal Works Agency, including repairs thereto, and changes in, maintenance of, and repairs to the pneumatic-tube system in New York City installed under franchise of the city of New York, approved June 29, 1909, and June 11, 1928, and the payment of any obligations arising thereunder in accordance with the provisions of the Acts approved August 5, 1909 (36 Stat. 120), and May 15, 1928 (45 Stat. 533), $3,650,000: Provided, That the total expenditures for the fiscal year for the repair and preservation of buildings not reserved by the vendors on sites acquired for buildings or the enlargement of buildings and the installation and repair of the mechanical equipment thereof shall not exceed 20 per centum of the annual rental of such buildings.

Salaries and expenses, public buildings and grounds in the District of Columbia: For administration, protection, maintenance, and improvement of public buildings and grounds in the District of Columbia; all furniture now owned by the United States in public buildings administered by the Public Buildings Administration, including the National Archives Building and including Federal Office Buildings numbered 2 and 3 outside the District of Columbia; repair, preservation, and equipment of the Treasury, Treasury Annex, City Post Office, Auditors' Building, Liberty Loan Building, and Customhouse; rent of buildings; demolition of buildings; expenses incident to moving various executive departments and establishments in connection with the assignment, allocation, transfer, and survey of building space; traveling expenses and carfare; leather and rubber articles and gas masks for the protection of public property and employees; furnishings and equipment; arms and ammunition for the guard force; not exceeding $44,290 for purchase, repair, and cleaning of uniforms for guards and elevator conductors; and the purchase of two motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles; $12,931,900, of which amount not to exceed $500,000 shall be available for major repairs and improvements to public buildings and grounds in the District of Columbia.

Provided, That where quarters or maintenance or other services are furnished on a reimbursable basis to any governmental activity, such activity shall make payment therefor promptly by check upon the written request of the Commissioner of Public Buildings, either in advance or after the service has been furnished, for deposit to the credit of this appropriation, of all or part of the estimated or actual cost thereof, as the case may be, and proper adjustment upon the basis of the actual cost shall be made for services paid for in advance.

Salaries and expenses, public buildings outside the District of Columbia: For operation, protection, and maintenance, including cleaning, heating, lighting, rental of buildings and equipment, supplies, materials, furnishings and equipment, personal services, arms, ammunition, leather and rubber articles and gas masks for the protection of public property and employees, the purchase of one motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicle, and every expenditure requisite for and incidental to such maintenance and operation of public buildings outside of the District of Columbia maintained and operated by the Public Buildings Administration, $2,985,265: Provided, That all furniture now owned by the United States in other public buildings or in buildings rented by the United States shall be used, so far as practicable, whether or not it corresponds with the present regulation plan for furniture: Provided further, That this appropriation shall be available for contracts for telephone switchboards or equivalent telephone-switching equipment jointly serving in each case two or more governmental activities in buildings operated by the Public Buildings Administration where it is found that joint service is
economical and in the interests of the Government, and any Government activity receiving such service shall pay promptly by check upon the written request of the Commissioner of Public Buildings, either in advance or after the service has been furnished, for deposit to the credit of this appropriation, all or part of the estimated or actual cost thereof, as the case may be, and proper adjustment upon the basis of the actual cost shall be made for service paid for in advance.

Under the appropriations for salaries and expenses public buildings in and outside the District of Columbia, per diem employees may be paid at rates approved by the Commissioner of Public Buildings, not exceeding current rates for similar services in the place where such services are employed, and such employees in emergencies may be entered on duty subject to confirmation by the Federal Works Administrator.

Construction of public buildings, District of Columbia: The Federal Works Administrator is hereby authorized, pursuant to the provisions of the Act of May 25, 1926 (44 Stat. 630), as amended, to acquire sites or additional land and to enter into contracts for construction of the following public-building projects in amounts not exceeding the following respective limits of cost, which limits of cost shall include salaries, cost of supervision of construction, and inspection, furniture, equipment, moving expenses, extension of steam and water mains and removal or diversion of such sewers and utilities as may be necessary, and all other expenses required solely for the purpose of carrying out said public-building projects; and such Administrator is authorized to direct the preparation of all sketches, estimates, plans, drawings, and specifications, and to enter into all other contracts necessary for carrying out the purposes hereof; and he is further authorized, when deemed by him desirable and advantageous, to employ by contract or otherwise, temporary professional, technical, or nontechnical employees, firms, or corporations, to such extent as may be necessary to carry out the purposes hereof, without regard to classification laws, or section 3700 of the Revised Statutes:

War Department Building: The Commissioner of Public Buildings is hereby authorized to utilize for preliminary expenses and plans and specifications, in connection with the second unit of the War Department buildings, any unexpended balances of appropriations for the acquisition of site and the construction of the first unit of said buildings.

Site and building, west central heating plant, Washington, District of Columbia: For completion of the acquisition of site and construction of a central heating plant in the District of Columbia, $2,400,000.

Site and building, General Accounting Office, Washington, District of Columbia: For continuation of the acquisition of site and construction of a building for the General Accounting Office, $5,000,000.


Acquisition of property in the District of Columbia: For the acquisition of property within the areas prescribed by the Act of May 25, 1926, as amended, authorizing the Federal Works Administrator to acquire certain lands within the District of Columbia, $700,000.

State Department Annex Building: For the acquisition of land as a site for the State Department Annex building in square 167, in the District of Columbia, $920,000.

The National Archives Building, installation of facilities: For the purchase and installation of filing and storage equipment in stack areas, changes and additions to the air-conditioning system, and necessary structural and mechanical remodeling, $500,000.
General administrative expenses: For the employment of persons and means, including rent, advertising (including advertising in the city of Washington for work to be performed in areas adjacent thereto), printing and binding (not to exceed $32,000), purchase (including exchange) of lawbooks, books of reference and periodicals, and the preparation, distribution, and display of exhibits, in the city of Washington and elsewhere for the purpose of conducting research and investigational studies, either independently or in cooperation with State highway departments, or other agencies, including studies of highway administration, legislation, finance, economics, transport, construction, operation, maintenance, utilization, and safety, and of street and highway traffic control; investigations and experiments in the best methods of road making, especially by the use of local materials; and studies of types of mechanical plants and appliances used for road building and maintenance, and of methods of road repair and maintenance suited to the needs of different localities; for maintenance and repairs of experimental highways; for furnishing expert advice on these subjects; for collating, reporting, and illustrating the results of same; and for preparing, publishing, and distributing bulletins and reports; to be paid from any moneys available from the administrative funds provided under the Act of July 11, 1916 (39 Stat. 355-359), as amended, or as otherwise provided.

FEDERAL-AID HIGHWAY SYSTEM

For carrying out the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide that the United States shall aid the States in the construction of rural post roads, and for other purposes", approved July 11, 1916 (39 Stat. 355-359), and all Acts amendatory thereof and supplementary thereto, to be expended in accordance with the provisions of said Act, as amended, including not to exceed $1,100,000 for departmental personal services in the District of Columbia, $100,000,000, to be immediately available and to remain available until expended, which sum is composed of $95,000,000, part of the amount authorized to be appropriated for the fiscal year 1941 by section 1 of the Act approved June 8, 1938 (52 Stat. 633), and $5,000,000, a partial reimbursement of the sums expended for the repair or reconstruction of highways and bridges on the system of Federal-aid highways which have been damaged or destroyed by floods, hurricanes, earthquakes, or landslides, as provided for by section 3 of the Act approved June 18, 1934 (48 Stat. 994); Provided, That none of the money herein appropriated shall be paid to any State on account of any project on which convict labor shall be employed, except this provision shall not apply to convict labor performed by convicts on parole or probation; Provided further, That not to exceed $45,000 of the funds provided for carrying out the provisions of the Federal Highway Act of November 9, 1921 (23 U. S. C. 21, 23), shall be available for the purchase of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles necessary for carrying out the provisions of said Act, including the replacement of not to exceed one such vehicle for use in the administrative work of the Public Roads Administration in the District of Columbia: Provided further, That, during the fiscal year 1942, whenever performing authorized engineering or other services in connection with the survey, construction, and maintenance, or improvement of roads for other Government agencies the charge for such services may include depreciation on engineering and road-building equipment used, and the amounts received on account of such charges shall be credited
to the appropriation concerned: *Provided further,* That during the fiscal year 1942 the appropriations for the work of the Public Roads Administration shall be available for meeting the expenses of warehouse maintenance and the procurement, care, and handling of supplies, materials, and equipment stored therein for distribution to projects under the supervision of the Public Roads Administration, and for sale and distribution to other Government activities, the cost of such supplies and materials or the value of such equipment (including the cost of transportation and handling) to be reimbursed to appropriations current at the time additional supplies, materials, or equipment are procured, from the appropriation chargeable with the cost or value of such supplies, materials, or equipment: *Provided further,* That the appropriations available to the Public Roads Administration may be used in emergency for medical supplies and services and other assistance necessary for the immediate relief of employees engaged on hazardous work under that Administration: *Provided further,* That the appropriations for the work of the Public Roads Administration shall be available (not exceeding $5,000) for the transfer of household goods and effects as provided by the Act of October 10, 1940 (Public Numbered 839), and regulations promulgated thereunder; for necessary expenses (not exceeding $9,000) of attendance at meetings and conferences of highway departments, associations, organizations, and other agencies concerned, and (not exceeding $15,000) for the temporary employment, by contract or otherwise, of technical consultants and experts without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes, and classifications laws.

**INTER-AMERICAN HIGHWAY**

For all necessary expenses to enable the President to utilize the services of the Public Roads Administration in fulfilling the obligations of the United States under the Convention on the Pan-American Highway between the United States and other American Republics, signed at Buenos Aires, December 23, 1936, and proclaimed September 16, 1937 (51 Stat. 152), for the continuation of cooperation with several governments, members of the Pan American Union, in connection with the survey and construction of the Inter-American Highway as provided in Public Resolution, approved March 4, 1929 (45 Stat. 1697), as amended or supplemented, and for performing engineering service in pan-American countries for and upon the request of any agency or governmental corporation of the United States, $100,000 to be derived from the administrative funds provided under the Act of July 11, 1916, as amended or supplemented (23 U. S. C. 21), or as otherwise provided.

**FEDERAL-AID SECONDARY OR FEEDER ROADS**

For secondary or feeder roads, including farm-to-market roads, rural free delivery mail roads, and public-school bus routes, $15,000,000, to be immediately available and to remain available until expended, which sum is the amount authorized to be appropriated for the fiscal year 1941, by section 2 of the Act approved June 8, 1938 (52 Stat. 634).

**ELIMINATION OF GRADE CROSSINGS**

For the elimination of hazards to life at railroad grade crossings, including the separation or protection of grades at crossings, the reconstruction of existing railroad grade-crossing structures, and the relocation of highways to eliminate grade crossings, $10,000,000, to
be immediately available and to remain available until expended, which sum is composed of $5,000,000, which is the remainder of the amount authorized to be appropriated for the fiscal year 1940 by section 3 of the Act approved June 8, 1938 (52 Stat. 634), and $5,000,000, part of the amount authorized to be appropriated for the fiscal year 1941, by said section 3.

PUBLIC-LANDS HIGHWAYS

For the survey, construction, reconstruction, and maintenance of main roads through unappropriated or unreserved public lands, non-taxable Indian lands, or other Federal reservations other than the forest reservations, under the provisions of the Act of June 24, 1930 (23 U. S. C. 3), $1,000,000, to be immediately available and to remain available until expended, which sum is authorized for the fiscal year 1942 by section 7 of the Act of September 5, 1940 (Public, Numbered 780).

Total, Public Roads Administration, $126,000,000.

PUBLIC WORKS ADMINISTRATION

Not to exceed $620,000 of the funds appropriated by the Public Works Administration Appropriation Act of 1938 shall be available for administrative expenses of said Administration, which administrative expenses shall include personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; travel expenses, in accordance with the Standardized Government Travel Regulations and the Act of June 3, 1926, as amended (5 U. S. C. 821-833); printing and binding; purchase including exchange of lawbooks, and books of reference, and not to exceed $500 for periodicals, and newspapers; procurement of supplies, equipment, and services; not to exceed $500 for expenses of attendance, when specifically authorized by the Commissioner, at meetings concerned with the work of the Administration; rent in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; and all other necessary administrative expenses: Provided, That except for the limitations in amounts hereinbefore specified, and the restrictions in respect to travel expenses, the administrative expenses and other obligations of the Administration shall be incurred, allowed, and paid in accordance with the provisions of title II of the National Industrial Recovery Act.

Title II, cited as the "Public Works Administration Appropriation Act of 1938", of an Act entitled "Work Relief and Public Works Appropriation Act of 1938", approved June 21, 1938, as amended by the "Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1940", is hereby further amended as follows: Section 201 (a) is amended by changing "June 30, 1941" to "June 30, 1942"; section 201 (b) is amended by changing "June 30, 1941" to "June 30, 1942"; and section 202 is amended by changing "June 30, 1941", therein to "June 30, 1942", and "July 1, 1941", therein to "July 1, 1942".

UNITED STATES HOUSING AUTHORITY

Salaries and expenses: Not to exceed $3,470,000 of the funds of the United States Housing Authority, established by the United States Housing Act of 1937, as amended (42 U. S. C. 1401) shall be available for all necessary administrative expenses of the Authority in carrying out the provisions of said Act, including personal services and rent in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; printing and binding; reproducing, photographing, and labor-saving devices and office appliances; not to exceed $5,000 for the purchase and exchange of lawbooks and other books of reference, periodicals, and newspapers;
not to exceed $2,500 for expenses of attendance, when specifically authorized by the Administrator, at meetings or conventions concerned with the work of the Authority; not to exceed $15,000 for the preparation, mounting, shipping, and installation of exhibits; not to exceed $25,000 for employing persons or organizations, by contract or otherwise, for special reporting, engineering, technical, legal, and other services determined necessary by the Administrator, without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes, and the Classification Act of 1923, as amended: Provided, That of the funds made available under this paragraph (a) the amount used by the Authority in connection with its informational service functions, including press and related activities, photographic displays, exhibits, and other educational or descriptive pamphlets or materials, printing, binding, and reproduction of materials involving informational service functions, shall not exceed $90,000, and (b) the amount used by the Authority for personal services in connection with the functions and duties of the tenant relations division shall not exceed $120,000: Provided further, That all necessary expenses of providing construction advisers and their staffs at the sites of non-Federal projects, and of paying the accrued annual leave of such construction advisers and their staffs (including annual leave accrued prior to the enactment of this Act), in connection with the construction of such non-Federal projects by public housing agencies with the aid of the Authority, shall be reimbursed or paid by such agencies, and expenditures by the Authority from such receipts shall be considered nonadministrative expenses, and so much of all such receipts (including such receipts prior to the enactment of this Act) as is necessary to accomplish the purposes of this proviso, shall be immediately and continuously available until June 30, 1943: Provided further, That not to exceed $50,000 of the amount made available for administrative expenses may be transferred to the National Bureau of Standards to carry out specific projects of the Authority, upon the request of the Administrator, for studies of the properties and suitability of building materials, with particular reference to their use in low-cost and low-rent housing, including the construction of such experimental structures as may be necessary therefor, and for printing, binding, and disseminating the results of such studies.

Annual contributions: For the payment of annual contributions to public housing agencies in accordance with section 10 of the United States Housing Act of 1937, as amended (42 U. S. C., Supp. IV, 1410), $8,000,000, together with the unexpended balance of the appropriation for this purpose for the fiscal year 1941: Provided, That except for payments required on contracts entered into prior to April 18, 1940, no part of this appropriation shall be available for payment to any public-housing agency for expenditure in connection with any low-rent housing project, unless the public housing agency shall have adopted regulations prohibiting as a tenant of any such project by rental or occupancy any person other than a citizen of the United States.

Any of the foregoing appropriations for general or administrative expenses under the Federal Works Agency shall be available for the maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles in the District of Columbia and in the field.

The Federal Works Administrator or other official designated by him may exchange motor-propelled vehicles, scientific apparatus, instruments, labor-saving office devices, and accessories in whole or in part payment for vehicles, scientific apparatus, instruments, labor-saving devices, and accessories.
FOREIGN-SERVICE PAY ADJUSTMENT

Foreign-service pay adjustment of officers and employees of the United States in foreign countries due to appreciation of foreign currencies: For the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to authorize annual appropriations to meet losses sustained by officers and employees of the United States in foreign countries due to appreciation of foreign currencies in their relation to the American dollar, and for other purposes", approved March 26, 1934 (U. S. C. Supp. IV, Title 5, Sec. 118c), and for each and every object and purpose specified therein, $975,000.

GENERAL ACCOUNTING OFFICE

Salaries: For Comptroller General, Assistant Comptroller General, and other personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, $10,362,000: Provided, That notwithstanding the provisions of the Act of August 5, 1939 (53 Stat. 1219), the Comptroller General of the United States is hereby authorized, in his discretion, to destroy and dispose of stamps issued by the Surplus Marketing Administration of the Department of Agriculture after the said stamps have been paid by the Division of Disbursement of the Treasury Department and audited by the General Accounting Office, either in the field or at the seat of government: Provided further, That the salary of the Comptroller General shall be at the rate of $12,000 per annum effective on the date of enactment of this Act, so long as the position is held by the present incumbent.

Contingent expenses: For traveling expenses, materials, supplies, equipment, and services; procurement and exchange of books, lawbooks, books of reference, and periodicals, typewriters, calculating machines, and other office appliances, including their development, repairs, and maintenance, including one motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicle; and miscellaneous items, $319,880.

For all printing and binding for the General Accounting Office, including monthly and annual editions of selected decisions of the Comptroller General of the United States, $82,000.

Total, General Accounting Office, $10,763,880.

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

General administrative expenses: For eleven Commissioners, secretary, and for all other authorized expenditures necessary in the execution of laws to regulate commerce, including one chief counsel, one director of finance, and one director of traffic, at $10,000 each per annum, field hearings, traveling expenses, and contract stenographic reporting services, $2,580,940, of which amount not to exceed $2,338,040 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia, exclusive of special counsel, for which the expenditure shall not exceed $50,000; not exceeding $3,000 for purchase and exchange of necessary books, reports, and periodicals.

Regulating accounts: To enable the Interstate Commerce Commission to enforce compliance with section 20 and other sections of the Interstate Commerce Act as amended by the Act approved June 29, 1906, the Transportation Act, 1920 (49 U. S. C. 20), and the Transportation Act of 1940, including the employment of necessary special accounting agents or examiners, and traveling expenses, $840,000, of which amount not to exceed $190,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.
Safety of employees: To enable the Interstate Commerce Commission to keep informed regarding and to enforce compliance with Acts to promote the safety of employees and travelers upon railroads; the Act requiring common carriers to make reports of accidents and authorizing investigations thereof; and to enable the Interstate Commerce Commission to investigate and test appliances intended to promote the safety of railway operation, as authorized by the joint resolution approved June 30, 1906 (45 U. S. C. 35), and the provision of the Sundry Civil Act approved May 27, 1908 (45 U. S. C. 36, 37), to investigate, test experimentally, and report on the use and need of any appliances or systems intended to promote the safety of railway operation, inspectors, and for traveling expenses, $506,000, of which amount not to exceed $92,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

Signal safety systems: For all authorized expenditures under section 25 of the Interstate Commerce Act, as amended by the Transportation Act, 1920, the Act of August 26, 1937 (49 U. S. C. 26), and the Transportation Act of 1910, with respect to the provision thereof under which carriers by railroad subject to the Act may be required to install automatic train-stop or train-control devices which comply with specifications and requirements prescribed by the Commission, including investigations and tests pertaining to block-signal and train-control systems, as authorized by the joint resolution approved June 30, 1906 (45 U. S. C. 35), and including the employment of the necessary engineers, and for traveling expenses, $126,810, of which amount not to exceed $40,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

Locomotive inspection: For all authorized expenditures under the provisions of the Act of February 17, 1911, entitled “An Act to promote the safety of employees and travelers upon railroads by compelling common carriers engaged in interstate commerce to equip their locomotives with safe and suitable boilers and appurtenances thereto” (45 U. S. C. 22), as amended by the Act of March 4, 1915, extending “the same powers and duties with respect to all parts and appurtenances of the locomotive and tender” (45 U. S. C. 30), and amendment of June 7, 1924 (45 U. S. C. 27), providing for the appointment from time to time by the Interstate Commerce Commission of not more than fifteen inspectors in addition to the number authorized in the first paragraph of section 4 of the Act of 1911 (45 U. S. C. 26), and the amendment of June 27, 1930 (45 U. S. C. 24, 26), including such legal, technical, stenographic, and clerical help as the business of the offices of the director of locomotive inspection and his two assistants may require and for traveling expenses, $475,000, of which amount not to exceed $71,450 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

Valuation of property of carriers: To enable the Interstate Commerce Commission to carry out the objects of the Act entitled “An Act to amend an Act entitled ‘An Act to regulate commerce’, approved February 4, 1887, and all Acts amendatory thereof, by providing for a valuation of the several classes of property of carriers subject thereto and securing information concerning their stocks, bonds, and other securities”, approved March 1, 1913, as amended by the Act of June 7, 1922 (49 U. S. C. 19a), and by the “Emergency Railroad Transportation Act, 1933” (49 U. S. C. 19a), including one director of valuation at $10,000 per annum, one valuation engineer at $7,500 per annum, and traveling expenses, $610,000.

Motor transport regulation: For all authorized expenditures necessary to enable the Interstate Commerce Commission to carry out the
provisions of part II of the Interstate Commerce Act and section 5, part I, of the Interstate Commerce Act insofar as applicable to common carriers subject to part II (Transportation Act of 1940), including one director at $10,000 per annum and other personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; traveling expenses; supplies; services and equipment; not to exceed $1,000 for purchase and exchange of books, reports, newspapers, and periodicals; contract stenographic reporting services; purchase (not to exceed $18,000), exchange, maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles when necessary for official use in field work; not to exceed $5,000 for the purchase of evidence in connection with investigations of apparent violations of said Act, $3,690,000: Provided, That Joint Board members may use Government transportation requests when traveling in connection with their duties as Joint Board members.

Not to exceed $2,500 of the appropriations herein made for the Interstate Commerce Commission shall be available for expenses, except membership fees, for attendance at meetings concerned with the work of the Commission, and not to exceed $5,000 for transfer of household goods and effects as provided by the Act of October 10, 1940 (Public, Numbered 839), and regulations promulgated thereunder.

In all, salaries and expenses, Interstate Commerce Commission, $8,585,750.

For all printing and binding for the Interstate Commerce Commission, including reports in all cases proposing general changes in transportation rates and not to exceed $17,000 to print and furnish to the States, at cost, report form blanks, and the receipts from such reports and blanks shall be credited to this appropriation, $200,000. Total, Interstate Commerce Commission, $9,058,750.

NATIONAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE FOR AERONAUTICS

For scientific research, technical investigations, and special reports in the field of aeronautics, including the necessary laboratory and technical assistants; contracts for personal services in the making of special investigations and in the preparation of special reports; traveling expenses of members and employees, including not to exceed $2,500 for expenses, except membership fees, of attendance upon meetings of technical and professional societies; transfer of household goods and effects as provided by the Act of October 10, 1940 (Public, Numbered 839) and regulations promulgated thereunder; office supplies and other miscellaneous expenses, including technical periodicals and books of reference; equipment, maintenance, and operation of the Langley Memorial Aeronautical Laboratory, the Ames Aeronautical Laboratory, and the airplane engine research laboratory provided for in the First Supplemental National Defense Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1941, approved June 26, 1940; purchase, maintenance, operation, and exchange of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles including one at not to exceed $1,200; personal services in the field and not to exceed $195,380 for personal services in the District of Columbia; in all, $4,567,890.

For all printing and binding for the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics, including all of its offices, laboratories, and services located in Washington, District of Columbia, and elsewhere, $25,000.

Construction and equipment: For continuing construction and equipment of the Ames Aeronautical Laboratory (at Moffett Field, California) for which an initial appropriation of $1,890,980 was pro-
vided in the Third Deficiency Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1939, and a second appropriation of $4,200,000 in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1941, $3,409,020.

Airplane engine research laboratory: For continuing construction and equipment of an airplane engine research laboratory, for which an initial appropriation of $2,000,000 was provided in the First Supplemental National Defense Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1941, including expenses in the District of Columbia and elsewhere for the preparation of plans and specifications, $6,600,000, to remain available until expended.

Total, National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics, $13,601,910.

NATIONAL ARCHIVES

Salaries and expenses: For the Archivist and for all other necessary and authorized expenditures in carrying out the provisions of the Act of June 19, 1934 (48 Stat. 1122-1124; 40 U. S. C. ch. 2A), as amended; the Act of July 26, 1935 (49 Stat. 500-503; U. S. C., Supp. II, title 44, ch. 8A), as amended; the Act of July 18, 1939 (53 Stat. 1062-1066), and the Act of August 5, 1939 (53 Stat. 1219-1221); including personal services in the District of Columbia; supplies and equipment, including scientific, technical, first-aid, protective, and other apparatus and materials for the arrangement, titling, scoring, repair, processing, editing, duplication, reproduction, and authentication of photographic and other records (including motion-picture and other films and sound recordings) in the custody of the Archivist; purchase and exchange of books, including lawbooks, books of reference, maps, and charts; contract stenographic reporting services; purchase of newspapers, and periodicals; not to exceed $100 for payment in advance when authorized by the Archivist for library membership in societies whose publications are available to members only or to members at a price lower than to the general public; travel expenses, including not to exceed $1,000 for the expenses of attendance at meetings concerned with the furtherance of the purposes of the said Acts; exchange of scientific and technical apparatus and labor-saving devices; repairs to equipment; and maintenance, operation, and repair of motor vehicles, $980,940.

Printing and binding: For all printing and binding, $12,400.

Total, The National Archives, $993,340.

NATIONAL CAPITAL PARK AND PLANNING COMMISSION

For each and every purpose requisite for and incident to the work of the National Capital Park and Planning Commission necessary toward carrying into effect the provisions of the Act entitled “An Act for the acquisition, establishment, and development of the George Washington Memorial Parkway along the Potomac from Mount Vernon and Fort Washington to the Great Falls, and to provide for the acquisition of lands in the District of Columbia and the States of Maryland and Virginia requisite to the comprehensive park, parkway, and playground system of the National Capital”, approved May 29, 1930; personal services, including real estate and other technical services, at rates of pay to be fixed by the Commission and not exceeding those usual for similar services and without reference to the Classification Act of 1923, as amended; travel expenses; expenses of surveys and searching of titles, purchase of options, and all other costs incident to the acquisition of land, operation and maintenance of passenger-carrying vehicles for official use, $1,300,000, to remain available until expended, $230,000 of said sum to be available for carrying out the
provisions of section 1 (a) of said Act; $200,000 to be available for carrying out the provisions of section 1 (b) of said Act, and $850,000 to be available for carrying out the provisions of section 4 of said Act.

PROTECTION OF INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES IN MATTERS AFFECTING OIL LANDS IN FORMER NAVAL RESERVES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Compensation and expenses.</th>
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<tr>
<td>Protection of interests of the United States in matters affecting oil lands in former naval reserves: For compensation and expenses of special counsel and for all other expenses, including employment of experts and other assistants at such rates as may be authorized or approved by the President, in connection with carrying into effect the joint resolution entitled &quot;Joint resolution directing the Secretary of the Interior to institute proceedings touching sections 16 and 36, township 30 south, range 23 east, Mount Diablo meridian&quot;, approved February 21, 1924, $25,850, to be expended by the President: Provided, That no part of this sum shall be used to compensate any person at a rate in excess of $10,000 per annum.</td>
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<td>43 Stat. 15.</td>
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<th>Salaries and expenses.</th>
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<tr>
<td>For five Commissioners, and other personal services in the District of Columbia, and for all other authorized expenditures of the Securities and Exchange Commission in performing the duties imposed by law or in pursuance of law, including employment of experts when necessary; contract stenographic reporting services; supplies and equipment; purchase and exchange of lawbooks, books of reference, directories, periodicals, and newspapers; travel expenses, including the expense of attendance, when specifically authorized by the Commission, at meetings concerned with the work of the Securities and Exchange Commission; garage rental; foreign postage; mileage and witness fees; rent of quarters outside the District of Columbia; rental of equipment; purchase, including exchange, of one motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicle; purchase of rubber gloves; and other necessary expenses: $5,380,000.</td>
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<tr>
<td>For all printing and binding for the Securities and Exchange Commission, $60,000.</td>
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<td>Total, Securities and Exchange Commission, $5,440,000.</td>
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<th>Operation and maintenance.</th>
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<td>For all expenses necessary for the operation and maintenance of the Selective Service System as authorized by the Selective Training and Service Act of 1940 (Public, Numbered 783); including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, lawbooks, periodicals; newspapers (not to exceed $2,700); books of reference; payment of actual transportation expenses (not exceeding a total of $100,000) and not to exceed $10 per diem in lieu of subsistence and other expenses of persons serving while away from their homes, without other compensation from the United States, in an advisory capacity to the Director of Selective Service; and purchase and exchange, and hire, operation, maintenance, and repair of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, and printing and binding, $33,500,000: Provided, That such amounts as may be necessary shall be available for the planning, directing, and operation of a program of work of national importance under civilian direction, either independently or in cooperation with governmental or nongovernmental agencies, and the assignment and delivery thereto of individuals found to be conscientiously opposed to</td>
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<tr>
<td>54 Stat. 885.</td>
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<td>Port, p. 547.</td>
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participation in work of the land or naval forces, which cooperation
with other agencies may include the furnishing of funds to and accept-
ance of money, services, or other forms of assistance from such non-
governmental agencies for the more effectual accomplishment of the
work; and including also the pay and allowances of such individuals
at rates not in excess of those paid to persons inducted into the Army
under the Selective Service System, and such privileges as are accorded
such inductees: Provided further, That the travel of persons engaged
in the administration of the Selective Service System, including com-
missioned, warrant, or enlisted personnel of the Army, Navy, Marine
Corps, or their reserve components, may be ordered by the Director or
by such persons as he may authorize, and persons so traveling shall be
to transportation and subsistence or per diem in lieu of
subistence, at rates authorized by law.

SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION

For expenses of the general administrative office; for the system
of international exchanges between the United States and foreign
countries; for continuing ethnological researches among the American
Indians and the natives of Hawaii and the excavation and preserva-
tion of archeologic remains; for maintenance of the Astrophysical
Observatory, including assistants, and making necessary observations
in high altitudes; for cases, furniture, fixtures, and appliances required
for the exhibition and safekeeping of collections; and for administra-
tion of the National Collection of Fine Arts; including personal
services, purchase of books of reference and periodicals, traveling
expenses, including not exceeding $1,000 for expenses of attendance at
meetings concerned with the work of the Institution when specifically
authorized by the Secretary of the Smithsonian Institution; uniforms
for guards, supplies and equipment, preparation of manuscripts, draw-
ings, and illustrations, supplying of heating, lighting, electrical, tele-
graphic, and telephone service, repairs and alterations of buildings,
shops, sheds, and approaches, and other necessary expenses, $386,260.

Preservation of collections: For continuing preservation, exhibition,
and increase of collections from the surveying and exploring expedi-
tions of the Government, and from other sources, including personal
services, traveling expenses, including not exceeding $1,500 for expenses
of attendance at meetings concerned with the work of the National
Museum when specifically authorized by the Secretary of the Smith-
sonian Institution, purchasing and supplying, repairing and cleaning of
uniforms for guards and elevator conductors, postage stamps, and
foreign postal cards, and all other necessary expenses and not exceeding
$4,000 for preparation of manuscripts, drawings, and illustrations
for publications, and not exceeding $4,000 for purchase of books,
pamphlets, and periodicals, $626,720.

Printing and binding: For all printing and binding for the Smith-
sonian Institution, including all of its bureaus, offices, institutions, and
services located in Washington, District of Columbia, and elsewhere,
except the National Gallery of Art, $88,500, of which not to exceed
$12,000 shall be available for printing the report of the American
Historical Association.

Salaries and expenses, National Gallery of Art: For the upkeep
and operation of the National Gallery of Art, the protection and
care of the works of art therein, and all administrative expenses
incident thereto, as authorized by the Act of March 24, 1937 (50
Stat. 51), as amended by the public resolution of April 15, 1939
(Public Resolution Numbered 8, Seventy-sixth Congress), including
personal services in the District of Columbia (except as otherwise

Travel expenses.

Post, p. 831.

Astrophysical Ob-
Servatory.

National Collection
of Fine Arts.

Preservation of col-
lections.

Post, p. 831.

Printing and bind-
ing.

American Historical
Association, report.

National Gallery of
Art, maintenance.

53 Stat. 577.
provided in sec. 4 (c) of such Act not to exceed $365,220; traveling expenses, including not exceeding $1,000 for expenses of attendance at meetings concerned with the work of the National Gallery of Art, when specifically authorized by the treasurer of the gallery; streetcar fares; supplies; equipment including labor-saving machines and devices and the rental, repair, and exchange thereof; periodicals and books of reference; purchase, repair, and cleaning of uniforms for guards and elevator operators; not to exceed $8,000 for printing and binding; purchase or rental of devices and services for protecting buildings and contents thereof; and maintenance and repair of buildings, approaches, and grounds, $553,300: Provided. That section 3709 of the Revised Statutes, or the Classification Act of 1928, as amended, shall not apply to the restoration and repair of works of art for the National Gallery of Art, the cost of which shall not exceed $15,000.

Total, Smithsonian Institution, $1,634,780, of which amount not to exceed $1,228,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

TARIFF COMMISSION

For salaries and expenses of the Tariff Commission, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, purchase and exchange of labor-saving devices, the purchase and exchange of professional and scientific books, lawbooks, books of reference, gloves and other protective equipment for photostat and other machine operators, subscriptions to newspapers and periodicals, and contract stenographic reporting services, as authorized by sections 330 to 341 of the Tariff Act of 1930, approved June 17, 1930 (19 U. S. C. 1330–1341), $905,000, of which amount not to exceed $2,500 may be expended for expenses, except membership fees, of attendance at meetings concerned with subjects under investigation by the Commission; and not to exceed $7,500 for allowances for living quarters, including heat, fuel, and light, as authorized by the Act approved June 26, 1930 (5 U. S. C. 118a), but not to exceed $1,700 for any one person: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be used to pay the salary of any member of the Tariff Commission who shall hereafter participate in any proceedings under sections 336, 337, and 338 of the Tariff Act of 1930, wherein he or any member of his family has any special, direct, and pecuniary interest, or in which he has acted as attorney or special representative.

For all printing and binding for the Tariff Commission, $15,000.

Total, Tariff Commission, $920,000.

TENNESSEE VALLEY AUTHORITY

For the purpose of carrying out the provisions of the Act entitled "The Tennessee Valley Authority Act of 1933", approved May 18, 1933, as amended by the Act approved August 31, 1935, and by the Act approved July 26, 1939 (16 U. S. C., ch. 12a), including the continued construction of Kentucky Dam at Gilbertsville, Kentucky; Watts Bar Dam and Steam Plant (including additional steam electric generating facilities with a rated capacity of approximately 60,000 kilowatts); Fort Loudon Dam; and Cherokee Dam; and the acquisition of necessary land, the clearing of such land, relocation of highways, and the construction or purchase of transmission lines and other facilities, and all other necessary works authorized by such Acts, and for printing and binding, lawbooks, books of reference, newspapers, periodicals, purchase, maintenance, and operation of passenger-carrying vehicles, rents in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, and all necessary salaries and expenses connected with
the organization, operation, and investigations of the Tennessee Valley Authority, and for examination of estimates of appropriations and activities in the field, $79,800,000, of which not exceeding $1,500,000 shall be available immediately: Provided, That this appropriation and any unexpended balance on June 30, 1941, in the "Tennessee Valley Authority fund, 1941", and the receipts of the Tennessee Valley Authority from all sources during the fiscal year 1942 (subject to the provisions of sec. 26 of the Tennessee Valley Authority Act of 1933, as amended), shall be covered into and accounted for as one fund to be known as the "Tennessee Valley Authority fund, 1942", to remain available until June 30, 1942, and to be available for the payment of obligations chargeable against the "Tennessee Valley Authority fund, 1941": Provided further, That purchases may be made by the Authority during the fiscal year 1942 without regard to the provisions of section 3709 of the Revised Statutes and section 9 (b) of the Tennessee Valley Authority Act, as amended, when in the judgment of the Board of Directors of the Authority such a procedure will expedite the completion of projects determined by the President to be essential for defense purposes: Provided further, That the extent and location of the transmission lines provided for in joint resolution approved July 31, 1940 (Public Resolution Numbered 55), shall receive the approval of the President.

UNITED STATES MARITIME COMMISSION

To increase the construction fund established by the "Merchant Marine Act, 1936", $160,000,000, of which not to exceed $5,270,000 shall be available for administrative expenses of the United States Maritime Commission, including the following: Personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; travel expenses in accordance with the Standardized Government Travel Regulations and the Act of June 3, 1926, as amended, including not to exceed $2,400 for expenses of attendance, when specifically authorized by the Chairman of the Commission, at meetings concerned with work of the Commission; printing and binding; lawbooks, books of reference, and not to exceed $4,000 for periodicals and newspapers; contract stenographic reporting services; procurement of supplies, equipment, and services, including telephone, telegraph, radio, and teletype services; purchase and exchange (not to exceed $3,700 including one at not to exceed $1,200), maintenance, repair, and operation of passenger-carrying automobiles for official use; typewriting and adding machines, and other labor-saving devices, including their repair and exchange; expenses (not exceeding $15,000) for transfer of household goods and effects as provided by the Act of October 19, 1940 (Public, Numbered 899), and regulations promulgated thereunder; necessary expenses (not exceeding $6,000) incident to the education and training of personnel of the Commission detailed at institutions for scientific education and research as authorized by the Act of August 4, 1939; compensation as authorized by said Act of August 4, 1939, for officers of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard, detailed to the Commission; allowances for living quarters, including heat, fuel, and light, as authorized by the Act of June 26, 1930; and including not to exceed $75,000 for the employment, on a contract or fee basis, of persons, firms, or corporations for the performance of special services, including accounting, legal, actuarial, and statistical services, without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes.

In addition to the contract authorizations contained in previous Acts, the Commission is authorized to enter into contract for further carrying out the provisions of the Merchant Marine Act, 1936, as amended, in an amount not to exceed $180,000,000.
STATE MARINE SCHOOLS, ACT OF MARCH 4, 1911

To reimburse the State of California, $25,000; the State of Massachusetts, $25,000; the State of New York, $25,000; and the State of Pennsylvania, $25,000, for expenses incurred in the maintenance and support of marine schools in such States as provided in the Act authorizing the establishment of marine schools, and so forth, approved March 4, 1911 (34 U. S. C. 1121), and for the maintenance and repair of the particular vessels loaned by the United States to the said States on the date of the approval of this Act for use in connection with such State marine schools, $90,000; in all, $190,000.

Total, United States Maritime Commission, $160,190,000.

VETERANS' ADMINISTRATION

Administration, medical, hospital, and domiciliary services: For all salaries and expenses of the Veterans' Administration, including the expenses of maintenance and operation of medical, hospital, and domiciliary services of the Veterans' Administration, in carrying out the duties, powers, and functions devolving upon it pursuant to the authority contained in the Act entitled "An Act to authorize the President to consolidate and coordinate governmental activities affecting war veterans", approved July 3, 1930 (38 U. S. C. 11-11f), and any and all laws for which the Veterans' Administration is now or may hereafter be charged with administering, $104,726,912: Provided, That not to exceed $3,500 of this amount shall be available for expenses, except membership fees, of employees, detailed by the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs to attend meetings of associations for the promotion of medical science or for the betterment of insurance practices and conventions of organized war veterans: Provided further, That this appropriation shall be available also for personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, including traveling expenses; examination of estimates of appropriations in the field, including actual expenses of subsistence or per diem allowance in lieu thereof; transfer of household goods and effects as provided by the Act of October 10, 1940 (Public, Numbered 839), and regulations promulgated thereunder; furnishing and laundering of such wearing apparel as may be prescribed for employees in the performance of their official duties; purchase and exchange of lawbooks, books of reference, periodicals, and newspapers; for passenger-carrying and other motor vehicles, including purchase, maintenance, repair, and operation of same, including not more than two passenger automobiles for general administrative use of the central office in the District of Columbia; and notwithstanding any provisions of law to the contrary, the Administrator is authorized to utilize Government-owned automotive equipment in transporting children of Veterans' Administration employees located at isolated stations to and from school under such limitations as he may by regulation prescribe; and notwithstanding any provisions of law to the contrary, the Administrator is authorized to expend not to exceed $2,000 of this appropriation for actuarial services pertaining to the Government life-insurance fund, to be obtained by contract, without obtaining competition, at such rates of compensation as he may determine to be reasonable; for allotment and transfer to the Federal Security Agency (Public Health Service), the War, Navy, and Interior Departments, for disbursement by them under the various headings of their applicable appropriations, of such amounts as are necessary for the care and treatment of beneficiaries of the Veterans' Administration, including minor repairs and improvements of existing facilities under their jurisdiction necessary to such care and treatment; for expenses incidental to
the maintenance and operation of farms; for recreational articles and facilities at institutions maintained by the Veterans' Administration; for administrative expenses incidental to securing employment for war veterans; for funeral, burial, and other expenses incidental thereto for beneficiaries of the Veterans' Administration accruing during the year for which this appropriation is made or prior fiscal years: Provided further, That the appropriations herein made for the care and maintenance of veterans in hospitals or homes under the jurisdiction of the Veterans' Administration shall be available for the purchase of tobacco to be furnished, subject to such regulations as the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs shall prescribe, to veterans receiving hospital treatment or domiciliary care in Veterans' Administration hospitals or homes: Provided further, That this appropriation shall be available for continuing aid to State or Territorial homes for the support of disabled volunteer soldiers and sailors, in conformity with the Act approved August 27, 1888 (24 U. S. C. 131), as amended, for those veterans eligible for admission to Veterans' Administration facilities for hospital or domiciliary care: Provided further, That this appropriation shall be available for the purchase directly from sources authorized by the common carriers of printed reduced fare requests for use by veterans when traveling at their own expense from or to Veterans' Administration facilities.

No part of this appropriation shall be expended for the purchase of any site for or toward the construction of any new hospital or home, or for the purchase of any hospital or home; and not more than $2,500,000 of this appropriation may be used to repair, alter, improve, or provide facilities in the several hospitals and homes under the jurisdiction of the Veterans' Administration either by contract or by the hire of temporary employees and the purchase of materials.

For printing and binding for the Veterans' Administration, including all its bureaus and functions located in Washington, District of Columbia, and elsewhere, $144,250.

Pensions: For the payment of compensation, pensions, gratuities, and allowances, now authorized under any Act of Congress, or regulation of the President based thereon, or which may hereafter be authorized, including emergency officers' retirement pay and annuities, the administration of which is now or may hereafter be placed in the Veterans' Administration, accruing during the fiscal year for which this appropriation is made or in prior fiscal years, $453,597,000, to be immediately available.

For military and naval insurance accruing during the fiscal year for which this appropriation is made or in prior fiscal years, $16,240,000.

Adjusted service and dependent pay: For payment of adjusted-service credits of not more than $50 each and the quarterly installments due to dependents of deceased veterans, as provided in the Act of May 19, 1924, as amended (38 U. S. C. 631-632, 661-670; U. S. C. Supp. I, secs. 662-664), $485,000, to be immediately available and to remain available until expended.

Adjusted compensation payments: To enable the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs to carry out the provisions of the World War Adjusted Compensation Act, 1924 (38 U. S. C. 591-588), as amended, and the Adjusted Compensation Payment Act, 1936, except section 5 thereof (38 U. S. C. 660-688b), $10,000,000, which amount shall be placed to the credit of the Adjusted Service Certificate Trust Fund, to be immediately available and to remain available until expended.
National Service Life Insurance: For transfer to the National Service Life Insurance Fund, in accordance with the provisions of the National Service Life Insurance Act of 1940, on account of payments of benefits in excess of the reserve of the policy in case of death, or for premiums waived in case of total disability, in cases where the death or total disability of the insured shall have been determined by the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs to be the result of disease or injury traceable to the extra hazards of military or naval service, and to reimburse the National Service Life Insurance Fund for payments made therefrom when recovery of such payments is waived by the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs under the authority of section 609 (a) of said Act, $20,000,000, to be immediately available.

Hospital and domiciliary facilities: For hospital and domiciliary facilities, $3,500,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That this amount shall be available for use by the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs, with the approval of the President, for extending any of the facilities under the jurisdiction of the Veterans' Administration or for any of the purposes set forth in sections 1 and 2 of the Act approved March 4, 1931 (38 U.S.C. 438j): Provided further, That not to exceed 3 per centum of this amount shall be available for the employment in the District of Columbia and in the field of necessary technical and clerical assistants to aid in the preparation of plans and specifications for the projects as approved hereunder and in the supervision of the execution thereof, and for traveling expenses, field office equipment, and supplies in connection therewith. Total, Veterans' Administration, $608,693,162:

Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be expended for the purchase of oleomargarine or butter substitutes except for cooking purposes: Provided further, That no part of this appropriation shall be available for hospitalization or examination of any persons except beneficiaries entitled under the laws bestowing such benefits to veterans unless reimbursement of cost is made to the appropriation at such rates as may be fixed by the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs.

Sec. 2. In expending appropriations or portions of appropriations contained in this Act, for the payment of personal services in the District of Columbia in accordance with the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, the average of the salaries of the total number of persons under any grade in any bureau, office, or other appropriation unit shall not at any time exceed the average of the compensation rates specified for the grade by such Act, as amended, and in grades in which only one position is allocated the salary of such position shall not exceed the average of the compensation rates for the grade except that in unusually meritorious cases of one position in a grade, advances may be made to rates higher than the average of the compensation rates of the grade but not more often than once in any fiscal year and then only to the next higher rate: Provided, That this restriction shall not apply (1) to grades 1, 2, 3, and 4 of the clerical-mechanical service; or (2) to require the reduction in salary of any person whose compensation was fixed, as of July 1, 1924, in accordance with the rules of section 6 of such Act; (3) to the reduction in salary of any person who is transferred from one position to another position in the same or different grade, in the same or different bureau, office, or other appropriation unit; (4) to prevent the payment of a salary under any grade at a rate higher than the maximum rate of the grade when such higher rate is permitted by the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, and is specifically authorized by other law; or (5) to reduce the compensation of any person in a grade in which only one position is allocated.
SEC. 3. During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1942, the salaries of the Commissioners of the Interstate Commerce Commission, the Commissioners of the United States Maritime Commission with the exception of the Chairman so long as the office is held by the present incumbent, and the Commissioners of the United States Tariff Commission shall be at the rate of $10,000 each per annum: Provided, That after the date of enactment of this Act the provisions of section 3 of the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1941, shall not apply to the salary of the Chairman of the United States Maritime Commission, so long as the office is held by the present incumbent.

SEC. 4. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act or authorized hereby to be expended shall be used to pay the compensation of any officer or employee of the Government of the United States, or of any agency the majority of the stock of which is owned by the Government of the United States, whose post of duty is in continental United States unless such person is a citizen of the United States or a person in the service of the United States on the date of enactment of this Act who, being eligible for citizenship, has filed a declaration of intention to become a citizen or who owes allegiance to the United States.

SEC. 5. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used to pay the salary or wages of any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided, That for the purposes hereof an affidavit shall be considered prima facie evidence that the person making the affidavit does not advocate, and is not a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided further, That any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence and accepts employment the salary or wages for which are paid from any appropriation contained in this Act shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than $1,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both: Provided further, That the above penal clause shall be in addition to, and not in substitution for, any other provisions of existing law.

SEC. 6. This Act may be cited as the "Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1942".

Approved, April 5, 1941.

[CHAPTER 41]

AN ACT

Making deficiency and supplemental appropriations for the national defense for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1941, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to supply deficiency and supplemental appropriations for the national defense for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1941, and for other purposes, namely:

TITLE I—WAR DEPARTMENT

MILITARY ACTIVITIES

For additional amounts for appropriations for the Military Establishment, fiscal year 1941, to be supplemental to, and merged with, the appropriations under the same heads in the Military Appropriation
Expediting production of equipment and supplies for national defense: To enable the Secretary of War, with the approval of the President, and without reference to sections 3709 and 1136, as amended, Revised Statutes, to expedite the production of equipment and supplies for the Army for emergency national defense purposes, including all of the objects and purposes specified under each of the appropriations available to the War Department during the fiscal years 1941 and 1942, for procurement or production of equipment or supplies, for the furnishing of Government-owned facilities at privately owned plants; the procurement and training of civilian personnel in connection with the production of equipment and material and the use and operation thereof; and for any other purposes which in the discretion of the Secretary of War are desirable in expediting production for military purposes and are approved by the President, $291,890,000, of which amount not to exceed $107,000,000 shall be for payments under contracts authorized under this head in appropriation Acts for the fiscal year 1941; and, in addition, the Secretary of War, with the approval of the President, is authorized to enter into contracts prior to July 1, 1942, for the same purposes to an amount not exceeding $576,396,000: Provided, That all moneys arising from authorized sales or transfers of machine tools or other manufacturing equipment originally procured or produced with funds appropriated under this head, as authorized by the Act approved October 10, 1940 (Public, Numbered 829, Seventy-sixth Congress), shall remain available for the purposes named herein throughout the fiscal year in which the disposition was effected and the following fiscal year: Provided further, That the appropriations and contract authorizations provided under this head in the First, Second, and Third Supplemental National Defense Appropriation Acts, 1941, those provided by this Act, and any that may be provided for the same purposes for the fiscal year 1942, are hereby consolidated and shall constitute one fund and one contract authorization, respectively, and remain available until June 30, 1942: Provided further, That an account shall be kept of all expenditures made or authorized under the several appropriations herein consolidated and reports thereon shall be submitted to Congress on or before July 1, 1941, and July 1, 1942.

Welfare of enlisted men: Welfare of enlisted men, $902,000, to remain available until June 30, 1942.

Pay of the Army: Members of units of the National Guard which have been, or may be, called into the active military service of the United States, who may not have become citizens of the United States but have on or before November 15, 1940, declared their intention to become such citizens, shall be entitled to their pay and allowances as such members, notwithstanding any limitations under this
head contained in the Military Appropriation Act, 1941: Provided, That the amount authorized under this head in the Third Supplemental National Defense Appropriation Act, 1941, for the employment of civilian clerks at military headquarters is increased to $383,250.

Transportation of dependents, and so forth: During the fiscal year 1941 the dependents and household effects of such personnel of the Military Establishment on duty at stations outside the continental limits of the United States, and in Alaska, as may be determined upon by the Secretary of War, may, prior to the issuance of orders for the relief of such personnel from their stations, be moved (including packing and unpacking of household effects) to such locations in continental United States as may be selected by the Secretary of War, by the use of either governmental or commercial means of transportation, and later from such locations to the duty stations to which such personnel may be ordered, and current appropriations of the Military Establishment available for travel and transportation may be used for this purpose.

**QUARTERMASTER CORPS**

Regular supplies of the Army: Regular supplies of the Army, $12,400,000, to remain available until June 30, 1942, of which not to exceed $3,280,000 shall be for payments under contracts authorized under this head in appropriation Acts for the fiscal year 1941.

Clothing and equipage, Army: For clothing and equipage, $79,418,000, to remain available until June 30, 1942, of which not to exceed $50,700,000 shall be for payments under contracts authorized under this head in the Second Supplemental National Defense Appropriation Act, 1941: Provided, That no part of this or any other appropriation contained in this Act shall be available for the procurement of any article of food or clothing not grown or produced in the United States or its possessions, except to the extent that the head of the department concerned shall determine that articles of food or clothing grown or produced in the United States or its possessions cannot be procured of satisfactory quality and in sufficient quantities and at reasonable prices as and when needed, and except procurements by vessels in foreign waters and by establishments located outside the continental United States, except the Territories of Hawaii and Alaska, for the personnel attached thereto.

Army transportation: For Army transportation, $150,852,000, to remain available until June 30, 1942, of which not to exceed $364,546 shall be for payments under contracts authorized under this head in appropriation Acts for the fiscal year 1941, and, in addition, the Quartermaster General, when authorized by the Secretary of War, may enter into contracts prior to July 1, 1942, to an amount not in excess of $8,256,000 for the purposes authorized under this head.

Military posts: For construction of buildings, utilities, and appurtenances at military posts, including the acquisition of land, rights pertaining thereto, leasehold and other interests therein and temporary use thereof, without regard to the provisions of sections 355, 1136, and 3648, Revised Statutes, as amended (10 U. S. C. 1339; 40 U. S. C. 255; 31 U. S. C. 529), and the purchase, operation, maintenance, and repair of passenger-carrying vehicles, $193,821,000, to remain available until June 30, 1942, and, in addition, contracts may be entered into to an amount not in excess of $112,000,000, for the purposes authorized under this head: Provided, That the appropriation in this paragraph and the following appropriations, or portions of appropriations, heretofore made under the caption "Military Accounting, Post", p. 870.
Barracks and quarters. Army: For barracks and quarters, $2,366,000, to remain available until June 30, 1942.

**SIGNAL CORPS**

Signal Service of the Army: For the Signal Service of the Army, $49,807,000, to remain available until June 30, 1942, and, in addition, the Chief Signal Officer, when authorized by the Secretary of War, may enter into contracts prior to July 1, 1941, to an amount not in excess of $17,049,550, for the purposes authorized under this head.

**AIR CORPS**

Air Corps, Army: For Air Corps, Army, $982,236,000, to remain available until June 30, 1942, and, in addition, the Chief of the Air Corps, when authorized by the Secretary of War, may enter into contracts prior to July 1, 1941, to an amount not in excess of $524,025,000, for the purposes authorized under this head.

**MEDICAL DEPARTMENT**

Medical and Hospital Department, Army: For Medical and Hospital Department, Army, $2,876,000, to remain available until June 30, 1942, and, in addition, the Surgeon General, when authorized by the Secretary of War, may enter into contracts prior to July 1, 1941, to an amount not in excess of $3,601,819, for the purposes authorized under this head.

Hospital care, Canal Zone garrisons: For hospital care, Canal Zone garrisons, $835,000.

**CORPS OF ENGINEERS**

Engineer Service, Army: For Engineer Service, Army, including the manufacture of engineer equipment; for expenses of railroad operation, including purchase or lease of equipment and materials and the acquisition of lands, rights-of-way thereon and other interests therein and temporary use thereof; and for the purchase, maintenance, repair, and operation of passenger-carrying vehicles, $19,074,000, to remain available until June 30, 1942, of which not to exceed $14,500,000 shall be for payments under contracts authorized under this head in appropriation Acts for the fiscal year 1941, and, in addition, the Chief of Engineers, when authorized by the Secretary of War, may enter into contracts prior to July 1, 1941, to an amount not in excess of $12,983,500 for the purposes authorized under this head.

Military construction, defense installations: For construction, installation, maintenance, and repair of facilities required for military use at locations to be approved by the President, and for each and every object and expense connected therewith, in the discretion of the Secretary of War, including housing, storage, fortifications, air-dromes, piers, roads, railroads, and communication, water, sewerage, and elec-
tric systems, and other utilities connected therewith, and also includ-
ing the acquisition of leasehold and other interests in land, and tem-
orary use thereof, without regard to sections 3734 (40 U. S. C., 267),
355 (40 U. S. C., 255), and 1136 (10 U. S. C., 1339), as amended, of
the Revised Statutes of the United States; the purchase, hire, opera-
tion, maintenance, and repair of passenger-carrying vehicles; the
employment of persons and the procurement of supplies and services,
printing and binding, and communication service, at the seat of gov-
ernment and elsewhere; $98,250,000, to remain available until June 30,
1942: Provided, That under this appropriation the Secretary of War
is authorized to effect appointments of employees in the United
States, or to effect the transfer of employees in the Federal service
in the United States, for duty at any point outside the continental
limits of the United States at which it may be found necessary to
assign such civilian employees, and to pay the costs of transportation
of such employees from place of engagement in the United States,
or from present post of duty in the United States, in the case of those
employees already in the service of the United States, to the post of
duty outside the United States, and return upon completion of assign-
ment or after such period of service as may be prescribed by the head
of the Department to provide for the shipment of household goods
and personal effects of persons so appointed or transferred from place
of engagement or from present post of duty in the United States to
the post of duty outside the continental United States; and to pro-
vide for the transportation of the dependents of such appointees or
employees, either by commercial or Government-operated vessels, as
may be found expedient.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT

Ordnance service and supplies, Army: For ordnance service and
supplies, Army, $82,132,100, and in addition, the Chief of Ordnance,
when authorized by the Secretary of War, may enter into contracts
prior to July 1, 1941, to an amount not in excess of $831,065,751 for
the purposes authorized under this head.

CHEMICAL WARFARE SERVICE

Chemical Warfare Service, Army: For Chemical Warfare Service,
Army, $20,523,000, to remain available until June 30, 1942, of which
not to exceed $17,436,910 shall be for payments under contracts author-
ized under this head in appropriation Acts for the fiscal year 1941, and,
in addition, the Chief of Chemical Warfare Service, when authorized
by the Secretary of War, may enter into contracts prior to July 1,
1941, to an amount not in excess of $2,845,634 for the purposes author-
ized under this head.

CHIEF OF INFANTRY

Infantry School, Fort Benning, Georgia: For Infantry School, Fort
Benning, Georgia, $15,000.

SEACOAST DEFENSES

Seacoast defenses, general: For seacoast defenses, general, $9,047,000,
to remain available until June 30, 1942, of which not to exceed $1,890,000
shall be for payments under contracts authorized under this head in
appropriation Acts for the fiscal year 1941, and, in addition, when
authorized by the Secretary of War, contracts may be entered into
prior to July 1, 1942, to an amount not in excess of $5,220,000, for the
purposes authorized under this head.
National Guard: For the National Guard, $1,867,000, to remain available until June 30, 1942.

SALARIES, WAR DEPARTMENT

Of the amount authorized under this head in the Military Appropriation Act, 1941, as amended, for expenses or compensation of persons who serve in an advisory capacity to the Secretary of War, not to exceed $25,000 may be applied to the employment of experts in making a survey and study of the methods of transacting the business of the War Department without regard to section 5 of the Act of April 6, 1914 (38 Stat. 335).

This title may be cited as "Title VI, Military Appropriation Act, 1941".

TITLE II—NAVY DEPARTMENT

For additional amounts for appropriations for the Navy Department and the naval service, fiscal year 1941, to be supplemental and in addition to the appropriations in the Naval Appropriation Act for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1941, including the objects and subject to the limitations and conditions specified therein, excepting the limitations suspended by the Act approved June 28, 1940 (Public, Numbered 671, Seventy-sixth Congress), and except as otherwise provided herein, as follows:

NAVAL ESTABLISHMENT

BUREAU OF ORDNANCE

Ordnance and ordnance stores, Navy, $133,118,820.

BUREAU OF SUPPLIES AND ACCOUNTS

Naval supply account fund, $75,000,000.

Reserve material, Navy, $9,700,000.

BUREAU OF MEDICINE AND SURGERY

Medical Department, $300,000.

BUREAU OF YARDS AND DOCKS

Public Works, Bureau of Yards and Docks: Toward the following public works and public-utilities projects, at a cost not to exceed the amount stated for each project, respectively, $17,075,000, which amount, together with unexpended balances of appropriations heretofore made under this head, shall be disbursed and accounted for in accordance with existing law and shall constitute one fund:

Naval ammunition depot, San Diego area, California: Development of ammunition-storage facilities, including buildings and accessories, and acquisition of land, $2,500,000.

Marine Corps training area, east coast: Facilities, including purchase of land, $14,575,000.

No part of the foregoing appropriation, "Public Works, Bureau of Yards and Docks", may be obligated for the construction, in connection with either of the above projects, of quarters, including heating and plumbing apparatus, wiring and fixtures, for greater amounts per unit than follow: Permanent construction: for commissioned officer, $10,000; for commissioned warrant or warrant officer, $7,500; for enlisted man, $6,000. Temporary construction: for commissioned officer, $7,500; for commissioned warrant or warrant officer, $6,000; for enlisted man, $3,500.
The provisions of section 4 of the Act approved April 25, 1939 (53 Stat. 590-592), shall be applicable to the Public Works projects mentioned in this Title.

ALTERATIONS TO NAVAL VESSELS

Alterations to naval vessels: For the acquisition and conversion of twelve additional auxiliaries, $60,000,000, to remain available until expended.

NAVY DEPARTMENT

Contingent expenses, Navy Department, $75,000.

Transportation of Dependents, and so forth: During the fiscal year 1941 the dependents and household effects of such personnel of the Naval Establishment on duty at stations outside the continental limits of the United States, and in Alaska, as may be determined upon by the Secretary of the Navy, may, prior to the issuance of orders for the relief of such personnel from their stations, be moved (including packing and unpacking of household effects) to such locations in continental United States as may be selected by the Secretary of the Navy, by the use of either Government or commercial means of transportation, and later from such locations to the duty stations to which such personnel may be ordered, and current appropriations of the Naval Establishment available for travel and transportation may be used for this purpose: Provided, That the Secretary of the Navy may make reimbursement to personnel of the Naval Establishment who have incurred expenses of the character hereinbefore described prior to the enactment hereof during the fiscal year 1941.

This title may be cited as “Title VII, Naval Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1941”.

TITLE III—CIVIL NATIONAL DEFENSE ACTIVITIES

INDEPENDENT AGENCIES

FEDERAL HOUSING ADMINISTRATION

Administrative expenses: In addition to the funds made available to the Federal Housing Administration for administrative expenses by the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1941, not to exceed $390,555 of the Defense Housing Insurance Fund, created by the Act entitled “An Act to amend the National Housing Act, and for other purposes”, approved March 28, 1941 (Public Law 24, Seventy-seventh Congress), is hereby made available for administrative expenses of such Administration for the fiscal year 1941, including the objects specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1941.

FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY

PUBLIC BUILDINGS ADMINISTRATION

Construction of temporary office buildings: For the construction of temporary office buildings for general use on Government-owned land in the District of Columbia, including the construction of necessary heating plant, approaches, the installation or extension of sewers, water mains, and other utilities as may be necessary, and for administrative expenses in connection therewith, $4,100,000: Provided, That the contract or contracts for such construction may be entered into without advertising.
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

Crow Reservation, Mont. 54 Stat. 420.

Improvement and maintenance, irrigation systems, Crow Reservation, Montana: For operation and maintenance of the irrigation systems on the Crow Reservation, Montana, fiscal year 1941, $2,000, to be added to the $35,000 appropriated for this purpose in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1941.


Natives in Alaska: For an additional amount for education of natives in Alaska, fiscal year 1941, including the same objects and limitations specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1941, $80,000.

BUREAU OF RECLAMATION

Owyhee project, Oregon: For an additional amount for operation and maintenance, from the reclamation fund, special fund, fiscal year 1941, $55,000.

CIVIL FUNCTIONS, WAR DEPARTMENT

CORPS OF ENGINEERS

RIVERS AND HARBORS

For an additional amount for the preservation and maintenance of existing river and harbor works, and for the prosecution of projects authorized by the Act entitled "An Act authorizing the improvement of certain rivers and harbors in the interest of national defense, and for other purposes", approved October 17, 1940 (Public Act Numbered 868, Seventy-sixth Congress), including the objects and under the conditions specified under this head in the War Department Civil Appropriation Act, 1941, to be available until expended, $663,000.

FLOOD CONTROL

East Hartford, Conn. 54 Stat. 1177.

Local protection works at East Hartford, Connecticut: For the completion of local protection works at East Hartford, Connecticut, as authorized by Public, Numbered 859, Seventy-sixth Congress, approved October 15, 1940, $1,640,000, to remain available until expended.

This title may be cited as the "Civil Activities National Defense Appropriation Act, 1941".

Sec. 2. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be expended for a permanent type of construction at any military or naval shore establishment of any character acquired subsequent to the calendar year 1938, unless such establishment shall be designated by the Secretary of the Navy or the Secretary of War (whichever has jurisdiction), as a permanent establishment, and, in that event, a permanent type of construction shall be used only to meet such permanent requirements as the Secretary of the Navy or the Secretary of War, respectively, may approve: Provided, That nothing herein shall prevent construction of a type sufficiently substantial for the use intended: Provided further, That this section shall not apply to construction now under contract or in progress.

Sec. 3. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used to pay the salary or wages of any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided, That for the purposes hereof an affidavit shall be considered
pra facie evidence that the person making the affidavit does not advocate, and is not a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided further, That any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence and accepts employment the salary or wages for which are paid from any appropriation in this Act shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than $1,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both: Provided further, That the above penalty clause shall be in addition to, and not in substitution for, any other provisions of existing law.

Sec. 4. This Act may be cited as the “Fifth Supplemental National Defense Appropriation Act, 1941”.

Approved, April 5, 1941.

CHAPTER 42

AN ACT

To authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to make analyses of fiber properties, spinning tests, and other tests of the quality of cotton samples submitted to him.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act entitled “An Act authorizing the Secretary of Agriculture to collect and publish statistics of the grade and staple length of cotton”, approved March 3, 1927, as amended, is amended by inserting after section 3c thereof a new section to read as follows:

“Sec. 3d. The Secretary of Agriculture is authorized to make analyses of fiber properties, spinning tests, and other tests of the quality of cotton samples submitted to him by cotton breeders and other persons, subject to such terms and conditions and to the payment by such cotton breeders and other persons of such fees as he may prescribe by regulations under this Act. The fees to be assessed hereunder shall be reasonable, and, as nearly as may be, to cover the cost of the service rendered.”

Approved, April 7, 1941.

CHAPTER 43

AN ACT

Relating to foreign accounts in Federal Reserve banks and insured banks.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That subsection (e) of section 14 of the Federal Reserve Act, as amended, is amended by inserting before the period at the end of the first sentence thereof the following: “, or for foreign banks or bankers, or for foreign states as defined in section 25 (b) of this Act”.

Sec. 2. Section 25 (b) of the Federal Reserve Act, as amended, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraphs:

“Whenever (1) any Federal Reserve bank has received any property from or for the account of a foreign state which is recognized by the Government of the United States, or from or for the account of a central bank of any such foreign state, and holds such property in the name of such foreign state or such central bank; (2) a representative of such foreign state who is recognized by the Secretary of State as being the accredited representative of such foreign state to the Government of the United States has certified to the Secretary of
Disposition of property of foreign state in insured banks.

Jurisdiction over legal proceeding.

Designated Acts, etc., not affected.

Cases where licenses required.

Terms defined.

"Property." "Foreign state."

Statute

State the name of a person as having authority to receive, control, or dispose of such property; and (3) the authority of such person to act with respect to such property is accepted and recognized by the Secretary of State, and so certified by the Secretary of State to the Federal Reserve bank, the payment, transfer, delivery, or other disposal of such property by such Federal Reserve bank to or upon the order of such person shall be conclusively presumed to be lawful and shall constitute a complete discharge and release of any liability of the Federal Reserve bank for or with respect to such property.

Whenever (1) any insured bank has received any property from or for the account of a foreign state which is recognized by the Government of the United States, or from or for the account of a central bank of any such foreign state, and holds such property in the name of such foreign state or such central bank; (2) a representative of such foreign state who is recognized by the Secretary of State as being the accredited representative of such foreign state to the Government of the United States has certified to the Secretary of State the name of a person as having authority to receive, control, or dispose of such property; and (3) the authority of such person to act with respect to such property is accepted and recognized by the Secretary of State, and so certified by the Secretary of State to such insured bank, the payment, transfer, delivery, or other disposal of such property by such bank to or upon the order of such person shall be conclusively presumed to be lawful and shall constitute a complete discharge and release of any liability of such bank for or with respect to such property. Any suit or other legal proceeding against any insured bank or any officer, director, or employee thereof, arising out of the receipt, possession, or disposition of any such property shall be deemed to arise under the laws of the United States and the district courts of the United States shall have exclusive jurisdiction thereof, regardless of the amount involved; and any such bank or any officer, director, or employee thereof which is a defendant in any such suit may, at any time before trial thereof, remove such suit from a State court into the district court of the United States for the proper district by following the procedure for the removal of causes otherwise provided by law.

"Nothing in this section shall be deemed to repeal or to modify in any manner any of the provisions of the Gold Reserve Act of 1934 (ch. 6, 48 Stat. 337), as amended, the Silver Purchase Act of 1934 (ch. 674, 48 Stat. 1178), as amended, or subdivision (b) of section 5 of the Act of October 6, 1917 (40 Stat. 411), as amended, or any actions, regulations, rules, orders, or proclamations taken, promulgated, made, or issued pursuant to any of such statutes. In any case in which a license to act with respect to any property referred to in this section is required under any of said statutes, regulations, rules, orders, or proclamations, notification to the Secretary of State by the proper Government officer or agency of the issuance of an appropriate license or that appropriate licenses will be issued on application shall be a prerequisite to any action by the Secretary of State pursuant to this section, and the action of the Secretary of State shall relate only to such property as is included in such notification. Each such notification shall include the terms and conditions of such license or licenses and a description of the property to which they relate.

"For the purposes of this section, (1) the term 'property' includes gold, silver, currency, credits, deposits, securities, choses in action, and any other form of property, the proceeds thereof, and any right, title, or interest therein; (2) the term 'foreign state' includes any foreign government or any department, district, province, county,
possession, or other similar governmental organization or subdivision of a foreign government, and any agency or instrumentality of any such foreign government or of any such organization or subdivision; (3) the term `central bank' includes any foreign bank or banker authorized to perform any one or more of the functions of a central bank; (4) the term `person' includes any individual, or any corporation, partnership, association, or other similar organization; and (5) the term `insured bank' shall have the meaning given to it in section 12B of this Act."

Approved, April 7, 1941.

[CHAPTER 49]

JOINT RESOLUTION

Affirming and approving nonrecognition of the transfer of any geographic region in this hemisphere from one non-American power to another non-American power, and providing for consultation with other American republics in the event that such transfer should appear likely.

Whereas our traditional policy has been to consider any attempt on the part of non-American powers to extend their system to any portion of this hemisphere as dangerous to the peace and safety not only of this country but of the other American republics; and

Whereas the American republics agreed at the Inter-American Conference for the Maintenance of Peace held in Buenos Aires in 1936 and at the Eighth International Conference of American States held in Lima in 1938 to consult with one another in the event that the peace, security, or territorial integrity of any American republic should be threatened; and

Whereas the Meeting of the Foreign Ministers of the American Republics at Panama October 3, 1939, resolved "That in case any geographic region of America subject to the jurisdiction of any non-American state should be obliged to change its sovereignty and there should result therefrom a danger to the security of the American Continent, a consultative meeting such as the one now being held will be convoked with the urgency that the case may require":

Therefore be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, (1) That the United States would not recognize any transfer, and would not acquiesce in any attempt to transfer, any geographic region of this hemisphere from one non-American power to another non-American power; and

(2) That if such transfer or attempt to transfer should appear likely, the United States shall, in addition to other measures, immediately consult with the other American republics to determine upon the steps which should be taken to safeguard their common interests.

Approved, April 10, 1941.

[CHAPTER 59]

JOINT RESOLUTION

To carry out the obligations of the United States under the Inter-American Coffee Agreement, signed at Washington on November 28, 1940, and for other purposes.

Whereas an Inter-American Coffee Agreement was signed at Washington on November 28, 1940, by representatives of the Governments of the United States of America, Brazil, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, the Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Guatemala, Haiti, Honduras, Mexico, Nicaragua, Peru, and Venezuela; and

Approved, April 11, 1941.
Whereas the said agreement contemplates the cooperation of the Government of the United States in a joint effort to promote the orderly marketing of coffee in international trade, with a view to assuring equitable terms for both producers and consumers by adjusting supply to demand; Therefore be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That on and after the entry into force of the Inter-American Coffee Agreement, as proclaimed by the President, and during the continuation in force of the obligations of the United States thereunder, no coffee imported from any foreign country may be entered for consumption except as provided in the said agreement.

Sec. 2. The President is authorized to make such allocations of the quota provided in the agreement for countries not participating in the said agreement as he finds necessary or appropriate in order to afford any such country or countries an opportunity to supply a fair share of the quota, whether or not required by any international obligation of the United States, or in order to make available the types of coffee usually consumed in the United States. The President is also authorized to make such rules and regulations as he finds necessary or appropriate to carry out the provisions of this joint resolution and of the said agreement, and with respect to any provision of such regulations for any act or performance by an importer of coffee, compliance therewith shall be a condition to the entry for consumption of the coffee in respect of which the act or performance is required.

Approved, April 11, 1941.
shall not actively engage in any other business, vocation, or employment. The counsel shall receive compensation at the rate of $10,000 per year and necessary traveling expenses. With the exception of a clerk to the counsel, the attorneys, and such special agents and experts as the counsel may from time to time find necessary for the conduct of his work, all employees of the counsel shall be appointed and their compensation fixed in accordance with the civil-service laws and the Classification Act of 1923, as amended.

"(b) The counsel shall have and perform the functions conferred and imposed upon the Consumers' Counsel of the National Bituminous Coal Commission by this Act as in force upon its enactment. The functions of such office which were transferred, by Reorganization Plan Numbered II transmitted by the President to Congress on May 9, 1939, to the office of the Solicitor of the Department of the Interior shall not be performed by such office of the Solicitor after the Bituminous Coal Consumers' Counsel has taken office, and in no event after the expiration of sixty days after the date this section takes effect.

"(c) All records and property of such office of the Consumers' Counsel of the National Bituminous Coal Commission transferred by such Reorganization Plan to the office of the Solicitor of the Department of the Interior, and all records and property of the office of such Solicitor used primarily in the administration of any function of the office of such Consumers' Counsel transferred by such Reorganization Plan, and all personnel so transferred (not heretofore retransferred or separated from the service under section 402 of such Reorganization Plan) and all personnel used in the administration of such functions are transferred to the Office of the Bituminous Coal Consumers' Counsel established by subsection (a) of this section for use in the administration of the functions vested in such office by this section.

"(d) So much of the unexpended balances of the appropriations, allocations, or other funds available for the use of the Office of the Consumers' Counsel of the National Bituminous Coal Commission transferred by such Reorganization Plan, or for the use of the Secretary of the Interior in the exercise of any function so transferred, as the Director of the Budget with the approval of the President shall determine, shall be transferred to the Office of the Bituminous Coal Consumers' Counsel for use in connection with the exercise of the functions vested in such office by this section. In determining the amount to be transferred the Director of the Bureau of the Budget may include an amount to provide for the liquidation of obligations incurred against such appropriations, allocations, or other funds prior to the transfer: Provided, That the use of the unexpended balances of appropriations, allocations, or other funds transferred by this section shall be subject to the provisions of section 4 (d) (3) and section 9 of the Reorganization Act of 1939.

"(e) All orders, rules, regulations, permits, or other privileges made, issued, or granted by or in respect of the Consumers' Counsel of the National Bituminous Coal Commission, or the office of such Consumers' Counsel, or the Solicitor of the Department of the Interior, or the office of such Solicitor, in the administration of the functions vested in such office or officer by this Act or such Reorganization Plan, and in effect at the time this section takes effect, shall continue in effect to the same extent as if this section had not been enacted, until modified, superseded, or repealed.
Pending proceedings.

“(f) No suit, action, or other proceeding lawfully commenced by or against any of the officers or offices referred to in subsection (e) of this section in his or its official capacity or in relation to the discharge of his or its official duties, shall abate by reason of the enactment of this section, but the court or agency before which such suit, action, or proceeding is pending, may (on motion or supplemental petition filed at any time within twelve months after the date this section takes effect showing a necessity for the survival of such suit, action, or proceeding to obtain a settlement of the questions involved) allow the same to be maintained by or against the Bituminous Coal Consumers’ Counsel.”

Approved, April 11, 1941.

[CHAPTER 69]  
AN ACT

To relieve disbursing officers, certifying officers, and payees in respect of certain payments made in contravention of appropriation restrictions regarding citizenship status.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, notwithstanding provisions contained in the several Appropriation Acts for the fiscal years 1939, 1940, and 1941 prohibiting the payment of compensation therefrom to officers or employees who are not citizens of the United States, the Comptroller General of the United States is hereby authorized and directed to allow credit in the settlement of disbursing officers’ accounts, and relieve certifying officers of liability, for such payments for services rendered by noncitizen officers and employees as are otherwise correct and legal, as are made in good faith, and as are found not to be due to any lack of good faith on the part of the payee: Provided, That this Act shall only affect such payments as were made prior to January 1, 1941.

Sec. 2. If credit is allowed in disbursing officers’ accounts in accordance with section 1 of this Act, the officer or employee, or former officer or employee receiving the payment shall not be required to refund the amount thereof; and any such amount which has been collected from an officer or employee, or former officer or employee, may be refunded to him.

Approved, April 11, 1941.

[CHAPTER 70]  
AN ACT

For the relief of certain disbursing officers of the Army of the United States and for the settlement of individual claims approved by the War Department.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Comptroller General of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to credit in the accounts of the following disbursing officers of the Army of the United States the amounts set opposite their names: Captain Arthur G. Alexander, Finance Reserve, $100; Lieutenant Colonel Stephen R. Beard, Finance Department, $585.68; Major Roy J. Caperton, Finance Department, $307.60; Lieutenant Colonel J. D. Chambliss, Infantry, $29.80; Lieutenant Colonel Samuel F. Cohen, Infantry, $39.05; Lieutenant Colonel Edward T. Comeygs, Finance Department, $162.55; Lieutenant Colonel Walter D. Dabney, Finance Department, $956.51; Lieutenant Colonel William M. Dixon, Finance Department, $87.81; Major Charles G.
Dobbins (deceased), Finance Department, $758.64; Captain John H. Doherty, Finance Department, $15.56; Major Charles F. Eddy (deceased), Finance Department, $279.23; Lieutenant Colonel Leroy M. Edwards, Finance Department, $106.08; Major Grady D. Epps, Infantry, $25.38; Lieutenant Colonel Eugene M. Foster, Finance Department, $204.44; Lieutenant Colonel Horace G. Foster, Finance Department (now retired), $2,643.53; Major Clarence A. Frank, Finance Department, $11.20; Lieutenant Colonel Carl Halla, Finance Department, $71.13; Major John B. Harper, Finance Department (now retired), $200; Major John H. Harrington (Coast Artillery Corps), Finance Department, $42.65; Captain John B. Hess, Finance Department, $21.55; Major William T. Johnson, Finance Department, $25.74; Lieutenant Colonel W. H. Kasten, Finance Department, $32.25; Major Richard K. Lebrou, Finance Department, $37.49; Major Columbus B. Nenow, Finance Department, $52; Captain Charles K. McAlister, Finance Department, $126; Lieutenant Colonel Cherubusco Newton, Junior, Finance Department, $72.45; Major S. C. Page, Finance Department, $81.09; Lieutenant Colonel Frank E. Parker (deceased), Finance Department, $326.84; Major H. R. Priest, Finance Department, $88; Lieutenant Colonel Walter O. Rawls, Finance Department, $1.64; Major E. F. Rea, Finance Department, $398.85; Lieutenant Colonel Bickford E. Sawyer, Finance Department, $88; Major Oliver T. Simpson, Finance Department, $19.61; Major Wallace C. Steiger, Finance Department, $11.92; Lieutenant Colonel John P. Tillman, Finance Department, $315.64; Lieutenant Colonel Irvin V. Todd, Finance Department, $65.50; Lieutenant Colonel Thomas P. Walsh, Finance Department, $52.77; Lieutenant Colonel Hugh Whitt, Finance Department, $123.68; Captain Ernest W. Wilson, Finance Department, $5; Captain Harold F. Chrisman, Finance Department, $61.64; Lieutenant Colonel Montgomery T. Legg, Finance Department, $316.78; and Major Millard F. W. Oliver, Finance Department, $33.66: the said amounts representing erroneous payments of public funds for which these officers are accountable, such erroneous payments having resulted from minor errors in the computations of pay and allowances due former members of the Civilian Conservation Corps, enlisted men of the Regular Army, members of the Officers' Reserve Corps, members of the citizens' military training camps, civilian employees, and commercial firms or individuals from whom collection of the overpayments cannot be effected, and which amounts have been disallowed by the Comptroller General of the United States.

SEC. 2. That the Comptroller General of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to credit in the accounts of Lieutenant Colonel Walter D. Dabney, Finance Department, the sum of $71.90, public funds for which he is accountable and which were paid by him by check to certain former members of the National Guard for armory drill pay, and which checks were later discovered to have been endorsed by other than the rightful payees.

SEC. 3. That the Comptroller General of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to credit in the accounts of Lieutenant Colonel J. A. Dorst, Corps of Engineers, the sum of $92.38, representing part of a disallowance made by the Comptroller General of the United States on account of a payment to the A. B. C. Transfer Company for uncrating the household effects of an Army officer: Provided, That no person shall be held pecuniarily liable for any part of the sum credited in the disbursing officer's account under the authority of this section.

SEC. 4. That the Comptroller General of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to credit in the accounts
Proviso.


Proviso.

Payment to Capt. Harry E. Cantner.


Lt. Col. Charles Lewis.


Capt. Basil M. Parks.

Capt. Robert E. Quackenbush.

Proviso.


of Lieutenant Colonel M. H. Forbes (then major), Finance Department, the sum of $327.70, public funds for which he is accountable, which sum has been disallowed by the Comptroller General of the United States on account of payments made to soldiers who were not at the time citizens of the United States: Provided, That no person shall be held pecuniarily liable for any amount on account of the above-mentioned payments.

Sec. 5. That the Comptroller General of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to credit in the accounts of Lieutenant Colonel Horace G. Foster, Finance Department (retired), the sum of $12.50, public funds for which he is accountable, which sum was paid to Alvin Schlosser, upon the certification of Captain Harry E. Cantner, Infantry-Reserve, and was disallowed by the Comptroller General of the United States: Provided, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to pay, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to Captain Harry E. Cantner, Infantry-Reserve, the sum of $12.50, in full satisfaction of his claim against the United States for a like amount which was paid by him to Lieutenant Colonel Horace G. Foster, Finance Department, as reimbursement for public funds erroneously paid to Alvin Schlosser.

Sec. 6. That the Comptroller General of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to credit in the accounts of Lieutenant Colonel Montgomery T. Legg, Finance Department, the sum of $10.50, public funds for which he is accountable, and which were paid by him as a result of the falsification of a soldier's deposit record.

Sec. 7. That the Comptroller General of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to credit in the accounts of Lieutenant Colonel Charles Lewis, Finance Department, the sum of $4,412.14, public funds for which he is accountable, and which were paid by him on fraudulent vouchers prepared by a trusted employee.

Sec. 8. That the Comptroller General of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to credit in the accounts of Lieutenant Colonel A. J. Maxwell, Finance Department, the sum of $9,521.60, public funds for which he is accountable and which were embezzled by his agent officer at Fort Dix, New Jersey.

Sec. 9. That the Comptroller General of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to credit in the accounts of Captain Basil M. Parks, Field Artillery Reserve, the sum of $126.55, in full satisfaction of his claim against the United States for payment of a like amount withheld from his pay on account of the loss of public funds, for which Captain Parks was responsible as agent officer for Major Leonard H. Sims, Finance Officer, Fort Benning, Georgia, and which public funds were stolen during the night of August 31-September 1, 1937, from a Government safe by a person or persons unknown.

Sec. 10. That the Comptroller General of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to credit in the accounts of Captain Robert E. Quackenbush, Infantry, the amount of $72, public funds for which he is accountable, which amount was paid to the Hillcrest Water Company for drinking water and disallowed by the Comptroller General of the United States: Provided, That no person shall be held pecuniarily liable for any amount on account of the above-mentioned payments.

Sec. 11. That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to pay, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to Major H. M. Tague, Infantry, the amount of $20, in full satisfaction of his claim against the United States for a
like amount which was paid by him for advertising for and in the interests of the United States without the prior approval of the Secretary of War as required by Revised Statutes 3828 (44 U. S. C. 324): Provided, That no person shall be held pecuniarily liable for any amount on account of the above-mentioned payments.

Sec. 12. That the Comptroller General of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to credit in the accounts of the following disbursing officers of the Army of the United States the amounts set opposite their names: Lieutenant Colonel J. A. Marmon (then major), Finance Department, $9; Lieutenant Colonel A. J. Perry (then major), Finance Department, $1; Lieutenant Colonel Paul S. Beard (then major), Finance Department, $17; Lieutenant Colonel D. W. Morey (then major), Finance Department (now retired), $231.07; and Lieutenant Colonel Thomas P. Walsh (then major), Finance Department, $53.20; said amounts being public funds for which they are accountable and which were paid by them on fraudulent vouchers prepared by former warrant officers of the One Hundred and Seventh Cavalry Band, Ohio National Guard.

Sec. 13. That payments for per diem allowances heretofore made to personnel in and under the jurisdiction of the War Department which have been disallowed by the Comptroller General of the United States in the accounts of disbursing officers of the Army, and, as to payments heretofore made, would be disallowed in said accounts except for this Act, on the ground that per diem allowances for temporary duty in excess of thirty days are not authorized by law, are hereby ratified and validated, and, if otherwise correct, the Comptroller General of the United States is hereby authorized and directed to credit the accounts of disbursing officers of the Army for and on account of all such payments: Provided, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to pay, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to any person a sum equal to the amount collected from such person on account of disallowed payments which are herein validated, as well as any amounts which would have been paid except for rulings of the Comptroller General on per diem in excess of thirty days, upon presentation of a valid claim therefor to the Comptroller General of the United States, who is hereby authorized and directed to certify such claims to the Secretary of the Treasury for payment at the rates prescribed in the order directing the travel, or in the absence of a prescribed rate, at the rate of $5 per diem for the period of temporary duty involved.

Sec. 14. That the Comptroller General of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to credit in the accounts of Lieutenant Colonel Cherubusco Newton, Jr., Finance Department, $65.30, and in the accounts of Lieutenant Colonel Edward T. Comegys, Finance Department, $186.70, public funds for which they are accountable and which were paid by them by check to certain former members of the Texas National Guard for armory drill pay, and which checks were later discovered to have been endorsed by other than the rightful payees.

Sec. 15. That the Comptroller General of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to credit in the accounts of Major William S. Keller, Finance Department, the sum of $84.13, public funds for which he is accountable, which sum represents erroneous payments due to minor errors in computation of pay and allowances of former members of the Civilian Conservation Corps and enlisted men of the Regular Army, from whom collection of the overpayments cannot be effected, said erroneous payments having been disallowed by the Comptroller General of the United States.
Sect. 16. That the Comptroller General of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to credit in the accounts of Lieutenant Colonel F. E. Parker, Finance Department (deceased), the sum of $3,072, public funds for which he is accountable and which were paid by him on fraudulent vouchers prepared by his deputy.

Approved, April 11, 1941.
this Act and such payments may be further secured by mortgage of such bridge and its approaches. Such bonds may be registrable as to principal alone or both principal and interest, shall be in such form not inconsistent with this Act, shall mature at such time or times not exceeding twenty years from the date of approval of this Act, shall be in such denominations, shall be executed in such manner, and shall be payable in such medium and at such place or places as the commission may determine. The commission may repurchase and may reserve the right to redeem all or any of said bonds before maturity in such manner and at such price or prices, not exceeding 105 per centum of the principal amount thereof and accrued interest, as may be fixed by the commission prior to the issuance of the bonds. The commission, when it deems it to the best interest of the commission, may issue refunding bonds to repurchase and redeem any outstanding bonds, before the maturity thereof, which it may issue: Provided, That the refunding bonds shall mature at such time or times, not exceeding twenty-five years from date of approval of this Act, as the commission may determine. The commission may enter into an agreement with any bond or trust company in the United States as trustee having the power to make such agreement, setting forth the duties of the commission in respect of the maintenance, operation, repair, and insurance of the bridge and/or the ferry or ferries, the conservation and application of all funds, the security for the payment of the bonds, the safeguarding of money on hand or on deposit, and the rights and remedies of said trustee and the holders of the bonds, restricting the individual right of action of the bondholders as is customary in trust agreements respecting bonds of corporations. Such trust agreement may contain such provisions for protecting and enforcing the rights and remedies of the trustee and the bondholders as may be reasonable and proper and not inconsistent with the law.

Said bonds shall be sold in such manner and at such time or times and at such price as the Commission may determine, but no such sale shall be made at a price so low as to require the payment of more than 6 per centum interest on the money received therefor, computed with relation to the absolute maturity of the bonds in accordance with standard tables of bond values, and the face amount thereof shall be so calculated as to produce, at the price of their sale, the cost of the bridge and its approaches and the land, easements, and appurtenances used in connection therewith, and in the event the ferry or ferries are to be acquired, also the cost of such ferry or ferries and the lands, easements, and appurtenances used in connection therewith. The cost of the bridge and approaches and approach highways, and ferry or ferries, shall be deemed to include all engineering, legal, architectural, traffic surveying, and other expenses incident to the acquisition of the bridge or the acquisition of the ferry or ferries, and the acquisition of the necessary property, and incident to the financing thereof: Provided, That the cost of acquisition of said bridge and approaches and approach highways, and ferry, shall not exceed the sum of $945,000. If the proceeds of the bonds issued shall exceed the cost as finally determined, the excess shall be placed in the sinking fund hereinafter provided. Prior to the preparation of definitive bonds the Commission may, under like restrictions, issue temporary bonds or interim certificates with or without coupons of any denomination whatsoever, exchangeable for definitive bonds when such bonds that have been executed are available for delivery.

Sec. 5. In fixing the rates of toll to be charged for the use of such bridge the same shall be so adjusted as to provide a fund sufficient to pay for the reasonable cost of maintaining, repairing, and operating the bridge and its approaches under economical management, and to
provide a sinking fund sufficient to pay the principal and interest of such bonds as the same shall fall due and the redemption or repurchase price of all or any thereof redeemed or repurchased before maturity as herein provided. All tolls and other revenues from said bridge are hereby pledged to such uses and to the application thereof as hereinafter in this section required. After payment or provision for payment therefrom of all such cost of maintaining, repairing, and operating and the reservation of an amount of money estimated to be sufficient for the same purpose during an ensuing period of not more than six months, the remainder of tolls collected shall be placed in the sinking fund, at intervals to be determined by the commission prior to the issuance of the bonds. An accurate record of the cost of the bridge and its approaches; the expenditures for maintaining, repairing, and operating the same; and of the daily tolls collected, shall be kept and shall be available for the information of all persons interested. The commission shall classify in a reasonable way all traffic over the bridge, so that the tolls shall be so fixed and adjusted by it as to be uniform in the application thereof to all traffic falling within any such reasonable class, regardless of the status or character of any person, firm, or corporation participating in such traffic, and shall prevent all use of such bridge for traffic except upon payment of the tolls so fixed and adjusted. No toll shall be charged officials or employees of the commission or the Government of the United States or any State, county, or municipality in the United States while in the discharge of their duties, or municipal police or fire departments when engaged in the proper work of any such department.

Sec. 6. Nothing herein contained shall require the commission or its successors to maintain or operate any ferry or ferries purchased hereunder, but in the discretion of the commission or its successors any ferry or ferries so purchased, with the appurtenances and property thereto connected and belonging, may be sold or otherwise disposed of or may be abandoned and/or dismantled whenever in the judgment of the commission or its successors it may seem expedient so to do. The commission and its successors may fix such rates of toll for the use of such ferry or ferries as it may deem proper, subject to the same conditions as are hereinabove required as to tolls for traffic over the bridge. All tolls collected for the use of the ferry or ferries and the proceeds of any sale or disposition of any ferry or ferries shall be used, so far as may be necessary, to pay the cost of maintaining, repairing, and operating the same, and any residue thereof shall be paid into the sinking fund hereinabove provided for bonds. An accurate record of the cost of purchasing the ferry or ferries; the expenditures for maintaining, repairing, and operating the same; and of the daily tolls collected shall be kept and shall be available for the information of all persons interested.

Sec. 7. After payment of the bonds and interest, or after a sinking fund sufficient for such payment shall have been provided and shall be held for that purpose, the commission shall deliver deeds or other suitable instruments of conveyance of the interest of the commission in and to the bridge, that part within Illinois to the State of Illinois or any municipality or agency thereof as may be authorized by or pursuant to law to accept the same (hereinafter referred to as the Illinois interests) and that part within Indiana to the State of Indiana or any municipality or agency thereof as may be authorized by or pursuant to law to accept the same (hereinafter referred to as the Indiana interests), under the condition that the bridge shall thereafter be free of tolls and be properly maintained, operated, and repaired by the Illinois interests and the Indiana interests, as may be agreed upon;
but if either the Illinois interests or the Indiana interests shall not be authorized to accept or shall not accept the same under such conditions, then the bridge shall continue to be owned, maintained, operated, and repaired by the commission, and the rates of tolls shall be so adjusted as to provide a fund of not to exceed the amount necessary solely for the proper maintenance, repair, and operation of the bridge and its approaches under economical management, until such time as both the Illinois interests and the Indiana interests shall be authorized to accept and shall accept such conveyance under such conditions. If at the time of such conveyance the commission or its successors shall not have disposed of such ferry or ferries, the same shall be disposed of by sale as soon as practicable at such price and upon such terms as the commission or its successors may determine.

Sec. 8. For the purpose of carrying into effect the objects stated in this Act, there is hereby created the White County Bridge Commission, and by that name, style, and title said body shall have perpetual succession; may contract and be contracted with, sue and be sued, implead and be impleaded, complain and defend in all courts of law and equity; may make and have a common seal; may purchase or otherwise acquire and hold or dispose of real estate and other property; may accept and receive donations or gifts of money or other property and apply same to the purposes of this Act; and shall have and possess all powers necessary, convenient, or proper for carrying into effect the objects stated in this Act.

The commission shall consist of Julius C. Kern, Jennings F. Marlin, and J. Madison Pomeroy, all of Carmi, Illinois. Such commission shall be a body corporate and politic. Each member of the commission shall qualify within thirty days after the approval of this Act by filing in the office of the Federal Works Administrator an oath that he will faithfully perform the duties imposed upon him by this Act, and each person appointed to fill a vacancy shall qualify in like manner within thirty days after his appointment. Any vacancy occurring in said commission by reason of failure to qualify as above provided, or by reason of death or resignation, shall be filled by the Federal Works Administrator. Before the issuance of bonds as hereinabove provided, each member of the commission shall give such bond as may be fixed by the Commissioner of Public Roads, conditioned upon the faithful performance of all duties required by this Act. The cost of such bonds shall be deemed an operating expense of the commission. The commission shall elect a chairman and a vice chairman from its members, and may establish rules and regulations for the government of its own business. A majority of the members shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.

Sec. 9. The commission shall have no capital stock or shares of interest or participation, and all revenues and receipts thereof shall be applied to the purposes specified in this Act. The members of the commission shall be entitled to compensation for their services, but the maximum compensation of the chairman in any year shall not exceed $1,200 and of each other member in any year shall not exceed $600. The members of the commission shall also be entitled to receive traveling expense allowance of 10 cents a mile for each mile actually traveled on the business of the commission. The commission may employ a secretary, treasurer, engineers, attorney, and other such experts, assistants, and employees as they may deem necessary, who shall be entitled to receive such compensation as the commission may determine. All salaries and expenses shall be paid solely from the funds provided under the authority of this Act. After all bonds and interest thereon shall have been paid and all other obligations of the commission paid or discharged, or provision for all such payment

Disposition of ferry.
Commission created; powers, etc.
Membership.
Bonds.
Capital stock, etc., restriction.
Compensation.
Employees.
Dissolution of Commission.
shall have been made as hereinbefore provided, and after the bridge
shall have been conveyed to the Illinois interests and the Indiana
interests as herein provided, and any ferry or ferries shall have been
sold, the commission shall be dissolved and shall cease to have further
existence by an order of the Commissioner of Public Roads made upon
his own initiative or upon application of the commission or any mem-
ber or members thereof, but only after a public hearing in the city
of Carmi, Illinois, notice of the time and place of which hearing and
the purpose thereof shall have been published once, at least thirty
days before the date thereof, in a newspaper published in the city of
Carmi. At the time of such dissolution all moneys in the hands of
or to the credit of the commission shall be divided into two equal
parts, one of which shall be paid to said Illinois interests and the
other to said Indiana interests.

SEC. 10. Notwithstanding any of the provisions of this Act, the
commission shall have full power and authority to negotiate and
enter into a contract or contracts with the State Highway Department
of Illinois and the State Highway Commission of Indiana, whereby
said highway departments or either of them may operate, and main-
tain or participate with the commission in the operation and mainte-
nance of said bridge and approaches.

SEC. 11. Nothing herein contained shall be construed to authorize
or permit the commission or any member thereof to create any obliga-
tion or incur any liability other than such obligations and liabilities
as are dischargeable solely from funds provided by this Act. No obli-
gation created or liability incurred pursuant to this Act shall be an
obligation or liability of any member or members of the commission but
shall be chargeable solely to the funds herein provided, nor shall any
indebtedness created pursuant to this Act be an indebtedness of the
United States.

SEC. 12. All provisions of this Act may be enforced or the violation
thereof prevented by mandamus, injunction, or other appropriate
remedy brought by the attorney general for the State of Illinois, the
attorney general for the State of Indiana, or the United States district
attorney for any district in which the bridge may be located in part,
in any court having competent jurisdiction of the subject matter and
of the parties.

SEC. 13. Notwithstanding any of the provisions of this Act the
commission, in its discretion, shall have power at any time to sell,
transfer and convey such bridge and approaches thereto either to
the State of Illinois or the State of Indiana, or to any public agency,
or any political subdivision of either of such States within or adjoin-
ing which any part of such bridge is located, or any two or more
of them jointly: Provided, however, That if such bridge shall be
sold, transferred and conveyed to the States or public agencies or
political subdivisions thereof or to either of them, and if tolls are
thereafter charged for the use thereof, the rates of toll shall be so
adjusted as to provide a fund sufficient to pay for the reasonable
cost of maintaining, repairing, and operating the bridge and its
approaches under economical management and to provide a sinking
fund sufficient to amortize the amount paid therefor, including rea-
sonable interest and financing costs, as soon as possible under reason-
able charges, but within a period of not to exceed twenty years from
the date of acquiring the same, and after a sinking fund sufficient
for such amortization shall have been so provided such bridge shall
thereafter be maintained and operated free of tolls. In the event of
the acquisition of such bridge pursuant to the provisions of this sec-
tion, an accurate record of the amount paid for the acquisition of
the bridge and its approaches, the actual expenditures for maintain-
ing, repairing, and operating the same, and the daily tolls collected shall be kept and shall be available for the information of all persons interested. No such sale, transfer, or conveyance shall be made except for a consideration sufficient to enable the commission to retire all of its outstanding bonds and obligations and unless prior to or simultaneously with such sale, transfer, and conveyance all outstanding bonds of the commission shall be called for redemption and moneys sufficient to effect such redemption deposited and irrevocably pledged for that purpose.

Sec. 14. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, April 12, 1941.

[CHAPTER 72] AN ACT
Authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to convey a portion of the lighthouse reservation, Biloxi, Mississippi, to the city of Biloxi.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to convey, by quitclaim deed, to the city of Biloxi, Harrison County, State of Mississippi, in consideration of the payment to the United States of $1,200, all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to that portion of the lighthouse reservation, Biloxi, Mississippi, north of West Beach Boulevard. The deed of conveyance shall describe by metes and bounds the exact portion of the reservation transferred. Such deed of conveyance shall also contain the express condition that if the city of Biloxi shall cease to maintain the property so transferred for park purposes or for some other wholly public use, or shall alienate or attempt to alienate such property, title thereto shall revert to the United States.

Approved, April 12, 1941.

[CHAPTER 74] AN ACT
To increase the authorized enlisted strength of the United States Navy, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the permanent authorized enlisted strength of the active list of the Regular Navy is hereby increased to two hundred and thirty-two thousand. The President is hereby authorized, whenever in his judgment a sufficient national emergency exists, to increase this number to three hundred thousand.

Sec. 2. The phrase "authorized enlisted strength", as applied to the personnel of the Navy, shall hereafter mean the total number of enlisted men of the Navy authorized by law, exclusive of the Hospital Corps.

Sec. 3. The total authorized number of commissioned officers of the active list of the line of the Navy, exclusive of commissioned warrant officers, shall be equal to $5_2 per centum of the authorized enlisted strength of the active list.

Sec. 4. Hereafter the authorized enlisted strength of the active list of the Marine Corps shall be 20 per centum of the authorized enlisted strength of the Navy.

Approved, April 22, 1941.
[CHAPTER 75]

JOINT RESOLUTION

To amend the joint resolution entitled "Joint resolution authorizing Federal participation in the New York World's Fair, 1939", to provide for an extension in the life of the Commission, to authorize the transfer of property to other departments and branches of the Government without consideration, and for other purposes.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the life of the United States New York World's Fair Commission established by the joint resolution entitled "Joint resolution authorizing Federal participation in the New York World's Fair, 1939", approved July 9, 1937, as amended, is extended for all purposes for such period as said Commission may determine up through but not after August 31, 1941, so that it may complete its undertakings connected with its participation in the New York World's Fair, 1939, and in the New York World's Fair, 1940, and that the Commissioner is authorized, under the direction of the Commission, in the disposition of the materials, property, buildings, and so forth, of the Commission to dispose of the same by outright transfer without consideration to such an extent and to such of the various executive departments and independent offices and establishments of the Government of the United States as he may determine, with the consent of the department or branch concerned, and account therefor.

Sec. 2. The unexpended balance of the funds heretofore made available for carrying into effect the provisions of said Public Resolution Numbered 53, Seventy-fifth Congress, approved July 9, 1937, as amended, and as hereby amended, are also made available for payment of obligations incurred through such period as said United States New York World's Fair Commission may determine up through but not after August 31, 1941, any unexpended or unobligated balance to be covered back into the Treasury of the United States: Provided, That not to exceed $5,000 shall be available for the payment of compensation for personal services to be rendered subsequent to April 30, 1941, and for the payment of all other additional operating expenses of the said Commission to be incurred solely by reason of the extension of its life as herein authorized.

Sec. 3. For these purposes said Public Resolution Numbered 53, Seventy-fifth Congress, approved July 9, 1937, as amended, and as hereby amended, is extended and made applicable through August 31, 1941, in the same manner and to the same extent and for the same purposes, except with the additional authorizations herein contained, as originally provided in said Public Resolution Numbered 53.

Approved, April 23, 1941.

[CHAPTER 79]

JOINT RESOLUTION

Authorizing the President of the United States of America to proclaim October 11, 1941, General Pulaski's Memorial Day for the observance and commemoration of the death of Brigadier General Casimir Pulaski.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States of America is authorized to issue a proclamation calling upon officials of the Government to display the flag of the United States on all governmental buildings on October 11, 1941, and inviting the people of the United States to observe the day in schools and churches, or other suitable places, with appropriate ceremonies in commemoration of the death of General Casimir Pulaski.

Approved, April 24, 1941.
[CHAPTER 80]

AN ACT

To amend the Act of October 14, 1940, relating to defense housing, by authorizing an additional appropriation of $150,000,000, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 1 (b) of the Act entitled "An Act to expedite the provision of housing in connection with national defense, and for other purposes", approved October 14, 1940, is hereby amended (1) by striking out "$3,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "$3,500" and (2) by striking out the period at the end thereof and adding a colon and the following: "Provided further, That all items of cost with respect to each such family dwelling unit shall be separately estimated with a view toward economy, and no movable equipment shall be installed in such units, unless the Administrator shall, in any particular case, deem such installation to be in the public interest."

Sec. 2. Section 3 of such Act of October 14, 1940, is hereby amended by striking out "$150,000,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "$300,000,000".

Approved, April 29, 1941.

[CHAPTER 81]

AN ACT

To expedite the national defense by clarifying the application of the Act of August 24, 1935 (49 Stat. 793), as to the requirement of mandatory performance and payment bonds in connection with supply contracts.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act of August 24, 1935 (49 Stat. 793), may, in the discretion of the Secretary of War or the Secretary of the Navy, be waived with respect to contracts for the manufacturing, producing, furnishing, construction, alteration, repair, processing, or assembling of vessels, aircraft, munitions, matériel, or supplies of any kind or nature for the Army or the Navy, regardless of the terms of such contracts as to payment or title: Provided, That as to contracts of a nature which, at the date of the passage of this Act, would have been subject to the provisions of the Act of August 24, 1935 (49 Stat. 793), the Secretary of War or the Secretary of the Navy may require performance and payment bonds as provided by said Act.

Approved, April 29, 1941.

[CHAPTER 82]

AN ACT

To authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to permit the construction and maintenance of overhanging walks on the highway bridge, route numbered 36, at Highlands, New Jersey, for public use.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to grant permission to the State of New Jersey to maintain public walks on the Shrewsbury River highway bridge, route numbered 36, to overhang over portions of parcels 86A and 86B, Borough of Highlands, Monmouth County, State of New Jersey, being property of the United States used for a servicing base of the Coast Guard.

The property affected by such permission shall be described by metes and bounds in the permit, which shall also contain an express condition that if the State of New Jersey shall at any time cease to use
or maintain the public walks on the highway bridge that overhang the described property in question, the permit shall be considered null and void, and the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to include in such permit such other conditions as he may deem necessary in order to assure that the maintenance of the walks will not interfere with the use of the said property by the United States.

Approved, May 1, 1941.

[CHAPTER 83]

AN ACT

To provide for the appointment of one additional United States district judge for the northern district of Ohio.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, one additional United States district judge for the northern district of Ohio: Provided, That the first vacancy occurring in the office of district judge in said district shall not be filled.

Approved, May 1, 1941.

[CHAPTER 84]

AN ACT

To make emergency provision for certain activities of the United States Maritime Commission, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the authority of the United States Maritime Commission under Public Resolution Numbered 82, Seventy-sixth Congress, approved June 11, 1940 (54 Stat. 306), shall continue in effect during the national emergency declared by the President on September 8, 1939, to exist, but not after June 30, 1942.

SEC. 2. (a) Whenever deemed by the President of the United States to be in the best interests of the national commerce and defense during the national emergency declared by the President on September 8, 1939, to exist, but not after June 30, 1942, (1) the United States Maritime Commission is hereby authorized, subject to the provisions of subsections (b) and (c) hereof, to negotiate contracts for the acquisition, construction, reconstruction, alteration, reconditioning, repair, outfitting, or equipping of complete vessels, or any portion thereof, including plans, spare parts, and equipment thereof, that the Commission has been or may be authorized to acquire, construct, reconstruct, alter, recondition, repair, outfit, or equip, pursuant to the Merchant Marine Act, 1936, as amended, or section 4 of Public Law Numbered 5, Seventy-seventh Congress, approved February 6, 1941, with or without advertising or competitive bidding upon determination that the price is fair and reasonable; (2) upon its determination that such action is in the best interests of the national commerce and defense because of changes in conditions occurring after the execution of its contracts heretofore or hereafter entered into for the construction, reconstruction, alteration, reconditioning, repair, outfitting, or equipping of vessels, the Commission is hereby authorized to modify such contracts in conformity with provisions hereof relating to negotiated contracts, and to adjust the payments to be made thereunder, but the aggregate amount payable to the contractor under any contract modified pursuant hereto shall
not exceed the amount which would have been payable if the contract as modified had been entered into under the authority of this section; 

(3) the furnishing of materials and performance of work required for or in connection with contracts made by the Commission for the acquisition, construction, reconstruction, alteration, reconditioning, repair, outfitting, or equipping of vessels shall, in the discretion of the President, take priority over the furnishing of materials or performance of work for private account or for export.

(b) The provisions of Public Law Numbered 831, Seventy-sixth Congress, approved October 10, 1940 (54 Stat. 1092) (relating to compensation for all hours worked by laborers and mechanics in excess of eight hours per day or forty hours per week at not less than one-and-one-half times the basic rate of pay), shall apply in respect of any contract negotiated pursuant to subsection (a) hereof.

(c) The cost-plus-a-percentage-of-cost system of contracting shall not be used under the authority to negotiate contracts granted by subsection (a) hereof, but contracts may be used providing for payment of cost plus a fixed fee, or cost plus a fixed fee with such bonuses and penalties as the Commission may deem necessary to secure maximum performance under such contracts, if for each contract (1) such fixed fee does not exceed 7 per centum of the estimated cost of the contract (exclusive of the fee and any bonuses payable thereunder) as determined by the Commission at the time of entering into such contract, and (2) the aggregate of such fixed fee plus any such bonuses payable thereunder does not exceed 10 per centum of such estimated cost. Performance or payment bonds required of the contractor under the Act of August 24, 1935 (49 Stat. 793; U. S. C., title 40, sec. 270a to 270d), may be waived by the Commission with respect to any contract negotiated or modified hereunder providing for payment of cost plus a fee as herein authorized. Any contract negotiated or modified hereunder providing for payment of cost plus a fee as herein authorized shall be excluded from consideration in the determination of profit of the contractor under section 505 (b) (2) of the Merchant Marine Act, 1936, as amended.

(d) The Commission shall report every three months to the Congress the contracts entered into or modified under the authority hereof and not included in a prior report.

Sec. 3. Whenever, during the national emergency declared by the President on September 8, 1939, to exist, but not after June 30, 1942, the Maritime Commission determines that operation in the foreign trade under charter to a private operator of any vessel of the Commission available for the purposes hereof is necessary for the maintenance of the foreign commerce of the United States, and that the necessary service cannot be so provided as to meet effectively such needs under the provisions of the Merchant Marine Act, 1936, as amended, the Commission may, notwithstanding any other provision of law, charter such vessel to a private operator, a citizen of the United States (as defined in section 2 of the Shipping Act, 1916, as amended), for use in such foreign trades or services as the Commission may prescribe, on time or bare-boat basis, with or without competitive bidding or advertisement, upon such terms and conditions, for such period or periods, and subject to such restrictions, as the Commission may deem necessary or desirable for the protection of the public interest, and at such rate of charter as it may deem to be fair and reasonable in view of the attendant circumstances, but if the vessel is one constructed under the said Act, not lower than the minimum charter hire would be if the vessel were chartered under the provisions of section 711 of the said Act, as amended. Nothing in
this Act shall be construed to modify or affect any provision of the Neutrality Act of 1939, as amended.

SEC. 4. During the national emergency declared by the President on September 8, 1939, to exist, but not after June 30, 1942, notwithstanding any other provision of law, (1) the United States Maritime Commission is authorized to prescribe rules and regulations with regard to working hours and overtime employment for naval architects, marine engineers, draftsmen, estimators, inspectors of new construction and materials, and marine surveyors, or any of such employees engaged in its ship-construction program or its national-defense activities, and for other employees of the Commission performing services in such ship-construction program or national-defense activities which the Commission shall determine to be comparable to those of employees of other Government departments or agencies engaged in national-defense activities and authorized by law to receive compensation for overtime work, (2) compensation for employment in excess of forty hours in any administrative workweek computed at a rate not less than one-and-one-half times the regular rate is hereby authorized to be paid to the aforesaid employees of the Commission who work overtime pursuant to such rules and regulations, and (3) the President is authorized, in his discretion, to establish, in regard to hours of work and compensation for overtime of the employees hereinabove referred to, such uniformity with the War Department, the Navy Department, and the Coast Guard, and their field services as he may deem necessary in the interest of national defense. In determining overtime compensation for per annum employees under this section, the pay for one day shall be considered to be one three-hundred-and-sixtieth of their respective per annum salaries, and the pay for one hour shall be considered to be one-eighth of the pay for one day.

SEC. 5. The provisions of sections 1 and 2 of Public Law Numbered 5, Seventy-seventh Congress, approved February 6, 1941, shall apply to all activities and functions which the Maritime Commission may be authorized to perform pursuant to an Act to promote the defense of the United States, approved March 11, 1941, or any appropriations to carry out such Act, but nothing herein shall be construed to affect the appropriation made by Public Law Numbered 5.

Approved, May 2, 1941.
[CHAPTER 86]  

AN ACT  

Making appropriations for the Navy Department and the naval service for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1942, and for other purposes.  

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Navy Department and the naval service for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1942, namely:

NAVAL ESTABLISHMENT  

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY  

MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES  

For traveling expenses of civilian employees, including the travel of dependents of employees to and from navy yards or stations outside the continental limits of the United States, and for the expenses of attendance, at home and abroad, upon meetings of technical, professional, scientific, and other similar organizations when, in the judgment of the Secretary of the Navy, such attendance would be of benefit in the conduct of the work of the Navy Department; for the part-time or intermittent employment in the District of Columbia or elsewhere of such experts and at such rates of compensation as may be contracted for by and in the discretion of the Secretary of the Navy; expenses of courts martial, purchase of law and reference books, expenses of prisoners and prisons, courts of inquiry, boards of investigations, examining boards, clerical assistance; witnesses' fees and traveling expenses; for promoting accident prevention and safety in shore establishments of the Navy, to be expended in the discretion of the Secretary of the Navy; expenses of courts martial, purchase of law and reference books, expenses of prisoners and prisons, courts of inquiry, boards of investigations, examining boards, clerical assistance; witnesses' fees and traveling expenses; for promoting accident prevention and safety in shore establishments of the Navy, to be expended in the discretion of the Secretary of the Navy; newspapers and periodicals for the naval service; all advertising of the Navy Department and its bureaus (except advertising for recruits for the Bureau of Navigation); costs of suits; relief of vessels in distress; recovery of valuables from shipwrecks; maintenance of attaches and observers abroad, including office rental and pay of employees, and not to exceed $900 for any one person for allowances for living quarters, including heat, fuel, and light, as authorized by the Act approved June 26, 1930 (5 U. S. C. 118a); for contingencies for the Director of Naval Intelligence, to be expended in his discretion, not to exceed $2,000; the collection and classification of information; telephone, telegraph, and teletype rentals and tolls, telegrams, radiograms, and cablegrams; postage, foreign and domestic, and post-office box rentals; necessary expenses for interned persons and prisoners of war under the jurisdiction of the Navy Department, including funeral expenses for such interned persons or prisoners of war as may die while under such jurisdiction; payment of claims for damages as provided in the Act making appropriations for the naval service for the fiscal year 1920, approved July 11, 1919 (34 U. S. C. 600); services of employees assigned to group IV (b) and those performing similar services carried under native and alien schedules in the Schedule of Wages for Civil Employees in the Field Service of the Navy Department; and other necessary and incidental expenses; in all, $3,450,000: Provided, That no part of this or any other appropriation for the Navy Department or the Naval Establishment for the fiscal years 1941 and 1942, or of funds allotted to the Navy Department, shall be available after March 13, 1941, for any additional positions in the District of Columbia or elsewhere at rates of compensation in excess of $5,000.
per annum, either on a per diem or per annum basis, except in pursuance of specific authorization herein or hereafter granted: Provided further, That no part of this or any other appropriation for the Navy Department or the Naval Establishment for the fiscal years 1941 and 1942, or of funds allotted to the Navy Department, shall be available for the employment of a greater number than eight thousand seven hundred and fifty civilian officers and employees in the Navy Department proper, at Washington, except in pursuance of specific appropriations as to numbers hereafter provided.

CONTINGENT, NAVY

For all emergencies and extraordinary expenses, exclusive of personal services, in the Navy Department or any of its subordinate bureaus or offices at Washington, District of Columbia, arising at home or abroad, but impossible to be anticipated or classified, to be expended on the approval and authority of the Secretary of the Navy, and for such purposes as he may deem proper, and his determination thereon shall be final and conclusive upon the accounting officers of the Government, and for examination of estimates for appropriations and of naval activities in the field for any branch of the naval service, $50,000, of which $2,500 shall be available immediately.

CARE OF LEPERS, AND SO FORTH, ISLAND OF GUAM

Naval station, Island of Guam: For maintenance and care of lepers, special patients, and for other purposes, including cost of transfer of lepers from Guam to the island of Culion, in the Philippines, and their maintenance, $24,450; for educational purposes, $15,000; in all, $39,450.

NAVAL RESEARCH LABORATORY

For laboratory and research work and other necessary work of the Naval Research Laboratory for the benefit of the naval service, including services of employees assigned to group IV (b) and those performing similar services carried under native and alien schedules in the Schedule of Wages for Civil Employees in the Field Service of the Navy Department, operation and maintenance of a laboratory, additions to equipment necessary properly to carry on work in hand, maintenance of buildings and grounds, temporary employment of such scientific and technical civilian assistants as may become necessary, and subscriptions to technical periodicals, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Navy, $900,000.

OPERATION AND CONSERVATION OF NAVAL PETROLEUM RESERVES

To enable the Secretary of the Navy to carry out the provisions contained in the Act approved June 4, 1920, as amended (34 U. S. C., Supp. IV, 524), requiring him to conserve, develop, use, and operate the naval petroleum reserves, $206,500, of which amount not to exceed $25,000 shall be available for employees assigned to group IV (b) and those performing similar services carried under native and alien schedules in the Schedule of Wages for Civil Employees in the Field Service of the Navy Department: Provided, That out of any sums appropriated for naval purposes by this Act, any portion thereof, not to exceed $10,000,000, shall be available to enable the Secretary of the Navy to protect Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1, established by Executive order of September 2, 1912, pursuant to the Act of June 25, 1910 (43 U. S. C. 141–143), by drilling wells and performing any work incident thereto, of which amount not to exceed $100,000 shall
be available for employees assigned to group IV (b) and those performing similar services carried under native and alien schedules in the Schedule of Wages for Civil Employees in the Field Service of the Navy Department: Provided further, That no part of the sum made available for the protection of this property shall be expended if satisfactory agreement or agreements can be made with owners of land within or adjoining said Reserve Numbered 1 not to drill wells for the purpose of producing oil or gas.

NAVAL PRISON FARMS AND PRISON PERSONNEL

For the operation, maintenance, and improvement of naval prison farms and for the welfare, recreation, and education of prison personnel, to be expended under such regulations as the Secretary of the Navy may prescribe, $12,000: Provided, That expenditures hereunder shall not exceed the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury in accordance with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934.

BUREAU OF NAVIGATION

TRAINING, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE, NAVY

Naval War College: For maintenance and operation, including services of employees assigned to group IV (b) and those performing similar services carried under native and alien schedules in the Schedule of Wages for Civil Employees in the Field Service of the Navy Department, repairs, improvements, and care of grounds; services of a professor of international law, $2,000; services of lecturers, $2,000; and other civilian services; library expenses, including the purchase, binding, and repair of books and periodicals and subscriptions to newspapers and periodicals; and including contingencies of the president of the Naval War College, to be expended in his discretion, not exceeding $1,000; and for other necessary expenses, $128,900;

Naval training stations: For maintenance, operation, and other necessary expenses, including services of employees assigned to group IV (b) and those performing similar services carried under native and alien schedules in the Schedule of Wages for Civil Employees in the Field Service of the Navy Department, repairs, improvements, and care of grounds of the naval training stations which follow:

San Diego, California, $290,000;
Newport, Rhode Island, $390,000;
Great Lakes, Illinois, $318,500;
Norfolk, Virginia, $449,500;

Fleet training: For trophies and badges for excellence in gunnery, target practice, communication, engineering exercises, and for economy in fuel consumption, to be awarded under such rules as the Secretary of the Navy may formulate; for the purpose of recording, classifying, compiling, and publishing the rules and results; for the establishment and maintenance of shooting galleries, target houses, targets, and ranges; for hiring established ranges, and for transporting equipment to and from ranges; entrance fees in matches for the rifle team, and special equipment therefor, $223,000;

Instruction: For services of employees assigned to group IV (b) and those performing similar services carried under native and alien schedules in the Schedule of Wages for Civil Employees in the Field Service of the Navy Department, postgraduate instruction of officers in other than civil government and literature, including such amounts as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of the
Act approved January 16, 1936 (34 U. S. C. 1073), and for special instruction, education, and individual training of officers and enlisted men at home and abroad, including maintenance of students abroad, except aviation training and submarine training otherwise appropriated for, $290,000: Provided, That no part of this or any other appropriation contained in this Act shall be available for or on account of any expense incident to giving special educational courses or postgraduate instruction to officers with view to qualifying them or better qualifying them for the performance of duties required to be performed by or in pursuance of law by officers of the Supply Corps, the Corps of Civil Engineers, and officers assigned to engineering duty only, except present students and except such officers who are commissioned in such corps or have been assigned to engineering duty only or who have not been commissioned in the line of the Navy more than three years and four months prior to the commencement of such educational courses or postgraduate instruction.

Libraries: For libraries, including services of employees assigned to group IV (b) and those performing similar services carried under native and alien schedules in the Schedule of Wages for Civil Employees in the Field Service of the Navy Department, professional books, textbooks, and religious books for ships and shore stations not otherwise appropriated for, $146,000;

Welfare and recreation: For welfare and recreation of the Navy, including services of employees assigned to group IV (b) and those performing similar services under native and alien schedules in the Schedule of Wages for Civil Employees in the Field Service of the Navy Department, periodicals and newspaper subscriptions, and not exceeding $4,180 for care and operation of schools at naval stations at Guantanamo Bay, Guam, and Tutuila, for the children of Naval and Marine Corps commissioned, enlisted, and civilian personnel, to be expended in the discretion of the Secretary of the Navy, under such regulations as he may prescribe, $480,000;

Naval Reserve Officers' Training Corps: For all expenses incident to the conduct of the Naval Reserve Officers' Training Corps under such regulations as the President has prescribed or hereafter may prescribe under the provisions of section 22 of the Act approved March 4, 1925, as amended by the Act of August 6, 1937 (34 U. S. C. 921), $472,000; Provided, That uniforms and other equipment or material issued to the Naval Reserve Officers' Training Corps in accordance with law may be furnished from surplus or reserve stocks of the Navy without payment under this appropriation, except for actual expenses incurred in the manufacture or issue;

In all, training, education, and welfare, Navy, $3,187,900.

MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES, BUREAU OF NAVIGATION

For all miscellaneous expenses, including supplies for seamen's quarters; transportation of effects of deceased officers, nurses, and enlisted men of the Navy, and of officers and men of the Naval Reserve, who die while on duty; commissions, warrants, diplomas, discharges, good-conduct badges, and medals; and identification tags, $25,000.

OCEAN AND LAKE SURVEYS, NAVY

For hydrographic surveys, including the pay of the necessary hydrographic surveyors, cartographic draftsmen, and recorders, and for the purchase of nautical books, charts, and sailing directions, $90,000; Provided, That not exceeding three hydrographic surveyors may be detailed at any one time to the Hydrographic Office, Washington, District of Columbia.
NAVAL RESERVE

For all expenses not otherwise provided for, authorized by the "Naval Reserve Act of 1938", and the Act approved April 15, 1935 (49 Stat. 156), as amended, in connection with organizing, administering, recruiting, instructing, training, and drilling the Naval Reserve, including the designing, purchasing, and engraving of medals and trophies; medical supplies and equipment; services of employees assigned to group IV (b) and those performing similar services carried under native and alien schedules in the Schedule of Wages for Civil Employees in the Field Service of the Navy Department; purchase, maintenance, and operation of ambulances; aviation material, equipment, and fuel in connection with the aviation activities of the Naval and Marine Corps Reserve; maintenance and operation of floating equipment; rental, maintenance, and operation of such shore stations as may be required in connection with Naval Reserve activities, $47,800,000: Provided, That no appropriation made in this Act shall be available for pay, allowances, travel, or other expenses of any officer or enlisted man of the Naval or Marine Corps Reserve who may be drawing a pension, disability allowance, disability compensation, or retired pay from the Government of the United States, and "retired pay" as here used shall not include the pay of members of the Fleet Reserve, Fleet Marine Corps Reserve, or members on the honorary retired list of such Reserve forces.

NAVAL ACADEMY

Pay, Naval Academy: For pay for professors and instructors, including one professor as librarian, and such amounts as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of the Act approved January 16, 1936 (34 U. S. C. 1073), $338,971: Provided, That this appropriation shall not be available for the employment of more than nine masters and instructors in swordsmanship and physical training.

For pay of other employees, $646,000, including employees assigned to group IV (b) and those performing similar services carried under native and alien schedules, in the Schedule of Wages for Civil Employees in the Field Service of the Navy Department.

Current and miscellaneous expenses, Naval Academy: For text and reference books for use of instructors; stationery, blank books and forms, models, maps, newspapers, and periodicals; apparatus and materials for instruction in physical training and athletics; expenses of lecturers and entertainments, not exceeding $3,000, including pay and expenses of lecturers and visiting clergymen; chemicals, philosophical apparatus and instruments, stores, machinery, tools, fittings, apparatus, materials for instruction purposes, and purchase of and engraving of trophies and badges, $50,600; for purchase, binding, and repair of books for the library (to be purchased in the open market on the written order of the Superintendent), $5,500; for expenses of the Board of Visitors to the Naval Academy, $1,200; for contingencies for the Superintendent of the Academy, to be expended in his discretion, not exceeding $4,000; for contingencies for the commandant of midshipmen, to be expended in his discretion, not exceeding $1,200; in all, $62,500, to be accounted for as one fund.

Maintenance and repairs, Naval Academy: For necessary repairs of public buildings, wharves, and walls enclosing the grounds of the Naval Academy, accident prevention, improvements, repairs, and fixtures; for books, periodicals, maps, models, and drawings; purchase and repair of fire engines; fire apparatus and plants, machinery; purchase and maintenance of all horses and horse-drawn vehicles for use at the academy, including the maintenance, operation, and repair of...
three horse-drawn passenger-carrying vehicles to be used only for official purposes; seeds and plants; tools and repairs of the same; stationery; furniture for Government buildings and offices at the academy, including furniture for midshipmen's rooms; coal and other fuels; candles, oil, and gas; attendance on light and power plants; cleaning and clearing up station and care of buildings; attendance on fires, lights, fire engines, fire apparatus, and plants, and telephone, telegraph, and clock systems; incidental labor, advertising, water tax, postage, telephones, telegrams, tolls, and ferriage; flags and awnings; packing boxes; services of employees assigned to group IV (b) and those performing similar services carried under native and alien schedules in the Schedule of Wages for Civil Employees in the Field Service of the Navy Department; and music and astronomical instruments, $1,298,000, of which amount $2,000 shall be available exclusively on account of the collection of ship models bequeathed by the late Henry H. Rogers.

NAVAL HOME, PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA

For pay of employees, including employees assigned to group IV (b) and those performing similar services carried under native and alien schedules in the Schedule of Wages for Civil Employees in the Field Service of the Navy Department, $123,000;

Maintenance: For water rent, heating, and lighting; cemetery, burial expenses, and headstones; general care and improvements of grounds, buildings, walls, and fences; repairs to power-plant equipment, implements, tools, and furniture, and purchase of the same; music in chapel and entertainment for beneficiaries; stationery, books, and periodicals; transportation of indigent and destitute beneficiaries to the Naval Home, and of sick and insane beneficiaries, their attendants and necessary subsistence for both, to and from other Government hospitals; employment of such beneficiaries in and about the Naval Home as may be authorized by the Secretary of the Navy, on the recommendation of the governor; support of beneficiaries and all other contingent expenses, including the maintenance, repair, and operation of two motor-propelled vehicles, and one motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicle to be used only for official purposes, $155,100;

In all, Naval Home, $278,100.

BUREAU OF SHIPS

MAINTENANCE, BUREAU OF SHIPS

For designing hulls, machinery, and equipment of naval vessels, except armament; experimental, developmental, and research work; payment of part-time or intermittent employment in the District of Columbia, or elsewhere, of such scientists and technicists as may be contracted for by the Secretary of the Navy, in his discretion, at a rate of pay not exceeding $25 per diem for any person so employed, and payment of the travel expenses of such persons if they be members of the Naval Reserve ordered to active duty; maintenance, repairs, renewal, and alterations of hulls, machinery, and equipment of naval vessels and yard and district craft except machinery and equipment under the cognizance of other bureaus; docking of vessels; salvage and salvage services for naval floating property; construction or acquisition and conversion of district and yard craft; charter and hire of vessels for auxiliary purposes when considered necessary by the Secretary of the Navy; equipage, appliances, supplies, materials, and services, at home and abroad for the
maintenance, repair, alteration, and operation of naval vessels and district and yard craft; searchlights and fire-control equipment for antiaircraft defense at shore stations; maintenance and operation of the Naval Communication Service (including teletype), the experimental model basin, Carderock, Maryland, and the engineering experiment station, Annapolis, Maryland, including maintenance and equipment of buildings and grounds and appurtenances; purchase, installation, repair, and preservation of machine tools, plant appliances, and equipment (including furniture in industrial activities) in naval establishments or private plants; pay of employees assigned to group IV (b) and those performing similar services carried under native and alien schedules in the Schedule of Wages for Civil Employees in the Field Service of the Navy Department; accident prevention; incidental expenses for naval vessels, navy yards and stations, and other activities under the cognizance of the Bureau of Ships, such as photographing, plans, stationery, drafting instruments and other material; and technical books and publications for said Bureau; $206,470,000: Provided, That no part of this or any other appropriation contained in this Act shall be available for or on account of the supply or replacement of table linen, dishes, glassware, silver, and kitchen utensils for use in the residences or quarters of officers on shore, except for messes temporarily set up on shore for officers attached to seagoing vessels, to aviation units based on seagoing vessels, to the fleet air bases, to the submarine bases, or to landing forces and expeditions.

BUREAU OF ORDNANCE

ORDNANCE AND ORDNANCE STORES, NAVY

For procuring, producing, preserving, and handling ordnance material for the armament of ships and airplanes; for the purchase and manufacture of torpedoes and appliances; for the purchase and manufacture of smokeless powder; for fuel, material, and labor to be used in the general work under the cognizance of the Bureau of Ordnance; for essential equipment, facilities, and services at naval or private establishments to expedite the production of ordnance material; for furniture at naval ammunition depots, torpedo stations, naval ordnance plants, and proving grounds; for technical books, and periodicals; plant appliances as now defined by the "Navy Classification of Accounts"; for machinery and machine tools; for accident prevention; for experimental work in connection with the development of ordnance material for the Navy; for maintenance of proving grounds, powder factory, torpedo stations, gun factory, ammunition depots, and naval ordnance plants, and for target practice; not to exceed $20,000 for minor improvements to buildings, grounds, and appurtenances of a character which can be performed by regular station labor; for services of employees assigned to group IV (b) and those performing similar services carried under native and alien schedules in the Schedule of Wages for Civil Employees in the Field Service of the Navy Department; for payment of part-time or intermittent employment in the District of Columbia, or elsewhere, of such scientists and technicists as may be contracted for by the Secretary of the Navy in his discretion at a rate of pay not exceeding $25 per diem for any person so employed, and payment of the travel expenses of such persons if they be members of the Naval Reserve ordered to active duty; for the maintenance, repair, and operation of horse-drawn and motor-propelled freight and passenger-carrying vehicles, to be used only for official purposes at naval ammunition depots,
Schools at ordnance stations.

Post, pp. 671, 814.

Active list officers.

Pay of naval personnel: For pay and allowances prescribed by law of officers on the active list, pay, $41,921,503, including $2,769,010 for increased pay for officers of the Regular Navy for making aerial flights, no part of which shall be available for increased pay for making aerial flights by more than nine officers above the rank of captain, nor by nonflying officers or observers at rates in excess of those prescribed by law for the Army, which shall be the legal maximum rates as to such nonflying officers or observers; rental allowance, $8,286,148; subsistence allowance, $5,075,407; in all, $55,538,058; officers on the retired list, $17,487,566; for hire of quarters for officers serving with troops where there are no public quarters belonging to the Government, and where there are not sufficient quarters possessed by the United States to accommodate them, and hire of quarters for officers and enlisted men on sea duty at such times as they may be deprived of their quarters on board ship due to repairs or other conditions which may render them uninhabitable, $9,050; pay of enlisted men on the retired list, $16,509,600; interest on deposits by men, $10,500; pay of enlisted men as authorized by law (in addition to chief petty officers of the Naval Reserve or of the retired list called to active duty, the number of chief petty officers shall not exceed 8 per centum, of which those with permanent appointments shall not exceed 7 per centum, of the number of regular enlisted men), extra pay for men as authorized by law, and cash prizes for men for excellence in gunnery, target practice, communication, and engineering competition, $179,508,173; outfits for all enlisted men of the Navy on first enlistment, civilian clothing not to exceed $15 per man to men given discharges for bad conduct or undesirability or inaptitude, reimbursement in kind of clothing to persons in the Navy for losses in cases of marine or aircraft disasters or in the operation of water- or air-borne craft, and the authorized issue of clothing and equipment to the members of the Nurse Corps, $1,755,174; pay of enlisted men undergoing sentence of court martial, $82,853; pay and allowances of the Nurse Corps, including assistant superintendents—pay, $683,620; rental allowance, $43,200; subsistence allowance, $27,375; pay retired list, $352,500; in all, $1,106,695; rent of quarters for members of the Nurse Corps; pay and allowances of transferred and assigned men of the Fleet Reserve, $15,755,300; reimbursement for losses of property as provided in the Act approved October 6, 1917 (34 U. S. C. 981, 982), as amended by the Act of March 3, 1927 (34 U. S. C. 983), $10,000; payment of six months' death gratuity, $392,000; in all, $287,879,231.

Provided, That, except for the public quarters occupied by the Chief of Office of Naval Operations, the Superintendent of the Naval Academy, and the Commandant of the Marine Corps, and messes temporarily set up on shore for officers attached to seagoing vessels, to aviation units based on seagoing vessels including officers' messes at the naval air stations, and at submarine bases, to landing forces and expeditions, and in addition not to exceed one hundred in number at such places as shall be designated by the Secretary of the
Navy, no appropriation contained in this Act shall be available for the pay, allowances, or other expenses of any enlisted man or civil employee performing service in the residence or quarters of an officer or officers on shore as a cook, waiter, or other work of a character performed by a household servant, but nothing herein shall be construed as preventing the voluntary employment in any such capacity of a retired enlisted man or a transferred member of the Fleet Reserve without additional expense to the Government, nor the sale of meals to officers by general messes on shore as regulated by detailed instructions from the Navy Department;

Subsistence of naval personnel: For provisions and commuted rations for enlisted men of the Navy, which commuted rations shall be paid at the rate of 50 cents per diem, and midshipmen at 75 cents per diem, and commuted rations stopped on account of sick in hospital and credited at the rate of 70 cents per ration to the naval hospital fund; subsistence of members of the Fleet Reserve and retired enlisted men in naval hospitals; furlough rations as allowed by law; subsistence of men unavoidably detained or absent from vessels to which attached under orders (during which subsistence rations to be stopped on board ship and no credit for commutation therefor to be given); quarters and subsistence of men on detached duty; subsistence of members of the Naval Reserve during period of active service; subsistence in kind at hospitals and on board ship in lieu of subsistence allowance of female nurses and Navy and Marine Corps general courts-martial prisoners undergoing imprisonment with sentences of dishonorable discharge from the service at the expiration of such confinement; in all, $41,399,256: Provided, That no part of this or any other appropriation contained in this Act shall be available for the procurement of any article of food or clothing not grown or produced in the United States or its possessions, except to the extent that the Secretary of the Navy shall determine that articles of food or clothing grown or produced in the United States or its possessions cannot be procured of satisfactory quality and in sufficient quantities and at reasonable prices as and when needed, and except procurements by vessels in foreign waters and by establishments located outside the continental United States, except the Territories of Hawaii and Alaska, for the personnel attached thereto;

Transportation and recruiting of naval personnel: For mileage and actual and necessary expenses and per diem in lieu of subsistence as authorized by law to officers of the Navy while traveling under orders, including the cost of a compartment or such other accommodations, as may be authorized by the Secretary of the Navy, for security when secret documents are transported by officer messenger, and including $5,000 for the expenses of attendance, at home and abroad, upon meetings of technical, professional, scientific, and other similar organizations, when, in the judgment of the Secretary of the Navy, such attendance would be of benefit in the conduct of the work of the Navy Department; for mileage, at 5 cents per mile, to midshipmen entering the Naval Academy while proceeding from their homes to the Naval Academy for examination and appointment as midshipmen, and for transportation of midshipmen, including reimbursement of traveling expenses while traveling under orders, after appointment as midshipmen; for actual traveling expenses of female nurses; for travel allowance or for transportation and subsistence as authorized by law of enlisted men upon discharge; transportation of enlisted men and applicants for enlistment at home and abroad, with subsistence and transfers en route, or cash in lieu thereof; transportation to their home, if residents of the United States, of enlisted men discharged on medical survey, with subsistence and transfers en route, or cash in lieu thereof; transportation of enlisted men and their dependents or other expenses of any kind, as authorized by law, or for service in the capacity of household servant, but nothing herein shall be construed as preventing the voluntary employment in any such capacity of a retired enlisted man or a transferred member of the Fleet Reserve without additional expense to the Government, nor the sale of meals to officers by general messes on shore as regulated by detailed instructions from the Navy Department;
Transportation of dependents.

Naval Reserve.

Total.

Provisos.

Care of Veterans’ Administration patients.

Midshipmen sea service requirement.

Involuntary retirement.

For equipage, supplies, and services under the cognizance of the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, including commissions, interest, and exchange; ferriage and bridge tolls, including streetcar fares; rent of buildings and offices not in navy yards except for use of naval attaches and recruiting officers; accident prevention; services of civilian employees under the cognizance of the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, including services of employees assigned to group IV (b) and those performing similar services carried under native and alien schedules in the Schedule of Wages for Civil Employees in the Field Service of the Navy Department; freight, express, and parcel-post charges, including transportation of funds and cost of insurance on shipments of money when necessary; transfer of household goods and effects as provided by the Act of October 10, 1940.
(Public, Numbered 839, Seventy-sixth Congress), and regulations promulgated thereunder and of naval personnel as provided by law and regulations; for transportation on Government-owned vessels, notwithstanding the provisions of other law, of privately owned automobiles of Navy and Marine Corps personnel upon change of station, and ice and mechanical devices for cooling drinking water on shore (except at naval hospitals and shops at industrial navy yards), pertaining to the Navy Department and Naval Establishment, $20,475,000, of which amount $500,000 shall be available immediately: Provided, That without deposit to the credit of the Treasurer of the United States and withdrawal on money requisitions, receipts of public moneys from sales or other sources by officers of the Navy and Marine Corps on disbursing duty and charged in their official accounts may be used by them as required for current expenditures, all necessary bookkeeping adjustments of appropriations, funds, and accounts to be made in the settlement of their disbursing accounts: Provided further, That during the fiscal year 1942 the dependents and household effects of such personnel of the Naval Establishment on duty at stations outside the continental limits of the United States, and in Alaska, as may be determined upon by the Secretary of the Navy, may, prior to the issuance of orders for the relief of such personnel from their stations, be moved (including packing and unpacking of household effects) to such locations in continental United States as may be selected by the Secretary of the Navy, by the use of either Government or commercial means of transportation, and later from such locations to the duty stations to which such personnel may be ordered, and current appropriations of the Naval Establishment available for travel and transportation may be used for this purpose.

CLOTHING AND SMALL-STORES FUND

Clothing and small-stores fund: For purchase of clothing and small stores for issue to the Naval Service, to be added to the "Clothing and Small-Stores Fund", $3,000,000.

NAVAL SUPPLY ACCOUNT FUND

To increase the Naval Supply Account Fund established by the Act approved March 1, 1921 (31 U. S. C. 644), $20,000,000.

FUEL AND TRANSPORTATION, NAVY

For coal and other fuel for submarine bases and steamers' and ships' use, including expenses of transportation, storage, and handling the same and the removal of fuel refuse from ships; maintenance and general operation of machinery of naval fuel depots and fuel plants; water for all purposes on board naval vessels, and ice for the cooling of water, including the expense of transportation and storage of both, $18,283,000, of which $1,000,000 shall be immediately available, and of which $3,000,000 shall be available for expenditure only upon order of the President: Provided, That fuel acquired other than by purchase shall not be issued without charging the applicable appropriation with the cost of such fuel at the rate current at the time of issue for fuel purchased: Provided further, That the President may direct the use, wholly or in part, of fuel on hand, however acquired, to be charged at the last issue rate for fuel acquired by purchase, when, in his judgment, prices quoted for supplying fuel are excessive.
For surgeons' necessaries for vessels in commission, navy yards, naval stations, and Marine Corps; and for the civil establishment at the several naval hospitals, navy yards, naval medical supply depots, Naval Medical Center, Naval Medical School, and Naval Dispensary, Washington, and Naval Academy; for tolls and ferriages; purchase of books and stationery; hygienic and sanitary investigation and illustration; sanitary, hygienic, administrative, and special instruction, including the issuing of naval medical bulletins and supplements; maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled busses; services of employees assigned to group IV (b) and those performing similar services carried under native and alien schedules in the Schedule of Wages for Civil Employees in the Field Service of the Navy Department; trees, plants, care of grounds, garden tools, and seeds; incidental articles for the Naval Medical Center, Naval Medical School, and Naval Dispensary, Washington, naval medical supply depots, sick quarters at Naval Academy and marine barracks; washing for medical department at Naval Medical Center, Naval Medical School, and Naval Dispensary, Washington, naval medical supply depots, sick quarters at Naval Academy and marine barracks, dispensaries at navy yards and naval stations, and ships; and for minor repairs on buildings and grounds of the Naval Medical School and naval medical supply depots; for dental outfits and dental material; and all other necessary contingent expenses; in all, $6,508,916.

For the care of the dead, as authorized in the Act of April 20, 1940 (Public, Numbered 465), $128,000.

For the labor, materials, and supplies necessary, as determined by the Secretary of the Navy, for the general maintenance of the activities and properties now or hereafter under the cognizance of the Bureau of Yards and Docks, including accident prevention; the purchase, maintenance, repair, and operation of passenger-carrying vehicles for the Navy Department (not to exceed ten in number) and the Naval Establishment not otherwise provided for; for employees assigned to group IV (b) and those performing similar services carried under native and alien schedules in the Schedule of Wages for Civil Employees in the Field Service of the Navy Department, and part-time or intermittent employment in the District of Columbia, or elsewhere, of such engineers and architects as may be contracted for by the Secretary of the Navy, in his discretion, at a rate of pay not exceeding $25 per diem for any person so employed and payment of the travel expenses of such persons if they be members of the Naval Reserve ordered to active duty, $14,830,000: Provided, That during the fiscal year 1942 the motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles to be purchased hereunder shall not exceed the following respective numbers and costs: Eight at $1,600 each, and sixty at $600 each, and motortruck chassis with station-wagon-type bodies, and motorbusses as required: Provided further, That expenditures from appropriations contained in this Act for the maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, including the compensation of civilian chauffeurs and the compensation of any greater number than ninety enlisted men detailed to such duty, shall
not exceed in the aggregate $130,000, exclusive of such vehicles owned and operated by the Marine Corps in connection with expeditionary duty without the continental limits of the United States, motorbusses, station-wagon motortrucks, and motorcycles, and on any one vehicle, except busses and ambulances, shall not exceed for maintenance, upkeep, and repair, exclusive of garage rent, pay of operators, tires, fuel, and lubricants, one-third of the market price of a new vehicle of the same make or class, and in any case not more than $400.

CONTINGENT, BUREAU OF YARDS AND DOCKS

For contingent expenses and minor extensions and improvements of public works at navy yards and stations, $140,000.

PUBLIC WORKS, BUREAU OF YARDS AND DOCKS

For public works and public utilities, Bureau of Yards and Docks, to be available immediately, $318,892,960, which, together with the unexpended balances of appropriations heretofore made under this head, shall be disbursed and accounted for in accordance with existing law and shall constitute one fund, which fund shall be available for the payment of obligations incurred under the provisions of sections 3 and 4 of the Act approved April 25, 1939 (Public, Numbered 43, Seventy-sixth Congress), insofar as they relate to naval public works and utilities projects; for part-time and intermittent employment by contract of scientists, technicists, and other personnel and payment of travel expenses of members of the Naval Reserve ordered to active duty; for the employment in the Bureau of Yards and Docks and in the field service of employees assigned to group IV (b) and those performing similar services carried under native and alien schedules in the Schedule of Wages for Civil Employees in the Field Service of the Navy Department: Provided, That the Secretary of the Navy is only authorized to commence, continue, or complete the construction of, or make provision for, by contract or otherwise, projects heretofore authorized and appropriated for under this head, and, in addition, only the following-named public works and public utilities projects at a limit of cost not to exceed the amount stated for each project enumerated, respectively:

Navy Yard, Boston, Massachusetts: Storage for hemp, $800,000; improvement of drydock numbered 3, including floor and blocking supports, $120,000;
Navy Yard, Charleston, South Carolina: Extension of equipment building, $80,000; twenty-five-ton floating derrick, $150,000;
Navy Yard, Mare Island, California: Utility and transportation buildings, $100,000; extension of pattern shop and storage, $400,000;
Navy Yard, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii: Storehouse and accessories, $800,000; cold storage plant building and accessories, $650,000; improvement of water front at marine railway, $850,000; improvement of water supply at Aiea, $75,000; improve water front east of repair basin, $1,250,000; public works shop and storage building, $170,000; personnel buildings and accessories, $2,224,000;
Navy Yard, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania: Extension of battery storehouse, $135,000; separation of power and electric cables, $125,000;
Navy Yard, Portsmouth, New Hampshire: Extension of prison building, $250,000; convert building numbered 99 to quarters for officers, $50,000;
Navy Yard, Puget Sound, Washington: Additional pier and accessories, $2,400,000; storehouse and accessories, $1,400,000; relocation and improvement of shops, $250,000; supply pier and accessories, $850,000; accessory construction and services for drydock numbered 5, $640,000;
Washington, D. C.  
Navy Yard, Washington, District of Columbia: Extension of quay walls, $415,000; extend crane runway at slip numbered 5, $60,000;

Guam.  
Navy station, Guam: Extension of military roads, $187,500; improvement of power plant, $250,000; development of seaplane operating facilities, $1,000,000;

Guantanamo, Cuba.  
Navy Station, Guantanamo, Cuba: Quarters for married enlisted men, $85,000; improvement of power plant, $120,000;

Tutuila, Samoa.  
Navy Station, Tutuila, Samoa: Quarters for officers, $35,000; extension of commissary and issuing building, $85,000; road from Pago Pago to Fagasa, $50,000; recreation building and accessories, $70,000;

Olongapo, P. I.  
Navy Station, Olongapo, Philippine Islands: Power plant for drydock Dewey, $150,000;

Norfolk, Va.  
Naval Operating Base, Norfolk, Virginia: Chapel, $125,000; improvement of power plant and distributing systems, $1,250,000; additional pier, $1,250,000; dredging between piers numbered 3 and 7, $500,000;

San Diego, Calif.  
Destroyer Base, San Diego, California: Quarters (one building) and accessories for bachelor officers, $70,000; two recommissioning and service piers, $700,000; dispensary building and accessories, $100,000; development of north water front, $700,000;

Coco Solo, C. Z.  
Submarine Base, Coco Solo, Canal Zone: Public works shop, $100,000; transit shed and accessories, $166,000;

New London, Conn.  
Submarine Base, New London, Connecticut: Purchase of land, $51,000;

Pearl Harbor, T. H.  
Submarine Base, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii: Additional piers, $300,000;

Oakland, Calif.  
Naval Supply Depot, Oakland, California: Additional fleet supply facilities, including buildings and accessories, $850,000;

Pearl Harbor, T. H.  
Naval Supply Depot, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii: Provisions storage building and accessories, $250,000; extension of quay wall, pier, and dredging, $1,000,000;

San Diego, Calif.  
Naval Supply Depot, San Diego, California: Extension of storage house, $230,000;

Norfolk, Va.  
(Norfolk Island.)  
Naval Fuel Depot Annex (Norfolk Island), Norfolk, Virginia: Wharf and accessories, $500,000; gasoline storage and distribution system, $200,000; improvement of water supply, $50,000; small boat landing, $10,000; protection of shore line, $22,500;

San Diego, Calif.  
Naval Fuel Depot, San Diego, California: Extend and improve fueling facilities, $280,000; quay wall and dredging, $400,000;

Sangley Point, P. L.  
Naval Fuel Depot, Sangley Point, Philippine Islands: Additional gasoline storage and pipe lines, $65,000;

Keyport, Wash.  
Naval Torpedo Station, Keyport, Washington: Extension of building numbered 76, $30,000; additional oil storage for power plant, $15,000;

Fort Mifflin, Pa.  
Naval Ammunition Depot, Fort Mifflin, Pennsylvania: Improvement of water front and filling low areas for flood protection, $400,000; improvement of garage, marine barracks, $18,000; extension of pier numbered 3, $225,000;

Hawthorne, Nev.  
Naval Ammunition Depot, Hawthorne, Nevada: High explosive magazines for mines, $315,000; smokeless-powder magazines, $338,000; projectile magazines, $765,000; high-explosive magazines, $315,000; inert storehouse, $70,000; high-explosive magazines for Alameda and San Diego, $192,000;

Hingham, Mass.  
Naval Ammunition Depot, Hingham, Massachusetts: Improvement of electric, telephone, and fire-alarm systems, $140,000; high-explosive magazine, $15,000; fuse magazine, $4,000; projectile magazines, $70,000;

Iona Island, N. Y.  
Naval Ammunition Depot, Iona Island, New York: Extension of explosive "D" loading plant, $18,000; extension of administration
building, $10,000; fireproofing building numbered 108, $26,000; inert storehouse, $70,000; fuse magazine, $4,000;
Naval Ammunition Depot, Mare Island, California: Smokeless-powder magazines, $130,000; fuse magazines, $8,000; pyrotechnic magazines, $60,000; projectile magazines, $105,000; high-explosive magazines, $45,000;
Naval Ammunition Depot, Oahu, Hawaii: Smokeless-powder magazines, $120,000; purchase of approximately two hundred acres of land, $50,000; projectile magazines, $240,000; pyrotechnic magazine, $85,000; fuse magazines, $10,000; inert storehouse, $70,000; roads, walks, and services, $28,000; boat shed and landing, West Loch, $10,000; high-explosive magazines, $70,000;
Naval Ammunition Depot, Puget Sound, Washington: Smokeless-powder magazines, $75,000; pyrotechnic magazine, $30,000; fuse magazine, $4,000;
Naval Ammunition Depot, Saint Juliens Creek, Virginia: Bulkhead, $25,000; high-explosive magazines, $37,000; fuse magazines, $20,000; pyrotechnic magazines, $130,000; projectile magazines, $70,000; inert storehouses, $210,000;
East Coast Ammunition Depot: Star shell loading plant, $1,600,000; bomb assembly and filling plant, $500,000; high-explosive magazines, $420,000; projectile magazines, $765,000; inert storehouses, $210,000; smokeless-powder magazines, $254,000;
Naval Proving Ground, Dahlgren, Virginia: Dispensary building and accessories, $40,000; extension of roads, walks, and services, $50,000;
Naval Academy, Annapolis, Maryland: Improvement of power plant, $500,000; instruction and storage building, rifle range, $30,000; acquisition and clearing of land for extension of Naval Academy grounds, $350,000;
Naval Training Station, Great Lakes, Illinois: Extension of administration building, $260,000;
Naval Training Station, Newport, Rhode Island: Improvement of power plant, $750,000;
Naval Training Station, Norfolk, Virginia: Finger piers in lagoon, $35,000;
Naval Hospital, Annapolis, Maryland: Extension of hospital facilities, $475,000; extension of garage, $10,000;
Naval Hospital, Chelsea, Massachusetts: Additional wing on main building, $250,000;
Naval Hospital, Norfolk, Virginia: Extension of seawall, bulkhead, and fill, $85,000; barracks and accessories for corpsmen, $200,000;
Naval Hospital, Puget Sound, Washington: Galley and mess hall wing, $250,000;
Marine Barracks, Parris Island, South Carolina: Quarters and accessories for officers, $300,000; post chapel, $75,000;
Marine Barracks, Quantico, Virginia: Contagious ward building and accessories, $65,000; shop building and accessories, $172,000; post school building and accessories, $100,000;
Marine Barracks, San Diego, California: Administration building and accessories, $400,000; improvements at rifle range at La Jolla, $200,000, including $20,000 for target area and ranges; theater and recreation hall for enlisted men, $300,000;
Marine Corps Depot of Supplies, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania: Extension of storehouse, $700,000;
Marine Corps Depot of Supplies, San Francisco, California: Extension of storehouse, $600,000;
Naval Air Station, Alameda, California: Extension of aircraft storehouse, $300,000;

Mare Island, Calif.
Oahu, T. H.
Puget Sound, Wash.
Saint Juliens Creek, Va.
East Coast Ammunition Depot.
Dahlgren, Va.
Annapolis, Md.
Great Lakes, Ill.
Newport, R. I.
Norfolk, Va.
Annapolis, Md.
Chelsea, Mass.
Norfolk, Va.
Puget Sound, Wash.
Parris Island, S. C.
Quantico, Va.
San Diego, Calif.
San Francisco, Calif.
Alameda, Calif.
Naval Air Station, Anacostia, District of Columbia: Extension of barracks building, $100,000;

Naval Air Station, Banana River, Florida: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories and equipment, and acquisition of land, $1,288,500;

Naval Air Station, Coco Solo, Canal Zone: Extension of roads, walks, and services, $344,000; extension of storehouse, $130,000;

Naval Air Station, Jacksonville, Florida: Recreation facilities for enlisted men, $350,000; extension of distributing systems, $108,500; dredging and filling, Ribault Bay, $1,000,000; extension of landing mat, runways, and warming-up platform, $750,000; extension of bulkhead, fill, and seaplane parking area, $200,000; high-explosive magazines, $40,000; and additional aviation training facilities, including buildings and accessories and equipment, and acquisition of land, $7,422,600;

Naval Air Station, Johnston Island: Gasoline storage, $168,500; additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories and equipment, $3,400,000;

Naval Air Station, Kaneohe Bay, Hawaii: Extension of landplane runways, $400,000; seaplane hangar, $573,000; seaplane parking area, $174,846; additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories and equipment, and acquisition of land, $3,281,500;

Naval Air Station, Key West, Florida: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories and equipment, and acquisition of land, $2,775,000;

Naval Air Station, Kodiak, Alaska: Extension of barracks building, $125,000; extension of bachelor officers' quarters, $90,000; extension of roads, walks, and services, $100,000; extension of utility hangar, $200,000; extension of landplane runways, $300,000; additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories and equipment, and acquisition of land, $5,186,000;

Naval Air Station, Miami, Florida: Additional aviation training facilities, including buildings and accessories and equipment, $702,000;

Naval Air Station, Midway Island: Seaplane hangar, $541,783;

Naval Air Station, Norfolk, Virginia: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories and equipment and acquisition of land, $8,890,000;

Naval Air Station, Palmyra Island: Gasoline storage, $168,500; additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories and equipment, $3,400,000;

Naval Air Station, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii: Extension of warm-up platform and landplane runways, $685,765; extension of storehouse, $250,000; relocation of buildings and paving, $180,000; extension of aircraft overhaul building, $675,000; extension of motor test building, $80,000; extension of assembly building, $500,000; extension of bachelor officers' quarters, $80,000; extension of paint and oil storehouse, $25,000; replacement of surface storage of gasoline, $500,000; and additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories and the development of outlying fields, $4,302,000;

Naval Air Station, Pensacola, Florida: Remodel buildings, $100,000; improvement of landing fields, $880,000; extension of runways and taxiways, $120,000; and additional aviation training facilities, including buildings and accessories and equipment, $2,051,000;

Naval Air Station, Quonset Point, Rhode Island: Ammunition storage facilities and recreation facilities, $460,000;

Naval Air Station, San Juan, Puerto Rico: Landing field improvements, $800,000; additional parking areas, $250,000; extension of barracks and mess hall, $300,000; additional bachelor officers' quarters,
$200,000; and additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories and breakwater, and acquisition of land, $972,000; 

Naval Air Station, San Pedro, California: Completion of breakwater and rebuilding of jetty, and dredging, $200,000; extension of storehouse, $60,000; improvement of landing field, $115,000; and additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories and equipment, $340,500; 

Naval Air Station, Seattle, Washington: Extension of roads, walks, and paving, $50,000; additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories and equipment, and acquisition of land, $865,000; 

Naval Air Station, Sitka, Alaska: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories and equipment, $5,668,000; recreation facilities for officers, $63,700; 

Naval Air Station, Squantum, Massachusetts: Remove obsolete structures, $95,000; additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories and equipment, $600,000; 

Naval Air Station, Tongue Point, Oregon: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories and equipment, and acquisition of land, $2,450,000; 

Naval Air Station, Unalaska, Alaska: Additional gasoline storage, $40,000; seaplane parking area, $255,000; and additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories and equipment, and acquisition of land, $4,890,000; 

Marine Corps flying field, Quantico, Virginia: Extension of barracks building, $100,000; lean-to's on hangars, $85,000; extension of assembly and repair building, $250,000; and additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories and equipment, $320,000; 

Marine Corps aviation facilities, Charlotte Amalie, Virgin Islands: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories and equipment, and acquisition of land, $1,241,000; 

Naval Research Laboratory, Bellevue, District of Columbia: Extension of laboratory building, $375,000; 

Tenth Naval District: Graving drydock and accessory construction, Caribbean area, $7,500,000; 

Eleventh Naval District: Fleet moorings and accessories, $500,000; participation with city of San Diego in trunk sewer and disposal plant, $200,000; improvement of sewage disposal systems at naval activities in the Eleventh District, $805,000; 

Fourteenth Naval District: Improvement of channels and harbors, $1,500,000; mooring facilities and accessories, $250,000; harbor defense facilities, including buildings and accessories, Bishops Point, $376,000; telephone and water service to fleet moorings, $140,000; 

No part of this appropriation shall be expended for a permanent type of construction at any shore establishment of any character acquired subsequently to the calendar year 1938, unless such establishment shall be designated by the Secretary of the Navy as a permanent establishment, and, in that event, a permanent type of construction shall be used only to meet such permanent requirements as the Secretary of the Navy may approve; Provided, That nothing herein shall prevent construction of a type sufficiently substantial for the use intended nor apply to construction projects now under contract or in progress: Provided further, That no part of this appropriation as contained in this Act may be obligated for the construction of quarters, including heating and plumbing apparatus, wiring and fixtures, for greater amounts per unit than follow:

Permanent construction:
For commissioned officer, $10,000.
For commissioned warrant or warrant officer, $7,500.
For enlisted man, $6,000.
Temporary construction:
- For commissioned officer, $7,500.
- For commissioned warrant or warrant officer, $5,000.
- For enlisted man, $3,500.

The provisions of section 4 of the Act approved April 25, 1939 (53 Stat. 590–592), shall be applicable to all public works and public utilities projects provided in this Act, regardless of location: Provided, That the fixed fee to be paid the contractor as a result of any contract hereafter entered into under the authority of this provision shall not exceed 6 per centum of the estimated cost of the contract, exclusive of the fee, as determined by the Secretary of the Navy.

The Secretary of the Navy is hereby authorized to continue the employment, in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, of such employees now carried on the rolls as will be required for the preparation of plans and specifications and administrative work in connection with the public-works and public-utilities projects mentioned in this Act.

BUREAU OF AERONAUTICS

AVIATION, NAVY

For aviation, as follows: For navigational, photographic, aero-
logical, radio, and miscellaneous equipment, including repairs thereto,
for use with aircraft built or building on June 30, 1941, $2,705,600;
for maintenance, repair, and operation of aircraft factory, air sta-
tions, fleet and all other aviation activities, services of employees
assigned to group IV (b) and those performing similar services car-
rried under native and alien schedules in the Schedule of Wages for
Civil Employees in the Field Service of the Navy Department, acci-
dent prevention, testing laboratories, overhauling of planes, technical
periodicals, outfits for messes of aviation cadets and bachelor officers
at air stations, and the purchase for aviation purposes only of special
clothing, wearing apparel, and special equipment, $71,972,400, includ-
ing not to exceed $100,000 for the procurement of helium, which sum
of $100,000 shall be transferred to and made available to the Bureau
of Mines on July 1, 1941; for continuing experiments and develop-
ment work on all types of aircraft, including the payment of part-
time or intermittent employment in the District of Columbia or
elsewhere of such scientists and technicists as may be contracted for
by the Secretary of the Navy, in his discretion, at a rate of pay not
exceeding $25 per diem for any person so employed and payment of the
travel expenses of such persons if they be members of the Naval
Reserve ordered to active duty, $9,500,000; for new construction and
procurement of aircraft and equipment, spare parts and accessories,
including expansions of and facilities in private plants, $350,372,000,
of which amount not to exceed $350,000,000, shall be available for the
payment of obligations incurred under the contract authorization
carried in the Navy Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1941; in
all, $434,550,000, and the money herein specifically appropriated for
“Aviation” shall be disbursed and accounted for in accordance with
existing law and shall constitute one fund: Provided, That the Secre-
tary of the Treasury is authorized and directed, upon the request of
the Secretary of the Navy, to transfer not to exceed in the aggregate
$600,000 from this appropriation to the appropriations “Pay, subsis-
tence, and transportation, Navy” and “Pay, Marine Corps” to cover
authorized traveling expenses of officers and enlisted men in connec-
tion with flying new airplanes from contractor’s works to assigned
station or ship, including travel to contractor’s works and return of
personnel to stations of duty, and the amount so transferred shall be in addition to any limitations contained in the appropriations "Pay, subsistence, and transportation, Navy" and "Pay, Marine Corps": Provided further, That the Secretary of the Navy is hereby authorized to consider, ascertain, adjust, determine, and pay out of this appropriation the amounts due on claims for damages which have occurred or may occur to private property growing out of the operations of naval aircraft where such claim does not exceed the sum of $500: Provided further, That the sum of $2,020,000 of the appropriation "Aviation, Navy", fiscal year 1938, and the sum of $678,471 of the appropriation "Aviation, Navy", fiscal year 1939, shall remain available until June 30, 1942, for the payment of obligations incurred under contracts executed prior to September 30, 1938.

MARINE CORPS

PAY, MARINE CORPS

Pay of officers, active list: For pay and allowances prescribed by law for all officers on the active list—pay and allowances, $5,577,293, including $517,611, for increased pay for making aerial flights, none of which shall be available for increased pay for making aerial flights by nonflying officers or observers at rates in excess of those prescribed by law for the Army, which shall be the legal maximum rates as to such nonflying officers or observers; subsistence allowance, $740,220; rental allowance, $1,031,907; in all, $7,349,420; and, except during war or national emergency declared by the President to exist, no part of such sum shall be available to pay active-duty pay and allowances to officers on the retired list;

For pay of officers prescribed by law on the retired list, $2,621,066;

Pay of enlisted men, active list: For pay and allowances of non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates as prescribed by law, and for the expenses of clerks of the United States Marine Corps traveling under orders, including not to exceed $250 for the expenses of attendance upon meetings of technical, professional, scientific, and other organizations, when, in the judgment of the Secretary of the Navy, such attendance would be of benefit in the conduct of the work of the Marine Corps, and including additional compensation for enlisted men of the Marine Corps qualified as expert riflemen, sharpshooters, marksmen, or regularly detailed as gun captains, gun pointers, cooks, messmen, including interest on deposits by enlisted men, post-exchange debts of deserters, and of men discharged or sentenced to terms of imprisonment while in debt to the United States, under such rules as the Secretary of the Navy may prescribe, and the authorized travel allowance of discharged enlisted men, and for prizes for excellence in gunnery exercises and target practices, and communication competitions, and for pay of enlisted men designated as Navy mail clerks and assistant Navy mail clerks both afloat and ashore, and for gratuities to enlisted men discharged not under honorable conditions—pay and allowances, $24,013,710; allowance for lodging and subsistence, $1,747,192; in all, $25,760,902;

For pay and allowances prescribed by law of enlisted men on the retired list, $996,886;

Undrawn clothing: For payment to discharged enlisted men for clothing undrawn, $264,000;

For pay and allowances of the Marine Corps Reserve as follows: (a) For officers commissioned pursuant to the Act of June 13, 1939 (53 Stat. 819-821), $737,745; (b) for transferred and assigned men, $1,171,790; and (c) for all others, $9,115,441; in all, $11,024,916;
PAY OF CIVIL FORCE, MARINE CORPS

For personal services in the District of Columbia, as follows:

Offices of the Major General Commandant and adjutant inspector, $238,320;
Office of the paymaster, $73,120;
Office of the quartermaster, $300,120; in all, $611,560:

Provided, that the total number of enlisted men on duty at Marine Corps Headquarters on May 7, 1930, shall not be increased, and in lieu of enlisted men whose services at such headquarters shall be terminated for any cause prior to July 1, 1942, their places may be filled by civilians, for the pay of whom, in accordance with the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, either or both the appropriations “Pay, Marine Corps” and “General expenses, Marine Corps” shall be available.

GENERAL EXPENSES, MARINE CORPS

For every expenditure requisite for, and incident to, the authorized work of the Marine Corps, other than as appropriated for under the headings of pay and salaries, including services of employees assigned to group IV (b) and those performing similar services carried under native and alien schedules in the Schedule of Wages for Civil Employees in the Field Service of the Navy Department, as follows:

Provisions, etc.
For provisions, subsistence, board, and lodging of enlisted men, recruits and recruiting parties, and applicants for enlistment; cash allowance for lodging and subsistence to enlisted men traveling on duty; ice, ice machines and their maintenance, $6,910,721;

Clothing.
For clothing for enlisted men, $2,268,000;

Fuel, etc.
For fuel, heat, light, and power, including sales to officers, $1,489,000;

Military supplies, etc.
For military supplies and equipment, including their purchase, repair, preservation, and handling; recreational, school, educational, library, musical, amusement, field sport and gymnasium supplies, equipment, services, and incidental expenses; purchase and marking of prizes for excellence in gunnery and rifle practice, good-conduct badges, medals, and buttons awarded to officers and enlisted men by the Government for conspicuous, gallant, and special service; rental and maintenance of target ranges and entrance fees for competitions, $5,237,667;

Transportation, etc.
For transportation of troops and applicants for enlistment, including cash in lieu of ferriage and transfers en route; toilet kits for issue to recruits upon their first enlistment and other incidental expenses of the recruiting service; and for transportation for dependents of officers and enlisted men, $690,899;

Barracks, quarters, etc.
For repairs and improvements to barracks, quarters, and other public buildings at posts and stations; for the leasing and improvement of buildings at such places as the public exigencies require, and the erection of temporary buildings upon the approval of the Secretary of the Navy at a total cost of not to exceed $70,000 during the year, $1,211,000;

Forage, etc.
For forage and stabling of public animals and the authorized number of officers’ horses, $21,000;
For miscellaneous supplies, material, equipment, personal and other services, and for other incidental expenses for the Marine Corps not otherwise provided for; purchase, repair, and exchange of typewriters and calculating machines; purchase and repair of furniture and fixtures; and purchase, exchange, and repair of passenger-carrying and other vehicles, including parts; veterinary services and medicines for public animals and the authorized number of officers' horses; purchase of mounts and horse equipment for all officers below the grade of major required to be mounted; shoeing for public animals and the authorized number of officers' horses; books, newspapers, and periodicals; printing and binding; packing and crating of officers' allowance of baggage; funeral expenses of officers and enlisted men and accepted applicants for enlistment and retired officers on active duty, including the transportation of their bodies, arms, and wearing apparel from the place of demise to the homes of the deceased in the United States; construction, operation, and maintenance of laundries; care and operation of schools at Marine Barracks, Quantico, Virginia, and Parris Island, South Carolina; and for all emergencies and extraordinary expenses, $5,990,000: Provided, That the motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles to be purchased hereunder shall not exceed the following respective numbers and costs: Ten at $750 each, and motorcycles and motortruck chassis with station-wagon type bodies as required; Marine Corps Reserve: For clothing, including clothing for aviation cadets, subsistence, heat, light, transportation, and miscellaneous expenses, $92,835;
In all, $23,920,212, to be accounted for as one fund.

INCREASE AND REPLACEMENT OF NAVAL VESSELS

Construction and machinery: On account of hulls and outfits of vessels and machinery of vessels heretofore authorized (and appropriated for in part); on account of the acquisition, conversion, alteration, and repair of vessels heretofore authorized (and appropriated for in part), including in connection therewith not to exceed $50,000,000 for defense installations on Government or privately owned merchant vessels; for necessary tools, equipment, and facilities in naval establishments or private plants for shipbuilding, and for services of employees assigned to group IV (b) and those performing similar services carried under native and alien schedules in the Schedule of Wages for Civil Employees in the Field Service of the Navy Department, $1,215,000,000, and, in addition, the unexpended balance on June 30, 1941, of the appropriation “Replacement of naval vessels, construction and machinery” is hereby reappropriated and made available for the purposes of this paragraph, all to remain available until expended: Provided, That, of the appropriations made available by this Act under the head of “Increase and replacement of naval vessels”, there shall be available such sums as the Secretary of the Navy may from time to time determine to be necessary for the engagement of technical services, and the employment of personnel in the Navy Department and in the field, the purchase of plans, drafting and other supplies, telephone and telegraph expenses, and the expenses of printing and travel, in addition to those otherwise provided for, owing to the construction of vessels which have been or hereafter may be authorized.

Armor, armament, and ammunition: Toward the armor, armament, and ammunition for vessels hereinbefore described under the head of “Construction and machinery”, including the necessary machine tools, equipment, land, and facilities for existing or additional naval establishments or private plants for the production of armor, armament,
and ammunition, and services of employees assigned to group IV (b) and those performing similar services carried under native and alien schedules in the Schedule of Wages for Civil Employees in the Field Service of the Navy Department, $442,000,000, and, in addition, the unexpended balance on June 30, 1941, of the appropriation "Replacement of naval vessels, armor, armament, and ammunition" is hereby reappropriated and made available for the purposes of this paragraph, all to remain available until expended: Provided, That the unexpended balance as of June 30, 1941, of the appropriation under the head "Alterations to naval vessels" and all outstanding obligations against such appropriation for any purpose for which it was available are transferred on July 1, 1941, to the appropriation "Increase and replacement of naval vessels", divided between the heads "Construction and machinery" and "Armor, armament, and ammunition" in such proportion as the Secretary of the Navy shall determine.

Neither the appropriation "Increase and replacement of naval vessels, construction and machinery", nor the appropriation "Increase and replacement of naval vessels, armor, armament, and ammunition", shall be available for obligation for any purpose as to ships delivered or acquired prior to July 1, 1940, nor as to any ship delivered or acquired subsequently to such date after twelve months shall have elapsed from delivery or acquisition date.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

The appropriations made in this Act for the purchase or manufacture of equipment or material or of a particular class of equipment or material shall be available for the purchase of letters patent, applications for letters patent, licenses under letters patent, and applications for letters patent that pertain to such equipment or material for which the appropriations are made.

No part of any appropriation made for the Navy shall be expended for any of the purposes herein provided for on account of the Navy Department in the District of Columbia, including personal services of civilians and of enlisted men of the Navy, except as expressly authorized by law: Provided, That there may be detailed to the Bureau of Navigation not to exceed at any one time twenty-five enlisted men of the Navy and to the Office of the Chief of Naval Operations, twelve enlisted men of the Navy: Provided further, That enlisted men detailed to the Naval Dispensary, the Office of Naval Intelligence, and the Radio Communication Service shall not be regarded as detailed to the Navy Department in the District of Columbia.

No part of the appropriations made in this Act shall be available for the salary or pay of any officer, manager, superintendent, foreman, or other person or persons having charge of the work of any employee of the United States Government while making or causing to be made with a stop watch or other time-measuring device a time study of any job of any such employee between the starting and completion thereof, or of the movements of any such employee while engaged upon such work; nor shall any part of the appropriations made in this Act be available to pay any premiums or bonus or cash reward to any employee in addition to his regular wages, except for suggestions resulting in improvements or economy in the operation of any Government plant; and no part of the moneys herein appropriated for the Naval Establishment or herein made available therefor shall be used or expended under contracts hereafter made for the repair, purchase, or acquirement, by or from any private contractor, of any naval vessel, machinery, article, or articles that
at the time of the proposed repair, purchase, or acquirement can be repaired, manufactured, or produced in each or any of the Government navy yards or arsenals of the United States, when time and facilities permit, and when, in the judgment of the Secretary of the Navy, such repair, purchase, acquirement, or production would not involve an appreciable increase in cost to the Government, except when the repair, purchase, or acquirement, by or from any private contractor, would, in the opinion of the Secretary of the Navy, be advantageous to the national defense.

No part of the funds herein appropriated shall be available to pay a contractor upon any contract for a naval vessel entered into under authority of this Act unless, at the time of filing his bid, he shall also file the estimates upon which such bid was based.

NAVY DEPARTMENT

SALARIES

For compensation for personal services in the District of Columbia, as follows:

Office of the Secretary of the Navy: Secretary of the Navy, Under Secretary of the Navy, Assistant Secretary of the Navy, and other personal services, $325,650.

General Board, $12,220.

Naval examining and retiring boards, $13,980.

Compensation board, $7,700.

Office of Naval Records and Library, $54,360.

Office of Judge Advocate General, $133,420.

Office of Chief of Naval Operations, $174,000.

Board of Inspection and Survey, $21,360.

Office of Director of Naval Communications, $179,620.

Office of Naval Intelligence, $135,500.

Bureau of Navigation, $617,920.

Hydrographic Office, $489,620.

Naval Observatory, including $2,500 for pay of computers on piece work in preparing for publication the American Ephemeris and Nautical Almanac and in improving the tables of the planets, moon, and stars, $156,320.

Bureau of Ships, $658,000.

Bureau of Ordnance, $150,000.

Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, $995,340.

Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, $165,570.

Bureau of Yards and Docks, $276,000.

Bureau of Aeronautics, $430,400: Provided, That the services of technical and clerical personnel may be employed only in the Bureau of Aeronautics in connection with the design and construction of aircraft, to be paid from the appropriation "Aviation, Navy, 1942".

In all, salaries, Navy Department, $5,009,980.

In expending appropriations or portions of appropriations contained in this Act, for the payment for personal services in the District of Columbia in accordance with the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, with the exception of the Assistant Secretaries of the Navy, the average of the salaries of the total number of persons under any grade in any bureau, office, or other appropriation unit shall not at any time exceed the average of the compensation rates specified for the grade by such Act, as amended, and in grades in which only one position is allocated the salary of such position shall not exceed the average of the compensation rates for the grade, except that in unusually meritorious cases of one position in a grade advances may
be made to rates higher than the average of the compensation rates of the grade but not more often than once in any fiscal year and then only to the next higher rate; "Provided," That this restriction shall not apply (1) to grades 1, 2, 3, and 4 of the clerical-mechanical service, or (2) to require the reduction in salary of any person whose compensation was fixed as of July 1, 1924, in accordance with the rules of section 6 of such Act, (3) to require the reduction in salary of any person who is transferred from one position to another position in the same or different grade in the same or a different bureau, office, or other appropriation unit, (4) to prevent the payment of a salary under any grade at a higher than the maximum rate of the grade when such higher rate is permitted by the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, and is specifically authorized by other law, or (5) to reduce the compensation of any person in a grade in which only one position is allocated.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES

For professional and technical books and periodicals, lawbooks, and necessary reference books, including city directories, railway guides, freight, passenger, and express tariff books and photostating, for Department library; for purchase of photographs, maps, documents, and pictorial records of the Navy, photostating and other necessary incidental expenses in connection with the preparation for publication of the naval records of the war with the Central Powers of Europe; for stationery, furniture, newspapers, plans, drawings, and drawing materials; purchase and exchange of motortrucks or motor-delivery wagons; maintenance, repair, and operation of motortrucks or motor-delivery wagons; streetcar fares; freight, expressage, postage, typewriters, and computing machines, and other absolutely necessary expenses of the Navy Department and its various bureaus and offices, $320,000: "Provided," That it shall not be lawful to expend, unless otherwise specifically provided by law, for any of the offices or bureaus of the Navy Department in the District of Columbia, any sum out of appropriations made for the naval service for any of the purposes mentioned or authorized in this paragraph.

PRINTING AND BINDING

For printing and binding for the Navy Department and the Naval Establishment (including the Hydrographic Office and the Naval Reserve Officers’ Training Corps) executed at the Government Printing Office, $863,000.

PRINTING HISTORICAL AND NAVAL DOCUMENTS

For continuing the printing of historical and naval documents, including composition, clerical copying in the Navy Department, and other preparatory work, in accordance with the provisions of the appropriation made for the commencement of this work as contained in the Naval Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1935, $12,000, together with the unobligated balance of the appropriation under this head for the fiscal year 1941: "Provided," That nothing in such Act shall preclude the Public Printer from furnishing one hundred and fifty copies of each volume published to the Library of Congress.

CONTINGENT AND MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES, HYDROGRAPHIC OFFICE

For purchase and printing of nautical books, charts, and sailing directions, copper plates, steel plates, chart paper, packing boxes, chart portfolios, electrotyping copper plates, cleaning copper plates;
tools, instruments, power, and material for drawing, engraving, and printing; materials for and mounting charts; reduction of charts by photography; photolithographing charts for immediate use; transfer of photolithographic and other charts to copper; purchase of equipment for the storage of plates used in making charts and for the storage of Hydrographic Office charts and publications; modernization, care, and repair to printing presses, furniture, instruments, and tools; extra drawing and engraving; translating from foreign languages; telegrams on public business; preparation of pilot charts and their supplements, and printing and mailing same; purchase of data for charts and sailing directions and other nautical publications; books of reference and works and periodicals relating to hydrography, marine meteorology, navigation, surveying, oceanography, and to other professional and technical subjects connected with the work of the Hydrographic Office, $107,000.

For contingent expenses of branch hydrographic offices at Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Norfolk, Savannah, New Orleans, San Francisco, Portland (Oregon), Portland (Maine), Chicago, Cleveland, Detroit, Buffalo, Duluth, Sault Sainte Marie, Seattle, Panama, San Juan (Puerto Rico), Los Angeles, Honolulu, and Galveston, including furniture, fuel, lights, works and periodicals, relating to hydrography, marine meteorology, navigation, surveying, oceanography and terrestrial magnetism, stationery, miscellaneous articles, rent, and care of offices, care of time balls, carfare and ferriage in visiting merchant vessels, freight and express charges, telegrams, and other necessary expenses incurred in collecting the latest information for pilot charts, and for other purposes for which the offices were established, $11,380.

For services of necessary employees at branch offices, $48,210.

CONTINGENT AND MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES, NAVAL OBSERVATORY

For professional and scientific books, books of reference, periodicals, engravings, photographs, and fixtures for the library; for apparatus and instruments, and for repairs of the same; for repairs to buildings (including quarters), fixtures, and fences; for cleaning, repair, and upkeep of grounds and roads; furniture and furnishings for offices and quarters, gas, chemicals, paints, and stationery, including transmission of public documents through the Smithsonian exchange, foreign postage; plants, seeds, and fertilizers; for fuel, oil, grease, pipe, wire, and other materials needed for the maintenance and repair of boilers, engines, heating apparatus, electric lighting and power, and water supply; maintenance, repair, and operation of motortrucks and passenger automobiles; telegraph and telephone service; rental of tabulating and other mechanical equipment, and other absolutely necessary expenses, $61,300, of which $1,000 shall be available immediately.

SEC. 2. No part of any money appropriated by this Act shall be used for maintaining, driving, or operating any Government-owned motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicle not used exclusively for official purposes; and "official purposes" shall not include the transportation of officers and employees between their domiciles and places of employment except in cases of medical officers on outpatient medical service and except in cases of officers and employees engaged in field work the character of whose duties makes such transportation necessary and then only as to such latter cases when the same is approved by the head of the Department. This section shall not apply to any motor vehicle for official use of the Secretary of the Navy, and no other persons connected with the Navy Depart-
Canal Zone.
Civilian personnel, citizenship requirement.

Provisos.
Employment of Panamanian citizens.

Employees with 15 or more years of service.
Selection of personnel.
Hours of employment, pay rates.

Applicability of section.
Suspension of compliance in emergency.

Statutory limit on repairs, etc.

Pay of retired personnel on active duty.

Persons advocating overthrow of U. S. Government.

Provisos.
Penalty.

No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used directly or indirectly after May 1, 1941, except for temporary employment in case of emergency, for the payment of any civilian for services rendered by him on the Canal Zone while occupying a skilled, technical, clerical, administrative, executive, or supervisory position unless such person is a citizen of the United States of America or of the Republic of Panama: Provided, however, (1) That, notwithstanding the provision in the Act approved August 11, 1939 (53 Stat. 1409), limiting employment in the above-mentioned positions to citizens of the United States from and after the date of the approval of said Act, citizens of Panama may be employed in such positions; (2) that at no time shall the number of Panamanian citizens employed in the above-mentioned positions exceed the number of citizens of the United States so employed, if United States citizens are available in continental United States or on the Canal Zone; (3) that nothing in this Act shall prohibit the continued employment of any person who shall have rendered fifteen or more years of faithful and honorable service on the Canal Zone; (4) that in the selection of personnel for skilled, technical, administrative, clerical, supervisory, or executive positions, the controlling factors in filling these positions shall be efficiency, experience, training, and education; (5) that all citizens of Panama and the United States rendering skilled, technical, clerical, administrative, executive, or supervisory service on the Canal Zone under the terms of this Act (a) shall normally be employed not more than forty hours per week; (b) may receive as compensation equal rates of pay based upon rates paid for similar employment in continental United States plus 25 per centum; (6) this entire section shall apply only to persons employed in skilled, technical, clerical, administrative, executive, or supervisory positions on the Canal Zone directly or indirectly by any branch of the United States Government or by any corporation or company whose stock is owned wholly or in part by the United States Government: Provided further, That the President may suspend compliance with this section in time of war or national emergency if he should deem such course to be in the public interest.

Sec. 4. The Secretary of the Navy is authorized, where necessary, to exceed the statutory limit on repairs and alterations to vessels during the fiscal year 1942.

Sec. 5. During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1942, all retired officers of the Navy and Marine Corps, and retired officers and men of those services, shall, when on active duty, receive full pay and allowances.

Sec. 6. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used to pay the salary or wages of any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence; Provided, That for the purposes hereof an affidavit shall be considered prima facie evidence that the person making the affidavit does not advocate, and is not a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided further, That any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence and accepts employment the salary or wages for which are paid from any
appropriation in this Act shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than $1,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both: Provided further, That the above penalty clause shall be in addition to, and not in substitution for, any other provisions of existing law.

Sec. 7. No part of any money appropriated herein or included under any contract authority herein granted shall be expended for the payment of any commission on any land purchase contract in excess of 2 per centum of the purchase price.

Sec. 8. This Act may be cited as the "Naval Appropriation Act, 1942".

Approved, May 6, 1941.

[CHAPTER 87]

AN ACT

Relating to certain inspections and investigations in coal mines for the purpose of obtaining information relating to health and safety conditions, accidents, and occupational diseases therein, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior, acting through the United States Bureau of Mines, is hereby authorized and empowered to make or cause to be made annual or necessary inspections and investigations in coal mines the products of which regularly enter commerce or the operations of which substantially affect commerce—

(a) For the purpose of obtaining information relating to health and safety conditions in such mines, the causes of accidents involving bodily injury or loss of life in such mines, or the causes of occupational diseases originating in such mines, whenever such health or safety conditions, accidents, or occupational diseases burden or obstruct commerce or threaten to burden or obstruct commerce.

(b) For the purpose of obtaining information relating to health and safety conditions in such mines, the causes of accidents involving bodily injury or loss of life in such mines, or the causes of occupational diseases originating in such mines, as a basis for determining the most effective manner in which the public funds made available for the protection or advancement of health or safety in coal mines, and for the prevention or relief of accidents or occupational diseases therein may be expended for the accomplishment of such objects.

(c) For the purpose of obtaining information relating to health and safety conditions in such mines, the causes of accidents involving bodily injury or loss of life in such mines, or the causes of occupational diseases, originating in such mines, as a basis for the preparation and dissemination of reports, studies, statistics, and other educational materials pertaining to the protection or advancement of health or safety in coal mines and to the prevention or relief of accidents or occupational diseases therein.

(d) For the purpose of obtaining information relating to accidents involving bodily injury or loss of life in such mines or relating to occupational diseases originating in such mines, to be transmitted to the Bureau of the Census for use in connection with the preparation and compilation of the various Census reports.

(e) For the purpose of obtaining information relating to health and safety conditions in such mines, the causes of accidents involving bodily injury or loss of life in such mines, or the causes of occupational diseases originating in such mines, to be transmitted to the Congress for its consideration in connection with legislative matters involving health and safety conditions, accidents, or occupational diseases in coal mines.

Short title.
SEC. 2. The Secretary of the Interior, acting through the United
States Bureau of Mines, is further authorized and empowered to make
or cause to be made the inspections and investigations provided for in
section 1 of this Act at other than annual intervals at any time in his
discretion when the making of such inspections or investigations in
the mine concerned will be in furtherance of the purposes of this Act.

SEC. 3. The Secretary of the Interior acting through the United
States Bureau of Mines, or any duly authorized representative of such
Bureau, shall be entitled to admission to any coal mine the products
of which regularly enter commerce or the operations of which sub-
stantially affect commerce, for the purpose of making any inspection
or investigation authorized under section 1 or section 2 of this Act.

SEC. 4. Any owner, lessee, agent, manager, superintendent, or other
person having control or supervision of any coal mine subject to the
provisions of section 1 or section 2 of this Act who refuses to admit
the Secretary of the Interior, acting through the United States Bureau
of Mines, or any duly authorized representative of such Bureau, to
such mine, pursuant to the provisions of section 3 of this Act, shall
be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be
punished by a fine not exceeding $500 or by imprisonment not exceed-
ing sixty days, or by both.

SEC. 5. Every owner, lessee, agent, manager, superintendent, or
other person having control or supervision of any coal mine the prod-
ucts of which regularly enter commerce or the operations of which
substantially affect commerce shall furnish to the Secretary of the
Interior, acting through the United States Bureau of Mines, or to any
duly authorized representative of such Bureau, upon request, complete
and correct information to the best of his knowledge concerning any
or all accidents involving bodily injury or loss of life which occurred
in such mine during the calendar year in which the request is made
or during the preceding calendar year.

SEC. 6. The Secretary of the Interior, acting through the United
States Bureau of Mines, is hereby authorized and directed—
(a) To report annually to the Congress, either in summary or
detailed form, the information obtained by him under this Act,
together with such findings and comments thereon and such recom-
endations for legislative action as he may deem proper;
(b) To compile, analyze, and publish, either in summary or detailed
form, the information obtained by him under this Act, together with
such findings concerning the causes of unhealthy or unsafe conditions,
accidents, or occupational diseases in coal mines, and such recom-
endations for the prevention or amelioration of unhealthy or unsafe
conditions, accidents, or occupational diseases in coal mines as he may
decem proper;
(c) To prepare and disseminate reports, studies, statistics, and
other educational materials pertaining to the protection or advance-
ment of health or safety in coal mines and to the prevention or relief
of accidents or occupational diseases in coal mines;
(d) To expend the funds made available to him for the protection
or advancement of health or safety in coal mines, and for the preven-
tion or relief of accidents or occupational diseases therein, in such
lawful manner as he may deem most effective in the light of the inform-
ation obtained under this Act to promote the accomplishment of the
objects for which such funds are granted;
(e) To transmit to the Director of the Census, either in summary
or detailed form, the information obtained by him under this Act, for
use in connection with the preparation and compilation of the various
Census reports; and

Inspections at other
than annual intervals.

Admission to mine
for inspection.

Refusal of admis-
sion.

Punishment.

Report of mine acci-
dents.

Authority and du-
ties prescribed.

Annual report to
Congress.

Findings and rec-
ommendations.

Dissemination of
educational materials.

Expenditure of
funds.

Census reports.
(f) To make available for public inspection, either in summary or
detailed form, the information obtained under this Act, as soon as
practicable after the acquisition of such information.

SEC. 7. The execution of the provisions of this Act shall devolve
upon the United States Bureau of Mines and the Secretary of the
Interior may designate other bureaus or offices in the Department of
the Interior to cooperate with the United States Bureau of Mines for
such purpose. In order to promote sound and effective coordination
of Federal and local activities within the field covered by this Act,
the Secretary of the Interior, and the several bureaus and offices under
his jurisdiction, shall cooperate with the official mine inspection or
safety agencies of the several States and Territories, and, with the
consent of the proper authorities thereof, may utilize the services of
such agencies in connection with the administration of this Act.

Copies of all findings, recommendations, reports, studies, statistics
and information made public under the authority of clauses (b), (c),
and (f) of section 6 of this Act shall, whenever practicable, be fur-
nished any cooperating State or Territorial agency which may request
the same.

SEC. 8. The Secretary of the Interior, acting through the United
States Bureau of Mines, may, in his discretion, create and establish
an advisory committee composed of not more than six members to
exercise consultative functions, when required by the Secretary, in
connection with the administration of this Act. The said committee
shall be composed of representatives of coal-mine owners and of
representatives of coal-mine workers in equal number. The members
of said committee shall be appointed by the Secretary of the Interior
without regard to the civil-service laws.

SEC. 9. The Secretary of the Interior, acting through the United
States Bureau of Mines, shall have authority to appoint, subject to
the civil-service laws, such officers and employees as he may deem
requisite for the administration of this Act; to fix, subject to the
Classification Act of 1923, as amended, the compensation of officers
and employees so appointed; and to prescribe the powers, duties, and
responsibilities of all officers and employees engaged in the adminis-
tration of this Act: Provided, however, That in the selection of persons
for appointment as coal-mine inspectors no person shall be so selected
unless he has the basic qualification of at least five years' practical
experience in the mining of coal, and is recognized by the United
States Bureau of Mines as having the training or experience of a
practical mining engineer in those essentials necessary for competent
coal-mine inspection; and in detailing coal-mine inspectors to the
inspection and investigation of individual mines, due consideration
shall be given to their previous practical experience in the work of
mining coal in the State, district, or region where such inspections
are to be made.

SEC. 10. There are hereby authorized to be appropriated, out of any
moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, such sums as may
be necessary for the due execution of this Act.

SEC. 11. For the purposes of this Act, the term “commerce” means
close trade, traffic, commerce, transportation, or communications between
any State, Territory, possession, or the District of Columbia and any
other State, Territory, or possession, of the United States, or between
any State, Territory, possession, or the District of Columbia and any
foreign country, or wholly within any Territory, possession, or the
District of Columbia, or between points in the same State if passing
through any other State or through any Territory, possession, or the
District of Columbia or through any foreign country.
Sec. 12. If any provision of this Act, or the application thereof to any person or circumstance, is held invalid, the remainder of this Act, and the application of such provision to other persons or circumstances, shall not be affected thereby.

Approved, May 7, 1941.

[CHAPTER 88]

AN ACT

To authorize the construction of a bridge across the Ohio River at or near Cannelton, Perry County, Indiana.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in order to promote interstate commerce, improve the postal service, and provide for military and other purposes, the Indiana State Toll Bridge Commission be, and is hereby, authorized to construct, maintain, and operate a bridge and approaches thereto across the Ohio River, at a point suitable to the interest of navigation at or near Cannelton, Perry County, Indiana, in accordance with the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction of bridges over navigable waters", approved March 23, 1906, and subject to the conditions and limitations contained in this Act.

Sec. 2. There is hereby conferred upon the Indiana State Toll Bridge Commission all such rights and powers to enter upon lands and to acquire, condemn, occupy, possess, and use real estate and other property needed for the location, construction, maintenance, and operation of such bridge and its approaches as are possessed by railroad corporations for railroad purposes or by bridge corporations for bridge purposes in the State in which such real estate or other property is situated, upon making just compensation therefor, to be ascertained and paid according to the laws of such State, and the proceedings therefor shall be the same as in the condemnation or expropriation of property for public purposes in such State.

Sec. 3. The said Indiana State Toll Bridge Commission is hereby authorized to fix and charge tolls for transit over such bridge, and the rates of toll so fixed shall be the legal rates until changed by the Secretary of War under the authority contained in the Act of March 23, 1906.

Sec. 4. In fixing the rates of toll to be charged for the use of such bridge the same shall be so adjusted as to provide a fund sufficient to pay for the reasonable cost of maintaining, repairing, and operating the bridge and its approaches under economical management, and to provide a sinking fund sufficient to amortize the cost of such bridge and its approaches, including interest at a rate of not to exceed 5 per centum per annum and reasonable financing cost, as soon as possible, under reasonable charges, but within a period of not to exceed thirty years from the completion thereof. After a sinking fund sufficient for such amortization shall have been provided, such bridge shall thereafter be maintained and operated free of tolls. An accurate record of the cost of the bridge and its approaches, the expenditures for maintaining, repairing, and operating the same, and of the daily tolls collected shall be kept and shall be available for the information of all persons interested.

Sec. 5. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, May 9, 1941.
AN ACT

Granting the consent of Congress to the Highway Department of Davidson County, of the State of Tennessee, to construct, maintain, and operate, a free highway bridge across the Cumberland River at a point approximately one and three-fourths miles below Clees Ferry, connecting a belt-line highway in Davidson County, State of Tennessee, known as the Old Hickory Boulevard.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of Congress is hereby granted to the Highway Department of Davidson County, of the State of Tennessee, and its successors and assigns, to construct, maintain, and operate a free highway bridge and approaches thereto across the Cumberland River at a point approximately one and three-fourths miles below Clees Ferry, connecting a belt-line highway in Davidson County, State of Tennessee, known as the Old Hickory Boulevard, in accordance with the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction of bridges over navigable waters", approved March 23, 1906.

SEC. 2. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, May 9, 1941.

AN ACT

To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Saint Louis River at or near the city of Duluth, Minnesota, and the city of Superior, Wisconsin, and to amend the Act of August 7, 1939, as amended, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the time for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge and approaches thereto across the Saint Louis River, at or near the city of Duluth, Minnesota, and the city of Superior, Wisconsin, authorized to be constructed by the city of Duluth by an Act of Congress approved August 7, 1939, and heretofore extended by an Act of Congress approved April 30, 1940, is hereby further extended one year from August 7, 1941, and three years from August 7, 1941, respectively.

SEC. 2. The said Act approved August 7, 1939, as heretofore amended by the Act of Congress approved April 30, 1940, is further amended as follows:

(a) The second sentence of section 3 of said Act as amended is amended to read: "All such bonds shall be in a form not inconsistent with this Act and shall mature at such time or times as the city may determine, not exceeding twenty years from August 7, 1941."

(b) The third sentence of section 3 of said Act is amended to read: "The city, when it deems it to be in the best interests of the city, may issue refunding bonds to repurchase and redeem any outstanding bonds before the maturity thereof: Provided, That the refunding bonds shall mature at such time or times not exceeding thirty years from August 7, 1941, as the city may determine."

SEC. 3. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, May 9, 1941.
[CHAPTER 91]  AN ACT

To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Susquehanna River at or near the city of Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Susquehanna River at or near the city of Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, authorized to be built by the Dauphin County (Pennsylvania) Authority by an Act of Congress approved August 7, 1939, and heretofore extended by the Act of Congress approved July 2, 1940, are hereby extended one and three years, respectively, from May 1, 1941.

Sec. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, May 9, 1941.

[CHAPTER 92]  AN ACT

To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Susquehanna River at or near the city of Middletown, Pennsylvania.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Susquehanna River at or near the city of Middletown, Pennsylvania, authorized to be built by the General State Authority, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and/or the Pennsylvania Bridge and Tunnel Commission, by an Act of Congress approved April 30, 1940, are hereby extended one and three years, respectively, from May 1, 1941.

Sec. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, May 9, 1941.

[CHAPTER 93]  AN ACT

To amend an Act to provide for a Union Railroad Station in the District of Columbia, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That so much of section 10 of an Act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide for a Union Railroad Station in the District of Columbia, and for other purposes", approved February 28, 1903 (Public, Numbered 122, Fifty-seventh Congress, 32 Stat. 909), which reads "Any and all streets or highways within the District of Columbia now or hereafter planned or projected to cross any line of steam railroad in the District of Columbia, which may be hereafter opened to public use shall be located, constructed, and maintained either beneath such railroad by a suitable subway, or above the same by a suitable viaduct bridge at such altitude as will not interfere with the free and safe operation thereof.", be, and the same is hereby, amended to read as follows:

"Any and all streets or highways within the District of Columbia now or hereafter planned or projected to cross any line of railroad, other than a street railway, in the District of Columbia, which may be hereafter opened to public use, shall be located, constructed, and maintained either beneath such railroad by a suitable subway, or above the same by a suitable viaduct bridge at such altitude as will
not interfere with the free and safe operation thereof: Provided, however, That nothing herein contained shall require the location, construction, or maintenance of any such street or highway under or above any spur, industrial, switching or side track, or branch line of any railroad unless the Commissioners of the District of Columbia shall find the same is necessary in the public safety."

SEC. 2. Congress reserves the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act.

SEC. 3. If this amendatory Act, or any part thereof, shall be declared invalid, the Act of February 28, 1903, as originally enacted shall remain in full force and effect and unimpaired by this amendatory Act.

Approved, May 9, 1941.

[CHAPTER 94]

AN ACT

To authorize the Attorney General to grant easements to States over lands belonging to the United States under his supervision and control.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Attorney General, whenever he deems it advantageous to the Government and upon such terms and conditions as he deems advisable, is hereby authorized on behalf of the United States to grant to any State, or any agency or political subdivision thereof, easements in and rights-of-way over lands belonging to the United States which are under his supervision and control. Such grant may include the use of such easements or rights-of-way by public utilities to the extent authorized and under the conditions imposed by the laws of such State relating to use of public highways. Such partial, concurrent, or exclusive jurisdiction over the areas covered by such easements or rights-of-way, as the Attorney General deems necessary or desirable, is hereby ceded to such State. The Attorney General is hereby authorized to accept or secure on behalf of the United States from the State in which is situated any land conveyed in exchange for any such easement or right-of-way, such jurisdiction as he may deem necessary or desirable over the land so acquired.

Approved, May 9, 1941.

[CHAPTER 95]

AN ACT

Granting the consent of Congress to the commissioners of Mahoning County, Ohio, to reconstruct, maintain, and operate a free highway bridge across the Mahoning River in the village of Lowellville, Mahoning County, Ohio.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of Congress is hereby granted to the commissioners of Mahoning County, Ohio, to reconstruct, maintain, and operate a free highway bridge and approaches thereto across the Mahoning River in the village of Lowellville, Mahoning County, Ohio, in accordance with the provisions of an Act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction of bridges over navigable waters", approved March 23, 1906, and subject to the conditions and limitations contained in this Act.

SEC. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, May 9, 1941.
May 9, 1941
[H. R. 3835]
[Public Law 58]

AN ACT

To exempt from internal-revenue taxes, on the basis of reciprocity, articles imported by consular officers and employees of foreign states for their personal or official use.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Internal Revenue Code is hereby amended by renumbering section 3802 as section 3803 and by inserting after section 3801 the following new section:

"SEC. 3802. EXEMPTION OF CONSULAR OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES OF FOREIGN STATES FROM PAYMENT OF INTERNAL REVENUE TAXES ON IMPORTED ARTICLES.

"(a) RULE OF EXEMPTION.—No internal-revenue tax shall be imposed with respect to articles imported by a consular officer of a foreign state or by an employee of a consulate of a foreign state whether such articles accompany the officer or employee to his post in the United States, its insular possessions, or the Panama Canal Zone, or are imported by him at any time during the exercise of his functions therein, if—

"(1) such officer or employee is a national of the state appointing him and not engaged in any profession, business, or trade within the territory specified in subsection (a);

"(2) the articles are imported by the officer or employee for his personal or official use; and

"(3) the foreign state grants an equivalent exemption to corresponding officers or employees of the Government of the United States stationed in such foreign state.

"(b) CERTIFICATE BY SECRETARY OF STATE.—The Secretary of State shall certify to the Secretary of the Treasury the names of the foreign states which grant an equivalent exemption to the consular officers or employees of the Government of the United States stationed in such foreign states."

Approved, May 9, 1941.

May 9, 1941
[H. R. 3974]
[Public Law 59]

AN ACT

To authorize the Administrator of the Federal Security Agency to adopt an official seal, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Administrator of the Federal Security Agency is authorized to adopt an official seal to be used as directed by the said Administrator on appropriate occasions in connection with the functions of such Agency or of any office, bureau, board, or establishment which is or shall hereafter become a part of such Agency, and such seal shall be judicially noticed. Copies of any books, records, papers, or other documents in the Federal Security Agency shall be admitted in evidence equally with the originals thereof when authenticated under such seal.

Approved, May 9, 1941.

May 9, 1941
[H. R. 4036]
[Public Law 60]

AN ACT


Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 2 of the District of Columbia Motor Vehicle Financial Responsibility Act of May 3, 1935 (49 Stat. 166), as amended, is amended by adding
after the second subparagraph therein the following new sub-
paragraph:
"Reckless driving, as provided in section (9) (b) of such Traffic
Acts, if personal injury occurs as a result thereof;".

Approved, May 9, 1941.

[CHAPTER 99]

AN ACT

To enlarge the powers of the property clerk of the Police Department of the
District of Columbia to dispose of property coming into his possession.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the
United States of America in Congress assembled, That sections 412
and 413 of the Revised Statutes relating to the District of Columbia
(18 Stat. 48, part 2) are hereby amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 412. He may administer oaths and certify depositions which
may be necessary to establish the ownership of any property or money
lost, abandoned, or returned to him under the directions of the Board
of Commissioners, including such property or money so returned
which is alleged to have been feloniously obtained or to be the pro-
cesses of crime.

"Sec. 413. (a) Upon satisfactory evidence of the ownership of
property or money described in the preceding section he shall deliver
the same to the owner, his next of kin, or legal representative and to
him or them only. If, in any case, it is proven impracticable for
such owner, next of kin, or legal representative to appear, the prop-
erty clerk may deliver such property or money to any person having
a duly executed power of attorney from such owner, or his next of
kin, or legal representative, upon the filing of such power of attorney
in the office of said clerk and the signing of a receipt for such prop-
erty or money.

"(b) In the event two or more persons claim ownership of any
such property or money, the property clerk may give notice by reg-
istered mail to all such claimants of whom he shall have knowledge
of the time and place of a hearing to determine the person to whom
the property or money shall be delivered. At the time and place so
designated the property clerk shall hear and receive evidence of own-
ership of the property or money concerned, and shall determine the
identity of the owner. After such hearing, the property clerk shall
deliver the property or money to the person who the property clerk
determines is the owner, his next of kin, or legal representative, and
to him or them only. If, in any case, it is proven impracticable for
such owner, next of kin, or legal representative to appear, the prop-
erty clerk may deliver such property or money to any person having
a duly executed power of attorney from such owner, his next of kin,
or legal representative, upon the filing of such power of attorney
in the office of said clerk and the signing of a receipt for such prop-
erty or money.

"(c) The property clerk shall not be liable in damages for any
official action performed hereunder in good faith.

"(d) Except as provided in sections 420, 421, and 422 hereof, no
property or money in the possession of the property clerk alleged
to have been feloniously obtained or to be the proceeds of crime
shall be delivered under this section if it is required to be held under
the provisions of section 415 hereof; nor shall it be delivered within
one year after the date of receipt of said property or money by the
property clerk unless the United States attorney in and for the Dis-
District of Columbia shall certify that such property or money is not
needed as evidence in the prosecution of a crime."

Approved, May 9, 1941.
May 9, 1941
[Public Law 62]

Compensating taxes. Collections to be carried to surplus fund of Treasury.
7 U. S. O. § 615 (e).

May 9, 1941
[Public Law 63]

[CHAPTER 100] AN ACT
To carry to the surplus fund of the Treasury certain trust funds derived from compensating taxes collected pursuant to section 15 (e) of title I of the Act of May 12, 1933 (48 Stat. 40), as amended, upon certain articles coming into the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized and directed to carry to the surplus fund of the Treasury the balances now standing on the books of the Treasury to the credit of the following trust accounts:
12X8768—Philippine trust fund (processing taxes, miscellaneous), $813,811.42;
12X8769—Virgin Islands trust fund (processing taxes, miscellaneous), $929.94;
12X8770—American Samoa trust fund (processing taxes, miscellaneous), $1,613.82;
12X8771—Island of Guam trust fund (processing taxes, miscellaneous), $83.30;
12X8772—Canal Zone trust fund (processing taxes, miscellaneous), $21,218.38.

Approved, May 9, 1941.

[CHAPTER 101] JOINT RESOLUTION
Authorizing the Federal Security Administrator to permit the American Red Cross to construct needed recreational buildings on the Saint Elizabeths Hospital reservation.

Whereas the work of the American Red Cross among the patients of the Saint Elizabeths Hospital in the District of Columbia during the past twenty-two years and the cooperation of the American Red Cross with the superintendent of the Saint Elizabeths Hospital has been of substantial therapeutic value and has promoted the humane care and enlightened curative treatment of the insane of the Army and Navy of the United States, the District of Columbia, and other patients of the institution; and

Whereas on the 4th day of February 1941 the building occupied by the American Red Cross on the hospital reservation was completely destroyed by fire; and

Whereas it is considered essential to the accomplishment of the purposes of the Saint Elizabeths Hospital that the work among its patients heretofore carried on by the American Red Cross be continued in facilities suitable for such activities: Therefore be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Administrator of the Federal Security Agency be, and he is hereby, authorized to permit the American Red Cross to construct or have constructed upon the Saint Elizabeths Hospital reservation in the District of Columbia such building or buildings as he may deem advisable to be used by the American Red Cross in cooperation with the superintendent of such hospital in providing recreational facilities and activities for the patients and personnel of such hospital. Any amounts hereafter appropriated and any other moneys made available for the operation and maintenance of the Saint Elizabeths Hospital may be used for the provision of necessary heat, light, water, telephone, and other facilities incidental to the work of the American Red Cross among the patients of the institution.

Approved, May 9, 1941.
AN ACT
To authorize the furnishing of steam from the Central Heating Plant to the District of Columbia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Federal Works Administrator be, and he is hereby, authorized to furnish steam from the Central Heating Plant, if and when the same may become available, to the Municipal Building of the District of Columbia, on the property bounded by Thirteen and One-half, Fourteenth, D, and E Streets Northwest, and to such building or buildings, or additions thereto, as are now or may hereafter be erected or acquired for the office of the Recorder of Deeds, or for other agencies of the District of Columbia, on the property bounded by Fifth, Sixth, D, and E Streets Northwest, in the District of Columbia: Provided, That the District of Columbia agrees to pay for the steam furnished at reasonable rates, not less than cost, as may be determined by the Federal Works Administrator: Provided further, That the District of Columbia agrees to provide all necessary connections with the Government mains at its own expense, and in a manner satisfactory to the Federal Works Administrator: And provided further, That the Federal Works Administrator, through the Public Buildings Administration, is authorized to prepare plans and specifications and to supervise and contract for the work necessary to connect the said buildings and the building for which the furnishing of steam was authorized by the Act of June 21, 1939 (53 Stat. 852), on the property bounded by Pennsylvania Avenue, John Marshall Place, C Street and Sixth Street Northwest, with the Government mains, and to receive payment from the District of Columbia by the transfer of funds in advance to cover the cost of such work and services, including administrative expenses.

Approved, May 12, 1941.

AN ACT
To authorize the Federal Security Administrator to accept gifts for the Freedmen's Hospital and to provide for the administration of such gifts.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Federal Security Administrator is authorized to accept on behalf of the United States gifts made unconditionally by will or otherwise for the improvement, maintenance, or operation of the Freedmen's Hospital in the District of Columbia. Conditional gifts may be so accepted if recommended by the Surgeon General of the United States Public Health Service, and the principal of and income from any such conditional gift shall be held, invested, reinvested, and used in accordance with its conditions, but no gift shall be accepted which is conditioned upon any expenditure not to be met therefrom or from the income thereof unless such expenditure has been approved by Act of Congress.

Sec. 2. Any unconditional gift of money accepted pursuant to the authority granted in section 1 of this Act, the net proceeds from the liquidation (pursuant to section 3 or section 4 of this Act) of any other property so accepted, and the proceeds of insurance on any such gift property not used for its restoration shall be deposited in the Treasury of the United States and are hereby appropriated and shall be held in trust by the Secretary of the Treasury for the benefit of
Intangible personal property, other than money.

Real property and tangible personal property.

Proviso. Use of income.

The Freedmen's Hospital, and he may invest and reinvest such funds in interest-bearing obligations of the United States or in obligations guaranteed as to both principal and interest by the United States. The income from such investments shall be available for expenditure in the improvement, maintenance, or operation of the Freedmen's Hospital, subject to the same examination and audit as provided for appropriations made for the Freedmen's Hospital by Congress.

Sec. 3. The evidences of any unconditional gift of intangible personal property, other than money, accepted pursuant to the authority granted in section 1 of this Act shall be deposited with the Secretary of the Treasury and he, in his discretion, may hold them or may liquidate them whenever in his judgment the purposes of the gifts will be served thereby. The income from any such property held by the Secretary of the Treasury shall be available for expenditure as is provided in section 2 of this Act.

Sec. 4. The Federal Security Administrator shall hold any real property or any tangible personal property accepted unconditionally pursuant to the authority granted in section 1 of this Act and he shall permit such property to be used for the improvement, maintenance, or operation of the Freedmen's Hospital or he may lease or hire such property, and may insure such property, and deposit the income thereof with the Secretary of the Treasury to be available for expenditure as provided in section 2 of this Act: Provided, That the income from any such real property or tangible personal property shall be available for expenditure in the discretion of the Federal Security Administrator for the maintenance, preservation, or repair and insurance of such property and that any proceeds from insurance may be used to restore the property insured. Any such property, when not required for the improvement or operation of the Freedmen's Hospital, may be liquidated by the Federal Security Administrator whenever in his judgment the purposes of the gifts will be served thereby.

Approved, May 12, 1941.

[CHAPTER 107]

AN ACT

To repeal certain provisions of the Act of February 25, 1929, entitled "An Act to authorize appropriations for construction at military posts, and for other purposes", and the Act of July 3, 1930, entitled "An Act making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1930, and prior fiscal years, to provide supplemental appropriations for the fiscal years ending June 30, 1930, and June 30, 1931, and for other purposes."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the provisions contained in the Act of February 25, 1929 (45 Stat. 1301, 1302), reading: "Provided, That no new construction shall be built on that part of Governors Island west of a line running in a northwesterly and southeasterly direction across the island and paralleling the eastern face of the regimental barracks building at a distance of three hundred feet", and the provision contained in the Act of July 3, 1930 (46 Stat. 860, 908), reading: "Governors Island, New York: No construction shall be undertaken on that part of Governors Island west of a line running in a northwesterly and southeasterly direction across the island, and coinciding with the western faces of the two wings of the new barracks building", are hereby repealed.

Approved, May 12, 1941.
[CHAPTER 113]

AN ACT

To further amend the thirteenth paragraph of section 127a of the National Defense Act, as amended by the Act of June 8, 1926, so as to decrease the restriction on the number of enlisted men of the Regular Army who may be detailed as students at educational institutions and other places.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the thirteenth paragraph of section 127a of the National Defense Act, as amended by the Act of June 8, 1926 (44 Stat. 705), be, and the same is hereby, further amended by striking out the words: "one-half of 1 per centum", and inserting in lieu thereof the words: "2 per centum".

Approved, May 13, 1941.

[CHAPTER 114]

AN ACT

To authorize the Secretary of the Navy to transfer, without cost, to the estate of Rolland H. Denny a triangular parcel of land containing one-half an acre situated at Seattle, Washington.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to convey, without cost, to the proper legal representatives of the estate of Rolland H. Denny, deceased, all right, title, and interest of the United States of America in and to a triangular parcel of land containing an area of one-half an acre, more or less, situated on Lake Washington, being part of the lands of the naval air station, Seattle, Washington, in accordance with a permit issued to Alice K. Denny by the Navy Department, dated September 27, 1940.

Approved, May 13, 1941.

[CHAPTER 115]

AN ACT

To amend the Act entitled "An Act for the grading and classification of clerks in the Foreign Service of the United States of America, and providing compensation therefor", approved February 23, 1931, as amended.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 26 (d) of the Act entitled "An Act for the grading and classification of clerks in the Foreign Service of the United States of America, and providing compensation therefor", approved February 23, 1931, as amended by the Act of April 24, 1939, be, and the same is hereby, amended as follows:

"(d) When any Foreign Service officer has reached the age of sixty-five years and rendered at least fifteen years of service he shall be retired on an annuity computed as prescribed in paragraph (e) of this section: Provided, That any Foreign Service officer who has reached the age of fifty years and rendered at least thirty years of service may, in the discretion of the Secretary of State, be retired on an annuity computed as prescribed under paragraph (e) of this section: or if any Foreign Service officer has reached the age of fifty years and has rendered at least fifteen but less than thirty years of actual service, exclusive of extra service credit as provided in paragraph (k) of this section, he may, at the instance of the Secretary of State, be retired on an annuity based on such actual period of
Discretionary retention.

Effective date.

May 15, 1941
[S. 376]
[Public Law 701

Navy.
Advancement of certain officers on retired list.

Proviso.

V4
1941[H183]
[Public Law 711

Tar Department
Civil Appropriation
Act, 1942.

Post, p. 685.

[CHAPTER 118]
AN ACT

Providing for the advancement on the retired list of certain officers of the line of the United States Navy.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That those lieutenants of the line of the United States Navy who served in the Navy or Naval Reserve Force prior to November 12, 1918, and who were, between May 29, 1934, and June 23, 1938, while on a promotion list, placed on the retired list for physical disability, shall be advanced on the retired list to the grade for which they were selected for promotion: Provided, That such advancement shall be effective on the date of approval of this Act.

Approved, May 15, 1941.

[CHAPTER 130]
AN ACT

Making appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1942, for civil functions administered by the War Department, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1942, for civil functions administered by the War Department, and for other purposes, namely:

QUARTERMASTER CORPS

CEMETERIAL EXPENSES

For maintaining and improving national cemeteries, including fuel for and pay of superintendents and the superintendent at Mexico City, and other employees; purchase of grave sites; purchase of tools and materials; repair, maintenance, and operation of passenger-carrying motor vehicles; care and maintenance of the Arlington Memorial Amphitheater, chapel, and grounds in the Arlington National Cemetery, and that portion of Congressional Cemetery to which the United States has title and the graves of those buried therein, including Confederate graves, and including the burial site of Pushmataha, a Choc-taw Indian chief; repair to roadways but not to more than a single approach road to any national cemetery constructed under special Act of Congress; for headstones or markers for unmarked graves of soldiers, sailors, and marines under the Acts approved March 3, 1873 (24 U. S. C. 279), February 3, 1879 (24 U. S. C. 280), March 9, 1906 (34 Stat. 56), March 14, 1914 (38 Stat. 768), February 26, 1929 (24 U. S. C. 280a), and April 18, 1940 (54 Stat. 142), and civilians interred in post cemeteries; recovery of bodies and disposition of remains as authorized by Act of May 17, 1938 (10 U. S. C. 916–916d), including
remains of personnel of the Army of the United States who die while on active duty; expenses authorized by Act of July 8, 1940 (54 Stat. 748), incident to remains, dependents, and property of employees dying while in a travel status or on duty in a territory or possession of the United States or in a foreign country; travel allowances of attendants accompanying remains of military personnel and civilian employees; for repairs and preservation of monuments, tablets, roads, fences, and so forth, made and constructed by the United States in Cuba and China to mark the places where American soldiers fell; care, protection, and maintenance of the Confederate Mound in Oakwood Cemetery at Chicago, the Confederate Stockade Cemetery at Johnston's Island, the Confederate burial plats owned by the United States in Confederate Cemetery at North Alton, the Confederate Cemetery, Camp Chase, at Columbus, the Confederate Cemetery at Point Lookout, and the Confederate Cemetery at Rock Island; and for care and maintenance of graves used by the Army for burials in commercial cemeteries, $2,765,626: Provided, That no railroad shall be permitted upon any right-of-way which may have been acquired by the United States leading to a national cemetery, or to encroach upon any roads or walks constructed thereon and maintained by the United States: Provided further, That no part of this appropriation shall be used for repairing any roadway not owned by the United States within the corporate limits of any city, town, or village.

The Secretary of War is authorized to convey to any State, county, municipality, or proper agency thereof, in which the same is located, all the right, title, and interest of the United States in and to any Government owned or controlled approach road to any national cemetery: Provided, That prior to the delivery of any instrument of conveyance hereunder, the State, county, municipality, or agency to which the conveyance herein authorized is to be made, shall notify the Secretary of War in writing of its willingness to accept and maintain the road included in such conveyance: Provided further, That upon the execution and delivery of any conveyance herein authorized the jurisdiction of the United States of America over the road conveyed shall cease and determine and shall thereafter vest in the State in which said road is located.

SIGNAL CORPS

ALASKA COMMUNICATION SYSTEM

For operation, maintenance, and improvement of the Alaska Communication System, including travel allowances and travel in kind as authorized by law, and operation and maintenance of passenger-carrying vehicles, $222,744, to be derived from the receipts of the Alaska Communication System which have been covered into the Treasury of the United States, and to remain available until the close of the fiscal year 1943: Provided, That the Secretary of War shall report to Congress the extent and cost of any extensions and betterments which may be effected under this appropriation: Provided further, That hereafter charges for interconnection between the radio-telephone facilities of this system and commercial telephone facilities may be paid from the receipts of the Alaska Communication System.

CORPS OF ENGINEERS

RIVERS AND HARBOORS AND FLOOD CONTROL

To be immediately available and to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of War and the supervision of the Chief of Engineers, and to remain available until expended:
For the preservation and maintenance of existing river and harbor works, and for the prosecution of such projects heretofore authorized as may be most desirable in the interests of commerce and navigation; for survey of northern and northwestern lakes and other boundary and connecting waters as heretofore authorized, including the preparation, correction, printing, and issuing of charts and bulletins and the investigation of lake levels; for prevention of obstructive and injurious deposits within the harbor and adjacent waters of New York City; for expenses of the California Débris Commission in carrying on the work authorized by the Act approved March 1, 1893, as amended (33 U. S. C. 661, 678, and 683); for removing sunken vessels or craft obstructing or endangering navigation as authorized by law; for operating and maintaining, keeping in repair, and continuing in use without interruption any lock, canal (except the Panama Canal), canalized river, or other public works for the use and benefit of navigation belonging to the United States, including maintenance of the Hennepin Canal in Illinois; for payment annually of tuition fees of not to exceed fifty student officers of the Corps of Engineers at civil technical institutions under the provisions of section 157a of the National Defense Act, as amended (10 U. S. C. 535); for examinations, surveys, and contingencies of rivers and harbors; for printing and binding, newspapers, lawbooks, books of reference, periodicals, and office supplies and equipment required in the Office of the Chief of Engineers to carry out the purposes of this appropriation, including such printing as may be authorized by the Committee on Printing of the House of Representatives, either during a recess or session of Congress, of surveys authorized by law, and such surveys as may be printed during a recess of Congress shall be printed, with illustrations, as documents of the next succeeding session of Congress, and for the purchase (not to exceed $167,870) of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles and motorboats, for official use: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be expended for any preliminary examination, survey, project, or estimate not authorized by law; $68,268,640, of which $1,500,000 shall be available for improvement of Boston Harbor as recommended in House Document Numbered 362, Seventy-sixth Congress, $45,000 for improvement of the channel from Manteo to Oregon Inlet, North Carolina, as recommended in House Document Numbered 313, Seventy-sixth Congress, and $60,000 for improvement of Silver Lake Harbor, North Carolina, as recommended in House Document Numbered 325, Seventy-sixth Congress, all as authorized by the National Defense River and Harbor Act approved October 17, 1940: Provided, That from this appropriation the Secretary of War may, in his discretion and on the recommendation of the Chief of Engineers based on the recommendation by the Board of Rivers and Harbors in the review of a report or reports authorized by law, expend such sums as may be necessary for the maintenance of harbor channels provided by a State, municipality, or other public agency, outside of harbor lines and serving essential needs of general commerce and navigation, such work to be subject to the conditions recommended by the Chief of Engineers in his report or reports thereon: Provided further, That no appropriation under the Corps of Engineers for the fiscal year 1942 shall be available for any expenses incident to operating any power-driven boat or vessel on other than Government business: Provided further, That not to exceed $1,000 of the amount herein appropriated shall be available for the support and maintenance of the Permanent International Commission of the Congresses of Navigation and for the payment of the actual expenses
of the properly accredited delegates of the United States to the meeting of the Congresses and of the Commission.

FLOOD CONTROL

Flood control, general: For the construction and maintenance of certain public works on rivers and harbors for flood control, and for other purposes, in accordance with the provisions of the Flood Control Act, approved June 22, 1936, as amended and supplemented, including printing and binding, newspapers, lawbooks, books of reference, periodicals, and office supplies and equipment required in the Office of the Chief of Engineers to carry out the purposes of this appropriation, the purchase (not to exceed $27,200) of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles and motorboats for official use, and for preliminary examinations and surveys of flood-control projects authorized by law, $73,030,000, of which not to exceed $9,134,035 shall be available immediately and exclusively for expenditure upon projects on account of which allotments heretofore have not been made, and, in addition, for the protection from flood waters at approaches to Fort Dix, New Jersey: Provided, That $998,342 of this appropriation shall be transferred and made available to the Secretary of Agriculture for preliminary examinations and surveys, as authorized by law, for run-off and water-flow retardation and soil-erosion prevention on the watersheds of flood-control projects, including the employment of persons in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, purchase of books and periodicals, printing and binding, the purchase (not to exceed $15,000) of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles and motorboats, and for other necessary expenses: Provided further, That funds appropriated herein may be used for flood-control work on the Salmon River, Alaska, as authorized by law: Provided further, That funds appropriated herein may be used to execute detailed surveys, prepare plans and specifications, and to procure options on land and property necessary for the construction of authorized flood-control projects or for flood-control projects considered for selection in accordance with the provisions of section 4 of the Flood Control Act approved June 28, 1938: Provided further, That the expenditure of funds for completing the necessary surveys and securing options shall not be construed as a commitment of the Government to the construction of any project.

Flood control, Mississippi River and tributaries: For prosecuting work of flood control in accordance with the provisions of the Flood Control Act approved May 15, 1928, as amended (33 U. S. C. 702a), including printing and binding, newspapers, lawbooks, books of reference, periodicals, and office supplies and equipment required in the Office of the Chief of Engineers to carry out the purposes of this appropriation, and for the purchase (not to exceed $42,750) of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles and motorboats for official use, $22,000,000.

Emergency fund for flood control on tributaries of Mississippi River: For rescue work and for repair or maintenance of any flood-control work on any tributaries of the Mississippi River threatened or destroyed by flood, in accordance with section 9 of the Flood Control Act, approved June 15, 1936 (49 Stat. 1508), $100.


HYDROELECTRIC POWER

Power plant, Fort Peck Dam, Montana: For continuing the construction of the hydroelectric power plant at Fort Peck Dam, Mon-
Public Laws—Ch. 130—May 23, 1941

**UNITED STATES SOLDIERS’ HOME**

For maintenance and operation of the United States Soldiers’ Home, to be paid from the Soldiers’ Home Permanent Fund, $806,067.

**THE PANAMA CANAL**

For every expenditure requisite for and incident to the maintenance and operation, sanitation, and civil government of the Panama Canal and Canal Zone, and construction of additional facilities, including the following: Compensation of all officials and employees; foreign and domestic newspapers and periodicals; lawbooks; textbooks and books of reference; printing and binding, including printing of annual report; personal services in the District of Columbia; purchase or exchange of typewriting, adding, and other machines; purchase or exchange, maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled and horse-drawn passenger-carrying vehicles; claims for damages to vessels passing through the locks of the Panama Canal, as authorized by the Panama Canal Act; claims for losses of or damages to property arising from the conduct of authorized business operations; claims for damages to property arising from the maintenance and operation, sanitation, and civil government of the Panama Canal, and construction of additional facilities; acquisition of land and land under water, as authorized in the Panama Canal Act; expenses incurred in assembling, assorting, storing, repairing, and selling material, machinery, and equipment heretofore or hereafter purchased or acquired for the construction of the Panama Canal which are unserviceable or no longer needed, to be reimbursed from the proceeds of such sale; expenses incident to conducting hearings and examining estimates for appropriations on the Isthmus; expenses incident to any emergency arising because of calamity by flood, fire, pestilence, or like character not foreseen or otherwise provided for herein; travel expenses when prescribed by the Governor of the Panama Canal to persons engaged in field work or traveling on official business; not to exceed $2,000 for travel and subsistence expenses of members of the police and fire forces of the Panama Canal incident to their special training in the United States; transportation, including insurance, of public funds and securities between the United States and the Canal Zone; purchase, construction, repair, replacement, alteration, or enlargement of buildings, structures, equipment, and other improvements; and for such other expenses not in the United States as the Governor of the Panama Canal may deem necessary best to promote the maintenance and operation, sanitation, and civil government of the Panama Canal, and construction of additional facilities, all to be expended under the direction of the Governor of the Panama Canal and accounted for as follows:

For maintenance and operation of the Panama Canal: Salary of the Governor, $10,000; contingencies of the Governor, to be expended in his discretion, not exceeding $3,000; purchase, inspection, delivery, handling, and storing of materials, supplies, and equipment for issue to all departments of the Panama Canal, the Panama Railroad, other branches of the United States Government, and for authorized sales;
payment in lump sums of not exceeding the amounts authorized by the Injury Compensation Act approved September 7, 1916 (5 U. S. C. 793), to alien cripples who are now a charge upon the Panama Canal by reason of injuries sustained while employed in the construction of the Panama Canal; and relief payments authorized by the Act approved July 8, 1937 (50 Stat. 478), $10,474,086; for continuing the construction of special protective works, $4,670,000; in all, $15,144,086, together with all moneys arising from the conduct of business operations authorized by the Panama Canal Act.

Construction of additional facilities—Panama Canal: For construction of additional facilities for the improvement and enlargement of the capacity of the Panama Canal, in accordance with the Act approved August 11, 1939 (53 Stat. 1409), including reimbursement to the appropriations “Maintenance and Operation, Panama Canal”, “Sanitation, Panama Canal”, and “Civil Government, Panama Canal”, in such amounts as the Governor of the Panama Canal shall from time to time determine to be additional costs incurred for the objects specified in said appropriations on account of the prosecution of the work; in all, $94,982,000, and, in addition, the Governor of the Panama Canal may, when authorized by the Secretary of War, recompense the making of contracts prior to July 1, 1942, for or on account of the construction of such additional facilities, to an amount not in excess of $79,000,000.

For sanitation, quarantine, hospitals, and medical aid and support of the insane and of lepers and aid and support of indigent persons legally within the Canal Zone, including expenses of their deportation when practicable, the purchase of artificial limbs or other appliances for persons who were injured in the service of the Isthmian Canal Commission or the Panama Canal prior to September 7, 1916, additional compensation to any officer of the United States Public Health Service detailed with the Panama Canal as chief quarantine officer, and payments of not to exceed $50 in any one case to persons within the Government service who shall furnish blood from their veins for transfusion to the veins of patients in Panama Canal hospitals: Provided, That expenditures heretofore made to any person within the Government service for blood furnished to patients in Panama Canal hospitals are hereby validated, $1,024,223.

For civil government of the Panama Canal and Canal Zone, including gratuities and necessary clothing for indigent discharged prisoners, $1,295,017.

Total, Panama Canal, $52,395,326, to be available until expended.

In addition to the foregoing sums there is appropriated for the fiscal year 1942 for expenditures and reinvestment under the several heads of appropriation aforesaid, without being covered into the Treasury of the United States, and to remain available until expended, all moneys received by the Panama Canal during the fiscal year 1942 and prior fiscal years (exclusive of net profits for such prior fiscal years) from services rendered or materials and supplies furnished to the United States, the Panama Railroad Company, the Canal Zone government, or to their employees, respectively, or to the Panama Government, from hotel and hospital supplies and services; from rentals, wharfage, and like service; from labor, materials, and supplies and other services furnished to vessels other than those passing through the Canal, and to others unable to obtain the same elsewhere; from the sale of scrap and other by-products of manufacturing and shop operations; from the sale of obsolete and unserviceable materials, supplies, and equipment purchased or acquired for the operation, maintenance, protection, sanitation, and government of the
Disposition of net profits.

Waterworks, etc., Panama and Colon.

Canal Zone. Citizenship requirement.


Employees with 15 or more years of service. Selection of personnel.

Hours of employment; pay rates.

Applicability of section.

Suspension of compliance in emergency.

Citizenship requirement.

Persons advocating overthrow of U.S. Government.

Canal and Canal Zone; and any net profits accruing from such business to the Panama Canal shall annually be covered into the Treasury of the United States.

There is also appropriated for the fiscal year 1942 for the operation, maintenance, and extension of waterworks, sewers, and pavements in the cities of Panama and Colon, to remain available until expended, the necessary portions of such sums as shall be paid during that fiscal year as water rentals or directly by the Government of Panama for such expenses.

Sec. 2. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used directly or indirectly after May 1, 1941, except for temporary employment in case of emergency, for the payment of any civilian for services rendered by him on the Canal Zone while occupying a skilled, technical, clerical, administrative, executive, or supervisory position unless such person is a citizen of the United States of America or of the Republic of Panama: Provided, however, (1) That, notwithstanding the provision in the Act approved August 11, 1939 (53 Stat. 1409), limiting employment in the above-mentioned positions to citizens of the United States from and after the date of the approval of said Act, citizens of Panama may be employed in such positions; (2) that at no time shall the number of Panamanian citizens employed in the above-mentioned positions exceed the number of citizens of the United States so employed, if United States citizens are available in continental United States or on the Canal Zone; (3) that nothing in this Act shall prohibit the continued employment of any person who shall have rendered fifteen or more years of faithful and honorable service on the Canal Zone; (4) that in the selection of personnel for skilled, technical, administrative, clerical, supervisory, or executive positions, the controlling factors in filling these positions shall be efficiency, experience, training, and education; (5) that all citizens of Panama and the United States rendering skilled, technical, administrative, clerical, supervisory service on the Canal Zone under the terms of this Act (a) normally be employed not more than forty hours per week, (b) may receive as compensation equal rates of pay based upon rates paid for similar employment in continental United States plus 25 per centum; (6) this entire section shall apply only to persons employed in skilled, technical, clerical, administrative, executive, or supervisory positions on the Canal Zone directly or indirectly by any branch of the United States Government or by any corporation or company whose stock is owned wholly or in part by the United States Government: Provided further, That the President may suspend compliance with this section in time of war or national emergency if he should deem such course to be in the public interest.

Sec. 3. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act or authorized hereby to be expended shall be used to pay the compensation of any officer or employee of the Government of the United States, or of any agency the majority of the stock of which is owned by the Government of the United States, whose post of duty is in continental United States unless such person is a citizen of the United States, or a person in the service of the United States on the date of the approval of this Act who being eligible for citizenship had theretofore filed a declaration of intention to become a citizen or who owes allegiance to the United States.

Sec. 4. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used to pay the salary or wages of any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence:
Provided, That for the purposes hereof an affidavit shall be considered prima facie evidence that the person making the affidavit does not advocate, and is not a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided further, That any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence and accepts employment the salary or wages for which are paid from any appropriation in this Act shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than $1,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both: Provided further, That the above penalty clause shall be in addition to, and not in substitution for, any other provisions of existing law.

Sec. 5. This Act may be cited as the "War Department Civil Appropriation Act, 1942".

Approved, May 23, 1941.

[CHAPTER 131] AN ACT
Authorizing the acquisition or construction of certain auxiliary vessels for the United States Navy, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States is hereby authorized to acquire or convert or to undertake the construction of five hundred and fifty thousand tons of auxiliary vessels of such size, type, and design as he may consider best suited for the purposes of national defense, such vessels to be in addition to those heretofore authorized.

Sec. 2. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, such sums as may be necessary to effectuate the purposes of this Act.

Approved, May 24, 1941.

[CHAPTER 132] AN ACT
Making appropriations to supply additional urgent deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1941, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to supply additional urgent deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1941, and for other purposes, namely:

LEGISLATIVE
SENATE
For payment to Lucile S. Sheppard, widow of Morris Sheppard, late a Senator from the State of Texas, $10,000.
The unobligated balance of the appropriation for folding speeches and pamphlets at a rate not exceeding $1 per thousand, contingent fund of the Senate, for the fiscal year 1940, is reappropriated and made available for the fiscal year 1941.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
For payment to the widow of Alonzo D. Folger, late a Representative from the State of North Carolina, $10,000.
For payment to the widow of Pius L. Schwert, late a Representative from the State of New York, $10,000.

The two foregoing sums to be disbursed by the Sergeant at Arms of the House of Representatives.

Contingent expenses: For an additional amount for miscellaneous items, fiscal year 1941, including the objects specified under this head in the Legislative Branch Appropriation Act, 1941, $15,350, such sum to be paid to the Architect of the Capitol in accordance with section 208 of the First Supplemental Civil Functions Appropriation Act, 1941.

For an additional amount for stationery for Representatives, Delegates, and the Resident Commissioner from Puerto Rico, including the objects and subject to the conditions specified under this head in the Legislative Branch Appropriation Act, 1941, $1,400.

ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL

Capitol power plant: For an additional amount for lighting, heating, and power for the Capitol, Senate and House Office Buildings, Supreme Court Building, Congressional Library Buildings, and so forth, fiscal year 1941, including the objects specified under this head in the Legislative Branch Appropriation Act, 1941, $128,330.

GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

Working capital and congressional printing and binding: For an additional amount for working capital and congressional printing and binding, fiscal year 1941, including the objects specified under this head in the Legislative Branch Appropriation Act, 1941, $900,000: Provided, That the limitation under this head in such Act upon the amount which may be expended for the printing, binding, and distribution of the Federal Register is hereby increased to $175,000.

Salaries, Office of Superintendent of Documents: For an additional amount for salaries, Office of Superintendent of Documents, fiscal year 1941, including the objects specified under this head in the Legislative Branch Appropriation Act, 1941, $7,000.

INDEPENDENT AGENCIES

EMERGENCY FUNDS FOR THE PRESIDENT

Defense housing: For an additional amount to enable the President of the United States to provide temporary shelter in localities where by reason of national defense activities a shortage of housing exists, fiscal year 1941, including the objects and subject to the conditions specified under this head in the Urgent Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1941, approved March 1, 1941, $15,000,000, to remain available until June 30, 1942.

EMPLOYEES' COMPENSATION COMMISSION

Employees' Compensation Fund: For an additional amount for the payment of compensation provided by “An Act to provide compensation for employees of the United States suffering injuries while in the performance of their duties, and for other purposes”, approved September 7, 1916 (5 U. S. C. 755), fiscal year 1941, including the objects specified under this head in the Employees’ Compensation Commission Appropriation Act, 1941, $500,000.
FEDERAL HOUSING ADMINISTRATION

Administrative expenses: In addition to the funds made available to the Federal Housing Administration for administrative expenses by the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1941, not to exceed $2,560 from the account in the Treasury, comprised of funds derived from premiums collected under authority of Section 2 (f), title I, of the National Housing Act, as amended, and $68,320 of the Mutual Mortgage Insurance Fund, are hereby made available for administrative expenses of such Administration for the fiscal year 1941, including the objects specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1941: Provided, That the first proviso in the appropriation of the Federal Housing Administration, contained in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1941, is hereby amended to read as follows: “Provided, That all necessary expenses of the Administration (including services performed on a contract or fee basis, but not including other personal services) in connection with the acquisition, protection, completion, operation, maintenance, improvement, or disposition of real or personal property of the Administration, acquired under authority of titles I, II, and VI, of said National Housing Act shall be considered as nonadministrative expenses for the purposes hereof, and such expenses with respect to title I property shall be paid from funds in the Treasury derived from premiums collected under authority of Section 2 (f), title I of said Act; such expenses with respect to title II property shall be paid from the Mutual Mortgage Insurance Fund or the Housing Insurance Fund, as provided in title II of said Act; and such expenses with respect to title VI property shall be paid from the Defense Housing Insurance Fund”: Provided further, That the appropriation of the Federal Housing Administration, contained in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1941, is hereby amended by adding the following at the end of the third proviso thereof: “Provided further, That subject to the provisions of the National Housing Act, as amended, with respect to the availability for general expenses of the various insurance funds thereby established and within the aggregate amount of funds made available by various appropriation Acts for administrative expenses, the Administrator may charge each of such insurance funds with the proper proportion, as determined in accordance with sound accounting principles, of the total administrative expenses without regard to the particular allocations included in such appropriation Acts”.

Renovation and modernization loans and insurance: The amount of the funds of the account in the Treasury comprised of premiums collected under authority of Section 2 (f) of the National Housing Act, as amended, made available by the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1941, for the payment of losses under insurance granted under Sections 2 and 6, title I, of the National Housing Act, as amended, is hereby increased by $651,393.

FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY

National defense housing: For an additional amount to enable the Federal Works Administrator to carry out the purposes of the Act of October 14, 1940 (Public, Numbered 849), entitled “An Act to expedite the provision of housing in connection with national defense, and for other purposes”, as amended by the Act approved April 29, 1941 (Public Law 42), $150,000,000, to remain available until Ante, p. 129.

54 Stat. 120.

53 Stat. 806; ante, p. 55; post, p. 365.


5 U. S. C. • 1701-1715e.

54 Stat. 121.

54 Stat. 121.

54 Stat. 120.

53 Stat. 806; ante, p. 55; post, p. 365.


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expended and to be expended in accordance with the authority and limitations applying to the expenditure of funds under such Acts and Public Resolution Numbered 106, approved October 14, 1940.

Public Buildings Administration: Salaries and expenses, public buildings and grounds in the District of Columbia: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1941, for administration, protection, maintenance, and improvement of public buildings and grounds in the District of Columbia, maintained and operated by the Public Buildings Administration, Federal Works Agency, including the objects specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1941, $1,000,000.

TEMPORARY NATIONAL ECONOMIC COMMITTEE

Not to exceed $2,500 of the funds appropriated for the Temporary National Economic Committee which remain unexpended and unobligated on April 3, 1941, shall be available until December 31, 1941, for expenditure by the Committee, upon vouchers approved by the chairman, for the purpose of winding up the affairs of the Committee, including the employment of necessary clerical and other assistants in connection therewith.

VETERANS' ADMINISTRATION

Printing and binding: For an additional amount for printing and binding, Veterans' Administration, fiscal year 1941, $30,000.

Hospital and domiciliary facilities: For an additional amount for hospital and domiciliary facilities, including the objects and subject to the limitations specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1941, approved April 18, 1940, $1,000,000, to remain available until expended.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

RERECORDER OF DEEDS

For an additional amount for miscellaneous and contingent expenses, fiscal year 1941, including the objects and subject to the limitation specified in the appropriation for this purpose in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1941, $3,000.

SEWERS

For an additional amount for assessment and permit work, sewers, fiscal year 1941, $100,000, to continue available until June 30, 1942.

COLLECTION AND DISPOSAL OF REFUSES

For an additional amount for the fiscal year 1941 to enable the Commissioners to carry out the provisions of law governing the collection and disposal of garbage, and so forth, including the objects and subject to the conditions specified in the appropriation for this purpose in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1941, $15,000.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Buildings and grounds: For the construction of an eight-room extensible elementary school building on a site to be acquired in the vicinity of Pennsylvania and Alabama Avenues, Southeast, $190,000, to remain available until expended.

POLICEMEN AND FIREMEN'S RELIEF

For an additional amount for the fiscal year 1941 to pay the Policemen and Firemen's Relief and other allowances as authorized by law, $30,000.
HEALTH DEPARTMENT

For an additional amount for the fiscal year 1941 for provisions and so forth, including the objects and subject to the conditions specified in the appropriation for this purpose in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1941, $4,000.

Gallinger Municipal Hospital: For an additional amount for the fiscal year 1941 for maintenance of the hospital, and so forth, including the objects and subject to the conditions specified in the appropriation for this purpose in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1941, $52,600.

WATER DEPARTMENT

For an additional amount for the fiscal year 1941 for extension of the water department distribution system, laying of such service mains as may be necessary under the assessment system, $90,000, to continue available until June 30, 1942, and to be paid wholly out of the revenues of the Water Department of the District of Columbia.

SETTLEMENT OF CLAIMS AND SUITS

For the payment of claims approved by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia under and in accordance with the provisions of the Act entitled “An Act authorizing the Commissioners of the District of Columbia to settle claims and suits against the District of Columbia”, approved February 11, 1929 (45 Stat. 1160), as amended by the Act approved June 5, 1930 (46 Stat. 500), and certified to Congress in House Document Numbered 188, Seventy-seventh Congress, $1,450, of which sum $1,000 shall be paid from the special highway fund (gasoline tax and motor vehicle fees).

DIVISION OF EXPENSES

The foregoing sums for the District of Columbia, unless otherwise specifically provided, shall be paid out of the revenues of the District of Columbia and the Treasury of the United States in the manner prescribed by the District of Columbia Appropriation Acts for the respective fiscal years for which such sums are provided.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Commodity Credit Corporation, salaries and administrative expenses: The limitation of $2,000,000 for administrative expenses of the Commodity Credit Corporation for the fiscal year 1941 contained in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1941, is hereby increased to $2,250,000.

Water conservation and utilization projects, Department of Agriculture: To enable the Secretary of Agriculture through such agencies of the Department of Agriculture as he may designate to carry out the functions vested in such Secretary or such Department by the Act of October 14, 1940 (54 Stat. 1119), there is hereby transferred from the appropriation “Water Conservation and Utility Projects” contained in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1941, $850,000, to be available until expended.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

PATENT OFFICE

Salaries: For an additional amount for the Commissioner of Patents and other personal services in the District of Columbia, fiscal year 1941, $70,000.
PHOTOLITHOGRAPHING: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1941, for producing copies of weekly issue of drawings of patents and designs, and reproductions of copies of drawings and specifications of exhausted patents, designs, trade-marks, and other papers, such other papers when reproduced for sale to be sold at not less than cost plus 10 per centum, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1941, $35,000.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Salaries and expenses, Bituminous Coal Division: For an additional amount for salaries and expenses, Bituminous Coal Division, fiscal year 1941, including the objects and subject to the limitations specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1941, $260,000.

OFFICE OF SOLICITOR

Salaries and expenses, Consumers' Counsel Division: For an additional amount for Consumers' Counsel Division, salaries and expenses, fiscal year 1941, including the objects and subject to the limitations specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1941, $28,000: Provided, That this appropriation shall be subject to the Act of April 11, 1941 (Public Law 34), and the unexpended balances thereof shall be transferred to the Office of the Bituminous Coal Consumers' Counsel in accordance with and in the manner prescribed by section 2 of such Act whenever the Solicitor of the Department of the Interior ceases to perform, in accordance with section 22 (b) of the Bituminous Coal Act of 1937, as amended, the duties which were transferred to the office of such Solicitor by Reorganization Plan II.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

WAGE AND HOUR DIVISION

Miscellaneous expenses (other than salaries): Not to exceed $30,000 of the appropriation “Salaries, Wage and Hour Division, Department of Labor, 1941”, may be transferred to the appropriation “Miscellaneous expenses, Wage and Hour Division, Department of Labor, 1941.”

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE

Salaries: For an additional amount for salaries, fiscal year 1941, including the objects and subject to the limitations specified under this head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1941, $336,000, of which amount $300,000 shall remain available until June 30, 1942.

Contingent expenses: For an additional amount for contingent expenses, fiscal year 1941, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1941, $65,000, of which there may be expended not to exceed $14,000 for the purchase of typewriters, adding machines, and other labor saving devices, including rental, exchange, and repair thereof.

Printing and binding: For an additional amount for printing and binding, fiscal year 1941, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1941, $16,000.

FOREIGN INTERCOURSE

Contingent expenses, Foreign Service: For an additional amount for contingent expenses, Foreign Service, fiscal year 1941, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1941, $135,000.
TREASURY DEPARTMENT

COAST GUARD

General expenses, Coast Guard: For an additional amount for general expenses, Coast Guard, fiscal year 1941, including the objects specified under this head in the Treasury Department Appropriation Act, 1941, $738,000, of which amount $551,820 is hereby continued available until June 30, 1942; and the text of such appropriation is hereby amended by inserting after the words “when transferred from one official station to another for permanent duty;” the words “preparing and transporting the remains of deceased civilian employees, transportation expenses of dependents of deceased civilian employees, and packing, crating, drayage, and transportation of household effects and other personal property of deceased civilian employees under the conditions prescribed by the Act of July 8, 1940 (Public, Numbered 729), and regulations promulgated thereunder;”.

Special projects, aids to navigation: For an additional amount for establishing and improving aids to navigation and other works, $2,390,000, which sum shall be available for all expenditures directly relating thereto.

Emergency construction, Coast Guard vessels and shore facilities: For an additional amount for construction of Coast Guard vessels and shore facilities, including the objects specified under this head in the First Supplemental Civil Functions Appropriation Act, 1941, $428,000.

BUREAU OF THE MINT

Salaries and expenses, mints and assay offices: For an additional amount for salaries and expenses, mints and assay offices, fiscal year 1941, including the objects specified under this head in the Treasury Department Appropriation Act, 1941, $270,500.

WAR DEPARTMENT—CIVIL FUNCTIONS

CORPS OF ENGINEERS

Rivers and harbors: For an additional amount for the preservation and maintenance of existing river and harbor works, and for the prosecution of projects heretofore authorized, including the objects and under the conditions specified under this head in the War Department Civil Appropriation Act, 1941, to be available until expended, $540,000.

Sec. 2. This Act may be cited as the “Additional Urgent Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1941”.

Approved, May 24, 1941.

[CHAPTER 133]

JOINT RESOLUTION

Relating to corn and wheat marketing quotas under the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That notwithstanding the provisions of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended (hereinafter referred to as the Act)—

(1) The farm marketing quota under the Act for any crop of wheat shall be the actual production of the acreage planted to wheat on the farm, less the normal production or the actual production, whichever is the smaller, of that acreage planted to wheat on the farm which is in excess of the farm acreage allotment for wheat. The farm marketing quota under the Act for any crop of corn shall be the actual pro-
duction of the acreage planted to corn on the farm, less the normal production or the actual production, whichever is the smaller, of that acreage planted to corn on the farm which is in excess of the farm acreage allotment for corn.

The normal production, or the actual production, whichever is the smaller, of such excess acreage is hereinafter called the "farm marketing excess" of corn or wheat, as the case may be. For the purposes of this resolution, "actual production" of any number of acres of corn or wheat on a farm means the actual average yield of corn or wheat, as the case may be, for the farm times such number of acres.

(2) During any marketing year for which quotas are in effect, the producer shall be subject to a penalty on the farm marketing excess of corn and wheat. The rate of the penalty shall be 50 per centum of the basic rate of the loan on the commodity for cooperators for such marketing year under section 302 of the Act and this resolution.

(3) The farm marketing excess for corn and wheat shall be regarded as available for marketing, and the penalty and the storage amount or amounts to be delivered to the Secretary of the commodity shall be computed upon the normal production of the excess acreage. Where, upon the application of the producer for an adjustment of penalty or of storage, it is shown to the satisfaction of the Secretary that the actual production of the excess acreage is less than the normal production thereof, the difference between the amount of the penalty or storage as computed upon the basis of normal production and as computed upon the basis of actual production shall be returned to or allowed the producer. The Secretary shall issue regulations under which the farm marketing excess of the commodity for the farm may be stored or delivered to him. Upon failure to store or deliver to the Secretary the farm marketing excess within such time as may be determined under regulations prescribed by the Secretary, the penalty computed as aforesaid shall be paid by the producer. Any corn or wheat delivered to the Secretary hereunder shall become the property of the United States and shall be disposed of by the Secretary for relief purposes in the United States or in foreign countries or in such other manner as he shall determine will divert it from the normal channels of trade and commerce.

(4) Until the producers on any farm store, deliver to the Secretary, or pay the penalty on, the farm marketing excess of any crop of corn or wheat, the entire crop of corn or wheat, as the case may be, produced on the farm shall be subject to a lien in favor of the United States for the amount of the penalty.

(5) The penalty upon corn or wheat stored shall be paid by the producer at the time, and to the extent, of any depletion in the amount of the commodity so stored, except depletion resulting from some cause beyond the control of the producer.

(6) Whenever the planted acreage of the then current crop of corn or wheat on any farm is less than the farm acreage allotment for such commodity, the total amount of the commodity from any previous crops required to be stored in order to postpone or avoid payment of penalty shall be reduced by that amount which is equal to the normal production of the number of acres by which the farm acreage allotment exceeds the planted acreage. The provisions of section 326 (b) and (c) of the Act shall be applicable also to wheat.

(7) A farm marketing quota on corn or wheat shall not be applicable to any farm on which the acreage planted to the commodity is not in excess of fifteen acres. The marketing penalty on corn or wheat shall not be applicable to any farm which, under the terms of the
then current agricultural conservation program formulated under sections 7 to 17, inclusive, of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act, is classified as a nonallotment farm if the acreage of the commodity harvested on such nonallotment farm is not in excess of fifteen acres or the acreage allotment for the farm, whichever is larger. If the acreage of the commodity harvested on any such nonallotment farm is in excess of fifteen acres or in excess of such acreage allotment, the normal production or the actual production, whichever is the smaller, of the acreage harvested in excess of fifteen acres or such acreage allotment, whichever is larger, shall be taken as the farm marketing excess and shall be subject to penalty: Provided, That there shall be no penalty on wheat harvested on any such nonallotment farm from which no wheat is sold if the acreage of wheat harvested on such farm does not exceed such acreage per family living thereon as may be used for home consumption without reducing the payment with respect to the farm under the then current agricultural conservation program: Provided further, That for the marketing year beginning in 1941, there shall be no marketing penalty on wheat with respect to any such nonallotment farm if the acreage of wheat harvested on the farm is not in excess of the usual acreage determined for the farm under the 1941 agricultural conservation program and the county committee determines, in accordance with regulations of the Secretary, that there will not be marketed an amount of wheat in excess of the 1941 farm marketing quota.

(8) Until the farm marketing excess of corn or wheat, as the case may be, is stored or delivered to the Secretary or the penalty thereon is paid, each bushel of the commodity produced on the farm which is sold by the producer to any person within the United States shall be subject to the penalty as specified in paragraph (2) of this resolution. Such penalty shall be paid by the buyer, who may deduct an amount equivalent to the penalty from the price paid to the producer.

(9) The marketing penalty for cotton and rice produced in the calendar year in which any marketing year begins (if beginning with or after the 1941-1942 marketing year) shall be at a rate equal to 50 per centum of the basic rate of the loan for cooperators for such marketing year under section 302 of the Act and this resolution.

(10) The Commodity Credit Corporation is directed to make available upon the 1941 crop of the commodities cotton, corn, wheat, rice, or tobacco, for which producers have not disapproved marketing quotas for the marketing year beginning in 1941, loans as follows:

(a) To cooperators (except cooperators outside the commercial corn-producing area, in the case of corn) at the rate of 85 per centum of the parity price for the commodity as of the beginning of the marketing year;

(b) To cooperators outside the commercial corn-producing area, in the case of corn, at the rate of 75 per centum of the rate specified in (a) above;

(c) To noncooperators (except noncooperators outside the commercial corn-producing area, in the case of corn) at the rate of 60 per centum of the rate specified in (a) above and only on so much of the commodity as would be subject to penalty if marketed.

(11) The provisions of this resolution are amendatory of and supplementary to the Act, and all provisions of law applicable in respect of marketing quotas and loans under such Act as so amended and supplemented shall be applicable, but nothing in this resolution shall be construed to amend or repeal section 301 (b) (6), 323 (b), or 335 (d) of the Act.

Approved, May 26, 1941.
Joint Resolution

Extending the application of section 6 of the Act entitled "An Act to expedite the strengthening of the national defense", approved July 2, 1940 (54 Stat. 714), to all territories, dependencies, and possessions of the United States, including the Philippine Islands, the Canal Zone, and the District of Columbia.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the provisions of section 6 of the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to expedite the strengthening of the national defense", approved July 2, 1940 (54 Stat. 714), shall be applicable to all territories, dependencies, and possessions of the United States, including the Philippine Islands, the Canal Zone, and the District of Columbia, and the several courts of first instance of the Commonwealth of the Philippine Islands shall have jurisdiction of offenses committed in the Philippine Islands in violation of the provisions of that section or of any proclamation, or of any rule or regulation, issued thereunder.

Approved, May 28, 1941.

Chapter 135

To appropriate the proceeds of sales or other dispositions of strategic and critical materials acquired under the Act of June 7, 1939 (53 Stat. 811), in order to prevent depletion of the stocks of such materials available for national-defense purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 6 of the Act of June 7, 1939 (ch. 190, 53 Stat. 812; U. S. C., Supp. V, title 50, sec. 98e), is amended by adding at the end thereof a sentence as follows: “Any funds heretofore or hereafter received on account of sales or other dispositions of materials under the provisions of this Act shall be deposited to the credit, and be available for expenditure for the purposes, of any appropriation available at the time of such deposit, for carrying out the provisions of sections 1 to 6, inclusive, of this Act.”

Approved, May 28, 1941.

Chapter 136

To extend the time limit for cooperation between the Bureau of Reclamation and the Farm Security Administration in the development of farm units on public lands under Federal reclamation projects.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act of August 7, 1939 (Public, Numbered 307, Seventy-sixth Congress, first session), as amended by the Act of June 17, 1940 (Public, Numbered 636, Seventy-sixth Congress, third session), is hereby further amended by striking out “during the fiscal year 1942”, and by inserting “during the fiscal year 1942”. Approved, May 28, 1941.
[CHAPTER 137]  
AN ACT

To amend an Act entitled "An Act authorizing annual appropriations for the maintenance of that portion of Gallup-Durango Highway across the Navajo Indian Reservation, and providing reimbursement therefor".

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act of June 7, 1924 (43 Stat. 606), entitled "An Act authorizing annual appropriations for the maintenance of that portion of Gallup-Durango Highway across the Navajo Indian Reservation, and providing reimbursement therefor", be, and the same is hereby, amended to read as follows:

"There is hereby authorized to be appropriated annually, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of $20,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary for each fiscal year, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, for maintenance of that portion of the Federal-aid highway from Gallup, New Mexico, to Shiprock, New Mexico, across the Navajo Indian Reservation and that portion of the State highway in New Mexico between Gallup, New Mexico, and Window Rock, Arizona, serving the Navajo Reservation, reimbursable from the tribal funds of the Indians of said reservation: Provided, That Indian labor shall be employed as far as practicable: And provided further, That if no funds are available no expenditure shall be made."

Approved, May 28, 1941.

[CHAPTER 138]  
AN ACT

To authorize the Secretary of the Interior to enter into an agreement fixing boundary lines on Wind River Indian lands, Wyoming.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized in his discretion to determine and fix permanently the boundaries of allotted, tribal, and ceded Indian lands along the Big Wind River in sections 21, 22, 27, and 28, township 3 north, range 1 west, Wind River meridian, in Wyoming: Provided, That the Secretary of the Interior shall not act until all of the owners, white and Indian, shall have given their consent in writing to the permanent location of the boundaries so far as they affect their respective lands. The consent of the Shoshone and Arapahoe tribes as to tribal and ceded lands may be given by the tribal business council. The consent on behalf of the minors, Indians non compos mentis, and Indians who cannot be located after advertisement and reasonable search for not less than thirty days may be executed by the Superintendent in charge of the Wind River Indian Agency.

Approved, May 28, 1941.

[CHAPTER 139]  
AN ACT

To amend the Act of May 24, 1940 (Public, Numbered 520, Seventy-sixth Congress).

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 1 of the Act of May 24, 1940 (Public, Numbered 520, Seventy-sixth Congress), entitled "An Act to authorize the purchase of certain lands
adjacent to the Turtle Mountain Indian Agency in the State of North Dakota," be, and the same is hereby, amended by inserting in the third line of said Act, after the words "authorized to purchase", the words "publicly or", so that as amended Section 1 of said Act, exclusive of its enacting clause, will read:

"That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized to purchase publicly or privately owned lands and improvements within and adjacent to the Turtle Mountain Reservation, North Dakota, title to be taken in the United States of America in trust for the Indians of the Turtle Mountain Reservation. For the purpose of making the purchases herein authorized, the Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to use any available funds herefore or hereafter appropriated pursuant to the authority contained in section 5 of the Act of June 18, 1934 (48 Stat. 984): Provided, That title to the land so purchased may, in the discretion of the Secretary of the Interior, be taken for the surface only: Provided further, That lands purchased under this authority shall not be allotted in severalty."

Approved, May 28, 1941.

[CHAPTER 140]

AN ACT

To authorize the Secretary of the Interior to effect an exchange of certain tribal land of the Santa Ysabel Indian Reservation, California, for other land of equal value.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to effect an exchange of approximately one and eight-tenths acres of tribal Indian land of the Santa Ysabel Reservation, California, for a tract of privately owned land of approximately four and three-tenths acres of equal value: Provided, That such exchange shall be effected only when the Indians enrolled on said reservation have expressed their consent thereto, either in general council or through action of their duly recognized tribal governing body.

SEC. 2. Title to the land received in the exchange shall be satisfactory to the Secretary of the Interior and shall be taken in the name of the United States in trust for the Santa Ysabel Tribe of Indians; said land shall not be allotted to individual Indians and it shall remain nontaxable until otherwise provided by Congress. Title to the Indian land conveyed in the exchange shall be by patent in fee.

Approved, May 28, 1941.

[CHAPTER 141]

AN ACT

To amend the Act entitled "An Act granting certain lands to the city of Biloxi, in Harrison County, Mississippi, for park and cemetery purposes", approved April 28, 1906.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 2 of the Act entitled "An Act granting certain lands to the city of Biloxi, in Harrison County, Mississippi, for park and cemetery purposes", approved April 28, 1906, be, and the same is hereby, amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 2. That said lands are granted solely for park and cemetery purposes and shall revert to and become the property of the United States if used for any purpose whatever other than or foreign to
those for which this donation is made: **Provided,** That the city of Biloxi is authorized to lease a portion of said lands to the War Department for use by the Army Air Corps Technical Schools and that such use shall not be deemed a use thereof for a purpose 'other than or foreign to those for which this donation is made.'**

Approved, May 28, 1941.

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[CHAPTER 142]

AN ACT

May 28, 1941

To provide relief for, and to promote the interests of, the landowners on the Uintah Indian irrigation project, Utah, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the action of the Secretary of the Interior, pursuant to the authority contained in the Act of June 22, 1936 (49 Stat. 1803), in the cancelation, deferment, and adjustment of irrigation charges against lands within the Uintah Indian irrigation project, Utah, is hereby confirmed as follows:

(a) The cancelation of $283,170.73 of unpaid construction assessment obligations and $28,875.37 of unpaid operation and maintenance assessment obligations carried on the books of the project: **Provided,** That such cancelations applying to lands, the owners of which are indebted to the United States for operation and maintenance costs, shall become effective only upon the payment of the indebtedness dealt with in subsection (c) of this section.

(b) The deferment until December 1, 1943, of the collection of $61,983.16 expended in drainage operations on said project; and

(c) The requirement for contracts with landowners covering $19,230.72 accrued operation and maintenance assessments, such contracts to provide for the payment of these assessments over a period of years.

SEC. 2. The Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to transfer water rights, with the consent of the interested parties, to other lands under said project and to make necessary contracts to effectuate such transfers.

SEC. 3. The Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to make contracts transferring the operation and maintenance of any canal system or systems under the said project to an irrigation district, or districts, formed pursuant to State law.

SEC. 4. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of $5,682.59 for the following purposes:

(a) To pay, for a period of not to exceed five years following the passage of this Act (not to exceed $1,000 in any one year), 34 per cent of the regular annual operation and maintenance assessments for class 4 lands in non-Indian ownership under the Redcap, Leland, and Henry Jim Canals, and 90 per cent of such charges for class 5 lands in non-Indian ownership under said canals, $3,000: **Provided,** That no part of any money appropriated pursuant to this authorization shall be expended unless and until the owners of such lands shall have paid in full their respective shares of such assessments and shall have entered into an agreement with the Secretary of the Interior for the execution of soil rehabilitation programs on such lands; and

(b) To reimburse certain individuals, or their heirs, for payments made covering lands erroneously assessed for irrigation purposes, $682.59, which amount shall be payable from collections made from water users on this project and covered into the Treasury pursuant to section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act of 1934.
Sec. 5. In order to prevent the accumulation of delinquent project assessments or other charges against the non-Indian owned lands of the Uintah Indian irrigation project, the Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized and directed to cause liquidation of all delinquent assessments or charges by taking such action as may be necessary, including the foreclosure of the Government's lien covering any such delinquent charges or by initiating such other procedure as may be legally available, which action may be taken by him at any time when in his judgment the best interests of the project would be served.

Approved, May 28, 1941.

[CHAPTER 143]

JOINT RESOLUTION

To continue the temporary increases in postal rates on first-class matter, and for other purposes.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 1001(a), as amended (relating to temporary increase in first-class postage rate), of the Revenue Act of 1932, and section 2, as amended (authorizing the President to modify certain postage rates), of the Act entitled “An Act to extend the gasoline tax for one year, to modify postage rates on mail matter, and for other purposes”, approved June 16, 1933, are further amended by striking out “July 1, 1941” wherever appearing therein and inserting in lieu thereof “July 1, 1943”, and by striking out “June 30, 1941,” wherever appearing therein and inserting in lieu thereof “June 30, 1943”.

Approved, May 28, 1941.

[CHAPTER 152]

AN ACT

Authorizing the Secretary of the Interior to convey the right, title, and interest of the United States in certain property.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized, in his discretion, to convey all the right, title, and interest of the United States in lot three, block six of Wannassay's Addition to Toppenish, Washington, to Cecelia Crow Arquette or her heirs or assigns.

Approved, May 28, 1941.

[CHAPTER 153]

AN ACT

To provide for the completion and delivery of the Boca Dam, in the Little Truckee River, in accordance with the contract between the United States and the Washoe County Water Conservation District.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior is authorized and directed to complete construction of the dam in the Little Truckee River, near Boca, California, which has been begun and substantially completed under a contract with the Washoe County Water Conservation District. The Secretary is authorized to make such expenditures, from funds now available for the completion of the Boca Dam, as may be required therefor.
SEC. 2. The Secretary of the Interior is authorized and directed to deliver custody of such dam to such district for operation and maintenance purposes in accordance with the contract between the United States and such district, dated December 12, 1936, at the earliest practicable time.

SEC. 3. The amount which such district is required to pay the United States under articles 11 and 12 of such contract of December 12, 1936, shall not exceed $1,000,000.

Approved, May 29, 1941.

[CHAPTER 155]

AN ACT
To amend Public Law Numbered 783, Seventy-sixth Congress, so as to relieve three-year Regular Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard members and certain members of the Reserve components thereof from selective training and service.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 5 (b) of Public Law Numbered 783, approved September 16, 1940, be amended to read as follows:

"(b) In time of peace, the following persons shall be relieved from liability for training and service under section 3 (b) and from the liability to serve in any Reserve component of the land or naval forces imposed by this Act:

(1) Any person who shall have satisfactorily served as an officer or enlisted man for at least three consecutive years in the Regular Army, Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard before or after or partially before and partially after the time fixed for registration under section 2: Provided, That any person who has had such prior service and who has already been inducted for service may upon application be discharged and shall not be liable for further training and service in time of peace.

(2) Any person who as a member of the active National Guard shall have satisfactorily served as an officer or enlisted man for at least one year in active Federal service in the Army of the United States, and subsequent thereto for at least two consecutive years in the Regular Army or in the active National Guard, before or after or partially before and partially after the time fixed for registration under section 2; or any person who as a member of the Naval Reserve or Marine Corps Reserve shall have satisfactorily served for at least three consecutive years on active duty before or after or partially before and partially after the time fixed for registration; or any person who as a member of the Naval Reserve or Marine Corps Reserve shall have satisfactorily served for at least one year on active duty and for at least two consecutive years in the Regular Navy or Marine Corps or with an organized unit of the Naval Reserve or Marine Corps Reserve, before or after or partially before and partially after the time fixed for such registration;

(3) Any person who is an officer or enlisted man in the active National Guard at the time fixed for registration under section 2, and who shall have satisfactorily served therein for at least six consecutive years, before or after or partially before and partially after the time fixed for such registration;

(4) Any person who is an officer in the Officers' Reserve Corps on the eligible list at the time fixed for registration under section 2, and who shall have satisfactorily served therein on the eligible list for at least six consecutive years, before or after or partially before and partially after the time fixed for such registration.


Service in Regular Army, Navy, etc. Post, p. 641. Service in active National Guard and Regular Army.

Naval Reserve or Marine Corps Reserve. 54 Stat. 885. 50 U. S. C., app. § 302.

Proviso.

Service in active National Guard. 54 Stat. 885. 50 U. S. C., app. § 302.

Service in Officers' Reserve Corps. 50 U. S. C., app. § 302.
“(5) Any person who is an officer or an enlisted man in the organized Naval Reserve or the organized Marine Corps Reserve at the time fixed for registration under section 2, and who shall have satisfactorily served therein for at least six consecutive years, before or after or partially before and partially after the time fixed for such registration or any person who is an officer or an enlisted man in the Naval Merchant Marine Reserve or Volunteer Naval Reserve or Volunteer Marine Corps Reserve at the time fixed for registration under section 2, and who shall have satisfactorily served therein for at least eight consecutive years, before or after or partially before and partially after the time fixed for such registration.”

Approved, May 29, 1941.
Salaries and Expenses, Foreign Owned Property Control: For expenditure under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury for any purpose in connection with the carrying out of the provisions of section 5 (b) of the Act of October 6, 1917 (40 Stat. 411, 415), as amended, and any proclamations, orders, or regulations that have been or may be issued thereunder, including personal services (without regard to classification laws), printing, and all other necessary expenses incurred in carrying out instructions issued by the Secretary of the Treasury pursuant to section 5 (b) of the Act of October 6, 1917, as amended, or proclamations, orders, or regulations issued thereunder, including reimbursement of any other appropriation or other funds of the United States or any agency, instrumentality, territory, or possession thereof, including the Philippine Islands, and reimbursement of any Federal Reserve bank for printing and other expenditures, $1,250,000.

Payments to Federal land banks on account of reductions in interest rate on mortgages: To enable the Secretary of the Treasury to pay each Federal land bank such amount as the Land Bank Commissioner certifies to the Secretary of the Treasury is equal to the amount by which interest payments on mortgages held by such land bank have been reduced during the fiscal year 1942, and prior thereto, in accordance with the provisions of paragraph "Twelfth" of section 12 of the Federal Farm Loan Act (12 U. S. C. 771), as amended, $26,800,000.

Payments to the Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation on account of reductions in interest rate on mortgages: To enable the Secretary of the Treasury to pay to the Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation such amount as the Governor of the Farm Credit Administration certifies to the Secretary of the Treasury is equal to the amount by which interest payments on mortgages held by such Corporation have been reduced during the fiscal year 1942, and prior thereto, in accordance with the provisions of section 32 of the Emergency Farm Mortgage Act of 1933, approved May 12, 1933 (12 U. S. C. 1016), as amended, such payments to be made quarterly, beginning as soon as practicable after October 1, 1941, $9,600,000.

DIVISION OF RESEARCH AND STATISTICS

Salaries: For personal services in the District of Columbia, $218,000.

OFFICE OF GENERAL COUNSEL

Salaries: For the General Counsel and other personal services in the District of Columbia, $145,000.

DIVISION OF PERSONNEL

Salaries: For the Chief of the Division, and other personal services in the District of Columbia, $125,000.

OFFICE OF CHIEF CLERK

Salaries: For the Chief Clerk and other personal services in the District of Columbia, $211,500.

MISCELLANEOUS AND CONTINGENT EXPENSES, TREASURY DEPARTMENT

For miscellaneous and contingent expenses of the Office of the Secretary and the bureaus and offices of the Department, including operating expenses of the Treasury, Treasury Annex, Auditors', and Liberty Loan Buildings; financial journals, purchase (including exchange) of books of reference and lawbooks, technical and scien-
Vehicles.


37 Stat. 414.

**Provisos.** Transfer of funds. Post, p. 224.

**CUSTODY OF TREASURY BUILDINGS**

Salaries of operating force: For the Superintendent of Treasury Buildings and for other personal services in the District of Columbia, including the operating force of the Treasury Building, the Treasury Annex, the Liberty Loan Building, and the Auditors' Building, $333,604.

Salaries and expenses, guard force: For salaries and expenses of the guard force for Treasury Department buildings in the District of Columbia, including the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, including not to exceed $9,875 for purchase, repair, and cleaning of uniforms, and for the purchase of arms and ammunition and miscellaneous equipment, $406,500; Provided, That not to exceed $80,000 of the appropriation "Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Engraving and Printing", may be transferred to this appropriation to cover service rendered such Bureau in connection with the protection of currency, bonds, stamps, and other papers of value the cost of producing which is not covered and embraced in the direct appropriations for such Bureau: Provided further, That the Secretary of the Treasury may detail an agent of the Secret Service to supervise such force.

**DIVISION OF PRINTING**

Salaries: For the Chief, Division of Printing, and other personal services in the District of Columbia, $68,740.

Printing and binding: For printing and binding for the Treasury Department, including all of its bureaus, offices, institutions, and services located in Washington, District of Columbia, and elsewhere,
except the Bureau of Internal Revenue, and including materials for the use of the bookbinder, located in the Treasury Department, but not including work done at the New York Customhouse bindery authorized by the Joint Committee on Printing in accordance with the Act of March 1, 1919 (44 U. S. C. 111), and for the cost of transportation to field offices of printed and bound material, including cost of necessary packing boxes and packing materials, $598,300.

Stationery: For stationery for the Treasury Department and its several bureaus and offices, and field services thereof, including tags, labels, and index cards, printed in the course of manufacturing, packing boxes and other materials necessary for shipping stationery supplies, and cost of transportation of stationery supplies purchased free on board point of shipment and of such supplies shipped from Washington to field offices, $704,800.

**BUREAU OF ACCOUNTS**

Salaries: For Commissioner of Accounts and other personal services in the District of Columbia, including the Division of Bookkeeping and Warrants, $442,500.

Division of Disbursement, salaries and expenses: For personal services in the District of Columbia and in the field, stationery, travel, rental of equipment, and all other necessary miscellaneous and contingent expenses, $1,774,453: Provided, That with the approval of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget there may be transferred to this appropriation from funds available for the Agricultural Adjustment Administration, Federal Housing Administration, United States Housing Authority, Federal Surplus Commodities Corporation, Federal Prison Industries, Railroad Retirement Board, United States Maritime Commission, the Federal Crop Insurance Corporation, the Commodity Credit Corporation, the Surplus Marketing Administration, and the National Youth Administration, such sums as may be necessary to cover the expense incurred in performing the function of disbursement therefor.

Contingent expenses, public moneys: For contingent expenses under the requirements of section 3653 of the Revised Statutes (31 U. S. C. 545), for the collection, safekeeping, transfer, and disbursement of the public money, transportation of notes, bonds, and other securities of the United States, transportation of gold coin, gold bullion, and gold certificates transferred to Federal Reserve banks and branches, United States mints and assay offices, and the Treasury, after March 9, 1933, actual expenses of examiners detailed to examine the books, accounts, and money on hand at the several depositories, including national banks acting as depositories under the requirements of section 3649 of the Revised Statutes (31 U. S. C. 548), also including examinations of cash accounts at mints, $200,000.

Recoinage of minor coins: To enable the Secretary of the Treasury to continue the recoinage of worn and uncurrent minor coins of the United States now in the Treasury or hereafter received, and to reimburse the Treasurer of the United States for the difference between the nominal or face value of such coins and the amount the same will produce in new coins, $20,000.

Recoinage of silver coins: To enable the Secretary of the Treasury to continue the recoinage of worn and uncurrent subsidiary silver coins of the United States now in the Treasury or hereafter received, and to reimburse the Treasurer of the United States for the difference between the nominal or face value of such coins and the amount the same will produce in new coins, $425,000.

Relief of the indigent, Alaska: For the payment to the United States district judges in Alaska but not to exceed 10 per centum of the
receipts from licenses collected outside of incorporated towns in Alaska, to be expended for the relief of persons in Alaska who are indigent and incapacitated through nonage, old age, sickness, or accident, $30,000.

Refund of moneys erroneously received and covered: To enable the Secretary of the Treasury to meet any expenditures of the character formerly chargeable to the appropriation accounts abolished under section 18 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act of 1934, approved June 26, 1934, and any other collections erroneously received and covered which are not properly chargeable to any other appropriation, $35,000.

Payment of unclaimed moneys: To enable the Secretary of the Treasury to meet any expenditures of the character formerly chargeable to the appropriation accounts abolished under section 17 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act of 1934, approved June 26, 1934, payable from the funds held by the United States in the trust fund receipt account "Unclaimed moneys of individuals whose whereabouts are unknown", $15,000.

**BUREAU OF THE PUBLIC DEBT**

Salaries and expenses: For necessary expenses connected with the administration of any public-debt issues and United States paper-currency issues with which the Secretary of the Treasury is charged, including the purchase of lawbooks, directories, books of reference, pamphlets, periodicals, and newspapers, and the maintenance, operation, and repair of a motor-propelled bus or station wagon for use of the Destruction Committee, and including the Commissioner of the Public Debt and other personal services in the District of Columbia, $2,374,450: Provided, That the amount to be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia shall not exceed $2,345,500.

Distinctive paper for United States securities: For distinctive paper for United States currency, including transportation of paper, traveling, mill, and other necessary expenses, and salaries of employees and allowance, in lieu of expenses, of officer or officers detailed from the Treasury Department, not exceeding $50 per month each when actually on duty; in all, $1,114,000: Provided, That in order to foster competition in the manufacture of distinctive paper for United States securities, the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized, in his discretion, to split the award for such paper for the fiscal year 1942 between the two bidders whose prices per pound are the lowest received after advertisement.

Expenses of loans: The indefinite appropriation "Expenses of loans, Act of September 24, 1917, as amended and extended" (31 U. S. C. 760, 761), shall not be used during the fiscal year 1942 to supplement the appropriation herein made for the current work of the Bureau of the Public Debt, and the amount obligated under such indefinite appropriation during such fiscal year shall not exceed $4,292,000: Provided, That the proviso in the Act of June 16, 1921 (31 U. S. C. 761), limiting the availability of this appropriation for expenses of operations on account of any public debt issue to the close of the fiscal year next following the fiscal year in which such issue was made, shall not apply to savings bond transactions handled by the Federal Reserve banks for account of the Secretary of the Treasury.

**OFFICE OF TREASURER OF THE UNITED STATES**

Salaries: For Treasurer of the United States, Assistant Treasurer, and for other personal services in the District of Columbia, $1,620,000.
Salaries (Reimbursable): For personal services in the District of Columbia, in redeeming Federal Reserve notes, $58,000, to be reimbursed by the Federal Reserve banks.

With the approval of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, there may be transferred sums (not exceeding a total of $700,000) to the appropriations, “Salaries, Office of Treasurer of the United States, 1942”, “Contingent expenses, Treasury Department, 1942”, “Printing and binding, Treasury Department, 1942”, and “Stationery, Treasury Department, 1942”, from funds available for the Agricultural Adjustment Administration, Home Owners’ Loan Corporation, Farm Credit Administration, Tennessee Valley Authority, Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation, Reconstruction Finance Corporation, Federal land banks and other banks and corporations under the supervision of the Farm Credit Administration, Railroad Retirement Board, Soil Conservation Service, including Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment, National Youth Administration, Federal Housing Administration, United States Housing Authority, Civilian Conservation Corps, Public Works Administration, Commodity Credit Corporation, Rural Electrification Administration, and corporations and banks under the Federal Home Loan Bank Board to cover the expenses incurred on account of such respective activities in clearing of checks, servicing of bonds, handling of collections, and rendering of accounts therefor.

BUREAU OF CUSTOMS

Salaries and expenses: For collecting the revenue from customs, for the detection and prevention of frauds upon the customs revenue, and not to exceed $100,000 for the securing of evidence of violations of the customs laws; for expenses of transportation and transfer of customs receipts from points where there are no Government depositories; not to exceed $84,500 for allowances for living quarters, including heat, fuel, and light, as authorized by the Act approved June 26, 1930 (5 U. S. C. 118a), but not to exceed $1,700 for any one person; not to exceed $500 for subscriptions to newspapers; not to exceed $2,000 for improving, repairing, maintaining, or preserving buildings, inspection stations, office quarters, including living quarters for officers, sheds, and sites along the Canadian and Mexican borders acquired under authority of the Act of June 26, 1930 (19 U. S. C. 68); and including the purchase (not to exceed $87,500), exchange, maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles when necessary for official use in field work; $21,000,000, of which such amount as may be necessary shall be available for the payment of extra compensation earned by customs officers or employees for overtime services, at the expense of the parties in interest, in accordance with the provisions of section 5 of the Act approved February 13, 1911, as amended by the Act approved February 7, 1920, and section 451 of the Tariff Act, 1930, as amended (19 U. S. C. 261, 267, and 1451): Provided, That the receipts from such parties in interest for such overtime services shall be deposited as a refund to the appropriation from which such overtime compensation is paid, in accordance with the provisions of section 524 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (19 U. S. C. 1524); for the cost of seizure, storage, and disposition of any merchandise, vehicle and team, automobile, boat, air or water craft, or any other conveyance seized under the provisions of the customs laws, for the purchase of arms, ammunition, and accessories, and $570,000 shall be available for personal services in the District of Columbia exclusive of ten persons from the
field force authorized to be detailed under section 525 of the Tariff Act of 1930: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be expended for maintenance or repair of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles for use in the District of Columbia except two for use in connection with the work of the customhouse in Georgetown.

Refunds and drawbacks: For the refund or payment of customs collections or receipts, and for the payment of debentures or drawbacks, bounties, and allowances, as authorized by law, $19,000,000.

OFFICE OF THE COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY

Salaries: Comptroller of the Currency and other personal services in the District of Columbia, $244,180.

BUREAU OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Salaries and expenses: For salaries and expenses in connection with the assessment and collection of internal-revenue taxes and the administration of the internal-revenue laws, including the administration of such provisions of other laws as are authorized by or pursuant to law to be administered by or under the direction of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, including one stamp agent (to be reimbursed by the stamp manufacturers) and the employment of experts; the securing of evidence of violations of the Acts, the cost of chemical analyses made by others than employees of the United States and expenses incidental to such chemists testifying when necessary; transfer of household goods and effects as provided by Act of October 10, 1940 (Public, Numbered 839), and regulations promulgated thereunder; telegraph and telephone service, postage, freight, express, necessary expenses incurred in making investigations in connection with the enrollment or disbarment of practitioners before the Treasury Department in internal-revenue matters, expenses of seizure and sale, and other necessary miscellaneous expenses, including stenographic reporting services; for the acquisition of property under the provisions of title III of the Liquor Law Repeal and Enforcement Act, approved August 27, 1935 (49 Stat. 872-881), and the operation, maintenance, and repair of property acquired under such title III; for the purchase (not to exceed $25,000), exchange, hire, maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled or horse-drawn passenger-carrying vehicles when necessary, for official use of the Alcohol Tax and Intelligence Units in field work; printing and binding (not to exceed $689,850); and the procurement of such supplies, equipment, furniture, mechanical devices, laboratory supplies, periodicals and newspapers for the Alcohol Tax Unit, ammunition, lawbooks and books of reference, and such other articles as may be necessary, $71,512,000, of which amount not to exceed $9,731,155 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia: Provided, That no part of this amount shall be used in defraying the expenses of any officer or employee designated above, subpoenaed by the United States court to attend any trial before a United States court or preliminary examination before any United States Commissioner, which expenses shall be paid from the appropriation for "Fees of witnesses, Department of Justice": Provided further, That not more than $100,000 of the total amount appropriated herein may be expended by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue for detecting and bringing to trial persons guilty of violating the internal-revenue laws or conniving at the same, including payments for information and detection of such violation.

Salaries and expenses for refunding processing and related taxes and administering title III, Revenue Act of 1936: For salaries and expenses in connection with (1) the assessment and collection of the tax on unjust enrichment imposed by title III, Revenue Act of 1936,
(2) the making of refunds and payments of processing and related taxes, as authorized by titles IV and VII of the Revenue Act of 1936, as amended, and (3) the refund of taxes collected under the Cotton Act of April 21, 1934, as amended (48 Stat. 598), the Tobacco Act of June 28, 1934, as amended (48 Stat. 1275), and the Potato Act of August 24, 1935 (49 Stat. 782), as authorized by the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1938, as amended, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, the hiring of experts, stationery and office supplies, equipment, furniture, mechanical devices, lawbooks and books of reference, trade journals, stenographic reporting service, telegraph and telephone services, postage, freight, express, printing and binding, notarial fees, travel expenses, fees of expert witnesses, and fees and mileage of witnesses, which shall be the same as are paid witnesses in the courts of the United States and may be paid in advance upon certification of such officer as the Commissioner of Internal Revenue or the Secretary of the Treasury may designate, $1,100,000, of which amount not to exceed $875,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

Refunds and payments of processing and related taxes: For refunds and payments of processing and related taxes as authorized by titles IV and VII, Revenue Act of 1936, as amended; for refunds of taxes collected (including penalties and interest) under the Cotton Act of April 21, 1934, as amended (48 Stat. 598), the Tobacco Act of June 28, 1934, as amended (48 Stat. 1275), and the Potato Act of August 24, 1935 (49 Stat. 782), in accordance with the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1938 (52 Stat. 1150), as amended, and as otherwise authorized by law; and for redemption of tax stamps purchased under the aforesaid Tobacco and Potato Acts, there is hereby continued available during the fiscal year 1942, the unexpended balance of the funds made available to the Treasury Department for these purposes for the fiscal year 1941 by the Treasury Department Appropriation Act, 1941.

Additional income tax on railroads in Alaska: For the payment to the Treasurer of Alaska of an amount equal to the tax of 1 per centum collected on the gross annual income of all railroad corporations doing business in Alaska, on business done in Alaska, which tax is in addition to the normal income tax collected from such corporations on net income, and the amount of such additional tax to be applicable to general Territorial purposes, $6,350.

Refunding internal-revenue collections: For refunding internal-revenue collections, as provided by law, including the payment of claims for the prior fiscal years and payment of accounts arising under "Allowance or draw-back (Internal Revenue)", "Redemption of stamps (Internal Revenue)", "Refunding legacy taxes, Act of March 30, 1928", and "Repayment of taxes on distilled spirits destroyed by casualty", $63,000,000: Provided, That a report shall be made to Congress by internal-revenue districts and alphabetically arranged of all disbursements hereunder in excess of $500 as required by section 3 of the Act of May 29, 1928 (sec. 3776, I. R. C.), including the names of all persons and corporations to whom such payments are made, together with the amount paid to each.

UNITED STATES PROCESSING TAX BOARD OF REVIEW

Salaries and expenses: For salaries and expenses of not to exceed seven members of the Board of Review established by section 906 of the Revenue Act of 1936 for review of the disallowance by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue of claims for refund of processing taxes filed under title VII, Revenue Act of 1936, as amended, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere,
stationary and office supplies, equipment, furniture, mechanical devices, lawbooks and books of reference, press releases, trade journals, periodicals and newspapers, contract reporting services, telegraph and telephone services, postage, freight, express, printing and binding, notarial fees, travel expenses, and such other miscellaneous expenses as may be authorized or approved by the Secretary of the Treasury for the work of this Board, $110,000.

**BUREAU OF NARCOTICS**

Salaries and expenses: For expenses to enforce the Act of December 17, 1914 (26 U. S. C. 1383–1391), as amended by the Revenue Act of 1918 (26 U. S. C. 1040–1064), the Narcotic Drugs Import and Export Act, as amended (21 U. S. C. 171–184), and the Marihuana Tax Act of 1937 (26 U. S. C. 1389–1399q); pursuant to the Act of March 3, 1927 (5 U. S. C. 281c), and the Act of June 14, 1930 (5 U. S. C. 282–282c), including the employment of executive officers, attorneys, agents, inspectors, chemists, supervisors, clerks, messengers, and other necessary employees in the field and in the Bureau of Narcotics in the District of Columbia, to be appointed as authorized by law; the securing of information and evidence of violations of the Acts; the costs of chemical analyses made by others than employees of the United States; transfer of household goods and effects as provided by the Act of October 10, 1940 (Public, Numbered 839), and regulations promulgated thereunder; the purchase of such supplies, equipment, mechanical devices, books, and such other expenditures as may be necessary in the several field offices; cost incurred by officers and employees of the Bureau of Narcotics in the seizure, storage, and disposition of property under the internal-revenue laws when the same is disposed of under section 3460, Revised Statutes (26 U. S. C. 1624); purchase (not to exceed $10,000), exchange, hire, maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled or horse-drawn passenger-carrying vehicles when necessary for official use in field work; purchase of arms and ammunition; in all, $1,278,475, of which amount not to exceed $190,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia: Provided, That the Secretary of the Treasury may authorize the use by narcotic agents of motor vehicles confiscated under the provisions of the Act of August 27, 1935 (27 U. S. C. 157), and the Act of August 9, 1939 (49 U. S. C., Supp. V, 781–788), and to pay the cost of acquisition, maintenance, repair, and operation thereof: Provided further, That not exceeding $10,000 may be expended for the collection and dissemination of information and appeal for law observance and law enforcement, including cost of printing, purchase of newspapers, and other necessary expenses in connection therewith and not exceeding $1,500 for attendance at meetings concerned with the work of the Bureau of Narcotics: Provided further, That moneys expended from this appropriation for the purchase of narcotics including marihuana, and subsequently recovered shall be reimbursed to the appropriation for enforcement of the narcotic Acts current at the time of the deposit.

**COAST GUARD**

Office of Commandant: For personal services in the District of Columbia, $785,000: Provided, That no part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used to pay any enlisted man of the
Coast Guard while detailed for duty at Coast Guard headquarters if such detail increases the total number of enlisted men detailed on such duty at any time above fourteen;

Pay and allowances: For pay and allowances prescribed by law for commissioned officers, cadets, warrant officers, petty officers, and other enlisted men, active and retired, temporary cooks, surfmen, substitute surfmen, and three civilian instructors, retired pay for certain members of the former Life Saving Service authorized by the Act approved April 14, 1930 (14 U. S. C. 178a), and not exceeding $10,000 for cash prizes for men for excellence in boatmanship, gunnery, target practice, and engineering competitions; for carrying out the provisions of the Act of June 4, 1920 (34 U. S. C. 943); not to exceed $15,000 for cost of special instruction, including books, laboratory equipment and fees, school supplies, and maintenance of students; rations or commutation thereof for cadets, petty officers, and other enlisted men, mileage and expenses allowed by law for officers; and traveling expenses of other persons traveling on duty under orders from the Treasury Department, including transportation of cadets, enlisted men, and applicants for enlistment, with subsistence and transfers en route, or cash in lieu thereof, and traveling expenses for the examinations authorized by the Act entitled "An Act to provide for retirement for disability in the Lighthouse Service"; approved March 4, 1925 (33 U. S. C. 765); expenses of recruiting for the Coast Guard, rent of rendezvous, and expenses of maintaining the same; advertising for and obtaining men and apprentice seamen and applicants for appointment as cadets; in-service training of enlisted men including cost of textbooks, necessary school supplies, and correspondence courses; transportation and packing allowances for baggage or household effects of commissioned officers, warrant officers, and enlisted men; and including not to exceed $46,720 for the recreation, amusement, comfort, contentment, and health of the enlisted men of the Coast Guard, to be expended in the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury; $32,680,000: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be used for increased pay at a rate in excess of $1,440 per annum to any nonflying commissioned officer or commissioned officer observer for making aerial flights; which rate shall be the legal maximum rate of such increased pay as to any such officer: Provided further, That money accruing from commutation of rations of enlisted men commuted for the benefit of any mess may be paid on proper voucher to the officer in charge of such mess;

General expenses, Coast Guard: For fuel, lubricating oil, illuminants, kerosene, and water; the furnishing of heat, light, and power (service) for vessels, shore stations, depots, and offices; outfits, including necessary supplies and equipment, medals, newspapers, technical books and periodicals, and library books for shore stations and vessels; rental of mechanical accounting machinery and other equipment; repairs to portable equipment at shore units; ship chandlery, engineers' stores, draft animals and their maintenance; purchase (not to exceed $25,000), exchange, maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles for official use at headquarters and in the field; the rebuilding, repairing, maintenance, and incidental expenses of shore stations, including lighthouses, lights, beacons, and other fixed aids to navigation, radio stations, depots, and offices; temporary leases and rentals; improvement of property for Coast Guard purposes, including rental or use of additional land where necessary and the purchase of land for beacons, daymarks, and fog signals; not to exceed $191,000 for completion of construction of the station authorized by the Act approved June 29, 1936 (49 Stat. 2031);
Repairs to vessels, etc.


Aids to navigation.

Temporary employees.

Rations and provisions.


Post, p. 564.

Traveling expenses.

Isolated stations.

Contingent expenses.

Motion-picture equipment, etc.


Coast Guard Academy contingencies.

Payment of rewards.

reparations to Coast Guard vessels, boats, and aircraft, including cost of salvage operations when incident to such repairs; repair, maintenance, and operation of vessels forfeited to the United States and delivered to the Treasury Department under the terms of the Act approved March 3, 1925 (27 U. S. C. 41); coastal communication lines and facilities and their maintenance, and communication service; establishment, maintenance, repair, and improvement of post lights, buoys, submarine signals, fog signals, beacons, daymarks, and other aids to navigation; construction of necessary outbuildings, including oil houses at light stations, at a cost not exceeding $2,500 at any one light station in any fiscal year; wages of persons attending post lights; temporary employees and field force, including professional, technical, and clerical employees, while engaged on works of general repair and maintenance, and laborers and mechanics at lighthouse depots; rations and provisions, or commutation thereof, for working parties in the field, officers and crews of light vessels and tenders, and officials and other authorized persons of the Coast Guard on duty on board of such tenders or vessels, but money accruing from commutation of rations and provisions for the above-named persons on board tenders and light vessels or in working parties in the field may be paid on proper voucher to the person having charge of the mess of such vessel or party; transfer of household goods and effects as provided by the Act of October 10, 1940 (Public, Numbered 839), and regulations promulgated thereunder; purchase of rubber boots, oilskins, rubber gloves, goggles, and costs, caps, and aprons for steward's department on vessels; fuel, light, and rent of quarters where necessary for keepers of lighthouses; traveling expenses of teachers while actually employed by States or private persons to instruct the children of keepers of lighthouses; not to exceed $1,500 for traveling expenses of new appointees from ports of embarkation in the United States to first post of duty at isolated light stations in districts outside the continental limits of the United States, and not to exceed $2,500 for the transportation of the children of lighthouse keepers at isolated light stations where necessary to enable such children to attend school, as authorized by the Act of May 13, 1938 (33 U. S. C. 748a); necessary traveling expenses of lighthouse keepers at isolated stations incurred in obtaining medical attention as authorized by the Act of February 25, 1929 (33 U. S. C. 747h); purchase of provisions for sale to Coast Guard personnel at isolated stations, and the appropriation reimbursed; contingent expenses, including subsistence and clothing for shipwrecked and destitute persons succored by the Coast Guard, and including reimbursement of expenditures prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury, of Coast Guard personnel who furnish from their personal stock subsistence and clothing to such persons; subsistence of prisoners while in the custody of the Coast Guard; instruments, apparatus, and services necessary to the carrying on of scientific investigation, and not to exceed $4,000 for experimental and research work; motion-picture equipment (not to exceed $30,000) and material for official purposes; care, transportation, and burial of deceased officers and enlisted men, including those who die in Government hospitals, and civilian employees, in accordance with the provisions of section 11, Act of June 6, 1940 (54 Stat. 248); apprehension of deserters; wharfage, towage, freight, storage, advertising, surveys, entrance fees in matches for the rifle team and special equipment thereof; not to exceed $2,500 for contingencies for the Superintendent, United States Coast Guard Academy, to be expended in his discretion; payment of rewards for the apprehension and conviction, or for information helpful to the apprehension and conviction, of persons...
found interfering, in violation of section 6 of the Act of May 14, 1908 (33 U. S. C. 761), with aids to navigation maintained by the Coast Guard; and all other necessary expenses which are not included under any other heading; $13,974,150, of which $2,026,000 shall be available immediately;

Civilian employees, Coast Guard: For compensation of civilian employees in the field, including per diem labor, but excluding personnel provided for in the appropriation "General Expenses, Coast Guard"; $3,500,000;

Airplanes: For replacement and additional airplanes and their equipment, including radio and ordnance equipment, spare parts, and accessories, to be constructed or purchased in the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury, $663,000, to remain available until June 30, 1943;

Construction of vessels and shore facilities: For additional and replacement vessels and their equipment, and the construction, rebuilding, or extension of shore facilities, including the acquisition of sites therefor, $8,111,000, to be immediately available and to remain available until expended, of which amount not to exceed four per centum shall be available for administrative expenses in connection therewith, including personal services in the District of Columbia, and of which amount $5,000,000 is for the construction and equipment of three large cutters within a total limit of cost of $11,370,000 and the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to enter into contracts during the fiscal years 1941 and 1942 for their construction and equipment within such limit;

Establishing and improving aids to navigation: For establishing and improving aids to navigation and other works, $1,500,000, which sum shall be available for all expenditures directly relating to the respective projects and of which $950,000 shall be immediately available;

Retired pay, former Lighthouse Service, Coast Guard: For retired pay of certain officers and employees entitled thereto by virtue of former employment in the Lighthouse Service engaged in the field service or on vessels of the Coast Guard, except persons continuously employed in district offices and shops, $1,000,000;

No part of the appropriations contained in this Act under the Coast Guard, nor of any appropriation heretofore made, shall be used for the construction for the Coast Guard of any new permanent aviation shore station or for the permanent enlargement of the capacity of any existing aviation shore station, but this limitation shall not apply to expenditures for completion of construction for which funds were made available by the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1938, or by the First Deficiency Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1940;

Wherever during the fiscal year 1942, civilian employees of the Coast Guard are replaced by military personnel, as provided in the Act of August 5, 1939 (53 Stat. 1216); funds for the pay and allowances of such military personnel may be transferred, with the approval of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, from the appropriation or appropriations which provide for the pay of such civilian personnel to the appropriation "Pay and Allowances, Coast Guard";

Total, Coast Guard, $62,193,150.

BUREAU OF ENGRAVING AND PRINTING

For the work of engraving and printing, exclusive of repay work, during the fiscal year 1942, United States currency and internal-revenue stamps, including opium orders and special-tax stamps
required under the Act of December 17, 1914 (26 U. S. C. 1040, 1383),
checks, drafts, and miscellaneous work, as follows:

Salaries and expenses: For the Director, two Assistant Directors,
and other personal services in the District of Columbia, including
wages of rotary press plate printers at per diem rates and all other
plate printers at piece rates to be fixed by the Secretary of the
Treasury, not to exceed the rates usually paid for such work; for
engravers' and printers' materials and other materials, including
distinctive and nondistinctive paper, except distinctive paper for United
States currency and Federal Reserve bank currency; equipment of,
repairs to, and maintenance of buildings and grounds and for minor
alterations to buildings; directories, technical books and periodicals,
examples of engraving and printing, including foreign securities and
stamps, and books of reference; not exceeding $500; traveling expenses
not to exceed $2,000; miscellaneous expenses, including not to exceed
$1,500 for articles approved by the Secretary of the Treasury as
being necessary for the protection of the person of employees; for
transfer to the Bureau of Standards for scientific investigations in
connection with the work of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing,
not to exceed $15,000; and for the maintenance and driving of
two motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles; $10,000,000, to be
expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury.

During the fiscal year 1942 all proceeds derived from work per-
formed by the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, by direction of
the Secretary of the Treasury, not covered and embraced in the
appropriation for such Bureau for such fiscal year, instead of being
covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts, as provided by
the Act of August 4, 1886 (31 U. S. C. 176), shall be credited when
received to the appropriation for such Bureau for the fiscal year
1942.

SECRET SERVICE DIVISION

Salaries: For the Chief of the Division and other personal services
in the District of Columbia, $69,543.

Suppressing counterfeiting and other crimes: For salaries and
other expenses under the authority or with the approval of the
Secretary of the Treasury in detecting, arresting, and delivering into
the custody of the United States marshal or other officer having
jurisdiction, dealers and pretend dealers in counterfeit money, per-
sons engaged in counterfeiting, forging, and altering United States
notes, bonds, national-bank notes, Federal Reserve notes, Federal
Reserve bank notes, and other obligations and securities of the United
States and of foreign governments (including endorsements thereon
and assignments thereof), as well as the coins of the United States
and of foreign governments, and persons committing other crimes
against the laws of the United States relating to the Treasury Depart-
ment and the several branches of the public service under its control;
purchase (not to exceed $15,000), exchange, hire, maintenance, repair,
and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles when
necessary; purchase of arms and ammunition; traveling expenses;
transfer of household goods and effects as provided by the Act of
October 10, 1940 (Public, Numbered 889), and regulations promul-
gated thereunder; and for no other purpose whatsoever, except in
the performance of other duties specifically authorized by law, and
in the protection of the person of the President and the members of
his immediate family and of the person chosen to be President of
the United States, $1,000,000: Provided, That no part of the amount
herein appropriated shall be used in defraying the expenses of any
person subpoenaed by the United States courts to attend any trial
before a United States court or preliminary examination before any United States commissioner, which expenses shall be paid from the appropriation for "Fees of witnesses, Department of Justice": Provided further, That of the amount herein appropriated not to exceed $15,000 may be expended in the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury for the purpose of securing information concerning violations of the laws relating to the Treasury Department, and for services or information looking toward the apprehension of criminals.

White House Police: For one captain, two lieutenants, four sergeants, and seventy-three privates, at rates of pay provided by law; in all, $195,900.

For uniforming and equipping the White House Police, including the purchase, issue, and repair of revolvers, and the purchase and issue of ammunition and miscellaneous supplies, to be procured in such manner as the President in his discretion may determine, $6,500.

BUREAU OF THE MINT

OFFICE OF DIRECTOR OF THE MINT

Salaries: For the Director of the Mint and other personal services in the District of Columbia, $119,540.

Transportation of bullion and coin: For transportation of bullion and coin, by registered mail or otherwise, between mints, assay offices, and bullion depositories, $187,500, including compensation of temporary employees and other necessary expenses incident thereto.

Contingent expenses and examination of mints: For assay laboratory chemicals, fuel, materials, balances, weights, and other necessaries, including books, periodicals, specimens of coins, ores, and incidentals, and for examination of mints, expense in visiting mints for the purpose of superintending the annual settlements, and for special examinations and for the collection of statistics relative to the annual production and consumption of the precious metals in the United States, $14,300.

Salaries and expenses, mints and assay offices: For compensation of officers and employees of the mints at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; San Francisco, California; Denver, Colorado; and New Orleans, Louisiana, the assay offices at New York, New York; and Seattle, Washington, and the bullion depositories at Fort Knox, Kentucky; and West Point, New York, including necessary personal services for carrying out the provisions of the Gold Reserve Act of 1934 and the Silver Purchase Act of 1934, and any Executive orders, proclamations and regulations issued thereunder, and for incidental and contingent expenses, including traveling expenses, new machinery, and repairs, arms, and ammunition, purchase and maintenance of uniforms and accessories for guards, protective devices, and their maintenance, training of employees in use of firearms and protective devices, purchase (not exceeding $1,700) and exchange of a motorbus, maintenance, repair, and operation of two motorbusses for use at the Fort Knox Bullion Depository, cases and enameling for medals manufactured, net wastage in melting and refining and in coining departments, loss on sale of sweeps arising from the treatment of bullion and the manufacture of coins, not to exceed $500 for the expenses of the annual assay commission, and not exceeding $1,000 for the acquisition, at the dollar face amount or otherwise, of specimen and rare coins, including United States and foreign gold coins and pieces of gold used as, or in lieu of, money, and ores, for addition to the Government's collection of such coins, pieces, and ores; $3,191,500.
PROCUREMENT DIVISION

Salaries and expenses: For the Director of Procurement and other personal services in the District of Columbia and in the field service, and for miscellaneous expenses, including office supplies and materials, purchase and exchange of motortrucks and maintenance thereof, telegrams, telephone service, traveling expenses, office equipment, fuel, light, electric current, and other expenses for carrying into effect regulations governing the procurement, warehousing, and distribution by the Procurement Division of the Treasury Department of property, equipment, stores, and supplies in the District of Columbia and in the field (including not to exceed $500 to settle claims for damages caused to private property by motor vehicles used by the Procurement Division), $889,000: Provided, That the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed during the fiscal year 1942 to transfer to this appropriation from any appropriations or funds available to the several departments and establishments of the Government for the fiscal year 1942 such amounts as may be approved by the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, not to exceed the sum of (a) the amount of the annual compensation of employees who may be transferred or detailed to the Procurement Division, respectively, from any such department or establishment, where the transfer or detail of such employees is incident to a transfer of a function or functions to that Division and (b) such amount as the Director of the Bureau of the Budget may determine to be necessary for expenses other than personal services incident to the proper carrying out of functions so transferred: Provided further, That payments during the fiscal year 1942 to the general supply fund for materials, and supplies (including fuel), and services, and overhead expenses for all issues shall be made on the books of the Treasury Department by transfer and counterwarrants prepared by the Procurement Division of the Treasury Department and countersigned by the Comptroller General, such warrants to be based solely on itemized invoices prepared by the Procurement Division at issue prices to be fixed by the Director of Procurement; Provided further, That advances received pursuant to law (31 U. S. C. 686) from departments and establishments of the United States Government and the government of the District of Columbia during the fiscal year 1942 shall be credited to the general supply fund: Provided further, That not to exceed $1,000,000 shall be available from the general supply fund during the fiscal year 1942 for personal services: Provided further, That the term "fuel" shall be held to include "fuel oil": Provided further, That the requirements of sections 3711 and 3713 of the Revised Statutes (40 U. S. C. 109) relative to the weighing of coal and wood and the separate certificate as to the weight, measurement, or quantity of coal and wood purchased shall not apply to purchases by the Procurement Division at free-on-board destination outside of the District of Columbia: Provided further, That the reconditioning and repair of surplus property and equipment, for disposal or reissue to Government service, may be made at cost by the Procurement Division, payment therefor to be effected by charging the proper appropriation and crediting the appropriation "Salaries and expenses, Procurement Division".

Repairs to typewriting machines (except bookkeeping and billing machines) in the Government service in the District of Columbia may be made at cost by the Procurement Division, payment thereof to be effected by charging the proper appropriation and crediting the appropriation "Salaries and expenses, Procurement Division".

No part of any money appropriated by this or any other Act shall be used during the fiscal year 1942 for the purchase of any
standard typewriting machines (except bookkeeping, billing, and electric machines) at a price in excess of the following for models which will accommodate paper of the following widths, to wit: Ten inches (correspondence models), $70; twelve inches, $75; fourteen inches, $77.50; sixteen inches, $82.50; eighteen inches, $87.50; twenty inches, $94; twenty-two inches, $95; twenty-four inches, $97.50; twenty-six inches, $103.50; twenty-eight inches, $104; thirty inches, $105; thirty-two inches, $107.50; or, for standard typewriting machines distinctively quiet in operation, the maximum prices shall be as follows for models with carriages which will accommodate paper of the following widths, to wit: Ten inches, $80; twelve inches, $85; fourteen inches, $90; eighteen inches, $95.

This title may be cited as the "Treasury Department Appropriation Act, 1942".

TITLE II—POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

The following sums are appropriated in conformity with the Act of July 2, 1896 (5 U. S. C. 580; 39 U. S. C. 786), for the Post Office Department for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1942, namely:

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

OFFICE OF THE POSTMASTER GENERAL

Salaries: For the Postmaster General and other personal services in the office of the Postmaster General in the District of Columbia, $226,904.

SALARIES IN BUREAUS AND OFFICES

For personal services in the District of Columbia in bureaus and offices of the Post Office Department in not to exceed the following amounts, respectively:

- Office of the First Assistant Postmaster General, $391,420.
- Office of the Second Assistant Postmaster General, $587,600.
- Office of the Third Assistant Postmaster General, $794,810.
- Office of the Fourth Assistant Postmaster General, $474,240.
- Office of the Solicitor for the Post Office Department, $115,500.
- Office of the chief inspector, $240,910.
- Office of the purchasing agent, $47,240.
- Bureau of Accounts, $114,120.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES, POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

For contingent and miscellaneous expenses: stationery and blank books, index and guide cards, folders and binding devices, including purchase of free penalty envelopes; telegraph and telephone service, furniture and filing cabinets and repairs thereto; purchase, exchange, maintenance, and repair of tools, electrical supplies, typewriters, adding machines, and other labor-saving devices; purchase (including exchange) of one motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicle, and for maintenance of motortrucks and of two motor-driven passenger-carrying vehicles, to be used only for official purposes (one for the Postmaster General and one for the general use of the Department); streetcar fares; floor coverings; postage stamps for correspondence addressed abroad, which is not exempt under article 49 of the Buenos Aires convention of the Universal Postal Union; purchase and exchange of lawbooks, books of reference, railway guides, city directories, and books necessary to conduct the business of the Department; newspapers, not exceeding $200; expenses, except membership fees, of attendance at meetings or conventions concerned with postal affairs,
when incurred on the written authority of the Postmaster General, not exceeding $2,000; expenses of the purchasing agent and of the Solicitor and attorneys connected with his office while traveling on business of the Department, not exceeding $800; and other expenses not otherwise provided for; $89,796.

For printing and binding for the Post Office Department, including all of its bureaus, offices, institutions, and services located in Washington, District of Columbia, and elsewhere, $810,000.

Appropriations hereinafter made for the field service of the Post Office Department, except as otherwise provided, shall not be expended for any of the purposes hereinbefore provided for on account of the Post Office Department in the District of Columbia:

Provided, That the actual and necessary expenses of officials and employees of the Post Office Department and Postal Service, when traveling on official business, may continue to be paid from the appropriations for the service in connection with which the travel is performed, and appropriations for the fiscal year 1942 of the character heretofore used for such purposes shall be available therefor: Provided further, That appropriations hereinafter made, except such as are exclusively for payment of compensation, shall be immediately available for expenses in connection with the examination of estimates for appropriations in the field including per diem allowances in lieu of actual expenses of subsistence.

FIELD SERVICE, POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

OFFICE OF THE POSTMASTER GENERAL

Travel expenses, Postmaster General and Assistant Postmasters General: For travel and miscellaneous expenses in the Postal Service, offices of the Postmaster General and Assistant Postmasters General, $8,000.

Personal or property damage claims: To enable the Postmaster General to pay claims for damages, occurring during the fiscal year 1942, or in prior fiscal years, to persons or property in accordance with the provisions of the Deficiency Appropriation Act, approved June 16, 1921 (5 U. S. C. 392), as amended by the Act approved June 22, 1934 (48 Stat. 1207), $45,000.

Adjusted losses and contingencies: To enable the Postmaster General to pay to postmasters, Navy mail clerks, and assistant Navy mail clerks or credit them with the amount ascertained to have been lost or destroyed during the fiscal year 1942, or prior fiscal years, through burglary, fire, or other unavoidable casualty resulting from no fault or negligence on their part, as authorized by the Act approved March 17, 1882, as amended, $60,000.

OFFICE OF CHIEF INSPECTOR

Salaries of inspectors: For salaries of fifteen inspectors in charge of divisions and six hundred and thirty-five inspectors, $2,444,700.

Traveling and miscellaneous expenses: For traveling expenses of inspectors, inspectors in charge, the chief post-office inspector, and the assistant chief post-office inspector, and for the traveling expenses of four clerks performing stenographic and clerical assistance to post-office inspectors in the investigation of important fraud cases; for tests, exhibits, documents, photographs, office, and other necessary expenses incurred by post-office inspectors in connection with their official investigations, including necessary miscellaneous expenses of division headquarters, and not to exceed $500 for technical and scientific books and other books of reference needed in the operation of the
Post Office Inspection Service, $665,350: Provided, That not exceeding $26,000 of this sum shall be available for transfer by the Postmaster General to other departments and independent establishments for chemical and other investigations.

Clerks, division headquarters: For compensation of one hundred and ninety-four clerks, at division headquarters of post-office inspectors, $483,975.

Payment of rewards: For payment of rewards for the detection, arrest, and conviction of post-office burglars, robbers, highway mail robbers, and persons mailing or causing to be mailed any bomb, infernal machine, or mechanical, chemical, or other device or composition which may ignite or explode, $55,000: Provided, That rewards may be paid in the discretion of the Postmaster General, when an offender of the classes mentioned was killed in the act of committing the crime or in resisting lawful arrest: Provided further, That no part of this sum shall be used to pay any rewards at rates in excess of those specified in Post Office Department Order 9273, dated July 25, 1936: Provided further, That of the amount herein appropriated not to exceed $20,000 may be expended in the discretion of the Postmaster General, for the purpose of securing information concerning violations of the postal laws and for services and information looking toward the apprehension of criminals.

OFFICE OF THE FIRST ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

Compensation to postmasters: For compensation to postmasters, including compensation as postmaster to persons who, pending the designation of an acting postmaster, assume and properly perform the duties of postmaster in the event of a vacancy in the office of postmaster of the third or fourth class, and for allowances for rent, light, fuel, and equipment to postmasters of the fourth class, $50,200,000.

Compensation to assistant postmasters: For compensation to assistant postmasters at first- and second-class post offices, $7,278,000.

Clerks, first- and second-class post offices: For compensation to clerks and employees at first- and second-class post offices, including auxiliary clerk hire at summer and winter post offices, printers, mechanics, skilled laborers, watchmen, messengers, laborers, and substitutes, $216,000,000.

Clerks, contract stations: For compensation to clerks in charge of contract stations, $1,640,000.

Separating mails: For separating mails at third- and fourth-class post offices, $415,000.

Unusual conditions: For unusual conditions at post offices, $85,000.

Clerks, third-class post offices: For allowances to third-class post offices to cover the cost of clerical services, $8260,000.

Miscellaneous items, first- and second-class post offices: For miscellaneous items necessary and incidental to the operation and protection of post offices of the first and second classes, and the business conducted in connection therewith, not provided for in other appropriations, $1,825,000.

Village delivery service: For village delivery service in towns and villages having post offices of the second or third class, and in communities adjacent to cities having city delivery, $1,675,000.

Detroit River service: For Detroit River postal service, $11,960.

Carfare and bicycle allowance: For carfare and bicycle allowance, including special-delivery carfare, and cost of transporting carriers by privately owned automobiles to and from their routes, at rates not exceeding regular streetcar or bus fare, $1,475,000.
City delivery carriers: For pay of letter carriers, City Delivery Service, and United States Official Mail and Messenger Service, $151,500,000.

Special-delivery fees: For fees to special-delivery messengers, $9,250,000.

**OFFICE OF THE SECOND ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL**

Star-route service: For inland transportation by star routes (excluding service in Alaska), including temporary service to newly established offices, $11,400,000.

Star-route service, Alaska: For inland transportation by star routes in Alaska, $170,000.

Powerboat service: For inland transportation by steamboat or other powerboat routes, including ship, steamboat, and way letters, $1,297,750.

Railroad transportation and mail messenger service: For inland transportation by railroad routes and for mail messenger service, $112,300,000: Provided, That separate accounts be kept of the amount expended for mail messenger service: Provided further, That there may be expended from this appropriation for personal services in the District of Columbia not exceeding the sum of $33,050 to carry out the provisions of section 214 of the Act of February 28, 1925 (39 U.S.C. 826) (cost ascertainment).

Railway Mail Service: For fifteen division superintendents, fifteen assistant division superintendents, two assistant superintendents at large, one hundred and twenty chief clerks, one hundred and twenty assistant chief clerks, clerks in charge of sections in the offices of division superintendents, railway postal clerks, substitute railway postal clerks, joint employees, and laborers in the Railway Mail Service, $57,460,000.

Railway postal clerks, travel allowance: For travel allowance to railway postal clerks and substitute railway postal clerks, $3,275,000.

Railway Mail Service, traveling expenses: For actual and necessary expenses, general superintendent and assistant general superintendent, division superintendents, assistant division superintendents, assistant superintendents, chief clerks, and assistant chief clerks, Railway Mail Service, and railway postal clerks, while actually traveling on business of the Post Office Department and away from their several designated headquarters, $37,500.

Railway Mail Service, miscellaneous expenses: For rent, light, heat, fuel, telegraph, miscellaneous and office expenses, telephone service, badges for railway postal clerks, rental of space for terminal railway post offices for the distribution of mails when the furnishing of space for such distribution cannot, under the Postal Laws and Regulations, properly be required of railroad companies without additional compensation, and for equipment and miscellaneous items necessary to terminal railway post offices, $450,000.

Electric- and cable-car service: For electric- and cable-car service, $200,000.

Foreign mail transportation: For transportation of foreign mails, except by aircraft, $2,200,000: Provided, That the Postmaster General is authorized to expend such sums as may be necessary, not to exceed $70,000, to cover the cost to the United States for maintaining sea post service on ocean steamships conveying the mails to and from the United States.

Balances due foreign countries: For balances due foreign countries, fiscal year 1942 and prior years, $1,500,000.

Indemnities, international mail: For payment of limited indemnity for the injury or loss of international mail in accordance with con-
vention, treaty, or agreement stipulations, fiscal year 1942 and prior years, $8,000.

Rural Delivery Service: For pay of rural carriers, auxiliary carriers, substitutes for rural carriers on annual and sick leave, clerks in charge of rural stations, and tolls and ferriage, Rural Delivery Service, and for the incidental expenses thereof, $92,100,000, of which not less than $200,000 shall be available for extensions and new service.

Foreign air-mail transportation: For transportation of foreign mails by aircraft, as authorized by law, including the transportation of mail by aircraft between Seattle, Washington, and Juneau, Alaska, via Ketchikan, Alaska, $15,477,831.

Domestic Air Mail Service: For the inland transportation of mail by aircraft, as authorized by law, and for the incidental expenses thereof, including not to exceed $54,400 for supervisory officials and clerks at air-mail transfer points, travel expenses, and not to exceed $64,500 for personal services in the District of Columbia, $21,486,465, of which amount the sum of $22,848 shall be immediately available.

**OFFICE OF THE THIRD ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL**

Manufacture and distribution of stamps and stamped paper: For manufacture of adhesive postage stamps, special-delivery stamps, books of stamps, stamped envelopes, newspaper wrappers, postal cards, and for coiling of stamps, and including not to exceed $22,500 for pay of agent and assistants to examine and distribute stamped envelopes and newspaper wrappers, and for expenses of agency, $5,065,000.

Indemnities, domestic mail: For payment of limited indemnity for the injury or loss of pieces of domestic registered matter, insured and collect-on-delivery mail, and for failure to remit collect-on-delivery charges, $500,000.

Unpaid money orders more than one year old: For payment of domestic money orders after one year from the last day of the month of issue of such orders, $190,000.

**OFFICE OF THE FOURTH ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL**

Post office stationery, equipment, and supplies: For stationery for the Postal Service, including the money-order and registry system; and also for the purchase of supplies for the Postal Savings System, including rubber stamps, canceling devices, certificates, envelopes, and stamps for use in evidencing deposits, and free penalty envelopes; and for the reimbursement of the Secretary of the Treasury for expenses incident to the preparation, issue, and registration of the bonds authorized by the Act of June 25, 1910 (39 U. S. C. 760); for miscellaneous equipment and supplies, including the purchase and repair of furniture, package boxes, posts, trucks, baskets, satchels, straps, letter-box paint, baling machines, perforating machines, stamp vending and postage meter devices, duplicating machines, printing presses, directories, cleaning supplies, and the manufacture, repair, and exchange of equipment, the erection and painting of letter-box equipment, and for the purchase and repair of presses and dies for use in the manufacture of letter boxes; for post-marking, rating, money-order stamps, and electrotype plates and repairs to same; metal, rubber, and combination type, dates and figures, type holders, ink pads for canceling and stamping purposes, and for the purchase, exchange, and repair of typewriting machines, envelope-opening machines, and computing machines, numbering machines, time recorders, letter balances, scales (exclusive of dormant or built-in platform scales in Federal buildings), test weights, and miscellaneous articles purchased and furnished directly to the Postal Service, including
complete equipment and furniture for post offices in leased and rented quarters; for the purchase (including exchange), repair, and replacement of arms and miscellaneous items necessary for the protection of the mails; for miscellaneous expenses in the preparation and publication of post-route maps and rural delivery maps or blueprints, including tracing for photolithographic reproduction; for other expenditures necessary and incidental to post offices of the first, second, and third classes, and offices of the fourth class having or to have rural delivery service, and for letter boxes; for the purchase of atlases and geographical and technical works not to exceed $1,500; for wrapping twine and tying devices (not more than three-fourths of the funds herein appropriated for the purchase of twine shall be expended in the purchase of twine manufactured from materials or commodities produced outside the United States); for expenses incident to the shipment of supplies, including hardware, boxing, packing, and not exceeding $62,300 for the pay of employees in connection therewith in the District of Columbia; for rental, purchase, exchange, and repair of canceling machines and motors, mechanical mail-handling apparatus, accident prevention, and other labor-saving devices, including cost of power in rented buildings and miscellaneous expenses of installation and operation of same, including not to exceed $55,000 for salaries of thirteen traveling mechanicians and traveling expenses, $3,225,000: Provided, That the Postmaster General may authorize the sale to the public of post-route maps and rural delivery maps or blueprints at the cost of printing and 10 per centum thereof added.

Equipment shops, Washington, District of Columbia: For the purchase, manufacture, and repair of mail bags and other mail containers and attachments, mail locks, keys, chains, tools, machinery, and material necessary for same, and for incidental expenses pertaining thereto; material, machinery, and tools necessary for the manufacture and repair of such other equipment for the Postal Service as may be deemed expedient; accident prevention; for the expenses of maintenance and repair of the mail bag equipment shops building and equipment, including fuel, light, power, and miscellaneous supplies and services; maintenance of grounds; for compensation to labor employed in the equipment shops and in the operation, care, maintenance, and protection of the equipment shops building, grounds, and equipment, $1,075,000, of which not to exceed $605,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia: Provided, That out of this appropriation the Postmaster General is authorized to use as much of the sum, not exceeding $15,000, as may be deemed necessary for the purchase of material and the manufacture in the equipment shops of such small quantities of distinctive equipments as may be required by other executive departments; and for service in Alaska, Puerto Rico, Philippine Islands, Hawaii, or other island possessions.

Rent, light, fuel, and water: For rent, light, fuel, and water, for first-, second-, and third-class post offices, and the cost of advertising for lease proposals for such offices, $9,950,000.

Pneumatic-tube service, New York City: For rental of not exceeding twenty-eight miles of pneumatic tubes, hire of labor, communication service, electric power, and other expenses for transmission of mail in the city of New York including the Borough of Brooklyn, $540,628: Provided, That the provisions of the Acts of April 21, 1902, May 27, 1908, and June 19, 1922 (39 U. S. C. 423), relating to contracts for the transmission of mail by pneumatic tubes or other similar devices shall not be applicable hereto.

Pneumatic-tube service, Boston: For the rental of not exceeding two miles of pneumatic tubes, not including labor and power in operating
the same, for the transmission of mail in the city of Boston, Massachusetts, $24,000: Provided, That the provisions not inconsistent herewith of the Acts of April 21, 1902 (39 U. S. C. 423), and May 27, 1908 (39 U. S. C. 423), relating to the transmission of mail by pneumatic tubes or other similar devices shall be applicable hereto.

Vehicle service: For vehicle service; the hire of vehicles; the rental of garage facilities; the purchase, exchange, maintenance, and repair of motor vehicles, including the repair of vehicles owned by, or under the control of, units of the National Guard and departments and agencies of the Federal Government where repairs are made necessary because of utilization of such vehicles in the Postal Service; accident prevention; the hire of supervisors, clerical assistance, mechanics, drivers, garagemen, and such other employees as may be necessary in providing vehicles and vehicle service for use in the collection, transportation, delivery, and supervision of the mail, and United States official mail and messenger service, $15,900,000: Provided, That the Postmaster General may, in his disbursement of this appropriation, apply a part thereof to the leasing of quarters for the housing of Government-owned motor vehicles at a reasonable annual rental for a term not exceeding ten years: Provided further, That the Postmaster General, during the fiscal year 1942 may purchase and maintain from the appropriation “Vehicle service” such tractors and trailer trucks as may be required in the operation of the vehicle service: Provided further, That no part of this appropriation shall be expended for maintenance or repair of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles for use in connection with the administrative work of the Post Office Department in the District of Columbia.

Transportation of equipment and supplies: For the transportation and delivery of equipment, materials, and supplies for the Post Office Department and Postal Service by freight, express, or motor transportation, and other incidental expenses, $350,000.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS, MAINTENANCE AND OPERATION

Operating force: For personal services in connection with the operation of public buildings, including the Washington Post Office and the Customhouse Building in the District of Columbia, operated by the Post Office Department, together with the grounds thereof and the equipment and furnishings therein, including telephone operators for the operation of telephone switchboards or equivalent telephone switchboard equipment in such buildings jointly serving in each case two or more governmental activities, $23,500,000: Provided, That in no case shall the rates of compensation for the mechanical labor force be in excess of the rates current at the time and in the place where such services are employed.

Operating supplies, public buildings: For fuel, steam, gas, and electric current for lighting, heating, and power purposes, water, ice, lighting supplies, removal of ashes and rubbish, snow and ice, cutting grass and weeds, washing towels, telephone service for custodial forces, and for miscellaneous services and supplies, accident prevention, vacuum cleaners, tools and appliances and repairs thereto, for the operation of completed and occupied public buildings and grounds, including mechanical and electrical equipment, but not the repair thereof, operated by the Post Office Department, including the Washington Post Office and the Customhouse Building in the District of Columbia, and for the transportation of articles and supplies authorized herein, $3,500,000: Provided, That the foregoing appropriation shall not be available for personal services except for work done by
contract, or for temporary job labor under exigency not exceeding at one time the sum of $100 at any one building: Provided further, That the Postmaster General is authorized to contract for telephone service in public buildings under his administration by means of telephone switchboards or equivalent telephone switching equipment jointly serving in each case two or more governmental activities, where he determines that joint service is economical and in the interest of the Government, and to secure reimbursement for the cost of such joint service from available appropriations for telephone expenses of the bureaus and offices receiving the same.

Furniture, carpets, and safes, public buildings: For the procurement, including transportation, of furniture, carpets, safes, safe and vault protective devices, and repairs of same, for use in public buildings which are now, or may hereafter be, operated by the Post Office Department, $637,500: Provided, That, excepting expenditures for labor for or incidental to the moving of equipment from or into public buildings, the foregoing appropriation shall not be used for personal services except for work done under contract or for temporary job labor under exigency and not exceeding at one time the sum of $100 at any one building: Provided further, That all furniture now owned by the United States in other public buildings or in buildings rented by the United States shall be used, so far as practicable, whether or not it corresponds with the present regulation plan of furniture.

Scientific investigations: In the disbursement of appropriations contained in this title for the field service of the Post Office Department the Postmaster General may transfer to the Bureau of Standards not to exceed $20,000 for scientific investigations in connection with the purchase of materials, equipment, and supplies necessary in the maintenance and operation of the Postal Service.

Deficiency in postal revenues: If the revenues of the Post Office Department shall be insufficient to meet the appropriations made under title II of this Act, a sum equal to such deficiency in the revenues of such Department is hereby appropriated, to be paid out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to supply such deficiency in the revenues of the Post Office Department for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1942, and the sum needed may be advanced to the Post Office Department upon requisition of the Postmaster General.

This title may be cited as the "Post Office Department Appropriation Act, 1942".

TITLE III—GENERAL PROVISIONS

Sec. 301. Appropriations for the fiscal year 1942 available for expenses of travel of civilian officers and employees of the executive departments and establishments shall be available also for expenses of travel performed by them on transfer from one official station to another when authorized by the head of the department or establishment concerned in the order directing such transfer: Provided, That such expenses shall not be allowed for any transfer effected for the convenience of any officer or employee.

Sec. 302. No appropriation available for the executive departments and independent establishments of the Government for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1942, whether contained in this Act or any other Act, shall be expended—

(a) To purchase any motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicle (exclusive of busses, ambulances, and station wagons), at a cost, completely equipped for operation, and including the value of any vehicle exchanged, in excess of $750, unless otherwise specifically provided for in the appropriation.
(b) For the maintenance, operation, and repair of any Government-owned motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicle not used exclusively for official purposes; and "official purposes" shall not include the transportation of officers and employees between their domiciles and places of employment, except in cases of medical officers on out-patient medical services and except in cases of officers and employees engaged in field work the character of whose duties makes such transportation necessary and then only as to such latter cases when the same is approved by the head of the department or establishment concerned. The limitations of this subsection (b) shall not apply to any motor vehicles for official use of the President, the heads of the executive departments, Ambassadors, Ministers, and chargés d' affaires.

(c) For the maintenance, upkeep, and repair (exclusive of garage rent, pay of operators, tires, fuel, and lubricants) on any one motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicle, except busses and ambulances, in excess of one-third of the market price of a new vehicle of the same make and class and in no case in excess of $400.

Sec. 303. No part of the money appropriated under this Act shall be paid to any person for the filling of any position for which he or she has been nominated after the Senate upon vote has failed to confirm the nomination of such person.

Sec. 304. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act or authorized hereby to be expended shall be used to pay the compensation of any officer or employee of the Government of the United States, or of any agency the majority of the stock of which is owned by the Government of the United States, whose post of duty is in continental United States, unless such officer or employee is a citizen of the United States or a person in the service of the United States on the date of the approval of this Act who, being eligible for citizenship, has filed a declaration of intention to become a citizen or who owes allegiance to the United States: Provided, That this section shall not apply to enlisted men of the United States Coast Guard who are on active duty in that service on the effective date of this Act, until the expiration of the period required for such enlisted men to complete their naturalization, nor shall it apply to personnel of the Coast Guard on the retired list, and enlisted men on active duty with over twelve years' honorable service who are ineligible for United States citizenship.

Sec. 305. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used to pay the salary or wages of any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided, That for the purposes hereof an affidavit shall be considered prima facie evidence that the person making the affidavit does not advocate, and is not a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided further, That any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence and accepts employment the salary or wages for which are paid from any appropriation contained in this Act, shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than $1,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both: Provided further, That the above penalty clause shall be in addition to, and not in substitution for, any other provisions of existing law.

Sec. 306. This Act may be cited as the "Treasury and Post Office Departments Appropriation Act, 1942".

Approved, May 31, 1941.
May 31, 1941

[Public Law 89]

[CHAPTER 157]

AN ACT

To amend the Act approved June 28, 1940, entitled “An Act to expedite the national defense, and for other purposes”, in order to extend the power to establish priorities and allocate material.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 2 of the Act approved June 28, 1940 (Public, Numbered 671, Seventy-sixth Congress), as amended, is amended by inserting “(1)” after “Sec. 2. (a)” and by adding at the end of subsection (a) thereof the following:

“(2) Deliveries of material to which priority may be assigned pursuant to paragraph (1) shall include, in addition to deliveries of material under contracts or orders of the Army or Navy, deliveries of material under—

“(A) contracts or orders for the Government of any country whose defense the President deems vital to the defense of the United States under the terms of the Act of March 11, 1941, entitled ‘An Act to promote the defense of the United States’;

“(B) contracts or orders which the President shall deem necessary or appropriate to promote the defense of the United States; and

“(C) subcontracts or suborders which the President shall deem necessary or appropriate to the fulfillment of any contract or order as specified in this section.

Deliveries under any contract or order specified in this section may be assigned priority over deliveries under any other contract or order. Whenever the President is satisfied that the fulfillment of requirements for the defense of the United States will result in a shortage in the supply of any material for defense or for private account or for export, the President may allocate such material in such manner and to such extent as he shall deem necessary or appropriate in the public interest and to promote the national defense. The President shall be entitled to obtain such information from, require such reports by, and make such inspection of the premises of, any person, firm, or corporation as may be necessary or appropriate, in his discretion, to the enforcement or administration of the provisions of this section. No person, firm, or corporation shall be held liable for damages or penalties for any default under any contract or order which shall result directly or indirectly from his compliance with any rule, regulation, or order issued under this section. The President may exercise any power, authority, or discretion conferred on him by this section, through such department, agency, or officer of the Government as he may direct and in conformity with any rules and regulations which he may prescribe.”

Approved, May 31, 1941.

[CHAPTER 158]

AN ACT

Authorizing vessels of Canadian registry to transport iron ore on the Great Lakes during 1941.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That by reason of emergency conditions in transportation on the Great Lakes, notwithstanding the provisions of section 27 of the Act of Congress approved June 5, 1920 (41 Stat. 999), as amended by Act of Congress approved April 11, 1935 (49 Stat. 154), and by Act of Congress approved July
2, 1935 (49 Stat. 442), or the provisions of any other Act of Congress or regulation, vessels of Canadian registry shall be permitted to transport iron ore between United States ports on the Great Lakes during the 1941 season of navigation on the Great Lakes.

Approved, May 31, 1941.

[CHAPTER 159]

AN ACT

To authorize the Secretary of the Interior to convey certain property to Washington County, Utah, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior, in his discretion, is hereby authorized to convey, by quitclaim deed, to Washington County, Utah, or the authorized agents or representatives of said county, certain land and the improvements thereon, said land being described as follows:

SALT LAKE MERIDIAN

A part of lot 1 in block 9, and a part of lot 2 in block 3 of Rockville Townsite Survey, described as follows: Beginning at the southeast corner of said lot 2 in block 3, which point is approximately north six hundred and thirty-nine feet and west nine hundred and twenty-three feet from the southeast corner of section 1, township 42 south, range 11 west, and running thence north thirty feet, thence west eighty feet, thence south three hundred and twenty-five feet, thence east eighty feet, thence north two hundred and ninety-five feet to the place of beginning, containing twenty-six thousand square feet, more or less.

Approved, June 3, 1941.

[CHAPTER 160]

AN ACT

To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Susquehanna River at or near the city of Millersburg, Pennsylvania, and to authorize its construction by the Dauphin County, Pennsylvania, Authority.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Susquehanna River at or near the city of Millersburg, Pennsylvania, authorized to be built by the General State Authority, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and/or the Pennsylvania Bridge and Tunnel Commission, by an Act of Congress approved April 30, 1940, are hereby extended one and three years respectively from May 1, 1941.

Section 1 of such Act is amended by striking out “the General State Authority, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and/or the Pennsylvania Bridge and Tunnel Commission” and inserting in lieu thereof “the General State Authority, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, The Pennsylvania Bridge and Tunnel Commission, or the Dauphin County (Pennsylvania) Authority, or any two or all such bodies”.

Sec. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, June 3, 1941.
June 3, 1941
[Public Law 93]

AN ACT
To authorize the attendance of the Marine Band at the diamond anniversary convention of the Grand Army of the Republic to be held at Columbus, Ohio, September 14 to 19, inclusive, 1941.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President is authorized to permit the band of the United States Marine Corps to attend and give concerts at the diamond anniversary convention of the Grand Army of the Republic to be held at Columbus, Ohio, from September 14 to 19, inclusive, 1941.

SEC. 2. For the purpose of defraying the expenses of such band in attending and giving concerts at such convention, there is authorized to be appropriated the sum of $6,491.50, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to carry out the provisions of this Act: Provided, That in addition to transportation and Pullman accommodations the leaders and members of the Marine Band be allowed not to exceed $5 per day each for additional living expenses while on duty, and that the payment of such expenses shall be in addition to the pay and allowances to which they would be entitled while serving at their permanent station.

Approved, June 3, 1941.

June 3, 1941
[Public Law 94]

AN ACT
Authorizing a reduction in the course of instruction at the Naval Academy.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President be, and he is hereby, authorized to reduce, in his discretion, until August 1, 1945, the course of instruction at the United States Naval Academy from four to three years and to graduate classes which have completed such reduced courses of instruction.

Approved, June 3, 1941.

June 3, 1941
[Public Law 95]

AN ACT
To provide a right-of-way across Camp Wallace Military Reservation, Philippine Islands.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and empowered, under such terms and conditions as are deemed advisable by him, to grant to the Asiatic Petroleum Company (Philippine Islands), Limited, its successors and/or assigns, an easement for rights-of-way for oil and/or gasoline pipe lines, and appurtenant ramp for rolling drums, over, across, in, and upon the Camp Wallace Military Reservation, Philippine Islands: Provided, That such easement shall be granted only upon a finding by the Secretary of War that the same shall be in the public interest of the United States in the property affected thereby: Provided further, That all or any part of such easement may be annulled and forfeited by the Secretary of War if the property is needed for governmental purposes or for failure to comply with the terms or conditions of any grant hereunder, or for nonuse or for abandonment of rights granted under authority hereof: And provided further, That all moneys which may accrue to the United States under the provisions of this Act shall be deposited in the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.

Approved, June 3, 1941.
AN ACT
To provide a right-of-way across Camp Wallace Military Reservation, Philippine Islands.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and empowered, under such terms and conditions as are deemed advisable by him, to grant to the Standard-Vacuum Oil Company, its successors and/or assigns, an easement for rights-of-way for oil and/or gasoline pipe lines over, across, in, and upon the Camp Wallace Military Reservation, Philippine Islands: Provided, That such easement shall be granted only upon a finding by the Secretary of War that the same will be in the public interest of the United States in the property affected thereby: Provided further, That all or any part of such easement may be annulled and forfeited by the Secretary of War if the property is needed for governmental purposes or for failure to comply with the terms or conditions of any grant hereunder, or for nonuse or for abandonment of rights granted under authority hereof: And provided further, That all moneys which may accrue to the United States under the provisions of this Act shall be deposited in the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.

Approved, June 3, 1941.

AN ACT
To create the grade of aviation cadet in the Air Corps, Regular Army, and to prescribe the pay and allowances therefor, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the grade of aviation cadet is hereby created as a special and separate enlisted grade in the Air Corps, Regular Army, in substitution for the grade of flying cadet, created by the Act approved July 11, 1919, entitled "An Act making appropriations for the support of the Army for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1920, and for other purposes". Wherever, in any Act of Congress, the designation "flying cadet" shall appear, it shall be construed to mean aviation cadet.

Sec. 2. The Secretary of War is hereby authorized and directed to establish and maintain one or more schools for the training and instruction of aviation cadets.

Sec. 3. Under such regulations as the Secretary of War may prescribe, male citizens of the United States may enlist as aviation cadets, and enlisted men in the Regular Army may be appointed by the Secretary of War as aviation cadets. Each aviation cadet shall, at the time of his enlistment or appointment as such, be required to sign an agreement that upon his successful completion of the prescribed course of training and instruction as an aviation cadet he will accept a commission as second lieutenant, Air Corps Reserve, and will serve as such for a continuous period of three years on active duty, unless sooner released: Provided, That in the case of a minor, such agreement shall be signed with the consent of his parents or guardian. Upon the successful completion of such prescribed course of training and instruction, each aviation cadet shall be commissioned as a second lieutenant, Air Corps Reserve, and upon the completion of such period of three years on active duty each such second lieutenant shall be promoted to the grade of first lieutenant, Air Corps Reserve. The Secretary of War may at any time discharge any aviation cadet or release from active duty any such officer in the Air Corps Reserve.
Sec. 4. The base pay of any aviation cadet shall be $75 per month, which pay shall include extra pay for flying risk, as provided by law. Aviation cadets shall be paid, in addition, a money allowance for subsistence of $1 per day and shall, while undergoing training, be furnished quarters, medical care, and hospitalization and shall be issued uniforms, clothing, and equipment at Government expense. No aviation cadet shall be entitled to receive longevity pay. While traveling under orders, they shall, under such regulations as the Secretary of War may prescribe, receive transportation and reimbursement for necessary expenses incurred which are incident to such travel, or cash in lieu thereof. When traveling by air under competent orders, they shall receive the same allowances for traveling expenses as are now or may hereafter be authorized by law for officers of the Army. When commissioned as second lieutenants, Air Corps Reserve, pursuant to this Act, they shall be paid a uniform allowance of $150.

Sec. 5. Aviation cadets shall be issued Government life insurance in the amount of $10,000, the premiums on which shall be paid by the Government. Upon being commissioned as second lieutenants, Air Corps Reserve, they shall have the option of continuing such policies at their own expense.

Sec. 6. Section 2 of the Act of June 16, 1936 (49 Stat. 1524), as amended, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 2. Whenever any Air Corps Reserve officer who has not been selected for commission in the Regular Army is released from active duty that has been continuous for one or more years, he shall be paid a lump sum of $500 for each complete year of active service as such officer, and if released from active duty otherwise than upon his own request, or as a result of inefficient or unsatisfactory service as determined by the Secretary of War, such lump-sum payment shall be prorated for fractional parts of each year of such active service. The lump-sum payments herein authorized shall be in addition to any pay, allowances, compensation, or benefits which such officers may otherwise be entitled to receive."

Sec. 7. All laws and parts of laws inconsistent with or in conflict with the provisions of this Act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 8. This Act may be cited as the "Army Aviation Cadet Act". Approved, June 3, 1941.
[CHAPTER 167]

AN ACT

To authorize the training of enlisted men of the Army as aviation students.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized, under such regulations as he may prescribe, to cause the detail of enlisted men of the Regular Army and of other components of the Army of the United States in active Federal service for training and instruction as aviation students, in their respective grades, in such numbers and schools as he shall direct:

Provided, That enlisted men so detailed as aviation students who are undergoing courses of instruction which require them to participate regularly and frequently in aerial flights shall be issued Government life insurance in the amount of $10,000 under the National Service Life Insurance Act of 1940 (Public, Numbered 801, title VI, part 1), except that the premiums shall be paid by the Government during the period such enlisted men are undergoing training and instruction, and upon completion of training and instruction as aviation students they shall have the option of continuing such policies at their own expense:

And provided further, That nothing herein shall be construed as repealing or otherwise affecting existing statutory authorizations for the appointment and training of aviation students or aviation cadets.

Approved, June 3, 1941.

[CHAPTER 168]

AN ACT

Authorizing overtime rates of compensation for certain per annum employees of the field services of the War Department, the Panama Canal, the Navy Department, and the Coast Guard, and providing additional pay for employees who forego their vacations.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That compensation for employment in excess of forty hours in any administrative work-week computed at a rate of one and one-half times the regular rate is hereby authorized to be paid, under such regulations as the President may prescribe, to those per annum employees in the field service of the War Department, the Panama Canal, the Navy Department, and the Coast Guard, whose overtime services are essential to and directly connected with the expeditious prosecution of the overtime work upon which the employees enumerated in section 5 (a) of the Act of June 28, 1940, and section 1 of the Act of October 21, 1940, are engaged:

Provided, That in determining the overtime compensation of the foregoing per annum employees the pay for one day shall be considered to be one three-hundred-and-sixtieth of the respective per annum salaries.

Sec. 2. Employees of the field service of the War Department and the Panama Canal Zone may, during the period of the national emergency declared by the President on September 8, 1939, to exist, be employed during the time they would otherwise be on vacation without deprivation of their vacation pay for the time so worked. Employees who forego their vacations in accordance with the provisions of this section may be paid, in addition to their regular pay, the equivalent of the pay they would have drawn during the period of such vacation. The provisions of this section shall be applicable only to employees whose service at the time cannot, in the judgment of the Secretary of War or the Governor of the Panama Canal, as the case may be, be spared without detriment to the national defense.
Sec. 3. The provisions of section 2 of this Act and of section 7 of the Act of June 28, 1940 (Public, Numbered 671), shall be administered in accordance with such rules and regulations as the President may prescribe.

Sec. 4. The provisions of this Act shall be effective during the national emergency declared by the President on September 8, 1939, to exist, and shall terminate June 30, 1942, unless the Congress shall otherwise provide.

Approved, June 3, 1941.

[CHAPTER 174] AN ACT

To authorize the acquisition by the United States of title to or the use of domestic or foreign merchant vessels for urgent needs of commerce and national defense, and for other purposes.

June 6, 1941
[House Bill No. 4664]
[Public Law 101-111]

Emergency acquisition of domestic or foreign merchant vessels.

Preceded.
Compensation.

Duration.

Manner of payment.

Claims and liens.

Suit in admiralty.

Commencement of suit.

Rules and regulations.

Sec. 3. The provisions of section 2 of this Act and of section 7 of the Act of June 28, 1940 (Public, Numbered 671), shall be administered in accordance with such rules and regulations as the President may prescribe.

Sec. 4. The provisions of this Act shall be effective during the national emergency declared by the President on September 8, 1939, to exist, and shall terminate June 30, 1942, unless the Congress shall otherwise provide.

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Sec. 4. The provisions of this Act shall be effective during the national emergency declared by the President on September 8, 1939, to exist, and shall terminate June 30, 1942, unless the Congress shall otherwise provide.

Approved, June 3, 1941.
admiralty and maritime jurisdiction: Provided further, That if the Maritime Commission, after consideration by it of evidence submitted to it within ten days after the approval of this Act, shall find that on September 3, 1939, and continuously thereafter, any vessel was exclusively owned, used and operated for its exclusive sovereign purposes by a sovereign nation making claim therefor, such vessel may be taken under this section only by purchase or charter; and in determining said ownership, use and operation the Commission shall disregard (1) all contributions made in whole or in part at any time to the construction, repair, reconditioning, equipping or operation of said vessel, (2) all such matters, in nature similar to or dissimilar from, the foregoing clause as in the opinion of the Commission are immaterial or irrelevant to the determination of such ownership. Use of such vessel at any time since September 3, 1939, in commercial trade shall be presumptively deemed to show that said vessel is not owned, used and operated by a sovereign nation for its sovereign purposes. The final determination by the Maritime Commission shall be conclusive: Provided further, That if any vessel shall be found under the proviso next preceding to be exclusively owned, used and operated by any sovereign nation so that it can only be chartered or purchased, and such vessel shall be chartered or purchased, then the cash to be paid for said charter or purchase, to the extent that may be necessary, after payment of existing claims and liens of creditors against said vessel, shall be held for application upon such debt, if any, as may be due to the United States from the sovereign nation so found to have exclusive ownership to said vessel: Provided further, That the Maritime Commission and the Department of Justice are authorized to make just provisions out of funds provided in section 2 of this Act for employees displaced by the taking of any ship hereunder and report to the Congress their action within thirty days after the enactment of this Act.

Sec. 2. Funds appropriated by the Act of March 27, 1941 (Public Law 23, Seventy-seventh Congress), are hereby made available to carry out the provisions of section 1 hereof, including payment of the costs of repair, reconstruction, or reconditioning necessary or incidental to the use or disposition under this Act of vessels acquired, or the use or possession of which is acquired, under such section.

Sec. 3. (a) During the national emergency declared by the President on September 8, 1939, to exist, but not after June 30, 1942, the United States Maritime Commission, whenever it finds that vessels in addition to those otherwise available are necessary for transportation of foreign commerce of the United States or of commodities essential to the national defense, is authorized, notwithstanding any other provision of law, (1) to charter any vessel, whether undocumented or documented under the laws of the United States or of a foreign country, deemed by the Commission to be suitable for such transportation, without regard to the provisions of section 3709 of the Revised Statutes, on a time-charter or bare-boat basis, upon such terms and conditions, and for such period or periods, as the Commission may deem necessary or desirable in the public interest, and at such rate of hire as it may deem to be fair and reasonable in view of the attendant circumstances, and (2) to charter any vessel chartered by the Commission under clause (1) hereof to a private operator, a citizen of the United States (including a corporation, partnership, or association, only if it is a citizen of the United States within the meaning of section 2 of the Shipping Act, 1916, as amended), or to any department or agency of the United States Government, without regard to the provisions of title VII of the Merchant Marine Act, 1936, on time-charter or bare-boat basis, for use in any foreign trade or service or as otherwise hereinafter pro-
Receipts and disbursements.

Insurance and reinsurance.

Marine and war-risk insurance fund.

Receipts.

Disbursements.

54 Stat. 690, 691.
46 U.S.C. §§ 1128d, 1128e(a)-(e).

54 Stat. 4; pest, p. 764.

Purchase of vessels by U.S. Maritime Commission.


Charter or operation.

Restriction.

49 Stat. 695.
46 U.S.C. ch. 27.

Receipts and disbursements.

Documentation of vessels.

49 Stat. 695.
46 U.S.C. ch. 27.
merce be documented as a vessel of the United States under such rules and regulations or orders, and with such limitations, as the Secretary of Commerce may prescribe or issue as necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes and provisions of this Act; and (2) in accordance with the provisions of subsection (c) hereof engage in the coastwise trade when so documented. Any document issued to a vessel under the provisions of this Act shall be surrendered at any time that such surrender may be ordered by the Secretary of Commerce. No vessel, the surrender of the documents of which has been so ordered, shall, after the effective date of such order, have the status of a vessel of the United States unless documented anew.

(b) Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, the President may, by rules and regulations or orders, waive compliance with any provision of law relating to masters, officers, members of the crew, or crew accommodations on any vessel documented under authority of this Act to such extent and upon such terms as he finds necessary because of the lack of physical facilities on said ships, and because of the need to employ aliens for their operation. No vessel shall cease to enjoy the benefits and privileges of a vessel of the United States by reason of the employment of any person in accordance with the provisions of this subsection.

(c) Any vessel while documented under the provisions of this Act, when chartered hereunder by the Commission to other Government agencies or departments or to private operators, may engage in the coastwise trade under permits issued by the Commission, which is hereby authorized to issue permits for such purpose pursuant to such rules and regulations as it may prescribe. The Commission is hereby authorized to prescribe such rules and regulations as it may deem necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes and provisions of this Act.

(d) The second paragraph of section 9 of the Shipping Act, 1916, as amended, shall not apply with respect to vessels chartered to other Government agencies or departments or to private operators under section 3 or section 4 of this Act.

(e) Existing laws covering the inspection of steam vessels are hereby made applicable to vessels documented under this Act only to the extent and upon such conditions as may be required by the regulations of the Board of Supervising Inspectors with the approval of the Secretary of Commerce: Provided, That in determining to what extent those laws should be made applicable, due consideration shall be given to the primary purpose of transporting commodities essential to the national defense.

(f) The Commission without regard to the provisions of section 3709 of the Revised Statutes may repair, reconstruct, or recondition any vessels to be utilized under this Act. Any other Government department or agency by which any vessel is acquired or chartered, or to which any vessel is transferred or made available under this Act may, with the aid of any funds available, and without regard to the provisions of said section 3709, repair, reconstruct, or recondition any such vessels to meet the needs of the services intended, or provide facilities for such repair, reconstruction, or reconditioning:

(g) In case of voyage of a vessel documented under the provisions of this Act is begun before the date of termination of the effective period of section 3, but is completed after such date, the provisions of this section shall continue in effect with respect to such vessel until such voyage is completed.

(h) When used in this Act, the term "documented" means "registered" and "enrolled and licensed".

Approved, June 6, 1941, 11 a. m., E. S. T.
AN ACT

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act of February 27, 1936 (49 Stat. 1144), in so far as the provisions thereof are embodied in section 1033a of title 34 of the United States Code, is hereby amended to read as follows:

“The Secretary of the Navy is authorized to appoint not more than twenty midshipmen annually to the Naval Academy from among the honor graduates of educational institutions which are designated as ‘honor schools’ by the War Department in accordance with the provisions of the Act of July 9, 1918 (40 Stat. 894), as amended (10 U. S. C. 1091), or by the Navy Department in accordance with regulations established by the Secretary of the Navy, and from among the members of the Naval Reserve Officers’ Training Corps: Provided, That such appointments shall be made under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Navy may prescribe.”

Approved, June 6, 1941.

AN ACT

To authorize the Secretary of the Navy to sell equipment and supplies to and perform work for the Commonwealth of the Philippine Islands.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy is authorized, in his discretion, to sell to the Commonwealth of the Philippine Islands such materials, supplies, and equipment and to repair or assist with the design of vessels, armament, or equipment for said Commonwealth as the Naval Establishment may be in a position to do at prices to be specified by said Secretary, the prices of the work performed, and of new materials, supplies, and equipment, to be not less than the cost to the Government: Provided, That the amounts received in payment for work performed, and of new materials, supplies, or equipment sold, shall be credited to appropriations or funds as may be authorized by other law, or if not so authorized, so as to be available to replace the materials, supplies, or equipment, unless the said Secretary determines that such replacement is not necessary, in which case the amounts shall be covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts: Provided further, That the amounts received in payment for obsolete or surplus materials, supplies, or equipment sold, less the costs to the Government occasioned by such sales, shall be covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.

Sec. 2. All contracts or agreements made by the Secretary of the Navy for the sale of the materials, supplies, or equipment authorized by this Act shall contain a clause by which the Commonwealth of the Philippine Islands undertakes not to dispose of such materials, supplies, or equipment, or of any plans, specifications, or information pertaining thereto, by gift, sale, or any mode of transfer in such manner that they become a part of the armament of, or available to, any state other than the said Commonwealth.

Sec. 3. The authority granted under this Act shall terminate upon the final granting of independence to the Commonwealth of the Philippine Islands.

Approved, June 6, 1941.
[CHAPTER 177]

AN ACT

To authorize the Secretary of the Navy and the Secretary of the Treasury to exchange certain equipment in part payment for new equipment of the same or similar character.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy, insofar as Navy property is concerned, and the Secretary of the Treasury, insofar as Coast Guard property is concerned, are respectively authorized to exchange motor-propelled vehicles, airplanes, engines, and parts thereof, and obsolete, unsuitable, and unserviceable machines and tools, and parts thereof, in part payment for new equipment of the same or similar character as those proposed to be exchanged.

Approved, June 6, 1941.

[CHAPTER 187]

AN ACT

Authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to release certain interests in certain land which adjoins the Shark River Coast Guard Station, in Monmouth County, New Jersey.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to convey by quitclaim deed, to the estate of James A. Bradley, deceased, all the right, title, and interest of the United States in and to property owned by the estate of James A. Bradley, deceased, which adjoins the Shark River Coast Guard Station, in Monmouth County, New Jersey.

Approved, June 6, 1941.

[CHAPTER 188]

AN ACT

To amend the Act entitled "An Act for the establishment of marine schools, and for other purposes", approved March 4, 1911, as amended, with respect to the location of the nautical school at the port of San Francisco.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first section of the Act entitled "An Act for the establishment of marine schools, and for other purposes", approved March 4, 1911, as amended, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph: "The port of San Francisco specified in the first paragraph of this section shall be construed as embracing, in addition to the city of San Francisco, any city, town, municipality, or other locality on the San Francisco Bay or the San Pablo Bay or waters tributary thereto."

Approved, June 6, 1941.

[CHAPTER 189]

AN ACT

Authorizing expenditures for the Office of Government Reports in the Executive Office of the President.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there is hereby authorized to be appropriated annually to the Office of Government Reports in the Executive Office of the President a sum not exceeding $1,500,000 in order to (a) provide a central clearing house through which individual citizens, organizations of citizens, and State or local
governmental bodies may transmit inquiries and complaints and receive advice and information; (b) assist the President in dealing with special problems requiring the clearance of information between the Federal Government and State and local governments and private institutions; (c) collect and distribute information concerning the purposes and activities of executive departments and agencies for the use of the Congress, administrative officials, and the public; and (d) keep the President currently informed of the opinions, desires, and complaints of citizens and groups of citizens and of State and local governments with respect to the work of Federal agencies: Provided, That, in the expenditure of such funds, section 5709 of the Revised Statutes shall not be construed to apply to any purchase or service where the aggregate amount involved does not exceed $50: Provided further, That the President may fix the salary of the Director of the Office of Government Reports at a rate of not more than $10,000 per annum.

Approved, June 9, 1941.

[CHAPTER 190] AN ACT

To extend the operations of the Disaster Loan Corporation and the Electric Home and Farm Authority, to provide for increasing the lending authority of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act approved February 11, 1937 (U. S. C., 1934 edition, Supplement V, title 15, sec. 605k-1), as amended, is hereby amended by striking out "in the years 1936, 1937, 1938, 1939, or 1940" and inserting in lieu thereof "occurring during the period between January 1, 1936, and January 22, 1947".

SEC. 2. Section 1 of the Act approved March 31, 1936 (49 Stat. 1186), as amended, is hereby amended by striking out "June 30, 1941" and inserting in lieu thereof "January 22, 1947".

SEC. 3. (a) The first sentence of section 10 of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation Act, as amended, is hereby amended by inserting before the period at the end thereof the following: 

"The exemptions provided for in the preceding sentence with respect to taxation (which shall, for all purposes, be deemed to include sales, use, storage, and purchase taxes) shall be construed to be applicable not only with respect to the Reconstruction Finance Corporation but also with respect to (1) the Defense Plant Corporation, the Defense Supplies Corporation, the Metals Reserve Company, the Rubber Reserve Company, and any other corporation heretofore or hereafter organized or created by the Reconstruction Finance Corporation under section 5d of this Act, as amended, to aid the Government of the United States in its national-defense program, (2) The RFC Mortgage Company, the Federal National Mortgage Association, and any other public corporation heretofore or hereafter organized or created by or at the instance of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, and (3) the Disaster Loan Corporation, and any other public corporation which is now or which may be hereafter wholly financed and wholly managed by the Reconstruction Finance Corporation. Such exemptions shall also be construed to be applicable to the loans made, and personal property owned, by the Reconstruction Finance Corporation or by any corporation.
referred to in clause (1), (2) or (3) of the preceding sentence, but such exemptions shall not be construed to be applicable in any State to any buildings which are considered by the laws of such State to be personal property for taxation purposes."

SEC. 4. (a) The fourth paragraph of section 5d of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation Act, as amended, is hereby amended by inserting after subsection (3) thereof the following new subsection:

"(4) When requested by the Federal Loan Administrator, with the approval of the President, and subject to such conditions and limitations as may be set forth in such request, to make loans, notwithstanding the provisions of any other law, to any foreign governments, to their central banks, or to any person, commission, association, corporation, or bank acting for or on behalf of such government, for the purpose of achieving the maximum dollar exchange value in the United States for the securities or property of any such government, central bank, person, commission, association, corporation, or bank. Such loans may be made only upon the security of bonds, debentures, stocks, or other such obligations of (a) the Government of the United States or any State, municipality, or political subdivision of any State, or (b) any private corporation organized under the laws of the United States or any State."

(b) The first sentence of subsection (3) of such fourth paragraph is hereby amended to comprise four sentences to read as follows:

"(3) When requested by the Federal Loan Administrator, with the approval of the President, to create or organize, at any time prior to July 1, 1943, a corporation or corporations, with power (a) to produce, acquire, carry, sell, or otherwise deal in strategic and critical materials as defined by the President; (b) to purchase and lease land, purchase, lease, build, and expand plants, and purchase and produce equipment, facilities, machinery, materials, and supplies for the manufacture of strategic and critical materials, arms, ammunition, and implements of war, any other articles, equipment, facilities, and supplies necessary to the national defense, and such other articles, equipment, supplies, and materials as may be required in the manufacture or use of any of the foregoing or otherwise necessary in connection therewith; (c) to lease, sell, or otherwise dispose of such land, plants, facilities, and machinery to others to engage in such manufacture; (d) to engage in such manufacture itself, if the President finds that it is necessary for a Government agency to engage in such manufacture; (e) to produce, lease, purchase, or otherwise acquire railroad equipment (including rolling stock), and commercial aircraft, and parts, equipment, facilities, and supplies necessary in connection with such railroad equipment and aircraft, and to lease, sell, or otherwise dispose of the same; (f) to purchase, lease, build, expand, or otherwise acquire facilities for the training of aviators and to operate or lease, sell, or otherwise dispose of such facilities to others to engage in such training; and (g) to take such other action as the President and the Federal Loan Administrator may deem necessary to expedite the national-defense program, but the aggregate amount of the funds of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation which may be outstanding at any one time for carrying out this clause (g) shall not exceed $200,000,000: Provided, That nothing in this subsection shall be construed to authorize the Corporation to take any action, directly or indirectly, with respect to the proposals here-
St. Lawrence seaway, Passamaquoddy, Florida ship canal, and Tombigbee River projects, or to the project known as the Nicaragua Canal. The powers of every corporation hereafter created or organized under this subsection shall be set out in a charter which shall be valid only when certified copies thereof are filed with the Secretary of the Senate and the Clerk of the House of Representatives and published in the Federal Register, and all amendments to such charters shall be valid only when similarly filed and published. The charters of corporations herefore so created or organized shall be so filed and published before July 1, 1941, and amendments thereto shall be valid only when certified copies thereof are hereafter so filed and published. No corporation heretofore or hereafter created or organized by the Corporation pursuant to this subsection shall have succession beyond January 22, 1947, except for purposes of liquidation, unless the life of such corporation is extended beyond such date pursuant to an Act of Congress.37

Sec. 5. The amount of notes, bonds, debentures, and other such obligations which the Reconstruction Finance Corporation is authorized to issue and have outstanding at any one time under existing law is hereby increased by $1,500,000,000.

Approved, June 10, 1941.

[CHAPTER 191]

JOINT RESOLUTION

Authorizing the President of the United States to present to Eire on behalf of the people of the United States a statue of Commodore John Barry.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to present to the Irish Nation, now known as Eire, a statue of Commodore John Barry in honor of the bicentenary in 1945 of the birth of Commodore John Barry.

Sec. 2. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated the sum of $20,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to effectuate the purposes of this joint resolution.

Sec. 3. The statue to be presented shall be executed by a sculptor to be chosen by a committee of three members, who shall serve without compensation or remuneration. This committee shall be appointed by the President. The design and cost of the statue within the limit set shall be approved by the committee.

Approved, June 10, 1941.

[CHAPTER 193]

JOINT RESOLUTION

To authorize the postponement of payment of amounts payable to the United States by the Republic of Finland on its indebtedness under agreements between that Republic and the United States dated May 1, 1923, May 23, 1932, and May 1, 1941.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Republic of Finland, at its option, may postpone the payment of amounts payable to the United States of America during the period from January 1, 1941, to December 31, 1942, inclusive, under the agreements between that Republic and the United States of America dated May 1, 1923, May 23, 1932, and May 1, 1941. In the event of the exercise of the option granted in this section the Secretary of the Treasury is author-
ized to make, on behalf of the United States of America, an agreement with the Republic of Finland for the payment of the postponed amounts in forty semiannual installments, the first two such installments to be paid during the calendar year beginning January 1, 1945, and two to be paid during each of the nineteen calendar years following: Provided, That the amounts postponed shall not bear any interest beyond the dates when such amounts first become payable under the above mentioned agreements.

Sec. 2. The agreement authorized in the first section of this joint resolution shall be in such form that payments thereunder shall, unless otherwise provided in such agreement, be in accordance with, and subject to the same terms and conditions as payments under, the agreement with the Republic of Finland dated May 1, 1923.

Approved, June 12, 1941.

[CHAPTER 203]

AN ACT

To amend section 2 of an Act entitled "An Act making appropriations for the legislative, executive, and judicial expenses of the Government for the year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and seventy-five, and for other purposes", approved June 20, 1874, and to amend section 8 of an Act entitled "An Act making appropriations for the legislative, executive, and judicial expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and ninety-seven, and for other purposes", approved May 28, 1896.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 2 of the Act entitled "An Act making appropriations for the legislative, executive, and judicial expenses of the Government for the year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and seventy-five, and for other purposes", approved June 20, 1874 (18 Stat. 109), be, and the same hereby is, amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 2. That every clerk of the circuit or district court of the United States, the United States marshal, or United States district attorney, shall reside permanently in the district where his official duties are to be performed and shall give his personal attention thereto; and in case any such officer shall remove from his district, or shall fail to give personal attention to the duties of his office, except in case of sickness, such office shall be deemed vacant: Provided, That in the southern district of New York and in the District of Columbia said officers may reside within twenty miles of their districts."

Sec. 2. The second paragraph of section 8 of the Act entitled "An Act making appropriations for the legislative, executive, and judicial expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and ninety-seven, and for other purposes", approved May 28, 1896 (29 Stat. 181), be, and the same hereby is, amended to read as follows:

"The Attorney General is authorized to fix and declare the place of the official residence of the district attorney and of each of his assistants: Provided, That the said assistants must be residents of the district for which they are appointed, except that in the District of Columbia said assistants may reside within twenty miles of their district."

Approved, June 14, 1941.
[CHAPTER 204] AN ACT
June 14, 1941

To amend section 7 of the Act of May 14, 1930 (46 Stat. 326; U. S. C., title 18, sec. 753f), relating to places of confinement and transfers of persons convicted of an offense against the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 7 of the Act of May 14, 1930 (46 Stat. 326; U. S. C., title 18, sec. 753f), is amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 7. Hereafter all persons convicted of an offense against the United States shall be committed, for such terms of imprisonment as the court may direct, to the custody of the Attorney General of the United States or his authorized representative, who shall designate the places of confinement where the sentences of all such persons shall be served: Provided, That any sentence of imprisonment for an offense punishable by imprisonment for a term of one year or less shall not be served in a penitentiary except with the defendant's consent. The Attorney General may designate any available, suitable, and appropriate institutions, whether maintained by the Federal Government or otherwise, or whether within or without the judicial district in which the person was convicted. The Attorney General is also authorized to order the transfer of any person held under authority of any United States statute from one institution to another if in his judgment it shall be for the well-being of the prisoner or relieve overcrowded or unhealthful conditions in the institution where such prisoner is confined or for other reasons."

Approved, June 14, 1941.

[CHAPTER 209] AN ACT
June 20, 1941

To authorize the refusal of visas to aliens whose admission into the United States would endanger the public safety.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That whenever any American diplomatic or consular officer knows or has reason to believe that any alien seeks to enter the United States for the purpose of engaging in activities which will endanger the public safety of the United States, he shall refuse to issue to such alien any immigration visa, passport visa, transit certificate, or other document entitling such alien to present himself for admission into the United States; but in any case in which a diplomatic or consular officer denies a visa or other travel document under the provisions of this Act, he shall promptly refer the case to the Secretary of State for such further action as the Secretary may deem appropriate.

Sec. 2. The President is hereby authorized to prescribe such rules and regulations as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act.

Approved, June 20, 1941.

[CHAPTER 210] AN ACT
June 21, 1941

To amend the Act of May 22, 1918 (40 Stat. 559).

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first paragraph of section 1 of the Act of May 22, 1918 (40 Stat. 559), is amended to read as follows:

"When the United States is at war or during the existence of the national emergency proclaimed by the President on May 27, 1941, or
as to aliens whenever there exists a state of war between, or among, two or more states, and the President shall find that the interests of the United States require that restrictions and prohibitions in addition to those provided otherwise than by this Act be imposed upon the departure of persons from and their entry into the United States, and shall make public proclamation thereof, it shall, until otherwise ordered by the President or Congress, be unlawful—”.

Sec. 2. That section 3 of such Act of May 22, 1918, is amended to read as follows:

“Any person who shall willfully violate any of the provisions of this Act, or of any order or proclamation of the President promulgated, or of any permit, rule, or regulation issued thereunder, shall, upon conviction, be fined not more than $5,000, or, if a natural person, imprisoned for not more than five years, or both; and the officer, director, or agent of any corporation who knowingly participates in such violation shall be punished by like fine or imprisonment, or both; and any vehicle, vessel or aircraft, together with its or her appurtenances, equipment, tackle, apparel, and furniture, concerned in any such violation, shall be forfeited to the United States.”

Sec. 2a. That section 4 of such Act of May 22, 1918, is amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 4. The term `United States’ as used in this Act includes the Canal Zone, the Commonwealth of the Philippines, and all territory and waters, continental or insular, subject to the jurisdiction of the United States.

“The word ‘person’ as used herein shall be deemed to mean any individual, partnership, association, company, or other unincorporated body of individuals, or corporation, or body politic.”

Sec. 3. That such Act of May 22, 1918, is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sections:

“SEC. 5. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to entitle an alien to whom a permit to enter the United States has been issued to enter the United States, if, upon arrival in the United States, he is found to be inadmissible to the United States under this Act or any law relating to the entry of aliens into the United States.

“SEC. 6. The revocation of any proclamation, rule, regulation, or order issued in pursuance of this Act, shall not prevent prosecution for any offense committed or the imposition of any penalties or forfeitures, liability for which was incurred under this Act prior to the revocation of such proclamation, rule, regulation, or order.”

Approved, June 21, 1941.
Seward at a reasonable price, and the purchase shall be approved by the holder or holders of not less than 75 per centum in principal amount of electric revenue bonds of said town outstanding on the date of approval by said bondholders, and by a majority of the qualified electors of the town of Seward voting upon the question at a regular election or at a special election called and held for that purpose within ninety days after the formal submission of said offer, the town of Seward is hereby authorized and empowered (a) to acquire said property, and to pay the agreed purchase price thereof; (b) to operate and maintain all or any part thereof for its own use and benefit and for the use and benefit of public and private consumers or users within and without the territorial boundaries of said town, as an integral part of the municipal electric system of said town; (c) to issue its bonds to finance in whole or in part the cost of acquiring said property; (d) to prescribe and collect rates, fees, tolls, or charges for the services, facilities, and commodities furnished in connection with the operation of said property; (e) to pledge to the punctual payment of said bonds and interest thereon all or any part of the gross or net revenues from the operation of said property, separately or in conjunction with property heretofore acquired by said town (including improvements, betterments, or extensions thereto hereafter constructed or acquired): Provided further, That the principal amount of bonds authorized under the foregoing provisions of this section shall in no event be in excess of the purchase price stated in the offer and all proceedings for the issuance and sale of said bonds shall be submitted to and approved by the holder or holders of not less than 75 per centum in principal amount of aforesaid electric revenue bonds of said town outstanding on the date of such approval: Provided further, That said town may, upon consent of the holder or holders of not less than 75 per centum in principal amount of bonds of said town issued under this Act and outstanding on the date of such consent, issue its refunding and acquisition bonds in the aggregate principal amount of bonds to be refunded and such additional principal amount as the probable revenues from the operation of the combined systems will reasonably justify. Refunding and acquisition bonds, if issued, shall bear interest not exceeding 4 per centum per annum; otherwise they shall be issued in compliance with other bond provisions contained in this Act.

Sec. 2. All Acts and parts of Acts in conflict herewith are hereby repealed to the extent of such conflict.

Approved, June 21, 1941.

To provide for the transportation home of persons who have been arrested and subsequently released without conviction or convicted and placed on probation.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act of July 3, 1926 (ch. 795, 44 Stat. 901 (U. S. C., title 18, sec. 746)), be, and the same is hereby, amended by adding thereto the following sections:

"Sec. 2. On the release from custody of any person who has been arrested on a charge of violating any law of the United States or of the Territory of Alaska, and who has not been convicted of such charge, other than a person admitted to bail, the court having jurisdiction of the trial of the case, including cases where arrests have been made and no indictment returned, in its discretion may direct the United States marshal for the district wherein he is released, pursuant to regulations that may be promulgated by the Attorney General, to transport him home without charge, or to transport to some other place such distance as the court may direct, and if the court determines that the transportation will benefit the person arrested, the court may order the United States attorney at the place where the arrest took place to pay the transportation expenses."

Approved, June 21, 1941.
General, to furnish the person so released with transportation and subsistence to the place of his arrest or, at his election, to the place of his bona fide residence if the cost of transportation and subsistence to such place of residence is not greater than to the place of arrest."

"Sec. 3. When a court of the United States places a defendant on probation, the court may direct the United States marshal to furnish the defendant with transportation to the place to which the defendant is required to proceed under the terms of his probation and, in addition, may also direct the marshal to furnish the defendant with an amount of money, not to exceed $20, for subsistence expense to his destination. In such event, such expenses shall be paid by the marshal."

Approved, June 21, 1941.

[CHAPTER 213]

AN ACT

To amend section 3528 of the Revised Statutes, as amended, relating to the purchase of metal for minor coins of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 3528 of the Revised Statutes, as amended (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 31, sec. 340), is hereby further amended by striking out the figure "$600,000" and inserting in lieu thereof the figure "$1,000,000".

Approved, June 21, 1941.

[CHAPTER 214]

AN ACT

To amend the Federal Crop Insurance Act.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 502 of the Federal Crop Insurance Act, as amended, is hereby amended by substituting the word "crop" for the word "wheat-crop" and by substituting the words "agricultural commodities" for the word "wheat".

Sec. 2. That section 506 (h) of said Act, as amended, is amended by striking out the words "for wheat and other agricultural commodities" and by inserting in lieu thereof a comma and the following words: "and preparatory to the application of the Act to other basic commodities when so provided by law, shall assemble data relative to field corn, for the purpose of establishing a satisfactory actuarial basis for such commodity."

Sec. 3. That section 508 of said Act, as amended, is amended by striking out the first comma in subsection (a) thereof and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "and with the cotton crop planted for harvest in 1942."

Sec. 4. That section 508 of said Act, as amended, is further amended by striking out the words "producers of wheat against loss in yields of wheat" in the first sentence, and substituting in lieu thereof the words "producers of the agricultural commodity against loss in yields of the agricultural commodity."

Sec. 5. That section 508 of said Act, as amended, is further amended by substituting the words "the agricultural commodity" for the word "wheat" in the third sentence of subsection (a).

Sec. 6. That sections 508 (b), (c), and (d) and 516 (a) of said Act, as amended, are further amended by substituting the words "the agricultural commodity" for the word "wheat" wherever it appears.
SEC. 7. That section 508 of said Act, as amended, is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

“(e) In connection with insurance upon yields of cotton, to include provision for additional premium and indemnity in terms of lint cotton to cover loss of cottonseed, such additional premium and indemnity to be determined on the basis of the average relationship between returns from cottonseed and returns from lint cotton for the same period of years as that used for computing yields and premium rates.”

SEC. 8. That section 516 (a) of said Act, as amended, is amended by striking out the figures “$6,000,000” and substituting in lieu thereof the figures “$12,000,000”.

SEC. 9. That said Act, as amended, is further amended by redesignating section 518 as section 519, and by addition thereto of the following new section:

“SEC. 518. ‘Agricultural commodity’; as used in this Act, means wheat or cotton, or both, as the context may indicate.”

SEC. 10. That section 508 (d) of the Federal Crop Insurance Act, as amended, is amended by inserting the following sentences immediately after the first sentence thereof: “Nothing in this section shall prevent the Corporation from accepting, for the payment of premiums, notes payable in the commodity insured, or the cash equivalent, upon such security as may be determined pursuant to subsection (b) of this section, and from purchasing the quantity of the commodity represented by any of such notes not paid at maturity.”

Approved, June 21, 1941.

[CHAPTER 215]

AN ACT

To authorize the use of certain lands for military purposes at the Fort McPherson Military Reservation, Georgia, and the Fort Du Pont Military Reservation, Delaware.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Atlanta National Guard target range, Georgia, comprising one hundred thirty-four and two tenths acres of land, being no longer required for National Guard purposes, is hereby incorporated in and made a part of the Fort McPherson Military Reservation, Georgia.

SEC. 2. That the tract of land, comprising thirty-six one-hundredths of an acre, with dwelling house thereon, adjacent to the Fort Du Pont Military Reservation, Delaware, heretofore acquired as a part of the Chesapeake and Delaware Canal property, being no longer required for that purpose, is hereby incorporated in and made a part of the Fort Du Pont Military Reservation, Delaware.

Approved, June 21, 1941.

[CHAPTER 216]

AN ACT

To authorize The Pennsylvania Railroad Company, by means of an underpass, to cross New York Avenue Northeast, to extend, construct, maintain, and operate certain industrial side tracks, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That The Pennsylvania Railroad Company, operating lessee of all of the railroads and appurtenant properties of The Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington Railroad Company, in the District of Columbia, be, and it is hereby, authorized to establish switch and siding connec-
tions with its tracks in parcel 130/9, to cross New York Avenue by means of a suitable underpass, and thence into and through parcel 129/33 and lot 801 in square 3585, as well as into and through the bed of Brentwood Road between New York Avenue and Florida Avenue, if and when said road is officially vacated by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, all of said parcels of land being thus known and identified on the plat books of the Surveyor's Office of the District of Columbia, with all switches, crossings, turnouts, extensions, spurs, and sidings, as may be or become necessary for the development of the said squares and parcels of land above indicated for such use as may be permitted in the use district or districts in which said squares and parcels of land are now or may hereafter be included as defined in the zoning regulations of the District of Columbia and shown in the official atlases of the Zoning Commission.

Sec. 2. Before any of the work above authorized shall be begun on the ground a plan or plans thereof shall be prepared and submitted to the Commissioners of the District of Columbia for their approval and only to the extent that such plans shall be so approved shall said work or any portion thereof be permitted or undertaken.

Sec. 3. Nothing herein contained shall be construed as limiting or abridging the authority of the Commissioners of the District of Columbia under the Act of Congress approved March 3, 1927 (44 Stat. L. 1353), entitled "An Act to provide for the elimination of grade crossings of steam railroads in the District of Columbia, and for other purposes".

Sec. 4. Nothing herein contained shall be construed as modifying the requirements of section 1 (18) of the Interstate Commerce Act insofar as they would apply to the construction referred to in section 1 of this Act.

Sec. 5. That Congress reserves the right to amend, alter, or repeal this Act.

Approved, June 21, 1941.

[CHAPTER 217]

AN ACT

To amend the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act, as amended, with respect to the making available of conservation materials and soil-conserving or soil-building services.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That subsection (b) of section 8 of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act, as amended, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in making available conservation materials consisting of seeds, seed inoculants, fertilizers, liming and other soil-conditioning materials, trees, or plants, or in making available soil-conserving or soil-building services, to agricultural producers under this subsection, the Secretary may make payments, in advance of determination of performance by the producers, to persons who fill purchase orders covering approved conservation materials or covering soil-conserving or soil-building services, furnished to producers at not to exceed a fair price fixed in accordance with regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary, or who render services to the Secretary in delivering to producers approved conservation materials, for the carrying out, by the producers, of soil-building or soil-conserving practices approved by the Secretary."

Approved, June 21, 1941.
An Act

To authorize the Administrator of Veterans’ Affairs to transfer by quitclaim deed title in certain lands of Veterans’ Administration Facility, Dayton, Ohio, to the county of Montgomery, State of Ohio, for highway-widening purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Administrator of Veterans’ Affairs is authorized and directed to transfer by quitclaim deed title to the county of Montgomery, State of Ohio, for highway-widening purposes to the following-described strips of land of Veterans’ Administration Facility, Dayton, Ohio:

Parcel Numbered 1

Situated in section 1, township 3, range 5 east, Jefferson Township, and section 36, township 4, range 5 east, Madison Township, county of Montgomery, State of Ohio, being a tract of land twenty-five feet in width west of and adjacent to the existing west right-of-way line of Gettysburg Avenue, extending from the north right-of-way line of Germantown Pike to the south right-of-way line of Eaton Pike, the west line of said tract being forty-five feet west of the east line of said sections and parallel thereto, containing two and five-tenths acres, more or less.

Parcel Numbered 2

Situated in section 1, township 3, range 5 east, Jefferson Township, county of Montgomery, State of Ohio, being a tract of land five feet in width north of and adjacent to the existing north line of the Dayton-Liberty Road, and extending from the north right-of-way line of the Germantown Pike to the east right-of-way line of Princeton Drive, the northern line of said tract being thirty-five feet north of the south line of said section and parallel thereto, containing three-tenths of an acre, more or less.

Parcel Numbered 3

Situated in section 1, township 3, range 5 east, Jefferson Township, and section 36, township 4, range 5 east, Madison Township, county of Montgomery, State of Ohio, being a tract of land ten feet in width east of and adjacent to the existing right-of-way line of Princeton Drive, and extending from the north right-of-way line of the Dayton-Liberty Road to the south right-of-way line of the Eaton Pike, the east line of said tract being thirty feet east of the west line of said sections and parallel thereto, containing one and three-tenths acres, more or less.

Sec. 2. Such grant shall be conditioned upon the approval by the proper authorities of the county of Montgomery, State of Ohio, of an agreement to (a) move the one-story frame building (wash house), the two-story brick building, the reservoir and the pump house, and fill in the gaps which removal of the buildings will leave in the fences, in accordance with specifications to be furnished by the Administrator of Veterans’ Affairs; (b) restore all areas within the reservation affected by this work as nearly as possible to their original condition, including any necessary sodding; all without expense to the United States. The deed authorized by this Act shall contain express reservations that should the land cease to be used for highway purposes then all right, title, and interest therein shall immediately revert to and revest in the United States and such deed shall contain a covenant that title to the buildings and
other improvements presently located on this property shall remain in the Government and that when their removal becomes necessary for widening of the roadway they shall be moved therefrom and relocated at the expense of the county in accordance with specifications to be furnished by the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs.

Approved, June 21, 1941.

[CHAPTER 219]

AN ACT

To authorize the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs to transfer by quitclaim deed to the Norfolk and Western Railway Company a small piece of land at Veterans' Administration Facility, Roanoke, Virginia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs is hereby authorized and directed, in consideration of $100, to transfer by quitclaim deed to the Norfolk and Western Railway Company, the following-described property located at Veterans' Administration Facility, Roanoke, Virginia: All that certain strip or parcel of land situate in the county of Roanoke, State of Virginia, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point corner to lands of the Veterans' Administration and right-of-way of Roanoke Terminal Division of the Norfolk and Western Railway Company, said point being north fifty-two degrees three minutes east twenty-six and twenty-eight one-hundredths feet from the center line of old west-bound main track of said railway at station 139 plus 47.4 also north fifty-two degrees three minutes east from the center line of present west-bound main track MP N-261 plus two thousand nine hundred and forty feet, more or less, as measured from Norfolk, Virginia; thence with the northern line of said right-of-way northwesterly about three hundred and fifty-six feet to a point radial to said center line of old west-bound main track at station 142 plus 91.3, said station being also in the center line of a culvert; thence through the lands of Veterans' Administration by a straight line eastwardly about three hundred and eighty-five feet to a point in an offset in said northern line of right-of-way; thence with said offset south fifty-two degrees three minutes west, crossing a rail monument at forty-three and six-tenths feet, a total distance of seventy feet to the point of beginning, containing two-tenths of an acre, more or less.

Approved, June 21, 1941.

[CHAPTER 228]

AN ACT

To extend certain provisions of title X of the Merchant Marine Act, 1936, as amended.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 1012 of the Merchant Marine Act, 1936, as amended, is amended by striking out "three years" and inserting in lieu thereof "four years".

SEC. 2. Section 1004 of such Act is amended by striking out the words "the Board to encourage" in the opening lines of said section.

SEC. 3. Sections 1006, 1008, and 1009, and the last sentence of section 1010 of such Act are hereby repealed; Provided, however, That the Maritime Labor Board may continue to act as mediator in any disputes wherein its mediation services have been requested and the mediation of which the Board has actively undertaken prior to the date of the enactment of this Act.

Approved, June 23, 1941.
JOINT RESOLUTION

To authorize the President of the United States to invite the governments of the countries of the Western Hemisphere to participate in a meeting of the national directors of the meteorological services of those countries, to be held in the United States as soon as practicable, in 1941 or 1942; to invite Regional Commissions III and IV of the International Meteorological Organization to meet concurrently therewith; and to authorize an appropriation for the expenses of organizing and holding such meetings.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President be, and is hereby, authorized to invite the governments of the countries of the Western Hemisphere to participate in a meeting of the national directors of the meteorological services of those countries, to be held in the United States as soon as practicable, in 1941 or 1942, and to invite Regional Commissions III and IV of the International Meteorological Organization to meet concurrently therewith.

SEC. 2. That the sum of $14,500, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby authorized to be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the expenses of organizing and holding such meetings, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, without regard to the Classification Act of 1923, as amended; communication services; stenographic reporting, translating, and other services by contract if deemed necessary, without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (U. S. C., title 41, sec. 5); travel expenses; local transportation; hire of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles; transportation of things; rent in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; printing and binding; entertainment; official cards; badges; purchase of newspapers, periodicals, books, documents, maps, charts, etc.; stationery; and such other expenses as may be actually and necessarily incurred by the Government of the United States by reason of observance of appropriate courtesies in connection therewith, and such other expenses as may be authorized by the Secretary of State, including the reimbursement of other appropriations from which payments may have been made for any of the purposes herein specified.

Approved, June 24, 1941.

AN ACT

To authorize the President of the United States to dispose of certain public vessels, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy, with the approval of the President, be, and he is hereby, authorized to use for experimental purposes vessels of the United States Navy stricken from the Navy Register pursuant to the Act of August 5, 1882 (22 Stat. 296; 34 U. S. C., sec. 491); Provided, That the Secretary of the Navy shall first determine that the interests of the Government would be best served thereby: Provided further, That the Secretary of the Navy shall make an annual report to the Congress of all vessels disposed of under the provisions of this Act.

Approved, June 24, 1941.
[CHAPTER 232]

AN ACT

To amend sections 4613 and 4614 of the Revised Statutes of the United States to include captures of aircraft as prizes of war.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That sections 4613 and 4614 of the Revised Statutes of the United States (U. S. C., title 34, secs. 1131 and 1132) be amended to read, respectively, as follows:

Sec. 4613. The provisions of this title (title LIV) shall apply to all captures of vessels, including aircraft, made as prize by authority of the United States or adopted and ratified by the President of the United States: Provided, That the terms 'vessel' and 'ship' as used in this title (title LIV) shall include the pilot or other person in command of such aircraft: Provided further, That nothing herein contained shall be construed as affecting, or in any way impairing, the legal right of the Army of the United States or any component part thereof, while engaged in hostilities, to capture any enemy property or neutral property used or transported in violation of the obligations of neutrals under international law, wherever found, and without prize procedure.

Sec. 4614. The term 'vessels of the Navy' as used in this title (title LIV) shall include all armed vessels, including aircraft, officered and manned by the United States and under the control of the Department of the Navy.

Approved, June 24, 1941.

[CHAPTER 233]

AN ACT

To amend the Act of April 15, 1935, as amended (49 Stat. 156; U. S. C., Supp. V, title 34, sec. 842), and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 1 of the Act approved April 15, 1935, as amended (49 Stat. 156; U. S. C., Supp. V, title 34, sec. 842), is hereby amended to read as follows: "That the grade of aviation cadet is hereby created in the Naval Reserve and Marine Corps Reserve. Aviation cadets shall be appointed by the Secretary of the Navy from male citizens of the United States under such regulations as he may prescribe: Provided, That each aviation cadet shall sign an agreement, with the consent of his parent or guardian if he be a minor, to serve for a continuous period of not more than four years on active duty, unless sooner released: Provided further, That the Secretary of the Navy is authorized to discharge at any time any aviation cadet or to release him from active duty.

Sec. 2. The first proviso of section 5 of the Naval Reserve Act of 1938 (52 Stat. 1176; U. S. C., Supp. V, title 34, sec. 853c), as amended, is hereby amended to read as follows: "Provided, That aviation cadets and officers commissioned pursuant to authority contained in the Naval Aviation Reserve Act of 1939 may be required to serve on active duty for a continuous period of four years or for such periods as they agree to serve under the provisions of section 1 of the Act approved April 15, 1935, as amended (49 Stat. 156; U. S. C., Supp. V, title 34, sec. 842), from date of appointment as aviation cadet."

Approved, June 24, 1941.
AN ACT

June 24, 1941
[H. R. 3536]
[Public Law 129]

To authorize the Secretary of the Navy to proceed with the construction of certain public works, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy is hereby authorized to establish, at various locations, such section bases for the support of small craft as the President may deem necessary to the national defense. The authority herein granted shall include the authority to acquire lands at such locations as the Secretary of the Navy with the approval of the President may consider best suited to the purpose, and construct or acquire buildings and other necessary facilities.

Sec. 2. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, not to exceed $50,000,000 to effectuate the purposes of this Act. This sum, however, shall be inclusive of the $10,000,000 appropriated for section bases and related purposes by the Act approved March 17, 1941 (Public, Numbered 13, Seventy-seventh Congress).

SEC. 3. The provisions of section 4 of the Act approved April 25, 1939 (53 Stat. 590-592), shall be applicable to all projects authorized by this Act, regardless of location: Provided, That the fixed fee to be paid the contractor as a result of any contract hereafter entered into under the authority of the above-mentioned Act shall not exceed 6 per centum of the estimated cost of the contract, exclusive of the fee, as determined by the Secretary of the Navy.

Approved, June 24, 1941.

AN ACT

June 24, 1941
[H. R. 3536]
[Public Law 129]

To adjust certain losses occurring in the redemption of adjusted-service bonds.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, whereas, in effecting the distribution and redemption of adjusted-service bonds in the years 1936 and 1937, as authorized by the Act of January 27, 1936 (ch. 32), as amended by the Act of June 3, 1936 (ch. 452, 49 Stat. 1099, 1396; 38 U. S. C. 1934 edition, Supp. V, secs. 686-688b), certain misdeliveries and erroneous payments were made, due for the most part to circumstances beyond their control, by certain postmasters and postal employees designated at the request of the Secretary of the Treasury to perform such fiscal agency service pursuant to the provisions of said Act of June 3, 1936, the Comptroller General of the United States, the Secretary of the Treasury, the Treasurer of the United States, and the Postmaster General are authorized, in those cases where it shall be jointly determined by the Postmaster General and the Secretary of the Treasury that such misdeliveries and erroneous payments occurred without negligence upon the part of the postmaster or postal employee charged with the error, to relieve them of such charges. There are hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, such sums as may be necessary to effect the relief hereby granted, not to exceed, however, the aggregate sum of $6,000: Provided, That in those instances where the misdeliveries or erroneous payments referred to herein have resulted in failure of the true beneficiaries or payees to receive securities or payments, proper deliveries and payments shall be promptly made to them as contemplated by the Act of January 27, 1936, as amended: Provided
further, That no part of the amount appropriated in this Act in excess of 10 per centum thereof shall be paid or delivered to or received by any agent or attorney on account of services rendered in connection with this claim, and the same shall be unlawful, any contract to the contrary notwithstanding. Any person violating the provisions of this Act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined in any sum not exceeding $1,000.

Approved, June 24, 1941.

[CHAPTER 251]

AN ACT

Relating to certain Carey Act lands in Wyoming.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That for use in connection with the Eden water conservation and utility project in the State of Wyoming and subject to such terms and conditions as he may prescribe, the Secretary of Agriculture may accept on behalf of the United States the reconveyance of any lands within the Eden project which have been patented to the State of Wyoming pursuant to the provisions of section 4 of the Act of August 18, 1894 (28 Stat. 372, 422, as amended).

Approved, June 25, 1941.

[CHAPTER 252]

AN ACT

To amend section 17 of the Joint Service Pay Act approved June 10, 1922, as amended.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That so much of the last sentence of the third proviso of section 17 of the Act entitled "An Act to readjust the pay and allowances of the commissioned and enlisted personnel of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Coast and Geodetic Survey, and Public Health Service", approved June 10, 1922 (42 Stat. 632), as amended (37 U. S. C. 26), reading: "Retired officers of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Coast Guard, and Coast and Geodetic Survey below the grade of brigadier general or commodore and retired warrant officers and enlisted men of those services, shall, when on active duty, receive full pay and allowances", is hereby amended by deleting the words "below the grade of brigadier general or commodore" and by inserting after the words "warrant officers" a comma and the word "nurses" so that as amended this sentence will read as follows: "Retired officers of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Coast Guard, and Coast and Geodetic Survey and retired warrant officers, nurses, and enlisted men of those services, shall, when on active duty, receive full pay and allowances".

Sec. 2. At the end of section 17 insert the following: "That in the computation of the retired pay of officers heretofore or hereafter retired with pay at the rate of 2 1/2 or 3 per centum of the active-duty pay received by them at the time of retirement multiplied by the number of years of service for which entitled to credit in the computation of their pay on the active list, all such increases in their retired pay. These increases shall be at the rate of 2 1/2 or 3 per centum of the active-duty pay received by them at the time of retirement multiplied by the number of years of service for which entitled to credit in the computation of their pay on the active list, not to exceed a total of 75 per centum of said active-duty pay, active duty performed by such retired officers subsequent to the date of their retirement shall be counted for the purpose of computing percentage increases in their retired pay. These increases shall be at the rate of 2 1/2 or 3 per
Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Comptroller General of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to allow credit in the accounts of disbursing officers for payments made in good faith on behalf of the Federal Subsistence Homesteads Corporation, or any of its subsidiaries, notwithstanding the failure to comply with the requirements of existing law or regulations: Provided, That the Comptroller General shall find that such payments appear to be free from fraud or collusion on the part of the disbursing officer making the payment.

Sec. 2. No charge shall be raised against the certifying officer for the amount of any payment for which credit shall be allowed under the preceding section where the Comptroller General finds that the payment appears to have been made without fraud or collusion on the part of the certifying officer.

Approved, June 25, 1941.

For the relief of certain former certifying and disbursing officers of the Department of the Interior.

AN ACT

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That notwithstanding the provisions of any of the coastwise laws of the United States, one passenger ship of Canadian registry shall be permitted to travel between Cleveland, Ohio, and Milwaukee, Wisconsin, for the purpose of transporting members of the American Legion and their guests to and from that organization's twenty-third annual national convention to be held at Milwaukee, Wisconsin, September 15-18, 1941, inclusive; and such passenger ship shall be further permitted to remain at Milwaukee, Wisconsin, during the period of such national convention of the American Legion: Provided, That notwithstanding any provision of section 488, Revised Statutes, or regulations issued thereunder, any passenger vessels, American or Canadian, which transport members of the American Legion and their guests to and from that organization's twenty-third annual national convention, to be held at Milwaukee, Wisconsin, September 15-18, 1941, inclusive, shall not be required to carry accommodation for more than 50 per centum of persons on board in lifeboats and pontoon life rafts: Provided further, That not less than two-fifths of such accommodation shall be in lifeboats and three-fifths may be in collapsible boats or rafts, under regulations of the Board of Supervising Inspectors, approved by the Secretary of Commerce, applicable to such vessels during the interval May 15 to September 15, inclusive.

Approved, June 26, 1941.
AN ACT

Making appropriations for the Department of State, the Department of Commerce, the Department of Justice, and the Federal Judiciary, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1942, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Department of State, the Department of Commerce, the Department of Justice, and the Federal Judiciary, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1942, namely:

TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF STATE

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE

Salaries: For Secretary of State; Under Secretary of State, $10,000; counselor, $10,000; and other personal services in the District of Columbia, including temporary employees, and not to exceed $6,500 for employees engaged on piece work at rates to be fixed by the Secretary of State; $2,724,440: Provided, That in expending appropriations or portions of appropriations, contained in this Act, for the payment of personal services in the District of Columbia in accordance with the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, with the exception of the four Assistant Secretaries of State and the Legal Adviser of the Department of State, the Assistant to the Attorney General, the Assistant Solicitor General, and six Assistant Attorneys General, the Assistant Secretaries of Commerce, the average of the salaries of the total number of persons under any grade in any bureau, office, or other appropriation unit shall not at any time exceed the average of the compensation rates specified for the grade by such Act, as amended, and in grades in which only one position is allocated the salary of such position shall not exceed the average of the compensation rates for the grade, except that in unusually meritorious cases of one position in a grade advances may be made to rates higher than the average of the compensation rates of the grade but not more often than once in any fiscal year and then only to the next higher rate: Provided, That this restriction shall not apply (1) to grades 1, 2, 3, and 4 of the clerical-mechanical service, or (2) to require the reduction in salary of any person whose compensation was fixed as of July 1, 1924, in accordance with the rules of section 6 of such Act, or (3) to require the reduction in salary of any person who is transferred from one position to another position in the same or different grade in the same or a different bureau, office, or other appropriation unit, or (4) to prevent the payment of a salary under any grade at a rate higher than the maximum rate of the grade when such higher rate is permitted by the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, and is specifically authorized by other law, or (5) to reduce the compensation of any person in a grade in which only one position is allocated.

National defense activities: For all necessary expenses to enable the Secretary of State during the fiscal year 1942 to continue to perform functions or activities contemplated by section 6 of the Act entitled “An Act to expedite the strengthening of the national defense”, approved July 2, 1940, for the performance of which, during the fiscal year 1941, the Secretary of State received allocations of funds from the appropriation “Emergency fund for the President” contained in the Military Appropriation Act, 1941, including the objects for which and subject to the conditions under which such allocations were expended during the fiscal year 1941, $150,000.
PUBLIC LAWS—CH. 258—JUNE 28, 1941 [55 STAT.]

Contingent expenses: For contingent and miscellaneous expenses, including stationery, furniture, fixtures; typewriters, adding machines, and other labor-saving devices, including rental, exchange, and repair thereof (not to exceed $27,500); microfilming equipment, including rental and repair thereof; translating services by contract without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (41 U. S. C. 5); flags, books, pictures, portraits, and other objects of like character appropriate for presentation (through diplomatic and consular offices) to governments, schools, and other similar organizations in the American republics; purchase and exchange of books, maps, and periodicals, domestic and foreign, and, when authorized by the Secretary of State, dues for library membership in societies or associations which issue publications to members only, or at a price to members lower than to subscribers who are not members, newspapers, teletype rentals, and tolls (not to exceed $13,400); purchase and repair of motion-picture projectors, accessories, films, including sound-tracking and distribution, and rental of projectors and hire of operators; purchase, including exchange, of one passenger-carrying automobile at not to exceed $1,800 for the use of the Secretary of State; maintenance and repair of motor-propelled vehicles to be used only for official purposes (including one passenger-carrying vehicle for the Secretary of State and two for the general use of the Department); streetcar fare; traveling expenses, including not to exceed $5,000 for expenses of attendance at meetings concerned with the work of the Department of State when authorized by the Secretary of State; refund of fees erroneously charged and paid for the issue of passports to persons who are exempted from the payment of such fee by section 1 of the Act making appropriations for the Diplomatic and Consular Service for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1921, approved June 4, 1920 (22 U. S. C. 214, 214a); the examination of estimates of appropriations in the field; and other miscellaneous items not included in the foregoing, $106,600: Provided, That not to exceed $3,000 of this appropriation may be expended for the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of section 4 of the Act entitled "An Act to amend the Tariff Act of 1930", approved June 12, 1934, as amended (54 Stat. 107), this sum to be available in addition to the other authorized purposes of this appropriation for stenographic reporting services, by contract if deemed necessary, without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes, and such other expenses as the President may deem necessary.

Printing and binding: For all printing and binding in the Department of State, including all of its bureaus, offices, institutions, and services, located in Washington, District of Columbia, and elsewhere, $210,900.

Passport agencies: For salaries and expenses of maintenance, rent, cost of insurance covering shipments of money by messenger, registered mail, or otherwise, and traveling expenses not to exceed $500, for not to exceed five passport agencies, $32,500. Collecting and editing official papers of Territories of the United States: For the expenses of collecting, editing, copying, and arranging for publication the official papers of the Territories of the United States, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, printing and binding, and contingent and traveling.
expenses, as provided by the Act approved February 28, 1929, as amended by the Act approved June 28, 1937 (5 U. S. C. 168-168b), $14,000.

FOREIGN INTERCOURSE

AMBASSADORS AND MINISTERS

Salaries, ambassadors and ministers: For salaries of ambassadors and ministers, including salaries as authorized by section 1740, Revised Statutes, as amended by the Act of April 24, 1939 (22 U. S. C. 3, 121), as follows: Ambassadors Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to Argentina, Brazil, Chile, China, Colombia, Cuba, France, Germany, Great Britain, Italy, Japan, Mexico, Panama, Peru, Poland, Spain, Turkey, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, Uruguay, and Venezuela, at $17,500 each;

Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to Belgium and Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to Luxemburg, $17,500;

Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the Netherlands, $12,000;

Envoys Extraordinary and Ministers Plenipotentiary to Albania, Australia, Bolivia, Bulgaria, Czechoslovakia, Costa Rica, Denmark, Dominican Republic, Dominion of Canada, Ecuador, El Salvador, Finland, Greece, Guatemala, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Ireland, Liberia, Lithuania, Nicaragua, Norway, Paraguay, Portugal, Rumania, Union of South Africa, Sweden, Switzerland, Thailand, and Yugoslavia, at $10,000 each; to Egypt and Saudi Arabia, $10,000; to Iran and Afghanistan, $10,000; and to Estonia and Latvia, $10,000;

In all, not to exceed $635,000:

Provided, That no salary herein appropriated shall be paid to any official receiving any other salary from the United States Government.

SALARIES OF FOREIGN SERVICE OFFICERS

Salaries, Foreign Service officers: For salaries of Foreign Service officers as provided in the Act approved February 23, 1931, as amended by the Act of April 24, 1939 (22 U. S. C. 3, 3a), including salaries of such officers for the period actually and necessarily occupied in receiving instructions and in making transits to and from their posts, and while awaiting recognition and authority to act in pursuance with the provisions of section 1740 of the Revised Statutes (22 U. S. C. 121); and salaries of Foreign Service officers or vice consuls while acting as Chargés d’Affaires ad interim or while in charge of a consulate general or consulate during the absence of the principal officer (22 U. S. C. 20); $4,232,600.

TRANSPORTATION, FOREIGN SERVICE

Transportation, Foreign Service: To pay the traveling expenses, including travel by airplane when specifically authorized by the Secretary of State, of Diplomatic, Consular, and Foreign Service officers, and other employees of the Foreign Service, including Foreign Service inspectors, and under such regulations as the Secretary of State may prescribe, of their families and expenses of transportation of effects, in going to and returning from their posts, and in removing the family and effects of any such officer or employee from any foreign post, and thereafter transporting such family and effects to his post of assignment, to whatever extent may be determined necessary by the Secretary of State by reason of emergency conditions in any country that in his opinion may endanger the life of such officer.
or employee or any member of his family, including automobiles as authorized by the Act of April 30, 1940 (54 Stat. 174), and storage of effects while such officers or employees are absent from their permanent posts of duty, including also not to exceed $190,000 for expenses in connection with leaves of absence; attendance at trade and other conferences and congresses under orders of the Secretary of State as authorized by the Act approved February 23, 1931 (22 U. S. C. 16, 17); preparation and transportation of the remains of those officers and employees of the Foreign Service, who have died or may die abroad or in transit while in the discharge of their official duties, to their former homes in this country or to a place not more distant for interment, and for the ordinary expenses of such interment, and also for payment under the provisions of section 1749 of the Revised Statutes (22 U. S. C. 130) of allowances to the widows or heirs at law of Diplomatic, Consular, and Foreign Service officers of the United States dying in foreign countries in the discharge of their duties, $717,200, of which amount not to exceed $50,000 shall be available until June 30, 1943, for disbursement for expenses of travel under orders issued by the Secretary of State during the fiscal year 1942: Provided, That this appropriation shall be available also for the authorized subsistence expenses of Consular and Foreign Service officers while on temporary detail under commission.

Office and living quarters allowances, Foreign Service: For rent, heat, fuel, and light for the Foreign Service for offices and grounds, and, as authorized by the Act approved June 26, 1930 (5 U. S. C. 118a), for living quarters and for allowances for living quarters, including heat, fuel, and light, $2,138,000: Provided, That payment for rent may be made in advance: Provided further, That the Secretary of State may enter into leases for such offices, grounds, and living quarters for periods not exceeding ten years and without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (41 U. S. C. 5): Provided further, That no part of this appropriation shall be used for allowances for living quarters, including heat, fuel, and light, in an amount exceeding $3,000 for an ambassador, minister, or chargé d'affaires, and not exceeding $1,700 for any other Foreign Service officer: Provided further, That under this appropriation and the appropriations herein for “Contingent expenses, Foreign Service”, and “Miscellaneous salaries and allowances, Foreign Service”, not more than $5,000 shall be expended for heat, fuel, and light for living quarters for each ambassador or minister occupying a Government-owned building for residence or residence and office purposes, and not more than $1,700 for such purposes in the case of any other Foreign Service officer, and during the incumbency of a chargé d'affaires the limitation on such expenditures shall be the same as for the occupancy by the principal officer.

Cost of living allowances, Foreign Service: To carry out the provisions of the Act approved February 23, 1931, as amended by the Act of April 24, 1939 (22 U. S. C. 12c), relating to allowances and additional compensation to diplomatic, consular, and Foreign Service officers, clerks, and other employees when such allowances and additional compensation are necessary to enable such officers, clerks, and other employees to carry on their work efficiently, $388,500: Provided, That such allowances and additional compensation shall be granted only in the discretion of the President, and under such regulations as he may prescribe.

Representation allowances, Foreign Service: For representation allowances as authorized by the Act approved February 29, 1951 (22 U. S. C. 12), $165,000.

Foreign Service retirement and disability fund: For financing the liability of the United States, created by the Act approved February
23, 1931, as amended by the Act of April 24, 1939 (22 U. S. C. 21-21 (o)), $621,700, which amount shall be placed to the credit of the “Foreign Service retirement and disability fund”.

Salaries of clerks, Foreign Service: For salaries of clerks in the Foreign Service, as provided in the Act approved February 23, 1931 (22 U. S. C. 23a), including salaries while under instruction in the United States and during transit to and from homes in the United States upon the beginning and after termination of service, $2,867,000.

Miscellaneous salaries and allowances, Foreign Service: For salaries or compensation of kavasses, guards, dragomans, porters, interpreters, prison keepers, translators, archive collators, Chinese writers, messengers, couriers, telephone operators, supervisors of construction, and custodial and operating force for maintenance and operation of Government-owned and leased diplomatic and consular properties in foreign countries, including salaries while under instruction in the United States and during transit to and from their homes in the United States upon the beginning and after termination of service in foreign countries; compensation of agents and employees of dispatch agencies at New York, San Francisco, Seattle, and New Orleans; operation of motor-propelled and other passenger and non-passenger-carrying vehicles; for allowances to consular officers, who are paid in whole or in part by fees, for services necessarily rendered to American vessels and seamen, as provided in the Act of June 26, 1884 (22 U. S. C. 50; 46 U. S. C. 101); and such other miscellaneous personal services as the President may deem necessary, $730,000. Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be expended for salaries or wages of persons not American citizens performing clerical services (except interpreters, translators, and messengers), whether officially designated as clerks or not, in any foreign mission: Provided further, That the Secretary of the Navy is authorized, upon request by the Secretary of State, to assign enlisted men of the Navy and Marine Corps to serve as custodians, under the immediate supervision of the Secretary of State or the chief of mission, whichever the Secretary of State shall direct, at embassies, legations, or consulates of the United States located in foreign countries.

Contingent expenses, Foreign Service: For stationery; blanks; record and other books; seals; presses; flags; signs; military equipment and supplies; repairs and alterations; repairs, preservation, and maintenance of Government-owned and leased diplomatic and consular properties in foreign countries, including water, materials, supplies, tools, seeds, plants, shrubs, and similar objects; newspapers (foreign and domestic); freight; postage; telegrams; advertising; ice and drinking water for office purposes; purchase, exchange, maintenance, and hire of motor-propelled or horse-drawn passenger-carrying vehicles; and exchange, purchase, maintenance, and hire of other passenger-carrying vehicles; exchange of trucks; insurance of official motor vehicles in foreign countries when required by the law of such countries; funds for establishment and maintenance of commissary service; uniforms; furniture; household furniture and furnishings, except as provided by the Act of May 7, 1928, as amended (22 U. S. C. 292-299), for government-owned or rented buildings; typewriters, adding machines, and other labor-saving devices, and exchange of same; maintenance and rental of launch for embassy in Turkey, not exceeding $3,500, including personnel for operation; rent and other expenses for dispatch agencies at New York, San Francisco, Seattle, and New Orleans; traveling expenses, including the transportation of members of families and personal effects of diplomatic officers or Foreign Service officers acting as chargés d'affaires in traveling to seats of government at which they are accredited other
than the city of usual residence and returning to the city of usual residence; loss by exchange; payment in advance for subscriptions to commercial information, telephone and other similar services, including telephone service in residences as authorized by the Act of April 30, 1940 (54 Stat. 175); burial expenses and expenses in connection with last illness and death of certain native employees, as authorized by and in accordance with the Act of July 15, 1939 (5 U. S. C. 118f); expenses of vice consuls and consular agencies for any of the foregoing objects; allowances for special instruction, education, and individual training of Foreign Service officers at home and abroad, not to exceed $7,500; cost, not exceeding $300 per annum each, of the tuition of Foreign Service officers assigned for the study of the languages of Asia and eastern Europe; for relief, protection, and burial of American seamen in foreign countries, in the Panama Canal Zone, and in the Philippine Islands, and shipwrecked American seamen in the Territory of Alaska, in the Hawaiian Islands, in Puerto Rico, and in the Virgin Islands, and for expenses which may be incurred in the acknowledgment of the services of masters and crews of foreign vessels in rescuing American seamen or citizens from shipwreck or other catastrophe at sea; for expenses of maintaining in China, Egypt, Ethiopia, Morocco, and Muscat, institutions for incarcerating American convicts and persons declared insane by any consular court, rent of quarters for prisons, ice and drinking water for prison purposes, and for the expenses of keeping, feeding, and transportation of prisoners and persons declared insane by any consular court in China, Egypt, Ethiopia, Morocco, and Muscat; for every expenditure requisite for or incident to the bringing home from foreign countries of persons charged with crime as authorized by section 5275 of the Revised Statutes (18 U. S. C. 659); and such other miscellaneous expenses as the President may deem necessary; $1,238,900: Provided, That this appropriation shall be available for reimbursement of appropriations for the Navy Department, in an amount not to exceed $40,000, for materials, supplies, equipment, and services furnished by the Navy Department, including pay, subsistence, allowances, and transportation of enlisted men of the Navy and Marine Corps who may be assigned by the Secretary of the Navy, upon request of the Secretary of State, to embassies, legations, or consular offices of the United States located in foreign countries.

During the period of the existing state of emergency proclaimed by the President on September 8, 1939, American citizens holding positions in the Foreign Service of the United States and who on account of emergent conditions abroad are unable properly to serve the United States at their regular posts of duty may be assigned to the Department of State to perform temporary services in that Department or to be detailed for temporary services of comparable importance, difficulty, responsibility, and value in any other department or agency of the United States, in cases where there is found to be a need of services for the performance of which such persons have the requisite qualifications. The salaries of such persons shall, notwithstanding the provisions of any other law, continue to be paid during the periods of such assignments from the appropriations under the caption “Foreign Intercourse” in the Department of State Appropriation Acts for the fiscal years 1941 and 1942.

Not to exceed 10 per centum of any of the foregoing appropriations under the caption “Foreign Intercourse” for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1942, may be transferred, with the approval of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, to any other foregoing appropriation or appropriations under such caption for such fiscal year, but no appropriation shall be increased more than 10 per centum
thereby: Provided, That all such transfers and contemplated transfers shall be set forth in the Budget for the fiscal year 1943.

FOREIGN SERVICE BUILDINGS FUND

Foreign Service Buildings Fund: For the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of the Act of May 25, 1938, entitled "An Act to provide additional funds for buildings for the use of the diplomatic and consular establishments of the United States" (52 Stat. 441), including the initial alterations, repair, and furnishing of buildings acquired under said Act, $450,000, to remain available until expended.

Contracts entered into in foreign countries involving expenditures from any of the foregoing appropriations under the caption "Foreign Intercourse" shall not be subject to the provisions of section 3741 of the Revised Statutes (41 U. S. C. 22).

EMERGENCIES ARISING IN THE DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR SERVICE

Emergencies arising in the Diplomatic and Consular Service: To enable the President to meet unforeseen emergencies arising in the Diplomatic and Consular Service, and to extend the commercial and other interests of the United States and to meet the necessary expenses attendant upon the execution of the Neutrality Act, to be expended pursuant to the requirement of section 291 of the Revised Statutes (51 U. S. C. 107), $500,000; of which not to exceed $25,000 shall, in the discretion of the President, be available for personal services in the District of Columbia: Provided, That whenever the President shall find that a state of emergency exists endangering the lives of American citizens in any foreign country, he may make available for expenditure for the protection of such citizens, by transfer to this appropriation, not to exceed $500,000 from the various appropriations contained herein under the heading "Foreign Intercourse"; and reimbursements by American citizens to whom relief has been extended shall be credited to any appropriation from which funds have been transferred for the purposes hereof, except that reimbursements so credited to any appropriation shall not exceed the amount transferred therefrom.

CONTRIBUTIONS, QUOTAS, AND SO FORTH

For payment of the annual contributions, quotas, and expenses, including loss by exchange in discharge of the obligations of the United States in connection with international commissions, congresses, bureaus, and other objects, in not to exceed the respective amounts, as follows: Cape Spartel and Tangier Light, Coast of Morocco, $1,176; International Bureau of Weights and Measures, $4,342.50; International Bureau of Publication of Customs Tariffs, $1,318.77; Pan American Union, $239,458.70, including not to exceed $20,000 for printing and binding; International Bureau of Permanent Court of Arbitration, $1,722.57; Bureau of Interparliamentary Union for Promotion of International Arbitration, $10,000; Pan American Sanitary Bureau, $85,622.75; International Office of Public Health, $3,013.65; Bureau of International Telecommunication Union, Radio Section, $8,794; Inter-American Radio Office, $6,794; Government of Panama, $14,330.20; International Hydrographic Bureau, $5,404; Inter-American Trade-Mark Bureau, $14,350.20; International Bureau for Protection of Industrial Property, $1,471.63; Gorgas Memorial Laboratory, $50,000: Provided. That hereafter, notwithstanding the provisions of section 3 of the Act of May 7, 1928 (45 Stat. 491), the report of the operation and work of
the laboratory, including the statement of the receipts and expenditures, shall be made to Congress during the first week of each regular session thereof, such a report to cover a fiscal year period ending on June 30 of the calendar year immediately preceding the convening of each such session; American International Institute for the Protection of Childhood, $2,000; International Statistical Bureau at The Hague, $2,000; International Map of the World on the Millionth International Technical Committee of Aerial Legal Experts, $6,745, including not to exceed $6,500 for the expenses of participation by the Government of the United States in the meetings of the International Technical Committee of Aerial Legal Experts and of the commissions established by that committee, including traveling expenses, personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere without reference to the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, rent, purchase of necessary books and documents, printing and binding, official cards, entertainment, and such other expenses as may be authorized by the Secretary of State; Convention Relating to Liquor Traffic in Africa, $55; International Penal and Penitentiary Commission, $4,332, including not to exceed $800 for the necessary expenses of the Commissioner to represent the United States on the Commission at its annual meetings, personal services without regard to the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, printing and binding, traveling expenses, and such other expenses as the Secretary of State may deem necessary; Permanent Association of International Road Congresses, $588; International Labor Organization, $152,728.54, including not to exceed $6,000 for the expenses of participation by the United States in the meetings of the General Conference and of the Governing Body of the International Labor Office and in such regional, industrial, or other special meetings as may be duly called by such Governing Body, including personal services, in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, rent, traveling expenses, purchase of books, documents, newspapers, periodicals, and charts, stationery, official cards, printing and binding, entertainment, hire, maintenance, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, and such other expenses as may be authorized by the Secretary of State; Implementing the Narcotics Convention of 1931, $10,551.85; International Council of Scientific Unions and Associated Unions, as follows: International Council of Scientific Unions, $19,30; International Astronomical Union, $617.60; International Union of Chemistry, $675; International Union of Geodesy and Geophysics, $2,316; International Scientific Radio Union, $232.40; International Union of Physics, $62.72; International Geographical Union, $125.44; and International Union of Biological Sciences, $154.40; in all, $4,202.86; and Pan American Institute of Geography and History, $10,000; in all, $1,026,600, together with such additional sums, due to increase in rates of exchange as the Secretary of State may determine and certify to the Secretary of the Treasury to be necessary to pay, in foreign currencies, the quotas and contributions required by the several treaties, conventions, or laws establishing the amount of the obligation.

Convention for the Promotion of Inter-American Cultural Relations: For meeting the obligations of the United States under the Convention for the Promotion of Inter-American Cultural Relations between the United States and the other American Republics, signed at Buenos Aires, December 23, 1936, including salaries, traveling expenses, tuition, and allowances for maintenance and living quarters for professors and students in accordance with the provisions of the said convention, notwithstanding the provisions of any other Act, $100,000, to be disbursed under the direction of the Secretary of
State, who is authorized to transfer to any department or independent establishment of the Government, with the consent of the head thereof, any part of this amount for direct expenditure by such department or establishment for the purposes of this appropriation.

INTERNATIONAL BOUNDARY COMMISSION, UNITED STATES AND MEXICO

Salaries and expenses: For expenses of meeting the obligations of the United States under the treaties of 1884, 1889, 1905, 1906, and 1933 between the United States and Mexico, and of compliance with the Act approved August 19, 1935, as amended (49 Stat. 660, 1370), operation and maintenance of the Rio Grande rectification and canalization projects; construction and operation of gaging stations where necessary and their equipment; personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; rent; fees for professional or expert services at rates and in amounts to be determined by the Secretary of State; expenses of attendance at meetings which, in the discretion of the Commissioner, may be necessary for the efficient discharge of the responsibilities of the Commission (not to exceed $500); traveling expenses, including transfer of household goods and effects, as provided by the Act of October 10, 1940 (Public, No. 839), and regulations promulgated thereunder; printing and binding; lawbooks and books of reference; subscriptions to foreign and domestic newspapers and periodicals; purchase, exchange, maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled passenger- and freight-carrying vehicles, machinery and equipment and parts thereof, typewriters, including those electrically operated, adding machines, calculating machines, mimeographs, multigraphs, and map-reproduction machines; hire with or without personal services, of work animals, and animal-drawn and motor-propelled vehicles and equipment, reimbursement to other agencies of the Government for expenses incurred by them in connection with the making of maps or making of photographs by airplane; purchase of rubber boots and waders, asbestos gloves and welders' goggles, for official use of employees; purchase of ice and drinking water; inspection of equipment, supplies, and materials by contract; advertising in newspapers and technical publications without regard to section 3828 of the Revised Statutes; drilling and testing of foundations and dam sites, by contract if deemed necessary, and purchase in the field of planographs and lithographs; drilling and testing of foundations and dam sites, by contract if deemed necessary, and purchase in the field of planographs and lithographs.
and leasing of private property to remove therefrom sand, gravel, stone and other materials without regard to the provisions of section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (41 U. S. C. 5); hire, with or without personal services, of work animals and animal-drawn and motor-propelled vehicles and equipment; acquisition by donation, purchase, or condemnation, of real and personal property, including expenses of abstracts and certificates of title; inspection of equipment, supplies, and materials by contract; advertising in newspapers and technical publications without regard to section 3828 of the Revised Statutes; transportation of things (including household goods and effects as provided by the Act of October 10, 1940 (Public, Numbered 839), and regulations promulgated thereunder); printing and binding; communication services; equipment, materials and supplies, including purchase of ice, drinking water where suitable drinking water is otherwise unobtainable, rubber boots, waders, asbestos gloves and welders' goggles, for official use of employees, and such other miscellaneous expenses as the Secretary of State may deem necessary:

Rio Grande rectification project: For completion of the rectification of the Rio Grande in the El Paso-Juarez Valley under the convention concluded February 1, 1933, between the United States and Mexico, including obligations chargeable against the appropriation for this purpose for the fiscal year 1941, the funds made available under this head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1941, are continued available until June 30, 1942.

Lower Rio Grande flood-control project: For the United States portion of the project for flood control on the Lower Rio Grande, as authorized by the Act approved August 19, 1935, as amended (49 Stat. 660, 1370), including obligations chargeable against the appropriations for this purpose for the fiscal year 1941, $950,000, together with the unexpended balances of the appropriations for this purpose for the fiscal year 1941: Provided, That no part of this appropriation for the Lower Rio Grande flood-control project shall be expended for construction on any land, site, or easement until title thereto has been conveyed to the United States by donation and the same has been approved by the Attorney General of the United States.

Rio Grande canalization project: For the Rio Grande canalization project as authorized by the Acts approved August 29, 1935 (49 Stat. 961), and June 4, 1936 (49 Stat. 1468), including the reconstruction or replacement of certain bridges as authorized by the Act approved April 22, 1940 (54 Stat. 151), and including obligations chargeable against the appropriations for these purposes for the fiscal year 1941, $440,000, together with the unexpended balances of the appropriations under this head for the fiscal year 1941.

Fence construction on the Cordova Island Boundary, Texas: For the construction of a fence along the Cordova Island Boundary, Texas, as authorized by the Act of August 19, 1935 (49 Stat. 660), $6,500.

Fence construction on the international boundary: For construction of fence along the international boundary as authorized by the Act of August 19, 1935 (49 Stat. 660), $25,000: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be expended for the acquisition of lands or easements for sites for boundary fences except for procurement of abstracts of certificates of title, payment of recording fees, and examination of titles.

INTERNATIONAL BOUNDARY COMMISSION, UNITED STATES AND CANADA AND ALASKA AND CANADA

To enable the President to perform the obligations of the United States under the treaty between the United States and Great Britain
in respect of Canada, signed February 24, 1925; for salaries and expenses, including the salary of the Commissioner and salaries of the necessary engineers, clerks, and other employees for duty at the seat of government and in the field; cost of office equipment and supplies; necessary traveling expenses; commutation of subsistence to employees while on field duty, not to exceed $4 per day each, but not to exceed $1.75 per day each when a member of a field party and subsisting in camp; for payment for timber necessarily cut in keeping the boundary line clear, not to exceed $500; and for all other necessary and reasonable expenses incurred by the United States in maintaining an effective demarcation of the international boundary line between the United States and Canada, and Alaska and Canada under the terms of the treaty aforesaid, including the completion of such remaining work as may be required under the award of the Alaskan Boundary Tribunal and existing treaties between the United States and Great Britain, and including the hire of freight- and passenger-carrying vehicles from temporary field employees, to be disbursed under the direction of the Secretary of State, $43,000.

WATERWAYS TREATY, UNITED STATES AND GREAT BRITAIN: INTERNATIONAL JOINT COMMISSION, UNITED STATES AND GREAT BRITAIN

Salaries and expenses: For salaries and expenses, including not to exceed $7,500 for the salary of one Commissioner on the part of the United States, who shall serve at the pleasure of the President (the other Commissioners to serve in that capacity without compensation therefor), and salaries of clerks and other employees appointed by the Commissioners on the part of the United States, with the approval solely of the Secretary of State; for necessary traveling expenses, and for expenses incident to holding hearings and conferences at such places in Canada and the United States as shall be determined by the Commission or by the American Commissioners to be necessary, including traveling expense and compensation of necessary witnesses, making necessary transcript of testimony and proceedings; for cost of lawbooks, books of reference and periodicals, office equipment and supplies; and for one-half of all reasonable and necessary joint expenses of the International Joint Commission incurred under the terms of the treaty between the United States and Great Britain concerning the use of boundary waters between the United States and Canada, and for other purposes, signed January 11, 1909; $27,000, to be disbursed under the direction of the Secretary of State.

Special and technical investigations: For an additional amount for necessary special or technical investigations in connection with matters which fall within the scope of the jurisdiction of the International Joint Commission, including personal services in the District of Columbia or elsewhere, traveling expenses, procurement of technical and scientific equipment, and the purchase, exchange, hire, maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled and horse-drawn passenger-carrying vehicles, $48,500, to be disbursed under the direction of the Secretary of State, who is authorized to transfer to any department or independent establishment of the Government, with the consent of the head thereof, any part of this amount for direct expenditure by such department or establishment for the purposes of this appropriation.

INTERNATIONAL FISHERIES COMMISSION

Salaries and expenses: For the share of the United States of the expenses of the International Fisheries Commission, under the convention between the United States and Canada, concluded January 29, 1937, including salaries of two members and other employees of
the Commission, traveling expenses, charter of vessels, purchase of books, periodicals, furniture, and scientific instruments, contingent expenses, rent, and such other expenses in the United States and elsewhere as the Secretary of State may deem proper, to be disbursed under the direction of the Secretary of State, $28,000, to be available immediately: Provided, That not to exceed $750 shall be expended by the Commissioners in attending meetings of the Commission.

INTERNATIONAL PACIFIC SALMON FISHERIES COMMISSION

Salaries and expenses: For the share of the United States of the expenses of the International Pacific Salmon Fisheries Commission, under the convention between the United States and Canada, concluded May 26, 1930, including personal services; traveling expenses; purchase, exchange, maintenance, repair, and operation of not to exceed three motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles; charter of vessels; purchase of books, periodicals, furniture, and scientific instruments; contingent expenses; rent; and such other expenses in the United States and elsewhere as the Secretary of State may deem proper, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of State, $40,000, to be available immediately.

Arbitration of Claim Between the United States and the Netherlands: For the expenses of the arbitration under the convention between the United States and the Netherlands, signed March 18, 1933, of a claim which arose in November 1917, as a result of the requisition by the Government of the United States of certain military supplies of the Government of the Netherlands, including the share of the United States of the honorarium of the neutral arbitrator and of other joint expenses of the two governments, including fees; compensation of employees in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, without regard to the classification laws; stenographic reporting and translating services, by contract if deemed necessary without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes; rent; traveling expenses; cost of necessary books and documents; stationery; official cards; printing and binding, and such other expenditures as may be authorized by the Secretary of State, $14,000, to be available immediately.

COOPERATION WITH THE AMERICAN REPUBLICS

Salaries and expenses: For all expenses necessary to enable the Secretary of State to carry out the purposes of the Act entitled "An Act to authorize the President to render closer and more effective the relationship between the American Republics", approved August 9, 1939, and to supplement appropriations available for carrying out other provisions of law authorizing related activities, including personal services in the District of Columbia; not to exceed $70,000 for printing and binding; stenographic reporting, translating and other services by contract, without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (41 U. S. C. 5); expenses of attendance at meetings or conventions of societies and associations concerned with the furtherance of the purposes hereof; tuition, compensation, and monthly allowances while not in travel status, all to be fixed by the Secretary of State, and traveling expenses in the United States and abroad in accordance with the Standardized Government Travel Regulations and the Act of June 3, 1926, as amended, of educational, professional, and artistic leaders, and professors, students, and
internes, who are citizens of the United States or the other American republics; traveling expenses of members of advisory committees in accordance with section 2 of said Act of August 9, 1939 (22 U. S. C. 249a); hire, maintenance, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles; recording and sound-tracking of motion pictures; and purchase of books and periodicals, $600,300; and the Secretary of State is hereby authorized, subject to the approval of the President, to transfer to other departments, agencies, and independent establishments of the Government for expenditure in the United States and in the other American republics not exceeding the following amounts, respectively: Department of Agriculture, $60,000; Department of Commerce, for the Civil Aeronautics Board, $10,000, for the Administrator of Civil Aeronautics, $15,000, for the Coast and Geodetic Survey, $32,000, and for the Weather Bureau, $15,000; Federal Security Agency for the Public Health Service, including not to exceed two additional regular active commissioned officers, $40,000, and the Office of Education, $12,500; Department of the Interior, for the Fish and Wildlife Service, $15,000, for the Geological Survey, $50,000, and for the Travel Bureau, $25,000; Department of Labor, for the Children's Bureau, $15,000; Library of Congress, $35,000; Smithsonian Institution, $36,500.

The President, in his discretion, may assign officers of the Army or Navy or officers or employees of the Treasury Department or Federal Works Agency for duty as inspectors of buildings owned or occupied by the United States in foreign countries, or as inspectors or supervisors of buildings under construction or repair by or for the United States in foreign countries, under the jurisdiction of the Department of State, or for duty as couriers of the Department of State, and when so assigned they may receive the same traveling expenses as are authorized for officers of the Foreign Service, payable from the applicable appropriations of the Department of State.

This title may be cited as the "Department of State Appropriation Act, 1942".

TITLE II—DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Salaries: Secretary of Commerce, Under Secretary of Commerce, Assistant Secretary, and other personal services in the District of Columbia, including the Chief Clerk and Superintendent, who shall be chief executive officer of the Department and who may be designated by the Secretary of Commerce to sign minor routine official papers and documents during the temporary absence of the Secretary, the Under Secretary, and the Assistant Secretary of the Department, $488,000.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES, DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Contingent expenses: For contingent and miscellaneous expenses of the offices and bureaus of the Department, except the Patent Office, Office of Administrator of Civil Aeronautics, the Civil Aeronautics Board, and the Bureau of the Census, including those for which appropriations for contingent and miscellaneous expenses are specifically made, including professional and scientific books, lawbooks, books of reference, periodicals, blank books, pamphlets, maps, newspapers (not exceeding $1,500); purchase of atlases or maps, stationery, furniture and repairs to same; carpets, matting, oilcloth, file cases, towels, ice, brooms, soap, sponges; fuel, lighting and heating; purchase and vehicles.
Supplies for field services.

PROVISO.

Hire of automobiles.


PROVISO.

Detail of copy editors.

National Inventors Council Service Staff.

54 Stat. 377, 297.

Sixteenth Census.

46 Stat. 21.

Post, p. 561.

National census of housing.


Monographs.

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

For continuing the work of taking, compiling, and publishing the Sixteenth Census of the United States, as authorized by the Act of June 18, 1929 (18 U. S. C. 201-218), and the national census of housing as authorized by the Act of August 11, 1939 (53 Stat. 1406), and for carrying on other authorized census work, including personal services and rentals in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; the cost of transcribing State, municipal, and other records; contracts for the exchange of motortrucks and bicycles; maintenance, repair, and operation of three motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles (one for the Secretary of Commerce and two for the general use of the Department), and motortrucks and bicycles, to be used only for official purposes; freight and express charges; postage to foreign countries; telegraph and telephone service; teletype service and tolls (not to exceed $1,000), typewriters, adding machines, and other labor-saving devices, including their repair and exchange; first-aid outfits for use in the buildings occupied by employees of this Department; $69,000, which sum shall constitute the appropriation for contingent expenses of the Department, except the Patent Office, Office of Administrator of Civil Aeronautics, the Civil Aeronautics Board, and the Bureau of the Census, and shall also be available for the purchase of necessary supplies and equipment for field services of bureaus and offices of the Department for which contingent and miscellaneous appropriations are specifically made in order to facilitate the purchase through the central purchasing office (Division of Purchases and Sales) as provided by law.

Traveling expenses: For all necessary traveling expenses under the Department of Commerce, including all bureaus and divisions thereunder except the Bureau of the Census, Weather Bureau, Office of Administrator of Civil Aeronautics, and Civil Aeronautics Board, and including the examination of estimates of appropriations in the field, $238,000: Provided, That not exceeding $2,500 of this appropriation shall be available for the hire of automobiles for travel on official business, without regard to the provisions of the Act of July 16, 1914 (38 Stat. 508), and not exceeding $2,000 shall be available for expenses of attendance at meetings concerned with the work of the Office of the Secretary of Commerce.

Printing and binding: For all printing and binding for the Department of Commerce, including all of its bureaus, offices, institutions, and services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, except the Patent Office, the Bureau of the Census, the Civil Aeronautics Board, and work done at the field printing plants of the Weather Bureau authorized by the Joint Committee on Printing, in accordance with the Act approved March 1, 1919 (44 U. S. C. 111, 220), $489,000: Provided, That an amount not to exceed $2,000 of this appropriation may be expended for salaries of persons detailed from the Government Printing Office for service as copy editors.

Salaries and expenses, National Inventors Council Service Staff: For all necessary expenses to enable the servicing staff of the National Inventors Council during the fiscal year 1942 to continue to perform the functions or activities for the performance of which, during the fiscal year 1941, the Secretary of Commerce received allocation of funds from the appropriations “Emergency fund for the President” contained in the Military Appropriation Act, 1941, and in the Naval Appropriation Act, 1941, including the objects for which and subject to the conditions under which such allocations were expended during the fiscal year 1941, $150,000.
preparation of monographs on census subjects and other work of specialized character which cannot be accomplished through ordinary employment; per diem compensation of employees of the Department of Commerce and other departments and independent establishments of the Government who may be detailed for field work; expenses of attendance at meetings concerned with the collection of statistics, when incurred on the written authority of the Secretary of Commerce; purchase of books of reference, periodicals, maps, newspapers, manuscripts, first-aid outfits for use in the buildings occupied by employees of the census; maintenance, operation, and repair of a passenger-carrying automobile to be used on official business; construction, purchase, exchange, or rental of punching, tabulating, sorting, and other labor-saving machines, including technical, mechanical, and other services in connection therewith; printing and binding, traveling expenses, street-car fares, and all other contingent expenses in the District of Columbia and in the field, including the obligations chargeable against the appropriation for this purpose for the fiscal year 1941, $6,800,000, together with the unexpended balance of the appropriation under this head for the fiscal year 1941, of which sum $1,000,000 shall be available immediately.

Salaries and expenses, Social Security Act: For salaries and necessary expenses for searching census records and supplying information incident to carrying out the provisions of the Social Security Act, approved August 14, 1935 (42 U. S. C., ch. 7), including personal services in the District of Columbia; binding records; supplies; services; $110,000: Provided, That the procedure hereunder for the furnishing from census records of evidence for the establishment of age of individuals shall be pursuant to regulations approved jointly by the Secretary of Commerce and the Social Security Board.

OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATOR OF CIVIL AERONAUTICS

General Administration, Office of the Administrator: For all necessary expenses of the Office of Administrator of Civil Aeronautics in carrying out the provisions of the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938 (52 Stat. 973), as amended, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; contract stenographic reporting services; fees and mileage of witnesses; expenses of examination of estimates of appropriations in the field; purchase (including exchange), operation, maintenance, and repair of aircraft; hire, maintenance, repair, and operation of passenger-carrying automobiles; $990,000.

Maintenance and operation of air-navigation facilities: For all necessary expenses of operation and maintenance of air-navigation facilities, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; purchase, including exchange (not to exceed $90,000), operation, maintenance, repair, and overhaul of aircraft power plants, propellers, instruments, equipment, and spare parts therefor; purchase and exchange (not to exceed $13,550), hire, maintenance, repair, and operation of passenger-carrying automobiles; purchase of special wearing apparel and equipment for aviation purposes (including snowshoes and skis); salaries and traveling expenses of employees detailed by the Administrator to attend courses of training conducted by the Government or industries serving aviation; and not to exceed 5 cents per mile for travel, in their personally owned automobiles within the limits of their official posts of duty, of employees engaged in the maintenance and operation of remotely controlled air-navigation facilities; $14,400,000.
Technical development: For all expenses necessary in carrying out the provisions of the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938 relative to such developmental work and service testing as tends to the creation of improved air-navigation facilities, including landing areas, aircraft, aircraft engines, propellers, appliances, personnel, and operation methods, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; operation, maintenance, repair, and overhaul of aircraft, aircraft engines, propellers, and equipment and spare parts therefor, and passenger-carrying automobiles; purchase of special wearing apparel and equipment for aviation purposes (including snowshoes and skis); purchase of reports, documents, plans, and specifications; $520,000.

Establishment of air-navigation facilities: For the acquisition and establishment of air-navigation facilities, including the equipment of additional civil airways for day and night flying; the construction of additional necessary lighting, radio, and other signaling and communicating structures and apparatus; the alteration and modernization of existing air-navigation facilities; and for the acquisition of the necessary sites by lease or grant, $6,450,000, of which amount $2,000,000 shall be available for the payment of contractual obligations authorized to be incurred prior to July 1, 1941, and $2,246,000 shall be available immediately: Provided, That construction work under this appropriation may be accomplished either by contract or by purchase and hire; Provided further, That this appropriation shall be available for the hire, maintenance, repair, and operation of passenger-carrying automobiles; operation, maintenance, repair, and overhaul of aircraft, aircraft power plants, propellers, instruments, equipment and spare parts for aircraft; temporary personnel; purchase of special wearing apparel and equipment suitable for aviation purposes (including snowshoes and skis); and all other necessary expenses.

Civilian pilot training: For all necessary expenses of the Office of Administrator of Civil Aeronautics in carrying out the duties, powers, and functions devolving upon it pursuant to the authority contained in the Civilian Pilot Training Act of 1939 (53 Stat. 855), including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; traveling expenses; operation, maintenance, repair, and overhaul of aircraft; hire, maintenance, repair, and operation of passenger-carrying automobiles; $25,000,000: Provided, That not to exceed $210,000 of this amount may be transferred to the appropriation “Enforcement of Safety Regulations, Office of Administrator of Civil Aeronautics”, for expenditure in connection with payment of salaries and travel of aeronautical inspectors engaged in supervision and promotion of the safety features of the civilian pilot training program.
Maintenance and operation, Washington National Airport: For all necessary expenses incident to the care, operation, maintenance, and protection of the Washington National Airport in accordance with the Act of June 29, 1940, including personal services in the District of Columbia; operation and maintenance of one motor-propelled ambulance, one fire-and-crash truck, one rescue-fire-and-crash motorboat, and two motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles; purchase of equipment, materials, and supplies, including $800 for the purchase, cleaning, and repair of uniforms for the guards, $280,000.

Development of landing areas: For continuation of the program for the construction, improvement, and repair of not to exceed three hundred and ninety-nine public airports and other public landing areas in the United States and its territories and possessions, selected by the Administrator, and approved by a Board composed of the Secretary of War, Secretary of the Navy, and Secretary of Commerce, as necessary for national defense, including areas essential for safe approaches and including the acquisition of land, $94,977,750, of which not to exceed $1,500,000 shall be available for administrative expenses, including the objects specified in section 204 of the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938, except rent in the District of Columbia and including engineering services and supervision of construction: Provided, That this appropriation shall not be construed as precluding the use of other appropriations available for any of the purposes for which this appropriation is made: Provided further, That the unobligated balance of the appropriation for this purpose contained in the First Supplemental Civil Functions Appropriation Act, 1941, is hereby continued available for the purposes hereof until June 30, 1942: Provided further, That any or all of the foregoing appropriation of $94,977,750, as well as any unobligated balance, may be transferred to any other Federal agency organized to undertake the work herein provided for either by contract or by force account, and such agency is authorized to proceed with such work, including the preparation of plans, drawings, designs, specifications and estimates, the execution of contracts, and the supervision of construction which shall be considered as administrative expenses for the purposes thereof.

Section 3709 of the Revised Statutes of the United States (41 U. S. C. 5) shall not be construed to apply to any purchase or service rendered for the office of Administrator of Civil Aeronautics when the aggregate amount involved does not exceed $100.

The foregoing appropriations under the Office of Administrator of Civil Aeronautics shall be available in an amount not to exceed $4,000 when specifically authorized by the Secretary of Commerce for expenses of attendance at meetings of associations and other properly constituted bodies concerned with aeronautics, for the transfer of household goods and effects, as provided by the Act of October 10, 1940 (Public, Numbered 839), and regulations promulgated thereunder and for the purchase and exchange of lawbooks, books of reference, atlases, maps, and periodicals.

CIVIL AERONAUTICS BOARD

Civil Aeronautics Board, salaries and expenses: For all necessary expenses of the Civil Aeronautics Board in exercising the powers and performing the duties vested in and imposed upon it by the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938 (52 Stat. 973), as amended, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; traveling expenses (including travel and miscellaneous expenses incidental to the investigation of accidents involving certificated aircraft opera-
Temporary employment of attorneys, etc.

Proviso.
Attendance at meetings.

Transfer of household effects.
54 Stat. 1105.

Salaries of designated officials.

Expenses.

Printing and binding: For printing and binding, $26,000.

Hereafter the salaries of the members of the Civil Aeronautics Board and the Administrator of Civil Aeronautics shall be at the rate of $10,000 each per annum.

COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

For every expenditure requisite for and incident to the work of the Coast and Geodetic Survey, including purchase of not more than four motor-propelled station wagons and maintenance, repair, exchange, and operation of motor-propelled or horse-drawn vehicles for official use in field work, purchase of motorcycles with side cars, including their exchange, not to exceed $500, surveying instruments, including their exchange, rubber boots, canvas and rubber gloves, goggles, and caps, coats, and aprons for stewards' departments on vessels, packing, crating, and transporting personal household effects of commissioned officers and civilian personnel, when transferred from one official station to another for permanent duty extra compensation at not to exceed $15 per month to each member of the crew of a vessel when assigned duties as bomber or fathometer reader, extra compensation at not to exceed $1 per day for each station to employees of the Coast Guard and the Weather Bureau while observing tides or currents or tending seismographs, services of one tide observer in the District of Columbia at not to exceed $1 per day, and compensation, not otherwise appropriated for, of persons employed in the field work, for operation, maintenance, and repair of an airplane for photographic survey, and expenses incident to the execution of field work upon approval by the head of the Bureau, to be expended in accordance with the regulations relating to the Coast and Geodetic Survey subscribed by the Secretary of Commerce, and under the following heads:

Field expenses, coastal surveys: For surveys and necessary surveys of coasts on the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans and the Gulf of Mexico under the jurisdiction of the United States; continuing researches in physical hydrography relating to harbors and bars, and for tidal and current observations on the coasts of the United States or other coasts under the jurisdiction of the United States; compilation of the Coast Pilot, including the employment of pilots and nautical experts; the preparation or purchase of plans and specifica-
tions of vessels and the employment of hull draftsmen; the reim-
bursement, under rules prescribed by the Secretary of Commerce,
of officers of the Coast and Geodetic Survey for food, clothing, medi-
cines, and other supplies furnished for the temporary relief of dis-
tressed persons in remote localities and to shipwrecked persons tem-
porarily provided for by them, not to exceed a total of $500 and actual
necessary expenses of officers of the field force temporarily ordered
to the office in the District of Columbia for consultation with the
director, $500,000, of which amount not to exceed $21,200 may be
expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

Magnetic and seismological work: For continuing magnetic and
seismological observations and to establish meridian lines in connection
therewith in all parts of the United States; making magnetic and
seismological observations in other regions under the jurisdiction of
the United States; purchase of additional magnetic and seismological
instruments; lease of sites where necessary and the erection of tem-
porary magnetic and seismological buildings; and including the
employment in the field and office of such magnetic and seismological
observers, and instrument makers and stenographic services as may
be necessary, $73,000.

Federal, boundary, and State surveys: For continuing lines of exact
levels between the Atlantic, Pacific, and Gulf coasts; determining
geographic positions by triangulation and traverse to establish the
control for a national mapping program, and for the control of Federal,
State, boundary, county, city, and other surveys and engineering works
in all parts of the United States; including printing and binding,
traveling and all other expenses necessary therefor; special geodetic
surveys of first-order triangulation and leveling in regions subject to
earthquakes, not exceeding $10,000; determining field astronomic posi-
tions and the variation of latitude, including the maintenance and
operation of the latitude observatories at Ukiah, California, and
Gaithersburg, Maryland, not exceeding $2,600 each; establishing lines
of exact levels, determining geographic positions by triangulation and
traverse, and making astronomic observations in Alaska; and con-
tinuing gravity observations in the United States and for making such
observations in regions under the jurisdiction of the United States
and also on islands and coasts adjacent thereto, $450,000, of which
amount not to exceed $74,000 may be expended for personal services
in the District of Columbia.

Vessels: For repair of vessels, and replacement of equipment
thereon, exclusive of engineers' supplies and other ship chandlery,
$100,000.

Pay of officers and men on vessels: For all necessary employees
to man and equip the vessels, including professional seamen serving as
mates on vessels of the Survey, to execute the work of the Survey
herein provided for and authorized by law, $711,000.

Pay, commissioned officers: For pay and allowances prescribed
by law for commissioned officers on sea duty and other duty, holding
relative rank with officers of the Navy, including one director, six
hydrographic and geodetic engineers with relative rank of captain,
ten hydrographic and geodetic engineers with relative rank of com-
mander, seventeen hydrographic and geodetic engineers with relative rank of com-
mander, forty-seven hydrographic and geodetic engineers with relative rank of lieuten-
ant commander, sixty-one junior hydrographic and geodetic engineers with relative rank of lieuten-
ant (junior grade), twenty-nine aides with relative rank of ensign, and
including officers retired in accordance with existing law, $863,000:
Provided, That the Secretary of Commerce may designate one of the
hydrographic and geodetic engineers to act as assistant director.

Personal services.

Post, pp. 824, 832.

Post, p. 551.

Provido,
Assistant director.
Office force: For personal services, $692,000.

Office expenses: For purchase of new instruments (except surveying instruments), including their exchange, materials, equipment, and supplies required in the instrument shop, carpenter shop, and chart division; books, scientific and technical books, journals, books of reference, maps, charts, and subscriptions; copper plates, chart paper, printer's ink, copper, zinc, and chemicals for electrotyping and photographing; engraving, printing, photographing, rubber gloves, and electrotyping supplies; photolithographing and printing charts for immediate use; stationery for office and field parties; transportation of instruments and supplies when not charged to field expenses; telegrams; washing; office furniture, repairs; miscellaneous expenses, contingencies of all kinds, not exceeding $90 for streetcar fares, $98,000.

Aeronautical charts: For compilation and printing of aeronautical charts, including personal services in the District of Columbia (not to exceed $154,000), operation of airplane for check flights, and aerial photographs, execution of ground surveys at air terminals, and the purchase of drafting; photographic, photolithographic and printing supplies and equipment, $180,000.

Construction of vessels: For an additional amount for constructing, equipping, and outfitting one main surveying ship and one auxiliary surveying vessel, authorized by the Act of June 2, 1939 (53 Stat. 803), $191,100, which amount, together with the amount appropriated under this head in the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1940, shall continue available until June 30, 1942.

Appropriations herein made for traveling expenses or for the Coast and Geodetic Survey shall not be available for allowance to civilian or other officers for subsistence while on duty at Washington (except as hereinbefore provided for officers of the field force ordered to Washington for short periods for consultation with the director), except as now provided by law.

The appropriation in this title herein for traveling expenses shall be available, in an amount not to exceed $650, for expenses of attendance at meetings concerned with the work of the Coast and Geodetic Survey when incurred on the written authority of the Secretary of Commerce.

Not to exceed $2,500 of the appropriations herein made for the Coast and Geodetic Survey shall be available for the payment of part-time or intermittent employment in the District of Columbia, or elsewhere, of such architects, engineers, scientists, and technicists as may be contracted for by the Secretary of Commerce, in his discretion, at a rate of pay not exceeding $25 per diem for any person so employed.

BUREAU OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC COMMERCE

Departmental salaries and expenses: For the salary of the Director and other personal services in the District of Columbia (not to exceed $1,380,000), and for all other authorized and necessary expenditures of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce at the seat of Government in performing the duties imposed by law or in pursuance of law, including functions incident to the establishment, operation, and maintenance of foreign trade zones in ports of entry of the United States and administration of the China Trade Act; newspapers (not exceeding $1,500), periodicals, and books of reference; purchase, exchange, and repair of typewriters and labor-saving devices; contract stenographic reporting services; fees and mileage of witnesses, and other contingent expenses in the District of Colum-
Field studies or surveys: Provided, That expenses, except printing and binding and traveling expenses, of field studies or surveys conducted by departmental personnel of the Bureau shall be payable from the amount herein appropriated.

Field office service: For salaries (not to exceed $397,000) and all other expenses necessary to operate and maintain regional, district, and cooperative branch offices for the collection and dissemination of information useful in the development and improvement of commerce throughout the United States and its possessions, including foreign and domestic newspapers, periodicals and books of reference, and the transfer of household goods and effects as provided by the Act of October 10, 1940 (Public, Numbered 839), and regulations promulgated thereunder, $422,000.

Customs statistics: For all expenses necessary for the operation of the section of customs statistics transferred to the Department of Commerce from the Treasury Department by the Act approved January 5, 1923 (15 U. S. C. 194), and expenses connected with the monthly publication of statistics showing the United States exports and imports by customs districts and destinations, including personal services in the District of Columbia (not to exceed $67,000) and elsewhere; rent of or purchase of tabulating, punching, sorting, and other mechanical labor-saving machinery or devices, including adding, typewriting, billing, computing, mimeographic, multigraphing, photostat, and other duplicating machines and devices, including their exchange and repair; telegraph and telephone service; freight, express, drayage; tabulating cards, stationery, and miscellaneous office supplies; books of reference and periodicals; furniture and equipment; ice, water, heat, light, and power; streetcar fare; and all other necessary incidental expenses not included in the foregoing, $395,000.

The appropriation in this title for traveling expenses shall be available in an amount not to exceed $6,500 for expenses of attendance at meetings concerned with the promotion of foreign and domestic commerce, or either, and also expenses of illustrating the work of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce by showing of maps, charts, and graphs at such meetings, when incurred on the written authority of the Secretary of Commerce.

BUREAU OF MARINE INSPECTION AND NAVIGATION

Departmental salaries: For the director and other personal services in the District of Columbia, $400,000.

Salaries and general expenses: For salaries of shipping commissioners, inspectors, and other personal services; to enable the Secretary of Commerce to provide and operate such motorboats and employ such persons as may be necessary for the enforcement, under his direction, of laws relating to navigation and inspection of vessels, boarding of vessels, counting of passengers on excursion boats to prevent overcrowding, and to secure uniformity in the admeasurement of vessels; fees to witnesses; materials, supplies, equipment, and services, including rent and janitor service; the transfer of household goods and effects as provided by the Act of October 10, 1940 (Public, Numbered 839), and regulations promulgated thereunder; purchase, exchange, and repair of instruments; plans and specifications; insignia, braid, and chin straps; coats, caps, and aprons for stewards' departments on vessels; and other incidental expenses of field offices, including contract stenographic reporting services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; $2,400,000: Provided, That $50,000 of the amount herein appropriated shall be available only for the payment of overtime pay.
of extra compensation for overtime services of local inspectors of steam vessels and their assistants, United States shipping commissioners and their deputies and assistants, and customs officers and employees for which the United States receives reimbursement in accordance with the provisions of the Act of May 11, 1938 (52 Stat. 345).

**PATENT OFFICE**

Salaries: For the Commissioner of Patents and other personal services in the District of Columbia, $3,729,200.

Photolithographing: For producing copies of weekly issue of drawings of patents and designs; reproduction of copies of drawings and specifications of exhausted patents, designs, trade-marks, and other papers, such other papers when reproduced for sale to be sold at not less than cost plus 10 per centum; reproduction of foreign patent drawings; photo prints of pending application drawings; and photostat and photographic supplies and dry mounts, $200,000: Provided, That the headings of the drawings for patented cases may be multigraphed in the Patent Office for the purpose of photolithography.

Miscellaneous expenses: For purchase and exchange of law, professional, and other reference books and publications and scientific books; expenses of transporting publications of patents issued by the Patent Office to foreign governments; directories, furniture, filing cases; exchange of labor-saving office devices; for investigating the question of public use or sale of inventions for two years or more prior to filing applications for patents, and such other questions arising in connection with applications for patents and the prior art as may be deemed necessary by the Commissioner of Patents; for expense attending defense of suits instituted against the Commissioner of Patents, and for other contingent and miscellaneous expenses of the Patent Office, $71,000.

Printing and binding: For printing the weekly issue of patents, designs, trade-marks, exclusive of illustrations; and for printing, engraving illustrations, and binding the Official Gazette, including weekly and annual indices, $792,000; for miscellaneous printing and binding, $89,000; in all, $860,000.

The appropriation in this title for traveling expenses shall be available, in an amount not to exceed $500, for expenses of attendance at meetings concerned with the work of the Patent Office when incurred on the written authority of the Secretary of Commerce.

**NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS**

Salaries and expenses: For carrying out the provisions of the Act establishing the National Bureau of Standards, approved March 3, 1901 (5 U. S. C. 591, 597; 15 U. S. C. 271–278), and of Acts supplementary thereto affecting the functions of the Bureau, and specifically including the functions as set forth under the Bureau of Standards in the “Department of Commerce Appropriation Act 1935”, approved April 7, 1934, and for all necessary expenses, purchases, and personnel connected with administration and operation, testing, inspection, and technical information service, research and development, and standards for commerce, including rental of laboratories in the field, communication service, transportation service; the transfer of household goods and effects as provided by the Act of October 10, 1940 (Public, Numbered 889), and regulations promulgated thereunder; streetcar fares not exceeding $100, expenses of the visiting committee, attendance of American member at the meet-
ing of the International Committee of Weights and Measures; compensation and expenses of medical officers of the Public Health Service detailed to the National Bureau of Standards for the purpose of maintaining a first-aid station and making clinical observations; compiling and disseminating scientific and technical data; demonstrating the results of the Bureau’s work by exhibits or otherwise as may be deemed most effective; purchases of supplies, materials, stationery, electric power, fuel for heat, light, and power, and accessories of all kinds needed in the work of the Bureau, including supplies for office, laboratory, shop, and plant, and cleaning and toilet supplies, gloves, goggles, rubber boots and aprons; contingencies of all kinds; supplies for operation, maintenance, and repair of motortrucks and a passenger automobile for official use, including their exchange; purchases of equipment of all kinds, including its repair and exchange, including apparatus, machines and tools, furniture, typewriters, adding machines, and other labor-saving devices, books, periodicals, and reference books, including their exchange when not needed for permanent use; translation of technical articles when required; salary of the Director and other personal services in the District of Columbia and in the field, in accordance with the Classification Act of 1923, as amended:

Operation and administration: For the general operation and administration of the Bureau; improvement and care of the grounds; plant equipment; necessary repairs and alterations to buildings; $368,500.

Testing, inspection, and information service: For calibrating and certifying measuring instruments, apparatus, and standards in terms of the national standards; the preparation and distribution of standard materials; the broadcasting of radio signals of standard frequency; the testing of equipment, materials, and supplies in connection with Government purchases; the improvement of methods of testing; advisory services to governmental agencies on scientific and technical matters; and supplying available information to the public, upon request, in the field of physics, chemistry, and engineering; $898,000.

Research and development: For the maintenance and development of national standards of measurement; the development of improved methods of measurement; the determination of physical constants and the properties of materials; the investigation of mechanisms and structures, including their economy, efficiency, and safety; the study of fluid resistance and the flow of fluids and heat; the investigation of radiation, radioactive substances, and X-rays; the study of conditions affecting radio transmission; the development of methods of chemical analysis and synthesis, and the investigation of the properties of rare substances; investigations relating to the utilization of materials, including lubricants and liquid fuels; the study of new processes and methods of fabrication; and the solutions of problems arising in connection with standards, $750,000.

Standards for commerce: For cooperation with Government purchasing agencies, industries, and national organizations in developing specifications and facilitating their use; for encouraging the application of the latest developments in the utilization and standardization of building materials; for the development of engineering and safety codes, simplified-practice recommendations, and commercial standards of quality and performance, $121,500.

Station for broadcasting standard frequencies: For construction, on Government-owned land, of a building for broadcasting standard frequencies, including roads, preparation of site, purchase and installation of necessary equipment, power lines, and all other necessary facilities, $280,000, to be immediately available.
Materials testing laboratory and equipment: For the construction, on the site of the National Bureau of Standards in the District of Columbia, and equipment of a laboratory for scientific research and for testing equipment, materials, and supplies, $600,000, to be immediately available.

During the fiscal year 1949 the head of any department or independent establishment of the Government having funds available for scientific investigations and requiring cooperative work by the National Bureau of Standards on scientific investigations within the scope of the functions of that Bureau, and which the National Bureau of Standards is unable to perform within the limits of its appropriations, may, with the approval of the Secretary of Commerce, transfer to the National Bureau of Standards such sums as may be necessary to carry on such investigations. The Secretary of the Treasury shall transfer on the books of the Treasury Department any sums which may be authorized hereunder, and such amounts shall be placed to the credit of the National Bureau of Standards for performance of work for the department or establishment from which the transfer is made, including, where necessary, travel expenses and compensation for personal services in the District of Columbia and in the field.

The appropriation in this title for traveling expenses shall be available for the National Bureau of Standards in an amount not to exceed $4,500 for expenses of attendance at meetings concerned with standardization and research or either, when incurred on the written authority of the Secretary of Commerce.

Total, National Bureau of Standards, $2,968,000, of which amount not to exceed $1,905,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

Weather Bureau

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For the employment of persons and means, including rental of buildings, required for carrying into effect in the District of Columbia and elsewhere in the United States, in the West Indies, in the Panama Canal, the Caribbean Sea, and on adjacent coasts, in the Hawaiian Islands, in Bermuda, and in Alaska the provisions of sections 1 and 3 of an Act approved October 1, 1890 (15 U. S. C. 311-313), and section 803 of the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938 (49 U. S. C. 603); for purchase of books of reference; for traveling expenses; for necessary expenses (not to exceed $2,000) of attendance at meetings concerned with the work of the Bureau when authorized by the Secretary of Commerce; for the purchase, exchange, maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles; transfer of household goods and effects, as provided by the Act of October 10, 1940 (Public, No. 830), and regulations promulgated thereunder; detail of not to exceed a total of ten members of the Weather Bureau personnel for training at Government expense at civilian institutions in advanced methods of meteorological science; for repair, alterations, and improvements to existing buildings and care and preservation of grounds, including the construction of necessary outbuildings and sidewalks on public streets, abutting Weather Bureau grounds; for the erection of temporary buildings for living quarters of observers; for telephone rentals, and for telegraphing, telephoning, and cabling reports and messages, rates to be fixed by the Secretary of Commerce by agreement with the companies performing the service; for the establishment, equipment, and maintenance of meteorological offices and stations and for the issuing of weather forecasts and warnings of
storms, cold waves, frosts, and heavy snows, the gaging and measuring of the flow of rivers and the issuing of river forecasts and warnings; for observations and reports relating to crops; for promoting the safety and efficiency of aircraft, as provided by section 803 of the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938, and for observing, measuring, and investigating atmospheric phenomena; and for other necessary observations and reports, including cooperation with other bureaus of the Government and societies and institutions of learning as follows:

General administrative expenses: For necessary expenses for general administrative purposes, including the salary of chief of bureau and other personal services in the District of Columbia, $145,000.

Observations, warnings, and general weather service: For necessary expenses incident to collecting and disseminating meteorological, aerological, climatological, and marine information, and for investigations in meteorology, climatology, seismology, evaporation, and aerology in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, $7,279,150, of which not to exceed $1,500 may be expended for the contribution of the United States to the cost of the office of the secretariat of the International Meteorological Committee, and not to exceed $10,000 may be expended for the maintenance of a printing office in the city of Washington for the printing of weather maps, bulletins, circulars, forms, and other publications: Provided, That no printing shall be done by the Weather Bureau that can be done at the Government Printing Office without impairing the service of said Bureau.

Total, salaries and expenses, Weather Bureau, $7,424,150, of which amount not to exceed $800,000 may be expended for departmental personal services in the District of Columbia: Provided, That Weather Bureau part-time employees, appointed by designation or otherwise, under regulations of the Civil Service Commission, for observational work, may perform odd jobs in the installation, repair, improvement, alteration, cleaning, or removal of Government property and receive compensation therefor at rates of pay to be fixed by the Secretary of Commerce.

Section 3709 of the Revised Statutes of the United States (41 U. S. C. 5) shall not be construed to apply to any purchase or service rendered for the Weather Bureau when the aggregate amount involved does not exceed $50.

This title may be cited as the "Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1942".

TITLE III—DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

For the personal services in the District of Columbia and for special attorneys and special assistants to the Attorney General in the District of Columbia or elsewhere as follows:

For the Office of the Attorney General, $102,000.
For the special national-defense unit, $200,000.
For the Office of the Solicitor General, $92,000.
For the Office of the Assistant Solicitor General, $65,000.
For the Office of Assistant to the Attorney General, $105,000.
For the Administrative Division, $780,000.
For the Tax Division, $600,000.
For the Criminal Division, $410,000.
For the Claims Division, $425,000.
For the Office of Pardon Attorney, $30,000.
Total, personal services, Office of the Attorney General, $2,809,000. Not to exceed 5 per centum of the foregoing appropriations for personal services shall be available interchangeably, subject to the approval of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, for expenditures in the various offices and divisions named, but not more than 5 per centum shall be added to the amount appropriated for any one of said offices or divisions and any interchange of appropriations hereunder shall be reported to Congress in the annual Budget, and not to exceed $250,000 of said appropriations shall be available for the employment, on duties properly chargeable to each of said appropriations, of special assistants to the Attorney General without regard to the Classification Act of 1923, as amended.

Contingent expenses: For stationery, furniture and repairs, floor coverings, file holders and cases; miscellaneous expenditures, including telegraphing and telephones, and teletype, rentals and tolls, postage, labor, typewriters and adding machines and the exchange thereof and repairs thereto, streetcar fares, newspapers not exceeding $500, stenographic reporting services by contract or otherwise, and other necessaries ordered by the Attorney General; official transportation, including the repair, maintenance, and operation of five motor-driven passenger cars (one for the Attorney General and four for general use of the Department), delivery trucks, and motorcycle, to be used only for official purposes; purchase, including exchange, of one passenger-carrying automobile for the Attorney General at not to exceed $1,800; purchase of lawbooks, books of reference, and periodicals, including the exchange thereof; examination of estimates of appropriation in the field; and miscellaneous and emergency expenses authorized or approved by the Attorney General, to be expended at his discretion, $380,000: Provided, That not to exceed $2 per volume shall be paid for the current and future volumes of the United States Code Annotated.

Traveling expenses: For all necessary traveling expenses, Department of Justice, not including traveling expenses otherwise payable under any appropriations for "Federal Bureau of Investigation", "Salaries and expenses of marshals", "Fees of witnesses", "Enforcement of antitrust and kindred laws", "Immigration and Naturalization Service", and "Penal and correctional institutions" (except as otherwise hereinbefore provided), $510,000: Provided, That this sum shall be available, in an amount not to exceed $3,500, for expenses of attendance at meetings concerned with the work of the Bureau of Prisons when incurred on the written authorization of the Attorney General.

Printing and binding: For printing and binding for the Department of Justice, $550,000.

Federal Bureau of Investigation

Salaries and expenses, detection and prosecution of crimes: For the detection and prosecution of crimes against the United States; for the protection of the person of the President of the United States; the acquisition, collection, classification, and preservation of identification and other records and their exchange with the duly authorized officials of the Federal Government, of States, cities, and other institutions; for such other investigations regarding official matters under the control of the Department of Justice and the Department of State as may be directed by the Attorney General; purchase and exchange not to exceed $185,000, and hire, maintenance, upkeep, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, to be used only on official business; purchase (including exchange) at not to exceed $7,000
of one, and maintenance, upkeep, and operation, without regard to the provision of any Act limiting the amount that may be expended for repairs to automobiles, of not more than four armored automobiles; firearms and ammunition; such stationery, supplies, floor coverings, equipment, and telegraph, teletype, and telephone service at the seat of government or elsewhere as the Attorney General may direct; not to exceed $10,000 for taxicab hire to be used exclusively for the purposes set forth in this paragraph and to be expended under the direction of the Attorney General; traveling expenses, including expenses in an amount not to exceed $4,500, of attendance at meetings, concerned with the work of such Bureau when authorized in writing by the Attorney General; not to exceed $1,500 for membership in the International Criminal Police Commission; transfer of household goods and effects as provided by the Act of October 10, 1940 (Public, No. 839), and regulations promulgated thereunder; payment of rewards when specifically authorized by the Attorney General for information leading to the apprehension of fugitives from justice, including not to exceed $20,000 to meet unforeseen emergencies of a confidential character, to be expended under the direction of the Attorney General, who shall make a certificate of the amount of such expenditure as he may think it advisable not to specify, and every such certificate shall be deemed a sufficient voucher for the sum therein expressed to have been expended; and including not to exceed $2,000,000 for personal services in the District of Columbia; $7,500,000: Provided, That none of the funds appropriated herein under the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall be used to pay the compensation of any civil-service employee, except finger-print classifiers.

Salaries and expenses for certain emergencies: For an additional amount for salaries and expenses, including the same purposes and under the same conditions specified in the preceding paragraph, $100,000, to be held as a reserve for emergencies arising in connection with kidnaping, extortion, bank robbery, and to be released for expenditure in such amounts and at such times as the Attorney General may determine.

Salaries and expenses, detection and prosecution of crimes (emergency): For salaries and expenses, during the limited national emergency, in the detection and prosecution of crimes against the United States; for the protection of the person of the President of the United States; the acquisition, collection, classification, and preservation of identification and other records and their exchange with the duly authorized officials of the Federal Government, of States, cities, and other institutions; for such other investigations regarding official matters under the control of the Department of Justice and the Department of State as may be directed by the Attorney General; purchase and exchange not to exceed $135,000, and hire, maintenance, upkeep, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, to be used only on official business; firearms and ammunition; such stationery, supplies, floor coverings, equipment, and telegraph, tele-type, and telephone service at the seat of government or elsewhere as the Attorney General may direct; not to exceed $3,000 for taxicab hire to be used exclusively for the purposes set forth in this paragraph and to be expended under the direction of the Attorney General; transfer of household goods and effects as provided by the Act of October 10, 1940 (Public, No. 839), and regulations promulgated thereunder; traveling expenses; payment of rewards when specifically authorized by the Attorney General for information leading to the apprehension of fugitives from justice, including not to exceed $100,000 to meet unforeseen emergencies of a confidential character, to be expended under the direction of the Attorney General, who shall
make a certificate of the amount of such expenditure as he may think it advisable not to specify, and every such certificate shall be deemed a sufficient voucher for the sum therein expressed to have been expended; and including not to exceed $1,059,000 for personal services in the District of Columbia; $8,750,000, of which at least $100,000 shall be available exclusively to investigate the employees of every department, agency, and independent establishment of the Federal Government who are members of subversive organizations or advocate the overthrow of the Federal Government, and report its findings to Congress: Provided, That none of the funds appropriated herein under the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall be used to pay the compensation of any civil-service employee, except fingerprint classifiers.

BUREAU OF PRISONS

Salaries: For salaries in the District of Columbia and elsewhere in connection with the supervision of the maintenance and care of United States prisoners, $327,500.

IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE

Salaries and expenses, Immigration and Naturalization Service: For all expenses, not otherwise provided for, necessary for the administration and enforcement of the laws relating to immigration, naturalization, alien registration, and Chinese exclusion; including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; care, detention, maintenance, transportation, and other expenses incident to the deportation, removal, and exclusion of aliens, and persons subject to the Chinese exclusion laws, in the United States and to, through, or in foreign countries; payment of rewards; purchase, exchange, and rental of typewriters, adding machines, and other labor-saving devices, including electric typewriting machines; traveling expenses, including attendance at meetings concerned with the purposes of this appropriation; purchase (including exchange), hire, maintenance, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, boats, and aircraft; firearms and ammunition; lawbooks, books of reference, and periodicals, including the exchange thereof; refunds of head tax, maintenance bills, immigration fines, and other items properly returnable; mileage and fees of witnesses subpoenaed on behalf of the United States; operation, maintenance, remodeling, and repair of buildings and the purchase of equipment incident thereto; and allowances (not exceeding $1,700 for any one person) for living quarters, and so forth, as authorized by the Act of June 26, 1930 (5 U. S. C. 118a), $15,800,000: Provided, That the Attorney General may transfer to, or reimburse, any other department, agency, or office of Federal, State, or local governments, funds in such amounts as may be necessary for salaries and expenses incurred by them in rendering authorized assistance to the Department of Justice in connection with the administration and enforcement of said laws: Provided further, That not to exceed $200,000 of this appropriation may be expended for the employment of personnel, exclusive of attorneys, without regard to the Civil Service Act and regulations: Provided further, That the Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization may contract with officers and employees for the use, on official business, of privately owned horses: Provided further, That section 3709 of the Revised Statutes shall not be construed to apply to any purchase or service rendered for the Immigration and Naturalization Service in the field when the aggregate amount involved does not exceed $50.
MISCELLANEOUS APPROPRIATIONS

Conduct of customs cases: Assistant Attorney General, special attorneys and counselors at law in the conduct of customs cases, to be employed and their compensation fixed by the Attorney General; necessary clerical assistance and other employees at the seat of government and elsewhere, to be employed and their compensation fixed by the Attorney General, including experts at such rates of compensation as may be authorized or approved by the Attorney General; expenses of procuring evidence, supplies, Supreme Court Reports and Digests, and Federal Reporter and Digests, and other miscellaneous and incidental expenses, to be expended under the direction of the Attorney General; in all, $137,000.

Enforcement of antitrust and kindred laws: For the enforcement of antitrust and kindred laws, including traveling expenses, and experts at such rates of compensation as may be authorized or approved by the Attorney General, except that the compensation paid to any person employed hereunder shall not exceed the rate of $10,000 per annum, including personal services in the District of Columbia, $2,325,000: Provided, That none of this appropriation shall be expended for the establishment and maintenance of permanent regional offices of the Antitrust Division: Provided further, That no part of this appropriation shall be used for the payment of any person hereafter appointed at a salary of $7,500 or more for the enforcement of antitrust and kindred laws unless such person is appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.

Bond and Spirits Division: For salaries and expenses in connection with the preliminary determination of civil liabilities arising under acts pursuant to the eighteenth amendment before repeal; the preliminary determination of compromises and petitions for remission of forfeitures arising out of current internal-revenue liquor laws; the supervision of the collection on forfeited bail bonds and judgments and fines imposed in criminal cases; personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, and such other expenditures as may be necessary, $175,000: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be used to compensate any person not appointed pursuant to civil-service laws and regulations, but this limitation shall not apply to attorneys or the head of the division.

Examination of judicial offices: For the investigation of the official acts, records, and accounts of marshals, attorneys, clerks of the United States courts and Territorial courts, probation officers, and United States commissioners, for which purpose all the official papers, records, and dockets of said officers, without exception, shall be examined by the agents of the Attorney General at any time; and also the official acts, records, and accounts of referees and trustees of such courts; in all, $61,000, to be expended under the direction of the Attorney General.

Salaries and expenses, veterans' insurance litigation: For salaries and expenses incident to the defense of suits against the United States under section 19, of the World War Veterans' Act, 1924, approved June 1, 1924, as amended and supplemented, or the compromise of the same under the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1934, approved June 16, 1933, including office expenses, lawbooks, supplies, equipment, stenographic reporting services by contract or otherwise, including notarial fees or like services and stenographic work in taking depositions at such rates of compensation as may be authorized or approved by the Attorney General, printing and binding, the employment of experts at such rates of compensation as may be authorized or approved by the Attorney General, and personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, $350,000.
Salaries and expenses, Lands Division: For personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, and for other necessary expenses, including employment of experts at such rates of compensation as may be authorized or approved by the Attorney General, purchase and exchange of typewriters, adding machines, and other labor-saving devices, stenographic reporting services by contract or otherwise, and notarial fees or like services, $2,000,000.

Miscellaneous salaries and expenses, field: For salaries not otherwise specifically provided for (not to exceed $165,000) and for such other expenses for the field service, Department of Justice, as may be authorized or approved by the Attorney General, including experts, and notarial fees or like services and stenographic work in taking depositions, at such rates of compensation as may be authorized or approved by the Attorney General, so much as may be necessary in the discretion of the Attorney General for such expenses in the District of Alaska, and in courts other than Federal courts; patent applications and contested proceedings involving inventions; supplies and equipment, including the exchange of typewriting and adding machines, firearms and ammunition therefor; purchase of lawbooks, including exchange thereof, and the Federal Reporter and continuations thereto as issued, $452,000.

Salaries and expenses of district attorneys, and so forth: For salaries and expenses of United States district attorneys and their regular assistants, clerks, and other employees, including the office expenses of United States district attorneys in Alaska, and for salaries of regularly appointed clerks to United States district attorneys for services rendered during vacancy in the office of the United States district attorney, $3,292,000.

Salaries and expenses of special attorneys, and so forth: For compensation of special attorneys and assistants to the Attorney General and to United States district attorneys not otherwise provided for employed by the Attorney General to aid in special matters and cases, and for payment of foreign counsel employed by the Attorney General in special cases, $200,000, no part of which, except for payment of foreign counsel, shall be used to pay the compensation of any persons except attorneys duly licensed and authorized to practice under laws of any State, Territory, or the District of Columbia: Provided, That the amount paid as compensation out of the funds herein appropriated to any person employed hereunder shall not exceed the rate of $10,000 per annum: Provided further, That reports be submitted to the Congress on the 1st day of July and January showing the names of the persons employed hereunder, the annual rate of compensation or amount of any fee paid to each together with a description of their duties: Provided further, That no part of this appropriation shall be used for the payment of any person hereafter appointed at a salary of $7,500 or more and paid from this appropriation unless such person is appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.

Salaries and expenses of marshals, deputy marshals, and so forth: For salaries, fees, and expenses of United States marshals and their deputies, including services rendered in behalf of the United States or otherwise; services in Alaska in collecting evidence for the United States when so specifically directed by the Attorney General; traveling expenses; purchase, when authorized by the Attorney General, of ten motor-propelled passenger-carrying vans at not to exceed $2,000 each; and maintenance, alteration, repair, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles used in connection with the transaction of the official business of the United States marshals;
$4,147,000: Provided. That the United States marshals and their deputies may be allowed, in lieu of actual expenses of transportation, not to exceed 3 cents per mile for the use of privately owned automobiles for transportation when traveling on official business within the limits of their official station.

Fees of witnesses: For mileage and per diems of witnesses and for per diems in lieu of subsistence; and for payment of the expenses of witnesses, as provided by section 850, Revised Statutes (28 U. S. C. 604), including the expenses, mileage, and per diems of witnesses on behalf of the Government before the United States Customs Court, such payments to be made on the certification of the attorney for the United States and to be conclusive as provided by section 846, Revised Statutes (28 U. S. C. 577), $1,400,000: Provided, That not to exceed $25,000 of this amount shall be available for such compensation and expenses of witnesses or informants as may be authorized or approved by the Attorney General, which approval shall be conclusive: Provided further, That no part of the sum herein appropriated shall be used to pay any witness more than one attendance fee for any one calendar day, which fee shall not exceed $1.50 except in the District of Alaska.

Pay and expenses of bailiffs: For pay of bailiffs, not exceeding three bailiffs in each court, except in the southern district of New York and the northern district of Illinois; and meals and lodging for bailiffs or deputy marshals in attendance upon juries in United States cases, when ordered by the court, $287,000: Provided, That, except in the case of bailiffs in charge of juries over Sundays and holidays, no per diem shall be paid to any bailiff unless the judge is present and presiding in court or present in chambers: Provided further, That none of this appropriation shall be used for the pay of bailiffs when deputy marshals or marshals are available for the duties ordinarily executed by bailiffs, the fact of unavailability to be determined by the certificate of the marshal.

PENAL AND CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTIONS

Salaries and expenses: For every expenditure authorized by law or by orders and regulations made in pursuance of law, not otherwise provided for, requisite for and incident to the support of prisoners, and the maintenance and operation of Federal penal and correctional institutions; expenses of interment or transporting remains of deceased inmates to their homes in the United States; purchase of not to exceed sixteen passenger-carrying automobiles; purchase of one bus at not to exceed $15,000; maintenance and repair of passenger-carrying automobiles; expenses of attendance at meetings concerned with the work of the Prison Service when authorized in writing by the Attorney General; traveling expenses, including traveling expenses of members of advisory boards authorized by law incurred in the discharge of their official duties; transfer of household goods and effects, as provided by the Act of October 10, 1940 (Public, No. 839), and regulations promulgated thereunder; furnishing of uniforms and other distinctive wearing apparel necessary for employees in the performance of their official duties; newspapers, books, and periodicals; firearms and ammunition; purchase and exchange of farm products and livestock; under the following heads: Provided, That any part of the appropriations under this heading used for payment of salaries of personnel employed in the operation of prison commissaries shall be reimbursed from commissary earnings, and such reimbursement shall be in addition to the amounts appropriated herein:
Penitentiaries and reformatories: For maintenance and operation of United States penitentiaries and reformatories, including not to exceed $4,320,000 for salaries and wages of all officers and employees, $7,485,000.

Medical Center for Federal Prisoners: For maintenance and operation of the Medical Center for Federal Prisoners at Springfield, Missouri, including not to exceed $250,000 for salaries and wages of all officers and employees, $595,000.

Jails and correctional institutions: For maintenance and operation of Federal jails and correctional institutions, including not to exceed $1,840,000 for salaries and wages of all officers and employees, $3,172,000.

Prison camps: For the construction and repair of buildings at prison camps and for maintenance and operation of prison camps, $656,000.

Medical and hospital service: For medical relief for inmates of penal and correctional institutions and appliances necessary for patients, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; and furnishing and laundering of uniforms and other distinctive wearing apparel necessary for the employees in the performance of their official duties, $1,000,000: Provided, That there may be transferred without limitation accounts to the appropriation "Pay, and so forth, commissioned officers, Public Health Service", such amount as may be necessary for the pay of not to exceed thirty officers assigned to the Federal Prison Service, and to other appropriations of the Public Health Service such amounts as may be necessary, in the discretion of the Attorney General, for direct expenditure by that Service for the other objects mentioned above.

Construction and repair, McNeil Island: For construction and repair of buildings, including (1) extension of existing facilities, $54,500, and (2) development of island area, $8,500 at the United States Penitentiary, McNeil Island, Washington, including the purchase and installation of machinery and equipment and all expenses incident thereto, $63,000, to be available immediately and to remain available until expended and to be expended so as to give the maximum amount of employment to inmates of the institution: Provided, That the ultimate cost of the project for the development of the Island area shall not exceed $800,000.

Support of United States prisoners: For support of United States prisoners in non-Federal institutions and in the Territory of Alaska, including necessary clothing and medical aid, discharge gratuities provided by law, and transportation to place of conviction or place of bona fide residence in the United States, or such other place within the United States as may be authorized by the Attorney General; and including rent, repair, alteration, and maintenance of buildings and the maintenance of prisoners therein, occupied under authority of sections 4 and 5 of the Act of May 14, 1930 (18 U. S. C. 753c, 753d); support of prisoners becoming insane during imprisonment and who continue insane after expiration of sentence, who have no relatives or friends to whom they can be sent; shipping remains of deceased prisoners to their relatives or friends in the United States and interment of deceased prisoners whose remains are unclaimed; expenses incurred
in identifying, pursuing, and returning escaped prisoners and for rewards for their recapture; and for repairs, betterments, and improvements of United States jails, including sidewalks, $1,500,000.

None of the money appropriated by this title shall be used to pay any witness, or bailiff more than one per diem for any one day's service even though he serves in more than one of such capacities on the same day.

None of the funds appropriated by this title may be used to pay the compensation of any person hereafter employed as an attorney unless such person shall be duly licensed and authorized to practice as an attorney under the laws of a State, Territory, or the District of Columbia.

The foregoing appropriations for "Traveling Expenses, Department of Justice", and "Salaries and Expenses of Marshals, and so forth, Department of Justice", shall be available, respectively, for traveling expenses of the district attorney and of the marshal of the United States Court for China and of employees of their offices and, under such regulations as the Attorney General may prescribe, of their families and effects in going to and returning from their posts, including travel expenses of said officers and employees and their families for travel performed from their posts to their homes in the United States and return to their posts while on authorized leave of absence; for the expenses of preparation and transportation of remains of such officers and employees who may die abroad or in transit while in the discharge of their official duties to their former homes in the United States or to a place not more distant for interment; and for the traveling expenses of said officers and employees and their dependents while en route to or from places of temporary refuge in time of war, political disturbance, earthquake, epidemic, or similar emergency, and for per diem in lieu of subsistence of such officers, employees, and their dependents while in a refugee status; and the appropriations "Salaries and Expenses of District Attorneys, and so forth, Department of Justice", and "Salaries and Expenses of Marshals, and so forth, Department of Justice", shall be available, respectively, to the district attorney and marshal of the United States Court for China and to employees in their offices for allowances for living quarters, including heat, fuel, and light as authorized by the Act of June 26, 1930 (5 U. S. C. 118a), not to exceed $1,700 for any one person in no event to exceed the amount actually and reasonably expended by the recipient of such allowances for living quarters; and the expenses of maintaining in China American convicts and persons declared insane by the Court; rent of quarters for prisoners; ice and drinking water for prison purposes; wages of prison keepers; and the expense of keeping, feeding, and transporting prisoners and persons declared insane by the Court: Provided, That the appropriations under this head for the fiscal year 1941 and the appropriation "Salaries and Expenses, United States Court for China" for the fiscal year 1940 shall be available for travel expenses for travel performed by the officers and employees of the Court, and their families, between their posts and their homes in the United States and return to their posts while on leave of absence authorized or approved by the Attorney General.

Sixty per centum of the expenditures for the offices of the United States District Attorney and the United States Marshal for the District of Columbia from all appropriations in this title shall be reimbursed to the United States from any funds in the Treasury of the United States to the credit of the District of Columbia.

This title may be cited as the "Department of Justice Appropriation Act, 1942".

Attendance fees, re-
scription.

Licenses requirement
for attorneys.

U. S. Court for
China.

Traveling expenses,
district attorney, mar-
shal, etc.

Salaries and
Expenses of District
Attorneys.

Salaries and
Expenses of Marshals.

39 Stat. 118.

32 Stat. 196.

Reimbursement by
District of Columbia.

Citation of title.
UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT

Salaries: For the Chief Justice and eight Associate Justices; Reporter of the Court; and all other officers and employees, whose compensation shall be fixed by the Court, except as otherwise provided by law, and who may be employed and assigned by the Chief Justice to any office or work of the Court, $458,000.

Preparation of rules for criminal proceedings: For all expenses of the Supreme Court of the United States to provide for expenses of such advisory committee as may be appointed by the Court to assist it in the preparation of rules of pleading, practice, and procedure with respect to criminal cases, pursuant to the Act entitled "An Act to give the Supreme Court of the United States authority to prescribe rules of pleading, practice, and procedure with respect to criminal cases prior to and including verdict, or finding or plea of guilty", approved June 29, 1940 (54 Stat. 688), including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere and printing and binding, to be expended as the Chief Justice in his discretion may direct, including such per diem allowances in lieu of actual expenses for subsistence at rates to be fixed by him not to exceed $10 per day, fiscal years 1941 and 1942, $25,000: Provided, That this appropriation shall be available for payment of expenses incurred from and after February 3, 1941.

Printing and binding: For printing and binding for the Supreme Court of the United States, $23,500, to be expended as required without allotment by quarters, and to be executed by such printer as the Court may designate.

Miscellaneous expenses: For miscellaneous expenses of the Supreme Court of the United States, to be expended as the Chief Justice may approve, $27,000.

Structural and mechanical care of the building and grounds: For such expenditures as may be necessary to enable the Architect of the Capitol to carry out the duties imposed upon him by the Act approved May 7, 1934 (40 U. S. C. 13a–13d), including improvements, maintenance, repairs, equipment, supplies, materials, and appurtenances, special clothing for workmen; purchase of waterproof wearing apparel; and personal and other services, including temporary labor without reference to the Classification and Retirement Acts, as amended, and for snow removal by hire of men and equipment or under contract without compliance with sections 3709 and 3744 of the Revised Statutes (41 U. S. C. 5, 16), $69,627.

UNITED STATES COURTS FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Sixty per centum of the expenditures for the District Court of the United States for the District of Columbia from all appropriations under this title and 30 per centum of the expenditures for the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia from all appropriations under this title shall be reimbursed to the United States from any funds in the Treasury to the credit of the District of Columbia.

Repairs and improvements, District Court of the United States for the District of Columbia: For repairs and improvements to the courthouse, including repair and maintenance of the mechanical equipment, and for labor and material and every item incident thereto, $14,000, to be expended under the direction of the Architect of the Capitol.
Repairs and improvements, United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia: For repairs and improvements to the United States Court of Appeals Building, including repair and maintenance of the mechanical equipment, and for labor and material and every item incident thereto, $5,000, to be expended under the direction of the Architect of the Capitol.

COURT OF CUSTOMS AND PATENT APPEALS

Salaries: Presiding judge and four associate judges and all other officers and employees of the court, $106,080.

Contingent expenses: For books and periodicals, including their exchange; stationery, supplies, traveling expenses; drugs, chemicals, cleansers, furniture; and for such other miscellaneous expenses as may be approved by the presiding judge, $3,000.

Printing and binding: For printing and binding, $6,720.

UNITED STATES CUSTOMS COURT

Salaries: Presiding judge and eight judges; and all other officers and employees of the court, $234,500.

Contingent expenses: For books and periodicals, including their exchange; stationery, supplies, traveling expenses; and for such other miscellaneous expenses as may be approved by the presiding judge, $19,000.

Printing and binding: For printing and binding, $800.

COURT OF CLAIMS

Salaries: Chief justice and four judges; chief clerk at not exceeding $6,500; auditor at not exceeding $5,000; and all other officers and employees of the court, $131,410.

Contingent expenses: For stationery, court library, repairs, fuel, electric light, and other miscellaneous expenses, $8,300.

Printing and binding: For printing and binding, $25,500.

Salaries and expenses of commissioners: For salaries of seven regular commissioners, and for traveling expenses, compensation of stenographers authorized by the court, and for stenographic and other fees and charges necessary in the taking of testimony and in the performance of the duties as authorized by the Act entitled "An Act amending section 2 and repealing section 3 of the Act approved February 24, 1925 (28 U.S.C. 269, 270), entitled 'An Act to authorize the appointment of commissioners by the Court of Claims and to prescribe their powers and compensation', and for other purposes", approved June 23, 1930 (28 U.S.C. 270), $75,500.

Repairs, furnishings, and so forth: For necessary repairs, furnishings, and improvements to the Court of Claims buildings, to be expended under the supervision of the Architect of the Capitol, $12,000.

TERRITORIAL COURTS

Hawaii: For salaries of the chief justice and two associate justices of the Supreme Court of the Territory of Hawaii, of judges of the circuit courts in Hawaii, and of judges retired under the Act of May 31, 1938, $103,500.

DISTRICT COURT, PANAMA CANAL ZONE

Salaries: For salaries of the officials and employees of the District Court of the United States for the Panama Canal Zone, $26,000.
Salaries and expenses: For salaries of the judge and other officers and employees of the United States Court for China; allowances for living quarters, including heat, fuel, and light, as authorized by the Act approved June 26, 1930 (5 U. S. C. 118a), not to exceed $1,700 for any one person and in no event to exceed the amount actually and reasonably expended by the recipient of such allowances for living quarters, including heat, fuel, and light; court expenses, including reference and lawbooks, printing and binding, ice and drinking water for office purposes, traveling expenses of officers and employees of the court, and, under such regulations as the Director of the Administrative Office of the United States Courts may prescribe, of their families and effects, in going to and returning from their posts, including travel expenses of said officers and employees and their families for travel performed from their posts to their homes in the United States and return to their posts while on authorized leave of absence; preparation and transportation of remains of officers and employees who may die abroad or in transit while in the discharge of their official duties to their former homes in the United States, or to a place not more distant for interment and for the ordinary expenses of such interment; including traveling expenses of officers and employees of the court and of their dependents, while en route to or from places of temporary residence in time of war, political disturbance, earthquake, epidemic, or similar emergency and for per diem in lieu of subsistence of such officers, employees, and their dependents, while in a refugee status, $28,000: Provided, That the appropriation under this head for the fiscal year 1941 shall be available for travel expenses for travel performed by the officers and employees of the court, and their families, between their posts and their homes in the United States and return to their posts while on leave of absence authorized or approved by the Director of the Administrative Office of the United States Courts.

Salaries of judges: For salaries of circuit judges; district judges (including two in the Territory of Hawaii, one in the Territory of Puerto Rico, four in the Territory of Alaska, and one in the Virgin Islands); and judges retired under section 260 of the Judicial Code, as amended, and section 518 of the Tariff Act of 1930; in all, $3,115,000: Provided that this appropriation shall be available for the salaries of all United States justices and circuit and district judges lawfully entitled thereto, whether active or retired.

Salaries and expenses, clerks of courts: For salaries of clerks of United States circuit courts of appeals and United States district courts, their deputies, and other assistants, and expenses of conducting their respective offices, $2,418,000.

Probation system, United States courts: For salaries and expenses of probation officers, as authorized by the Act entitled “An Act to amend the Act of March 4, 1925, chapter 521, and for other purposes”, approved June 6, 1930 (18 U. S. C. 726), $860,000: Provided, That the salary of no probation officer shall be less than $1,800 per annum nor more than $3,600 per annum: Provided further, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to abridge the right of the district judges to appoint probation officers, or to make such orders as may be necessary to govern probation officers in their own courts: Provided further, That no part of this appropriation shall be used to pay the salary or expenses of any probation officer who,
in the judgment of the senior or presiding judge certified to the
Attorney General, fails to carry out the official orders of the Attorney
General with respect to supervising or furnishing information con-
cerning any prisoner released conditionally or on parole from any
Federal penal or correctional institution.

Fees of commissioners: For fees of the United States commis-
sioners and other committing magistrates acting under section 1014,
Revised Statutes (18 U. S. C. 591), including fees and expenses of
conciliation commissioners, United States courts, including the
objects and subject to the conditions specified for such fees and
expenses of conciliation commissioners in the Department of Justice
Appropriation Act, 1937, $350,000.

Fees of jurors: For mileage and per diems of jurors; meals and
lodging for jurors in United States cases when ordered by the court,
and meals and lodging for jurors in Alaska, as provided by section
193, title II, of the Act of June 6, 1900 (28 U. S. C. 9, 557—570, 595,
596), and compensation for jury commissioners, $5 per day, not
exceeding three days for any one term of court, $2,010,000: Pro-
vided, That the compensation of jury commissioners for the District
of Columbia shall conform to the provisions of title 18, chapter 10,
section 541, of the Code of the District of Columbia, but such com-
ensation shall not exceed $250 each per annum.

Miscellaneous salaries: For salaries of all officials and employees
of the Federal judiciary, not otherwise specifically provided for,
$866,200: Provided, That the compensation of secretaries and law
clerks of district judges shall be fixed by the Director of the Admin-
istrative Office of the United States Courts without regard to the
Classification Act of 1923, as amended, except that the salaries of
secretaries shall not exceed that of the senior clerical grade and the
salaries of law clerks shall not exceed that of the principal subpro-
fessional grade: Provided further, That none of this fund shall be
used for the pay of a law clerk appointed by a district judge unless
the senior circuit judge of the circuit (the District of Columbia
being considered a circuit) in which the clerk is needed, is situated,
shall certify to the necessity of the appointment: Provided further,
That not to exceed three law clerks to district
judges shall be appointed in any one circuit.

Miscellaneous expenses (other than salaries): For such miscella-
neous expenses as may be authorized or approved by the Director
of the Administrative Office of the United States Courts, for the
United States courts and their officers, including rent of rooms for
United States courts and judicial officers; supplies and equipment,
including the exchange of typewriting and adding machines, for the
United States courts and judicial officers, including firearms and
ammunition therefor; stenographic reporting services without regard
to section 3709, Revised Statutes, provided that the rates of payment
shall not exceed those fixed by the district court pursuant to Rule
80 (b) Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, in the jurisdiction of which
the services are rendered, purchase of lawbooks, including the
exchange thereof, for United States judges, and other judicial officers,
including the libraries of the United States circuit courts of appeals,
and the Federal Reporter and continuations thereto as issued,
$398,000: Provided, That such books shall in all cases be transmitted
to their successors in office; all books purchased hereunder to be
marked plainly, “The Property of the United States”: Provided
further, That not to exceed $2 per volume shall be paid for the cur-
rent and future volumes of the United States Code, Annotated, and
that the reports of the United States Court of Appeals for the District
of Columbia shall not be sold for a price exceeding that approved by the court and for not more than $6.50 per volume.

Traveling expenses: For all necessary traveling expenses, not otherwise provided for, incurred by the Judiciary, including traveling expenses of probation officers and their clerks, $538,000; Provided, That this sum shall be available, in an amount not to exceed $4,000, for expenses of attendance at meetings concerned with the work of Federal probation when incurred on the written authorization of the Director of the Administrative Office of the United States Courts: Provided further, That United States probation officers may be allowed, in lieu of actual expenses of transportation, not to exceed 4 cents per mile for the use of their own automobiles for transportation when traveling on official business within the city limits of their official station.

Printing and binding: For printing and binding for the Administrative Office and Courts of the United States, $82,000.

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES COURTS

Salaries: For the Director of the Administrative Office of the United States Courts, the Assistant Director, and for other personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, as may be necessary to enable the Director to carry into effect the provisions of the Act entitled “An Act to provide for the administration of the United States courts, and for other purposes”, approved August 7, 1939 (53 Stat. 1223), $220,000; Provided, That in expending appropriations or portions of appropriations contained in the Act for the payment of personal services in the District of Columbia, the Director shall fix compensation according to the Classification Act of 1923, as amended.

Miscellaneous expenses: For stationery, supplies, materials and equipment, freight, express and drayage charges, washing towels, advertising, purchase of lawbooks and books of reference, periodicals and newspapers, communication service and postage; for the maintenance, repair and operation of one motor-propelled delivery truck; for rent in the District of Columbia, and elsewhere; for official traveling expenses and other miscellaneous expenses not otherwise provided for, necessary to effectively carry out the provisions of the Act providing for the administration of the United States Courts, and for other purposes, $37,000; Provided, That section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (41 U. S. C. 5) shall not be construed to apply to any purchase or service for the Administrative Office of the United States Courts when the aggregate amount involved does not exceed the sum of $50.

As used in this Act, the term “circuit court of appeals” includes the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia; the term “senior circuit judge” includes the Chief Justice of the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia; the term “circuit judge” includes associate justice of the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia; and the term “judge” includes justices.

This title may be cited as the “Judiciary Appropriation Act, 1942”.

TITLE V—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

Sec. 501. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used to pay in excess of $2 per volume for the current and future volumes of the United States Code Annotated or in excess of $3.25 per volume for the current or future volumes of the Life-time Federal Digest.

Sec. 502. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act or authorized hereby to be expended shall be used to pay the compen-
sation of any officer or employee of the Government of the United States, or of any agency the majority of the stock of which is owned by the Government of the United States, whose post of duty is in continental United States unless such officer or employee is a citizen of the United States or a person in the service of the United States on the date of the approval of this Act who being eligible for citizenship has filed a declaration of intention to become a citizen or who owes allegiance to the United States.

SEC. 503. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be paid to any person for the filling of any position for which he or she has been nominated after the Senate has voted not to approve of the nomination of said person.

SEC. 504. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used to pay the salary or wages of any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence; Provided, That for the purposes hereof an affidavit shall be considered prima facie evidence that the person making the affidavit does not advocate, and is not a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence; Provided further, That any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence and accepts employment the salary or wages for which are paid from any appropriation contained in this Act shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than $1,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both: Provided further, That the above penalty clause shall be in addition to, and not in substitution for, any other provisions of existing law.

SEC. 505. No part of the funds appropriated by titles III and IV for salaries of judges, the Attorney General, Assistant Attorneys General, Solicitor General, district attorneys, marshals, and clerks of court shall be used for any other purpose whatsoever, but such salaries shall be allotted out of appropriations herein made for such salaries and retained by the Department or the Administrative Office of the United States Courts and paid to such officials severally, as and when such salaries fall due and without delay.

Approved, June 28, 1941.

[CHAPTER 259]

AN ACT

Making appropriations for the Department of the Interior for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1942, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Department of the Interior for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1942, namely:

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

SALARIES

Salaries: For the Secretary of the Interior, Under Secretary, First Assistant Secretary, Assistant Secretary, and other personal services in the District of Columbia, including a special assistant to the Secretary of the Interior to be appointed without reference to civil-service requirements, at a salary of not to exceed $5,000, $924,570:
Provided, That in expending appropriations or portions of appropriations, contained in this Act, for the payment for personal services in the District of Columbia in accordance with the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, with the exception of the First Assistant Secretary and the Assistant Secretary, the average of the salaries of the total number of persons under any grade in any bureau, office, or other appropriation unit shall not at any time exceed the average of the compensation rates specified for the grade by such Act, as amended, and in grades in which only one position is allocated the salary of such position shall not exceed the average of the compensation rates for the grade, except that in unusually meritorious cases of one position in a grade advances may be made to rates higher than the average of the compensation rates of the grade but not more often than once in any fiscal year and then only to the next higher rate: Provided, That this restriction shall not apply (1) to grades 1, 2, 3, and 4 of the clerical-mechanical service, or (2) to require the reduction in salary of any person whose compensation was fixed, as of July 1, 1924, in accordance with the rules of section 6 of such Act, (3) to require the reduction in salary of any person who is transferred from one position to another position in the same or different grade in the same or a different bureau, office, or other appropriation unit, (4) to prevent the payment of a salary under any grade at a rate higher than the maximum rate of the grade when such higher rate is permitted by the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, and is specifically authorized by other law, or (b) to reduce the compensation of any person in a grade in which only one position is allocated: Provided, That no part of the appropriation made available to the office of the Secretary by this section shall be used for the broadcast of radio programs designed for or calculated to influence the passage or defeat of any legislation pending before the Congress.

OFFICE OF SOLICITOR

For personal services in the District of Columbia and in the field, $313,640.

DIVISION OF TERRITORIES AND ISLAND POSSESSIONS

For personal services in the District of Columbia, $122,880.

DIVISION OF INVESTIGATIONS

For investigating official matters under the control of the Department of the Interior; for protecting timber on the public lands, and for the more efficient execution of the law and rules relating to the cutting thereof; for protecting public lands from illegal and fraudulent entry or appropriation; for adjusting claims for swamplands and indemnity for swamplands; and for traveling and other expenses of persons employed hereunder, $469,100, including not exceeding $43,500 for personal services in the District of Columbia; not exceeding $52,500 for the purchase, exchange, operation, and maintenance of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles and motorboats for the use of agents and others employed in the field service. The Secretary of the Interior shall include in his annual report a full statement of all expenditures made under authority of this paragraph.

GRAZING SERVICE

For carrying out the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to stop injury to the public grazing lands by preventing overgrazing and soil deterioration, to provide for their orderly use, improve-
ment, and development, to stabilize the livestock industry dependent upon the public range, and for other purposes\(^3\), approved June 28, 1934 (48 Stat. 1269), and as amended by the Acts of June 26, 1936 (49 Stat. 1976), and July 14, 1939 (53 Stat. 1002), including examination and classification of lands with respect to grazing or agricultural utility, preparation of land classification maps and reports, traveling and other necessary expenses, not to exceed $25,000 for the detection, prevention, and suppression of fires on lands within grazing districts, not to exceed $120,500 for personal services in the District of Columbia, and not to exceed $30,000 for the purchase, exchange, operation, and maintenance of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, $740,000; for payment of a salary of $5 per diem while actually employed and for the payment of necessary travel expenses, exclusive of subsistence, of members of advisory committees of local stockmen, $60,000; in all, $800,000.

For construction, purchase, and maintenance of range improvements within grazing districts, pursuant to the provisions of sections 10 and 11 of the Act of June 28, 1934 (48 Stat. 1269), and as amended by the Acts of June 26, 1936 (49 Stat. 1976), and July 14, 1939 (53 Stat. 1002), and not including contributions under section 9 of the Act of June 28, 1934, $250,000: Provided, That expenditures hereunder shall not exceed 25 per centum of all moneys received from grazing districts under the provisions of said Act of June 28, 1934, as amended, during the fiscal years 1941 and 1942.

Leasing of grazing lands: For leasing State, county, or privately owned lands in accordance with the provisions of the Act of June 23, 1938 (52 Stat. 1093), $75,000: Provided, That expenditures hereunder shall not exceed the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury in accordance with section 4 of said Act.

### PETROLEUM CONSERVATION DIVISION

Salaries and expenses, oil regulation and enforcement: For administering and enforcing the provisions of the Act approved February 22, 1935 (49 Stat. 30), entitled “An Act to regulate interstate and foreign commerce in petroleum and its products by prohibiting the shipment in such commerce of petroleum and its products produced in violation of State law, and for other purposes”, as amended, and to include necessary personal services in the District of Columbia (not to exceed $44,500), traveling expenses, contract stenographic reporting services, rent, stationery, and office supplies, not to exceed $3,100 for printing and binding; not to exceed $600 for books, newspapers, and periodicals, and not to exceed $14,000 for the purchase, exchange, hire, maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, $247,600.

### BITUMINOUS COAL DIVISION

Salaries and expenses: For all necessary expenditures of the Bituminous Coal Act of 1937, approved April 26, 1937 (50 Stat. 72), as amended by the Act of April 11, 1941 (Public, Numbered 34), including personal services and rent in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; traveling expenses, including expenses of attendance at meetings which, in the discretion of the Secretary of the Interior, are necessary for the efficient discharge of the responsibilities of the Division; contract stenographic reporting services; stationery and office supplies; purchase, rental, exchange, operation, maintenance, and repair of reproducing, photographing, and other such equipment, typewriters, calculating machines, mechanical tabulating equipment, and other office appliances and labor-saving devices; printing and binding;
witness fees and fees and mileage in accordance with section 8 of the Bituminous Coal Act of 1937; not to exceed $3,250 for purchase, exchange, hire, maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, including one for use in the District of Columbia; garage rentals; miscellaneous items, including those for public instruction and information deemed necessary; and not to exceed $1,800 for purchase and exchange of newspapers, lawbooks, reference books, and periodicals, $3,200,000.

SOIL AND MOISTURE CONSERVATION OPERATIONS

For all necessary expenses of administering and carrying out directly and in cooperation with other agencies a soil and moisture conservation program on lands under the jurisdiction of the Department of the Interior in accordance with the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the protection of land resources against soil erosion", approved April 27, 1935 (16 U. S. C. 590a-590f), and Reorganization Plan No. IV, including such special measures as may be necessary to prevent floods and siltation of reservoirs; the improvement of irrigation and land drainage; the procurement of nursery stock and the establishment and operation of erosion nurseries; the making of conservation plans and surveys; the dissemination of information; and the purchase, erection, or improvement of permanent buildings; and including personal services in the District of Columbia (not to exceed $125,000), and elsewhere; traveling expenses; furniture, furnishings, office equipment and supplies; not to exceed $2,000 for the purchase of books and periodicals; operation, maintenance, and repair of motor-propelled and horse-drawn passenger-carrying vehicles, including not to exceed $12,500 for the purchase of such vehicles, $2,178,700: Provided, That the cost of any building purchased, erected, or as improved, exclusive of the cost of constructing a water supply or sanitary system and connecting the same with any such building, shall not exceed $2,500, and all such improvements shall be on Government-owned or Indian lands: Provided further, That this appropriation shall be available for meeting expenses of warehouse maintenance and the procurement, care, and handling of supplies, materials, and equipment stored therein for distribution to projects under the supervision of the Department of the Interior, and for sale and distribution to other Government activities, the cost of such supplies and materials or the value of such equipment (including the cost of transportation and handling), to be reimbursed to the appropriation for soil and moisture conservation operations current at the time such reimbursement is received: Provided further, That reproductions of such aerial or other photographs, mosaics, and maps as shall be required in connection with the authorized soil and moisture conservation operations of the Department of the Interior may be furnished to cooperating persons or agencies and to Government agencies at the estimated cost of furnishing such reproductions, and to other persons or agencies at such prices (not less than estimated cost of furnishing such reproductions) as the Secretary may determine, the money received from such sales to be deposited in the Treasury to the credit of this appropriation: Provided further, That any part of this appropriation allocated for the production or procurement of nursery stock shall remain available for expenditure for not more than three fiscal years.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES, DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

For the contingent expenses of the office of the Secretary and the bureaus and offices of the Department (except soil and moisture conservation operations, production of alumina from low grade bauxite,
For printing and binding, for the Department of the Interior, $319,785, of which $107,000 shall be for the National Park Service,
$90,590 for the Bureau of Mines, and $47,300 for the Fish and Wildlife Service, including the publication of bulletins which shall be adapted to the interests of the people of the different sections of the country, an equal proportion of four-fifths of the bulletins to be delivered to or sent out under addressed franks furnished by the Senators, Representatives, and Delegates in Congress, as they may direct.

COMMISSION OF FINE ARTS

For expenses made necessary by the Act entitled "An Act establishing a Commission of Fine Arts," approved May 17, 1910 (40 U. S. C. 104), including the purchase of periodicals, maps, and books of reference, and payment of actual traveling expenses of the members and secretary of the Commission in attending meetings and committee meetings of the Commission either within or outside of the District of Columbia, to be disbursed on vouchers approved by the Commission, $9,700, of which amount not to exceed $8,480 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

For all printing and binding for the Commission of Fine Arts, $500.
Total, Commission of Fine Arts, $10,200.

BONNEVILLE POWER ADMINISTRATION

For all expenses necessary to enable the Bonneville Power Administrator to exercise and perform the powers and duties imposed upon him by the Act "To authorize the completion, maintenance, and operation of the Bonneville project, for navigation and for other purposes," approved August 20, 1937 (50 Stat. 731), including personal services, travel expenses, purchase and exchange of equipment, printing and binding, and purchase and exchange, maintenance, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, to remain available until expended, $22,858,500, of which amount not exceeding $4,000,000 shall be immediately available, not exceeding $15,000 shall be available for personal services in the District of Columbia and $885,600 shall be available for expenses of marketing and transmission facilities, and administrative costs in connection therewith: Provided, That $2,000,000 of the foregoing amount shall be available only for the construction of additional transmission lines from the Grand Coulee Dam to Spokane, Washington.

UNITED STATES HIGH COMMISSIONER TO THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS

For the maintenance of the office of the United States High Commissioner to the Philippine Islands as authorized by subsection 4 of section 7 of the Act approved March 24, 1934 (48 Stat. 456), including salaries and wages; rental, furnishings, equipment, maintenance, renovation, and repair of office quarters and living quarters for the High Commissioner; supplies and equipment; purchase and exchange of lawbooks and books of reference, periodicals, and newspapers; traveling expenses, including for persons appointed hereunder within the United States and their families, actual expenses of travel and transportation of household effects from their homes in the United States to the Philippine Islands, and return, utilizing Government vessels whenever practicable; operation, maintenance, and repair of motor vehicles, purchase and exchange of three automobiles at prices not to exceed $2,600 for one and $950 each for two, and all other necessary expenses, $160,000, of which amount not exceeding $10,000 shall be available for expenditure in the discretion of the High Commissioner for maintenance of his household and such other purposes.
as he may deem proper: Provided, That the salary of the legal adviser and the financial expert shall not exceed the annual rate of $10,000 and $9,000 each, respectively: Provided further, That section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (41 U. S. C. 5), shall not apply to any purchase or service rendered under this appropriation when the aggregate amount involved does not exceed the sum of $100.

GENERAL LAND OFFICE

SALARIES

For Commissioner of the General Land Office and other personal services in the District of Columbia, $760,000, including one clerk, who shall be designated by the President, to sign land patents.

Transcribing records: For special personal services in the District of Columbia to transcribe records of the General Land Office, $10,000.

Binding records: For personal services in the District of Columbia, purchase and maintenance of equipment, and all other expenses requisite for and incidental to the operation and maintenance of a branch of the Government Printing Office in the Interior Building, to bind, rebind, and repair books of record in the General Land Office, to be expended under the supervision of the Public Printer, $10,000.

GENERAL EXPENSES

For traveling expenses of officers and employees, for employment of stenographers and other assistants when necessary, for separate maps of public-land States and Alaska; for the reproduction by photolithography or otherwise of official plats of surveys; for expenses of restoration to the public domain of lands in forest reserves and of lands temporarily withdrawn for forest-reserve purposes; and for expenses of hearings or other proceedings held by order of the General Land Office to determine the character of lands, whether alleged fraudulent entries are of that character or have been made in compliance with the law, and of hearings in disbarment proceedings, $20,000.

Surveying public lands: For surveys and resurveys of public lands, examination of surveys heretofore made and reported to be defective or fraudulent, inspecting mineral deposits, coal fields, and timber districts, making fragmentary surveys, and such other surveys or examinations as may be required for identification of lands for purposes of evidence in any suit or proceeding in behalf of the United States, under the supervision of the Commissioner of the General Land Office and direction of the Secretary of the Interior, $900,000, including not to exceed $5,000 for the purchase, exchange, operation, and maintenance of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles: Provided, That not to exceed $5,000 of this appropriation may be expended for salaries of employees of the field surveying service temporarily detailed to the General Land Office: Provided further, That not to exceed $10,000 of this appropriation may be used for the survey, classification, and sale of the lands and timber of the so-called Oregon and California Railroad lands and the Coos Bay Wagon Road lands: Provided further, That this appropriation may be expended for surveys made under the supervision of the Commissioner of the General Land Office, but when expended for surveys that would not otherwise be chargeable hereto it shall be reimbursed from the applicable appropriation, fund, or special deposit.

Registers: For salaries and commissions of registers of district land offices, $78,000.

Salaries and expenses of land offices: For salaries (except registers) and all necessary expenses incident to the operation and maintenance
of district land offices and the disposal, supervision, and management of the public lands, including not to exceed $5,000 for the purchase, exchange, operation, and maintenance of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, $170,000: Provided, That no expenses chargeable to the Government shall be incurred by registers in the conduct of local land offices except upon previous specific authorization by the Commissioner of the General Land Office.

For the prevention and suppression of fires on the public domain in Alaska, including the maintenance of patrols, the employment of field personnel, and the use of airplanes by charter or otherwise, $27,000, of which not to exceed $1,000 may be used for the maintenance and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles.

Payments to States of 5 per centum of proceeds from sales of public lands: For payment to the several States of 5 per centum of the net proceeds of sales of public lands lying within their limits, for the purpose of education or of making public roads and improvements, $2,500: Provided, That expenditures hereunder shall not exceed the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury in accordance with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934.

Revested Oregon and California Railroad and Reconveyed Coos Bay Wagon Road Grant Lands, Oregon: For carrying out the provisions of title I of the Act entitled "An Act relating to the revested Oregon and California Railroad and Reconveyed Coos Bay Wagon Road Grant Lands situated in the State of Oregon", approved August 28, 1937 (50 Stat. 874), including fire protection and patrol on these and adjacent and intermingled public lands, through cooperative agreements with Federal, State, and county agencies, or otherwise, and including travel and other necessary expenses, and including not to exceed $5,250 for personal services in the District of Columbia, and not to exceed $2,400 for the purchase, exchange, operation, and maintenance of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, $200,000: Provided, That such expenditures shall be reimbursed from the 25 per centum referred to in section c, title II of the Act approved August 28, 1937, of the special fund designated the "Oregon and California Land Grant Fund" and section 4 of the Act approved May 24, 1939, of the special fund designated the "Coos Bay Wagon Road Grant Fund".

Range improvements on public lands outside of grazing districts (receipt limitation): For construction, purchase, and maintenance of range improvements on the public lands subject to grazing leases under the provisions of section 15 and pursuant to the provisions of section 10 of the Act of June 28, 1934 (48 Stat. 1269), as amended by the Act of June 26, 1936 (49 Stat. 1976), $60,000, including not to exceed $1,200 for the purchase, exchange, operation, and maintenance of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles: Provided, That expenditures hereunder shall not exceed 25 per centum of all moneys received under the provisions of section 15 of said Act during the fiscal years 1941 and 1942.

Payment to Oklahoma from royalties, oil and gas, south half of Red River: For payment of 37½ per centum of the royalties derived from the south half of Red River in Oklahoma under the provisions of the Act of March 4, 1923 (30 U. S. C. 233), which shall be paid to the State of Oklahoma in lieu of all State and local taxes upon tribal funds accruing under said Act, to be expended by the State in the same manner as if received under section 35 of the Act approved February 25, 1920 (30 U. S. C. 191), $7,000: Provided, That expenditures hereunder shall not exceed the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury in accordance with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934.
For the Commissioner of Indian Affairs and other personal services in the District of Columbia, $585,370.

**GENERAL EXPENSES**

For transportation and incidental expenses of officers and clerks of the Bureau of Indian Affairs when traveling on official duty; for radio, telegraph, and telephone toll messages on business pertaining to the Indian Service sent and received by the Bureau of Indian Affairs at Washington, for the rental of office equipment and the purchase of necessary supplies therefor, and for other necessary expenses of the Indian Service for which no other appropriation is available, $49,000.

For advertising, inspection, storage, and all other expenses incident to the purchase of goods and supplies for the Indian Service and for payment of railroad, pipe-line, and other transportation costs of such goods and supplies, $799,720: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be used in payment for any services except bill therefor is rendered within one year from the time the service is performed.

For maintaining law and order on Indian reservations, including pay of judges of Indian courts, pay of Indian police, and pay of employees engaged in the suppression of the traffic in intoxicating liquors, marihuana, and deleterious drugs among Indians, and including traveling expenses, supplies, and equipment, $265,340.

For lease, purchase, construction, repair, and improvement of agency buildings, exclusive of hospital buildings including the purchase of necessary lands for agency purposes and the installation, repair, and improvement of heating, lighting, power, and sewerage and water systems in connection therewith, $212,000: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be available for the construction of any building the total cost of which is in excess of $1,500.

For expenses of organizing Indian chartered corporations, or other tribal organizations, in accordance with the provisions of the Act of June 18, 1934 (48 Stat. 986), as supplemented and amended by the Acts of June 15, 1935 (49 Stat. 378), May 1, 1936 (49 Stat. 1250), and June 26, 1936 (49 Stat. 1967), including personal services, purchase of equipment and supplies, not to exceed $3,000 for printing and binding, and other necessary expenses $70,000, of which not to exceed $17,000 may be used for personal services in the District of Columbia: Provided, That in the discretion of the Secretary of the Interior, not to exceed $3 per diem in lieu of subsistence may be allowed to Indians actually traveling away from their place of residence when assisting in organization work: Provided further, That no part of this appropriation shall be available for expenditure in that part of the State of New Mexico embraced in the Navajo Indian Reservation, and not to exceed $5,000 shall be available for expenditure in said State: Provided further, That no part of this appropriation shall be available to conduct elections in any reservation on any matter which has been previously voted upon there unless two years have elapsed.

Vehicles, Indian Service: Not to exceed $495,000 of applicable appropriations made herein for the Bureau of Indian Affairs shall be available for the maintenance, repair, and operation (including the exchange of necessary parts and accessories in part payment for new parts and accessories) of motor-propelled and horse-drawn passenger-carrying vehicles for the use of employees in the Indian field service, and the transportation of Indian school pupils, and not to exceed $900,000 of applicable appropriations may be used for the purchase
and exchange of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, and such
vehicles shall be used only for official service, including the transportation
of Indian school pupils.

Replacement of property destroyed by fire, flood, or storm: That
to meet possible emergencies not exceeding $35,000 of the appropriations
made by this Act for support of reservation and nonreservation
schools, for school and agency buildings, and for conservation of
health among Indians shall be available, upon approval of the Secret-
tary of the Interior, for replacing any buildings, equipment, sup-
plies, livestock, or other property of those activities of the Indian
Service above referred to which may be destroyed or rendered un-
serviceable by fire, flood, or storm: Provided, That any diversions of
appropriations made hereunder shall be reported to Congress in the
annual Budget.

INDIAN LANDS

Purchase of land for the Navajo Indians, Arizona, reimbursable:
The unexpended balance of the appropriation contained in the Defi-
ciency Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1934, for the purchase of
land, and improvements thereon, including water rights, for the
Navajo Indians in Arizona, as authorized by and in conformity with
the provisions of the Act of June 14, 1934 (48 Stat. 961), is hereby
continued available for the same purposes until June 30, 1942.

Purchase of land for the Navajo Indians, Arizona (tribal funds):
The unexpended balance of the appropriation of $40,000 from funds
to the credit of the Navajo Tribe, contained in the Interior Depart-
ment Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1939, for the purchase, in accord-
ance with the provisions of the Act of June 14, 1934 (48 Stat. 961),
of lands from the New Mexico and Arizona Land Company within
the Navajo Indian Reservation, Arizona, is hereby continued avail-
able for the same purpose and under the same conditions until June
30, 1942.

Leasing of lands for Navajo Indians (tribal funds): For lease,
pending purchase, of land and water rights for the use and benefit
of Indians of the Navajo Tribe in Arizona and New Mexico, $20,000,
payable from funds on deposit to the credit of the Navajo Tribe.

Purchase of land, Mescalero Indians, New Mexico (tribal funds):
For the purchase of land, or interest therein and improvements
thereon for the Apache Tribe of the Mescalero Reservation of New
Mexico, $14,000, payable from funds on deposit to the credit of said
Indians: Provided, That title to any land and improvements so pur-
chased shall be taken in the name of the United States in trust for
said Indians: Provided further, That no expenditure shall be made
hereunder without the consent of the Mescalero tribal business com-
mmittee.

Payment of judgment in the case of Luis M. Sanchez, and others,
against United States (tribal funds): There is hereby appropriated
from the tribal funds of the Indians of the Isleta Pueblo, New
Mexico, so much as may be necessary to satisfy the judgment obtained
by the plaintiff in the suit entitled Luis M. Sanchez, and others,
against the United States, numbered 135 civil, in the United States
District Court for the District of New Mexico: Provided, That title
to the land and improvements thereon involved in said suit shall be
vested in the United States in trust for the Pueblo of Isleta: Pro-
vided further, That use of the money for such purpose shall receive
the approval of the governing authorities of the pueblo as required
in section 5 of the Act of May 1, 1933 (48 Stat. 108).

For the acquisition of lands, interest in lands, water rights and
surface rights to lands, and for expenses incident to such acquisition
(except salaries and expenses of employees), in accordance with the provisions of the Act of June 18, 1934 (48 Stat. 985), $325,000: Provided, That in addition to the amount herein appropriated, the Secretary of the Interior may also incur obligations, and enter into contracts for the acquisition of additional land, not exceeding a total of $325,000, and his action in so doing shall be deemed a contractual obligation of the Federal Government for the payment of the cost thereof, and appropriations hereafter made for the acquisition of land pursuant to the authorization contained in the Act of June 18, 1934, shall be available for the purpose of discharging the obligation or obligations so created: Provided further, That no part of the sum herein appropriated or this contract authorization shall be used for the acquisition of land within the States of Arizona, Colorado, New Mexico, and Wyoming outside of the boundaries of existing Indian reservations.

The unexpended balance of the appropriation of $25,000 contained in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1938, for the payment of taxes, including penalties and interest, assessed against individually owned Indian land, title to which is held subject to restrictions against alienation or encumbrance except with the consent or approval of the Secretary of the Interior, when such land was purchased with trust or restricted funds with the understanding that after purchase it would be nontaxable, as authorized by the Act of June 20, 1936 (49 Stat. 1542), is hereby continued available for the same purposes until June 30, 1942.

For payments to Indians, and to State, counties, or political subdivisions thereof in accordance with the provisions of the Act of June 11, 1940, entitled "An Act for the relief of Indians who have paid taxes on allotted lands for which patents in fee were issued without application by or consent of the allottees and subsequently canceled, and for the reimbursement of public subdivisions by whom judgments for such claims have been paid" (54 Stat. 298), $50,000.

Purchase of land, Confederated Bands of Utes, Utah (tribal funds): The unexpended balances of the amounts authorized to be expended by the Interior Department Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1941 for the purchase of additional lands and improvements for the Confederated Bands of Ute Indians in Utah, are hereby continued available for the same purposes until June 30, 1942.

Purchase of land, Fort Hall Indians, Idaho (tribal funds): For the purchase of land and improvements thereon for the Indians of the Fort Hall Reservation, Idaho, $18,000, payable from funds on deposit to the credit of said Indians: Provided, That title to any land and improvements so purchased shall be taken in the name of the United States in trust for the Indians of the Fort Hall Reservation.

Purchase of land for the Indians of the Round Valley Reservation, California (tribal funds): The unexpended balance of the appropriation of $10,000, contained in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1941, for the purchase of land and improvements thereon for the Indians of the Round Valley Reservation, California, payable from funds on deposit to the credit of said Indians is hereby continued available until June 30, 1942.

Purchase of land for the Indians of the Colville Reservation, Washington (tribal funds): The unexpended balance of the appropriation of $100,000 contained in the Third Deficiency Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1939, for the purchase of land and improvements thereon for the Colville Indians, Washington, payable from funds on deposit to the credit of said Indians, is hereby continued available until June 30, 1942.
Purchase of land for the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota (tribal funds): For the purchase of Indian-owned and non-Indian-owned lands, interest in lands, and chattels and improvements, $107,500, to be immediately available, payable from any funds on deposit to the credit of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe: Provided, That title to all purchases made hereunder shall be taken in the name of the United States in trust for the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe.

Purchase of land, Spokane Indians, Washington (tribal funds): The unexpended balance of the appropriation of $30,000, contained in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1941, for the purchase of Indian-owned and privately owned lands, improvements on lands, or any interest in lands, including water rights for Indians of the Spokane Reservation, Washington, payable from any funds on deposit to the credit of the Indians of said reservation is hereby continued available until June 30, 1942.

**INDUSTRIAL ASSISTANCE AND ADVANCEMENT**

For the preservation of timber on Indian reservations and allotments other than the Menominee Indian Reservation in Wisconsin, the education of Indians in the proper care of forests, and the general administration of forestry and grazing work, including fire prevention and payment of reasonable rewards for information leading to arrest and conviction of a person or persons setting forest fires, or taking or otherwise destroying timber, in contravention of law on Indian lands, $385,000: Provided, That this appropriation shall be available for the expenses of administration of Indian forest lands from which timber is sold to the extent only that proceeds from the sales of timber from such lands are insufficient for that purpose.

For expenses incidental to the sale of timber, and for the expenses of administration, including fire prevention, of Indian forest lands only from which such timber is sold, $117,000, reimbursable to the United States as provided in the Act of February 14, 1920 (25 U. S. C. 413), from the proceeds of timber sales: Provided, That this appropriation shall be available for the payment of reasonable rewards for information leading to arrest and conviction of a person or persons setting forest fires, or taking or otherwise destroying timber, in contravention of law.

For the suppression or emergency prevention of forest fires on or threatening Indian reservations, $15,000, together with $25,000 from funds held by the United States in trust for the respective tribes of Indians interested: Provided, That not to exceed $50,000 of appropriations herein made for timber operations shall be available upon the approval of the Secretary of the Interior, for fire-suppression or emergency prevention purposes: Provided further, That any diversions of appropriations made hereunder shall be reported to Congress in the annual Budget.

For transfer to the Geological Survey for expenditures to be made in inspecting mines and examining mineral deposits on Indian lands and in supervising mining operations on restricted, tribal, and allotted Indian lands leased under the provisions of the Acts of February 28, 1891 (25 U. S. C. 236, 371, 397), May 27, 1908 (35 Stat. 812), March 3, 1909 (25 U. S. C. 896), and other Acts authorizing the leasing of such lands for mining purposes, including not to exceed $5,000 for the purchase and exchange (not to exceed $2,000), maintenance, repair, and operation of passenger-carrying vehicles, and not to exceed $11,000 for personal services in the District of Columbia, $100,000.

For the purpose of obtaining remunerative employment for Indians, $40,800.
For the purpose of developing agriculture and stock raising among the Indians, including necessary personnel, traveling and other expenses, and purchase of supplies and equipment, $705,000, of which not to exceed $15,000 may be used to conduct agricultural experiments and demonstrations on Indian school or agency farms and to maintain a supply of suitable plants or seed for issue to Indians, and not to exceed $30,000 may be used for the operation and maintenance of a sheep-breeding station on the Navajo Reservation, and not to exceed $5,000 may be used for defraying the expenses of Indian fairs, including premiums for exhibits.

For the purpose of encouraging industry and self-support among the Indians and to aid them in the culture of fruits, grains, and other crops, $150,000, which sum may be advanced to Indians for the purchase of seeds, animals, machinery, tools, implements, and other equipment and supplies; for advances to old, disabled, or indigent Indian allottees for their support; and for advances to Indians having irrigable allotments to assist them in the development and cultivation thereof: Provided, That except for the Navajo Indians in Arizona and New Mexico not to exceed $25,000 of the amount herein appropriated shall be expended on any one reservation or for the benefit of any one tribe of Indians: Provided further, That not to exceed $15,000 may be advanced to worthy Indian youths to enable them to take educational courses, including courses in nursing, home economics, forestry, and other industrial subjects in colleges, universities, or other institutions, and advances so made shall be reimbursed in not to exceed eight years, under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe.

Industrial assistance (tribal funds): For advances to individual members of the tribes for the construction of homes and for the purchase of seed, animals, machinery, tools, implements, building material, and other equipment and supplies; for advances to old, disabled, or indigent Indians for their support and burial, and Indians having irrigable allotments to assist them in the development and cultivation thereof: Provided, That in the case of any one tribe of Indians not to exceed $25,000 of the amount herein appropriated shall be expended on one reservation or for the benefit of any one tribe of Indians: Provided further, That not to exceed $15,000 may be advanced to worthy Indian youths to enable them to take educational courses, including courses in nursing, home economics, forestry, agriculture, and other industrial subjects in colleges, universities, or other institutions, and advances so made shall be reimbursed in not to exceed eight years, under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe.

Reappropriations. Provided further, That all moneys reimbursed during the fiscal year 1942 shall be credited to the respective appropriations and be available for the purposes of this paragraph: Provided further, That the unexpended balances of prior appropriations under this head for any tribe, including reimbursements to such appropriations and the appropriations made herein, may be advanced to such tribes if incorporated, for use under rules and regulations established for the making of

Loans to encourage industry, etc.
loans from the revolving loan fund authorized by the Act of June 18, 1894 (25 U. S. C. 470).

Operation and maintenance, Navajo tribal sawmill (tribal funds): Not to exceed $165,000 of the funds on deposit to the credit of the Navajo Indians are hereby made available for advance to the Navajo Tribe for the operation and maintenance of the Navajo tribal sawmill enterprise: Provided, That revenue derived from the operation of the mill shall be available upon the request of the Secretary of the Interior for advance to the tribe for the same purposes.

For an additional amount to be added to the appropriations herefore made, for the establishment of a revolving fund for the purpose of making and administering loans to Indian-chartered corporations in accordance with the Act of June 18, 1934 (48 Stat. 986), and of making and administering loans to individual Indians and to associations or corporate groups of Indians of Oklahoma in accordance with the Act of June 26, 1936 (49 Stat. 1967), $250,000, of which amount not to exceed $25,700 shall be available for personal services in the District of Columbia, and $110,000 shall be available for personal services in the field, for traveling expenses of employees, for purchase of equipment and supplies, and for other necessary expenses of administering such loans, including not more than $3,500 for printing and binding: Provided, That interest or other charges heretofore or hereafter collected on loans shall be credited to said revolving fund and shall be available for the purposes of this paragraph.

For the development, under the direction of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, of Indian arts and crafts, as authorized by the Act of August 27, 1935 (49 Stat. 891), including personal services, purchase and transportation of equipment and supplies, purchase of periodicals, directories, and books of reference, purchase and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, telegraph and telephone services, cost of packing, crating, drayage, and transportation of personal effects of employees upon permanent change of station, expenses of exhibits and of attendance at meetings concerned with the development of Indian arts and crafts, traveling expenses, including payment of actual transportation expenses, not to exceed $2,500 for printing and binding, and other necessary expenses, $50,000, of which not to exceed $16,000 shall be available for personal services in the District of Columbia: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be used to pay any salary at a rate exceeding $7,500 per annum.

DEVELOPMENT OF WATER SUPPLY

For the development, rehabilitation, repair, maintenance, and operation of domestic and stock water facilities on the Navajo Reservation in Arizona, New Mexico, and Utah, the Hopi Reservation in Arizona, the Papago Reservation in Arizona, and the several Pueblos in New Mexico, including the purchase and installation of pumping and other equipment, $110,000.

IRRIGATION AND DRAINAGE

For the construction, repair, and maintenance of irrigation systems, and for purchase or rental of irrigation tools and appliances, water rights, ditches, and lands necessary for irrigation purposes for Indian reservations and allotments; for operation of irrigation systems or appurtenances thereto when no other funds are applicable or available for the purpose; for drainage and protection of irrigable lands from damage by floods or loss of water rights, upon the Indian irrigation projects named below, $215,230, reimbursable, together with $28,500 operation and maintenance collections, from which latter amount
expenditures for any one project shall not exceed the aggregate receipts from such project covered into the Treasury pursuant to section 4 of the Permanent Appropriations Repeal Act, 1934:

Miscellaneous projects, $16,500; Arizona: Ak Chin, $4,000; Chiu Chui, $4,000; Fort Apache, $2,500; Navajo, miscellaneous projects, Arizona and New Mexico, $44,000, together with $11,500 (Fruitlands, $5,000; Ganado, $1,500; Hogback, $5,000), collections; Hopi, miscellaneous projects, $1,500; San Xavier, $2,000; California: Coachella Valley, $1,000; Morongo, $3,000; Pala and Rincon, $3,000, together with $500, collections; Colorado: Southern Ute, $10,000, together with $6,000, collections; Montana: Tongue River, $2,250, together with $1,000, collections; Nevada: Pyramid Lake, $3,000; Walker River, $5,500, together with $500, collections; Western Shoshone, $8,000, together with $2,000, collections; New Mexico: Miscellaneous Pueblos, $25,000; Oregon: Warm Springs, $3,500; Washington: Colville, $5,000, together with $5,000, collections; Lummis diking project, $500, together with $2,000, collections; and for necessary miscellaneous expenses incident to the general administration of Indian irrigation projects, including pay of employees and their traveling and incidental expenses, $70,980: Provided, That the foregoing amounts shall be available interchangeably, in the discretion of the Secretary of the Interior, for the necessary expenditures for damages by floods and other unforeseen exigencies, but the amount so interchanged shall not exceed in the aggregate 10 per centum of all the amounts so appropriated: Provided further, That the cost of irrigation projects and of operating and maintaining such projects where reimbursement thereof is required by law shall be apportioned on a per-acre basis against the lands under the respective projects and shall be collected by the Secretary of the Interior as required by such law, and any unpaid charges outstanding against such lands shall constitute a first lien thereon which shall be recited in any patent or instrument issued for such lands.

For operation and maintenance of the San Carlos project for the irrigation of lands in the Gila River Indian Reservation, Arizona, $75,000, reimbursable, together with $130,000 (operation and maintenance collections), and $220,000 (power revenues), of which latter sum not to exceed $24,000 shall be available for major repairs in case of unforeseen emergencies caused by fire, flood, or storm, from which amounts, of $130,000 and $220,000, respectively, expenditures shall not exceed the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury in accordance with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934; in all, $425,000.

For continuing subjugation and for cropping operations on the lands of the Pima Indians in Arizona, there shall be available not to exceed $200,000 of the revenues derived from these operations and deposited into the Treasury of the United States to the credit of such Indians, and such revenues are hereby made available for payment of irrigation operation and maintenance charges assessed against tribal or allotted lands of said Pima Indians.

For improvement, operation, and maintenance of the pumping plants and irrigation system on the Colorado River Indian Reservation, Arizona, as provided in the Act of April 4, 1910 (36 Stat. 273), $19,000, reimbursable, together with $19,000, from which amount expenditures shall not exceed the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury in accordance with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934.

Operation and maintenance, pumping plants, San Carlos Reservation, Arizona (tribal funds): For the operation and maintenance of pumping plants for the irrigation of lands on the San Carlos Reservation, in Arizona, $5,000, to be paid from the funds held by the United
States in trust for the Indians of such reservation: Provided, That the sum so used shall be reimbursed to the tribe by the Indians benefited under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe.

For reclamation and maintenance charges on Indian lands within the Yuma Reservation, California, and on ten acres within each of the eleven Yuma homestead entries in Arizona under the Yuma reclamation project, $11,500, reimbursable.

For improvements, maintenance, and operation of the Fort Hall irrigation systems, Idaho, $28,000, together with $25,000, from which amount expenditures shall not exceed the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury in accordance with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934.

For maintenance and operation, repairs, and purchase of stored waters, irrigation systems, Fort Belknap Reservation, Montana, $15,200, reimbursable, together with $4,200, from which amount expenditures shall not exceed the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury in accordance with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934.

For the improvement, maintenance, and operation of the irrigation systems on the Blackfeet Indian Reservation in Montana, $10,000, reimbursable, together with $11,000, from which amount expenditures shall not exceed the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury in accordance with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934.

For operation and maintenance of the irrigation and power systems on the Flathead Reservation, Montana, $130,000 (operation and maintenance collections) and $80,000 (power revenues), from which amounts of $130,000 and $80,000, respectively, expenditures shall not exceed the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury in accordance with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934.

For improvement, maintenance, and operation of the irrigation systems on the Crow Reservation, Montana, including maintenance assessments payable to the Two Leggins Water Users' Association and Bozeman Trail Ditch Company, Montana, properly assessable against lands allotted to the Indians and irrigable thereunder, $5,000, reimbursable, together with $41,000, from which amount expenditures shall not exceed the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury in accordance with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934.

For payment to the Tongue River Water Users' Association, Montana, or the State Water Conservation Board of Montana, in accordance with the provisions of the Act approved August 11, 1939 (53 Stat. 1411), $9,750, reimbursable as provided in said Act.

For payment of annual installment of reclamation charges against Paiute Indian lands within the Newlands reclamation project, Nevada, $5,381; and for payment in advance, as provided by district law, of operation and maintenance assessments, including assessments for the operation of drains to the Truckee-Carson irrigation district, $5,565, to be immediately available; in all, $10,946.

For operation and maintenance assessments on Indian lands, and the buildings and grounds of the Albuquerque Indian School, within the Middle Rio Grande Conservancy District, New Mexico, $3,257, of which amount $7,477 shall be reimbursed in accordance with existing law.
For improvements, maintenance, and operation of miscellaneous irrigation projects on the Klamath Reservation, Oregon, $2,000, reimbursable, together with $4,000, from which amount expenditures shall not exceed the aggregate receipts from operation and maintenance collections on the Sand Creek and Modoc Point units covered into the Treasury in accordance with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934.

For continuing operation and maintenance and betterment of the irrigation system to irrigate allotted lands of the Uncompahgre, Uintah, and White River Utes in Utah, authorized under the Act of June 21, 1906 (34 Stat. 375), $20,000, reimbursable, together with $38,000, from which amount expenditures shall not exceed the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury in accordance with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934.

For operation and maintenance of the Wapato irrigation and drainage system, and auxiliary units thereof, Yakima Indian Reservation, Washington, $1,000, reimbursable, together with $150,000 (collections from the water users on the Wapato-Satus, Toppenish-Simece, and Ahtanum units), from which amount expenditures shall not exceed the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury in accordance with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934.

For reimbursement to the reclamation fund for stored water to irrigate Indian lands on the Yakima Indian Reservation, Washington, pursuant to the Act of July 1, 1940 (54 Stat. 707), $20,000.

For reimbursement to the reclamation fund the proportionate expense of operation and maintenance of the reservoirs for furnishing stored water to lands in the Yakima Indian Reservation, Washington, in accordance with the provisions of section 22 of the Act of August 1, 1914 (38 Stat. 604), $11,000.

For operation and maintenance of irrigation systems within the ceded and diminished portions of the Wind River Reservation, Wyoming, including the Indians' pro rata share of the cost of operation and maintenance of the Riverton-Le Clair irrigation district and the Big Bend drainage district on the ceded reservation, $25,000, reimbursable, together with $25,000, from which amount expenditures shall not exceed the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury in accordance with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934.

For the construction, repair, and rehabilitation of irrigation systems on Indian reservations; for the purchase or rental of equipment, tools, and appliances; for the acquisition of rights-of-way, and payment of damages in connection with such irrigation systems; for the development of domestic and stock water and water for subsistence gardens; for the purchase of water rights, ditches, and lands needed for such projects; and for drainage and protection of irrigable lands from damage by floods or loss of water rights, as follows:

Arizona: Colorado River, as authorized by and in accordance with section 2 of the River and Harbor Act, approved August 30, 1935 (49 Stat. 1039, 1040), including the purchase of electrical energy and the distribution and sale thereof, $560,000; Navajo, Arizona, and New Mexico, $255,000; Salt River, $40,000; California: Mission, $8,000; Sacramento, $26,700; Owens Valley (Carson Agency, Nevada), $10,000; Colorado: Southern Ute, $15,000; Montana: Crow, $45,000; Flathead, $250,000; Fort Belknap, $6,250; Fort Peck, $25,000; Nevada: Carson, $17,000; Western Shoshone, $25,000; Walker River, $5,000; Pyramid Lake, $125,000;
New Mexico: Pueblo, $60,000; Oregon: Warm Springs, $5,000; Washington: Wapato, $210,000; Wyoming: Wind River, $49,000; Miscellaneous garden tracts, $45,000;

Surveys, investigations, etc.

Total; availability.

64 Stat. 422.

Proviso.

Interchange of amounts.

Hulah Dam and Reservoir project.

49 Stat. 1577.

Release of minerals to U. S.

Payment of compensation.

Support of Indian schools, etc.
Post, p. 323.

Previos.
Deaf and dumb or blind, etc.

Subsistence of pupils during summer.

Vocational, etc., courses, tuition.

EDUCATION

For the support of Indian schools not otherwise provided for, and for other Indian educational purposes, including apprentice teachers for reservation and nonreservation schools, educational facilities authorized by treaty provisions, care of Indian children of school age attending public and private schools, and tuition and other assistance for Indian pupils attending public schools, and for the support of Indian museums at Rapid City, South Dakota, and Browning, Montana, $5,961,590: Provided, That not to exceed $20,000 of this appropriation may be used for the support and education of deaf and dumb or blind, physically handicapped, or mentally deficient Indian children: Provided further, That $60,000 of this appropriation shall be available for subsistence of pupils in reservation and nonreservation boarding schools during summer months: Provided further, That not more than $15,000 of the amount herein appropriated may be expended for the tuition (which may be paid in advance) of Indian pupils attending vocational or higher educational institu-
tions, under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe: Provided further, That formal contracts shall not be required, for compliance with section 3744 of the Revised Statutes (41 U. S. C. 16), for payment (which may be made from the date of admission) of tuition and for care of Indian pupils attending public and private schools, higher educational institutions, or schools for the deaf and dumb, blind, physically handicapped, or mentally deficient: Provided further, That not to exceed $10,000 of this appropriation may be used for printing and binding (including illustrations) in authorized Indian-school printing plants: Provided further, That no part of any appropriation in this Act for the Bureau of Indian Affairs shall be available for expenses of travel for the study of educational systems or practices outside the continental limits of the United States and the Territory of Alaska.

Support of Indian schools from tribal funds: For the support of Indian schools, and for other educational purposes, including care of Indian children of school age attending public and private schools, tuition and other assistance for Indian pupils attending public schools, and support and education of deaf and dumb or blind, physically handicapped, or mentally deficient Indian children, there may be expended from Indian tribal funds and from school revenues arising under the Act of May 17, 1926 (25 U. S. C. 155), not more than $327,750, including not to exceed $88,750 for payment of tuition for Chippewa Indian children enrolled in public schools and care of children of school age attending private schools in the State of Minnesota, payable from the principal sum on deposit to the credit of the Chippewa Indians in the State of Minnesota arising under section 7 of the Act of January 14, 1889 (25 Stat. 645): Provided, That formal contracts shall not be required, for compliance with section 3744 of the Revised Statutes (41 U. S. C. 16), for payment (which may be made from the date of admission) of tuition for Chippewa Indian children attending schools in Minnesota.

44 Stat. 500.

Expenditures from tribal funds.

For the education of unallotted Osage Indian children in the Saint Louis Mission Boarding School, Oklahoma, $1,500, payable from funds held in trust by the United States for the Osage Tribe.

Vocational, etc., schools.

For reimbursable loans to Indians for the payment of tuition and other expenses in recognized vocational and trade schools, including colleges and universities offering recognized vocational, trade, and professional courses, in accordance with the provisions of the Act of June 18, 1934 (48 Stat. 956), and for apprentice training in manufacturing and other commercial establishments, $80,000: Provided, That not more than $50,000 of the amount available for the fiscal year 1942 shall be available for loans to Indian students pursuing liberal-arts courses in high schools and colleges: Provided further, That advances made under this authorization shall be reimbursed in not to exceed eight years, under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe.

Vocational arts.

For lease, purchase, repair, and improvement of buildings at Indian schools not otherwise provided for, including the purchase of necessary lands for school purposes and the installation, repair, and improvement of heating, lighting, power, sewer, and water systems in connection therewith, and including not to exceed $15,000 for the purchase of materials for the use of Indian pupils in the construction of buildings (not to exceed $1,500 for any one building) at Indian schools not otherwise provided for, $873,200: Provided, That the foregoing appropriation, and appropriations in this Act for repairs and improvements at nonreservation boarding schools, shall be available to provide sponsor's contributions to

Provisos.
projects for the construction, repair, or improvement of Indian
school buildings approved by and carried on under funds of the
Work Projects Administration or the National Youth Adminis-
tration.

For support and education of Indian pupils at the following
nonreservation boarding schools in not to exceed the following
amounts, respectively:

Phoenix, Arizona: For five hundred pupils, including not to
exceed $2,500 for printing and issuing school paper, $162,500; for
pay of superintendent or other officer in charge, drayage, and
general repairs and improvements, $23,500; in all, $187,500;

Sherman Institute, Riverside, California: For six hundred and
fifty pupils, including not to exceed $2,000 for printing and issuing
school paper, $221,000; for pay of superintendent, drayage, and
general repairs and improvements, $23,500; in all, $244,500;

Haskell Institute, Lawrence, Kansas: For six hundred and twenty-
five pupils, including not to exceed $2,500 for printing and issuing
school paper, and not to exceed $6,000 for the purchase of printing
equipment, $212,500; for pay of superintendent, drayage, and
general repairs and improvements, including necessary drainage work,
$28,000; in all, $237,500;

Pipestone, Minnesota: For three hundred pupils, $97,750; for pay
of superintendent, drayage, and general repairs and improvements,
$15,000; in all, $112,750;

Carson City, Nevada: For five hundred and twenty-five pupils,
$168,500; for pay of principal, drayage, and general repairs and
improvements, $20,000; in all, $188,500;

Albuquerque, New Mexico: For six hundred pupils, $204,000; for
pay of superintendent or other officer in charge, drayage, and
general repairs and improvements, $25,000; in all, $229,000;

Santa Fe, New Mexico: For three hundred and eighty pupils,
$134,900; for drayage, and general repairs and improvements,
$15,000; in all $149,900;

Wahpeton, North Dakota: For two hundred and seventy pupils,
$88,100; for pay of superintendent, drayage, and general repairs and
improvements, $13,000; in all, $101,100;

Chilocco, Oklahoma: For six hundred and fifty pupils, including
not to exceed $2,000 for printing and issuing school paper, and not to
exceed $6,000 for the purchase of printing equipment, $221,000; for
pay of superintendent, drayage, and general repairs and improve-
ments, $28,000; in all, $246,000;

Sequoyah Orphan Training School, near Tahlequah, Oklahoma:
For three hundred and fifty orphan Indian children of the State of
Oklahoma belonging to the restricted class, $114,250; for pay of
superintendent, drayage, and general repairs and improvements,
$15,000; in all, $129,250;

Carter Seminary, Oklahoma: For one hundred and sixty-five pupils,
$57,525; for pay of principal, drayage, and general repairs and
improvements, $7,000; in all $64,525;

Eufaula, Oklahoma: For one hundred and forty pupils, $48,650;
for pay of principal, drayage, and general repairs and improvements,
$7,000; in all, $55,650;

Jones Academy, Oklahoma: For one hundred and seventy-five pupils,
$81,125; for pay of principal, drayage, and general repairs and
improvements, $7,000; in all, $88,125;
Wheelock Academy, Oklahoma: For one hundred and thirty pupils, $45,050; for pay of principal, drayage, and general repairs and improvements, $7,000; in all, $52,050;

Chemawa, Oregon: For four hundred and fifty pupils, including not to exceed $1,000 for printing and issuing school paper, $152,250; for pay of superintendent, drayage, and general repairs and improvements, $20,000; in all, $172,250;

Flandreau, South Dakota: For four hundred and fifty pupils, $159,750; for pay of superintendent, drayage, and general repairs and improvements, $19,000; in all, $178,750;

Pierre, South Dakota: For three hundred pupils, $97,750; for pay of superintendent, drayage, and general repairs and improvements, $15,000; in all, $112,750;

In all, for above-named nonreservation boarding schools, not to exceed $2,577,625: Provided, That 10 per centum of the foregoing amounts shall be available interchangeably for expenditures for similar purposes in the various boarding schools named, but not more than 10 per centum shall be added to the amount appropriated for any one of said boarding schools or for any particular item within any boarding school. Any such interchanges shall be reported to Congress in the annual Budget.

For tuition and for care and other assistance for Indian pupils attending public schools and special Indian day schools and for the repair of special Indian day schools in the Cherokee, Creek, Choctaw, Chickasaw, and Seminole Nations and the Quapaw Agency in Oklahoma, $985,000, to be expended in the discretion of the Secretary of the Interior and under rules and regulations to be prescribed by him: Provided, That not to exceed $21,500 may be expended for the payment of salaries of public-school teachers, employed by the State, county, or district in special Indian day schools in full-blooded Indian communities, where there are not adequate white day schools available for their attendance.

Natives in Alaska: To enable the Secretary of the Interior, in his discretion and under his direction, to provide for support and education and relief of destitution of the Eskimos, Aleuts, Indians, and other natives of Alaska, including necessary traveling expenses of pupils to and from boarding schools in Alaska; purchase, repair, and rental of school buildings, including purchase of necessary lands; textbooks and industrial apparatus; pay and necessary traveling expenses of superintendents, teachers, physicians, and other employees; repair, equipment, maintenance, and operation of vessels; and all other necessary miscellaneous expenses which are not included under the above special heads, $1,044,495, to be immediately available and to remain available until June 30, 1943: Provided, that a report shall be made to Congress covering expenditures from the amount herein provided for relief of destitution.

CONSERVATION OF HEALTH

For conservation of health among Indians, including equipment, materials, and supplies; repairs and improvements to buildings and plants; compensation and traveling expenses of officers and employees and renting of quarters for them when necessary; transportation of patients and attendants to and from hospitals and sanitoria; returning to their former homes and interring the remains of deceased patients; and not exceeding $25,000 for clinical surveys and general medical research in connection with tuberculosis, trachoma, and venereal and other disease conditions among Indians, including cooperation with State and other organizations engaged...
Allotments to specified hospitals and sanatoria.

Provisos.

Interchange of amounts.

in similar work and payment of traveling expenses and per diem of physicians, nurses, and other persons whose services are donated by such organizations, and including printing and binding circulars and pamphlets for use in preventing and suppressing trachoma and other contagious and infectious diseases, $5,359,805, including not to exceed $4,000,040 for the following-named hospitals and sanatoria:

Arizona: Indian Oasis Hospital, $31,600; Kayenta Sanatorium, $52,960; Navajo Medical Center, $29,6170; Phoenix Sanatorium, $111,540; Pima Hospital, $36,400; Truxton Canyon Hospital, $14,746; Western Navajo Hospital, $36,660; Chin Lee Hospital, $17,700; Fort Apache Hospital, $30,155; Hopi Hospital, $43,916; Leupp Hospital, $28,340; San Carlos Hospital, $33,260; Tohatchi Hospital, $18,120; Colorado River Hospital, $23,672; San Xavier Sanatorium, $46,432; Phoenix Hospital, $47,090; Winslow Sanatorium, $64,945;

California: Hoopa Valley Hospital, $29,736; Soboba Hospital, $27,112; Fort Yuma Hospital, $29,960;

Colorado: Ute Mountain Hospital, $16,152; Edward T. Taylor Hospital, $30,155;

Idaho: Fort Lapwai Sanatorium, $32,000; Fort Hall Hospitals, $15,080;

Iowa: Sac and Fox Sanatorium, $77,230;

Minnesota: Pipestone Hospital, $24,472; Cass Lake Hospital, $81,920; Fond du Lac Hospital, $28,050; Red Lake Hospital, $23,692; White Earth Hospital, $24,336;

Mississippi: Choctaw Hospital, $27,392;

Montana: Blackfeet Hospital, $16,152; Fort Totten Hospital, $27,180; Crow Hospital, $38,440; Fort Belknap Hospital, $38,908; Tongue River Hospital, $31,972;

Nebraska: Winnebago Hospital, $49,546;

Nevada: Carson Hospital, $28,972; Walker River Hospital, $27,096;

New Mexico: Albuquerque Sanatorium, $111,915; Jicarilla Hospital and Sanatorium, $67,616; Mescalero Hospital, $25,220; Eastern Navajo Hospital, $65,200; Northern Navajo Hospital, $50,885; Taos Hospital, $17,000; Zuni Hospital, $33,000; Albuquerque Hospital, $30,476; Santa Fe Hospital, $45,192; Toadlena Hospital, $13,000;

North Carolina: Cherokee Hospital, $25,000;

North Dakota: Turtle Mountain Hospital, $46,700; Fort Berthold Hospital, $19,440; Fort Totten Hospital, $24,440; Standing Rock Hospital, $26,000;

Oklahoma: Cheyenne and Arapahoe Hospital, $37,476; Talihina Sanatorium and Hospital, $28,500; Shawnee Sanatorium, $13,120; Claremore Hospital, $53,620; Clinton Hospital, $23,090; Pawnee and Ponca Hospital, $43,082; Kiowa Hospital, $151,400; William W. Hastings Hospital, $76,715;

Oregon: Warm Springs Hospital, $20,720;

South Dakota: Crow Creek Hospital, $22,960; Pine Ridge Hospitals, $63,780; Rosebud Hospital, $64,740; Yankton Hospital, $24,736; Cheyenne River Hospital, $39,520; Sioux Sanatorium, $149,860; Sisseton Hospital, $24,472;

Utah: Uintah Hospital, $31,976;

Washington: Yakima Sanatorium, $42,216; Tacoma Sanatorium, $238,230; Tulalip Hospital, $12,600; Colville Hospital, $40,232;

Wyoming: Wind River Hospital, $32,080;

Provided, That 10 per centum of the foregoing amounts shall be available interchangeably for expenditures in the various hospitals named, but not more than 10 per centum shall be added to the amount
appropriated for any one of said hospitals or for any particular item within any hospital, and any interchange of appropriations hereunder shall be reported to Congress in the annual Budget: Provided further, That nonreservation boarding schools receiving specific appropriations shall contribute on a per diem basis for the hospitalization of pupils in hospitals located at such schools and supported from this appropriation: Provided further, That in the discretion of the Secretary of the Interior and under such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by him, fees may be collected from Indians for medical, hospital, and dental service and any fees so collected shall be covered into the Treasury of the United States.

Medical relief in Alaska: To enable the Secretary of the Interior, in his discretion and under his direction through the Bureau of Indian Affairs, with the advice and cooperation of the Public Health Service, to provide for the medical and sanitary relief of the Eskimos, Aleuts, Indians, and other natives of Alaska; purchase, repair, rental, and equipment of hospital buildings; books and surgical apparatus; pay and necessary traveling expenses of physicians, nurses, and other employees, and all other necessary miscellaneous expenses which are not included under the above special heads, $519,810, to be available immediately and to remain available until June 30, 1943.

GENERAL SUPPORT AND ADMINISTRATION

For general administration of Indian property, including pay of employees authorized by continuing or permanent treaty provisions, $2,615,720: Provided, That in the discretion of the Secretary of the Interior, and under such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by him, fees may be collected from individual Indians for services performed for them, and any fees so collected shall be covered into the Treasury of the United States.

For general support and rehabilitation of needy Indians in the United States, $1,150,000, of which amount not to exceed $1,000 shall be available for expenses of Indians participating in folk festivals, and not to exceed $57,500 shall be available for administrative expenses incident thereto, including personal services in the District of Columbia (not to exceed $42,500) and elsewhere, and printing and binding (not to exceed $12,000).

Reindeer service: For supervision of reindeer in Alaska and instruction in the care and management thereof, including salaries and travel expenses of employees, purchase, rental, erection, and repair of range cabins, purchase and maintenance of communication and other equipment, and all other necessary miscellaneous expenses, $90,740, to be immediately available, and to remain available until June 30, 1943.

For general support of Indians and administration of Indian property under the jurisdiction of the following agencies, to be paid from the funds held by the United States in trust for the respective tribes, in not to exceed the following sums, respectively:

Arizona: Fort Apache, $80,000; Navajo, $14,900, including all necessary expenses of holding a tribal fair, erection of structures, awards for exhibits and events, feeding of livestock, and labor and materials; Pima (Camp McDowell), $300; San Carlos, $60,000; Truxton Cañon, $10,000; in all, $145,200.

California: Mission, $39,900, of which amount $4,000 shall be available for payment of the salary and expenses of an agent employed under a contract approved by the Secretary of the Interior.

Colorado: Consolidated Ute (Southern Ute) $20,000, together with the unexpended balance of the appropriations under this head for
the fiscal year 1941, including the purchase of land, the subjugation thereof, and the construction of improvements thereon;

Idaho: Northern Idaho (Coeur d'Alene), $2,000, for the construction of a church;

Iowa: Sac and Fox, $1,500;

Minnesota: Consolidated Chippewa, $1,600 for salary and incidental expenses of the secretary of the tribal executive committee;

Montana: Flathead, $24,000;

Nebraska: Western Shoshone, $2,000;

North Carolina: Cherokee, including the construction of a community building, $13,000;

Oklahoma: Pawnee (Potawatomi), $400; Seminole: The unexpended balance of the appropriation of $7,787 from tribal funds of the Seminole Indians, Oklahoma, contained in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1940, for reconstruction of a community house, and continued available until June 30, 1941, by the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1941, is hereby continued available for the same purposes until expended;

Oregon: Klamath, $110,000, of which not to exceed $4,500 shall be available for fees and expenses of an attorney or firm of attorneys selected by the tribe and employed under a contract approved by the Secretary of the Interior in accordance with existing law;

Utah: Uintah and Ouray, $28,500 (Uintah, $11,000, of which amount not to exceed $4,000 shall be available for the payment of an agent employed under a contract approved by the Secretary of the Interior; Kaibab, $13,000; Paiute, $2,500);

Washington: Colville, $5,480; Puyallup, $1,000 for upkeep of the Puyallup Indian cemetery; Taholah (Makah), $9,500; Yakima, $1,800 (Yakima, $300; Lummi, $1,000); Tulalip, $1,000; Swinomish, $500; in all, $18,780;

Wisconsin: Keshena, $77,900, including $25,000, of which not exceeding $5,000 shall be available for general relief purposes and not exceeding $20,000 for monthly allowances, under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe, to old and indigent members of the Menominee Tribe who reside with relatives or friends: Provided, That not to exceed $6,000 shall be available from the funds of the Menominee Indians for the payment of salaries and expenses of the chairman, secretary, and interpreters of the Menominee general council and members of the Menominee Advisory Council and tribal delegates when engaged on business of the tribe at rates to be determined by the Menominee general council and approved by the Commissioner of Indian Affairs;

In all, not to exceed $484,780.

Shoshone Indians, Wyoming (tribal funds): Pursuant to authority contained in section 3 (c) of the Act of Congress, approved July 27, 1939 (53 Stat. 1128), there is hereby made available until expended the balance remaining in the Shoshone judgment fund for the purposes and under the conditions set forth in said section.

Relief of Chippewa Indians in Minnesota (tribal funds): Not to exceed $35,000 of the principal sum on deposit to the credit of the Chippewa Indians of Minnesota, arising under section 7 of the Act entitled "An Act for the relief and civilization of the Chippewa Indians in the State of Minnesota", approved January 14, 1880 (25 Stat. 645), may be expended, in the discretion of the Secretary of the Interior, in aiding indigent Chippewa Indians including boarding-home care of pupils attending public or high schools.

Relief of needy Indians: For the relief of Indians in need of assistance, including cash grants; the purchase of subsistence supplies, clothing, and household goods; medical, burial, housing, trans-
portation, and all other necessary expenses, $100,000, payable from
funds on deposit to the credit of the particular tribe concerned: Pro-
vided, That expenditures hereunder may be made without regard to
section 3709, United States Revised Statutes, or to the Act of May 27,
1930 (46 Stat. 391), as amended.

Compensation and expenses of attorney, Red Lake Indians, Minne-
sota (tribal funds): For compensation and expenses of an attorney or
attorneys employed by the Red Lake Band of Chippewa Indians
under a contract approved by the Secretary of the Interior, $10,000,
payable from any funds on deposit to the credit of said Indians, and
the amount herein appropriated shall be available for compensation
earned and expenses incurred during the period covered by said
contract.

Expenses of tribal officers, Five Civilized Tribes, Oklahoma (tribal
funds): For the current fiscal year money may be expended from the
tribal funds of the Choctaw, Chickasaw, Creek, and Seminole Tribes
for equalization of allotments, per capita, and other payments author-
ized by law to individual members of the respective tribes, salaries
and contingent expenses of the governor of the Chickasaw Nation and
chief of the Choctaw Nation, one mining trustee for the Choctaw and
Chickasaw Nations, at salaries of $3,000 each for the said governor,
said chief, and said mining trustee, chief of the Creek Nation at $600
and one attorney each for the Choctaw and Chickasaw Tribes em-
ployed under contract approved by the President under existing law:
Provided, That the expenses of the above-named officials shall be
determined and limited by the Commissioner of Indian Affairs at not
to exceed $2,500 each.

Support of Osage Agency and pay of tribal officers, Oklahoma
(tribal funds): For the support of the Osage Agency, and for neces-
sary expenses in connection with oil and gas production on the Osage
Reservation, Oklahoma, including pay of necessary employees, the
tribal attorney and his stenographer, one special attorney in tax and
other matters, and pay of tribal officers; payment of damages to indi-
vidual allottees; repairs to buildings, rent of quarters for employees,
traveling expenses, printing, telegraphing, and telephoning, and pur-
chase, repair, and operation of automobiles, $184,080, payable from
funds held by the United States in trust for the Osage Tribe of
Indians in Oklahoma: Provided, That not more than $1,800 may be
used for the employment of a curator for the Osage Museum, which
employee shall be an Osage Indian and shall be appointed without
regard to civil-service laws and regulations upon the recommendation
of the Osage tribal council: Provided further, That this appropri-
ation shall be available, for traveling and other expenses, including
not to exceed $5 per diem in lieu of subsistence, and not to exceed 5
cents per mile for use of personally owned automobiles, of members
of the tribal council and other members of the tribe, when engaged
on tribal business, including visits to the District of Columbia when
duly authorized or approved in advance by the Commissioner of
Indian Affairs.

Expenses of tribal councils or committees thereof (tribal funds):
For traveling and other expenses of members of tribal councils,
business committees, or other tribal organizations, when engaged
on business of the tribes, including supplies and equipment, not to exceed
$5 per diem in lieu of subsistence, and not to exceed 5 cents per mile
for use of personally owned automobiles, and including not more
than $15,000 for visits to Washington, District of Columbia, when
duly authorized or approved in advance by the Commissioner of
Indian Affairs, $35,000, payable from funds on deposit to the credit
of the particular tribe interested: Provided, That, except for the Navajo Tribe, not more than $5,000 shall be expended from the funds of any one tribe or band of Indians for the purposes herein specified: Provided further, That no part of this appropriation, or of any other appropriation contained in this Act, shall be available for expenses of members of tribal councils, business committees, or other tribal organizations, when in Washington, for more than a fifteen-day period, unless the Secretary of the Interior shall in writing approve a longer period.

Compensation and expenses of attorneys, Yankton Sioux Indians, South Dakota (tribal funds): Not to exceed $2,500 of the funds on deposit to the credit of the Yankton Sioux Indians, South Dakota, is hereby made available for the payment of the compensation and expenses of an attorney or attorneys employed by the Yankton Tribe under a contract approved by the Secretary of the Interior.

Expenses of attorneys, Makah Reservation, Washington (tribal funds): Not to exceed $1,700 of the funds on deposit to the credit of the Makah Indians, Washington, is hereby made available for the fiscal years 1941 and 1942 for payment of the compensation and expenses of an attorney employed by the Makah Tribe under a contract executed August 7, 1940, and approved by the Secretary of the Interior in accordance with law.

Expenses of attorneys, Ponca Indians, Oklahoma (tribal funds): Not to exceed $500 of the funds on deposit to the credit of the Ponca Indians, Oklahoma, is hereby made available for expenses of attorneys employed by the Ponca Tribe under a contract approved by the Secretary of the Interior, such sum to be available during the period of the contract.

Expenses of attorneys, Pawnee Indians, Oklahoma (tribal funds): Not to exceed $1,500 of the funds on deposit to the credit of the Pawnee Indians, Oklahoma, is hereby made available for expenses of an attorney employed by the Pawnee Tribe under a contract approved by the Secretary of the Interior, such sum to be available during the period of the contract.

Per capita payment to members of the Apache, Kiowa, and Comanche Indians in Oklahoma (tribal funds): The Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to withdraw as much as may be necessary from any available funds on deposit in the Treasury of the United States to the credit of the Apache, Kiowa, and Comanche Indians in Oklahoma, to make immediately therefrom a payment of not to exceed $20 to each member of the Apache, Kiowa, and Comanche Tribes living on the date of the approval of this Act, which payment shall be credited to the individual account of each Indian to be expended in accordance with the individual Indian money regulations prescribed by the Secretary of the Interior.

ROADS AND BRIDGES

For maintenance and repair of that portion of the Gallup-Shiprock Highway within the Navajo Reservation, New Mexico, including the purchase of machinery, $20,000, reimbursable: Provided, That other than for supervision and engineering only Indian labor shall be employed for such maintenance and repair work.

For construction, improvement, repair, and maintenance of Indian reservation roads under the provisions of the Acts of May 26, 1928 (25 U. S. C. 318a), as supplemented and amended, and September 5, 1940 (Public, No. 780), $2,450,000, to be immediately available and to remain available until expended: Provided, That not to exceed $13,000 of the foregoing amount may be expended for per-
sonal services in the District of Columbia: Provided further, That not to exceed $100,000 of this appropriation shall be available for purchase, lease, construction, or repair of structures for housing road materials, supplies, and equipment, and for quarters for road crews but the cost of any structure erected hereunder shall not exceed $7,500.

CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR

For the construction, repair, or rehabilitation of school, agency, hospital, or other buildings and utilities, including the purchase of land and the acquisition of easements or rights-of-way when necessary, and including the purchase of furniture, furnishings, and equipment, as follows:

- **Alaska:** Quarters, $12,000; hospital and quarters, $250,000;
- **Blackfeet, Montana:** Employee's dwelling, $7,500;
- **Carson, Nevada:** General repairs and improvements, $25,000;
- **Cheyenne and Arapahoe, Oklahoma:** Dormitory facilities, $75,000; employee's dwelling, $7,000;
- **Colorado River, Arizona:** Employees' dwellings, $14,000;
- **Crow Creek, South Dakota:** Employees' dwellings, $14,000; warehouse, $5,600; improvements to utilities, $28,000; general repairs and improvements, $10,000;
- **Five Civilized Tribes, Oklahoma:** Dormitory facilities and quarters, Jones Academy, $75,000;
- **Flathead, Montana:** Improvements to utilities, $13,000;
- **Fort Apache, Arizona:** Remodeling and improving boarding school facilities, $18,000;
- **Fort Berthold, North Dakota:** Improvements to utilities, $22,000; employee's dwelling, $7,500;
- **Hoopa Valley, California:** Improvements to utilities, $25,000;
- **Hopi, Arizona:** Improvements to utilities, $24,000;
- **Kiowa, Oklahoma:** Remodeling dormitory, Riverside School, $20,000; dormitory facilities and quarters (Fort Sill School), $75,000; dormitory facilities and quarters (Riverside School), $75,000;
- **Klamath, Oregon:** Employees' dwellings, $15,000;
- **Navajo, Arizona:** Quarters and miscellaneous structures, $35,000;
- **Pima, Arizona:** Employees' dwellings, $9,000;
- **Red Lake, Minnesota:** Employee's dwelling, $7,500;
- **Sherman, California:** Improvements to utilities, $25,000;
- **Tacoma, Washington:** Sanatorium and general hospital plant, $800,000;
- **Warm Springs, Oregon:** Employees' dwellings, $15,000;
- **Winnebago, Nebraska:** Employees' building, $29,900;

For administrative expenses, including personal services in the District of Columbia (not exceeding $60,000) and elsewhere; not to exceed $2,500 for printing and binding; purchase of periodicals, directories, and books of reference; purchase and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles; traveling expenses of employees; rent of office and storage space; telegraph and telephone tolls; and all other necessary expenses not specifically authorized herein, $130,000; in all, $1,877,000, to be immediately available and to remain available until completion of the projects when the unobligated balances shall revert to the general fund of the Treasury: Provided, That not to exceed 10 per centum of the amount of any specific authorization may be transferred, in the discretion of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, to the amount of any other specific authorization, but no limitation shall be increased more than 10 per
Inchelium, Wash., school facilities.

Minnesota public-school districts.

54 Stat. 767, 1020.

Senecas, N. Y.

Six Nations, N. Y.

7 Stat. 46.

Choctaws, Okla.

7 Stat. 92.


7 Stat. 213.

7 Stat. 212, 296.

7 Stat. 235.

Pawnees, Okla.


Indians of Sioux reservations.

Interest on trust funds, payments.

Availability of funds for purchase of supplies, etc.

For cooperation with public-school districts in the State of Minnesota in the construction, extension, equipment, and improvement of public-school facilities as authorized by and in conformity with the Act of July 1, 1940 (Public, Numbered 696), and the Act of October 8, 1940 (Public, Numbered 804), $185,500, as follows: Independent School District Numbered 5, Cass County, $65,000; Naytahwaush, Independent School District Numbered 29, Mahnomen County, $19,000; Inger, District Numbered 6 (Deer River), Itasca County, $7,000; Lake Lena, District Numbered 2, Pine County, $12,500; Vermillion Lake, Tower-Soudan District, Saint Louis County, $7,000; Beaulieu, unorganized district, Mahnomen County, $12,500; Jack Pine, unorganized district, Clearwater County, $7,000; Nett Lake, unorganized district, Saint Louis-Koochiching Counties, $37,500; Pine Point, unorganized district, Becker County, $3,000; Squaw Point, unorganized district, Cass County, $15,000.

ANNUITIES AND PER CAPITA PAYMENTS

For fulfilling treaties with Senecas of New York: For permanent annuity in lieu of interest on stock (Act of February 19, 1831, 4 Stat. 442), $6,000.

For fulfilling treaties with Six Nations of New York: For permanent annuity, in clothing and other useful articles (article 6, treaty of November 11, 1794), $4,500.

For fulfilling treaties with Choctaws, Oklahoma: For permanent annuity (article 2, treaty of November 16, 1805, and article 13, treaty of June 22, 1855), $3,000; for permanent annuity for support of light horsemen (article 13, treaty of October 18, 1820, and article 13, treaty of June 22, 1855), $600; for permanent annuity for support of blacksmith (article 6, treaty of October 18, 1820, and article 9, treaty of January 20, 1825, and article 13, treaty of June 22, 1855), $600; for permanent annuity for education (article 2, treaty of January 20, 1825, and article 13, treaty of June 22, 1855), $600; for permanent annuity for iron and steel (article 9, treaty of January 20, 1825, and article 13, treaty of June 22, 1855), $320; in all, $10,520.

For fulfilling treaties with Pawnees, Oklahoma: For permanent annuity (article 2, treaty of September 24, 1857, and article 3, agreement of November 22, 1892), $30,000.

For payment of Sioux benefits to Indians of the Sioux reservations, as authorized by the Act of March 2, 1889 (25 Stat. 895), as amended, $225,000.

For payment of interest on moneys held in trust for the several Indian tribes, as authorized by various Acts of Congress, $725,000.

Appropriations herein made for the support of Indians and administration of Indian property, the support of schools, including non-reservation boarding schools and for conservation of health among Indians shall be available for the purchase of supplies, materials, and repair parts, for storage in and distribution from central warehouses, garages, and shops, and for the maintenance and operation of such warehouses, garages, and shops, and said appropriations shall be reimbursed for services rendered or supplies furnished by such warehouses, garages, or shops to any activity of the Indian Service.
Appropriations made for the Indian Service for the fiscal year 1942 shall be available for travel expenses of employees on official business; the purchase of ice, and the purchase of rubber boots for official use of employees.

The appropriations available for expenditure for the benefit of the natives of Alaska may be used for the payment of traveling expenses of new appointees from Seattle, Washington, or from any point within Alaska, to their posts of duty in Alaska, and of traveling expenses, packing, crating, and transportation (including drayage) of personal effects of employees upon permanent change of station within Alaska, under regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary of the Interior.

BUREAU OF RECLAMATION

The following sums are appropriated out of the special fund in the Treasury of the United States created by the Act of June 17, 1902 (43 U. S. C. 391, 411), and therein designated "the reclamation fund", to be available immediately:

Salaries and expenses: For the Commissioner of Reclamation and other personal services in the District of Columbia, $110,000; for travel and other necessary expenses, $32,000, including not to exceed $15,000 for printing and binding; in all, $142,000;

Administrative provisions and limitations: For all expenditures authorized by the Act of June 17, 1902, and Acts amendatory thereof or supplementary thereto, known as the reclamation law, and all other Acts under which expenditures from said fund are authorized, including not to exceed $100,000 for personal services and $15,000 for other expenses in the office of the chief engineer; $20,000 for telegraph, telephone, and other communication service; $7,500 for disseminating useful information, photographing and making photographic prints, and completing and distributing material, including recordings, $41,250 for personal services, and $7,500 for other expenses in the field legal offices; for the establishment, in addition to the main office in the District of Columbia, of a branch of that office in Denver, Colorado, with appropriations herein made to be available therefor, the costs and expenses thereof to be accounted for as though said branch office were in the District of Columbia; examination of estimates for appropriations in the field; refunds of overcollections and deposits for other purposes; not to exceed $15,000 for lithographing, engraving, printing, and binding; purchase of ice; purchase of rubber boots for official use by employees; maintenance and operation of horse-drawn and motor-propelled passenger vehicles; not to exceed $25,000 for purchase and exchange of horse-drawn and motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles; payment for contract stenographic reporting services; payment of damages caused to the owners of lands or other private property of any kind by reason of the operations of the United States, its officers or employees, in the survey, construction, operation, or maintenance of irrigation works; payment for official telephone service in the field hereafter incurred in case of official telephones installed in private houses when authorized under regulations established by the Secretary of the Interior; payment of rewards, when specifically authorized by the Secretary of the Interior, for information leading to the apprehension and conviction of persons found guilty of the theft, damage, or destruction of public property: Provided, That no part of any sum provided for in this Act for operation and maintenance of any project or division of a project by the Bureau of Reclamation shall be used for the irrigation of any lands within the boundaries of an irrigation district which has contracted with the Bureau of Reclamation and which is in
Lands in arrears.

Examination and inspection of projects, etc.

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36 Stat. 925.


Yuma, Ariz.-Calif. Proviso.


43 Stat. 703.


Yakima, Wash. Post.

arrears for more than twelve months in the payment of any charges due the United States, and no part of any sum provided for in this Act for such purpose shall be used for the irrigation of any lands which have contracted with the Bureau of Reclamation and which are in arrears for more than twelve months in the payment of any charges due from said lands to the United States;

Examination and inspection of projects and operation and maintenance of reserved works: For examination of accounts and inspection of the works of various projects and divisions of projects operated and maintained by irrigation districts or water users' associations, and bookkeeping, accounting, clerical, legal, and other expenses incurred in accordance with contract provisions for the repayment of such expenses by the districts or associations; and for operation and maintenance of the reserved works of a project or division of a project when irrigation districts, water users' associations, or Warren Act contractors have contracted to pay in advance but have failed to pay their proportionate share of the cost of such operation and maintenance, to be expended under regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary of the Interior, the unexpended balance of the appropriation for this purpose for the fiscal year 1941, is continued available for the same purpose for the fiscal year 1942;

Yuma project, Arizona-California: For operation and maintenance, $67,000: Provided, That not to exceed $25,000 from the power revenues shall be available during the fiscal year 1942 for the operation and maintenance of the commercial system;

Colorado-Big Thompson project, Colorado: Not to exceed $100,000 from power revenues shall be available during the fiscal year 1942 for the operation and maintenance of the power system;

Boise project, Idaho: For operation and maintenance, $70,000;

Minidoka project, Idaho: For operation and maintenance, reserved works, $11,600: Provided, That not to exceed $88,400 from the power revenues shall be available during the fiscal year 1942 for the operation and maintenance of the commercial system; and not to exceed $100,000 from power revenues shall be available during the fiscal year 1942 for continuation of construction, south side division;

Buffalo Rapids project, Montana: For operation and maintenance, $25,000;

North Platte project, Nebraska-Wyoming: Not to exceed $75,000 from the power revenues shall be available during the fiscal year 1942, for the operation and maintenance of the commercial system; and not to exceed $8,000 from power revenues allocated to the Northport irrigation district under subsection 1, section 4, of the Act of December 5, 1924 (43 U. S. C. 501), shall be available during the fiscal year 1942 for payment on behalf of the Northport irrigation district, to the Farmers' irrigation district for carriage of water; and not to exceed $25,000 from power revenues shall be available for betterments and additions to the power system;

Rio Grande project, New Mexico-Texas: For operation and maintenance, $45,000: Provided, That not to exceed $90,000 from power revenues shall be available during the fiscal year 1942 for the operation and maintenance of the power system;

Owyhee project, Oregon: For operation and maintenance, $141,000;

Klamath project, Oregon-California: For operation and maintenance, $68,000: Provided, That revenues received from the lease of marginal lands, Tule Lake division, shall be available for refunds to the lessees in such cases where it becomes necessary to make refunds because of flooding or other reasons within the terms of such leases;

Yakima project, Washington: For operation and maintenance, $240,000: Provided, That not to exceed $25,000 from power revenues
shall be available during the fiscal year 1942 for operation and maintenance of the power system;

Kendrick project, Wyoming: Not to exceed $100,000 from the power revenues shall be available during the fiscal year 1942 for the operation and maintenance of the power system;

Riverton project, Wyoming: For operation and maintenance, $50,000: Provided, That not to exceed $40,000 from the power revenues shall be available during the fiscal year 1942 for the operation and maintenance of the power system;

Shoshone project, Wyoming: For operation and maintenance, Willwood division, $15,000: Provided, That not to exceed $30,000 from the power revenues shall be available during the fiscal year 1942 for the operation and maintenance of the commercial system;

Secondary and economic investigations: For cooperative and general investigations, including investigations necessary to determine the economic conditions and financial feasibility of projects and investigations and other activities relating to the reorganization, settlement of lands, and financial adjustments of existing projects, including examination of soils, classification of land, land-settlement activities, including advertising in newspapers and other publications, and obtaining general economic and settlement data, $25,000, together with the unexpended balance of the appropriation for these purposes for the fiscal year 1941: Provided, That the expenditures from this appropriation for any reclamation project shall be considered as supplementary to the appropriation for that project and shall be accounted for and returned to the reclamation fund as other expenditures under the Reclamation Act: Provided further, That the expenditure of any sums from this appropriation for investigations of any nature requested by States, municipalities, or other interests shall be upon the basis of the State, municipality, or other interest advancing at least 50 per centum of the estimated cost of such investigation;

Operation and maintenance administration: For necessary pay of employees, traveling and other expenses incident to the general administration of reclamation projects, either operated and maintained by the Bureau or transferred to water users' organizations for operation and maintenance, and incident to the sale of temporarily and permanently unproductive public lands as authorized by the Act of May 16, 1930 (46 Stat. 367), including giving information and advice to settlers on reclamation projects in the selection of lands, equipment and livestock, the preparation of land for irrigation, the selection of crops, methods of irrigation and agricultural practice, and general farm management, the cost of which shall be charged to the general reclamation fund and shall not be charged as a part of the construction or operation and maintenance cost payable by the water users under the projects, $35,000;

Limitation of expenditures: Under the provisions of this Act no greater sum shall be expended, nor shall the United States be obligated to expend during the fiscal year 1942, on any reclamation project appropriated for herein, an amount in excess of the sum herein appropriated therefor, nor shall the whole expenditures or obligations incurred for all such projects for the fiscal year 1942 exceed the whole amount in the reclamation fund for the fiscal year;

Interchange of appropriations: Ten per centum of the foregoing amounts shall be available interchangeably for expenditures on the reclamation projects named; but not more than 10 per centum shall be added to the amount appropriated for any one of said projects, except that should existing works or the water supply for lands under cultivation be endangered by floods or other unusual conditions, an amount sufficient to make necessary emergency repairs shall become

Kendrick, Wyo.
Riverton, Wyo.
Shoshone, Wyo.

Secondary and economic investigations.

54 Stat. 494.
Proviso.

Expenditures considered supplementary.

Division of expenses for State, etc., investigations.


Limitation of expenditures.

Interchange of appropriations.
Construction of designated projects.

Project.

General investigations.

Administrative expenses.

Total, Public Works Administration.

Allotments, etc., continued available.

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available for expenditure by further transfer of appropriation from any of said projects upon approval of the Secretary of the Interior;

Construction: For commencement and continuation of construction, and for general investigations and administrative expenses, of the following projects in not to exceed the following amounts, respectively, to be expended from the Reclamation Fund in the same manner and for the same objects of expenditure as specified for projects herein-before in this Act under the caption “Bureau of Reclamation”, under the heading “Administrative provisions and limitations”, but without regard to the amounts of the limitations therein set forth, all to be reimbursable under the reclamation law, and to remain available until expended:

- **Paonia project, Colorado**, $600,000;
- **Uncompahgre project, Colorado**, $80,000;
- **Boise project, Idaho**, Payette division, $1,500,000: Provided, That such part of the storage capacity of the Cascade Reservoir, and the costs thereof, shall be reserved for other irrigation or power developments in and adjacent to the Boise project, as shall be determined by the Secretary of the Interior;
- **Minidoka project, Idaho**, $50,000;
- **Sun River project, Montana**, $100,000;
- **Carlsbad project, New Mexico**, $100,000;
- **Deschutes project, Oregon**, $1,000,000;
- **Owyhee project, Oregon**, $200,000;
- **Klamath project, Oregon-California**, $500,000;
- **Ogden River project, Utah**, $60,000;
- **Yakima project, Washington, Sunnyside division**, $100,000, for betterment construction of irrigation works serving lands in Sunnyside Valley irrigation district: Provided, That no expenditure from this appropriation shall be made unless and until said district has entered into a contract with the United States, upon terms and conditions satisfactory to the Secretary of the Interior, providing for the repayment of expenditures from this appropriation in not to exceed twenty annual installments and for the settlement of controversies between said district and its water users and the United States;
- **Kendrick project, Wyoming**, $265,000;
- **Riverton project, Wyoming**, $100,000;
- **Shoshone project, Wyoming**, Heart Mountain division, $350,000; Power division, $300,000; Willwood division, $87,000;
- **General investigations**: To enable the Secretary of the Interior, through the Bureau of Reclamation, to carry on engineering and economic investigations of proposed Federal reclamation projects, surveys for reconstruction, rehabilitation, or extensions of existing projects, and studies of water conservation and development plans, including Colorado River Basin investigations, such investigations, surveys, and studies to be carried on by said Bureau either independently, or, if deemed advisable by the Secretary of the Interior, in cooperation with State agencies and other Federal agencies, including the Corps of Engineers, National Resources Planning Board, and the Federal Power Commission, $500,000;
- **For administrative expenses on account of the above projects**, including personal services (not to exceed $90,000) and other expenses in the District of Columbia and personal services and other expenses in the field, $575,000;
- **Total, construction, from reclamation fund**, $6,437,000.

The Public Works Administration allotments made available to the Department of the Interior, Bureau of Reclamation, pursuant to the National Industrial Recovery Act of June 16, 1933, either by direct allotments or by transfer of allotments originally made to
another Department or agency, and the allocations made to the Department of the Interior, Bureau of Reclamation, from the appropriation contained in the Emergency Relief Appropriation Act of 1935, the Emergency Relief Appropriation Act of 1937, and the Public Works Administration Appropriation Act of 1938, shall remain available for the purposes for which allotted during the fiscal year 1942: Provided, That $25,000 of any unobligated balances of allotments under the Emergency Relief Appropriation Act, 1935, available to the Bureau of Reclamation may be transferred to the Vale project, Oregon, (Official Project 05-9) for expenditure in the same manner as appropriations contained in this Act for the construction of reclamation projects.

Total, from reclamation fund, $7,371,600.

To defray the cost of operating and maintaining the Colorado River front work and levee system adjacent to the Yuma Federal irrigation project in Arizona and California, subject only to section 4 of the Act entitled “An Act authorizing the construction, repair, and preservation of certain public works on rivers and harbors, and for other purposes”, approved January 21, 1927 (44 Stat. 1010), as amended by the Act of July 1, 1940 (54 Stat. 708), $50,000, together with the unexpended balance of the appropriation for the fiscal year 1941.

Colorado River Development Fund: For continuation and extension of studies and investigations by the Bureau of Reclamation for the formulation of a comprehensive plan for the utilization of waters of the Colorado River system, as authorized by section 2 of the Boulder Canyon Project Adjustment Act, approved July 19, 1940 (54 Stat. 774), $250,000 from the Colorado River Development Fund, to remain available until expended, which amount shall be available for personal services in the District of Columbia (not to exceed $5,000) and in the field and for all the other objects of expenditures specified for projects hereinbefore included in this Act under the caption “Bureau of Reclamation”, under the heading “Administrative provisions and limitations”, but without regard to the amounts of the limitations therein set forth.

COLORADO RIVER DAM FUND

Boulder Canyon project: For the continuation of construction of the Boulder Dam and incidental works in the main stream of the Colorado River at Black Canyon, to create a storage reservoir, and of a complete plant and incidental structures suitable for the fullest economic development of electrical energy from the water discharged from such reservoir; to acquire by proceedings in eminent domain, or otherwise, all lands, rights-of-way, and other property necessary for such purposes; and for incidental operations, as authorized by the Boulder Canyon Project Act, approved December 21, 1928 (43 U. S. C., ch. 12A), and, subject to approval of plans therefor by the Secretary of the Interior, for construction of and equipment for (1) a school building and grounds, (2) an emergency hospital, and (3) recreation grounds, in Boulder City, to be operated and maintained under regulations to be prescribed by said Secretary; $5,000,000, to be immediately available and to remain available until advanced to the Colorado River Dam fund; and there shall also be available from power and other revenues not to exceed $750,000 for operation, maintenance, and replacements of the Boulder Dam power plant, and other facilities, including payment to the Boulder City School District, as reimbursement for instruction during the 1941-1942 school year in the schools operated by said district of each
pupil who is a dependent of any employee of the United States living in or in the immediate vicinity of Boulder City, in the sum of $45 per semester per pupil in average daily attendance at said schools, payable after the term of instruction in any semester has been completed, under regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary of the Interior, which amounts of $5,000,000 and $750,000 shall be available for personal services in the District of Columbia (not to exceed $25,000) and in the field and for all other objects of expenditure that are specified for projects hereinafter included in this Act, under the caption “Bureau of Reclamation, administrative provisions and limitations”, without regard to the amounts of the limitations therein set forth;

Boulder Canyon project (All-American Canal): For continuation of construction of a diversion dam, and main canal (and appurtenant structures including distribution and drainage systems) located entirely within the United States connecting the diversion dam with the Imperial and Coachella Valleys in California; to acquire by proceedings in eminent domain, or otherwise, all lands, rights-of-way, and other property necessary for such purposes; and for incidental operations, as authorized by the Boulder Canyon Project Act, approved December 21, 1928 (43 U. S. C., ch. 12A); to be immediately available and to remain available until advanced to the Colorado River Dam fund, $2,000,000, which amount shall be available for personal services in the District of Columbia (not to exceed $5,000) and in the field and for all other objects of expenditure that are specified for projects hereinafter included in this Act under the caption “Bureau of Reclamation, Administrative provisions and limitations”, without regard to the amounts of the limitations therein set forth;

GENERAL FUND, CONSTRUCTION

For commencement and continuation of construction of the following projects and for general investigations and administrative expenses in not to exceed the following amounts, respectively, to be expended from the general fund of the Treasury in the same manner and for the same objects of expenditures as specified for projects included hereinafter in this Act under the caption “Bureau of Reclamation” under the heading “Administrative provisions and limitations”, but without regard to the amounts of the limitations therein set forth, to be immediately available, to remain available until expended, and to be reimbursable under the reclamation law:

Bullhead project, Arizona-Nevada, $4,000,000, for the purposes and substantially in accordance with the report thereon heretofore submitted under section 9 of the Reclamation Project Act of 1939, and subject to the terms of the Colorado River Compact;

Gila project, Arizona, $500,000;

Parker Dam Power project, Arizona-California, $6,000,000;

Central Valley project, California, $34,750,000;

Colorado-Big Thompson project, Colorado, $3,000,000;

San Luis Valley project, Colorado: For further investigations, exploratory and preparatory work, $110,000;

Boise project, Idaho, Anderson Ranch (formerly Twin Springs Dam and Snake River pumping plant), $750,000;

Tucumcari project, New Mexico, $450,000;

Lugert-Altus project, Oklahoma, $350,000;

Provo River project, Utah, $1,250,000;

Grand Coulee Dam project, Washington: For continuation of construction of Grand Coulee Dam and appurtenant works, $11,000,000, of which (1) not to exceed $350,000 may be used for the purposes
set out in section 2 of the Act of May 27, 1937 (50 Stat. 208); (2) not to exceed $2,000,000 may be used for construction of the pumping plant and the equalizing reservoir and dams in Grand Coulee, in accordance with the provisions of said Act of May 27, 1937; and (3) not to exceed $550,000 may be used for operation, maintenance, and replacements, including payment to the Mason City and Coulee Dam school districts as reimbursement for instruction during the 1941-42 school year in the schools operated by said districts of each pupil who is a dependent of any employee of the United States living in or in the vicinity of Coulee Dam, in the sum of $25 per semester per pupil in average daily attendance at said schools, payable after the term of instruction in any semester has been completed, under regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary of the Interior;

Yakima project, Washington, Roza division, $500,000;

General investigations: To enable the Secretary of the Interior, through the Bureau of Reclamation, to carry on engineering and economic investigations of proposed Federal reclamation projects, surveys for reconstruction, rehabilitation, or extensions of existing projects, and studies of water conservation and development plans, including Colorado River Basin investigations, such investigations, surveys, and studies to be carried on by said Bureau either independently, or, if deemed advisable by the Secretary of the Interior, in cooperation with State agencies and other Federal agencies, including the Corps of Engineers, National Resources Planning Board, and the Federal Power Commission, $1,000,000;

For administrative expenses on account of the above projects, including personal services (not to exceed $220,000) and other expenses in the District of Columbia and personal services and other expenses in the field, $845,000.

In addition to the sums appropriated under the caption "General fund, construction", the Secretary of the Interior may also incur obligations and enter into contracts for construction work on the following-named projects and in not to exceed the following sums, and his action in so doing shall be deemed a contractual obligation of the Federal Government for the payment of the cost thereof:

Gila project, Arizona, $500,000;
Colorado-Big Thompson project, Colorado, $1,500,000;
Boise project, Idaho, Anderson Ranch, $800,000;
Tucumcari project, New Mexico, $1,550,000;
Lagert-Altus project, Oklahoma, $1,150,000;
Provo River project, Utah, $1,150,000;
Yakima project, Washington, Roza division, $1,100,000;
In all, $7,450,000.

Total, general fund construction, $64,505,000.

Water conservation and utility projects: For the construction of water conservation and utilization projects and small reservoirs, including not to exceed $200,000 for surveys, investigations, and administrative expenses in connection therewith (of which not to exceed $20,000 shall be available for personal services in the District of Columbia), all as authorized by the Act of August 11, 1939 (53 Stat. 1418), as amended by the Act of October 14, 1940 (54 Stat. 1119), $5,000,000, to be immediately available and to remain available until expended: Provided, That the appropriation contained in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1941, of $3,500,000, for such projects, including the amounts specified for surveys, investigations, and administrative expenses in connection therewith is hereby continued available until expended: Provided further, That of the funds appropriated under this head for any fiscal year, the sum expended on projects involving Indian trust and tribal lands

Reimbursement of school districts for instruction.  
Yakima, Wash.  
General investigations.  
Administrative expenses.  
Contractual obligations.  
Total.  
Water conservation and utility projects.  
Post, p. 736.  
16 U. S. C. §§ 590y to 590z-10.  
Reappropriation.  
54 Stat. 438.
as authorized in the Act of October 14, 1940, shall not exceed 10 per centum of the amount appropriated.

Fort Peck project, Montana: For the purposes of carrying into effect the provisions of the Act of May 18, 1936, entitled "An Act to authorize the completion, maintenance, and operation of the Fort Peck project for navigation, and for other purposes" (52 Stat. 403), the Bureau of Reclamation may enter into contracts for the procurement of materials and supplies and for the purchase of the necessary interest in lands, the total of the obligations under such contracts not to exceed $500,000.

Valley Gravity Canal and Storage Project, Texas: For the completion of investigations and commencement of construction of the Valley Gravity Canal and Storage Project, Texas, in substantial compliance with the engineering plan described in a report dated February 3, 1940, entitled "Report of Conference of Engineers to the American Commissioner, International Boundary Commission, United States and Mexico, on the Valley Gravity Canal and Storage Project (Federal Project Numbered 5)" and report appended thereto, $2,500,000, to be immediately available and to remain available until expended: Provided, That said sum shall be available to the President for allocation in accordance with the Act entitled "An Act to amend the Act of May 13, 1924, entitled 'An Act providing for a study regarding the equitable use of the waters of the Rio Grande', and so forth, as amended by the public resolution of March 3, 1927", approved August 19, 1935: Provided further, That from said sum expenditures may be made for personal services in the District of Columbia (not exceeding $15,000), and in the field, for the payment of fees for professional services, including experts, engineers, and attorneys, and for all other objects of expenditure as specified for projects hereinbefore in this Act under the caption "Bureau of Reclamation", under the headings "Salaries and expenses" and "Administrative provisions and limitations", but without regard to the amounts of the limitations therein set forth: Provided further, That said sum, $250,000 shall, upon approval by the President of an allocation therefor, be available to the Secretary of State (acting through the American Commissioner of the International Boundary Commission, United States and Mexico) for continuing the investigations authorized by such Act of August 19, 1935: Provided further, That the Secretary of State, with the approval of the President, shall designate the features of the project which he deems international in character, and shall direct such changes in the general project plan as he deems advisable with respect to such features; and the features so designated shall be built, after consultation with the Bureau of Reclamation as to general design, by the American section of the International Boundary Commission, United States and Mexico, and shall be operated and maintained by said Commission insofar as their operation and maintenance in such manner is, in the opinion of the Secretary of State, necessary because of their international character. The construction, operation, and maintenance of such project shall be pursuant to the Federal reclamation laws, except as hereinbefore provided and except that—

(1) In addition to the nonreimbursable allocation to flood control or navigation which may be made by the Secretary of the Interior under section 9 (b) of the Reclamation Project Act of 1939, the President, after consultation with the Secretary of State and the Secretary of the Interior, shall allocate such part of the total estimated cost of the project as he deems proper to the protection of American interests from drought hazards resulting from the uncontrolled and unregulated flow of the international portion of the Rio
Grande below Old Fort Quitman, Texas. Provisions of law applicable with respect to allocations to flood control under section 9 (b) of the Reclamation Project Act of 1939 shall, insofar as they are not inconsistent with the foregoing provisions, be applicable in like manner with respect to any allocation made under this subparagraph; and

(2) All revenues received by the United States in connection with the construction, operation, and maintenance of such projects shall be covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.

Protection of project works: For the purpose of providing protective devices such as floodlights, gates, and barricades for the protection against sabotage and other depredations of any and all dams, powerhouses, and other structures and works whatsoever, heretofore or hereafter constructed by the Bureau of Reclamation, which in the opinion of the Secretary require such protection, $50,000, to be immediately available: Provided, That the Secretary may, in his discretion, enter into agreements with other Federal agencies or with States, counties, irrigation, construction, or reclamation districts or other political subdivisions or water users' associations for the protection of any such works and for reimbursement from this appropriation for amounts expended by them in furnishing protection for any such works.

GEOLICAL SURVEY

For every expenditure requisite for and incident to the authorized work of the Geological Survey, including personal services in the District of Columbia and in the field, including not to exceed $45,000 for the purchase and exchange, and not to exceed $70,000 for the hire, maintenance, repair (including the exchange of parts and accessories in part payment for parts and accessories of motor vehicles), and operation of motor-propelled and horse-drawn passenger-carrying vehicles for field use only by geologists, topographers, engineers, and land classifiers, and the Geological Survey is authorized to exchange unserviceable and worn out passenger-carrying and freight-carrying vehicles as part payment for new freight-carrying vehicles, to be expended under the regulations from time to time prescribed by the Secretary of the Interior, and under the following heads:

Salaries: For the Director of the Geological Survey and other personal services in the District of Columbia, $185,000;

Topographic surveys: For topographic surveys in the United States, Alaska, and Puerto Rico, including office equipment for use in the District of Columbia, stationery, and printing and binding, $1,962,500, of which amount not to exceed $300,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be expended in cooperation with States or municipalities except upon the basis of the State or municipality bearing all of the expense incident thereto in excess of such an amount as is necessary for the Geological Survey to perform its share of standard topographic surveys, such share of the Geological Survey in no case exceeding 50 per centum of the cost of the survey: Provided further, That $275,000 of this amount shall be available only for such cooperation with States or municipalities: Provided further, That not less than one-half of this appropriation shall be devoted to mapping in strategic areas in accordance with priorities to be determined by the Secretary of War;

Geologic surveys: For geologic surveys in the United States and chemical and physical researches relative thereto, $500,000, of which not to exceed $300,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia;
Strategic and critical minerals: For scientific and economic investigations of strategic and critical minerals in the United States or its Territories or insular possessions, as authorized by the Act of June 7, 1939 (53 Stat. 811), $195,000, of which amount not to exceed $35,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia; Mineral resources of Alaska: For continuation of the investigation of the mineral resources of Alaska, $75,000, to be available immediately, of which amount not to exceed $25,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia; Gaging streams: For gaging streams and determining the water supply of the United States, the investigation of underground currents and artesian wells, and the preparation of reports upon the best methods of utilizing the water resources, $1,274,500, of which amount not to exceed $140,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be expended in cooperation with States or municipalities except upon the basis of the State or municipality bearing all of the expense incident thereto in excess of such amount as is necessary for the Geological Survey to perform its share of general water resource investigations, such share of the Geological Survey in no case exceeding 50 per centum of the cost of the investigation: Provided further, That $1,000,000 of this amount shall be available only for such cooperation with States or municipalities; Classification of lands: For the examination and classification of lands with respect to mineral character and water resources as required by the public-land laws and for related administrative operations; for the preparation and publication of mineral-land classification and water-resources maps and reports; for engineering supervision of power permits and grants under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of the Interior; and for performance of work of the Federal Power Commission, $103,000, of which amount not to exceed $60,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia; Printing and binding, and so forth: For printing and binding, $125,000; for preparation of illustrations, $25,000; and for engraving and printing geologic and topographic maps, $159,900; in all, $309,900; Mineral leasing: For the enforcement of the provisions of the Acts of October 20, 1914 (48 U. S. C. 435), October 2, 1917 (30 U. S. C. 141), February 25, 1920 (30 U. S. C. 181), as amended, and March 4, 1921 (48 U. S. C. 444), and other Acts relating to the mining and recovery of minerals on Indian and public lands and naval petroleum reserves; and for every other expense incident thereto, including supplies, equipment, expenses of travel and subsistence, the construction, maintenance, and repair of necessary camp buildings and appurtenances thereto, $317,000, of which amount not to exceed $65,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia; During the fiscal year 1942 the head of any department or independent establishment of the Government having funds available for scientific and technical investigations and requiring cooperative work by the Geological Survey on scientific and technical investigations within the scope of the functions of that Bureau and which it is unable to perform within the limits of its appropriations may, with the approval of the Secretary of the Interior, transfer to the Geological Survey such sums as may be necessary to carry on such investigations. The Secretary of the Treasury shall transfer on the books of the Treasury Department any sums which may be authorized hereunder, and such amounts shall be placed to the credit of the Geological Survey for the performance of work for the department or
establishment from which the transfer is made: Provided, That any sums transferred by any department or independent establishment of the Government to the Geological Survey for cooperative work in connection with this appropriation may be expended in the same manner as sums appropriated herein may be expended: Provided further, That any funds herein appropriated for the Geological Survey for cooperative work may be utilized prior to July 1, 1941, as required to enable the Geological Survey to continue its cooperative work pending reimbursement from cooperative agencies, the amount required for such cooperative work to be placed to the credit of the 1941 appropriation account of the Geological Survey and subsequently repaid to the appropriation from which advanced:

During the fiscal year 1942, upon the request of the Secretary of the Interior, the Secretary of War or the Secretary of the Navy is authorized to furnish aerial photographs required for mapping projects, insofar as the furnishing of such photographs will be economical to the Federal Government and does not conflict with military or naval operations or the other parts of the regular training program of the Army, Navy, and Marine Corps flying services, and the Secretary of the Interior is authorized to reimburse the War or Navy Department for the cost of making the photographs, such cost to be confined to the actual cost of gasoline, oil, film, paper, chemicals, and the labor performed in developing the photographic negatives and the printing of copies of photographs, and the per diem expenses of the personnel authorized by law, together with such incidental expenses as care and minor repairs to plane and transportation of personnel to and from projects, and the War Department or the Navy Department, on request of the Department of the Interior, is authorized to furnish copies to any State, county, or municipal agency cooperating with the Federal Government in the mapping project for which the photographs were taken. In the event that the Director of the Geological Survey deems it advantageous to the Government, the Geological Survey is authorized to contract with civilian aerial photographic concerns for the furnishing of such photographs or for the furnishing of topographic maps made from such photographs:

In all, salaries and expenses, United States Geological Survey, $4,923,900.

BUREAU OF MINES

SALARIES AND GENERAL EXPENSES

Salaries and general expenses: For general expenses, including pay of the Director and necessary assistants, clerks, and other employees, in the office in the District of Columbia and in the field, and every other expense requisite for and incident to the general work of the Bureau in the District of Columbia and in the field, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, $67,900, of which amount not to exceed $55,340 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia:

Operating mine rescue cars and stations and investigation of mine accidents: For the investigation and improvement of mine-rescue and first-aid methods and appliances and the teaching of mine safety, rescue, and first-aid methods; investigations as to the causes of mine explosions, causes of falls of roof and coal, methods of mining, especially in relation to the safety of miners, the appliances best adapted to prevent accidents, the possible improvement of conditions under which mining operations are carried on, the use of explosives and

Aerial photographs for mapping projects.

Copies.

Contracts with civilian concerns.

Total.

Post, pp. 553, 684, 752, 827.
electricity, the prevention of accidents, statistical studies and reports relating to mine accidents, and other inquiries and technologic investigations pertinent to the mining industry; the exchange in part payment for, operation, maintenance, and repair of mine-rescue trucks; the construction of temporary structures and the repair, maintenance, and operation of mine-rescue cars and the Government-owned mine-rescue stations and appurtenances thereto; personal services, traveling expenses and subsistence, equipment, and supplies; travel and subsistence, and other incidental expenses of employees in attendance at meetings and conferences held for the purpose of promoting safety and health in the mining and allied industries; purchase not exceeding $7,500, exchange as part payment for, operation, maintenance, and repair of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles for official use in field work; purchase and exchange in part payment therefor of cooks' uniforms, goggles, gloves, rubber boots, aprons, and such other articles or equipment as may be necessary in connection with the purposes of this paragraph; including not to exceed $67,110 for personal services in the District of Columbia.

Proviso. $704,650: Provided, That of this amount not to exceed $500 may be expended for the purchase and bestowal of trophies in connection with mine-rescue and first-aid contests;

Testing fuel: To conduct inquiries and scientific and technologic investigations concerning the mining, preparation, treatment, and use of mineral fuels, and for investigation of mineral fuels belonging to or for the use of the United States, with a view to their most efficient utilization; to recommend to various departments such changes in selection and use of fuel as may result in greater economy, and, upon request of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, to investigate the fuel-burning equipment in use by or proposed for any of the departments, establishments, or institutions of the United States in the District of Columbia, $262,000, of which amount not to exceed $35,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia;

Mineral mining investigations: For inquiries and scientific and technologic investigations concerning the mining, preparation, treatment, and utilization of ores and mineral substances, other than fuels, with a view to improving health conditions and increasing safety, efficiency, economic development, and conserving resources through the prevention of waste in the mining, quarrying, metallurgical, and other mineral industries; to inquire into the economic conditions affecting these industries; and including all equipment, supplies, expenses of travel and subsistence, and the purchase, not to exceed $12,000, including exchange, operation, maintenance, and repair of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles for official use in field work, including not to exceed $27,900 for personal services in the District of Columbia, $438,060: Provided, That no part of this appropriation may be expended for an investigation in behalf of any private party;

Oil and gas investigations: For inquiries and investigations and dissemination of information concerning the mining, preparation, treatment, and utilization of petroleum and natural gas, including economic conditions affecting the industry, with a view to economic development and conserving resources through the prevention of waste; for the purchase of newspapers relating to the oil, gas, and allied industries: Provided, That section 192 of the Revised Statutes (5 U. S. C. 102) shall not apply to such purchase of newspapers relating to this appropriation; and for every other expense incident thereto, including supplies, equipment, expenses of travel and subsistence, purchase, not to exceed $6,500, exchange as part payment for, maintenance, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles for official use in field
work, purchase of laboratory gloves, goggles, rubber boots, and aprons, $260,000, of which amount not to exceed $22,600 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia;

Mining experiment stations: For the employment of personal services, purchase of laboratory gloves, goggles, rubber boots, and aprons, the purchase not to exceed $3,000, exchange as part payment for maintenance and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles for official use in field work, and all other expenses in connection with the establishment, maintenance, and operation of mining experiment stations, as provided in the Act authorizing additional mining experiment stations, approved March 3, 1915 (30 U. S. C. 8), $583,500, of which appropriation not to exceed $17,100 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia;

Construction of Electric Furnace Laboratory Building, Norris, Tennessee: For the erection and equipment of a building, suitable for an electric-furnace experimental laboratory, adjacent to the Bureau of Mines Electrotechnical Laboratory at Norris, Tennessee, on land conveyed to the Department of the Interior on August 7, 1940, by the Tennessee Valley Authority, and all necessary expenses incident thereto, including the preparation of plans and specifications, advertising and supervision of construction, $10,000;

Buildings and grounds, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania: For care and maintenance of buildings and grounds at Pittsburgh and Bruceton, Pennsylvania, including personal services, the purchase, exchange as part payment for, operation, maintenance, and repair of passenger automobiles for official use, and all other expenses requisite for and incident thereto, including not to exceed $10,000 for additions and improvements, $109,480;

Economics of mineral industries: For inquiries and investigations, and the dissemination of information concerning the economic problems of the mining, quarrying, metallurgical, and other mineral industries, with a view to assuring ample supplies and efficient distribution of the mineral products of the mines and quarries, including studies and reports relating to uses, reserves, production, distribution, stocks, consumption, prices, and marketing of mineral commodities and primary products thereof; preparation of the reports of the mineral resources of the United States, including special statistical inquiries; and including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; purchase of furniture and equipment; stationery and supplies; typewriting, adding and computing machines, accessories and repairs; newspapers; traveling expenses; purchase, not exceeding $1,200, exchange as part payment for, operation, maintenance, and repair of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles for official use in field work; and for all other necessary expenses not included in the foregoing, $466,880, of which amount not to exceed $276,940 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia;

Investigation of domestic sources of mineral supply: For every expenditure requisite for and incident to the work of the Bureau of Mines in performing the duties imposed upon it by section 7 of the Act of June 7, 1939 (Public, Numbered 117, Seventy-sixth Congress); including the purchase of professional and scientific books; not to exceed $1,500 for printing and binding; purchase not to exceed $22,000, exchange as part payment for, operation, maintenance, and repair of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles for official use in field work and in transporting employees between their homes and temporary locations where they may be employed; purchase of goggles, gloves, rubber boots, miners' hats, aprons, and such other articles of personal wearing apparel or equipment as may be required for the protection of employees while engaged in
their work; the construction, maintenance, and repair of necessary
field buildings and mining structures and appurtenances thereto;
and including not to exceed $25,000 for personal services in the
District of Columbia, $425,000: Provided, That section 3709 of the
Revised Statutes (41 U. S. C. 5) shall not be construed to apply to
any purchase or service rendered when the amount involved does
not exceed the sum of $500;

Helium plants and investigations: To enable the Secretary of
the Interior to increase and improve the production capacity of the
helium plant located at Amarillo, Texas, by the construction and
equipment of buildings or additions to existing buildings, the drill-
ing of wells and construction of pipe lines, and other appurtenant
facilities, and to conduct investigations with respect to available
resources of helium-bearing gas, and for all necessary expenses
incident to the foregoing, including the employment by contract or
otherwise, at such rates of compensation as the Secretary of the
Interior may determine, of engineers, architects, or firms or corpo-
ations thereof that are necessary to design and construct the buildings,
structures and equipment; supplies and equipment; travel expenses;
purchases in the District of Columbia and elsewhere of furniture and
equipment, stationery and supplies, typewriting, adding and comput-
ing machines, accessories and repairs; and including the operation,
maintenance, and repair of passenger-carrying automobiles for offi-
cial use in field work, and not to exceed $4,000 for personal services
in the District of Columbia, to be available immediately, $350,000;

Helium production and investigations: The sums made available
for the fiscal year 1942 in the Acts making appropriations for the
War and Navy Departments for the acquisition of helium from the
Bureau of Mines shall be transferred to the Bureau of Mines on
July 1, 1941, for operation and maintenance of the plants for the
production of helium for military and naval purposes, including
laboratory gloves, goggles, rubber boots, and aprons; purchase, not
to exceed $4,500, and exchange as part payment for, maintenance,
operation, and repair of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles
for official use in field work, and all other necessary expenses, and
including $20,500 for personal services in the District of Columbia,
in addition to which sums the Bureau of Mines may use for helium-
plant operations in the fiscal year 1942 the unobligated balance of
funds transferred to it for such operations in the fiscal year 1941;

Manganese Beneficiation Pilot Plants and Research: For continu-
ing the conduct of investigations and development of methods of
beneficiating and smelting domestic manganese ores commenced with
funds made available from the appropriation under the title
"Expediting Production" contained in the First Supplemental
National Defense Appropriation Act, 1941, including ore dressing,
hydrometallurgy, pyrometallurgy, and for the production of metallic
manganese by electrolytic or other methods, including all necessary
preliminary and supplemental laboratory research; maintenance and
operation of pilot plants; procurement of necessary materials and
ores for metallurgical tests; purchase or lease of land; construction
and equipment of buildings to house pilot plants; and for all neces-
sary expenses incident to the foregoing, including employment by
contract or otherwise, at such rates of compensation as the Secre-
tary of the Interior may determine, of engineers, architects, or
firms or corporations thereof that are necessary to design and con-
struct the buildings and pilot plants; supplies and equipment; travel
expenses; personal services in the District of Columbia (not to
exceed $25,000); printing and binding (not to exceed $4,500); pur-
chase in the District of Columbia and elsewhere of furniture and
equipment, stationery and supplies, typewriting, adding and com-

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puting machines, accessories and repairs; professional and scientific books and publications; purchase not to exceed $7,500 (including exchange as part payment), operation, maintenance, and repair of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles; purchase of special wearing apparel or equipment for the protection of employees while engaged in their work, $930,000: Provided, That the Secretary of the Interior, acting through the Director of the Bureau of Mines, is hereby authorized to accept buildings, equipment, and other contributions from public or private sources offering to cooperate in carrying out the purposes of this appropriation, and to operate the plants in cooperation with other departments or agencies of the Federal Government, States, and State agencies, and other organizations: Provided further, That section 3709 of the Revised Statutes shall not be construed to apply to this appropriation;

Production of alumina from low-grade bauxite, aluminum clays and alunite: For all expenses necessary to the conduct of investigations and research on processes for production of alumina from siliceous bauxites, aluminum clays and alunite, including all necessary laboratory research; maintenance and operation of small subcommercial plants; procurement of necessary materials and ores; construction and equipment of a building to house testing and subcommercial plant units; engagement by contract or otherwise, and at such rates of compensation as the Secretary of the Interior may determine, of the services of engineers, architects, or firms or corporations thereof, that are necessary to design and construct the building and plant units; purchase of supplies and equipment; travel expenses; purchase of furniture and equipment, stationery and supplies, typewriters, adding and computing machines, professional and scientific books and publications; purchase of special wearing apparel or equipment for protection of employees engaged in their work, $85,000, to be immediately available: Provided, That section 3709 of the Revised Statutes shall not be construed to apply to this appropriation;

During the fiscal year 1942 the head of any department or independent establishment of the Government having funds available for scientific investigations and requiring cooperative work by the Bureau of Mines on scientific investigations within the scope of the functions of that Bureau and which it is unable to perform within the limits of its appropriations may, with the approval of the Secretary of the Interior, transfer to the Bureau of Mines such sums as may be necessary to carry on such investigations. The Secretary of the Treasury shall transfer on the books of the Treasury Department any sums which may be authorized hereunder, and such amounts shall be placed to the credit of the Bureau of Mines for the performance of work for the department or establishment from which the transfer is made: Provided, That any sums transferred by any department or independent establishment of the Government to the Bureau of Mines for cooperative work in connection with this appropriation may be expended in the same manner as sums appropriated herein may be expended;

The Federal Security Administrator may detail medical officers of the Public Health Service for cooperative health, safety, or sanitation work with the Bureau of Mines, and the compensation and expenses of the officers so detailed may be paid from the applicable appropriations made herein for the Bureau of Mines;

Total, Bureau of Mines, $4,662,470.

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

Salaries: For the Director of the National Park Service and other personal services in the District of Columbia, including accounting
services in checking and verifying the accounts and records of the various operators, licensees, and permittees conducting utilities and other enterprises within the national parks and monuments, and including the services of specialists and experts for investigations and examinations of lands to determine their suitability for national-park and national-monument purposes: Provided, That such specialists and experts may be employed for temporary service at rates to be fixed by the Secretary of the Interior to correspond to those established by the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, and without reference to the Civil Service Act of January 16, 1883, §202,260, of which amount not to exceed $11,000 may be expended for the services of field employees engaged in examination of lands and in developing the educational work of the National Park Service.

Regional offices: For salaries and expenses of regional offices necessary in the administration, protection, maintenance, and improvement of the National Park System, including not to exceed $1,200 for the purchase, maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-driven passenger-carrying vehicles, and not exceeding $8,000 for personal services in the District of Columbia, $47,700.

General expenses: For every expenditure requisite for and incident to the authorized work of the office of the Director of the National Park Service not herein provided for, including traveling expenses, telegrams, photographic supplies, prints, and motion-picture films, and necessary expenses of field employees engaged in examination of lands and in developing the educational work of the National Park Service, $34,500.

Acadia National Park, Maine: For administration, protection, maintenance, and improvement, including $3,000 for George B. Dorr as superintendent without regard to the requirements of the provisions of the Civil Service Retirement Act approved May 22, 1920 (5 U. S. C. 691–693, 697–731), as amended, $3,000 for temporary clerical services for investigation of titles and preparation of abstracts thereof of lands donated to the United States for inclusion in the Acadia National Park, not exceeding $1,500 for the purchase, maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-driven passenger-carrying vehicles for the use of the superintendent and employees in connection with general park work, and not exceeding $8,000 for the acquisition of land, interests in lands, and improvements, including expenses incident thereto, $93,075.

Bryce Canyon National Park, Utah: For administration, protection, maintenance, and improvement, including not exceeding $800 for the purchase, maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-driven passenger-carrying vehicles for the use of the superintendent and employees in connection with the general park work, $22,385.

Carlsbad Caverns National Park, New Mexico: For administration, protection, maintenance, and improvement, including not exceeding $800 for the purchase, maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-driven passenger-carrying vehicles for the use of the superintendent and employees in connection with general park work, $910,390.

Crater Lake National Park, Oregon: For administration, protection, maintenance, and improvement, including not exceeding $850 for the purchase, maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-driven passenger-carrying vehicles for the use of the superintendent and employees in connection with the general park work, $101,900.

Glacier National Park, Montana: For administration, protection, maintenance, and improvement, including necessary repairs to the roads from Glacier Park Station through the Blackfeet Indian Reservation to the various points in the boundary line of the Glacier National Park and the international boundary, including not exceeding $8,200
for the purchase, maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-driven passenger-carrying vehicles for the use of the superintendent and employees in connection with general park work, $218,805.

Grand Canyon National Park, Arizona: For administration, protection, maintenance, and improvement, including not exceeding $1,000 for the purchase, maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-driven passenger-carrying vehicles for the use of the superintendent and employees in connection with general park work, $140,510.

Grand Teton National Park, Wyoming: For administration, protection, maintenance, and improvement, including not exceeding $500 for the purchase, maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-driven passenger-carrying vehicles for the use of the superintendent and employees in connection with general park work, and including the repair and maintenance of approximately two and seventy-seven one-hundredths miles of road leading from United States Highway 187 to the north entrance of Grand Teton National Park, $34,540.

Great Smoky Mountains National Park, North Carolina and Tennessee: For administration, protection, maintenance, and improvement, including not to exceed $1,900 for the purchase, maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-driven passenger-carrying vehicles for use in connection with general park work, $125,100.

Hawaii National Park: For administration, protection, maintenance, and improvement, including not exceeding $1,630 for the purchase, maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-driven passenger-carrying vehicles for the use of the superintendent and employees in connection with general park work, $73,665.

Hot Springs National Park, Arkansas: For administration, protection, maintenance, and improvement, including not exceeding $1,400 for the purchase, maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-driven passenger-carrying vehicles for the use of the superintendent and employees in connection with general park work, $77,890.

Isle Royale National Park, Michigan: For administration, protection, maintenance, and improvement, $31,745.

Kings Canyon National Park, California: For administration, protection, maintenance, and improvement, including not exceeding $650 for the purchase, maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-driven passenger-carrying vehicles, $43,925.

Lassen Volcanic National Park, California: For administration, protection, maintenance, and improvement, including not exceeding $700 for the purchase, maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-driven passenger-carrying vehicles for the use of the superintendent and employees in connection with general park work, and including not to exceed $1,000 for the maintenance of approach roads through the Lassen National Forest, $65,375.

Mammoth Cave National Park, Kentucky: For administration, protection, maintenance, and improvement, including not exceeding $600 for the purchase, maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-driven passenger-carrying vehicles for use in connection with general park work, $80,500: Provided, That employees of the Mammoth Cave Operating Committee who have had not less than two years' service with that Committee at the time of the approval of this Act, may, in the discretion of the Secretary of the Interior, be employed by the National Park Service, in the administration, protection, and development of said national park.

Mesa Verde National Park, Colorado: For administration, protection, maintenance, and improvement, including not exceeding $750 for the purchase, maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-driven passenger-carrying vehicles for the use of the superintendent and
employees in connection with general park work, $71,785, of which not to exceed $2,700 shall be available until expended for the purchase of lands, including expenses incident thereto.

Mount McKinley National Park, Alaska: For administration, protection, maintenance, and improvement, including not exceeding $200 for the purchase, maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-driven passenger-carrying vehicles for the use of the superintendent and employees in connection with general park work, $28,220.

Mount Rainier National Park, Washington: For administration, protection, maintenance, and improvement, including not exceeding $1,400 for the purchase, maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-driven passenger-carrying vehicles for the use of the superintendent and employees in connection with general park work, $155,795.

Olympic National Park, Washington: For administration, protection, maintenance, and improvement, including not exceeding $200 for the purchase, maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-driven passenger-carrying vehicles for the use of the superintendent and employees in connection with general park work, $39,450.

Platt National Park, Oklahoma: For administration, protection, maintenance, and improvement, including not exceeding $300 for the purchase, maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-driven passenger-carrying vehicles for the use of the superintendent and employees in connection with general park work, $124,215.

Rocky Mountain National Park, Colorado: For administration, protection, maintenance, and improvement, including not exceeding $800 for the purchase, maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-driven passenger-carrying vehicles for the use of the superintendent and employees in connection with general park work, $104,640.

Sequoia National Park, California: For administration, protection, maintenance, and improvement, including not exceeding $850 for the purchase, maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-driven passenger-carrying vehicles for the use of the superintendent and employees in connection with general park work, $143,250.

Shenandoah National Park, Virginia: For administration, protection, maintenance, and improvement, including not exceeding $900 for the purchase, maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-driven passenger-carrying vehicles for the use of the superintendent and employees in connection with general park work, $109,640.

Wind Cave National Park, South Dakota: For administration, protection, maintenance, and improvement, including not exceeding $800 for the purchase, maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-driven passenger-carrying vehicles for the use of the superintendent and employees in connection with general park work, $35,560.

Yellowstone National Park, Wyoming: For administration, protection, maintenance, and improvement, including not exceeding $5,800 for the purchase, maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-driven passenger-carrying vehicles for the use of the superintendent and employees in connection with general park work, not exceeding $15,500 for maintenance of the roads in the national forests leading out of the park from the east, northeast, southwest, and south boundaries, and including feed for buffalo and other animals and salaries of buffalo keepers, $467,540.

Yosemite National Park, California: For administration, protection, maintenance, and improvement, including not exceeding $2,550 for the purchase, maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-driven passenger-carrying vehicles for the use of the superintendent and
employees in connection with general park work, not exceeding $2,000 for maintenance of the road in the Stanislaus National Forest connecting the Tioga Road with the Hetch Hetchy Road near Mather Station, and including necessary expenses of a comprehensive study of the problems relating to the use and enjoyment of the Yosemite National Park and the preservation of its natural features, $346,840.

Zion National Park, Utah: For administration, protection, maintenance, and improvement, including not exceeding $1,320 for the purchase, maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-driven passenger-carrying vehicles for the use of the superintendent and employees in connection with general park work, $48,800.

National monuments: For administration, protection, maintenance, improvement, and preservation of national monuments, including not exceeding $4,500 for the purchase, maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-driven passenger-carrying vehicles for the use of the custodians and employees in connection with general monument work, $358,425.

National historical parks and monuments: For administration, protection, maintenance, and improvement, including not exceeding $8,500 for the purchase, maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-driven passenger-carrying vehicles, $188,690, and the unexpended balance of the appropriation of $50,000 under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1941, for the purchase of lands and interests in lands is continued available until expended: Provided, That the total sum expended for maintenance of the Vanderbilt Mansion National Historic Site in Dutchess County, New York, in the fiscal year 1943, shall not exceed the total sum of the admission fees collected at such monument during the fiscal year 1942.

National military parks, battlefields, monuments, and cemeteries: For administration, protection, maintenance, and improvement, including not exceeding $8,000 for the purchase, maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-driven passenger-carrying vehicles, and including the maintenance and repair of the approach road to the Custer Battlefield National Cemetery and the road connecting the said cemetery with the Reno Monument site, Montana, and not exceeding $308 for right-of-way easements across privately owned railroad lands necessary for supplying water to the Statue of Liberty National Monument, $424,025.

Boulder Dam National Recreational Area, Arizona and Nevada: For administration, protection, improvement, and maintenance of the recreational activities of the Boulder Dam National Recreational Area and any lands that may be added thereto by Presidential or other authority, including not exceeding $800 for the purchase, maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-driven passenger-carrying vehicles, $98,840.

Mount Rushmore National Memorial: Any unexpended balances of funds available for obligation for the Mount Rushmore National Memorial on June 30, 1941, are hereby continued available during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1942, for the same purposes for which such funds were originally appropriated and under the same conditions and limitations with respect thereto.

Emergency reconstruction and fighting forest fires in national parks: For reconstruction, replacement, and repair of roads, trails, bridges, buildings, and other physical improvements and of equipment in national parks or national monuments that are damaged or destroyed by flood, fire, storm, or other unavoidable causes during the fiscal year 1942, and for fighting or emergency prevention of forest fires in national parks or other areas administered by the
Reappropriation. 54 Stat. 449.

Proviso. Allotment restriction.

Accounting. Provisos. Interchange of amounts.

Jefferson National Expansion Memorial, St. Louis, Mo.

Educational lectures, etc.

Travel expenses.

Telephones in Government-owned residences, etc.

Photographic mat service: Not to exceed an aggregate of $3,000 from any funds available to the National Park Service during the fiscal year 1942 may be used for the preparation of mats for reproduction in magazines and newspapers of photographs of scenery in the national parks, in accordance with the Act of August 27, 1940 (Public Act Numbered 771, Seventy-sixth Congress).

Hereafter appropriations made for the National Park Service shall be available for any expenses incident to the preparation and recording of title evidence covering lands to be donated to the United States for administration by the National Park Service. Hereafter fees incident to admission to the national parks and monuments and other areas in the national park system, charged and collected with the approval of the Secretary of the Interior, shall be exempt from all Federal tax on admissions.

Roads and Trails, National Park Service: For the construction, reconstruction, and improvement of roads and trails, inclusive of necessary bridges, in the national parks, monuments, and other areas administered by the National Park Service, including the Boulder National Park Service, or fires that endanger such areas, including lands in process of condemnation for national park or monument purposes, $40,000, and in addition thereto the unexpended balance for this purpose for the fiscal year 1941 is continued available during the fiscal year 1942, together with not to exceed $100,000 to be transferred upon the approval of the Secretary of the Interior from the various appropriations for national parks and national monuments herein contained, any such diversions of appropriations to be reported to Congress in the annual Budget: Provided, That the allotment of these funds to the various national parks or areas administered by the National Park Service as may be required for fire-fighting purposes shall be made by the Secretary of the Interior, and then only after the obligation for the expenditure has been incurred.

Forest protection and fire prevention: For the control and the prevention of spread of forest insects and tree diseases and for fire-prevention measures, including equipment, and personal services in the District of Columbia (not to exceed $20,100) and elsewhere, $140,420, to be immediately available.

The total of the foregoing amounts shall be available in one fund for the National Park Service: Provided, That 10 per cent of the foregoing amounts shall be available interchangeably and shall be reported to Congress in the annual Budget: Provided further, That no part of the foregoing appropriations for the National Park Service shall be available for the payment of the salaries or expenses of any employee of the National Park Service assigned to duties in connection with the Jefferson National Expansion Memorial in Saint Louis, Missouri. Appropriations herein made for the national parks, national monuments, and other reservations under the jurisdiction of the National Park Service, shall be available for the giving of educational lectures therein; for the services of field employees in cooperation with such nonprofit scientific and historical societies engaged in educational work in the various parks and monuments as the Secretary, in his discretion, may designate; and for travel expenses of employees attending Government camps for training in forest-fire prevention and suppression and the Federal Bureau of Investigation National Police Academy.

Appropriations herein made for the National Park Service shall be available for the installation and operation of telephones in Government-owned residences, apartments, or quarters occupied by employees of the National Park Service.

Photographic mat service: Not to exceed an aggregate of $3,000 from any funds available to the National Park Service during the fiscal year 1942 may be used for the preparation of mats for reproduction in magazines and newspapers of photographs of scenery in the national parks, in accordance with the Act of August 27, 1940 (Public Act Numbered 771, Seventy-sixth Congress).

Hereafter appropriations made for the National Park Service shall be available for any expenses incident to the preparation and recording of title evidence covering lands to be donated to the United States for administration by the National Park Service. Hereafter fees incident to admission to the national parks and monuments and other areas in the national park system, charged and collected with the approval of the Secretary of the Interior, shall be exempt from all Federal tax on admissions.
Dam National Recreational Area, and other areas authorized to be established as national parks and monuments, and national park and monument approach roads authorized by the Act of January 31, 1931 (16 U. S. C. 8a and 8b), as amended, including the roads from Glacier Park Station through the Blackfeet Indian Reservation to various points in the boundary line of the Glacier National Park and the international boundary, to be immediately available and to remain available until expended, $3,000,000, of which not to exceed $2,250,000 shall be for the payment of obligations incurred under the contract authorization under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1941: Provided, That not to exceed $60,000 of the amount herein appropriated may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia: Provided further, That in addition to the amount herein appropriated the Secretary of the Interior may also approve projects, incur obligations, and enter into contracts for additional work not exceeding a total of $2,400,000, and his action in so doing shall be deemed a contractual obligation of the Federal Government for the payment of the cost thereof and appropriations hereafter made for the construction, reconstruction, and improvement of roads and trails shall be considered available for the purpose of discharging the obligation so created: Provided further, That no part of this appropriation shall be available for road construction in the Kings Canyon National Park, California, except on the floor of the canyon of the south fork of the Kings River.

Blue Ridge, Natchez Trace, and George Washington Memorial Parkways: For continuing the construction and maintenance, under the provisions of section 9 of the Act of September 5, 1940 (Public, No. 780), of the Blue Ridge, Natchez Trace, and George Washington Memorial Parkways, including not exceeding $2,400 for the purchase, maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-driven passenger-carrying vehicles, to be immediately available and remain available until expended, $6,000,000, of which not to exceed $4,500,000 shall be for the payment of obligations incurred under the contract authorization under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1941: Provided, That not to exceed $50,000 of the amount herein appropriated shall be available for personal services in the District of Columbia: Provided, That $1,600,000 and any other sums received from other sources for said Natchez Trace Parkway shall be allotted and expended ratably between the States of Mississippi, Alabama, and Tennessee according to mileage of said parkway in each respective State and said allotments shall be used for no other purpose. Provided further, That the Secretary of the Interior shall make a detailed statement of expenditures from this appropriation to the Senate and House Committees on Appropriations at the beginning of the next regular session of Congress: Provided further, That in addition to the amount herein appropriated the Secretary of the Interior may also approve projects, incur obligations, and enter into contracts for additional work not exceeding a total of $6,000,000, of which $2,000,000 shall be for the Natchez-Trace Parkway and shall be allotted and expended ratably between the States of Mississippi, Alabama, and Tennessee according to mileage of said parkway in each respective State, and his action in so doing shall be deemed a contractual obligation of the Federal Government for the payment of the cost thereof and appropriations hereafter made for the construction and maintenance of the Blue Ridge, Natchez-Trace, and George Washington Memorial Parkways shall be considered available for the purpose of discharging the obligation so created.

Physical improvements: For the construction, repair, or rehabilitation of buildings and utilities located in areas administered by the
National Park Service, without compliance with the Act of August 24, 1912 (37 Stat. 460), as amended by the Act of July 1, 1918 (40 Stat. 677), and the Act of February 13, 1940 (54 Stat. 36), limiting the cost upon the construction of administration or other buildings in national parks, including not to exceed $75,000 for the acquisition of rights-of-way and construction of a water supply line partly outside of the boundaries of Mesa Verde National Park, $346,000, to remain available until expended.

Historic sites and buildings: For carrying out the provisions of the Act entitled “An Act to provide for the preservation of historic American sites, buildings, objects, and antiquities of national significance, and for other purposes”, approved August 21, 1935 (49 Stat. 666), including personal services in the District of Columbia, $20,000.

Investigation and purchase of water rights: For the investigation and establishment of water rights, including the purchase thereof or of lands or interests in lands or rights-of-way for use and protection of water rights necessary or beneficial in connection with the administration and public use of the national parks and monuments, and including not exceeding $500 for the purchase, maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-driven passenger-carrying vehicles, $35,000, and in addition thereto the unexpended balance for this purpose for the fiscal year 1941 is continued available during the fiscal year 1942.

Travel Bureau: For all expenses necessary in carrying out the provisions of the Act entitled “An Act to encourage travel in the United States and for other purposes”, approved July 19, 1940 (54 Stat. 773-774), including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; traveling expenses, including expenses incident to participation by the Travel Bureau in international expositions and conferences dealing with travel; printing and binding; books, newspapers, and periodicals, $75,000.

Recreational demonstration areas: For administration, protection, operation, and maintenance of recreational demonstration areas, including not exceeding $10,000 for the purchase, operation, and repair of motor-driven passenger-carrying vehicles, and including not exceeding $4,000 for the purchase of land, including expenses incident thereto, $234,000.

Recreational resources of Denison Dam and Reservoir project, Texas and Oklahoma: For every expenditure requisite for and incident to the making of a survey, investigation, and plan for the utilization of the recreational resources of the Denison Dam Reservoir in accordance with the Act approved June 23, 1936 (49 Stat. 1894), $27,000.

Salaries and expenses, National Capital parks: For administration, protection, maintenance, and improvement of the Mount Vernon Memorial Highway, Arlington Memorial Bridge, George Washington Memorial Parkway, monuments and memorials, Lee Mansion, Battleground National Cemetery, Chopawamsic Recreational Area, Federal parks in the District of Columbia, and other Federal lands authorized by the Act of May 29, 1930 (46 Stat. 482), including the pay and allowances in accordance with the provisions of the Act of May 27, 1924, as amended, of the police force for the Mount Vernon Memorial Highway and the George Washington Memorial Parkway, and the purchase, operation, maintenance, repair, exchange, and storage of automobiles, and motorcycles, revolvers, ammunition, purchase, cleaning, and repair of uniforms for police, guards, and elevator conductors, and equipment, per diem employees at rates of pay approved by the Director not exceeding current rates for similar services in the District of Columbia, the hire of draft animals with
or without drivers at local rates approved by the Director, stenographic reporting service, traveling expenses and carfare, and leather and rubber articles for the protection of public property and employees, $430,000, of which $20,000 shall be available for the construction and equipment of a structure, West Potomac Park, to be used as a first-aid station, park police lodge, maintenance and comfort station.

**FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE**

For the employment of persons and means in the city of Washington and elsewhere, including the purchase of printed bags, tags, and labels, without regard to existing laws, applicable to public printing, furniture, carpets, typewriters, computing and adding machines, filing devices, and other office equipment and labor-saving devices, stationery, telephone and telegraph service, postage stamps for official use, express, freight, and drayage charges, traveling, and all other expenses necessary in conducting investigations and carrying out the work of the Service, including cooperation with Federal, State, county, or other agencies or with farm bureaus, organizations, or individuals, as follows:

**SALARIES AND EXPENSES**

General administrative expenses: For necessary expenses for general administrative purposes, including the salary of the Director, two assistant directors, and other personal services in the District of Columbia, $165,930.

Propagation of food fishes: For maintenance, repair, alteration, improvement, equipment, acquisition, and operation of fish-cultural stations, including the erection of necessary buildings and other structures; general propagation of food fishes and their distribution; propagation and distribution of fresh-water mussels; purchase, collection, and transportation of specimens and other expenses (including not to exceed $5,320 for personal services), incidental to the maintenance and operation of aquarium; and all other necessary expenses, $1,069,555, including $15,000 for commencing the establishment of a fish-cultural station in the vicinity of Houston, Texas, including the purchase of land, the construction of buildings, ponds, water supply, improvements to grounds, purchase of equipment, and other necessary expenses.

The unobligated balance of the appropriation remaining under the limitation of $155,000 to establish or commence the establishment of stations authorized by the Act approved May 21, 1930 (46 Stat. 371), contained in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1940, under the head "Propagation of food fishes", which was continued available during the fiscal year 1941, is continued available during the fiscal year 1942, and the unobligated balance of the appropriation remaining under the limitation of $120,000 for the establishment of stations in Arkansas and Mississippi, for the purchase of a fish-cultural station in Oklahoma, and for the further development of the stations at Lamar, Pennsylvania, and on Williams Creek, on the Fort Apache Indian Reservation in Arizona, contained in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1941, under the head "Propagation of food fishes", is continued available during the fiscal year 1942.

Construction of fish screens: For construction, operation, and maintenance, in cooperation with the Bureau of Reclamation and the Bureau of Indian Affairs, or either, of fish screens and ladders on Federal irrigation projects, and for the conduct of investigations and surveys, the preparation of designs, and supervision of construc-
tion of such screens and ladders; and for determining the require-
ments for fishways and other fish protective devices at dams con-
structed under licenses issued by the Federal Power Commission in
accordance with the provisions of the Federal Water Power Act
(16 U. S. C. 791), $50,000.

Inquiry respecting food fishes: For inquiry into the cause of the
decrease of food fishes in the waters of the United States; investiga-
tions and experiments in respect to the aquatic animals, plants, and
waters in the interests of fish culture and the fishery industries; and
maintenance, repair, improvement, equipment, and operation of
biological stations, $545,475.

Fishery industries: For collection and compilation of statistics of
the fisheries and the study of their methods and relations, and the
methods of preservation and utilization of fishery products, and to
enable the Secretary of the Interior to execute the functions imposed
upon him by the Act entitled “An Act authorizing associations of
1213), including preparation of reports, contract stenographic
reporting services, and all other necessary expenses, $196,940.

Fishery market news service: For collecting, publishing, and dis-
tributing, by telegraph, mail, or otherwise, information on the fishery
industry, market supply and demand, commercial movement, loca-
tion, disposition, and market prices of fishery products, with or with-
out cooperation with any department or agency of the United States,
or any State or Territory, or subdivision thereof, $86,220.

Alaska fisheries: For protecting the seal, sea otter, and other fish-
eries of Alaska, including the furnishing of food, fuel, clothing, and
other necessities of life to the natives of the Pribilof Islands of
Alaska; construction, improvement, repair, and alteration of build-
ings and roads, and subsistence of employees while on said islands;
contract stenographic reporting service; and all other necessary
expenses connected therewith, $457,380, of which $100,000 shall be
available immediately.

Alaska crab investigation: For all necessary expenses of the Fish
and Wildlife Service in continuing and completing a technical,
economic, and biological investigation of the king crab fishery off
the coast of Alaska, locating the areas of abundance, and carrying
on experiments to develop improved methods of taking and canning
king crabs, including the charter of vessels without regard to section
3709 of the Revised Statutes and the appointment of employees with-
out regard to the civil-service and classification laws, $25,000, and
not to exceed $5,000 of the unexpended balance of the appropriation
under this heading in the “Second Deficiency Appropriation Act,
1940”, is hereby reappropriated and added to this appropriation.

Enforcement of Black Bass and Whaling Treaty Acts: To enable
the Secretary of the Interior to administer the provisions of the Act
entitled “An Act to amend the Act entitled ‘An Act to regulate inter-
state transportation of black bass, and for other purposes’, approved
May 20, 1926”; approved July 2, 1930 (16 U. S. C. 851-856), and to
execute the functions imposed upon him by The Whaling Treaty
Act, approved May 1, 1936 (16 U. S. C. 901-915), $17,000.

Upper Mississippi River Fish Refuge: For construction of build-
ings, boats, and ponds, for purchase of equipment, including boats,
and maintenance, operation, repair, and improvements, as authorized
in the Act approved June 7, 1924 (16 U. S. C. 721–731), $17,000.

Food habits of birds and animals: For investigating the food
habits and economic value of North American birds and animals in
relation to agriculture, horticulture, and forestry, including methods
of conserving beneficial and controlling injurious birds and animals,
$80,000.
Fur-resources investigations: For investigations, experiments, demonstrations, and cooperation in connection with the production and utilization of animals the pelts of which are used commercially for fur, including the erection of necessary buildings and other structures, $114,400.

Biological investigations: For biological investigations, including the relations, habits, geographic distribution, and migration of animals and plants, and the preparation of maps of the life zones, and including $45,738 for investigations of the relations of wild animal life to forests, under section 5 of the Act approved May 22, 1928 (16 U. S. C. 581d), and for investigations of the wildlife resources of the Territory of Alaska, including the erection of necessary buildings and other structures, $255,800.

Control of predatory animals and injurious rodents: For investigations, demonstrations, and cooperation in destroying animals injurious to agriculture, horticulture, forestry, animal husbandry, and wild game, as authorized by the Act of March 2, 1931 (7 U. S. C. 426–426b); and in protecting stock and other domestic animals through the suppression of rabies and other diseases in predatory wild animals; and for construction, repairs, additions, and installations in and about the buildings of the game-management supply depot and laboratory at Pocatello, Idaho, including purchase, transportation, and handling of supplies and materials for distribution from said depot to other projects, in accordance with the provisions of the Act approved June 24, 1936 (16 U. S. C. 667), $949,300.

Protection of migratory birds: For all necessary expenses for enforcing the provisions of the Migratory Bird Treaty Act of July 3, 1918, as amended by the Act of June 20, 1936 (16 U. S. C. 703–711), to carry into effect the treaty with Great Britain for the protection of birds migrating between the United States and Canada (39 Stat., pt. 2, 1702), and the convention between the United States and the United Mexican States for the protection of migratory birds and game mammals; for cooperation with local authorities in the protection of migratory birds, and for necessary investigations connected therewith; for all necessary expenses for enforcing the Act of June 8, 1940 (34 Stat. 230), entitled "An Act for the protection of the bald eagle"; for the enforcement of sections 241, 242, 243, and 244 of the Act approved March 4, 1909, as amended (18 U. S. C. 391–394), and for the enforcement of section 1 of the Act approved May 25, 1900 (16 U. S. C. 701), including all necessary investigations in connection therewith, $366,500, of which not to exceed $10,000 may be expended in the discretion of the Secretary of the Interior for the purpose of securing information concerning violations of the laws for the enforcement of which this appropriation is made available.


Maintenance of mammal and bird reservations: For the maintenance of the Montana National Bison Range, the Upper Mississippi River Wildlife Refuge, the Bear River Migratory Bird Refuge, the Wichita Mountains Wildlife Refuge, and other reservations, and for the maintenance of game introduced into suitable localities on public lands, under supervision of the Fish and Wildlife Service, including construction of fencing, wardens' quarters, shelters for animals, landings, roads, trails, bridges, ditches, telephone lines, rockwork, bulkheads, and other improvements necessary for the econom-
Taking of eggs, etc., on bird-breeding grounds.
35 Stat. 1104.

Prohibited acts on acquired areas.
45 Stat. 1224.

Wichita Mountains Wildlife Refuge.
45 Stat. 1222; 49 Stat. 381.

Klamath Lake Reservation.
Reappropriation.
54 Stat. 453.

Migratory bird conservation refuges: For carrying into effect the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to more effectively meet the obligations of the United States under the migratory-bird treaty with Great Britain (39 Stat., pt. 2, 1702) by lessening the dangers threatening migratory game birds from drainage and other causes, by the acquisition of areas of land and of water to furnish in perpetuity reservations for the adequate protection of such birds; and authorizing appropriations for the establishment of such areas, their maintenance and improvement, and for other purposes," approved February 18, 1929, as amended by title III of the Act approved June 15, 1935 (16 U. S. C. 715-715r), $78,450.

Restoration of Lower Klamath Migratory Waterfowl Refuge: For the restoration and development of Klamath Lake Reservation (commonly known as the Lower Klamath Migratory Waterfowl Refuge) as a feeding, nesting, and breeding ground for migratory birds, including the construction of water-control works thereon and for necessary expenses incident thereto, $65,000; together with the unexpended balance of the appropriation of $70,000 for this purpose in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1941.

In all, salaries and expenses, $6,531,500.

MIGRATORY BIRD CONSERVATION FUND

For carrying into effect the provisions of section 4 of the Act entitled "An Act to supplement and support the Migratory Bird Conservation Act by providing funds for the acquisition of areas for use as migratory-bird sanctuaries, refuges, and breeding grounds, for developing and administering such areas, for the protection of certain migratory birds, for the enforcement of the Migratory Bird Treaty Act and regulations thereunder, and for other purposes", approved March 16, 1934, as amended by an Act entitled "An Act to amend the Migratory Bird Hunting Stamp Act of March 16, 1934, and certain other Acts relating to game and other wildlife, administered by the Department of Agriculture, and for other purposes," approved June 15, 1935 (16 U. S. C. 718-718h), an amount equal to the sum received during the fiscal year 1942 from the proceeds from the sale of stamps, to be warranted monthly; and in addition thereto an amount equal to the unobligated balance on June 30, 1941, of the total of the proceeds received from the sale of stamps prior to July 1, 1941: Provided, That hereafter all such migratory bird hunting stamps not sold at the end of the fiscal year for which issued shall be turned over to the philatelic agency and therein placed on sale until disposed of or until the Congress otherwise provides: Provided further, That such stamps shall be usable as migratory bird hunting stamps only during the fiscal year for which issued.

FEDERAL AID IN WILDLIFE RESTORATION

For carrying out the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide that the United States shall aid the States in wildlife restoration projects, and for other purposes", approved September

Total, Fish and Wildlife Service, $8,281,500, and in addition thereto funds made available under the Migratory Bird Conservation Fund, of which amounts not to exceed $933,180 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia, and not to exceed $77,100 shall be available for the purchase of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles necessary in the conduct of field work outside the District of Columbia: Provided, That funds available for the work of the Fish and Wildlife Service shall be available for the maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles; books, periodicals, and newspapers (not to exceed $100), rubber boots, oilskins, first-aid outfits, and rations for officers and crews of vessels; for the expenditure from appropriations available for the purchase of lands of not to exceed $1 for each option to purchase any particular tract or tracts of land; and for the employment, by contract or otherwise, of men with equipment, boats, work animals, animal-drawn and motor-propelled vehicles: Provided further, That not to exceed 5 per cent of the foregoing amounts for the miscellaneous expenses of the work of the Fish and Wildlife Service herein provided for shall be available interchangeably for expenditure on the objects included within the general expenses of said Service, but no more than 5 per centum shall be added to any one item or appropriation: Provided further, That the Fish and Wildlife Service may exchange motor-propelled and horse-drawn vehicles, tractors, road equipment, boats, aircraft, typewriters, computing or duplicating machines, or parts, accessories, tires, or equipment thereof, in part payment for vehicles, tractors, road equipment, boats, aircraft, typewriters, computing or duplicating machines, or parts, accessories, tires, or equipment thereof: Provided further, That cooperative work conducted by the Fish and Wildlife Service shall be subject to the provisions of the Act of July 24, 1919 (5 U. S. C. 563-564): Provided further, That commutation of rations (not to exceed $1 per man per day) may be paid to officers and crews of vessels of the Fish and Wildlife Service under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of the Interior, and money accruing from commutation of rations on board vessels may be paid on proper vouchers to the persons having charge of the mess of such vessels; and the Act of March 5, 1928 (5 U. S. C. 75a), shall not be construed to require deductions from the salaries of officers and crews of vessels of the Fish and Wildlife Service for quarters and rations furnished on vessels of said Service.

GOVERNMENT IN THE TERRITORIES

TERRITORY OF ALASKA

Salaries of the Governor and the secretary, $15,600.

For incidental and contingent expenses of the offices of the Governor and the secretary of the Territory, clerk hire, not to exceed $7,520; janitor service for the Governor's office and the executive mansion, not to exceed $3,180; traveling expenses of the Governor while absent from the Capital on official business and of the secretary of the Territory while traveling on official business under direction of the Governor; repair and preservation of Governor's house and furniture; care of grounds and purchase of necessary equipment; stationery, lights, water, and fuel; in all, $16,620, to be expended under the direction of the Governor.
For the establishment and maintenance of public schools, Territory of Alaska, $50,000: Provided, That expenditures hereunder shall not exceed the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury in accordance with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934.

Insane of Alaska: For care and custody of persons legally adjudged insane in Alaska, including compensation and travel expenses of medical supervisor, transportation, burial, and other expenses, $290,080: Provided, That authority is granted to the Secretary of the Interior to pay from this appropriation to the Sanitarium Company, of Portland, Oregon, or to other contracting institution or institutions, not to exceed $648 per capita per annum for the care and maintenance of Alaskan insane patients during the fiscal year 1942: Provided further, That so much of this sum as may be required shall be available for all necessary expenses in ascertaining the residence of inmates and in returning those who are not legal residents of Alaska to their legal residence or to their friends, and the Secretary of the Interior shall, as soon as practicable, return to their places of residence or to their friends all inmates not residents of Alaska at the time they became insane, and the commitment papers for any person hereafter adjudged insane shall include a statement by the committing authority as to the legal residence of such person.

For the construction, repair, and maintenance of roads, tramways, ferries, bridges, and trails, Territory of Alaska, to be expended under the provisions of the Act approved June 30, 1932 (48 U. S. C. 321a–321c), $684,500, including not to exceed $26,000 for repair and maintenance of Government wharf at Juneau, Alaska, to be immediately available.

For the construction, repair, and maintenance of roads, tramways, bridges, and trails, Territory of Alaska, $150,000, to be available until expended: Provided, That expenditures hereunder shall not exceed the aggregate receipts covered into the Treasury in accordance with section 4 of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934.

The Alaska Railroad: All amounts received by the Alaska Railroad during the fiscal year 1942 shall be available, and continue available until expended, for every expenditure requisite for and incident to the authorized work of the Alaska Railroad, including maintenance, operation, and improvements of railroads in Alaska; maintenance and operation of river steamers and other boats on the Yukon River and its tributaries in Alaska; operation and maintenance of ocean-going or coastwise vessels by ownership, charter, or arrangement with other branches of the Government service, for the purpose of providing additional facilities for the transportation of freight, passengers, or mail, when deemed necessary, for the benefit and development of industries and travel affecting territory tributary to the Alaska Railroad; maintenance and operation of lodges, camps, and transportation facilities for the accommodation of visitors to Mount McKinley National Park, including the purchase, exchange, maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles as authorized by the Act of March 29, 1940 (54 Stat. 80); stores for resale; payment of claims for losses and damages arising from operations, including claims of employees of the railroad for loss and damage resulting from wreck or accident on the railroad, not due to negligence of the claimant, limited to clothing and other necessary personal effects used in connection with his duties and not exceeding $100 in value; payment of amounts due connecting lines; payment of compensation and expenses as authorized by section 42 of the Injury Compensation Act approved September 7, 1916 (5
U. S. C. 793), to be reimbursed as therein provided: Provided, That not to exceed $6,000 of this fund shall be available for personal services in the District of Columbia during the fiscal year 1942, and no one other than the general manager of said railroad shall be paid an annual salary out of this fund of more than $7,500: Provided further, That not to exceed $12,500 of such fund shall be available for printing and binding: Provided further, That not to exceed $30,000 of said fund shall be immediately available, in accordance with the provisions of the Act of March 29, 1940 (54 Stat. 80), for the purchase of the personal property, structures and buildings of the Mount McKinley Tourist and Transportation Company, for the construction of additional camps or lodges and appurtenances thereto, and for the purchase or reconditioning of equipment thereof.

TERRITORY OF HAWAII

Salaries of the Governor and of the secretary, $15,800.

For contingent expenses, to be expended by the Governor for stationery, postage, and incidentals, and for traveling expenses of the Governor while absent from the capital on official business, $2,000; private secretary to the Governor, $3,100; temporary clerk hire, $750; in all, $5,850.

GOVERNMENT OF THE VIRGIN ISLANDS

For salaries of the Governor and employees incident to the execution of the Acts of March 3, 1917 (48 U. S. C. 1391), and June 22, 1936 (48 U. S. C. 1405v), traveling expenses of officers and employees, necessary janitor service, care of Federal grounds, repair and preservation of Federal buildings and furniture, purchase of equipment, stationery, lights, water, and other necessary miscellaneous expenses, including not to exceed $5,000 for purchase, including exchange, maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, and not to exceed $4,000 for personal services, household equipment and furnishings, fuel, ice, and electricity necessary in the operation of Government House at Saint Thomas and Government House at Saint Croix, $150,075.

For salaries and expenses of the agricultural experiment station and the vocational school in the Virgin Islands, including technical personnel, clerks, and other persons; scientific investigations of plants and plant industries, and diseases of animals; demonstrations in practical farming; special traveling expenses; fixtures, apparatus, and supplies; clearing and fencing of land; and other necessary expenses, including not to exceed $2,000 for purchase, including exchange, maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, $45,650.

For defraying the deficits in the treasuries of the municipal governments because of the excess of current expenses over current revenues for the fiscal year 1942, municipality of Saint Thomas and Saint John, $15,000, and municipality of Saint Croix, $105,000; in all, $120,000, to be paid to the said treasuries in monthly installments.

PUERTO RICAN HURRICANE RELIEF

To enable the Division of Territories and Island Possessions to continue collection and administration of moneys due the United States on account of loans made under the joint resolutions approved December 21, 1928 (45 Stat. 1067), and January 22, 1930 (46 Stat. 57), and to make compositions and adjustments in any loan here-
For administrative expenses of the Division of Territories and Island Possessions, in carrying out the provisions of Executive Orders Numbered 7368 and 7828, approved May 13, 1936, and March 3, 1938, respectively, relating to certain islands of the United States situate in the Pacific Ocean, including personal services outside the District of Columbia (such employment to be by contract, if deemed necessary, without regard to the provisions of section 3709 of the Revised Statutes), rent, traveling expenses, purchase of necessary books, documents, newspapers and periodicals, stationery, hire of automobiles, purchase of equipment, supplies and provisions, and all other necessary expenses, $26,700.

For expenses of the Division of Territories and Island Possessions in the investigation and survey of natural resources of the land and sea areas of the Antarctic regions, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere without regard to the civil-service laws or the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, or by contract, if deemed necessary, without regard to the provisions of section 3709 of the Revised Statutes, rent, traveling expenses, purchase of necessary books, documents, newspapers and periodicals, stationery, hire of automobiles, purchase of equipment, supplies and provisions, and all other necessary expenses, $19,610, together with the unexpended balance of the 1941 appropriations.

SEC. 2. Appropriations herein made for field work shall be available for the hire, with or without personal services, of work animals and animal-drawn and motor-propelled vehicles and equipment.

SEC. 3. Appropriations herein made shall be available for the purchase, maintenance, operation, and repair of vehicles generally known as quarter-ton or half-ton pick-up trucks and as station wagons without such vehicles being considered as passenger-carrying vehicles and without the cost of purchase, maintenance, operation, and repair being included in the limitation in the various appropriation items for the purchase, maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-driven passenger-carrying vehicles.

SEC. 4. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act or authorized hereby to be expended shall be used to pay the compensation of any officer or employee of the Government of the United States or of any agency the majority of the stock of which is owned by the Government of the United States, whose post of duty is in continental United States unless such person is a citizen of the United States, or a person in the service of the United States on the date of the approval of this Act who being eligible for citizenship had theretofore filed a declaration of intention to become a citizen or who owes allegiance to the United States.

SEC. 5. Appropriations under the Department of the Interior available for travel, shall be available for expenses of the transfer of household goods and effects as provided by the Act of October 10, 1940 (Public, Numbered 889), and regulations promulgated thereunder.

SEC. 6. Appropriations herein made for the following bureaus and offices shall be available for expenses of attendance of officers and
employees at meetings or conventions of members of societies or associations concerned with their work in not to exceed the amounts indicated: Office of the Secretary, $1,000; Grazing Service, $1,000; Petroleum Conservation Division, $1,000; General Land Office, $1,000; Bureau of Indian Affairs, $7,000; Bureau of Reclamation, $6,000; Geological Survey, $3,000; Bureau of Mines, $5,000; National Park Service, $5,000; Fish and Wildlife Service, $5,750; and Soil and Moisture Conservation Operations (all bureaus), $4,000.

Sec. 7. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used to pay the salary or wages of any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided, That for the purposes hereof an affidavit shall be considered prima facie evidence that the person making the affidavit does not advocate, and is not a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided further, That any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence and accepts employment the salary or wages for which are paid from any appropriation contained in this Act shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than $1,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both: Provided further, That the above penalty clause shall be in addition to, and not in substitution for, any other provisions of existing law.

Sec. 8. This Act may be cited as the “Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1942”.

Approved, June 28, 1941.

[CHAPTER 260]

AN ACT

To provide for the acquisition and equipment of public works made necessary by the defense program.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act entitled “An Act to expedite the provision of housing in connection with national defense, and for other purposes”, approved October 14, 1940, as amended, is amended by inserting before section 1 the following title heading:

“TITLE I

DEFENSE HOUSING”

Sec. 2. Section 1 (b) and section 3 of such Act are amended by striking out “this Act” wherever occurring therein and inserting in lieu thereof “this title”.

Sec. 3. Such Act is amended by inserting after section 3 the following:

“TITLE II

DEFENSE PUBLIC WORKS

“Sec. 201. It is hereby declared to be the policy of this title to provide means by which public works may be acquired, maintained, and operated in the areas described in section 202. As used in this title, the term ‘public work’ means any facility necessary for carrying on community life substantially expanded by the national-defense program, but the activities authorized under this title shall be devoted primarily to schools, waterworks, sewers, sewage, garbage and refuse disposal facilities, public sanitary facilities, works for the treatment of persons advocating overthrow of U. S. Government.

Persons advocating overthrow of U. S. Government.

Affidavit.

Penalty.

Short title.
and purification of water, hospitals and other places for the care of the sick, recreational facilities, and streets and access roads.

"Sec. 202. Whenever the President finds that in any area or locality an acute shortage of public works or equipment for public works necessary to the health, safety, or welfare of persons engaged in national-defense activities exists or impends which will impede national-defense activities, and that such public works or equipment cannot otherwise be provided when needed, or could not be provided without the imposition of an increased excessive tax burden or an unusual or excessive increase in the debt limit of the taxing or borrowing authority in which such shortage exists, the Federal Works Administrator is authorized, with the approval of the President, in order to relieve such shortage—

"(a) To acquire, prior to the approval of title by the Attorney General if necessary (without regard to sections 1136, as amended, and 3709 of the Revised Statutes), improved or unimproved lands or interests in lands by purchase, donation, exchange, lease (without regard to section 322 of the Act of June 30, 1932 (47 Stat. 419), as amended, the Act of March 3, 1877 (19 Stat. 370), or any time limit on the availability of funds for the payment of rent), or condemnation (including proceedings under the Acts of August 1, 1888 (25 Stat. 387), March 1, 1929 (45 Stat. 1415), and February 26, 1931 (46 Stat. 1421)), for such public works.

"(b) By contract or otherwise (without regard to sections 1136, as amended, and 3709 of the Revised Statutes, section 322 of the Act of June 30, 1932 (47 Stat. 419), or any Federal, State, or municipal laws, ordinances, rules, or regulations relating to plans and specifications or forms of contract, the approval thereof or the submission of estimates thereof), prior to the approval of title by the Attorney General if necessary, to plan, design, construct, remodel, extend, repair, or lease public works, and to demolish structures, buildings, and improvements, on lands or interests in lands acquired under the provisions of subsection (a) hereof or on other lands of the United States which may be available (transfers of which for this purpose by the Federal agency having jurisdiction thereof are hereby authorized notwithstanding any other provisions of law), provide proper approaches thereto, utilities, and transportation facilities, and procure necessary materials, supplies, articles, equipment, and machinery, and do all things in connection therewith to carry out the purposes of this title.

"(c) To make loans or grants, or both, to public and private agencies for public works and equipment therefor, and to make contributions to public or private agencies for the maintenance and operation of public works, upon such terms and in such amounts as the Administrator may consider to be in the public interest. As used in this paragraph, the term ‘private agency’ means any private agency no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual.

"Sec. 203. (a) In carrying out this title—

"(1) no contract on a cost plus a percentage of cost basis shall be made, but contracts may be made on a cost plus a fixed fee basis: Provided, That the fixed fee does not exceed 6 per centum of the estimated cost;

"(2) wherever practicable, utilization shall be made of existing private and public facilities or such facilities shall be extended, enlarged, or equipped in lieu of constructing new facilities;

"(3) public works shall be maintained and operated by officers and employees of the United States only if and to the extent that local public and private agencies are, in the opinion of the
Administrator, unable or unwilling to maintain or operate such public works adequately with their own personnel and under loans or grants authorized by this title;

“(4) public works shall be provided on the basis of need and in determining need no discrimination shall be made on account of race, creed, or color.

“(b) No department or agency of the United States shall exercise any supervision or control over any school with respect to which any funds have been or may be expended pursuant to this title, nor shall any term or condition of any agreement under this title relating to, or any lease, grant, loan, or contribution made under this title to or on behalf of, any such school, prescribe or affect its administration, personnel, curriculum, instruction, methods of instruction, or materials for instruction.

“(c) No department or agency of the United States shall exercise any supervision or control over any hospital or other place for the care of the sick (which is not owned and operated by the United States) with respect to which any funds have been or may be expended under this title, nor shall any term or condition of any agreement under this title relating to, or any lease, grant, loan, or contribution made under this title to, or on behalf of, any such hospital or place, prescribe or affect its administration, personnel, or operation.

“Sec. 204. The sum of $150,000,000, to remain available until expended, is hereby authorized to be appropriated to carry out the purposes of this title and for administrative expenses in connection therewith, including personal services and rent in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, printing and binding, and purchase, repair, operation, and maintenance of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles.

“TITLE III

“GENERAL PROVISIONS”

Sec. 4. (a) Section 4 of such Act is amended to read as follows: “Sec. 301. When the President shall have declared that the emergency declared by him on September 8, 1939, has ceased to exist (a) the authority contained in sections 1 and 202 hereof shall terminate except with respect to contracts on projects previously entered into or undertaken and court proceedings then pending, and (b) property acquired or constructed under this Act (including schools and hospitals) shall be disposed of as promptly as may be advantageous under the circumstances and in the public interest.”

(b) Sections 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, and 14 of such Act are renumbered, respectively, as follows: “302”, “303”, “304”, “305”, “306”, “307”, “308”, “309”, “310”, and “311”, and as used in such sections the term “State” includes any Territory or possession of the United States.

Sec. 5. The departments, agencies, or instrumentalities administering property acquired or constructed under section 201 of the Second Supplemental National Defense Appropriation Act, 1941, shall have the same powers and duties with respect to such property and with respect to the management, maintenance, operation, and administration thereof as are granted to the Federal Works Administrator with respect to property acquired or constructed under title I of such Act of October 14, 1940, and with respect to the management, maintenance, operation, and administration of such property so acquired or constructed under such title.

Approved, June 28, 1941.
To amend the National Housing Act, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first sentence of subsection (a) of section 2 of the National Housing Act, as amended, is hereby amended by striking out “July 1, 1941” and inserting in lieu thereof “July 1, 1943”.

SEC. 2. The last sentence of subsection (a) of section 2 of such Act, as amended, is hereby amended by (1) inserting “and other sources” after the word “premiums,” and (2) striking out “$100,000,000” and inserting in lieu thereof “$165,000,000”.

SEC. 3. Subsection (b) of section 2 of such Act, as amended, is hereby amended by (1) striking out “exceeds $2,500” and inserting in lieu thereof “made for the purpose of financing the alteration, repair, or improvement of existing structures exceeds $2,500 (or in the case of the alteration, repair, or improvement of an existing dwelling designed or to be designed for more than one family, exceeds $6,000), or for the purpose of financing the construction of new structures exceeds $3,000;”, (2) striking out the word “unless” in clause (2) of such subsection and inserting in lieu thereof the following: “where the loan, advance of credit, or purchase does not exceed $2,500, or has a maturity in excess of five years and thirty-two days, where the loan, advance of credit, or purchase exceeds $2,500 but does not exceed $5,000; except that such maturity limitations shall not apply if”, and (3) striking out the period at the end thereof and inserting “: Provided, That any obligation with respect to which insurance is granted under this section on or after July 1, 1939, may be refinanced and extended in accordance with such terms and conditions as the Administrator may prescribe, but in no event for an additional amount or term in excess of the maximum provided for in this subsection.”

SEC. 4. Subsection (c) of section 2 of such Act, as amended, is hereby amended by (1) inserting after the letter “(c)” the figure “(1)”, (2) inserting before the word “property” the word “personal”, and (3) adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph: “(2) The Administrator is authorized and empowered (a) to deal with, complete, rent, renovate, modernize, insure, or sell for cash or credit, in his discretion, and upon such terms and conditions and for such consideration as the Administrator shall determine to be reasonable, any real property conveyed to or otherwise acquired by him in connection with the payment of insurance heretofore or hereafter granted under this title and (b) to pursue to final collection, by way of compromise or otherwise, all claims against mortgagees assigned by mortgagees to the Administrator in connection with such real property by way of deficiency or otherwise: Provided, That section 3709 of the Revised Statutes shall not be construed to apply to any contract of hazard insurance or to any purchase or contract for services or supplies on account of such property if the amount thereof does not exceed $1,000. The power to convey and to execute in the name of the Administrator deeds of conveyance, deeds of release, assignments and satisfactions of mortgages, and any other written instrument relating to real property or any interest therein heretofore or hereafter acquired by the Administrator pursuant to the provisions of this title may be exercised by the Administrator or by any Assistant Administrator appointed by him without the execution of any express delegation of power or power of attorney: Provided, That nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to prevent the Adminis-
tractor from delegating such power by order or by power of attorney, in his discretion, to any officer or agent he may appoint.”

Sec. 5. The last sentence of subsection (f) of section 2 of such Act, as amended, is hereby amended by inserting after the word “charges” the following: “and all moneys collected by the Administrator as fees of any kind in connection with the granting of insurance as provided in this section, and all moneys derived from the sale, collection, disposition, or compromise of any evidence of debt, contract, claim, property, or security assigned to or held by the Administrator as provided in subsection (e) of this section with respect to insurance granted on and after July 1, 1939.”

Sec. 6. Effective on July 1, 1941, the first sentence of section 1 of the National Housing Act, as amended, is hereby amended by striking out “$10,000” and inserting in lieu thereof “$12,000”

Sec. 7. Title I of such Act, as amended, is hereby amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

“Sec. 7. Nothing in this title shall be construed to exempt any real property acquired and held by the Administrator in connection with the payment of insurance heretofore or hereafter granted under this title from taxation by any State or political subdivision thereof, to the same extent, according to its value, as other real property is taxed.”

Sec. 8. Subsection (a) of section 203 of such Act, as amended, is hereby amended by (1) striking out “$3,000,000,000” and inserting in lieu thereof “$4,000,000,000”; (2) striking out “$4,000,000,000” and inserting in lieu thereof “$5,000,000,000”; (3) striking out of the second proviso “the effective date of this amendment and outstanding at any one time, shall not exceed 25 per centum of the total amount of the principal obligations of mortgages with respect to which insurance may be granted under this title after such effective date” and inserting in lieu thereof “June 3, 1939, and outstanding at any one time, shall not exceed 35 per centum of the total amount of the principal obligations of mortgages with respect to which insurance may be granted under this title after such date”; and (4) striking out of the third proviso “July 1, 1941” and inserting in lieu thereof “July 1, 1944”.

Sec. 9. The last sentence of subsection (a) of section 204 of such Act, as amended, is hereby amended by striking out “July 1, 1941” and inserting in lieu thereof “July 1, 1944”.

Sec. 10. The first sentence of subsection (d) of section 512 of such Act, as amended, is hereby amended to read as follows: “No individual, association, partnership, or corporation shall hereafter, while the Federal Housing Administration exists, use the combination of letters ‘FHA’, the words ‘Federal Housing’ or ‘National Housing’, or any combination or variation of such letters or words alone or with other letters or words as the name under which he or it shall do business, for the purpose of trade, or by way of advertisement to induce the sale of any article or product whatsoever, which use shall have the effect of leading the public to believe that any such individual, association, partnership, or corporation, or any article or product so offered for sale, has any connection with, approval of, or authorization from, the Federal Housing Administration, the Government of the United States, or any instrumentality thereof where such connection, approval, or authorization does not, in fact, exist.”

Approved, June 28, 1941.
AN ACT

Making appropriations for the Military Establishment for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1942, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Military Establishment for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1942, and for other purposes, namely:

MILITARY ACTIVITIES

CONTINGENCIES OF THE ARMY

For all emergencies and extraordinary expenses, including the employment of translators, and exclusive of all other personal services in the War Department or any of its subordinate bureaus or offices in the District of Columbia, or in the Army at large, but impossible to be anticipated or classified, and for examination of estimates of appropriations and of military activities in the field, to be expended on the approval or authority of the Secretary of War, and for such purposes as he may deem proper, and his determination thereon shall be final and conclusive upon the accounting officers of the Government, $200,000, of which $50,000 shall be available immediately for the actual and necessary expenses, as may be determined and approved by the Secretary of War, of officers, warrant officers and enlisted men of the Army on special duty in foreign countries.

EXPEDITING PRODUCTION

Expediting production of equipment and supplies for national defense: To enable the Secretary of War, with the approval of the President, and without reference to sections 3709 and 1136, as amended, Revised Statutes, to expedite the production of equipment and supplies for the Army for emergency national-defense purposes, including all of the objects and purposes specified under each of the appropriations available to the War Department during the fiscal year 1942, for procurement or production of equipment or supplies, for erection of structures, or for acquisition of land; the furnishing of Government-owned facilities at privately owned plants; the procurement and training of civilian personnel in connection with the production of equipment and material and the use and operation thereof; and for any other purposes which in the discretion of the Secretary of War are desirable in expediting production for military purposes and are approved by the President, $1,271,896,000, of which amount not to exceed $771,896,000 shall be for payments under contracts authorized under this head in Appropriation Acts for the fiscal year 1941: Provided, That the appropriations and contract authorizations provided under this head in the Appropriation Acts for the fiscal year 1941, and the appropriation provided by this Act, are hereby consolidated and shall constitute one fund and one contract authorization, respectively, and remain available until June 30, 1942: Provided further, That an account shall be kept of all expenditures made or authorized under the several appropriations herein consolidated and reports thereon shall be submitted to Congress on or before July 1, 1942: Provided further, That no obligations shall be incurred for or on account of objects appropriated for under this head to the Military Establishment except in pursuance of specific appropriations.
GENERAL STAFF CORPS

CONTINGENT FUND, CHIEF OF STAFF

For such emergent military uses as the Chief of Staff may determine to be necessary, to be expended at his discretion, notwithstanding any other provision of law, $25,000,000, and any advances made from this fund to meet emergency requirements to which any other military appropriation would be legally applicable may, with the approval of the Secretary of War, be reimbursed from such appropriations when sufficient funds are found to remain therein, such reimbursed amounts to be available for the purposes of this appropriation.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES

For miscellaneous expenses requisite for and incident to the military intelligence activities of the Army and maintenance of the military attachés at the United States Embassies and Legations abroad, including the purchase of lawbooks, maps, professional books of reference, and subscriptions to newspapers and periodicals; for the hire of interpreters, special agents, and guides, and for such other purposes as the Secretary of War may deem proper, including not to exceed $5,000 for the actual and necessary expenses of officers of the Army on duty abroad for the purpose of observing operations of armies of foreign states at war, to be paid upon certificates of the Secretary of War that the expenditures were necessary for obtaining military information, $640,000, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of War:

Provided, That section 3648, Revised Statutes (31 U. S. C. 529), shall not apply to payments made from appropriations contained in this Act in compliance with the laws of foreign countries or their ministerial regulations under which the military attachés are required to operate.

FIELD EXERCISES

For expenses required for the conduct of special field exercises, including participation therein by the National Guard and the Organized Reserves, and including pay and travel of temporary employees and officers and enlisted men of the National Guard and the Organized Reserves, not otherwise provided for, allowances for enlisted men for quarters and rations, troop movements and travel of personnel of the Regular Army, in connection with special field exercises, including special combat training for small units, movement of matériel, maintenance and operation of structures and utilities, rental of land or purchase of options to rent land without reference to section 3646, Revised Statutes, use or repair of private property, and any other requisite supplies and services, and for settlement of claims (not exceeding $500 each) for damages to or loss of private property resulting from such exercises that have accrued or may hereafter accrue, when payment thereof will be accepted by the owners of the property in full satisfaction of such damages, and each claim is substantiated in such manner as the Secretary of War may prescribe by regulations and is approved by the Secretary of War, or by such other officer or officers as he may designate, whose action thereon shall be conclusive, $28,587,000: Provided, That the appropriation under this head for the fiscal year 1941 is extended and made available until June 30, 1942.
ARMY WAR COLLEGE

For expenses of the Army War College, being for the purchase of the necessary special stationery; textbooks, books of reference, scientific and professional papers; newspapers, and periodicals; maps; police utensils; employment of temporary, technical, or special services, and expenses of special lectures; purchase, repair, and cleaning of uniforms for guards; pay of employees; and for all other absolutely necessary expenses, $72,760.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT

COMMAND AND GENERAL STAFF SCHOOL, FORT LEAVENWORTH, KANSAS

For the purchase of textbooks, books of reference, scientific and professional papers, instruments, and material for instruction; employment of temporary, technical, special, and clerical services; and for other necessary expenses of instruction, at the Command and General Staff School, Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, $74,000.

WELFARE OF ENLISTED MEN

For the equipment and conduct of school, reading, lunch, and amusement rooms, service clubs, chapels, gymnasiums, and libraries, including periodicals and other publications and subscriptions for newspapers, salaries of civilians employed in the hostess and library services, transportation of books and equipment for these services, rental of films, purchase of slides for and making repairs to moving-picture outfits, and for similar and other recreational purposes at training and mobilization camps now established or which may be hereafter established, including expenses for the entertainment and instruction of enlisted personnel, $2,344,000.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT

PAY OF THE ARMY

For pay of the Army of the United States, including pay of Reserve officers and officers of the National Guard of the United States ordered to active duty under the provisions of section 87a and the fourth paragraph of section 38 of the National Defense Act, as amended, and not more than nine hundred thousand selective trainees under the provisions of the Selective Training and Service Act of 1940, and including pay of commissioned officers, $207,783,661; pay of warrant officers, $1,655,976; aviation increase to commissioned and warrant officers, $14,188,834, none of which shall be available for increased pay for making aerial flights by nonflying officers at a rate in excess of $720 per annum, which shall be the legal maximum rate as to such officers, and such nonflying officers shall be entitled to such rate of increase by performing three or more flights within each ninety-day period, pursuant to orders of competent authority, without regard to the duration of such flight or flights; additional pay to officers for length of service, $20,902,761; pay of enlisted men of the line and staff, not including the Philippine Scouts, $746,593,994; Regular Army Reserve, $280,000; aviation increase to enlisted men, $10,161,990; pay of enlisted men of the Philippine Scouts, $1,027,647; additional pay for length of service to enlisted men, $26,699,186; pay of commissioned officers on the retired list, $13,327,453; pay of retired warrant officers and retired members of the Army Nurse Corps, $1,560,425; increased pay to retired military personnel, and enlisted men of the Regular Army Reserve, on active duty, $856,620; pay of
retired enlisted men, $14,045,745; pay of civilian employees at military headquarters, not to exceed $1,357,684; pay and allowances of contract surgeons, $86,784; pay of nurses, $8,750,820; rental allowances, including allowances for quarters for enlisted men on duty where public quarters are not available, $104,363,780; subsistence allowances, $38,227,611; interest on soldiers' deposits, $104,600; payment of exchange by officers serving in foreign countries and when specially authorized by the Secretary of War, by officers disbursing funds pertaining to the War Department, when serving in Alaska, and all foreign money received shall be charged to and paid out by disbursing officers of the Army at the legal valuation fixed by the Secretary of the Treasury, $100; in all, $1,207,895,561, of which amount $1,000,000 shall be available immediately; and the money herein appropriated for "Pay of the Army" shall be accounted for as one fund: Provided, That during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1942, no officer of the Army shall be entitled to receive an addition to his pay in consequence of the provisions of the Act approved May 11, 1908 (10 U. S. C. 803): Provided further, That the appropriations contained in this Act shall not be subject to any limitations as to the strength of any branch of the Army, as to the enlisted strength of the Army, as to the number of flying cadets in the Army Air Corps, as to the number of assistant superintendents of the Army Nurse Corps, and as to the number and grade of Reserve officers who may be ordered to extended active duty with the Air Corps: Provided further, That exclusive of officers of the Army Air Corps, including those assigned thereto for training, the number of officers of the Army who may be required to participate regularly and frequently in aerial flights during the fiscal year 1942 shall not exceed 5 per cent of the total authorized commissioned strength of the Army, notwithstanding the provisions of section 20, Act of June 10, 1922, as amended (10 U. S. C. 292): Provided further, That the thirteenth paragraph of section 127a of the National Defense Act, as amended (10 U. S. C. 535), is further amended by striking out the words "one-half of 1 per centum" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "2 per centum": Provided further, That no part of this or any other appropriation contained in this Act shall be available for the pay of any person, civil or military, not a citizen of the United States, unless in the employ of the Government or in a pay status on July 1, 1937, under the provisions of the United States, nor for the pay of any such person beyond the period of enlistment or termination of employment, but nothing herein shall be construed as applying to instructors of foreign languages at the Military Academy, to selective trainees, or to Filipinos in the Army Transport Service, or to persons employed outside of the continental limits of the United States except enlisted men of the Regular Army, other than Philippine Scouts, upon expiration of enlistment, and this provision shall be subject to the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act for the protection of certain enlisted men of the Army", approved August 19, 1937, as amended by the Act approved August 16, 1940: Provided further, That, without deposit to the credit of the Treasurer of the United States and withdrawal on money requisitions, receipts of public moneys from sales or other sources by officers of the Army on disbursing duty and charged in their official accounts, except receipts to be credited to river and harbor and flood-control appropriations and retirement deductions, may be used by them as required for current expenditures, all necessary bookkeeping adjustments of appropriations, funds, and accounts to be made in the settlement of their disbursing accounts.
No payment shall be made from money appropriated in this Act to any officer on the retired list of the Army who, for himself or for others, is engaged in the selling of, contracting for the sale of, or negotiating for the sale of, to the Army or the War Department, any war materials or supplies.

No appropriation for the pay of the Army shall be available for the pay of any officer or enlisted man on the active list of the Army who is engaged in any manner with any publication which is or may be issued by or for any branch or organization of the Army or military association in which officers or enlisted men have membership and which carries paid advertising of firms doing business with the War Department; Provided, however, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to prohibit officers from writing or disseminating articles in accordance with regulations issued by the Secretary of War.

TRAVEL OF THE ARMY

For travel allowances and travel in kind, as authorized by law, for persons traveling in connection with the military activities of the War Department, including mileage, transportation, reimbursement of actual expenses, or per diem allowances, to officers and contract surgeons; transportation of troops; transportation, or reimbursement therefor, of nurses, enlisted men, recruits, recruiting parties, applicants for enlistment between places of acceptance for enlistment and recruiting stations, rejected applicants for enlistment, general prisoners, cadets and accepted cadets from their homes to the Military Academy, discharged cadets, civilian employees, civilian witnesses before courts martial, and dependents of military personnel, including dependents (as now authorized by law for personnel of the Regular Army) of personnel of the National Guard while in the service of the United States and of the Officers' Reserve Corps and the Enlisted Reserve Corps ordered to active duty for periods in excess of sixty-one days, and dependents of retired officers, warrant officers and enlisted men of the first three grades, and dependents of enlisted men of the first three grades of the Regular Army Reserve ordered to active duty and upon relief therefrom; travel pay to discharged military personnel; transportation of discharged prisoners and persons discharged from Saint Elizabeth's Hospital after transfer thereto from the military service, to their homes, or elsewhere as they may elect, the cost in each case not to be greater than to the place of last enlistment; monetary allowances for liquid coffee for troops traveling when supplied with cooked or travel rations; commutation of quarters and rations to enlisted men traveling on detached duty when it is impracticable to carry rations, and to applicants for enlistment and general prisoners traveling under orders; per diem allowances or actual cost of subsistence while in a travel status, to nurses, civilian employees, and civilian witnesses before courts martial, $101,262,000, of which amount not to exceed $4,000,000 shall be available for fiscal year 1941 obligations, and such total amount may be increased, subject to the approval of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, by transfers from other appropriations for the Military Establishment of such amounts as may be required in addition to those herein provided for travel in connection with development, procurement, production, maintenance, or construction activities; and, with such exception, no other appropriation in this Act shall be available for any expense for or incident to travel of personnel of the Regular Army or civilian employees under the War Department, except the appropriation "Contingencies of the Army” and the appropriations for Military Posts, the National
Guard, the Organized Reserves, the Reserve Officers' Training Corps, and the National Board for the Promotion of Rifle Practice, and except as may be provided for in the appropriations "Special Field Exercises" and "Air Corps, Army": Provided, That, in addition to the authority contained in section 67, National Defense Act of June 3, 1916, as amended, a total of not to exceed $7,500 of the appropriations available to the War Department chargeable with expenses of travel shall be available for expenses incident to attendance at meetings of technical, professional, scientific, and other similar organizations, when, in the judgment of the Secretary of War, such attendance would be of benefit in the conduct of the work of the War Department: Provided further, That appropriations available for travel of personnel of the Military Establishment or employees under the War Department which are current at the date of relief from duty station of such personnel traveling under orders shall be charged with all expenses properly chargeable to such appropriations in connection with the travel enjoined, including travel of dependents and transportation of authorized baggage and household effects of such personnel, regardless of the dates of arrival at destination of the persons so traveling.

During the fiscal year 1942 the dependents and household effects of such personnel of the Military Establishment on duty at stations outside the continental limits of the United States, and in Alaska, as may be determined upon by the Secretary of War, may prior to the issuance of orders for the relief of such personnel from their stations, be moved (including packing and unpacking of household effects) to such locations as may be selected by the Secretary of War, by the use of either Government or commercial means of transportation, and later from such locations to the duty stations to which such personnel may be ordered, and current appropriations of the Military Establishment available for travel and transportation may be used for this purpose.

**EXPENSES OF COURTS MARTIAL**

For expenses of courts martial, courts of inquiry, military commissions, retiring boards, and compensation of reporters and witnesses attending same, contract stenographic reporting services, and expenses of taking depositions and securing other evidence for use before the same, $175,000.

**APPREHENSION OF DESERTERS, AND SO FORTH**

For the apprehension, securing, and delivering of soldiers absent without leave and of deserters, including escaped military prisoners, and the expenses incident to their pursuit; and no greater sum than $25 for each deserter or escaped military prisoner shall, in the discretion of the Secretary of War, be paid to any civil officer or citizen for such services and expenses; for a donation of $10 to each prisoner discharged otherwise than honorably upon his release from confinement under court-martial sentence involving dishonorable discharge, $520,000.

**FINANCE SERVICE**

For compensation of clerks and other employees of the Finance Department, including not to exceed $800 for any one person for allowances for living quarters, including heat, fuel, and light, as authorized by the Act approved June 26, 1890 (5 U. S. C. 118a), $6,925,187.
CLAIMS FOR DAMAGES TO AND LOSS OF PRIVATE PROPERTY

For payment of claims, including claims of military and civilian personnel in and under the War Department, not exceeding $500 each in amount, for damages to or loss of private property incident to the training, practice, operation, or maintenance of the Army that have accrued, or may hereafter accrue, from time to time, $10,000: Provided, That settlement of such claims shall be made by the General Accounting Office, upon the approval and recommendation of the Secretary of War, where the amount of damages has been ascertained by the War Department, and payment thereof will be accepted by the owners of the property in full satisfaction of such damages.

CLAIMS OF OFFICERS, ENLISTED MEN, AND NURSES OF THE ARMY FOR DESTRUCTION OF PRIVATE PROPERTY

For the payment of claims of officers, enlisted men, and nurses of the Army for private property lost, destroyed, captured, abandoned, or damaged in the military service of the United States, under the provisions of an Act approved March 4, 1921 (31 U. S. C. 218-222), $50,000.

QUARTERMASTER CORPS

Subsistence of the Army: Purchase of subsistence supplies: For issue as rations to troops, including retired enlisted men when ordered to active duty, civil employees when entitled thereto, hospital matrons, applicants for enlistment while held under observation, general prisoners of war, and general prisoners at posts; ice for issue to organizations of enlisted men and officers at such places as the Secretary of War may determine, and for preservation of stores; for the subsistence of the masters, officers, crews, and employees of the vessels of the Army Transport Service; meals for recruiting parties and applicants for enlistment while under observation; for sales to officers, including members of the Officers' Reserve Corps while on active duty, and enlisted men of the Army. For payments: Of the regulation allowances of commutation in lieu of rations to enlisted men on furlough and to enlisted men when stationed at places where rations in kind cannot be economically issued, including retired enlisted men when ordered to active duty. For payment of the regulation allowance of commutation in lieu of rations to enlisted men, applicants for enlistment while held under observation, civilian employees who are entitled to subsistence at public expense, and general prisoners while sick in hospitals, to be paid to the surgeon in charge; advertising; for providing prizes to be established by the Secretary of War for enlisted men of the Army who graduate from the Army schools for bakers and cooks, the total amount of such prizes at the various schools not to exceed $900 per annum; and for other necessary expenses incident to the purchase, testing, care, preservation, issue, sale, and accounting for subsistence supplies for the Army; in all, $383,689,382: Provided, That none of the money appropriated in this Act shall be used for the purchase of oleomargarine or butter substitutes for other than cooking purposes, except to supply an expressed preference therefor or for use where climatic or other conditions render the use of butter impracticable: Provided further, That no part of this or any other appropriation contained in this Act shall be available for the procurement of any article of food or clothing not grown or produced in the United States or its possessions, except to the extent that the Secretary of War shall determine that articles of food or clothing grown or produced in the United States or its possessions cannot be procured of satisfactory quality and in suf-
sufficient quantities and at reasonable prices as and when needed, and
except procurements by vessels in foreign waters and by establish-
ments located outside the continental United States, except the
Territories of Hawaii and Alaska, for the personnel attached thereto.

Regular supplies of the Army: Regular supplies of the Quarterm-
master Corps, including their care and protection; field ranges, field
storage for cooking food, coffee roasters, field bakery equipment, and
appliances for cooking and serving food at posts (except fixed instal-
lations in buildings), in the field and when traveling, and repair and
maintenance of such equipment; authorized issues of candles and
matches; authorized issues of soap, toilet paper, and towels; for the
necessary furniture, textbooks, paper, and equipment for troop
schools; for the purchase and issue of instruments, office furniture,
stationery, and other authorized articles for the use of officers' schools
at the several military posts; for purchase of commercial newspapers,
periodicals, market reports, technical books, and so forth; for equip-
ment and furniture for kitchens and mess halls, each and all for
the enlisted men, including recruits; for forage, salt, and vinegar
for the horses, mules, oxen, and other draft and riding animals of
the Quartermaster Corps at the several posts and stations and with
the armies in the field, for the horses of the several regiments of
Cavalry and batteries of Artillery and such companies of Infantry
and Scouts as may be mounted, and for remounts and for the author-
ized number of officers' horses, including bedding for the animals;
for seeds and implements required for the raising of forage at
remount depots and on military reservations in the Hawaiian, Philip-
bine, and Panama Canal Departments, and for labor and expenses
incident thereto, including, when specifically authorized by the Secre-
tary of War, the cost of irrigation; for the purchase of implements
and hire of labor for harvesting hay on military reservations; for
straw for soldiers' bedding, stationery, typewriters and exchange of
same, including blankbooks and blank forms for the Army, certifi-
cates for discharged soldiers, and for printing department orders and
reports, $19,298,000.

Clothing and equipage: For cloth, woolens, materials, and for the
purchase and manufacture of clothing for the Army, including retired
enlisted men when ordered to active duty for issue and for sale; for
payment of commutation of clothing due to warrant officers of the
mine-planter service and to enlisted men; for altering and fitting
clothing and washing and cleaning when necessary; for operation of
laundries, existing or now under construction, including purchase
and repair of laundry machinery therefor; for the authorized issues
of laundry materials for use of general prisoners confined at military
posts without pay or allowances, and for applicants for enlistment
while held under observation; for equipment and repair of equipment
of existing dry-cleaning plants, salvage and sorting storehouses, hat-
repairing shops, shoe-repair shops, clothing-repair shops, and garbage-
reduction works; for equipage, including authorized issues of toilet
articles, barbers' and tailors' material, for use of general prisoners
confined at military posts without pay or allowances and applicants
for enlistment while held under observation; issue of toilet kits to
recruits upon their first enlistment; for expenses of packing and
handling and similar necessaries; for a suit of citizens' outer clothing
and when necessary an overcoat, the cost of all not to exceed $30, to
be issued each soldier discharged otherwise than honorably, to each
enlisted man convicted by civil court for an offense resulting in con-
finement in a penitentiary or other civil prison, and to each enlisted
man ordered interned by reason of the fact that he is an alien enemy,
or, for the same reason, discharged without internment; for indemnity
Laundry charges. 

Incidental expenses of the Army. 

Proviso. Laundry charges. 

Incidental expenses of the Army: Postage; hire of laborers in the Quartermaster Corps, including the care of officers' mounts when the same are furnished by the Government; compensation of clerks and other employees of the Quartermaster Corps, including not to exceed $900 for any one person for allowances for living quarters, including heat, fuel, and light, as authorized by the Act of June 26, 1930 (5 U. S. C. 118a), and clerks, foremen, watchmen, and organist for the United States Disciplinary Barracks; incidental expenses of recruiting; not to exceed $53,800 for activities of chaplains (excluding ritual garments and personal services); for the operation of coffee-roasting plants; for tests and experimental and development work and scientific research to be performed by the Bureau of Standards for the Quartermaster Corps; for inspection service and instruction furnished by the Department of Agriculture which may be transferred in advance; for such additional expenditures as are necessary and authorized by law in the movements and operation of the Army and at military posts, and not expressly assigned to any other departments, $57,811,439.

Army transportation: For transportation of Army supplies; of authorized baggage of military and civilian personnel, including packing, crating, and unpacking; of horse equipment; and of funds for the Army; for transportation on Army vessels, notwithstanding the provisions of other law, of privately owned automobiles of Regular Army personnel upon change of station; for the purchase or construction, alteration, operation, and repair, and for the lease from the Maritime Commission or others, of boats and other vessels; for wharfage, tolls, and ferriage; for drayage and cartage; for the purchase, manufacture (including both material and labor), maintenance, hire, and repair of pack saddles and harness; for the purchase, hire, operation, maintenance, and repair of wagons, carts, drays, other vehicles, and horse-drawn and motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles required for the transportation of troops and supplies and for official military and garrison purposes; for hire of draft and pack animals; in all, $231,201,383, of which not to exceed $15,041,454 shall be for the payment of obligations incurred under the contract authorization in the appropriation Acts for the fiscal year 1941: Provided, That the unit cost of light and medium passenger-carrying automobiles shall not exceed $750 for light automobiles and $1,200 for medium automobiles, including the value of any vehicle exchanged: Provided further, That during the fiscal year 1942 the cost of transportation from point of origin to the first point of storage or consumption of supplies, equipment, and material in connection with the manufacturing and purchasing activities of the Quartermaster Corps may be charged to the appropriations from which such supplies, equipment, and material are procured.

HORSES, DRAFT AND PACK ANIMALS

For the purchase of draft and pack animals and horses within limits as to age, sex, and size, to be prescribed by the Secretary of War for remounts for officers entitled to public mounts, for the United
States Military Academy, and for such organizations and members of the military service as may be required to be mounted, and for all expenses incident to such purchases (including $87,515 for encouragement of the breeding of riding horses suitable for the Army, in cooperation with the Bureau of Animal Industry, Department of Agriculture, including the purchase of animals for breeding purposes and their maintenance), $234,215.

MILITARY POSTS

For construction and installation of buildings, flying fields, and appurtenances thereto, including interior facilities, fixed equipment, necessary services, roads, connections to water, sewer, gas, and electric mains, purchase and installation of telephone and radio equipment, and similar improvements, and procurement of transportation incident thereto, including the purchase, operation, maintenance, and repair of passenger-carrying vehicles, and including the acquisition of land, rights pertaining thereto, leasehold and other interests therein, and temporary use thereof, without regard to sections 1136 and 3648, Revised Statutes, as amended (10 U. S. C. 1339; 31 U. S. C. 529), and the land and interests therein, including the temporary use thereof, may be acquired and construction may be prosecuted thereon prior to the approval of the title by the Attorney General as required by section 355 of the Revised Statutes, as amended; general overhead expenses of transportation, engineering, supplies, inspection and supervision, and such services as may be necessary in the office of the Quartermaster General; $332,140,556, to remain available until expended and of which not to exceed $134,382,500 shall be for payments under contracts for the purposes authorized under this head in the appropriation Acts for the fiscal years 1939, 1940, and 1941: Provided, That the Secretary of War may, with respect to contracts for public works for the Military Establishment, whether or not for construction at military posts, entered into upon a cost-plus-a-fixed-fee basis out of funds appropriated for the fiscal year 1942 or authorized to be entered into prior to July 1, 1942, waive the requirements as to performance and payment bonds of the Act approved August 24, 1935 (49 Stat. 793; 40 U. S. C. 270a): Provided further, That the fixed fee to be paid the contractor as a result of any contract for public works entered into on or after September 9, 1940, for the construction and installation of buildings, utilities, and appurtenances at military posts shall not exceed 6 per centum of the estimated cost of the contract, exclusive of the fee, as determined by the Secretary of War.

BARRACKS AND QUARTERS AND OTHER BUILDINGS AND UTILITIES

For all expenses incident to the construction, installation, operation, and maintenance of buildings, utilities, appurtenances, and accessories necessary for the shelter, protection, and accommodation of the Army and its personnel and property, where not specifically provided for in other appropriations, including personal services, purchase and repair of furniture for quarters for officers, warrant officers, and noncommissioned officers, and officers' messes and wall lockers and refrigerators for Government-owned buildings as may be approved by the Secretary of War, care and improvement of grounds, flooring and framing for tents, rental of buildings, provided space is not available in Government-owned buildings, and grounds for military purposes, lodgings for recruits and applicants for enlistment, water supply, sewer and fire-alarm systems, fire apparatus, roads,
walks, wharves, drainage, dredging channels, purchase of water, disposal of sewage, shooting galleries, ranges for small-arms target practice, field, mobile, and railway artillery practice, including flour for paste for marking targets, such ranges and galleries to be open as far as practicable to the National Guard and organized rifle clubs under regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary of War; warehouse and fuel handling equipment; stoves required for use of the Army for heating offices, hospitals, barracks, quarters, recruiting stations, and United States disciplinary barracks, also ranges and stoves for cooking food at posts, for post bakery and bake-oven equipment and apparatus and appliances for cooking and serving food when constituting fixed installations in buildings, including maintenance and repair of such heating and cooking appliances; for furnishing heat and light for the authorized allowance of quarters for officers, enlisted men, and warrant officers, including retired enlisted men when ordered to active duty, contract surgeons when stationed at and occupying public quarters at military posts, officers of the National Guard attending service and garrison schools, and for recruits, guards, hospitals, storehouses, offices, the buildings erected at private cost, in the operation of the Act approved May 31, 1902 (10 U.S. C. 1346), and buildings for a similar purpose on military reservations authorized by War Department regulations; for sale of fuel to officers; fuel and engine supplies required in the operation of modern batteries at established posts, $168,475,083: Provided, That the amounts to be assessed and collected by the Secretary of War for expenditure for maintenance purposes at Fort Monroe, Virginia, under the provisions of the Act of August 1, 1894 (28 Stat. 212), shall be $13,520 for wharf and $5,053 for roads and sewerage system: Provided further, That this appropriation shall be available for the rental of offices, garages, and stables for military attaches: Provided further, That no part of the funds herein appropriated shall be available for construction of a permanent nature of an additional building or an extension or addition to an existing building, the cost of which in any case exceeds $20,000: Provided further, That the monthly rental rate to be paid out of this appropriation for stabling any animal shall not exceed $15.

CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR OF HOSPITALS

For construction and repair of hospitals at military posts already established and occupied, including all expenditures for construction and repairs required at the Army and Navy Hospital at Hot Springs, Arkansas, and for the construction and repair of general hospitals and expenses incident thereto, and for additions needed to meet the requirements of increased garrisons, and for temporary hospitals in standing camps and cantonments; for the alteration of permanent buildings at posts for use as hospitals, construction and repair of temporary hospital buildings at permanent posts, construction and repair of temporary general hospitals, rental or purchase of grounds, and rental and alteration of buildings for use for hospital purposes in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, including necessary temporary quarters for hospital personnel, outbuildings, heating and laundry apparatus, plumbing, water and sewers, and electric work, cooking apparatus, and roads and walks for the same, $10,068,641.

The appropriations contained in this Act which are available for the procurement or manufacture of munitions of war of special or technical design may be used for the development and procurement of gages, dies, jigs, and other special aids and appliances, production studies, factory plans, and other production data, including specifications and detailed drawings, in accordance with the provisions of
sections 120 and 123 of the National Defense Act, as amended. Such appropriations may also be used for the purchase of letters patent, applications for letters patent, and licenses under letters patent and applications for letters patent that pertain to such equipment or material for which the appropriations are made.

**Signal Corps**

**Signal Service of the Army**

Purchase, equipment, operation, and repair of military telegraph, telephone, radio, cable, and signaling systems; signal equipment and stores, heliographs, signal lanterns, flags, and other necessary instruments; wind vanes, barometers, anemometers, thermometers, and other meteorological instruments; photographic and cinematographic work performed for the Army by the Signal Corps; motorcycles, motor-driven and other vehicles for technical and official purposes in connection with the construction, operation, and maintenance of communication or signaling systems, and supplies for their operation and maintenance; professional and scientific books of reference, pamphlets, periodicals, newspapers, and maps for use of the Signal Corps and in the office of the Chief Signal Officer; telephone apparatus, including rental and payment for commercial, exchange, message, trunk-line, long-distance, and leased-line telephone service at or connecting any post, camp, cantonment, depot, arsenal, headquarters, hospital, aviation station, or other office or station of the Army, excepting the local telephone service for the various bureaus of the War Department in the District of Columbia, and toll messages pertaining to the office of the Secretary of War; electric time service; the rental of commercial telegraph lines and equipment, and their operation at or connecting any post, camp, cantonment, depot, arsenal, headquarters, hospital, aviation station, or other office or station of the Army, including payment for official individual telegraph messages transmitted over commercial lines; electrical installations and maintenance thereof at military posts, cantonments, camps, and stations of the Army, fire control and direction apparatus, and materiel for Field Artillery; salaries of civilian employees, including those necessary as instructors at vocational schools; supplies, general repairs, reserve supplies, and other expenses connected with the collecting and transmitting of information for the Army by telegraph or otherwise; experimental investigation, research, purchase, and development, or improvements in apparatus, and maintenance of signaling and accessories thereto, including machines, instruments, and other equipment for laboratory and repair purposes; lease, alteration, and repair of such buildings required for storing or guarding Signal Corps supplies, equipment, and personnel when not otherwise provided for, including the land therefor, the introduction of water, electric light and power, sewerage, grading, roads and walks, and other equipment required; for all expenses incident to the preparation of plans and construction, purchase, installation, equipment, maintenance, repair, and operation of aircraft warning service systems, and their accessories, including purchase of lands and rights-of-way, acquisition of leaseholds and other interests therein, and temporary use thereof. $320,641,970, of which $207,937,190 shall be immediately available, $500,000 shall remain available until expended, and not to exceed $66,181,194 shall be for payments under contracts for the procurement of equipment and facilities under authorizations under this head contained in Appropriation Acts for the fiscal year 1941.

$320,641,970, of which $207,937,190 shall be immediately available, $500,000 shall remain available until expended, and not to exceed $66,181,194 shall be for payments under contracts for the procurement of equipment and facilities under authorizations under this head contained in Appropriation Acts for the fiscal year 1941.

54 Stat. 303.
For creating, maintaining, and operating at established flying schools and balloon schools courses of instruction for officers, students, and enlisted men, including cost of equipment and supplies necessary for instruction, purchase of tools, equipment, materials, machines, textbooks, books of reference, scientific and professional papers, instruments, and materials for theoretical and practical instruction; for maintenance, repair, storage, and operation of airships, war balloons, and other aerial machines, including instruments, materials, gas plants, hangars, and repair shops, and appliances of every sort and description necessary for the operation, construction, or equipment of all types of aircraft, and all necessary spare parts and equipment connected therewith and the establishment of landing and take-off runways; for purchase of supplies for securing, developing, printing, and reproducing photographs in connection with aerial photography; improvement, equipment, maintenance, and operation of plants for testing and experimental work, and procuring and introducing water, electric light and power, gas, and sewerage, including maintenance, operation, and repair of such utilities at such plants, for the procurement of helium gas; for travel of officers and enlisted men of the Air Corps by air in connection with the administration of this appropriation, including travel by air or rail required in connection with the transportation of new aircraft from factory to first destination; salaries and wages of civilian employees as may be necessary; transportation of materials in connection with consolidation of Air Corps activities; experimental investigations and purchase and development of new types of airplanes, autogiros, and balloons, accessories thereto, and aviation engines, including plans, drawings, and specifications thereof; for the purchase, manufacture, and construction of airplanes and balloons, including instruments and appliances of every sort and description necessary for the operation, construction (airplanes and balloons), or equipment of all types of aircraft, and all necessary spare parts and equipment connected therewith; or the marking of military airways where the purchase of land is not involved; for the purchase, manufacture, and issue of special clothing, wearing apparel, and similar equipment for aviation purposes; for all necessary expenses connected with the sale or disposal of surplus or obsolete aeronautical equipment, and the rental of buildings, and other facilities for the handling or storage of such equipment; for the rental of office space and other facilities in connection with Air Corps procurement activities; for the services of not more than four consulting engineers at experimental stations of the Air Corps as the Secretary of War may deem necessary, at rates of pay to be fixed by him not to exceed $50 a day for not exceeding fifty days each and necessary traveling expenses; purchase of special apparatus and appliances, repairs, and replacements of same used in connection with special scientific medical research in the Air Corps; for maintenance and operation of such Air Corps printing plants outside of the District of Columbia as may be authorized in accordance with law; for publications, station libraries, special furniture, supplies and equipment for offices, shops, and laboratories; for special services, including the salvaging of wrecked aircraft; for settlement of claims (not exceeding $250 each) for damage to persons and private property resulting from the operation of aircraft at home and abroad when each claim is substantiated by a survey report of a board of officers appointed by the commanding officer of the nearest aviation post and approved by
the Chief of Air Corps and the Secretary of War, $4,341,735,322, of which $2,506,868,000 shall be immediately available, and not to exceed $1,201,159,597 shall be available for payments under contracts for the procurement of Air Corps supplies and equipment, as authorized by appropriation Acts for the fiscal year 1941, and not to exceed $792,381 shall be for the payment of obligations incurred under contracts executed prior to July 1, 1939: Provided, That in addition to the amounts herein appropriated the Chief of the Air Corps, when authorized by the Secretary of War, may enter into contracts between the date of the approval of this Act and July 1, 1942, for the procurement of Air Corps supplies and equipment to an amount not in excess of $104,258,995: Provided further, That this appropriation may be expended without reference to the limitation contained in section 1 of the Act approved April 3, 1939 (Public, Numbered 18, Seventy-sixth Congress), as to the number of airplanes to be procured and maintained: Provided further, That the provisions of the Act to facilitate the procurement of aircraft for the national defense, approved March 5, 1940, as amended by section 401 of the Second Revenue Act of 1940, approved October 8, 1940, shall be effective during the fiscal year 1942.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT

ARMY

MEDICAL AND HOSPITAL DEPARTMENT

For the manufacture and purchase of medical and hospital supplies, including disinfectants, for military posts, camps, hospitals, hospital ships and transports, for laundry work for enlisted men and Army nurses while patients in a hospital, and supplies required for mosquito destruction in and about military posts in the Canal Zone; for the purchase of veterinary supplies and hire of veterinary surgeons; for expenses of medical supply depots; for medical care and treatment of patients, including supernumeraries, not otherwise provided for, including care and subsistence in private hospitals of officers, enlisted men, and civilian employees of the Army, of applicants for enlistment, and of prisoners of war and other persons in military custody or confinement, when entitled thereto by law, regulation, or contract: Provided, That this shall not apply to officers and enlisted men who are treated in private hospitals or by civilian physicians while on furloughs or leaves of absence in excess of twenty-four hours; for the proper care and treatment of epidemic and contagious diseases in the Army or at military posts or stations, including measures to prevent the spread thereof, and the payment of reasonable damages not otherwise provided for for bedding and clothing injured or destroyed in such prevention; for the care of insane Filipino soldiers in conformity with the Act of Congress approved May 11, 1908 (24 U. S. C. 198); for the pay of male and female nurses, not including the Army Nurse Corps, and of cooks and other civilians employed for the proper care of sick officers and soldiers, under such regulations fixing their number, qualifications, assignments, pay, and allowances as shall have been or shall be prescribed by the Secretary of War; for the pay of interns who are graduates of or have successfully completed at least four years professional training in reputable schools of medicine or osteopathy at not to exceed $720 per annum each; for the pay of civilian physicians employed to examine physically applicants for enlistment and enlisted men and to render other professional services from time to
time under proper authority; for the pay of other employees of the Medical Department; for the payment of express companies and local transfers employed directly by the Medical Department for the transportation of medical and hospital supplies, including bidders' samples and water for analysis; for supplies for use in teaching the art of cooking to the enlisted force of the Medical Department; for the supply of Army and Navy Hospital at Hot Springs, Arkansas; for advertising, laundry, and all other necessary miscellaneous expenses of the Medical Department, $60,563,000, of which amount not to exceed $6,526,819 shall be for payment of obligations incurred under contract authorizations under this head in Appropriation Acts for the fiscal year 1941.

HOSPITAL CARE, CANAL ZONE GARRISONS

For paying the Panama Canal such reasonable charges, exclusive of subsistence, as may be approved by the Secretary of War for caring in its hospitals for officers, enlisted men, military prisoners, and civilian employees of the Army admitted thereto upon the request of proper military authority, $415,000: Provided, That the subsistence of the said patients, except commissioned officers, shall be paid to said hospitals out of the appropriation for subsistence of the Army at the rates provided therein for commutation of rations for enlisted patients in general hospitals.

CORPS OF ENGINEERS

ENGINEER SERVICE, ARMY

For the design, development, procurement, manufacture, maintenance, alteration, repair, installation, storage, and issue of engineer equipment, instruments, appliances, supplies, materials, tools and machinery required in the equipment and training of troops and in military operations, including military surveys and the Engineer School, and including the purchase, maintenance, repair, and operation of passenger-carrying vehicles; for the operation and maintenance of the Engineer School, including (a) compensation of civilian lecturers, and (b) purchase and binding of scientific and professional books, pamphlets, papers, and periodicals; for the procurement, preparation, and reproduction of maps and similar data for military purposes; for expenses incident to the Engineer service in military operations, including military surveys, and including (a) research and development of improved methods in such operations, (b) the rental of storehouses and grounds and (c) repair and alteration of buildings; for heat, light, power, water, and communication service, not otherwise provided for; and for the compensation of employees required in these activities, $42,494,000, of which amount not to exceed $25,993,500 shall be for payments under contracts for the procurement of Engineer equipment under the authorization contained in appropriation Acts for the fiscal year 1941: Provided, That this appropriation shall be available for expenses of railroad operation, including purchase or lease of equipment and materials and the acquisition of lands, rights-of-way thereon, and other interests therein and temporary use thereof.

Military construction, defense installations: For construction, installation, maintenance, and repair of facilities required for military use at locations to be approved by the President, and for each and every object and expense connected therewith, in the discretion of the Secretary of War, including housing, storage, fortifications, airfields,
piers, roads, railroads, and communication, water, sewerage, and electric systems, and other utilities connected therewith, and also including the acquisition of leasehold and other interests in land, and temporary use thereof, without regard to sections 1136 and 3734, Revised Statutes, as amended (10 U. S. C. 1339; 40 U. S. C. 267), and the land, and interests therein, including the temporary use thereof, may be acquired and construction may be prosecuted thereon prior to the approval of the title by the Attorney General as required by section 355 of the Revised Statutes, as amended; the purchase, hire, operation, maintenance, and repair of passenger-carrying vehicles; the employment of persons and the procurement of supplies and services, printing and binding, and communication service, at the seat of government and elsewhere, $51,000,000, to remain available until June 30, 1943: Provided, That under this appropriation the Secretary of War is authorized to effect appointments of employees in the United States, or to effect the transfer of employees in the Federal service in the United States, for duty at any point outside the continental limits of the United States at which it may be found necessary to assign such civilian employees, and to pay the costs of transportation of such employees from place of engagement in the United States, or from present post of duty in the United States, in the case of those employees already in the service of the United States, to the post of duty outside the United States, and return upon completion of assignment or of such period of service as may be prescribed by the head of the Department; to provide for the shipment of household goods and personal effects of persons so appointed or transferred from place of engagement or from present post of duty in the United States to the post of duty outside the continental United States; and to provide for the transportation of the dependents of such appointees or employees, either by commercial or Government-operated vessels, as may be found expedient.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT

ORDNANCE SERVICE AND SUPPLIES, ARMY

For manufacture, procurement, storage, and issue, including research, planning, design, development, inspection, test, alteration, maintenance, repair, and handling of ordnance material, together with the machinery, supplies, and services necessary thereto; for supplies and services in connection with the general work of the Ordnance Department, comprising police and office duties, rents, tolls, fuel, light, water, advertising, stationery, typewriting and computing machines, including their exchange, and furniture, tools, and instruments of service; to provide for training and other incidental expenses of the ordnance service; for instruction purposes, other than tuition; for the purchase, completely equipped, of plant vehicles, including trucks, ambulances, and station wagons, and for maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled and horse-drawn freight and passenger-carrying vehicles; for ammunition for military salutes at Government establishments and institutions to which the issues of arms for salutes are authorized; for services, material, tools, and appliances for operation of the testing machines and chemical laboratory in connection therewith; for publications for libraries of the Ordnance Department, including the Ordnance Office, including subscriptions to periodicals; not to exceed $150,000 for services of such consultants as the Secretary of War may deem necessary, at rates of pay to be fixed by him not to exceed $50 per day and for their necessary traveling expenses; in all, $1,339,390,595, of which $76,085,595 shall be
immediately available, and not to exceed $1,103,925,950 shall be available for payments under contracts for the procurement or production of ordnance matériel, machinery, and supplies under authorizations under this head contained in Appropriation Acts for the fiscal years 1940 and 1941; also, in addition, the Chief of Ordnance, when authorized by the Secretary of War, may enter into contracts prior to July 1, 1942, for the procurement or production of ordnance matériel, machinery, and supplies to an amount not in excess of $37,000,000, and his action in so doing shall be deemed a contractual obligation of the Federal Government for the payment of the cost thereof: Provided, That the period of the contract authorization of $831,063,751 under this head in the Fifth Supplemental National Defense Appropriation Act, 1941, is extended to July 1, 1942: Provided further, that the Chief of Ordnance and the chiefs of any other branches concerned shall enter into contracts prior to July 1, 1942, for the procurement of such equipment, spare parts, and accessories as may be required for such additional Armored Force divisions and/or other units of such Armored Force as may be directed by the Chief of Staff: Provided further, That pay and allowances of Ordnance Reserve Officers and Specialist Reserve Officers assigned to the Ordnance Department to active duty to carry out the purposes of this appropriation, while so assigned, shall be charged to this appropriation.

ROCK ISLAND BRIDGE, ROCK ISLAND, ILLINOIS

For operating, repair, and preservation of Rock Island bridges and viaduct, and maintenance and repair of the arsenal street connecting the bridges, $33,000.

REPAIRS OF ARSENALS

For repairs and improvements of ordnance establishments, and to meet such unforeseen expenditures as accidents or other contingencies may require, $2,776,500.

CHEMICAL WARFARE SERVICE

For purchase, manufacture, and test of chemical warfare gases or other toxic substances, gas masks, or other offensive or defensive materials or appliances required for gas-warfare purposes, investigations, research, design, experimentation, and operation, purchase of chemicals, special scientific and technical apparatus and instruments, including services connected therewith; for the payment of part-time or intermittent employment of such scientists and technicists as may be contracted for by the Secretary of War, in his discretion, at a rate of pay not exceeding $20 per diem for any person so employed; for the purchase, maintenance, repair, and operation of freight- and passenger-carrying motor vehicles; construction, maintenance, and repair of plants, buildings, and equipment, and the machinery therefor; receiving, storing, and issuing of supplies, comprising police and office duties, rents, tolls, fuels, gasoline, lubricants, paints and oils, rope and cordage, light, water, advertising, stationery, typewriting and computing machines including their exchange, office furniture, tools, and instruments; for incidental expenses; for civilian employees; for libraries of the Chemical Warfare Service and subscriptions to periodicals; for expenses incidental to the organization, training, and equipment of special gas troops not otherwise provided for, including the training of the Army in chemical warfare, both offensive and defensive, together with the necessary schools, tactical dem-
onstrations, and maneuvers; for current expenses of chemical projectile filling plants and proving grounds, including construction and maintenance of rail transportation, repairs, alterations, accessories, building and repairing butts and targets, clearing and grading ranges, $54,902,905, of which not to exceed $2,845,634 shall be available for payments under contracts authorized under this head in Appropriation Acts for the fiscal year 1941.

CHIEF OF INFANTRY

INFANTRY SCHOOL, FORT BENNING, GEORGIA

For the procurement of books, publications, instruments, and materials, pay of employees, and other necessary expenses for instruction at the Infantry School, $159,000.

CHIEF OF CAVALRY

INSTRUCTION IN CAVALRY ACTIVITIES

For the purchase of textbooks, books of reference, scientific and professional papers, instruments, and materials for instruction; employment of temporary, technical, special, and clerical services; and for other necessary expenses of instruction at the Cavalry School, Fort Riley, Kansas; and for the instruction of the Army in Cavalry activities, $75,000.

ARMORED FORCE

INSTRUCTION IN ARMORED FORCE ACTIVITIES

For supplies, services, and other expenses essential in conducting instruction of the Army in armored-force activities, $500,000.

CHIEF OF FIELD ARTILLERY

INSTRUCTION IN FIELD ARTILLERY ACTIVITIES

For the pay of employees; the purchase of books, pamphlets, periodicals, and newspapers; procurement of supplies, materials, and equipment for instruction purposes; and other expenses necessary in the operation of the Field Artillery School of the Army, and for the instruction of the Army in Field Artillery activities, $104,500.

CHIEF OF COAST ARTILLERY

COAST ARTILLERY SCHOOL, FORT MONROE, VIRGINIA

For purchase of engines, generators, motors, machines, measuring and laboratory instruments, special apparatus, and materials; for purchase and binding of professional books; for newspapers and periodicals; for incidental expenses; for pay of employees; for office furniture and fixtures; for maintenance, operation, and repair of motor vehicles; and unforeseen expenses; in all, $80,900.

SEACOAST DEFENSES

For all expenses incident to the preparation of plans and the construction, purchase, installation, equipment, maintenance, repair, and operation of fortifications and other works of defense, and their accessories, including personal services, ammunition storage, maintenance of channels to submarine-mine wharves, purchase of lands and rights-of-way as authorized by law, acquisition of leaseholds and
other interests therein, and temporary use thereof, and payments for household interests may be made in advance, for the entire term notwithstanding the provisions of section 3648, Revised Statutes, and for experimental, test, and development work, $98,984,000, of which $41,847,795 shall remain available until expended, and of which not to exceed $28,628,047 shall be for payments under contracts for procurement of equipment for seacoast defenses authorized in appropriation Acts for the fiscal year 1941; and, in addition, when authorized by the Secretary of War, contracts may be entered into prior to July 1, 1942, for the purpose of this appropriation, to an amount not in excess of $21,886,700.

**PUBLIC LAWS—CH. 262—JUNE 30, 1941**

**United States Military Academy**

**Pay of Military Academy**

Cadets: For pay of cadets, $1,375,920, of which amount $10,000 shall be available immediately; **Provided**, That during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1942, no officer of the Army shall be entitled to receive any increase in pay or allowances because of detail or assignment to duty in any capacity at the Military Academy; **Provided further**, That the duties of librarian of the United States Military Academy may be performed by an officer of the Regular Army retired from active service under the provisions of section 1251, Revised Statutes, and detailed on active duty for that purpose.

**Maintenance and Operation, United States Military Academy**

For text and reference books for instruction; increase and expense of library; office equipment and supplies; stationery, blank books, forms, printing and binding, and periodicals; diplomas for graduates; expense of lectures; apparatus, equipment, supplies, and materials for purpose of instruction and athletics, and maintenance and repair thereof; musical instruments and maintenance of band; care and maintenance of organ; equipment for cadet mess; postage, telephones, and telegrams; freight and expressage; for commutation of rations for cadets in lieu of the regular established ration; for commutation of rations for civilians employed at cadet mess at rate of 42.5 cents per day; maintenance of children’s school (not exceeding $12,200); contingencies for superintendent of the academy, to be expended in his discretion (not to exceed $5,200); expenses of the members of the Board of Visitors (not exceeding $1,500); contingent fund, to be expended under the direction of the Academic Board (not exceeding $1,000); improvement, repair, and maintenance of buildings and grounds (including roads, walls, and fences); shooting galleries and ranges; cooking, heating, and lighting apparatus and fixtures and operation and maintenance thereof; maintenance of water, sewer, and plumbing systems; maintenance of and repairs to cadet camp; fire-extinguishing apparatus; machinery and tools and repairs of same; maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled vehicles; policing buildings and grounds; furniture, refrigerators, and lockers for Government-owned buildings at the academy and repair and maintenance thereof; fuel for heat, light, and power; pay of employees; and other necessary incidental expenses in the discretion of the superintendent; in all, $2,202,178, of which amount $4,000 shall be available immediately; **Provided**, That not to exceed $3,750 of this amount shall be available to liquidate the indebtedness of cadets separated from the service for any reason during their first year, who at the time of their separation are in debt to the cadet store.
NATIONAL GUARD

ARMING, EQUIPPING, AND TRAINING THE NATIONAL GUARD

For procurement of forage, bedding, and so forth, for animals used by the National Guard, $134,000.

For compensation of help for care of materials, animals, and equipment, $2,756,400, of which $162,211 shall be available exclusively for the compensation of employees engaged upon Federal property custodial and accounting work and such other work as they may be required to perform by the properly constituted State authorities: Provided, That the number of caretakers authorized to be employed for any one heavier-than-air squadron under the provisions of section 90 of the National Defense Act of June 3, 1916, as amended, may be increased from 13 to 21.

For expenses, camps of instruction and air fields, and storage facilities either on Government-owned or State-owned land, field and supplemental training, including construction and maintenance, and the hire (at a rate not to exceed $1 per diem), repair, maintenance, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, $3,112,000: Provided, That not to exceed $25,500 of this appropriation shall be available for the settlement of claims (not exceeding $500) for damages to or loss of private property incident to the operation of camps of instruction, either during the stay of National Guard units in such camps or while thereto or therefrom en route.

For expenses, selected officers and enlisted men, military service schools, $100.

For pay of property and disbursing officers for the United States, at a rate not less than $2,400 per annum, $91,880.

For general expenses, equipment, and instruction, National Guard, the hire (at a rate not to exceed $1 per diem), repair, maintenance, and operation of motor-propelled passenger- and non-passenger-carrying vehicles, and the medical and hospital treatment of members of the National Guard who suffer personal injury or contract disease in line of duty, and other expenses in connection therewith, including pay and allowances, subsistence, transportation, and burial expenses, as authorized by the Act of June 15, 1936 (49 Stat. 1507), $1,102,400.

For travel of officers, warrant officers, and enlisted men of the Regular Army detailed to, or while on, duty with the National Guard, including transportation of dependents, transportation of mounts, and transportation, packing, crating, and unpacking of household goods and effects as authorized by law, $418,150.

For transportation of equipment and supplies, $175,000.

For expenses of enlisted men of the Regular Army on duty with the National Guard, including payment of an allowance for quarters at the rate of $35 per month to each man not furnished quarters in kind, $292,150.

For pay of National Guard (armory drills), $9,576,900.

No part of the appropriations made in this Act shall be available for pay, allowances, or traveling or other expenses of any officer or enlisted man of the National Guard who may be drawing a pension, disability allowance, disability compensation, or retired pay (where retirement has been made on account of physical disability or age) from the Government of the United States, or, who, being an officer or enlisted man of the National Guard and 18 years of age or over at the time the organization to which he was attached was ordered into active military service in the Army of the United States in consequence of Public Resolution Numbered 96, Seventy-sixth Con
Exceptions.

Provisos.

Status of adjutants general.

Nonapplication of designated restrictions.

Procurement, issue, etc.

Motortrucks, etc.

Amount immediately available.

Specifications for motor vehicles.

Replacement of surveyed property.

39 Stat. 204.
39 Stat. 199.

Issuance of Army clothing, equipment, etc.

30 Stat. 106.

Accounting.

Mounted units, etc., restriction.

ARMS, UNIFORMS, EQUIPMENT, AND SO FORTH, FOR FIELD SERVICE, NATIONAL GUARD

To procure by purchase or manufacture and issue from time to time to the National Guard, upon requisition of the Governors of the several States and Territories or the commanding general, National Guard of the District of Columbia, such military equipment and stores of all kinds and reserve supply thereof as are necessary to arm, uniform, and equip for field service the National Guard of the several States, Territories, and the District of Columbia, including animals, motortrucks, motorcycles, field ambulances, and station wagons and to repair such of the afore-mentioned articles of equipage and military stores as are or may become damaged when, under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of War, such repair may be determined to be an economical measure and as necessary for their proper preservation and use, $7,352,200, and all of the sums appropriated in this Act on account of the National Guard shall be accounted for as one fund, and of the total of all sums appropriated in this Act on account of the National Guard, $500,000 shall be available immediately: Provided, That specifications for motor vehicles, which shall be so drawn as to admit of competition, shall to the extent otherwise practicable conform with the requirements of the National Guard: Provided further, That the value of issues made to any State, Territory, or the District of Columbia to replace property surveyed in accordance with section 87, National Defense Act of June 3, 1916, as amended, shall not be charged to the apportionments required by section 67 of that Act, but no such replacement issue shall be made in excess of receipts theretofore collected and covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts pursuant to said section 87, as amended, and section 4 (a) and (b) (22) of the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act of June 28, 1934: Provided further, That the Secretary of War is hereby authorized to issue from surplus stores and material on hand and purchased for the United States Army such articles of clothing and equipment and field artillery, engineer, and signal material and ammunition as may be needed by the National Guard organized under the provisions of the Act entitled “An Act for making further and more effectual provision for the national defense, and for other purposes”, approved June 3, 1916 (32 U. S. C. 21), as amended. This issue shall be made without charge against National Guard appropriations except for actual expenses incident to such issue.

No appropriation contained in this Act shall be available for any expense for or on account of a larger number of mounted units and wagon companies of the National Guard than were in existence on June 5, 1941.
ORGANIZED RESERVES

For conducting correspondence or extension courses for instruction of members of the Reserve Corps, including necessary supplies, procurement of maps and textbooks, and transportation and traveling expenses of employees; purchase of training manuals, including Government publications and blank forms, subscriptions to magazines and periodicals of a professional or technical nature; establishment, maintenance, and operation of Organized Reserve headquarters; for miscellaneous expenses incident to the administration of the Organized Reserves, including the maintenance and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles; for the actual and necessary expenses, or per diem in lieu thereof, at rates authorized by law, incurred by officers and enlisted men of the Regular Army and Reserve officers ordered to active duty for periods in excess of fifteen days traveling on duty in connection with the Organized Reserves, and for travel of dependents, and packing and transportation of baggage of such personnel; for expenses incident to the use, including upkeep and depreciation costs, of supplies, equipment, and matériel furnished in accordance with law from stocks under the control of the War Department; in all, $1,767,000; and no part of such amount shall be available for any expense incident to giving flight training to any officer of the Officers' Reserve Corps unless he shall be found physically and professionally qualified to perform aviation service as an aviation pilot, by such agency as the Secretary of War may designate.

No appropriation made in this Act shall be available for pay, allowances, or traveling or other expenses of any officer of the Organized Reserves who may be drawing a pension, disability allowance, disability compensation, or retired pay from the Government of the United States.

That the pay and allowances of such additional officers and nurses of the Medical Reserve Corps as are required to supplement the like officers and nurses of the Regular Army in the care of beneficiaries of the United States Veterans' Administration treated in Army hospitals may be paid from the funds allotted to the War Department by that Administration under existing law.

CITIZENS' MILITARY TRAINING

RESERVE OFFICERS' TRAINING CORPS

For the procurement, maintenance, and issue, under such regulations as may be prescribed by the Secretary of War, to institutions at which one or more units of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps are maintained, of such public animals, means of transportation, supplies, tentage, equipment, and uniforms as he may deem necessary, including cleaning and laundering of uniforms and clothing at camps; and for forage, at the expense of the United States, public animals so issued, and to pay commutation in lieu of uniforms at a rate to be fixed annually by the Secretary of War; for transporting said animals and other authorized supplies and equipment from place of issue to the several institutions and training camps and return of same to place of issue when necessary; for purchase of training manuals, including Government publications and blank forms; for the establishment and maintenance of camps for the further practical instruction of the members of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps, and for transporting members of such corps to and from such camps, and to subsist them while traveling to and from such camps and while remaining therein so far as appropriations will
permit, or, in lieu of transporting them to and from such camps and subsisting them while en route, to pay them travel allowance at the rate of 5 cents per mile for the distance by the shortest usually traveled route from the places from which they are authorized to proceed to the camp and for the return travel thereto, and to pay the return travel pay in advance of the actual performance of the travel; for expenses incident to the use, including upkeep and depreciation costs, of supplies, equipment, and materiel furnished in accordance with law from stocks under the control of the War Department; for pay for students attending advanced camps at the rate prescribed for soldiers of the seventh grade of the Regular Army; for the payment of commutation of subsistence to members of the senior division of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps, at a rate not exceeding the cost of the garrison ration prescribed for the Army, as authorized in the Act approved June 3, 1916, as amended by the Act approved June 4, 1920 (10 U. S. C. 387); for the medical and hospital treatment of members of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps, who suffer personal injury or contract disease in line of duty, and for other expenses in connection therewith, including pay and allowances, subsistence, transportation, and burial expenses, as authorized by the Act of June 15, 1936 (49 Stat. 1507); for mileage, traveling expenses, or transportation, for transportation of dependents (including dependents of retired officers, warrant officers, and enlisted men of the first three grades, and enlisted men of the first three grades of the Regular Army Reserve, ordered to active duty and upon relief therefrom), and for packing, crating, and unpacking, and transportation of baggage (including baggage of retired officers, warrant officers, and enlisted men of the first three grades, and enlisted men of the first three grades of the Regular Army Reserve ordered to active duty and upon relief therefrom), and for officers, warrant officers, and enlisted men traveling on duty pertaining to or on detail to or relief from duty with the Reserve Officers' Training Corps; for the purchase, maintenance, repair, and operation of motor vehicles, including station wagons, $5,800,000: Provided, That uniforms and other equipment or material issued to the Reserve Officers' Training Corps in accordance with law shall be furnished from surplus stocks of the War Department without payment from this appropriation, except for actual expense incurred in the manufacture or issue: Provided further, That in no case shall the amount paid from this appropriation for uniforms, equipment, or material furnished to the Reserve Officers' Training Corps from stocks under the control of the War Department be in excess of the price current at the time the issue is made: Provided further, That none of the funds appropriated in this Act shall be used for the organization or maintenance of a greater number of mounted units in the Reserve Officers' Training Corps than were in existence on January 1, 1928, or for additional motor transport or tank units unless in replacement of existing cavalry units: Provided further, That none of the funds appropriated in this Act shall be available for any expense on account of any student in Air Corps, Dental Corps, or Veterinary units not a member of such units on May 5, 1932, but such stoppage of further enrollments shall not interfere with the maintenance of existing units: Provided further, That none of the funds appropriated elsewhere in this Act, except for printing and binding and pay and allowances of officers and enlisted men, shall be used for expenses in connection with the Reserve Officers' Training Corps.
MILITARY SUPPLIES AND EQUIPMENT FOR SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES

For the procurement and issue as provided in section 55c of the Act approved June 4, 1920 (10 U.S.C. 1180), and in section 1225, Revised Statutes, as amended, under such regulations as may be prescribed by the Secretary of War, to schools and colleges, other than those provided for in section 40 of the Act above referred to, of such arms, tentage, and equipment, and of ammunition, targets, and target materials, including the transporting of same, and the overhauling and repair of articles issued, as the Secretary of War shall deem necessary for proper military training in said schools and colleges, $8,900.

NATIONAL BOARD FOR PROMOTION OF RIFLE PRACTICE, ARMY

Promotion of rifle practice: For construction, equipment, and maintenance of rifle ranges, the instruction of citizens in marksmanship, and promotion of practice in the use of rifled arms; for arms, ammunition, targets, and other accessories for target practice, for issue and sale in accordance with rules and regulations prescribed by the National Board for the Promotion of Rifle Practice and approved by the Secretary of War; for clerical services, including not exceeding $80,000 in the District of Columbia; for procurement of materials, supplies, trophies, prizes, badges, services, and such other items as are authorized in section 118, Act of June 3, 1916, and under this head in War Department Appropriation Act of June 7, 1924; for the conduct of the national matches, including incidental travel of rifle teams and of individuals and of Marine Corps and other detachments required in the operation of the matches and including incidental travel of rifle teams and individuals attending regional, national, and international competitions, and for the purchase of medals and badges for use in National Rifle Association competitions, including those fired as a part of the national matches; for mileage at 8 cents per mile for members of the National Board for the Promotion of Rifle Practice when authorized by the Secretary of War, any provision of law to the contrary notwithstanding; and for maintenance of the National Board for the Promotion of Rifle Practice, including not to exceed $4,500 for incidental expenses in addition to the amount authorized by Act of May 28, 1928; to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of War, $330,500.

NATIONAL DEFENSE ACTIVITIES, WAR DEPARTMENT

For all necessary expenses to enable the War Department during the fiscal year 1942, to continue to perform the functions or activities for the performance of which, during the fiscal year 1941, the War Department received an allocation of funds from the appropriation “Emergency fund for the President” contained in the Military Appropriation Act, 1941, including the objects for which and subject to the conditions under which such allocation was expended during the fiscal year 1941, $500,000.

WAR DEPARTMENT

SALARIES, WAR DEPARTMENT

For compensation for personal services in the District of Columbia, as follows:

Office of Secretary of War: Secretary of War, Under Secretary of War, Assistant Secretaries of War, and other personal services,
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PROVIDED, That not to exceed $150,000 of the appropriations contained in this Act for military activities shall be available for the payment of actual transportation expenses and not to exceed $30 per diem in lieu of subsistence and other expenses of persons serving while away from their homes, without other compensation, in an advisory capacity to the Secretary of War, and for the temporary employment of persons (at not to exceed $50 per day) or organizations, by contract or otherwise, without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes or the civil service or classification laws: Provided, That no field-service appropriation shall be available for personal services in the War Department except as may be expressly authorized herein.

Office of Chief of Staff, $868,110.
Adjutant General’s Office, $2,077,996.
Office of the Inspector General, $579,600.
Office of the Judge Advocate General, $141,720.
Office of the Chief of Finance, $677,978.
Office of the Quartermaster General, $1,098,446.
Office of the Chief Signal Officer, $348,507.
Office of the Chief of Air Corps, $518,000.
Office of the Surgeon General, $463,290.
Office of Chief of Engineers, $216,696: Provided, That the services of such additional technical and clerical personnel as the Secretary of War may deem necessary may be employed only in the Office of the Chief of Engineers, to carry into effect the various appropriations for rivers and harbors and flood control, surveys, and preparation for and the consideration of river and harbor and flood-control estimates and bills, to be paid from such appropriations: Provided further, That the expenditures on this account for the fiscal year 1942 shall not exceed $632,820, and the Secretary of War shall each year, in the Budget, report to Congress the number of persons so employed, their duties, and the amount paid to each.
Office of Chief of Ordnance, $883,920.
Office of Chief of Chemical Warfare Service, $56,840.
Office of Chief of Infantry, $21,080.
Office of Chief of Cavalry, $15,200.
Office of Chief of Field Artillery, $6,840.
Office of Chief of Coast Artillery, $37,060.
Office of Chief of Chaplains, $6,680.
National Guard Bureau, War Department, $183,060.

In all, salaries, War Department, $7,758,603: Provided, That the number of warrant officers and enlisted men on duty in the offices of the Chiefs of Ordnance, Engineers, Coast Artillery, Field Artillery, Cavalry, Infantry, and Chaplains on March 15, 1934, shall not be increased, and in lieu of warrant officers and enlisted men whose services in such offices shall have been terminated for any cause prior to July 1, 1942, their places may be filled by civilians, for the pay of whom, in accordance with the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, the appropriation “Pay of the Army” shall be available.

The Secretary of War is authorized to employ such additional personnel at the seat of government and elsewhere, and to provide out of any appropriations available for the Military Establishment for their salaries and for such printing and binding, communication service, and supplies as he may deem necessary to carry out the purposes of this Act, but the amount so used for personal services at the seat of government, other than for field service employees, shall not exceed one-third of 1 per centum of the total amount of cash appropriated for the Army.
In expending appropriations or portions of appropriations contained in this Act, for the payment for personal services in the District of Columbia in accordance with the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, with the exception of the Assistant Secretary of War, the average of the salaries of the total number of persons under any grade in any bureau, office, or other appropriation unit shall not at any time exceed the average of the compensation rates specified for the grade by such Act, as amended, and in grades in which only one position is allocated the salary of such position shall not exceed the average of the compensation rates for the grade, except that in unusually meritorious cases of one position in a grade advances may be made to rates higher than the average of the compensation rates of the grade but not more often than once in any fiscal year and then only to the next higher rate: Provided, That this restriction shall not apply (1) to grades 1, 2, 3, and 4 of the clerical-mechanical service, or (2) to require the reduction in salary of any person whose compensation was fixed as of July 1, 1924, in accordance with the rules of section 6 of such Act, (3) to require the reduction in salary of any person who is transferred from one position to another position in the same or different grade in the same or a different bureau, office, or other appropriation unit, (4) to prevent the payment of a salary under any grade at a rate higher than the maximum rate of the grade when such higher rate is permitted by the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, and is specifically authorized by other law; or (5) to reduce the compensation of any person in a grade in which only one position is allocated.

Office of the Secretary

Contingent Expenses, War Department

For stationery; purchase of professional and scientific books, lawbooks, including their exchange; books of reference, pamphlets, periodicals, newspapers (not to exceed $2,100), maps; typewriting and adding machines, and other labor-saving devices, including their repair and exchange; furniture and repairs to same; carpets, linoleum, filing equipment, photo supplies, towels, ice, brooms, soap, sponges; purchase (including exchange) of motortrucks; maintenance, repair, and operation of motortrucks and one motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicle, to be used only for official purposes; freight and express charges; streetcar fares; postage to Postal Union countries; and other absolutely necessary expenses, $518,476, and it shall not be lawful to expend, unless otherwise specifically provided herein, for any bureau, office, or branch of the War Department or of the Army having or maintaining an office in the War Department proper, at Washington, District of Columbia, any sum out of appropriations contained in this Act (or accruing thereto) made for the Military Establishment for any of the purposes mentioned or authorized in this paragraph: Provided, That section 3709, Revised Statutes, shall not apply to any procurement under this appropriation which does not exceed $100 in amount.

Library, Surgeon General's Office

For the purchase of the necessary books of reference, periodicals, and technical supplies and equipment, $25,000.

Army Medical Museum

For the procurement, preparation, and preservation of specimens and the purchase of technical supplies and equipment, $14,400.
PRINTING AND BINDING, WAR DEPARTMENT

For printing and binding for the War Department, except such as may be otherwise provided for in accordance with existing law, $901,598: Provided, That the sum of $3,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary, may be used for the publication, from time to time, of bulletins prepared under the direction of the Surgeon General of the Army, for the instruction of medical officers, when approved by the Secretary of War.

Sec. 2. No part of the appropriations made in this Act shall be available for the salary or pay of any officer, manager, superintendent, foreman, or other person having charge of the work of any employee of the United States Government while making or causing to be made with a stop watch, or other time-measuring device, a time study of any job of any such employee between the starting and completion thereof, or of the movements of any such employee while engaged upon such work; nor shall any part of the appropriations made in this Act be available to pay any premiums or bonus or cash reward to any employee in addition to his regular wages, except for suggestions resulting in improvements or economy in the operation of any Government plant.

Sec. 3. Not to exceed 5 per centum of any of the appropriations for the Military Establishment for the fiscal year 1942 may be transferred with the approval of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget to any other of such appropriations, but no appropriation shall be increased more than 5 per centum thereby.

Sec. 4. The foregoing appropriations for “Regular Supplies of the Army”, “Clothing and Equipage”, “Army Transportation”, “Signal Service of the Army”, “Air Corps, Army”, “Medical and Hospital Department”, “Engineer Service, Army”, “Ordnance Service and Supplies”, “Chemical Warfare Service”, and “Seacoast Defenses” shall each be available for the pay and allowances, including travel allowances, of such Reserve officers as the President may, with their consent, order to active duty for such periods, not in excess of two years, as their service may be required in the procurement or production of equipment therein appropriated for, or on duty pertaining to aviation.

Sec. 5. No part of any money appropriated by this Act shall be used for maintaining, driving, or operating any Government-owned motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicle assigned for the exclusive use of persons other than the Secretary of War and medical officers on out-patient medical service.

Sec. 6. No part of any appropriation made by this Act shall be used in any way to pay any expense in connection with the conduct, operation, or management of any post exchange, branch exchange, or subexchange within any State, Territory, or the District of Columbia, save and except for real assistance and convenience under such regulations as the Secretary of War may prescribe, to such personnel as are now or may be hereafter authorized by law and regulation to purchase subsistence stores or other Quartermaster supplies and to civilians employed or serving at military posts in supplying them with articles of small personal needs, not similar to those furnished by the Government: Provided, That the commanding officer of the post at which any such exchange is situated shall certify on the monthly report of the post exchange council that such exchange was, during the period covered by such report, operated in compliance with this section: Provided further, That at posts isolated from a convenient market the Secretary of War may broaden the nature of the articles to be sold.
SEC. 7. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used directly or indirectly after May 1, 1941, except for temporary employment in case of emergency, for the payment of any civilian for services rendered by him on the Canal Zone while occupying a skilled, technical, clerical, administrative, executive, or supervisory position unless such person is a citizen of the United States of America or of the Republic of Panama: Provided, however, (1) That, notwithstanding the provision in the Act approved August 11, 1939 (53 Stat. 1409), limiting employment in the above-mentioned positions to citizens of the United States from and after the date of the approval of said Act, citizens of Panama may be employed in such positions; (2) that at no time shall the number of Panamanian citizens employed in the above-mentioned positions exceed the number of citizens of the United States so employed, if United States citizens are available in continental United States or on the Canal Zone; (3) that nothing in this Act shall prohibit the continued employment of any person who shall have rendered fifteen or more years of faithful and honorable service on the Canal Zone; (4) that in the selection of personnel for skilled, technical, administrative, clerical, supervisory, or executive positions, the controlling factors in filling these positions shall be efficiency, experience, training and education; (5) that all citizens of Panama and the United States rendering skilled, technical, clerical, administrative, executive, or supervisory service on the Canal Zone under the terms of this Act (a) shall normally be employed not more than forty hours per week; (b) may receive as compensation equal rates of pay based upon rates paid for similar employment in continental United States plus 25 per centum; (6) this entire section shall apply only to persons employed in skilled, technical, clerical, administrative, executive, or supervisory positions on the Canal Zone directly or indirectly by any branch of the United States Government or by any corporation or company whose stock is owned wholly or in part by the United States Government; Provided further, That the President may suspend compliance with this section in time of war or national emergency if he should deem such course to be in the public interest.

SEC. 8. Whenever, during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1942, the Secretary of War should deem it to be advantageous to the national defense, and if in his opinion the existing facilities of the War Department are inadequate, he is hereby authorized to employ, by contract or otherwise, without reference to section 3709, Revised Statutes, and at such rates of compensation (not to exceed $50 per day for individuals) as he may determine, the services of architects, engineers, or firms or corporations thereof, and other technical and professional personnel as may be necessary.

SEC. 9. The provisions of section 1 (a) and 1 (b) of the Act entitled "An Act to expedite the strengthening of the national defense", approved July 2, 1940, are hereby continued in effect and made applicable to moneys appropriated for the War Department for national defense purposes for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1942.

SEC. 10. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used to pay the salary or wages of any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided, That for the purposes hereof an affidavit shall be considered prima facie evidence that the person making the affidavit does not advocate, and is not a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided further, That any person who advocates, or who is a mem-
Penalty.

Commissions on land purchase contracts.

Construction of quarters, limitations.

Availability of appropriations, etc.

Short title.

**AN ACT**

To provide for the discharge or retirement of enlisted men of the Regular Army and of the Philippine Scouts in certain cases.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That an enlisted man of the Regular Army or of the Philippine Scouts who has had less than twenty years of service in the military forces of the United States and who has become permanently incapacitated for active service shall be discharged: Provided, That nothing herein contained shall be construed as affecting the right of an enlisted man discharged hereunder to receive such pension and other benefits as may now or hereafter be accorded by law to disabled former soldiers of the Regular Army or of the Philippine Scouts.

Sec. 2. An enlisted man of the Regular Army or of the Philippine Scouts who has served twenty years or more in the military forces of the United States and who has become permanently incapacitated for active service due to physical disability incurred in line of duty shall be placed on the retired list.

Sec. 3. When an enlisted man is placed on the retired list pursuant to the provisions of the next preceding section he shall receive 75 per cent of the average pay he was receiving for six months

**Approved, June 30, 1941, 6:20 p.m., E. S. T.**
prior to his retirement plus a money allowance of $9.50 per month in lieu of rations and clothing and $6.25 per month in lieu of quarters, fuel, and light. Provided, That the money allowances of enlisted men of the Philippine Scouts placed on the retired list under this Act shall be the same as those heretofore or from time to time hereafter prescribed by the Secretary of War under existing law for enlisted men of that organization retired after thirty years of service.

SEC. 4. Where an enlisted man placed on the retired list under this Act or under any provision of law would be eligible to receive pension or compensation under the laws administered by the Veterans' Administration, if he were not receiving retired pay, he may waive receipt of retired pay and allowances for the purpose of receiving such pension or compensation; and thereafter such retired enlisted man may waive receipt of such pension or compensation for the purpose of receiving retired pay and allowances. To prevent concurrent payments, when waiver of receipt of retired pay and allowances for the purpose of receiving pension or compensation is filed in the War Department that Department shall notify the Veterans' Administration of the receipt of such waiver and the effective date of the stoppage of retired pay and allowances. Similar report to the War Department shall be rendered by the Veterans' Administration, when waiver of receipt of pension or compensation is filed in the Veterans' Administration for the purpose of receiving retired pay and allowances.

SEC. 5. All periods of service which are now counted under provisions of existing law in computing the time necessary to enable an enlisted man to retire upon completion of thirty years of service shall be credited in the computation of the twenty years of service necessary to confer eligibility for retirement hereunder.

SEC. 6. The administration of this Act shall be under such regulations as the Secretary of War shall prescribe.

Approved, June 30, 1941.

[CHAPTER 264] AN ACT
To extend the period during which direct obligations of the United States may be used as collateral security for Federal Reserve notes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the second paragraph of section 16 of the Federal Reserve Act, as amended, is hereby amended by striking therefrom the words "until June 30, 1941" and by inserting in lieu thereof the words "until June 30, 1943".

Approved, June 30, 1941.

[CHAPTER 265] AN ACT
To extend the time within which the powers relating to the stabilization fund and alteration of the weight of the dollar may be exercised.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That subsection (c) of section 10 of the Gold Reserve Act of 1934, approved January 30, 1934, as amended, is further amended to read as follows:

"(c) All the powers conferred by this section shall expire June 30, 1948, unless the President shall sooner declare the existing emergency ended and the operation of the stabilization fund terminated."
SEC. 2. The second sentence added to paragraph (b) (2) of section 43, title III, of the Act approved May 12, 1933, by section 12 of said Gold Reserve Act of 1934, as amended, is further amended to read as follows: “The powers of the President specified in this paragraph shall be deemed to be separate, distinct, and continuing powers, and may be exercised by him, from time to time, severally or together, whenever and as the expressed objects of this section in his judgment may require; except that such powers shall expire June 30, 1943, unless the President shall sooner declare the existing emergency ended.”

Approved, June 30, 1941.

[CHAPTER 266]

JOINT RESOLUTION

Making appropriations for work relief and relief for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1942.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this joint resolution may be cited as the “Emergency Relief Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1942.”

FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY

WORK PROJECTS ADMINISTRATION

SECTION 1. (a) In order to continue to provide work for employable needy persons on useful public projects in the United States and its Territories and possessions, there is hereby appropriated to the Work Projects Administration, of the Federal Works Agency, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1942, $875,000,000, together with all balances of appropriations under section 1 (a) of the Emergency Relief Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1941, and under Public Law 9, Seventy-seventh Congress, which remain unobligated on June 30, 1941, including such unobligated balances of funds transferred to other Federal agencies for nonconstruction projects under the provisions of section 10 (a) of such Act for the fiscal year 1941, as supplemented by such Public Law 9, or set aside for specific purposes in accordance with other law: Provided, That notwithstanding any other provision of law, funds heretofore irrevocably set aside for the completion of Federal construction projects under authority of the Emergency Relief Appropriation Acts of 1938 and 1939 and the Emergency Relief Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1941, as amended, and supplemented, shall remain available until June 30, 1942, for such completion, and any such funds which remain unobligated by reason of the completion or abandonment of any such Federal construction project shall be returned to this appropriation: Provided further, That no part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used to pay the compensation of David Lasser.

(b) The funds provided in this section shall be available for (1) administration; (2) the prosecution of projects approved by the President under the provisions of the Emergency Relief Appropriation Acts of 1938, and 1939, and the Emergency Relief Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1941, as amended, and supplemented by Public Law 9, Seventy-seventh Congress; and (3) the prosecution of the following types of public projects, Federal and non-Federal, subject to the approval of the President, namely: Highways, roads, and streets; public buildings; parks, and other recreational facilities,
including buildings therein; public utilities; electric transmission and
distribution lines or systems to serve persons in rural areas, including
projects sponsored by and for the benefit of nonprofit and cooperative
associations; sewer systems, water supply, and purification systems;
airports and other transportation facilities; facilities for the training
of personnel in the operations and maintenance of air navigation and
landing area facilities; flood control; drainage; irrigation, including
projects sponsored by nonprofit irrigation companies or nonprofit
irrigation associations organized and operating for community bene-
fit; water conservation; soil conservation, including projects spon-
sored by soil conservation districts and other bodies duly organized
under Statelaw for soil erosion control and soil conservation, prefer-
ence being given to projects which will contribute to the rehabilita-
tion of individuals and an increase in the national income; foresta-
tion, reforestation, and other improvements of forest areas, including
the establishment of fire lanes; fish, game, and other wildlife con-
servation; eradication of insect, plant, and fungus pests; the pro-
duction of lime and marl for fertilizing soil for distribution to farmers
under such conditions as may be determined by the sponsors of
such projects under the provisions of State law; educational, pro-
fessional, clerical, cultural, recreational, production, and service
projects, including training for manual occupations in industries
engaged in production for national-defense purposes, for nursing and
for domestic service; aid to self-help and cooperative associations for
the benefit of needy persons; and miscellaneous projects: Provided,
That all persons employed on work projects shall, so far as prac-
ticable, be employed on projects nearest their respective homes.

(c) The funds appropriated in this section, exclusive of those used
for administrative expenses, shall be so administered that expenditure
authorizations for other than labor costs for all the work projects
financed from such funds in any State, Territory, possession, or the
District of Columbia shall not exceed an average for the fiscal year
ending June 30, 1942, of $6 per month per worker, except that the
Commissioner of Work Projects (hereinafter referred to as the
"Commissioner") may authorize an increase in the average in cases
where the increased cost of materials would have the effect of raising
such average above $6 but in no event shall the increase in such
average exceed the amount necessary to meet such increase in mate-
rial costs and in no event shall such average exceed $7: Provided,
That the funds appropriated in this section shall not be used for the
purchase of any construction equipment or machinery in any case in
which such equipment or machinery can be rented at prices deter-
menced by the Commissioner to be reasonable, and his determinations,
made in conformity with rules and regulations prescribed by him,
shall be final and conclusive: Provided further, That not to exceed
$45,000,000 of funds herein appropriated to the Work Projects
Administration may be used by the Commissioner to supplement the
amounts so authorized for other than labor costs in any State, Ter-
ritory, possession, or the District of Columbia in connection with the
prosecution of projects which have been certified by the Secretary of
War, and the Secretary of the Navy, respectively, as being important
for military or naval purposes.

(d) In administering the funds appropriated in this section, not
to exceed three-fourths of the total cost of all non-Federal projects
approved after January 1, 1940, to be undertaken within any State,
Territory, possession, or the District of Columbia, with respect to
which any such funds are used, shall be borne by the United States,
and not less than one-fourth of such total cost shall be borne by the
State and its political subdivisions, or by the Territory, possession, or the District of Columbia, as the case may be: Provided, That the provisions of this subsection shall not apply to projects (1) which have been certified by the Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy, respectively, as being important for military or naval purposes, or (2) which authorize necessary temporary measures to avert danger to life, property, or health in the event of disaster or grave emergency caused by flood, storm, fire, earthquake, drought, or similar cause. The facts constituting compliance with the requirements of this subsection shall be determined by the Commissioner, and his determinations, made in conformity with rules and regulations prescribed by him, shall be final and conclusive.

(e) The funds appropriated in section 1 (a) hereof shall be available to provide, under regulations to be prescribed by the Commissioner, for medical and hospital facilities for work camp project employees and burial expenses of deceased work camp project employees, including the transportation of remains to place of burial: Provided, That deductions shall be made from the earnings of all project employees quartered in such camps in an amount sufficient to offset the estimated cost to the United States for furnishing the foregoing.

(f) When it is found that as a result of bad faith, fraud, or misrepresentation on the part of the sponsor, any land, building, structure, facility, or other project, or any part thereof, upon which funds appropriated in this joint resolution have been expended, is used, transferred, or disposed of without retention and control for public use, the sponsor of the project and the person or organization to which the land, building, structure, facility, or project has been sold, leased, or given, shall be liable, jointly and severally, upon demand of the Commissioner or his duly authorized representative, to pay over to the United States an amount equal to the amount of Federal funds expended on such land, building, structure, facility, or project.

(g) The amount which may be obligated for administrative expenses of the Work Projects Administration in the District of Columbia and in the field shall not exceed in the aggregate the sum of $35,466,000 during the fiscal year 1942, of which the amounts so to be obligated for the following respective purposes shall not exceed these sums: Salaries, $29,016,000; communication service, $500,000; travel, $2,800,000; and printing and binding, $300,000.

(h) The Federal Works Administrator shall transmit to Congress, on the first day of each regular session thereof, a statement showing for each State the names, addresses, positions, and compensation of all employees of the Work Projects Administration whose compensation is at the rate of $1,200 per annum or more. For the purposes of this subsection, the term "State" shall include the Territories, possessions, and the District of Columbia.

(i) The Work Projects Administration is hereby extended to June 30, 1942, to carry out the purposes of this joint resolution and the Commissioner, with the approval of the Federal Works Administrator, is authorized to prescribe such rules and regulations as may be necessary to carry out its functions in connection therewith.
June 30, 1942: (1) General Accounting Office, $1,400,000; and (2) Treasury Department: (a) Procurement Division, $2,400,000; (b) Division of Disbursement, $1,100,000; (c) Office of the Treasurer, $350,000; (d) Secret Service Division, $130,000; (e) Bureau of Accounts, $2,025,000; for administrative accounting; total, Treasury Department, $6,005,000.

(b) The appropriations in this section shall not be used to pay the compensation of persons employed entirely upon the regular work (as distinguished from emergency work under appropriations in this section) of any department or agency, nor to pay the compensation of employees engaged partially upon such regular work unless, in the determination of the head of such department or agency (which determination shall be conclusive), offsetting employment upon such emergency work of such department or agency is performed by employees paid from the regular funds thereof.

UNITED STATES EMPLOYEES' COMPENSATION COMMISSION

SEC. 3. (a) In order to carry out the provisions of section 18 of this Act, there is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1942, $3,500,000, which sum shall be added to the appropriation “Employees' Compensation Fund, Emergency Relief” contained in subsection (b) of this section.

(b) Employees' compensation fund, emergency relief: The unexpended balance of the special funds set up on the books of the Treasury pursuant to the provisions of the Emergency Relief Appropriation Acts of 1935, 1936, 1937, 1938, 1939, and fiscal year 1941, and paragraph 18 of the “National Youth Administration Appropriation Act, 1941”, shall be available for expenditure during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1942, and such balance combined with the appropriation in subsection (a) of this section shall be one fund available for the payment of compensation accruing under section 18 of this Act and under the other Acts enumerated in this subsection, including payments to Federal agencies for medical and hospital services and including advancement of costs for the enforcement of recoveries as provided in sections 26 and 27 of the Act of September 7, 1916, as made applicable to relief employments: Provided, That $700,000 of such combined appropriation shall be available during the fiscal year 1942 for administrative expenses and not to exceed $75,000 thereof may be added to the appropriation in the “Employees’ Compensation Commission Appropriation Act, 1942” for salaries and expenses of such Commission and be available for the purposes thereof: Provided further, That this appropriation shall not be limited in its use to the United States, its Territories and possessions, for payment of compensation benefits.

GENERAL AND SPECIAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 4. Funds appropriated in this joint resolution to the various Federal agencies shall be so apportioned and distributed over the period ending June 30, 1942, and shall be so administered during such period as to constitute the total amount that will be furnished to such agencies during such period for the purposes herein set forth.

SEC. 5. The funds made available by this joint resolution shall be used only for work relief for employable persons in need except as otherwise specifically provided herein.

SEC. 6. (a) The Commissioner, with the approval of the Federal Works Administrator, is authorized to allocate not to exceed $8,500,000 of the appropriation contained in section 1 (a) to other agencies.
Federal agencies for the operation, under such rules and regulations as the Commissioner may prescribe, of projects of the type specified in subsection (b) of section 1 which are within the scope of the functions usually carried out by such agencies, including administrative expenses of such agencies incident to such operation: Provided, That $3,500,000 of such amount shall be allocated to the Department of Agriculture for the continuation during the calendar year 1941 of existing projects now under the jurisdiction of such Department: Provided further, That not to exceed 1 per centum of the total amount so allocated to any such agency shall be used for such administrative expenses: Provided further, That no project shall be prosecuted under any allocation under this subsection upon which the percentage of nonrelief persons employed exceeds 10 per centum of the total number of persons employed: Provided further, That not to exceed $576,000 of the appropriation contained in section 1 (a) hereof may be allocated, with the approval of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, for administrative expenses of Federal agencies incident to the planning and review of Work Projects Administration projects.

(b) No Federal construction project, except flood control and water conservation projects authorized under other law, shall be undertaken or prosecuted under the appropriations in this joint resolution unless and until there shall have been allocated and irrevocably set aside Federal funds sufficient for its completion.

(c) No non-Federal project shall be undertaken or prosecuted under appropriations under this joint resolution unless and until the sponsor has made a written agreement to finance such part of the entire cost thereof as the Work Projects Administration determines under the circumstances is an adequate contribution taking into consideration the financial ability of the sponsor. The Commissioner shall prescribe rules and regulations relating to the valuation of contributions in kind by sponsors of projects through furnishing the use of their own facilities and equipment and the services of their own employees, which shall represent an actual cash value, and such rules and regulations shall also allow credit only to the extent that the furnishing of such contributions represents a financial burden which is undertaken by the sponsors on account of Work Projects Administration projects, or other sponsored projects.

Sec. 7. None of the funds made available by this joint resolution shall be expended on the construction of any building (1) the total estimated cost of which, in the case of a Federal building, exceeds $100,000 from Federal funds, or (2) the portion of the total estimated cost of which payable from Federal funds, in the case of a non-Federal building, exceeds $100,000, unless the building is one (a) for which the project has been approved by the President on or prior to May 15, 1940, or for which an issue of bonds has been approved at an election held on or prior to such date, or for which a State legislature has made an appropriation on or prior to such date, or (b) for the completion of which funds have been allocated and irrevocably set aside under prior relief appropriation Acts: Provided, That the provisions of this section shall not apply to any projects which have been certified by the Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy, respectively, as being important for military or naval purposes.

Sec. 8. (a) The Work Projects Administration is authorized to receive from sponsors of non-Federal projects contributions in services, materials, or money, such money to be deposited with the Treasurer of the United States. Such contributions shall be expended or utilized as agreed upon between the sponsor and the Work Projects Administration.
(b) All receipts and collections by reason of operations in consequence of appropriations made in this joint resolution, except cash contributions of sponsors of projects and amounts credited to revolving funds authorized by this joint resolution, shall be covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.

(c) Except as authorized in this joint resolution, no allocation of funds shall be made to any other Federal agency from the appropriation in this joint resolution for any Federal agency. No such allocation shall be made for the exercise of the functions of the Radio Division or the United States Film Service transferred to the Office of Education of the Federal Security Agency.

SEC. 9. (a) The Commissioner, subject to the approval of the Federal Works Administrator, shall fix a monthly earning schedule for persons engaged upon work projects financed in whole or in part from funds appropriated by section 1 which shall not substantially affect the current national average labor cost per person of the Work Projects Administration. Such monthly earning schedule shall not be varied for workers of the same type in different geographical areas to any greater extent than may be justified by differences in the cost of living. The Commissioner shall require that the hours of work for all persons engaged upon work projects financed in whole or in part by funds appropriated by section 1 shall (1) be one hundred and thirty hours per month except that the Commissioner, in his discretion, may require a lesser number of hours of work per month in the case of relief workers with no dependents and the earnings of such workers shall be correspondingly reduced, and, (2) not exceed eight hours in any day, and (3) not exceed forty hours in any week.

(b) The Commissioner may authorize exemptions from the above limitations of monthly earnings and hours of work on projects certified as hereinafter provided as being important for military or naval purposes; to protect work already done on a project; to permit making up lost time; in the case of an emergency involving the public welfare; and in the case of supervisory personnel employed on work projects.

SEC. 10. (a) Section 15 (a) of the Emergency Relief Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1941, is hereby continued in effect for the month of July 1941. Effective on August 1, 1941, in employing or retaining in employment on Work Projects Administration work projects, preference shall be given to veterans of the World War and the Spanish-American War and veterans of any campaign or expedition in which the United States has been engaged (as determined on the basis of the laws administered by the Veterans' Administration, except that discharged draft enrollees other than those with service-connected disability shall not be considered as veterans for the purposes of this subsection), and unmarried widows of any such veterans, and the wives of any such veterans who are unemployable, who have been certified as in need of employment by the Work Projects Administration or by any agency designated by it to so certify: Provided, That if the total monthly income from all sources of any such veteran or of the unmarried widow of any such veteran, or if the total combined monthly income from all sources of any such unemployable veteran and his wife, as determined by the Commissioner (whose determination shall be final and conclusive), is less than the monthly earnings the veteran, unmarried widow, or wife would receive if employed as a project worker of the Work Projects Administration, then such veteran, unmarried widow, or wife, as the case may be, shall be certified as in need of such employment, and when assigned to such employment he or she shall be employed for such period as will permit the total monthly income of such veteran or unmarried widow, or the total combined monthly income of such
unemployable veteran and his wife, to be approximately equal to the amount which would be obtainable by full-time employment on any such project. Thereafter preference in such employment shall be given on the basis of relative needs, as far as practicable, to other American citizens, Indians, and other persons owing allegiance to the United States who are in need.

(b) There shall be removed from employment on Work Projects Administration projects all relief workers, excepting blind persons, veterans, unmarried widows of such veterans and wives of such veterans as are unemployable, who have been continuously employed on such projects for more than eighteen months, and any relief worker so removed shall be ineligible to be restored to employment on such projects until after (1) the expiration of twenty days after the date of his removal, and (2) recertification of his eligibility for restoration to employment on such projects: Provided, That such workers shall be removed only in the numbers necessary to provide employment for employable persons with the same or similar job qualifications who have been certified for a period of three months or more as in need of Work Projects Administration project employment and who have not in such period been given employment on work projects.

(c) In considering employment of persons upon work projects prosecuted under the appropriations contained in this joint resolution, the Work Projects Administration shall determine whether such persons are able to perform the work on work projects to which they can be assigned and no person shall be employed or retained for employment on any such project whose work habits are such or work record shows that he is incapable of performing satisfactorily the work to which he may be assigned on the project.

(d) There shall be removed from employment on Work Projects Administration projects all relief workers whose needs for employment have not been certified by, and except as provided in section 10 (a) or in section 11 (b), no relief worker shall be employed on such projects until after his need for employment has been certified by (a) a local public certifying agency or (b) the Work Projects Administration where no such agency exists or where the Work Projects Administration certifies by reason of its refusal to accept certification by local public agencies.

(e) No blind person receiving aid under the Social Security Act, as amended, shall be prohibited from temporarily relinquishing such aid to accept employment on a Work Projects Administration project.

(f) No alien, no Communist, and no member of any Nazi Bund Organization shall be given employment or continued in employment on any work project prosecuted under the appropriations contained in this joint resolution and no part of the money appropriated in this joint resolution shall be available to pay any person who has not made or who does not make affidavit as to United States citizenship and to the effect that he is not a Communist and not a member of any Nazi Bund Organization, such affidavit to be considered prima facie evidence of such citizenship, and that he is not a Communist, and not a member of any Nazi Bund Organization.

(g) The Commissioner shall cause a periodic investigation to be made of the rolls of certified employees on work projects, and shall eliminate from the rolls those not in actual need, such investigation to be made so that each case is investigated at least once in every twelve months.

Sec. 11. (a) No person in need who refuses a bona fide offer of private or other public employment under reasonable working conditions which pays the prevailing wage for such work in the com-
community where he resides and who is capable of performing such work shall be employed or retained in employment on work projects under the funds appropriated in this joint resolution for the period such private or other public employment would be available.

(b) Any person who takes such employment shall at the expiration thereof be entitled to immediate reemployment with the Work Projects Administration if he is still in need and if he has lost such employment through no fault of his own, and if he has first drawn all the benefits of unemployment compensation that shall have accrued to him during his term in private employment and which are available to him.

Sec. 12. (a) No person shall be employed or retained in employment in any administrative position, or in any supervisory position on any project, under the appropriations in this joint resolution unless such person has previously subscribed or before engaging in such employment subscribes to the following oath:

"I, A B, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will support and defend the Constitution of the United States against all enemies, foreign and domestic; that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; that I take this obligation freely, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion; and that I will well and faithfully discharge the duties of the office (or employment) on which I am about to enter (or which I now occupy). So help me God."

(b) No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used to pay the salary or wages of any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided, That for the purposes hereof an affidavit shall be considered prima facie evidence that the person making the affidavit does not advocate, and is not a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided further, That any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence and accepts employment the salary or wages for which are paid from any appropriation contained in this Act shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than $1,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both: Provided further, That the above penal clause shall be in addition to, and not in substitution for, any other provisions of existing law.

(c) The Commissioner and the head of any other agency receiving an appropriation hereunder is authorized to designate employees, administrative and supervisory, as he may deem necessary to administer such oaths as are required by this joint resolution and such other oaths as may be required or necessary in the operation of the Work Projects Administration or other agency, which oaths shall be administered without charge or fee; such oaths shall have the same force and effect as oaths administered by notaries, justices of the peace, and other Federal and non-Federal officers qualified to administer oaths.

Sec. 13. In carrying out the purpose of the appropriations in this joint resolution, the Secretary of the Treasury with the approval of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, is authorized to prescribe rules and regulations for the establishment of special funds in the nature of revolving funds for use, until June 30, 1942, in the purchase, repair, distribution, or rental of materials, supplies, equipment, and tools.

Sec. 14. The provision of section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (41 U. S. C. 5) shall not apply to any purchase made or service pro-
Administrative expenses.

Transfer of household effects.

Prohibition on use of funds to pay certain appointees.

Acceptance of uncompensated services.

Utilization of Federal, State, and local employees.

Separations and furloughs.

Proviso. Preferential status of soldiers, etc.

Disability or death compensation, etc.

Administrative expenses.

54 Stat. 1105.

SEC. 15. The appropriations in this joint resolution for administrative expenses and such portions of other appropriations in this joint resolution as are available for administrative expenses may be obligated in the amounts which the agency, with the approval of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, shall have certified to the Secretary of the Treasury as necessary for personal services, in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, and for contract stenographic reporting services, supplies, and equipment; purchase and exchange of lawbooks, books of reference, directories, and periodicals, and newspapers; travel expenses, including expenses of attendance at meetings of officials and employees of the agency on official business and including transfer of household goods and effects as provided by the Act of October 10, 1940 (Public, Numbered 889, Seventy-sixth Congress), and regulations promulgated thereunder; rental at the seat of government and elsewhere; purchase, operation, and maintenance of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles; printing and binding and such other expenses as may be necessary for the accomplishment of the objectives of this joint resolution.

SEC. 16. (a) The appropriations contained in section 1 of this joint resolution and any administrative allocations thereof shall not be available to pay the compensation of any person appointed in accordance with the civil-service laws; except that this limitation shall not apply in the case of any person who is employed by any agency of the Government (other than the Work Projects Administration) on the date of enactment of this joint resolution.

(b) In carrying out the purposes of this joint resolution the agencies receiving appropriations under section 1 hereof or allocations under such appropriations are authorized to accept and utilize such voluntary and uncompensated services, appoint, without regard to civil-service laws, such officers and employees, and utilize, with the consent of the head of the Federal agency by which they are employed, such Federal officers and employees, and with the consent of the State such State and local officers and employees at such compensation as shall be determined by the head of the agency involved, as may be necessary, and prescribe their authorities, duties, responsibilities, and tenure, and, without regard to the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, to fix the compensation of any officers and employees so appointed.

(c) Appointments to Federal positions of an administrative or advisory capacity under the appropriations in this joint resolution in any State shall be made from among the bona fide citizens of that State so far as not inconsistent with efficient administration.

SEC. 17. In making separations from the Federal service, or furloughs without pay to last as long as three months, of persons employed within the District of Columbia, under the provisions of this joint resolution, the appointing power shall give preference, as nearly as good administration will warrant, in retention to appointees from States that have not received their share of appointments according to population: Provided, however, That soldiers, sailors, and marines, the widows of such, or the wives of injured soldiers, sailors, and marines, who themselves are not qualified, but whose wives are qualified to hold a position in the Government service, shall be given preference in retention, in their several grades and classes, where their ratings are good or better.

SEC. 18. The provisions of the Act of February 15, 1934 (48 Stat. 351), as amended, relating to disability or death compensation and benefits shall apply to persons (except administrative employees qualifying as civil employees of the United States) receiving com-
compensation from the appropriations in this joint resolution for services rendered as employees of the United States: Provided, That this section shall not apply in any case coming within the purview of the workmen's compensation law of any State, Territory, or possession, or in which the claimant has received or is entitled to receive similar benefits for injury or death.

SEC. 19. None of the funds made available by this joint resolution shall be used (a) for the operation of any theater project, (b) for the operation of any project sponsored solely by the Work Projects Administration, or (c) for radio broadcasting in an amount exceeding $50,000 or for the acquisition, rental, or distribution of motion-picture films.

SEC. 20. The Commissioner is authorized to consider, ascertain, adjust, determine, and pay from the appropriation in section 1 hereof any claim on account of damage to or loss of privately owned property caused by the negligence of any employee of the Works Progress Administration or the Work Projects Administration while acting within the scope of his employment. No claim shall be considered hereunder which is in excess of $500, or which is not presented in writing within one year from the date of accrual thereof. Acceptance by a claimant of the amount allowed on account of his claim shall be deemed to be in full settlement thereof, and the action upon such claim so accepted by the claimant shall be conclusive.

SEC. 21. The Commissioner is authorized to call to the attention of the city, county, and State governments the unemployment situation of that city, county, or State, and to seek the cooperation of the State or any subdivision thereof in meeting the unemployment problem.

SEC. 22. Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud the United States makes any false statement in connection with any application for any work project, employment, or relief aid under the appropriations in this joint resolution, or diverts, or attempts to divert or assists in diverting, for the benefit of any person or persons not entitled thereto, any portion of such appropriations, or any services or real or personal property acquired thereunder, or who knowingly, by means of any fraud, force, threat, intimidation, or boycott, or discrimination on account of race, religion, political affiliation (except as may be authorized or required by law), or membership or nonmembership in a labor organization, deprives any person of any of the benefits to which he may be entitled under any such appropriations, or attempts so to do, or assists in so doing, or who disposes of, or assists in disposing of, except for the account of the United States, any property upon which there exists a lien securing a loan made under the provisions of this joint resolution or the Emergency Relief Appropriation Acts of 1935, 1936, 1937, 1938, and 1939, and the Emergency Relief Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1941, as amended, and supplemented, shall be deemed guilty of a felony and fined not more than $2,000 or imprisoned not more than two years, or both. The provisions of this section shall be in addition to, and not in substitution for, any other provisions of existing law, or of this joint resolution.

SEC. 23. (a) It shall be unlawful for any person knowingly to solicit, or knowingly be in any manner concerned in soliciting, any assessment, subscription, or contribution for the campaign expenses of any individual or political party from any person receiving compensation or employment provided for by this joint resolution.

(b) Any person who knowingly violates any provision of this section shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than $1,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both. The provisions of this section shall be in addition to, and
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Promise of benefit as reward for political activity.

SEC. 24. (a) It shall be unlawful for any person, directly or indirectly, to promise any employment, position, work, compensation, or other benefit, provided for or made possible by this joint resolution, or any other Act of the Congress, to any person as consideration, favor, or reward for any political activity or for the support of or opposition to any candidate in any election or any political party.

(b) Except as may be authorized or required by law, it shall be unlawful for any person to deprive, attempt to deprive, or threaten to deprive, by any means, any person of any employment, position, work, compensation, or other benefit, provided for or made possible by this joint resolution, on account of race, creed, color, or any political activity, support of, or opposition to any candidate or any political party in any election.

(c) Any person who knowingly violates any provision of this section shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than $1,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both. The provisions of this section shall be in addition to, and not in substitution for, any other provisions of law, or of this joint resolution.

Penalty.

Depriving persons of employment on account of race, etc.

SEC. 25. (a) It shall be unlawful for any person employed in any administrative or supervisory capacity by any agency of the Federal Government, whose compensation or any part thereof is paid from funds authorized or appropriated by this joint resolution, to use his official authority or influence for the purpose of interfering with an election or affecting the results thereof. While such persons shall retain the right to vote as they please and to express privately their opinions on all political subjects, they shall take no active part, directly or indirectly, in political management or in political campaigns or in political conventions.

(b) Any person violating the provisions of this section shall be immediately removed from the position or office held by him, and thereafter no part of the funds appropriated by this joint resolution shall be used to pay the compensation of such person. The provisions of this section shall be in addition to, and not in substitution for, any other provisions of existing law, or of this joint resolution.

Penalty.

Use of official authority to interfere with an election.

Candidate for State, etc., office.

SEC. 26. No part of any appropriation in this joint resolution shall be used to pay the salary or expenses of any person in a supervisory or administrative position who is a candidate for any State, district, county, or municipal office (such office requiring full time of such person and to which office a salary or per diem attaches), in any primary, general, or special election, or who is serving as a campaign manager or assistant thereto for any such candidate.

Penalty.

Campaign manager.

Reports of operations to Congress.

54 Stat. 624.

Competition with existing industries, restriction.

SEC. 28. No funds appropriated in this joint resolution, whether administered by the Federal Government or by the States or local governmental agencies from funds contributed in whole or in part by the Federal Government, shall be used by any Federal, State, or other agency to purchase, establish, relocate, or expand mills, factories, stores, or plants which would manufacture, handle, process, or produce for sale articles, commodities, or products (other than those derived from the first processing of sweetpotatoes and naval stores products) in competition with existing industries.
Sec. 29. None of the funds appropriated by this joint resolution shall be used for the manufacture, purchase, or construction of any naval vessel, any armament, munitions, or implement of war, for military or naval forces, and no funds herein appropriated or authorized shall be diverted or allocated to any other department or bureau for such purpose.

Sec. 30. No part of the funds made available in this joint resolution shall be loaned or granted, except pursuant to an obligation incurred prior to the date of the enactment of this joint resolution, to any State, or any of its political subdivisions or agencies, for the purpose of carrying out or assisting in carrying out any program or project of constructing, rebuilding, repairing, or replanning its penal or reformatory institutions, unless the President shall find that the projects to be financed with such loan or grant will not cause or promote competition of the products of convict labor with the products of free labor.

Sec. 31. In expending appropriations or portions of appropriations, contained in this joint resolution, for the payment for personal services in the District of Columbia in accordance with the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, the average of the salaries of the total number of persons under any grade in any appropriation unit herein shall not at any time exceed the average of the compensation rates specified for the grade by such Act, as amended, and in grades in which only one position is allocated, the salary of such position shall not exceed the average of the compensation rates for the grade: Provided, That this restriction shall not apply (1) to grades 1, 2, 3, and 4 of the clerical-mechanical service, or (2) to require the reduction in salary of any person whose compensation was fixed as of July 1, 1924, in accordance with the rules of section 6 of such Act, or (3) to require the reduction in salary of any person who is transferred from one position to another position in the same or different grade in the same or a different bureau, office, or other appropriation unit, or (4) to prevent the payment of a salary under any grade at a rate higher than the maximum rate of the grade when such higher rate is permitted by the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, and is specifically authorized by other law, or (5) to reduce the compensation of any person in a grade in which only one position is allocated.

Sec. 32. Any Administrator or other officer named to have general supervision at the seat of government over the program and work contemplated under the appropriations contained in this joint resolution and receiving a salary of $5,000 or more per annum from such appropriations, and any State or regional administrator receiving a salary of $5,000 or more per annum from such appropriations (except persons now serving as such under other law) shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate: Provided, That the provisions of section 1761 of the Revised Statutes shall not apply to any such appointee and the salary of any person so appointed shall not be increased for a period of six months after confirmation.

Sec. 33. The Work Projects Administration shall continue to maintain in each State an Office of State Administrator for such State.

Sec. 34. There is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the fiscal year 1942, the sum of $25,000,000, to be used by the Secretary of Agriculture for the purpose of effectuating the provisions of section 32 of the Act entitled "An Act to amend the Agricultural Adjustment Act, and for other
AN ACT

Making appropriations for the Department of Agriculture for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1942, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Department of Agriculture for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1942, namely:

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

SALARIES

For the Secretary of Agriculture, Under Secretary of Agriculture, Assistant Secretary, and for other personal services in the District of Columbia, and elsewhere, $609,424: Provided, That in expending appropriations or portions of appropriations contained in this Act for the payment of personal services in the District of Columbia in accordance with the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, with the exception of the Assistant Secretary, the average of the salaries of the total number of persons under any grade in any bureau, office, or other appropriation unit shall not at any time exceed the average of the compensation rates specified for the grade by such Act as amended and in grades in which only one position is allocated the salary of such position shall not exceed the average of the compensation rates for the grade, except that in unusually meritorious cases of one position in a grade advances may be made to rates higher than the average of the compensation rates of the grade but not more often than once in any fiscal year and then only to the next higher rate: Provided further, That this restriction shall not apply (1) to grades 1, 2, 3, and 4 of the clerical-mechanical service, or (2) to require the reduction in salary of any person whose compensation was fixed as of July 1, 1924, in accordance with the rules of section 6 of such Act, (3) to require the reduction in salary of any person who is transferred from one position to another position in the same or different grade, in the same or different bureau, office, or other appropriation unit, (4) to prevent the payment of a salary under any grade at a rate higher than the maximum rate of the grade when such higher rate is permitted by the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, and is specifically authorized by other law, or (5) to reduce the compensation of any person in a grade in which only one position is allocated: Provided further, That the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized to contract for stenographic reporting services, and the appropriations made in this Act shall be available for such purposes: Provided further, That the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized to expend from appropriations available for the purchase of lands not to exceed $1 for each option to purchase any particular tract or tracts of land: Provided further, That not to exceed $25,000 of the appropriations available for salaries and expenses of officers and employees of the Department of Agriculture permanently stationed in foreign countries may be used for payment of allowances for living quarters, including heat, fuel, and light, as authorized by the Act approved June 26, 1930 (5
U. S. C. 118a): Provided further, That with the approval of the Secretary of Agriculture employees of the Department of Agriculture stationed abroad may enter into leases for official quarters, for periods not exceeding one year, and may pay rent, telephone, subscriptions to publications, and other charges incident to the conduct of their offices and the discharge of their duties, in advance, in any foreign country where custom or practice requires payment in advance: Provided further, That no part of the funds appropriated by this Act shall be used for the payment of any officer or employee of the Department of Agriculture who, as such officer or employee, or on behalf of the Department or any division, commission, or bureau thereof, issues, or causes to be issued, any prediction, oral or written, or forecast with respect to future prices of cotton or the trend of same: Provided further, That no part of the funds appropriated by this Act shall be used for laboratory investigations to determine the possibly harmful effects on human beings of spray insecticides on fruits and vegetables.

MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES, DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

For stationery, supplies, materials, and equipment, freight, express, and drayage charges, advertising, communication service, postage, washing towels, repairs, and alterations; for the maintenance, repair, and operation of one motorcycle and not to exceed three motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles (including one for the Secretary of Agriculture, one for general utility needs of the entire Department, and one for the Forest Service) and purchase of one motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicle at not to exceed $1,800, including the exchange value of one such vehicle, for official purposes only; for official travel expenses, including examination of estimates for appropriations in the field for any bureau, office, or service of the Department; and for other miscellaneous supplies and expenses not otherwise provided for and necessary for the practical and efficient work of the Department, which are authorized by such officer as the Secretary may designate, $99,341: Provided, That this appropriation shall be available for the payment of salaries of employees engaged in the maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-transport vehicles, and that this appropriation shall be reimbursed from the appropriation made for any bureau or office for which such service is performed, in accordance with the provisions of the Act of May 11, 1922 (5 U. S. C. 543): Provided further, That the Secretary of Agriculture, during the fiscal year for which this appropriation is made, may maintain stocks of stationery, supplies, equipment, and miscellaneous materials sufficient to meet, in whole or in part, requirements of the bureaus and offices of the Department in the city of Washington and elsewhere, but not to exceed in the aggregate $200,000 in value at the close of the fiscal year, and the appropriations of such bureaus, offices, and agencies available for the purchase of stationery, supplies, equipment, and miscellaneous materials shall be available to reimburse the appropriation for miscellaneous expenses current at the time supplies are allotted, assigned, or issued, or when payment is received; for transfer for the purchase of inventory; and for transfer pursuant to the provisions of section 601 of the Act approved June 30, 1932 (31 U. S. C. 686): Provided further, That the appropriations made hereunder shall be available for the payment of salaries and expenses for purchasing, storing, handling, packing, or shipping supplies and blank forms, and there shall be charged proportionately as a part of the cost of supplies issued an amount to cover such salaries and expenses, and in the case of blank forms and supplies not purchased from this appropriation an amount to cover such salaries and expenses shall be
charged proportionately to the proper appropriation: Provided further, That the facilities of the central storehouse of the Department shall to the fullest extent practicable be used to make unnecessary the maintenance of separate bureau storehouse activities in the Department: Provided further, That a separate schedules of expenditures, transfers of funds, or other transactions hereunder shall be included in the annual Budget: Provided further, That, except to provide materials required in or incident to research or experimental work where no suitable domestic product is available, no part of the funds appropriated by this Act shall be expended in the purchase of twine manufactured from commodities or materials produced outside of the United States.

Total, Office of the Secretary, $708,765.

OFFICE OF THE SOLICITOR

For all legal services for the Department of Agriculture, in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, including clerical and other necessary expenses incident thereto, $209,535, together with not to exceed such amounts from other appropriations or authorizations as are provided in the schedules in the Budget for the fiscal year 1942 for such services and other expenses, which several amounts shall be transferred to and made a part of this appropriation: Provided, That there may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia not to exceed the total amount set up in the Budget schedules for such fiscal year for such purpose under the several appropriations herein involved: Provided further, That the Secretary of Agriculture, in his discretion, may transfer to this appropriation, from the funds available for the operations of the Rural Electrification Administration and the Farm Credit Administration, such sums as he may determine are properly allocable to the cost of providing legal services for these agencies, in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, including clerical and other necessary expenses incident thereto: Provided further, That no part of the funds provided in this appropriation shall be used to pay any salary for legal services in excess of that authorized by law for the Solicitor of the Department of Agriculture.

OFFICE OF INFORMATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses in connection with the publication, indexing, illustration, and distribution of bulletins, documents, and reports, including labor-saving machinery and supplies, envelopes, stationery and materials, office furniture and fixtures, photographic equipment and materials, artists' tools and supplies, telephone and telegraph service, freight and express charges; purchase and maintenance of bicycles; purchase of manuscripts; travel expenses; electrotypes, illustrations, and other expenses not otherwise provided for, $344,882, of which not to exceed $327,062 may be used for personal services in the District of Columbia.

PRINTING AND BINDING

For all printing and binding for the Department of Agriculture, including all of its bureaus, offices, institutions, and services located in Washington, District of Columbia, and elsewhere, $1,550,111, including the purchase of reprints of scientific and technical articles published in periodicals and journals; the Annual Report of the Secretary of Agriculture, as required by the Acts of January 12,
1805 (44 U. S. C. 111, 212-220, 222, 241, 244), March 4, 1915 (7 U. S. C. 418), and June 20, 1936 (5 U. S. C. 108), and in pursuance of the Act approved March 30, 1906 (44 U. S. C. 214, 224), also including not to exceed $250,000 for farmers’ bulletins, which shall be adapted to the interests of the people of the different sections of the country, an equal proportion of four-fifths of which shall be delivered to or sent out under the addressed franks furnished by the Senators, Representatives, and Delegates in Congress, as they shall direct, and also including printing and binding in cloth, with illustrations, twenty thousand copies of the Special Report on the Diseases of the Horse, the same to be revised and brought to date, of which fifteen thousand shall be for the use of the House of Representatives, and five thousand for the use of the Senate, $20,000, and including printing and binding in cloth, with illustrations, thirty-five thousand copies of the Special Report on the Diseases of Cattle, the same to be revised and brought to date, of which twenty-six thousand two hundred shall be for the use of the House of Representatives, and eight thousand eight hundred for the use of the Senate, $20,000, but not including work done at the field printing plants of the Forest Service authorized by the Joint Committee on Printing, in accordance with the Act approved March 1, 1919 (44 U. S. C. 111, 220): Provided, That the Secretary of Agriculture may transfer to this appropriation from the appropriation made for “Conservation and Use of Agricultural Land Resources” such sums as may be necessary for printing and binding in connection with marketing quotas under the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, and from funds appropriated to carry into effect the terms of section 32 of the Act of August 24, 1935 (7 U. S. C. 612c), as amended, such sums as may be necessary for printing and binding in connection with the activities under said section 32, and from funds appropriated for parity payments under section 303 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, such sums as may be necessary for printing and binding in connection with such payments: Provided further, That the total amount that may be transferred under the authority granted in the preceding proviso shall not exceed $600,000.

Total, Office of Information, $1,894,994.

LIBRARY, DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Salaries and expenses: For purchase and exchange of books of reference, lawbooks, technical and scientific books, periodicals, and for expenses incurred in completing imperfect series; not to exceed $1,200 for newspapers; for dues, when authorized by the Secretary of Agriculture, for library membership in societies or associations which issue publications to members only or at a price to members lower than to subscribers who are not members; for salaries in the city of Washington and elsewhere; for official travel expenses, and for library fixtures, library cards, supplies, and for all other necessary expenses, $102,000, of which amount not to exceed $73,810 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

OFFICE OF EXPERIMENT STATIONS

PAYMENTS TO STATES, HAWAII, ALASKA, AND PUERTO RICO FOR AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATIONS

Hatch Act: To carry into effect the provisions of an Act approved March 2, 1887 (7 U. S. C. 362, 363, 365, 366, 377-379), entitled “An Act to establish agricultural experiment stations in connection with the colleges established in the several States under the provisions of an Act approved July 2, 1862 (7 U. S. C. 301-308), and of the Acts of
supplementary thereto, the sums apportioned to the several States, to be paid quarterly in advance, $720,000.

Adams Act: To carry into effect the provisions of an Act approved March 16, 1906 (7 U. S. C. 369), entitled "An Act to provide for an increased annual appropriation for agricultural experiment stations and regulating the expenditure thereof", and Acts supplementary thereto, the sums apportioned to the several States to be paid quarterly in advance, $720,000.

Purnell Act: To carry into effect the provisions of an Act entitled "An Act to authorize the more complete endowment of agricultural experiment stations", approved February 24, 1925 (7 U. S. C. 361, 366, 370, 371, 373–376, 380, 382), $82,880,000.


Alaska: To carry into effect the provisions of an Act entitled "An Act to extend the benefits of the Hatch Act and the Smith-Lever Act to the Territory of Alaska", approved February 23, 1929 (7 U. S. C. 386c), $15,000; and the provisions of section 2 of the Act entitled "An Act to extend the benefits of the Adams Act, the Purnell Act, and the Capper-Ketcham Act to the Territory of Alaska, and for other purposes", approved June 20, 1936 (7 U. S. C. 386a), $10,000; in all, for Alaska, $25,000.

Puerto Rico: To carry into effect the provisions of an Act entitled "An Act to coordinate the agricultural experiment station work and to extend the benefits of certain Acts of Congress to the Territory of Puerto Rico", approved March 4, 1931 (7 U. S.C. 386d–386f), $50,000.

Title I, Bankhead-Jones Act: For payments to States, Hawaii, Alaska, and Puerto Rico, pursuant to authorizations contained in title I of an Act entitled "An Act to provide for research into basic laws and principles relating to agriculture and to provide for the further development of cooperative agricultural extension work and the more complete endowment and support of land-grant colleges", approved June 29, 1935 (7 U. S. C. 427–427g), $2,463,708: Provided, That of this amount $63,708 shall be allotted to States and Territories for which allotments under the Bankhead-Jones Act, title I, for the fiscal year 1942 are less than the allotment of the respective State or Territory in the fiscal year 1941, each such State or Territory to receive a total allotment under the Bankhead-Jones Act, title I, in 1942 at least equal to the allotment for the respective State or Territory in 1941.

In all, payments to States, Hawaii, Alaska, and Puerto Rico for agricultural experiment stations, $6,933,708.

**SALARIES AND EXPENSES**

Administration of grants to States and coordination of research: To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to enforce the provisions of the Acts approved March 2, 1887, March 16, 1906, February 24, 1925, May 16, 1928, February 23, 1929, March 4, 1931, and June 20, 1936, and Acts amendatory or supplementary thereto (7 U. S. C. 361–386f), relative to their administration and for the administration of an agricultural experiment station in Puerto Rico, including the employment of persons and means in the city of Washington and elsewhere, $161,735; and the Secretary of Agriculture shall prescribe the form of the annual financial statement required under the above Acts, ascertain whether the expenditures are in accordance with their provisions, coordinate the research work of the Department of Agriculture and
coordinate the research work of the Department with that of the State agricultural colleges and experiment stations in the lines authorized in said Acts, and make report thereon to Congress.

Insular experiment stations: To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to establish and maintain an agricultural experiment station in Puerto Rico, including the erection of buildings, the preparation, illustration, and distribution of reports and bulletins, $83,000: Provided, That the Secretary of Agriculture may, at his discretion, transfer such property and equipment, including the library, of the Hawaii Experiment Station, formerly maintained by the Department of Agriculture, as he may deem necessary and advisable to the experiment station of the University of Hawaii, which has been conducted jointly and in collaboration with the former Federal station under the Act of May 16, 1928 (7 U. S. C. 386-386b); and the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized to sell such products as are obtained on the land belonging to the agricultural experiment station in Puerto Rico, and the amount obtained from the sale thereof shall be covered into the Treasury of the United States as miscellaneous receipts.

In all, salaries and expenses, $244,735.

Total, Office of Experiment Stations, $7,170,943, of which amount not to exceed $151,900 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

SPECIAL RESEARCH FUND, DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

For enabling the Secretary of Agriculture to carry into effect the provisions of an Act entitled “An Act to provide for research into basic laws and principles relating to agriculture and to provide for the further development of cooperative agricultural extension work and the more complete endowment and support of land-grant colleges”, approved June 29, 1935 (7 U. S. C. 427, 427b, 427c, 427f); for administration of the provisions of section 5 of the said Act, and for special research work, including the planning, programming, coordination, and printing the results of such research, to be conducted by such agencies of the Department of Agriculture as the Secretary of Agriculture may designate or establish, and to which he may make allotments from this fund, including the employment of persons and means in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, and the purchase, maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled and horse-drawn passenger-carrying vehicles necessary in the conduct of field work outside the District of Columbia, $1,200,000, of which amount $700,000 shall be available for the maintenance and operation of research laboratories and facilities in the major agricultural regions provided for by section 4 of said Act.

EXTENSION SERVICE

PAYMENTS TO STATES, HAWAII, ALASKA, AND PUERTO RICO

Capper-Ketcham extension work: To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to carry into effect the provisions of the Act entitled “An Act to provide for the further development of agricultural extension work between the agricultural colleges in the several States receiving the benefits of the Act entitled ‘An Act donating public lands to the several States and Territories which may provide colleges for the benefit of agriculture and mechanic arts’, approved July 2, 1862 (7 U. S. C. 301-308); and all Acts supplementary
thereto, and the United States Department of Agriculture”, approved May 22, 1928 (7 U. S. C. 343a, 343b), $1,480,000.

Extension work, Act of April 24, 1939: To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to carry into effect the provisions of the Act entitled “An Act to provide for the further development of cooperative agricultural extension work”, approved April 24, 1939 (7 U. S. C. 343 c-1), as amended, $555,000.

Extension work, section 21, Bankhead-Jones Act: To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to carry into effect the provisions of section 21, title II, of the Act entitled “An Act to provide for the further development of cooperative agricultural extension work and the more complete endowment and support of land-grant colleges”, approved June 29, 1935 (7 U. S. C. 343c), $12,000,000.

Alaska: To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to carry into effect the provisions of the Act entitled “An Act to extend the benefits of the Hatch Act and the Smith-Lever Act to the Territory of Alaska”, approved February 23, 1929 (7 U. S. C. 386c), $13,918; and the provisions of section 3 of the Act entitled “An Act to extend the benefits of the Adams Act, the Purnell Act, and the Capper-Ketchum Act to the Territory of Alaska, and for other purposes”, approved June 20, 1936 (7 U. S. C. 343f), $10,000; in all, for Alaska, $23,918.

Puerto Rico: To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to carry into effect the provisions of the Act entitled “An Act to extend the benefits of section 21 of the Bankhead-Jones Act to Puerto Rico”, approved August 28, 1937 (7 U. S. C. 343f-343g), $100,000.

In all, payments to States, Hawaii, Alaska, and Puerto Rico for agricultural extension work, $14,158,918.

**SALARIES AND EXPENSES**

Administration and coordination of extension work: For the employment of persons and means in the District of Columbia and elsewhere to enable the Secretary of Agriculture to administer the provisions of the Smith-Lever Act, approved May 8, 1914 (7 U. S. C. 341-348), and Acts amendatory or supplementary thereto, and to coordinate the extension work of the Department and the several States, Territories, and insular possessions, $550,000.

Extension information: For the employment of persons and means in the District of Columbia and elsewhere for the development, preparation, distribution, and display by the Extension Service of exhibits, motion pictures, sound recordings, and other educational and informational media and for the dissemination of information, designed to increase the effectiveness of the cooperative extension work of the Department and the land-grant colleges in agriculture and home economics; and to cooperate with other bureaus and offices of the Department of Agriculture and with Federal, State, county, municipal, and other agencies, including State, interstate, international, and other fairs held within the United States, in such development, preparation, distribution, and display of such educational and informational material, $240,000.

In all, salaries and expenses, $790,000, of which amount not to exceed $667,756 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

Total, Extension Service, $14,948,918.

**BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS**

Salaries and expenses: For acquiring and diffusing useful information among the people of the United States, for conducting investiga-
tions, experiments, and demonstrations, and for aiding in formulating programs for authorized activities of the Department of Agriculture, relative to agricultural production, distribution, land utilization, and conservation in their broadest aspects, including farm management and practice, utilization of farm and food products, purchasing of farm supplies, farm population and rural life, farm labor, farm finance, insurance and taxation, adjustments in production to probable demand for the different farm and food products; land ownership and values, costs, prices and income in their relation to agriculture, including causes for their variations and trends, including the employment of persons and means in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, either independently or in cooperation with public agencies or organizations, $857,105, together with $1,762,895 transferred from other appropriations as herein provided, of which amount not to exceed $1,615,812 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia: Provided, That the Secretary may transfer to this appropriation from the funds available for authorized activities of the Department of Agriculture, such sums as may be necessary for aiding in formulating programs for such authorized activities, including expenditures for employment of persons and means in the District of Columbia and elsewhere.

OFFICE OF FOREIGN AGRICULTURAL RELATIONS

Salaries and expenses: For carrying out the functions of the Secretary of Agriculture under the Act of June 5, 1930 (7 U.S.C. 541-545), independently and in cooperation with other branches of the Government, State agencies, purchasing and consuming organizations, and persons engaged in the production, transportation, marketing, and distribution of farm and food products; to enable the Secretary of Agriculture to cooperate with American republics, as provided for by the Act approved August 9, 1939 (22 U.S.C. 249), and including the employment of persons and means in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, and the purchase of such books and periodicals and not to exceed $500 for newspapers as may be necessary in connection with this work, $221,716.

Grand total, Office of the Secretary of Agriculture, $27,313,976.

BUREAU OF ANIMAL INDUSTRY

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For the employment of persons and means in the District of Columbia and elsewhere for carrying out the provisions of the Act, as amended, establishing a Bureau of Animal Industry, and related Acts; and the Secretary of Agriculture, upon application of any exporter, importer, packer, owner, agent of, or dealer, in livestock, hides, skins, meat, or other animal products, may, in his discretion, make inspections and examinations at places other than the headquarters of inspectors for the convenience of said applicants and charge the applicants for the expenses of travel and subsistence incurred for such inspections and examinations, the funds derived from such charges to be deposited in the Treasury of the United States to the credit of the appropriation from which the expenses are paid; collect and disseminate information concerning livestock and animal products; prepare and disseminate reports on animal industry; purchase in the open market samples of all tuberculin, serums, antitoxins, or analogous products, of foreign or domestic manufacture, which are sold in the United States, for the detection, prevention, treatment, or cure of diseases of domestic animals, test the same, and disseminate the results of said tests in such
manner as he may deem best, and purchase and destroy diseased or exposed animals, including poultry, or quarantine the same whenever in his judgment essential to prevent the spread of pleuropneumonia, tuberculosis, contagious poultry diseases, or other diseases of animals from one State to another, as follows:

General administrative expenses: For necessary expenses for general administrative purposes, including the salary of chief of bureau and other personal services in the District of Columbia, $170,020.

Animal husbandry: For investigations and experiments in animal husbandry; for experiments in animal feeding and breeding, including cooperation with the State agricultural experiment stations and other agencies, including repairs and additions to and erection of buildings absolutely necessary to carry on the experiments, $824,380, including $12,500 for livestock experiments and demonstrations at Big Spring or elsewhere in Texas, to be available only when the State of Texas, or other cooperating agency in Texas, shall have appropriated an equal amount or, in the opinion of the Secretary of Agriculture, shall have furnished its equivalent in value in cooperation for the same purpose during the fiscal year for which appropriations are herein made: Provided, That of the sum thus appropriated $243,957 may be used for experiments in poultry feeding and breeding, of which amount $45,000 may be used in cooperation with State authorities in the administration of regulations for the improvement of poultry, poultry products, and hatcheries.

Diseases of animals: For scientific investigations of diseases of animals, including the construction of necessary buildings at Beltsville, Maryland, and necessary expenses for investigations of tuberculin, sera, antitoxins, and analogous products, $707,000: Provided, That of said sum $323,182 may be used for researches concerning the cause, modes of spread, and methods of treatment and prevention of the disease of contagious abortion of animals.

Eradicating tuberculosis and Bang's disease: For the control and eradication of the diseases of tuberculosis and paratuberculosis of animals, avian tuberculosis, and Bang's disease of cattle, $8,338,140, together with $750,000 of the unobligated balance of the appropriation made under this head for the fiscal year 1941: Provided, That in carrying out the purpose of this appropriation, if in the opinion of the Secretary of Agriculture it shall be necessary to condemn and destroy tuberculous or paratuberculous cattle, or cattle reacting to the test for Bang's disease, and if such animals have been destroyed, condemned, or die after condemnation, he may, in his discretion, and in accordance with such rules and regulations as he may prescribe, expend in the city of Washington or elsewhere such sums as he shall determine to be necessary for the payment of indemnities to owners of such cattle except as hereinafter provided, no part of the money hereby appropriated shall be used in compensating owners of such cattle except in cooperation with and supplementary to payments to be made by State, Territory, county, or municipality where condemnation of such cattle shall take place, nor shall any payment be made hereunder as compensation for or on account of any such animal if at the time of inspection or test, or at the time of condemnation thereof, it shall belong to or be upon the premises of any person, firm, or corporation to which it has been sold, shipped, or delivered for the purpose of being slaughtered: Provided further, That out of the money hereby appropriated no payment as compensation for any cattle condemned for slaughter shall exceed one-third of the difference between the appraised value of such cattle and the value of the salvage thereof; that no payment hereunder shall exceed the amount paid or to be paid by the State, Territory, county, and
municipality where the animal shall be condemned; and that in no case shall any payment hereunder be more than $25 for any grade animal or more than $50 for any purebred animal.

Eradicating cattle ticks: For the eradication of southern cattle ticks, $300,000: Provided, That, except upon the written order of the Secretary of Agriculture, no part of this appropriation shall be used for the purchase of animals or in the purchase of materials for or in the construction of dipping vats upon land not owned solely by the United States, except at fairs or expositions where the Department of Agriculture makes exhibits or demonstrations; nor shall any part of this appropriation be used in the purchase of materials or mixtures for use in dipping vats except in experimental or demonstration work carried on by the officials or agents of the Bureau of Animal Industry: Provided further, That not to exceed $5,000 of the amount herein made available may be used to purchase and supply beef to the Seminole Indians of the Big Cypress Swamp area, Hendry County, Florida, during the time that deer infested with cattle ticks are being removed from said area and until such area is restocked with deer.

Hog-cholera control: For the control and eradication of hog cholera and related swine diseases, by such means as may be necessary, including demonstrations, the formation of organizations, and other methods, either independently or in cooperation with farmers’ associations, State or county authorities, $112,728.

Inspection and quarantine: For inspection and quarantine work, including the eradication of scabies in sheep and cattle and dourine in horses, the inspection of southern cattle, the supervision of the transportation of livestock, and the inspection of vessels, the execution of the twenty-eight-hour law, the inspection and quarantine of imported animals, including the establishment and maintenance of quarantine stations and repairs, alterations, improvements, or additions to buildings thereon; the inspection work relative to the existence of contagious diseases, and the mallein testing of animals, $611,500.

Meat inspection: For expenses in carrying out the provisions of the Meat Inspection Act of June 30, 1906, as amended by the Act of March 4, 1907, as extended to equine meat by the Act of July 24, 1919 (21 U.S.C. 71-96), as authorized by section 2 (a) of the Act of June 26, 1934 (31 U.S.C. 725a), and as further amended by the Act of June 29, 1938 (21 U.S.C. 91), including the purchase of printed tags, labels, stamps, and certificates without regard to existing laws applicable to public printing, $5,429,820.

Virus Serum Toxin Act: For carrying out the provisions of the Act approved March 4, 1913 (21 U.S.C. 151-158), regulating the preparation, sale, barter, exchange, or shipment of any virus, serum, toxin, or analogous product manufactured in the United States and the importation of such products intended for use in the treatment of domestic animals, $218,712.

Marketing agreements with respect to hog cholera virus and serum: The sum of $30,000 of the appropriation made by section 12 (a) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act, approved May 12, 1933, is hereby made available during the fiscal year for which appropriations are herein made to carry into effect sections 56 to 60 inclusive, of the Act approved August 24, 1935 (7 U.S.C. 851-855), entitled “An Act to amend the Agricultural Adjustment Act, and for other purposes”, including the employment of persons and means in the District of Columbia and elsewhere.

In all, salaries and expenses, Bureau of Animal Industry, $13,972,300.
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ERADICATION OF FOOT-AND-MOUTH AND OTHER CONTAGIOUS DISEASES OF ANIMALS

In case of an emergency arising out of the existence of foot-and-mouth disease, rinderpest, contagious pleuropneumonia, or other contagious or infectious disease of animals, which, in the opinion of the Secretary of Agriculture, threatens the livestock industry of the country, he may expend in the city of Washington or elsewhere any unexpended balances of appropriations heretofore made for this purpose in the arrest and eradication of any such disease, including the payment of claims growing out of past and future purchases and destruction, in cooperation with the States, of animals affected by or exposed to, or of materials contaminated by or exposed to, any such disease, wherever found and irrespective of ownership, under like or substantially similar circumstances, when such owner has complied with all lawful quarantine regulations: Provided, That the payment for animals hereafter purchased may be made on appraisement based on the meat, dairy, or breeding value, but in case of appraisement based on breeding value no appraisement of any animal shall exceed three times its meat or dairy value, and, except in case of an extraordinary emergency, to be determined by the Secretary of Agriculture, the payment by the United States Government for any animals shall not exceed one-half of any such appraisements: Provided further, That the sum of $5,000 of the unexpended balance of the appropriation of $3,500,000 contained in the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1924, approved December 5, 1924, for the eradication of the foot-and-mouth disease and other contagious or infectious diseases of animals, is hereby made available during the fiscal year for which appropriations are herein made to enable the Secretary of Agriculture to control and eradicate the European fowl pest and similar diseases in poultry.

Total, Bureau of Animal Industry, $13,972,300, of which amount not to exceed $653,615 may be expended for departmental personal services in the District of Columbia, and not to exceed $109,675 shall be available for the purchase of motor-propelled and horse-drawn passenger-carrying vehicles necessary in the conduct of field work outside the District of Columbia.

BUREAU OF DAIRY INDUSTRY

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For carrying out the provisions of the Act approved May 29, 1924 (7 U. S. C. 401-404), establishing a Bureau of Dairying, for salaries in the city of Washington and elsewhere, and for all other necessary expenses, as follows:

General administrative expenses: For necessary expenses for general administrative purposes, including the salary of the Chief of Bureau and other personal services in the District of Columbia, $75,400.

Dairy investigations: For conducting investigations, experiments, and demonstrations in dairy industry, cooperative investigations of the dairy industry in the various States, and inspection of renovated-butter factories, including repairs to buildings, not to exceed $5,000 for the construction of buildings, $655,805.

Total, salaries and expenses, Bureau of Dairy Industry, $731,305, of which amount not to exceed $349,160 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.
BUREAU OF PLANT INDUSTRY

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For the investigation of fruits, fruit trees, grain, cotton, tobacco, vegetables, grasses, forage, drug, medicinal, poisonous, fiber, and other plants and plant industries, and of soils and soil-plant relationships, in cooperation with other branches of the Department, the State experiment stations, and practical farmers; for the erection of necessary farm buildings: Provided, That the cost of any building erected, except head houses connecting greenhouses, shall not exceed $2,500; and for the employment of persons and means in the city of Washington and elsewhere required for the investigations, experiments, and demonstrations herein authorized, as follows:

General administrative expenses: For necessary expenses for general administrative purposes, including the salary of chief of bureau and other personal services in the District of Columbia, $209,942.

Arlington Farm: For continuing the maintenance of a general experiment farm and agricultural station on the Arlington estate, in the State of Virginia and in the vicinity of Beltsville, Maryland, in accordance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved April 18, 1900 (31 Stat. 135, 136), as amended by the Act of October 9, 1940 (Public, Numbered 812), $49,414.

Cereal crops and diseases: For the investigation and improvement of cereals, including corn, and methods of cereal production and for the study and control of cereal diseases, for the investigation of the cultivation and breeding of flax for seed purposes, including a study of flax diseases, for the investigation and improvement of broomcorn and methods of broomcorn production, and for determining the distribution of weeds and means for their control, $576,600, of which $40,000 shall be available for investigations concerning the control and eradication of whitetop, bindweed, and other noxious weeds.

Cotton and other fiber crops and diseases: For investigation of the production of cotton and other fiber crops, including the improvement by cultural methods, breeding, and selection, fiber yield and quality, cotton soil-fertility, and the control of diseases, $443,535, of which sum not less than $14,700 shall be used for experimenting in Sea Island cotton, including its hybridization with other varieties.

Drug and related plants: For the investigation, testing, and improvement of plants yielding drugs, spices, poisons, oils, and related products and byproducts, $48,500.

Dry-land agriculture: For the investigation and improvement of methods of crop production under subhumid, semiarid, or dry-land conditions, $229,228: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be used for the establishment of any new field station.

Forage crops and diseases: For the investigation and improvement of forage crops, including grasses, alfalfas, clovers, soybeans, lespedezas, vetches, cowpeas, field peas, and miscellaneous legumes; for the investigation of green-manure crops and cover crops; for investigations looking to the improvement of pastures; and for the investigation of forage-crop diseases and methods of control, $304,000.

Forest pathology: For the investigation of diseases of forest and ornamental trees and shrubs, including a study of the nature and habits of the parasitic fungi causing the chestnut-tree bark disease, the white-pine blister rust, and other epidemic tree diseases, for the purpose of discovering new methods of control and applying methods
of eradication or control already discovered, and including $110,969 for investigations of diseases of forest trees and forest products, under section 3 of the Act approved May 22, 1928 (16 U. S. C. 581b), $255,000.

Fruit and vegetable crops and diseases: For investigation and control of diseases, for improvement of methods of culture, propagation, breeding, selection, and related activities concerned with the production of fruits, nuts, vegetables, ornamentals, and related plants, for investigation of methods of harvesting, packing, shipping, storing and utilizing these products, and for studies of the physiological and related changes of such products during processes of marketing and while in commercial storage, $1,441,362.

Irrigation agriculture: For investigations of crop production on irrigable lands, the quality of irrigation water and its use by crops, and methods for improving and maintaining the productivity of irrigated soils, $140,500.

National Arboretum: For the maintenance and development of the National Arboretum established under the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act authorizing the Secretary of Agriculture to establish a National Arboretum, and for other purposes," approved March 4, 1927 (20 U. S. C. 191-194), erection of buildings, employment of persons and means in the city of Washington and elsewhere, and travel expenses of employees and advisory council, $54,587, of which such amounts as may be necessary may be expended by contract or otherwise for the services of consulting landscape architects without reference to the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, or civil-service rules.

Plant exploration, introduction, and surveys: For investigations in seed and plant introduction, including the study, collection, purchase, testing, propagation, and distribution of rare and valuable seeds, bulbs, trees, shrubs, vines, cuttings, and plants from foreign countries and from our possessions, and also wild native plants, for experiments with reference to their introduction and cultivation in this country, for plant-disease investigations, including nematology, and for plant and plant-disease collections and surveys, $390,947.

Soil and fertilizer investigations: For soil and fertilizer investigations, including soil minerals, soil organic matter, soil solution, soil physical and chemical investigations, soil microbiology, including the testing of cultures procured in the open market for inoculating legumes, other crops, or soil, and if any such samples are found to be impure, nonviable, or misbranded, the results of the tests may be published, together with the names of the manufacturers and of the persons by whom the cultures were offered for sale; for investigations of the causes of soil infertility and the maintenance of soil productivity; and for investigations within the United States of fertilizers, fertilizer ingredients, including phosphoric acid and potash, and other soil amendments, and their suitability for agricultural use, $355,021.

Soil survey: For the investigation of soils and their origin, for survey of the extent of classes and types, and for indicating upon maps and plats, by coloring or otherwise, the results of such investigations and surveys, $275,000.

Sugar-plant investigations: For sugar-plant investigations, including studies of diseases and the improvement of sugar beets and sugar-beet seed, sugarcane, and other sugar-producing plants, cultural and production methods, and the improvement and maintenance of soil fertility in relation to sugar plants, $367,275.

Tobacco investigations: For the investigation and improvement of tobacco and the methods of tobacco production and handling, $140,544.
Total, salaries and expenses, Bureau of Plant Industry, $5,941,455, of which amount not to exceed $1,219,451 may be expended for departmental personal services in the District of Columbia and not to exceed $24,895 shall be available for the purchase of motor-propelled and horse-drawn passenger-carrying vehicles necessary in the conduct of field work outside the District of Columbia.

FOREST SERVICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For the employment of persons and means in the District of Columbia and elsewhere to enable the Secretary of Agriculture to experiment and to make and continue investigations and report on forestry, national forests, forest fires, and lumbering, but no part of this appropriation shall be used for any experiment or test made outside the jurisdiction of the United States; to advise the owners of woodlands as to the proper care of the same; to investigate and test American timber and timber trees and their uses, and methods for the preservative treatment of timber; to seek, through investigations and the planting of native and foreign species, suitable trees for the treeless regions; to erect necessary buildings: Provided, That the cost of any building purchased, erected, or as improved, exclusive of the cost of constructing a water-supply or sanitary system and of connecting the same with any such building, and exclusive of the cost of any tower upon which a lookout house may be erected, shall not exceed $7,500, with the exception that any building erected, purchased, or acquired, the cost of which was $7,500 or more, may be improved out of the appropriations made under this Act for the Forest Service by an amount not to exceed 2 per centum of the cost of such building as certified by the Secretary of Agriculture; to protect, administer, and improve the national forests, including tree planting and other measures to prevent erosion, drift, surface wash, soil waste, and the formation of floods, and to conserve water and the payment of rewards under regulations of the Secretary of Agriculture for information leading to the arrest and conviction for violation of the laws and regulations relating to fires in or near national forests, or for the unlawful taking of, or injury to, Government property; to ascertain the natural conditions upon and utilize the national forests, to transport and care for fish and game supplied to stock the national forests or the waters therein; to collate, digest, report, and illustrate the results of experiments and investigations made by the Forest Service; to purchase lawbooks, reference and technical books, and technical journals for officers of the Forest Service stationed outside of Washington, and for medical supplies and services and other assistance necessary for the immediate relief of artisans, laborers, and other employees engaged in any hazardous work under the Forest Service: Provided further, That the appropriations for the work of the Forest Service shall be available for meeting the expenses of warehouse maintenance and the procurement, care, and handling of supplies, equipment, and materials stored therein for distribution to projects under the supervision of the Forest Service and for sale and distribution to other Government activities and to State and private agencies who cooperate with the Forest Service in fire control under terms of written cooperative agreements, the cost of such supplies, equipment, and materials, including the cost of supervision, transportation, warehousing, and handling, to be reimbursed to appropriations current at the time additional supplies and materials are procured for warehouse stocks: Provided further, That the appropriations for the work of the Forest Service.
Service available for the operation, repair, maintenance, and replacement of motor and other equipment may be reimbursed for use of such equipment on projects of the Forest Service chargeable to other appropriations, or on work of other Federal agencies, when requested by such agencies, reimbursement to be made from appropriations applicable to the work on which used at rental rates fixed by the Chief Forester based on the actual or estimated cost of operation, repair, maintenance, depreciation, and equipment management control, and credited to appropriations currently available at the time adjustment is effected: Provided further, That the Forest Service may rent equipment for fire-control purposes to State, county, private, or other non-Federal agencies cooperating with the Forest Service in fire control under the terms of written cooperative agreements, the amount collected for such rental to be credited to appropriations currently available at the time payment is received, as follows:

General administrative expenses: For necessary expenses for general administrative purposes, including the salary of the Chief Forester, for the necessary expenses of the National Forest Reservation Commission as authorized by section 14 of the Act of March 1, 1911 (16 U. S. C. 514), and for other personal services in the District of Columbia, $598,520.

National forest protection and management: For the administration, protection, use, maintenance, improvement, and development of the national forests, including the establishment and maintenance of forest tree nurseries, including the procurement of tree seed and nursery stock by purchase, production, or otherwise, seeding and tree planting and the care of plantations and young growth; the maintenance and operation of aerial fire control by contract or otherwise; the maintenance of roads and trails and the construction and maintenance of all other improvements necessary for the proper and economical administration, protection, development, and use of the national forests, including experimental areas under Forest Service administration: Provided, That where, in the opinion of the Secretary of Agriculture, direct purchases will be more economical than construction, improvements may be purchased; the construction, equipment, and maintenance of sanitary, fire preventative, and recreational facilities; control of destructive forest tree diseases and insects; timber cultural operations; development and application of fish and game management plans; propagation and transplanting of plants suitable for planting on semiarid portions of the national forests; estimating and appraising of timber and other resources and development and application of plans for their effective management, sale, and use; examination, classification, surveying, and appraisal of land incident to effecting exchanges authorized by law and of lands within the boundaries of the national forests that may be opened to homestead settlement and entry under the Act of June 11, 1906, and the Act of August 10, 1912 (16 U. S. C. 506–509), as provided by the Act of March 4, 1913 (16 U. S. C. 512); and all expenses necessary for the use, maintenance, improvement, protection, and general administration of the national forests, including lands under contract for purchase or for the acquisition of which condemnation proceedings have been instituted under the Act of March 1, 1911 (16 U. S. C. 521), and the Act of June 7, 1924 (16 U. S. C. 471, 499, 505, 564–570), lands transferred by authority of the Secretary of Agriculture from the Resettlement Administration to the Forest Service, and lands transferred to the Forest Service under authority of the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act, $11,060,411, of which $14,411 shall be transferred to and made a part of the appropriation, "Salaries and
expenses, Bureau of Agricultural Economics”: Provided, That $200 of this appropriation shall be available for the expenses of properly caring for the graves of fire fighters buried at Wallace, Idaho; Newport, Washington; and Saint Maries, Idaho: Provided further, That in sales of logs, ties, poles, posts, cordwood, pulpwood, and other forest products the amounts made available for schools and roads by the Act of May 23, 1908 (16 U. S. C. 500), and the Act of March 4, 1913 (16 U. S. C. 501), shall be based upon the stumpage value of the timber.

Water rights: For the investigation and establishment of water rights, including the purchase thereof or of lands or interests in lands or rights-of-way for use and protection of water rights necessary or beneficial in connection with the administration and public use of the national forests, $20,000.

Fighting forest fires: For fighting and preventing forest fires on or threatening lands under Forest Service administration, including lands under contract for purchase or in process of condemnation for Forest Service purposes, and unappropriated public forest lands, $100,000, which amount shall also be available for meeting obligations of the preceding fiscal year.

Private forestry cooperation: For cooperation with and advice to timberland owners and associations, wood-using industries or other appropriate agencies in the application of forest management principles to federally owned lands leased to States and to private forest lands, so as to attain sustained yield management, the conservation of the timber resource, the productivity of forest lands, and the stabilization of employment and economic continuance of forest industries, $99,558, of which $1,558 shall be transferred to and made a part of the appropriation, “Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Agricultural Economics”.

Forest research: For forest research in accordance with the provisions of sections 1, 2, 7, 8, 9, and 10 of the Act entitled “An Act to insure adequate supplies of timber and other forest products for the people of the United States, to promote the full use for timber growing and other purposes of forest lands in the United States, including farm wood lots and those abandoned areas not suitable for agricultural production, and to secure the correlation and the most economical conduct of forest research in the Department of Agriculture through research in reforestation, timber growing, protection, utilization, forest economics, and related subjects”, approved May 22, 1928, as amended (16 U. S. C. 581, 581a, 581f–581i), as follows:

Forest management: Fire, silvicultural, and other forest investigations and experiments under section 2, as amended, at forest experiment stations or elsewhere, $605,000.

Range investigations: Investigations and experiments to develop improved methods of management of forest and other ranges under section 7, at forest or range experiment stations or elsewhere, $270,935.

Forest products: Experiments, investigations, and tests of forest products under section 8, at the Forest Products Laboratory, or elsewhere, $782,500.

Forest survey: A comprehensive forest survey under section 9, $249,337, of which $2,337 shall be transferred to and made a part of the appropriation, “Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Agricultural Economics”.

Forest economics: Investigations in forest economics under section 10, $140,000.

Forest influences: For investigations and experiments at forest experiment stations or elsewhere for determining and demonstrating
the influence of natural vegetative cover characteristic of forest, range, or other wild land on water conservation, flood control, stream-flow regulation, erosion, climate, and maintenance of soil productivity, and for developing preventive and control measures therefor, $135,000.

In all, salaries and expenses, $14,051,261; and in addition thereto there are hereby appropriated all moneys received as contributions toward cooperative work under the provisions of section 1 of the Act approved March 3, 1925 (16 U.S. C. 572), which funds shall be covered into the Treasury and constitute a part of the special funds provided by the Act of June 30, 1914 (16 U.S. C. 498): Provided, That not to exceed $870,051 may be expended for departmental personal services in the District of Columbia: Provided further, That not to exceed $1,500 may be expended for the contribution of the United States to the cost of the office of the secretariat of the International Union of Forest Research Stations and of the Department of Timber Utilization of the Comité International du Bois.

FOREST-FIRE COOPERATION

For cooperation with the various States or other appropriate agencies in forest-fire prevention and suppression and the protection of timbered and cut-over lands in accordance with the provisions of sections 1, 2, and 3 of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the protection of forest lands, for the reforestation of denuded areas, for the extension of national forests, and for other purposes, in order to promote continuous production of timber on lands chiefly valuable therefor", approved June 7, 1924, as amended (16 U.S. C. 564-570), including also the study of the effect of tax laws and the investigation of timber insurance as provided in section 3 of said Act, $2,425,000, of which not to exceed $7,790 shall be transferred to and made a part of the appropriation, "Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Agricultural Economics", and not to exceed $65,540 shall be available for departmental personal services in the District of Columbia and not to exceed $2,500 for the purchase of supplies and equipment required for the purposes of said Act in the District of Columbia.

ACQUISITION OF LANDS FOR NATIONAL FORESTS

For the acquisition of forest lands under the provisions of the Act approved March 1, 1911, as amended (16 U.S. C. 513-519, 521), including the transfer to the Office of the Solicitor of such funds for the employment by that office of persons and means in the District of Columbia and elsewhere as may be necessary in connection with the acquisition of such lands, $1,797,348, of which $9,348 shall be transferred to and made a part of the appropriation, "Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Agricultural Economics", and not to exceed $80,000 of the sum appropriated in this paragraph may be expended for departmental personal services in the District of Columbia and not to exceed $2,500 for the purchase of supplies and equipment required for the purposes of said Act in the District of Columbia.

Control of soil erosion and flood damage.
and Ouachita National Forests in Arkansas, Act of March 5, 1940 (54 Stat. 46), $150,000; Angeles National Forest, California, Act of June 11, 1940 (54 Stat. 299), $35,000; Cleveland National Forest in San Diego County, California, Act of June 11, 1940 (54 Stat. 297-298), $6,000; Sequoia National Forest, California, Act of June 17, 1940 (54 Stat. 402), $35,000; in all, $316,000.

Total, Forest Service, $18,589,609, of which amount not to exceed $56,405 shall be available for the purchase of motor-propelled and horse-drawn passenger-carrying vehicles necessary in the conduct of field work outside the District of Columbia, and in addition thereto there is authorized for expenditure from funds provided for carrying out the provisions of the Federal Highway Act of November 9, 1921 (23 U. S. C. 21, 23), not to exceed $10,232 for the purchase of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles for use by the Forest Service in the construction and maintenance of national-forest roads.

FOREST ROADS AND TRAILS

For carrying out the provisions of section 23 of the Federal Highway Act approved November 9, 1921 (23 U. S. C. 23), including not to exceed $59,500 for departmental personal services in the District of Columbia, $9,990,165, of which $34,665 shall be transferred to and made a part of the appropriation, "Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Agricultural Economics", which sum is a part of the balance of the amount authorized to be appropriated for the fiscal year 1941 by the Act approved June 8, 1938 (52 Stat. 635), to be immediately available and to remain available until expended: Provided, That this appropriation shall be available for the rental, purchase, or construction of buildings necessary for the storage and repair of equipment and supplies used for road and trail construction and maintenance, but the total cost of any such building purchased or constructed under this authorization shall not exceed $7,500: Provided further, That there shall be available from this appropriation not to exceed $5,000 for the purchase of land and $45,000 for the construction of a building at Missoula, Montana, for the storage and repair of Government equipment for use in the construction and maintenance of roads.

BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL CHEMISTRY AND ENGINEERING

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For investigations, experiments, and demonstrations hereinafter authorized, independently or in cooperation with other branches of the Department of Agriculture, other departments or agencies of the Federal Government, States, State agricultural experiment stations, universities, and other State agencies and institutions, counties, municipalities, business, farm, or other organizations and corporations, individuals, associations, and scientific societies, including the employment of necessary persons and means in the city of Washington and elsewhere; and for erection, alteration, and repair of buildings outside the District of Columbia at a total cost not to exceed $15,000, as follows:

General administrative expenses: For necessary expenses for general administrative purposes, including the salary of Chief of Bureau and other personal services in the District of Columbia, $105,500.

Agricultural chemical investigations: For conducting the investigations contemplated by the Act of May 15, 1862 (5 U. S. C. 511, 512), relating to the application of chemistry to agriculture; for the biologi-
cal, chemical, physical, microscopical, and technological investigation of foods, feeds, drugs, plant and animal products, and substances used in the manufacture thereof; for investigations of the physiological effects and for the pharmacological testing of such products and of insecticides; for the investigation and development of methods for the manufacture of sugars, sugar sirups, and starches and the utilization of new agricultural materials for such purposes; for the technological investigation of the utilization of fruits and vegetables and for frozen pack investigations; for the investigation of chemicals for the control of noxious weeds and plants; and to cooperate with associations and scientific societies in the development of methods of analysis, $342,664.

Agricultural engineering investigations: For investigations, experiments, and demonstrations involving the application of engineering principles to agriculture; for investigating and reporting upon the different kinds of farm power and appliances; upon farm domestic water supply and sewage disposal, upon the design and construction of farm buildings and their appurtenances and of buildings for processing and storing farm products; upon farm power and mechanical farm equipment and rural electrification, upon the engineering problems relating to the processing, transportation, and storage of perishable and other agricultural products; and upon the engineering problems involved in adapting physical characteristics of farm land to the use of modern farm machinery; for investigations of cotton ginning under the Act approved April 19, 1930 (7 U. S. C., 424, 425); for giving expert advice and assistance in agricultural and chemical engineering; for collating, reporting, and illustrating the results of investigations and preparing, publishing, and distributing bulletins, plans, and reports, $314,469.

Naval-stores investigations: For the investigation of naval stores (turpentine and rosin) and their components; the investigation and experimental demonstration of improved equipment, methods, or processes of preparing naval stores; the weighing, storing, handling, transportation, and utilization of naval stores; and for the assembling and compilation of data on production, distribution, and consumption of turpentine and rosin, pursuant to the Act of August 15, 1935 (5 U. S. C. 556b), $113,400.

Total, salaries and expenses, Bureau of Agricultural Chemistry and Engineering, $877,733, of which amount not to exceed $462,572 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia, and not to exceed $2,400 shall be available for the purchase of motor-propelled and horse-drawn passenger-carrying vehicles necessary in the conduct of field work outside the District of Columbia.

BUREAU OF ENTOMOLOGY AND PLANT QUARANTINE

For necessary expenses connected with investigations, experiments, and demonstrations for the promotion of economic entomology, for investigating and ascertaining the best means of destroying insects and related pests injurious to agriculture, for investigating and importing useful and beneficial insects and bacterial, fungal, and other diseases of insects and related pests, for investigating and ascertaining the best means of destroying insects affecting man and animals, to enable the Secretary of Agriculture to carry into effect the provisions of the Plant Quarantine Act of August 20, 1912, as amended (7 U. S. C. 146, 147, 151-167, 281, 282), to conduct other activities hereinafter authorized, and for the eradication, control, and prevention of spread of injurious insects and plant pests, inde-
pendently or in cooperation with other branches of the Federal Government, States, counties, municipalities, corporations, agencies, individuals, or with foreign governments; including the employment of necessary persons and means in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, rent, construction, or repair of necessary buildings outside the District of Columbia: Provided, That, unless otherwise specifically provided, the cost for the construction of any building shall not exceed $1,500 and the total amount expended for such construction in any one year shall not exceed $7,000, as follows:

General administrative expenses: For general administrative purposes, including the salary of Chief of Bureau and other personal services, $165,960.

Fruit insects: For insects affecting fruits, grapes, and nuts, $424,600.

Japanese beetle control: For the control and prevention of spread of the Japanese beetle, $425,000.

Sweetpotato weevil control: For the determination and application of such methods of control for sweetpotato weevils as, in the judgment of the Secretary of Agriculture, may be necessary, $70,000: Provided, That in the discretion of the Secretary of Agriculture, no part of this appropriation shall be expended for the control of sweetpotato weevil in any State until such State has provided cooperation necessary to accomplish this purpose: Provided further, That no part of this appropriation shall be used to pay the cost or value of farm animals, farm crops, or other property injured or destroyed.

Mexican fruitfly control: For the control and prevention of spread of the Mexican fruitfly, including necessary surveys and control operations in Mexico in cooperation with the Mexican Government or local Mexican authorities, $167,960.

Citrus canker eradication: For determining and applying such methods of eradication or control of the disease of citrus trees known as "citrus canker" as in the judgment of the Secretary of Agriculture may be necessary, including cooperation with such authorities of the States concerned, organizations of growers, or individuals, as he may deem necessary to accomplish such purposes, $12,485: Provided, That no part of the money herein appropriated shall be used to pay the cost or value of trees or other property injured or destroyed.

Gypsy and brown-tail moth control: For the control and prevention of spread of the gypsy and brown-tail moths, $375,000.

Dutch elm disease eradication: For determining and applying methods of eradication, control, and prevention of spread of the disease of elm trees known as "Dutch elm disease" and of a virus disease of elm trees prevalent in the Ohio Valley, $350,000, to be immediately available: Provided, That, in the discretion of the Secretary of Agriculture, no expenditures from this appropriation shall be made for these purposes until a sum or sums at least equal to such expenditures shall have been appropriated, subscribed, or contributed by State, county, or local authorities, or by individuals, or organizations concerned: Provided further, That no part of this appropriation shall be used to pay the cost or value of trees or other property injured or destroyed.

Phony peach and peach mosaic eradication: For determining and applying such methods of eradication, control, and prevention of spread of the diseases of peach trees known as "phony peach" and "peach mosaic" as in the judgment of the Secretary of Agriculture may be necessary, including cooperation with such authorities of the States concerned, organizations of growers, or individuals, as he may deem necessary to accomplish such purposes, including the certification of products out of the infested areas to meet the requirements
of State quarantines, $89,800: Provided. That no part of the money herein appropriated shall be used to pay the cost or value of trees or other property injured or destroyed.

Forest insects: For insects affecting forests and forest products, under section 4 of the Act approved May 22, 1928 (18 U.S.C. 881c), entitled "An Act to insure adequate supplies of timber and other forest products for the people of the United States, to promote the full use for timber growing and other purposes of forest lands in the United States, including farm wood lots and those abandoned areas not suitable for agricultural production, and to secure the correlation and the most economical conduct of forest research in the Department of Agriculture, through research in reforestation, timber growing, protection, utilization, forest economics, and related subjects", and for insects affecting ornamental trees and shrubs, $212,500.

Truck crop and garden insects: For insects affecting truck crops, ornamental and garden plants, including tobacco, sugar beets, and greenhouse and bulbous crops, $366,580.

Cereal and forage insects: For insects affecting cereal and forage crops, including sugarcane and rice, and including research on the European corn borer, $379,500.

European corn borer control: For the control and prevention of spread of the European corn borer and for the certification of products out of the infested areas to meet the requirements of State quarantines on account of the European corn borer, $10,000.

Barberry eradication: For the eradication of the common barberry and for applying such other methods of eradication, control, and prevention of spread of cereal rusts as in the judgment of the Secretary of Agriculture may be necessary to accomplish such purposes, $182,500: Provided, That, in the discretion of the Secretary of Agriculture, no expenditures from this appropriation shall be made for these purposes until a sum or sums at least equal to such expenditures shall have been appropriated, subscribed, or contributed by States, counties, or local authorities, or by individuals or organizations for the accomplishment of such purposes: Provided further, That no part of the money herein appropriated shall be used to pay the cost or value of property injured or destroyed.

Cotton insects: For insects affecting cotton, $144,544.

Pink bollworm and Thurberia weevil control: For the control and prevention of spread of the Thurberia weevil and the pink bollworm, including the establishment of such cotton-free areas as may be necessary to stamp out any infestation, and for necessary surveys and control operations in Mexico in cooperation with the Mexican Government or local Mexican authorities, $526,800.

Bee culture: For bee culture and apiary management, $83,000.

Insects affecting man and animals: For insects affecting man, household possessions, and animals, $181,500.

Insect-pest survey and identification: For the identification and classification of insects, including taxonomic, morphological, and related phases of insect-pest control and the maintenance of an insect-pest survey for the collection and dissemination of information to Federal, State, and other agencies concerned with insect-pest control, $154,790.

Foreign parasites: For administrative expenses in connection with the introduction of natural enemies of injurious insects and related pests and for the exchange with other countries of useful and beneficial insects and other arthropods, $38,000; and not to exceed $1,100 of the funds appropriated to the Bureau of Entomology and Plant Quarantine for the fiscal year 1940 may be used to reimburse employees assigned to carry out investigations in Europe for expenses
incurred in bringing their families to the United States in compliance with official instructions directing them to return with their families to the United States.

Control investigations: For developing equipment or apparatus to aid in enforcing plant quarantines, eradication and control of plant pests, determining methods of disinfecting plants and plant products to eliminate injurious pests, determining the toxicity of insecticides, and related phases of insect-pest control, $72,518, of which not less than $10,000 shall be used for methyl bromide investigations.

Insecticide and fungicide investigations: For the investigation and development of methods of manufacturing insecticides and fungicides, and for investigating chemical problems relating to the composition, action, and application of insecticides and fungicides, $180,000.

Transit inspection: For the inspection in transit or otherwise of articles quarantined under the Act of August 20, 1912 (7 U. S. C. 161, 164a), as amended, and for the interception and disposition of materials found to have been transported interstate in violation of quarantines promulgated thereunder, $44,059.

Foreign plant quarantines: For enforcement of foreign plant quarantines, at the port of entry and port of export, and to prevent the movement of cotton and cottonseed from Mexico into the United States, including the regulation of the entry into the United States of railway cars and other vehicles, and freight, express, baggage, or other materials from Mexico, and the inspection, cleaning, and disinfection thereof, including construction and repair of necessary buildings, plants, and equipment, for the fumigation, disinfection, or cleaning of products, railway cars, or other vehicles entering the United States from Mexico, $600,000: Provided, That any moneys received in payment of charges fixed by the Secretary of Agriculture on account of such cleaning and disinfection shall be covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.

Certification of exports: For the inspection, under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of Agriculture may prescribe, of domestic plants and plant products when offered for export and to certify to shippers and interested parties as to the freedom of such products from injurious plant diseases and insect pests according to the sanitary requirements of the foreign countries affected and to make such reasonable charges and to use such means as may be necessary to accomplish this object, $31,862: Provided, That moneys received on account of such inspection and certification shall be covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.

Total, salaries and expenses, Bureau of Entomology and Plant Quarantine, $5,329,978, of which amount not to exceed $789,681 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia, and not to exceed $36,600 shall be available for the purchase of motor-propelled and horse-drawn passenger-carrying vehicles necessary in the conduct of field work outside the District of Columbia.

WHITE PINE BLISTER RUST CONTROL

For all expenses necessary to enable the Secretary of Agriculture to carry out the purposes of the Act entitled "For forest protection against the white pine blister rust", approved April 26, 1940 (54 Stat. 168, 169), and in accordance with the provisions thereof, including the employment of persons and means in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, $1,284,000, of which amount $115,000 shall be available to the Department of the Interior (including not to exceed $5,000 for the purchase of passenger-carrying automobiles) for control of white

Post, p. 750.
Mexican cotton and cottonseed.

Proviso.

Proviso.

Proviso.

Proviso.

Total; personal services.

Post, p. 832.


Availability of funds to designated agencies.
pine blister rust on or endangering Federal lands under the jurisdiction of that Department or lands of Indian tribes which are under the jurisdiction of or retained under restrictions of the United States; $685,668 of said amount to the Forest Service for the control of white pine blister rust on or endangering lands under its jurisdiction; and $483,332 of said amount to the Bureau of Entomology and Plant quarantine (including not to exceed $8,650 for the purchase of passenger-carrying automobiles) for leadership and general coordination of the entire program, method development, and for operations conducted under its direction for such control, including but not confined to cooperation with individual States, local authorities and private agencies in the control of white pine blister rust on or endangering State and privately owned lands.

AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE

For the employment of such persons and means in the city of Washington and elsewhere as may be necessary in conducting investigations, experiments, and demonstrations, either independently or in cooperation with public or private agencies, organizations, or individuals, as follows:

General administrative expenses: For necessary expenses for general administrative purposes, including personal services in the District of Columbia, $166,108.

Crop and livestock estimates: For collecting, compiling, abstracting, analyzing, summarizing, interpreting, and publishing data relating to agriculture, including crop and livestock estimates, acreage, yield, grades, staples of cotton, stocks, and value of farm crops and numbers, grades, and value of livestock and livestock products on farms, in cooperation with the Extension Service and other Federal, State, and local agencies, and for the collection and publication of statistics of peanuts as provided by the Act approved June 24, 1936, as amended May 12, 1938 (7 U. S. C. 951-957), $749,000: Provided, That no part of the funds herein appropriated shall be available for any expense incident to ascertaining, collating, or publishing a report stating the intention of farmers as to the acreage to be planted in cotton: Provided further, That estimates of apple production shall be confined to the commercial crop.

Market news service: For collecting, publishing, and distributing, by telegraph, mail, or otherwise, timely information on the market supply and demand, commercial movement, location, disposition, quality, condition, and market prices of livestock, meats, fish, and animal products, dairy and poultry products, fruits and vegetables, peanuts and their products, grain, hay, feeds, cottonseed, and seeds, and other agricultural products, independently and in cooperation with other branches of the Government, State agencies, purchasing and consuming organizations, and persons engaged in the production, transportation, marketing, and distribution of farm and food products, independently and in cooperation with other branches of the Government, State agencies, purchasing and consuming organizations, and persons engaged in the production, transportation, marketing, and distribution of farm and food products, whether operating in one or more juris-
dictions, to investigate and certify to shippers and other interested parties the class, quality, and condition of cotton, tobacco, fruits, and vegetables, whether raw, dried, or canned, poultry, butter, hay, and other perishable farm products when offered for interstate shipment or when received at such important central markets as the Secretary of Agriculture may from time to time designate, or at points which may be conveniently reached therefrom, under such rules and regulations as he may prescribe, including payment of such fees as will be reasonable and as nearly as may be to cover the cost for the service rendered: Provided, That certificates issued by the authorized agents of the Department shall be received in all courts of the United States as prima facie evidence of the truth of the statements therein contained, $459,000.

Marketing farm products: For acquiring and diffusing among the people of the United States useful information relative to the standardization, classification, grading, preparation for market, handling, and marketing of farm and food products, including the demonstration and promotion of the use of uniform standards of classification of American farm and food products throughout the world, $400,000: Provided, That samples, illustrations, practical forms, or sets of the grades recommended or promulgated by the Secretary of Agriculture for farm or food products may be sold under such rules and regulations as he may prescribe, and the receipts therefrom deposited in the Treasury to the credit of miscellaneous receipts.

Tobacco Inspection and Tobacco Stocks and Standards Acts: To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to carry into effect the provisions of an Act entitled "An Act to establish and promote the use of standards of classification for tobacco, to provide and maintain an official tobacco-inspection service, and for other purposes", approved August 23, 1935 (7 U. S. C. 511-511q), and an Act entitled "An Act to provide for the collection and publication of statistics of tobacco by the Department of Agriculture", approved January 14, 1929 (7 U. S. C. 501-508), as amended, $533,000.

Perishable Agricultural Commodities and Produce Agency Acts: To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to carry into effect the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to suppress unfair and fraudulent practices in the marketing of perishable agricultural commodities in interstate and foreign commerce", as amended (7 U. S. C. 499a-499r), and the Act entitled "An Act to prevent the destruction or dumping, without good and sufficient cause therefor, of farm produce received in interstate commerce by commission merchants and others and to require them truly and correctly to account for all farm produce received by them", approved March 3, 1927 (7 U. S. C. 491-497), $152,000.

Standard Container Acts: To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to carry into effect the Act entitled "An Act to fix standards for Climax baskets for grapes and other fruits and vegetables, and to fix standards for baskets and other containers for small fruits, berries, and vegetables, and for other purposes", approved August 31, 1916 (15 U. S. C. 251-256), and the Act entitled "An Act to fix standards for hampers, round stave baskets, and splint baskets for fruits and vegetables, and for other purposes", approved May 21, 1928 (15 U. S. C. 257-2571), $10,000.

Cotton Quality Statistics and Classing Acts: To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to carry into effect the Act entitled "An Act authorizing the Secretary of Agriculture to collect and publish statistics of the grade and staple length of cotton", approved March 3, 1927, as amended by the Act entitled "An Act authorizing the Secretary of Agriculture to provide for the classification of cotton, to furnish
information on market supply, demand, location, condition, and market prices for cotton, and for other purposes”, approved April 13, 1937 (7 U. S. C. 471-476), $465,000.

United States Cotton Futures and United States Cotton Standards Acts: To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to perform the duties imposed upon him by the United States Cotton Futures Act, as amended March 4, 1919 (26 U. S. C. 1090-1106), and to carry into effect the provisions of the United States Cotton Standards Act, approved March 4, 1923 (7 U. S. C. 51-65), including such means as may be necessary for effectuating agreements heretofore or hereafter made with cotton associations, cotton exchanges, and other cotton organizations in foreign countries, for the adoption, use, and observance of universal standards of cotton classification, for the arbitration or settlement of disputes with respect thereto, and for the preparation, distribution, inspection, and protection of the practical forms or copies thereof under such agreements, $480,000.

United States Grain Standards Act: To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to carry into effect the provisions of the United States Grain Standards Act, $748,941.

United States Warehouse Act: To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to carry into effect the provisions of the United States Warehouse Act, $450,000.

Federal Seed Act: To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to carry into effect the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to regulate interstate and foreign commerce in seeds; to require labeling and to prevent misrepresentation of seeds in interstate commerce; to require certain standards with respect to certain imported seeds; and for other purposes", approved August 9, 1939 (53 Stat. 1275-1290), $80,000; Provided, That not to exceed $250 of this amount may be used for meeting the share of the United States in the expenses of the International Seed Testing Congress in carrying out plans for correlating the work of the various adhering governments on problems relating to seed analysis or other subjects which the Congress may determine to be necessary in the interest of international seed trade.

Packers and Stockyards Act: For carrying out the provisions of the Packers and Stockyards Act, approved August 15, 1921, as amended by the Act of August 14, 1935 (7 U. S. C. 181-229), $381,879: Provided, That the Secretary of Agriculture may require reasonable bonds from every market agency and dealer, under such rules and regulations as he may prescribe, to secure the performance of their obligations, and whenever, after due notice and hearing, the Secretary finds any registrant is insolvent or has violated any provisions of said Act he may issue an order suspending such registrant for a reasonable specified period. Such order of suspension shall take effect within not less than five days, unless suspended or modified or set aside by the Secretary of Agriculture or a court of competent jurisdiction: Provided further, That the Secretary of Agriculture may, whenever necessary, authorize the charging and collection from owners of a reasonable fee for the inspection of brands appearing upon livestock subject to the provisions of the said Act for the purpose of determining the ownership of such livestock: Provided further, That such fee shall not be imposed except upon written request made to the Secretary of Agriculture by the Board of Livestock Commissioners, or duly organized livestock association of the States from which such livestock have originated or been shipped to market.

Naval Stores Act: For enabling the Secretary of Agriculture to carry into effect the provisions of the Naval Stores Act of March 3, 1925 (7 U. S. C. 91-99), $34,700.
Enforcement of the Insecticide Act: For enabling the Secretary of Agriculture to carry into effect the provisions of the Act of April 26, 1910 (7 U. S. C. 121-134), entitled “An Act for preventing the manufacture, sale, or transportation of adulterated or misbranded paris greens, lead arsenates, other insecticides, and also fungicides, and for regulating traffic therein, and for other purposes”, $168,160.

Total, salaries and expenses, Agricultural Marketing Service, $6,421,308, of which amount not to exceed $1,633,362 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia, and not to exceed $44,400 shall be available for the purchase of motor-propelled and horse-drawn passenger-carrying vehicles necessary in the conduct of field work outside the District of Columbia.

**BUREAU OF HOME ECONOMICS**

**SALARIES AND EXPENSES**

General administrative expenses: For necessary expenses for general administrative purposes, including the salary of Chief of Bureau and other personal services in the District of Columbia, $31,735.

Home economics investigations: For conducting either independently or in cooperation with other agencies, investigations of the relative utility and economy of agricultural products for food, clothing, and other uses in the home, with special suggestions of plans and methods for the more effective utilization of such products for these purposes, and such economic investigations, including housing and household buying, as have for their purpose the improvement of the rural home, and for disseminating useful information on this subject, including the employment of persons and means in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, $301,310.

Total, salaries and expenses, Bureau of Home Economics, $333,045, of which amount not to exceed $152,592 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

**ENFORCEMENT OF THE COMMODITY EXCHANGE ACT**

To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to carry into effect the provisions of the Commodity Exchange Act, as amended (7 U. S. C. 1-17a) and as further amended by the Act of October 9, 1940 (Public, No. 818), $626,000, of which amount not to exceed $24,840 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

**SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE**

**SALARIES AND EXPENSES**

To carry out the provisions of an Act entitled “An Act to provide for the protection of land resources against soil erosion, and for other purposes”, approved April 27, 1933 (16 U. S. C. 590a-590f), which provides for a national program of erosion control and soil and moisture conservation to be carried out directly and in cooperation with other agencies, including the employment of persons and means in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, purchase of books and periodicals, maintenance, repair, and operation of one passenger-carrying automobile in the District of Columbia, furnishing of subsistence to employees, training of employees, and the purchase and erection of permanent buildings: Provided, That the cost of any building purchased, erected, or as improved, exclusive of the cost of constructing a water supply or sanitary system and connecting the same with any such building, shall not exceed $2,500 except where buildings are acquired in conjunction with land being purchased for other purposes.
and except for eight buildings to be constructed at a cost not to exceed $15,000 per building: Provided further, That no money appropriated in this Act shall be available for the construction of any such building on land not owned by the Government: Provided further, That during the fiscal year for which appropriations are herein made the appropriations for the work of the Soil Conservation Service shall be available for meeting the expenses of warehouse maintenance and the procurement, care, and handling of supplies, materials, and equipment stored therein for distribution to projects under the supervision of the Soil Conservation Service and for sale and distribution to other Government activities, the cost of such supplies and materials or the value of such equipment (including the cost of transportation and handling) to be reimbursed to appropriations current at the time additional supplies, materials, or equipment are procured from the appropriations chargeable with the cost or value of such supplies, materials, or equipment: Provided further, That reproductions of such aerial or other photographs, mosaics, and maps as shall be required in connection with the authorized work of the Soil Conservation Service may be furnished at the cost of reproduction to Federal, State, county, or municipal agencies requesting such reproductions, the money received from such sales to be deposited in the Treasury to the credit of this appropriation, as follows:

General administrative expenses: For necessary expenses for general administrative purposes, including the salary of the Chief of the Soil Conservation Service and other personal services in the District of Columbia, $510,334: Provided, That no part of the money appropriated in this paragraph shall be available for expenditure if any emergency appropriations are made available for administrative expenses in administering the funds provided in regular appropriations to the Soil Conservation Service.

Soil and moisture conservation and land-use investigations: For research and investigations into the character, cause, extent, history, and effects of erosion, soil and moisture depletion and methods of soil and moisture conservation (including the construction and hydrologic phases of farm irrigation and land drainage); and for construction, operation, and maintenance of experimental watersheds, stations, laboratories, plots, and installations, $1,500,000.

Soil and moisture conservation and land-use operations, demonstrations, and information: For carrying out preventive measures to conserve soil and moisture, including such special measures as may be necessary to prevent floods and the siltation of reservoirs, and including the improvement of farm irrigation and land drainage, the establishment and operation of erosion nurseries, the making of conservation plans and surveys, and the dissemination of information, $28,516,775, of which $58,425 shall be transferred to and made a part of the appropriation, “Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Agricultural Economics”: Provided, That any part of this appropriation allocated for the production or procurement of nursery stock by any Federal agency, or funds appropriated to any Federal agency for allocation to cooperating States for the production or procurement of nursery stock, shall remain available for expenditure for not more than three fiscal years.

Emergency erosion control, Everglades region, Florida: For research and demonstration work in soil conservation control measures, including research and demonstration work in fire control and irrigation construction work to eliminate fire hazards, in the Everglades region of Florida, $75,000: Provided, That no expenditures shall be made for these purposes until a sum at least equal to such expenditures shall have been made available by the State of Florida, or a political subdivision thereof, for the same purposes.
Total, salaries and expenses, Soil Conservation Service, $25,602,109, of which not to exceed $1,652,294 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia, and not to exceed $200,000 shall be available for the purchase of motor-propelled and horse-drawn passenger-carrying vehicles necessary in the conduct of field work outside the District of Columbia.

CONSERVATION AND USE OF AGRICULTURAL LAND RESOURCES, DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to carry into effect the provisions of sections 7 to 17, inclusive, of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act, approved February 29, 1936, as amended (16 U. S. C. 590g-590q), and the provisions of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended (7 U. S. C. 1281-1407) (except the making of payments pursuant to sections 303 and 381 and the provisions of titles IV and V), including the employment of persons and means in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; not to exceed $50,000 for the preparation and display of exhibits, including such displays at State, interstate, and international fairs within the United States; purchase of lawbooks, books of reference, periodicals, newspapers; and not to exceed $1,200, including the exchange value of one such vehicle, for the replacement of one passenger-carrying automobile for official use of the Administrator in the District of Columbia, $499,388,671, of which $467,451 shall be transferred to and made a part of the appropriation, "Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Agricultural Economics", to remain available until June 30, 1943, for compliances under said Act of February 29, 1936, as amended, pursuant to the provisions of the 1941 programs carried out during the period September 1, 1940, to December 31, 1941, inclusive; Provided, That no part of such amount shall be available for carrying out the provisions of section 202 (f) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, and not to exceed $3,500,000 shall be available under the provisions of section 202 (a) to 202 (e), inclusive, of said Act, including research on food products of farm commodities: Provided further, That no part of such amount shall be available after June 30, 1942, for salaries and other administrative expenses except for payment of obligations therefore incurred prior to July 1, 1942: Provided further, That such amount shall be available for salaries and other administrative expenses in connection with the formulation and administration of the 1942 programs or plans now or hereafter authorized under section 7 or 8, or both, of said Act of February 29, 1936, or under said provisions of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938; Provided further, That the Secretary of Agriculture may, in his discretion, from time to time transfer to the General Accounting Office such sums as may be necessary to pay administrative expenses of the General Accounting Office in auditing payments under this item; Provided further, That such amount shall be available for the purchase of seeds, fertilizers, lime, trees, or any other farming materials, or any soil terracing services, and making grants thereof to agricultural producers to aid them in carrying out farming practices approved by the Secretary of Agriculture in the 1941 and 1942 programs under said Act of February 29, 1936, as amended; for the reimbursement of any Federal, State, or local government agency for fertilizers, seeds, lime, trees, or other farming materials, or any soil terracing services, furnished by such agency; and for the payment of all expenses necessary in making such grants including all or part of the costs incident to the delivery thereof; Provided further, That the funds provided by section 32 of the Act entitled "An Act to amend the Agricultural Adjustment..."
Act and for other purposes”, approved August 24, 1935 (7 U. S. C. 612c), shall be available during the fiscal year 1942 for administrative expenses, in accordance with the provisions of section 302 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, in carrying out the provisions of said section 32, and the provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937 (7 U. S. C. 608a–608d), including the employment of persons and means in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, in accordance with the provisions of law applicable to the employment of persons and means by the Agricultural Adjustment Administration, except that within the total of limitations imposed by section 392 (b) of said Act for administrative expenses in the District of Columbia, regional offices, and in the several States, such limitations may, in connection with the activities of the Surplus Marketing Administration, be interchanged, in whole or in part, during the current fiscal year, between the District of Columbia, regional offices, and the several States: Provided further, That the funds appropriated under the head “Parity payments, Department of Agriculture”, for the fiscal year 1941 shall remain available until June 30, 1943: Provided further, That notwithstanding any other provision of law, persons who in 1940 and 1941 carried out farming operations as tenants or share-croppers on cropland owned by the United States Government and who complied with the terms and conditions of the 1940 and 1941 agricultural conservation programs, formulated pursuant to sections 7 to 17, inclusive, of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act, as amended, shall be entitled to apply for and receive payments, or to retain payments heretofore made, for their participation in said program to the same extent as other producers.

PARITY PAYMENTS

To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to make parity payments to producers of wheat, cotton, corn (in the commercial corn-producing area), rice, and tobacco pursuant to the provisions of section 303 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, $212,000,000, of which $97,375 shall be transferred to and made a part of the appropriation, “Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Agricultural Economics”, to remain available until June 30, 1944: Provided, That such payments with respect to any such commodity shall be made with respect to a farm in full amount only in the event that the acreage planted to the commodity for harvest on the farm in 1942 is not in excess of the farm acreage allotment established for the commodity under the agricultural conservation program, and, if such allotment has been exceeded, the parity payment with respect to the commodity shall be reduced by not more than 10 per centum for each 1 per centum, or fraction thereof, by which the acreage planted to the commodity is in excess of such allotment. The Secretary may also provide by regulations for similar deductions for planting in excess of the acreage allotment for the commodity on other farms or for planting in excess of the acreage allotment or limit for any other commodity for which allotments or limits are established under the agricultural conservation program on the same or any other farm.

If the sum of the prevailing basic-loan rate or the average farm price, whichever is the higher, for the crop year 1941 and the applicable rate of the payments announced under the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act, for the purposes of the 1942 agricultural conservation program and the parity payments herein appropriated, exceeded an amount sufficient to increase the farmers’ returns to parity prices, parity payments shall be so adjusted as to provide a return to producers which is equal to but not greater than parity price.
The proviso contained in the paragraph headed "Parity Payments" in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1941, is amended to read as follows: "Provided, That such payments with respect to any such commodity shall be made with respect to a farm in full amount only in the event that the acreage planted to the commodity for harvest on the farm in 1941 is not in excess of the farm acreage allotment established for the commodity under the agricultural conservation program, and, if such allotment has been exceeded, the parity payment with respect to the commodity shall be reduced by not more than 10 per centum for each 1 per centum, or fraction thereof, by which the acreage planted to the commodity is in excess of such allotment.": Provided, That the item entitled "Parity Payments", contained in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1941, is amended by inserting immediately following the figures $212,000,000 and before the colon, a comma and the following: "together with the unobligated balances of the appropriation made under this head by the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1940, approved June 30, 1939 (53 Stat. 939)".

COMMODITY CREDIT CORPORATION

Salaries and administrative expenses: Not to exceed $1,500,000 of the funds of the Commodity Credit Corporation shall be available for administrative expenses of the Corporation in carrying out its activities as authorized by law, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; travel expenses, in accordance with the Standardized Government Travel Regulations and the Act of June 3, 1926, as amended (5 U. S. C. 821-833); printing and binding; lawbooks and books of reference; not to exceed $250 for periodicals, maps, and newspapers; procurement of supplies, equipment, and services; typewriters, adding machines, and other labor-saving devices, including their repair and exchange; rent in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; and all other necessary administrative expenses: Provided, That all necessary expenses (including legal and special services performed on a contract or fee basis, but not including other personal services) in connection with the acquisition, operation, maintenance, improvement, or disposition of any real or personal property belonging to the Corporation or in which it has an interest, including expenses of collections of pledged collateral, shall be considered as nonadministrative expenses for the purposes hereof: Provided further, That the Secretary of Agriculture may make allotments from this appropriation, subject to the approval of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, to the offices and divisions of the office of the Secretary for the performance of departmental services for the Commodity Credit Corporation: Provided further, That none of the fund made available by this paragraph shall be obligated or expended unless and until an appropriate appropriation account shall have been established therefor pursuant to an appropriation warrant or a covering warrant, and all such expenditures shall be accounted for and audited in accordance with the Budget and Accounting Act of 1921, as amended.

DISPOSAL OF SURPLUS COMMODITIES

To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to further carry out the provisions of section 32, as amended, of the Act entitled "An Act to amend the Agricultural Adjustment Act, and for other purposes", approved August 24, 1935, and subject to all provisions of law relating to the expenditure of funds appropriated by such section, $100,150,000, of which $116,580 shall be transferred to and made a part of the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1941, amendments.
appropriation. “Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Agricultural Economics”. Such sum shall be immediately available and shall be in addition to, and not in substitution for, other appropriations made by such section or for the purpose of such section: Provided, That not in excess of 25 per centum of the funds herein made available may be devoted to any one agricultural commodity: Provided further, That said 25 per centum provision and the like provision in said section 32, as amended, shall not apply to amounts devoted to a stamp plan for the removal of surplus agricultural commodities from funds made available hereby and by said section 32, and, notwithstanding expenditures under such stamp plan, the 25 per centum provision shall continue to be calculated on the aggregate amount available hereunder and under said section 32.

SUGAR ACT OF 1937

To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to carry into effect the provisions, other than those specifically relating to the Philippine Islands, of the Sugar Act of 1937, approved September 1, 1937, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1100–1183), and the employment of persons and means, in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, as authorized by said Act, $47,962,910, of which $38,950 shall be transferred to and made a part of the appropriation, “Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Agricultural Economics”, to remain available until June 30, 1943.

INTERNATIONAL PRODUCTION CONTROL COMMITTEES

During the fiscal year 1942 the Secretary of Agriculture may expend not to exceed $17,500 from the funds available to the Agricultural Adjustment Administration for the share of the United States as a member of the International Wheat Advisory Committee, the International Sugar Council, or like events or bodies concerned with the reduction of agricultural surpluses or with other objectives of the Agricultural Adjustment Administration, together with traveling and other necessary expenses relating thereto.

FEDERAL CROP INSURANCE ACT

Administrative and operating expenses: For operating and administrative expenses under the Federal Crop Insurance Act, approved February 16, 1938, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1501–1518), $5,559,827, of which $59,827 shall be transferred to and made a part of the appropriation, “Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Agricultural Economics”, to be allotted by the Secretary of Agriculture (a) to the Federal Crop Insurance Corporation, as authorized by section 516 (a) of such Act, and (b) to bureaus and offices of the Department of Agriculture or for transfer to other agencies of State and Federal Governments, as authorized by section 507 (d) of such Act; and such part as the Secretary allots under clause (b) hereof shall be available for the employment of persons and means in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, rent in the District of Columbia, purchase of lawbooks, books of reference, periodicals, and newspapers.

FARM TENANT ACT

To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to carry into effect the provisions of title I of the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act, approved July 22, 1937 (7 U.S.C. 1000–1006), as follows:

Salaries and expenses: For necessary expenses in connection with the making of loans under title I of the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act, approved July 22, 1937 (7 U.S.C. 1000–1006), and the
collection of moneys due the United States on account of loans heretofore made under the provisions of said Act, including the employment of persons and means in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, exclusive of printing and binding as authorized by said Act, including obligations chargeable against the appropriation for this purpose for the fiscal year 1941, $2,488,912, of which $88,950 shall be transferred to and made a part of the appropriation, "Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Agricultural Economics", together with the unexpended balance of the appropriation under this head for the fiscal year 1941.

Loans: For loans in accordance with title I of the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act, approved July 22, 1937 (7 U. S. C. 1000–1006), $50,000,000, which sum shall be borrowed from the Reconstruction Finance Corporation at an interest rate of 3 per centum per annum and which sum shall not be used for making loans under the terms of said Act for the purchase of farms of greater value than the average farm unit of thirty acres and more in the county, parish, or locality in which such purchase may be made, which value shall be determined solely according to statistics of the farm census of 1940 after such statistics become available, but prior to that time may be determined in accordance with such regulations as may be promulgated by the Secretary of Agriculture; and the Reconstruction Finance Corporation is hereby authorized and directed to lend such sum to the Secretary of Agriculture upon the security of any obligations of borrowers from the Secretary under the provisions of title I of the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act approved July 22, 1937 (7 U. S. C. 1000–1006): Provided, That the amount loaned by the Reconstruction Finance Corporation shall not exceed 85 per centum of the principal amount outstanding of the obligations constituting the security therefor: Provided further, That the Secretary may utilize proceeds from payments of principal and interest on any loans made under such title I to repay the Reconstruction Finance Corporation the amount borrowed therefrom under the authority of this paragraph: Provided further, That the amount of notes, bonds, debentures, and other such obligations which the Reconstruction Finance Corporation is authorized and empowered to issue and have outstanding at any one time under existing law is hereby increased by an amount sufficient to carry out the provisions hereof.

LIQUIDATION AND MANAGEMENT OF RESETTLEMENT PROJECTS

To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to carry out the provisions of section 43 of title IV of the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act, approved July 22, 1937 (7 U. S. C. 1014–1029), including the employment of persons and means, in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, exclusive of printing and binding, as authorized by said Act, $747,453, of which $8,764 shall be transferred to and made a part of the appropriation, "Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Agricultural Economics".

LAND UTILIZATION AND RETIREMENT OF SUBMARGINAL LAND

To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to carry out the provisions of title III of the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act, approved July 22, 1937 (7 U. S. C. 1010–1013), including the employment of persons and means in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, and including obligations chargeable against the appropriation for this purpose for the fiscal year 1941, $2,752,412, of which $574,173 shall be transferred to and made a part of the appropriation, "Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Agricultural Economics", together with the unexpended balance of the appropriation under this head for the fiscal year 1941.

Total, Farm Tenant Act, $5,988,777.
Assistance to needy farmers.

Transfer of funds.

Compensation of experts.

Rural rehabilitation loans.

Performance of work required.

Injury or death benefits.

Proviso.

Additional funds for rural rehabilitation loans.

Conditions.

Repayment.

Increase of RFC obligations.

To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to continue to provide assistance through rural rehabilitation and grants to needy farmers in the United States, its Territories and possessions, including (1) farm debt adjustment service, and making and servicing of loans and grants under this and prior law; (2) loans; (3) grants; (4) the prosecution of Federal rural rehabilitation projects under the supervision of the Farm Security Administration on July 1, 1941; (5) projects involving provision of water facilities; and (6) projects involving construction and operation of migratory labor camps, $64,000,000, of which $115,171 shall be transferred to and made a part of the appropriation, "Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Agricultural Economics", together with the unobligated balance of the appropriation under section 2 (a) of the Emergency Relief Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1941, which sum shall be also available for necessary administrative expenses incident to the foregoing, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; compensation of experts (including the Administrator and not to exceed three Assistant Administrators of the Farm Security Administration) without regard to the Classification Act of 1923, as amended; purchase of lawbooks, books of reference, periodicals, and newspapers; purchase, operation, maintenance, and exchange at the seat of government and elsewhere, of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles; and printing and binding.

Hereafter rural rehabilitation loans shall be subject to the conditions and penalties prescribed by sections 3 and 6 of the Act of January 29, 1937 (50 Stat. 5), except that the functions conferred upon the Governor of the Farm Credit Administration by said sections are hereby conferred, for the purposes hereof, upon the Secretary of Agriculture.

In making any grant payments under this Act, the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized to require with respect to such payments the performance of work on useful public projects, Federal and non-Federal, including work on private or public land in furtherance of the conservation of natural resources, and the provisions of the Act of February 15, 1934 (48 Stat. 351), as amended, relating to disability or death compensation and benefits shall apply to those persons performing such work: Provided, That this section shall not apply to any case coming within the purview of the workmen's compensation law of any State, Territory, or possession, or in which the claimant has received or is entitled to receive similar benefits for injury or death.

For additional funds for the purpose of making rural rehabilitation loans to needy farmers, the Reconstruction Finance Corporation is authorized and directed, until June 30, 1942, to make advances to the Secretary of Agriculture upon his request in an aggregate amount of not to exceed $120,000,000. Such advances shall be made: (1) With interest at the rate of 5 per cent per annum payable semiannually; (2) upon the security of obligations acceptable to the Corporation herefore or hereafter acquired by the Secretary pursuant to law; (3) in amounts which shall not exceed 75 per centum of the then unpaid principal amount of the obligations securing such advances; and (4) upon such other terms and conditions, and with such maturities, as the Corporation may determine. The Secretary of Agriculture shall pay to the Corporation, currently as received by him, all moneys collected as payments of principal and interest on the loans made from the amounts so advanced or collected upon any obligations held by the Corporation as security for such advances, until such amounts are fully repaid. The amount of notes, debentures, bonds, or other such obligations which the Corporation is authorized and empowered to issue and to have outstanding at any one time under the provisions
of law in force on the date this Act takes effect is hereby increased by an amount sufficient to carry out the provisions of this paragraph.

WATER FACILITIES, ARID AND SEMIARID AREAS

To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to carry into effect the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to promote conservation in the arid and semiarid areas of the United States by aiding in the development of facilities for water storage and utilization, and for other purposes", approved August 28, 1937 (16 U. S. C. 590r–590x), including the employment of persons and means in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; and the purchase, exchange, operation, and maintenance of passenger-carrying vehicles, $500,000, of which not to exceed $25,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia: Provided, That not to exceed $50,000 of this appropriation shall be available for expenditure for any one project designed in whole or in part to benefit lands by the irrigation thereof, and all project facilities and appurtenances which depend for their utility in whole or in part upon each other or upon any common facility shall be deemed one project, and the authority contained in said Act shall not be deemed to authorize the construction of any project not in accord with this limitation.

COOPERATIVE FARM FORESTRY

To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to carry into effect the provisions of the Cooperative Farm Forestry Act, approved May 18, 1937 (16 U. S. C. 568b), (not to exceed $600,000) and the provisions of sections 4 (not to exceed $100,000) and 5 (not to exceed $77,898) of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the protection of forest lands, for the reforestation of denuded areas, for the extension of national forests, and for other purposes, in order to promote the continuous production of timber on lands chiefly suitable therefor", approved June 7, 1924 (16 U. S. C. 567–568), and Acts supplementary thereto, including the employment of persons and means in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; not to exceed $7,700 for the purchase of passenger-carrying vehicles; the purchase of reference books and technical journals; not to exceed $30,000 for the construction or purchase of necessary buildings, and other improvements; in all, not to exceed $700,000: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be expended in any State or Territory unless the State or Territory, or local subdivision thereof, or individuals, or associations contribute a sum equal to that to be allotted therefrom by the Government or make contributions other than money deemed by the Secretary of Agriculture to be the value equivalent thereof: Provided further, That any part of this appropriation allocated for the production or procurement of nursery stock by any Federal agency, or funds appropriated to any Federal agency for allocation to cooperating States for the production or procurement of nursery stock, shall remain available for expenditure for not more than three fiscal years: Provided further, That in carrying into effect the provisions of the Cooperative Farm Forestry Act, no part of this appropriation shall be used to establish new nurseries or to acquire land for the establishment of such new nurseries.

RURAL ELECTRIFICATION ADMINISTRATION

To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to carry into effect the provisions of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, approved May 20, 1936, as amended (7 U. S. C. 901–914), as follows:

Salaries and expenses: For administrative expenses and expenses of studies, investigations, publications, and reports including the sal-
Transfer of funds.

Ante, p. 414.

Provisio.

Loans and purchase of property.

Stat. 1364, 1365.

Increase of RFC obligations.

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ary of the Administrator, Rural Electrification Administration, and other personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; purchase and exchange of books, lawbooks, books of reference, directories, and periodicals; not to exceed $300 for newspapers; financial and credit reports, $3,962,375, of which $38,950 shall be transferred to and made a part of the appropriation, "Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Agricultural Economics": Provided, That the Secretary of Agriculture may make allotments from this appropriation, subject to the approval of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, to the offices and divisions of the Office of the Secretary for the performance of departmental services for the Rural Electrification Administration.

Loans: For loans in accordance with sections 3, 4, and 5, and the purchase of property in accordance with section 7 of the Rural Electrification Act of May 20, 1936, as amended (7 U. S. C. 901-914), $100,000,000, which sum shall be borrowed from the Reconstruction Finance Corporation in accordance with the provisions of section 3 (a) of said Act and shall be considered as made available thereunder; and the Reconstruction Finance Corporation is hereby authorized and directed to lend such sum in addition to the amounts heretofore authorized under said section 3 (a) and without regard to the limitation in respect of time contained in section 3 (e) of said Act; and the amount of notes, bonds, debentures, and other such obligations which the Reconstruction Finance Corporation is authorized and empowered to issue and to have outstanding at any one time under existing law is hereby increased by an amount sufficient to carry out the provisions hereof.

Total, Rural Electrification Administration, $3,962,375.

BELTSVILLE RESEARCH CENTER

For general administrative purposes, including maintenance, operation, construction of necessary buildings at a cost of not to exceed $7,500 for any one building, repairs, and other expenses, $86,620; which appropriation may be augmented, by transfer of funds or by reimbursement, from applicable appropriations, to cover the charges, including handling and other related services, for equipment rentals (including depreciation, maintenance, and repairs); for services, supplies, equipment and materials furnished, stores of which may be maintained at the Center, and for building construction, alteration, and repair performed by the Center in carrying out the purposes of such applicable appropriations and the applicable appropriations may also be charged their proportionate share of the necessary general expenses of the Center not covered by this appropriation.

INTERCHANGE OF APPROPRIATIONS

Not to exceed 5 per centum of the foregoing amounts for the miscellaneous expenses of the work of any bureau, division, or office herein provided for shall be available interchangeably for expenditures on the objects included within the general expenses of such bureau, division, or office, but no more than 5 per centum shall be added to any one item of appropriation except in cases of extraordinary emergency.

WORK FOR OTHER DEPARTMENTS

During the fiscal year for which appropriations are herein made the head of any department or independent establishment of the Government requiring inspections, analyses, and tests of food and other products, within the scope of the functions of the Department
of Agriculture and which that department is unable to perform within the limits of its appropriations, may, with the approval of the Secretary of Agriculture transfer to the Department of Agriculture for direct expenditure such sums as may be necessary for the performance of such work.

**PASSENGER-CARRYING VEHICLES**

Within the limitations specified under the several headings the lump-sum appropriations herein made for the Department of Agriculture shall be available for the purchase of motor-propelled and horse-drawn passenger-carrying vehicles necessary in the conduct of the field work of the Department of Agriculture outside the District of Columbia: *Provided*, That such vehicles shall be used only for official service outside the District of Columbia, but this shall not prevent the continued use for official service outside the District of Columbia; *Provided further*, That the limitation on expenditures for purchase of passenger-carrying vehicles in the field service shall be interchangeable between the various bureaus and offices of the Department, to such extent as the exigencies of the service may require: *Provided further*, That appropriations contained in this Act shall be available for the maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-propelled and horse-drawn passenger-carrying vehicles: *Provided further*, That the Secretary of Agriculture may exchange motor-propelled and horse-drawn vehicles, tractors, road equipment, and boats, and parts, accessories, tires, or equipment thereof, in whole or in part payment for vehicles, tractors, road equipment, or boats, or parts, accessories, tires, or equipment of such vehicles, tractors, road equipment, or boats purchased by him: *Provided further*, That the funds available to the Agricultural Adjustment Administration may be used during the fiscal year for which appropriations are herein made for the maintenance, repair, and operation of one passenger-carrying vehicle for official purposes in the District of Columbia.

**FARM CREDIT ADMINISTRATION**

**SALARIES AND EXPENSES**

For salaries and expenses of the Farm Credit Administration in the District of Columbia and the field; travel expenses of officers and employees including not to exceed $5,000 for travel incurred under proper authority attending meetings or conventions of members of organizations at which matters of importance to the work of the Farm Credit Administration are to be discussed or transacted; printing and binding; contingent and miscellaneous expenses, including lawbooks, books of reference, and not to exceed $1,000 for periodicals, newspapers, and maps; contract stenographic reporting services, and expert services for the preparation of amortization tables; library membership fees or dues in organizations which issue publications to members only or to members at a lower price than to others, payment for which may be made in advance; purchase of manuscripts, data, and special reports by personal service without regard to the provisions of any other Act; purchase, exchange, maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles and motortrucks to be used only for official purposes in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; typewriters, adding machines, and other labor-saving devices, including their repair and exchange; garage rental in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; payment of actual transportation expenses and not to exceed $10 per diem in lieu of subsistence and other expenses of persons serving, while away from
their homes, without other compensation from the United States, in an advisory capacity to the Farm Credit Administration; employment of persons, firms, and others for the performance of special services, including legal services, and other miscellaneous expenses; necessary administrative expenses in connection with the making of loans under the provisions of the Act of January 29, 1937 (50 Stat. 5), and the collection of moneys due the United States on account of loans made under the provisions of said Act and similar Acts administered by the Farm Credit Administration relating to loans for crop production, feed, seed, and harvesting; examination of corporations, banks, associations, credit unions, and institutions operated, supervised, or regulated by the Farm Credit Administration: Provided, That the expenses and salaries of employees engaged in such examinations shall be assessed against the said corporations, banks, or institutions in accordance with the provisions of existing laws: Provided further, That officers and employees who under proper authorization use privately owned automobiles in the performance of official travel within the corporate limits of their official stations for the purpose of examining, supervising, or servicing Federal credit unions located within said corporate limits, may be reimbursed for such travel at a rate not to exceed 3 cents per mile; in all, $3,887,900, of which $77,900 shall be transferred to and made a part of the appropriation, "Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Agricultural Economics", together with not to exceed $3,660,000 from the funds made available to the Farm Credit Administration under the Acts of January 29, 1937 (50 Stat. 5), February 9, 1937 (50 Stat. 8, 11), February 4, 1938 (52 Stat. 26), June 30, 1939 (53 Stat. 939), and June 25, 1940 (54 Stat. 568-569). Farmers' crop production and harvesting loans: For loans to farmers under the Act of January 29, 1937 (50 Stat. 5), as amended by the Acts of February 4, 1938 (52 Stat. 26), June 30, 1939 (53 Stat. 939), and June 25, 1940 (54 Stat. 568), the unobligated balance (exclusive of the amount of such balance made available for "Salaries and expenses, Farm Credit Administration, 1942") of the appropriation "Crop production and harvesting loans" as made in the First Deficiency Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1937 (50 Stat. 8, 11), and as continued available by the Acts of February 4, 1938 (52 Stat. 26), June 30, 1939 (53 Stat. 939), and June 25, 1940 (54 Stat. 568), together with all collections of principal and interest on loans hereafter made under said Act of January 29, 1937 (50 Stat. 5): Provided, That no employee of the United States on whose certificate or approval loans under said Act of January 29, 1937, as amended, or other Acts of the same general character, are or have been made, shall be held personally liable for any loss or deficiency occasioned by the fraud or misrepresentation of applicants or borrowers, if the Governor of the Farm Credit Administration shall determine that such employee has exercised reasonable care in the circumstances, and has complied with the regulations of the Farm Credit Administration in executing such certificate or giving such approval. Notwithstanding any such determination by the Governor of the Farm Credit Administration, this provision shall not be construed to prevent any criminal process against any person who was a party to or had guilty knowledge of such fraud or misrepresentation.

FEDERAL FARM MORTGAGE CORPORATION

Not to exceed $8,350,000 of the funds of the Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation, established by the Act of January 31, 1934 (48 Stat. 344), shall be available during the fiscal year 1942 for adminis-
Proprietary expenses of the Corporation, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; travel expenses of officers and employees of the Corporation, in accordance with the Standardized Government Travel Regulations and the Act of June 3, 1926, as amended (5 U. S. C. 821-833); printing and binding; lawbooks, books of reference, and not to exceed $250 for periodicals and newspapers; contract stenographic reporting services; procurement of supplies, equipment, and services; purchase (at not to exceed $750 each), exchange, maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, to be used only for official purposes; typewriters, adding machines, and other labor-saving devices, including their repair and exchange; rent in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; payment of actual transportation expenses and not to exceed $10 per diem in lieu of subsistence and other expenses of persons serving, while away from their homes, without other compensation from the United States, in an advisory capacity to the Corporation; employment on a contract or fee basis of persons, firms, and corporations for the performance of special services, including legal services; use of the services and facilities of Federal land banks, national farm loan associations, Federal Reserve banks, and agencies of the Government as authorized by said Act of January 31, 1934; and all other necessary administrative expenses: Provided, That all necessary expenses (including services performed on a force account, contract or fee basis, but not including other personal services) in connection with the operation, maintenance, improvement, or disposition of real or personal property of the Corporation shall be considered as nonadministrative expenses for the purposes hereof: Provided further, That except for the limitation in amounts hereinbefore specified, and the restrictions in respect to travel expenses, the administrative expenses and other obligations of the corporation shall be incurred, allowed, and paid in accordance with the provisions of said Act of January 31, 1934, as amended (12 U. S. C. 1016-1020(h)).

SEC. 2. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act or authorized hereby to be expended shall be used to pay the compensation of any officer or employee of the Government of the United States, or of any corporation the majority of the stock of which is owned by the Government of the United States, whose post of duty is in the continental United States unless such person is a citizen of the United States: Provided, That this section shall not apply to any person in the service of the United States on the date of the approval of this Act who being eligible for citizenship had theretofore filed a declaration of intention to become a citizen or who owes allegiance to the United States: Provided further, That this section shall not apply to employment of translators on a temporary basis where competent citizen translators are not available and it shall not apply to the temporary employment of persons in the field service for periods of less than sixty days.

SEC. 3. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used to pay the salary or wages of any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided, That for the purposes hereof an affidavit shall be considered prima facie evidence that the person making the affidavit does not advocate, and is not a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided further, That such administrative or supervisory employees of the Department of Agriculture as may be designated for the purpose by the Secretary of Agriculture are hereby authorized to administer the oaths to persons making affidavits required by this
AN ACT

Making appropriations for the Legislative Branch of the Government for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1942, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Legislative Branch of the Government for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1942, namely:

**SENATE**

**SALARIES AND MILEAGE OF SENATORS**

For compensation of Senators, $960,000.

For mileage of the President of the Senate and of Senators, $51,000.

For compensation of officers, clerks, messengers, and others:

**OFFICE OF THE VICE PRESIDENT**

Salaries: For clerical assistance to the Vice President, at rates of compensation to be fixed by him, $11,460.

**CHAPLAIN**

Chaplain of the Senate, $1,680.

**OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY**

Salaries: Secretary of the Senate, including compensation as disbursing officer of salaries of Senators and of contingent fund of the Senate, $8,000; Chief Clerk, who shall perform the duties of reading clerk, $5,500 and $1,500 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; financial clerk, $5,000 and $1,000 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; assistant financial clerk, $4,500; Parliamentarian, $5,000 and $1,500 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; Journal Clerk, $4,000; principal clerk, $4,000; legislative clerk, $4,000 and $1,000 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; enrolling clerk, $4,000; printing clerk, $3,540 and $460 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; chief bookkeeper, $3,600; librarian, $3,600; executive clerk, $3,180; first assistant librarian, $3,120; keeper of stationery, $3,320; clerks—one at $3,600, one at $3,360, one at $3,180, three at $2,880 each, three at $2,640 each, clerk in Disbursing Office, $2,400, six at $2,400 each, three at $1,860 each, three at $1,740 each; special officer, $2,460; assistants at the press door—one at $2,140, one at $1,900; messenger, $1,260; laborers—one at $1,740, one at $1,620, five at $1,350 each, one in Secretary's office, $1,680, one, $1,560, one, $1,260; in all, $146,640.
Salaries: Superintendent, $3,960 and $1,040 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; first assistant, $2,840; second assistant, $2,040; four assistants, at $2,040 each; skilled laborer, $1,380; in all, $19,220.

COMMITTEE EMPLOYEES

Clerks and messengers to the following committees: Agriculture and Forestry—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,880; assistant clerk, $2,580; assistant clerk, $2,400; assistant clerk, $2,220; additional clerk, $1,800. Appropriations—clerk, $7,000 and $1,000 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; assistant clerk, $4,800; assistant clerk, $3,900; three assistant clerks at $3,000 each; two assistant clerks at $2,220 each; messenger, $1,800. To Audit and Control the Contingent Expenses of the Senate—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,880; assistant clerk, $2,400; assistant clerk, $2,220; additional clerk, $1,800. Banking and Currency—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,880; assistant clerk, $2,400; assistant clerk, $2,220. Civil Service—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,400; assistant clerk, $2,220; additional clerk, $1,800. Claims—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,880; assistant clerk, $2,580; two assistant clerks at $2,220 each. Commerce—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,880; assistant clerk, $2,400; two assistant clerks at $2,220 each. Conference Majority of the Senate—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,880; two assistant clerks at $2,580 each; assistant clerk, $2,220. Conference Minority of the Senate—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,880; two assistant clerks at $2,580 each; assistant clerk, $2,220. District of Columbia—clerk, $3,900; two assistant clerks at $2,880 each; assistant clerk, $2,220; additional clerk, $1,800; additional clerical assistance at rates of compensation to be fixed by the Chairman of said Committee, $6,000, and Senate Resolution Numbered 49 agreed to February 3, 1941, is hereby repealed as of July 1, 1941. Education and Labor—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,580; assistant clerk, $2,220; additional clerk, $1,800. Enrolled Bills—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,400; assistant clerk, $2,220; additional clerk, $1,800. Expenditures in the Executive Departments—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,580; assistant clerk, $2,220; additional clerk, $1,800. Finance—clerk, $4,200 and $1,000 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; special assistant to the committee, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,880; assistant clerk, $2,700; two assistant clerks at $2,220 each; two experts (one for the majority and one for the minority) at $3,600 each; messenger, $1,800. Foreign Relations—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,880 and $500 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; assistant clerk, $2,550; assistant clerk, $2,220; additional clerk, $1,800; messenger, $1,800. Immigration—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,580; assistant clerk, $2,220; additional clerk, $1,800. Indian Affairs—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $3,600 and $1,400 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; assistant clerk, $2,580; assistant clerk, $2,400; assistant clerk, $2,220; additional clerk, $1,800. Interstate Commerce—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $3,600; assistant clerk, $2,880; two assistant clerks at $2,580 each; assistant clerk, $2,220. Irrigation and Reclamation—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,580; assistant clerk, $2,220; two additional clerks at $1,800 each. Judiciary—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,880; two assistant clerks at $2,580 each; assistant clerk, $2,220. Library—clerk, $3,900; two assistant clerks at $2,400 each; assistant clerk, $2,220; additional...
Rearrangement of salary schedules, etc.

Proviso.

Aggregate.

Salary limitations.

Certificate to disbursing office.

clerk, $1,800. Manufactures—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,400; assistant clerk, $2,220; additional clerk, $1,800. Military Affairs—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,880; assistant clerk, $2,580; assistant clerk, $2,400; two assistant clerks at $2,220 each. Mines and Mining—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,400; assistant clerk, $2,220; two additional clerks at $1,800 each. Naval Affairs—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,880; assistant clerk, $2,400; two assistant clerks at $2,220 each. Patents—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,400; assistant clerk, $2,220; additional clerk, $1,800. Pensions—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,580; four assistant clerks at $2,220 each. Post Offices and Post Roads—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,880; assistant clerk, $2,520; three assistant clerks at $2,220 each; additional clerk, $1,800. Printing—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,580; assistant clerk, $2,220; additional clerk, $1,800. Privileges and Elections—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $3,400; assistant clerk, $2,220; additional clerk, $1,800. Public and Roads—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,400; assistant clerk, $2,220; additional clerk, $1,800. Public Buildings and Grounds—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,400; assistant clerk, $2,220; additional clerk, $1,800. Public Buildings and Grounds—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,400; assistant clerk, $2,220; additional clerk, $1,800. Territories and Insular Affairs—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,580; two assistant clerks at $2,220 each; two assistant clerks at $2,000 each; additional clerk, $1,800; in all, $506,940.

Clerical assistants to Senators who are not chairmen of the committees specially provided for herein, as follows: Seventy clerks at $3,900 each; seventy assistant clerks at $2,400 each; and seventy assistant clerks at $2,220 each; such clerks and assistant clerks shall be ex officio clerks and assistant clerks of any committee of which their Senator is chairman; seventy additional clerks at $1,800 each, one for each Senator having no more than one clerk and two assistant clerks for himself or for the committee of which he is chairman; messenger, $1,800; in all, $724,200.

Clerical assistance to Senators, $1,111,800.
OFFICE OF SERGEANT AT ARMS AND DOORKEEPER

Salaries: Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper, $8,000; two secretaries (one for the majority and one for the minority), at $5,400 each and $1,500 additional each so long as the respective positions are held by the present respective incumbents; two assistant secretaries (one for the majority and one for the minority), at $4,320 each and $480 additional each so long as the respective positions are held by the present respective incumbents; Deputy Sergeant at Arms and storekeeper, $4,800 and $1,500 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; clerks—one $3,000, one $2,200, one $2,100, one $2,000, one $1,800, one to the secretary for the majority, $2,280, one to the secretary of the minority, $2,280, one $1,500; assistant doorkeeper, $2,880; messengers—three (acting as assistant doorkeepers) at $2,400 each; thirty (including four for minority) at $1,740 each; four at $1,620 each; one at card door, $2,640, and $240 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; clerk on Journal work for Congressional Record to be selected by the Official Reporters, $3,360; upholsterer and locksmith, $2,600; cabinetmaker, $2,040; three carpenters at $2,040 each; janitor, $2,400; five skilled laborers, $1,680 each; laborer in charge of private passage, $1,740; four female attendants in charge of ladies' retiring rooms, at $1,500 each; three female attendants in charge of ladies' retiring rooms, Senate Office Building, at $1,500 each; attendant authorized by S. Res. 252, adopted May 13, 1938, $1,500; telephone operators—chief $2,460 and $280 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; fourteen at $1,620 each; laborer in charge of Senate toilet rooms in old library space, $1,200; press gallery—superintendent, $3,660; assistant superintendent, $3,000; assistant superintendent, $1,920; messengers for service to press correspondents—two at $1,560 each, two at $1,440 each; laborers—three at $1,380 each, thirty at $1,260 each, three at $480 each; special employees—seven at $1,000 each; twenty-one pages for the Senate Chamber, at the rate of $4 per day each, during the session, $15,204; in all, $271,444.

Police force for Senate Office Building under the Sergeant at Arms: Lieutenant, $1,740; special officer, $1,740; three sergeants at $1,680 each; twenty-eight privates at $1,620 each; in all, $53,880.

POST OFFICE

Salaries: Postmaster, $3,600; assistant postmaster, $2,880; chief clerk, $2,460; wagon master, $2,280; twenty-six mail carriers, at $1,740 each; in all, $56,460.

FOLDING ROOM

Salaries: Foreman, $2,460; assistant, $2,160; clerk, $1,740; folders—chief, $2,040, fourteen at $1,440 each; in all, $28,560.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE SENATE

Vice President's automobile: For purchase, exchange, driving, maintenance, and operation of an automobile for the Vice President, $4,000. Reporting Senate proceedings: For reporting the debates and proceedings of the Senate, payable in equal monthly installments, $66,340. Furniture: For services in cleaning, repairing, and varnishing furniture, $2,000. For materials for furniture and repairs of same, exclusive of labor, and for the purchase of furniture, $8,000. Inquiries and investigations: For expenses of inquiries and investigations ordered by the Senate, including compensation to stenog-
rappers of committees, at such rate as may be fixed by the Committee to Audit and Control the Contingent Expenses of the Senate, but not exceeding 25 cents per hundred words, $150,000: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be expended for per diem and subsistence expenses except in accordance with the provisions of the Subsistence Expense Act of 1926, approved June 3, 1926, as amended.

Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation: For payment of one-half of the salaries and other expenses of the Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation as authorized by law, $30,000.

Folding documents: For folding speeches and pamphlets at a rate not exceeding $1 per thousand, $18,000.

For materials for folding, $1,500.

Fuel, and so forth: For fuel, oil, cotton waste, and advertising, exclusive of labor, $2,000.

Senate restaurants: For repairs, improvements, equipment, and supplies for Senate kitchens and restaurants, Capitol Building, and Senate Office Building, including personal and other services, to be expended from the contingent fund of the Senate, under the supervision of the Committee on Rules, United States Senate, $35,000.

Motor vehicles: For maintaining, exchanging, and equipping motor vehicles for carrying the mails and for official use of the offices of the Secretary and Sergeant at Arms, $8,760.

Miscellaneous items: For miscellaneous items, exclusive of labor, $350,000.

Packing boxes: For packing boxes, $970.

Postage stamps: For office of Secretary, $350; office of Sergeant at Arms, $150; in all, $500.

Hereafter the Secretary of the Senate is authorized and directed to procure and furnish each fiscal year to each Senator and the President of the Senate, upon request by such person, United States air mail postage stamps in an amount not exceeding $50 for the mailing of postal matter arising in connection with his or her official business; and to enable the Secretary of the Senate to carry into effect the provisions of this paragraph for the fiscal year 1942, there is appropriated the sum of $4,850.

Stationery: For stationery for Senators and for the President of the Senate, including $7,500 for stationery for committees and officers of the Senate, $26,900: Provided, That commencing with the fiscal year 1942 the allowance for stationery for each Senator and for the President of the Senate shall be $200 per annum.

Rent: For rent of warehouse for storage of public documents, $2,000.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

SALARIES AND MILEAGE OF MEMBERS

For compensation of Members of the House of Representatives, Delegates from Territories, and the Resident Commissioner from Puerto Rico, $4,385,000.

For mileage of Representatives, the Delegate from Hawaii, and the Resident Commissioner from Puerto Rico, and for expenses of the Delegate from Alaska, $171,000.

For compensation of officers, clerks, messengers, and others:

OFFICE OF THE SPEAKER

Salaries: Secretary to the Speaker, $4,020; three clerks to the Speaker, at $2,400 each; messenger to Speaker, $1,680; in all, $13,600.
Salaries: Parliamentarian $5,000, and $2,500 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent, and for preparing Digest of the Rules, $1,000 per annum; Assistant Parliamentarian, $3,000 and $1,500 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; messenger to Speaker's table, $1,740 and $560 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; in all, $15,400.

Chaplain of the House of Representatives, $1,680.

Salaries: Clerk of the House of Representatives, including compensation as disbursing officer of the contingent fund, $8,000; Journal clerk, two reading clerks, and tally clerk, at $5,000 each; enrolling clerk, $4,000; disbursing clerk, $3,960 and $1,040 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; file clerk, $3,780; chief bill clerk, $3,540; assistant enrolling clerk, $3,500; assistant to disbursing clerk, $3,120; stationery clerk, $2,880; librarian, $2,760; assistant librarian and assistant file clerk, at $2,520 each; assistant Journal clerk and assistant librarian, at $2,460 each; clerks—one at $2,460, four at $2,340 each; bookkeeper and assistant in disbursing office, at $2,160 each; assistant in disbursing office, $1,800; three assistants to chief bill clerk at $2,100 each; stenographer to the Clerk, $2,600; assistant in stationery room, $1,740; three messengers at $1,680 each; stenographer to Journal clerk, $1,560; laborers—three at $1,440 each, ten at $1,260 each; telephone operators—assistant chief, $1,800, twenty-three at $1,620 each; substitute telephone operator, when required, at $4 per day, $1,460; property custodian and superintendent of furniture and repair shop, who shall be a skilled cabinetmaker or upholsterer and experienced in the construction and purchase of furniture, $3,960; two assistant custodians at $3,360 each; locksmith and typewriter repairer, $1,860; messenger and clock repairer, $1,740; operation, maintenance, and repair of motor vehicles, $1,200; in all, $174,940.

Clerks, messengers, and janitors to the following committees:
Accounts—clerk, $3,300; assistant clerk, $2,460; janitor, $1,560.
Agriculture—clerk, $3,300; assistant clerk, $2,460; janitor, $1,560.
Appropriations—clerk, $7,000 and $1,000 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; assistant clerk, $5,000 and $2,500 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; assistant clerk, $3,900 and $1,100 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; two assistant clerks at $3,800 each and $600 each additional so long as the respective positions are held by the present respective incumbents; assistant clerk, $3,900 and $300 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; assistant clerks, $3,600 and $800 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; assistant clerks, $3,500 and $600 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; additional clerical assistants at rates to be fixed by the chairman of the Committee on Appropriations, $13,300; messenger, $1,680; page, $1,260; four clerk-stenographers at the annual rate of $1,800 each, one for each subcommittee of the Committee on Appropriations having jurisdiction over a regular annual appropriation bill as shall be
designated by the chairman of the Committee on Appropriations and to be appointed by the chairmen of the subcommittees so designated, subject to the approval of the chairman, $7,200. Banking and Currency—clerk, $2,760; assistant clerk, $1,740; janitor, $1,260. Census—clerk, $2,760; janitor, $1,260. Civil Service—clerk, $2,760; janitor, $1,260. Claims—clerk, $3,300; assistant clerk, $2,460; janitor, $1,260. Coinage, Weights, and Measures—clerk, $2,760; janitor, $1,260. Disposition of Executive Papers—clerk, $2,760. District of Columbia—clerk, $3,300; assistant clerk, $2,460; janitor, $1,260. Education—clerk, $2,760; janitor, $1,260. Election of the President, Vice President, and Representatives in Congress—clerk, $2,760. Elections Numbered 1—clerk, $2,760; janitor, $1,260. Elections Numbered 2—clerk, $2,760; janitor, $1,260. Elections Numbered 3—clerk, $2,760; janitor, $1,260. Enrolled Bills—clerk, $2,760; janitor, $1,260. Expenditures in Executive Departments—clerk, $3,300; janitor, $1,260. Flood Control—clerk, $2,760; janitor, $1,260. Foreign Affairs—clerk, $3,300; assistant clerk, $2,460; janitor, $1,260. Immigration and Naturalization—clerk, $3,300; janitor, $1,260. Indian Affairs—clerk, $3,300; assistant clerk, $2,460; janitor, $1,260. Insular Affairs—clerk, $2,760; janitor, $1,260. Interstate and Foreign Commerce—clerk, $3,900; additional clerk, $2,640; assistant clerk, $1,100; janitor, $1,560. Irrigation and Reclamation—clerk, $2,760; janitor, $1,260. Invalid Pensions—clerk, $3,300; assistant clerk, $1,980; expert examiner, $2,700; stenographer, $2,640; janitor, $1,560. Judiciary—clerk, $3,900; assistant clerk, $2,460; assistant clerk, $1,980; janitor, $1,560. Labor—clerk, $2,760; assistant clerk, $1,740; janitor, $1,260. Library—clerk, $2,760; janitor, $1,260. Merchant Marine and Fisheries—clerk, $2,760; assistant clerk, $2,100; janitor, $1,560. Military Affairs—clerk, $2,760; assistant clerk, $2,100; janitor, $1,560. Mines and Mining—clerk, $2,760; janitor, $1,260. Naval Affairs—clerk, $3,300; assistant clerk, $2,100; janitor, $1,560. Patents—clerk, $2,760; janitor, $1,260. Pensions—clerk, $3,300; assistant clerk, $2,160; janitor, $1,260. Post Office and Post Roads—clerk, $3,300; assistant clerk, $2,100; janitor, $1,560. Printing—clerk, $2,760; janitor, $1,560. Public Buildings and Grounds—clerk, $3,300; assistant clerk, $1,740; janitor, $1,260. Public Lands—clerk, $3,300; assistant clerk, $1,740; janitor, $1,560. Revision of the Laws—clerk, $3,300; janitor, $1,260. Rivers and Harbors—clerk, $3,300; assistant clerk, $2,160; janitor, $1,560. Roads—clerk, $2,760; assistant clerk, $1,740; janitor, $1,260. Rules—clerk, $3,300; assistant clerk, $2,100; janitor, $1,260. Territories—clerk, $2,760; janitor, $1,260. War Claims—clerk, $3,300; assistant clerk, $1,740; janitor, $1,260. Ways and Means—clerk, $4,620; assistant clerk, $3,000; assistant clerk and stenographer, $2,640; assistant clerk, $2,550; clerk for minority, $3,180 and $420 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; janitors—one, $1,560; two at $1,260 each. World War Veterans’ Legislation—clerk, $3,300; assistant clerk, $2,460; in all, $335,000.

OFFICE OF SERGEANT AT ARMS

Salaries: Sergeant at Arms, $8,000; Deputy Sergeant at Arms in charge of mace, $3,150; cashier, $6,000; assistant cashier, $4,000; two bookkeepers, at $3,360 each; Deputy Sergeant at Arms in charge of pairs, $3,600 and $300 additional while the position is held by the present incumbent; pair clerk and messenger, $2,820; stenographer, $2,500; skilled laborer, $1,380; hire of automobile, $600; in all, $39,100. Police force, House Office Building, under the Sergeant at Arms: Lieutenant, $1,740; three sergeants at $1,680 each; thirty-five privates at $1,620 each; in all, $63,480.
OFFICE OF DOORKEEPER

Salaries: Doorkeeper, $6,000; special employee, $3,000; superintendent of House Press Gallery, $3,660; assistants to the superintendent of the House Press Gallery—one at $2,520, and $900 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent, and one at $2,400; House Radio Press Gallery—superintendent of radio room at $2,700; messenger at $1,560; chief janitor, $2,700; messengers—one chief messenger, $2,240, sixteen messengers at $1,740 each, fourteen on soldiers' roll at $1,740 each; laborers—seventeen at $1,260 each, two (cloakroom) at $1,380 each, one (cloakroom), $1,260, and seven (cloakroom) at $1,140 each; three female attendants in ladies' retiring rooms at $1,680 each, attendant for the ladies' reception room, $1,440; superintendent of folding room, $3,180 and $420 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; foreman of folding room, $2,640; chief clerk to superintendent of folding room, $2,160; three clerks at $2,160 each; janitor, $1,260; laborer, $1,260; thirty-one folders at $1,440 each; shipping clerk, $1,740; two drivers at $1,380 each; two telephone pages at $1,680 each; two floor managers of telephones (one for the minority) at $3,180 each and $300 each additional so long as the respective positions are held by the respective present incumbents; two telephone pages at $1,680 each; two floor managers of telephones (one for the minority) at $3,180 each and $300 each additional so long as the respective positions are held by the respective present incumbents; two assistant floor managers in charge of telephones (one for the minority) at $2,100 each; forty-seven pages during the session, including ten pages for duty at the entrances to the Hall of the House at $4 per day each, $34,028; superintendent of document room (Elmer A. Lewis), $3,960 and $1,040 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; assistant superintendent of document room, $2,760; clerk, $2,320; assistant clerk, $2,160; eight assistants at $1,860 each; janitor, $1,440; messenger to press room (House Press Gallery), $1,560; maintenance and repair of folding-room motor-truck, $500; in all, $269,508.

SPECIAL AND MINORITY EMPLOYEES

For the minority employees authorized and named in the House Resolutions Numbered 51 and 53 of December 11, 1931, as amended: Two at $5,000 each, three at $3,000 each; one at $3,600 and $300 additional while the position is held by the present incumbent (minority pair clerk, House Resolution Numbered 313 of August 7, 1935); in all, $22,900.

Special employees: Assistant foreman of the folding room, authorized in the resolution of September 30, 1913, $1,980; laborer, authorized and named in the resolution of April 28, 1914, $1,380; laborer, $1,380; in all, $4,740.

Successors to any of the employees provided for in the two preceding paragraphs may be named by the House of Representatives at any time.

Office of majority floor leader: Legislative clerk, $3,110; clerk, $2,530; two assistant clerks, at $1,800 each; for official expenses of the majority leader, as authorized by House Resolution Numbered 101, Seventy-first Congress, adopted December 18, 1929, $2,000; in all, $11,240.

Conference minority: Clerk, $3,180; legislative clerk, $3,060; assistant clerk, $2,100; janitor, $1,560; in all, $9,900. The foregoing employees to be appointed by the minority leader.

Two messengers, one in the majority caucus room and one in the minority caucus room, to be appointed by the majority and minority whips, respectively, at $1,740 each; in all, $3,480.
POST OFFICE

Salaries: Postmaster, $5,000; assistant postmaster, $2,880; two registry and money-order clerks, at $2,100 each; forty messengers (including one to superintend transportation of mails), at $1,740 each; substitute messengers and extra services of regular employees, when required, at the rate of not to exceed $145 per month each, $1,740; laborer, $1,260; in all, $81,680.

Motor vehicles: For the purchase, exchange, maintenance, and repair of motor vehicles for carrying the mails, $2,500.

OFFICIAL REPORTERS OF DEBATES

Salaries: Six official reporters of the proceedings and debates of the House at $7,500 each; clerk, $4,000; assistant clerk, $2,000; six expert transcribers at $2,000 each; in all, $63,000.

COMMITTEE STENOGRAPHERS

Salaries: Four stenographers to committees, at $7,000 each and two stenographers to committees, at $6,000 each; clerk, $3,360; in all, $43,360: Provided, That any sums received from the sale of copies of transcripts of hearings of committees reported by such stenographers shall be covered into the Treasury as "miscellaneous receipts".

Whenever the words "during the session" occur in the foregoing paragraphs they shall be construed to mean the one hundred and eighty-one days from January 1 to June 30, 1942, both inclusive.

CLERK HIRE, MEMBERS, AND DELEGATES

For clerk hire necessarily employed by each Member and Delegate, and the Resident Commissioner from Puerto Rico, in the discharge of his official and representative duties, in accordance with the Act entitled "An Act to fix the compensation of officers and employees of the legislative branch of the Government", approved June 20, 1929, as amended by the Act of July 25, 1939, $2,847,000.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE HOUSE

Furniture: For furniture and materials for repairs of the same, including not to exceed $29,000 for labor, tools, and machinery for furniture repair shops, $68,000, of which sum $23,000 shall be available immediately.

Packing boxes: For packing boxes, $3,000: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be used to furnish a packing box to any Representative, Delegate, or Resident Commissioner for any session of Congress unless request therefor has been made not later than thirty days after the sine die adjournment of any such session.

Miscellaneous items: For miscellaneous items, exclusive of salaries unless specifically ordered by the House of Representatives, including the sum of $50,000 for payment to the Architect of the Capitol in accordance with section 208 of the Act approved October 9, 1940 (Public Act 812, 76th Congress), the reimbursement to the official stenographers to committees for the amounts actually paid out by them for transcribing hearings, and materials for folding, $97,500.

Reporting hearings: For stenographic reports of hearings of committees other than special and select committees, $25,000.

Special and select committees: For expenses of special and select committees authorized by the House, $200,000, of which $25,000 shall be available immediately.
Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation: For payment of one-half of the salaries and other expenses of the Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation as authorized by law, $30,000.

Funeral expenses: No part of the appropriations contained herein for the contingent expenses of the House of Representatives shall be used to defray the expenses of any committee consisting of more than six persons (not more than four from the House and not more than two from the Senate), nor to defray the expenses of any other person except the Sergeant at Arms of the House or a representative of his office, and except the widow or minor children or both of the deceased, to attend the funeral rites and burial of any person who at the time of his or her death is a Representative, a Delegate from a Territory, or a Resident Commissioner from Puerto Rico.

Telegraph and telephone: For telegraph and telephone service, exclusive of personal services, $130,000.

Stationery: For stationery for Representatives, Delegates, and the Resident Commissioner from Puerto Rico, for the second session of the Seventy-seventh Congress, and for stationery for the use of the committees and officers of the House (not to exceed $5,000), $92,600.

Attending physician’s office: For medical supplies, equipment, and contingent expenses of the emergency room and for the attending physician and his assistants, including an allowance of $1,500 to be paid to the attending physician in equal monthly installments as authorized by the Act approved June 27, 1940 (54 Stat. 629), and including an allowance of not to exceed $30 per month each to four assistants as provided by the House resolutions adopted July 1, 1930, January 20, 1932, and November 18, 1940, $5,860.

Postage stamps: Postmaster, $200; Clerk, $400; Sergeant at Arms, $250; Doorkeeper, $100; in all, $950.

Hereafter the Clerk of the House of Representatives is authorized and directed to procure and furnish each fiscal year to each Representative, Delegate, and the Resident Commissioner from Puerto Rico, upon request by such person, United States air mail postage stamps in an amount not exceeding $50 for the mailing of postal matter arising in connection with his or her official business; and to enable the Clerk to carry into effect the provisions of this paragraph for the fiscal year 1942, there is appropriated the sum of $21,900.

Folding documents: For folding speeches and pamphlets, at a rate not exceeding $1 per thousand, $30,000.

Revision of laws: For preparation and editing of the laws as authorized by the Act approved May 29, 1928 (1 U. S. C., 59), $8,000, to be expended under the direction of the Committee on Revision of the Laws.

Clerk’s office, special assistance: For assistants in compiling lists of reports to be made to Congress by public officials; compiling copy and revising proofs for the House portion of the Official Register; preparing and indexing the statistical reports of the Clerk of the House; compiling the telephone and Members’ directories; preparing and indexing the daily calendars of business; preparing and indexing the daily calendars of business; preparing and indexing questions of order printed in the Appendix to the Journal pursuant to House Rule III; for recording and filing statements of political committees and candidates for election to the House of Representatives pursuant to the Federal Corrupt Practices Act, 1925 (2 U. S. C. 241-256); and for such other assistance as the Clerk of the House may deem necessary and proper in the conduct of the business of his office, $4,500: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be used to augment the annual salary of any employee of the House of Representatives.
Speaker's automobile: For exchange, driving, maintenance, repair, and operation of an automobile for the Speaker, $4,000.

For the procurement of a portrait of Honorable Sam Rayburn, Speaker of the House of Representatives, $2,500, to be disbursed by the Clerk of the House under the direction of the Speaker.

CAPITOL POLICE

Salaries: Captain, $2,700; three lieutenants, at $1,740 each; two special officers, at $1,740 each; three sergeants, at $1,680 each; fifty-two privates, at $1,620 each; one-half of said privates to be selected by the Sergeant at Arms of the Senate and one-half by the Sergeant at Arms of the House; in all, $100,680: Provided, That no part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be paid as compensation to any person appointed after June 30, 1935, as an officer or member of the Capitol Police (including those for the Senate and House Office Buildings) who does not meet the standards to be prescribed for such appointees by the Capitol Police Board: Provided further, That the Capitol Police Board is hereby authorized to detail police from the House and Senate Office Buildings for police duty on the Capitol Grounds.

General expenses: For purchasing and supplying uniforms, purchase, exchange, maintenance, and repair of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, contingent expenses, including $25 per month for extra services performed by a member of such force for the Capitol Police Board, $9,400.

Capitol Police Board: To enable the Capitol Police Board to provide additional protection during the present emergency for the Capitol Buildings and Grounds, including the Senate and House Office Buildings and the Capitol Power Plant, $55,000. Such sum shall only be expended for payment for salaries and other expenses of personnel detailed from the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the Secret Service of the Treasury Department, and the Metropolitan Police of the District of Columbia, and the heads of such agencies and the Commissioners of the District of Columbia are authorized and directed to make such details upon the request of the Board. Personnel so detailed shall, during the period of such detail, serve under the direction and instructions of the Board and is authorized to exercise the same authority as members of such Metropolitan Police and members of the Capitol Police and to perform such other duties as may be assigned by the Board. Reimbursement for salaries and other expenses of such detailed personnel shall be made to the Federal agency or the government of the District of Columbia, respectively, and any sums so reimbursed shall be credited to the appropriation or appropriations from which such salaries and expenses are payable and be available for all the purposes thereof.

One-half of the foregoing amounts under “Capitol Police” shall be disbursed by the Secretary of the Senate and one-half by the Clerk of the House.

JOINT COMMITTEE ON PRINTING

Salaries: Clerk, $4,000 and $800 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; inspector under section 20 of the Act approved January 12, 1895 (44 U. S. C. 49), $2,820; assistant clerk and stenographer, $2,640; for expenses of compiling, preparing, and indexing the Congressional Directory, $1,600; in all, $11,880, one-half to be disbursed by the Secretary of the Senate and the other half to be disbursed by the Clerk of the House.
OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL

Salaries and expenses: For salaries and expenses of maintenance of the office of Legislative Counsel, as authorized by law, $80,550, of which $40,000 shall be disbursed by the Secretary of the Senate and $40,550 by the Clerk of the House of Representatives.

STATEMENT OF APPROPRIATIONS

For preparation, under the direction of the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and House of Representatives of the statements for the first session of the Seventy-seventh Congress, showing appropriations made, indefinite appropriations, and contracts authorized, together with a chronological history of the regular appropriation bills, as required by law, $4,000, to be paid to the persons designated by the chairmen of such committees to do the work.

ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL

OFFICE OF THE ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL

Salaries: For the Architect of the Capitol, Assistant Architect of the Capitol, and other personal services at rates of pay provided by law; and the Assistant Architect of the Capitol shall act as Architect of the Capitol during the absence or disability of that official or whenever there is no Architect; $59,100.

Appropriations under the control of the Architect of the Capitol shall be available for expenses of travel on official business not to exceed in the aggregate under all funds the sum of $1,500.

CAPITOL BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS

Capitol Buildings: For necessary expenditures for the Capitol Building and electrical substations of the Senate and House Office Buildings, under the jurisdiction of the Architect of the Capitol, including minor improvements, maintenance, repair, equipment, supplies, material, fuel, oil, waste, and appurtenances; furnishings and office equipment; special clothing for workmen; waterproof wearing apparel; personal and other services; cleaning and repairing works of art; purchase or exchange (not to exceed $1,000), maintenance, and driving of motor-propelled passenger-carrying office vehicle; not exceeding $300 for the purchase of technical and necessary reference books, periodicals, and city directory; not to exceed $150 for expenses of attendance, when specifically authorized by the Architect of the Capitol, at meetings or conventions in connection with subjects related to work under the Architect of the Capitol; and the compensation of the position of supervising engineer shall be at the rate of $6,000 per annum so long as the position is held by the person who was the incumbent thereof on May 15, 1941; $321,891.

Capitol Grounds: For care and improvement of grounds surrounding the Capitol, Senate and House Office Buildings; Capitol Power Plant; personal and other services; care of trees; planting; fertilizers; repairs to pavements, walks, and roadways; purchase of waterproof wearing apparel; maintenance of signal lights; and for snow removal by hire of men and equipment or under contract without compliance with sections 3709 (41 U. S. C., 5) and 3744 (41 U. S. C., 10) of the Revised Statutes, $112,686.

Legislative garage: For maintenance, repairs, alterations, personal and other services, and all necessary incidental expenses, $11,880.
Subway transportation, Capitol and Senate Office Buildings: For repairs, rebuilding, and maintenance of the subway system connecting the Senate Office Building with the Senate wing of the United States Capitol and for personal and other services, including maintenance of the cars, track, and electrical equipment connected therewith, $2,000.

Senate Office Building: For maintenance, miscellaneous items and supplies, including furniture, furnishings, and equipment, and for labor and material incident thereto, and repairs thereof; and for personal and other services for the care and operation of the Senate Office Building, under the direction and supervision of the Senate Committee on Rules, including four female attendants in charge of ladies' retiring rooms at $1,500 each; in all, $369,574, of which amount $27,900 shall be immediately available: Provided, That structural changes in the Senate Office Building shall only be made with the approval of the Architect of the Capitol: Provided further, That not to exceed $4,000 of the unexpended balance of the appropriation for this purpose contained in the Legislative Branch Appropriation Act, 1941, is hereby continued available until June 30, 1942, for the purchase of rugs and carpets.

House Office Buildings: For maintenance, including equipment, waterproof wearing apparel, miscellaneous items, and for all necessary services, $351,000.

Capitol Power Plant: For lighting, heating, and power for the Capitol, Senate and House Office Buildings, Supreme Court Building, Congressional Library Buildings, and the grounds about the same, Botanic Garden, legislative garage, and folding and storage rooms of the Senate, and for air-conditioning refrigeration not supplied from plants in any of such buildings; for heating the Government Printing Office and Washington City Post Office and for light and power therefor whenever available; personal and other services, engineering instruments, fuel, oil, materials, labor, advertising, and purchase of waterproof wearing apparel in connection with the maintenance and operation of the plant, $763,641.

Senate Folding Room: For repairs and improvements in the building now occupied by the Senate Folding Room, including labor, materials, and other necessary expenses, $3,000.

Salaries: For chief engineer and all personal services at rates of pay provided by law, $91,320.

Salaries, Sunday opening: For extra services of employees and additional employees under the Architect of the Capitol to provide for the opening of the Library Buildings on Sundays and on holidays, at rates to be fixed by such Architect, $6,768.

General repairs, and so forth: For necessary expenditures for the Library Buildings and Grounds under the jurisdiction of the Architect of the Capitol, including minor improvements, maintenance,
repair, equipment, supplies, waterproof wearing apparel, material, and appurtenances, and personal and other services in connection with the mechanical and structural maintenance of such buildings and grounds, $76,840, of which $3,500 shall be immediately available.

Elimination of fire hazards, Library of Congress Buildings: To enable the Architect of the Capitol to remedy fire hazards in the Library of Congress Buildings, and for labor, materials, and equipment, personal and other services, including professional services without reference to section 33 of the Act of June 25, 1910, as amended, repairs, alterations, and improvements, and any other item necessary in connection therewith, $40,000.

BOTANIC GARDENS

Salaries: For personal services (including not exceeding $3,000 for miscellaneous temporary labor without regard to the Classification Act of 1923, as amended), $81,662; all under the direction of the Joint Committee on the Library.

Maintenance, operation, repairs, and improvements: For all necessary expenses incident to maintaining, operating, repairing, and improving the Botanic Garden, and the nurseries, buildings, grounds, and equipment pertaining thereto, including procuring fertilizers, soils, tools, trees, shrubs, plants, and seeds; materials and miscellaneous supplies, including rubber boots and aprons when required for use by employees in connection with their work; not to exceed $25 for emergency medical supplies; disposition of waste; traveling expenses of the Director and his assistants not to exceed $250; streetcar fares not exceeding $25; office equipment and contingent expenses; the prevention and eradication of insect and other pests and plant diseases by purchase of materials and procurement of personal services by contract without regard to the provisions of any other Act; repair, maintenance, operation, purchase, and exchange of motortrucks and a passenger motor vehicle (the cost of such passenger vehicle not to exceed $750, including the amount allowed on any vehicle given in part payment therefor); purchase of botanical books, periodicals, and books of reference, not to exceed $100; repairs and improvements to Director's residence; and all other necessary expenses; all under the direction of the Joint Committee on the Library, $23,125.

No part of the appropriations contained herein for the Botanic Garden shall be used for the distribution, by congressional allotment, of trees, plants, shrubs, or other nursery stock.

LIBRARY OF CONGRESS

Salaries, Library, Proper: For the Librarian, the Librarian Emeritus, Chief Assistant Librarian, and other personal services, including special and temporary services and extra special services of regular employees (not exceeding $8,000) at rates to be fixed by the Librarian, $1,318,840: Provided, That not to exceed $10,000 of any money accruing from lapses under this appropriation may be transferred in such sums as the Librarian may designate to the appropriations for the Copyright Office, Union Catalogs, Distribution of Card Indexes, and Library Buildings; but none of such transferred funds shall be utilized for the employment of additional personnel.

COPYRIGHT OFFICE

Salaries: For the Register of Copyrights, assistant register, and other personal services, $288,600.
Salaries: To enable the Librarian of Congress to employ competent persons to gather, classify, and make available, in translations, indexes, digests, compilations, and bulletins, and otherwise, data for or bearing upon legislation, and to render such data serviceable to Congress, and committees and Members thereof, and for printing and binding the digests of public general bills, and including not to exceed $5,700 for employees engaged on piece work and work by the day or hour at rates to be fixed by the Librarian, $130,950: Provided, That not more than $20,000 of this sum shall be used for preparation and reproduction of copies of the Digest of General Public Bills.

**DISTRIBUTION OF CARD INDEXES**

Salaries and expenses: For the distribution of card indexes and other publications of the Library, including personal services, freight charges (not exceeding $500), expressage, postage, traveling expenses connected with such distribution, expenses of attendance at meetings when incurred on the written authority and direction of the Librarian, and including not to exceed $76,000 for employees engaged in piece work and work by the day or hour and for extra special services of regular employees at rates to be fixed by the Librarian; in all, $251,760.

**INDEX TO STATE LEGISLATION**

Salaries and expenses: To enable the Librarian of Congress to prepare an index to the legislation of the several States, together with a supplemental digest of the more important legislation, as authorized and directed by the Act entitled "An Act providing for the preparation of a biennial index to State legislation", approved February 10, 1927 (2 U. S. C. 164, 165), including personal and other services within and without the District of Columbia, including not to exceed $2,500 for special and temporary services at rates to be fixed by the Librarian, travel, necessary material and apparatus, and for printing and binding the indexes and digests of State legislation for official distribution only, and other printing and binding incident to the work of compilation, stationery, and incidentals, $39,200.

**SUNDAY OPENING**

Salaries: To enable the Library of Congress to be kept open for reference use on Sundays and on holidays within the discretion of the Librarian, including the extra services of employees and the services of additional employees under the Librarian, at rates to be fixed by the Librarian, $26,018.

**UNION CATALOGUES**

Salaries and expenses: To continue the development and maintenance of the Union Catalogues, including personal services within and without the District of Columbia (and not to exceed $700 for special and temporary services, including extra special services of regular employees, at rates to be fixed by the Librarian), travel, necessary material and apparatus, stationery, photostat supplies, and incidentals, $26,180.

**INCREASE OF THE LIBRARY OF CONGRESS**

General increase of Library: For purchase of books, miscellaneous periodicals and newspapers, photo-copying supplies and photo-copying labor, and all other material for the increase of the Library,
including payment in advance for subscription books and society publications, and for freight, commissions, and traveling expenses not to exceed $7,500, including expenses of attendance at meetings when incurred on the written authority and direction of the Librarian in the interest of collections, and all other expenses incidental to the acquisition of books, miscellaneous periodicals and newspapers, and all other material for the increase of the Library, by purchase, gift, bequest, or exchange, including not to exceed $5,000 for the payment of obligations legally incurred in previous fiscal years under appropriations for these purposes, $248,000, to continue available during the fiscal year 1943.

Increase of the law library: For the purchase of books and for legal periodicals for the law library, including payment for legal society publications and for freight, commissions, and all other expenses incidental to the acquisition of lawbooks, and all other material for the increase of the law library, including not to exceed $2,000 for the payment of obligations legally incurred in previous fiscal years under appropriations for these purposes, $90,000, to continue available during the fiscal year 1943.

Books for the Supreme Court: For the purchase of books and periodicals for the Supreme Court, to be a part of the Library of Congress, and purchased by the Marshal of the Supreme Court, under the direction of the Chief Justice, $20,000.

BOOKS FOR ADULT BLIND

To enable the Librarian of Congress to carry out the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide books for the adult blind" approved March 3, 1931 (2 U. S. C. 135a), as amended, $350,000, including not exceeding $20,000 for personal services and not exceeding $500 for necessary traveling expenses connected with such service and for expenses of attendance at meetings when incurred on the written authority and direction of the Librarian.

PRINTING AND BINDING

General printing and binding: For miscellaneous printing and binding for the Library of Congress, including the Copyright Office, and the binding, rebinding, and repairing of library books, and for the Library Buildings, $360,000.

Printing the Catalogue of Title Entries of the Copyright Office: For the publication of the Catalogue of Title Entries of the Copyright Office and the decisions of the United States courts involving copyright, $45,000.

Printing catalog cards: For the printing of catalog cards and of miscellaneous publications relating to the distribution of card indexes, $200,000.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE LIBRARY

For miscellaneous and contingent expenses, stationery, office supplies, stock, and materials directly purchased, miscellaneous traveling expenses, postage, transportation, incidental expenses connected with the administration of the Library and Copyright Office, including not exceeding $500 for expenses of attendance at meetings when incurred on the written authority and direction of the Librarian, $19,400.

For furniture, including the purchase of office and library equipment, apparatus, and labor-saving devices, $64,500, to be expended under the direction of the Librarian of Congress, of which sum $10,000 shall be immediately available.
For personal services, paper, chemicals, and miscellaneous supplies necessary for the operation of the photoduplicating machines of the Library and the making of photoduplicate prints, $31,230.

Security of collections: To enable the Librarian to effect precautionary measures for the security of the collections of the Library of Congress, including personal services, equipment, and supplies, $30,000, to be available immediately.

**LIBRARY BUILDINGS**

Salaries: For the superintendent and other personal services, in accordance with the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, including special and temporary services and special services of regular employees in connection with the custody, care, and maintenance of the Library Buildings, in the discretion of the Librarian (not exceeding $3,250), at rates to be fixed by the Librarian, $269,126.

For mail, delivery, including purchase or exchange, maintenance, operation, and repair of a motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicle, and telephone services, rubber boots, rubber coats, and other special clothing for workmen, uniforms for guards and elevator conductors, medical supplies, equipment, and contingent expenses for the emergency room, stationery, miscellaneous supplies, and all other incidental expenses in connection with the custody and maintenance of the Library Buildings, $13,500.

**LIBRARY OF CONGRESS TRUST FUND BOARD**

For any expense of the Library of Congress Trust Fund Board not properly chargeable to the income of any trust fund held by the Board, $500.

**GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE**

Salaries, etc.

To provide the Public Printer with a working capital for the following purposes for the execution of printing, binding, lithographing, mapping, engraving, and other authorized work of the Government Printing Office for the various branches of the Government: For salaries of Public Printer and Deputy Public Printer; for salaries, compensation, or wages of all necessary officers and employees additional to those herein appropriated for, including employees necessary to handle waste paper and condemned material for sale; to enable the Public Printer to comply with the provisions of law granting holidays and half holidays and Executive orders granting holidays and half holidays with pay to employees; to enable the Public Printer to comply with the provisions of law granting leave to employees with pay, such pay to be at the rate for their regular positions at the time the leave is granted; rental of buildings and equipment, fuel, gas, heat, electric current, gas and electric fixtures; bicycles, motor-propelled vehicles for the carriage of printing and printing supplies, and the maintenance, repair, and operation of the same, to be used only for official purposes, including operation, repair, and maintenance of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, and the purchase or exchange of two such passenger vehicles (at a cost, including the allowance on any vehicle given in part payment therefor, of not to exceed $1,000 and $750, respectively), for official use of the officers of the Government Printing Office when in writing ordered by the
Public Printer; freight, expressage, telegraph and telephone service, furniture, typewriters, and carpets; traveling expenses, including not to exceed $3,000 for attendance at meetings or conventions when authorized by the Joint Committee on Printing; stationery, postage, and advertising; directories, technical books, newspapers and magazines, and books of reference (not exceeding $300); adding and numbering machines, time stamps, and other machines of similar character; rubber boots, coats, and gloves; machinery (not exceeding $300,000); equipment, and for repairs to machinery, implements, and buildings, and for minor alterations to buildings; necessary equipment, maintenance, and supplies for the emergency room for the use of all employees in the Government Printing Office who may be taken suddenly ill or receive injury while on duty; other necessary contingent and miscellaneous items authorized by the Public Printer; for expenses authorized in writing by the Joint Committee on Printing for the inspection of printing and binding equipment, material, and supplies and Government printing plants in the District of Columbia or elsewhere (not exceeding $1,000); for salaries and expenses of preparing the semimonthly and session indexes of the Congressional Record under the direction of the Joint Committee on Printing (chief indexer at $3,480, one cataloger at $3,180, two catalogers at $2,460 each, and one cataloger at $2,100); and for all the necessary labor, paper, materials, and equipment needed in the prosecution and delivery and mailing of the work; in all, $4,157,000; to which sum shall be charged the printing and binding authorized to be done for Congress including supplemental and deficiency estimates of appropriations; the printing, binding, and distribution of the Federal Register in accordance with the Act approved July 26, 1935 (44 U. S. C., 301-317) (not exceeding $120,000); the printing and binding for use of the Government Printing Office; the printing and binding (not exceeding $5,000) for official use of the Architect of the Capitol upon requisition of the Secretary of the Senate; and not to exceed $92,000 for completing the printing, binding, and distribution of the Definitive Writings of George Washington, including indexes; in all to an amount not exceeding $3,157,000: Provided, That not less than $1,000,000 of such working capital shall be returned to the Treasury as an unexpended balance not later than six months after the close of the fiscal year 1942.

Printing and binding for Congress chargeable to the foregoing appropriation, when recommended to be done by the Committee on Printing of either House, shall be so recommended in a report containing an approximate estimate of the cost thereof, together with a statement from the Public Printer of estimated approximate cost of work previously ordered by Congress within the fiscal year for which this appropriation is made.

During the fiscal year 1942 any executive department or independent establishment of the Government ordering printing and binding from the Government Printing Office shall pay promptly by check to the Public Printer upon his written request, either in advance or upon completion of the work, all or part of the estimated or actual cost thereof, as the case may be, and bills rendered by the Public Printer in accordance herewith shall not be subject to audit or certification in advance of payment: Provided, That proper adjustments on the basis of the actual cost of delivered work paid for in advance shall be made monthly or quarterly and as may be agreed upon by the Public Printer and the department or establishment concerned. All sums paid to the Public Printer for work that he is authorized by law to do shall be deposited to the credit, on the books of the Treasury Department, of the appropriation made for the working capital of the Government Printing Office for the year in which the work is done, and be subject to requisition by the Public Printer.
Printing and binding estimates, requirements.

All amounts in the Budget for the fiscal year 1943 for printing and binding for any department or establishment, so far as the Bureau of the Budget may deem practicable, shall be incorporated in a single item for printing and binding for such department or establishment and be eliminated as a part of any estimate for any other purpose. And if any amounts for printing and binding, including the total cost of work produced on the multilith, multigraph, and other similar equipment are included as a part of any estimates for any other purposes, such amounts shall be set forth in detail in a note immediately following the general estimate for printing and binding: Provided, That the foregoing requirements shall not apply to work to be executed at the Bureau of Engraving and Printing.

No part of any money appropriated in this Act shall be paid to any person employed in the Government Printing Office while detailed for or performing service in the executive branch of the public service of the United States unless such detail be authorized by law.

OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT OF DOCUMENTS

Salaries: For the Superintendent of Documents, assistant superintendent, and other personal services in accordance with the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, and compensation of employees paid by the hour who shall be subject to the provisions of the Act entitled “An Act to regulate and fix rates of pay for employees and officers of the Government Printing Office”, approved June 7, 1924 (44 U. S. C. 40), $760,000: Provided, That for the purpose of conforming to section 3 of this Act this appropriation shall be considered a separate appropriation unit.

General expenses: For furniture and fixtures, typewriters, carpets, labor-saving machines and accessories, time stamps, adding and numbering machines, awnings, curtains, books of reference; directories, books, miscellaneous office and desk supplies, paper, twine, glue, envelopes, postage, carfars, soap, towels, disinfectants, and ice; drayage, express, freight, telephone, and telegraph service; traveling expenses (not to exceed $200); repairs to buildings, elevators, and machinery; rental of equipment; preserving sanitary condition of building; light, heat, and power; stationery and office printing, including blanks, price lists, bibliographies, catalogs, and indexes; for supplying books to depository libraries; in all, $280,000: Provided, That no part of this sum shall be used to supply to depository libraries any documents, books, or other printed matter not requested by such libraries, and the requests therefor shall be subject to approval by the Superintendent of Documents: Provided further, That the Superintendent of Documents shall furnish, from the quota that was printed for sale, one complete set of the Definitive Writings of George Washington to each Senator, Representative, Delegate, and Resident Commissioner, serving during the Seventy-seventh Congress, who makes written application therefor and who previously had not received a set of such publication.

In order to keep the expenditures for printing and binding for the fiscal year 1942 within or under the appropriations for such fiscal year, the heads of the various executive departments and independent establishments are authorized to discontinue the printing of annual or special reports under their respective jurisdictions: Provided, That where the printing of such reports is discontinued the original copy thereof shall be kept on file in the offices of the heads of the respective departments or independent establishments for public inspection.

Purchases may be made from the foregoing appropriation under the “Government Printing Office”, as provided for in the Printing Act approved January 12, 1895, and without reference to section 4.
of the Act approved June 17, 1910 (41 U. S. C. 7), concerning pur-
chases for executive departments.

Sec. 2. No part of the funds herein appropriated shall be used
for the maintenance or care of private vehicles.

Sec. 3. In expending appropriations or portions of appropriations
contained in this Act, for the payment for personal services in the
District of Columbia, in accordance with the Classification Act of
1923, as amended, the average of the salaries of the total number of
persons under any grade in the Botanic Garden, the Library of Con-
gress, or the Government Printing Office shall not at any time exceed
the average of the compensation rates specified for the grade by such
Act, as amended, and in grades in which only one position is allocated
the salary of such position shall not exceed the average of the compen-
sation rates for the grade, except that in unusually meritorious
cases of one position in a grade, advances may be made to rates higher
than the average of the compensation rates of the grade, but not more
often than once in any fiscal year, and then only to the next higher
rate: Provided, That this restriction shall not apply (1) to grades
1, 2, 3, and 4 of the clerical-mechanical service; (2) to require the
reduction in salary of any person whose compensation was fixed as
of July 1, 1924, in accordance with the rules of section 6 of such
Act; (3) to require the reduction in salary of any person who is trans-
ferred from one position to another position in the same or different
grade in the same or a different bureau, office, or other appropria-
tion unit; (4) to prevent the payment of a salary under any grade
at a rate higher than the maximum rate of the grade when such
higher rate is permitted by the Classification Act of 1923, as amended,
and is specifically authorized by other law; or (5) to reduce the com-
pen-sation of any person in a grade in which only one position is
allocated.

Sec. 4. Whenever any office or position not specifically established
by the Legislative Pay Act of 1929 is specifically appropriated for
herein or whenever the rate of compensation or designation of any
position specifically appropriated for herein is different from that
specifically established for such position by such Act, the rate of
compensation and the designation of the position, or either, speci-
fically appropriated for herein, shall be the permanent law with
respect thereto; and the authority for any position specifically estab-
lished by such Act which is not specifically appropriated for herein
shall cease to exist.

Sec. 5. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall
be used to pay the salary or wages of any person who advocates, or
who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow
of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Pro-
vided, That for the purposes hereof an affidavit shall be considered
prima facie evidence that the person making the affidavit does not
advocate, and is not a member of an organization that advocates, the
overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or vio-
ence: Provided further, That any person who advocates, or who is a
member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the
Government of the United States by force or violence and accepts
employment the salary or wages for which are paid from any appro-
priation contained in this Act shall be guilty of a felony and, upon
conviction, shall be fined not more than $1,000 or imprisoned for not
more than one year, or both: Provided further, That the above
penalty clause shall be in addition to, and not in substitution for, any
other provisions of existing law.

Sec. 6. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act or
authorized hereby to be expended and no part of any appropriation
or fund otherwise available to any Federal agency for which appro-

36 Stat. 531.

Private vehicles.

Salary restriction.

42 Stat. 1488.
Post, p. 613.

Proviso.
Restriction not appl.
icable in designated
cases.

42 Stat. 1490.

Rate of compensa-
tion and designation
of positions.


Persons advocating
overthrow of U. S.
Government.

Penalty.

Citizenship require-
ments.
provisions are contained in this Act shall be used to pay the compensation of any officer or employee of the Government of the United States or of any agency the majority of the stock of which is owned by the Government of the United States, whose post of duty is in continental United States, unless such person is (1) a citizen of the United States, or (2) a person in the service of the United States on the date of the approval of this Act who being eligible for citizenship had theretofore filed a declaration of intention to become a citizen, or (3) who owes allegiance to the United States: Provided, That not to exceed ten positions in the Library of Congress may be exempt from the provisions of this section, but the Librarian shall not make any appointment to any such position until he has ascertained that he cannot secure for such appointment a person in any of the three categories hereinafter specified in this section who possesses the special qualifications for the particular position and also otherwise meets the general requirements for employment in the Library of Congress.

SEC. 7. This Act may be cited as the "Legislative Branch Appropriation Act, 1942".

Approved, July 1, 1941.

[CHAPTER 269]

AN ACT

Making appropriations for the Department of Labor, the Federal Security Agency, and related independent agencies, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1942, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Department of Labor, the Federal Security Agency, and related independent agencies, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1942, namely:

TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Salaries: Secretary of Labor, Assistant Secretary, Second Assistant Secretary, and other personal services in the District of Columbia, $381,500.

Salaries and expenses, Office of the Solicitor: For personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, and for other necessary expenses in the field, including contract stenographic reporting services, $850,000.

Contingent expenses: For contingent and miscellaneous expenses of the offices and bureaus of the Department, for which appropriations for contingent and miscellaneous expenses are not specifically made, including the purchase of stationery, furniture, and repairs to the same, carpets, matting, oilcloths, file cases, towels, ice, brooms, soap, sponges, laundry, not exceeding $1,400 for streetcar fares; purchase, exchange, maintenance, and repair of motorcycles and motortrucks; purchase (including exchange) of two motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles; maintenance, operation, and repair of four motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, to be used only for official purposes; freight and express charges; commercial and labor-reporting services; postage to foreign countries, telegraph and telephone service, typewriters, adding machines, and other labor-saving devices; purchase and exchange of lawbooks, books of reference, newspapers, and periodicals, and, when authorized by the Secretary
of Labor, dues for library membership in societies or associations which issue publications to members only or at a price to members lower than to subscribers who are not members, not exceeding $6,000; contract stenographic services; teletype service and tolls (not to exceed $1,100) and all other necessary miscellaneous expenses not included in the foregoing, $215,500.

Traveling expenses: For all traveling expenses under the Department of Labor, including reimbursement to employees of the Division of Public Contracts and the Wage and Hour Division, at not to exceed three cents per mile, for expenses of travel performed by them in privately owned automobiles within the limits of their official stations in the field, $1,538,000.

Printing and binding: For printing and binding for the Department of Labor, including all its bureaus, offices, institutions, and services located in Washington, District of Columbia, and elsewhere, $410,000.

Salaries and expenses, Division of Labor Standards: For salaries and expenses, including purchase and distribution of reports, and of material for informational exhibits, in connection with the promotion of health, safety, employment stabilization, and amicable industrial relations for labor and industry, $806,000, of which amount not to exceed $219,950 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

Salaries and expenses, Apprenticeship Training Program (national defense): For all expenses necessary to enable the Secretary of Labor to conduct a program of encouraging apprentice training in national-defense industries, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, and other items properly chargeable to the appropriations under the Department of Labor for contingent expenses, traveling expenses, and printing and binding, $300,000.

Salaries and expenses, Safety and Health Program (national defense): For all expenses necessary to enable the Secretary of Labor to conduct a program of safety and health among employees engaged in national-defense industries, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, and other items otherwise properly chargeable to the appropriations under the Department of Labor for contingent expenses, traveling expenses, and printing and binding, $200,000.

The appropriation under this title for traveling expenses shall be available for expenses of attendance of cooperating officials and consultants at conferences concerned with the work of the Division of Labor Standards when called by the Division of Labor Standards with the written approval of the Secretary of Labor, and shall be available also in an amount not to exceed $2,000 for expenses of attendance at meetings related to the work of the Division of Labor Standards when incurred on the written authority of the Secretary of Labor.

Commissioners of conciliation: To enable the Secretary of Labor to exercise the authority vested in him by section 8 of the Act creating the Department of Labor (5 U. S. C. 611) and to appoint commissioners of conciliation, telegraph and telephone service, supplies for field offices, newspapers, books of reference, and periodicals; and not to exceed $67,520 for personal services in the District of Columbia, $444,300.

Commissioners of conciliation (national defense): For all expenses necessary to enable the Secretary of Labor to perform conciliation services in situations growing out of employment in industries under the national-defense program, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, and other items otherwise properly
chargeable to the appropriations under the Department of Labor for contingent expenses, traveling expenses, and printing and binding, $275,000.

The appropriation in this title for traveling expenses shall be available in an amount not to exceed $2,000 for expenses of attendance at meetings, conferences, or conventions concerned with labor and industrial relations when incurred on the written authority of the Secretary of Labor.

Liaison with the International Labor Organization, salaries and expenses: For a United States Labor Commissioner and other personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; and contingent and such other expenses in the United States as the Secretary of Labor may deem necessary, $7,100.

Division of Public Contracts, salaries and expenses: For personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, in performing the duties imposed by the "Act to provide conditions for the purchase of supplies and the making of contracts by the United States, and for other purposes", approved June 30, 1936 (41 U. S. C. 38), and for other necessary expenses in the field, including contract stenographic reporting services, $260,000.

BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS

Salaries and expenses: For personal services including temporary statistical clerks, stenographers, and typists in the District of Columbia, and including also experts and temporary assistants for field service outside of the District of Columbia; purchase of periodicals, documents, envelopes, price quotations, and reports and materials for reports and bulletins of said Bureau, $1,077,000, of which amount not to exceed $955,000 may be expended for the salary of the Commissioner and other personal services in the District of Columbia.

The appropriation in this title for traveling expenses shall be available, in an amount not to exceed $2,000, for expenses of attendance at meetings concerned with the work of the Bureau of Labor Statistics when incurred on the written authority of the Secretary of Labor.

Study of Post-Defense Problems (national defense): For all expenses necessary to enable the Secretary of Labor to conduct studies relative to problems connected with labor likely to arise upon the termination of the existing emergent conditions in connection with defense activities throughout the United States, in cooperation with the National Resources Planning Board, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, and other items otherwise properly chargeable to the appropriations under the Department of Labor for contingent expenses, traveling expenses, and printing and binding, $96,500: Provided, That not to exceed $15,000 of the amount herein appropriated shall be available for the employment on a part-time basis, of the services of experts without regard to the civil service laws and regulations or the Classification Act of 1923, as amended.

Occupational Outlook Survey (national defense): For all expenses necessary to enable the Secretary of Labor to continue occupational outlook surveys throughout the United States, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, and other items otherwise properly chargeable to the appropriations under the Department of Labor for contingent expenses, traveling expenses, and printing and binding, $190,000.

CHILDREN’S BUREAU

Salaries and expenses: For expenses of investigating and reporting upon matters pertaining to the welfare of children and child life,
and especially to investigate the questions of infant mortality; personal services, including experts and temporary assistants; purchase of reports and material for the publications of the Children's Bureau and for reprints from State, city, and private publications for distribution when said reprints can be procured more cheaply than they can be printed by the Government, and other necessary expenses, $864,500, of which amount not to exceed $318,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

Salaries and expenses, child labor provisions, Fair Labor Standards Act: For all authorized and necessary expenses of the Children's Bureau in performing the duties imposed upon it by the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; supplies; services; equipment; newspapers, books of reference, and periodicals; and reimbursement to State and local agencies and their employees for services rendered, as authorized by section 11 of said Act, $276,900.

**MATERNAL AND CHILD WELFARE**

Salaries and expenses, maternal and child welfare: For all authorized and necessary administrative expenses of the Children's Bureau in performing the duties imposed upon it by title V of the Social Security Act, approved August 14, 1935, as amended, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; supplies; services; equipment; newspapers, books of reference, and periodicals, $364,000.

**GRANTS TO STATES FOR MATERNAL AND CHILD HEALTH SERVICES**

Grants to States for maternal and child health services: For grants to States for the purpose of enabling each State to extend and improve services for promoting the health of mothers and children, as authorized in title V, part 1, of the Social Security Act, approved August 14, 1935 (42 U. S. C. 701), as amended, $5,820,000: Provided, That any allotment to a State pursuant to section 502 (b) shall not be included in computing for the purposes of subsections (a) and (b) of section 504 an amount expended or estimated to be expended by the State.

**GRANTS TO STATES FOR SERVICES FOR CRIPPLED CHILDREN**

Grants to States for services for crippled children: For the purpose of enabling each State to extend and improve services for crippled children, as authorized in title V, part 2, of the Social Security Act, approved August 14, 1935 (42 U. S. C. 711), as amended, $3,870,000.

**GRANTS TO STATES FOR CHILD-WELFARE SERVICES**

Grants to States for child-welfare services: For grants to States for the purpose of enabling the United States, through the Children's Bureau, to cooperate with State public-welfare agencies in establishing, extending, and strengthening public-welfare services for the care of homeless or neglected children, or children in danger of becoming delinquent, as authorized in title V, part 3, of the Social Security Act, approved August 14, 1935 (42 U. S. C. 721), as amended, $1,510,000.

In the administration of title V of the Social Security Act, as amended, for the fiscal year 1942, payments to the States for any quarter of the fiscal year 1942 under parts 1, 2, and 3 may be made with respect to any State plan approved under such respective parts by the Chief of the Children's Bureau prior to or during such quarter, but no such payment shall be made with respect to any plan for any
Attendance at conferences.

Attendance at meetings.

Transfer, etc., of funds.

Citation of title.

期 prior to the quarter in which such plan is submitted to the Chief of the Children's Bureau for approval.

The appropriation in this title for traveling expenses shall be available, in an amount not to exceed $11,000, for expenses of attendance of cooperating officials and consultants at conferences concerned with the administration of work of the Children's Bureau under the Fair Labor Standards Act and under title V, parts 1, 2, and 3, of the Social Security Act, as amended, when called by the Children's Bureau with the written approval of the Secretary of Labor, and shall be available also, in an amount not to exceed $6,000, for expenses of attendance at meetings related to the work of the Children's Bureau when incurred on the written authority of the Secretary of Labor.

WOMEN'S BUREAU

Salaries and expenses: For carrying out the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to establish in the Department of Labor a bureau to be known as the Women's Bureau", approved June 5, 1920 (29 U. S. C. 11-16), including personal services in the District of Columbia; purchase of material for reports and educational exhibits, $154,200.

The appropriation in this title for traveling expenses shall be available in an amount not to exceed $2,500 for expenses of attendance at meetings concerned with the work of the Women's Bureau when incurred on the written authority of the Secretary of Labor.

WAGE AND HOUR DIVISION

Salaries: For the Administrator, Deputy Administrator, and other personal services for the Wage and Hour Division necessary in performing the duties imposed upon it by the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, including reimbursement to State, Federal, and local agencies and their employees for services rendered, $4,697,700, of which amount not to exceed $1,000,000 (exclusive of pay of members of industry committees) may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

Miscellaneous expenses (other than salaries): For all authorized and necessary expenses, other than salaries, of the Wage and Hour Division in performing the duties imposed upon it by the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, including contract stenographic reporting services, purchase (not to exceed $1,500), maintenance, repair, and operation outside the District of Columbia of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, lawbooks, books of reference, periodicals, manuscripts and special reports, newspapers, supplies, office equipment, advertising, postage, telephone and telegraph service, reimbursement to State, Federal, and local agencies and their employees for services rendered, $326,500.

The Secretary of Labor may allot or transfer, with the approval of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, funds from the foregoing appropriations for the Wage and Hour Division to any other bureau or office of the Department of Labor to enable such bureau or office to perform services for the Wage and Hour Division.

The appropriation in this title for traveling expenses shall be available in an amount not to exceed $4,750 for expenses of attendance at meetings concerned with the work of the Wage and Hour Division when incurred on the written authority of the Secretary of Labor.

This title may be cited as the “Department of Labor Appropriation Act, 1942”.

PUBLIC LAWS—CH. 269—JULY 1, 1941
TITLE II—FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY

OFFICE OF THE ADMINISTRATOR

For salaries under the Office of the Administrator as follows:

For the Office of the Administrator, $127,500: Provided, That of the sum herein appropriated the Administrator may expend not to exceed $2,500 for temporary employment of persons, by contract or otherwise, for special services determined necessary by the Administrator, without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes, and the civil-service and classification laws.

For the Division of Personnel Supervision and Management, $435,000.

For the Chief Clerk’s Division, $251,000.

Miscellaneous expenses: Office of Administrator: For miscellaneous expenses of the Office of the Administrator in the District of Columbia and elsewhere (except travel and printing and binding); transfer of household goods and effects, as provided by the Act of October 10, 1940 (Public, Numbered 830), and regulations promulgated thereunder; purchase and exchange of lawbooks, other books of reference, and periodicals; library membership fees or dues in organizations which issue publications to members only or to members at a lower price than to others, payment for which may be made in advance; and purchase (including exchange), operation, maintenance, and repair of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, including not to exceed $1,800 for one for the use of the Administrator, $98,000.

The appropriation in this title for traveling expenses shall be available for the Office of the Administrator in an amount not to exceed $1,500 for expenses of attendance at meetings or conventions concerned with the work of the Federal Security Agency, when specifically authorized by the Federal Security Administrator; and not to exceed $1,000 for payment, when specifically authorized by such Administrator, of actual transportation expenses and not to exceed $10 per diem in lieu of subsistence of persons serving while away from their homes, without other compensation, in an advisory capacity to the Federal Security Agency.

Traveling expenses: For traveling expenses (not appropriated for elsewhere) for the Federal Security Agency and all bureaus, boards, and constituent organizations thereof, including actual transportation expenses and not to exceed $10 per diem in lieu of subsistence and other expenses of persons serving, while away from their homes, without other compensation, in an advisory capacity to the Federal Security Agency when approved by the Federal Security Administrator; expenses, when specifically authorized by such Administrator, of attendance at meetings concerned with the work of the Federal Security Agency; and reimbursement, at not to exceed 3 cents per mile, for travel performed by employees of the Federal Security Agency in privately owned automobiles and within the limits of their official stations, when engaged in the investigation of claims or the furnishing or securing of information concerning claims or wage records under title II of the Social Security Act, as amended (42 U. S. C. 301–1305), $1,773,000: Provided, That any amounts transferred to this appropriation from other appropriations of the Federal Security Agency shall be expended in accordance with the provisions of the appropriations from which transferred.

Printing and binding: For printing and binding (not appropriated for elsewhere) for the Federal Security Agency and all...
bureaus, boards, and constituent organizations thereof, $1,000,000: Provided. That any amounts transferred to this appropriation shall be expended in accordance with the provisions of the sections wherein such funds were appropriated.

In order that the Administrator may effectuate reorganization plans submitted and approved pursuant to the Reorganization Act of 1939, he may transfer to the foregoing appropriations under this title from funds available for administrative expenses of the constituent units of the Federal Security Agency such sums as represent a consolidation in the Office of the Administrator of any of the administrative functions of said constituent units: Provided, That no such transfer of funds shall be made unless the consolidation of administrative functions will result in a reduction of administrative salary and other expenses and such reduction is accompanied by savings in funds appropriated to the Federal Security Agency, which savings shall not be expended for any other purpose but shall be impounded and returned to the Treasury.

AMERICAN PRINTING HOUSE FOR THE BLIND

To enable the American Printing House for the Blind more adequately to provide books and apparatus for the education of the blind in accordance with the provisions of the Act approved February 8, 1927 (20 U. S. C. 101), $115,000.

CIVILIAN CONSERVATION CORPS

For all necessary expenses to carry into effect the provisions of the Act entitled “An Act to establish a Civilian Conservation Corps, and for other purposes”, approved June 28, 1937, as amended, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; the purchase and exchange of lawbooks, books of reference, and periodicals; the purchase (including exchange), operation, maintenance, and repair of motor-propelled and horse-drawn passenger-carrying vehicles to be used only for official purposes; hire, with or without personal services, of work animals, animal-drawn and motor-propelled vehicles, and watercraft; printing and binding; travel expenses, including not to exceed $2,000 for expenses of attendance at meetings concerned with the work of the corps when specifically authorized by the Federal Security Administrator; construction, improvement, repair, and maintenance of buildings, but the cost of any building erected hereunder shall not exceed $25,000 as follows:

For pay, subsistence, medical services, and so forth: For pay, subsistence, travel, clothing (and repair thereof), medical services, including hospitalization, fees and travel of physicians, dentists, veterinarians, and nurses, burial of enrollees, payment (not exceeding $50 for any one transfusion) to any enrollee of the Civilian Conservation Corps or other individual furnishing blood for transfusion to the veins of an enrollee or discharged enrollee of the Civilian Conservation Corps undergoing treatment in a hospital, authorized to treat such patient, $153,414,000;

For camp maintenance and construction: For the construction, maintenance, and equipment of camps, including the rental of sites, buildings, and equipment, $8,874,000;

For salaries and expenses, care of enrollees: For salaries and expenses in connection with the education, care, and welfare of enrollees, and travel of instructors and religious attendants, $10,379,000;

For project salaries: For salaries in connection with authorized projects, including supply depots and central repair shops, $82,868,000;
For project expenses (other than salaries): For expenses other than salaries in connection with authorized projects and at supply depots and central repair shops, $22,231,000;

For salaries, field (other than project): For personal services in the field except those connected with projects, $12,519,000;

For expenses, field (other than project): For expenses (other than salaries) in the field, except those connected with projects, $3,935,000;

For salaries, departmental: For departmental personal services in the District of Columbia, $2,163,000;

For expenses, departmental: For departmental expenses in the District of Columbia (other than for personal services), $577,000;

The Director of the Civilian Conservation Corps may authorize the exchange of motor-propelled and horse-drawn vehicles, tractors, road equipment, and boats, and parts, accessories, tires, or equipment thereof, in whole or in part payment for vehicles, tractors, road equipment, or boats, or parts, accessories, tires, or equipment of such vehicles, tractors, road equipment, or boats which the corps has acquired: Provided, That not to exceed 5 per centum of any of the foregoing appropriations for the Civilian Conservation Corps, except the appropriation for "Pay, subsistence, medical services, and so forth" may, subject to the approval of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, be transferred by the Federal Security Administrator to any other of such appropriations, but no appropriation may be increased by such transfer more than 5 per centum.

In the expenditure of funds appropriated herein under the heading "Civilian Conservation Corps", the over-all cost per enrollee per year shall not exceed $1,000 on the basis of a total enrollee appropriated strength herein of two hundred and thirty-two thousand five hundred enrollees: Provided, That irrespective of the total number of enrollees either authorized or actually enrolled, in no event shall there be expended more than $1,000 per actual enrollee per year.

In all, $246,960,000.

COLUMBIA INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF

Salaries and expenses: For support of the institution, including salaries and incidental expenses, books and illustrative apparatus, and general repairs and improvements, $142,000.

OFFICE OF EDUCATION

Salaries: For the Commissioner of Education and other personal services in the District of Columbia, $301,000.

General expenses: For general expenses of the Office of Education, including lawbooks, books of reference, and periodicals; streetcar fares; for compensation, not to exceed $500, of employees in field service; for purchase, distribution, and exchange of educational documents, motion-picture films, and lantern slides; collection, exchange, and cataloging of educational apparatus and appliances, articles of school furniture and models of school buildings illustrative of foreign and domestic systems and methods of education, and repairing the same; exchange as part payment for office equipment and other expenses not herein provided for, $12,500.

The appropriation in this title for traveling expenses shall be available in an amount not to exceed $5,000 for expenses of persons attending conferences called to meet in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, which are concerned with the work of the Office of Education and not otherwise provided for in this title, when incurred on the written authority of the Federal Security Administrator.

Library service: For making surveys, studies, investigations, and reports regarding public, school, college, university, and other libra-
ries; fostering coordination of public and school library service; coordinating library service on the national level with other forms of adult education; developing library participation in Federal projects; fostering Nation-wide coordination of research materials among the more scholarly libraries, inter-State library cooperation, and the development of public, school, and other library service throughout the country, and for the administrative expenses incident to performing these duties, including salaries of such assistants, experts, clerks, and other employees in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, as the Commissioner of Education may deem necessary, purchase of miscellaneous supplies, equipment, stationery, typewriters, and exchange thereof, postage on foreign mail, purchase of books of reference, law-books, and periodicals, and all other necessary expenses, $20,600.

Study of higher education for Negroes: For all expenses, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, purchase and rental of equipment, purchase of supplies, traveling expenses, including attendance at meetings of educational associations, societies, and other organizations, printing and binding, and all other incidental expenses not included in the foregoing, to enable the Office of Education, at a total cost of not to exceed $40,000, to make a study of higher education for Negroes to determine first, the higher education needs of Negroes, and second, the areas of educational concentration or specialization upon which the various colleges should embark, $10,000: Provided, That $1,200 shall be transferred from this appropriation to the appropriation "Traveling expenses, Federal Security Agency" and $2,500 shall be transferred from this appropriation to the appropriation "Printing and binding, Federal Security Agency": Provided further, That specialists and experts for temporary service in this study may be employed at rates to be fixed by the Administrator of the Federal Security Agency to correspond to those established by the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, and without reference to the Civil Service Act of January 16, 1883.

Further endowment of colleges of agriculture and the mechanic arts: For carrying out the provisions of section 22 of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for research into basic laws and principles relating to agriculture and to provide for the further development of cooperative agricultural extension work and the more complete endowment and support of land-grant colleges", approved June 29, 1936 (49 Stat. 436), $2,480,000.

VOCATIONAL EDUCATION

Salaries and expenses: For carrying out the provisions of section 7 of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the promotion of vocational education, and so forth", approved February 23, 1917, as amended by the Act of October 6, 1917 (20 U.S.C. 15), and of section 4 of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the further development of vocational education in the several States and Territories", approved June 8, 1936 (49 Stat. 1488), $423,700: Provided, That $50,100 shall be transferred from this appropriation to the appropriation "Traveling expenses, Federal Security Agency" and $15,000 shall be transferred from this appropriation to the appropriation "Printing and binding, Federal Security Agency".

Further development of vocational education: For carrying out the provisions of sections 1, 2, and 3 of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the further development of vocational education in the several States and Territories", approved June 8, 1936 (49 Stat. 1488-1490), $13,500,000: Provided, That the apportionment to the States shall be computed on the basis of not to exceed $14,482,000 for the fiscal year 1942, as authorized by the Act approved June 8, 1936.
For extending to the Territory of Hawaii the benefits of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the promotion of vocational education, and so forth", approved February 23, 1917 (20 U. S. C. 11-18), in accordance with the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to extend the provisions of certain laws to the Territory of Hawaii", approved March 10, 1924 (20 U. S. C. 29), $30,000.

For extending to Puerto Rico the benefits of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the promotion of vocational education, and so forth", approved February 23, 1917 (20 U. S. C. 11-18), in accordance with the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to extend the provisions of certain laws relating to vocational education and civilian rehabilitation to Puerto Rico", approved March 10, 1924 (20 U. S. C. 29), $105,000.

Cooperative vocational rehabilitation of persons disabled in industry: For carrying out the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the promotion of vocational rehabilitation of persons disabled in industry or otherwise and their return to civil employment", approved June 2, 1920 (29 U. S. C. 35), as amended by the Act of June 5, 1924 (29 U. S. C. 31), and the Acts of June 9, 1930, and June 30, 1932 (29 U. S. C. 31-40), section 531 (a) of the Act of August 14, 1935 (49 Stat. 620) and section 508 (a) of the Act approved August 10, 1939 (53 Stat. 1381), $2,650,000: Provided, That the apportionment to the States shall be computed in accordance with the Acts approved June 2, 1920, June 5, 1924, June 9, 1930, June 30, 1932, August 14, 1935, and August 10, 1939, on the basis of not to exceed $3,000,000 for the fiscal year 1942.

Salaries and expenses, vocational rehabilitation: For carrying out the provisions of section 6 of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the promotion of vocational rehabilitation of persons disabled in industry, and so forth", approved June 2, 1920 (29 U. S. C. 35), and the Acts of June 5, 1924 (29 U. S. C. 31), June 9, 1930, and June 30, 1932 (29 U. S. C. 31-40), August 14, 1935 (49 Stat. 620), and August 10, 1939 (53 Stat. 1381), and for carrying out the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to authorize the operation of stands in Federal buildings by blind persons, to enlarge the economic opportunities of the blind, and for other purposes", approved June 20, 1936 (49 Stat. 1559, 1560), $112,000: Provided, That $15,050 shall be transferred from this appropriation to the appropriation "Traveling expenses, Federal Security Agency" and $4,000 shall be transferred from this appropriation to the appropriation "Printing and binding, Federal Security Agency".

The appropriation in this title for traveling expenses shall be available in an amount not to exceed $2,000 for expenses of persons attending conferences concerned with vocational rehabilitation called to meet in the District of Columbia and elsewhere when incurred on the written authority of the Federal Security Administrator.

Cooperative vocational rehabilitation of disabled residents of the District of Columbia: For personal services, printing and binding, travel and subsistence, and payment of expenses of training, placement, and other phases of rehabilitating disabled residents of the District of Columbia under the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the vocational rehabilitation of disabled residents of the District of Columbia", approved February 23, 1929 (45 Stat. 1260), as amended by the Act approved April 17, 1937 (50 Stat. 69), $25,000.

Promotion of vocational rehabilitation of persons disabled in industry in Hawaii: For extending to the Territory of Hawaii the benefits of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the promotion of vocational rehabilitation of persons disabled in industry", approved June
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PUBLIC LAWS—CH. 269—JULY 1, 1941


EDUCATION AND TRAINING, DEFENSE WORKERS (NATIONAL DEFENSE)

Payments to States, and so forth (national defense): For payment to States, subdivisions thereof, or other public agencies operating public educational facilities, and, where hereinafter authorized, to vocational schools exempt from taxation under section 101 (6) of the Internal Revenue Code, colleges and universities, for the furtherance of the education and training of defense workers, through certification from time to time, in accordance with regulations promulgated by the United States Commissioner of Education (hereinafter referred to as the “Commissioner”) under the supervision and direction of the Federal Security Administrator and approved by the President, by the Commissioner to the Secretary of the Treasury of the name of such agency or the name of such school, college, or university to whom payment is to be made, and the amount to be paid, such payment to be made prior to audit and settlement by the General Accounting Office as follows:

(1) For the cost of vocational courses of less than college grade provided by such agencies in vocational schools, including vocational schools exempt from taxation under section 101 (6) of the Internal Revenue Code, or by such vocational schools pursuant to plans submitted by them and approved by the Commissioner, which plans shall include courses supplementary to employment in occupations essential to the national defense, pre-employment and refresher courses for workers preparing for such occupations and selected from the public employment office registers, including not to exceed $3,500,000 for payment to such agencies for rental of additional space found necessary by the Commissioner for carrying out the approved plans, $52,400,000.

(2) For the acquisition by purchase, rental, gift, or otherwise of new or used equipment when needed by agencies in providing courses pursuant to plans approved under (1) of this heading when such acquisitions are in accord with detailed proposals submitted by such agencies and approved by the Commissioner, which proposals shall include provisions governing the holding of title to and the use of the equipment to be acquired, $12,000,000, to be immediately available, and in addition thereto any unobligated balance, not exceeding $8,000,000, is hereby transferred from the appropriation for the cost of vocational courses of less than college grade made by subdivision (1) under the heading “Office of Education, education and training of defense workers” in the First Supplemental Civil Functions Appropriation Act, 1941 (54 Stat. 1054), to this appropriation to be available for the acquisition of equipment to establish pre-employment courses.

(3) For the cost of short courses of college grade provided by degree-granting colleges and universities pursuant to plans submitted by them and approved by the Commissioner, which plans shall be for courses designed to meet the shortage of engineers, chemists, physicists, and production supervisors in fields essential to the national defense, and such plans may provide for regional coordination of the defense training program of the participating colleges and universities, $17,500,000: Provided, That only colleges and universities which operate under charters which exempt their educational property from taxation and public degree-granting educational insti-
tutions shall be eligible to receive funds herefrom: Provided further, That not to exceed 20 per centum of the amount allotted to any school shall be allotted to it for expenditure for purchase and rental of additional equipment and leasing of additional space found by the Commissioner necessary to carry out its approved plan.

(4) For the cost of vocational courses of less than college grade and related instruction provided by such agencies for out-of-school rural youth, who have attained the age of seventeen and who file a registration card with a public employment office, and for nonrural youth who otherwise meet the above requirements, and whose training is not feasible under subdivisions (1) and (3) hereof, such courses and instruction to be provided pursuant to plans submitted by such agencies and approved by the Commissioner, $15,000,000, of which not to exceed 30 per centum shall be available for payment to such agencies for purchase and rental of equipment and rental of space found necessary by the Commissioner for carrying out the approved plans.

(5) For the cost of vocational courses and related or other necessary instruction provided by such agencies for young people employed on work projects of the National Youth Administration, such courses and instruction to be provided pursuant to plans submitted by such agencies and approved by the Commissioner, $10,000,000: Provided, That the amount allotted to any agency shall be available for expenditure for purchase or rental of additional equipment and rental of additional space found by the Commissioner to be necessary for carrying out the approved plan: Provided further, That not to exceed $125,000 of the above sum shall be available for administrative expenses.

Salaries and expenses (national defense): For all general administrative expenses necessary to enable the Office of Education to carry out the foregoing program of education and training of defense workers, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, purchase and exchange of equipment, traveling expenses, printing and binding, and not to exceed $10,000 for the payment of actual transportation expenses and not to exceed $10 per diem in lieu of subsistence and other expenses of persons serving, while away from their homes, without other compensation from the United States, in an advisory capacity to the Commissioner, $1,222,000. of which not to exceed $140,000 may be transferred to appropriations made available to the Office of the Federal Security Administrator for the fiscal year 1942 for the normal operations of that office: Provided, That section 3709 of the Revised Statutes shall not be construed to apply to any purchase from this appropriation when the aggregate amount involved does not exceed $100: Provided further, That the Commissioner shall transmit to Congress quarterly during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1942, a report of the defense training programs and training programs for youth employed by the National Youth Administration on work projects covering such educational programs which operate under his administration, as provided for in this Act, such reports to show the distribution of Federal funds and activities by States, types of programs and numbers of persons trained.

In the selection of trainees under the provisions of paragraph 1, no maximum age limit for trainees shall be established.

No trainee under the appropriations provided for in the foregoing paragraphs 1, 3, and 4 shall be discriminated against because of sex, race, or color, and, where separate schools are required by law for separate population groups, to the extent needed for trainees of each such group, equitable provisions shall be made for facilities and training of like quality.
Selection of trainees under the foregoing programs of training shall be based upon the existing and anticipated need for defense workers in occupations essential to the national defense.

Not to exceed an aggregate of $4,000 of the amount appropriated in this title for traveling expenses may be used for expenses of attendance at meetings of educational associations and other organizations concerned with vocational education.

All appropriations for vocational education under the Office of Education in this Act shall be used exclusively for vocational education purposes.

The Commissioner may delegate to any officer in the Office of Education any of his powers or duties hereunder.

**FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION**

For all necessary expenses for carrying out the investigations and work hereinafter named under the heading "Food and Drug Administration", including chemicals, purchase, exchange and repair of apparatus, personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; collecting, reporting, and illustrating the results of such investigations; contract stenographic reporting services; books of reference, and periodicals; exchange of scientific equipment; and transfer of household goods and effects as provided by the Act of October 10, 1940 (Public, Numbered 839), and regulations promulgated thereunder, as follows:

General administrative expenses: For necessary expenses for general administrative purposes, including the salary of Commissioner of Food and Drugs and other personal services in the District of Columbia, $91,700.

Enforcement of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act: For enabling the Federal Security Administrator to carry into effect the provisions of the Act of June 25, 1938, entitled "An Act to prohibit the movement in interstate commerce of adulterated and misbranded food, drugs, devices, and cosmetics, and for other purposes", as amended (21 U. S. C. 301-392); to cooperate with associations and scientific societies in the revision of the United States Pharmacopoeia and development of methods of analysis, and for investigating the character of the chemical and physical tests which are applied to American food products in foreign countries, and for inspecting the same before shipment when desired by the shippers or owners of these products intended for countries where chemical and physical tests are required before the said products are allowed to be sold therein, $2,203,000.

Enforcement of Tea Importation Act: For enabling the Federal Security Administrator to carry into effect the provisions of the Act approved March 2, 1897 (21 U. S. C. 41-50), entitled "An Act to Prevent the Importation of Impure and Unwholesome Tea", as amended, including payment of compensation and expenses of the members of the Board appointed under section 2 of the Act and all of the necessary officers and employees, both in Washington and in the field, $29,400: Provided, That on and after July 1, 1940, no tea, or merchandise described as tea, shall be examined for importation into the United States, or released by the Collector, under said Act unless the importer or consignee of such tea or merchandise, prior to such examination, has paid for deposit into the Treasury of the United States as miscellaneous receipts, a fee of 3.5 cents for each hundred weight or fraction thereof of such tea and merchandise.

Enforcement of the Milk Importation Act: For enabling the Federal Security Administrator to carry into effect the provisions of the


Enforcement of the Sea Food Inspectors Act: For personal services of sea food inspectors designated to examine and inspect sea food and the production, packing, and labeling thereof upon the application of any packer of any sea food for shipment or sale within the jurisdiction of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, in accordance with the provisions of the Act entitled “An Act to amend section 19A of the Federal Food and Drugs Act of June 30, 1906, as amended”, approved August 27, 1935 (21 U. S. C. 372a), $40,000.

The appropriation in this title for traveling expenses shall be available in an amount not exceeding $2,500 for travel outside the United States when authorized by the Federal Security Administrator in connection with the work of the Food and Drug Administration.

Total, salaries and expenses, Food and Drug Administration, $2,415,600, of which amount not to exceed $743,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia, and not to exceed $25,650 shall be available for the purchase and exchange of motor-propelled and horse-drawn passenger-carrying vehicles necessary in the conduct of field work outside the District of Columbia.

FREEDMEN'S HOSPITAL

Salaries: For officers and employees and compensation for all other professional and other services that may be required and expressly approved by the Federal Security Administrator, $414,000.

Miscellaneous expenses: For subsistence; fuel and light, not exceeding $1,000 for expenses of attendance upon meetings of a technical nature, pertaining to hospital administration and medical advancement, when authorized by the Federal Security Administrator; clothing, to include white duck suits and white canvas shoes for the use of interns, and cotton or duck uniforms or aprons for cooks, maids, and attendants, and laundering thereof; rubber surgical gloves, bedding, forage, medicine, medical and surgical supplies, surgical instruments, electric lights, repairs, replacement of X-ray apparatus, and furniture; purchase, maintenance, and operation of passenger-carrying vehicles; not exceeding $1,500 for the purchase of books and periodicals; not to exceed $2,000 for the special instruction of pupil nurses; reimbursement to the appropriations of Howard University of actual cost of heat and light furnished, and other absolutely necessary expenses, $876,000: Provided, That there shall be transferred from this appropriation to the appropriation “Salaries and expenses, public buildings and grounds in the District of Columbia, Public Buildings Administration” for direct expenditure by the Federal Works Agency, $50,000 for repairs, alterations, improvement, and preservation of the buildings and grounds of Freedmen’s Hospital; and that $1,000 shall
be transferred from this appropriation to the appropriation "Traveling expenses, Federal Security Agency" and that $2,500 shall be transferred to the appropriation "Miscellaneous and contingent expenses, Public Health Service": Provided further, That 65 per centum of each of the foregoing appropriations for the Freedmen's Hospital shall be chargeable to the District of Columbia and paid in like manner as other appropriations of the District of Columbia are paid, subject, however, to adjustments from time to time to be made during and at the end of the fiscal year so that the portion of each of these appropriations charged to the District of Columbia shall bear the same ratio to the total of each appropriation as the number of hospital days of service to persons who have resided in the District of Columbia for over one year on the day of admission bears to the total number of hospital days of service performed.

HOWARD UNIVERSITY

Salaries: For payment in full or in part of the salaries of the officers, professors, teachers, and other regular employees of the university, the balance to be paid from privately contributed funds, $581,000;

General expenses: For equipment, supplies, apparatus, furniture, cases and shelving, stationary, ice, repairs to buildings and grounds, and for other necessary expenses, $204,600.

PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE


Miscellaneous and contingent expenses: For miscellaneous and contingent expenses necessary for the work of the Public Health Service, including stationery supplies; exchange of motortrucks; operation, maintenance, and repair of passenger-carrying automobiles; exchange of typewriters and other labor-saving office equipment; contract stenographic reporting services; not to exceed $1,000 for the preparation of Public Health exhibits, including personal services and the cost of acquiring, transporting, and displaying exhibit materials; packing, crating, drayage, and transportation of personal effects of commissioned officers and other personnel on transfer from one official station to another in the public interest when authorized by the Surgeon General in the order directing such transfer; not to exceed $500 for lawbooks, books of reference, and periodicals for the Office of the Surgeon General; streetcar fares; transportation and traveling expenses, including payment of actual transportation expenses and not to exceed $10 per day in lieu of subsistence to any person invited by the Surgeon General to the city of Washington or elsewhere for conference and advisory purposes, and expenses, except membership fees, of officers when officially detailed to attend meetings for the promotion of public health; and allowances for living quarters (not exceeding $1,700 for any one person), including heat, fuel, and light, as authorized by the Act approved June 26, 1930 (5 U. S. C. 118a); $103,000, of which $12,140 and such additional amounts as may be transferred to this appropriation from the Department of Justice shall be transferred to the appropriation "Traveling Expenses, Federal Security Agency": Provided, That funds of the Public Health Service expendable for transportation and traveling expenses may also be used for preparation for shipment and transportation to their former homes of remains of officers who die in line of duty.
Commissioned officers, pay, and so forth: For pay, allowance, and commutation of quarters for not to exceed 400 regular active commissioned officers (including the Surgeon General, Assistant to the Surgeon General and assistant surgeons general) and for pay of regular commissioned officers on waiting orders, $2,113,800: Provided, That the above limitation on the number of regular active commissioned officers may be exceeded by the number (not in excess of thirty) of regular active commissioned officers assigned to Federal penal and correctional institutions.

Acting assistant surgeons, pay: For pay of acting assistant surgeons (noncommissioned medical officers), $323,300.

Pay of other employees: For pay of all other employees (attendants, and so forth), $1,017,000.

National Institute of Health, maintenance: For maintaining the National Institute of Health, including the purchase, repair, and cleaning of uniforms for the guard force, $135,000.

Pay of personnel and maintenance of hospitals: For medical examinations, including the amount necessary for the medical inspection of aliens, as required by section 16 of the Act of February 5, 1917 (8 U. S. C. 152), medical, surgical, and hospital services and supplies, including prosthetic and orthopedic supplies to be furnished under regulations approved by the Administrator of the Federal Security Agency for beneficiaries (other than patients of the Veterans’ Administration) of the Public Health Service and persons detained in hospitals of the Public Health Service under the quarantine or immigration laws and regulations, including necessary personnel and reserve commissioned officers of the Public Health Service, personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, including the furnishing and laundering of white duck coats, trousers, smocks, aprons, and caps to employees whose duties make necessary the wearing of same, reasonable fees (not to exceed $50 for each blood donation) to Government employees and others for services as donors of blood to be used in transfusions, maintenance, minor repairs, equipment, leases, fuel, lights, water, freight, transportation and travel, the maintenance, exchange, and operation of motor trucks and passenger motor vehicles for official use in field work (including not to exceed $3,000 for the purchase of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles) and one for use in connection with the administrative work of the Public Health Service in the District of Columbia, purchase of ambulances, transportation, care, maintenance, and treatment of lepers, including transportation to their homes in the continental United States of recovered indigent leper patients, court costs, and other expenses incident to proceedings heretofore or hereafter taken for commitment of mentally incompetent persons to hospitals for the care and treatment of the insane, and reasonable burial expenses (not exceeding $100 for any patient dying in hospital), $7,362,000: Provided, That the Immigration and Naturalization Service shall permit the Public Health Service to use the hospitals at Ellis Island Immigration Station for the care of Public Health Service patients free of expense for physical upkeep, but with a charge of actual cost of fuel, light, water, telephone, and similar supplies and services, to be covered into the proper Immigration Service appropriations; and money collected by the Immigration Service on account of hospital expenses of persons detained in hospitals of the Public Health Service under the immigration laws and regulations shall be covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts: Provided further, That no part of this sum shall be used for the quarantine service (except for persons detained in hospitals of the Public Health Service at points where no quarantine hospital facilities are available), the prevention of epi-
demics, or scientific work of the character provided for under the appropriations which follow.

Quarantine service: For maintenance and ordinary expenses, exclusive of pay of officers and employees of United States quarantine stations, including the exchange, maintenance, repair, and operation of motor trucks and motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles for official use in field work and not to exceed $5,000 for the purchase of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, $240,000.

Prevention of epidemics: To enable the President, in case only of threatened or actual epidemic of infectious or contagious disease, to aid State and local boards or otherwise in his discretion, in preventing and suppressing the spread of the same, and in such emergency in the execution of any quarantine laws which may be then in force, $380,000.

Interstate quarantine service: For cooperation with State and municipal health authorities in the prevention of the spread of contagious and infectious diseases in interstate traffic, including the purchase and exchange, not to exceed $1,300, and maintenance, repair, and operation of passenger-carrying automobiles, $27,300.

Biologic products: To regulate the propagation and sale of viruses, serums, toxins, and analogous products, including arsphenamine, for the preparation of curative and diagnostic biologic products, including personal services of Reserve commissioned officers and other personnel, $47,800.

Division of Venereal Diseases: For the maintenance and expenses of the Division of Venereal Diseases, established by sections 3 and 4, chapter XV, of the Act approved July 9, 1918 (42 U. S. C. 24, 25), and for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of the Act of May 24, 1938 (52 Stat. 439-440), including rent and personnel and other services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; items otherwise properly chargeable to the appropriations for printing and binding, stationery, and miscellaneous and contingent expenses for the Federal Security Agency and Public Health Service; purchase of reports, documents, and other material for publication and of reprints from State, city, and private publications; purchase, including exchange (not to exceed $1,500), maintenance, repair, and operation of passenger-carrying automobiles for official use in field work; transportation; traveling expenses, including attendance at public meetings when directed by the Surgeon General; and the packing, crating, drayage, and transportation of personal effects of commissioned officers and other personnel of the Public Health Service upon permanent change of station, $6,250,000, of which not to exceed $129,580 may be transferred to the appropriation “Pay, and so forth, commissioned officers, Public Health Service”; Provided, That $36,000 shall be transferred from this appropriation to the appropriation “Traveling expenses, Federal Security Agency”, and $23,500 shall be transferred from this appropriation to the appropriation “Printing and binding, Federal Security Agency”.

Division of mental hygiene: For carrying out the provisions of section 4 of the Act of June 14, 1930 (21 U. S. C. 196, 225); for maintenance and operation of the United States Public Health Service Hospital, Lexington, Kentucky, and the United States Public Health Service Hospital of Fort Worth, Texas, in accordance with the provisions of the Act of January 19, 1939 (21 U. S. C. 291-297), including personal services in the District of Columbia (not to exceed $34,820) and elsewhere; traveling expenses; firearms and ammunition; necessary supplies and equipment; reimbursement to the working capital fund for articles or services furnished by the
industrial activities; subsistence and care of inmates; expenses incurred in pursuing and identifying escaped inmates, including rewards for their capture; expenses of interment or transporting remains of deceased inmates including the remains of persons voluntarily admitted; purchase and exchange of farm products and livestock; lawbooks, books of reference, and periodicals; furnishing and laundering of uniforms and other distinctive wearing apparel necessary for employees in the performance of their official duties; transportation and subsistence allowance when necessary, within continental United States and under regulations approved by the Administrator of the Federal Security Agency, of persons voluntarily admitted and discharged as cured; tobacco for inmates; purchase and exchange (not to exceed $725), and maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, $1,478,000, and the Surgeon General is authorized to utilize Government-owned automotive equipment in transporting to and from school, children of Public Health Service personnel on duty at the Public Health Service hospitals at Fort Worth, Texas, and Lexington, Kentucky, who have quarters for themselves and their families on the station reservations.

Grants to States for public-health work: For the purpose of assisting States, counties, health districts, and other political subdivisions of the States in establishing and maintaining adequate public-health services, including the training of personnel for State and local health work, as authorized in sections 601 and 602, title VI, of the Social Security Act, approved August 14, 1935, as amended (49 Stat. 634), $11,000,000.

Disease and sanitation investigations: For carrying out the provisions of section 603 of the Social Security Act, approved August 14, 1935, and section 1 of the Act of August 14, 1912, including personnel and other services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere and items otherwise properly chargeable to the appropriations for printing and binding, stationery, and miscellaneous and contingent expenses for the Federal Security Agency and Public Health Service, the provisions of section 6, Act of August 23, 1912 (31 U. S. C. 669), to the contrary notwithstanding, the packing, crating, drayage, and transportation of the personal effects of commissioned officers, and other personnel of the Public Health Service upon permanent change of station, and including the purchase (not to exceed $2,500), exchange, maintenance, repair, and operation of passenger-carrying automobiles for official use in field work, $1,665,000, of which not to exceed $215,790 may be transferred to the appropriation "Pay, and so forth, commissioned officers, Public Health Service": Provided, That $19,250 shall be transferred from this appropriation to the appropriation "Printing and binding, Federal Security Agency", and $142,605 shall be transferred from this appropriation to the appropriation "Traveling expenses, Federal Security Agency".

National Cancer Institute: For carrying into effect the provisions of section 7 (b) of the National Cancer Institute Act, approved August 5, 1937, $565,000: Provided, That $14,825 shall be transferred from this appropriation to the appropriation "Traveling expenses, Federal Security Agency", and $10,000 shall be transferred from this appropriation to the appropriation "Printing and binding, Federal Security Agency".

Emergency health and sanitation activities (national defense): For all expenses necessary to enable the Surgeon General of the Public Health Service to assist State and local health authorities in health and sanitation activities (1) in areas adjoining military and naval
reservations, (2) in areas where there are concentrations of military and naval forces, (3) in areas adjoining Government and private industrial plants engaged in defense work, and (4) in private industrial plants engaged in defense work, and to provide emergency health and sanitation services in Government industrial plants engaged in defense work and in areas adjoining United States military and naval reservations outside of the United States, such expenses to include personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, purchase, exchange, maintenance, and operation of passenger-carrying automobiles, stationery, travel, printing and binding, and items otherwise properly chargeable to the appropriation for miscellaneous and contingent expenses of the Public Health Service, $1,235,000.

Training for nurses (national defense): For the cost, including subsistence, but not including cash allowances to trainees, of refresher, student nurse and postgraduate nursing courses, including courses in midwifery, provided by public agencies operating public educational facilities and by hospitals and nursing schools in accordance with plans submitted by them and approved by the Surgeon General of the Public Health Service, at hospitals with recognized schools of nursing and, where necessary, in the case of postgraduate courses at other institutions, for approved persons who have been licensed to practice as registered nurses under the laws of a State, Territory, or the District of Columbia, $1,200,000, payment thereof to be made through certification from time to time in accordance with regulations promulgated by the Surgeon General of the United States Public Health Service under the supervision and direction of the Federal Security Administrator and approved by the President, by said Surgeon General to the Secretary of the Treasury of the name of such agency, nursing school or hospital to whom payment is to be made, and the amount to be paid, such payment to be made prior to audit and settlement by the General Accounting Office.

Salaries and expenses (national defense): For all general administrative expenses necessary to enable the Public Health Service to carry out the foregoing program of nursing courses, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, purchase and exchange of equipment, traveling expenses, and printing and binding, $50,000.

SOCIAL SECURITY BOARD

Salaries, Offices of the Social Security Board: For personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere of the Social Security Board and its several offices and bureaus, not otherwise appropriated for herein, $3,425,000, including the salary of an executive director at the rate of $9,500 per year.

Salaries, Bureau of Old-Age and Survivors’ Insurance: For personal services in the Bureau of Old-Age and Survivors’ Insurance in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, $16,600,000.

Salaries, Bureau of Public Assistance: For personal services in the Bureau of Public Assistance in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, $830,000.


If during the fiscal year 1942 functions are transferred by the Federal Security Administrator from or between any of the said offices or bureaus, the Administrator may transfer from or between the appropriations herein made for salaries for the Social Security Board the amounts necessary for personal services in connection with the functions so transferred.
Not to exceed 5 per centum of any of the foregoing appropriations for salaries for the Social Security Board may, subject to the approval of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, be transferred by the Administrator to any other of such appropriations, but no appropriation may be increased more than 5 per centum thereby.

Miscellaneous expenses Social Security Board: For all expenses, not otherwise appropriated for, necessary to enable the Social Security Board to carry into effect the provisions of the Social Security Act as amended (42 U. S. C. 301-1305), including public instruction and information, and the procurement of information relating to the death of individuals entitled to benefits, receiving benefits, or upon whose death some other individual may become entitled to benefits, under title II of said Act, from proper State and local officials, including officials of the District of Columbia, Alaska, and Hawaii or individuals designated by such State and local officials, and as authorized by the Administrator for personal services on a piece-work basis or otherwise in connection with the procurement of such information without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes and the provisions of other laws applicable to the employment and compensation of officers and employees of the United States, which expenses shall include reproducing and photographic equipment; periodicals; purchase and exchange of lawbooks and books of reference; library membership fees or dues in organizations which issue publications to members only or to members at a lower price than to others, payments for which may be made in advance; alterations and repairs; purchase and exchange (not exceeding $3,500), operation, maintenance, and repair of passenger-carrying automobiles; and transfer of household goods and effects, as provided by the Act of October 10, 1940 (Public, No. 839), and regulations promulgated thereunder (including employees transferred from duty at Baltimore, Maryland, to duty at Washington, District of Columbia), $3,000,000.

Grants to States for old-age assistance: For grants to States for assistance to aged needy individuals, as authorized in title I of the Social Security Act, approved August 14, 1935, as amended, $270,000,000, of which sum such amount as may be necessary shall be available for grants under such title I for any period in the fiscal year 1941 subsequent to March 31, 1941: Provided, That payments to States for the fourth quarter of the fiscal year 1941 and for any quarter in the fiscal year 1942 under such title I may be made with respect to any State plan approved under such title I by the Social Security Board prior to or during such period, but no such payment shall be made with respect to any plan for any period prior to the quarter in which such plan was submitted to the Board for approval.

Grants to States for unemployment compensation administration: For grants to States for unemployment compensation administration, as authorized in title III of the Social Security Act, approved August 14, 1935, as amended, including rentals in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, $62,500,000: Provided, That the Social Security Board is hereby authorized to certify to the Secretary of the Treasury for payment to the Postmaster General for postage, out of the amount herein appropriated, such amounts as may be necessary and at such intervals as shall be determined by the Board, under a procedure to be prescribed and agreed upon by and between the Board and the Postmaster General, for the transmission of official mail matter heretofore transmitted free pursuant to the provisions of section 13 of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the establishment of a national employment system and for cooperation with the States in the promotion of such system, and for other purposes," approved June 6, 1933 (39 U. S. C. 491), and for the transmission of official mail.
matter in connection with the unemployment compensation administration of States receiving grants out of the funds herein appropriated; the Postmaster General is hereby authorized and directed to extend to the States receiving such grants the privilege of transmission without prepayment of postage of official mail of the class upon which the Board is hereinabove authorized to certify amounts for payment of postage: Provided further, That such portion of this appropriation as may be necessary shall be available to the Social Security Board for all necessary expenses incurred by the Board, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, in connection with the operation of employment office facilities and services essential to expediting the national-defense program.

Grants to States for aid to dependent children: For grants to States for the purpose of enabling each State to furnish financial assistance to needy dependent children, as authorized in title IV of the Social Security Act, approved August 14, 1935, as amended, $74,000,000, of which sum such amount as may be necessary shall be available for grants under such title IV for any period in the fiscal year 1941 subsequent to March 31, 1941: Provided, That payments to States for the fourth quarter of the fiscal year 1941 and for any quarter in the fiscal year 1942 under such title IV may be made with respect to any State plan approved under such title IV by the Social Security Board prior to or during such period, but no such payment shall be made with respect to any plan for any period prior to the quarter in which such plan was submitted to the Board for approval.

Grants to States for aid to the blind: For grants to States for the purpose of enabling each State to furnish financial assistance to needy individuals who are blind, as authorized in title X of the Social Security Act, approved August 14, 1935, as amended, $9,000,000, of which sum such amount as may be necessary shall be available for grants under such title X for any period in the fiscal year 1941 subsequent to March 31, 1941: Provided, That payments to States for the fourth quarter of the fiscal year 1941 and for any quarter in the fiscal year 1942 under such title X may be made with respect to any State plan approved under such title X by the Social Security Board prior to or during such period, but no such payment shall be made with respect to any plan for any period prior to the quarter in which such plan was submitted to the Board for approval.

The appropriations herein made for “Grants to States for old-age assistance”, “Grants to States for aid to dependent children”, and “Grants to States for aid to the blind”, shall be available interchangeably for transfer of appropriations, but no such transfer shall be made except upon approval of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget.

Grants to States for public employment offices: For payment to the several States in accordance with the provisions of the Act of June 6, 1933 (29 U. S. C. 49-491), as amended, $3,100,000: Provided, That apportionments for the fiscal year 1942 shall be on the basis of a total apportionment to all States of $3,000,000: Provided further, That the unused balances of amounts apportioned to the several States for the fiscal year 1940 for establishing and maintaining public employment offices shall be reapportioned among all the States, in accordance with such Act of June 6, 1933, as amended, without regard to the sufficiency therefor of the fund established under this head for payment to States by the Department of Labor Appropriation Act, 1940.

The appropriation in this title for traveling expenses shall be available in an amount not to exceed $10,000 for expenses of attendance at meetings or conventions concerned with the work of the Social Security Board.
Security Board, when specifically authorized by the Federal Security Administrator; and not to exceed $10,000 for payment, when specifically authorized by such Administrator, of actual transportation expenses and not to exceed $10 per diem in lieu of subsistence to persons serving while away from their homes, without other compensation, in an advisory capacity to the Social Security Board.

Selecting, testing, and placement of defense workers (national defense): For all necessary expenses of the Social Security Board incurred under the supervision and direction of the Federal Security Administrator in providing special Federal assistance to and supervision of State employment services for the selection and testing for, and placement of workers in, occupations essential to the national defense, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, equipment, printing and binding, travel expenses, including not to exceed $5,000 for payment, when specifically authorized by such Administrator, of actual transportation expenses and not to exceed $10 per diem in lieu of subsistence to persons serving while away from their homes, without other compensation from the United States, in an advisory capacity to the Social Security Board in connection with activities provided for by this appropriation, $1,500,000, of which not exceeding $15,000 may be transferred by the Administrator to his office for use in carrying out the purposes of this appropriation: Provided, That in case any State employment service is found unable to render adequate service in connection with the fulfillment of this program, this appropriation shall be available, subject to the approval of such Administrator, for maintenance of special employment facilities and services.

NATIONAL YOUTH ADMINISTRATION

Par. 1. Part-time youth work and student aid: To enable the National Youth Administration, which is hereby extended to and including June 30, 1942, under the supervision and direction of the Federal Security Agency, to engage in the following types of programs for assistance to needy young persons, $85,984,000, namely:

(a) To provide part-time employment for needy young persons in schools, colleges, and universities to enable such persons to continue their education.

(b) To provide employment and training for unemployed young persons on public projects of the following types:

(I) The construction, improvement, and repair of non-Federal public buildings and grounds, parks, and other recreational facilities; bridges, highways, roads, streets, and alleys; airports and airway facilities; water and sanitation facilities; facilities for conservation; irrigation and flood control; pest eradication; and work on all other non-Federal public facilities including cooperative associations receiving financial assistance from the Rural Electrification Administration or other public agencies;

(II) The construction, improvement, and repair of buildings or other facilities of Federal agencies;

(III) The production, repair, and renovation of goods, articles, and foodstuffs for needy individuals and for public institutions providing that products so produced do not replace normal purchases of such individuals or institutions;

(IV) Professional, clerical, and other nonconstruction services in the fields of education, recreation, research, professional, cultural, and clerical activities for the benefit of public and nonprofit organizations;

(V) The prosecution of work of the types enumerated above which involve the maintenance of young persons in camps, institutions, and other resident facilities.
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Salaries and other administrative expenses.  

PAR. 2. Salaries and other administrative expenses: For personal services and necessary miscellaneous expenses in the District of Columbia and elsewhere for carrying out the administration of the programs set forth in paragraph 1, including supplies and equipment; purchase and exchange of books of reference, directories, and periodicals; travel expenses, including expenses of attendance at meetings of officials and employees on official business; purchase, operation, and maintenance of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles and such other expenses as may be necessary for the accomplishment of the objectives set forth in paragraph 1, $5,700,000: Provided, That the National Youth Administration may transfer from the above sum to the appropriation in paragraph 1 such amounts as will not be required for the purposes of this paragraph: Provided further, That there may be transferred from the above sum of $5,700,000 to appropriations of the Treasury Department such amounts, not to exceed in the aggregate the sum of $765,000 as the Director of the Bureau of the Budget may determine to be proper, to reimburse such appropriations on account of expenditures therefrom in connection with the accomplishments of the purposes of the appropriations herein for the National Youth Administration.

Provision.

Transfer of funds.

Reimbursement.

Printing and binding.

Monthly earnings and hours of work.

Apportionment, etc.

Non-Federal construction projects.

Cosponsor contributions.

Contributions, etc., from other agencies.

PAR. 3. Printing and binding: For printing and binding for the National Youth Administration, $83,000.

PAR. 4. The Administrator of the National Youth Administration shall, subject to the approval of the Federal Security Administrator, fix the monthly earnings and hours of work for youth workers engaged on work projects financed in whole or in part from the appropriation in paragraph 1, but such determination shall not have the effect of establishing a national average labor cost per youth worker on such projects during the fiscal year 1942 substantially different from the national average labor cost per such worker on such projects prevailing at the close of the fiscal year 1941.

PAR. 5. Funds appropriated under paragraph 1 shall be so apportioned and distributed over the period ending June 30, 1942, and shall be so administered during such period as to constitute the total amount that will be furnished during such period for the purposes set forth in paragraph 1.

PAR. 6. No non-Federal construction project costing in excess of $5,000 shall be undertaken or prosecuted under paragraph 1 unless and until the cosponsor has made a written agreement to finance such part of the entire cost thereof as the Federal Security Administrator determines, under the circumstances, is an adequate contribution taking into consideration the financial ability of the cosponsor. The National Youth Administrator, subject to the approval of the Federal Security Administrator, shall prescribe rules and regulations relating to the valuation of contributions in kind by cosponsors of projects through furnishing the use of their own facilities and equipment and the services of their own employees, which shall also allow credit only to the extent that the furnishing of such contributions represents a financial burden which is undertaken by the cosponsors on account of National Youth Administration projects.

PAR. 7. The National Youth Administration is authorized to receive reimbursements from other agencies and contributions for the operation of projects from Federal or non-Federal agencies in the form of services, materials, or money; any money so received to be deposited with the Treasurer of the United States. Such contributions shall be expended or utilized as agreed upon between the contributing agency and the National Youth Administration and such reimbursements shall be available for the purposes of this appropriation.
PAR. 8. All receipts and collections by reason of operations authorized in paragraph 1, except cash contributions and reimbursement from other agencies, shall be covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.

PAR. 9. In considering employment of persons upon work projects prosecuted under the appropriation in paragraph 1, the National Youth Administration shall determine whether such persons are able to perform the work on work projects to which they can be assigned and no person shall be employed or retained for employment on any such project whose work habits are such or work record shows that he is incapable of performing satisfactorily the work to which he may be assigned on the project.

PAR. 10. No alien shall be given employment or continued in employment on any work project prosecuted under the appropriation in paragraph 1 and no part of the money appropriated in paragraph 1 or paragraph 2 shall be available to pay any person who has not made or who does not make affidavit as to United States citizenship, such affidavit to be considered prima facie evidence of such citizenship.

PAR. 11. No person shall be employed or retained in employment in any administrative position, or in any supervisory position on any project, and no person shall receive assistance in the form of payments or otherwise from the United States for services rendered under the National Youth Administration, under the appropriation in paragraph 1 or paragraph 2 unless such person before engaging in such employment or receiving such assistance subscribes to the following oath:

"I, A B, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will support and defend the Constitution of the United States against all enemies, foreign and domestic; that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; that I take this obligation freely, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion; and that I will well and faithfully discharge the duties of the office (or employment) on which I am about to enter (or which I now occupy). So help me God."

PAR. 12. Compensated and uncompensated administrative and supervisory employees of the National Youth Administration, designated for the purpose by the National Youth Administrator, or his authorized representative, shall have the general powers of notaries public in the administration of oaths required by paragraphs 10 and 11, and the execution and acknowledgment of other legal instruments, and all forms of notarial acts determined by the National Youth Administrator to be necessary for the effective prosecution of the National Youth Administration programs. No fee shall be charged for oaths administered by such employees.

PAR. 13. No person in need who refuses a bona fide offer of private employment under reasonable working conditions which pays the prevailing wage for such work in the community where he resides and who is capable of performing such work shall be employed or retained in employment on out-of-school work projects under the funds appropriated in paragraph 1 for the period such private employment continues available.

PAR. 14. No portion of the appropriation in paragraph 1 or paragraph 2 shall be used to pay any compensation to any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States through force or violence.

PAR. 15. No portion of the appropriations in paragraph 1 or paragraph 2 shall be used to pay the compensation of any civil service employee, except persons so appointed who are already employed.
Acceptance of uncompensated services.

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PAR. 16. In carrying out the purposes of this appropriation, the National Youth Administrator, or his authorized representatives, subject to the approval of the Federal Security Administrator, is authorized to accept and utilize voluntary and uncompensated services; to appoint and compensate officers and employees without regard to civil-service laws or the Classification Act of 1923, as amended; and to utilize, with the consent of the head of the Federal agency by which they are employed, Federal officers and employees, and with the consent of the State or local government, State and local officers and employees at such compensation as shall be determined by the National Youth Administrator to be necessary without regard to other laws governing the employment and compensation of Federal employees.

PAR. 17. Appointments in any State to Federal positions of an administrative or advisory capacity under the appropriation in paragraph 2 shall be made from among the bona fide citizens of that State so far as not inconsistent with efficient administration.

PAR. 18. In making separations from the Federal service, or furloughs without pay for as long as three months, of persons employed within the District of Columbia, under the provisions of paragraph 2, the appointing power shall give preference, as nearly as good administration will warrant, in retention to appointees from States that have not received their share of appointments according to population: Provided, however, That soldiers and sailors, and marines, the widows of such, or the wives of injured soldiers, sailors, and marines, who themselves are not qualified, but whose wives are qualified to hold a position in the Government service, shall be given preference in retention, in their several grades and classes, where their ratings are good or better.

PAR. 19. The provisions of the Act of February 15, 1934 (48 Stat. 351), as amended, relating to disability or death compensation and benefits, shall apply to persons receiving compensation from the appropriation in paragraph 1 for services rendered as employees of the United States: Provided, That this section shall not apply in any case coming within the purview of the workmen's compensation law of any State, Territory, or possession, or in which the claimant has received or is entitled to receive similar benefits for injury or death: Provided further, That for carrying out the purposes of this paragraph there shall be made available to the United States Employees' Compensation Commission from the appropriation in such paragraph 1 the sum of $200,000, or so much thereof as such Commission, with the approval of the Bureau of the Budget, estimates and certifies to the Secretary of the Treasury will be necessary for such purposes.

PAR. 20. The funds appropriated by paragraph 1 hereof shall be available for emergency hospitalization and medical care, other than that contemplated by paragraph 19 hereof, by reimbursement to Government hospitals or by contract with other public or private hospitals, in cases of critical illness or injury, of youths, employed under paragraph 1 (b) hereof, who are full-time residents of projects involving the maintenance of youths in camps or other resident work centers under the supervision of the National Youth Administration.

PAR. 21. The National Youth Administrator, subject to the approval of the Federal Security Administrator, is authorized to consider, ascertain, adjust, determine, and pay from the appropriation in paragraph 1 any claim arising out of operations thereunder accruing after June 30, 1941, on account of damage to, or loss of, privately owned property caused by the negligence of any employee of the
National Youth Administration, while acting within the scope of his employment. No claim shall be considered hereunder which is in excess of $500 or which is not presented in writing within one year from the date of accrual thereof. Acceptance by a claimant of the amount allowed on account of his claim shall be deemed to be in full settlement thereof, and the action upon such claim so accepted by the claimant shall be conclusive.

PAR. 22. Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud the United States makes any false statement in connection with any application for any project authorized in paragraph 1, or diverts, or attempts to divert, or assists in diverting, for the benefit of any person or persons not entitled thereto, any portion of the appropriation in paragraph 1, or any services or real or personal property acquired thereunder, or who knowingly, by means of any fraud, force, threat, intimidation, or boycott, or discrimination on account of race, religion, political affiliations, or membership in a labor organization, deprives, or attempts to deprive, or assists in depriving any person of any of the benefits to which he may be entitled under such appropriation, shall be deemed guilty of a felony and fined not more than $2,000 or imprisoned not more than two years, or both. The provisions of this paragraph shall be in addition to, and not in substitution for, any other provisions of existing law.

PAR. 23. All training or educational programs for youth employed by the National Youth Administration on work projects shall be under the control and supervision of the State boards for vocational education of the several States and shall be paid for out of appropriations made to the Office of Education and expended by the States pursuant to plans submitted by State boards for vocational education and approved by the Commissioner of Education.

Section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (41 U. S. C. 5) shall not be construed to apply to any purchase with funds appropriated under this title when the aggregate amount involved in such purchase does not exceed the sum of $100.

YOUTH WORK DEFENSE PROGRAM (NATIONAL DEFENSE)

Project expenses (national defense): To enable the National Youth Administration under the supervision and direction of the Federal Security Agency to provide employment for needy young persons between the ages of 17 and 24, inclusive, in resident and workshop projects which furnish work experience preparatory to employment in defense occupations, and which projects are determined to be adequate to provide such work experience, including the purchase of materials, equipment, supplies, and other expenses necessary for carrying on work on such projects, including the wages of youth employees in accordance with schedules established by the National Youth Administrator and approved by the Federal Security Administrator, and for those youths employed in resident projects, emergency hospitalization and medical care other than that contemplated by paragraph 19 hereof, which paragraph is hereby incorporated by reference, by reimbursement to Government hospitals or by contract with other public or private hospitals in cases of critical illness or injury of youths who are full-time residents at a project. $56,972,000, of which $100,000 shall be available for transfer to the United States Employees’ Compensation Commission for the payment of disability or death compensation and benefits for injury or death arising from employment hereunder, as provided in said paragraph 19: Provided, That not more than 100,000 youths shall be employed at any one time under the program authorized herein.
General administrative expenses (national defense): For all general administrative expenses necessary in the performance of the work above provided for, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, materials, supplies, equipment, travel expenses, purchase, operation and maintenance of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, and printing and binding, $3,028,000, of which $274,000 may be transferred to appropriations of the Treasury Department in such amounts as the Director of the Bureau of the Budget may determine to be proper to reimburse appropriations of the various divisions of the Treasury Department on account of expenditures therefrom in connection with the carrying out of the program herein provided for.

General provisions (national defense): (1) Except as otherwise provided in the preceding two paragraphs, the provisions contained in paragraphs 10 to 23, inclusive, appearing under the heading, “National Youth Administration”, shall be applicable to the carrying out of the program of the youth work defense program.

(2) The National Youth Administration is authorized to receive reimbursements from other agencies for the cost of materials used in connection with work performed for such agencies, and contributions for the operation of the project from Federal and non-Federal agencies in the form of services, materials, or money, and any money so received as reimbursement or contribution shall be deposited with the Treasurer of the United States to the credit of the appropriation “Project expenses”.

(3) All receipts and collections by reason of operations authorized under the appropriation “Project expenses”, except cash contributions and reimbursements from other agencies, shall be covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.

The paragraphs herein under the National Youth Administration may be cited as the “National Youth Administration Appropriation Act, 1942”.

SAINT ELIZABETHS HOSPITAL

Salaries and expenses: For support, clothing, and treatment in Saint Elizabeths Hospital for the Insane of insane persons from the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, and Coast Guard, insane inmates of the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers, persons charged with or convicted of crimes against the United States who are insane, all persons who have become insane since their entry into the military and naval services of the United States, insane civilians in the quartermaster service of the Army, insane persons transferred from the Canal Zone who have been admitted to the hospital and who are indigent, American citizens legally adjudged insane in the Dominion of Canada whose legal residence in one of the States, Territories, or the District of Columbia it has been impossible to establish, insane beneficiaries of the United States Employees' Compensation Commission, insane Indian beneficiaries of the United States Veterans' Administration, insane Indian beneficiaries of the Bureau of Indian Affairs, and persons admitted under provisions of the Act of July 18, 1940 (Public, Numbered 752), including not exceeding $27,000 for the purchase, exchange, maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles for the use of the superintendent, purchasing agent, and general hospital business, and including not to exceed $185,000 for repairs and improvements to buildings and grounds, and not to exceed $15,000 for furnishing and laundering of such wearing apparel as may be prescribed for employees in the performance of their official duties, $1,270,000, including cooperation with organizations or individuals in scientific research into the nature,
causes, prevention, and treatment of mental illness, and including
maintenance and operation of necessary facilities for feeding
employees and others (at not less than cost), and the proceeds there-
from shall reimburse the appropriation for the institution; and not
exceeding $1,500 of this sum may be expended in the removal of
patients to their friends; not exceeding $1,000 for expenses of attend-
ance at meetings or conventions concerned with the work of psychiatry,
medicine, and other scientific subjects of interest to Saint Elizabeths
Hospital, when specifically authorized by the Federal Security Admin-
istrator, not exceeding $1,500 for the purchase of such books, periodi-
cals, and newspapers as may be required for the purposes of the hos-
pital and for the medical library, and not exceeding $1,500 for the actual
and necessary expenses incurred in the apprehension and return
to the hospital of escaped patients: Provided, That so much of this
sum as may be required shall be available for all necessary expenses in
ascertaining the residence of inmates who are not or who cease to be
properly chargeable to Federal maintenance in the institution and in
returning them to such places of residence: Provided further, That
not exceeding $200 additional may be paid to two employees to pro-
vide mail facilities for patients in the hospital: Provided further,
That no part of this appropriation shall be expended for the purchase
of oleomargarine or butter substitutes except for cooking purposes:
Provided further, That during the fiscal year 1942 the District of
Columbia, or any branch of the Government requiring Saint Eliza-
beths Hospital to care for patients for which they are responsible,
shall pay by check to the Superintendent, upon his written request,
either in advance or at the end of each month, all or part of the
estimated or actual cost of such maintenance, as the case may be, and
bills rendered by the Superintendent of Saint Elizabeths Hospital
in accordance herewith shall not be subject to audit or certification
in advance of payment; proper adjustments on the basis of the actual
cost of the care of patients paid for in advance shall be made
monthly or quarterly, as may be agreed upon between the Superin-
tendent of Saint Elizabeths Hospital and the District of Columbia
government, department, or establishments concerned. All sums paid
to the Superintendent of Saint Elizabeths Hospital for the care of
patients that he is authorized by law to receive shall be deposited to
the credit on the books of the Treasury Department of the appro-
priation made for the care and maintenance of the patients at Saint
Elizabeths Hospital for the year in which the support, clothing, and
treatment is provided, and be subject to requisition upon the approval
of the Superintendent of Saint Elizabeths Hospital: Provided further,
That there shall be available for the purchase of one seven hundred
and fifty-horsepower boiler, one one thousand five hundred-kilowatt
turbo-generator, one fifty-ton ammonia compressor, all with acces-
sories, and extension and remodeling the present ash system, including
preparation of plans and specifications, advertising for proposals,
$230,000 from pension funds accrued, or which may accrue, prior to
July 1, 1941, as authorized by the Act approved February 2, 1909
(24 U. S. C. 165); such funds as have accrued to be immediately
available: Provided further, That $1,000 shall be transferred from
this appropriation to the appropriation "Traveling expenses, Federal
Security Agency".

Construction and equipment: For construction and equipment, in
the grounds of the hospital, of two continuous treatment buildings,
including preparation of plans and specifications, advertising, and
supervision of construction, $700,000.

Construction and equipment: For the construction, in the grounds
of the hospital, of a building for storeroom, warehouse, laundry, and

Pension funds.
35 Stat. 392.
Continuous treat-
ment buildings.
Storeroom, ware-
house, etc.
industrial shops, including preparation of plans and specifications, advertising, supervision of construction, and equipment, $635,000.

This title may be cited as the “Federal Security Agency Appropriation Act, 1942”.

TITLE III—EMPLOYEES' COMPENSATION COMMISSION

Salaries and expenses: For three Commissioners and other personal services in the District of Columbia, including not to exceed $1,000 for temporary experts and assistants in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, to be paid at a rate not exceeding $8 per day, and for personal services in the field; for furniture and other equipment and repairs thereto; lawbooks, books of reference, periodicals; stationery and supplies; traveling expenses; fees and mileage of witnesses; contract and stenographic reporting services; rent in the District of Columbia for the administration of the Act of May 17, 1928 (45 Stat. 600); and miscellaneous items; $490,000, together with $40,000 of the unexpended balance of the appropriation for this purpose for the fiscal year 1940.

Printing and binding: For all printing and binding for the Employees' Compensation Commission, $8,000.

Employees' compensation fund: For the payment of compensation provided by “An Act to provide compensation for employees of the United States suffering injuries while in the performance of their duties, and for other purposes”, approved September 7, 1916 (5 U.S.C. 785), including medical examinations, traveling and other expenses, and loss of wages payable to employees under sections 21 and 22; all services, appliances, and supplies provided by section 9 as amended, including payments to Army, Navy, and Veterans' Administration hospitals; the transportation and burial expenses provided by sections 9 and 11; and advancement of costs for the enforcement of recoveries provided in sections 26 and 27 where necessary, accruing during the fiscal year 1942 or in prior fiscal years, $5,000,000.

EMPLOYEES' COMPENSATION FUND, CIVIL WORKS

For administrative expenses (not to exceed $6,000) and payment of compensation in connection with the administration of the benefits for employees of the Civil Works Administration in accordance with the provisions of the Act entitled “An Act making an additional appropriation to carry out the purposes of the Federal Emergency Relief Act of 1933, for continuation of the Civil Works program, and for other purposes”, approved February 15, 1934 (48 Stat. 592), and in connection with the administration of the benefits authorized by title V of the Act entitled “An Act to liberalize the provisions of Public Law Numbered 484, Seventy-third Congress, to effect uniform provisions in laws administered by the Veterans' Administration, to extend the Employees' Compensation Act with limitations to certain World War veterans and other persons, and for other purposes”, approved June 29, 1936 (49 Stat. 2035), $175,000 of the special fund set up on the books of the Treasury pursuant to the provisions of said Act of February 15, 1934, shall be available for expenditure during the fiscal year 1942.

EMPLOYEES' COMPENSATION FUND, EMERGENCY CONSERVATION WORK

For administrative expenses (not to exceed $38,140) and payment of compensation in connection with the administration of the benefits for enrollees of the Civilian Conservation Corps in accordance with the provisions of the Act entitled “Emergency Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1935”, approved June 19, 1934 (48 Stat. p. 1057), $675,000
of the special fund set up on the books of the Treasury pursuant to
the provisions of said Act shall be available for expenditure during
the fiscal year 1942.
This title may be cited as the “Employees' Compensation Commis-
sion Appropriation Act, 1942”.

TITLE IV—NATIONAL LABOR RELATIONS BOARD

Salaries: For three Board members of the National Labor Rela-
tions Board and other personal services of the Board in the District
of Columbia and elsewhere necessary in performing the duties
imposed by law or in pursuance of law, $2,173,600.
Miscellaneous expenses (other than salaries): For all authorized
and necessary expenditures, other than salaries, of the National Labor
Relations Board in performing duties imposed by law or in pursuance
of law, including repairs and alterations; communication services;
contract stenographic reporting services; lawbooks; books of refer-
ence; periodicals; and operation, maintenance, and repair of one
automobile, $545,900.
Printing and binding: For all printing and binding for the
National Labor Relations Board in Washington and elsewhere,
$234,500.
This title may be cited as the “National Labor Relations Board
Appropriation Act, 1942”.

TITLE V—NATIONAL MEDIATION BOARD

For three members of the Board, and for other authorized expendi-
tures of the National Mediation Board in performing the duties
imposed by law, including contract stenographic reporting services;
supplies and equipment; not to exceed $200 for books of reference,
and periodicals, $153,000, of which amount not to exceed $118,620
may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.
Arbitration and emergency boards: To enable the National Media-
tion Board to pay necessary expenses of arbitration boards, and
emergency boards appointed by the President pursuant to Section 10
of the Railway Labor Act approved May 20, 1926 (45 U. S. C. 160),
including compensation of members and employees of such boards,
and printing of awards, together with proceedings and testimony relating thereto, as author-
ized by the Railway Labor Act, including also contract stenographic
reporting services, and rent of quarters when suitable quarters cannot
be supplied in any Federal building, the unexpended balance of previ-
ous appropriations for these purposes shall be available.
Printing and binding: For all printing and binding for the National
Mediation Board, $2,500.

NATIONAL RAILROAD ADJUSTMENT BOARD

Salaries and expenses: For authorized expenditures of the National
Railroad Adjustment Board, in performing the duties imposed by
law, including contract stenographic reporting services and supplies
and equipment, $201,440, of which $45,000 shall be available only for
services of referees at a rate of compensation not in excess of $50
per day and not more than $111,380 may be expended for other
personal services.
Printing and binding: For all printing and binding for the
National Railroad Adjustment Board, $20,000.
This title may be cited as the “National Mediation Board Approp-
riation Act, 1942”.
Salaries: For three members of the Railroad Retirement Board and other personal services of the Board in the District of Columbia and elsewhere necessary in performing the duties imposed by law or in pursuance of law, $2,445,000.

Miscellaneous expenses (other than salaries): For all authorized and necessary expenditures, other than salaries, of the Railroad Retirement Board in performing the duties imposed by law or in pursuance of law, including rent in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; traveling expenses, including not to exceed $1,000 for expenses of attendance at meetings concerned with the work of the Board when specifically authorized by the Board; not to exceed $2,500 for payment of actual transportation expenses, and per diem (not to exceed $10) in lieu of subsistence and other expenses, of persons serving while away from their homes without other compensation in an advisory capacity to the Railroad Retirement Board; expenses of the transfer of household goods and effects, as provided by the Act of October 10, 1940 (Public Numbered 839), and regulations promulgated thereunder, to the extent that such expenses are determined by the Board to have been incurred in the administration of the Railroad Retirement Act; repairs and alterations; contract stenographic reporting services; other fees and compensation; office appliances and labor-saving devices; supplies and equipment (including photographic equipment); not to exceed $5,000 for lawbooks, books of reference, periodicals, and for payment in advance when authorized by the Board for library membership in organizations which issue publications to members only or to members at a price lower than to the general public; purchase (including exchange) of one motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicle; operation, maintenance, and repair of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles to be used only for official purposes in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; and expenses incident to moving the office of the Board from one building to another; $650,000.

Printing and binding: For printing and binding for the Railroad Retirement Board, $55,000.

Railroad retirement account: For an amount sufficient as an annual premium for the payments required under the Railroad Retirement Act, approved August 29, 1935, and the Railroad Retirement Act, approved June 24, 1937, and authorized to be appropriated to the railroad retirement account established under section 15 (a) of the latter Act, $140,850,000: Provided, That such amount shall be available until expended for making payments required under said retirement Acts, and the amount not required for current payments shall be invested by the Secretary of the Treasury in accordance with the provisions of said Railroad Retirement Act of June 24, 1937.

This title may be cited as the “Railroad Retirement Board Appropriation Act, 1942”.

**TITLE VII—GENERAL PROVISIONS**

**Sec. 701.** In expending appropriations or portions of appropriations, contained in this Act, for the payment of personal services in the District of Columbia in accordance with the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, with the exception of the Assistant Secretary and the Second Assistant Secretary of Labor, the average of the salaries of the total number of persons under any grade in any bureau, office, or other appropriation unit shall not at any time exceed the average of the compensation rates specified for the grade by such
Act, as amended, and in grades in which only one position is allocated the salary of such position shall not exceed the average of the compensation rates for the grade, except that in unusually meritorious cases of one position in a grade advances may be made to rates higher than the average of the compensation rates of the grade but not more often than once in any fiscal year and then only to the next higher rate: Provided, That this restriction shall not apply (1) to grades 1, 2, 3, and 4 of the clerical-mechanical service, or (2) to require the reduction in salary of any person whose compensation was fixed as of July 1, 1924, in accordance with the rules of section 6 of such Act, or (3) to require the reduction in salary of any person who is transferred from one position to another position in the same or different grade in the same or a different bureau, office, or other appropriation unit, or (4) to prevent the payment of a salary under any grade at a rate higher than the maximum rate of the grade when such higher rate is permitted by the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, and is specifically authorized by other law, or (5) to reduce the compensation of any person in a grade in which only one position is allocated.

Sec. 702. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be paid to any person for the filling of any position for which he or she has been nominated after the Senate has voted not to approve of the nomination of said person.

Sec. 703. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act or authorized hereby to be expended shall be used to pay the compensation of any officer or employee of the Government of the United States, or of any agency the majority of the stock of which is owned by the Government of the United States, whose post of duty is in continental United States unless such officer or employee is a citizen of the United States or a person in the service of the United States on the date of the approval of this Act who being eligible for citizenship has filed a declaration of intention to become a citizen or who owes allegiance to the United States.

Sec. 704. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used to pay the salary or wages of any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided, That for the purposes hereof an affidavit shall be considered prima facie evidence that the person making the affidavit does not advocate, and is not a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided further, That any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence and accepts employment the salary or wages for which are paid from any appropriation contained in this Act shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than $1,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both: Provided further, That the above penalty clause shall be in addition to, and not in substitution for, any other provisions of existing law.

Sec. 705. This Act may be cited as the "Labor-Federal Security Appropriation Act, 1942". Approved, July 1, 1941.
AN ACT

To extend the life and increase the credit resources of the Commodity Credit Corporation, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 7 of the Act approved January 31, 1935 (49 Stat. 4), as amended, is hereby amended by deleting from the first sentence thereof the term "June 30, 1941" and inserting in lieu thereof the term "June 30, 1943".

SEC. 2. Section 1 of the Act approved March 8, 1938 (52 Stat. 107), as amended, is hereby amended by deleting from the second sentence thereof the term "on the basis of market prices at the time of appraisal" and inserting in lieu thereof the term "on the basis of the cost, including not more than one year of carrying charges, of such assets to the Corporation, or the average market prices of such assets for a period of twelve months ending with March 31 of each year, whichever is less".

SEC. 3. Section 4 of the Act approved March 8, 1938 (52 Stat. 108), as amended, is hereby amended by deleting the term "$1,400,000,000" and inserting in lieu thereof the term "$2,650,000,000".

SEC. 4. (a) Whenever during the existing emergency the Secretary of Agriculture finds it necessary to encourage the expansion of production of any non-basic agricultural commodity, he shall make public announcement thereof and he shall so use the funds made available under section 3 of this Act or otherwise made available to him for the disposal of agricultural commodities, through a commodity loan, purchase, or other operation, taking into account the total funds available for such purpose for all commodities, so as to support a price for the producers of any such commodity with respect to which such announcement was made of not less than 85 per centum of the parity or comparable price therefor. The comparable price for any such commodity shall be determined and used by the Secretary for the purposes of this section if the production or consumption of such commodity has so changed in extent or character since the base period as to result in a price out of line with parity prices for basic commodities. Any such commodity loan, purchase, or other operation which is undertaken shall be continued until the Secretary has given sufficient public announcement to permit the producers of such commodity to make a readjustment in the production of the commodity. For the purposes of this section, commodities other than cotton, corn, wheat, tobacco, and rice shall be deemed to be non-basic commodities.

(b) It is hereby declared to be the policy of the Congress that the lending and purchase operations of the Department of Agriculture (other than those referred to in subsection (a)) shall be carried out so as to bring the price and income of the producers of non-basic commodities not covered by any such public announcement to a fair parity relationship with other commodities, to the extent that funds for such operations are available after taking into account the operations with respect to the basic commodities and the commodities listed in any such public announcement and the ability of producers to bring supplies into line with demand.

Approved, July 1, 1941.
[CHAPTER 271]

AN ACT

Making appropriations for the government of the District of Columbia and other activities chargeable in whole or in part against the revenues of such District for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1942, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in order to defray the expenses of the District of Columbia for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1942, any revenue (not including the proportionate share of the United States in any revenue arising as the result of the expenditure of appropriations made for the fiscal year 1924 and prior fiscal years) now required by law to be credited to the District of Columbia and the United States in the same proportion that each contributed to the activity or source from whence such revenue was derived shall be credited wholly to the District of Columbia, and, in addition, $6,000,000 is appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to be advanced July 1, 1941, and all of the remainder out of the combined revenues of the District of Columbia, namely:

GENERAL EXPENSES

EXECUTIVE OFFICE

For personal services, $95,140, plus so much as may be necessary to compensate the Engineer Commissioner at such rate in grade 8 of the professional and scientific service of the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, as may be determined by the Board of Commissioners, and including $7,000 for examination of estimates of appropriations and for other purposes without reference to the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, or civil-service requirements: Provided, That in expending appropriations or portions of appropriations contained in this Act for the payment of personal services in accordance with the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, with the exception of the two civilian Commissioners, the average of the salaries of the total number of persons under any grade in any bureau, office, or other appropriation unit shall not at any time exceed the average of the compensation rates specified for the grade by such Act, as amended, and in grades in which only one position is allocated the salary of such position shall not exceed the average of the compensation rates of the grade, but not more often than once in any fiscal year and then only to the next higher grade: Provided further, That this restriction shall not apply (1) to grades 1, 2, 3, and 4 of the clerical-mechanical service; (2) to require the reduction in salary of any person whose compensation was fixed, as of July 1, 1924, in accordance with the rules of section 6 of such Act; (3) to require the reduction in salary of any person who is transferred from one position to another position in the same or different grade in the same or a different bureau, office, or other appropriation unit; (4) to prevent the payment of a salary under any grade at a rate higher than the maximum rate of the grade when such higher rate is permitted by the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, and is specifically authorized by other law; or (5) to reduce the compensation of any person in a grade in which only one position is allocated.

Purchasing division: For personal services, $52,235.
For personal services, $256,960, including two members of plumbing board at $150 each, and two members, board of examiners, steam engineers at $300 each, the inspector of boilers to serve without additional compensation.

For completing the inspection of buildings, machinery, and equipment, including temporary personal services without reference to the civil service or classification laws, supplies, furniture, equipment, and other necessary expenses, $15,000.

To carry out the provisions of section 10 of the Act of June 4, 1934, entitled "An Act to amend the Act entitled 'An Act to require the erection of fire escapes in certain buildings in the District of Columbia, and for other purposes', approved March 19, 1906, as amended" (48 Stat. 843), $25,000.

OFFICE OF POUNDMASTER

For personal services, including the salary of the poundmaster at $2,400 per annum, maintenance and operation of motor vehicles, and other necessary expenses, $12,420.

PUBLIC CONVENIENCE STATIONS

For maintenance of public convenience stations, including compensation of necessary employees, $16,000.

CARE OF THE DISTRICT BUILDINGS

For personal services, including temporary labor, and service of cleaners as necessary at not to exceed 48 cents per hour, $254,004: Provided, That no other appropriation made in this Act shall be available for the employment of additional assistant engineers or watchmen for the care of the District buildings.

For fuel, light and power, repairs, laundry, and miscellaneous supplies, $117,843.

ASSessor's Office

For personal services, $286,740.

BOARD OF TAX APPEALS

For personal services in accordance with title IX of the Act entitled "An Act to amend the District of Columbia Revenue Act of 1937, and for other purposes", approved May 16, 1938, as amended by the Act of July 26, 1939, $14,040.

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE

For personal services, $49,885; for temporary clerk hire, $2,500; in all, $52,385.

For purchase of cash register machines, $9,500, and adding machines, $728; in all, $10,228.

AUDITOR'S OFFICE

For personal services, $126,880, including $2,000 for continuing the employment of a real-estate expert without reference to the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, or civil-service requirements.

OFFICE OF CORPORATION COUNSEL

Corporation counsel, including extra compensation as general counsel of the Public Utilities Commission, and other personal services, $121,625.
ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE CONTROL BOARD

For personal services, streetcar and bus transportation, telephone service, not exceeding $1,000 for the purchase of samples, not exceeding $100 for witness fees, and not less than $10,000 for beverage tax stamps, and other necessary contingent and miscellaneous expenses, $45,560.

CORONER'S OFFICE

For personal services, including deputy coroners, in accordance with the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, $14,620.

For the maintenance of a non-passenger-carrying motor wagon for the morgue, jurors' fees, witnesses' fees, ice, disinfectants, telephone service, and other necessary supplies and services, repairs to the morgue, and the necessary expenses of holding inquests, including stenographic services in taking testimony and photographing unidentified bodies, $3,000.

OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT OF WEIGHTS, MEASURES, AND MARKETS

For personal services, $60,080.
Weights, measures, and markets, expenses: For contingent expenses, and maintenance and repairs to markets, including not to exceed $1,000 for purchase of commodities and for personal services in connection with investigation and detection of sales of short weight and measure, maintenance and repair of motor vehicles, and not exceeding $750 for the purchase, including exchange, of one motor vehicle equipped for making investigations of sales of gasoline and oil by short measure, $9,175.

OFFICE OF CHIEF CLERK, ENGINEER DEPARTMENT

For personal services, $30,340.

MUNICIPAL ARCHITECT'S OFFICE

For personal services, $68,460, of which $2,600 shall be available without reference to the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, or civil-service requirements for the employment of one engineering examiner and computer.

All apportionments of appropriations for the use of the municipal architect in payment of personal services employed on construction work provided for by said appropriations shall be based on an amount not exceeding 3 per centum of a total of not more than $2,000,000 of appropriations made for such construction projects and not exceeding 2 3/4 per centum of a total of the appropriations in excess of $2,000,000, and appropriations specifically made in this Act for the preparation of plans and specifications shall be deducted from any allowances authorized under this paragraph: Provided, That reimbursements may be made to this fund from appropriations contained in this Act for services rendered other activities of the District Government, without reference to fiscal-year limitations on such appropriations: Provided further, That employment of personal services from this fund may be made during the fiscal year 1942 without reference to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes or the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, and civil-service requirements.

PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION

For two commissioners, and for other personal services, $69,920.
For incidental and all other general necessary expenses authorized by law, including the purchase of newspapers, $1,500.
No part of the appropriations contained in this Act shall be used for or in connection with the preparation, issuance, publication, or enforcement of any regulation or order of the Public Utilities Commission requiring the installation of meters in taxicabs, or for or in connection with the licensing of any vehicle to be operated as a taxicab except for operation in accordance with such system of uniform zones and rates and regulations applicable thereto as shall have been prescribed by the Public Utilities Commission.

DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE

For personal services, $24,200.

SURVEYOR'S OFFICE

For personal services, including $12,700 for the employment of two temporary field parties, $93,520.

MINIMUM WAGE BOARD

For personal services, $15,280.

ZONING COMMISSION

For salaries and expenses necessary for the administration of the Act entitled "An Act providing for the zoning of the District of Columbia and the regulation of the location, height, bulk, and uses of buildings and other structures and of the uses of land in the District of Columbia, and for other purposes", approved June 20, 1938, $12,420.

COMMISSION ON MENTAL HEALTH

For compensation of members of the Commission on Mental Health of the District of Columbia, and other personal services, $20,702: Provided, That the salary of the executive secretary shall be at the rate of $3,000 per annum and the salary of each physician-member shall be at the rate of $3,500 per annum.

BOARD OF INDETERMINATE SENTENCE AND PAROLE

For salaries and expenses, including not to exceed $800 for travel in attending parole conventions and conferences, $20,805.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA EMPLOYEES' COMPENSATION FUND

For carrying out the provisions of section 11 of the District of Columbia Appropriation Act approved July 11, 1919, extending to the employees of the government of the District of Columbia the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide compensation for employees of the United States suffering injuries while in the performance of their duties, and for other purposes", approved September 7, 1916, $55,000.

Administrative expenses, compensation to injured employees in the District of Columbia: For the enforcement of the Act entitled "An Act to provide compensation for disability or death resulting from injury to employees in certain employments in the District of Columbia, and for other purposes", approved May 17, 1928 (45 Stat. 600), $83,800, for transfer to and expenditure by the Employees' Compensation Commission under its appropriations "Salaries and expenses", $83,300, and "Printing and binding", $500.

For financing of the liability of the government of the District of Columbia, created by the Act entitled "An Act for the retirement..."
of employees in the classified civil service, and for other purposes”, approved May 22, 1920, and Acts amendatory thereof (5 U. S. C. 707a), $849,640, which amount shall be placed to the credit of the “civil service retirement and disability fund”.

REGISTER OF WILLS

For personal services, $77,980.
For miscellaneous and contingent expenses, telephone bills, printing, contract statistical services, typewriters, photostat paper and supplies, including laboratory coats and photographic developing-room equipment, towels, towel service, window washing, streetcar tokens, furniture and equipment and repairs thereto, and purchase of books of reference, lawbooks, and periodicals, $13,120.

RECORDER OF DEEDS

For personal services, $117,360.
For miscellaneous and contingent expenses, including telephone service, printing, binding, rebinding, repairing, and preservation of records; typewriters, towels, towel service, furniture and equipment and repairs thereto; books of reference, lawbooks and periodicals, streetcar tokens, postage; not exceeding $100 for rest room for sick and injured employees and the equipment of and medical supplies for said rest room, and all other necessary incidental expenses, $14,100.
For rent of offices of the recorder of deeds, $8,750, to be expended without reference to the provisions of section 6 of this Act.

CONTINGENT AND MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES

For checks, books, lawbooks, books of reference, including $1,000 for lawbooks and books of reference for the Corporation Counsel's office, periodicals, newspapers, stationery; surveying instruments and implements; drawing materials; binding, rebinding, repairing, and preservation of records; ice; including $575 for affiliation with the National Safety Council, Incorporated; traveling expenses not to exceed $8,000; including payment of dues and traveling expenses in attending conventions when authorized by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia; expenses authorized by law in connection with the removal of dangerous or unsafe and insanitary buildings, including payment of a fee of $6 per diem to each member of board of survey, other than the inspector of buildings, while actually employed on surveys of dangerous or unsafe buildings; not exceeding $3,000 for the settlement of claims not in excess of $250 each, approved by the Commissioners under and in accordance with the provisions of the Act entitled “An Act authorizing the Commissioners of the District of Columbia to settle claims and suits against the District of Columbia”, approved February 11, 1929 (45 Stat. 1160), as amended by the Act approved June 5, 1930 (46 Stat. 500); not to exceed $250 to aid in support of the National Conference of Commissioners on Uniform State Laws: maintenance and repair of wharves; and other general necessary expenses of District offices, $40,200:

Provided, That no part of this or any other appropriation contained in this Act shall be expended for printing or binding a schedule or list of supplies and materials for the furnishing of which contracts have been or may be awarded.
For postage for strictly official mail matter, including the rental of postage-meter equipment, $22,700.
For judicial expenses, including witness fees, and expert services in District of Columbia cases before the District Court of the United
Proviso. Stenographic reporting services.

States for the District of Columbia, $1,500: Provided, That the Commissioners of the District of Columbia are authorized, when in their judgment such action be deemed in the public interest, to contract for stenographic reporting services without regard to section 5709 of the Revised Statutes (41 U. S. C. 5) under available appropriations contained in this Act: Provided further, That neither the District of Columbia nor any officer thereof acting in his official capacity for the District of Columbia shall be required to pay court costs to the clerk of any court in and for the District of Columbia.

For general advertising, authorized and required by law, and for tax and school notices and notices of changes in regulations, $9,000: Provided, That this appropriation shall not be available for the payment of advertising in newspapers published outside of the District of Columbia, notwithstanding the requirement for such advertising provided by existing law.

For advertising notice of taxes in arrears July 1, 1941, as required to be given by the Act of February 28, 1898, as amended, to be reimbursed by a charge of 50 cents for each lot or piece of property advertised, $2,500: Provided, That this appropriation shall not be available for the payment of advertising the delinquent tax list for more than once a week for two weeks in the regular issue of one morning or one evening newspaper published in the District of Columbia, notwithstanding the provisions of existing law.

For printing and binding, $48,500: Provided, That no part of the appropriation contained in this Act shall be available for expenditure for printing and binding unless the need for such expenditure shall have been specifically approved by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, or by the purchasing officer and the auditor for the District of Columbia acting for such Commissioners: Provided further, That the unexpended balance of the appropriation under this head in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1941, is hereby continued available until June 30, 1942.

CENTRAL GARAGE

For maintenance, care, repair, and operation of passenger-carrying automobiles, work cars, field wagons, ambulances, and busses owned by the District of Columbia, including personal services, $55,520; for purchase (including exchange) of passenger-carrying automobiles, work cars, and field wagons, $7,400; and for purchase (including exchange) of one ambulance for the Health Department, $2,000, and two field wagons for the surveyor's office, $1,700, in all, $66,620.

For allowances for furnishing privately owned motor vehicles in the performance of official duties at a rate of not to exceed $264 per year for each automobile, $12,936: Provided, That allowances under this appropriation shall be made only to persons whose duties require full-time field service.

All motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles owned by the District of Columbia shall be used exclusively for "official purposes" directly pertaining to the public services of said District, and shall be under the direction and control of the Commissioners, who may from time to time alter or change the assignment for use thereof or direct the joint or interchangeable use of any of the same by officials and employees of the District, except as otherwise provided in this Act; and "official purposes" shall not include the transportation of officers and employees between their domiciles and places of employment, except as to the Commissioners of the District of Columbia and in cases of officers and employees the character of whose duties makes
such transportation necessary, and then only as to such latter cases when the same is approved by the Commissioners: 

\textit{Provided}, That no passenger-carrying automobile, except busses, station wagons, patrol wagons, and ambulances, and except as otherwise specifically authorized in this Act, shall be acquired under any provision of this Act, by purchase or exchange, at a cost, including the value of a vehicle exchanged, exceeding $650. No motor vehicles shall be transferred from the police or fire departments to any other branch of the government of the District of Columbia.

Appropriations in this Act shall not be used for the payment of premiums or other cost of fire insurance.

The Commissioners are authorized, in their discretion, to furnish necessary transportation in connection with strictly official business of the District of Columbia by the purchase of streetcar and bus fares from appropriations contained in this Act: \textit{Provided}, That the streetcar and bus fares from appropriations contained in this Act shall be apportioned as not to exceed a total of $11,675: \textit{Provided further}, That the provisions of this paragraph shall not include the appropriations herein made for the fire and police departments.

\textbf{EMERGENCY FUND}

To be expended in case of emergency, such as riot, pestilence, public insanitary conditions, calamity by flood, or fire, or storm, and of like character, and for other purposes, in the discretion of the Commissioners, $3,500, of which sum $1,000 shall be immediately available: \textit{Provided}, That the certificate of the Commissioners shall be sufficient voucher for the expenditure of this appropriation for such purposes as they may deem necessary.

\textbf{REFUND OF ERRONEOUS COLLECTIONS}

To enable the Commissioners, in any case where taxes, special assessments, school-tuition charges, payments for lost library books, rents, fines, fees, or collections of any character have been erroneously covered into the Treasury to the credit of the general revenues of the District of Columbia, to refund such erroneous payments, wholly or in part, including the refunding of fees paid for building permits authorized by the District of Columbia Appropriation Act approved March 2, 1911 (36 Stat. 867), $75,000: \textit{Provided}, That this appropriation shall be available for such refunds of payments made within the past three years.

\textbf{REPAYMENT OF LOAN FROM PUBLIC WORKS ADMINISTRATION}

For reimbursement to the United States, in compliance with section 3 of the Act approved June 25, 1938 (52 Stat. 1203), of funds loaned under the authority of said Act, including interest, $690,000.

\textbf{FREE PUBLIC LIBRARY}

For personal services, and for substitutes and other special and temporary services, including extra services on Sundays, holidays, and Saturday half holidays, at the discretion of the librarian, $445,480.

Miscellaneous: For books, periodicals, newspapers, and other printed material, including payment in advance for subscription books, and society publications, including not exceeding $800 for music records and sound recordings, $50,000: \textit{Provided}, That the disbursing officer of the District of Columbia is authorized to advance
to the librarian of the Free Public Library, upon requisition previously approved by the auditor of the District of Columbia, sums of money not exceeding $25 at the first of each month, to be expended for the purchase of certain books, pamphlets, numbers of periodicals or newspapers, or other printed material, and to be accounted for on itemized vouchers.

For binding, including necessary personal services, $30,000.

For maintenance, alterations, repairs, fuel, lighting, fitting up buildings, care of grounds, maintenance of motor delivery vehicles, and other contingent expenses, $35,125.

For rent of suitable quarters for branch libraries in Chevy Chase and Woodridge, $5,760.

For continuing the construction in square 491 of the first unit of an extensible library building, including quarters for the administrative offices of the Board of Education, $340,000: Provided, That the unexpended balances of the amounts made available by the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1940, for the preparation of plans and specifications for this building shall remain available for the same purposes and under the same conditions and limitations until June 30, 1942.

For the acquisition of a site to be approved by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia and the Board of Library Trustees for a building for the Anacostia branch library, $30,000, to remain available until expended.

SEWERS

For personal services, including one chief engineering inspector at $2,600 per annum, without reference to civil-service requirements, $183,860.

For cleaning and repairing sewers and basins, including the replacement of the following motortrucks: Three at not to exceed $1,200 each and one at not to exceed $1,050; and for operation and maintenance of the sewage pumping service, including repairs to equipment, machinery, and pumping stations, and employment of mechanics and laborers, purchase of electricity, fuel, oil, waste, and other supplies, and the maintenance of non-passenger-carrying motor vehicles used in this work, $228,700.

For construction of sewers and receiving basins, $350,000, including the maintenance of non-passenger-carrying motor vehicles used in this work, purchase of one motortruck at not to exceed $650, and the replacement of one motortruck at not to exceed $3,500.

For assessment and permit work, sewers, including not to exceed $1,000 for purchase or condemnation of rights-of-way for construction, maintenance, and repair of public sewers, $500,000, of which $100,000 shall be immediately available.

For the control and prevention of the spread of mosquitoes in the District of Columbia, including personal services, operation, maintenance, and repair of motor-propelled vehicles, the replacement of one motortruck at not to exceed $550, purchase of two motortrucks at $350 each to replace two motorcycles and package cars; purchase of oil, and other necessary expenses, $12,000: Provided, That of the amount herein appropriated there may be transferred, in the interest of coordinating the work of mosquito control in the District of Columbia, not to exceed $3,500 to the Public Health Service of the Federal Security Agency, the amount so transferred to be available for the objects herein specified.

Sewage treatment plant: For operation and maintenance, including salaries and wages of necessary employees, supplies, repairs to build-
ings and equipment, purchase of electric power, fuel, oil, waste, and other necessary expenses, including the maintenance of non-passenger-carrying motor vehicles used in this work, $200,000.

For the pro rata contribution of the District of Columbia to the expenses of the Interstate Commission on the Potomac River Basin, in accordance with Public Resolution Numbered 93, approved July 11, 1940, granting such Commission authority to regulate, control, prevent, or otherwise render unobjectionable and harmless the pollution of the water of the Potomac drainage area by sewage and industrial and other wastes, $3,600.

For continuing construction of the Oxen Run interceptor, section 3, to be immediately available, $54,000.

**COLLECTION AND DISPOSAL OF REFUSE**

For personal services, $137,020.

For dust prevention, sweeping and cleaning streets, avenues, alleys, and suburban streets, under the immediate direction of the Commissioners, including services and purchase and maintenance of equipment, rent of storage rooms; maintenance and repair of garages; maintenance and repair of non-passenger-carrying motor-propelled vehicles necessary in cleaning streets, purchase of and purchase including exchange of motor-propelled street-cleaning equipment, not to exceed $45,200, and necessary incidental expenses, $494,800.

To enable the Commissioners to carry out the provisions of existing law governing the collection and disposal of garbage, dead animals, night soil, and miscellaneous refuse and ashes in the District of Columbia, including inspection; fencing of public and private property designated by the Commissioners as public dumps; including not to exceed $60,900 for the purchase of and purchase including exchange of non-passenger-carrying motor vehicles; and incidental expenses, $1,000,000: Provided, That this appropriation shall not be available for collecting ashes or miscellaneous refuse from hotels and places of business or from apartment houses of four or more apartments in which the landlord furnishes heat to tenants.

For construction on land owned by the District of Columbia in parcel 141/13 of a high-temperature incinerator for the destruction of combustible refuse, $300,000: Provided, That not to exceed $9,000 of the amount herein appropriated may be transferred to the credit of the appropriation account, “Municipal Architect’s Office, construction services”, and be available for the preparation of plans and specifications for said incinerator, including the employment of personal services without reference to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes or the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, or civil-service requirements.

**ELECTRICAL DEPARTMENT**

For personal services, $99,220.

For general supplies, repairs, new batteries and battery supplies, telephone rental and purchase, telephone service charges, wire and cable for extension of telegraph and telephone service, repairs of lines and instruments, purchase of poles, tools, insulators, brackets, pins, hardwood, cross arms, ice, record book, stationery, extra labor, new boxes, maintenance of motortrucks, and other necessary items, including not to exceed $1,800 for the purchase (including exchange) of one non-passenger-carrying motor vehicle, $68,672.

For placing wires of fire-alarm, police-patrol, and telephone services underground, extension and relocation of police-patrol and fire-
alarm systems, purchase and installing additional cables, labor, material, appurtenances, and other necessary equipment and expenses, $73,600.

Street lighting: For purchase, installation, and maintenance of public lamps, lampposts, street designations, lanterns, and fixtures of all kinds on streets, avenues, roads, alleys, and public spaces, part cost of maintenance of airport and airway lights necessary for operation of the air mail, and for all necessary expenses in connection therewith, including rental of storerooms, extra labor, operation, maintenance, and repair of motor trucks, this sum to be expended in accordance with the provisions of sections 7 and 8 of the District of Columbia Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1912 (36 Stat. 1008-1011, sec. 7), and with the provisions of the District of Columbia Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1913 (37 Stat. 181-184, sec. 7), and other laws applicable thereto, $794,900: Provided, That this appropriation shall not be available for the payment of rates for electric street lighting in excess of those authorized to be paid in the fiscal year 1927, and payment for electric current for new forms of street lighting shall not exceed 2 cents per kilowatt-hour for current consumed: Provided further, That no part of this appropriation shall be available for the payment on any contract required by law to be awarded through competitive bidding, which is not awarded to the lowest responsible bidder on specifications, and such specifications shall be so drawn as to admit of fair competition.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS

For personal services of administrative and supervisory officers in accordance with the Act fixing and regulating the salaries of teachers, school officers, and other employees of the Board of Education of the District of Columbia, approved June 4, 1924 (43 Stat. 367-375), including salaries of presidents of teachers colleges in the salary schedule for first assistant superintendents, $705,301.

For personal services of clerks and other employees, $201,200.

For personal services in the department of school attendance and work permits in accordance with the Act approved June 4, 1924 (43 Stat. 367-375), the Act approved February 5, 1925 (43 Stat. 806-808), and the Act approved May 29, 1928 (45 Stat. 998), $42,400.

For personal services of teachers and librarians in accordance with the Act approved June 4, 1924 (43 Stat. 367-375), including for teachers colleges assistant professors in salary class eleven, and professors in salary class twelve, and including $13,000 for health and physical education teachers to supervise play in schools of the central area bounded by North Capitol Street on the east, Florida Avenue on the north, the Mall on the south, and Twelfth Street on the west, $7,405,105: Provided, That teaching vacancies that occur during the fiscal year 1942 wherever found may be filled by the assignment of teachers of special subjects and teachers not now assigned to classroom instruction, and such teachers are hereby made eligible for such assignment without further examination: Provided further, That the Board of Education is hereby authorized to appoint one additional teacher, class 2-A, for instruction in automobile driving at a beginning salary of $2,000.

For the instruction and supervision of children in the vacation schools, and supervisors and teachers of vacation schools may also be supervisors and teachers of day schools, $31,000.

For financing one hundred and ten lectures on the effect of alcohol, marijuana, and other narcotics to be delivered by physicians and/or other qualified lecturers in all the public school buildings in the
District of Columbia, which have auditoriums or other seating facilities for student assemblies, including elementary schools, high schools, and teachers colleges, $550.

NIGHT SCHOOLS

For teachers and janitors of night schools, including teachers of industrial, commercial, and trade instruction, and teachers and janitors of night schools may also be teachers and janitors of day schools, $105,780.

For contingent and other necessary expenses, including equipment and purchase of all necessary articles and supplies for classes in industrial, commercial, and trade instruction, $6,600.

AMERICANIZATION WORK

For Americanization work and instruction of foreigners of all ages in both day and night classes, and teachers and janitors of Americanization schools may also be teachers and janitors of the day schools, $12,810.

For contingent and other necessary expenses, including books, equipment, and supplies, $600.

For carrying out the provisions of the Act of June 19, 1934 (34 U. S. C. 945), entitled "An Act providing educational opportunities for the children of soldiers, sailors, and marines who were killed in action or died during the World War", $200.

For the development of vocational education in the District of Columbia in accordance with the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the further development of vocational education in the several States and Territories", approved June 8, 1936 (49 Stat. 1488), and regulations promulgated thereunder, $26,600.

COMMUNITY CENTER DEPARTMENT

For all expenses necessary for the operation and maintenance of the Community Center Department, including the expense of keeping open the public-school playgrounds during the summer months, such expenses to include personal services of the director, general secretaries and community secretaries in accordance with the Act approved June 4, 1924 (43 Stat. 369); clerks and part-time employees, including janitors on account of meetings of parent-teacher associations and other activities; directors, supervisors, and other playground personnel at rates of pay to be fixed by the Board of Education, without reference to the Classification Act of 1923, as amended; special and temporary services, directors, assistants, and janitor service during the summer vacation, and in the larger yards, daily after school hours during the school term; supplies; medals, trophies; awards; lighting fixtures; and equipment, $281,320: Provided, That such public-school playgrounds shall be kept open for play purposes in accordance with the schedule heretofore maintained for playgrounds while under the jurisdiction of the playground department: Provided further, That the activities provided for under this appropriation shall be operated under the joint control, supervision, and direction of the Commissioners of the District of Columbia and the Board of Education.

CARE OF BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS

For personal services, including care of portable buildings at a rate not to exceed $96 per annum for the care of each building, $988,745.
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MISCELLANEOUS

For the maintenance of schools for crippled pupils, $4,000.

For transportation for pupils attending schools for sight-conservation pupils, and crippled pupils, $17,400: Provided, That expenditures for streetcar and bus fares from this fund shall not be subject to the general limitations on the use of streetcar and bus fares covered by this Act.

For purchase and repair of furniture, tools, machinery, material, and books, and apparatus to be used in connection with instruction in manual and vocational training, and incidental expenses connected therewith, purchase and installation (not exceeding $100) of dual-control equipment for use in driver-training courses, and for insurance and all other necessary expenses in connection with the operation, maintenance, and repair of District owned or loaned automobiles used in driver-training courses, $70,775, to be immediately available.

For fuel, gas, and electric light and power, $323,600.

For contingent expenses, including United States flags, furniture and repairs of same, stationery, ice, paper towels, and other necessary items not otherwise provided for, and including not exceeding $10,000 for books of reference and periodicals, not exceeding $1,500 for replacement of pianos at an average cost of not to exceed $300 each, and not exceeding $7,000 for labor; in all, $160,387, to be immediately available, of which not to exceed $2,100 may be expended for tabulating school census cards either by contract or by day labor as the Commissioners may determine: Provided, That a bond shall not be required on account of military supplies or equipment issued by the War Department for military instruction and practice by the students of high schools in the District of Columbia.

For the replacement of furniture and equipment and for the purchase of equipment for additional classrooms in existing school buildings, $82,983.

For completely furnishing and equipping buildings and additions to buildings, as follows: Syphax School addition, Woodrow Wilson High School, new elementary schools at Minnesota Avenue and Ely Place Southeast, and at Pennsylvania and Alabama Avenues Southeast, and M. M. Washington Vocational School addition; $34,190, to be immediately available.

For textbooks and other educational books and supplies as authorized by the Act of January 31, 1930 (46 Stat. 62), including not to exceed $7,000 for personal services, $200,000, to be immediately available.

For maintenance of kindergartens, $5,600, to be immediately available.

For purchase of apparatus, fixtures, specimens, technical books, and for extending the equipment and for the maintenance of laboratories of the department of physics, chemistry, biology, and general science in the several high and junior high schools, vocational schools, and teachers colleges, and for the installation of the same, $17,925, to be immediately available.

For utensils, materials, and labor, for establishment and maintenance of school gardens, and for use in teaching elementary science in connection therewith, $4,800.

For repairs and improvements to school buildings and grounds, including purchase, exchange, and maintenance of motor trucks, not to exceed $30,000 for replacement of boilers, not to exceed $10,125 for replacement of the heating plant at the Blow School, not to exceed $3,000 for replacement of insanitary drinking fountains, not
to exceed $7,000 for replacement of insanitary toilet facilities, not to exceed $20,000 for stabilizing and drainage at Browne Junior High School and Phelps Vocational School, not to exceed $6,000 for a new roof over the auditorium at the Francis Junior High School, $510,000, of which amount $100,000 shall be immediately available: Provided, That work performed for repairs and improvements under appropriations contained in this Act shall be by contract or otherwise, as may be determined by the Commissioners to be most advantageous to the District of Columbia: Provided further, That this appropriation shall be available for performing work of repairs and improvements to other municipal buildings, subject to reimbursement covering the cost of such work, and a report of expenditures for such repairs and improvements to other municipal buildings shall be submitted to Congress in the annual Budget.

For improvement of various municipal playgrounds and recreation centers, including erection of shelter houses, $25,000, of which not exceeding $1,000 shall be immediately available for the preparation of architectural and landscaping plans.

To carry out the purposes of the Act approved June 11, 1926, entitled "An Act to amend the Act entitled 'An Act for the retirement of public-school teachers in the District of Columbia,' approved January 15, 1920, and for other purposes" (44 Stat. 727), $609,000: Provided, That the Treasury Department shall prepare the estimates of the annual appropriations required to be made to the Teachers' Retirement Fund, and shall make actuarial valuations of such fund at intervals of five years, or oftener if deemed necessary by the Secretary of the Treasury: Provided further, That the Board of Commissioners of the District of Columbia is authorized to expend from money to the credit of the Teachers' Retirement Fund an amount not exceeding $5,000 per annum for the expenses necessary in carrying out the provisions of said Act, including actuarial advice.

THE DEAF, DUMB, AND BLIND

For maintenance and instruction of deaf and dumb persons admitted to the Columbia Institution for the Deaf from the District of Columbia, under section 4864 of the Revised Statutes, and as provided for in the Act approved March 1, 1901 (24 U. S. C. 238), and under a contract to be entered into with the said institution by the Commissioners, $39,000.

For maintenance and instruction of colored deaf mutes of teachable age belonging to the District of Columbia, in Maryland, or some other State, under a contract to be entered into by the Commissioners, $10,000: Provided, That all expenditures under this appropriation shall be made under the supervision of the Board of Education.

For maintenance and instruction of blind children of the District of Columbia, in Maryland, or some other State, under a contract to be entered into by the Commissioners, $7,500: Provided, That all expenditures under this appropriation shall be made under the supervision of the Board of Education.

Notwithstanding the provision that no part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be expended for printing or binding a schedule or list of supplies and materials for the furnishing of which contracts have been or may be awarded, the Board of Education is authorized to have printed and bound schedules or lists of supplies, textbooks, and equipment approved by the Board of Education for use in the schools for requisitioning purposes only: Provided, That all such expenditures for printing and binding shall have been specifically approved by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia.
Solicitation of subscriptions, etc.

Requisitions for equipment, approval by Commissioners.

Nature study, etc., teachers.

Children of Army, Navy, etc., personnel.

For completing the construction of an eight-room addition to the Syphax School, including an assembly hall-gymnasium and the necessary remodeling of the present building, $152,500, and the limit of cost of such building is increased to $247,500;

For continuing the construction of a junior high school building on land owned by the District of Columbia in the vicinity of Seventeenth and Q Streets Southeast, $375,000, and the limit of cost of such building is increased to $1,068,750: Provided, That not to exceed $1,630 of the amount herein appropriated may be transferred to the credit of the appropriation account, "Municipal Architect's Office, construction services", and be available for the preparation of plans and specifications for said building;

For beginning the construction of a new extensible senior high school building to be located at Twenty-fourth Street and Benning Road, Northeast, $700,000, and the limit of cost of such building is increased to $1,158,750: Provided, That not to exceed $1,630 of the amount herein appropriated may be transferred to the credit of the appropriation account, "Municipal Architect's Office, construction services", and be available for the preparation of plans and specifications for said building, including the employment of personal services without reference to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes or the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, and civil service requirements;

For beginning construction of a new extensible vocational school to replace the present Abbot Vocational School, to be located as determined by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia and the National Capital Park and Planning Commission in Brentwood Park, $200,000, and the Commissioners are authorized to enter into contract or contracts for such building at a cost not to exceed $562,500: Provided, That not to exceed $20,000 of the amount herein appropriated may be transferred to the credit of the appropriation account "Municipal Architect's Office, construction services", and be available for the preparation of plans and specifications for said building;
For the construction of an underpass under Hiatt Place to connect the Powell Junior High School and the Johnson Building, $18,000;

For the completion of six unfinished classrooms at the Woodrow Wilson High School, $33,750;

For beginning construction of an eight-room addition and assembly hall-gymnasium at the Benning School, including the necessary remodeling of the present building to provide a covered passage connecting the new building with the existing building, $180,625, of which sum $5,145 may be transferred to the credit of the appropriation account “Municipal Architect’s Office, construction services”, and be available for the preparation of plans and specifications, and the Commissioners are authorized to enter into contract or contracts for such addition at a total cost of not to exceed $275,625;

For beginning construction of an eight-room addition and assembly hall-gymnasium at the Van Ness School, including the necessary remodeling of the present building, $180,625, of which sum $5,145 may be transferred to the credit of the appropriation account “Municipal Architect’s Office, construction services”, and be available for the preparation of plans and specifications, and the Commissioners are authorized to enter into contract or contracts for such addition at a total cost of not to exceed $275,625;

For a new extensible eight-room elementary school building, four rooms to be left unfinished, to be located on a site to be acquired in the vicinity of Hillside Road and Alabama Avenue Southeast, $167,500;

For the completion of plans and specifications for a new junior high school to be located on a site to be acquired in the vicinity of Forty-ninth Street and Washington Place Northeast, $15,427, which amount may be transferred to the credit of the appropriation account “Municipal Architect’s Office, construction services”, and be available for such purposes, and the Commissioners are authorized to enter into contract or contracts for such building at a total cost of not to exceed $875,000;

For an additional amount for the construction of an eight-room extensible elementary school building on a site to be acquired in the vicinity of Minnesota Avenue and Ely Place Southeast, for the construction of which $180,000 has already been appropriated in the First Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1941, $10,000;

In all, $1,933,427, to be immediately available and to be disbursed and accounted for as “Buildings and grounds, public schools”, and for that purpose shall constitute one fund and remain available until expended: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be used for or on account of any school building not herein specified.

For the purchase of school building and playground sites as follows:

For the purchase of additional land at the site of the Benning School for an eight-room addition and assembly hall-gymnasium;

For the purchase of additional land at the site of the Van Ness School for an eight-room addition and assembly hall-gymnasium;

For the purchase of a site in the vicinity of Hillside Road and Alabama Avenue Southeast for the construction of an elementary school;

For the purchase of a site in the vicinity of Nichols Avenue and Atlantic Street Southeast for the construction of an elementary school;

For the purchase of a site in the vicinity of Forty-ninth and Hayes Streets Northeast for the construction of an elementary school;

For the purchase of a site in the vicinity of Forty-ninth Street and Washington Place Northeast for the construction of a junior high school;
For the purchase of a site for elementary school purposes in the vicinity of New Jersey Avenue and P Street Northwest, for the replacement of the Morse and Twining Schools;
In all, $280,000, to remain available until expended.
No part of the foregoing appropriations for public schools shall be used for instructing children under five years of age except children entering during the first half of the school year who will be five years of age by November 1, 1941, and children entering during the second half of the school year who will be five years of age by March 15, 1942: Provided, That this limitation shall not be considered as preventing the employment of a matron and the care of children under school age at the Webster School whose parent or parents are in attendance in connection with Americanization work.
None of the money appropriated by this Act shall be paid or obligated toward the construction of or addition to any building the whole and entire construction of which, exclusive of heating, lighting, plumbing, painting, and treatment of grounds, shall not have been awarded in one or a single contract, separate and apart from any other contract, project, or undertaking, to the lowest responsible bidder complying with all the legal requirements as to a deposit of money or the execution of a bond, or both, for the faithful performance of the contract: Provided, That nothing herein shall be construed as repealing existing law giving the Commissioners the right to reject all bids.
The plans and specifications for all building provided for in this Act under appropriations administered by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia shall be prepared under the supervision of the municipal architect, and those for school buildings after consultation with the Board of Education, and shall be approved by the Commissioners and shall be constructed in conformity thereto.
The school buildings authorized and appropriated for herein shall be constructed with all doors intended to be used as exits or entrances opening outward, and each of said buildings having in excess of eight rooms shall have at least four exits. Appropriations carried in this Act shall not be used for the maintenance of school in any building unless all outside doors thereto used as exits or entrances shall open outward and be kept unlocked every school day from one-half hour before until one-half hour after school hours.

**METROPOLITAN POLICE**

**SALARIES**

For the pay and allowances of officers and members of the Metropolitan Police force, in accordance with the Act entitled "An Act to fix the salaries of the Metropolitan Police force, the United States Park Police force, and the Fire Department of the District of Columbia" (43 Stat. 174-175), as amended by the Act of July 1, 1930 (46 Stat. 839-841), including one captain, who shall be property clerk, and the present acting sergeant in charge of police automobiles, who shall have the rank and pay of a sergeant, $3,099,503, including the employment of not to exceed four detectives in the salary grade of captain to be appointed by the Board of Commissioners after a special examination conducted by the Civil Service Commission in criminal law, practical police work, and crime detection.
For personal services, $167,500, including not to exceed $1,265 for the salary of one part-time physician to be paid at the rate of $3,800 per annum.
For fuel, $8,000.
For repairs and improvements to police stations and station grounds, $9,000.

For miscellaneous and contingent expenses, including rewards for fugitives, purchase of gas equipment and firearms, maintenance of card system, stationery, city directories, books of reference, periodicals, newspapers, telegraphing, telephoning, photographs, rental and maintenance of teletype system and labor-saving devices, telephone service charges, purchase, maintenance, and servicing of radio broadcasting systems, purchase of equipment, gas, ice, washing, meals for prisoners, medals of award, not to exceed $300 for car tickets, furniture and repair thereto, beds and bed clothing, insignia of office, police equipments and repairs to same, and mounted equipment, flags and halyards, storage and hauling of stolen or abandoned property, and traveling and other expenses incurred in prevention and detection of crime, not to exceed $3,000 for expenses of officers and members of the police force in attending, without loss of pay or time, specialized police training classes and pistol matches, including tuition, entrance fees, travel and subsistence, and other necessary expenses, including expenses of harbor patrol, and the maintenance of a suitable place for the reception and detention of girls and women over seventeen years of age, arrested by the police on charge of offense against any laws in force in the District of Columbia, or held as witnesses or held pending final investigation or examination, or otherwise, $103,300, of which amount $10,000 shall be exclusively available for expenditure by the Major and Superintendent of Police for prevention and detection of crime, under his certificate, approved by the Commissioners, and every such certificate shall be deemed a sufficient voucher for the sum therein expressed to have been expended.

For purchase and exchange, and maintenance of passenger-carrying and other motor vehicles and the replacement of those worn out in the service and condemned, including the purchase of not to exceed two combination ambulance-scout cars at not to exceed $800 each, $76,885.

Uniforms: For furnishing uniforms and other official equipment prescribed by department regulations as necessary and requisite in the performance of duty to officers and members of the Metropolitan Police, including cleaning, alteration, and repair of articles transferred from one individual to another, $54,350.

POLICEMEN AND FIREMEN'S RELIEF

To pay the policemen and firemen's relief and other allowances as authorized by law, $1,250,000: Provided, That in order to carry out the purposes of this appropriation, the Treasury Department shall make a study to determine the proper proportionate contributions of the members of the participating forces and the District of Columbia, and report the results thereof to the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, including necessary legislative recommendations: Provided further, That the Commissioners are hereby authorized to expend from this appropriation not exceeding $5,000 for necessary expenses in carrying out these provisions, including actuarial advice.
FIRE DEPARTMENT

SALARIES

For the pay of officers and members of the fire department, in accordance with the Act entitled "An Act to fix the salaries of officers and members of the Metropolitan Police force, the United States Park Police force, and the Fire Department of the District of Columbia" (43 Stat. 175), as amended by the Act of July 1, 1930 (46 Stat. 839-841), $2,167,000.

For personal services, $3,720.

MISCELLANEOUS

For repairs and improvements to buildings and grounds, $18,500.

Uniforms: For furnishing uniforms and other official equipment prescribed by department regulations as necessary and requisite in the performance of duty to officers and members of the fire department, including cleaning, alteration, and repair of articles transferred from one individual to another, $21,625.

For repairs to apparatus, motor vehicles, and other motor-driven apparatus, fireboat and for new apparatus, new motor vehicles, new appliances, employment of mechanics, helpers, and laborers in the fire department repair shop, and for the purchase of necessary supplies, materials, equipment, and tools, $37,500: Provided, That the Commissioners are authorized, in their discretion, to build or construct, in whole or in part, fire-fighting apparatus in the fire department repair shop.

For hose, $18,000.

For fuel, $19,000.

For contingent expenses, furniture, fixtures, oil, blacksmithing, gas and electric lighting, flags and halyards, medals of award, and other necessary items, $19,000.

For replacement of fire-fighting apparatus, including not to exceed $2,200 for two chief's automobiles, $61,700.

For the preparation of plans and specifications for a new fire-engine house to be constructed at a total cost of not to exceed $100,000 on a site already owned by the District of Columbia located in the vicinity of North Capitol and Crittenden Streets Northwest, $2,000, which amount may be transferred to the credit of the appropriation account "Municipal Architect's Office, construction services" and be available for such purposes.

HEALTH DEPARTMENT

General administration: For personal services and other necessary expenses, including not to exceed $3,500 for contract investigational services without reference to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (41 U. S. C. 5), and $900 for the purchase of one motor truck, $88,740.

Medical services: For all expenses necessary for the enforcement of the Acts relating to the prevention of the spread of contagious and infectious diseases in the District of Columbia; the maintenance of tuberculosis and venereal disease clinics and dispensaries; the conduct of hygiene and sanitation work, including the maintenance of free dental clinics in schools; the maintenance of a maternal and child-health service, including clinics; and the maintenance of a nursing service; such expenses to include personal services, books and periodicals, uniforms and rent, $462,382: Provided, That the Commissioners may, without creating any obligation for the payment of money on account thereof, accept such volunteer services as they may
deem expedient in connection with the establishment and maintenance of the medical services herein provided for.

Laboratories: For operation and maintenance of laboratories, including personal services, books and periodicals, manufacture of serums for use in indigent cases, and other necessary expenses, $51,314.

Inspections: For all expenses necessary for the enforcement of the Acts relating to the drainage of lots and abatement of nuisances in the District of Columbia; the Act relating to the adulteration of foods, drugs, and candy; the Act relating to the manufacture and sale of mattresses; the Act relating to the manufacture, sale, and transportation of adulterated or misbranded or poisonous or deleterious foods, drugs, medicines, and liquors; and the Act relating to the sale of milk, cream, and ice cream; such expenses to include personal services, books and periodicals and travel, $129,691: Provided, That not to exceed $200 may be expended for special services in detecting adulteration of drugs and foods, including candy and milk: Provided further, That inspectors of dairy farms may receive an allowance for furnishing privately owned motor vehicles in the performance of official duties at the rate of not to exceed $312 per annum for each inspector.

For the purchase of a site for a health center in northwest Washington, $14,750.

For beginning the construction of a building for a health center in northwest Washington, $120,000, and the Commissioners are authorized to enter into contract or contracts for such building at a total cost not to exceed $250,000: Provided, That not to exceed $5,250 of the amount herein appropriated may be transferred to the credit of the appropriation account, "Municipal Architect’s Office, construction services", and be available for the preparation of plans and specifications for said building.

For the following hospital and sanatoria:

Tuberculosis sanatoria: For personal services, including not to exceed $3,000 for chief visiting consultant, and not to exceed $3,000 for compensation of consulting physicians at rates to be fixed by the Commissioners, $437,460.

For provisions, fuel, forage, harness and vehicles and repairs to same, gas, water, ice, shoes, clothing, dry goods, tailoring, drugs and medical supplies, furniture and bedding, kitchen utensils, medical books, schoolbooks, classroom supplies, books of reference, and periodicals not to exceed $500, maintenance of motortrucks, purchase and exchange of one motortruck, $800, and other necessary items, $224,000.

For repairs and improvements to buildings and grounds, including roads and sidewalks, $6,500.

Gallinger Municipal Hospital: For personal services, including not to exceed six full-time chief resident physicians at $5,600 per annum each and two associate medical officers at $3,200 per annum each, to be appointed without reference to civil-service requirements, and including not to exceed $2,000 for temporary labor, $861,820, of which $26,760 shall be available for out-patient relief of the poor, including medical and surgical supplies, artificial limbs, and pay of physicians: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be available for the care of persons, except in emergency cases, where the person has been a resident of the District of Columbia for less than one year at the time of application for admission.

For maintenance of the hospital; for maintenance of the quarantine station, small-pox hospital, and public crematorium, including
expenses incident to furnishing proper containers for the reception, burial, and identification of the ashes of all human bodies of indigent persons that are cremated at the public crematorium and remain unclaimed after twelve months from the date of such cremation; for maintenance and purchase of horses and horse-drawn vehicles; for medical books, books of reference, and periodicals not to exceed $800; for purchase (including exchange) of two motor trucks, $1,400; for maintenance of non-passenger-carrying motor vehicles; and for all other necessary expenses, $875,000.

For repairs and improvements to buildings and grounds, $4,500.

Purchase of books, musical instruments and music, expense of commencement exercises, entertainments, and inspection by New York State Board of Regents, and other incidental expenses of the training school for nurses, $600.

For repairs, alterations, and improvements to the building used for domestic service purposes, including additional construction above the first floor to provide for enclosed connecting corridor and extension of elevator, and including refrigerating and other equipment, $78,750.

Medical charities: For care and treatment of indigent patients under contracts to be made by the Health Officer of the District of Columbia and approved by the Commissioners with the following institutions and for not to exceed the following amounts, respectively:

- Children's Hospital, including not to exceed $20,000 for dispensary cases to be paid for at existing rates, $85,000.
- Central Dispensary and Emergency Hospital, $80,000, including $25,000 for the establishment of a twenty-four-hour clinic at the Emergency-George Washington University clinic, of which not to exceed $20,000 shall be available for payment to said clinic for employment of personal services, and $5,000 for dispensary cases, redressings, radiographs, and others services, to be paid at existing rates.
- Eastern Dispensary and Casualty Hospital, $70,000.
- Washington Home for Incurables, $15,000.

COURTS

JUVENILE COURT

Salaries: For personal services, $103,630.

Miscellaneous: For compensation of jurors, $1,500.

For stationery, books of reference, periodicals, typewriters and repairs thereto, preservation of records, telephone service, traveling expenses, meals of jurors and prisoners, furniture, fixtures, and equipment, and other incidental expenses not otherwise provided for, $3,000.

The disbursing officer of the District of Columbia is authorized to advance to the chief probation officer of the juvenile court upon requisition previously approved by the judge of the juvenile court and the auditor of the District of Columbia, sums of money not to exceed $50 at any one time, to be expended for transportation and traveling expenses to secure the return of absconding probationers, and to be accounted for monthly on itemized vouchers to the accounting officer of the District of Columbia.
POLICE COURT

Salaries: For personal services, $105,520.
For lawbooks, books of reference, directories, periodicals, stationery, rebinding of books, preservation of records, typewriters and repairs thereto, telephone service, laundry work, medicines, lodging and meals for jurors and bailiffs when ordered by the court, and all other necessary and incidental expenses of every kind not otherwise provided for, $3,582.
For witness fees and compensation of jurors, $25,000.

MUNICIPAL COURT

Salaries: For personal services, including compensation of five judges without reference to the limitation of this Act restricting salaries within the grade, $88,440.
For compensation of jurors, $9,000: Provided, That deposits made on demands for jury trials in accordance with rules prescribed by the court under authority granted in section 11 of the Act approved March 3, 1921 (41 Stat. 1312), shall be earned unless, prior to three days before the time set for such trials, including Sundays and legal holidays, a new date for trial be set by the court, cases be discontinued or settled, or demands for jury trials be waived.
For contingent expenses, including books, lawbooks, books of reference, fuel, light, telephone, lodging and meals for jurors, and for deputy United States marshals while in attendance upon jurors, when ordered by the court; fixtures, repairs to furniture, building and building equipment, and all other necessary miscellaneous items and supplies, $1,500.

MISCELLANEOUS

Probation system: For personal services, $17,380; contingent expenses, $800, in all, $18,180.

PUBLIC WELFARE

BOARD OF PUBLIC WELFARE

For personal services, including a principal assistant director of public welfare at $6,500 per annum, to be appointed without reference to civil-service requirements, and including not to exceed $6,000 for contract investigational services, without reference to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (41 U. S. C. 5), $166,200.

DIVISION OF CHILD WELFARE

Administration: For administrative expenses, including placing and visiting children, city directory, purchase of books of reference and periodicals not exceeding $50, and all office and sundry expenses, $5,650, and no part of the money herein appropriated shall be used for the purpose of visiting any ward of the Board of Public Welfare placed outside the District of Columbia and the States of Virginia and Maryland; and a ward placed outside said District and the States of Virginia and Maryland shall be visited not less than once a year by a voluntary agent or correspondent of said Board, and that said Board shall have power, upon proper showing, in its discretion, to discharge from guardianship any child committed to its care.
For board and care of all children committed to the guardianship of said Board by the courts of the District, including, after September Post, p. 836.

Proviso. Deposits for jury trials.

Post, p. 836.

Restriction on use of funds.
15, 1941, white girls committed to the National Training School for Girls, and for temporary care of children pending investigation or while being transferred from place to place, with authority to pay not more than $2,500 each to institutions under sectarian control and not more than $400 for burial of children dying while under charge of the Board, $320,315: Provided, That not more than $900 of this appropriation shall be available for continuous maintenance of two foster homes for temporary or emergency board and care of nondelinquent children.

For the maintenance, under the jurisdiction of the Board of Public Welfare, of a suitable place in a building entirely separate and apart from the house of detention for the reception and detention of children under eighteen years of age arrested by the police on charge of offense against any laws in force in the District of Columbia, or committed to the guardianship of the Board, or held as witness, or held temporarily, or pending hearing, or otherwise, including transportation, food, clothing, medicine, and medicinal supplies, rental, repair and upkeep of buildings, fuel, gas, electricity, ice, supplies, and equipment, and other necessary expenses, including not to exceed $21,595 for personal services, $34,775.

For the construction of a new receiving home for children on land owned by the District of Columbia in square 2885, including necessary furniture and equipment, landscaping, retaining walls, fencing, grading, and alley underpass, and including not to exceed $8,800 for repairs and alterations to premises at 816 Potomac Avenue Southeast, to restore said premises to the same condition existing at the time of original leasing thereof by the District of Columbia for use as a receiving home for children, $121,300.

The disbursing officer of the District of Columbia is authorized to advance to the director of public welfare, upon requisitions previously approved by the auditor of the District of Columbia and upon such security as may be required of said director by the Commissioners, sums of money not to exceed $400 at any one time, to be used for expenses in placing and visiting children, traveling on official business of the Board, and for office and sundry expenses, all such expenditures to be accounted for to the accounting officers of the District of Columbia within one month on itemized vouchers properly approved.

JAIL


For maintenance and support of prisoners of the District of Columbia at the jail, including not to exceed $1,000 for furnishing uniforms and caps for guards; subsistence of interns; expenses incurred in identifying and pursuing escaped prisoners and rewards for their capture; repair and improvements to buildings, cells, and locking devices; newspapers, books, and periodicals not to exceed $100; maintenance of non-passenger-carrying motor vehicle; and expense of electrocutions, $83,200.

For construction of a wall to surround the jail, $30,375.

GENERAL ADMINISTRATION, WORKHOUSE AND REFORMATORY, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

For personal services, $544,540.

For maintenance, care, and support of inmates, including subsistence of interns, discharge gratuities provided by law, medical supplies, newspapers, books, books of reference and periodicals, farm implements, tools, equipment, transportation expenses, purchase and
maintenance of livestock and horses; purchase of a moving-picture machine at not to exceed $1,500; purchase of one motorbus at not to exceed $5,600; purchase, exchange, maintenance, operation and repair of non-passenger-carrying vehicles and motorbusses, fuel for heating, lighting, and power, and all other necessary items, including uniforms and caps for guards, $485,600.

For repairs to buildings and grounds, and maintenance of utilities, marine and railroad transportation facilities, and mechanical equipment not used in industrial enterprises, $27,000.

To provide a working capital fund for such industrial enterprises as may be approved by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, $30,000: Provided, That the various departments and institutions of the District of Columbia and the Federal Government may purchase, at fair market prices, as determined by the Commissioners, such products and services as meet their requirements; receipts from the sale of products and services shall be deposited to the credit of said working capital fund, and said fund, including all receipts credited thereto, shall be used as a revolving fund for the fiscal year 1942 for the purchase and repair of machinery, tools, and equipment, purchase of raw materials and manufacturing supplies, purchase, maintenance, and operation of non-passenger-carrying vehicles, and purchase of fuel for manufacturing purposes; for freight, personal services, and all other necessary expenses; and for the payment to inmates or their dependents of such pecuniary earnings as the Commissioners may deem proper.

Construction: For continuing construction and equipment of permanent buildings for women, including sewers, water mains, and other necessary utilities, $20,000;
For construction of an infirmary and a holding and admission center at the workhouse, including equipment and necessary utilities, $33,000;
For the replacement of guard towers at the reformatory, $5,600;
For construction of a road paralleling the institution's railway between the workhouse and the reformatory, $5,000;
For remodeling the commissary building at the workhouse, $2,500;
For remodeling, repairing, rearranging, and waterproofing steam-distribution tunnels at the workhouse to permit sectionalization of steam load, $17,000;
For construction of a motor-vehicle storage shed at the reformatory, $8,000;
In all, $91,100, to be immediately available and to be disbursed and accounted for as "Construction, Penal Institutions, District of Columbia", and for that purpose shall constitute one fund and remain available until expended: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be used for or on account of any construction not herein specified.

Support of convicts: For support, maintenance, and transportation of convicts transferred from District of Columbia; expenses of shipping remains of deceased convicts to their homes in the United States; expenses of interment of unclaimed remains of deceased convicts; expenses incurred in identifying, pursuing, recapturing (including rewards therefor), and returning to institutions, escaped convicts and parole and conditional-release violators; and transportation expenses of returning released convicts to their residences, $120,730.

The disbursing officer of the District of Columbia is authorized to advance to the general superintendent of penal institutions, upon requisitions previously approved by the auditor of the District of Columbia, and upon such security as the Commissioners may require of said superintendent, sums of money not exceeding $500 at one time, to be used only for expenses in returning escaped prisoners, con-
ditional releases, and parolees, payable from the appropriation, "Support of convicts"; all such expenditures to be accounted for to the accounting officers of the District of Columbia within one month on itemized vouchers properly approved.

NATIONAL TRAINING SCHOOL FOR BOYS

For care and maintenance of boys committed to the National Training School for Boys by the courts of the District of Columbia under a contract to be made by the Board of Public Welfare with the Attorney General at a rate of not to exceed $2 per day for each boy so committed, $50,300.

NATIONAL TRAINING SCHOOL FOR GIRLS

National Training School for Girls: For personal services, groceries, provisions, light, fuel, clothing, shoes; forage and farm supplies; medicine and medical service (including not to exceed $2,000 for medical care and not to exceed $800 for dental care); transportation; maintenance of non-passenger-carrying vehicles; equipment, fixtures, books, magazines, and other educational supplies; recreational equipment and supplies, including rental of motion-picture films; stationery; postage; repairs; and other necessary items, including expenses incident to securing suitable homes for paroled or discharged girls, $41,920, of which sum not to exceed $23,060 may be expended for personal services: Provided, That on and after September 15, 1941, no part of the funds herein appropriated for the National Training School for Girls shall be used for white inmates.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA TRAINING SCHOOL

For personal services, including not to exceed $500 for compensation of consulting physicians at rates to be fixed by the Commissioners, and not to exceed $2,500 for temporary labor, $181,750.

For maintenance and other necessary expenses, including the maintenance of non-passenger-carrying motor vehicles, the purchase and maintenance of horses and wagons, farm machinery and implements, and not to exceed $300 for the purchase of books, books of reference, and periodicals, $118,500.

For repairs and improvements to buildings and grounds, $7,500.

For replacement of station wagon with a sixteen-passenger bus, $1,500.

For continuing construction of dormitories, $70,000.

INDUSTRIAL HOME SCHOOL FOR COLORED CHILDREN

Salaries: For personal services, $40,505; temporary labor, $500; in all, $41,005.

For maintenance, including purchase and maintenance of farm implements, horses, wagons, and harness, maintenance of non-passenger-carrying motor vehicles, not to exceed $2,250 for manual-training equipment and materials, $29,000.

For repairs and improvements to buildings and grounds, $3,900.

For purchase of one return apron flat work ironer, ribbon feed, motor drive, $3,130.

For purchase of one curved-needle shoe stitcher, automatic thread control and one right-hand finisher with built-in dust collector, $858.

INDUSTRIAL HOME SCHOOL

Salaries: For personal services, $40,290; temporary labor, $1,000; in all, $41,290.
For maintenance, including purchase of equipment, maintenance of non-passenger-carrying motor vehicles, $25,000.
For repairs and improvements to buildings and grounds, $4,000.

**HOME FOR AGED AND INFIRM**

Salaries: For personal services, $87,710, including a superintendent at $4,600 per annum, to be appointed without reference to civil-service requirements; temporary labor, $2,000; in all, $89,710.
For provisions, fuel, forage, harness and vehicles and repairs to same, ice, shoes, clothing, dry goods, tailoring, drugs and medical supplies, furniture and bedding, kitchen utensils, and other necessary items, and maintenance of non-passenger-carrying motor vehicles, $90,100.
For repairs and improvements to buildings and grounds, such work to be performed by day labor or otherwise in the discretion of the Commissioners, $7,500.
For replacement of equipment at power house, to be immediately available, $2,030.

**MUNICIPAL LODGING HOUSE**

For personal services, $3,800; maintenance, $4,000; in all, $7,800.

**PUBLIC ASSISTANCE**

For the purpose of affording relief to residents of the District of Columbia who are unemployed or otherwise in distress because of the existing emergency, to be expended by the Board of Public Welfare of the District of Columbia by employment and direct relief, in the discretion of the Board of Commissioners and under rules and regulations to be prescribed by the Board and without regard to the provisions of any other law, payable from the revenues of the District of Columbia, $1,025,000, and not to exceed 12 per centum of this appropriation and of Federal grants reimbursed under this appropriation shall be expended for personal services, including the employment of one general superintendent of public assistance services at $5,000 per annum, one assistant superintendent of such services at $4,600 per annum, and one stenographer-typist (secretary) at $2,000 per annum, to be appointed without reference to civil-service requirements, not to exceed $35,000 may be expended for the distribution of surplus commodities and relief milk, including not to exceed $22,040 for personal services, which shall be in addition to such services herein authorized, and not to exceed $49,960 for personal services, which shall be in addition to such services herein authorized, to certify persons eligible for work relief and surplus commodities: Provided, That not to exceed $50,000 of this appropriation, together with $25,000 of the unexpended balance of the appropriation for this purpose contained in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1940, may be used during the fiscal year 1942 as a revolving fund for the purchase of food stamps from the Department of Agriculture in accordance with the food-stamp plan of that Department for the distribution of surplus commodities, under regulations to be prescribed by the Board of Public Welfare and approved by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, said revolving fund to be reimbursed from time to time from the proceeds of sale of such stamps: Provided further, That all auditing, disbursing, and accounting for funds administered through the Public Assistance Division of the Board of Public Welfare, including all employees engaged in such work and records relating thereto, shall
be under the supervision and control of the Auditor of the District of Columbia: And provided further, That no part of this appropriation shall be expended in such a manner as to require a deficiency to supplement such appropriation.

Home Care for Dependent Children: To carry out the purposes of the Act entitled "An Act to provide home care for dependent children in the District of Columbia", approved June 22, 1926 (44 Stat. 738-740), including not to exceed $13,060 for personal services in the District of Columbia, $213,000: Provided, That this appropriation shall be so apportioned and distributed by the Commissioners over the fiscal year ending June 30, 1942, and shall be so administered during such fiscal year, as to constitute the total amount that will be utilized during such fiscal year for such purposes, and no more than $400 shall be paid for burial of children dying while beneficiaries under said Act.

Assistance against old-age want: To carry out the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to amend the Code of Laws for the District of Columbia in relation to providing assistance against old-age want", approved August 24, 1935 (49 Stat. 747), including not to exceed $59,500 for personal services and other necessary expenses, $620,000.

Pensions for needy blind persons: To carry out the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide aid for needy blind persons of the District of Columbia and authorizing appropriations therefor", approved August 24, 1935 (49 Stat. 744), $50,000.

In expending appropriations contained in this Act under the caption "Public Assistance", not more than the following monthly amounts shall be paid therefrom: Emergency Relief of Residents: Single persons, not more than $24; family of two persons, not more than $30, and for each person in excess of such number under sixteen years of age not more than $6; and not to exceed a total of $60 to any one family; Home Care for Dependent Children: Family of two persons, not more than $30, and for each person in excess of such number under sixteen years of age not more than $6; and not to exceed a total of $60 to any one family; Assistance Against Old Age Want: Not more than $30 per month shall be paid therefrom to any one person; Aid for Needy Blind Persons: Not more than $40 per month shall be paid therefrom to any one person.

Sponsor's Contributions to Work Projects Administration

For amount required by the District of Columbia as sponsor's contributions toward Work Projects Administration nonconstruction projects for free lunches for necessitous school children, sewing, household service, housekeeping aides, adult education, woodyard, recreation, vocational training, and historical records, including the purchase of food, supplies, materials, streetcar and bus fares, rent, equipment, rental of equipment, personal services, and other necessary expenses, to be expended subject to the approval of the Director of Public Welfare acting as agent of the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, $170,000.

Temporary Home for Former Soldiers and Sailors

For personal services, $4,620; maintenance, $11,750; and repairs to buildings and grounds, $1,000; in all, $17,370, to be expended under the direction of the Commissioners; and former Union soldiers, sailors, or marines of the Civil War, former soldiers, sailors, or marines of the Spanish War, Philippine Insurrection, or China Relief Expedition, and former soldiers, sailors, or marines of the World War or who served prior to July 2, 1921, shall be admitted to the home, all under the supervision of a board of management.
For care and maintenance of women and children under contracts to be made by the Board of Public Welfare, with the Florence Crittenton Home and Saint Ann's Infant Asylum and Maternity Hospital, $8,000.

**SOUTHERN RELIEF SOCIETY**

For care and maintenance of needy and infirm Confederate veterans, their widows and dependents, residents in the District of Columbia, under a contract to be made with the Southern Relief Society by the Board of Public Welfare, $10,000.

**NATIONAL LIBRARY FOR THE BLIND**

For aid and support of the National Library for the Blind, located at 1800 D Street Northwest, to be expended under the direction of the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, $5,000.

**COLUMBIA POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE**

For the training and employment of the blind under contracts to be made by the Board of Public Welfare with the Columbia Polytechnic Institute for the Blind, $3,000.

**SAINT ELIZABETHS HOSPITAL**

For support of indigent insane of the District of Columbia in Saint Elizabeth's Hospital, as provided by law, $2,956,500.

**NONRESIDENT INSANE**

For deportation of nonresident insane persons, in accordance with the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide for insanity proceedings in the District of Columbia", approved June 8, 1938, including persons held in the psychopathic ward of the Gallinger Municipal Hospital, $12,000.

In expending the foregoing sum the disbursing officer of the District of Columbia is authorized to advance to the Director of Public Welfare, upon requisitions previously approved by the auditor of the District of Columbia, and upon such security as the Commissioners may require of said Director, sums of money not exceeding $500 at one time, to be used only for deportation of nonresident insane persons, and to be accounted for monthly on itemized vouchers to the accounting officer of the District of Columbia.

**BURIAL OF EX-SERVICE MEN**

For expenses of burying in the Arlington National Cemetery, or in the cemeteries of the District of Columbia, indigent Union ex-soldiers, ex-sailors, or ex-marines, of the United States service, either Regular or Volunteer, who have been honorably discharged or retired, and who died in the District of Columbia, to be disbursed by the Secretary of War at a cost not exceeding $45 for such burial expenses in each case, exclusive of cost of grave, $270.

**TRANSPORTATION OF INDIGENT NONRESIDENT PERSONS**

For transportation of indigent nonresident persons to their legal residence or to the home of a relative or relatives, including maintenance pending transportation, and transportation of other indigent persons, including indigent veterans of the World War and their families, $20,000, of which amount not to exceed $7,100 shall be available for personal services.
VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION

Vocational rehabilitation of disabled residents, District of Columbia: To carry out the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the vocational rehabilitation of disabled residents of the District of Columbia, and for other purposes", approved February 23, 1929, $25,000.

MILITIA

For the following, to be expended under the authority and direction of the commanding general, who is hereby authorized and empowered to make necessary contracts and leases, namely:

For personal services, $18,440, including compensation to the commanding general at the rate of $3,600 per annum; temporary labor, $3,867; for expenses of camps, including hire of horses for officers required to be mounted, and for the payment of commutation of subsistence for enlisted men who may be detailed to guard or move the United States property at home stations on days immediately preceding and immediately following the annual encampments; damages to private property incident to encampments; reimbursement to the United States for loss of property for which the District of Columbia may be held responsible; cleaning and repairing uniforms, arms, and equipment; instruction, purchase, and maintenance of athletic, gymnastic, and recreational equipment at armory or field encampments, not to exceed $500; practice marches, drills, and parades; rent of armories, drill halls, and storehouses; fuel, light, heat, care, and repair of armories, offices, and storehouses; machinery and dock, including dredging alongside of dock; construction of buildings for storage and other purposes at target range; telephone service; printing, stationery, and postage; horses and mules for mounted organizations; maintenance and operation of passenger and non-passenger-carrying motor vehicles; not exceeding $650 for purchase (including exchange) of one passenger-carrying automobile; streetcar fares (not to exceed $200) necessarily used in the transaction of official business; not exceeding $400 for traveling expenses, including attendance at meetings or conventions of associations pertaining to the National Guard; and for general incidental expenses of the service, $10,320; in all, $32,627.

For operation and maintenance of new armory, including necessary personal services, $20,000.

For continuing construction of an armory for the Militia of the District of Columbia, $1,000,000.

ANACOSTIA RIVER AND FLATS

For continuing the reclamation and development of Anacostia Park, in accordance with the revised plan as set forth in Senate Document Numbered 37, Sixty-eighth Congress, first session, $65,000, to continue available until expended.

IMPROVEMENT OF WASHINGTON CHANNEL

Toward the payment by the District of Columbia of its proportionate part of the cost of improving the north side of Washington Channel, District of Columbia, as set forth in the Act of Congress approved August 30, 1935, entitled "An Act authorizing the construction, repair, and preservation of certain public works on rivers and harbors, and for other purposes", $64,000, which sum shall be transferred to the War Department and be expended under the direction of the Secretary of War and the supervision of the Chief of Engineers, and shall continue available until expended.
NATIONAL CAPITAL PARKS

SALARIES, PUBLIC PARKS, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

For personal services, $360,350.

GENERAL EXPENSES, PUBLIC PARKS

General expenses: For general expenses in connection with the maintenance, care, improvement, furnishing of heat, light, and power of public parks, grounds, fountains and reservations, propagating gardens and greenhouses under the jurisdiction of the National Park Service, including the tourists' camp on its present site in East Potomac Park, and including personal services of seasonal or intermittent employees at per-diem rates of pay approved by the Secretary of the Interior, not exceeding current rates of pay for similar employment in the District of Columbia; placing and maintaining portions of the parks in condition for outdoor sports, erection of stands, furnishing and placing of chairs, and services incident thereto in connection with national, patriotic, civic and recreational functions held in the parks, including the President's Cup Regatta, and for expenses incident to the conducting of band concerts in the parks; the hire of draft animals with or without drivers at local rates approved by said Secretary; the purchase and maintenance of draft animals, harness, and wagons; contingent expenses; city directories; communication service; carfare; traveling expenses; professional, scientific, technical, and law books, periodicals and reference books, blank books and forms; photographs, dictionaries and maps; leather and rubber articles for the protection of employees and property; the maintenance, repair, exchange, and operation of not to exceed two motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles and all necessary bicycles, motorcycles, and self-propelled machinery; the purchase, maintenance, and repair of equipment and fixtures, and so forth, $375,962: Provided. That not to exceed $10,000 of the amount herein appropriated may be expended for the erection of minor auxiliary structures.

PARK POLICE

Salaries: For pay and allowances of the United States Park Police force, in accordance with the Act approved May 27, 1924, as amended, $175,290.

For uniforming and equipping the United States Park Police force, including the purchase, issue, operation, maintenance, repair, exchange, and storage of revolvers, bicycles, and motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, uniforms, ammunition, and radio equipment and the rental of teletype service, $13,400.

NATIONAL CAPITAL PARK AND PLANNING COMMISSION

For reimbursement to the United States in compliance with section 4 of the Act approved May 29, 1930 (46 Stat. 482), as amended, $300,000.

For each and every purpose, except the acquisition of land, requisite for and incident to the work of the National Capital Park and Planning Commission as authorized by the Act entitled "An Act providing for a comprehensive development of the park and playground system of the National Capital", approved June 6, 1924 (40 U. S. C. 71), as amended, including personal services in the District of Columbia, maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, not to exceed $1,000 for printing and binding, not to exceed $500 for traveling expenses and carfare of employees of the Commission, and not to exceed $300 for professional, scientific, technical, and reference books, and periodicals, $41,230.
NATIONAL ZOOLOGICAL PARK

For roads, walks, bridges, water supply, sewerage, and drainage; grading, planting, and otherwise improving the grounds, erecting and repairing buildings and enclosures; care, subsistence, purchase, and transportation of animals; necessary employees; traveling and incidental expenses not otherwise provided for, including not to exceed $2,000 for travel and field expenses in the United States and foreign countries for the procurement of live specimens and for the care, subsistence, and transportation of specimens obtained in the course of such travel; maintenance and operation of one motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicle required for official purposes; for the purchase, issue, operation, maintenance, repair, and exchange of bicycles and non-passenger-carrying motor vehicles, revolvers, and ammunition; not exceeding $2,500 for purchasing and supplying uniforms to Park Police, keepers, and assistant keepers; not exceeding $100 for the purchase of necessary books and periodicals, $239,260, no part of which sum shall be available for architect's fees or compensation.

HIGHWAY FUND, GASOLINE TAX AND MOTOR VEHICLE FEES

The following sums are appropriated wholly out of the special fund created by the Act entitled "An Act to provide for a tax on motor-vehicle fuels sold within the District of Columbia, and for other purposes", approved April 23, 1924, and the Act entitled "An Act to provide additional revenue for the District of Columbia, and for other purposes", approved August 17, 1937, for expenses of the following departments and activities:

DEPARTMENT OF VEHICLES AND TRAFFIC

For personal services, including $11,000 for temporary clerk hire, $196,240.

For purchase, installation, and modification of electric traffic lights, signals, and controls, markers, painting white lines, labor, maintenance of non-passenger-carrying motor vehicles, printing and binding, postage, telephone service, heating, electricity, repairs to equipment of inspection stations, continuation of the operation of parking meters on the streets of the District of Columbia, including maintenance and repair, not to exceed $7,500 for such expenses as the Commissioners, in their discretion, may deem necessary in connection with traffic safety education, and such other expenses as may be necessary in the judgment of the Commissioners said amount to be expended without reference to any other law, including not to exceed $38,500 for the operation and maintenance of electric traffic lights, signals, and controls, $161,270, of which not less than $25,000 shall be expended for the purchase, installation, and modification of electric traffic-light signals and $1,000 shall be available for directional signs: Provided, That no part of this or any other appropriation contained in this Act shall be expended for building, installing, and maintaining streetcar loading platforms and lights of any description employed to distinguish same, except that a permanent type of platform may be constructed from appropriations contained in this Act for street improvements when plans and locations thereof are approved by the Public Utilities Commission and the Director of Vehicles and Traffic: Provided further, That the street-railway company shall after construction maintain, mark, and light the same at its expense: Provided further, That fees from parking meters shall be deposited to the credit of the Highway Fund of the District of Columbia.
The Commissioners of the District of Columbia are authorized and directed to designate, reserve, and properly mark appropriate and sufficient parking spaces on the streets adjacent to all public buildings in such District for the use of Members of Congress engaged on public business.

For the purchase of motor-vehicle identification number plates, $22,000.

POLICE TRAFFIC CONTROL

For expenses necessarily involved in the police control, regulation, and administration of traffic upon the highways, $546,971, which amount shall be transferred to the appropriation contained in this Act for pay and allowances of officers and members of the Metropolitan Police force.

HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT

For personal services, $257,740.

STREET IMPROVEMENTS

For paving, repaving, grading, and otherwise improving streets, avenues, and roads, including temporary per diem services, surveying instruments and implements, and drawing materials, printing and binding, postage, and miscellaneous expenses, and the purchase (including exchange), operation and maintenance of motor vehicles used in this work, including curbing and gutters and replacement of curb-line trees where necessary, and including assessment and permit work and the several purposes provided for thereunder, as follows:

For paving, repaving, and surfacing, including curbing and gutters where necessary, the following:

Southwest: Nichols Avenue, South Capitol Street to Chesapeake Street, $36,000;

Southeast: Pennsylvania Avenue, Alabama Avenue to Fort Davis Street, $12,000;

Southeast: East Capitol Street, Central Avenue to Fifty-fifth Street, $53,000;

Northeast: C Street, Nineteenth Street to Twenty-first Street, $19,400;

Northeast: Franklin Street, Rhode Island Avenue to Twentieth Street, $27,800;

Northeast: Tenth Street, Monroe Street to Michigan Avenue, $13,000;

Northwest: Fourteenth Street, Rhode Island Avenue to Kearney Street, $30,300;

Northwest: North Dakota Avenue, Blair Road to Third Street, $34,200;

Northwest: Luzon Avenue, Fourteenth Street to Sixteenth Street, $21,700;

Northwest: Fourteenth Street, Montague Street to Fort Stevens Drive, $39,300;

Northwest: Arkansas Avenue, Sixteenth Street to Decatur Street, $92,800;

Northwest: Chevy Chase Parkway, Ingomar Street to McKinley Street, $30,600;

Southeast: Naylor Road, R Street to Twenty-fifth Street, $4,100;

Southeast: Thirty-first Street, Alabama Avenue to W Place, $12,200;
Southeast: Thirty-fourth Street, Alabama Avenue to Bangor Street, $8,800;
Southeast: Fort Davis Street, Pennsylvania Avenue to alley north of R Street, and R Street, Fort Davis Street to Alabama Avenue, $19,300;
Southeast: Fifty-third Street, Pennsylvania Avenue to Mississippi Avenue, $8,800;
Southeast: Twenty-eighth Street, Pennsylvania Avenue to Minnesota Avenue, $11,600;
Northeast: B Street, Nineteenth Street to Twentieth Street, and Twentieth Street, B Street to C Street, $10,600;
Northeast: Twenty-fifth Place, Benning Road to E Street, $10,800;
Northeast: Nineteenth Street, E Street to Benning Road, $10,500;
Northeast: Sixteenth Street, Oates Street to Levis Street, $7,400;
Northeast: Holbrook Street, Oates Street to Levis Street, and Levis Street, Holbrook Street to pavement west to Staples Street, $9,500;
Northeast: Penn Street, Montello Avenue eastward to concrete, $6,800;
Northeast: Holbrook Terrace, Montello Avenue eastward to concrete, $8,800;
Northeast: Raum Street, West Virginia Avenue to Trinidad Avenue, $17,300;
Northeast: Simms Place, Montello Avenue to Trinidad Avenue, $10,700;
Northeast: Central Avenue, Carlton Avenue to Clinton Avenue, $3,400;
Northeast: Shepherd Street, Bunker Hill Road to Twenty-fourth Street, $7,400;
Northeast: Twenty-second Street, Bunker Hill Road to Upshur Street, $9,700;
Northeast: Third Street, T Street to concrete south of V Street, $8,800;
Northeast: You Street, Third Street to Fourth Street, $4,700;
Northeast: Todd Place, Third Street to Fourth Street, $3,800;
Northeast: Kennedy Street, North Capitol Street to First Street, $10,200;
Northeast: Longfellow Street, New Hampshire Avenue to First Street, $8,100;
Northwest: Seventh Street, Oglethorpe Street to Peabody Street, $6,800;
Northwest: Ninth Street, Concord Avenue to Peabody Street, $11,000;
Northwest: Whittier Street, Third Street to Fourth Street, $8,800;
Northwest: Fourth Street, Whittier Street to Van Buren Street, $6,100;
Northwest: Eastern Avenue, Carroll Street to Laurel Street, $7,900;
Northwest: Upshur Street, Thirteenth Street to Arkansas Avenue, $15,400;
Northwest: Jocelyn Street, Nevada Avenue to approximately 200 feet west of Chevy Chase Parkway, $4,300;
Northwest: Jenifer Street, Nebraska Avenue to Chevy Chase Parkway, $8,100;
Northwest: Albemarle Street, Connecticut Avenue to Reno Road, $24,700;
Northwest: Van Ness Street, Massachusetts Avenue to Forty-fifth Street, $15,400;
Northwest: Harrison Street, Wisconsin Avenue to Western Avenue, $25,400;
Northwest: Warren Street, Forty-sixth Street to Forty-eighth Street, and Forty-eighth Street, Warren Street to Massachusetts Avenue, $16,000;
Northwest: Sherrier Place, Dana Place to Weaver Place, and Dana Place, Conduit Road to Sherrier Place, $20,700;
Northwest: Hobart Street, south of Irving Street, $8,100;
Northwest: Seventeenth Street, Crescent Place to Euclid Street, $14,000;
Northeast: Third Street, M Street to Florida Avenue, $13,600;
Northwest: Tunlaw Road, north of Calvert Street, $11,600;
Northwest: Thirty-ninth Street, Calvert Street to Edmunds Street, $14,300;

For paving, repaving, and surfacing, including curbs and gutters where necessary, such streets, avenues, and roads as may be selected for this purpose by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, $150,000;

For widening, altering, paving, and repaving roadways, in accordance with the plans and profiles to be approved by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, including the necessary replacement and relocation of sewers, water mains, and fire-alarm and police-patrol boxes, as follows:
Northwest: Sixth Street, D Street to M Street, $156,000;
Northwest: Wisconsin Avenue, R Street to Thirty-seventh Street, $73,000: Provided, That in the widening and repaving of Wisconsin Avenue between R Street and Thirty-seventh Street the Commissioners of the District of Columbia are authorized and directed to order such changes, relocation, and reconstruction of the tracks of the Capital Transit Company as may in their judgment be necessary and desirable: Provided further, That the expense of such changes, relocation, and reconstruction shall be borne by the Capital Transit Company, including the entire cost of paving the track area;

For grading, paving, repaving, surfacing, and otherwise improving streets, avenues, and roads, including curbing and gutters, drainage structures, retaining walls, the replacement and relocation of sewers, water mains, fire-alarm boxes and police-patrol boxes, and replacement of curb-line trees, when necessary, as Federal-aid highway projects under section 1-b of the Federal Aid Highway Act of 1938 (Public, Numbered 584, Seventy-fifth Congress), $565,000, to remain available until June 30, 1943: Provided, That in connection with the highway-planning survey, involving surveys, plans, engineering, and economic investigations of projects for future construction in the District of Columbia, as provided for under section 10 of the Federal Aid Highway Act of 1938, this fund shall be available to the extent authorized in said section for the employment of engineering or other professional services by contract or otherwise, and without reference to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (41 U. S. C. 5), the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, and civil-service requirements, and for engineering and incidental expenses: Provided further, That the Commissioners of the District of Columbia are authorized and directed to confer with the officials of the United States Public Roads Administration, the State of Virginia, and the city of Alexandria, Virginia, as to the desirability, practicability, and feasibility of constructing a vehicular crossing of the Potomac River between a point in the general vicinity of the city of Alexandria, Virginia, and United States Route 1 and the southern portion of the District of Columbia in the vicinity of Shepherds Landing: Provided further, That the Commissioners of the District

Provisions, Streetcar tracks, relocation, etc.
Grading, etc., under Federal Aid Highway Act of 1938.
Post, p. 622.
Provided.
Provided.

42 Stat. 1488.
Post, p. 613.
Vehicular crossing of Potomac River, conference.

53 Stat. 1066.
Report to Congress.
of Columbia shall report to the Congress with recommendations the results of such conferences at the earliest practical date;

For grading streets, alleys, and roads, including construction of necessary culverts and retaining walls, $75,000;

For paving the unpaved center strips of paved roadways, $5,000;

For minor changes in roadway and sidewalks on plans to be approved by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia to facilitate vehicular and pedestrian traffic, $5,000;

For construction of curbs and gutters, or concrete shoulders in connection with all forms of macadam roadways and adjustment of roadways thereto, together with resurfacing and replacing of base of such roadways where necessary, $200,000;

For the surfacing and resurfacing or replacement of asphalt, granite block, or concrete pavements with the same or other approved material, $450,000;

For the construction of and changes in drainage structures in connection with and in advance of highway and street improvements including suitable connections to the storm-water sewer system, $250,000;

For the reconstruction and changes in layout of roadways and curb lines, the construction of directional and pedestrian islands at various intersections to permit of proper traffic light control and channelization of traffic, $100,000, including necessary expense of changes in sewer and water lines, traffic lights, fire hydrants, street lights, including all necessary expenses incident thereto;

For the reconstruction and changes in layout of roadways and curb lines, the construction of directional and pedestrian islands at various intersections to permit of proper traffic light control and channelization of traffic, $100,000, including necessary expense of changes in sewer and water lines, traffic lights, fire hydrants, street lights, including all necessary expenses incident thereto;

For construction, maintenance, operation, and repair of bridges, $55,000;

For grading, paving, surfacing, and otherwise improving such unpaved or inadequately surfaced streets, avenues, and roads in newly developed areas as may be designated by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia and such curbing, gutters, and drainage facilities as may be necessary to insure reasonably satisfactory conditions pending permanent and final improvement, including all necessary expenses incident thereto, $200,000;

For current work of repairs to streets, avenues, roads, and alleys, including the reconditioning of existing gravel streets and roads; for cleaning snow and ice from streets, sidewalks, cross walks, and gutters in the discretion of the Commissioners; and including the purchase, exchange, maintenance, and operation of passenger and non-passenger-carrying motor vehicles used in this work, $925,000, of which amount $75,000 shall be available exclusively for snow removal purposes, and not to exceed $80,000 thereof to be available for the procurement of snow removal equipment: Provided, That appropriations contained in this Act for highways, sewers, city refuse, and the water department shall be available for snow removal when specifically and in writing ordered by the Commissioners: Provided further, That the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, should they deem such action to be to the advantage of the District of Columbia, are hereby authorized to purchase a municipal asphalt plant at a cost not to exceed $30,000;

This appropriation shall be available for the construction and repair of pavements of street railways in accordance with the provisions of the Merger Act, approved January 14, 1938 (47 Stat. 732). The proportion of the amount thus expended which under the terms of the said Act is required to be paid by the street-railway company shall be collected, upon the neglect or the refusal of such street-railway company to pay, from the said street-railway company in
the manner provided by section 5 of "An Act providing a permanent form of government for the District of Columbia", approved June 11, 1878, and shall be deposited to the credit of the appropriation for the fiscal year in which it is collected;

Hereafter when any Capital Transit Company street railway operation shall have been ordered abandoned by the Public Utilities Commission of the District of Columbia and the Commissioners of the District of Columbia shall have ordered the removal of abandoned tracks, the Capital Transit Company shall pay the entire cost of removing such abandoned tracks and regrading the track area, and, if the street or bridge in which the said tracks have been ordered abandoned is not being paved, the Capital Transit Company shall pay the entire cost of paving the abandoned track areas, which cost, however, shall not exceed the cost of repaving such abandoned track areas with the type, character, and thickness of the paving of the adjacent roadway left in place, and, if the roadway of the street or bridge is being paved at the time of removal of said abandoned tracks, the Capital Transit Company shall pay one-half of the actual cost of paving the abandoned track areas, irrespective of whether the paving is of the type, character, and thickness as that existing at the time of said removal. The Commissioners of the District are authorized to settle in conformity with the principles herein set forth, any claims it now has, or in the future may have, for the paving of abandoned track areas, upon such terms and conditions as to time of payment or payments as the Commissioners may determine;

For beginning construction of a grade separation structure at Fourteenth Street and Maine Avenue and Fourteenth Street and East Potomac Park Drive, including plans and specifications, and such temporary construction as may be necessary to handle traffic during the construction of the main structure, and the construction of a low-level bridge across the outlet of the Tidal Basin into the Washington Channel, all connecting driveways, ramps, approach roads, changes in existing streets, roads, park roads, walkways, and so forth, construction of and changes in water and sewer mains, fire-alarm and police-patrol boxes, street and traffic lights, in accordance with plans to be approved by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, the National Capital Park and Planning Commission, and the Commission of Fine Arts, $300,000: Provided, That upon completion and approval of such plans the Commissioners are authorized to submit the project as a Federal-aid highway project to the Public Roads Administration under the provisions of the Federal Aid Highway Act of June 8, 1938 (52 Stat. 633), and upon approval of such project by the Public Roads Administration, the Commissioners are authorized to construct such grade-separation structures and perform such necessary incidental work and pay the cost thereof from the District of Columbia appropriations for Federal-aid highway projects and the allocation of funds to the District of Columbia by the Public Roads Administration authorized by the said Federal Aid Highway Act: Provided further, That the necessary transfer of jurisdiction of public land is authorized and directed under the provisions of the Land Transfer Act of May 20, 1932 (47 Stat. 161); Provided further, That the Commissioners are authorized to employ necessary engineering and other professional services, by contract or otherwise, without reference to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes, the Classification Act of 1928, as amended, or civil-service requirements;

For all necessary expenses for studies, preparation of plans and specifications, surveys and estimates, and for the investigation of

D. C. Code § 7-604.

Abandoned street railway tracks, removal at expense of Capital Transit Co.

Cost of paving.

Settlement of claims.

Grade separation structures, construction.

Low-level bridge, Tidal Basin outlet.

Project, submitted as Federal-aid highway project.


Transfer of jurisdiction.


Professional services.

42 Stat. 1465.
Post, p. 610.
Vehicular crossing, Anacostia River.
foundation conditions, and the acquisition of the necessary land for approach roadways and rights-of-way, by either purchase or condemnation, for a vehicular crossing of the Anacostia River between the general vicinity of South Capitol and P Streets and the proposed Anacostia Parkway at the northern end of the Naval Air Station ground (old Bolling Field), with connections to Firth Sterling Avenue and other District thoroughfares east of the Anacostia River, including the employment of engineering or other professional services by contract or otherwise, without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes, the Classification Act of 1928, as amended, or the civil service requirements, $100,000;

To carry out the provisions of existing law which authorize the Commissioners of the District of Columbia to open, extend, straighten, or widen any street, avenue, road, or highway, in accordance with the plan of the permanent system of highways for the District of Columbia, including the procurement of chains of title; $150,000, to remain available until June 30, 1943: Provided, That this appropriation shall be available to carry out the provision of existing law for the opening, extension, widening, or straightening of alleys and minor streets and for the establishment of building lines in the District of Columbia;

For assessment and permit work, paving of roadways under the permit system, and construction and repair of sidewalks and curbs around public reservations and municipal and United States buildings, including purchase or condemnation of streets, roads, and alleys, and of areas less than two hundred and fifty square feet at the intersection of streets, avenues, or roads in the District of Columbia, to be selected by the Commissioners, and including maintenance of non-passenger-carrying motor vehicles, $200,000;

In all, $4,805,000, to be immediately available, to be disbursed and accounted for as “Street improvements”, and for that purpose shall constitute one fund: Provided, That assessments in accordance with existing law shall be made for paving and repaving roadways, alleys, and sidewalks where such roadways, alleys, and sidewalks are paved or repaved with funds herein appropriated: Provided further, That any portion of this appropriation may be used for payment to contractors and for other expenses in connection with the expense of design, construction, and inspection of grade-crossing elimination and other construction projects authorized under section 8 of the Act approved June 16, 1936 (49 Stat. 1521), and section 1-b of the Federal Aid Highway Act of 1938 (Public, Numbered 584, Seventy-fifth Congress), pending reimbursement to the District of Columbia by the Public Roads Administration, Federal Works Agency, reimbursement to be credited to fund from which payment was made.

The Commissioners of the District of Columbia are authorized and empowered, in their discretion, to fix or alter the respective widths of sidewalks and roadways (including tree spaces and parking) of all highways that may be improved under appropriations contained in this Act.

No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be available for repairing, resurfacing, or paying any street, avenue, or roadway by private contract unless the specifications for such work shall be so prepared as to permit of fair and open competition in paying material as well as in price.

In addition to the provision of existing law requiring contractors to keep new pavements in repair for a period of one year from the date of the completion of the work, the Commissioners of the Dis-
District of Columbia shall further require that where repairs are necessary during the four years following the said one-year period, due to inferior work or defective materials, such repairs shall be made at the expense of the contractor, and the bond furnished by the contractor shall be liable for such expense.

No part of the appropriations contained in this Act shall be used for the operation of a testing laboratory of the highways department for making tests of materials in connection with any activity of the District government.

For personal services, trees, and parkings, $26,960.

For contingent expenses, trees and parkings, including laborers, trimmers, nurserymen, repairmen, teamsters, hire of carts, wagons, or motortrucks, trees, tree boxes, tree stakes, tree straps, tree labels, planting and care of trees, and tree spaces on city and suburban streets, purchase and maintenance of non-passenger-carrying motor vehicles, printing and binding and miscellaneous items, $125,000.

MAINTENANCE OF PARK ROADS

For the maintenance of vehicular roads, public parks, $25,000, which amount shall be transferred to the appropriation contained in this Act for general expenses of public parks and be available solely for the maintenance of vehicular roads in such parks.

REIMBURSEMENT OF DISTRICT OFFICES FOR ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

For administrative services rendered to the Departments of Motor Vehicles and Traffic, Highways, and Trees and Parkings, there is hereby authorized to be transferred sums from the special fund created by the Act entitled "An Act to provide for a tax on motor-vehicle fuels sold within the District of Columbia, and for other purposes", approved April 23, 1924, and the Act entitled "An Act to provide additional revenue for the District of Columbia, and for other purposes", approved August 17, 1937, to other appropriations, as follows: $4,525 to "Purchasing Division, Salaries, District of Columbia"; $3,298 to "District Buildings, Salaries, District of Columbia"; $3,542 to "District Buildings, Expenses, District of Columbia"; $4,555 to "Collector, Salaries, District of Columbia"; $12,790 to "Auditor, Salaries, District of Columbia"; $9,775 to "Corporation Counsel, Salaries, District of Columbia"; and $2,028 to "Electrical Department, Expenses, District of Columbia"; in all $42,443.

Refunding erroneous collections: To enable the Commissioners, in cases where motor-vehicle registration fees, motor-vehicle operators' permit fees, motor-vehicle title fees, motor-vehicle fuel taxes, importers' license fees, special assessments, or collections of any character have been erroneousy covered into the Treasury to the credit of the special fund created by the Act entitled "An Act to provide for a tax on motor-vehicle fuels sold within the District of Columbia, and for other purposes", approved April 23, 1924, and the Act entitled "An Act to provide additional revenue for the District of Columbia, and for other purposes", approved August 17, 1937, to refund such erroneous payments, $1,500: Provided, That this appropriation shall also be available for refunding such payments made within the last three fiscal years prior to the fiscal year for which this appropriation is made available: Provided further, That this appropriation shall not be available for refunds authorized by section 10 of the Act of April 23, 1924.
The following sums are appropriated wholly out of the revenues of the Water Department for expenses of the Washington Aqueduct and its appurtenances and for expenses for Water Department, namely:

WASHINGTON AQUEDUCT

For operation, including salaries of all necessary employees, maintenance, repair, and protection of Washington aqueducts and their accessories, including Dalecarlia, Georgetown, McMillan Park, first and second High Service Reservoirs, Washington aqueduct tunnel, the filtration plants, the pumping plants, and the plant for the preliminary treatment of the water supply, ordinary repairs, grading, opening ditches, and other maintenance of Conduit Road, purchase, installation, and maintenance of water meters on Federal services; purchase, care, repair, and operation of vehicles, including the purchase and exchange of two passenger-carrying motor vehicles at a cost not to exceed $650 each; purchase and repair of rubber boots and protective apparel; printing and binding; and for each and every purpose connected therewith, $542,780.

For continuing the development of a plan to insure an adequate future water supply for the District of Columbia, including engineering and other professional services by contract or otherwise, without reference to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes, the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, or the civil-service requirements, $20,000, to continue available until June 30, 1943.

For completion of replacement of the filter strainer system at Dalecarlia, for a new booster pump and electric-control equipment at McMillan Filter Plant, for replacement of filter-control equipment at McMillan, for repairs to McMillan filters, and all necessary expenses incident thereto, $155,000, to continue available until June 30, 1943.

For the construction of a covered reservoir of approximately 20,000,000-gallon capacity on United States Government-owned land adjacent to the present filtered-water reservoir of the McMillan Filter Plant, with all necessary appurtenances and auxiliaries, including engineering and other professional services, by contract or otherwise, as may be required in connection with the preparation of plans and the construction of such reservoir and as may be approved by the Secretary of War without reference to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes, the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, or the civil-service requirements: Provided, however, That the waiver of section 3709 of the Revised Statutes shall not apply to the letting of contracts for construction in connection with this project, $400,000, to continue available until expended, and the Secretary of War is hereby authorized to enter into contract or contracts for the construction of said reservoir, appurtenances, and auxiliaries at a total cost not to exceed $490,000.

Nothing herein shall be construed as affecting the superintendence and control of the Secretary of War over the Washington Aqueduct, its rights, appurtenances, and fixtures connected with the same and over appropriations and expenditures therefor as now provided by law.

WATER DEPARTMENT

For revenue and inspection and distribution branches: For personal services, $214,580.

For the maintenance of the water-department distribution system, including pumping stations and machinery, water mains, valves, fire and public hydrants, and all buildings and accessories, and motor-
trucks, and motor vehicles such as are now owned and the replace-
mament of motor-propelled vehicles, and the purchase of one additional
motor vehicle; purchase of fuel, oils, waste, and other materials,
and the employment of all labor necessary for the proper execu-
tion of this work; and for contingent expenses including books,
blanks, stationery, printing and binding not to exceed $8,300; post-
age, purchase of technical reference books and periodicals not to
exceed $275, and other necessary items; in all for maintenance,
$354,020, of which not exceeding $5,000 shall be available for opera-
tion of pumps at Bryant Street pumping station upon interruption
of service from Dalecarlia pumping station.

For extension of the water department distribution system, laying
of such service mains as may be necessary under the assessment
system, $475,000, of which amount $100,000 shall be immediately
available.

For installing and repairing water meters on services to private
residences and business places as may not be required to install
meters under existing regulations, as may be directed by the Com-
missioners; said meters at all times to remain the property of the
District of Columbia, $115,000.

For installing fire and public hydrants, $22,500.

For replacement of old mains and divide valves in various loca-
tions, on account of inadequate size and bad condition of pipe on
account of age, and laying mains and replacing old service pipes
in advance of pavements, $150,000.

The Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to sell United States
securities now held for and on account of the water fund of the
District of Columbia in such amounts as may be certified by the
Commissioners of the District of Columbia as necessary to meet
deficiencies in revenues for the fiscal year 1942 in the water fund
and credit the proceeds of such sale to the said water fund of the
District of Columbia.

For the refunding of water rents and other water charges errone-
ously paid in the District of Columbia, to be refunded in the
manner prescribed by law for the refunding of erroneously paid
taxes, $3,500: Provided, That this appropriation shall be available
for such refunds of payments made within the past two years.

For the construction of a twenty-four-inch water main between
Good Hope Road and Twenty-fifth Street, and the vicinity of Alaba-
ma Avenue and Massachusetts Avenue Southeast, $141,000, to be
immediately available.

For beginning construction of fifteen thousand eight hundred linear
feet of thirty-six-inch water main from the vicinity of Thirteenth
and Upshur Streets Northwest to the vicinity of Thirteenth and Otis
Streets Northeast, $200,000, to continue available until June 30, 1943;
and the Commissioners of the District of Columbia are authorized to
enter into contract or contracts for the completion of said water main
at a total cost not to exceed $490,000.

For additional pumping equipment at the Anacostia and Reno
pumping stations and the enlargement of the Reno pumping station
to house existing and herein authorized equipment, and for all neces-
sary expenses incident thereto, $55,000.

For construction of protective fencing around the several reservoirs
and pumping stations, and for all necessary expenses incident thereto,
and for the employment of temporary guard personnel at the Bryant
Street pumping station, $15,700, to be immediately available.

Sec. 2. That the services of draftsmen, assistant engineers, levelers,
transitmen, rodmen, chainmen, computers, copyists, overseers, and
inspectors temporarily required in connection with sewer, water,
Proviso.

Limitation.

Maximum period of employment.

D. C. Unemployment Compensation Act, contributions.


Temporary labor, etc.

Proviso. Temporary employment.

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street, street-cleaning, or road work, or construction and repair of buildings and bridges, or any general or special engineering or construction work authorized by appropriations may be employed exclusively to carry into effect said appropriations when specifically and in writing ordered by the Commissioners, and all such necessary expenditures for the proper execution of said work shall be paid from and equitably charged against the sums appropriated for said work; and the Commissioners in their Budget estimates shall report the number of such employees performing such services, and their work, and the sums paid to each, and out of what appropriation: Provided, That the expenditures hereunder shall not exceed $42,000 during the fiscal year 1942: Provided further, That, excluding inspectors in the sewer department, one inspector in the electrical department, and one inspector in the repair shop, no person shall be employed in pursuance of the authority contained in this paragraph for a longer period than nine months in the aggregate during the fiscal year.

Appropriations in this Act shall be available for payment by the District of Columbia of its contributions as an employer, in accordance with the provisions of the District of Columbia Unemployment Compensation Act (49 Stat. 946).

The Commissioners, or their duly designated representatives, are further authorized to employ temporarily such laborers, skilled laborers, drivers, hostlers, and mechanics as may be required exclusively in connection with sewer, water, street, and road work, and street cleaning, or the construction and repair of buildings, and bridges, furniture and equipments, and any general or special engineering or construction or repair work, and to incur all necessary engineering and other expenses, exclusive of personal services, incidental to carrying on such work and necessary for the proper execution thereof, said laborers, skilled laborers, drivers, hostlers, and mechanics to be employed to perform such work as may not be required by law to be done under contract, and to pay for such services and expenses from the appropriations under which such services are rendered and expenses incurred.

SEC. 3. That all horses, harness, horse-drawn vehicles necessary for use in connection with construction and supervision of sewer, street, street lighting, road work, and street-cleaning work, including maintenance of said horses and harness, and maintenance and repair of said vehicles, and purchase of all necessary articles and supplies in connection therewith, or on construction and repair of buildings and bridges, or any general or special engineering or construction work authorized by appropriations, may be purchased, hired, and maintained, and motor trucks may be hired exclusively to carry into effect said appropriations, when specifically and in writing ordered by the Commissioners; and all such expenditures necessary for the proper execution of said work, exclusive of personal services, shall be paid from and equitably charged against the sums appropriated for said work; and the Commissioners in the Budget estimates shall report the number of horses, vehicles, and harness purchased, and horses and vehicles hired, and the sums paid for same, and out of what appropriation; and all horses owned or maintained by the District shall, so far as may be practicable, be provided for in stables owned or operated by said District: Provided, That such horses, horse-drawn vehicles, and carts as may be temporarily needed for hauling and excavating material in connection with works authorized by appropriations may be temporarily employed for such purposes under the conditions named in section 2 of this Act in relation to the employment of laborers, skilled laborers, and mechanics.
SEC. 4. That the Commissioners are authorized to employ in the execution of work, the cost of which is payable from the appropriation account created in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, approved April 27, 1904, and known as the miscellaneous trust-fund deposits, District of Columbia, necessary personal services, horses, carts, and wagons, and to hire therefor motortrucks when specifically and in writing authorized by the Commissioners, and to incur all necessary expenses incidental to carrying on such work and necessary for the proper execution thereof, including the purchase, exchange, maintenance, and operation of motor vehicles for inspection and transportation purposes, such services and expenses to be paid from said appropriation account: Provided, That the Commissioners may delegate to their duly authorized representatives the employment under this section of laborers, mechanics, and artisans.

SEC. 5. That the Commissioners and other responsible officials, in expending appropriations contained in this Act, so far as possible, shall purchase material, supplies, including food supplies and equipment, when needed and funds are available, in accordance with the regulations and schedules of the Procurement Division of the Treasury Department or from various services of the Government of the United States possessing materials, supplies, passenger-carrying and other motor vehicles, and equipment no longer required. Surplus articles purchased from the Government, if the same have not been used, shall be paid for at a reasonable price, not to exceed actual cost, and if the same have been used, at a reasonable price based upon length of usage. The various services of the Government of the United States are authorized to sell such surplus articles to the municipal government under the conditions specified, and the proceeds of such sales shall be covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts: Provided, That this section shall not be construed to amend, alter, or repeal the Executive order of December 3, 1918, concerning the transfer of office materials, supplies, and equipment in the District of Columbia falling into disuse because of the cessation of war activities.

SEC. 6. No part of the funds appropriated in this Act shall be available for the payment of rental of quarters for any activity at a rate in excess of 90 per centum of the per annum rate paid by the District of Columbia for such quarters on June 30, 1933: Provided, That the provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to leases made prior to the passage of this Act, except when renewals thereof are made hereafter: Provided further, That the appropriations or portions of appropriations unexpended by reason of the operation of this paragraph shall not be used for any purpose, but shall be impounded and deposited in the Treasury to the credit of the District of Columbia.

SEC. 7. Appropriations contained in this Act shall be used to pay increases in the salaries of officers and employees by reason of the reallocation of the position of any officer or employee by the Civil Service Commission, and administrative promotions within the several grades: Provided, That the total reallocation increases shall not exceed $35,000 and administrative promotions shall not exceed $50,000: Provided further, That such reallocation increases and administrative promotions shall be subject to the approval of the Commissioners of the District of Columbia.

SEC. 8. No part of this appropriation shall be available for any expense for or incident to the issuance of congressional tags except to those persons set out in the Act of December 19, 1932 (47 Stat. 750), including the Speaker and the Vice President.

SEC. 9. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act or authorized hereby to be expended shall be used to pay the compensation of any officer or employee of the Government of the United States.
States, or of the District of Columbia unless such person is a citizen of the United States, or a person in the service of the United States or the District of Columbia on the date of the approval of this Act who being eligible for citizenship had theretofore filed a declaration of intention to become a citizen or who owes allegiance to the United States.

Sec. 10. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used to pay the salary or wages of any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided, That for the purposes hereof an affidavit shall be considered prima facie evidence that the person making the affidavit does not advocate, and is not a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided further, That any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence and accepts employment the salary or wages for which are paid from any appropriation contained in this Act shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than $1,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both: Provided further, That the above penalty clause shall be in addition to, and not in substitution for, any other provisions of existing law.

Sec. 11. The Commissioners of the District of Columbia are authorized to extend for not to exceed sixty days the time for payment of any installment of taxes on real property, and tangible personal property, and other taxes, payable in September 1941.

Sec. 12. The appropriations and authority with respect to appropriations contained herein shall be available from and including July 1, 1941, for the purposes respectively provided in such appropriations and authority. All obligations incurred during the period between June 30, 1941, and the date of the enactment of this Act in anticipation of such appropriations and authority are hereby ratified and confirmed if in accordance with the terms thereof.

Sec. 13. This Act may be cited as the "District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1942".

Approved, July 1, 1941.
tion Fund as of that date, which the Social Security Board finds have, because of any action or contingency, been lost or have been expended for purposes other than or in amounts in excess of, those found necessary by the Social Security Board for the proper administration of this Act."

Sec. 2. This Act shall take effect as of 12:01 o'clock antemeridian July 1, 1941.

Approved, July 1, 1941.

[CHAPTER 273]

AN ACT

Making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1941, and for prior fiscal years, to provide supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1942, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1941, and for prior fiscal years, to provide supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1942, and for other purposes, namely:

TITLE I—GENERAL APPROPRIATIONS

LEGISLATIVE

SENATE

For payment to Edwina Harrison, widow of Pat Harrison, late a Senator from the State of Mississippi, $10,000.

For the payment of twenty-one pages for the Senate Chamber, at $4 per day each, for the period commencing July 1, 1941, and ending with the last day of the month in which the Seventy-seventh Congress adjourns sine die at the first session thereof, so much as may be necessary.

For miscellaneous items, exclusive of labor, fiscal year 1941, $60,000.

The unobligated balance of the appropriation for folding speeches and pamphlets at a rate not exceeding $1 per thousand, contingent fund of the Senate, for the fiscal year 1941, is reappropriated and made available for the fiscal year 1942.

The unobligated balance of the appropriation for expenses of inquiries and investigations ordered by the Senate, contingent fund of the Senate, for the fiscal year 1941, is reappropriated and made available for the fiscal year 1942.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

For payment to the mother of M. Michael Edelstein, late a Representative from the State of New York, $10,000, to be disbursed by the Sergeant at Arms of the House.

Doorkeeper's office: For payment of forty-seven pages, including ten pages for duty at the entrances to the Hall of the House, at $4 per day each, for the period commencing July 1, 1941, and ending on the last day of the month in which the Seventy-seventh Congress adjourns sine die at the first session thereof, so much as may be necessary is appropriated.

Stationery: For an additional allowance for stationery for Representatives, Delegates, and the Resident Commissioner from Puerto
Rico, for the first session of the Seventy-seventh Congress, fiscal year 1942, $87,600.

Reported hearings: The unexpended balance of any appropriation available for obligation during the fiscal year 1940 for stenographic reports of hearings of committees other than special and select committees is hereby reappropriated and made available for the fiscal year 1941.

GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

Salaries, Office of Superintendent of Documents: For an additional amount for salaries, Office of Superintendent of Documents, fiscal year 1942, including the same objects specified under this head in the Legislative Branch Appropriation Act, 1942, $47,000.

THE JUDICIARY

UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT

Salaries: For an additional amount for salaries, fiscal year 1942, including the same objects and subject to the same conditions specified under this head in the Judiciary Appropriation Act, 1942, $5,400.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

EXECUTIVE MANSION AND GROUNDS

Maintenance, Executive Mansion and Grounds: Any balance of the appropriation for maintenance, Executive Mansion and Grounds, fiscal year 1941, remaining unobligated on June 30, 1941, is hereby continued available for the same purposes until December 31, 1942.

BUREAU OF THE BUDGET

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount for salaries and expenses, Bureau of the Budget, fiscal year 1942, including the objects specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1942, $70,000.

Printing and binding: For an additional amount for printing and binding, Bureau of the Budget, for the fiscal years that follow:
- For 1941, $4,000;
- For 1942, $8,000.

OFFICE OF GOVERNMENT REPORTS

Salaries and expenses: For all necessary expenses to enable the Office of Government Reports to perform the functions prescribed by the Act entitled "An Act authorizing expenditures for the Office of Government Reports in the Executive Office of the President", approved June 9, 1941 (Public Law 107, Seventy-seventh Congress), including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; contract stenographic reporting service; law-books, books of reference, directories, periodicals; newspapers and press clippings; and purchase (not to exceed $750), operation and maintenance of passenger-carrying automobiles, fiscal year 1942, $1,075,000: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be used for the payment of compensation to any State director hereafter appointed unless such person is appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.

For printing and binding, fiscal year 1942, $18,730.

The appropriations herein made for the Office of Government Reports shall constitute the total amount to be available for obliga-
tion by such agency during the fiscal year 1942 and shall not be supplemented by funds from any source.

OFFICE FOR EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT

For all expenses necessary, in the discretion of the President, to enable the Office for Emergency Management, established in the Executive Office of the President by administrative orders of the President, dated May 25, 1940, and January 7, 1941 (Federal Register, June 4, 1940, and January 9, 1941), and subordinate or related bodies in the work of national defense, to carry out (1) the functions and activities during the fiscal year 1942 for the performance of which they received allocations of funds from the appropriations "Emergency Fund for the President" contained in the Military Appropriation Act, 1941, and the Act making appropriations for the Navy Department for the fiscal year 1941; (2) the functions and activities provided for under the heading "Council of National Defense" in the First Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1941; and (3) such other functions and activities as may be prescribed by the President in connection with the work of national defense; which expenses may include all the objects for which and methods by which said emergency funds and funds available to said Council of National Defense were and are available and expendable; actual transportation expenses and not to exceed $25 per diem in lieu of subsistence and other expenses, of members of the National Defense Mediation Board serving away from their homes without other compensation from the United States; not to exceed $100,000 for temporary employment of persons by contract or otherwise without regard to the civil-service laws or the Classification Act of 1923, as amended; entertainment of officials and others of other American republics; fiscal year 1942, $36,500,000: Provided, That, subject to the approval of the President, compensation may be paid to the head of one office, created within the Office for Emergency Management by the President, at a rate per annum exceeding $9,000 but not exceeding $12,000: Provided further, That, of the moneys from this appropriation made available to the Coordinator of Commercial and Cultural Relations Between the American Republics, not to exceed $1,600,000 shall be available for the purpose of furthering national defense and strengthening the bonds between the United States and the other American republics by (1) grants to governmental and private nonprofit institutions and facilities in the United States and the other American republics, (2) the free distribution of publications, and (3) such other gratuitous assistance as he deems desirable, in the fields of arts and sciences, education and travel, the radio, the press, and the cinema: Provided further, That not to exceed $50,000 of the amount herein appropriated shall be available, in the discretion of the President, for the employment of experts, special advisers, and other persons who are not citizens of the United States: Provided further, That said appropriation shall be available for reimbursement of the Federal Reserve Bank System for the performance of such of the above services as may be required: Provided further, That said appropriation shall be available for allocation or transfer to other departments or agencies of the Government for the performance by them of any of the functions or activities for which this appropriation is made: Provided further, That in addition to the amounts so allocated from this appropriation to said Coordinator of Commercial and Cultural Relations, he is authorized to enter into contracts in an amount not to exceed $3,000,000 during the fiscal year 1942 for carrying out the purposes of said allocations.
REFUGEE RELIEF

The unexpended balance of the appropriation of $50,000,000 for relief of refugees rendered destitute by hostilities or invasion contained in section 40 of the Emergency Relief Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1941, is hereby continued available until June 30, 1942.

INDEPENDENT EXECUTIVE AGENCIES

AMERICAN BATTLE MONUMENTS COMMISSION

The appropriation for the American Battle Monuments Commission contained in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1942, is hereby made available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1941, and the clause contained in said appropriation reading "Transfer of household goods and effects as provided by the Act of October 10, 1940 (Public, Numbered 839), and regulations promulgated thereunder, and expenses of travel of dependents of employees when transferred from one official station to another by order of the Commission;" is hereby amended to read as follows: "Transfer of household goods and effects as provided by the Act of October 10, 1940 (Public, Numbered 889), and regulations promulgated thereunder, and, when ordered or approved by the Commission, expenses of travel of dependents of employees when transferred from one official station to another; and the transfer of employees by the Commission between foreign countries and the United States, including transfers incident thereto, shall be regarded as a transfer from one official station to another for permanent duty for the purposes of the above provision respecting travel of dependents and for the purposes of said Act of October 10, 1940, and regulations promulgated thereunder and for no other purposes whatsoever: Provided, That the appropriation for said Commission for the fiscal year 1941 contained in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1941, is hereby made available for said purposes for the fiscal years 1941 and 1942."

BITUMINOUS COAL CONSUMERS' COUNSEL

Salaries and expenses: For all necessary expenses in performing the duties devolving upon the Office of the Bituminous Coal Consumers' Counsel by the Bituminous Coal Act of 1937 (50 Stat. 72), as amended by the Act of April 11, 1941 (Public Law 84), including witness fees and mileage for witnesses appearing in behalf of the Office before the Bituminous Coal Division and including witnesses before the Interstate Commerce Commission, personal services and rent in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, traveling expenses, including not to exceed $3,000 for expenses of attendance at meetings at which matters of importance to the work of the Office are to be discussed, printing and binding, contract stenographic reporting services, stationery and office supplies and equipment, and not to exceed $1,000 for newspapers, books, and periodicals, fiscal year 1942, $205,000.

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount for salaries and expenses, Civil Service Commission, fiscal year 1942, including the objects specified in the appropriation for this purpose in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1942, and including expenses of examinations held in Washington, $300,000.

Prevention of pernicious political activities: Not to exceed $25,000 of the unexpended balance of the appropriation "Prevention of pernicious political activities", fiscal year 1941, is hereby reappropriated for the fiscal year 1942 for the same purpose.
Printing and binding: For an additional amount for printing and binding, fiscal year 1942, $3,900.

National-defense activities: For an additional amount for national-defense activities, fiscal year 1942, including the objects specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1942, $2,000,000.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

National-defense activities: For an additional amount for national-defense activities, fiscal year 1942, to enable the Federal Communications Commission to continue to perform the functions or activities for the performance of which, during the fiscal year 1941, the Commission received allocations of funds from the appropriation "Emergency fund for the President" contained in the Military Appropriation Act, 1941, including the objects for which and subject to the conditions under which such allocations were expended during the fiscal year 1941, $600,000.

FEDERAL LOAN AGENCY

Salaries and administrative expenses: Not to exceed $400,000 of the funds of the Electric Home and Farm Authority, established as an agency of the Government by Executive Order Numbered 7139 of August 12, 1935, and continued as such agency until January 22, 1947, by the Act of June 10, 1941 (Public Law 108, Seventy-seventh Congress), shall be available during the fiscal year 1942 for all necessary administrative expenses of the Authority, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; travel expenses, in accordance with the Standardized Government Travel Regulations and the Act of June 3, 1926, as amended (5 U. S. C. 821-833); not exceeding $3,000 for transfer of household goods and effects as provided by the Act of October 10, 1940 (Public, Numbered 839) and regulations promulgated thereunder; printing and binding; lawbooks and books of reference; not to exceed $200 for periodicals, newspapers, and maps; procurement of supplies, equipment, and services; typewriters, adding machines, and other labor-saving devices, including their repair and exchange; and rent in the District of Columbia and elsewhere.

FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY

PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE

Emergency health and sanitation activities (national defense), Public Health Service: For an additional amount for emergency health and sanitation activities (national defense), fiscal year 1942, including the same objects specified under this head in the Federal Security Agency Appropriation Act, 1942, $1,940,000.

Not to exceed $31,580 of the amount appropriated for "Emergency health and sanitation activities (national defense), Public Health Service, 1942" in the Federal Security Agency Appropriation Act, 1942, may be transferred to the appropriation "Commissioned officers, pay, and so forth, Public Health Service," and the limitation on the number of regular active commissioned officers is hereby increased by ten.
Federal Works Agency

Community Facilities

Defense public works (community facilities): To enable the Federal Works Administrator to carry out the functions vested in him by, and in accordance with the provisions of, title II of the Act of October 14, 1940, entitled "An Act to expedite the provision of housing in connection with national defense, and for other purposes," as amended, and for administrative expenses in connection therewith including the purchase of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles; expenses, when authorized by the Administrator, of attendance at meetings or conventions relating to the work of said title II; printing and binding; the employment of persons at the seat of Government and elsewhere; to remain available until expended, $150,000,000: Provided, That the amount that may be expended for administrative expenses shall not exceed $8,750,000.

Public Buildings Administration

Salaries and expenses, public buildings and grounds in the District of Columbia: For an additional amount for salaries and expenses, public buildings and grounds in the District of Columbia, fiscal year 1942, including the objects specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1942, $2,750,000.

The appropriation to the Public Buildings Administration of the Federal Works Agency for construction of temporary office buildings, contained in title III of the Fifth Supplemental National Defense Appropriation Act, 1941, is hereby amended by inserting the words "or on the Arlington Experimental Farm in Virginia" after the words "on Government-owned land in the District of Columbia".

Interstate Commerce Commission

General administrative expenses: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1942, for eleven commissioners, secretary, and for all other authorized expenditures necessary in the execution of laws to regulate commerce, including the purchase of newspapers and the objects specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1942, $150,000 and the limitation of $2,338,040 upon the amount which may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia is hereby increased to $2,460,760.

Printing and binding: For an additional amount for printing and binding, fiscal year 1942, $4,000.

Salaries and expenses, emergency: For all necessary expenses to enable the Interstate Commerce Commission, for the purpose of promoting the national security and defense, to adopt measures for preventing shortages of railroad equipment and congestion of traffic, and expediting the movement of cars by railroads through terminals, and related activities, fiscal year 1942, $110,000.

National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount for scientific research, technical investigations, and special reports in the field of aeronautics, fiscal year 1942, $165,000, including the objects and subject to the limitations specified in the appropriation for these purposes in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1942, except that the limitation of $193,380 upon the amount which may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia is hereby increased to $214,000.
Construction and equipment, Langley Field, Virginia: For an additional amount for continuing the construction and equipment of additional laboratory buildings and research facilities on the United States military reservation at Langley Field, Virginia, $875,000, to be available until expended.

Airplane engine research laboratory: The limitation of $8,400,000 upon the total cost of construction and equipment of the airplane engine research laboratory specified under this heading in the First Supplemental National Defense Appropriation Act, 1941, is hereby increased to $13,300,000.

SELECTIVE SERVICE SYSTEM

That part of the appropriation under the caption "Selective Service System", contained in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1942, which reads as follows: "payment of actual transportation expenses (not exceeding a total of $100,000) and not to exceed $10 per diem in lieu of subsistence and other expenses of persons serving while away from their homes, without other compensation from the United States, in an advisory capacity to the Director of Selective Service;" is hereby amended to read as follows: "payment of actual transportation expenses and not to exceed $10 per diem in lieu of subsistence and other expenses of persons serving while away from their homes, without other compensation from the United States, in an advisory capacity to the Director of Selective Service (not exceeding a total of $100,000);".

SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION

The limitation established by the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1942, upon the amount which may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia is hereby increased by the sum of $19,100.

UNITED STATES COMMISSION FOR THE CELEBRATION OF THE TWO HUNDREDTH ANNIVERSARY OF THE BIRTH OF THOMAS JEFFERSON

The unexpended balance of the appropriation of $5,000 for the expenses of the United States Commission for the Celebration of the Two Hundredth Anniversary of the Birth of Thomas Jefferson, contained in the First Supplemental Civil Functions Appropriation Act, 1941, is hereby continued available for the same purposes until June 30, 1942.

UNITED STATES CONSTITUTION SESQUICENTENNIAL COMMISSION

The unexpended balance of the appropriation for the Commission, contained in the Third Deficiency Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1939, approved August 9, 1939, as amended by the Urgent Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1940, approved February 12, 1940, and any balance now contained or hereafter deposited in the special fund entitled "Proceeds, Sale of Books, and so forth, United States Constitution Sesquicentennial Commission", authorized by Public Resolution Numbered 92, approved May 13, 1938, are hereby made available until December 31, 1941, for the purposes and uses for which they were appropriated, for the payment of obligations heretofore and hereafter incurred by the Commission, including personal services, for all other necessary incidental expenses, and for the printing and binding of additional copies of the publication "Formation of the Union Under the Constitution": Provided, That such additional copies shall be apportioned pro rata to the Senators, Representatives, Delegates, and the Resident Commissioner from Puerto Rico, of the Seventy-seventh Congress, and delivered to the folding rooms of the Senate and House of Representatives.
Department of Inspections: The limitation of $150 upon the salary of each of two members of the board of examiners, steam engineers, contained in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1941, is hereby increased to $300.

Coroner's Office

For an additional amount for expenses, coroner's office, including the objects specified in the appropriation for this purpose in the District of Columbia Appropriation Acts for the following fiscal years:
- For 1940, $64.19;
- For 1941, $750.

Contingent and Miscellaneous Expenses

Judicial expenses: For an additional amount for judicial expenses, fiscal year 1941, including the objects and under the conditions specified in the appropriation for this purpose in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1941, $4,500.

Printing and binding: For an additional amount for printing and binding, fiscal year 1941, including the condition specified in the appropriation for this purpose in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1941, $5,000, to continue available until June 30, 1942.

Refund of erroneous collections: For an additional amount for refund of erroneous collections, fiscal year 1941, including the objects and under the condition specified in the appropriation for this purpose in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1941, $25,000.

Public Schools

Clerks and other employees: For an additional amount for personal services of clerks and other employees, fiscal year 1941, $386.

Miscellaneous: For an additional amount for fuel, gas, and electric light and power, fiscal year 1941, $6,400.

Health Department

Medical charities: For an additional amount for care and treatment of indigent patients under contracts made by the health officer of the District of Columbia and approved by the Commissioners with the following institutions, respectively:
- Children's Hospital, fiscal year 1940, $6,723.20.
- Central Dispensary and Emergency Hospital, fiscal year 1940, $4,672.50.

Courts

Juvenile court: For an additional amount for compensation of jurors, for the following fiscal years:
- Fiscal year 1940, $16;
- Fiscal year 1941, $400.

Expenses: For an additional amount for expenses, juvenile court, fiscal year 1941, including the objects specified in the appropriation for this purpose in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1941, $400.

Municipal court: For an additional amount for compensation of jurors, fiscal year 1941, under the condition specified in the appropriation for this purpose in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1941, $1,172.
Contingent expenses: For an additional amount for contingent expenses, municipal court, fiscal year 1941, including the objects specified in the appropriation for this purpose in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1941, $780.

PUBLIC WELFARE

Workhouse and Reformatory, support of convicts: For an additional amount for support of convicts, fiscal year 1940, including the objects specified in the appropriation for this purpose in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1940, $34,947.03.

JUDGMENTS

For the payment of final judgments, including costs, rendered against the District of Columbia, as set forth in House Documents Numbered 219 and 244, Seventy-seventh Congress, $39,282.40, together with such further sum as may be necessary to pay the interest at not exceeding 4 per centum per annum on such judgments, as provided by law, from the date the same became due until the date of payment.

AUDITED CLAIMS

For the payment of the following claims, certified to be due by the accounting officers of the District of Columbia, under appropriations the balances of which have been exhausted or carried to the surplus fund under the provisions of section 5 of the Act of June 30, 1874 (31 U. S. C. 715), being for the service of the fiscal year 1938 and prior fiscal years:

Support of convicts, District of Columbia, 1938, $170.14;  
Coroner’s office, District of Columbia, 1938, maintenance, $1.50;  
Refund of assessments, District of Columbia, 1936–1937, $274.29;  
Coroner’s office, District of Columbia, 1935, maintenance, $1.50;  
Refund of assessments, District of Columbia, 1934–1935, $54.15;  
War Veterans’ Service Office, District of Columbia, 1934, $43.63;  
Street cleaning, District of Columbia, 1925, cleaning streets, $6.08;  
Sewers, District of Columbia, 1930, assessment and permit work, $80.41;  
Sewers, District of Columbia, 1928, suburban, $36.17;  
Gallinger Municipal Hospital, District of Columbia, 1938, services, $28;  
In all, audited claims, $695.87.

HIGHWAY FUND, GASOLINE TAX, AND MOTOR-VEHICLE FEES (PAYABLE FROM THE HIGHWAY FUND, GASOLINE TAX AND MOTOR-VEHICLE FEES)

Department of Vehicles and Traffic: The limitation of $32,000 applicable to the operation and maintenance of electric traffic lights, signals and controls, contained in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1940, is hereby increased to $32,242.14.

Judgments: For the payment of final judgments, including costs, rendered against the District of Columbia, as set forth in House Document Numbered 219, Seventy-seventh Congress, $15,660, together with such further sum as may be necessary to pay the interest at not exceeding 4 per centum per annum on such judgments, as provided by law, from the date the same became due until the date of payment.

Settlement of claims and suits: For the payment of the claim of Susie Carter, approved by the Commissioners under and in accordance with the provisions of the Act entitled “An Act authorizing the Commissioners of the District of Columbia to settle claims and.
DIVISION OF EXPENSES

The foregoing sums for the District of Columbia, unless otherwise therein specifically provided, shall be paid out of the revenues of the District of Columbia and the Treasury of the United States in the manner prescribed by the District of Columbia Appropriation Acts for the respective fiscal years for which such sums are provided.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

The Secretary of Agriculture is authorized, during the fiscal year 1942, to make microfilm or other photographic reproductions of books and other library materials in the Department of Agriculture and sell such reproductions at such prices (not less than estimated cost of furnishing same) as he may determine, the money received from such sales to be deposited in the Treasury to the credit of the appropriation charged with the cost of making such reproductions.

FOREST SERVICE

Forest-fire control (emergency): For all necessary expenses to enable the Secretary of Agriculture, independently or in cooperation with the various States or other appropriate agencies or individuals, to intensify and augment forest-fire prevention and suppression measures in critical areas on Federal, State, county, municipal, or private lands, including the purchase, exchange, operation, and maintenance of passenger-carrying vehicles, and not to exceed $12,000 for personal services in the District of Columbia, fiscal year 1942, $1,100,000: Provided, That there shall not be expended from this appropriation on non-Federal lands in any State any amount in excess of the amount made available by the State, or private agencies, or individuals for the purposes of this appropriation: Provided further, That nothing in section 3 of the "Act making appropriations for the Department of Agriculture for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1942, and for other purposes" shall be construed to require an affidavit from any person employed for less than sixty days by the Department for sudden emergency work involving the loss of human life or destruction of property, and payment of salary or wages may be made to such persons from applicable appropriations for services rendered in such emergency without execution of the affidavit contemplated by said section 3.

AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE

Tobacco Inspection and Tobacco Stocks and Standards Acts: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1942, to enable the Secretary of Agriculture to carry into effect the provisions of "The Tobacco Inspection Act" (7 U. S. C. 511-511q), including the objects specified under this heading in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1942, $131,000, of which not to exceed $1,500 may be expended for the purchase of passenger-carrying vehicles.

COMMODITY CREDIT CORPORATION

Salaries and administrative expenses: For an additional amount for salaries and administrative expenses, Commodity Credit Corporation,
fiscal year 1942, $2,000,000 of the funds of said Corporation, to be available for the objects specified under this heading in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1942.

LOANS, GRANTS, AND RURAL REHABILITATION

No part of the appropriations contained in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1942, under the heading “Loans, Grants, and Rural Rehabilitation,” shall be available to pay the compensation of any person appointed in accordance with the civil-service laws.

RURAL ELECTRIFICATION ADMINISTRATION

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount for salaries and expenses, Rural Electrification Administration, fiscal year 1942, including the objects specified under this heading in the Agricultural Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1942, $300,000.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

Expenses of the Sixteenth Census: For an additional amount for continuing the work of taking, compiling, and publishing the Sixteenth Census of the United States, and for carrying on other authorized census work, including the objects specified under this head in the “Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1942”, fiscal year 1942, $393,000.

BUREAU OF MARINE INSPECTION AND NAVIGATION

Salaries and expenses: The limitation prescribed in the “Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1941”, under the heading “Bureau of Marine Inspection and Navigation, salaries and general expenses”, for payment only of extra compensation for local inspectors of steam vessels and their assistants, United States Shipping Commissioners and their deputies and assistants, and customs officers and employees for which the United States receives reimbursement in accordance with the Act of May 11, 1938, as amended (46 U. S. C. 382b), fiscal year 1941, is hereby increased from $50,000 to $70,000.

COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

Pay of officers and men on vessels: For an additional amount for all necessary employees to man and equip vessels, and so forth, fiscal year 1942, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1942, $116,000.

Construction of vessels: For an additional amount for acquisition by purchase or construction and for equipping two wire drag launches and one surveying launch for the Coast and Geodetic Survey, including travel and other expenses incident thereto and necessary therefor, fiscal year 1942, $245,000.

CIVIL AERONAUTICS AUTHORITY

The limitation of $3,000 upon the amount which may be expended from appropriations under the Civil Aeronautics Authority for expenses of attendance at meetings of associations and other properly constituted bodies concerned with aeronautics, contained in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1941, is hereby increased to $4,100.
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Salaries: For an additional amount for personal services in the District of Columbia, fiscal year 1942, $35,000.

GENERAL LAND OFFICE

Salaries and commissions of registers of land offices: For additional amounts for salaries and commissions of registers of district land offices for the following fiscal years:

For 1938, $30.60;
For 1939, $36.49.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

Protection of project works: For all expenses necessary, fiscal year 1942, to provide protection against sabotage and other subversive depredations, of dams, powerhouses, or other structures of the irrigation systems of the Indian Service, including employment of civilian guards, floodlights, gates, barricades, firearms, and ammunition, $45,000.

Natives in Alaska: For an additional amount for natives in Alaska, fiscal year 1941, including the objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1941, to remain available until June 30, 1943, $60,000.

Medical relief in Alaska: For an additional amount for medical relief in Alaska, fiscal year 1941, including the objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1941, to remain available until June 30, 1943, $20,000.

Reindeer service: For an additional amount for reindeer service in Alaska, fiscal year 1941, including the objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1941, to remain available until June 30, 1943, $3,000.

Compensation and expenses of attorney or attorneys for the Menominee Indians, Wisconsin (tribal funds): For compensation and expenses of an attorney or firm of attorneys employed by the Menominee Indians under a contract approved by the Secretary of the Interior in accordance with existing law, fiscal year 1942, $5,200, payable from funds on deposit to the credit of said Indians.

Compensation and expenses of an attorney or attorneys for the Indians of the Klamath Reservation, Oregon (tribal funds): For compensation and expenses of an attorney or attorneys employed by the Indians of the Klamath Reservation, Oregon, under a contract or contracts approved by the Secretary of the Interior, $12,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary, payable from funds on deposit to the credit of said Indians: Provided, That the amount herein appropriated shall be available for compensation earned and expenses incurred during the period covered by the said contract or contracts.

Compensation and expenses of attorneys, Confederated Salish and Kootenai Tribes, Montana (tribal funds): For compensation and expenses of an attorney or attorneys employed by the Confederated Salish and Kootenai Tribes of the Flathead Reservation, Montana, under a contract approved by the Secretary of the Interior on May 9, 1941, fiscal year 1942, $7,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary, payable from funds on deposit to the credit of such tribes.

Compensation of attorneys, Quinault Reservation, Washington: For payment to the attorneys of record for certain Quinault Indians, in accordance with the provisions of the Act of March 9, 1940 (54 Stat. 48), fiscal year 1941, $3,646.48.
BUREAU OF RECLAMATION

Protection of project works: For an additional amount, fiscal year 1942, for protection of project works, to be used for the employment of civilian guards, and other necessary expenses, independently or in cooperation with other agencies, as specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1942, $410,000.

BUREAU OF MINES

Coal-mine inspections and investigations: For all expenses necessary to enable the Bureau of Mines to perform the duties imposed upon it by the Act of May 7, 1941 (Public Law 49); including supplies and equipment; traveling expenses; not to exceed $62,500 for personal services in the District of Columbia; not to exceed $25,000 for printing and binding; purchase in the District of Columbia and elsewhere of furniture and equipment, stationery and supplies, typewriting, adding, computing and addressing machines, and other labor-saving devices, accessories and repairs, including exchange and maintenance thereof; professional and scientific books and publications; purchase, not to exceed $78,000 (including exchange as part payment), operation, maintenance and repair of motor-propelled trucks and passenger-carrying vehicles for official use in field work and in transporting employees between their homes and temporary locations where they may be employed; purchase of special wearing apparel or equipment for the protection of employees while engaged in their work; travel and subsistence, and other incidental expenses of employees in attendance at meetings and conferences held for promoting safety and health in the coal-mining industry, fiscal year 1942, $729,000: Provided, That the Secretary of the Interior, acting through the Director of the Bureau of Mines, is hereby authorized to accept buildings, equipment, and other contributions from public or private sources offering to cooperate in carrying out the purposes of this appropriation.

Helium plants and investigations: Section 3709 of the Revised Statutes shall not be construed to apply to expenditures from the appropriations for the Bureau of Mines for helium plants and investigations in the First Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1941, approved April 1, 1941; for helium plants and investigations and helium production and investigations in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1942; and for development and operation of helium properties (special fund) in section 3 (c) of the Act of September 1, 1937 (50 U. S. C. 164), authorizing the conservation, production, and exploitation of helium gas.

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

National historical parks and monuments: For an additional amount for administration, protection, maintenance, and improvement, including not to exceed $1,050 for the purchase, maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-driven passenger-carrying vehicles, fiscal year 1942, $18,000: Provided, That the Mount Rushmore National Memorial Commission shall cease to exist or function on June 30, 1942.

FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

Inquiry respecting food fishes: For an additional amount for inquiry into the cause of the decrease of food fishes in the waters of the United States, fiscal year 1942, including the objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1942,
$2,500, and of this sum and the unexpended balance of the appropriation of $7,500 contained under this head in the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1940, which balance is hereby reappropriated, not to exceed $5,800 shall be available for the necessary expenses of the American members of the International Board of Inquiry for the Great Lakes Fisheries, including not to exceed $2,100 for personal services and $2,000 for printing the report of such Board.

Alaska fur-seal investigation: For all necessary expenses for the investigation of the migration routes, food and other life habits of the Alaska fur-seal herd, including the taking anywhere in the waters of the North Pacific Ocean covered by the convention for the preservation and protection of the fur seals, signed at Washington on July 7, 1911, of such seals as may be needed for scientific study in connection with said investigation, and including the purchase of a vessel and other necessary equipment without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes, and hire of personnel without regard to the civil-service and classification laws, fiscal year 1942, $290,000.

GOVERNMENT IN THE TERRITORIES

Care and custody of insane, Alaska: For an additional amount for the care and custody of persons legally adjudged insane in Alaska, fiscal year 1941, including the same objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1941, $2,750.

Puerto Rico Reconstruction Administration: The balances which remain unobligated on June 30, 1941, out of the appropriations made to the Puerto Rico Reconstruction Administration, Department of the Interior, in section 3 of the Emergency Relief Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1941, are hereby continued available until June 30, 1942, for completing the purposes and objects provided in such section.

Government of the Virgin Islands, survey of public-works needs: For all necessary expenses, including personal services in the District of Columbia, and the employment by contract, without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes, of an engineer or firm of engineers if necessary, to enable the Secretary of the Interior to make a comprehensive and complete survey of the need for the replacement of hospitals, schools, and other institutional buildings, and the need for the construction, rehabilitation, or improvement of sewer, water, power, and other utility services, and other public works necessary for the welfare of the Virgin Islands of the United States, fiscal year 1942, $5,000: Provided, That a report shall be transmitted to the Congress covering the results of such survey, together with estimates of costs of all projects, not later than June 30, 1942.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

Contingent expenses: For an additional amount for contingent expenses, Department of Justice, fiscal year 1938, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Justice Appropriation Act, 1938, $289,31.

Printing and binding: For an additional amount for printing and binding for the Department of Justice and the courts of the United States, fiscal year 1938, $451.03.

For an additional amount for printing and binding for the Department of Justice, for the fiscal years that follow:
For 1940, $3,000;
For 1941, $50,000.
Salaries and expenses, detection and prosecution of crimes (emergency): For an additional amount for salaries and expenses in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, during the national emergency, in the detection and prosecution of crimes against the United States, fiscal year 1942, including the objects and for the purposes specified under this head in the Department of Justice Appropriation Act, 1942, $5,600,000, of which amount there may be expended not to exceed $187,500 for the purchase and exchange of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, and not to exceed $100,000 for the acquisition or construction of buildings and facilities, including repairs and alterations, at the Federal Bureau of Investigation training center, Quantico, Virginia, to be expended under the direction of the Attorney General by contract or purchase of materials and hire of labor and services as the Attorney General may direct.

Claims for damages: For the payment of claims for damages to any person or damages to or loss of privately owned property caused by employees of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, acting within the scope of their employment, considered, adjusted, and determined by the Attorney General, under the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the adjustment and settlement of certain claims arising out of the activities of the Federal Bureau of Investigation", approved March 20, 1936 (5 U. S. C. 300b), as fully set forth in House Document Numbered 270, Seventy-seventh Congress, $133.95.

MISCELLANEOUS

Miscellaneous salaries and expenses, field: For an additional amount for miscellaneous salaries and expenses, field, Department of Justice, fiscal year 1941, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Justice Appropriation Act, 1941, $75,000.

Salaries and expenses, Lands Division: For an additional amount for salaries and expenses, Lands Division, fiscal year 1941, including the objects specified under this heading in the Department of Justice Appropriation Act, 1941, $100,000.

Salaries and expenses of bailiffs, and so forth: For an additional amount for salaries and expenses of bailiffs, and so forth, fiscal year 1940, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Justice Appropriation Act, 1940, $8,000.

Pay and expenses of bailiffs: For an additional amount for pay and expenses of bailiffs, Department of Justice, fiscal year 1941, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Justice Appropriation Act, 1941, $25,000.

PELAL AND CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTIONS

Jails and correctional institutions: For an additional amount for jails and correctional institutions, fiscal year 1941, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Justice Appropriation Act, 1941, $180,000.

Probation system, United States courts: For an additional amount for probation system, United States courts, fiscal year 1939, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Justice Appropriation Act, 1939, $222.29.

IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE

General expenses (other than salaries): For an additional amount for general expenses, Immigration and Naturalization Service (other
than salaries), fiscal year 1941, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Labor Appropriation Act, 1941, $750,000: Provided, That this appropriation, and the appropriation "Salaries and expenses, Immigration and Naturalization Service, Department of Justice, fiscal year 1942", shall be available for the acquisition or construction of temporary buildings necessary for or incident to the detention of aliens, and when authorized or approved by the Attorney General obligations may be incurred for such purposes without reference to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes.

Immigration stations: For an additional amount for immigration stations, fiscal year 1941, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Labor Appropriation Act, 1941, $35,000.

Traveling expenses: For traveling expenses, Immigration and Naturalization Service, fiscal year 1941, in addition to the amount provided for this purpose in the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1940, $25,000.

**NAVY DEPARTMENT**

**FISCAL YEAR 1941**

**OFFICE OF SECRETARY OF THE NAVY**

Claims for damages by collision with naval vessels: To pay claims for damages adjusted and determined by the Secretary of the Navy under the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to amend the Act authorizing the Secretary of the Navy to settle claims for damages to private property arising from collisions with naval vessels", approved December 28, 1922, as fully set forth in House Document Numbered 267, Seventy-seventh Congress, $2,465.39.

**BUREAU OF SUPPLIES AND ACCOUNTS**

For additional amounts for the fiscal year 1941, including the objects and subject to the limitations (except those suspended by the Act of June 28, 1940) specified under the following respective heads in the Naval Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1941, namely: Pay, subsistence and transportation, Navy, $8,547,000; Maintenance, Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, $1,600,000; Naval supply account fund, $47,000,000; Fuel and transportation, Navy, $1,543,680.

**BUREAU OF MEDICINE AND SURGERY**

For an additional amount for the Medical Department, fiscal year 1941, including the objects and subject to the limitations (except those suspended by the Act of June 28, 1940) specified under this head in the Naval Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1941, $84,000.

**NAVAL OBSERVATORY**

For an additional amount for contingent and miscellaneous expenses, Naval Observatory, fiscal year 1941, including the objects and subject to the limitations (except those suspended by the Act of June 28, 1940) specified under this head in the Naval Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1941, $1,400.

The appropriations herein under the caption "Naval Department—fiscal year 1941", may be cited as title VIII, Naval Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1941.
NAVY DEPARTMENT

FISCAL YEAR 1942

CONTINGENT, NAVY

For an additional amount for contingent, Navy, fiscal year 1942, including the objects and subject to the limitations specified under this head in the Naval Appropriation Act, 1942, $75,000.

BUREAU OF ORDNANCE

For an additional amount for ordnance and ordnance stores, Navy, fiscal year 1942, including the objects and subject to the limitations specified under this head in the Naval Appropriation Act, 1942, $47,000,000.

BUREAU OF YARDS AND DOCKS

Bureau of Yards and Docks, public works: Toward the following public works and public utilities projects, at a cost not to exceed the amount stated for each project, respectively, $49,265,000, which amount, together with unexpended balances of appropriations heretofore made under this head, shall be disbursed and accounted for in accordance with existing law and shall constitute one fund:

Naval operating base, Newport, Rhode Island: Fleet operating facilities, including dredging, $2,000,000.
Naval operating base, Norfolk, Virginia: Replacement of marine barracks, $500,000.
Naval training station, Great Lakes, Illinois: Expansion of facilities, $1,265,000.
Naval training station, Newport, Rhode Island: Expansion of facilities, $1,095,000.
Naval training station, Norfolk, Virginia: Expansion of facilities, $1,700,000.
Naval training station, San Diego, California: Expansion of facilities, $1,410,000.
Naval ammunition depot, Hingham, Massachusetts: Expansion of facilities, including purchase of land, $3,500,000.
Naval ammunition depot, Oahu, Territory of Hawaii: Acquisition of additional land, $150,000.
Naval ordnance plant, South Charleston, West Virginia: Replacement of marine barracks, $125,000.
Naval hospital, Key West, Florida: Construction of hospital facilities, including buildings and accessories, and acquisition of land, $800,000.
Marine aviation facilities, Neuse River, North Carolina, including acquisition of land, $14,900,000.
Expansion of Marine Corps training facilities, $3,500,000.
Naval supply depot, Norfolk, Virginia: Replacement of pier numbered 3, $3,200,000.
Naval air station, Elizabeth City, North Carolina: Lighter-than-air facilities, including acquisition of land, $6,000,000.
Naval air station, South Weymouth, Massachusetts: Lighter-than-air facilities, including acquisition of land, $6,000,000.
Auxiliary lighter-than-air facilities at various locations, $3,000,000.
The provisions of section 4 of the Act approved April 25, 1939 (53 Stat. 590-592), shall be applicable to all public works and public utilities projects provided for the Navy Department in this Act, regardless of location: Provided, That the fixed fee to be paid the contractor as a result of any contract hereafter entered into

Title II, Naval Appropriation Act, 1942.
Ante, p. 151.
Ante, p. 152.
Ante, p. 163.
Newport, R. I.
Norfolk, Va.
Great Lakes, Ill.
Newport, R. I.
Norfolk, Va.
San Diego, Calif.
Hingham, Mass.
Oahu, T. H.
South Charleston, W. Va.
Key West, Fla.
Neuse River, N. C.
Marine Corps training facilities.
Norfolk, Va.
Elizabeth City, N. C.
South Weymouth, Mass.
Lighter-than-air facilities.
Post, p. 638.
Contracts.
Proviso.
under the authority of this provision shall not exceed 6 per centum of the estimated cost of the contract, exclusive of the fee, as determined by the Secretary of the Navy.

No part of the appropriations in this Act under the Navy Department shall be expended for a permanent type of construction at any shore establishment of any character acquired subsequently to the calendar year 1938, unless such establishment shall be designated by the Secretary of the Navy as a permanent establishment, and, in that event, a permanent type of construction shall be used only to meet such permanent requirements as the Secretary of the Navy may approve; Provided, That nothing herein shall prevent construction of a type sufficiently substantial for the use intended nor apply to construction projects now under contract or in progress: Provided further, That no part of such appropriation may be obligated for the construction of quarters, including heating and plumbing apparatus, wiring and fixtures, for greater amounts per unit than follow: Permanent construction: For commissioned officer, $10,000; for commissioned warrant or warrant officer, $7,500; for enlisted man, $6,000. Temporary construction: For commissioned officer, $7,500; for commissioned warrant or warrant officer, $5,000; for enlisted man, $3,500.

For an additional amount for aviation, Navy, fiscal year 1942, including the objects and subject to the conditions specified under this head in the Navy Appropriation Act, 1942, $482,046,600; and in addition, the Secretary of the Navy may enter into contracts prior to July 1, 1942, for plant facilities to an amount not in excess of $10,000,000.

For the naval emergency fund, fiscal year 1942, including the objects and subject to the conditions specified under this head in title VI, Naval Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1941, $5,000,000.

Expenses, Marine Band, diamond anniversary convention of the Grand Army of the Republic, Columbus, Ohio: For expenses of the United States Marine Band in attending the diamond anniversary convention of the Grand Army of the Republic at Columbus, Ohio, on September 14 to 19, inclusive, 1941, as authorized by the Act approved June 3, 1941, fiscal year 1942, $5,500, to be paid from the appropriation “General Expenses, Marine Corps”, which is hereby made available for that purpose.

Construction and machinery: On account of objects heretofore authorized (and appropriated for in part), for the acquisition, conversion, or construction of five hundred and fifty thousand tons of auxiliary vessels authorized by the Act approved May 24, 1941 (Public Law 72, Seventy-seventh Congress), and for the acquisition and the conversion of merchant vessels for use as transports to replace vessels transferred by the War Department as transports to replace vessels transferred by the War Department to the Navy Department, $100,000,000, to be available for the foregoing purposes (including obligations heretofore incurred) and for obligations heretofore incurred under the head “Replacement of Naval Vessels, Construction and Machinery”, and to remain available until expended.
The last clause under the heading "Increase and Replacement of Naval Vessels", contained in the Naval Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1942 (Public Law 48, Seventy-seventh Congress), approved May 6, 1941, shall not apply to obligations under the appropriation "Armor, Armament and Ammunition" for alterations for improving the defense installations of vessels.

**NAVY DEPARTMENT**

(Salaries in the District of Columbia)

The appropriations contained in the Naval Appropriation Act, 1942, shall be available for the employment of two additional employees (one special attorney in the Office of the Under Secretary of the Navy and one a special assistant in the Office of Budget and Reports) at a salary per annum in excess of $5,000 but not in excess of the appropriate rate established in accordance with the Classification Act of 1923, as amended.

The last proviso under the heading "Miscellaneous expenses" in the Naval Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1942 is amended to read as follows: "That no part of this or any other appropriation for the Navy Department or the Naval Establishment for the fiscal years 1941 and 1942, or the funds allotted to the Navy Department, shall be available for the employment of a greater number than ten thousand and five hundred civilian officers and employees in the Navy Department proper, at Washington, except in pursuance of specific appropriations as to numbers hereafter provided."

The appropriations herein under the caption "Navy Department—fiscal year 1942" may be cited as title II, Naval Appropriation Act, 1942.

**POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT**

(OUT OF THE POSTAL REVENUE)

**OFFICE OF THE POSTMASTER GENERAL**

Office of the Solicitor for the Post Office Department: For an additional amount for salaries, office of the Solicitor for the Post Office Department, fiscal year 1942, $15,000.

Printing and binding: For an additional amount for printing and binding for the Post Office Department, and so forth, fiscal year 1941, including the same objects specified under this head in the Post Office Department Appropriation Act, 1941, $60,000.

**OFFICE OF THE FIRST ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL**

Compensation to postmasters: For an additional amount for compensation to postmasters, and so forth, fiscal year 1941, including the same objects and conditions specified under this head in the Post Office Department Appropriation Act, 1941, $300,000.

Clerks, first- and second-class post offices: For an additional amount for compensation to clerks and employees at first- and second-class post offices, and so forth, fiscal year 1941, including the same objects specified under this head in the Post Office Department Appropriation Act, 1941, $9,300,000.

Carfare and bicycle allowance: For an additional amount for carfare and bicycle allowance, including special-delivery carfare, fiscal year 1941, $60,000.

City-delivery carriers: For an additional amount for pay of letter carriers, City Delivery Service, fiscal year 1941, $7,000,000.
Special-delivery fees: For an additional amount for fees to special-delivery messengers, fiscal year 1941, $825,000.

OFFICE OF THE SECOND ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

Star-route service: For an additional amount for inland transportation by star routes (excepting service in Alaska), including temporary service to newly established offices, fiscal year 1941, $25,000.

Powerboat service: For an additional amount for inland transportation by steamboat or other powerboat routes, including ship, steamboat, and way letters, fiscal year 1941, $70,000.

Railroad transportation and mail-messenger service: For an additional amount for inland transportation by railroad routes, and so forth, fiscal year 1941, including the objects and conditions specified in the Post Office Department Appropriation Act, 1941, $7,100,000.

Railway Mail Service, salaries: For an additional amount for Railway Mail Service, salaries, and so forth, fiscal year 1941, including the same objects specified under this head in the Post Office Department Appropriation Act, 1941, $1,400,000.

Railway postal clerks, travel allowance: For an additional amount for travel allowance to railway postal clerks and substitute railway postal clerks, fiscal year 1941, $18,000.

Balances due foreign countries: For an additional amount for balances due foreign countries, fiscal year 1941 and prior years, $425,000.

Domestic Air Mail Service: For an additional amount for the inland transportation of mail by aircraft, and so forth, including the same objects and conditions specified under this head in the Post Office Department Appropriation Acts for the fiscal years that follow:

- For 1940, $86,103;
- For 1942, $445,957.

Foreign air-mail transportation: For an additional amount for transportation of foreign mails by aircraft, as authorized by law, fiscal year 1942, $864,191.

OFFICE OF THE THIRD ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

Manufacture and distribution of stamps and stamped paper: For an additional amount for manufacture and distribution of stamps and stamped paper, fiscal year 1941, including the same objects and conditions specified under this head in the Post Office Department Appropriation Act, 1941, $700,000.

OFFICE OF THE FOURTH ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

Operating supplies, public buildings: For an additional amount for operating supplies, public buildings, fiscal year 1941, including the same objects and conditions specified under this head in the Post Office Department Appropriation Act, 1941, $75,000.

Furniture, carpets, and safes, public buildings: For an additional amount for furniture, carpets, and safes, public buildings, fiscal year 1941, including the same objects and conditions specified under this head in the Post Office Department Appropriation Act, 1941, $25,000.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

FOREIGN INTERCOURSE

Cost of living allowances, Foreign Service: For additional amounts for the appropriations “Cost of living allowances, Foreign Service”, Department of State, for the following fiscal years:

- For 1941, $160,000;
- For 1942, $120,000.
Miscellaneous salaries and allowances, Foreign Service: For an additional amount for “Miscellaneous salaries and allowances, Foreign Service”, fiscal year 1942, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1942, $9,000.

Contingent expenses, Foreign Service: For an additional amount for “Contingent expenses, Foreign Service”, fiscal year 1942, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1942, $91,500: Provided, That the limitation of $40,000 on the amount which may be expended during the fiscal year 1942 for reimbursement of appropriations for the Navy Department for the purposes specified in the last proviso contained under this head in the Department of State Appropriation Act for 1942 is increased to $80,000.

CONTRIBUTIONS, QUOTAS, AND SO FORTH

Inter-American Coffee Board: For an additional amount for United States contributions to international commissions, congresses, and bureaus, fiscal year 1942, to meet the contribution of the United States to the Inter-American Coffee Board under the Inter-American Coffee Agreement, signed at Washington, District of Columbia, November 28, 1940, $6,000, to remain available until September 30, 1941.

Second Inter-American Travel Congress: For the expenses of participation by the Government of the United States in the Second Inter-American Travel Congress, to be held at Mexico City, Mexico, in 1941, including personal services in the District of Columbia or elsewhere; travel expenses; communication services; stenographic reporting, translating, and other services by contract if deemed necessary, without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (41 U. S. C. 5); local transportation; equipment; transportation of things; rent; printing and binding; entertainment; official cards; purchase of newspapers, periodicals, books, and documents; stationery; and such other expenses as may be authorized by the Secretary of State, including the reimbursement of other appropriations from which payments may have been made for any of the purposes herein specified, fiscal year 1942, $3,500.

Alaskan International Highway Commission: For expenses of the Alaskan International Highway Commission, created by Act of May 31, 1938 (52 Stat. 590), and extended by Public Act 585, approved June 11, 1940, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, without regard to civil-service and classification laws; stenographic, translating, and other services, by contract if deemed necessary, without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (41 U. S. C. 5); communication service; rent; travel expenses; local transportation; transportation of things; purchase of necessary books, documents, newspapers, periodicals, and maps; stationery; equipment; official cards; entertainment; printing and binding; reconnaissance survey; and such other expenses as the President shall deem proper in the fulfillment of the duty of the Commission, including the reimbursement of other appropriations from which payments may have been made for any of the purposes herein specified, and also including the United States share of necessary joint expenses of the two Governments, fiscal year 1942, $3,500: Provided, That the unexpended balance of the appropriation “Alaskan International Highway Commission” made in the First Supplemental Civil Functions Appropriation Act, 1941, approved October 9, 1940, is continued available for the purposes herein specified until June 30, 1942, including obligations chargeable against the appropriation for this purpose for the fiscal year 1941.

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Fourth Pan-American Highway Congress: For the expenses of participation by the Government of the United States in the Fourth Pan-American Highway Congress, to be held at Mexico City, Mexico, in 1941, including personal services in the District of Columbia or elsewhere; travel expenses; communication services; stenographic reporting, translating, and other services by contract if deemed necessary, without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (41 U. S. C. 5); local transportation; equipment; transportation of things; rent; printing and binding; entertainment; official cards; purchase of newspapers, periodicals, books and documents; stationery; and such other expenses as may be authorized by the Secretary of State, including the reimbursement of other appropriations from which payments may have been made for any of the purposes herein specified, fiscal year 1942, $6,500.

Agrarian Claims Commission, United States and Mexico: For expenses of participation by the United States in the settlement of claims of citizens of the United States against the Government of Mexico on account of expropriations of agrarian properties since August 30, 1927, as authorized by and in accordance with the Act of April 10, 1939, fiscal year 1941, $15,000, together with the unexpended balances of the appropriations made available for this purpose in the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1940, including obligations chargeable against the appropriations for this purpose for the fiscal year 1941.

International Committee on Political Refugees: The unexpended balance of the appropriation "International Committee on Political Refugees" contained in the Urgent Deficiency and Supplemental Appropriation Act, fiscal years 1939 and 1940, and continued available to June 30, 1941, by the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1940, is continued available for the same purposes until June 30, 1942, including obligations chargeable against the appropriation for this purpose for the fiscal year 1941.

Meeting of Treasury Representatives, Quito, Ecuador: The unexpended balance of the appropriation "Meeting of Treasury Representatives, Quito, Ecuador", contained in the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act for 1940, approved June 27, 1940, is continued available for the same purposes until June 30, 1942, including obligations chargeable against the appropriation for this purpose for the fiscal year 1941.

Eighth American Scientific Congress: The unexpended balance of the appropriation "Eighth American Scientific Congress", contained in the Department of State Appropriation Act for 1940, continued available for the same purposes until June 30, 1942, including obligations chargeable against the appropriation for this purpose for the fiscal year 1941.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT

Foreign-owned property control: For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses, Foreign-owned property control," fiscal year 1941, including the same objects specified under this head in the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1940, $38,000.

Administrative expenses, Adjusted Compensation Payment Act: For transfer to the Post Office Department to cover registry fees and postage on mailings of bonds, issued under the provisions of the Adjusted Compensation Payment Act of 1936, fiscal year 1941, $10,500.
Reimbursement to carriers of deficits during Federal control: For the payment of claims certified to the Secretary of the Treasury by the Interstate Commerce Commission under the provisions of section 204 of the Transportation Act of 1920, as amended by the Act of January 7, 1941, covering reimbursement to carriers of deficits incurred during the period of control of railroads by the Government, fiscal year 1942, $800,000.

Restoration, capital impairment, Commodity Credit Corporation: To enable the Secretary of the Treasury to restore the amount of the capital impairment of the Commodity Credit Corporation as provided by the Act approved March 8, 1938, fiscal year 1941, $1,637,445.51, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

OFFICE OF CHIEF CLERK

Not to exceed $375 of the unexpended balance of the appropriation "Contingent expenses, Treasury Department, 1938", is hereby made available for expenditure for the purchase of uniforms for the guard force, Treasury Department: Provided, That the limitation on the amount which may be expended for the purchase of uniforms for Treasury guards from the above appropriation is hereby increased from $1,200 to $1,675.

DIVISION OF PRINTING

Stationery: For an additional amount for stationery for the Treasury Department, fiscal year 1936, including the objects specified under this head in the Treasury Department Appropriation Act, 1936, $52,46.

BUREAU OF ACCOUNTS

Contingent expenses, public moneys: For an additional amount for contingent expenses, public moneys, fiscal year 1941, including the objects specified under this head in the Treasury Department Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1941, $30,000.

Refund of moneys erroneously received and covered, 1941: For an additional amount for refund of moneys erroneously received and covered, including the objects specified under this head in the Treasury Department Appropriation Acts for the fiscal years that follow:

For 1939, $37.18;
For 1941, $12,000.

Payment of unclaimed moneys: For an additional amount for payment of unclaimed moneys, fiscal year 1941, $7,000, payable from the funds held by the United States in the trust fund receipt account "Unclaimed moneys of individuals whose whereabouts are unknown".

BUREAU OF THE PUBLIC DEBT

Expenses of loans: The limitation on the amount that may be obligated during the fiscal year 1941 under the indefinite appropriation "Expenses of loans, Act of September 24, 1917, as amended and extended", contained in the First Deficiency Act 1941 is hereby increased from $5,500,000 to $5,926,985: Provided, That such appropriation shall be available during the fiscal years 1941 and 1942 for payment of all necessary expenses connected with public-debt issues or with any refunding operations, to be expended as the Secretary of the Treasury may direct.

The limitation on the amount that may be obligated during the fiscal year 1942 under the indefinite appropriation "Expenses of loans, Act of September 24, 1917, as amended and extended", contained in the Treasury Department Appropriation Act 1942, is hereby increased from $4,292,000 to $9,800,000, to be expended as the Secretary of the Treasury may direct.
COAST GUARD

Pay and allowances, Coast Guard: For an additional amount for pay and allowances, Coast Guard, fiscal year 1941, including the objects specified under this head in the Treasury Department Appropriation Act, 1941, $305,500, and the text of said appropriation is hereby amended as follows: (1) After the words "engineering competitions," insert the words "for transportation of dependents of Coast Guard personnel on active duty and of retired and Reserve officers and Reserve enlisted men, of grades entitled to transportation of dependents in the Regular Coast Guard, when ordered to active duty (other than training) and upon relief therefrom;" and (2) delete the words "transportation and packing allowances for baggage or household effects of commissioned officers, warrant officers, and enlisted men" and substitute therefor the words "transfer of household goods and effects of Coast Guard personnel and Coast Guard Reserve personnel on active duty and when ordered to active duty and upon relief therefrom, and the transfer of household goods and effects of deceased Coast Guard personnel and Coast Guard Reserve personnel who die while on active duty, as prescribed by law and regulations."

Pay and allowances, Coast Guard: For an additional amount for pay and allowances, Coast Guard, fiscal year 1942, including the objects specified under this head in the Treasury Department Appropriation Act, 1942, $2,770,000, and the text of said appropriation is hereby amended as follows: (1) After the words "engineering competitions," insert the words "for transportation of dependents of Coast Guard personnel on active duty and retired and Reserve officers and of retired and Reserve enlisted men, of grades entitled to transportation of dependents in the Regular Coast Guard, when ordered to active duty (other than training) and upon relief therefrom;," and (2) delete the words "transportation and packing allowances for baggage or household effects of commissioned officers, warrant officers, and enlisted men" and substitute therefor the words "transfer of household goods and effects of Coast Guard personnel and Coast Guard Reserve personnel on active duty and when ordered to active duty and upon relief therefrom, and the transfer of household goods and effects of deceased Coast Guard personnel and Coast Guard Reserve personnel who die while on active duty, as prescribed by law and regulations; for transportation on Government-owned vessels, notwithstanding the provisions of other law, of privately owned automobiles of Coast Guard personnel upon change of station; purchase of provisions for sale to Coast Guard personnel at isolated stations, and the appropriation reimbursed, and (3) the amount which may be expended for recreation, amusement, comfort, contentment, and health of enlisted men is hereby increased from $46,720 to $51,621."

General expenses, Coast Guard: For an additional amount for general expenses, Coast Guard, fiscal year 1942, including the objects specified under this head in the Treasury Department Appropriation Act, 1942, $867,000, and the text of said appropriation is hereby amended as follows: (1) After the words "and regulations promulgated thereunder;" insert the words "preparing and transporting the remains of deceased civilian employees, transportation expenses of dependents of deceased civilian employees, and packing, crating, drayage, and transportation of household effects and other personal property of deceased civilian employees under the conditions prescribed by the Act of July 8, 1940 (Public, Numbered 729), and

Amendments.
Transportation of dependents.
Transfer of household effects.

Amendments.
Transportation of dependents.
Transfer of household effects.
regulations promulgated thereunder;" and (2) delete the words "purchase of provisions for sale to Coast Guard personnel at isolated stations, and the appropriation reimbursed;".

Special projects, aids to navigation: For an additional amount for establishing and improving aids to navigation and other works, $84,920, which sum shall be available for all expenditures directly relating thereto.

Retired pay: For additional amounts for retired pay of officers and employees engaged in the field service or on vessels of the Lighthouse Service, except persons continuously employed in district offices and shops, for the following fiscal years:
   For 1935, $362,99;
   For 1937, $1,158.39;
   For 1938, $1,989.18.

Construction of vessels and shore facilities: For an additional amount for construction of vessels and shore facilities, to provide for the construction and equipment of three additional and ten replacement vessels, $47,000,000, together with such sum or sums as may be transferred to this appropriation pursuant to section 2 of the Defense Aid Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1941, all to remain available until expended and of which not to exceed 4 per centum shall be available for administrative expenses in connection therewith, including personal services in the District of Columbia: Provided, That if the sum or sums transferred pursuant to such section 2 exceed a total of $12,000,000, an amount equal to such excess shall not be expendable from such appropriation of $47,000,000.

Claims for damages, operation of vessels: To pay claims for damages adjusted and determined by the Secretary of the Treasury under the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the adjustment and settlement of certain claims for damages resulting from the operation of vessels of the Coast Guard and the Public Health Service, in sums not exceeding $3,000 in any one case", approved June 15, 1936, as fully set forth in Senate Document Numbered 82, and House Document Numbered 272, Seventy-seventh Congress, §619.49.

BUREAU OF ENGRAVING AND PRINTING

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount for salaries and expenses, Bureau of Engraving and Printing, including the objects specified under this head in the Treasury Department Appropriation Acts for the fiscal years that follow:
   For 1941, $260,000;
   For 1942, $50,000.

SECRET SERVICE DIVISION

Suppressing counterfeiting and other crimes: For an additional amount for suppressing counterfeiting and other crimes, fiscal year 1942, including the objects specified under this head in the Treasury Department Appropriation Act, 1942, $51,900: Provided, That the limitation on the amount which may be expended under this head for the purchase of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles is hereby increased to $22,500.

WAR DEPARTMENT—MILITARY ACTIVITIES

OFFICE OF SECRETARY OF WAR

Claims for damages to and loss of private property: To pay claims for damages adjusted and determined by the Secretary of War under
the provisions of an Act entitled "An Act making appropriations for the support of the Army for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1913, and for other purposes", approved August 24, 1912, as fully set forth in House Document Numbered 271, Seventy-seventh Congress, §4,551.02.

QUARTERMASTER CORPS

Military Posts

Construction of buildings, utilities, and appurtenances at military posts: For an additional amount for construction of buildings, utilities, and appurtenances at military posts, to be supplemental to and merged with the appropriation under this head in the Military Appropriation Act, 1942, including the objects and subject to the limitations and conditions specified therein, fiscal year 1942, $6,500,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be available for expenditure unless and until the bill H. R. 3837, Seventy-seventh Congress, is enacted into law.

TITLE II—JUDGMENTS AND AUTHORIZED CLAIMS

PROPERTY DAMAGE CLAIMS

SEC. 201. (a) For the payment of claims for damages to or losses of privately owned property adjusted and determined by the following respective departments and independent offices, under the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide a method for the settlement of claims arising against the Government of the United States in the sums not exceeding $1,000 in any one case", approved December 28, 1922 (31 U. S. C. 215), as fully set forth in House Document Numbered 274 of the Seventy-seventh Congress, as follows:

Executive Office of the President—Office for Emergency Management, $42.25;
Federal Communications Commission, $9.25;
Federal Security Agency, $79.58;
Federal Works Agency, $1,145.53;
Veterans' Administration, $247.12;
Department of Agriculture, $4,828.14;
Department of Commerce, $112.33;
Department of the Interior, $795.50;
Navy Department, $1,584.77;
Treasury Department, $264.81;
War Department, $14,058.39;
Post Office Department, payable from postal revenues, $2,015.60;
In all, $25,583.27.

(b) For the payment of claims for damages to or losses of privately owned property adjusted and determined by the following respective departments and independent offices, under the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide a method for the settlement of claims arising against the Government of the United States in the sums not exceeding $1,000 in any one case", approved December 28, 1922 (31 U. S. C. 215), as fully set forth in Senate Document Numbered 274 of the Seventy-seventh Congress, as follows:

Executive Office of the President:
Office for Emergency Management, $6.70;
Federal Works Agency, $1,611;
Selective Service System, $5.50;
Department of Agriculture, $165.05;
Department of Commerce, $166.50;
Department of the Interior, $495;
Navy Department, $173.56;
Treasury Department, $201.87;
War Department, $1,668.38;
Post Office Department, payable from postal revenues, $46.06;
In all, $4,539.62.

JUDGMENTS, UNITED STATES COURTS

Sec. 202. (a) For the payment of the final judgments, including costs of suits, which have been rendered under the provisions of the Act of March 3, 1887, entitled "An Act to provide for the bringing of suits against the Government of the United States", as amended by section 297 of the Act of March 3, 1911 (28 U. S. C. 761), certified to the Seventy-seventh Congress in House Document Numbered 264, under the following departments and establishments:

Public Buildings Administration (Federal Works Agency), $3,597.27;
General Accounting Office, $6,014.60;
Department of Agriculture, $4,970.06;
Treasury Department, $825.30;

In all, $15,407.23, together with such additional sum as may be necessary to pay costs and interest as specified in such judgments or as provided by law.

(b) For the payment of judgments, including cost of suits, rendered against the Government of the United States by United States district courts under the provisions of an Act entitled "An Act authorizing suits against the United States in admiralty for damages caused by and salvage services rendered to public vessels belonging to the United States, and for other purposes", approved March 3, 1925 (46 U. S. C. 781-789), certified to the Seventy-seventh Congress in House Document Numbered 264 under the following department:

Department of Justice, $284.46, together with such additional sum as may be necessary to pay interest as and where specified in such judgment or as provided by law.

(c) For the payment of the final judgment rendered against the United States pursuant to authority contained in the Act entitled "An Act to amend the act entitled 'An Act conferring upon the United States District Court for the Northern District of California, southern division, jurisdiction of the claim of Minnie C. de Back against the Alaska Railroad', approved June 24, 1925", approved August 26, 1927 (Private Act Numbered 384, Seventy-fifth Congress), certified to Congress in House Document Numbered 264, under the Department of the Interior, $10,000.

(d) None of the judgments contained under this caption shall be paid until the right of appeal shall have expired except such as have become final and conclusive against the United States by failure of the parties to appeal or otherwise.

(e) Payment of interest wherever provided for judgments contained in this Act shall not in any case continue for more than thirty days after the date of approval of this Act.

JUDGMENTS, COURT OF CLAIMS

Sec. 203. (a) For payment of the judgments rendered by the Court of Claims and reported to the Seventy-seventh Congress in Senate Document Numbered 80, and House Document Numbered 276, under the following establishment and departments, namely:

Federal Works Agency, $3,617.52;
Department of the Interior, $3,485.60;
Navy Department, $121,817.47;
Post Office Department, §28,758.86;
Treasury Department, §290,566.35;
War Department, §86,336.20;
In all, §464,072, together with such additional sum as may be necessary to pay interest as and where specified in such judgments.

(b) None of the judgments contained under this caption shall be paid until the right of appeal shall have expired, except such as have become final and conclusive against the United States by failure of the parties to appeal or otherwise.

For the payment of judgment numbered 44099, rendered by the Court of Claims in favor of Crooks Terminal Warehouses, Inc. (Chicago, Illinois), covering storage of canned meats by the Federal Surplus Commodities Corporation, §688.35, to be paid from the account "12F5829 Federal Surplus Commodities Corporation, Federal Emergency Relief Administration." (Judgment certified to the Seventy-seventh Congress in House Document Numbered 269.)

AUDITED CLAIMS

Sec. 204. (a) For the payment of the following claims, certified to be due by the General Accounting Office under appropriations the balances of which have been carried to the surplus fund under the provisions of section 5 of the Act of June 20, 1874 (31 U. S. C. 713), and under appropriations heretofore treated as permanent, being for the service of the fiscal year 1938 and prior years, unless otherwise stated, and which have been certified to Congress under section 2 of the Act of July 7, 1884 (5 U. S. C. 266), as fully set forth in House Document Numbered 273, Seventy-seventh Congress, there is appropriated as follows:

For salaries and expenses, United States Employees' Compensation Commission, $1.25.
For Federal Trade Commission, $1.25.
For operations under Mineral Act of October 5, 1918, $9,692.03.
For salaries and expenses, Federal Housing Administration, $287.20.
For diseases and sanitation investigations, Social Security Act, Public Health Service, $2.21.
For expenses, Division of Mental Hygiene, Public Health Service, $155.60.
For pay of personnel and maintenance of hospitals, Public Health Service, $2,648.57.
For salaries and expenses, Social Security Board, $207.27.
For repair, preservation, and equipment, public buildings, Procurement Division, 75 cents.
For administrative expenses, Federal Emergency Administration of Public Works, 75 cents.
For medical and hospital services, Veterans' Bureau, $2.
For military and naval insurance, Veterans' Bureau, $7.65.
For military and naval insurance, Veterans' Administration, $15.
For Army pensions, $72.
For Army and Navy pensions, $25.66.
For salaries and expenses, Veterans' Administration, $2,328.99.
Department of Agriculture: For conservation and use of agricultural land resources, Department of Agriculture, $2,030.38.
For submarginal land program, Farm Tenancy Act, Department of Agriculture, $4,402.
For National Industrial Recovery, Resettlement Administration, submarginal lands (transfer to Agriculture), $633.40.
For acquisition of lands for protection of watersheds of navigable streams, $8,809.61.
For retirement of cotton pool participation trust certificates, Department of Agriculture, $216.64.
For administration of Sugar Act of 1937, Department of Agriculture, $149.
For exportation and domestic consumption of agricultural commodities, Department of Agriculture (transfer to Federal Surplus Commodities Corporation, Act June 28, 1937), $321.57.
For salaries and expenses, Bureau of Agricultural Economics, $4.68.
For salaries and expenses, Soil Conservation Service, $84.47.
For exportation and domestic consumption of agricultural commodities, Department of Agriculture, $100.18.
For salaries and expenses, Forest Service, $11.10.
For loans, title I, Farm Tenant Act, Department of Agriculture, $2.50.
For agricultural credits and rehabilitation, emergency relief, $61.24.
For salaries and expenses, Rural Electrification Administration, $2.
For acquisition of lands, Uinta and Wasatch national forests, Utah (receipt limitation), $300.
For loans and relief in stricken agricultural areas (transfer to Farm Credit Administration), $45.
For elimination of diseased cattle, Department of Agriculture, $182.33.
For increase of compensation, Department of Agriculture, $1.
For salaries and expenses, Bureau of Dairy Industry, $987.81.
For farmers' crop production and harvesting loans, Farm Credit Administration, $65.97.

Department of Commerce: For contingent expenses, Department of Commerce, $2.17.
For maintenance of air-navigation facilities, Civil Aeronautics Authority, $12.82.
For air-navigation facilities, $226.
For establishment of air-navigation facilities, Civil Aeronautics Authority, $2,650.62.
For district and cooperative office service, Department of Commerce, $5.04.

Department of the Interior: For salaries and expenses, National Bituminous Coal Commission, Department of the Interior, $130.60.
For National Park Service, $14.34.
For increase of compensation, Interior Department, $10.20.
For miscellaneous expenses, Bureau of Fisheries, $13.75.
For salaries and expenses, Bureau of Biological Survey, 45 cents.
For Petroleum Administration (transfer to Interior), $9.02.
For construction, and so forth, irrigation systems, Indian reservations (reimbursable), $166.02.
For purchase and transportation of Indian supplies, $5.83.
For support of Indians and administration of Indian property, $45.70.
For Indian school support, $716.58.
For conservation of health among Indians, $98.93.
For Civilian Conservation Corps (transfer to Interior, Indians), $187.27.
For emergency conservation work (transfer to Interior, Indians, Act February 9, 1937), $59.82.
For emergency conservation work (transfer to Interior, Indians, Act June 22, 1936), $14.90.
For maintenance, Hogback irrigation project, Navajo Reservation, New Mexico, 40 cents.
For emergency conservation fund (transfer from War to Interior, Indians, Act June 19, 1934), $24.

**Department of Justice:**
For salaries and expenses of marshals, and so forth, Department of Justice, $86.56.
For fees of jurors and witnesses, United States courts, $20.80.
For contingent expenses, Department of Justice, $112.86.
For miscellaneous expenses, United States courts, $314.17.
For United States penitentiary, Leavenworth, Kansas, maintenance, $3.30.
For salaries and expenses, Federal Bureau of Investigation, $2.50.
For salaries, fees, and expenses of marshals, United States courts, $15.60.
For salaries and expenses, Immigration and Naturalization Service, $3,294.89.

**Department of Labor:**
For salaries and expenses, Division of Labor Standards, Department of Labor, $92.90.
For traveling expenses, Department of Labor, $8.60.

**Navy Department:**
For engineering, Bureau of Engineering, $8,390.55.
For ordnance and ordnance stores, Bureau of Ordnance, $31,551.25.
For aviation, Navy, $26,843.03.
For maintenance, Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, $454.72.
For payment of officers and employees of the United States in foreign countries due to appreciation of foreign currencies (Navy), $85.20.
For construction and repair, Bureau of Construction and Repair, $3,649.
For training, education, and welfare, Navy, 50 cents.
For pay, subsistence, and transportation, Navy, $11,351.12.

**Department of State:**
For contingent expenses, Foreign Service, $607.03.
For transportation of diplomatic and consular officers, $263.03.
For transportation of Foreign Service officers, $231.17.

**Treasury Department:**
For collecting the revenue from customs, $379.57.
For increase of compensation, Treasury Department, $5.
For general expenses, Lighthouse Service, $6.97.
For Coast Guard, $60.
For pay and allowances, Coast Guard, $8.
For stationery, Treasury Department, $1.37.
For collecting the internal revenue, $102.08.
For retired pay, Lighthouse Service, $8,328.62.

**War Department:**
For general appropriations, Quartermaster Corps, $855.11.
For pay, and so forth, of the Army, $1,827.26.
For pay of the Army, $598.38.
For National Guard, $2,550.76.
For supplies, services, and transportation, Quartermaster Corps, $127.26.
For ordnance service and supplies, Army, $24.46.
For Reserve Officers' Training Corps, $107.99.
For Army transportation, $333.28.
For arming, equipping, and training the National Guard, $1,205.41.
For promotion of rifle practice, $43.60.
For regular supplies of the Army, $7.68.
For replacing ordnance and ordnance stores, $14.50.
For increase of compensation, War Department, $2.
For increase of compensation, Military Establishment, $7.66.
For subsistence of the Army, $8.98.
For Chemical Warfare Service, Army, $10.20.
For Air Corps, Army, $22.05.
For sea coast defenses, $6.45.
For travel of the Army, $11.59.
For expenses, camps of instruction, and so forth, National Guard, $16.80.
For pay of National Guard for armory drills, $26.
For pay, and so forth, of the Army, War with Spain, $3.30.
For Civilian Conservation Corps (transfer to War), $5,068.65.
For cemeterial expenses, War Department, $7.46.
For loans and relief in stricken agricultural areas (transfer from emergency conservation work to War, Act of June 19, 1934), $213.47.
For emergency conservation work (transfer to War, Act June 22, 1936), $2,420.28.
For emergency conservation work (transfer to War, Act February 9, 1937), $1,378.99.
For emergency conservation fund (transfer to War, Act March 31, 1933), $7,025.37.
For emergency conservation fund (transfer to War, Act June 19, 1934), $1,788.78.

Emergency Relief: For emergency relief, emergency conservation work, War, Civilian Conservation Corps, $7,885.69.
For emergency relief, Federal Emergency Relief Administration, expenses of liquidation, $56.80.
For emergency relief, Resettlement Administration, administrative expenses (transfer to Agriculture), $183.99.
For emergency relief, Resettlement Administration, rural rehabilitation (transfer to Agriculture), $10.07.
For emergency relief, Resettlement Administration, sanitation, prevention of soil erosion, and so forth (transfer to Agriculture), $2,212.21.
For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration, grants to States, and so forth, $282.53.
For emergency relief, Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service, $4.50.
For emergency relief, Interior, National Park Service, acquisition of land for Yosemite National Park, $190.50.
For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration, assistance for educational, professional, and clerical persons, $31.
For emergency relief, emergency conservation work, Interior, Indians, miscellaneous projects, Indian reservations, $20.
For emergency relief, War, rivers and harbors, flood control, and so forth, $15.02.
For emergency relief, Interior, assistance for educational, professional, and clerical persons, $27.50.
For emergency relief, War, Office of Chief of Staff, work-relief projects, $3.19.
For emergency relief, Farm Security Administration, administrative expenses, $163.29.
For emergency relief, Agriculture, public roads, highways, roads, and streets, $73,406.92.
For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration (non-Federal projects approved prior to June 22, 1936), $973.13.
For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration, public utilities, and so forth, $4,350.98.
For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration, highways, roads, and streets, $534.55.
For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration, administrative expenses, $8.65.
For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration, women's projects, $128.90.
For emergency relief, Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service, flood control and other conservation, 80 cents.
For emergency relief, Resettlement Administration, flood control and other conservation (transfer to Agriculture), $5.
For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration, parks and recreational facilities, $90.86.
For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration, public buildings (Federal projects), $767.25.
For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration, assistance for educational, professional, and clerical persons, $66.70.
For emergency relief, Agriculture, administrative expenses, $38.35.
For emergency relief, Commerce, Census, assistance for educational, professional, and clerical persons, $1.75.
For emergency relief, Agriculture, Forest Service, parks and recreational facilities, $47.25.
For emergency relief, Labor, United States Employment Service, administrative expenses, $4.60.
For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration, non-Federal projects approved prior to June 30, 1937, $2,155.88.
For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration, public buildings, parks, utilities, flood control, and so forth, $29.29.
For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration, assistance for educational, professional, and clerical persons, and so forth, $11.73.
For emergency relief, Agriculture, Farm Security Administration, rural rehabilitation, $1,436.46.
For emergency relief, Agriculture, Farm Security Administration, public buildings, parks, utilities, flood control, and so forth, $999.50.
For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration, National Youth Administration (Federal projects), $30.12.
For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration, administrative expenses, general, $54.79.
For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration, assistance for educational, professional, and clerical persons, and so forth, Federal projects, $1.45.
For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration, supply fund, $78.50.
For emergency relief, War, Quartermaster Corps, highways, roads, and streets, $3.20.
For emergency relief, War, Quartermaster Corps, public buildings, parks, utilities, flood control, and so forth, $13.12.
For emergency relief, Justice, administrative expenses, $10.
For emergency relief, Interior, National Park Service, public buildings, parks, utilities, flood control, and so forth, $101.17.
For emergency relief, Agriculture, agricultural economics, public buildings, parks, utilities, flood control, and so forth, $15.
For emergency relief, Treasury, Procurement Division, work relief supply fund, $3.61.
For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration, administrative expenses, project supervision, $10.50.
Post Office Department—Postal Service (out of the Postal Revenues): For contract air mail, $3,792.36.
For city delivery carriers, $37.50.
For clerks, first- and second-class post offices, $158.70.
For compensation to postmasters, $109.71.
For indemnities, domestic mail, $60.12.
For miscellaneous items, first- and second-class post offices, $16.
For operating force for public buildings, Post Office Department, $5.
For operating supplies for public buildings, Post Office Department, $87.38.
For payment of rewards, $25.
For post-office stationery, equipment, and supplies, $7.50.
For Railroad Mail Service, salaries, $414.01.
For railroad transportation and mail messenger service, $82.19.
For rent, light, and fuel, $927.01.
For rent, light, fuel, and water, $147.
For transportation of equipment and supplies, $4.82.
For Vehicle Service, $55.90.
For Village Delivery Service, $4.50.
Total, audited claims, section 204 (a), $257,527.56, together with such additional sum due to increases in rates of exchange as may be necessary to pay claims in the foreign currency and interest as specified in certain of the settlements of the General Accounting Office.

(b) For the payment of the following claims, certified to be due by the General Accounting Office under appropriations the balances of which have been carried to the surplus fund where the provisions of section 5 of the Act of June 20, 1874 (31 U. S. C. 713), and under appropriations heretofore treated as permanent, being for the service of the fiscal year 1938 and prior years, unless otherwise stated, and which have been certified to Congress under section 2 of the Act of July 7, 1884 (5 U. S. C. 266), as fully set forth in Senate Document Numbered 78, Seventy-seventh Congress, there is appropriated as follows:

Independent Offices: For operations under Mineral Act of October 5, 1918, $4,058.94.
For wage records, Social Security Board, 11 cents.
For salaries and expenses, Social Security Board, $2.71.
For salaries and expenses, Veterans' Administration, $10.70.

Department of Agriculture: For conservation and use of agricultural land resources, Department of Agriculture, $499.78.
For retirement of cotton pool participation trust certificates, Department of Agriculture, 1938—December 31, 1939, $41.62.
For exportation and domestic consumption of agricultural commodities, Department of Agriculture (transfer to Federal Surplus Commodities Corporation, Act June 28, 1937), $74.42.
For salaries and expenses, Soil Conservation Service, 58 cents.
For salaries and expenses, Forest Service, $5.59.
For elimination of diseased cattle, Department of Agriculture, $600.
For exportation and domestic consumption of agricultural commodities, Department of Agriculture, $4.58.
For acquisition of lands for protection of watersheds of navigable streams, $952.02.

For salaries and expenses, Bureau of Biological Survey, $16.96.
For Indian school support, $44.01.
For general expenses, Indian Service, $94.55.
For conservation of health among Indians, $76.89.
For Indian boarding schools, 49 cents.
For support of Indians and administration of Indian property, 59 cents.
For irrigation, Indian reservations (reimbursable), $2.26.
For expenses of organizing Indian corporations, $68.35.
For agriculture and stock raising among Indians, $65.63.
**Department of Justice:** For salaries and expenses, Immigration and Naturalization Service, $27.22.

**Navy Department:** For ordnance and ordnance stores, Bureau of Ordnance, $47,869.48.
For pay, subsistence, and transportation, Navy, $929.62.
For payment to officers and employees of the United States in foreign countries due to appreciation of foreign currencies (Navy), $57.14.
For engineering, Bureau of Engineering, $33,642.55.
For aviation, Navy, $1,780.20.
For maintenance, Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, 82 cents.

**Department of State:** For contingent expenses, Foreign Service, $505.
For foreign-service pay adjustment, appreciation of Foreign currencies (State), $19.33.
For transportation of Foreign Service officers, $63.04.

**Treasury Department:** For collecting the internal revenue, $1.59.
For stationery, Treasury Department, $1.18.

**War Department:** For Organized Reserves, 15 cents.
For Army transportation, $85.90.
For pay, etc., of the Army, $286.19.
For pay of the Army, $39.11.
For general appropriations, Quartermaster Corps, $2.38.
For clothing and equipage, $62.10.
For Air Corps, Army, $37.36.
For travel of the Army, $1.20.
For working fund, War, Chemical Warfare Service (Navy, construction repair), $984.98.
For Reserve Officers' Training Corps, $22.22.
For National Youth Administration (Federal projects), $68.97.

49 Stat. 1861.
50 Stat. 10.
48 Stat. 22.

For emergency conservation work (transfer to War, Act June 22, 1936), $64.70.
For emergency conservation work (transfer to War, Act February 9, 1937), $72.50.
For emergency conservation fund (transfer to War, Act March 31, 1933), $171.93.
For emergency conservation fund (transfer to War, Act June 19, 1934), $28.55.

**Emergency relief:** For emergency relief, $436.17.
For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration, administrative expenses, general, $35.70.
For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration, Federal projects approved prior to June 30, 1937, $241.33.
For emergency relief, Resettlement Administration, sanitation, prevention of soil erosion, and so forth (transfer to Agriculture), $3,229.
For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration, National Youth Administration (Federal projects), $68.97.
For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration, grants to States, and so forth, $86.46.
For emergency relief, Works Progress Administration, assistance for educational, professional, and clerical persons, $7.50.
For emergency relief, Resettlement Administration, rural rehabilitation (transfer to Agriculture), $63.50.
For emergency relief, Agriculture, Farm Security Administration, public buildings, parks, utilities, flood control, and so forth, $19,581.57.

Post Office Department—Postal Service (Out of the Postal Revenues): For clerks, first- and second-class post offices, $303.74.

For payment of rewards, $25.

Total, audited claims, section 204 (b), $96,630.37, together with such additional sum due to increases in rates of exchange as may be necessary to pay claims in the foreign currency and interest as specified in certain of the settlements of the General Accounting Office.

Sec. 205. For the payment of claims allowed by the General Accounting Office pursuant to the Act entitled “An Act for the relief of officers and soldiers of the volunteer service of the United States mustered into service for the War with Spain, and who were held in service in the Philippine Islands after the ratification of the treaty of peace, April 11, 1899”, approved May 2, 1940 (Public Act Numbered 505, Seventy-sixth Congress), which have been certified to Congress under section 2 of the Act of July 7, 1884 (U. S. C., title 5, sec. 266), under the War Department in Senate Document Numbered 79, and House Document Numbered 266 of the Seventy-seventh Congress, $285,456.79.

Sec. 206. For payment of the claim allowed by the General Accounting Office for payment of bounty for destruction of enemy’s vessels, provided in section 4655 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, as amended by the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934 (31 U. S. C., 725b), which has been certified to Congress in House Document Numbered 265 of the Seventy-seventh Congress, $28,571.

Sec. 207. For payment of the claims allowed by the General Accounting Office for extra pay to volunteers, War with Spain, and certified to Congress as provided by law, under the War Department, in House Document Numbered 268, Seventy-seventh Congress, $26.

Sec. 208. For payment of the claim allowed by the General Accounting Office for the payment of prize money to captors, Spanish War, as provided under sections 3689, 4613, and 4652 of the Revised Statutes, as amended by the Permanent Appropriation Repeal Act, 1934 (31 U. S. C., 725f), certified to Congress in House Document Numbered 276, Seventy-seventh Congress, $1.93.

**TITLE III—GENERAL PROVISIONS**

Sec. 301. Section 502 of the Act entitled “An Act making appropriations for the Department of State, the Department of Commerce, the Department of Justice, and the Federal Judiciary, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1942, and for other purposes”, is hereby amended, effective July 1, 1941, by inserting at the end thereof before the period the following: “: Provided, That this section shall not apply to the employment of interpreters in the Immigration and Naturalization Service (not to exceed ten permanent employees and such temporary employees as are required from time to time) where competent citizen interpreters are not available”.

Sec. 302. No appropriation or part of any appropriation available for obligation during the fiscal year 1942, including funds of Government-owned or controlled corporations, shall be used for granting within-grade salary advancements to any officer or employee of the Government of the United States, the District of Columbia, or of any such corporation, who is compensated on a per annum basis and who occupies a position the compensation of which is fixed (1) according to the schedules prescribed by the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, or (2) by Executive Order Numbered 6746, or
Proviso.

Persons advocating overthrow of U. S. Government.

Sec. 303. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used to pay the salary or wages of any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided, That for the purposes hereof an affidavit shall be considered prima facie evidence that the person making the affidavit does not advocate, and is not a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided further, That such administrative or supervisory employees of the various executive departments and other governmental agencies as may be designated for the purpose by the heads of the various executive departments and other governmental agencies are hereby authorized to administer the oaths to persons making affidavits referred to in this section and similar sections in other appropriation Acts, and they shall charge no fee for so doing: Provided further, That any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence and accepts employment the salary or wages for which are paid from any appropriation contained in this Act shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than $1,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both: Provided further, That the above penalty clause shall be in addition to, and not in substitution for, any other provisions of existing law.

Secc. 304. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act or authorized hereby to be expended (except as otherwise provided for herein) shall be used to pay the compensation of any officer or employee of the Government of the United States, whose post of duty is in Continental United States unless such person is a citizen of the United States, or a person in the service of the United States on the date of the approval of this Act who being eligible for citizenship had theretofore filed a declaration of intention to become a citizen or who owes allegiance to the United States.

Sec. 305. The appropriations and authority with respect to appropriations contained herein for the fiscal year 1942 and the appropriations and authority with respect to appropriations contained in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1942, the Labor-Federal Security Appropriation Act, 1942, the Legislative Branch Appropriation Act, 1942, and the Emergency Relief Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1942, shall be available from and including July 1, 1941, for the purposes respectively provided in such appropriations and authority. All obligations incurred during the period between June 30, 1941, and the respective dates of enactment of this Act and such other appropriation Acts in anticipation of such respective appropriations and authority are hereby ratified and confirmed if in accordance with the terms thereof.

Sec. 306. This Act may be cited as the "Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1941".

Approved, July 3, 1941.
CHAPTER 274

AN ACT

Authorizing the Secretary of the Interior to issue oil and gas leases on certain lands.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior is authorized and directed to issue leases under the provisions of section 19 of the Act of February 25, 1920 (41 Stat. 437), as amended, except as otherwise provided in this Act, covering lands within the area in Niobrara County, Wyoming, described as follows:

Southwest quarter section 25; south half section 26; southeast quarter, southeast quarter northwest quarter, and east half southwest quarter section 27; east half section 34; north half and southeast quarter section 35, all the foregoing in township 36 north, range 65 west, of the sixth principal meridian, and west half northeast quarter section 28, township 36 north, range 64 west, of the sixth principal meridian.

Such leases shall be issued to the respective oil and gas operators in possession of lands within the area described above on and prior to January 1, 1940, under placer-mining claims initiated prior to October 16, 1918, and shall inure to the benefit of all parties having contracts with the lessees or operators under such placer mining claims as their interests may appear. Each lease shall be dated as of January 1, 1940, and shall be for a term of ten years and so long thereafter as oil or gas is produced in paying quantities. Each lease shall reserve as royalty to the United States 12½ per centum of all the oil and gas produced except oil or gas used for production purposes or unavoidably lost. No lease shall issue unless (1) an application for lease be made within six months from the effective date of this Act; (2) the application covers all of the lands in the possession of the applicant within the area described above; (3) the applicant shows aggregate expenditures prior to January 1, 1940, by the applicant and his predecessors in interest of not less than $10,000 on or for the benefit of each claim upon which the application is based; and (4) the applicant shall pay to the United States as royalty 4 cents per barrel for all oil and one-fourth cent per thousand cubic feet for all gas produced from the claim prior to January 1, 1940, except oil or gas used for production purposes or unavoidably lost.

Approved, July 3, 1941.

[CHAPTER 275]

AN ACT

To amend section 2 of the Act of April 3, 1939 (53 Stat. 556), so as to make its provisions applicable to personnel of all components of the Army of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 2 of the Act of April 3, 1939 (53 Stat. 556), is hereby amended to read as follows:

SEC. 2. When the facilities of the Army for instruction and training in aviation are deemed by the Secretary of War to be insufficient he may, under such regulations as he may prescribe, and without reference to any limitation contained in section 127a of the National Defense Act, as amended (10 U. S. C. § 298a), by the applicant and his predecessors in interest of not less than $10,000 on or for the benefit of each claim upon which the application is based; and (4) the applicant shall pay to the United States as royalty 4 cents per barrel for all oil and one-fourth cent per thousand cubic feet for all gas produced from the claim prior to January 1, 1940, except oil or gas used for production purposes or unavoidably lost.

Approved, July 3, 1941.
industrial plants or other places as shall be best suited to enable such personnel to acquire a knowledge of or experience in the specialties incident to aviation in which the training of such personnel is essential: Provided, That no expense shall be incurred by the United States in addition to the authorized emoluments of the personnel so detailed except for the cost of tuition at such educational institutions, and the cost of maintenance of necessary personnel who may be detailed as supervisors or inspectors and of the equipment assigned to them for their official use: Provided further, That the tuition for the personnel during the period of their detail may be paid from any funds which may hereafter be made available for the procurement branches.

Approved, July 3, 1941.

[CHAPTER 276]

AN ACT

To amend section 2 of the Act of August 27, 1935, as amended.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 2 of the Act of August 27, 1935, as amended by the Act of June 20, 1936 (U. S. C., 1934 edition, Supp. V, title 46, sec. 88a), is amended by changing the period at the end thereof to a colon and by the addition immediately thereafter of the following: "Provided, however, That during the national emergency proclaimed by the President on May 27, 1941, to exist, but not after June 30, 1943, load lines may be established or marked on any vessel (except a passenger vessel) while engaged on a coastwise voyage by sea from port to port in the continental United States, which load line gives a lesser free board and less buoyance than the load line established by the International Treaty on Load Lines of 1930, when, in the opinion of the Secretary of Commerce, such load line will not be above the actual line of safety."

Approved, July 3, 1941.

[CHAPTER 277]

AN ACT

Granting the consent of Congress to the Norfolk and Western Railway Company to construct, maintain, and operate a bridge across the Tug Fork of Big Sandy River near Nolan, Mingo County, West Virginia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of Congress is hereby granted to the Norfolk and Western Railway Company, a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Virginia, and authorized to do business in the States of West Virginia and Kentucky, its successors and assigns, to construct, maintain, and operate a railroad bridge and approaches thereto across the Tug Fork of Big Sandy River at a point suitable to the interests of navigation near Nolan, West Virginia, where the said Tug Fork forms the boundary line between the States of West Virginia and Kentucky, in accordance with the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction of bridges over navigable waters", approved March 28, 1906.

Sec. 2. The right to sell, assign, transfer, and mortgage all the rights, powers, and privileges conferred by this Act is hereby granted to the Norfolk and Western Railway Company, its successors and assigns, and any corporation to which such rights, powers, and privileges may be sold, assigned, or transferred, or which shall acquire
the same by mortgage foreclosure or otherwise, is hereby authorized
to exercise the same as fully as though conferred herein directly upon
such corporation.

Sec. 3. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby
expressly reserved.

Approved, July 8, 1941.

[CHAPTER 278]

AN ACT

To amend section 353 (b) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the
United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 353
(b) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended (U. S. C., 1934
edition, Supp. V, title 47, sec. 353 (b)), is hereby amended by inserting
before the period at the end thereof a comma and the following:
"but during the emergency proclaimed by the President on Septem-
ber 8, 1939, to exist, but not after June 30, 1943, the aforesaid require-
ment of six months' previous service may be suspended or modified
by regulation or order of the Commission for successive periods of
not more than six months' duration".

Approved, July 8, 1941.

[CHAPTER 279]

AN ACT

Relating to the manning of certain vessels of five hundred gross tons and less.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the
United States of America in Congress assembled, That, notwithstanding any provision of section 13 of the Act of March 4, 1915, as
amended (U. S. C., 1934 edition, Supp. V, title 46, sec. 672), every person may be rated as an able seaman for the purpose of serving
on vessels of not more than five hundred gross tons, on bays and
sounds, when such vessels are not carrying passengers, who is nine-
teen years of age and upward and who has had at least twelve months
of service on deck at sea or on the Great Lakes or on the bays and
sounds connected directly with the seas.

Approved, July 8, 1941.

[CHAPTER 280]

AN ACT

Relating to the manning of certain sail vessels.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the
United States of America in Congress assembled, That the provi-
sions of section 13 of the Act of March 4, 1915, as amended (U. S. C.,
1934 edition, Supp. V, title 46, sec. 672), relating to the manning of
certain vessels, shall not apply to any sail vessel of less than five
hundred tons registered tonnage, while not carrying passengers for
hire, and while not operating outside the line dividing inland waters
from the high seas, as defined in section 2 of the Act of February 19,

Approved, July 8, 1941.
July 8, 1941
[H. J. Res. 22]
[Public Law 158]
West Virginia.

Conveyance of lands to state.

July 9, 1941
[Public Law 159]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to exchange the existing Coast Guard sites located at Miami Beach, Dade County, Florida, for Coast Guard purposes: Provided, That the title to any land acquired in this manner shall be subject to the approval of the Attorney General: Provided further, That any conveyance by the Government under this Act shall be by a quitclaim deed.

"Sec. 2. The Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to enter into such contracts, accept such bonds or other undertakings, and perform any and all other acts as he deems necessary to protect the interests of the United States in carrying out the provisions of this Act."

Approved, July 9, 1941.
[CHAPTER 283]  
AN ACT 
To amend the Act entitled "An Act to make unlawful the transportation of convict-made goods in interstate commerce, and for other purposes", approved October 14, 1940. 

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act entitled "An Act to make unlawful the transportation of convict-made goods in interstate commerce, and for other purposes", approved October 14, 1940, be amended by inserting after the words "Federal Government", occurring in the first proviso, the words "or the District of Columbia Government". 

Approved, July 9, 1941. 

[CHAPTER 284]  
AN ACT 
To establish a National Archives Trust Fund Board, and for other purposes. 

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "National Archives Trust Fund Board Act". 

Sec. 2. The board is hereby created and established, to be known as the National Archives Trust Fund Board (hereinafter referred to as the "Board"), which shall consist of the Archivist of the United States, as Chairman, and the chairman of the House Library Committee and the chairman of the Senate Library Committee. Membership on the Board shall not be deemed to be an office within the meaning of the statutes of the United States. 

Sec. 3. The Board is hereby authorized to accept, receive, hold, and administer such gifts or bequests of money, securities, or other personal property, for the benefit of or in connection with The National Archives, its collections, or its services, as may be approved by the Board. 

Sec. 4. Any moneys or securities composing trust funds given or bequeathed to the Board shall be receipted for by the Secretary of the Treasury, who shall invest, reinvest, and retain such moneys or securities as the Board may from time to time determine. The Board shall not engage in any business or exercise any voting privilege which may be incidental to securities in such trust funds, nor shall the Secretary of the Treasury make any investments for the account of the Board which could not lawfully be made by a trust company in the District of Columbia, except that he may make any investment directly authorized by the instrument of gift or bequest under which the funds to be invested are derived, and may retain any investments accepted by the Board. 

Sec. 5. The income from any trust funds held by the Board, and the money received and proceeds from the sale of securities and other personal property, as and when collected, shall be covered into the Treasury of the United States in a trust fund account to be known as the National Archives Trust Fund, subject to disbursement by the Division of Disbursement, Treasury Department, on the basis of certified vouchers of the Archivist or his duly authorized agent, except where otherwise restricted by the instrument of gift or bequest, for and in the interest of The National Archives, its collections, or its services, including but not restricted to the preparation and publication of special works and collections of sources and the preparation, duplication, editing, and release of Convict-made goods. 54 Stat. 1134. 18 U. S. C. § 396a. 

Approved, July 9, 1941.
historical photographic materials and sound recordings. The
Archivist may make sales of any such publications and releases
authorized by this section and paid for out of the income derived
from trust funds at a price which will cover their cost and 10 per
centum added, and all moneys received from such sales shall be
paid into, administered, and expended as a part of the trust fund
account herein provided for.

Sec. 6. The Board shall have all the usual powers and obligations
of a trustee with respect to all property and funds administered by
it, but the members of the Board shall not be personally liable, except
for malfeasance.

Sec. 7. Gifts and bequests received by the Board under the pro-
visions of this Act, and the income therefrom, shall be exempt from
all taxes.

Sec. 8. In carrying out the purposes of this Act, the Board shall
have authority—
(a) To adopt an official seal, which shall be judicially noticed;
(b) To appoint, or to authorize the Archivist to appoint, without
regard to the civil-service laws, all necessary employees, and to fix
their duties; and
(c) To adopt bylaws, rules, and regulations necessary for the
administration of its functions under this Act.

Sec. 9. No compensation shall be paid to the members of the
Board for their services as such members. All costs incurred by the
Board in carrying out its duties under this Act, including the expend-
itures necessarily made by the members of the Board in the perform-
ance of their duties and the compensation of persons employed by
the Board, shall be paid out of income from trust funds available to
the Board for the purpose. Unless otherwise restricted by the
instrument of gift or bequest, the Board, by resolution duly adopted,
may authorize the Archivist to use for such purposes, or for any
other purpose or purposes for which funds may be expended under
this Act, the principal of any gift or bequest accepted under this Act.

Sec. 10. The Board shall submit to the Congress an annual report
of the moneys, securities, and other personal property received and
held by it and of its operations.

Approved, July 9, 1941.

[CHAPTER 285]

AN ACT

To authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to exchange certain land owned by
the United States for a site for a road right-of-way needed for access to the
Coast Guard Light Station Reservation, Au Sable, Michigan.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the
United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary
of the Treasury be, and is hereby authorized to exchange all of that
certain tract of land west of Hurricane River situated in lot 2, section
3, township 49 north, range 15 west, Alger County, Michigan,
containing two and seventeen one-hundredths acres, more or less,
constituting a part of the Coast Guard Light Station Reservation,
Au Sable, Michigan, for a tract of land for a road right-of-way
described as follows: A strip of land sixty-six feet in width and five
hundred and five feet in length, more or less, lying thirty-three feet
on each side of a center line commencing at a point on the southerly
section line of said section 3, forty-five and three-tenths feet true
west from the one-quarter post of sections 3 and 10; thence south
forty-two degrees no minutes east forty-eight and four-tenths feet;
thence around a twenty-five-degree curve to the right, two hundred

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Coast Guard sta-
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right-of-way.
and six and four-tenths feet; thence south nine degrees thirty-six minutes west twenty-one and eight-tenths feet; thence around a forty-six-degree curve to the left one hundred and forty-seven and no tenths feet; thence south fifty-seven degrees fifty-seven minutes east eighty-one and four-tenths feet to the west right-of-way line of the existing road, containing in all seventy-seven one-hundredths acre, more or less: Provided, That title to the land to be acquired shall be subject to the approval of the Attorney General: Provided further, That the conveyance of the land of the United States shall be by quitclaim deed.

Approved, July 9, 1941.

[CHAPTER 287]

AN ACT

To prohibit prostitution within such reasonable distance of military and/or naval establishments as the Secretaries of War and/or Navy shall determine to be needful to the efficiency, health, and welfare of the Army and/or Navy.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That until May 15, 1945, it shall be unlawful, within such reasonable distance of any military or naval camp, station, fort, post, yard, base, cantonment, training or mobilization place as the Secretaries of War and/or Navy shall determine to be needful to the efficiency, health, and welfare of the Army and/or Navy, and shall designate and publish in general orders or bulletins, to engage in prostitution or to aid or abet prostitution or to procure or solicit for the purposes of prostitution, or to keep or set up a house of ill fame, brothel, or bawdy house, or to receive any person for purposes of lewdness, assignation, or prostitution into any vehicle, conveyance, place, structure, or building, or to permit any person to remain for the purpose of lewdness, assignation, or prostitution in any vehicle, conveyance, place, structure, or building or to lease, or rent, or contract to lease or rent any vehicle, conveyance, place, structure, or building, or part thereof, knowing or with good reason to know that it is intended to be used for any of the purposes herein prohibited; and any person, corporation, partnership, or association violating the provisions of this Act shall, unless otherwise punishable under the Articles of War or the Articles for the Government of the Navy, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and be punished by a fine of not more than $1,000, or by imprisonment for not more than one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment, and any person subject to military or naval law violating this Act shall be punished as provided by the Articles of War or the Articles for the Government of the Navy, and the Secretaries of War and of the Navy and the Federal Security Administrator are each hereby authorized and directed to take such steps as they deem necessary to suppress and prevent the violation thereof, and to accept the cooperation of the authorities of States and their counties, districts, and other political subdivisions in carrying out the purposes of this Act: Provided, That nothing in this Act shall be construed as conferring on the personnel of the War or Navy Department or the Federal Security Agency any authority to make criminal investigations, searches, seizures, or arrests of civilians charged with violations of this Act.

Approved, July 11, 1941.
[CHAPTER 288]  
AN ACT

Authorizing the construction of a crypt for the remains of Gutzon and Mary Borglum.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Mount Rushmore National Memorial Commission, organized under the authority of Public, Numbered 629, Seventy-fifth Congress, is hereby authorized to construct a crypt which shall serve as the permanent resting place for the remains of Gutzon and Mary Borglum, of such a design and at such place in Mount Rushmore National Memorial as the Commission deems appropriate after consultation with the Secretary of the Interior: Provided, That such crypt shall not be located in the immediate vicinity of the central figures of such Memorial.

Sec. 2. The cost of the tomb authorized by this Act shall be borne entirely from funds privately subscribed.

Approved, July 11, 1941.

[CHAPTER 289]  
AN ACT

To supplement the navigation laws and facilitate the maintenance of discipline on board vessels of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) whoever brings on board, or has in his possession or control on board, any vessel of the United States, while engaged on a foreign voyage, any narcotic drug not constituting a part of the cargo entered in the manifest or part of the ship stores, shall be fined not more than $5,000 or be imprisoned for not more than five years, or both.

(b) As used in subsection (a) "narcotic drug" means any narcotic drug as now or hereafter defined by the Narcotic Drugs Import and Export Act, or any substance in respect of which a tax is imposed pursuant to chapter 23 of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended, or pursuant to any regulations thereunder.

Sec. 2. This Act shall take effect thirty days after the date of its enactment.

Approved, July 11, 1941.

[CHAPTER 290]  
AN ACT

To amend and clarify certain Acts pertaining to the Coast Guard, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 2 of the Act of August 28, 1916 (39 Stat. 538; U. S. C., title 33, sec. 732), is hereby amended to read as follows:

"The Secretary of the Treasury is authorized, whenever he shall deem it advisable, to exchange any right-of-way of the United States in connection with lands pertaining to the United States Coast Guard for such other right-of-way as may be advantageous to the Service, under such terms and conditions as he may deem to be for the best interests of the Government; and in case any expenses, not exceeding the sum of $500, are incurred by the United States in making such exchange, the same shall be payable from the appropriation 'Coast Guard, General Expenses' for the fiscal year during which such exchange shall be effected."
SEC. 2. Section 2 of the Act of August 16, 1937 (50 Stat. 667; U. S. C., Supp. V, title 33, sec. 721a), is hereby amended by striking out the words "Lighthouse Service" wherever they appear and substituting therefor the words "Coast Guard", and by adding a new sentence at the end thereof as follows: "In the event such payment is deposited subsequent to payment by the Coast Guard from appropriated funds to the person or persons repairing or replacing the damaged property, such payment shall be deposited to the credit of the appropriation current at the time the collection is made."

SEC. 3. (a) The Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized, during the national emergency declared by the President on September 8, 1939, to exist, to negotiate contracts on behalf of the Coast Guard for the acquisition, construction, repair, or alteration of complete Coast Guard vessels or aircraft, or any portion thereof, including plans, spare parts, and equipment therefor, that have been or may be authorized, and also for machine tools and other similar equipment on the same basis and subject to the same limitations, and with the same privilege of priority in deliveries as is provided for similar contracts authorized to be negotiated by the Secretary of the Navy by section 2 (a) of the Act of June 28, 1940 (Public, Numbered 671, Seventy-sixth Congress, third session).

(b) The Act of August 24, 1935 (49 Stat. 793; U. S. C., Supp. V, title 40, secs. 270a–270d), may, in the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury, be waived with respect to contracts for the purposes enumerated in paragraph (a) of this section.

SEC. 4. The joint resolution of May 5, 1894 (28 Stat. 582; U. S. C., title 31, sec. 542), is hereby repealed.

SEC. 5. Section 1 of the Act of January 28, 1915 (38 Stat. 800; U. S. C., title 14, sec. 1), is hereby amended by striking out the words "which shall constitute a part of the military forces of the United States" appearing immediately after the words "Coast Guard" in the first sentence thereof and substituting therefor the following: "which shall be a military service and constitute a branch of the land and naval forces of the United States at all times".

SEC. 6. (a) Section 1 of the Act of January 28, 1915, is hereby further amended by striking out so much of the second sentence thereof as precedes the proviso and substituting therefor the following: "Whenever the Coast Guard or any units thereof are transferred to the Navy Department, applicable appropriations of the Navy Department shall be available for the expenses thereof: Provided, That the applicable appropriations of the Coast Guard shall be available for transfer to the Navy Department for such expenses in such amount or amounts as the Director of the Bureau of the Budget shall determine:"; and by adding the word "further" after the word "Provided" where it last appears in said section.

(b) The paragraph of the Act of August 29, 1916 (39 Stat. 600; U. S. C., title 14, sec. 4), relating to reimbursement of naval appropriations for expenses of the Coast Guard, is hereby repealed.

SEC. 7. Section 1 of the Act of June 22, 1936 (49 Stat. 1820; U. S. C., Supp. V, title 14, sec. 45), is hereby amended by striking out the proviso at the end of the first sentence thereof and substituting a period for the colon immediately preceding such proviso; and section 4 of said Act (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 14, sec. 48), is hereby amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 4. Any officer of the Coast Guard enumerated in section 1 of this Act may be designated by the Commandant of the Coast Guard as captain of the port for such port or ports or adjacent navigable waters of the United States as he deems necessary to facilitate execution of the duties prescribed by this Act."
SEC. 8. Section 1 of the Act of May 26, 1906 (34 Stat. 200), as amended (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 14, sec. 35), is hereby further amended by substituting the word "four" for "three" in subparagraph (a); by changing the phrase "one, two, or three full years" in subparagraph (b) to "one, two, three, or four full years"; by deleting subparagraph (c); and by adding two new subparagraphs, (c) and (d), reading as follows:

"(c) Under such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury shall prescribe, an enlisted man may be detained in the Coast Guard beyond the term of his enlistment—

1. until the first arrival of the vessel on which he is serving at its permanent station, or at a port in a State of the United States or in the District of Columbia;

2. until the first arrival of an enlisted man attached to a shore station beyond the continental limits of the United States or in Alaska at a port in any State of the United States or in the District of Columbia where his reenlistment or discharge may be effected, or until he can be discharged or reenlisted at his station beyond the continental limits of the United States or in Alaska, whichever is earlier, but in no event to exceed three months;

3. with his consent, while undergoing medical or hospital treatment for injury, sickness, or disease incurred incident to service, until a final determination is made with reference to his eligibility for reenlistment, retirement, or discharge, but in no event to exceed six months;

4. while awaiting disciplinary action or trial and disposition of his case;

5. for a period of not exceeding thirty days in other cases not specifically covered by this section, when essential to the public interests: Provided, That the determination that such detention is essential to the public interests, made in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury, shall be final and conclusive.

"(d) Any person detained in the Coast Guard, as provided in subparagraph (c) of this section, shall be entitled to receive pay and allowances and benefits under the same conditions as though his enlistment period had not expired, and shall be subject in all respects to the laws and regulations for the government of the Coast Guard until his discharge therefrom: Provided, That enlisted men detained under the provisions of subparagraph (c) 1 of this section shall be entitled to the pay and allowances provided for enlisted personnel of the Navy detained under similar circumstances: Provided further, That pay or allowances shall not accrue for any period beyond the term of enlistment in the case of an enlisted person detained in accordance with subparagraph (c) 4 of this section if the trial results in conviction."

SEC. 9. (a) The Act of May 27, 1908 (35 Stat. 417), as amended (U. S. C., title 39, sec. 134), is hereby further amended to read as follows:

"Enlisted men of the United States Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard may, upon selection by the Secretary of the Navy in the case of the Navy or Marine Corps, and by the Secretary of the Treasury in the case of the Coast Guard, be designated by the Post Office Department as, 'Navy mail clerks' and 'assistant Navy mail clerks' and as 'Coast Guard mail clerks' and 'assistant Coast Guard mail clerks', who shall be authorized to receive and open all pouches and sacks of mail addressed to naval and Coast Guard vessels, as the case may be, to make proper delivery of such mail, to receive matter for trans-
mission in the mails, to receipt for registered matter (keeping an accurate record thereof), to keep and have for sale an adequate supply of postage stamps, to make up and dispatch mails, and other postal duties as may be authorized by the Postmaster General, all in accordance with such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the commanding officer of the vessel or of the squadron to which the vessel is attached. Such enlisted men may also be designated as Navy mail clerks and assistant Navy mail clerks and as Coast Guard mail clerks and assistant Coast Guard mail clerks with expeditionary forces on shore or for duty at stations and shore establishments under the Navy Department and the Treasury Department, respectively, where the services of such mail clerks and assistant mail clerks are necessary. Each mail clerk and assistant mail clerk shall take the oath of office prescribed for employees of the Postal Service and shall be amenable in all respects to naval and Coast Guard discipline, as the case may be, except that, as to their duties as such clerks, the commanding officers of the vessels upon which they are stationed shall require them to be governed by the postal laws and regulations of the United States. Whenever necessity arises therefor any assistant mail clerk may be required by the commanding officer of the vessel upon which he is stationed or of the squadron to which said vessel is attached to perform the duties of mail clerk. They shall receive as compensation for such services from the Navy Department or from the Treasury Department, as the case may be, in addition to that paid them of the grade to which they are assigned, such sum in the case of mail clerks not to exceed $500 per annum, and in that of assistant mail clerks not to exceed $300 per annum, as may be determined and allowed by the Navy Department and by the Treasury Department, respectively."

(b) Section 5 of the Act of August 24, 1912 (37 Stat. 554; U. S. C., title 39, sec. 135), is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Every Navy mail clerk and assistant Navy mail clerk and every Coast Guard mail clerk and assistant Coast Guard mail clerk shall give bond to the United States in such penal sum as the Postmaster General may deem sufficient for the faithful performance of his duties as such clerk."

Sec. 10. The Coast Guard Auxiliary and Reserve Act of 1941 (Public, Numbered 8, Seventy-seventh Congress), is hereby amended as follows:

(1) Section 9. Delete the last sentence and substitute therefor: "Any member performing such service shall, upon authorization by the Commandant, be entitled to actual necessary traveling expense, including subsistence or a per diem in lieu thereof, as prescribed for civilian employees of the Government."

(2) Section 202. Insert a comma after the word "Reserve" in the first line and add the phrase "which shall be a component part of the Coast Guard."

(3) Section 205. Add the following language at the end of said section:

"In time of peace members of the Coast Guard Reserve may, with their consent, be given additional training or other duty either with or without pay, as may be authorized by the Secretary of the Treasury. When authorized training or other duty without pay is performed by members of the Reserve they may, in the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury, be furnished with transportation to and from such duty, with subsistence and transfers en route and, during the performance of such duty, be furnished subsistence in kind or commutation thereof at a rate to be fixed from time to time by the Secretary of the Treasury."
(4) Section 206. Delete the first sentence and substitute therefor the following:

“Commissioned officers, chief warrant officers, warrant officers, and enlisted men of the Reserve when engaged on active duty, on active duty while undergoing training, on training duty with pay, or when engaged in authorized travel to or from such duty, shall receive the same pay and allowances as are received by commissioned officers, chief warrant officers, warrant officers, and enlisted men of the Naval Reserve of the same rank, grade, rating, and length of service.”

(5) Section 210. Delete the entire section and substitute therefor the following:

“Upon first reporting for active or training duty with pay at a location where uniforms are required to be worn, a commissioned or warrant officer of the Reserve shall be paid a sum not to exceed $100 as reimbursement for the purchase of the required uniforms, and thereafter he shall be paid an additional sum of $50 for the same purpose upon completion of each period of not less than four years in the Reserve: Provided, That this latter amount of $50 shall not become due any officer until called to active or training duty after the expiration of the previous four-year period: Provided further, That in time of war or national emergency a further sum of $150 for the purchase of required uniforms shall be paid to officers of the Reserve when they first report for active duty: Provided further, That the Secretary of the Treasury shall prescribe regulations governing the conditions and requirements under which this allowance shall be payable to temporary members of the Reserve. Enlisted men of the Reserve may be allowed the cost of, or issued such items of uniforms, bedding, and equipment as may be prescribed by the Commandant: Provided further, That the value of such allowances or of items so issued to any person during any three-year period shall not exceed $100: And provided further, That notwithstanding the foregoing limitation upon first reporting for active duty, in time of war or national emergency, enlisted men of the Reserve may be issued such additional articles as are required to give them the same outfit as is authorized for enlisted personnel of the regular Coast Guard upon first enlistment.”

Approved, July 11, 1941.

[CHAPTER 291]  

AN ACT  

To authorize the Secretary of War to exchange certain land located within the Fort Missoula Military Reservation, Montana, for certain land owned by the Missoula Chamber of Commerce, of Missoula, Montana.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War is authorized to transfer, subject to such conditions, covenants, reservations, and exceptions as he shall prescribe, to the Missoula Chamber of Commerce, of Missoula, Montana, all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to a parcel of land, described in subsection (a) of this Act, located within the boundaries of the Fort Missoula Military Reservation, Montana, in exchange for title to certain land, described in subsection (b) of this Act, from the Missoula Chamber of Commerce, of Missoula, Montana.

(a) The following-described land, located in section 31, township 19 north, range 19 west, Montana principal meridian, containing ninety-one and fifty-two one hundredths acres, more or less: Beginning at a point on the south section line of section 31, township 19

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north, range 19 west, fifty-nine and eight-tenths feet east of the south quarter corner of said section 31; said section line also being a part of the third standard parallel north of the Montana principal meridian; thence north fifty-one degrees ten minutes east a distance of one thousand nine hundred seventy-six and nine-tenths feet; thence north fifty-seven degrees forty-three minutes west a distance of one thousand eight hundred fifty and three-tenths feet; thence south thirty-one degrees thirty minutes west a distance of six hundred sixty-two and nine-tenths feet; thence south seventy-seven degrees forty-six minutes west a distance of one thousand seventy-five and seven-tenths feet; thence south thirty-three degrees seventeen minutes west a distance of two hundred eleven and one-tenth feet; thence east along south section line of said section 31, township 13 north, range 19 west, a distance of seven hundred forty-four and one-tenth feet to the point of beginning.

(b) The following-described land, containing four hundred acres, more or less: The west half of the northeast quarter and the west half of section 8, township 12 north, range 20 west, Montana principal meridian.

Approved, July 14, 1941.

[CHAPTER 292]
AN ACT

To authorize the course of instruction at the United States Naval Academy to be given to not exceeding twenty persons at a time from the American republics, other than the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy is hereby authorized to permit, upon designation of the President of the United States, not exceeding twenty persons at a time from the American republics (other than the United States) to receive instruction at the United States Naval Academy at Annapolis, Maryland. Not more than three persons from any of such republics shall receive instruction under authority of this Act at the same time. The persons receiving instruction under authority of this Act shall receive the same pay, allowances, and emoluments, to be paid from the same appropriations, and, subject to such exceptions as may be determined by the Secretary of the Navy, shall be subject to the same rules and regulations governing admission, attendance, discipline, resignation, discharge, dismissal, and graduation, as midshipmen at the Naval Academy appointed from the United States; but such persons shall not be entitled to appointment to any office or position in the United States Navy by reason of their graduation from the Naval Academy.

Approved, July 14, 1941.
[CHAPTER 293]  
To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Mississippi River at or near Friar Point, Mississippi, and Helena, Arkansas.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Mississippi River at or near Friar Point, Mississippi, and Helena, Arkansas, authorized to be built by the Arkansas-Mississippi Bridge Commission and its successors and assigns by an Act of Congress, approved May 17, 1939, heretofore extended by an Act of Congress, approved May 27, 1940, are hereby further extended one and three years, respectively, from the date of approval of this Act.

Sec. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, July 14, 1941.

[CHAPTER 294]  
To revive and reenact the Act entitled "An Act authorizing the village of Cassville, Wisconsin, or its assigns, to construct, maintain, and operate a toll bridge across the Mississippi River at or near Cassville, Wisconsin, and to a place at or near the village of Guttenberg, Iowa", approved August 7, 1939.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the Act approved August 7, 1939, authorizing the village of Cassville, Wisconsin, or its assigns, to construct, maintain, and operate a toll bridge across the Mississippi River at or near Cassville, Wisconsin, and to a place at or near the village of Guttenberg, Iowa, be, and is hereby, revived and reenacted: Provided, That this Act shall be null and void unless the actual construction of the bridge herein referred to be commenced within one year and completed within three years from the date of approval hereof.

Sec. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, July 14, 1941.

[CHAPTER 295]  
To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Columbia River at Astoria, Clatsop County, Oregon.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Columbia River at Astoria, Clatsop County, Oregon, authorized to be built by the Oregon-Washington Bridge Board of Trustees by an Act of Congress approved June 13, 1934, as amended, as heretofore extended by Acts of Congress approved August 30, 1935, January 27, 1936, August 5, 1937, May 28, 1938, August 5, 1939, and December 16, 1940, are further extended one and three years, respectively, from June 13, 1941.

Sec. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, July 14, 1941.
[CHAPTER 296] AN ACT

To amend an Act entitled "An Act authorizing the temporary detail of John L. Savage, an employee of the United States, to service under the government of the State of New South Wales, Australia, and the government of the Punjab, India" (Act of June 29, 1940, Public, Numbered 678, Seventy-sixth Congress, third session).

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act entitled "An Act authorizing the temporary detail of John L. Savage, an employee of the United States, to service under the government of the State of New South Wales, Australia, and the government of the Punjab, India," approved June 29, 1940 (Public, Numbered 678, Seventy-sixth Congress, third session), is hereby amended by striking out the words "State of New South Wales, Australia," and by inserting in lieu thereof the words: "Commonwealth of Australia".

Approved, July 14, 1941.

[CHAPTER 297] AN ACT

To provide for priorities in transportation by merchant vessels in the interests of national defense, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That during the emergency declared by the President on May 27, 1941, to exist but not after June 30, 1943, the President may, notwithstanding any other provisions of law, whenever he deems it in the interest of national defense, including the maintenance of essential supplies and services, authorize the United States Maritime Commission to issue warrants as hereinafter provided with respect to any vessel documented under the laws of the United States or any vessel not so documented but owned by a citizen of the United States. Such warrants may also be issued to foreign-flag vessels not owned by citizens of the United States upon application therefor by the owner of said vessel or the charterer thereof on behalf of such owner. Such application shall be in such form as the United States Maritime Commission may prescribe. All warrants shall be issued and may be revoked pursuant to regulations issued by the United States Maritime Commission with the approval of the President.

SEC. 2. The warrants to be issued pursuant to this Act shall be in such form as the Maritime Commission shall prescribe, and shall set forth the conditions to be complied with by the affected vessel as a condition to receiving the priorities and other advantages provided in this Act, by reference to an undertaking of the owner or charterer with respect to the trades in which such vessel shall be employed, the voyages which it shall undertake, the class or classes of cargo or passengers to be carried, the fair and reasonable maximum rate of charter-hire or equivalent, and such incidental and supplementary matters as appear to the United States Maritime Commission to be necessary or expedient for the purposes of the warrant. Nothing in this Act shall authorize the United States Maritime Commission to require the owner or charterer to relinquish the manning, storing, victualing, supplying, fueling, maintaining, or repairing of his vessel to any other person or persons. Nothing in this Act shall be deemed to alter, amend, or repeal any of the coastwise laws of the United States.
Priorities in use of certain facilities, etc.

Priorities in importation and transportation.

Priorities.

No unjust discrimination.

Coastwise transportation of coal.

“Citizen of the United States.”

Penal provision.

Proviso.

Jurisdiction of prosecution.

SEC. 3. Vessels holding warrants issued pursuant to this Act shall be entitled to priority over merchant vessels not holding such warrants, with respect to the use of facilities for loading, discharging, lighterage or storage of cargoes, the procurement of bunker fuel or coal, and the towing, overhauling, drydocking or repair of such vessels. Vessels holding warrants shall have such priority as among themselves, as the United States Maritime Commission shall determine to be necessary and advisable in the interests of national defense, or as may be specified in the warrants. Persons in the United States, including the Philippine Islands and the Canal Zone, furnishing any of the above-mentioned facilities shall be authorized, and under rules and regulations prescribed by the United States Maritime Commission with the approval of the President may be required, to grant such priorities, anything in any contract whether heretofore or hereafter made to the contrary notwithstanding.

SEC. 4. In the administration of this Act it shall be the policy of the Commission to make fair and reasonable provision for priorities with respect to (1) the importation of substantial quantities of strategic and critical materials, (2) the transportation of substantial quantities of materials when such transportation is requested by any defense agency, and (3) the transportation in the foreign or domestic commerce of the United States of substantial quantities of materials deemed by the Commission to be essential to the defense of the United States: Provided, That there shall be no unjust discrimination between ports of the United States. Nothing in this Act shall authorize the exaction of any sum from the holder of a warrant solely for the privilege of carrying cargo on any route. Vessels that on January 1, 1941, were engaged primarily in the coastwise transportation of coal for national defense and domestic consumption shall be granted warrants only so long as they continue in the same service as of said date, except that in case any such vessel ceased, before June 15, 1941, to engage in such transportation of coal and before such date became principally engaged in the transportation of defense materials, the Commission may grant such vessel a warrant for such service as it deems suitable pursuant to section 2.

SEC. 5. The term “citizen of the United States” as used in this Act includes corporations, partnerships, and associations existing, authorized, or organized under the laws of the United States or any State, district, Territory, or possession thereof.

SEC. 6. Whoever willfully violates any rule, regulation, or order issued under the authority conferred herein shall be punished by a fine of not more than $5,000, or by imprisonment for not more than two years or both: Provided, That the District Court of the Canal Zone and the several courts of first instance of the Commonwealth of the Philippine Islands shall have jurisdiction over offenses committed against the provisions of this Act within the Canal Zone and the Philippine Islands, respectively.

Approved, July 14, 1941.
Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 6 of the Act entitled "An Act conferring jurisdiction upon the United States Court of Claims to hear, examine, adjudicate, and render judgment on any and all claims which the Ute Indians or any tribe or band thereof may have against the United States, and for other purposes", approved June 28, 1938.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 6 of the Act entitled "An Act conferring jurisdiction upon the United States Court of Claims to hear, examine, adjudicate, and render judgment on any and all claims which the Ute Indians or any tribe or band thereof may have against the United States, and for other purposes", approved June 28, 1938, is hereby amended by striking out the words "anything in any other Acts of Congress to the contrary notwithstanding" and inserting in lieu thereof a period and the fol-
lowing: “Anything in any other Acts of Congress to the contrary notwithstanding”; by striking out “range 35” wherever it appears in such section and inserting in lieu thereof the following: “township 35 north”; by striking out the word “of” following the word “ownership” appearing in the first proviso of the said section; and by striking out the word “constituent” in section 1 and inserting in lieu the word “constituent”.

Approved, July 15, 1941.

[CHAPTER 301]  
AN ACT  
To ratify a lease entered into by certain Mission Indians of California.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That a lease bearing date of December 8, 1939, between the Agua Caliente or Palm Springs Band of Mission Indians of California and the city of Palm Springs, California, in the following words, is hereby ratified and confirmed subject, however, to the conditions stated in section 2 hereof:

This indenture of lease executed at Palm Springs, California, as of the 4th day of December, 1939, by and between the Agua Caliente or Palm Springs Band of Mission Indians of California, the party of the first part hereinafter referred to as lessor and the City of Palm Springs, a municipal corporation of the State of California, the party of the second part, hereinafter referred to as lessee, both of said parties being within the County of Riverside, State of California.
Witnesseth, that the lessor hereby leases to the lessee the land and premises in the City of Palm Springs, County of Riverside, State of California, described as Section 18, Township 4 South, Range 5 East of the San Bernardino Base and Meridian, for a term of twenty-five years beginning on the first day of January, 1941, and ending on the 31st day of December, 1965, for the rental for said premises for said term which the lessee agrees to pay to the lessor which shall be ten percent of the gross receipts of the lessee for the use of said premises during said term, it being agreed, however, that the minimum rental which the lessee shall pay the lessor shall be the sum of $640.00 per annum, payable in advance on or before the 31st day of January of each year of the term of this lease, and that during the Month of January, 1942, and the month of January of each year thereafter of said term, the lessee shall furnish to the lessor a sworn statement of the gross receipts received by the lessee for the use of said premises for the preceding year, and on or before the 31st day of said month of January in each said year of the term of this lease the lessee shall pay to the lessor in addition to said sum of $640.00 an amount equal to ten percent of the excess, if any, of said gross receipts over and above the sum of $6,400.00.

The term gross receipts as used herein for the purpose of calculating the amount of said rental is herein defined as being all sums of money received by the lessee for the use of said premises for the purposes herein specified during each annual period of the term of this lease.

Said demised premises shall be used by the lessee and its sub-lessees for public airport and other uses and purposes.

Upon the termination of this lease by surrender by the lessee or by dispossession of the lessee by the lessor or by any authority superior to the lessor, all rent and liabilities of the lessee accruing thereafter shall cease and the lessee may within a period of sixty days remove any and all improvements placed upon said premises during the term of said lease save and except buildings permanently affixed to the land, but, upon failure to remove same within that period, any improvements remaining thereon shall become the property of the Agua Caliente Band of Indians.

It is expressly understood and agreed by and between the parties hereto that the lessor does not assume any responsibility for damage caused, either directly or indirectly, by any operations of the lessee under this contract, and the lessee hereby agrees to hold the lessor harmless for any damage which may result from the operations of the lessee, or of its employees or agents under this lease, whether the acts causing such damage be negligent or otherwise.

The lessee must comply with all State, sanitary, health, and housing regulations.

The lessee agrees that it will not use, or permit to be used any part of the premises for the manufacture, sale, gift, storage, or drinking of intoxicating liquor or beverages, so long as these are prohibited by law upon the demised premises.

This lease may be cancelled by the lessor at the discretion of and with the approval of the Secretary of the Interior for failure of the lessee to comply with any of the terms thereof.

The rental herein required to be paid by the lessee to the lessor for the use of said premises during said term shall be paid to the legally authorized agent of the lessor entitled by law to receive the same and receipt therefor, and such payment shall be a full discharge of the lessee therefor.

It is agreed that the lessee may enter upon said premises immediately upon the lawful ratification and approval hereof, and prior to
the beginning of said term for the purpose of improving and pre-
paring said premises for use as an airport.

In witness whereof the parties hereunto have subscribed their
names and affixed their seals as of the day first hereinafore men-
tioned. (Executed in quintuplicate—five copies.)

AGUA CALIENTE OR PALM SPRINGS BAND OF
MISSION INDIANS OF CALIFORNIA.

(BY) Willie Marcus Belardo, Chairman; Lee Arenas, Vice-
Chairman; Lena C. Welmas, Secretary; Juana S. Hatchett, Member of Council; Clemente Segundo, Member of Council; Carrie Pierce Casaro; Francisco Patencio; Viola J. Hatchett; Frank Morro; John Joseph Andreas; John Joseph Patencio; John Anthony Andreas; Moreno Patencio; Ramon Manuel; Santos Albert Patencio; Eliteria Arenas Nicholson; Marcus J. Pete; Florida Patencio Roxey; Anna J. Pierce; Cecelia Patencio Roxey; Baristo Sol Santiago; Gene-
vieve P. St. Marie; Virginia Patencio Siva; Ramalda Lugo Taylor; Augusta Patencio Torro; Matild Paten-
cio Welmas; Frank Segundo.

CITY OF PALM SPRINGS, CALIFORNIA,

By PHILIP L. BOYD, Mayor.

GUY PINNEY, City Clerk.

I, Clemente Segundo, hereby certify that all the persons named
as signers on the lease of the Agua Caliente or Palm Springs Band
of Mission Indians for Section 18, Township 4 South, Range 5 East,
Riverside County, California, are all duly enrolled and qualified
members of said Band; that they have read or had read to them and
interpreted to them said lease, made to the City of Palm Springs,
California; that they have expressed their understanding of the same
and desire to have the same approved and put into effect for the
mutual benefit of all, both the Indians and white residents of the said
City. That the terms were explained and approved by all signers.
Witness my hand this 6th day of December, 1939.

CLEMENTE SEGUNDO.

I, Lena Welmas, hereby certify that I am the Acting Secretary
for the Agua Caliente or Palm Springs Band of Mission Indians of
California, and Secretary of the Acting Council. That I certify
that all the persons named as signers of the foregoing described lease
are Indians qualified to sign the same, and that the said lease has
been thoroughly discussed and read, and explained, particularly to
those who could not read or understand the English language. Par-
ticular care has been exercised to give a thorough explanation to
those not understanding the English language. That I have per-
sonally seen to giving full explanations as to the same.
Witness my hand and seal this 6th day of December, 1939, at Palm
Springs, California.

LENA C. WELMAS.

Approved.

WILLIE MARCUS BELARDO, Chairman.

Sec. 2. No assignment of the foregoing lease shall become effective
until approved by the Secretary of the Interior or his authorized
representative, and all revenues payable to the Agua Caliente or Palm
Springs Band of Mission Indians under the terms of said lease or any
assignment thereof shall be remitted to the superintendent or other
officer in charge of the Agua Caliente or Palm Springs reservation,
and distributed in per capita payments as authorized by section 2 of the Act of August 25, 1937, Public, Numbered 375, Seventy-fifth Congress.

The construction, maintenance, and operation of any airport on the land covered by said lease shall conform to such requirements as may be prescribed by the Civil Aeronautics Authority.

Approved, July 15, 1941.

[CHAPTER 302]

AN ACT

To authorize the construction of Coast Guard cutters necessary in the interest of national defense and for performance of Coast Guard duties, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, in the interest of national defense, and to provide necessary facilities for the Coast Guard for the performance of its prescribed duties, the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to construct and equip thirteen Coast Guard cutters, three of which shall be especially designed for ice breaking in the Arctic regions.

Sec. 2. The President is authorized and empowered, in the interest of the national defense, through the Commandant of the Coast Guard, to purchase, charter, requisition the use of, or the possession of, for the use of the Coast Guard in the training of Coast Guard cadets and merchant marine personnel, any foreign vessel designed as a merchant marine training ship, which is lying idle in waters within the jurisdiction of the United States: Provided, That the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 6, 1941 (Public, Numbered 101, Seventy-seventh Congress), except the third and fourth provisos of section 1 thereof, applicable to foreign merchant vessels shall be applicable to any foreign vessel acquired under this section.

Sec. 3. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, such amount as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this Act.

Approved, July 15, 1941.

[CHAPTER 303]

JOINT RESOLUTION

Making an additional appropriation for the Tennessee Valley Authority for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1942.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the sum of $40,000,000 is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, as an additional amount for the Tennessee Valley Authority Fund, fiscal year 1942, for (1) beginning construction of two additional hydroelectric projects and two additional storage projects on the Hiwassee River and its tributaries, (2) installing additional electric generating units in existing hydroelectric projects owned by the Authority, and (3) building the transmission facilities needed to connect these projects and units to the existing transmission system of the Authority and to deliver the power produced by these projects and units to the market; such sum to be available for the objects and subject to the conditions specified under the caption "Tennessee Valley Authority" in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1942.

Sec. 2. The third proviso clause appearing under the head of Expediting Production in the Military Appropriation Act, 1942
Contract obligations. Public Law 422, 77th Congress.

July 17, 1941
[Public Law 181]

AN ACT
Providing for the rank of officers ordered to perform special or unusual duty, and of commanders of special naval units afloat.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in addition to those officers who may be serving in the grade of vice admiral by virtue of the provisions of section 18 of the Act of May 22, 1917 (40 Stat. 89; U. S. C., title 34, sec. 212), naval officers, not to exceed a total of nine at any one time, designated by the President to perform special or unusual duty, or to command naval units afloat organized for the purpose of performing a special or unusual mission may, within the discretion of the President, have the rank, pay, and all allowances of a vice admiral while so serving. In time of war or national emergency the provisions of this Act shall be applicable only to officers on the active list of the rank or grade of captain and above. At all other times the said provisions shall apply only to officers of the rank or grade of rear admiral.

Approved, July 17, 1941.

Joint Resolution
Requesting the President to proclaim February 11, 1942, as Edison Day, in commemoration of the birthday of Thomas Alva Edison.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States is hereby authorized and requested to issue a proclamation designating February 11, 1942, as Thomas Alva Edison Day and calling upon officials of the Government to display the flag of the United States on all Government buildings on said date and inviting the people of the United States to observe the day in schools and churches, or other suitable places, with appropriate ceremonies.

Approved, July 17, 1941.

AN ACT
To grant pension for disability or death resulting from service in the United States Coast Guard before July 2, 1930, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the provisions of the laws administered by the Veterans' Administration granting pension and other benefits to veterans and their dependents are hereby extended to the officers and enlisted men of the United States Coast Guard and their dependents for disability resulting from personal injury or disease contracted in line of duty, or...
for aggravation of a preexisting injury or disease contracted or suffered in line of duty, when such disability was incurred in or aggravated by active service in the United States Coast Guard on or after January 28, 1915, and before July 2, 1930, and for death resulting from such injury or disease, under the same regulations and restrictions as provided by law for officers and enlisted men of the United States Coast Guard who incurred disability in line of duty on and after July 2, 1930, or who died as the result of such disability.

Sec. 2. The administrative, penal, and forfeiture provisions governing the granting of benefits, including accrued pension, under Public Law Numbered 2, Seventy-third Congress, approved March 20, 1933, as amended, and the Veterans Regulations promulgated thereunder, as amended, are hereby made applicable to the benefits granted under this Act: Provided, That in no event shall the benefits herein provided be awarded for any period prior to the date of enactment of this Act and the date of commencement of pension granted hereunder shall be from the date of filing application in the Veterans' Administration under such regulations as the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs may prescribe.

Sec. 3. This Act shall not be construed to reduce any pension or compensation under any Act, public or private.

Approved, July 18, 1941.

[CHAPTER 308]

AN ACT

To amend the Act of June 25, 1938, extending the classified civil service to include postmasters of the first, second, and third classes, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 2 of the Act approved June 25, 1938 (52 Stat. 1076), is amended by changing the period to a colon and adding thereto the following: "Provided, That residence within the delivery of the post office or within the city or town where the same is situated shall be essential to the examination, appointment, reappointment, or promotion of applicants for postmaster at offices unless the Civil Service Commission finds that peculiar local conditions preclude or render impossible the application of such requirements. In such cases the Commission may examine and certify for appointment, reappointment, or promotion persons who reside in such area adjacent to, or surrounding, the delivery zone of the post office as may be fixed by the Civil Service Commission."

Approved, July 18, 1941.

[CHAPTER 309]

AN ACT

To amend the Tennessee Valley Authority Act, as amended, by striking therefrom subsection (k) of section 4 and substituting therefor a new subsection (k).

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Tennessee Valley Authority Act, as amended, is hereby further amended as follows:

By striking therefrom subsection (k) of section 4 and inserting in lieu thereof a new subsection (k), to read as follows:

"(k) Shall have power in the name of the United States—

"(a) to convey by deed, lease, or otherwise, any real property in the possession of or under the control of the Corporation to
any person or persons, for the purpose of recreation or use as a summer residence, or for the operation on such premises of pleasure resorts for boating, fishing, bathing, or any similar purpose;  

"(b) to convey by deed, lease, or otherwise, the possession and control of any such real property to any corporation, partnership, person, or persons for the purpose of erecting thereon docks and buildings for shipping purposes or the manufacture or storage thereon of products for the purpose of trading or shipping in transportation: Provided, That no transfer authorized herein in (b) shall be made without the approval of Congress; And provided further, That said corporation, without further action of Congress, shall have power to convey by deed, lease, or otherwise, to the Ingalls Shipbuilding Corporation, a tract or tracts of land at or near Decatur, Alabama, and to the Commercial Barge Lines, Inc., a tract or tracts of land at or near Guntersville, Alabama;  

"(c) to transfer any part of the possession and control of the real estate now in possession of and under the control of said Corporation to any other department, agency, or instrumentality of the United States: Provided, however, That no land shall be conveyed, leased, or transferred, upon which there is located any permanent dam, hydroelectric power plant, or munitions plant heretofore or hereafter built by or for the United States or for the Authority, except that this prohibition shall not apply to the transfer of Nitrate Plant Numbered 1, at Muscle Shoals, Alabama, or to Waco Quarry: And provided further, That no transfer authorized herein in (a) or (c), except leases for terms of less than twenty years, shall be made without the approval of the President of the United States, if the property to be conveyed exceeds $500 in value; and  

"(d) to convey by warranty deed, or otherwise, lands, easements, and rights-of-way to States, counties, municipalities, school districts, railroad companies, telephone, telegraph, water, and power companies, where any such conveyance is necessary in order to replace any such lands, easements, or rights-of-way to be flooded or destroyed as the result of the construction of any dam or reservoir now under construction by the Corporation, or subsequently authorized by Congress, and easements and rights-of-way upon which are located transmission or distribution lines. The Corporation shall also have power to convey or lease Nitrate Plant Numbered 1, at Muscle Shoals, Alabama, and Waco Quarry, with the approval of the War Department and the President."

Approved, July 18, 1941.
New York, to be admitted without payment of tariff, and for other purposes", approved August 16, 1937 (50 Stat. 668), as amended, is hereby further amended by striking out the words "within six months" wherever appearing therein and inserting in lieu thereof the words "within eighteen months", and by adding a new section thereto reading as follows:

"Sec. 3. Notwithstanding any provision of the said joint resolution of August 16, 1937, as amended, or any regulation issued pursuant thereto, the New York World's Fair 1940, Incorporated, shall not be liable for the payment of any duties, charges, or excations in respect of articles entered under the provisions of the said joint resolution if such articles have been or shall be entered under the general tariff law and the general customs regulations in force at the time of such entry. Nothing in this section shall affect the liability of the New York World's Fair 1940, Incorporated, to reimburse the United States for the actual and necessary customs charges for labor services, and other expenses in connection with the entry, examination, appraisement, release, or custody, together with the necessary charges for salaries of customs officers and employees in connection with the supervision, custody of, and accounting for articles imported, incurred prior to entry under the general tariff law."

Sec. 2. That the joint resolution "Providing for the importation of articles free from tariff or customs duty for the purposes of exhibition at the Golden Gate International Exposition to be held at San Francisco, in 1939, and for other purposes", approved May 18, 1937 (50 Stat. 187), as amended and supplemented, is hereby further amended by striking out the words "within six months" wherever appearing therein and inserting in lieu thereof the words "within eighteen months" and by adding a new section thereto to read as follows:

"Sec. 3. Notwithstanding any provision of the said joint resolution of May 18, 1937, as amended and supplemented, or any regulation issued pursuant thereto, the San Francisco Bay Exposition shall not be liable for the payment of any duties, charges, or excations in respect of articles entered under the provisions of the said joint resolution if such articles have been or shall be entered under the general tariff law and the general customs regulations in force at the time of such entry. Nothing in this section shall affect the liability of the San Francisco Bay Exposition to reimburse the United States for the actual and necessary customs charges for labor services, and other expenses in connection with the entry, examination, appraisement, release, or custody, together with the necessary charges for salaries of customs officers and employees in connection with the supervision, custody of, and accounting for articles imported, incurred prior to entry under the general tariff law."

Approved, July 18, 1941.

[CHAPTER 311]

AN ACT

To authorize the Legislature of the Territory of Alaska to create a public corporate authority to undertake slum clearance and projects to provide dwelling accommodations for families of low income and to issue bonds and other obligations of the authority for such purpose, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Legislature of the Territory of Alaska may create a public corporate authority to undertake slum clearance and projects to provide dwelling accommodations for families of low income and for persons (and their families) engaged in national-defense activities within the Territory.

July 21, 1941

[Public Law 186]

Alaska. Slum clearance and housing projects.
AN ACT

To amend sections 3341, 3351, and 3361 of the Internal Revenue Code and section 309 (a) of the Tariff Act of 1930, and to repeal section 2907 of the Internal Revenue Code.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That subsection (c) of section 3341, Internal Revenue Code, be amended to read as follows:

"(c) DRAW-BACK OF TAX PAID IN THE UNITED STATES.—All provisions of law for the allowance of draw-back of internal revenue tax on articles exported from the United States are, so far as applicable, extended to like articles upon which an internal revenue tax has been paid when shipped from the United States to the Philippine Islands."

SEC. 2. That section 3351, Internal Revenue Code, be amended by adding at the end thereof a new subsection to read as follows:

"(c) DRAW-BACK OF TAX PAID IN THE UNITED STATES.—All provisions of law for the allowance of draw-back of internal revenue tax on articles exported from the United States are, so far as applicable, extended to like articles upon which an internal revenue tax has been paid when shipped from the United States to the Virgin Islands."

SEC. 3. That subsection (c) of section 3361, Internal Revenue Code, be amended to read as follows:

"(c) DRAW-BACK OF TAX PAID IN THE UNITED STATES.—All provisions of law for the allowance of draw-back of internal revenue tax on articles exported from the United States are, so far as applicable, extended to like articles upon which an internal revenue tax has been paid when shipped from the United States to Puerto Rico, Guam, or American Samoa."

That section 309 (a) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended, be further amended by inserting after the words "internal revenue tax" a comma and the words "or from any internal revenue bonded warehouse, from any brewery, or from any winery premises or bonded premises for the storage of wine, free of internal revenue tax."

That section 2907 of the Internal Revenue Code be repealed.

Approved, July 22, 1941.
AN ACT

Authorizing the temporary appointment or advancement of certain personnel of the Navy and Marine Corps, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That except as otherwise specified herein the authority granted by this Act shall be exercised only in time of war or national emergency determined by the President.

SEC. 2. (a) As used in this Act, the words "temporarily appointed" shall be interpreted to mean also "temporarily promoted" or "temporarily advanced in rank", as the case may be.

(b) The following personnel may be temporarily appointed to ranks or grades in the Regular Navy or Marine Corps, not above lieutenant in the Navy and captain in the Marine Corps:

(1) Commissioned warrant officers of the Regular Navy and Marine Corps. (2) Warrant officers of the Regular Navy and Marine Corps. (3) First-class petty officers and above in the Regular Navy and platoon or staff sergeants and above in the Regular Marine Corps, including enlisted men of those grades on the retired list on active duty. (4) Enlisted men of the Fleet Reserve and the Fleet Marine Corps Reserve on active duty in the grades herein specified for enlisted men of the Regular Navy or Marine Corps.

SEC. 3. Officers on the active list of the Regular Navy or Marine Corps in commissioned ranks, including those appointed under the authority of section 2 of this Act, may be temporarily appointed to higher ranks or grades in the Regular Navy or Marine Corps, and the provisions of paragraph 9 of section 1 of the Act approved June 10, 1922 (42 Stat. 626; U. S. C., title 37, sec. 2), shall be applicable to all officers eligible for consideration for appointment or advancement pursuant to the provisions of this Act, not only during the existence of a state of war formally recognized by Congress, but also during a national emergency determined by the President.

SEC. 4. (a) Commissioned or warrant officers on the retired list of the Navy or Marine Corps may, while on active duty, be temporarily appointed to higher ranks or grades on the retired list. Any officer so appointed shall, while on active duty, be entitled to the same pay and allowances as officers of like grade or rank with equivalent service on the active list.

(b) In the computation of the retired pay of officers heretofore or hereafter retired with pay at the rate of 2½ per centum of the active-duty pay received by them at the time of retirement multiplied by the number of years of service for which entitled to credit in the computation of their pay on the active list, not to exceed a total of 75 per centum of said active-duty pay, active duty performed by such retired officers subsequent to the date of their retirement shall be counted for the purpose of computing percentage increases in their retired pay. These increases shall be at the rate of 2½ per centum for each year of active duty and a fractional year of 6 months or more shall be considered a full year in computing the number of years: Provided, That the increased retired pay of such retired officers shall in no case exceed 75 per centum of the active-duty pay as authorized by existing law: Provided further, That no back pay or allowances shall accrue by reason of the passage of this Act.

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SEC. 5. The temporary appointments under the authority of this Act shall be in such numbers as the President may determine that the needs of the service require and in such manner and under such regulations as he may prescribe.

SEC. 6. Temporary appointments under the authority of this Act shall, if they are to the rank or grade of rear admiral in the Navy or general officer in the Marine Corps, be made by and with the advice and consent of the Senate; if to lower ranks or grades, they may be made by the President alone.

SEC. 7. (a) The permanent, probationary, or acting appointments of those persons temporarily appointed in accordance with the provisions of this Act shall not be vacated by reason of such temporary appointments, such persons shall not be prejudiced thereby in regard to promotion, advancement, or appointment in accordance with laws relating to the Regular Navy or Marine Corps, and their rights, benefits, privileges, and gratuities shall not be lost or abridged in any respect whatever by their acceptance of commissions or warrants hereunder: Provided, That except as otherwise provided herein no person who shall accept a commission or warrant under sections 2 and 3 of this Act shall, while serving thereunder, be entitled to pay or allowances except as provided by law for the position temporarily occupied: Provided further, That no person temporarily appointed under the authority of this Act shall suffer any reduction in pay and allowances to which he would have been entitled had he not been so temporarily appointed.

(b) Enlisted men shall, upon being initially appointed as provided by section 2 of this Act, be paid the sum of $250 as a uniform gratuity.

SEC. 8. (a) An officer or enlisted man of the active list of the Regular Navy or Marine Corps, or an enlisted man of the Fleet Reserve or Fleet Marine Corps Reserve, who incurs physical disability while serving under a temporary appointment in a higher rank, shall be retired in such higher rank with retired pay at the rate of 75 per centum of the active-duty pay to which he was entitled while serving in that rank.

(b) An officer or enlisted man of the retired list of the Regular Navy or Marine Corps who was placed thereon for reasons other than physical disability shall, if he incurs physical disability while serving under a temporary appointment in a higher rank, be advanced on the retired list to such higher rank with retired pay at the rate of 75 per centum of the active-duty pay to which he was entitled while serving in that rank.

(c) An officer of the retired list of the Regular Navy or Marine Corps who was placed thereon by reason of physical disability, if he incurs physical disability while serving under a temporary appointment in a higher rank, subject to the provisions of subsection (e) hereof, be advanced on the retired list to such higher rank with retired pay at the rate of 75 per centum of the active-duty pay to which he was entitled while serving in that rank.

(d) An officer of the retired list of the Regular Navy or Marine Corps who was placed thereon for reasons other than physical disability shall, if he incurs physical disability while serving on active duty in the same rank as that held by him on the retired list and if not otherwise entitled thereto, receive 75 per centum of the active-duty pay to which he was entitled while serving in that rank.

(e) The benefits of this section shall apply only to an individual who incurs physical disability in line of duty in time of war or national emergency. In the case of those officers to whom subsection (c) hereof is applicable retirement in the next higher rank shall
be effected upon a finding by a naval retiring board that the disability was incident to the service while on active duty in the higher rank and upon a rating by such board, in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary of the Navy, at not less than 30 per centum permanent disability. In all other cases officers shall be retired in accordance with existing law providing for the retirement of officers.

(f) The jurisdiction of naval retiring boards is hereby extended as may be necessary in the administration of this section, and their proceedings shall be conducted in all respects as provided by existing law and regulations except as may be necessary to adapt the same to cases provided for in this section.

(g) The provisions of this section shall not apply in any case unless the proceedings of the naval retiring board shall be commenced within six months from the termination of the temporary appointment or release from active duty of the individual concerned whichever may occur earlier.

SEC. 9. Commissioned officers appointed under the authority of section 2 of this Act shall not be counted in any computation to determine the authorized number of officers in any grade. Commissioned officers of the Regular Navy and Marine Corps temporarily appointed to higher ranks or grades therein under the authority of section 3 of this Act shall be counted only in their permanent ranks or grades in such computation.

SEC. 10. Personnel appointed or advanced under the authority of this Act may be continued in their temporary status during such period as the President may determine, but not longer than six months after the termination of war or national emergency. Upon the termination of their temporary status such personnel shall, unless otherwise provided herein, revert to their permanent grades, ranks, or ratings, but upon being subsequently retired or in the case of retired officers returned to an inactive status, they shall, on condition that their performance of duty under such temporary appointments has been satisfactory, be placed on the retired list, or advanced thereon as the case may be, with the highest rank held by them while on active duty: Provided, That except where specific provision is made otherwise, their retired pay shall be based on the pay of the rank or rating held at the time of retirement: Provided further, That nothing in this Act shall entitle such personnel, when recalled to active duty, to any other rank or rating than that in which they were serving at the time of retirement.

SEC. 11. The provisions of this Act, except as may be necessary to adapt the same thereto shall apply to—

(a) Personnel of the Naval Reserve (except the Fleet Reserve) and the Marine Corps Reserve (except the Fleet Marine Corps Reserve) in like manner and to the same extent and with the same relative conditions in all respects as are provided for personnel of the Regular Navy and Marine Corps, but this shall not be construed to authorize the temporary appointment of the personnel thereof to ranks or grades in the Regular Navy or Marine Corps.

(b) Personnel of the Coast Guard in relationship to the Coast Guard in the same manner and to the same extent as they apply to personnel of the Navy in relationship to the Navy: Provided, That temporary appointments may be made to such rank and grade in the Coast Guard, not above captain, as correspond to the rank and grade that may be attained, either permanently or temporarily, by line officers of the Regular Navy of the same length of total commissioned service.

Approved, July 24, 1941.
[CHAPTER 325]  AN ACT
To amend section 1118 of the Revised Statutes, as amended, to eliminate the prohibition against enlistment in the military service of the United States of any person convicted of a felony.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 1118, Revised Statutes, be, and the same is hereby, amended by omitting the period at the end thereof, by substituting therefor a colon, and by adding after the colon the following: "Provided, however, That with relation to deserters and persons convicted of felonies the Secretary of War may, by regulations or otherwise, authorize exceptions in special meritorious cases."

Approved, July 29, 1941.

[CHAPTER 326]  JOINT RESOLUTION
To strengthen the common defense by suspending section 24b of the National Defense Act and authorizing a more expeditious procedure to vitalize the active list of the Army.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That during the national emergency announced by the President on May 27, 1941, section 24b of the National Defense Act, as amended, is hereby suspended.

SEC. 2. That during the time of the national emergency announced by the President on May 27, 1941, the Secretary of War, for such causes and under such regulations as he may prescribe, may remove any officer from the active list of the Regular Army: Provided, That such removal be made from among officers whose performance of duty, or general efficiency, compared with other officers of the same grade and length of service, is such as to warrant such action, or whose retention on the active list is not justified for other good and sufficient reasons appearing to the satisfaction of the Secretary of War: Provided further, That each officer so removed from the active list shall have been recommended for removal by a board of not less than five general officers convened for this purpose by the Secretary of War: Provided further, That such officer is allowed a hearing before said board. The action of the Secretary of War in removing an officer from the active list shall be final and conclusive. Officers removed from the active list who have less than seven completed years of commissioned service at the time of removal shall be honorably discharged. Officers removed from the active list who have seven or more completed years of commissioned service at the time of removal shall be retired with retirement pay computed as follows: Any officer so retired who has over thirty years' service or any officer so retired who served in any capacity as a member of the military or naval forces of the United States prior to November 12, 1918, shall be retired with annual pay equal to 75 per centum of his active duty annual pay at the time of his retirement; any other officer so retired shall be retired with annual pay equal to 2½ per centum of his active duty annual pay at the time of his retirement, multiplied by a number equal to the number of complete years of his service counted for pay purposes under existing laws not in excess of thirty years. All officers retired under the provisions of this section shall be placed on the unlimited retired list.

Approved, July 29, 1941.
JOINT RESOLUTION

To provide suitable vessels for the use of certain State nautical schools, and for other purposes.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in the administration of the Act entitled "An Act for the establishment of marine schools, and for other purposes", approved March 4, 1911, as amended (U. S. C., 1934 edition, title 34, secs. 1121 to 1123), the United States Maritime Commission may repair or recondition, equip, and furnish to any State maintaining a marine school or a nautical branch under such Act, a suitable vessel owned or acquired by the Commission or otherwise available for disposition hereunder. Any department or agency of the United States is hereby authorized, notwithstanding any other provision of law, to supply to the Commission for disposition hereunder any suitable vessel which can be spared without detriment to the service to which such vessel has been assigned. All vessels furnished to States for the use of such schools shall be and remain the property of the United States, and shall be maintained in good repair by the Commission.

SEC. 2. The Maritime Commission is authorized, from any moneys hereafter appropriated or made available to the Commission, to provide for the construction, by contract or otherwise, in accordance with plans and specifications prepared by the Commission and approved by the Secretary of the Navy, of suitable vessels with modern equipment and instruments to replace vessels otherwise furnished to States which are maintaining schools under such Act.

SEC. 3. The maximum amount authorized to be appropriated for any one marine school or nautical branch by section 2 of such Act of March 4, 1911, as amended, is hereby increased from $25,000 to $50,000. Each marine school or nautical branch thereof, as a condition to receiving any portion of the monetary aid authorized by said section 2, or the use of any vessel authorized by this joint resolution, shall under appropriate authority agree to conform to such minimum standards in regard to students' entrance requirements, the staff of instructors, and courses of and facilities for training, as the Maritime Commission shall approve. Each marine school or nautical branch thereof, as a condition to receiving any portion of such monetary aid in excess of $25,000, shall under appropriate authority agree to admit to such school students resident in other States upon such terms and in such numbers as the Commission shall prescribe: Provided, That the per capita cost of students designated by the Maritime Commission for admission to such school shall be paid from the Federal funds authorized in said section 2 and that the total number of such students shall not exceed one-third of the student capacity of such school.

SEC. 4. The Maritime Commission is authorized to prescribe such rules and regulations as may be necessary or appropriate in the administration of this joint resolution and such Act of March 4, 1911, as amended.

SEC. 5. The Maritime Commission is authorized to extend the benefits of this joint resolution to a State nautical school, established and maintained by any State in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Act entitled "An Act for the establishment of marine schools, and for other purposes", approved March 4, 1911, as amended, at such port as may be designated by the State.

Approved, July 29, 1941.
AN ACT
Authorizing appropriations for the United States Navy, additional shipbuilding, ship repair, and ordnance manufacturing facilities, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there is hereby authorized to be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, $300,000,000 for essential equipment and facilities at either private or naval establishments for building or equipping any complete naval vessel or portion thereof heretofore or hereafter authorized; $160,000,000 for essential equipment and facilities at either private or naval establishments for repairing, altering, or converting any vessel operated by the Navy or being prepared for naval use; and $125,000,000 for essential equipment and facilities for the manufacture or production of ordnance material, munitions, and armor at either private or naval establishments.

SEC. 2. The authority herein granted shall include the authority to acquire lands at such locations as the Secretary of the Navy, with the approval of the President, may deem best suited to the purpose, erect or extend buildings, and acquire the necessary machinery and equipment, and shall be in addition to all authority heretofore granted for these purposes.

Approved, July 29, 1941.

AN ACT
To provide for payment of pension to certain dependent parents notwithstanding remarriage, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That pension or compensation payable to a dependent mother or father under any law administered by the Veterans' Administration shall continue during dependency whether dependency arises prior or subsequent to the death of the veteran on whose account the benefit is payable. The fact of remarriage of the mother or father shall not operate to terminate such pension, provided that dependency exists notwithstanding such remarriage.

SEC. 2. Paragraph IV (b), part I, Veterans Regulation Numbered 2-Series (U. S. C., title 38, ch. 12, appendix), is hereby repealed and any provision of law inconsistent with this Act is also repealed.

Approved, July 30, 1941.

AN ACT
To grant the city of Vancouver, Washington, road rights-of-way and a reversion of jurisdiction thereover.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized to grant to the city of Vancouver, Washington, easements for rights-of-way for street or public-highway purposes over such roads on the Vancouver Barracks Military Reservation, Washington, as the Secretary of War may designate, and subject to such conditions, restrictions, and reservations as the Secretary of War may impose for the protection of the reservation, with the right of the city of Vancouver to surface, pave, illuminate, lay mains, conduits, and culverts, and to make other improvements necessary for public purposes on said rights-of-way:
Provided. That the city of Vancouver shall perform at its own cost and expense such work as the Secretary of War may require for the protection of or to prevent interference with the use of any underground or other improvements on said reservation which may be affected by the use and maintenance of said rights-of-way by the city of Vancouver.

Sec. 2. There is hereby granted to the State of Washington a retrocession of jurisdiction over such rights-of-way as may be granted hereunder by the Secretary of War to the city of Vancouver, subject to all of the conditions, restrictions, and reservations as may be contained in the grant.

Sec. 3. Whenever the city of Vancouver shall cease to occupy and use the land and premises for highway purposes as authorized herein then the same and all jurisdiction thereover shall revert to the United States.

Sec. 4. The retrocession of jurisdiction granted shall not become effective until the State of Washington shall by legislative action accept such retrocession of jurisdiction.

Approved, July 30, 1941.

[CHAPTER 331]

AN ACT

To adjust the salaries of rural letter carriers.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first paragraph of section 8 of the Act entitled "An Act reclassifying the salaries of postmasters and employees of the Postal Service, readjusting their salaries and compensation on an equitable basis, increasing postal rates to provide for such readjustment, and for other purposes", approved February 28, 1925, as amended, is hereby amended by inserting after the first sentence thereof the following new sentence: "The Postmaster General may, in his discretion, allow and pay such additional compensation as he may determine to be fair and reasonable in each individual case to rural letter carriers serving heavily patronized routes not exceeding forty-two miles in length: Provided, That in no case shall the total compensation of a rural letter carrier serving a heavily patronized route of forty-two miles or less in length exceed $2,100 per annum, exclusive of maintenance allowance: Provided further, That the Postmaster General shall include in his annual report to the Congress the number and names of the routes on which increases have been made."

Sec. 2. This Act shall take effect on the 1st day of the calendar month next following the month in which it is approved.

Approved, July 30, 1941.

[CHAPTER 332]

AN ACT

To further amend the Act of February 9, 1927, entitled "An Act relating to the transfusion of blood by members of the Military Establishment" (U. S. C., title 24, sec. 30), as amended June 2, 1939 (Public, Numbered 109, Seventy-sixth Congress), so as to provide compensation for donors of blood for persons entitled to treatment at Government expense whether or not the donors are in the Government service, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act entitled "An Act relating to the transfusion of blood by members of the Military Establishment", approved February 9, 1927, as amended by the Act of June 2, 1939 (U. S. C., title 24, sec. 30), is hereby further amended to read as follows: "That any person, whether or not in the
employ of the United States, who shall furnish blood from his or her veins for transfusion into the veins of a person entitled to and undergoing treatment at Government expense, whether in a Federal hospital or institution or in a civilian hospital or institution, or who shall furnish blood for blood banks or for other scientific and research purposes in connection with the care of any person entitled to treatment at Government expense, shall be entitled to be paid for such reasonable sum, not to exceed $50, for each blood withdrawal as may be determined by the head of the department or independent agency concerned, from public funds available to such department or independent agency for medical and hospital supplies: Provided, That no payment shall be made under this authority to any person for blood withdrawn for the benefit of the person from whom it is withdrawn."

Approved, July 30, 1941.

To facilitate the construction, extension, or completion of interstate petroleum pipe lines related to national defense, and to promote interstate commerce.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That as used in this Act—

(1) The term "interstate commerce" means commerce between any point in a State and any point outside thereof, or between points within the same State but through any place outside thereof.

(2) The term "person" includes an individual, firm, copartnership, corporation, company, or association, and any trustee, receiver, assignee, or personal representative thereof.

SEC. 2. Whenever the President finds that the construction of any pipe line for the transportation and/or distribution of petroleum or petroleum products moving in interstate commerce, or the extension or completion of any such pipe line already wholly or partly constructed, is or may be necessary for national-defense purposes, he shall by proclamation declare such finding.

SEC. 3. In case the construction, extension, or completion of any such pipe line is undertaken otherwise than as provided in section 4, the person or persons undertaking such construction, extension, or completion may acquire such land or interests in land, including rights-of-way or easements, by the exercise of the right of eminent domain, as, in the opinion of the President, may be necessary for such purposes, and for purposes of operation and maintenance of such pipe line.

SEC. 4. (a) In the event that it is impracticable for any private person promptly and satisfactorily to construct, extend, or complete any such pipe line, the President, if of the opinion that such action is desirable in the interests of national defense, may provide for the construction, extension, completion, or operation of such pipe line by such department or agency of the Government as he may designate.

(b) The department or agency undertaking such construction, extension, or completion may acquire such land or interests in land, including rights-of-way or easements, by purchase or by the exercise of the right of eminent domain, as may be necessary for such purposes, and for purposes of operation and maintenance of such pipe line.

SEC. 5. (a) The exercise of the right of eminent domain under the authority of this Act shall be by a proceeding instituted in the district court of the United States for the district in which the land is located, under the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to expedite
the construction of public buildings and works outside of the District of Columbia by enabling possession and title of sites to be taken in advance of final judgment in proceedings for the acquisition thereof under the power of eminent domain", approved February 26, 1931 (U. S. C., 1934 edition, title 40, secs. 258a to 258e, inclusive).

(b) Where such proceeding is instituted by any person or persons under the authority granted by section 3, the provisions of such Act of February 26, 1931, shall apply with respect to the acquisition of the land or interest in land by such person or persons in the same manner, as nearly as may be, as in the case of the acquisition of land or an interest in land by the United States in a proceeding instituted thereunder by and in the name of the United States, except that in addition to the deposit in the court of the amount estimated by such person or persons to be just compensation for the land or interest in land being taken, such person or persons shall give such bond as the court may deem proper to secure the payment to the persons entitled thereto of the amount of compensation finally awarded in the proceeding, with such interest as may be payable under the provisions of such Act of February 26, 1931.

SEC. 6. In case the construction, extension, or completion of any such pipe line is undertaken otherwise than as provided in section 4, the President, for the purpose of facilitating such construction, extension, or completion, may provide for the making of such advances as he deems advisable, through such department or agency of the Government as he may designate, to the person or persons undertaking the proposed construction, extension, or completion. Any such advance shall be made upon such security and at such rate of interest, shall be amortized by means of such periodical payments of principal and interest over such period of time, and shall be made subject to such other terms and conditions, as the President shall prescribe.

SEC. 7. In any case where a pipe line is constructed, extended, or completed as provided in section 4, the President may direct that any department or agency of the Government designated by him may operate and maintain such pipe line and exercise such powers and functions with respect thereto as he may deem necessary, and he may, upon such terms and conditions as he may prescribe, dispose of or lease to any person or persons such right, title, and interest as the United States may have acquired under this Act in such pipe line, or in any land or interest in land, including easements or rights-of-way.

SEC. 8. (a) Any pipe line with respect to which an advance is made or the right of eminent domain is exercised, under authority of this Act, shall be constructed, extended, or completed, and operated and maintained, subject to such terms and conditions as the President may prescribe as necessary for national-defense purposes.

(b) Nothing in this Act shall operate to relieve any person, operating any pipe line, from any duty or liability to which such person may be subject under the provisions of the Interstate Commerce Act, including all Acts amendatory thereof or supplemental thereto, or the Natural Gas Act, except that the President is authorized to relieve any person, operating any pipe line with respect to which an advance is made or the right of eminent domain is exercised, under authority of this Act, from any duty or liability under either of such Acts to such extent as he may deem advisable for national-defense purposes.

SEC. 9. After June 30, 1943, neither the President, any department or agency of the Government, nor any person shall exercise any of

46 Stat. 1421.
40 U. S. C. §§ 258a-258e.
Bond required if private undertaking.

46 Stat. 1421.
49 U. S. C. §§ 258a-258e.

Federal advances to private groups.

Security, interest, etc.

Federally constructed pipe lines. Operation, etc.

Disposition or lease.

Terms and conditions.

Duty or liability under designated Acts.

24 Stat. 379.

52 Stat. 821.

Termination of authority.
the powers conferred by section 2, 3, 4, or 6 of this Act; and in no

case shall any pipe line constructed, extended, or completed under

authority of section 4 be operated or maintained by or under the
direction or control of the President or any department or agency

of the Government after the expiration of one year after the termi-
nation of the unlimited national emergency proclaimed in the procla-
mation issued by the President of the United States on May 27, 1941.

Approved, July 30, 1941.

[CHAPTER 334]

AN ACT

For the acquisition of Indian lands for the Central Valley project, and for other

purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the

United States of America in Congress assembled, That, in aid of

the Central Valley project, authorized by the Acts

of April 8, 1935 (49 Stat. 115), and August

26, 1937 (50 Stat. 850), there is hereby granted to the United States, subject to the provisions

of this Act, (a) all the right, title, and interest of the Indians in

and to the tribal and allotted lands within the area embraced by the

Central Valley project, including sites of agency and school buildings

and related structures, as may be designated therefor by the Secre-
tary of the Interior from time to time, and (b) such other interests

in or to any of such lands and property as may be required and

as may be designated by the Secretary of the Interior from time

to time for the construction of reservoirs, canals, ditches, pipe lines,

highways, railroads, telegraph, telephone, and electric-transmission

lines in connection with the project, or for the relocation or recon-

struction of such facilities made necessary by the construction of the

project.

SEC. 2. As lands or interests in lands are designated from time to
time under this Act, the Secretary of the Interior shall determine the
amount of money to be paid to the Indians as just and equitable com-
pensation therefor. As to the tribal lands, the amounts so determined
shall be transferred in the Treasury of the United States from the
funds now or hereafter made available for the construction of the
Central Valley project to the credit of the appropriate tribe pursu-
ant to the provisions of the Act of May 17, 1926 (44 Stat. 560). The
amounts due individual landowners or their heirs or devisees shall
be paid from funds now or hereafter made available for the construc-
tion of said project to the superintendent of the appropriate Indian
Agency or such other officer as shall be designated by the Secretary
of the Interior for credit on the books of such agency to the accounts
of the individuals concerned.

SEC. 3. Funds deposited to the credit of allottees, their heirs, or
devises may be used, in the discretion of the Secretary of the Interior,
for the acquisition of other lands and improvements, or the relocation
of existing improvements or construction of new improvements on the
lands so acquired for the allottees or heirs whose lands and improve-
ments are acquired under the provisions of this Act. Lands so
acquired shall be held in the same status as those from which the
funds were derived, and shall be nontaxable until otherwise provided
by Congress.

SEC. 4. As to any Indian cemetery lands required for the project,
the Secretary of the Interior is authorized, in his discretion, in lieu
of requiring payment therefor, to establish cemeteries on other lands that he may select and acquire for the purpose, and to remove bodies, markers, and other appurtenances to the new sites. All costs incurred in connection with any such relocation shall be paid from moneys appropriated for the project. All right, title, and interest of the Indians in the lands within any cemetery so relocated shall terminate and the grant of title under this Act take effect as of the date the Secretary of the Interior authorizes the relocation. Sites of the relocated cemeteries shall be held in trust by the United States for the appropriate tribe, or family, as the case may be, and shall be nontaxable.

Sec. 5. The Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to perform any and all acts and to prescribe such regulations as he may deem appropriate to carry out the provisions of this Act.

Approved, July 30, 1941.

[CHAPTER 335]

JOINT RESOLUTION

Directing the Comptroller General to readjust the account between the United States and the State of Vermont.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Comptroller General of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to audit the claim of the State of Vermont with respect to advances and expenditures made by such State for military purposes during the War of 1812-1815, with Great Britain, and after applying the rules of evidence and settlement to this class of claims, provided for in resolution of May 14, 1836 (5 Stat. L. 132), and in section 12 of the Act approved March 3, 1857 (11 Stat. L. 229), to submit to the Senate a report containing the results of an audit of such claim, in conformity with said rules, and to certify to Congress for an appropriation the balance found due the State of Vermont.

Approved, July 30, 1941.

[CHAPTER 340]

AN ACT

To amend the Classification Act of 1923, as amended.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, is hereby further amended as follows:

Sec. 2. Section 7 of the said Act is hereby amended by inserting the letter "(a)" after the figure "7" at the beginning of said section, and by adding the following paragraphs as subsections thereof:

"(b) All employees compensated on a per annum basis, and occupying permanent positions within the scope of the compensation schedules fixed by this Act, who have not attained the maximum rate of compensation for the grade in which their positions are respectively allocated, shall be advanced in compensation successively to the next higher rate within the grade at the beginning of the next quarter, following the completion of: (1) Each eighteen months of service if such employees are in grades in which the compensation increments are $60 or $100, or (2) each thirty months of service if such
employees are in grades in which the compensation increments are $200 or $250, subject to the following conditions:

“(1) That no equivalent increase in compensation from any cause was received during such period, except increase made pursuant to subsection (f) of this section;

“(2) That an employee whose rate of compensation is below the middle rate of the grade shall not be advanced unless his current efficiency is good or better than good;

“(3) That an employee whose rate of compensation is at or above the middle rate of the grade shall not be advanced unless his current efficiency is better than good;

“(4) That the service and conduct of such employee are certified by the head of the department or agency or such official as he may designate as being otherwise satisfactory.

“(c) The term ‘good’ as used herein shall be defined in accordance with the systems of efficiency rating established pursuant to section 9 of this Act.

“(d) For the purposes of this section, the fourth salary rate in grades 2 and 3 of the custodial service shall be considered the middle rate.

“(e) Employees eligible under subsection (b) for compensation advancement by reason of service immediately preceding the effective date of this amendment shall be advanced to the next higher rate of compensation within the grade to which their positions are respectively allocated at the beginning of the next quarter immediately following the effective date of this amendment.

“(f) Within the limit of available appropriations, and in recognition of especially meritorious services, the head of any department or agency is authorized to make additional within-grade compensation advancements, but any such additional advancements shall not exceed one step and no employee shall be eligible for more than one additional advancement hereunder within each of the time periods specified in subsection (b). All actions under this subsection and the reasons therefor shall be reported to the Civil Service Commission. The Commission shall present an annual consolidated report to the Congress covering the numbers and types of actions taken under this subsection.

“(g) The President is hereby authorized to issue such regulations as may be necessary for the administration of this section.

“(h) The provisions of subsections (b) to (f), both inclusive, of this section shall not apply to the compensation of persons appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.”

SEC. 3. Section 9 of the said Act is hereby amended by adding thereto the following paragraph:

“The Civil Service Commission and heads of departments are authorized and directed to take such action as will apply the provisions of this section uniformly to all employees occupying positions within the compensation schedules fixed by this Act as nearly as is practicable.”

SEC. 4. Section 13 of the said Act is hereby further amended so as to provide the following annual rates of compensation and salary steps within grades 14 and 15 of the clerical, administrative, and fiscal service and grades 7 and 8 of the professional and scientific service:

“Clerical, administrative, and fiscal service:

GRADE 14: $6,500, $6,750, $7,000, $7,250, $7,500.

GRADE 15: $8,000, $8,250, $8,500, $8,750, $9,000. 
"Professional and scientific service:
   "Grade 7: $6,500, $6,750, $7,000, $7,250, $7,500.
   "Grade 8: $8,000, $8,250, $8,500, $8,750, $9,000."

Sec. 5. (a) Title II of the Act of November 26, 1940, entitled "An Act extending the classified executive civil service of the United States", is hereby amended by deleting from section 3 (d) (viii) the words "verifiers, openers, packers, guards, inspectors, station inspectors" so that the paragraph as amended will read as follows:
   "(viii) Offices or positions of clerks and laborers in the Customs Service of the Treasury Department, the compensation of which is fixed under an Act of Congress approved May 29, 1928 (45 Stat. 955), as amended;"

(b) Upon the passage of this Act, the Secretary of the Treasury shall allocate to the services and grades of the compensation schedules of the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, the other positions heretofore covered by said Act of May 29, 1928, in the same manner as other positions in the field service of the Treasury Department are allocated under section 2 of the Act of July 3, 1930 (46 Stat. 1003).

(c) Nothing contained in this section shall be construed to decrease the existing compensation of any employee, but when his position shall become vacant it shall be filled in accordance with the regular compensation schedule applicable to such position.

Sec. 6. Section 3 of the Legislative Pay Act of 1929 is hereby amended effective on the date of the enactment of this Act by adding at the end of the first paragraph thereof, before the period, the following: "Provided further, That the compensation of any employees under the Office of the Architect of the Capitol whose tenure of employment is temporary or of uncertain duration may be fixed by the Architect of the Capitol without reference to the provisions of the Classification Act of 1923, as amended".

Sec. 7. There are hereby authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry the provisions of this Act into effect.

Sec. 8. Insofar as they are inconsistent or in conflict with prior laws, the provisions of this Act shall control.

Sec. 9. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 1941.

Approved, August 1, 1941.

[CHAPTER 347]

AN ACT

Relating to compensation of former employees of the Railway Mail Service in certain positions and reinstated prior to August 14, 1937.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the thirteenth paragraph of section 7 of the Act entitled "An Act reclassifying the salaries of postmasters and employees of the Postal Service, readjusting their salaries and compensation on an equitable basis, increasing postal rates to provide for such readjustment, and for other purposes", approved February 28, 1925 (U. S. C., title 39, sec. 621), as amended, is amended by inserting before the period at the end thereof a colon and the following new proviso: "And provided further, That former employees of the Railway Mail Service reinstated to stenographic positions prior to August 14, 1937, may be promoted successively to their grade at the time of separation from the service, but not to a higher grade than grade 4."

Approved, August 1, 1941.
[CHAPTER 348]  
AN ACT  
Making provision for payment of employees of the United States Government, its Territories or possessions, or the District of Columbia, for accumulated or accrued annual leave when ordered to active duty with the military or naval forces of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That employees of the United States Government, its Territories or possessions, or the District of Columbia (including employees of any corporation created under authority of an Act of Congress which is either wholly controlled or wholly owned by the United States Government, or any corporation, all the stock of which is owned or controlled by the United States Government, or any department, agency, or establishment thereof, whether or not the employees thereof are paid from funds appropriated by Congress), who have heretofore or who may hereafter be ordered to active duty with the military or naval forces of the United States shall be entitled to receive, in addition to their military pay, compensation in their civilian positions covering their accumulated or current accrued leave or to elect to have such leave remain to their credit until their return from active military or naval service.

Approved, August 1, 1941.

[CHAPTER 352]  
AN ACT  
To authorize a plant-protection force for naval shore establishments, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy is hereby authorized to establish a plant-protection force for naval shore establishments, and to maintain and operate the same until June 30, 1943, unless Congress shall have, in the meantime, by concurrent resolution, declared such a force no longer necessary. The duty of this force shall be to investigate any existing or threatened espionage or sabotage or subversive or other activities contrary to the interests of the United States in and to the naval shore establishments. The force will be under the general supervision of the Director of the Office of Naval Intelligence under rules and regulations prescribed by the Secretary of the Navy.

SEC. 2. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, a sum not to exceed $1,000,000 annually to effectuate the purposes of this Act, including salaries, travel, clothing, weapons, motor-propelled vehicles and their maintenance, and any other necessary equipment and supplies.

SEC. 3. The civilian in charge of the force herein authorized, together with the other personnel thereof, may be appointed by the Secretary of the Navy in accordance with civil-service laws and the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, or otherwise as he may elect, the civilian in charge to receive a salary at a rate not to exceed $7,500 per annum, the salaries of the other personnel to be in accordance with the Classification Act of 1923, as amended: Provided, That any person appointed to the force who is employed in the civil service at the time of such appointment shall retain his civil-service status for all purposes and shall suffer no reduction in pay by reason of such appointment.

Approved, August 11, 1941.
AN ACT

To authorize the Secretary of War to convey to the Territory of Hawaii certain lands on the island of Oahu, Territory of Hawaii, in consideration of the Governor of Hawaii having transferred to the United States certain lands in the Hawaiian Islands.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized to convey to the Territory of Hawaii all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to that portion of the military reservation known as Hickam Field, island of Oahu, Territory of Hawaii, containing about ninety-seven and thirteen one-hundredths acres, described in subsection (a) of this Act, in consideration of the Governor of Hawaii having transferred to the United States five tracts of land containing about seven hundred and fifty and four hundred and ninety-five one-thousandths acres in the Hawaiian Islands described in subsection (b) of this Act:

(a) Beginning at an iron pin marking the most easterly corner of Hickam Field Military Reservation, said point is located thirteen thousand six hundred and twenty-one and twenty-six one-hundredths feet south and three thousand two hundred and seventy-two and fifty one-hundredths feet west from United States Coast and Geodetic Survey triangulation station “Salt Lake”; thence from said point of beginning by azimuths (measured clockwise from true south) and distances as follows: Fifteen degrees twenty-six minutes thirty seconds, one hundred and seventy-four and fifty one-hundredths feet to a pipe; thence fifty-seven degrees fifty-three minutes and no seconds, six hundred and forty and thirty-one-hundredths feet along Kaihikapu Pond to concrete post; thence sixty degrees forty-three minutes thirty seconds, one hundred and ninety and ten one-hundredths feet along the same to pipe; thence sixty-six degrees forty-one minutes and no seconds, three hundred and forty-one and ninety-one-hundredths feet along the same to pipe; thence three hundred and forty-six degrees twelve minutes and no seconds, fifty-two and twenty-one-hundredths feet along the same to pipe; thence two hundred and eighty-four degrees twenty-four minutes and no seconds, one hundred and fifty-four and seventy-one-hundredths feet along the same to pipe; thence two degrees three minutes and no seconds, two hundred and sixteen and ninety-one-hundredths feet along the same to pipe; thence eight degrees twelve minutes and no seconds, one thousand and forty-nine and fifteen one-hundredths feet along Land Court Application 1074 to a spike; thence three hundred and forty-six degrees forty-five minutes and no seconds, one thousand five hundred and seventy-seven and thirty-one-hundredths feet along Oahu, T. H.

Description.
John Rodgers Airport to iron pin; thence two hundred and seventy-five degrees thirty-five minutes and no seconds, six hundred and seventy-four and no one-hundredths feet along the same to a point; thence two hundred and ninety-nine degrees thirty-one minutes and no seconds, six hundred and eighteen and forty one-hundredths feet along the same to the point of beginning. Containing an area of ninety-seven and thirteen one-hundredths acres.

(b) (1) Mana Airport, Mana, Waimea, Kauai (being portion of the Government (Crown) land of Waimea)

Beginning at a pipe at the northeast corner of this tract of land and about one hundred twenty feet west of a drainage canal (twenty feet wide), the coordinates of said point of beginning referred to Government Survey Triangulation Station “Nohili” being four thousand seven hundred fifty-five and fifty one-hundredths feet South and one thousand nine hundred fifty-five and fifty one-hundredths feet east, as shown on Government Survey Registered Map 2679, and running by azimuths measured clockwise from true south: Twelve degrees and no minutes, five hundred thirty feet along Government land; thence twenty-six degrees and no minutes, nine hundred feet along same; thence six degrees and no minutes, one thousand two hundred feet along same to a pipe; thence ten degrees thirty-four minutes and no seconds, nine hundred fifty-six and sixty one-hundredths feet along same; thence twenty-five degrees and no minutes, eight hundred fifty feet along same; thence one degree and no minutes, six hundred seventy feet along same; thence thirteen degrees and no minutes, two hundred ninety-four and eighty-five one-hundredths feet along same; thence one hundred six degrees eighteen minutes and twenty seconds, three hundred twenty-six and eighty one-hundredths feet along same; thence one hundred eighty-two degrees fifty-eight minutes and thirty seconds, ninety-one and twenty one-hundredths feet along cemetery to a pipe; thence thirteen degrees and no minutes, two hundred fifteen and ninety-six one-hundredths feet along same to a pipe; thence three hundred thirty-three degrees and no minutes, six hundred sixty feet along same to a pipe; thence seventeen degrees and no minutes, nine hundred fifty feet along same to a pipe; thence twenty-two degrees and no minutes, one thousand one hundred thirty feet along same to a pipe; thence eleven degrees and no minutes, one thousand seven hundred thirty feet along same to a pipe; thence twenty-two degrees and no minutes, six hundred seventy feet along same to a pipe; thence three hundred forty-one degrees and no minutes, one thousand six hundred eighty feet along same to a pipe; thence twenty-five degrees ten minutes and no seconds, six hundred thirty feet along same to a pipe; thence eighty degrees and no minutes, five hundred forty feet along same to the seashore at high-water mark, passing over a pipe at four hundred eighty feet; thence along the seashore at highwater mark in a general northerly direction to the southwest corner of Mana Park (Executive Order 148), the direct azimuths and distances between points at seashore being: One hundred sixty-two degrees twenty minutes and no seconds, three thousand three hundred feet; thence one hundred seventy-four degrees...
and no minutes, one thousand eight hundred feet; thence one hun-
dred ninety degrees forty minutes and no seconds, two thousand nine
hundred forty-seven and forty one-hundredths feet; thence two hun-
dred sixty degrees and no minutes, one thousand feet to the southwest
corner of Mana Park (Executive Order 148); thence two hundred
sixty-six degrees forty-two minutes and no seconds, one thousand
two hundred sixty-six degrees forty-two minutes and no seconds, one thousand two hundred eighty-eight and ten one-
hundredths feet along Government land to the point of beginning.

(2) Molokai Airport Military Reservation, Palaau, Molokai

Beginning at the west corner of this parcel of land and on the
south side of Keonelele Avenue, the coordinates of said point of
beginning referred to Government Survey Triangulation Station
“Middle Hill” being two thousand five hundred and thirty-nine and
twenty-nine one-hundredths feet north and fourteen thousand one
defree and seventy-two and sixty-eight one-hundredths feet west,
as shown on Government Survey Registered Map 1288, and running
by azimuths measured clockwise from true south: Two hundred and
seventy-nine degrees fifty-five minutes and thirty seconds, seven hun-
dred and six and nine one-hundredths feet along the south side of
Keonelele Avenue; thence sixty degrees twenty-five minutes and no
seconds, five hundred and twenty-nine and nine one-hundredths feet
along the remainder of Molokai Airport; thence one hundred and
degrees twenty-five minutes and no seconds, four hundred and
forty-nine and forty-nine one-hundredths feet along same to the
point of beginning. Containing an area of two and seven hundred
and twenty-eight one-thousandths acres.

(3) Upolu Point Airport, Upolu Point, North Kohala, Hawaii

Beginning at the northeast corner of this piece of land, and the
northwest corner of part 2 of Presidential Executive Order Num-
ered 7893, the coordinates of said point of beginning referred to
Government Survey Triangulation Station “Puu o Nale” being
twenty-two thousand nine hundred and eighty-two and eighty-seven
one-hundredths feet north and six thousand three hundred and
seventy-eight and seventy-nine one-hundredths feet west; thence run-
ing by azimuths measured clockwise from true south: Three hun-
dred and forty-seven degrees thirty minutes and no seconds, two
hundred feet along part 2 of Presidential Executive Order Numbered
7893; thence two hundred and fifty-seven degrees thirty minutes and
no seconds, four hundred and ninety-four and thirty-three one-
hundredths feet along same; thence three hundred and twenty-two degrees
fifteen minutes and no seconds, fifty-five and twenty-eight one-hun-
dredths feet along lot 11 of land court application 1120; thence
seventy-seven degrees thirty minutes and no seconds, five hundred
and sixty-one and ninety-one one-hundredths feet along the
remainder of Upolu Airport; thence one hundred and sixty-seven
degrees thirty minutes and no seconds, twenty and fifty feet along
same; thence two hundred and fifty-seven degrees thirty
minutes and no seconds, fifty feet along same to the point of begin-
ing. Containing an area of eight hundred and sixty-eight one-
thousandths acres.
(4) Hilo Airport Military Reservation, Waiakea, Hilo City, South Hilo, Hawaii (being portion of the Government (Crown) land of Waiakea):

Beginning at the northeast corner of this parcel of land and on the east boundary of the Hilo Airport, the coordinates of said point of beginning referred to Government Survey Triangulation Station "Halai" being one thousand two hundred seventeen feet north and fifteen thousand five hundred eight and fifty-three one-hundredths feet east, as shown on Government Survey Registered Map 2540, and running by azimuths measured clockwise from true south: Three hundred sixty degrees and no minutes, five hundred ninety-nine and seventy-four one-hundredths feet along the west side of a fifty-foot road; thence ninety degrees and no minutes, one thousand two hundred eighty-two and fifty-one-hundredths feet along the Hawaii National Guard Rifle Range (Governor's Executive Order 286); thence one hundred seventy-two degrees fifty-five minutes and no seconds, one hundred sixty and seventy-five one-hundredths feet along the same; thence two hundred seventy degrees and no minutes, nine hundred twenty-three and one one-hundredth feet along the same; containing an area of fifteen and ninety-eight one-hundredths acres.

(5) Kalae Military Reservation, known as "Morse Field", Kamaoa, Kau, Hawaii (being a portion of the Government land of Kamaoa, set aside for the use of the Hawaiian Homes Commission (sec. 1662, Revised Laws of Hawaii, 1935), and returned to the Commissioner of Public Lands by the Hawaiian Homes Commission by its resolution numbered 65, dated November 16, 1939, for the purpose of which this Executive order is issued):

Beginning at point "B" on the east boundary of Kalae Lighthouse Reservation, said Point "B" marked by a drilled hole in solid rock is situated seven hundred and twenty-four and seventy-two one-hundredths feet south, and one hundred and seventy-four and forty-one one-hundredths feet east of United States Coast and Geodetic Survey Triangulation Station "Ka Lae"; thence from the said point of beginning by azimuths (measured clockwise from true south) and distances as follows: One hundred and seventy-four degrees forty-nine minutes and no seconds, one thousand and twenty-eight feet along Kalae Lighthouse Reservation; thence one hundred and thirty-four degrees seventeen minutes and no seconds, five hundred and ninety-nine feet along the same to point "A" marked by a drilled hole in the center of a square cut in solid rock; thence one hundred and thirty-four degrees seventeen minutes and no seconds, seventy-one and thirty-eight one hundredths feet along the same to a point marking the southwest corner of existing Kalae Military Reservation; thence two hundred and seventy degrees and no minutes, three thousand two hundred and eleven and five one-hundredths feet along the south boundary of Kalae Military Reservation to a one-inch pipe in concrete; thence two hundred and twenty-eight degrees four minutes and no seconds, one thousand seven hundred and seventy and twenty-two one-hundredths feet along the same to a one-inch pipe in concrete; thence two hundred and sixty-five degrees forty-seven minutes and no seconds, one thousand two hundred and seventy-three and fifty-three one-hundredths feet along the same; thence two hundred and three degrees and no minutes, one thousand one hundred and thirty-seven feet along the same; thence two hundred and fifty-nine degrees forty-three minutes and no seconds, one thousand eight hundred and...
July two feet along the same to a one-inch pipe in concrete marking the southeast corner of existing Kalae Military Reservation; thence three hundred and sixty degrees and no minutes, five hundred and seventy feet along the seacoast at high-water line; thence along the seacoast at high-water line in a southwesterly direction to a point at the southeast corner of Kalae Lighthouse Reservation, the direct azimuth and distance is: Sixty-four degrees eight minutes and six seconds, eight thousand three hundred and forty-one and sixty-one hundredths feet; thence one hundred and seventy-four degrees forty-nine minutes and no seconds, sixty feet along Kalae Lighthouse Reservation to the point of beginning. Containing an area of one hundred and eighty-two and thirty-eight one-hundredths acres, more or less.

Approved, August 16, 1941.

[CHAPTER 354] AN ACT

To amend the Act entitled "An Act to authorize the leasing of public lands for use as public aviation fields", approved May 24, 1928, as amended.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first section of the Act entitled "An Act to authorize the leasing of public lands for use as public aviation fields", approved May 24, 1928, as amended, is amended by striking out the words "not to exceed six hundred and forty acres in area" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "not to exceed two thousand five hundred and sixty acres in area".

Approved, August 16, 1941.

[CHAPTER 355] AN ACT

Providing for certain deferments and exemptions under the Selective Training and Service Act of 1940, for publicity with respect to classifications, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 5 (b) (1) of the Selective Training and Service Act of 1940, as amended, is hereby amended by inserting before the colon the following: , or any enlisted man who has been or is hereafter honorably discharged from the Regular Army or the Coast Guard for the convenience of the Government within six months prior to the completion of his regular three-year period of enlistment".

Sec. 2. Section 5 (e) of the Selective Training and Service Act of 1940 is amended by adding "(1)" after "(e)", and by adding at the end thereof the following: "Rules and regulations issued pursuant to this subsection shall include provisions requiring that there be posted in a conspicuous place at the office of each local board a list setting forth the names and classifications of those men who have been classified by such local board.

"(2) Anything in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding, there shall be deferred from training and service under this Act in the land and naval forces of the United States until Congress shall declare otherwise, the men who, on the 1st day of July 1941, or on the 1st day of July of any subsequent year, (1) are liable for such training and service, (2) have not been inducted into the land or naval forces for such training and service, and (3) have attained the twenty-eighth anniversary of the day of their birth: Provided, That any of such men may after volunteering for induction be inducted pursuant and subject to the provisions of section 3 (a) of this Act: Provided
Release from service upon request.

54 Stat. 886.
50 U. S. C., app. § 203 (b).
50 U. S. C., app. § 303 (c).
54 Stat. 890.
50 U. S. C., app. § 308.

Transfer to reserve component.

54 Stat. 886.
50 U. S. C., app. § 203 (c).
Post, p. 627.

Certificate.

54 Stat. 886.
50 U. S. C., app. § 303 (h).

Post, p. 627.

[CHAPTER 356]
AN ACT
August 16, 1941
To reserve a certain part of the public land in California for the benefit of the Rincon Band of Mission Indians.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That subject to all valid existing rights and claims, the following-described lands of the United States be, and the same are hereby, withdrawn from entry, sale, or other disposition and set aside as an addition to the Rincon Indian Reservation in California: The north half, excepting that portion included in the Pauma Rancho, southeast quarter, north half southwest quarter, southeast quarter southwest quarter, southeast quarter southwest quarter, section 25, northwest quarter northeast quarter, south half northeast quarter, section 34, township 10 south, range 1 west, San Bernardino meridian: Provided, That until otherwise directed by Congress none of said lands shall be allotted in severalty or shall be subject to taxation.

Approved, August 16, 1941.

[CHAPTER 357]
AN ACT
August 16, 1941
To provide compensation for disability or death resulting from injury to persons employed at military, air, and naval bases acquired by the United States from foreign countries, and on lands occupied or used by the United States for military or naval purposes outside the continental limits of the United States, including Alaska, Guantanamo, and the Philippine Islands, but excluding the Canal Zone, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That except as herein modified, the provisions of the Act entitled "Longshoremen's and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act," approved March 4, 1927 (44 Stat. 1424), as amended, and as the same may be amended hereafter, shall apply in respect to the injury or death of any employee engaged in any employment at any military, air, or naval base acquired after January 1, 1940, by the United States from any foreign government or any lands occupied or used by the United States for military or naval purposes in any Territory or possession outside the continental United States, including Alaska, Guantanamo, and the Philippine Islands, but excluding the Canal Zone, irrespective of the place where the injury or death occurs.

[55 Stat. 555-557—AUG. 16, 1941] PUBLIC LAWS—CHS. 355-357
SEC. 2. (a) That the minimum limit on weekly compensation for disability, established by section 6 (b), and the minimum limit on the average weekly wages on which death benefits are to be computed, established by section 9 (e), of the Longshoremen's and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act, approved March 4, 1927 (44 Stat. 1424), as amended, shall not apply in computing compensation and death benefits under this Act.

(b) Compensation for permanent total or permanent partial disability under section 8 (c) (21) of the Longshoremen's and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act, or for death under this Act to aliens and nonnationals of the United States not residents of the United States or Canada shall be in the same amount as provided for residents, except that dependents in any foreign country shall be limited to surviving wife and child or children, or if there be no surviving wife or child or children, to surviving father or mother whom the employee has supported, either wholly or in part, for the period of one year immediately prior to the date of the injury, and except that the United States Employees' Compensation Commission may, at its option or upon the application of the insurance carrier shall, commute all future installments of compensation to be paid to such aliens or nonnationals of the United States by paying or causing to be paid to them one-half of the commuted amount of such future installments of compensation as determined by the Commission.

SEC. 3. (a) The United States Employees' Compensation Commission is authorized to extend compensation districts established under the Longshoremen's and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act, approved March 4, 1927 (44 Stat. 1424), or to establish new compensation districts, to include any area to which this Act applies; and to assign to each such district one or more deputy commissioners, as the Commission may deem necessary.

(b) Judicial proceedings provided under sections 18 and 21 of the Longshoremen's and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act in respect to a compensation order made pursuant to this Act shall be instituted in the United States district court of the judicial district wherein is located the office of the deputy commissioner whose compensation order is involved if his office is located in a judicial district, and if not so located, such judicial proceedings shall be instituted in the judicial district nearest the base at which the injury or death occurs.

SEC. 4. This Act shall not apply in respect to the injury or death of (1) an employee subject to the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide compensation for employees of the United States suffering injuries while in the performance of their duties, and for other purposes", approved September 7, 1916 (39 Stat. 742), as amended; (2) an employee engaged in agriculture, domestic service, or any employment that is casual and not in the usual course of the trade, business, or profession of the employer; and (3) a master or member of a crew of any vessel.

Approved, August 16, 1941.

[CHAPTER 358]

JOINT RESOLUTION

Providing for the representation of the Government and people of the United States in the observance of the two hundredth anniversary of the coming of Doctor Henry Melchior Muhlenberg to the American colonies.

Whereas Muhlenberg College will hold celebrations during the year 1942 commemorating the two hundredth anniversary of the arrival in the American colonies of Henry Melchior Muhlenberg, patriarch of the Lutheran Church in America; and
Whereas the said Henry Melchior Muhlenberg was prominently identified with the early days of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, having been active for many years in the Ministerium of Pennsylvania, mother synod of the Lutheran Church in America; and

Whereas the said Henry Melchior Muhlenberg was the father of Frederick Augustus Muhlenberg, first Speaker of the House of Representatives, and of General John Peter Gabriel Muhlenberg, a friend of George Washington and a member of his staff, famous for his action in having thrown off his clerical gown while delivering a sermon at Woodstock, Virginia, disclosing himself dressed in the uniform of an officer of the Continental Army and making a remark to the effect that there was a time to pray and a time to fight; and

Whereas it is appropriate that the Government and the people of the United States should join with Muhlenberg College in the celebrations commemorating the two-hundredth anniversary of the arrival in the American colonies of one so closely identified with the early days of the Republic: Therefore be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Government and people of the United States unite with Muhlenberg College in a fitting and appropriate observance of the two-hundredth anniversary of the arrival in the American colonies of Henry Melchior Muhlenberg.

SEC. 2. There is hereby established a commission to be known as the United States Muhlenberg Bicentennial Commission (hereinafter referred to as the Commission) to be composed of fifteen Commissioners, as follows: The President of the United States and four persons to be appointed by him, the President of the Senate and four Members of the Senate to be appointed by said President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives and four Members of the House to be appointed by said Speaker.

SEC. 3. The Commission, on behalf of the United States, shall cooperate with representatives of Muhlenberg College extend appropriate courtesies to the delegates of foreign universities and other foreign learned bodies or individuals attending the celebrations commemorating such anniversary.

SEC. 4. The members of the Commission shall serve without compensation and shall select a chairman from among their number, but the President of the United States shall be designated as the “honorary chairman” of the Commission.

SEC. 5. Any vacancies occurring in the membership of the Commission shall be filled in the same manner in which original appointments to such Commission are made.

Approved, August 16, 1941.
Norfolk, Virginia-Cape Hatteras, North Carolina, Naval Air Station, $6,500,000.

Boston, Massachusetts, Naval Air Station, $6,500,000.

Various locations, auxiliary lighter-than-air facilities, $3,000,000.

The provisions of section 8 (a) of the Act approved June 28, 1940 (Public, Numbered 671, Seventy-sixth Congress), shall be applicable to the foregoing projects.

Sec. 2. The custody and control of the former Naval Air Station at Sunnyvale, California, now known as Moffett Field, are hereby transferred from the Secretary of War to the Secretary of the Navy, who is authorized to reestablish the same as a Naval Air Station, and the Secretary of War is hereby authorized to establish at such location as he may, with the approval of the President, deem best suited to the purpose, basic heavier-than-air training facilities in lieu of those at Moffett Field at a cost not to exceed $6,500,000. Physical possession of Moffett Field shall be transferred when, in the opinion of the President, the facilities herein authorized for the War Department are sufficiently complete to permit of their use for the purposes specified, but not later than eight months after money is made available to the War Department to provide such facilities.

Sec. 3. The Secretary of the Navy is hereby authorized to conduct aeronautical experiments in the field of other than standard heavier-than-air craft, such as, but not limited to, rotary-wing type aircraft, gliders, metal-hulled and other than conventionally propelled lighter-than-air craft and the like at a cost not to exceed $100,000.

Sec. 4. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury of the United States not otherwise appropriated, such sums as may be necessary to effectuate the purposes of this Act.

Approved, August 16, 1941.

[CHAPTER 360]

AN ACT

To provide for the adjustment of tolls to be charged by the city of Washington, Missouri, in the maintenance and operation of a toll bridge across the Missouri River at or near Washington, Missouri.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in the event that the city of Washington, Missouri, shall issue toll bridge revenue refunding bonds for the purpose of refunding or redeeming its outstanding 4 per centum toll bridge revenue bonds dated July 1, 1934, which were issued to provide funds for the construction of the bridge authorized by the Act of Congress approved June 15, 1933, entitled “An Act granting the consent of Congress to the city of Washington, Missouri, to construct, maintain, and operate a toll bridge across the Missouri River at or near Washington, Missouri”, or in the event that said city shall extend the maturity date or dates of said outstanding bonds, the rates of toll to be charged for the use of said bridge shall be so adjusted as to provide a fund sufficient to pay for the reasonable cost of maintaining, repairing, and operating said bridge and its approaches under economical management and to provide a fund sufficient to pay the principal and interest and the redemption premium, if any, of such toll bridge revenue refunding bonds, or of said outstanding bonds, as soon as possible under reasonable charges, but within a period of not exceeding twenty years from the date of approval of this Act, and such tolls shall be continued until such payments shall have been made. After such bonds and the interest thereon shall have been paid, said bridge
Record of expenditures and receipts.

shall thereafter be maintained and operated free of tolls. An accurate record of the expenditures for maintaining, repairing, and operating said bridge, and of the daily tolls collected, shall be kept and shall be available for the information of all persons interested.

Sec. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, August 16, 1941.

[CHAPTER 361]

AN ACT

To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Ohio River at or near Mauckport, Harrison County, Indiana.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Ohio River, at or near Mauckport, Harrison County, Indiana, authorized to be built by the Indiana State Toll Bridge Commission by an Act of Congress approved August 7, 1939, heretofore extended by an Act of Congress approved May 27, 1940, are hereby further extended one and three years, respectively, from August 7, 1941.

Sec. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, August 16, 1941.

[CHAPTER 362]

JOINT RESOLUTION

To extend the periods of service of persons in the military service, and for other purposes.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Congress, acting in accordance with and solely for the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of section 3 (b) of the Selective Training and Service Act of 1940, hereby declares that the national interest is imperiled.

Sec. 2. The President is hereby authorized, subject, however, to the condition hereinafter stated, to extend, for such periods of time as may be necessary in the interests of national defense, the periods of service, training and service, enlistment, appointment, or commission, of any or all persons inducted for training and service under said Act, members and units of the reserve components of the Army of the United States (including the National Guard of the United States), retired personnel and enlisted men of the Regular Army, and any other members of the Army, who are now, or who may hereafter be, in or subject to active military service, or training and service: Provided, That extension of the periods of active military service, or training and service, in the case of any person subject to the provisions of this section, shall not, without his consent, exceed eighteen months in the aggregate; except that whenever the Congress declares that it is in the interests of national defense to further extend such periods of active military service and training and service, such periods may be further extended by the President, in the case of any such persons, for such time as may be necessary in the interests of national defense: Provided further, That the authority hereby conferred is subject to the condition that the delegation of such authority may be revoked at any time by concurrent resolution of the Congress.

Sec. 3. Any person whose period of active military service or training and service is extended under section 2 and who was (a) ordered to active Federal service under Public Resolution Numbered 96,
Seventy-sixth Congress, or (b) inducted under the Selective Training and Service Act of 1940, as amended, prior to the enactment of this Act, shall, notwithstanding the limitation in section 602 (a) of the National Service Life Insurance Act of 1940 upon the time within which application for National Service Life Insurance may be made, be granted insurance under such section without further medical examination if application therefor is filed within one hundred and twenty days after the date of enactment of this Act.

Sec. 4. The Secretary of War shall, when not in conflict with the interests of national defense, release from active military service those persons who apply therefor through the regular military channels and state their reasons for such release, and whose retention in active military service would, in the judgment of the Secretary of War, subject them or their wives or other dependents to undue hardship if retained on active military service. Any person so released who, in the judgment of those in authority over him, has served satisfactorily shall be entitled to a certificate to that effect, which shall be in the same form and have the same force and effect as a certificate issued under the provisions of section 8 of the Selective Training and Service Act of 1940, as amended. Any person so released shall be transferred to, or remain in, as the case may be, a reserve component of the land forces for the same period and with the same rights, duties, and liabilities as any person transferred to a reserve component of the land forces under the provisions of section 3 (c) of such Act.

Sec. 5. Section 3 (c) of the Selective Training and Service Act of 1940, as amended, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: “The active military service or training and service of any person pursuant to section 2 of the Service Extension Act of 1941 shall be credited against the service in a reserve component required by this section or section 4 of the Service Extension Act of 1941.”

Sec. 6. The President is hereby authorized to order retired personnel of the Regular Army to active duty and to employ them as he shall deem necessary in the interests of national defense.

Sec. 7. Any person who, subsequent to May 1, 1940, and prior to the termination of the authority conferred by section 2 of this joint resolution, shall have entered upon active military or naval service in the land or naval forces of the United States be entitled to all the reemployment benefits of section 8 of the Selective Training and Service Act of 1940 to the same extent as in the case of persons inducted under said Act: Provided, That the provisions of section 8 (b) (A) of said Act shall be applicable to any such person without regard to whether the position which he held shall have been covered into the classified civil service during the period of his military or naval service.

Sec. 8. (a) Any person inducted into the land or naval forces of the United States for active training and service, under section 3 (b) of the Selective Training and Service Act of 1940 shall, in addition to the amounts otherwise payable to such person with respect to such training and service, be entitled to receive the sum of $10 for each month of such training and service in excess of twelve. The provisions of this section shall also apply (1) to any enlisted personnel of the National Guard of the United States or of any other reserve component of the Army of the United States ordered into the active military service under the authority of Public Resolution Numbered 96, approved August 27, 1940, or section 37a of the National Defense Act of 1916, as amended, for any such service so rendered by any such personnel in excess of twelve months, and (2) to any enlisted personnel in excess of twelve months.
personnel of the Regular Army for each month of military service rendered by him after the date of enactment of this joint resolution, and after his total military service (rendered before or after such date) exceeds twelve months.

(b) The provisions of this section shall be applicable only during the period of the unlimited emergency declared by the President on May 27, 1941.

SEC. 9. During the existence of the authority conferred by section 2 of this joint resolution and for six months thereafter the limitation on the number of men who may be in active training and service at any one time under section 3 (b) of the Selective Training and Service Act of 1940 is hereby suspended: Provided, That the Secretary of War shall report to the Congress each month the number of men in active training and service in the land forces under section 3 (b) of said Act.

SEC. 10. During the existence of the authority conferred by section 2 of this joint resolution, enlistments in the Army of the United States, without regard to component, are hereby authorized in the manner provided by the concluding paragraph of section 127a of the National Defense Act, as amended.

SEC. 11. Section 1 of Public Resolution Numbered 96, Seventy-sixth Congress, approved August 27, 1940, is hereby amended (1) by inserting after “June 30, 1942,” the following: “or six months after the termination of the authority conferred by section 2 of the Service Extension Act of 1941, whichever is the later” and (2) by adding at the end thereof the following: “Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this section the President is authorized to order the same member or the same unit into the active military service of the United States for more than one period, except that in the case of any such member any active military service under authority of this resolution in excess of twelve months shall be deemed an extension of active military service within the meaning of section 2 of the Service Extension Act of 1941.”

SEC. 12. This joint resolution may be cited as the “Service Extension Act of 1941.”

Approved, August 18, 1941.
other than National Guard as may be provided by the laws of such State or Territory is hereby authorized while any part of the National Guard of the State or Territory or Puerto Rico or the Canal Zone concerned is in active Federal Service: Provided further, That such forces shall not be called, ordered, or in any manner drafted, as such, into the military services of the United States; however, no person shall, by reason of his membership in any such unit, be exempted from military service under any Federal law: And provided further, That the Secretary of War in his discretion and under regulations determined by him, is authorized to issue, from time to time, for the use of such military units, to any State or Territory or Puerto Rico or the Canal Zone, upon requisition of the Governor thereof, such arms and equipment as may be in possession of and can be spared by the War Department."

Approved, August 18, 1941.

[CHAPTER 364]

AN ACT

To provide for the extension of enlistments in the Navy, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That hereafter enlistments in the Navy and Marine Corps may be for minority or terms of two, three, four, or six years, and all laws now applicable to four-year enlistments shall apply, under such regulations as may be prescribed by the Secretary of the Navy, to enlistments for a shorter or longer period with proportionate benefits upon discharge and reenlistment: Provided, That upon the presentation of satisfactory evidence as to his age and upon application for discharge by his parent or guardian presented to the Secretary of the Navy within ninety days after the date of his enlistment, any man enlisted in the naval service, including the Marine Corps, under twenty-one years of age, who was enlisted without the written consent of his parent or guardian, if any, shall be discharged for his own convenience: Provided further, That all enlistments hereafter entered into may be extended by the Secretary of the Navy for such additional time as he may deem necessary in the public interest in time of war, or national emergency declared by the President, to exist: Provided further, That all men whose terms of enlistment are extended in accordance with the provisions of this Act shall continue during such extensions to be subject in all respects to the laws and regulations for the government of the Navy: And provided further, That men detained in service in accordance with this Act shall, unless they voluntarily extend their enlistments, be discharged not later than six months after the date of the termination of the war or national emergency.

SEC. 2. During war, or a national emergency declared by the President to exist, an enlistment allowance, equal in amount to that provided for enlisted men of the Marine Corps by section 9 of the Act approved June 10, 1922 (42 Stat. 629; U. S. C., title 37, sec. 13), and by section 10 of that Act for enlisted men of the Navy and Coast Guard, and to be in addition to the enlistment allowance so provided, shall be paid to every honorably discharged enlisted man of the Navy, Marine Corps, and Coast Guard who reenlists, within twenty-four hours after such discharge, on board the ship or at the station, Marine barracks, or other naval, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard activity from which he was last discharged.

SEC. 3. The provisions of sections 1, 4, and 5 of this Act shall apply to personnel of the Regular Coast Guard in relationship to the Coast
Authority of Secretary of Treasury.

Detention pay.

Nonapplicability of designated provision.

Shipping articles.

August 18, 1941

[S. 752]

[Public Law 216]

Coronado International Memorial, establishment.

Description of area.

Proviso.

Establishment of adjoining area by Mexico.

Regulation, etc., by National Park Service.


Proviso.

Development within sixty foot strip north of international boundary.

Guard in the same manner and to the same extent as they apply to personnel of the Regular Navy in relationship to the Navy, and the same authority vested in the Secretary of the Navy by this Act with respect to the Navy and Marine Corps shall be, and is hereby, vested in the Secretary of the Treasury with respect to the Coast Guard.

SEC. 4. That portion of section 1422 of the Revised Statutes (18 Stat. 484; 34 U. S. C. 201) which reads as follows: “All persons who shall be so detained beyond their terms of enlistment or who shall, after the termination of their enlistment, voluntarily reenter to serve until the return to an Atlantic or Pacific port of the vessel to which they belong, and their regular discharge therefrom, shall receive for the time during which they are so detained, or shall so serve beyond their original terms of enlistment, an addition of one-fourth of their former pay:” shall not apply to enlistments which are extended pursuant to this Act.

SEC. 5. Hereafter the shipping articles shall contain the substance of section 1 of this Act.

Approved, August 18, 1941.

[CHAPTER 365] AN ACT

To provide for the establishment of the Coronado International Memorial, in the State of Arizona.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That for the purpose of permanently commemorating the explorations of Francisco Vásquez de Coronado, the President of the United States is authorized to declare, by proclamation, any lands within the following-described area, subject to all valid existing rights, to be established as the “Coronado International Memorial”:

Gila and Salt River meridian: Township 24 south, range 20 east, section 10, south half southwest quarter, south half southeast quarter; section 11, south half southwest quarter; section 13, southwest quarter northwest quarter, south half; section 14, northwest quarter, south half, northwest quarter northeast quarter, south half northeast quarter; section 15, all; section 22, all; section 23, all; section 24, all; township 22 south, range 21 east, section 17, south half southwest quarter; section 18, southwest quarter, south half southeast quarter; section 19, all; section 20, lots 3 and 4; aggregating approximately two thousand eight hundred and eighty acres: Provided, That said proclamation shall not be issued until the President of the United States shall have been advised through official channels that the Government of Mexico has established, or provided for the establishment of, an area of similar type and size adjoining the area described herein.

SEC. 2. The National Park Service, under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, shall promote and regulate the use of the Coronado International Memorial for the benefit and enjoyment of the people of the United States. Insofar as applicable and not in conflict with this Act, the Act of August 25, 1916 (39 Stat. 535), providing for the establishment of a National Park Service, as amended and supplemented, shall govern the promotion and regulation of the designated memorial area: Provided, That nothing in this Act shall be construed to authorize any recreational or other development by the National Park Service within the sixty-foot strip north of the international boundary between the United States and Mexico withdrawn by proclamation of the President dated May 27, 1907 (35 Stat., part II, p. 2136), unless such development has received the prior approval of the Secretary of State.
Sec. 3. The Secretary of the Interior, under such regulations as shall be prescribed by him, which regulations shall be substantially similar to those now in effect, shall permit—

(a) Grazing of livestock within the memorial area to the extent now permitted within the said area when such grazing will not interfere with recreational development authorized by this Act; and

(b) Prospecting and mining within the memorial area, when not inconsistent with the public uses thereof. Rights to minerals in the area shall not extend to the lands containing such minerals, but the Secretary of the Interior shall grant rights to use so much of the surface of the lands as may be required for all purposes reasonably incident to the mining and removal of the minerals.

Sec. 4. In the administration of the memorial area the Secretary shall not permit the construction of fences except (a) along the international boundary, (b) beside memorial roads or approach roads, and (c) around memorial areas within which improvements have been located by the National Park Service: Provided, That any roads constructed within the memorial area by the National Park Service shall include necessary cattle underpasses properly located for the passage of cattle across such roads: And provided further, that the right to the exclusive beneficial consumptive use for stock-watering purposes of any water heretofore developed or used for such purposes within the memorial area shall remain in the present holders thereof, their heirs, assigns, successors, and administrators, so long as such water continues to be used exclusively for such purposes: And provided further, that nothing in this Act shall be construed to alter or affect any water right in the State of Arizona or the jurisdiction of said State over its waters: And provided further, that neither roads nor public campgrounds shall be constructed by the National Park Service within the south half southwest quarter of said section 10.

Sec. 5. Upon submission of title satisfactory to him, the Secretary of the Interior, on behalf of the United States, may accept lands and interests in lands which are within the memorial area but are not in Federal ownership and which are offered to the United States without cost.

Approved, August 18, 1941.

[CHAPTER 366]

AN ACT

To provide for the punishment of persons transporting stolen cattle in interstate commerce, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the National Cattle Theft Act.

Sec. 2. When used in this Act—

(a) The term “cattle” shall mean one or more bulls, steers, oxen, cows, heifers, or calves, or the carcass or carcasses of one or more bulls, steers, oxen, cows, heifers, or calves.

(b) The term “interstate or foreign commerce” shall include transportation from one State, Territory, or the District of Columbia, to another State, Territory, or the District of Columbia, or to a foreign country, or from a foreign country to any State, Territory, or the District of Columbia.

Sec. 3. Whoever shall transport or cause to be transported in interstate or foreign commerce any cattle, knowing the same to have been stolen, shall be punished by a fine of not more than $5,000 or by imprisonment for not more than five years, or both.
SEC. 4. Whoever shall receive, conceal, store, barter, buy, sell, or dispose of any cattle, moving in or constituting a part of interstate or foreign commerce, knowing the same to have been stolen, shall be punished by a fine of not more than $5,000 or by imprisonment for not more than five years, or both.

SEC. 5. Any person violating section 3 of this Act may be prosecuted in any district from, into, or through which such cattle has or have been transported or removed.

SEC. 6. Nothing herein shall be construed to repeal, modify, or amend any part of the National Stolen Property Act.

Approved, August 18, 1941.

[CHAPTER 367] AN ACT

To extend the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide that the United States shall aid the States in wildlife-restoration projects, and for other purposes", approved September 2, 1937.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide that the United States shall aid the States in wildlife-restoration projects, and for other purposes", approved September 2, 1937, be amended by adding a new section to read as follows:

"SEC. 8. (a) The Secretary of the Interior is authorized to cooperate with the Alaska Game Commission, the Division of Game and Fish of the Board of Commissioners of Agriculture and Forestry of Hawaii, the Commissioner of Agriculture and Commerce of Puerto Rico, and the Governor of the Virgin Islands, in the conduct of wildlife-restoration projects, as defined in section 2 of this Act, upon such terms and conditions as he shall deem fair, just, and equitable, and is authorized to apportion to said Territories, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands, out of money available for apportionment under this Act, such sums as he shall determine, not exceeding $25,000 for Alaska, and $10,000 each for Hawaii, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands, in any one year, which apportionments, when made, shall be deducted before making the apportionments to the States provided for by this Act; but the Secretary shall in no event require any of said cooperating agencies to pay an amount which will exceed 25 per centum of the cost of any project. Any unexpended or unobligated balance of any apportionment made pursuant to this section shall be available for expenditure in the Territories, Puerto Rico, or the Virgin Islands, as the case may be, in the succeeding year, on any approved project, and if unexpended or unobligated at the end of such year is authorized to be made available for expenditure by the Secretary of the Interior in carrying out the provisions of the Migratory Bird Conservation Act."

Approved, August 18, 1941.

[CHAPTER 368] AN ACT

For the protection of walruses in the Territory of Alaska.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That whoever, within the Territory of Alaska or in or on any of the waters thereof, shall take, possess, sell, barter, purchase, or export, at any time or in any manner, any walrus, alive or dead, or any part thereof, except as hereinafter in this section provided, shall be fined not more than
$500 or imprisoned not more than six months, or both: Provided, That walruses may be taken at any time by natives for food and clothing for themselves and by miners or explorers or any other person when in need of food and other food is not available, and the skins, hides, tusks, or ivory of walruses so taken may be possessed, sold, bartered, or purchased in the Territory and said tusks or ivory, when carved or otherwise manufactured or processed in the Territory, may be exported therefrom: Provided further, That the Secretary of the Interior is authorized to permit the taking, possession, and export of walruses or parts thereof for scientific or educational purposes under special permits to be issued by him under such restrictions and conditions as he shall prescribe.

SEC. 2. That it shall be the duty of all marshals and deputy marshals, collectors and deputy collectors of customs, officers of the Coast Guard, and law-enforcement officers of the Fish and Wildlife Service and the Alaska Game Commission of the Department of the Interior to enforce this Act and they shall have, with respect to such enforcement, all the powers and authority conferred by the second paragraph of section 5 of the Alaska Game Law of January 13, 1925 (48 Stat. 739), as amended by the Acts of February 14, 1931, and June 25, 1938 (46 Stat. 1111 and 52 Stat. 1169, respectively), upon the officers therein mentioned; and all guns, traps, nets, boats, dogs, sleds, implements, or other paraphernalia used in or in aid of a violation of this Act, and any walrus, or part thereof, taken, possessed, sold, bartered, purchased, or exported contrary to this Act, shall be seized by the officers authorized to enforce this Act, and upon conviction of the offender or upon judgment of a court of the United States that the same were being used or were taken, possessed, sold, bartered, purchased, or exported contrary to the provisions of this Act, shall be forfeited to the United States and disposed of as directed by the court having jurisdiction, and if sold the proceeds of sale, less any expenses incurred in and about the seizure and forfeiture thereof, shall be deposited in the Treasury to the credit of miscellaneous receipts.

SEC. 3. That as used in this Act “whoever” includes individuals, associations, partnerships, and corporations; “take” includes also pursue, hunt, shoot, wound, kill, capture, trap, or willfully molest or disturb; “export” means transportation or offering for transportation from the Territory of Alaska or any of the waters thereof to any place outside said Territory or waters; and “natives” means Eskimos, Aleuts, and other aborigines of one-half or more Eskimo, Aleut, or other aboriginal blood.

SEC. 4. That all other Acts or parts of Acts insofar as they relate to walruses in the Territory of Alaska or in or on any of the waters thereof are hereby repealed.

Approved, August 18, 1941.

[CHAPTER 369]

AN ACT

Granting an extension of patent to the United Daughters of the Confederacy.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That a certain design patent issued by the United States Patent Office of date November 8, 1898, being patent numbered 29,611, which was renewed and extended for a period of fourteen years by Public Law Numbered 242, Sixty-ninth Congress, approved May 18, 1926, is hereby renewed and extended for an additional period of fourteen years from and after the passage of this Act, with all the rights and privi-
leges pertaining to the same, being generally known as the insignia of the United Daughters of the Confederacy: Provided, however, That no person who has manufactured the design of said patent between the 18th day of May 1940 and the date of the passage of this Act shall be held liable for infringement of this patent by reason of the continued manufacture and sale thereof.

Approved, August 18, 1941.

[CHAPTER 371]  
AN ACT  
To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of bridges across the Monongahela River in Allegheny County, Pennsylvania.

Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge in Allegheny County, Pennsylvania, across the Monongahela River at a point suitable to navigation from the Borough of Dravosburg, in Allegheny County, Pennsylvania, to a point at or adjacent to the dividing line between the city of McKeesport, Pennsylvania, and the Borough of Glassport, Pennsylvania, and a bridge across the Monongahela River at a point suitable to navigation from the Borough of Rankin, Pennsylvania, to the Borough of Whitaker, Pennsylvania, construction of which bridges was authorized by an Act of Congress approved July 29, 1939, and heretofore extended by an Act of Congress approved August 9, 1940, be, and are hereby, further extended one and three years, respectively, from July 25, 1941.

Sec. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, August 18, 1941.
[CHAPTER 372]

AN ACT

Granting the consent of Congress to the South Carolina State Highway Department to construct, maintain, and operate a free highway bridge across the Santee River, at or near Leneudes Ferry, South Carolina.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of Congress is hereby granted to the South Carolina State Highway Department to construct, maintain, and operate a free bridge across the Santee River at a point suitable to the interest of navigation, at or near Leneudes Ferry, between Jamestown and Andrews, South Carolina, in accordance with the provisions of an Act entitled “An Act to regulate the construction of bridges over navigable waters”, approved March 23, 1906, and subject to the conditions and limitations of this Act.

Sec. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, August 18, 1941.

[CHAPTER 373]

AN ACT

To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of a toll bridge across the Wabash River at or near Mount Vernon, Posey County, Indiana.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the times for commencing and completing the construction of a toll bridge across the Wabash River, at or near Mount Vernon, Posey County, Indiana, authorized to be built by the Indiana State Toll Bridge Commission, by an Act of Congress approved October 9, 1940, are hereby extended one and three years, respectively, from October 9, 1941.

Sec. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, August 18, 1941.

[CHAPTER 374]

AN ACT

To legalize the construction by the Big Creek Bridge Company, Consolidated, of a bridge across the Tug Fork of the Big Sandy River at Nolan, West Virginia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of Congress is hereby granted to the Big Creek Bridge Company, Consolidated, its successors and assigns, to complete construction of a bridge and approaches thereto across the Tug Fork of the Big Sandy River, at Nolan, West Virginia, and to maintain and operate said bridge as a lawful structure subject to the provisions of the Act entitled “An Act to regulate the construction of bridges over navigable waters”, approved March 23, 1906, and subject to the conditions and limitations contained in this Act.

Sec. 2. The Big Creek Bridge Company, Consolidated, its successors and assigns, is hereby authorized to fix and charge tolls for transit over such bridge, and the rates of toll so fixed shall be the legal rates until changed by the Secretary of War under authority contained in the Act of March 23, 1906.

Sec. 3. After the completion of such bridge, as determined by the Secretary of War, either the State of West Virginia, the State of Kentucky, any public agency or political subdivision of either of such States, within or adjoining which any part of such bridge is located,
or any two or more of them jointly, may at any time acquire and take over all right, title, and interest in such bridge and its approaches, and any interest in real property necessary therefor; by purchase or by condemnation, or expropriation, in accordance with the laws of either of such States governing the acquisition of private property for public purposes by condemnation or expropriation. If at any time after the expiration of five years after the completion of such bridge the same is acquired by condemnation or expropriation, the amount of damages or compensation to be allowed shall not include goodwill, going value, or prospective revenues or profits, but shall be limited to the sum of (1) the actual cost of constructing such bridge and its approaches, less a reasonable deduction for actual depreciation in value; (2) the actual cost of acquiring such interests in real property; (3) actual financing and promotion costs, not to exceed 5 per cent of the sum of the cost of constructing the bridge and its approaches and acquiring such interests in real property; and (4) actual expenditures for necessary improvements.

Sec. 4. If such bridge shall at any time be taken over or acquired by the States or public agencies or political subdivisions thereof, or by either of them, as provided in section 3 of this Act, and if tolls are thereafter charged for the use thereof, the rates of toll shall be so adjusted as to provide a fund sufficient to pay for the reasonable cost of maintaining, repairing, and operating the bridge and its approaches under economical management, and to provide a sinking fund sufficient to amortize the amount paid therefor, including reasonable interest and financing cost, as soon as possible under reasonable charges, but within a period of not to exceed twenty years from the date of acquiring the same. After a sinking fund sufficient for such amortization shall have been so provided, such bridge shall thereafter be maintained and operated free of tolls. An accurate record of the amount paid for acquiring the bridge and its approaches, the actual expenditures for maintaining, repairing, and operating the same and of the daily tolls collected, shall be kept and shall be available for the information of all persons interested.

Sec. 5. The Big Creek Bridge Company, Consolidated, its successors and assigns, shall within ninety days after the completion of such bridge file with the Secretary of War and with the highway departments of the States of West Virginia and Kentucky, a sworn itemized statement showing the actual original cost of constructing the bridge and its approaches, the actual cost of acquiring any interest in real property necessary therefor, and the actual financing and promotion costs. The Secretary of War may, and upon request of the highway department of either of such States shall, at any time within three years after the completion of such bridge, investigate such costs and determine the accuracy and the reasonableness of the costs alleged in the statement of costs so filed, and shall make a finding of the actual and reasonable costs of constructing, financing, and promoting such bridge; for the purpose of such investigation the said Big Creek Bridge Company, Consolidated, its successors and assigns, shall make available all of its records in connection with the construction, financing, and promotion thereof. The findings of the Secretary of War as to the reasonable costs of the construction, financing, and promotion of the bridge shall be conclusive for the purposes mentioned in section 3 of this Act, subject only to review in a court of equity for fraud or gross mistake.

Sec. 6. The right to sell, assign, transfer, and mortgage all the rights, powers, and privileges conferred by this Act is hereby granted to the Big Creek Bridge Company, Consolidated, its successors and assigns, and any corporation to which or any person to whom such rights, powers, and privileges may be sold, assigned, or transferred,
or who shall acquire the same by mortgage foreclosure or otherwise, is hereby authorized and empowered to exercise the same as fully as though conferred herein directly upon such corporation or person.

Sec. 7. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, August 18, 1941.

[CHAPTER 375] AN ACT

To permit construction, maintenance, and use of certain pipe lines for petroleum and petroleum products in the District of Columbia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Commissioners of the District of Columbia be, and are hereby, authorized and empowered to grant permission to Steuart Brothers, Incorporated, a corporation organized in the State of Delaware, lessee of square south of 1048 bounded by M Street Southeast on the north, Fourteenth Street Southeast and Water Street Southeast on the east, and Virginia Avenue on the south, in the city of Washington, in the District of Columbia, its successors and assigns, to lay down, construct, maintain, and use not more than five pipe lines for the carriage of petroleum and petroleum products with such auxiliary steam lines as may be necessary from a point or points within said square south of 1048 due north in and through M Street Southeast to the right-of-way of the Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington Railroad; and also the right to lay down, construct, maintain, and use not more than five pipe lines for the carriage of petroleum and petroleum products with such auxiliary steam lines as may be necessary from a point or points within square south of 1048 due north to the said M Street, thence westwardly along the said M Street to its intersection with Thirteenth Street Southeast, thence south in and along the said Thirteenth Street to the Anacostia River.

Sec. 2. That all the construction and use provided for herein shall be under such regulations and rentals as the Commissioners of the District of Columbia may make and establish in connection therewith and all plans and specifications for such construction shall be subject to their approval. The Commissioners of the District of Columbia shall have full authority to designate the location and to cause such repairs or relocation of said pipe lines as the public necessity may require, any such repairs or relocation to be at the expense of the Steuart Brothers, Incorporated, its successors or assigns.

Sec. 3. That no permission granted or enjoyed hereunder shall vest any title or interest in or to the land within Thirteenth Street Southeast or M Street Southeast.

Sec. 4. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is expressly reserved.

Approved, August 18, 1941.

[CHAPTER 376] AN ACT

Granting the consent of Congress to the Department of Highways, Commonwealth of Virginia, to construct, maintain, and operate two free bridges across the New River, one at Bluff City and the other at Eggleston, in the State of Virginia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of Congress is hereby granted to the Department of Highways, Commonwealth of Virginia, to construct, maintain, and operate two free highway bridges and approaches thereto across the New River, at
points to the interest of navigation, one at Bluff City, Giles County, Virginia, and the other at Eggleston, Giles County, Virginia, in accordance with the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction of bridges over navigable waters", approved March 23, 1906, and subject to the conditions and limitations contained in this Act.

SEC. 2. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, August 18, 1941.

[CHAPTER 377]

AN ACT

Authorizing the construction of certain public works on rivers and harbors for flood control, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That hereafter Federal investigations and improvements of rivers and other waterways for flood control and allied purposes shall be under the jurisdiction of and shall be prosecuted by the War Department under the direction of the Secretary of War and supervision of the Chief of Engineers, and Federal investigations of watersheds and measures for run-off and water flow retardation and soil-erosion prevention on watersheds shall be under the jurisdiction of and shall be prosecuted by the Department of Agriculture under the direction of the Secretary of Agriculture, except as otherwise provided by Act of Congress.

SEC. 2. That section 3 of the Act approved June 22, 1936 (Public, Numbered 738, Seventy-fourth Congress), as amended by section 2 of the Act approved June 28, 1938 (Public, Numbered 761, Seventy-fifth Congress), shall apply to all works authorized in this Act, except that for any channel improvement or channel rectification project provisions (a), (b), and (c) of section 3 of said Act of June 22, 1936, shall apply thereto, and except as otherwise provided by law: Provided, That the third proviso of section 1 of the Flood Control Act approved August 29, 1937 (Public, Numbered 406, 75th Congress) and all of section 8 of the Flood Control Act approved August 11, 1938, (Public, Numbered 396, 76th Congress) are hereby repealed: Provided further, That the authorization for any flood control project heretofore or herein adopted requiring local cooperation shall expire five years from the date on which local interests are notified in writing by the War Department of the requirements of local cooperation, unless said interests shall within said time furnish assurances satisfactory to the Secretary of War that the required cooperation will be furnished: And provided further, That in any case where the total authorization for a project hereofore or hereafter authorized by Congress is not sufficient to complete plans that may have been made the Chief of Engineers is authorized in his discretion to plan and make expenditures on preparations for the project, such as the purchase of lands, easements, and rights-of-way; readjustments of roads, railroads, and other utilities; removal of towns, cemeteries, and dwellings from reservoir sites; and the construction of foundations. The Chief of Engineers is also authorized in his discretion to modify the plan for any dam or other work heretofore or hereafter authorized so that such dam or work will be smaller than originally planned with a view to completing a useful improvement within an authorization: Provided, That the smaller structure shall be located on the chosen site so that it will be feasible at some future time to enlarge the work in order to permit
the full utilization of the site for all purposes of conservation such as flood control, navigation, reclamation, the development of hydroelectric power, and the abatement of pollution.

SEC. 3. That the following works of improvement for the benefit of navigation and the control of destructive floodwaters and other purposes are hereby adopted and authorized in the interest of national security and the stabilization of employment, and shall be prosecuted as speedily as may be consistent with budgetary requirements, under the direction of the Secretary of War and the supervision of the Chief of Engineers in accordance with the plans in the respective reports hereinafter designated and subject to the conditions set forth therein: Provided, That penstocks or other similar facilities adapted to possible future use in the development of hydroelectric power shall be installed in any dam herein authorized when approved by the Secretary of War upon the recommendation of the Chief of Engineers and of the Federal Power Commission:

CONNECTICUT RIVER BASIN

In addition to previous authorizations, there is hereby authorized to be appropriated the sum of $6,000,000 for local protection works and $10,000,000 for reservoirs for the prosecution of the comprehensive plan approved in the Act of June 28, 1938, for the Connecticut River Basin, and such comprehensive plan is hereby modified to include the works recommended by the Chief of Engineers in House Document Numbered 653, Seventy-sixth Congress, third session, and House Document Numbered 724, Seventy-sixth Congress, third session, with such further modifications as may be found justifiable in the discretion of the Secretary of War and the Chief of Engineers.

The Secretary of War is authorized to reimburse the city of Hartford, Connecticut, the sum of $252,000 heretofore contributed to the United States by said city for the realignment of the South Meadows section of the flood-protection works in accordance with the plans contained in House Document Numbered 653, Seventy-sixth Congress, third session: Provided, That there shall be deducted from the aforementioned sum any reimbursement which may be made to said city pursuant to the provisions of section 1 of the War Department Civil Appropriation Act, 1938, approved July 19, 1937.

THEAMES RIVER BASIN

The plan for a system of reservoirs and channel improvements in the Thames River Basin, Connecticut, Rhode Island, and Massachusetts, in accordance with the recommendation of the Chief of Engineers in House Document Numbered 885, Seventy-sixth Congress, third session, is approved, and there is hereby authorized $6,000,000 for initiation and partial accomplishment of the project.

PAWTUXET RIVER BASIN

The project for local flood protection on the North Branch of Pawtuxet River at Clyde, Rhode Island, and for the Pontiac diversion is hereby authorized to be constructed substantially in accordance with the recommendation of the Chief of Engineers in House Document Numbered 747, Seventy-sixth Congress, third session, at an estimated cost of $1,320,000.

HUDSON RIVER BASIN

The projects adopted by the Act of June 22, 1936, to provide for local flood-protection works in the Hoosic River Basin at North Adams in Massachusetts; at Hoosick Falls, New York, and at Ben-
Inclusion of Adams, Mass.

The project for local flood protection on the Winooski River at Waterbury, Vermont, is hereby authorized to be constructed substantially in accordance with the recommendation of the Chief of Engineers in House Document Numbered 656, Seventy-sixth Congress, third session, at an estimated cost of $880,000.

The project adopted by the Act of June 22, 1936, to provide for local flood-protection works on Otter Creek at Rutland, Vermont, is hereby modified in accordance with the recommendation of the Chief of Engineers in Senate Document Numbered 171, Seventy-sixth Congress, third session, and is authorized to be constructed substantially in accordance with said recommendation at an estimated cost of $308,000.

LAKE CHAMPLAIN BASIN

The project for local flood protection on the Winooski River at Waterbury, Vermont, is hereby authorized to be constructed substantially in accordance with the recommendation of the Chief of Engineers in House Document Numbered 656, Seventy-sixth Congress, third session, at an estimated cost of $880,000.

The project adopted by the Act of June 22, 1936, to provide for local flood-protection works on Otter Creek at Rutland, Vermont, is hereby modified in accordance with the recommendation of the Chief of Engineers in Senate Document Numbered 171, Seventy-sixth Congress, third session, and is authorized to be constructed substantially in accordance with said recommendation at an estimated cost of $308,000.

OSWEGO RIVER BASIN

The projects for flood control and other purposes at Canandaigua, Keuka, and Owasco Lakes, and at Hammondsport, Watkins Glen, Montour Falls, Ithaca, and Syracuse, New York, are hereby authorized to be constructed substantially in accordance with the recommendation of the Chief of Engineers in House Document Numbered 846, Seventy-sixth Congress, third session, at an estimated cost of $3,220,000.

BUFFALO RIVER BASIN

The project for local flood protection on Cayuga Creek at Lancaster, New York, is hereby authorized to be constructed substantially in accordance with the recommendation of the Chief of Engineers in House Document Numbered 326, Seventy-seventh Congress, first session, at an estimated cost of $575,000.

SUSQUEHANNA RIVER BASIN

The project adopted by the Act of June 22, 1936, to provide for local flood-protection works on the Susquehanna River at Sunbury, Pennsylvania, is hereby modified in accordance with the recommendation of the Chief of Engineers in House Document Numbered 366, Seventy-sixth Congress, first session, and is authorized to be constructed substantially in accordance with said recommendation at an estimated cost of $1,900,000.

The project for flood control in the Susquehanna River Basin in southern New York and eastern Pennsylvania adopted by the Act of June 22, 1936, is hereby modified to include and authorize the construction of the Stillwater Reservoir on the Lackawanna River, Pennsylvania, for flood control and other purposes in accordance with plans now in the Office of the Chief of Engineers at an estimated cost to the United States of $2,420,000.

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN

The project for local flood protection on Rancocas Creek in the vicinity of Mount Holly, New Jersey, is hereby authorized to be constructed substantially in accordance with the recommendation of the Chief of Engineers in House Document Numbered 128, Seventy-seventh Congress, first session, at an estimated cost of $300,000.
NEUSE RIVER BASIN

The project for local flood protection on the Neuse River in the vicinity of Goldsboro, North Carolina, is hereby authorized to be constructed substantially in accordance with the recommendation of the Chief of Engineers in House Document Numbered 327, Seventy-seventh Congress, first session, at an estimated cost of $40,000.

MOBILE RIVER BASIN

The project for local flood protection at Prattville, Alabama, on Autauga Creek, a tributary of the Alabama-Coosa River, is hereby authorized to be constructed substantially in accordance with the recommendation of the Chief of Engineers in House Document Numbered 657, Seventy-sixth Congress, third session, at an estimated cost of $530,000.

The plan for the Allatoona Reservoir on the Etowah River in the Coosa River Basin, Georgia, for flood control and other purposes in accordance with the recommendation of the Chief of Engineers in House Document Numbered 674, Seventy-sixth Congress, third session, is approved and there is hereby authorized $3,000,000 for initiation and partial accomplishment of the project.

The project for flood control on the Tombigbee River authorized by the Act of June 22, 1936, is hereby modified to provide for additional channel improvements and related works for flood control for the Tombigbee River and tributaries above the mouth of and including the Noxubee River in accordance with plans approved by the Chief of Engineers at an estimated cost of $150,000.

BAYOU TECHE AND VERMILION RIVER

The project for the improvement of Bayou Teche and the Vermilion River, Louisiana, is hereby authorized to be constructed substantially in accordance with the recommendations of the Chief of Engineers in Senate Document Numbered 93, Seventy-seventh Congress, first session, at an estimated cost of $1,390,000.

MERMENTAU RIVER BASIN

The project for the improvement of the Mermentau River in Louisiana for flood control is hereby authorized to be constructed substantially in accordance with the recommendations of the Chief of Engineers in Senate Document Numbered 94, Seventy-seventh Congress, first session, at an estimated cost of $970,000.

COLORADO RIVER BASIN (TEXAS)

The plan for improvement of the Lower Colorado River, Texas, for flood control in accordance with the recommendation of the Chief of Engineers in House Document Numbered 312, Seventy-sixth Congress, first session, is approved and there is hereby authorized $6,500,000 for the construction of the project.

The plan for San Angelo Reservoir for flood control and other purposes on the North Concho River, Texas, and for local flood-protection works at San Angelo, Texas, in accordance with the recommendation of the Chief of Engineers in House Document Numbered 315, Seventy-sixth Congress, first session, is approved and there is hereby authorized $2,000,000 for initiation and partial accomplishment of the project.

The plan for Hords Creek Reservoir and for enlargement of the existing Lake Brownwood Reservoir for flood control and other purposes on Pecan Bayou and its tributaries in Texas, in accordance with
the recommendation of the Chief of Engineers in House Document Numbered 370, Seventy-sixth Congress, first session, is approved and there is hereby authorized $1,400,000 for initiation and partial accomplishment of the project, including $400,000 for the Hords Creek Reservoir.

The project for local flood protection on Brady Creek at Brady, Texas, is hereby authorized to be constructed substantially in accordance with the recommendation of the Chief of Engineers in House Document Numbered 441, Seventy-sixth Congress, first session, at an estimated cost of $825,000.

**BRAZOS RIVER BASIN**

The plan for Whitney Reservoir on the Brazos River in Texas, for flood control and other purposes in accordance with the recommendation of the Chief of Engineers in House Document Numbered 390, Seventy-sixth Congress, first session, is approved and there is hereby authorized $5,000,000 for the initiation and partial accomplishment of the project.

**LOWER MISSISSIPPI RIVER**

The project for flood control of the Lower Mississippi River adopted by the Act of May 15, 1928, as amended by the Act of June 15, 1936, as amended by the Acts of August 28, 1937, and June 28, 1938, is hereby modified and, as modified, is hereby authorized and adopted, and the Flood Control Act of June 15, 1936, as amended, is amended as follows:

(a) The existing engineering plan for flood control in the alluvial valley of the Mississippi River is hereby modified so as to provide for the construction of plan 4 as set forth in the report of the Mississippi River Commission, dated March 7, 1941, to the Chief of Engineers, except that the levees in the Yazoo Basin on the east bank of the Mississippi River south of the Coahoma-Bolivar County line in said plan shall have a three-foot freeboard over the project flood, and all levees shall be constructed with adequate section and foundation to conform to increased levee heights. The Boeuf Floodway in the project adopted by the Act of May 15, 1928, and the Eudora Floodway as well as the Northward Extension and the back protection levee extending from the head of the said Eudora Floodway north to the Arkansas River in the project adopted by the Act of June 15, 1936, as amended, are hereby abandoned, and the provisions of said Acts relating to the prosecution of work on said floodways and extension are hereby repealed.

(b) The project for flood control of the Yazoo River shall be as authorized by the Flood Control Act approved June 15, 1936, as amended by section 2 of the Act approved June 28, 1938, except that the Chief of Engineers may, in his discretion, from time to time, substitute therefor combinations of reservoirs, levees, and channel improvements; and except that the extension of the authorized project and improvements contemplated in plan C of the report of March 7, 1941, of the Mississippi River Commission are authorized, including the extension of the levee on the east bank of the Mississippi River generally along the west bank of the Yazoo River to a connection in the vicinity of Yazoo City with the Yazoo River levee, authorized by the existing project for protection against headwater floods of the Yazoo River system, and the adjustment in the discretion of the Chief of Engineers of the grades of the existing levees in the backwater area on the east bank of Yazoo River below Yazoo City, all at an estimated additional cost of $11,982,000: Provided, That the Chief of Engineers shall fix the grade of the extension levees along the Yazoo River, with
higher levees in his discretion, so that their construction will give the maximum practical protection without jeopardizing the safety and integrity of the main Mississippi River levees: And provided further, That prior to the beginning of construction local authorities shall furnish satisfactory assurances that they will (1) maintain the levees in accordance with the provisions of section 3 of the Act of May 15, 1928, and will (2) not raise the levees in the backwater above the limiting elevations established therefor by the Chief of Engineers.

(c) In the development of the authorized project, the construction of a levee and improvements contemplated in the report of March 7, 1941, of the Mississippi River Commission from the main-line levee on the west bank of the Mississippi River in the vicinity of Shaw, Louisiana, westward and northward to the vicinity of Newlight, Louisiana, for the protection of that part of the Red River backwater known as the Tensas-Cocodrie area at an estimated cost of $6,976,000 is hereby authorized: Provided, That the Chief of Engineers shall fix the grade of said levee, with a higher levee in his discretion, so that its construction will give the maximum practical protection without jeopardizing the safety and integrity of the main Mississippi River levees: And provided further, That prior to the beginning of construction local authorities shall furnish satisfactory assurances that they will (1) maintain the levees in accordance with the provisions of section 3 of the Act of May 15, 1928, and will (2) not raise the said levee above the limiting elevations established therefor by the Chief of Engineers: Provided further, That subject to the foregoing conditions of local cooperation the Chief of Engineers may in his discretion substitute other levees and appurtenant works for, or make such modifications of, the levees and improvements herein authorized for the protection of the Tensas-Cocodrie area as may be found after further investigation to afford protection to a larger area in the Red River Backwater at a total cost not to exceed $14,000,000 and without jeopardizing the safety and integrity of the main Mississippi River levees and without preventing or jeopardizing the diversions contemplated in the adopted project through the Atchafalaya River and Atchafalaya Basin.

(d) The Chief of Engineers, with approval of the Secretary of War, shall reimburse local authorities for actual expenditures found by the Chief of Engineers to be reasonable, for providing at the request of the United States, in accordance with local legal procedure or custom, rights-of-way and flowage easements required for future setbacks of main-line Mississippi River levees.

(e) The existing engineering plan for flood control of the Saint Francis River is hereby modified so as to permit the substitution for the suspended portions of the original project below Oak Donnick, Arkansas, of the construction of a ditch in Cross County, Arkansas, beginning in the vicinity of the outlet end of the existing Oak Donnick to Saint Francis Bay floodway and terminating in Saint Francis Bay about two miles north of Riverfront, including the construction of a highway bridge at State Highway Numbered 42 made necessary by the ditch construction: Provided, That local interests give assurances satisfactory to the Secretary of War that they will (1) provide without cost to the United States all lands, easements, and rights-of-way necessary for the construction; (2) hold and save the United States free from damages due to the construction works; and (3) maintain the works after completion in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary of War.

(f) In the development of the authorized project, the construction of improvements for Bayou Rapides, Boeuf, and Cocodrie, Louisiana,
No increase in total authorizations; exceptions.

Proviso.

President of Mississippi River Commission.
Retirement provisions.

Appropriation authorized.

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contemplated in the report dated March 24, 1941, of the Special Board of Officers at an estimated cost of $2,600,000 is hereby authorized.

(g) The total authorizations heretofore made for the flood control project of the alluvial valley of the Mississippi River shall not be increased by reason of any provision in this Act, except for the additional amounts necessary for the Yazoo and Red River backwater improvements, and any appropriations heretofore or hereafter made or authorized for said project as herein or heretofore modified may be expended upon any feature of the said project, notwithstanding any restrictions, limitations, or requirements of existing law: Provided, That funds hereafter expended for maintenance shall not be considered as reducing present remaining balances of authorizations.

(h) Any officer of the Corps of Engineers who has served or shall serve four years as President of the Mississippi River Commission and who has been or shall subsequently be retired, shall, from the date of such retirement, receive the rank, pay, and allowances of a retired major general.

The project for flood control on the Homochitto River in Mississippi, authorized by the Act of June 22, 1936 (Public, Numbered 738, Seventy-fourth Congress), and modified by the Act of June 28, 1938 (Public, Numbered 761, Seventy-fifth Congress), is hereby further modified to provide for additional channel improvements and related works for flood control on the Homochitto River and tributaries in accordance with plans approved by the Chief of Engineers, and for the execution of these plans there is hereby authorized $50,000.

RED-OUACHITA RIVER BASIN

The project for local flood protection on the Ouachita River near Calion, Arkansas, is hereby authorized to be constructed substantially in accordance with the recommendation of the Chief of Engineers in House Document Numbered 427, Seventy-sixth Congress, first session, at an estimated cost of $50,000.

The project for local protection on the Red River in Grant Parish below Colfax, Louisiana, authorized by the Act approved June 28, 1938, is hereby amended to add and authorize the following: Levee enlargement, new levee extension, and the construction of appurtenant drainage structures on the left bank of the Red River opposite Alexandria for the protection of Pineville, Louisiana, and vicinity, at an estimated cost to the United States of $159,100, subject to the provisions of section 3 of the Act approved June 22, 1936.

The project for local flood protection on the Red River in Grant Parish below Colfax, Louisiana, authorized by the Act approved June 28, 1938, is hereby further amended to include and to authorize the following: Levees and appurtenant drainage works on the left bank of the Red River and along Bayous Darrow and Rigolette, the improvement of the channel of Bayou Rigolette, and the separation of the channels of Bayous Darrow and Rigolette in the Aloha-Rigolette area, Grant and Rapides Parish, Louisiana, all at an estimated cost to the United States of $914,500, subject to the provisions of section 3 of the Flood Control Act approved June 22, 1936.

The project for the Bayou Bodcau Reservoir, Louisiana, authorized by the Act of June 22, 1936, as modified by the Acts of June 28, 1938, and June 28, 1939, is hereby further modified to include and to authorize channel improvements below the reservoir on Bayou Bodcau, Red Chute, and Loggy Bayou at an estimated cost of $198,000, subject to the provisions of Section 3 of the Flood Control Act approved June 22, 1936.
The plan for the Narrows Reservoir for flood control and other purposes on the Little Missouri River, Arkansas, and for local flood protection on the main river below Murfreesboro and on the Terre Noire and Ozan Creeks, substantially in accordance with recommendation of the Chief of Engineers in House Document Numbered 837, Seventy-sixth Congress, third session, is approved and there is hereby authorized $3,000,000 for initiation and partial accomplishment of the project.

**WHITE RIVER BASIN**

In addition to previous authorizations, there is hereby authorized to be appropriated the sum of $24,000,000 for the prosecution of the comprehensive plan approved in the Act of June 28, 1938, for the White River Basin in Missouri and Arkansas, including the projects for flood control and other purposes recommended by the Chief of Engineers in House Document Numbered 917, Seventy-sixth Congress, third session, and the modifications in the Norfork Reservoir project recommended by the Chief of Engineers in House Document Numbered 290, Seventy-seventh Congress, first session.

The projects for local flood protection on the White River, on the east side between Augusta and Clarendon, Arkansas, and at the town of De Valls Bluff, Arkansas, are hereby authorized to be constructed substantially in accordance with the recommendation of the Chief of Engineers in House Document Numbered 98, Seventy-sixth Congress, first session, at an estimated cost of $2,847,500.

**ARKANSAS RIVER BASIN**

The general comprehensive plan for flood control and other purposes, approved by the Act of June 28, 1938, for the Arkansas River Basin, is hereby modified to include the reservoirs in the Grand (Neosho) River Basin in Oklahoma and Missouri, and in the Verdigris River Basin in Kansas, in accordance with the recommendations of the Chief of Engineers in House Documents Numbered 107 and 440 of the Seventy-sixth Congress, first session. In addition to previous authorizations, there is hereby authorized to be appropriated the sum of $29,000,000 for the prosecution of said comprehensive plan.

The project for local flood protection on the Salt Fork of the Arkansas River in the vicinity of Cherokee, Oklahoma, is hereby authorized to be constructed substantially in accordance with the recommendation of the Chief of Engineers in House Document Numbered 480, Seventy-sixth Congress, second session, at an estimated cost of $800,000.

The project for local flood protection along the south bank of the Arkansas River between Little Rock and Pine Bluff, Arkansas, is hereby authorized to be constructed substantially in accordance with the recommendation of the Chief of Engineers in House Document Numbered 718, Seventy-sixth Congress, third session, at an estimated cost of $841,000, with such modifications as may be advisable in the discretion of the Secretary of War and the Chief of Engineers.

The project for local flood protection along the north bank of the Arkansas River in the Crawford County Levee District, Arkansas, is hereby authorized to be constructed substantially in accordance with the recommendation of the Chief of Engineers in House Document Numbered 720, Seventy-sixth Congress, third session, at an estimated cost of $284,000.

The project for local flood protection on both sides of the Arkansas River in the immediate vicinity of Tulsa and West Tulsa, Oklahoma, is hereby authorized to be constructed substantially in accord-
Additional appropriation authorized.

Ohio River Basin

In addition to previous authorizations, there is hereby authorized to be appropriated the sum of $45,000,000 for the prosecution of the comprehensive plan approved in the Act of June 28, 1938, for the Ohio River Basin, modified to include the Allegheny Reservoir project in accordance with the recommendation of the Chief of Engineers in House Document Numbered 300, Seventy-sixth Congress, first session.

The project for local flood protection on the Licking River at Salyersville, Kentucky, is hereby authorized to be constructed substantially in accordance with the recommendations of the Chief of Engineers in House Document Numbered 261, Seventy-seventh Congress, first session, at an estimated cost of $174,000.

Tennessee River Basin

The projects for local flood protection on the Tennessee River at Chattanooga, Tennessee, and Rossville, Georgia, are hereby authorized to be constructed substantially in accordance with the recommendation of the Chief of Engineers in House Document Numbered 476, Seventy-sixth Congress, second session, at an estimated cost of $13,500,000.

Upper Mississippi River Basin

The project adopted by the Act of June 22, 1936, for the Dry Run Reservoir near Decorah, Iowa, is hereby modified to authorize the Chief of Engineers to modify the project so as to provide protection by diversion of floodwaters in accordance with revised plans now on file in his office, at an estimated Federal cost of $460,000.

Sebewaing River

The project for local flood protection on the Sebewaing River in the vicinity of Sebewaing, Michigan, is hereby authorized to be constructed substantially in accordance with the recommendations of the Chief of Engineers in House Document Numbered 286, Seventy-sixth Congress, first session, at an estimated cost of $250,000.

Missouri River Basin

In addition to previous authorizations, there is hereby authorized to be appropriated the sum of $7,000,000 for the prosecution of the comprehensive plan approved in the Act of June 28, 1898, for the Missouri River Basin, including the project for the Harlan County Reservoir on the Republican River, Nebraska, recommended by the Chief of Engineers in House Document Numbered 842, Seventy-sixth Congress, third session, and such other supplemental flood-control works on the Republican River as the Secretary of War and the Chief of Engineers may find advisable.

The comprehensive plan for the improvement of Cherry Creek and tributaries, Colorado, for flood control and other purposes in accordance with the recommendations of the Chief of Engineers in House Document Numbered 426, Seventy-sixth Congress, first session, is approved and there is hereby authorized $3,000,000 for the initiation and partial accomplishment of the project.

The project for local flood protection on the Platte River in the vicinity of Schuyler, Nebraska, is hereby authorized to be constructed substantially in accordance with the recommendation of
the Chief of Engineers in House Document Numbered 250, Seventy-sixth Congress, first session, at an estimated cost of $63,000.

The project for local flood protection on the Missouri River and Indian Creek at Council Bluffs, Iowa, is hereby authorized to be constructed substantially in accordance with the recommendation of the Chief of Engineers in House Document Numbered 577, Seventy-sixth Congress, third session, at an estimated cost of $18,000.

The project for the improvement of Fall River and tributaries, South Dakota, for flood control is hereby authorized to be constructed substantially in accordance with the recommendation of the Chief of Engineers in House Document Numbered 655, Seventy-sixth Congress, third session, at an estimated cost of $1,050,000.

The project for flood protection in the vicinity of Sioux City, Iowa, and along both banks of the Missouri River between Sioux City and Kansas City for flood control in accordance with the recommendation of the Chief of Engineers in House Document Numbered 821, Seventy-sixth Congress, third session, is approved and there is hereby authorized $1,000,000 for the initiation and partial accomplishment thereof: Provided, That such project is hereby modified by eliminating the requirement that the States having a common boundary on the Missouri River shall, as a condition precedent to the initiation of construction along that portion of the river, establish by interstate compact floodway boundary lines and floodway regulations satisfactory to the Secretary of War.

SANTA ANA RIVER BASIN

In addition to previous authorizations, there is hereby authorized to be appropriated the sum of $2,500,000 for the prosecution of the projects approved in the Acts of June 22, 1936, and June 28, 1938, for flood control in the Santa Ana River Basin and for the protection of Orange County in California.

LOS ANGELES-SAN GABRIEL RIVER BASIN AND BALLONA CREEK

The general comprehensive plan for flood control and other purposes in the basins of the Los Angeles and San Gabriel Rivers and Ballona Creek as set forth in House Document Numbered 888, Seventy-sixth Congress, third session, is approved, and in addition to previous authorizations there is hereby authorized $25,000,000 for the partial accomplishment of that plan.

SACRAMENTO-SAN JOAQUIN RIVER BASIN

The projects for the control of floods and other purposes in the Sacramento River, California, adopted by the Acts approved March 1, 1917, May 15, 1928, and August 26, 1937, are hereby modified substantially in accordance with the recommendation of the Chief of Engineers in House Document Numbered 205, Seventy-seventh Congress, first session, at an estimated cost of $10,500,000, and also modified to provide for channel clearing, rectification, snagging, and bank protection on the Sacramento River and tributaries in Tehama County, and from Red Bluff southerly, at an additional estimated cost of $150,000.

The project for the Fresno County Stream Group for flood control is hereby authorized to be constructed substantially in accordance with the recommendations of the Chief of Engineers in House Document Numbered 845, Seventy-sixth Congress, third session, at an estimated cost of $310,000.
The project for improvement of the Umpqua River in Oregon for flood control is hereby authorized to be constructed substantially in accordance with the recommendation of the Chief of Engineers in House Document Numbered 684, Seventy-sixth Congress, third session, at an estimated cost of $176,000.

The project for local flood protection on the Yaquina River in the Mill Four District, Oregon, is hereby authorized to be constructed substantially in accordance with the recommendation of the Chief of Engineers in House Document Numbered 304, Seventy-seventh Congress, first session, at an estimated cost of $72,000.

In addition to previous authorizations, there is hereby authorized to be appropriated the sum of $11,000,000 for the prosecution of the comprehensive plan approved in the Act of June 28, 1938, for the Willamette River Basin in Oregon.

The project for improvement of the Pudding River in Oregon for flood control is hereby authorized to be constructed substantially in accordance with the recommendation of the Chief of Engineers in Senate Document Numbered 185, Seventy-sixth Congress, third session, at an estimated cost of $62,000.

The project for levees, channel enlargement, and channel rectification on Walla Walla River in the vicinity of Milton and Free- water, Oregon, is hereby authorized to be constructed substantially in accordance with the recommendation of the Chief of Engineers in House Document Numbered 719, Seventy-sixth Congress, third session, and the project for the protection of the city of Walla Walla, Washington, authorized by the Act approved June 28, 1938, is hereby modified in accordance with the recommendations of the Chief of Engineers, in House Document Numbered 719, Seventy-sixth Congress, third session, at an estimated cost of $754,000.

The project for levees on the Cowlitz River, Washington, for local flood protection at Castle Rock, Washington, is hereby authorized to be constructed substantially in accordance with the recommendation of the Chief of Engineers in House Document Numbered 721, Seventy-sixth Congress, third session, at an estimated cost of $31,000.

The project for local flood protection on Birch Creek in the vicinity of Pilot Rock, Oregon, is hereby authorized to be constructed substantially in accordance with the recommendation of the Chief of Engineers in Senate Document Numbered 89, Seventy-seventh Congress, first session, at an estimated cost of $34,000.

The Secretary of War is hereby authorized and directed to cause preliminary examinations and surveys for flood control, to be made under the direction of the Chief of Engineers, in drainage areas of the United States and its territorial possessions, which include the following-named localities, and the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized and directed to cause preliminary examina-
tions and surveys for run-off and water-flow retardation and soil-erosion prevention on such drainage areas; the cost thereof to be paid from appropriations heretofore or hereafter made for such purposes: Provided, That after the regular or formal reports made on any examination, survey, project, or work under way or proposed are submitted to Congress, no supplemental or additional report or estimate shall be made unless authorized by law except that the Secretary of War may cause a review of any examination or survey to be made and a report thereon submitted to the Congress if such review is required by the national defense or by changed physical or economic conditions: And provided further, That the Government shall not be deemed to have entered upon any project for the improvement of any waterway or harbor mentioned in this Act until the project for the proposed work shall have been adopted by law:

Barren River, Kentucky and Tennessee, with special reference to a dam in the vicinity of a site known as Barren No. 2.
Byram River and tributaries, Connecticut.
Blind Brook and tributaries, New York.
Mamaroneck and Sheldrake Rivers and their tributaries, New York.
Bronx River and tributaries, New York.
Hutchinson River and tributaries, New York.
Saw Mill River and tributaries, New York.
Garden Creek, Matthews County, Virginia.
Indian River, Upper Saint Johns River and Marsh, and North Fork, Saint Lucie River, and their tributaries, the Kissimmee River and its tributaries, Florida.
Red River in the vicinity of Shreveport, Louisiana, with a view to determining the advisability of providing bank-protection works.
Polecat Creek, Creek County, Oklahoma.
Walnut Creek, Love and Carter Counties, Oklahoma.
Rio Grande and tributaries, New Mexico.
Mimbres River and tributaries, New Mexico.
Pearl River, Mississippi.
Lake Pontchartrain, Louisiana, from the Orleans-Jefferson Parish line westward and northward to the vicinity of Frenier.
Black River, Catahoula and Concordia Parishes, Louisiana.
Doggy and Clear Creeks, tributaries of the Arkansas River, Oklahoma.
Salt Creek of the Arkansas River and tributaries, Osage County, Oklahoma.
Red River of the North Drainage Basin, Minnesota, South Dakota, and North Dakota.
Inlets and outlets to Lake Hendricks, South Dakota and Minnesota.
North Fork and South Fork of the Shoshone River and their tributaries, Wyoming.
Emery River and tributaries, Tennessee.
Redstone and Dunlap Creeks and tributaries, Pennsylvania.
West Fork River and tributaries, West Virginia, with a view to determining the advisability of constructing a system of multiple-use reservoirs.
Milwaukee River and tributaries, Wisconsin.
Little Calumet River and tributaries, Indiana.
Little Black River and tributaries, Michigan.
Sturgeon and Otter Rivers, and their tributaries, Michigan.
Cuyahoga River and tributaries, Ohio.
Big Sur River and Carmel River, and their tributaries, Monterey County, California.
Laguna Canyon, California.
All streams in San Diego County, California, flowing into the Pacific Ocean.
All streams in San Diego and Imperial Counties, California, flowing into the Salton Sea.
Coyote River and tributaries, California.
San Francisquito Creek, San Mateo and Santa Clara Counties, California.
Alhambra Creek and tributaries, California.
Matadero Creek, Santa Clara County, California.
Novato Creek and its tributaries, Marin County, California.
Petaluma Creek and tributaries, Sonoma County, California.
Guadalupe River and tributaries, California.
Silvies River and tributaries, Oregon.
Columbia River and tributaries, Washington, from the downstream point of Vancouver Lake to upstream point of Bachelor Island.
Salmon Creek, in the vicinity of Juneau, Alaska.
Yaguez, Estero, Portuguez, Bucana, Lapa, Guamaní, Chico, Maumáo, Quebrada Arena, and Susuá Rivers, and tributaries, Puerto Rico.
Creque Gut and Fair Plain Gut and their tributaries, Island of Saint Croix, and of Turpentine Run, and Crown Mountain water courses and their tributaries, Island of Saint Thomas, Virgin Islands.

SEC. 5. That the Secretary of War is hereby authorized to allot, from any appropriations heretofore or hereafter made for flood control, not to exceed $1,000,000 for any one fiscal year to be expended in rescue work or in the repair or maintenance of any flood-control work threatened or destroyed by flood.

SEC. 6. That the provisions of the following Acts of Congress relating to river and harbor improvements are hereby made applicable to works of flood control heretofore or hereafter authorized: August 8, 1917, section 9 (40 Stat. 261); July 18, 1918, sections 5 and 6 (40 Stat. 911); and August 30, 1935, section 7 (49 Stat. 1048).

SEC. 7. That 25 per centum of all moneys received and deposited in the Treasury of the United States during any fiscal year on account of the leasing of lands acquired by the United States for flood control purposes shall be paid, at the end of such year, by the Secretary of the Treasury to the State in which such property is situated, to be expended as the State legislature may prescribe for the benefit of the public schools and public roads of the county or counties in which such property is situated: Provided, That when such property is situated in more than one State or county the distributive share to each from the proceeds of such property shall be proportional to its area therein.

SEC. 8. Section 5 of the Act approved June 28, 1938 (52 Stat. 1215), is amended by striking out the words "in carrying out the purposes of this Act" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "in carrying out the purposes of the Act of June 22, 1936 (49 Stat. 1570), as amended and supplemented"; and by adding at the end of said section the following sentence: "The provisions of this section shall be applicable to any funds heretofore appropriated for the prosecution by the Secretary of Agriculture of works of improvement for measures of run-off and waterflow retardation and soil-erosion prevention upon watersheds."

SEC. 9. That Section 2 of the Flood Control Act of August 28, 1937, as amended is hereby further amended to read as follows:
"That the Secretary of War is hereby authorized to allot not to exceed $500,000 from any appropriations heretofore or hereafter made for any one fiscal year for flood control, for removing accumu-
lated snags and other debris and clearing and straightening channels in navigable streams and tributaries thereof, when in the opinion of the Chief of Engineers such work is advisable in the interest of flood control: Provided, That not more than $25,000 shall be allotted for this purpose for any single tributary from the appropriations for any one fiscal year."

SEC. 10. That the sum of $275,000,000 is hereby authorized to be appropriated for carrying out the improvements herein, the sum of $10,000,000 additional is authorized to be appropriated and expended in equal amounts by the Departments of War and Agriculture for carrying out any examinations and surveys provided for in this Act and any other Acts of Congress, to be prosecuted by said departments. There is also hereby authorized to be appropriated for expenditure by the Department of Agriculture in carrying out works of improvement of the character specified in section 7 of the Flood Control Act of June 28, 1938, and which the Department is not otherwise authorized to undertake, such additional sums, not to exceed $5,000,000, as may be necessary for that purpose. All appropriations necessary for operation and maintenance of flood-control works authorized by law to be operated and maintained by the United States are hereby authorized.

Approved, August 18, 1941.

[CHAPTER 384]

AN ACT
To strengthen the national defense by creating the grade of chief warrant officer in the Army, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That hereafter there shall be two grades of warrant officers in the Army of the United States; first, chief warrant officer, who shall receive the same base pay as authorized by existing law for warrant officer, chief engineer, Army Mine Planter Service; and second, warrant officer (junior grade), who shall receive the same base pay and allowances as are authorized by existing law for warrant officers of the Army other than those of the Army Mine Planter Service: Provided, That warrant officers of the Army Mine Planter Service in the grade of master shall receive the same base pay as authorized by existing law. Chief warrant officers shall receive the same money allowances for subsistence and rental of quarters as are authorized by existing laws for

Approved, August 21, 1941.
Longevity pay increase.

Aerial flights, pay.

Original permanent appointments. Service requirements.

To be in Regular Army; termination.

Number.

Proviso. Limitation.

Temporary appointments.

Number.

Duration of service.

Rank, pay, and allowances.

Proviso. Designations to fourth and third pay periods.

officers receiving the pay of the second pay period, and all warrant officers shall receive, as a permanent addition to their pay, an increase of 5 per centum of their base pay for each four years of active service now counted for pay purposes, not to exceed 25 per centum.

All warrant officers of the Army shall receive an increase of 50 per centum of their pay when by orders of competent authority they are required to participate regularly and frequently in aerial flights, and when in consequence of such orders they do participate in regular and frequent aerial flights as defined by such Executive orders as have heretofore been, or may hereafter be, promulgated by the President.

Sec. 2. Hereafter, original permanent appointments in the grade of warrant officer (junior grade) shall be made only from among those persons who have served at least one year on active duty in the Army of the United States, and original permanent appointments in the grade of chief warrant officer shall be made only from among those warrant officers who have completed at least a total of ten years' active service either as warrant officer (junior grade) or as warrant officers under existing law, or both, and from among masters and chief engineers, Army Mine Planter Service, hereafter appointed as such under the provisions of existing law. All such permanent appointments shall be made in the Regular Army and may be terminated under such regulations as the Secretary of War shall prescribe, and the action of the Secretary of War in terminating the appointment of a warrant officer shall be final and conclusive. The total number of permanent appointments in the grades of chief warrant officer and warrant officer (junior grade) shall be as prescribed by the President from time to time, but shall not exceed 1 per centum of the enlisted strength of the Regular Army as authorized by law: Provided, That not more than 40 per centum of the total actual number of permanent warrant officers in active service shall be appointed in the grade of chief warrant officer.

Sec. 3. In time of war or during the period of any national emergency declared by Congress or proclaimed by the President, the Secretary of War is authorized, under such regulations as he shall prescribe, to make temporary appointments in the grades of chief warrant officer and warrant officer (junior grade). Such temporary appointments shall be in the Army of the United States, shall not exceed a number equal to one-half of 1 per centum of the enlisted strength of the Army of the United States in active military service, and shall remain in effect at the pleasure of the Secretary of War, but in no case shall they continue beyond six months after the termination of the war or period of national emergency. Persons appointed in the Army of the United States as temporary chief warrant officers or as temporary warrant officers (junior grade), while in active Federal service, shall, while so serving, be entitled to the rank, pay, and allowances of the grades to which they are temporarily appointed, and shall be entitled to count such service as warrant or enlisted service for all purposes: Provided, That the Secretary of War is hereby authorized to designate by name a number of permanent or temporary chief warrant officers (not exceeding 1 per centum of the maximum authorized number of permanent and temporary warrant officers) to receive the base pay and allowances provided by existing law for officers in the fourth pay period, and to designate by name an additional number of permanent or temporary chief warrant officers (not exceeding 2 per centum of the maximum authorized number of temporary and permanent warrant officers) to receive the base pay and allowances provided by existing law for officers in the third pay period, but no chief warrant officer so designated shall receive such base pay and allowances except during
the period prescribed by the Secretary of War. Such temporary appointees shall be entitled to the benefits of all existing laws and regulations governing retirement, pensions, and disability as are applicable to members of the Army of the United States when called or ordered into the active military service by the Federal Government under existing statutory authorizations. All persons temporarily appointed as chief warrant officers or as warrant officers (junior grade) in the Army of the United States under the authority of this section, shall, as long as they continue to hold such appointments, be available for assignment to active duty with any unit of the Army of the United States. Persons temporarily appointed as chief warrant officers or as warrant officers (junior grade), in the Army of the United States under the authority of this section, at the time of their respective temporary appointments have a military status in the Army of the United States or any component thereof may accept such temporary appointments without prejudice to the military status which they so held and upon termination of such temporary appointments such persons may revert to the grades which they held at the time of their temporary appointments.

SEC. 4. Warrant officers may be assigned to such duties as may be prescribed by the Secretary of War: Provided, That when such duties necessarily include those normally performed by commissioned officers they shall be vested with the power to perform such duties under regulations to be prescribed by the President: Provided further, That when a warrant officer is serving as assistant adjutant of any command, he shall have power to administer oaths for all purposes of military administration. Warrant officers appointed under existing laws, other than masters and chief engineers of the Army Mine Planter Service, shall become warrant officers (junior grade), and masters and chief engineers of the Army Mine Planter Service shall become chief warrant officers, on the date this Act shall become effective. All warrant officers shall take rank next below second lieutenants and among themselves under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of War.

SEC. 5. Warrant officers shall be entitled to retirement under the same conditions as commissioned officers: Provided, That hereafter warrant officers may, in the discretion of the Secretary of War, be retired after fifteen years of active service: Provided further, That a warrant officer retired after fifteen years of active service shall receive retired pay at the rate of 2½ per centum of his active pay multiplied by the number of complete years of active service in the Army, but not to exceed a total of 75 per centum of his active pay.

SEC. 6. Subject to the provisions of this Act, the Secretary of War is hereby authorized to prescribe such rules and regulations as he may deem necessary to govern and administer properly the personnel in the grades of chief warrant officer and warrant officer (junior grade), including warrant officers of the Army Mine Planter Service. This Act shall become effective on the date specified in regulations issued by the Secretary of War, but not later than October 1, 1941.

SEC. 7. The provisions of any laws heretofore enacted which are in conflict with the provisions of this Act are hereby repealed, except that appointments, temporary appointments, and promotions in the Army Mine Planter Service shall continue to be made as now provided for: Provided, That no rights or benefits to which warrant officers now in active service are entitled under existing laws shall be affected in any manner by reason of the enactment of this Act: Provided further, That the provisions of this Act shall not be retroactive and no back pay or allowances shall accrue by reason of the enactment of this Act.

Approved, August 21, 1941.
AN ACT
To permit the reemployment by the Federal Bureau of Investigation of persons retired under the Civil Service Retirement Act.

Public Law 231

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the clause preceding the first proviso in section 6 of the Act of June 28, 1940 (Public, Numbered 671, Seventy-sixth Congress, third session), is hereby amended to read as follows: "Notwithstanding the provisions of section 2 of the Act of May 29, 1930 (46 Stat. 468), and section 204 of the Act of June 30, 1932 (47 Stat. 404), any person heretofore or hereafter retired under the Civil Service Retirement Act of May 29, 1930, as amended, may be reemployed in the service of the War and Navy Departments and the Federal Bureau of Investigation of the Department of Justice and be continued in such service not later than June 30, 1942."

Approved, August 21, 1941.

AN ACT
To authorize the Rainbow Division veterans to erect a suitable memorial to the Rainbow (Forty-second) Division, American Expeditionary Forces.

Public Law 232

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to grant permission to the Rainbow (Forty-second) Division Veterans Association, American Expeditionary Forces, for the erection on public grounds of the United States in the District of Columbia, other than those of the Capitol, the Library of Congress, and the White House, of a suitable memorial in honor of the dead of the Rainbow (Forty-second) Division: Provided, That the site chosen and the design of the memorial shall have the approval of the National Commission of Fine Arts and that the United States shall be put to no expense in or by the erection of the said memorial: Provided further, That evidence of funds in an amount which, in the judgment of the Secretary of the Interior, is sufficient to insure the completion of the memorial, including the preparation and landscape treatment of the site, the erection of the pedestal, and the erection of the memorial, must be made available prior to the issuance of a permit for the construction of the memorial: And provided further, That unless the erection of the memorial is begun within five years from the date of the approval of this Act, the authorization hereby granted is revoked.

Approved, August 21, 1941.

AN ACT
To permit the Smithsonian Gallery of Art Commission to purchase a model of the winning design for the proposed Smithsonian Gallery of Art, and for other purposes.

Public Law 233

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) the Smithsonian Gallery of Art Commission is authorized to purchase, at a price not to exceed $2,500, from Eliel Saarinen, Eero Saarinen, and Robert F. Swanson, a model of their winning design furnished in competition for a design for the proposed Smithsonian Gallery of Art.
(b) Said Commission is further authorized to pay the sum of $800 to Joseph Hudnut and the sum of $700 to Thomas D. Mabry, Jr., as final payments to said persons for services rendered as consultants in connection with the competition for a design for the Smithsonian Gallery of Art.

Sec. 2. There is hereby reappropriated, out of the unexpended balance of the amount appropriated in the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, approved June 25, 1938, under the heading "Independent establishments", subheading "Smithsonian Institution", the sum of $2,500 to carry out the provisions of subsection (a) of section 1; and the sum of $1,500 is hereby made immediately available out of such unexpended balance to carry out the provisions of subsection (b) of section 1.

Approved, August 21, 1941.

[CHAPTER 388]

AN ACT

To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Saint Lawrence River at or near Ogdensburg, New York, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Saint Lawrence River at or near Ogdensburg, New York, authorized to be built by the Saint Lawrence Bridge Commission and its successors and assigns, by an Act of Congress approved June 14, 1933, as amended, and heretofore extended by Acts of Congress approved June 8, 1934, May 28, 1935, April 11, 1936, August 12, 1937, April 26, 1939, and June 8, 1940, are hereby further extended one and three years respectively, from the date of approval of this Act.

Sec. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, August 21, 1941.

[CHAPTER 389]

AN ACT

To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Saint Lawrence River at or near Ogdensburg, New York, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first paragraph of section 4 of the Act approved April 20, 1918, entitled "An Act to punish the willful injury or destruction of war material, or of war premises or utilities used in connection with war material, and for other purposes" (40 Stat. 533; U. S. C., title 50, secs. 101-103), as amended by the Act approved November 30, 1940 (54 Stat. 1220; U. S. C., title 50, secs. 101-106), is amended to read as follows: "Sec. 4. That the words 'national-defense material', as used herein, shall include arms, armament, ammunition, livestock, stores of clothing, food, foodstuffs, fuel, supplies, munitions, and all other articles of whatever description and any part or ingredient thereof, intended for the use of the United States in connection with the national defense or for use in or in connection with the producing, manufacturing, repairing, storing, mining, extracting, distributing, loading, unloading, or transporting of any of the materials or other articles hereinbefore mentioned or any part or ingredient thereof.

Approved, August 21, 1941.
[CHAPTER 390]  
AN ACT
To provide for adjustment of the inactive-duty pay of certain transferred and retired members of the Fleet Reserve.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That enlisted men of the Navy and Marine Corps who were transferred to the Fleet Reserve prior to October 1, 1940, after completion of sixteen or twenty years of service, and all such transferred members of the Fleet Reserve who were subsequently retired prior to October 1, 1940, shall, from and after October 1, 1940, be entitled to retain pay or retired pay computed on the basis of the increased rates of base pay and longevity pay provided for enlisted men by section 12 of the Selective Training and Service Act of 1940: Provided, That nothing in this Act shall operate to reduce the pay now being received by any such enlisted men.

Approved, August 21, 1941.

[CHAPTER 391]  
AN ACT
To amend the Act entitled "An Act to provide aid for needy blind persons of the District of Columbia and authorizing appropriations therefor", approved August 24, 1935.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 5 of the Act entitled "An Act to provide aid for needy blind persons of the District of Columbia and authorizing appropriations therefor", approved August 24, 1935, be, and the same is hereby, amended by inserting at the end of said section the following: "On the death of a recipient of aid under this Act such reasonable funeral expenses as the Board or its designated agency may deem necessary may be paid for the burial of such person and such funeral expenses so paid may be recovered in the same manner as provided in sections 11 and 12 for the recovery of amounts expended as aid."

Approved, August 21, 1941.

[CHAPTER 392]  
AN ACT
Authorizing the designation of Army mail clerks and assistant Army mail clerks.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That enlisted men of the Army of the United States may, upon selection by the Secretary of War, be designated by the Post Office Department as "Army mail clerks" and "assistant Army mail clerks"; who shall be authorized to receive and open all pouches and sacks of mail addressed to Army posts, military reservations, and defense bases, owned or leased, to make proper delivery of such mail, to receive matter for transmission in the mails, to receipt for registered matter (keeping an accurate record thereof), to keep and have for sale an adequate supply of postage stamps, to make up and dispatch mails, and other postal duties as may be authorized by the Postmaster General, all in accordance with such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the commanding Army officer at the base, post, or reservation. Each Army mail clerk and assistant Army mail clerk shall take the oath of office prescribed for employees of the Postal Service and shall give bond to the United States in such sum as the Postmaster General may deem sufficient for the faithful performance of his duties as such mail clerk, and shall be amenable in all respects to Army discipline,
except that, as to their duties as such clerks, the commanding officer at the base, post, or reservation at which they are stationed shall require them to be governed by the Postal Laws and Regulations of the United States. Whenever necessity arises therefor any assistant mail clerk may be required by such commanding officer to perform the duties of mail clerk. Compensation for services shall be paid by the War Department in addition to that paid them in the grade to which they are assigned, such sum in the case of mail clerks not to exceed $500 per annum, and in the case of assistant mail clerks not to exceed $300 per annum, as may be determined and allowed by the War Department.

Approved, August 21, 1941.

[CHAPTER 393]  

AN ACT  

To amend the Act relating to preventing the publication of inventions in the national interest, and for other purposes.

_Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act of Congress approved July 1, 1940 (Public, Numbered 700, Seventy-sixth Congress, third session, ch. 501), be amended by adding the following sections:

"Sec. 3. No person shall file or cause or authorize to be filed in any foreign country an application for patent or for the registration of a utility model, industrial design, or model in respect of any invention made in the United States, except when authorized in each case by a license obtained from the Commissioner of Patents under such rules and regulations as he shall prescribe.

"Sec. 4. Notwithstanding the provisions of sections 4886 and 4887 of the Revised Statutes (35 U. S. C., secs. 31 and 32), any person and the successors, assigns, or legal representatives of any such person shall be debarred from receiving a United States patent for an invention if such person, or such successors, assigns, or legal representatives shall, without procuring the authorization prescribed in section 3 hereof, have made or consented to or assisted another's making application in a foreign country for a patent or for the registration of a utility model, industrial design, or model in respect of any invention where authorization for such application is required by the provisions of section 3, and any such United States patent actually issued to any such person, successors, assigns, or legal representatives so debarred or becoming debarred shall be invalid.

"Sec. 5. Whoever, during the period or periods of time an invention has been ordered to be kept secret and the grant of a patent thereon withheld pursuant to the Act approved July 1, 1940 (Public, Numbered 700, Seventy-sixth Congress, third session, ch. 501), shall, with knowledge of such order and without due authorization, willfully publish or disclose or authorize or cause to be published or disclosed such invention, or any material information with respect thereto, or whoever, in violation of the provisions of section 3 hereof, shall file or cause or authorize to be filed in any foreign country an application for patent or for the registration of a utility model, industrial design, or model in respect of any invention made in the United States, shall, upon conviction, be fined not more than $10,000 or imprisoned for not more than two years, or both.

"Sec. 6. If any provision of this Act or of any section thereof or the application of such provision to any person or circumstances shall be held invalid, the remainder of the Act and of such section and application of such provision to persons or circumstances other than those as to which it is held invalid shall not be affected thereby.
AN ACT
To amend section 73 of an Act entitled "An Act to provide a government for the Territory of Hawaii", approved April 30, 1900, as amended.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That paragraph (q) of section 73 of the Act entitled "An Act to provide a government for the Territory of Hawaii", approved April 30, 1900, as amended, is hereby further amended to read as follows:

"(q) All lands in the possession, use, aid control of the Territory shall hereafter be managed by the commissioner, except such as shall be set aside for public purposes as hereinafter provided; all sales and other dispositions of such land shall be made by the commissioner or under his direction, for which purpose, if necessary, the land may be transferred to his department from any other department by direction of the Governor, and all patents and deeds of such land shall issue from the office of the commissioner, who shall countersign the same and keep a record thereof. Lands conveyed to the Territory in exchange for other lands that are subject to the land laws of Hawaii, as amended by this Act, shall, except as otherwise provided, have the same status and be subject to such laws as if they had previously been public lands of Hawaii. All orders setting aside lands for forest or other public purposes, or withdrawing the same, shall be made by the Governor, and lands while so set aside for such purposes may be managed as may be provided by the laws of the Territory; the provisions of this paragraph may also be applied where the 'public purposes' are the uses and purposes of the United States, and lands while so set aside may be managed as may be provided by the laws of the United States. The commissioner is hereby authorized to perform any and all acts, prescribe forms of oaths, and, with the approval of the Governor and said board, make such rules and regulations as may be necessary and proper for the purpose of carrying the provisions of this section and the land laws of Hawaii into full force and effect."

SEC. 2. Nothing in this Act shall apply to any lands which are now under, or which may hereafter be placed under, the jurisdiction of the Hawaiian Homes Commission.

Approved, August 21, 1941.

[CHAPTER 395] AN ACT
To authorize the Secretary of the Navy to proceed with the construction of certain public works, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy is hereby authorized to establish or develop the following shore activities by the construction of the following public works, with which shall be included the authority to acquire the necessary...
land, at a cost not to exceed the amount stated after each item enumerated:

- Navy Yard, Charleston, South Carolina: Ordnance-shop storehouse and accessories, $200,000.
- Navy Yard, Mare Island, California: Quarters for officers, $200,000.
- Navy Yard, Norfolk, Virginia: Housing for enlisted men, recreation facilities and radio-laboratory facilities, $910,000.
- Navy Yard, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii: Housing for officers and enlisted men, $675,000.
- Navy Yard, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania: Acquisition of land and development of housing for enlisted men, $650,000.
- Navy Yard, Portsmouth, New Hampshire: Ordnance-storage facilities and housing for enlisted men, $422,500.
- Naval Station, Guam: Housing for insular guard, $170,000.
- Naval Station, Key West, Florida: Housing for enlisted men, laundry-, and ammunition-storage facilities, $392,000.
- Naval Station, Tutuila, Samoa: Additional defense facilities, housing and water-front development, $1,305,000.
- Naval Operating Base, Balboa, Canal Zone: Housing for officers, enlisted men, laundry and school facilities, $900,000.
- Naval Operating Base, Norfolk, Virginia: Fleet-school facilities, magazines, and storage facilities, $3,335,000.
- Naval Operating Base, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii: Dispensary, $245,000.
- Roosevelt Roads (Vieques) Puerto Rico: Additional development of protected fleet anchorage, including acquisition of land, $21,970,000.
- Submarine Base, Charlotte Amalie, Virgin Islands: Additional development of submarine facilities, $2,195,000.
- Submarine Base, Coco Solo, Canal Zone: Additional power plant, shore-patrol headquarters, and school facilities, $885,000.
- Submarine Base, Kodiak, Alaska: Additional submarine-operating facilities, including ammunition-storage facilities, $3,413,000.
- Submarine Base, Midway Island: Additional submarine-operating facilities, including buildings and accessories, $4,761,000.
- Submarine Base, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii: Additional submarine-operating, repair, and torpedo-storage facilities, $835,000.
- Submarine Base, Unalaska Area, Alaska: Cold-storage facilities, $200,000.
- Submarine Base, Wake Island: Submarine-operating and repair facilities, including buildings and accessories, $4,679,000.
- Destroyer Base, San Diego, California: Fleet-school facilities, quarters for officers, and torpedo storage, $855,000.
- Naval Academy, Annapolis, Maryland: Additional instruction facilities, boat-repair facilities and acquisition of additional land, $1,720,000.
- Naval Training Station, Great Lakes, Illinois: Additional training facilities, including housing and instruction buildings and accessories, $3,595,000.
- Naval Training Station, Newport, Rhode Island: Additional training facilities, including housing and instruction buildings and accessories, $480,000.
- Naval Training Station, Norfolk, Virginia: Quarters for bachelor chief petty officers, $175,000.
- Naval Training Station, San Diego, California: Additional training facilities, including housing and instruction buildings and accessories, $3,339,000.
Naval Ammunition Depot, Balboa, Canal Zone: Additional ammunition-storage facilities, including buildings and accessories, $165,000.

Naval Ammunition Depot, Burns City, Indiana: Additional ammunition- and ordnance-storage facilities, including buildings and accessories, $747,000.

Naval Ammunition Depot, Charleston, South Carolina: Additional ammunition-storage facilities, including buildings and accessories, $190,000.

Naval Ammunition Depot, Coco Solo, Canal Zone: Additional ammunition-storage facilities, including buildings and accessories, $160,000.

Naval Ammunition Depot, Fort Mifflin, Pennsylvania: Additional ammunition-storage facilities, including buildings and accessories, $298,000.

Naval Ammunition Depot, Hawthorne, Nevada: Additional ammunition-storage facilities, including buildings and accessories, $4,439,000.

Naval Ammunition Depot, Hingham, Massachusetts: Storehouse, $80,000.

Naval Magazine, Indian Island, Washington: Additional ammunition-storage facilities, $1,100,000.

Naval Ammunition Depot, Iona Island, New York: Additional ammunition-storage facilities, including acquisition of additional land, $121,500.

Naval Ammunition Depot, Lake Denmark, New Jersey: Storage for ordnance materials, $645,000.

Naval Ammunition Depot, Mare Island, California: Ammunition loading and storage and mine-handling facilities, $595,000.

Naval Ammunition Depot, Oahu, Hawaii: Additional ammunition-storage facilities, including buildings and accessories, $2,316,500.

Naval Ammunition Depot, Puget Sound, Washington: Additional ammunition-storage facilities, including buildings and accessories, $336,000.

Naval Ammunition Depot, St. Juliens Creek, Virginia: Additional ammunition-storage facilities, including buildings and accessories, $390,000.

Naval Magazine, Bellevue, District of Columbia: Ordnance storehouses, $60,000.

Naval Magazine, Gulf Coast Area: Development of ammunition-storage facilities, including buildings and acquisition of land, $2,300,000.

Naval Torpedo Station, Newport, Rhode Island: Torpedo-testing facilities, including building and accessories and magazines, $600,000.

Naval Torpedo Range, Piney Point, Maryland: Improvement of torpedo-testing facilities, including quarters for officers, $170,000.

Naval Mine Depot, Yorktown, Virginia: Additional storage facilities, $550,000.

Naval Proving Ground, Dahlgren, Virginia: Fire station, post office, and gate house, $60,000.

Naval Proving Ground, Dahlgren, Virginia: Railroad connection to Fredericksburg, Virginia, including acquisition of rights-of-way, $1,500,000.

Naval Powder Factory, Indian Head, Maryland: Buildings and accessories, $55,000.

Naval Hospital, Balboa, Canal Zone: Expansion of hospital facilities, $250,000.

Naval Hospital, Charleston, South Carolina: Additional ward buildings, $190,000.

Naval Hospital, Corpus Christi, Texas: Expansion of hospital facilities, $450,000.
Naval Hospital, Guam: Expansion of hospital facilities, $100,000.
Naval Hospital, Jacksonville, Florida: Expansion of hospital facilities, $344,500.
Naval Hospital, Newport, Rhode Island: Expansion of hospital facilities and medical-supply storehouse, $783,000.
Naval Hospital, Norfolk, Virginia: Expansion of hospital facilities, $455,000.
Naval Hospital, Pensacola, Florida: Boilerhouse and utility building and equipment, $300,000.
Naval Hospital, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania: Expansion of hospital facilities, $250,000.
Naval Hospital, Portsmouth, New Hampshire: Quarters for nurses, $56,000.
Naval Hospital, San Diego, California: Expansion of hospital facilities, $405,000.
Medical Supply Depot, Brooklyn, New York: Additional medical-supply storage, including acquisition of land, $600,000.
Naval Medical Center, Washington (Bethesda), District of Columbia: Expansion of medical and hospital facilities, $1,080,000.
Naval Air Station, Anacostia, District of Columbia: Additional radio facilities, including buildings and accessories, $125,000.
Naval Air Station, Banana River, Florida: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $280,000.
Naval Air Station, Barbers Point, Hawaii: Aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $18,605,000.
Naval Air Station, Cape May, New Jersey: Ammunition-storage facilities, including buildings and accessories, $25,000.
Naval Air Station, Cavite, Philippine Islands: Aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $5,570,000.
Marine aviation facilities, Charlotte Amalie, Virgin Islands: Ammunition-storage facilities, including buildings and accessories, $376,000.
Naval Air Station, Corpus Christi, Texas: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $8,322,500.
Naval Air Station, Floyd Bennett Field, New York: Ammunition-storage facilities, including buildings and accessories, $41,000.
Naval Air Station, Guantanamo, Cuba: Additional ammunition-storage facilities, including buildings and accessories, $928,000.
Naval Air Station, Jacksonville, Florida: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $2,281,100.
Naval Air Station, Johnston Island: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $1,618,500.
Naval Air Station, Kaneohe Bay, Hawaii: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $3,970,000.
Naval Air Station, Key West Florida: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $375,000.
Naval Air Station, Kodiak, Alaska: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $3,266,000.
Naval Air Station, Lahaina Roads, Hawaii: Ammunition-storage facilities, including buildings and accessories, $174,500.
Naval Air Station, Miami, Florida: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $1,222,000.
Naval Air Station, Midway Island: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $2,820,000.
Naval Air Station, Norfolk, Virginia: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $2,360,000.
Naval Air Station, Palmyra Island: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $343,500.
Naval Air Station, Pensacola, Florida: Expansion of radio facilities, $26,000.
Naval Air Station, Quonset Point, Rhode Island: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $1,050,000.

Naval Air Station, San Diego, California: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $560,000.

Naval Air Station, San Juan, Puerto Rico: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $792,000.

Naval Air Station, San Pedro, California: Radio facilities, including buildings and accessories, $75,000.

Naval Air Station, Seattle, Washington: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $540,000.

Naval Air Station, Sitka, Alaska: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $2,654,200.

Naval Air Station, Squantum, Massachusetts: Ammunition-storage facilities, including buildings and accessories, $44,000.

Naval Air Station, Tongue Point, Oregon: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $450,000.

Naval Air Station, Tutuila, Samoa: Additional aviation facilities and ammunition storage, including buildings and accessories, $553,000.

Naval Air Station, Unalaska, Alaska: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $4,346,000.

Naval Air Station, Wake Island: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $2,601,000.

Naval Air Station, Whidby Island, Washington: Aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories and acquisition of land, $3,790,000.

Reserve Aviation Base, Anacostia, District of Columbia: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $120,000.

Reserve Aviation Base, Atlanta, Georgia: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $145,000.

Reserve Aviation Base, Dallas, Texas: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $145,000.

Reserve Aviation Base, Floyd Bennett Field, New York: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $120,000.

Reserve Aviation Base, Glenview, Illinois: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $120,000.

Reserve Aviation Base, Grosse Ile, Michigan: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $150,000.

Reserve Aviation Base, Kansas City, Kansas: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $170,000.

Reserve Aviation Base, Long Beach, California: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $1,635,000.

Reserve Aviation Base, Minneapolis, Minnesota: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $120,000.

Reserve Aviation Base, New Orleans, Louisiana: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $145,000.

Reserve Aviation Base, Oakland, California: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $120,000.

Reserve Aviation Base, Squantum, Massachusetts: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $120,000.

Reserve Aviation Base, St. Louis, Missouri: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $120,000.

Naval Radio Station, Annapolis, Maryland: Additional radio facilities, including buildings and accessories, $40,000.

Naval Radio Station, Astoria, Oregon: Quarters and accessories and services for officer in charge, $12,500.

Naval Radio Station, Bainbridge Island, Washington: Quarters for married operators, $72,000.

Naval Radio Station, Balboa, Canal Zone: Utility building and accessories, $25,000.
Naval Radio Station, Cape May, New Jersey: Additional radio facilities, including buildings, towers, and acquisitions of land, $132,500.

Naval Radio Station, Charlotte Amalie, Virgin Islands: Radio facilities, including buildings and accessories, $130,000.

Naval Radio Station, Cheltenham, Maryland: Additional radio facilities, including buildings and accessories, $235,000.

Radio Station, Marine Detachment, Chinwangtao, China: Replacement of operating building, $5,000.

Naval Radio Station, Chollas Heights, California: Utility building and accessories, $20,000.

Naval Radio Station, National Airport, David, Panama: Quarters for officer in charge and operators, $30,000.

Naval Radio Station, Gatun, Canal Zone: Additional radio facilities, including buildings and accessories, $200,000.

Naval Radio Station, Guantanamo, Cuba: Additional radio facilities, including buildings and accessories, $210,000.

Naval Radio Station, Key West, Florida: Additional radio facilities, including buildings and accessories, $21,000.

Naval Radio Station, Libugon, Guam: Quarters for operators, $60,000.

Naval Radio Station, Lualualei, Hawaii: Additional radio facilities, including buildings and accessories, $296,000.

Naval Radio Station, Mare Island, California: Additional radio facilities, including buildings and accessories, $640,000.

Naval Radio Station, New Orleans, Louisiana: Radio facilities, including buildings and accessories, $140,000.

Naval Radio Station, Oahu, Hawaii: Additional radio facilities, including buildings and accessories, $150,000.

Naval Radio Station, Point Loma, California: Quarters for operators, $112,000.

Naval Radio Station, Marine Barracks, Quantico, Virginia: Additional facilities including buildings and accessories, $125,000.

Naval Radio Station, Summit, Canal Zone: Additional radio facilities, including buildings and accessories, $350,000.

Naval Radio Station, Vaitogi, Samoa: Quarters for officer in charge, $10,000.

Marine Barracks, New River, North Carolina: Radio facilities, including buildings and accessories, $120,000.

Naval Research Laboratory, Bellevue, District of Columbia: Storehouse and accessories, $235,000.

Naval Fuel Depot, Melville, Rhode Island: Acquisition of additional land, $61,000.

Naval Fuel Depot, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii: Development of additional underground fuel storage, $16,000,000.

Naval Supply Depot, Bayonne, New Jersey: Additional development of fleet-supply facilities, including buildings and accessories, $7,300,000.

Naval Supply Depot, Norfolk, Virginia: Additional fleet-supply facilities, including buildings and accessories, $2,125,000.

Naval Supply Depot, Oakland, California: Additional fleet-supply facilities, including buildings and accessories, $1,300,000.

Navy Yard, Boston, Massachusetts: Additional storehouses and accessories at South Boston, $1,100,000.

Naval Supply Depot, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii: Additional fleet-supply facilities, including buildings and accessories, $6,850,000.

Marine Barracks, Charleston, South Carolina: Utility and guard building and accessories, $60,000.

Marine Barracks, New River, North Carolina: Development of landing field for training parachute troops, $800,000.
Parris Island, S. C.
Quantico, Va.
San Diego, Calif.
Sixth Naval District.
Tenth Naval District.
Thirteenth Naval District.
Photographic facilities.
Mobile power-plant units.
Internal security at yards and stations.
Reserve storage for gasoline.
Fuel storage.
Hospital corps training schools.
Emergency expansion of hospital facilities.
Proviso. Report to Congress.
Cost-plus-a-fixed-fee contracts.
Proviso. Limitation.
Rate of wages for laborers, etc.
Cost limitations.
54 Stat. 680.
41 U. S. C., prec. § 1 note.
Construction of quarters, cost limitations.

Marine Barracks, Parris Island, South Carolina: Magazines at Hilton Head Island, $25,000.
Marine Barracks, Quantico, Virginia: Additional ammunition-storage facilities, $58,000.
Marine Barracks, San Diego, California: Quarters for bachelor officers, $100,000.
Sixth Naval District: Development of fleet-landing facilities, including acquisition and acceptance of land, $100,000.
Tenth Naval District: Fleet-fuel and storage facilities, including buildings and accessories, $800,000.
Thirteenth Naval District: Barracks and officers' quarters, rifle range, $90,000.
Photographic facilities at various locations: Photographic laboratories, housing, buildings, and accessories, $510,000.
Mobile power-plant units: Development of two mobile power plants, railway mounted, $2,500,000.
Internal security at navy yards and naval stations: Development of flood lighting, fencing, booms, nets, protection of services, fire protection, and the like, $14,500,000.
Reserve storage for gasoline: Development of reserve storage for gasoline at various locations, including buildings and accessories, $2,500,000.
Fuel storage: Development of storage facilities for fuel and Diesel oil at various locations, including buildings and accessories, $12,000,000.
Hospital corps training schools: Hospital corps training facilities, at various locations, including buildings and accessories, $1,440,000.
Emergency expansion of hospital facilities: Emergency expansion of hospital facilities at various locations, including buildings and accessories, $3,000,000; Provided, That the Secretary of the Navy shall report to the Congress, not later than ten days after the convening of the session on or about the 3d day of January of each year, all expenditures made for emergency expansion of hospital facilities from funds appropriated pursuant to the authority contained in this Act.
The provisions of section 4 of the Act approved April 25, 1939 (53 Stat. 590–592), as amended, shall be applicable to all public-works and public-utilities projects authorized by this Act, regardless of location: Provided, That the fixed fee to be paid the contractor as a result of any contract hereafter entered into under the authority of the above-mentioned Act shall not exceed 6 per centum of the estimated cost of the contract, exclusive of the fee, as determined by the Secretary of the Navy; Provided further, That the fact that any contract authorized by this or any other Act is entered into without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, or upon a cost-plus-a-fixed-fee basis or otherwise without advertising for proposals, shall not be construed to render inapplicable the provisions of the Act of March 3, 1931, as amended by the Act of August 30, 1935 (49 Stat. 1011; U. S. C., Supp. V, title 40, sec. 276 (a)), if such Act would otherwise be applicable to such contract.
The provisions of section 8 (a) of the Act approved June 28, 1940 (Public, Numbered 671, Seventy-sixth Congress), shall be applicable to naval public-works projects authorized by this and all prior Acts. Quarters authorized by this Act shall be constructed, including heating and plumbing apparatus, wiring and fixtures, at a unit cost not in excess of the following amounts:
Permanent construction:
For commissioned officer, $10,000.
For commissioned warrant or warrant officer, $7,500.
For enlisted man, $6,000.
Temporary construction:
For commissioned officer, $7,500.
For commissioned warrant or warrant officer, $5,000.
For enlisted man, $3,500.
Approved, August 21, 1941.

[CHAPTER 396]

AN ACT

Granting increases in pensions to certain widows and dependents of persons who served in the military or naval forces of the United States during the War with Spain, the Boxer Rebellion, or the Philippine Insurrection.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, effective on the first day of the month next following the date of enactment of this Act, the rates of death compensation provided for the dependents of World War veterans by section 5 of Public Law Numbered 198, Seventy-sixth Congress, July 19, 1939 (U. S. C., title 38, sec. 472b), subject to the limitation contained in the last sentence of the second paragraph of said section 5, as amended by this Act, shall be payable as death pension to the dependents of veterans of the Spanish-American War, including the Philippine Insurrection and Boxer Rebellion, entitled to death pension under the provisions of paragraph IV, part I of Veterans Regulation Numbered 1 (a), as amended, and to the dependents of veterans entitled to death pension under the provisions of paragraph I (c), part II of Veterans Regulation Numbered 1 (a), as amended, where the veteran's death resulted from an injury received in line of duty in actual combat in a military expedition or military occupation.

Sec. 2. Effective on the first day of the month next following the date of enactment of this Act, the last sentence of the second paragraph of section 5 of Public Law Numbered 198, Seventy-sixth Congress, July 19, 1939 (U. S. C., title 38, sec. 472b), is hereby amended to read as follows: "The amount of compensation herein authorized shall be paid in the event the monthly payment of compensation under Veterans Regulation Numbered 1 (g), and the monthly payment of yearly renewable term or automatic insurance, or national service life insurance does not aggregate or exceed the amount of compensation herein authorized: Provided, That persons entitled to pension or compensation on account of the death, disability, or service of more than one person, if otherwise entitled, shall be paid the increased rates provided by this section."

Approved, August 21, 1941.

[CHAPTER 397]

JOINT RESOLUTION

To provide for the proper observance of the one hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the adoption of the first ten amendments to the Constitution, known as the Bill of Rights.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States is authorized and requested to issue a proclamation designating December 15, 1941, as Bill of Rights Day, calling upon officials of the Government to display the flag of the United States on all Government buildings on that day, and inviting the people of the United States to observe the day with appropriate ceremonies and prayer.

Approved, August 21, 1941.
August 21, 1941

[CHAPTER 398] JOINT RESOLUTION

Providing for the filling of a vacancy in the Board of Regents of the Smithsonian Institution of the class other than Members of Congress.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the vacancy in the Board of Regents of the Smithsonian Institution, of the class other than Members of Congress, caused by the death of R. Walton Moore, be filled by the appointment of Frederic C. Walcott, a citizen of Connecticut, for the statutory term of six years.

Approved, August 21, 1941.

August 21, 1941

[CHAPTER 399] JOINT RESOLUTION

Providing for the filling of a vacancy which will occur August 6, 1941, in the Board of Regents of the Smithsonian Institution of the class other than Members of Congress.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the vacancy in the Board of Regents of the Smithsonian Institution, of the class other than Members of Congress, which will occur on August 6, 1941, by reason of the expiration of the term of Frederic A. Delano, of the city of Washington, be filled by the reappointment of the present incumbent for the statutory term of six years.

Approved, August 21, 1941.

August 21, 1941

[CHAPTER 400] JOINT RESOLUTION

Consenting to an interstate oil compact to conserve oil and gas.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of Congress is hereby given to an extension and renewal for a period of two years from September 1, 1941, of the Interstate Compact to Conserve Oil and Gas, executed in the city of Dallas, Texas, the 16th day of February 1935, by the representatives of Oklahoma, Texas, California, and New Mexico, and thereafter recommended for ratification by the representatives of the States of Arkansas, Colorado, Illinois, Kansas, and Michigan, and subsequently ratified by the States of New Mexico, Kansas, Oklahoma, Illinois, Colorado, and Texas, which said compact was deposited in the Department of State of the United States, and thereafter such compact was, by the President, presented to the Congress and the Congress gave consent to such compact by H. J. Res. 407, approved August 27, 1935 (Public Resolution Numbered 64, Seventy-fourth Congress), and which said compact was thereafter extended and renewed for a period of two years from September 1, 1937, by an agreement executed in New Orleans, Louisiana, the 10th day of May 1937 by the representatives of the States of Oklahoma, Texas, Kansas, and New Mexico, and was duly ratified by the States of Oklahoma, Texas, Kansas, New Mexico, Illinois, and Colorado, and was deposited in the Department of State of the United States, and thereafter such extended and renewed compact was, by the President, presented to the Congress and the Congress gave consent to such extended and renewed compact by S. J. Res. 188, approved August 10, 1937 (Public Resolution Numbered 57, Seventy-fifth Congress), and which said compact was thereafter extended and renewed for a period of two years from September 1, 1939, by an agreement duly executed and ratified by the States of Oklahoma, Texas, Kansas, Colorado, New Mexico, and Michigan, and was deposited in the Department of State of the United
States, thereafter such extended and renewed compact was, by the President, presented to Congress and the Congress gave consent to such extended and renewed compact by H. J. Res. 329, approved July 20, 1939 (Public Resolution Numbered 31, Seventy-sixth Congress).

The extended and renewed compact, dated the 1st day of May 1941, duly executed by the representatives of the States of Oklahoma, Kansas, Texas, Colorado, New Mexico, Illinois, Michigan, Arkansas, Louisiana, New York, and Pennsylvania, and which extended and renewed compact has been deposited in the Department of State of the United States, reads as follows:

"AN AGREEMENT TO EXTEND THE INTERSTATE COMPACT TO CONSERVE OIL AND GAS"

"WHEREAS, on the 16th day of February, 1935, in the City of Dallas, Texas, there was executed "AN INTERSTATE COMPACT TO CONSERVE OIL AND GAS" which was thereafter formally ratified and approved by the States of Oklahoma, Texas, New Mexico, Illinois, Colorado and Kansas, the original of which is now on deposit with the Department of State of the United States, a true copy of which follows:

"AN INTERSTATE COMPACT TO CONSERVE OIL AND GAS"

"ARTICLE I"

"This agreement may become effective within any compacting state at any time as prescribed by that state, and shall become effective within those states ratifying it whenever any three of the States of Texas, Oklahoma, California, Kansas and New Mexico have ratified and Congress has given its consent. Any oil producing state may become a party hereto as hereinafter provided.

"ARTICLE II"

"The purpose of this compact is to conserve oil and gas by the prevention of physical waste thereof from any cause.

"ARTICLE III"

"Each state bound hereby agrees that within a reasonable time it will enact laws, or if laws have been enacted, then it agrees to continue the same in force, to accomplish within reasonable limits the prevention of:

(a) The operation of any oil well with an inefficient gas-oil ratio.

(b) The drowning with water of any stratum capable of producing oil or gas, or both oil and gas in paying quantities.

(c) The avoidable escape into the open air or the wasteful burning of gas from a natural gas well.

(d) The creation of unnecessary fire hazards.

(e) The drilling, equipping, locating, spacing or operating of a well or wells so as to bring about physical waste of oil or gas or loss in the ultimate recovery thereof.

(f) The inefficient, excessive or improper use of the reservoir energy in producing any well.

"The enumeration of the foregoing subjects shall not limit the scope of the authority of any state.

"ARTICLE IV"

"Each state bound hereby agrees that it will, within a reasonable time, enact statutes, or if such statutes have been enacted then that it
will continue the same in force, providing in effect that oil produced in violation of its valid oil and/or gas conservation statutes or any valid rule, order or regulation promulgated thereunder, shall be denied access to commerce; and providing for stringent penalties for the waste of either oil or gas.

"ARTICLE V"

"It is not the purpose of this compact to authorize the states joining herein to limit the production of oil or gas for the purpose of stabilizing or fixing the price thereof, or create or perpetuate monopoly, or to promote regimentation, but is limited to the purpose of conserving oil and gas and preventing the avoidable waste thereof within reasonable limitations.

"ARTICLE VI"

"Each state joining herein shall appoint one representative to a commission hereby constituted and designated as the Interstate Oil Compact Commission, the duty of which said Commission shall be to make inquiry and ascertain from time to time such methods, practices, circumstances and conditions as may be disclosed for bringing about conservation and the prevention of physical waste of oil and gas, and at such intervals as said Commission deems beneficial it shall report its findings and recommendations to the several states for adoption or rejection.

"The Commission shall have power to recommend the coordination of the exercise of the police powers of the several states within their several jurisdictions to promote the maximum ultimate recovery from the petroleum reserves of said states, and to recommend measures for the maximum ultimate recovery of oil and gas. Said Commission shall organize and adopt suitable rules and regulations for the conduct of its business.

"No action shall be taken by the Commission except: (1) By the affirmative votes of the majority of the whole number of the compacting states, represented at any meeting, and (2) by a concurring vote of a majority in interest of the compacting states at said meeting, such interest to be determined as follows: Such vote of each state shall be in the decimal proportion fixed by the ratio of its daily average production during the preceding calendar half-year to the daily average production of the compacting states during said period.

"ARTICLE VII"

"No state by joining herein shall become financially obligated to any other state, nor shall the breach of the terms hereof by any state subject such state to financial responsibility to the other states joining herein.

"ARTICLE VIII"

"This compact shall expire September 1, 1937. But any state joining herein may, upon sixty (60) days notice, withdraw herefrom.

"The representatives of the signatory states have signed this agreement in a single original which shall be deposited in the archives of the Department of State of the United States, and a duly certified copy shall be forwarded to the Governor of each of the signatory states.

"This compact shall become effective when ratified and approved as provided in Article I. Any oil producing state may become a party hereto by affixing its signature to a counterpart to be similarly deposited, certified and ratified.

"Done in the City of Dallas, Texas, this sixteenth day of February, 1935."
"WHEREAS, said Interstate Compact was heretofore duly renewed and extended for two (2) years from September 1, 1937, its original expiration date, to September 1, 1939; and,

"WHEREAS, said Interstate Compact was again duly renewed and extended for two (2) years from September 1, 1939, its second expiration date, to September 1, 1941; and,

"WHEREAS, it is desired to again extend and renew said Interstate Compact to Conserve Oil and Gas for another period of two (2) years from September 1, 1941, its present expiration date, to September 1, 1943;

"NOW, THEREFORE, THIS WRITING WITNESSETH:

"It is hereby agreed that the said Compact entitled ‘AN INTERSTATE COMPACT TO CONSERVE OIL AND GAS’ executed in the City of Dallas, Texas, on the 16th day of February, 1935, and now on deposit with the Department of State of the United States, a correct copy of which appears above, be and the same hereby is, extended for a period of two (2) years from September 1, 1941, its present date of expiration, this agreement to become effective within those states joining herein when executed by any three of the States of Texas, Oklahoma, California, Kansas and New Mexico, and consent thereto is given by Congress.

"The signatory states executed this agreement in a single original which shall be deposited in the archives of the Department of State of the United States and a duly certified copy thereof shall be forwarded to the Governor of each of the signatory states.

"EXECUTED as of this the First day of May, 1941, by the several undersigned states, at their several capitols, through their proper officials thereunto duly authorized by statutes, resolutions, or proclamations of the several states.”

SEC. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal the provisions of section 1 is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, August 21, 1941.

[CHAPTER 409]

AN ACT

Making supplemental appropriations for the national defense for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1942, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the national defense for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1942, and for other purposes, namely:

TITLE I—WAR DEPARTMENT

MILITARY ACTIVITIES

For additional amounts for appropriations for the Military Establishment, fiscal year 1942, to be supplemental to, and merged with, the appropriations under the same heads in the Military Appropriation Act, 1942, including the objects and subject to the limitations and conditions specified in that Act, as follows:

QUARTERMASTER CORPS

Regular supplies of the Army: For regular supplies of the Army, $6,670,631.

Clothing and equipage, Army: For clothing and equipage, $443,123,275.
Army transportation: For Army transportation, $98,043,861.
Horses, draft, and pack animals: For horses, draft, and pack animals, $1,064,810.

Military posts: For construction of buildings, utilities, and appurtenances at military posts, $172,679,400; Provided, That this appropriation, the appropriation under this head in the Military Appropriation Act, 1942, the appropriations under this head made and merged in the Fifth Supplemental National Defense Appropriation Act, 1941, and all funds transferred to the appropriations under this head out of other appropriations for the Military Establishment for the fiscal year 1941, under the authority contained in the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1940, shall remain available until June 30, 1943.

Signal Corps


Corps of Engineers

Engineer Service, Army: For Engineer Service, Army, $61,118,970.

Ordnance Department

Proviso repealed.

SIGNAL CORPS


AIR CORPS

Air Corps, Army: For Air Corps, Army, $204,007,800.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT

Medical and Hospital Department, Army: For Medical and Hospital Department, Army, $3,882,487.

CORPS OF ENGINEERS

Engineer Service, Army: For Engineer Service, Army, $61,118,970.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT

Ordnance service and supplies, Army: For ordnance service and supplies, Army, $2,888,980,486. The second proviso under the caption “Ordnance service and supplies, Army”, in the Military Appropriation Act, 1942, is hereby repealed.

CHEMICAL WARFARE SERVICE


This title may be cited as “Title II, Military Appropriation Act, 1942”.

TITLE II—NAVY DEPARTMENT

For additional amounts for appropriations for the Navy Department and the naval service, fiscal year 1942, to be supplemental and additional to the appropriations and funds in the Naval Appropriation Act for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1942, including the objects and subject to the limitations and conditions specified under the respective headings and subject to the provisions under the heading “General Provisions” contained in said Act, and except as otherwise provided herein, as follows:

NAVAL ESTABLISHMENT

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Miscellaneous expenses, Navy, including the maintenance of attachés and others abroad and not to exceed $15,000 for the temporary employment of persons or organizations by contract or otherwise without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes, or the classification laws, or section 5 of the Act of April 6, 1914 (38 Stat. 335), $3,392,648.
Naval Research Laboratory, including the temporary employment of such scientific and technical civilian assistants as may be required at rates of pay not exceeding $25 per diem for any person so employed, and the employment of twelve group IV (b) employees at rates of pay in excess of $5,000 per annum, $565,000.

**BUREAU OF NAVIGATION**

Training, Education, and Welfare, Navy:
- Naval Training Station, San Diego, California, $760,000;
- Naval Training Station, Newport, Rhode Island, $358,000;
- Naval Training Station, Great Lakes, Illinois, $500,000;
- Naval Training Station, Norfolk, Virginia, $200,000;
- Fleet training, $89,500;
- Instruction, including the rental, maintenance, and operation of property for instruction purposes, $575,000;
- Libraries, $128,659;
- Welfare and recreation, $270,000;

In all, training, education, and welfare, Navy, $2,875,159.

Miscellaneous expenses, Bureau of Navigation, $174,000.

Ocean and Lake Surveys, Navy, $40,000.

Pay, Naval Reserve: For pay of other employees, $50,000.

Maintenance and repairs, Naval Academy, $31,000.

Pay of employees, Naval Home, $10,300.

Maintenance, Naval Home, $2,000.

**BUREAU OF SHIPS**

Maintenance, Bureau of Ships, including maintenance and repair of defense installations in Government or privately owned merchant ships, $380,000,000.

**BUREAU OF ORDNANCE**

Ordnance and ordnance stores, Navy, $247,872,665.

**BUREAU OF SUPPLIES AND ACCOUNTS**

Pay, subsistence, and transportation of naval personnel
- Pay of naval personnel, $77,000,000;
- Subsistence of naval personnel, $12,769,000;
- Transportation and recruiting of naval personnel, $11,240,000;
- Naval Reserve personnel on active duty, $46,591,000;
- In all, $148,000,000.

Maintenance, Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, $21,234,778.

Clothing and small stores fund, $13,320,000.

Fuel and transportation, Navy, $10,131,000.

**BUREAU OF MEDICINE AND SURGERY**

Medical Department, including the employment at the Naval Medical Center, Washington, District of Columbia, of two group IV (b) employees at rates of pay in excess of $5,000 per annum, $7,350,000.

Care of the dead, including care of the dead as authorized in the Act of July 8, 1940 (54 Stat. 743), $27,000, of which not to exceed $10,000 shall be available for obligations incurred during the fiscal year 1941.

**BUREAU OF YARDS AND DOCKS**

Maintenance, Bureau of Yards and Docks, $13,203,500, including the purchase (not to exceed $71,300) of motor-propelled passenger-
Proviso. Number of vehicles. 
Ante, p. 162.

Maintenance, etc. 
Ante, p. 162.

Limitation of cost. 
Ante, p. 162.

Ante, p. 163.

Proviso. Construction of authorized projects. 
Ante, p. 556.

Charleston, S. C.

Mare Island, Calif.

New York, N. Y.

Norfolk, Va.

Pearl Harbor, T. H.


Portsmouth, N. H.

Puget Sound, Wash.

Washington, D. C.

Guam.

Guantanamo, Cuba.

Key West, Fla.

New Orleans, La.

Tutuila, Samoa.

Balboa, C. Z.

carrying vehicles, including eight at a cost of not to exceed $1,200 each: Provided, That the limitation on the appropriation contained in the Naval Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1942 for the purchase, maintenance, repair, and operation of passenger-carrying vehicles for the Navy Department is hereby increased during the fiscal year 1942 from ten to twelve, and the limitation on expenditures for the maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles is hereby increased from $130,000 to $200,000: Provided further, That the limitation of cost of $600 for the purchase of passenger-carrying vehicles contained in the Naval Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1942 is hereby modified to permit the purchase of passenger-carrying vehicles authorized in that Act within the limit of cost fixed by law.

Public works, Bureau of Yards and Docks: For public works and public utilities, Bureau of Yards and Docks, $294,528,500, which, together with unexpended balances of the appropriations heretofore made under this head, shall be disbursed and accounted for in accordance with existing law and shall constitute one fund: Provided, That the Secretary of the Navy is only authorized to commence, continue, or complete the construction of, or make provision for, by contract or otherwise, projects heretofore authorized and appropriated for under this head, and, in addition, the following public works and public utilities projects, at a cost not to exceed the amount stated for each project enumerated, respectively:

Navy Yard, Charleston, South Carolina: Ordnance-shop storehouse and accessories, $200,000.

Navy Yard, Mare Island, California: Quarters for officers, $200,000; roads, walks, and services, $125,000.

Navy Yard, New York, New York: Housing for enlisted men, $250,000.

Navy Yard, Norfolk, Virginia: Housing for enlisted men, recreation facilities and radio-laboratory facilities, $810,000.

Navy Yard, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii: Housing for officers and enlisted men, $625,000.


Navy Yard, Portsmouth, New Hampshire: Ordnance-storage facilities and housing for enlisted men, $422,500.

Navy Yard, Puget Sound, Washington: Improvement of fuel-oil handling facilities, $150,000; extension of general storehouse, $500,000; extension of supply pier, $500,000; extension of building Numbered 434, $145,000.

Navy Yard, Washington, District of Columbia: Five finger piers, $150,000; extension of waterfront improvement, $100,000.

Naval Station, Guam: Housing for insular guard, $170,000; extension and improvement to sewer system, $160,000; extension of military roads, $200,000.

Naval Station, Guantanamo, Cuba: Two swimming pools, $100,000.

Naval Station, Key West, Florida: Housing for enlisted men, laundry- and ammunition-storage facilities, $320,000; floating crane, $400,000; 35-ton locomotive crane, $50,000.

Naval Station, New Orleans, Louisiana: Rehabilitation of station buildings, $330,000; rehabilitation of waterfront, $250,000; development of receiving ship facilities, including buildings and accessories, $800,000.

Naval Station, Tutuila, Samoa: Additional defense facilities, housing and water-front development, $1,305,000.

Naval operating base, Balboa, Canal Zone: Housing for officers, enlisted men, laundry and school facilities, $900,000.
Naval Operating Base, Bermuda: Development of anchorage in Murrey Bay, $3,000,000; fueling station, including buildings, structures and accessories, $1,800,000.

Naval Operating Base, Norfolk, Virginia: Fleet-school facilities, magazines, and storage facilities, $3,335,000.

Naval Operating Base, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii: Dispensary, $245,000.

Roosevelt Roads (Vieques) Puerto Rico: Additional development of protected fleet anchorage, including acquisition of land, $21,970,000.

Submarine Base, Charlotte Amalie, Virgin Islands: Additional development of submarine facilities, $2,195,000.

Submarine Base, Coco Solo, Canal Zone: Additional power plant, shore-patrol headquarters, and school facilities, $883,000; improvement of water supply, $86,000; signal station, $5,000; improvement of power plant, $200,000; gas chamber, $3,000; railroad tracks for Pier Numbered 1, $20,000; storage for salvage pontoons, $10,000; marginal wharf on north side of north mole, $100,000.

Submarine Base, Kodiak, Alaska: Additional submarine-operating facilities, including ammunition-storage facilities, $3,413,000.

Submarine Base, Midway Island: Additional submarine-operating facilities, including buildings and accessories, $4,781,000.


Submarine Base, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii: Additional submarine-operating, repair, and torpedo-storage facilities, $385,000; additional battery overhaul and charging facilities, $125,000; extension of quay wall, $110,000.

Submarine Base, Unalaska Area, Alaska: Cold-storage facilities, $200,000.

Submarine Base, Wake Island: Submarine-operating and repair facilities, including buildings and accessories, $4,679,000.

Destroyer Base, San Diego, California: Fleet-school facilities, quarters for officers, and torpedo storage, $855,000.

Naval Academy, Annapolis, Maryland: Additional instruction facilities, boat-repair facilities and acquisition of additional land, $1,720,000.

Naval Training Station, Great Lakes, Illinois: Additional training facilities, including housing and instruction buildings and accessories, $5,595,000.

Naval Training Station, Newport, Rhode Island: Additional training facilities, including housing and instruction buildings and accessories, $180,500.

Naval Training Station, Norfolk, Virginia: Quarters for bachelor chief petty officers, $175,000.

Naval Training Station, San Diego, California: Additional training facilities, including housing and instruction buildings and accessories, $3,359,000.

Naval Ammunition Depot, Balboa, Canal Zone: Additional ammunition-storage facilities, including buildings and accessories, $165,000.

Naval Ammunition Depot, Burns City, Indiana: Additional ammunition- and ordnance-storage facilities, including buildings and accessories, $10,250,000.

Naval Ammunition Depot, Charleston, South Carolina: Additional ammunition-storage facilities, including buildings and accessories, $747,000.

Naval Ammunition Depot, Coco Solo, Canal Zone: Additional ammunition-storage facilities, including buildings and accessories, $160,000.
Naval Ammunition Depot, Fort Mifflin, Pennsylvania: Additional ammunition-storage facilities, including buildings and accessories, $298,000.

Naval Ammunition Depot, Hawthorne, Nevada: Additional ammunition-storage facilities, including buildings and accessories, $4,349,000.

Naval Ammunition Depot, Hingham, Massachusetts: Storehouse, $80,000.

Naval Ammunition Depot, Iona Island, New York: Additional ammunition-storage facilities, including acquisition of additional land, $121,500.

Naval Ammunition Depot, Lake Denmark, New Jersey: Storage for ordnance materials, $645,000.

Naval Ammunition Depot, Mare Island, California: Ammunition loading and storage and mine-handling facilities, $595,000.

Naval Ammunition Depot, Oahu, Hawaii: Additional ammunition-storage facilities, including buildings and accessories, $2,316,500.

Naval Ammunition Depot, Puget Sound, Washington: Additional ammunition-storage facilities, including buildings and accessories, $336,000.

Naval Ammunition Depot, St. Juliens Creek, Virginia: Additional ammunition-storage facilities, including buildings and accessories, $390,000; fire-protection equipment, $27,000; extension of locomotive shed, $10,000; extension of wharf Numbered 2 and storehouse, $140,000; fireproofing magazine buildings, $147,000.

Naval Magazine, Bellevue, District of Columbia: Ordnance storehouses, $30,000.

Naval Magazine, Indian Island, Washington: Additional ammunition-storage facilities, $1,100,000.

Naval Magazine, Gulf Coast Area: Development of ammunition-storage facilities, including buildings and acquisition of land, $2,300,000.

Naval Torpedo Station, Newport, Rhode Island: Torpedo-testing facilities, including building and accessories and magazines, $600,000; extension of East Dock and dredging, $175,000; new telephone cable to Gould Island, Rose Island, and Government Landing, $50,000; ferry slips north end of Goat Island and Long Wharf, $130,000; floating crane, $150,000.

Naval Torpedo Range, Piney Point, Maryland: Improvement of torpedo-testing facilities, including quarters for officers, $170,000.

Naval Mine Depot, Yorktown, Virginia: Additional storage facilities, $550,000; relocate fire house, $20,000; extension of ammunition-loading plants, $450,000; extension of railroad tracks, $170,000; temporary guardhouse and outpost house, $8,000; extension of pier, $600,000.

Naval Mine Warfare School, Yorktown, Virginia: Additional roads, services, and facilities, $60,000.

Naval Proving Ground, Dahlgren, Virginia: Fire station, post office, and gate house, $60,000; reconditioning and improvement of power plant, $335,000; extension of dispensary, $42,000; extension of supply building and oil storage, $56,000; extension of water system, $10,000; gantry crane and runway, $500,000; extension of school building, accessories and services, $65,000; extension of service systems, roads and walks, $100,000; dredging approach channel, $200,000; extension of barracks, $150,000; railroad connection to Fredericksburg, Virginia, including acquisition of rights-of-way, $1,500,000.

Naval Powder Factory, Indianhead, Maryland: Extension and improvement of power plant, $100,000; extension of Marine Barracks, $65,000; extension of fire alarm and police protection system, $50,000;
repairs to wharf, $50,000; temporary barracks for bachelor officers, $40,000; extension to Building No. 379 and accessories, $35,000; extension to Machine Shop Building No. 268, $12,000; extension to high-school building, $50,000; extension to carpenter shop, $20,000; cafeteria, $15,000.

Naval Hospital, Annapolis, Maryland: Major repairs and improvements, $30,000.

Naval Hospital, Balboa, Canal Zone: Expansion of hospital facilities, $250,000.

Naval Hospital, Brooklyn, New York: Major repairs and alterations, $200,000.

Naval Hospital, Charleston, South Carolina: Two H-type buildings and accessories, $190,000.

Naval Hospital, Chelsea, Massachusetts: Renovating buildings, Old Marine Hospital, $350,000; construction of intercepting sewer connection, $40,000; major repairs to buildings, $318,000.

Naval Hospital, Corpus Christi, Texas: Expansion of hospital facilities, $450,000.

Naval Hospital, Great Lakes, Illinois: Major repairs and alterations, $28,000.

Naval Hospital, Guam: Expansion of hospital facilities, $100,000.

Naval Hospital, Jacksonville, Florida: Expansion of hospital facilities, $344,500.

Naval Hospital, Mare Island, California: Major repairs and alterations, $22,000; fireproofing old building, $40,000.

Naval Hospital, Newport, Rhode Island: Expansion of hospital facilities and medical-supply storehouse, $783,000; pier replacement and roads, $95,000; major repairs and replacements, $28,000; fencing reservation, $20,000.

Naval Hospital, Norfolk, Virginia: Expansion of hospital facilities, $485,000; rehabilitating nurses' quarters, $65,000; rehabilitating Building Numbered 59, $80,000; service utility lines, $10,000; fencing, $12,000.

Naval Hospital, Pensacola, Florida: Boilerhouse and utility building and equipment, $800,000; repair and overhaul of heating system, including extra boiler, $40,000.

Naval Hospital, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania: Expansion of hospital facilities, $280,000; major repairs and alterations to hospital buildings, $192,000.

Naval Hospital, Portsmouth, New Hampshire: Quarters for nurses, $56,000; conversion of current, $34,000; major repairs and alterations, $150,000.

Naval Hospital, Puget Sound, Washington: Additional wing on main building, and accessories, $475,000; major repairs and alterations to hospital buildings, $35,000; extension of dispensary, $60,000.

Naval Hospital, San Diego, California: Expansion of hospital facilities, $405,000; extend messing facilities, $75,000; purchase and installation, fire alarm system, $32,000; major repairs and replacements, $58,000.

Medical Supply Depot, Brooklyn, New York: Additional medical-supply storage, including acquisition of land, $600,000.

Naval Medical Center, Washington (Bethesda), District of Columbia: Expansion of medical and hospital facilities, $1,680,000.

Naval Air Station, Anacostia, District of Columbia: Additional radio facilities, including buildings and accessories, $125,000.

Naval Air Station, Banana River, Florida: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $280,000.

Naval Air Station, Barbers Point, Hawaii: Aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $18,605,000.
Naval Air Station, Bermuda: For completion of projects, $3,000,000.

Naval Air Station, Cape May, New Jersey: Ammunition storage facilities, $25,000.

Marine aviation facilities, Charlotte Amalie, Virgin Islands: Ammunition-storage facilities, including buildings and accessories, $576,000.

Naval Air Station, Charleston, South Carolina: Extension of roads, walks, and services, $25,000; dredging and filling, $150,000.

Naval Air Station, Corpus Christi, Texas: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $8,522,500.

Naval Air Station, Floyd Bennett Field, New York: Ammunition-storage facilities, including buildings and accessories, $41,000.

Naval Air Station, Guantanamo, Cuba: Additional ammunition-storage facilities, including buildings and accessories, $286,000.

Naval Air Station, Jacksonville, Florida: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $2,981,100.

Naval Air Station, Johnston Island: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $1,618,500.

Naval Air Station, Kaneohe Bay, Hawaii: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $3,970,000.

Naval Air Station, Key West, Florida: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $375,000.

Naval Air Station, Kodiak, Alaska: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $3,266,000.

Naval Air Station, Lahaina Roads, Hawaii: Ammunition-storage facilities, including buildings and accessories, $174,500.

Naval Air Station, Miami, Florida: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $1,222,000.

Naval Air Station, Midway Island: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $2,820,000.

Naval Air Station, Newport, Rhode Island: For completion of projects now under construction, $10,000,000; for additional facilities, including buildings and accessories, $3,017,500.

Naval Air Station, Norfolk, Virginia: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $2,560,000; general storehouse, $800,000.

Naval Air Station, Palmyra Island: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $543,500.

Naval Air Station, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii: Temporary mess hall, galley, and lavatory building, $90,000.

Naval Air Station, Pensacola, Florida: Expansion of radio facilities, $20,000.

Naval Air Station, Quonset Point, Rhode Island: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $1,030,000.

Naval Air Station, San Diego, California: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $560,000.

Naval Air Station, San Juan, Puerto Rico: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $752,000.

Naval Air Station, Seattle, Washington: Radio facilities, including buildings and accessories, $75,600.

Naval Air Station, Sitka, Alaska: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $540,000.

Naval Air Station, Squantum, Massachusetts: Ammunition-storage facilities, including buildings and accessories, $2,654,200.

Naval Air Station, Tongue Point, Oregon: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $450,000.
Naval Air Station, Trinidad: Ammunition storage, $45,000; fleet anchorage, including buildings and facilities, $15,000,000.

Naval Air Station, Tutuila, Samoa: Additional aviation facilities and ammunition storage, including buildings and accessories, $553,000.

Naval Air Station, Unalaska, Alaska: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $4,346,000.

Naval Air Station, Wake Island: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories and acquisition of land, $3,780,000.

Reserve Aviation Base, Anacostia, District of Columbia: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $120,000.

Reserve Aviation Base, Atlanta, Georgia: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $145,000.

Reserve Aviation Base, Dallas, Texas: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $145,000.

Reserve Aviation Base, Floyd Bennett Field, New York: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $120,000.

Reserve Aviation Base, Glenview, Illinois: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $120,000.

Reserve Aviation Base, Grose Ile, Michigan: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $150,000.

Reserve Aviation Base, Kansas City, Kansas: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $170,000.

Reserve Aviation Base, Long Beach, California: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $1,635,000.

Reserve Aviation Base, Minneapolis, Minnesota: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $120,000.

Reserve Aviation Base, New Orleans, Louisiana: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $145,000.

Reserve Aviation Base, Oakland, California: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $120,000.

Reserve Aviation Base, Squantum, Massachusetts: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $120,000.

Reserve Aviation Base, St. Louis, Missouri: Additional aviation facilities, including buildings and accessories, $120,000.

Naval Radio Station, Annapolis, Maryland: Additional radio facilities, including buildings and accessories, $40,000.

Naval Radio Station, Astoria, Oregon: Quarters and accessories and services for officer in charge, $12,500.

Naval Radio Station, Bainbridge Island, Washington: Quarters for married operators, $72,000.

Naval Radio Station, Balboa, Canal Zone: Utility building and accessories, $25,000.

Naval Radio Station, Cape May, New Jersey: Additional radio facilities, including buildings, towers, and acquisitions of land, $132,500.

Naval Radio Station, Charlotte Amalie, Virgin Islands: Radio facilities, including buildings and accessories, $130,000.

Naval Radio Station, Cheltenham, Maryland: Additional radio facilities, including buildings and accessories, $235,000.

Radio Station, Marine Detachment, Chinwangtso, China: Replacement of operating building, $3,000.

Naval Radio Station, Chollas Heights, California: Utility building and accessories, $20,000.

Naval Radio Station, National Airport, David, Panama: Quarters for officer in charge and operators, $30,000.
Naval Radio Station, Gatun, Canal Zone: Additional radio facilities, including buildings and accessories, $200,000.

Naval Radio Station, Guantanamo, Cuba: Additional radio facilities, including buildings and accessories, $210,000.

Naval Radio Station, Key West, Florida: Additional radio facilities, including buildings and accessories, $21,000.

Naval Radio Station, Libugon, Guam: Quarters for operators, $60,000.

Naval Radio Station, Lualualei, Hawaii: Additional radio facilities, including buildings and accessories, $256,000.

Naval Radio Station, Mare Island, California: Additional radio facilities, including buildings and accessories, $640,000.

Naval Radio Station, New Orleans, Louisiana: Radio facilities, including buildings and accessories, $140,000.

Naval Radio Station, Oahu, Hawaii: Additional radio facilities, including buildings and accessories, $150,000.

Naval Radio Station, Point Loma, California: Quarters for operators, $112,000.

Naval Radio Station, Quantico, Virginia: Additional facilities, including buildings and accessories, $125,000.

Naval Radio Station, Summit, Canal Zone: Additional radio facilities, including buildings and accessories, $550,000.

Naval Radio Station, Vaitogi, Samoa: Quarters for officer in charge, $10,000.

Marine Barracks, New River, North Carolina: Radio facilities, including buildings and accessories, $120,000.

Naval Research Laboratory, Bellevue, District of Columbia: Storehouse and accessories, $225,000; extension of machine shop, $225,000; alterations to heating plant and steam distribution system, $130,000.

Naval Fuel Depot, Melville, Rhode Island: Acquisition of additional land, $61,000; improvement of power plant, $225,000; reserve electric power supply, $70,000; replacement of fuel-oil lines, $165,000.

Naval Fuel Depot, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii: Development of additional underground fuel storage, $16,000,000.

Naval Supply Depot, Bayonne, New Jersey: Additional development of fleet-supply facilities, including buildings and accessories, $7,300,000.

Naval Supply Depot, Norfolk, Virginia: Additional fleet-supply facilities, including buildings and accessories, $2,125,000.

Naval Supply Depot, Oakland, California: Additional fleet-supply facilities, including buildings and accessories, $1,300,000.

Naval Supply Depot, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii: Additional fleet-supply facilities, including buildings and accessories, $6,850,000.

Naval Supply Depot, San Diego, California: Extension of supply pier, $500,000.

Marine Barracks, Charleston, South Carolina: Utility and guard building and accessories, $30,000.

Marine Barracks, New River, North Carolina: Development of landing field for training parachute troops, $800,000.

Marine Barracks, Parris Island, South Carolina: Magazines at Hilton Head Island, $25,000.

Marine Barracks, Quantico, Virginia: Additional ammunition-storage facilities, $85,000.

Marine Barracks, San Diego, California: Quarters for bachelor officers, $100,000.

Sixth naval district: Development of fleet-landing facilities, including acquisition and acceptance of land, $100,000; moorings for inshore patrol, $25,000.
Tenth naval district: Fleet-fuel and storage facilities, including buildings and accessories, $800,000.

Eleventh Naval District: Floating crane, $450,000.

Thirteenth Naval District: Barracks and officers' quarters, rifle range, $90,000.

Fourteenth Naval District: Improvement of harbors and channels, including provision of fixed moorings, $3,000,000.

Fifteenth Naval District: Temporary housing for Marine guards at radio stations, $60,000.

Photographic facilities at various locations: Photographic laboratories, housing, buildings, and accessories, $510,000.

Floating equipment for servicing naval vessels at naval districts and bases, $3,250,000.

Dredging and mooring material for emergency berthing of ships, $500,000.

Mobile power-plant units: Development of two mobile power plants, railway mounted, $2,500,000.

Internal security at navy yards and naval stations: Development of flood lighting, fencing, booms, nets, protection of services, fire protection, and the like, $14,500,000.

Reserve storage for gasoline: Development of reserve storage for gasoline at various locations, including buildings and accessories, $2,500,000.

Fuel storage: Development of storage facilities for fuel and Diesel oil at various locations, including buildings and accessories, $12,000,000.

Hospital corps training schools: Hospital corps training facilities, at various locations, including buildings and accessories, $1,440,000.

Emergency expansion of hospital facilities: Emergency expansion of hospital facilities at various locations, including buildings and accessories, $3,000,000.

The provisions of section 4 of the Act approved April 25, 1939 (53 Stat. 590-592), as amended, shall be applicable to all public works and public utilities provided in this title regardless of location; Provided, That the fixed fee to be paid the contractor as a result of any contract hereafter entered into under the authority of the above-mentioned Act shall not exceed 6 per centum of the estimated cost of the contract, exclusive of the fee, as determined by the Secretary of the Navy.

BUREAU OF AERONAUTICS

Aviation, Navy, $90,000,000.

MARINE CORPS

PAY, MARINE CORPS

Pay of officers, active list, $166,915;
Pay of enlisted men, active list, $11,252,742;
Pay and allowances of the Marine Corps Reserve, $3,437,421;
Mileage and travel expenses of officers, $142,922;
In all, $15,000,000.

GENERAL EXPENSES, MARINE CORPS

Provisions, $6,474,000;
Clothing, $14,000,000;
Fuel, $1,000,000;
Military supplies and equipment, $42,000,000;
Transportation of troops and applicants for enlistment, $1,640,000; Repairs of barracks, $2,600,000; Forage, $6,000; Miscellaneous supplies and expenses, $5,220,000; In all, $73,940,000, including care and operation of a school at Saint Thomas, Virgin Islands, and including transportation of dependents of retired and Reserve officers and of retired and Reserve enlisted men (of the grades entitled to transportation of dependents in the Regular Marine Corps) when ordered to active duty (other than training) and upon release therefrom.

INCREASE AND REPLACEMENT OF NAVAL VESSELS

Construction and machinery: The limitation on obligations for tools, facilities, and equipment for building or equipping any complete naval vessel or portion thereof contained in title VI of the Naval Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1941 (Fourth Supplemental National Defense Appropriation Act, 1941) is increased to $800,000,000.

Armor, armament, and ammunition: The Secretary of the Navy is authorized to transfer $11,000,000 of the funds heretofore appropriated under this heading to the War Department for War Department facilities for the loading and assembling of 20-millimeter ammunition and the limitation of obligations for the necessary tools, equipment, and facilities at naval establishments or private plants for the manufacture or production of ordnance material, munitions, and armor contained in title VI of the Naval Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1941 (Fourth Supplemental National Defense Appropriation Act, 1941) is increased to $425,000,000.

REPAIR FACILITIES, NAVY

Repair facilities, Navy: For essential equipment and facilities of all kinds at either private or naval establishments for the repair and conversion of ships, including the necessary purchase of land, to remain available until expended, $160,000,000.

NAVAL EMERGENCY FUND

Naval emergency fund: For local and passive defense installations, and the rental, acquisition, and construction of section bases, station ships, or barracks, and of training and defense facilities and equipment of all kinds, including the necessary purchase of land, to remain available until expended, $5,000,000.

NAVY DEPARTMENT

Contingent and miscellaneous expenses, Hydrographic Office, $190,000.

Contingent and miscellaneous expenses, Naval Observatory: The appropriation of $1,400 contained in the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1941, under the heading “Naval Observatory”, is hereby reappropriated and made available until June 30, 1942.

Relief of Marijo McMillan Williams: For the relief of Marijo McMillan Williams, as authorized by the Act approved June 3, 1941 (Private Law 73, Seventy-seventh Congress), $565.01, to be paid from the appropriation “Maintenance, Bureau of Ships, 1942.”

Sec. 201. That there is hereby created and established in the Office of the Secretary of the Navy an Office of Budget and Reports, which shall be charged with such duties pertaining to naval budgetary matters and statistical and work reporting as may be prescribed by the Secretary of the Navy. All of the duties of this Office shall be
performed under the authority of the Secretary of the Navy, and its orders shall be considered as emanating from him, and shall have full force and effect as such.

(a) At the head of the Office of Budget and Reports there shall be a director of Budget and Reports, appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, for a term of three years, from among line officers not below the grade of lieutenant commander on the active list of the Navy. The Director of Budget and Reports shall have the same rank and shall be entitled to the same pay, allowances, and privileges of retirement as are now or may hereafter be prescribed by or in pursuance of law for chiefs of bureaus in the Navy Department.

(b) An officer of the line of the Navy may be detailed as assistant to the Director of Budget and Reports, and, in case of death, resignation, absence, or sickness of such Director, shall perform the duties of such Director until his successor is appointed or such absence or sickness shall cease. The assistant to the Director of Budget and Reports shall, while so serving, receive the highest pay of his rank.

SEC. 202. This title may be cited as "Title III, Naval Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1942".

TITLE III—UNITED STATES MARITIME COMMISSION

Construction fund, United States Maritime Commission, Act of June 29, 1936, revolving fund: For an additional amount to increase the construction fund established by the "Merchant Marine Act, 1936", and for (1) the construction in the United States of merchant vessels of such type, size, and speed as the United States Maritime Commission (hereafter referred to in this title as the "Commission") may determine to be useful for carrying on the commerce of the United States and suitable for conversion into naval or military auxiliaries; (2) the production and procurement of parts, equipment, material, and supplies for such vessels; (3) the establishment, acquisition, construction, enlargement, or extension of plants or facilities, on land, whether owned by the Government or otherwise owned (including the acquisition by purchase or condemnation of real property or any interest therein), to be used for the construction of vessels or for the production of parts, equipment, supplies, or material therefor, and management of such plants and facilities; and (4) the purchase, requisition, charter, operation, repair, reconstruction, and reconditioning of vessels acquired, or the use or possession of which is acquired by the Act of June 6, 1941 (Public Law 101), or otherwise; $698,650,000, of which $2,000,000 shall be available for administrative expenses of the Commission, including the objects specified under the heading "United States Maritime Commission" in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1942, of which $2,000,000 not to exceed $40,000 shall be available for the transfer of household goods and effects, as provided by the Act of October 10, 1940 (Public Act Numbered 899), and regulations promulgated thereunder, including such expenses of persons employed by the Commission in furtherance of the program authorized by the Act of February 6, 1941 (Public Law 5), and $150,000 shall be available for the employment on a contract or fee basis of persons, firms, and corporations for the performance of special services, without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes: Provided, That said construction fund so supplemented shall be available for the foregoing purposes: Provided further, That there may be transferred from this appropriation to the "Emergency Ship Construction Fund, United States Maritime Commission", 55 STAT. | 77TH CONG., 1ST SESS.—CH. 409—AUG. 25, 1941
created by the said Act of February 6, 1941, such amounts as the
Commission may deem necessary for the completion of the program
authorized by said Act: Provided further, That whenever the Pre-
sident deems it to be in the interest of national defense, he may author-
ize the Commission to lease vessels constructed or acquired with funds
appropriated by this title to the Government of any country whose
defense the President deems vital to the defense of the United States,
in accordance with the provisions of the Act of March 11, 1941
(Public Law 11): Provided further, That in addition to contract
authorizations contained in previous Acts, the Commission is author-
ized to enter into contracts for the construction of vessels, production
and procurement of parts, equipment, material, and supplies for such
vessels, and the establishment, acquisition, construction, enlargement,
or extension of plants or facilities as provided herein in an amount
not to exceed $1,296,650,000 (for which $296,650,000 is included in
the amount appropriated herein): Provided further, That the pro-
visions of sections 2 and 4, and the several proviso clauses contained
in section 1 of said Act of February 6, 1941, shall apply to all the
activities and functions which the Commission is authorized to per-
form under this title.

TITLE IV—MISCELLANEOUS CIVIL ACTIVITIES

LEGISLATIVE

SENATE

For payment to Ariadne Houston, Marguerite Houston, and Jose-
phine Houston Paulus, daughters of Andrew Jackson Houston, late
a Senator from the State of Texas, $10,000.

For payment to Mary Sumter Lumpkin, widow of Alva M. Lump-
kin, late a Senator from the State of South Carolina, $10,000.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

For payment to the widow of Stephen Bolles, late a Representative
from the State of Wisconsin, $10,000.

For payment to the widow of Albert G. Rutherford, late a Repre-
sentative from the State of Pennsylvania, $10,000.

The two foregoing sums to be disbursed by the Sergeant at Arms
of the House.

EMERGENCY FUNDS FOR THE PRESIDENT

Emergency Fund for the President: The appropriation entitled
"Emergency Fund for the President", contained in the Independent
Offices Appropriation Act, 1942, is hereby amended by adding the
following: "Provided further, That, when deemed proper, the Pre-
sident may authorize, in amount stipulated by him, but not exceeding
in the aggregate $2,500,000, unvouchered expenditures, and report the
gross sums so authorized not itemized".

INDEPENDENT AGENCIES

BOARD OF INVESTIGATION AND RESEARCH—TRANSPORTATION

Board of Investigation and Research: For all necessary expenses to
enable the Board of Investigation and Research to perform the duties
authorized under part 1 of title III of the Transportation Act of
1940, including personal services in the District of Columbia and
elsewhere, traveling expenses, printing and binding, fiscal year 1942,
$100,000.
FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

National-defense activities: For an additional amount for national-defense activities, fiscal year 1942, to enable the Federal Communications Commission to continue to perform the functions or activities for the performance of which, during the fiscal year 1941, the Commission received allocations of funds from the appropriation "Emergency fund for the President" contained in the Military Appropriation Act, 1941, including the objects for which and subject to the conditions under which such allocations were expended during the fiscal year 1941, $209,000.

FEDERAL LOAN AGENCY

Electric Home and Farm Authority: The amount of funds of the Authority which may be used for administrative expenses during the fiscal year 1942, fixed by the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1941, at $400,000, is hereby increased to $600,000.

FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY

Civilian Conservation Corps: The twelfth paragraph under the caption "Civilian Conservation Corps" in the Federal Security Appropriation Act, 1942, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"In the expenditure of funds appropriated herein under the heading 'Civilian Conservation Corps', the over-all expenditure per enrollee per year shall not exceed $1,000: Provided, That such limit of $1,000 may be exceeded if the average enrollee strength is below two hundred and ten thousand enrollees, but in such event the total expenditures from such appropriation shall not exceed $200,000,000."

FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY

Public Buildings Administration: Authority is hereby conferred upon the Administrator of Federal Works Agency to proceed, upon a cost-plus-a-fixed-fee basis, with the construction of Federal Office Building No. 3, the construction of which was authorized by the appropriation "Sites and buildings, Federal office buildings (Nos. 2 and 3)" contained in the First Supplemental Civil Functions Appropriation Act, 1941; and said appropriation is hereby increased to the extent of $900,000 by the transfer of said sum from the appropriation "Public Buildings Administration, construction of temporary office buildings" contained in the Fifth Supplemental National Defense Appropriation Act, 1941.

MARITIME LABOR BOARD

Salaries and expenses: For three Board members and for all other authorized and necessary expenditures of the Maritime Labor Board in performing the duties imposed by law, fiscal year 1942, $30,000, to be used for winding up and terminating the affairs of the Board.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Buildings and grounds: The Commissioners of the District of Columbia are authorized to enter into contract or contracts for the construction of a new extensible senior high-school building to be located at Twenty-fourth Street and Benning Road Northeast, at a total cost not to exceed the limit of cost fixed for such project by the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1942.
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATOR OF CIVIL AERONAUTICS

Maintenance and operation of air-navigation facilities: For an additional amount for maintenance and operation of air-navigation facilities, fiscal year 1942, including the objects specified under this heading in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1942, $1,100,000, of which not to exceed $500,000 shall be available for the maintenance and operation of airport traffic-control towers whenever the Secretary of War or Secretary of the Navy shall certify that the accomplishment of such work is essential to the national defense: Provided, That the limitation on the purchase and exchange of passenger-carrying automobiles under this heading in the Commerce Department Appropriation Act, 1942, is hereby increased from $13,550 to $29,300.

Establishment of air-navigation facilities: For an additional amount for the establishment of air-navigation facilities, fiscal year 1942, including the objects specified under this heading in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1942, $5,586,000, of which not to exceed $500,000 shall be available for the establishment of airport traffic-control towers whenever the Secretary of War or Secretary of the Navy shall certify that the accomplishment of such work is essential to the national defense.

Development of landing areas: For an additional amount for the appropriation "Development of Landing Areas", $5,500,000, of which $900,000 shall be available for administrative expenses, including engineering services and supervision of construction.

INTERIOR DEPARTMENT

BUREAU OF MINES

Testing fuel: For an additional amount for testing fuel, fiscal year 1942, including the objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1942, $38,500, and the limitation of $35,000 contained in said Act under this head for personal services in the District of Columbia is hereby increased to $40,250.

Investigation of domestic sources of mineral supply: For an additional amount for investigation of domestic sources of mineral supply, fiscal year 1942, including the objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1942, $300,000, and the limitation of $25,000 contained in said Act under this head for personal services in the District of Columbia is hereby increased to $32,500.

Investigation of raw material resources for western steel production: For all expenses necessary to enable the Bureau of Mines to investigate by subsurface exploration the amount and quality of iron ore, limestone, and coking coals essential to expanding steel production in States in which such deposits may exist, including all necessary laboratory research; preliminary examination and subsurface exploration of raw materials; supplies and equipment; traveling expenses; not to exceed $13,000 for personal services in the District of Columbia; printing and binding; purchase in the District of Columbia and elsewhere of furniture and equipment, professional and scientific books and publications, stationery and supplies, typewriting, adding, computing, and addressing machines, and other labor-saving devices, accessories, and repairs, including exchange and maintenance thereof, and purchase of such personal wearing apparel or equipment as may be required for the protection of employees while engaged in
their work, fiscal year 1942, $350,000: Provided, That the Secretary of the Interior, acting through the Director of the Bureau of Mines, is hereby authorized to accept buildings, equipment, and other contributions from public or private sources offering to cooperate in carrying out the purposes of this appropriation, and to carry out the projects in cooperation with other departments or agencies of the Federal Government, States, and State agencies, and other organizations: Provided further, That section 3709 of the Revised Statutes shall not be construed to apply to this appropriation.

Construction and equipment of helium plants: To enable the Secretary of the Interior to increase and improve the capacity for the production of helium, as authorized by the Act approved September 1, 1937 (50 Stat. 885), by the acquisition, by purchase, lease, or condemnation, of lands or interests therein or options thereon, the making of contracts and agreements (with optional provisions where necessary) for the acquisition, processing, or conservation of helium-bearing gas, the construction and equipment of buildings or additions to existing buildings, the drilling of wells and construction of pipe lines, and other appurtenant facilities, and to conduct investigations with respect to available resources of helium-bearing gas and the transportation of helium, and for all necessary expenses incident to the foregoing, including the employment by contract or otherwise, at such rates of compensation as the Secretary of the Interior may determine, of engineers, architects, or firms or corporations thereof necessary to design and construct the buildings, structures, and equipment; supplies and equipment; travel expenses; purchase in the District of Columbia and elsewhere of furniture and equipment; professional and scientific books and publications, stationery and supplies, typewriting, adding, and computing machines, accessories, and repairs, including exchange and maintenance thereof, purchase, not to exceed $5,500 (including exchange as part payment), operation, maintenance, and repair of passenger-carrying automobiles for official use in field work; and not to exceed $16,000 for personal services in the District of Columbia, fiscal year 1942, $1,250,000, to remain available until June 30, 1943: Provided, That section 3709 of the Revised Statutes shall not be construed to apply to expenditures under this appropriation: Provided further, That the Secretary of the Interior, acting through the Director of the Bureau of Mines, is hereby authorized to accept lands, buildings, equipment, and other contributions from public or private sources offering to cooperate in carrying out the purposes of this appropriation.

WAR DEPARTMENT

Civil Functions

Quartermaster Corps

For the construction by and for the use of the War Department on Government-owned land comprising the site formerly occupied by the Department of Agriculture Experimental Farm and land adjacent thereto in Arlington County, Virginia, of an office building and appurtenances thereto, including interior facilities, fixed equipment, necessary services, roads, connections to water, sewer, gas, and electric mains, preparation of an automobile parking area, purchase and installation of telephone and radio equipment, and similar improvements, and other expenses in connection therewith, $85,000,000, to be expended in accordance with laws relating to the construction of military post projects but without reference to the laws suspended in connection with
such projects in the Military Appropriation Act, 1942, and to remain available until expended. Provided, That the maintenance and operation of such building shall be under the jurisdiction of the Public Buildings Administration and such Administration may assign any space therein surplus to the needs of the War Department to any other Federal agency pending the need thereof by such Department.

Sec. 2. It shall be the duty of the Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy, respectively, to file with the Congress prior to the end of each fiscal year a full and complete list of all contracts in excess of $10,000 in value, including contracts for the purchase of land, which may be undertaken for the expenditure of the funds appropriated by this or any other Act, together with a summary of the subject matter of such contracts, the names of the contractors and of the persons who negotiated any such contract either on behalf of the Government or of the contractor, and, if any such contract was awarded without competitive bidding, a statement of the reasons for the selection of the contractor.

Sec. 3. This Act may be cited as the “First Supplemental National Defense Appropriation Act, 1942”.

Approved, August 25, 1941.

[CHAPTER 410]

AN ACT

To amend the National Housing Act, as amended.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 603 of the National Housing Act is hereby amended by striking the figure "$100,000,000" appearing in subsection (a) thereof and inserting in lieu thereof the figure "$300,000,000".

Approved, September 2, 1941.

[CHAPTER 411]

JOINT RESOLUTION

Authorising the printing, with illustrations, of the proceedings of the national encampments of various veterans' organizations in the United States as separate House documents.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Public Resolution Numbered 126 (46 Stat. 1481), approved March 2, 1931 (U. S. C., title 44, sec. 275B), authorizing the printing of the proceedings of the national encampments of certain veterans' organizations in the United States be, and is hereby, amended to read as follows: "That hereafter the proceedings of the national encampments of the Grand Army of the Republic, the United Spanish War Veterans, the Veterans of Foreign Wars of the United States, the American Legion, the Military Order of the Purple Heart, and the Disabled American Veterans of the World War, respectively, shall be printed annually, with accompanying illustrations, as separate House documents of the session of the Congress to which they may be submitted."

Approved, September 18, 1941.
AN ACT
To provide revenue, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act, divided into titles and sections according to the following Table of Contents, may be cited as the "Revenue Act of 1941":

TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLE I—INDIVIDUAL AND CORPORATION INCOME TAXES
Sec. 101. Surtax on individuals.
Sec. 102. Optional tax on individuals with certain gross income of $3,000 or less.
Sec. 103. Corporation defense tax rates incorporated in rate schedules.
Sec. 104. Surtax on corporations and termination of defense tax.
Sec. 105. Tax on nonresident alien individuals.
Sec. 106. Tax on foreign corporations.
Sec. 107. Withholding of tax at source.
Sec. 108. Treaty obligations.
Sec. 109. Reduction in pursuance of treaties of rates of tax and withholding on nonresident alien individuals resident in, and corporations organized under laws of, Western Hemisphere countries.
Sec. 110. Defense tax rates on personal holding companies and transfers to avoid income tax incorporated in rate schedules.
Sec. 111. Personal exemption.
Sec. 112. Returns of income tax.
Sec. 113. Credit for dependents.
Sec. 114. Noninterest-bearing obligations issued at discount.
Sec. 115. Short-term obligations issued on a discount basis.
Sec. 116. Information returns with respect to Federal obligations.
Sec. 117. Extension of time of orders of Securities and Exchange Commission.
Sec. 118. Taxable years to which amendments applicable.

TITLE II—EXCESS PROFITS TAX
Sec. 201. Excess profits tax rates and credits.
Sec. 203. New capital.
Sec. 204. Corporations engaged in mining strategic metals.
Sec. 205. Taxable years to which amendments applicable.

TITLE III—CAPITAL STOCK TAX AND DECLARED VALUE EXCESS-PROFITS TAX
Sec. 301. Capital stock tax.
Sec. 302. Declared value excess-profits tax—Defense tax rates incorporated in rate schedule.

TITLE IV—ESTATE AND GIFT TAXES
Sec. 401. Estate tax rates.
Sec. 402. Gift tax rates.

TITLE V—EXCISE TAXES
PART I—1932 EXCISE TAXES MADE PERMANENT
Sec. 501. 1932 excise taxes made permanent.
Sec. 502. Pipe line tax.
Sec. 503. Technical amendment.
Sec. 504. Bond tax.
Sec. 505. Conveyance tax.

PART II—DEFENSE TAX RATES MADE PERMANENT (NO INCREASE IN TAX AND NO CHANGE IN BASIS OF TAX)
Sec. 521. Defense excise tax rates made permanent which are not increased by this Act.
If the surtax net income is:  

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Net Income</th>
<th>Surtax Rate</th>
<th>Surtax Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Not over $2,000</td>
<td>6%</td>
<td>$0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $2,000 but not over $4,000</td>
<td>6% plus 3%</td>
<td>$120 plus 9% of excess over $2,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $4,000 but not over $6,000</td>
<td>6% plus 6%</td>
<td>$300 plus 19% of excess over $4,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $6,000 but not over $8,000</td>
<td>6% plus 17%</td>
<td>$560 plus 21% of excess over $6,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $8,000 but not over $10,000</td>
<td>6% plus 27%</td>
<td>$900 plus 25% of excess over $8,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $10,000 but not over $12,000</td>
<td>6% plus 34%</td>
<td>$1,320 plus 30% of excess over $10,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $12,000 but not over $14,000</td>
<td>6% plus 40%</td>
<td>$1,820 plus 35% of excess over $12,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $14,000 but not over $16,000</td>
<td>6% plus 47%</td>
<td>$2,400 plus 40% of excess over $14,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $16,000 but not over $18,000</td>
<td>6% plus 53%</td>
<td>$3,040 plus 45% of excess over $16,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $18,000 but not over $20,000</td>
<td>6% plus 60%</td>
<td>$3,740 plus 50% of excess over $18,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $20,000 but not over $22,000</td>
<td>6% plus 65%</td>
<td>$4,500 plus 55% of excess over $20,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $22,000 but not over $24,000</td>
<td>6% plus 70%</td>
<td>$5,320 plus 60% of excess over $22,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $24,000 but not over $26,000</td>
<td>6% plus 75%</td>
<td>$6,200 plus 65% of excess over $24,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $26,000 but not over $28,000</td>
<td>6% plus 80%</td>
<td>$7,080 plus 70% of excess over $26,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $28,000 but not over $30,000</td>
<td>6% plus 85%</td>
<td>$8,000 plus 75% of excess over $28,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $30,000 but not over $32,000</td>
<td>6% plus 90%</td>
<td>$8,900 plus 80% of excess over $30,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $32,000 but not over $34,000</td>
<td>6% plus 95%</td>
<td>$12,000 plus 85% of excess over $32,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $34,000 but not over $36,000</td>
<td>6% plus 100%</td>
<td>$15,000 plus 90% of excess over $34,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $36,000 but not over $38,000</td>
<td>6% plus 105%</td>
<td>$18,000 plus 95% of excess over $36,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $38,000 but not over $40,000</td>
<td>6% plus 110%</td>
<td>$21,000 plus 100% of excess over $38,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $40,000 but not over $42,000</td>
<td>6% plus 115%</td>
<td>$24,000 plus 105% of excess over $40,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $42,000 but not over $44,000</td>
<td>6% plus 120%</td>
<td>$27,000 plus 110% of excess over $42,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The surtax shall be applied as follows:
"If the surtax net income is:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Net Income</th>
<th>Surtax Shall Be:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Over $44,000</td>
<td>$16,080, plus 55% of excess over $44,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>but not over $50,000</td>
<td>$19,380, plus 57% of excess over $50,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $50,000</td>
<td>$25,080, plus 59% of excess over $60,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>but not over $70,000</td>
<td>$30,080, plus 61% of excess over $70,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $70,000</td>
<td>$37,080, plus 63% of excess over $80,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>but not over $100,000</td>
<td>$43,380, plus 64% of excess over $90,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $100,000</td>
<td>$49,780, plus 65% of excess over $100,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>but not over $150,000</td>
<td>$82,280, plus 66% of excess over $150,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $150,000</td>
<td>$115,280, plus 67% of excess over $200,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>but not over $250,000</td>
<td>$148,780, plus 68% of excess over $250,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $250,000</td>
<td>$182,280, plus 69% of excess over $300,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>but not over $500,000</td>
<td>$254,280, plus 71% of excess over $500,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $500,000</td>
<td>$326,280, plus 73% of excess over $500,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>but not over $750,000</td>
<td>$398,280, plus 74% of excess over $750,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $750,000</td>
<td>$508,280, plus 75% of excess over $1,000,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>but not over $2,000,000</td>
<td>$693,780, plus 76% of excess over $1,000,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $2,000,000</td>
<td>$1,443,780, plus 77% of excess over $2,000,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>but not over $5,000,000</td>
<td>$2,000,000, plus 78% of excess over $5,000,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $5,000,000</td>
<td>$3,738,780, plus 77% of excess over $5,000,000.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SEC. 102. OPTIONAL TAX ON INDIVIDUALS WITH CERTAIN GROSS INCOME OF $3,000 OR LESS.

(a) Optional Tax.—The Internal Revenue Code is amended by inserting after section 396 the following new Supplement:

"Supplement T—Individuals With Gross Income From Certain Sources of $3,000 or Less"

"SEC. 400. IMPOSITION OF TAX.

"In lieu of the tax imposed under sections 11 and 12, an individual may elect, for each taxable year, to pay the tax shown in the following table if his gross income for such taxable year is $3,000 or less and consists wholly of one or more of the following: Salary, wages, compensation for personal services, dividends, interest, rent, annuities, or royalties:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>If the gross income is over—</th>
<th>But not over—</th>
<th>The tax shall be—</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$1</td>
<td>$750</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$750</td>
<td>775</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$775</td>
<td>800</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$800</td>
<td>825</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$825</td>
<td>850</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$850</td>
<td>875</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$875</td>
<td>900</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$900</td>
<td>925</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
"SEC. 402. MANNER OF ELECTION.

"The election referred to in section 400 shall be considered to have been made if the taxpayer files the return prescribed for this Supplement and such election shall be irrevocable. If the taxpayer for any taxable year has filed a return computing his tax without regard to this Supplement, he may not thereafter elect for such year to compute his tax under this Supplement.

"SEC. 403. CREDITS AGAINST TAX NOT ALLOWED.

"Section 31 (relating to foreign tax credit) and section 32 (relating to credit for taxes withheld at source) shall not apply with respect to the tax imposed by this Supplement.

"SEC. 404. CERTAIN TAXPAYERS NOT ELIGIBLE.

"This Supplement shall not apply to a nonresident alien individual, or an estate or trust.

(b) CROSS-REFERENCES.—

(1) Section 11 of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by inserting at the end thereof the following: "(For alternative tax if gross income from certain sources is $3,000 or less, see section 400)."

(2) Section 12 of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by inserting at the end thereof the following:

"(g) For alternative tax if gross income from certain sources is $3,000 or less, see section 400."

(c) AMENDMENT TO SECTION 4.—Section 4 of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by inserting at the end thereof the following:

"(k) Shareholders of Personal Service Corporations,—Supplement S.

"(1) Individuals with gross income from certain sources of $3,000 or less,—Supplement T."

SEC. 103. CORPORATION DEFENSE TAX RATES INCORPORATED IN RATE SCHEDULES.

(a) TAX ON CORPORATIONS IN GENERAL.—Section 13 (b) (1) and (2) of the Internal Revenue Code are amended to read as follows:

"(1) GENERAL RULE.—A tax of 24 per centum of the normal-tax net income; or

"(2) ALTERNATIVE TAX (CORPORATIONS WITH NORMAL-TAX NET INCOME SLIGHTLY MORE THAN $25,000).—A tax of $4,250, plus 37 per centum of the amount of the normal-tax net income in excess of $25,000."

(b) TAX ON SPECIAL CLASSES OF CORPORATIONS.—Section 14 (b) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended to read as follows:

"(b) CORPORATIONS WITH NORMAL-TAX NET INCOMES OF NOT MORE THAN $25,000.—If the normal-tax net income of the corporation is not more than $25,000, and if the corporation does not come within one of the classes specified in subsection (c), (d), or (e) of this section, the tax shall be as follows:

"Upon normal-tax net incomes not in excess of $5,000, 15 per centum.

"$750 upon normal-tax net incomes of $5,000, and upon normal-tax net incomes in excess of $5,000 and not in excess of $20,000, 17 per centum in addition of such excess.

"$3,300 upon normal-tax net incomes of $20,000, and upon normal-tax net incomes in excess of $20,000, 19 per centum in addition of such excess."
(c) FOREIGN CORPORATIONS.—Section 14 (c) of the Internal Revenue Code (relating to tax on resident foreign corporations) is amended by striking out "22 1/2 per centum" and inserting "24 per centum".

(d) SURTAX ON CORPORATIONS IMPROPERLY ACCUMULATING SURPLUS.—The rate schedule of section 102 of the Internal Revenue Code is amended to read as follows:

"27 1/2 per centum of the amount of the undistributed section 102 net income not in excess of $100,000, plus

"38 1/2 per centum of the undistributed section 102 net income in excess of $100,000."

(e) MUTUAL INVESTMENT COMPANIES.—Section 362 (b) of the Internal Revenue Code (relating to tax on mutual investment companies) is amended by striking out "22 1/2 per centum" and inserting "24 per centum".

SEC. 104. SURTAX ON CORPORATIONS AND TERMINATION OF DEFENSE TAX.

(a) GENERAL RULE.—Section 15 of the Internal Revenue Code (relating to defense tax) is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 15. SURTAX ON CORPORATIONS.

"(a) CORPORATION SURTAX NET INCOME.—For the purposes of this chapter the term 'corporation surtax net income' means the net income minus the credit for dividends received provided in section 26 (b), computed by limiting such credit to 85 per centum of the net income in lieu of 85 per centum of the adjusted net income.

"(b) IMPOSITION OF TAX.—There shall be levied, collected, and paid for each taxable year upon the corporation surtax net income of every corporation (except a corporation subject to the tax imposed by section 231 (a) or Supplement Q) a surtax as follows:

"Upon corporation surtax net incomes not in excess of $25,000, 6 per centum of the amount thereof;

"Upon corporation surtax net incomes in excess of $25,000, $1,500, plus 7 per centum of the excess over $25,000."

(b) SURTAX ON MUTUAL INVESTMENT COMPANIES.—Supplement Q of the Internal Revenue Code (relating to mutual investment companies) is amended by inserting at the end thereof a new section to read as follows:

"SEC. 363. SURTAX ON MUTUAL INVESTMENT COMPANIES.

"(a) SUPPLEMENT Q SURTAX NET INCOME.—For the purposes of this chapter the term ‘Supplement Q surtax net income' means the net income, computed without the net operating loss deduction provided in section 23 (a), minus the dividends paid during the taxable year increased by the consent dividends credit provided in section 28. For the purposes of this subsection the amount of dividends paid shall be computed in the same manner as provided in subsections (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), and (i) of section 27 for the purpose of the basic surtax credit provided in section 27.

"(b) IMPOSITION OF TAX.—There shall be levied, collected, and paid for each taxable year upon the Supplement Q surtax net income of every mutual investment company a surtax as follows:

"Upon Supplement Q surtax net incomes not in excess of $25,000, 6 per centum of the amount thereof;

"Upon Supplement Q surtax net incomes in excess of $25,000, $1,500, plus 7 per centum of the excess over $25,000."
PUBLIC LAWS—CH. 412—SEPT. 20, 1941

SEC. 104. SURTAX ON BANKS.—Section 104 (b) of the Internal Revenue Code (relating to certain banks and trust companies) is amended to read as follows:

"(b) RATE OF TAX.—Banks shall be subject to tax under section 13 or section 14 (b), and under section 15."

SEC. 231. SURTAX ON RESIDENT FOREIGN CORPORATIONS.—Section 231 (b) of the Internal Revenue Code (relating to certain foreign corporations) is amended to read as follows:

"(b) RESIDENT CORPORATIONS.—A foreign corporation engaged in trade or business within the United States or having an office or place of business therein shall be taxable as provided in section 14 (c) (1) and section 15."

SEC. 251. SURTAX ON CORPORATIONS ENTITLED TO THE BENEFITS OF SECTION 251.—Section 251 (c) (1) of the Internal Revenue Code (relating to the tax on corporations entitled to the benefits of section 251) is amended to read as follows:

"(1) CORPORATION TAX.—A domestic corporation entitled to the benefits of this section shall be subject to tax under section 13 or section 14 (b), and under section 15."

SEC. 261. SURTAX ON CHINA TRADE ACT CORPORATIONS.

SEC. 262. CREDIT OF CHINA TRADE ACT CORPORATIONS.

SEC. 211. TAX ON NONRESIDENT ALIEN INDIVIDUALS.

SEC. 231. TAX ON FOREIGN CORPORATIONS.
SEC. 107. WITHHOLDING OF TAX AT SOURCE.

(a) Sections 143 (a) and (b) and 144 of the Internal Revenue Code are amended by striking out “15 per centum” wherever occurring therein and inserting in lieu thereof “27½ per centum”.

(b) Section 143 (h) of the Internal Revenue Code is repealed.

(c) Subsections (a) and (b) of this section shall apply only with respect to the period beginning with the tenth day after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 108. TREATY OBLIGATIONS.

No amendment made by this title shall apply in any case where its application would be contrary to any treaty obligation of the United States.

SEC. 109. REDUCTION IN PURSUANCE OF TREATIES OF RATES OF TAX AND WITHHOLDING ON NONRESIDENT ALIEN INDIVIDUALS RESIDENT IN, AND CORPORATIONS ORGANIZED UNDER LAWS OF, WESTERN HEMISPHERE COUNTRIES.

(a) Section 143 (a) (1) (relating to withholding of tax on tax-free covenant bonds); section 143 (b) (relating to withholding of tax on dividends, rents, etc.); section 144 (relating to payment of corporation income tax at source); section 211 (a) (1) (relating to tax on nonresident alien individuals); and section 231 (a) (1) (relating to tax on nonresident foreign corporations) of the Internal Revenue Code are amended by striking out “a contiguous country” and inserting in lieu thereof “any country in North, Central, or South America, or in the West Indies, or of Newfoundland”.

(b) Section 211 (a) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended to read as follows:

“(3) Residents of certain countries.—The provisions of paragraph (2) shall not apply to a resident of any country in North, Central, or South America, or in the West Indies, or of Newfoundland, so long as there is in effect with such country a treaty which provides otherwise.”

(c) Section 211 (c) (4) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended to read as follows:

“(4) This subsection shall not apply to a resident of any country in North, Central, or South America, or in the West Indies, or of Newfoundland, so long as there is in effect with such country a treaty which provides otherwise.”

SEC. 110. DEFENSE TAX RATES ON PERSONAL HOLDING COMPANIES AND TRANSFERS TO AVOID INCOME TAX INCORPORATED IN RATE SCHEDULES.

(a) Personal Holding Companies.—Section 500 of the Internal Revenue Code (relating to tax on personal holding companies) is amended as follows:

(1) By striking out the heading “(a) General Rule.—”;

(2) By amending the rate schedule to read as follows:

“(1) 71½ per centum of the amount thereof not in excess of $2,000; plus
“(2) 82½ per centum of the amount thereof in excess of $2,000.”; and

(3) By repealing subsection (b) (relating to defense tax for five years).
(b) TRANSFERS TO AVOID INCOME TAX.—Section 1250 of the Internal Revenue Code (relating to tax on transfers to avoid income tax) is amended as follows:

1. By striking out the heading "(a) GENERAL RULE.—";
2. By striking out "25 per centum" and inserting "271/2 per centum"; and
3. By repealing subsection (b) (relating to defense tax for five years).

SEC. 111. PERSONAL EXEMPTION.

(a) Section 25 (b) (1) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended to read as follows:

"(1) PERSONAL EXEMPTION.—In the case of a single person or a married person not living with husband or wife, a personal exemption of $750; or in the case of the head of a family or a married person living with husband or wife, a personal exemption of $1,500. A husband and wife living together shall receive but one personal exemption. The amount of such personal exemption shall be $1,500. If such husband and wife make separate returns, the personal exemption may be taken by either or divided between them, except that if one spouse makes a return under Supplement T, the personal exemption of the other spouse shall be $750."  

(b) Section 214 of the Internal Revenue Code (relating to personal exemption of nonresident alien individuals) is amended by striking out "$800" and inserting in lieu thereof "$750".

(c) Section 251 (f) of the Internal Revenue Code (relating to personal exemption of citizens entitled to benefits of section 251) is amended by striking out "$800" and inserting in lieu thereof "$750".

SEC. 112. RETURNS OF INCOME TAX.

(a) INDIVIDUAL RETURNS.—Section 51 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended to read as follows:

"(a) REQUIREMENT.—The following individuals shall each make under oath a return stating specifically the items of his gross income and the deductions and credits allowed under this chapter and such other information for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this chapter as the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary may by regulations prescribe—

"(1) Every individual who is single or who is married but not living with husband or wife, if having a gross income for the taxable year of $750 or over.

"(2) Every individual who is married and living with husband or wife, if no joint return is made under subsection (b) and if—

"(A) Such individual has for the taxable year a gross income of $1,500 or over, and the other spouse has no gross income; or

"(B) Such individual and his spouse each has for the taxable year a gross income and the aggregate gross income is $1,500 or over."

(b) FIDUCIARY RETURNS.—Section 142 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended to read as follows:

"(a) REQUIREMENT OF RETURN.—Every fiduciary (except a receiver appointed by authority of law in possession of part only of the property of an individual) shall make under oath a return for any of the following individuals, estates, or trusts for which he acts, stating specifically the items of gross income thereof and the deductions and credits allowed under this chapter and such other information for the
purpose of carrying out the provisions of this chapter as the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary may by regulations prescribe—

"(1) Every individual having a gross income for the taxable year of $750 or over, if single, or if married and not living with husband or wife;

"(2) Every individual having a gross income for the taxable year of $1,500 or over, if married and living with husband or wife;

"(3) Every estate the gross income of which for the taxable year is $750 or over;

"(4) Every trust the net income of which for the taxable year is $100 or over, or the gross income of which for the taxable year is $750 or over, regardless of the amount of the net income; and

"(5) Every estate or trust of which any beneficiary is a non-resident alien."

(c) INFORMATION RETURNS.—Section 147 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code (relating to information at the source) is amended by striking out "$800" wherever occurring therein and inserting in lieu thereof "$750".

SEC. 113. CREDIT FOR DEPENDENTS.

Section 25 (b) (2) of the Internal Revenue Code (relating to credit for dependents) is amended to read as follows:

"(2) CREDIT FOR DEPENDENTS.—

"(A) Allowance in General.—$400 for each person (other than husband or wife) dependent upon and receiving his chief support from the taxpayer if such dependent person is under eighteen years of age or is incapable of self-support because mentally or physically defective.

"(B) Exception for Certain Heads of Families.—If the taxpayer would not occupy the status of head of a family except by reason of there being one or more dependents for whom he would be entitled to credit under subparagraph (A), the credit under such subparagraph shall be disallowed with respect to one of such dependents."

SEC. 114. NONINTEREST-BEARING OBLIGATIONS ISSUED AT DISCOUNT.

Section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code (relating to period in which items of gross income are included) is amended by inserting before the first sentence thereof "(a) GENERAL RULE.—", and by inserting at the end of such section a new subsection to read as follows:

"(b) NONINTEREST-BEARING OBLIGATIONS ISSUED AT DISCOUNT.—If, in the case of a taxpayer owning any noninterest-bearing obligation issued at a discount and redeemable for fixed amounts increasing at stated intervals, the increase in the redemption price of such obligation occurring in the taxable year does not (under the method of accounting used in computing his net income) constitute income to him in such year, such taxpayer may, at his election made in his return for any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1940, treat such increase as income received in such taxable year. If any such election is made with respect to any such obligation, it shall apply also to all such obligations owned by the taxpayer at the beginning of the first taxable year to which it applies and to all such obligations thereafter acquired by him and shall be binding for all subsequent taxable years, unless upon application by the taxpayer the Commis-
sioner permits him, subject to such conditions as the Commissioner deems necessary, to change to a different method. In the case of any such obligations owned by the taxpayer at the beginning of the first taxable year to which his election applies, the increase in the redemption price of such obligations occurring between the date of acquisition and the first day of such taxable year shall also be treated as income received in such taxable year."

SEC. 115. SHORT-TERM OBLIGATIONS ISSUED ON A DISCOUNT BASIS.

(a) Discount Accrued at Maturity.—Section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code (relating to period in which items of gross income are included) is amended by inserting at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(c) Short-Term Obligations Issued on Discount Basis.—In the case of any obligation of the United States or any of its possessions, or of a State or Territory, or any political subdivision thereof, or of the District of Columbia, issued on or after March 1, 1941, on a discount basis and payable without interest at a fixed maturity date not exceeding one year from the date of issue, the amount of discount at which such obligation is originally sold shall not be considered to accrue until the date on which such obligation is paid at maturity, sold, or otherwise disposed of."

(b) Capital Gain Rule Not Applicable.—Section 117 (a) (1) of the Internal Revenue Code (relating to definition of capital assets) is amended by striking out the semicolon at the end thereof and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(2) in the case of payments of interest upon obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality thereof, and (3)"

(c) Effective Date of Amendments.—The amendments made by this section shall be applicable with respect to taxable years ending after February 28, 1941.

SEC. 116. INFORMATION RETURNS WITH RESPECT TO FEDERAL OBLIGATIONS.

(a) Section 147 (d) of the Internal Revenue Code (exempting interest on obligations of the United States from information requirement) is repealed.

(b) Section 147 (b) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by striking out "and (2)" and inserting in lieu thereof "(2) in the case of payments of interest upon obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality thereof, and (3)"

(c) Subsections (a) and (b) of this section shall take effect upon the day after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 117. EXTENSION OF TIME OF ORDERS OF SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION.

(a) Extension.—Section 273 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code (relating to the definition of orders of the Securities and Exchange Commission with respect to which Supplement R applies) is amended to read as follows:

"(a) The term ‘order of the Securities and Exchange Commission’ means an order (1) issued after May 28, 1933, and prior to January 1, 1943, by the Securities and Exchange Commission to effectuate the provisions of section 11 (b) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 (49 Stat. 820; U. S. C., Supp. V, title 15, section
79k (b), or (2) issued by the Commission subsequent to December 31, 1942, in which it is expressly stated that an order of the character specified in clause (1) is amended or supplemented, and (3) which has become final in accordance with law.”

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE OF AMENDMENT.—The amendment made by this section shall be applicable only with respect to taxable years beginning after December 31, 1939.

SEC. 118. TAXABLE YEARS TO WHICH AMENDMENTS APPLICABLE.

The amendments made by this title (except sections 107, 115, 116, and 117) shall be applicable only with respect to taxable years beginning after December 31, 1940.

TITLE II—EXCESS PROFITS TAX

SEC. 201. EXCESS PROFITS TAX RATES AND CREDITS.

(a) Rates.—Section 710 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended to read as follows:

“(a) Imposition.—

“(1) General Rule.—There shall be levied, collected, and paid, for each taxable year, on the adjusted excess profits net income, as defined in subsection (b), of every corporation (except a corporation exempt under section 727) the tax shown in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Adjusted Excess Profits Net Income</th>
<th>Tax shall be:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Not over $20,000</td>
<td>35% of the adjusted excess profits net income.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $20,000, but not over $50,000</td>
<td>$7,000, plus 40% of excess over $20,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $50,000, but not over $100,000</td>
<td>$19,000, plus 45% of excess over $50,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $100,000, but not over $250,000</td>
<td>$41,500, plus 50% of excess over $100,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $250,000, but not over $500,000</td>
<td>$116,500, plus 55% of excess over $250,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $500,000</td>
<td>$254,000, plus 60% of excess over $500,000.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

“(2) Application of rates in case of certain exchanges.—If the taxpayer's highest bracket amount for the taxable year computed under section 752 (relating to certain exchanges) is less than $500,000, then in the application of the table in paragraph (1) of this subsection to such taxpayer, in lieu of each amount, other than the percentages, specified in such table, there shall be substituted an amount which bears the same ratio to the amount so specified as the highest bracket amount so computed bears to $500,000.”

(b) Excess Profits Credit—Based on Invested Capital.—Section 714 of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended, is amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 714. EXCESS PROFITS CREDIT—BASED ON INVESTED CAPITAL.

“The excess profits credit, for any taxable year, computed under this section, shall be the amount shown in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Invested Capital</th>
<th>Credit shall be:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Not over $5,000,000</td>
<td>8% of the invested capital.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $5,000,000</td>
<td>$400,000, plus 7% of the excess over $5,000,000.”</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SEC. 202. DEDUCTION OF EXCESS-PROFITS TAX.

(a) Amendment of Section 23 (c).—Section 23 (c) of the Internal Revenue Code (relating to the deduction of taxes in computing net income) is amended to read as follows:

"(c) Taxes Generally.—

"(1) Allowance in General.—Taxes paid or accrued within the taxable year, except—

"(A) Federal income taxes;

"(B) war-profits and excess-profits taxes imposed by Title II of the Revenue Act of 1917, Title III of the Revenue Act of 1918, Title III of the Revenue Act of 1921, section 216 of the National Industrial Recovery Act, or section 702 of the Revenue Act of 1934, or by any such provisions as amended or supplemented;

"(C) income, war-profits, and excess-profits taxes imposed by the authority of any foreign country or possession of the United States; but this deduction shall be allowed in the case of a taxpayer who does not signify in his return his desire to have to any extent the benefits of section 131 (relating to credit for taxes of foreign countries and possessions of the United States);

"(D) estate, inheritance, legacy, succession, and gift taxes; and

"(E) taxes assessed against local benefits of a kind tending to increase the value of the property assessed; but this paragraph shall not exclude the allowance as a deduction of so much of such taxes as is properly allocable to maintenance or interest charges.

"(2) Excess-Profits Tax Under Chapter 2E—Special Rules.—

For the purposes of this subsection, in the case of the excess-profits tax imposed by Subchapter E of Chapter 2—

"(A) The deduction shall be limited to the tax imposed for the taxable year, but any portion of such tax paid after the taxable year shall be considered as having been paid within the taxable year;

"(B) No reduction in such tax shall be made by reason of the credit for income, war-profits, or excess-profits taxes paid to any foreign country or possession of the United States;

"(C) Such tax shall be computed without regard to the adjustments provided in section 734; and

"(D) Such tax, in the case of a consolidated return under section 730, shall be allocated to the members of the affiliated group under regulations prescribed by the Commissioner, with the approval of the Secretary.

(b) Amendment of Section 102 (d).—Section 102 (d) (1) (A) of the Internal Revenue Code (relating to the deduction of taxes in computing section 102 net income) is amended to read as follows:

"(A) Taxes.—Federal income, war-profits, and excess-profits taxes (other than the tax imposed by Subchapter E of Chapter 2 for a taxable year beginning after December 31, 1940) paid or accrued during the taxable year, to the extent not allowed as a deduction by section 23, but not including the tax imposed by this section or a corresponding section of a prior income-tax law.

(c) Computation of Excess-Profits Net Income.—

(1) Taxable Years Beginning After December 31, 1940.—

(A) Section 711 (a) (1) (A) (relating to adjustment for income taxes in computing excess-profits net income under income credit) is amended to read as follows:
“(A) Income Taxes.—In computing such normal-tax net income the deduction for the tax imposed by this subchapter shall not be allowed;”.

(B) Section 711 (a) (2) (C) (relating to adjustment for income taxes in computing excess-profits net income under invested capital credit) is amended to read as follows:

“(C) Income Taxes.—In computing such normal-tax net income the deduction for the tax imposed by this subchapter shall not be allowed;”.

(2) TAXABLE YEARS IN THE BASE PERIOD.—Section 711 (b) (1) (A) (relating to adjustment for income taxes for taxable years in the base period) is repealed.

(d) COMPUTATION OF CHARITABLE, ETC., DEDUCTIONS.—
(1) Section 711 (a) (1) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by inserting at the end thereof the following new subparagraph:

“(G) Computation of Charitable, Etc., Deductions.—In determining any deduction the amount of which is limited to a percentage of the taxpayer's net income (or net income from the property), such net income (or net income from the property) shall be computed without regard to the deduction on account of the tax imposed by this subchapter.”

(2) Section 711 (a) (2) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subparagraph:

“(I) Computation of Charitable, Etc., Deductions.—In determining any deduction the amount of which is limited to a percentage of the taxpayer's net income (or net income from the property), such net income (or net income from the property) shall be computed without regard to the deduction on account of the tax imposed by this subchapter.”

(e) EXCESS-PROFITS CREDIT CARRY-OVER.—Section 710 (c) (1) (defining the unused excess-profits credit) is amended by adding at the end thereof a new sentence to read as follows: “For such purpose the excess-profits credit and the excess-profits net income for any taxable year beginning in 1940 shall be computed under the law applicable to taxable years beginning in 1941.”.

(f) EQUITY INVESTED CAPITAL.—Section 718 (c) (3) (relating to the computation of earnings and profits for invested capital purposes) is amended by adding after the word “subchapter” the words “or chapter 1”.

(g) ADJUSTMENT OF ABNORMAL BASE PERIOD NET INCOME.—Section 722 (c) (placing a limit on the amount of relief afforded under section 722) is amended by adding at the end thereof a new sentence to read as follows: “For the purposes of this subsection and subsection (d) the taxpayer's normal-tax net income shall be computed without deduction of the tax imposed by this subchapter.”.

(h) NONDEDUCTIBILITY OF EXCESS PROFITS TAX IN COMPUTATION OF DECLARED VALUE.—Section 602 of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by striking out “computed without the deduction of the tax imposed by section 600” and inserting in lieu thereof “computed without the deduction of the tax imposed by section 600 or the tax imposed by Subchapter E of Chapter 2”.

(i) ADJUSTED DECLARED VALUE.—
(1) Section 1202 (b) (1) (C) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended to read as follows:

“(C) its net income, computed without the deduction of the tax imposed by Subchapter E of Chapter 2,”.
(2) Section 1202 (b) (1) (iii) is amended to read as follows:

"(iii) the excess of the deductions allowable for income tax purposes (not including the deduction for the tax imposed by Subchapter E of Chapter 2) over its gross income."

SEC. 203. NEW CAPITAL.

Section 718 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by striking out "and" at the end of paragraph (4); by striking out the period at the end of paragraph (5) and inserting in lieu thereof a semicolon and the word "and", and by inserting at the end thereof the following:

"(6) NEW CAPITAL.—An amount equal to 25 per centum of the new capital for such day. The term 'new capital' for any day means so much of the amounts of money or property includible for such day under paragraphs (1) and (2) as was previously paid in during a taxable year beginning after December 31, 1940, and so much of the distributions in stock includible for such day under paragraph (3) as was previously made during a taxable year beginning after December 31, 1940, subject to the following limitations:

"(A) There shall not be included money or property paid in by a corporation in an exchange to which section 112 (b) (3), (4), or (5), or so much of section 112 (c), (d), or (e) as refers to section 112 (b) (3), (4), or (5) is applicable (or would be applicable except for section 371 (g)), or would have been applicable if the term 'control' had been defined in section 112 (h) to mean the ownership of stock possessing more than 50 per centum of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock entitled to vote or more than 50 per centum of the total value of shares of all classes of stock.

"(B) There shall not be included money or property paid in to the taxpayer by a transferor corporation if immediately after such transaction the transferor and the taxpayer are members of the same controlled group. As used in this subparagraph and subparagraph (C), a controlled group means one or more chains of corporations connected through stock ownership with a common parent corporation if (i) more than 50 per centum of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock entitled to vote, or more than 50 per centum of the total value of shares of all classes of stock, of each of the corporations (except the common parent corporation) is owned directly by one or more of the other corporations, and (ii) the common parent corporation owns directly more than 50 per centum of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock entitled to vote, or more than 50 per centum of the total value of shares of all classes of stock, of at least one of the other corporations.

"(C) There shall not be included a distribution in stock described in paragraph (3) made to another corporation, if immediately after the distribution the taxpayer and the distributee are members of the same controlled group.

"(D) Increase in Inadmissible Assets.—The new capital for any day of the taxable year, computed without the application of subparagraph (E), shall be reduced by the excess, if any, of the amount computed under section 720 (b) with respect to inadmissible assets held on such day, over the amount computed under section 720 (b) with respect to inadmissible assets held on the first day of the taxpayer's first..."
taxable year beginning after December 31, 1940. For the purposes of this subparagraph, in determining whether obligations which are described in section 22 (b) (4) any part of the interest from which is excludible from gross income or allowable as a credit against net income are to be treated as admissible or inadmissible assets, such obligations shall be treated in the same manner as they are treated for the taxable year for which tax under this subchapter is being computed.

"(E) Maximum New Capital Allowable.—The new capital for any day of the taxable year shall not be more than the amount, if any, by which—

"(i) the sum of the equity invested capital (computed without regard to this paragraph) and the borrowed capital (as defined in section 719 (a)) of the taxpayer as of such day, reduced by the amount of money or property paid in which is excluded by reason of the limitation of subparagraph (A) or (B) of this paragraph,

"(ii) the sum of such equity invested capital and borrowed capital as of the beginning of the first day of such taxpayer's first taxable year beginning after December 31, 1940, reduced by the amount, if any, by which the accumulated earnings and profits as of such first day of such first taxable year exceed the accumulated earnings and profits (computed without regard to distributions made in taxable years beginning after December 31, 1940) as of the beginning of the first day of the taxable year for which the tax under this subchapter is being computed.

"(F) Reduction on Account of Distributions Out of Pre-1941 Accumulated Earnings and Profits.—The new capital for any day of the taxable year, computed without the application of subparagraph (E), shall be reduced by the amount which, after the beginning of the first taxable year which begins after December 31, 1940, has been distributed out of earnings and profits accumulated prior to the beginning of such first taxable year."

SEC. 204. CORPORATIONS ENGAGED IN MINING STRATEGIC METALS.

Section 731 of the Internal Revenue Code (exempting from excess-profits tax income derived from mining certain metals) shall not apply with respect to any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1940.

SEC. 205. TAXABLE YEARS TO WHICH AMENDMENTS APPLICABLE.

The amendments made by this title shall be applicable only with respect to taxable years beginning after December 31, 1940.

TITLE III—CAPITAL STOCK TAX AND DECLARED VALUE EXCESS-PROFITS TAX

SEC. 301. CAPITAL STOCK TAX.

(a) Increase in Rate of Tax.—Section 1200 (a) and (b) of the Internal Revenue Code (relating to rate of capital stock tax) is amended by striking out "$1" and inserting in lieu thereof "$1.25".

(b) Defense Tax Rate.—Section 1200 (c) of the Internal Revenue Code is repealed.
(c) RETURNS FOR 1941.—Section 1203 (b) (2) of the Internal Revenue Code (relating to extensions of time for filing capital-stock tax returns) is amended by inserting at the end thereof the following: "With respect to the year ending June 30, 1941, the extension may be for not more than ninety days."

(d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This section shall be effective only with respect to the year ending June 30, 1941, and succeeding years.

SEC. 362. DECLARED VALUE EXCESS PROFITS TAX—DEFENSE TAX RATES INCORPORATED IN RATE SCHEDULE.

(a) Rates.—Section 600 of the Internal Revenue Code (relating to rate of declared value excess profits tax) is amended as follows:

(1) By striking out the heading "(a) General Rule.—";

(2) By amending the rate schedule to read as follows:

"6\% per centum of such portion of its net income for such income-tax taxable year as is in excess of 10 per centum and not in excess of 15 per centum of the adjusted declared value; "11\% per centum of such portion of its net income for such income-tax taxable year as is in excess of 15 per centum of the adjusted declared value;" and

(3) By repealing subsection (b) (relating to defense tax for five years).

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This section shall be effective only with respect to income-tax taxable years ending after June 30, 1941.

TITLE IV—ESTATE AND GIFT TAXES

SEC. 401. ESTATE TAX RATES.

(a) Rates.—Section 935 (b) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended to read as follows:

"(b) The tentative tax referred to in subsection (a) (1) of this section shall be the tentative tax shown in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>If the net estate is:</th>
<th>The tentative tax shall be:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Not over $5,000</td>
<td>3% of the net estate.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $5,000 but not over $10,000</td>
<td>$100, plus 7% of excess over $5,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $10,000 but not over $20,000</td>
<td>$500, plus 11% of excess over $10,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $20,000 but not over $50,000</td>
<td>$1,600, plus 14% of excess over $20,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $50,000 but not over $100,000</td>
<td>$3,000, plus 18% of excess over $50,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $100,000 but not over $250,000</td>
<td>$4,800, plus 22% of excess over $100,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $250,000 but not over $750,000</td>
<td>$7,000, plus 25% of excess over $250,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $750,000 but not over $1,000,000</td>
<td>$9,500, plus 28% of excess over $750,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $1,000,000 but not over $1,250,000</td>
<td>$20,700, plus 30% of excess over $1,000,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $1,250,000 but not over $1,500,000</td>
<td>$65,700, plus 32% of excess over $1,250,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $1,500,000 but not over $2,000,000</td>
<td>$145,700, plus 35% of excess over $1,500,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $2,000,000 but not over $2,500,000</td>
<td>$233,200, plus 37% of excess over $2,000,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $2,500,000 but not over $3,000,000</td>
<td>$325,700, plus 39% of excess over $2,500,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $3,000,000 but not over $3,500,000</td>
<td>$423,200, plus 42% of excess over $3,000,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $3,500,000 but not over $4,000,000</td>
<td>$528,200, plus 45% of excess over $3,500,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $4,000,000 but not over $4,500,000</td>
<td>$753,200, plus 49% of excess over $4,000,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $4,500,000 but not over $5,000,000</td>
<td>$998,200, plus 53% of excess over $4,500,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $5,000,000 but not over $5,500,000</td>
<td>$1,263,200, plus 56% of excess over $5,000,000.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over $5,500,000 but not over $6,000,000</td>
<td>$1,543,200, plus 59% of excess over $5,500,000.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
"If the net estate is: The tentative tax shall be:

- Over $4,000,000 but not over $5,000,000... $1,838,200, plus 63% of excess over $4,000,000.
- Over $5,000,000 but not over $6,000,000... $2,468,200, plus 67% of excess over $5,000,000.
- Over $6,000,000 but not over $7,000,000... $3,138,200, plus 70% of excess over $6,000,000.
- Over $7,000,000 but not over $8,000,000... $3,838,200, plus 73% of excess over $7,000,000.
- Over $8,000,000 but not over $10,000,000... $4,568,200, plus 76% of excess over $8,000,000.
- Over $10,000,000... $6,088,200, plus 77% of excess over $10,000,000."

(b) Defense Tax Repealed.—Subchapter C of Chapter 3 of the Internal Revenue Code is repealed.

(c) Effective Date.—Subsections (a) and (b) shall be effective only with respect to estates of decedents dying after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 402. Gift tax rates.

(a) Rates.—The Rate Schedule of section 1001 of the Internal Revenue Code is amended to read as follows:

"If the net gifts are: The tax shall be:

- Not over $5,000... 21% of the net gifts.
- Over $5,000 but not over $10,000... $112.50, plus 51% of excess over $5,000.
- Over $10,000 but not over $20,000... $375, plus 81% of excess over $10,000.
- Over $20,000 but not over $30,000... $1,200, plus 101% of excess over $20,000.
- Over $30,000 but not over $40,000... $2,250, plus 131% of excess over $30,000.
- Over $40,000 but not over $50,000... $3,600, plus 161% of excess over $40,000.
- Over $50,000 but not over $60,000... $5,250, plus 181% of excess over $50,000.
- Over $60,000 but not over $100,000... $7,125, plus 21% of excess over $60,000.
- Over $100,000 but not over $200,000... $15,525, plus 221% of excess over $100,000.
- Over $200,000 but not over $300,000... $30,275, plus 241% of excess over $200,000.
- Over $300,000 but not over $500,000... $60,450, plus 261% of excess over $300,000.
- Over $500,000 but not over $750,000... $97,900, plus 271% of excess over $500,000.
- Over $750,000 but not over $1,000,000... $147,400, plus 281% of excess over $750,000.
- Over $1,000,000 but not over $1,250,000... $211,275, plus 291% of excess over $1,000,000.
- Over $1,250,000 but not over $1,500,000... $287,400, plus 311% of excess over $1,250,000.
- Over $1,500,000 but not over $2,000,000... $351,375, plus 331% of excess over $1,500,000.
- Over $2,000,000 but not over $2,500,000... $394,100, plus 361% of excess over $2,000,000.
- Over $2,500,000 but not over $3,000,000... $418,625, plus 391% of excess over $2,500,000.
- Over $3,000,000 but not over $3,500,000... $434,975, plus 401% of excess over $3,000,000.
- Over $3,500,000 but not over $4,000,000... $451,400, plus 411% of excess over $3,500,000.
- Over $4,000,000 but not over $5,000,000... $467,850, plus 421% of excess over $4,000,000.
- Over $5,000,000 but not over $6,000,000... $483,125, plus 431% of excess over $5,000,000.
- Over $6,000,000 but not over $7,000,000... $531,625, plus 441% of excess over $6,000,000.
- Over $7,000,000 but not over $8,000,000... $578,125, plus 451% of excess over $7,000,000.
- Over $8,000,000 but not over $10,000,000... $625,125, plus 461% of excess over $8,000,000.
- Over $10,000,000... $700,000, plus 471% of excess over $10,000,000."
(b) **Years to Which Ammendments Applicable.**—The amendments made by this section shall be applied in computing the tax for the calendar year 1942 and each calendar year thereafter (but not the tax for the calendar year 1941 or a previous calendar year), and such amendments shall be applied in all computations in respect of the calendar year 1941 and previous calendar years for the purpose of computing the tax for the calendar year 1942 and any calendar year thereafter.

(c) **Defense Tax Repealed.**—Section 1001(d) of the Internal Revenue Code (relating to defense tax for five years on gifts) is repealed.

**TITLE V—Excise Taxes**

**Part I—1932 Excise Taxes Made Permanent**

**SEC. 501. 1932 Excise Taxes Made Permanent.**

Section 3452 of the Internal Revenue Code (relating to expiration of 1932 excise taxes) is repealed.

**SEC. 502. Pipe Line Tax.**

Section 3460(a) of the Internal Revenue Code (relating to termination of tax on transportation by pipe line) is amended by striking out “originating before July 1, 1945”.

**SEC. 503. Technical Amendment.**

The heading of Subtitle C of the Internal Revenue Code is amended to read as follows:

"**SUBTITLE C—Manufacturers' Excise and Import Taxes and Temporary Taxes**"

**SEC. 504. Bond Tax.**

Section 3481(b) of the Internal Revenue Code (relating to expiration of tax on transfer of bonds) is repealed.

**SEC. 505. Conveyance Tax.**

Section 3482 of the Internal Revenue Code (relating to tax on conveyances) is amended by striking out “delivered before July 1, 1945”.

**Part II—Defense Tax Rates Made Permanent (No Increase in Tax and No Change in Basis of Tax)**

**SEC. 521. Defense Excise Tax Rates Made Permanent Which Are Not Increased by This Act.**

(a) The following sections of the Internal Revenue Code are amended as follows:

(1) **Box Seats.**—Section 1700(b) (1) is amended by striking out “10 per centum” and inserting in lieu thereof “11 per centum”.

(2) **Sales Outside Box Office.**—Section 1700(c) (1) is amended by striking out “10 per centum” and inserting in lieu thereof “11 per centum”.

(3) **Corporate Securities.**—Section 1801 is amended by striking out “10 cents until July 1, 1945, and 5 cents thereafter” and inserting in lieu thereof “11 cents”.

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**Footnotes:**

- 54 Stat. 521.
- 63 Stat. 420.
(4) Capital stock issues.—Section 1802 (a) is amended by striking out “10 cents until July 1, 1945, and 5 cents thereafter” and the comma wherever following such expression and inserting in lieu thereof “11 cents”; and by striking out “2 cents until July 1, 1945, and 1 cent thereafter,” and inserting in lieu thereof “3 cents”.

(5) Capital stock transfers.—Section 1802 (b) is amended by striking out “4 cents until July 1, 1945, and 2 cents thereafter,” and inserting in lieu thereof “5 cents”; and by striking out “5 cents instead of 4 cents until July 1, 1945” and inserting in lieu thereof “6 cents”.

(6) Insurance policies.—Section 1804 is amended by striking out “3 cents” and inserting in lieu thereof “4 cents”.

(7) Passage tickets.—Section 1806 is amended by striking out “$1” and inserting in lieu thereof “$1.10”; by striking out “$3” and inserting in lieu thereof “$3.30”; and by striking out “$5” and inserting in lieu thereof “$5.50”.

(8) Cigarettes.—Section 2000 (c) (2) is amended by striking out “$23” and inserting in lieu thereof “$2.25” and by striking out “$7.20” and inserting in lieu thereof “$7.80”.

(9) Pistols and revolvers.—Section 2700 (a) is amended by striking out “10 per centum” and inserting in lieu thereof “11 per centum”.

(10) Fermented malt liquors.—Section 3150 (a) is amended by striking out “$5” and inserting in lieu thereof “$6”.

(11) Wholesalers of liquor.—Section 3250 (a) (1) is amended by striking out “$100” and inserting in lieu thereof “$110”.

(12) Retailers of liquor.—Section 3250 (b) is amended by striking out “$25” and inserting in lieu thereof “$27.50”.

(13) Brewers.—Section 3250 (c) is amended by striking out “$100” and inserting in lieu thereof “$110” and by striking out “$50” and inserting in lieu thereof “$55”.

(14) Wholesalers of malt liquors.—Section 3250 (d) is amended by striking out “$50” and inserting in lieu thereof “$55”.

(15) Retailers of malt liquors.—Section 3250 (e) (1) is amended by striking out “$20” and inserting in lieu thereof “$22”, and section 3250 (e) (3) is amended by striking out “$2” and inserting in lieu thereof “$2.20”.

(16) Rectifiers.—Section 3250 (f) (1) is amended by striking out “$200” and inserting in lieu thereof “$220”; and by striking out “$100” and inserting in lieu thereof “$110”.

(17) Still.—Section 3250 (j) is amended by striking out “$50” and inserting in lieu thereof “$55”; and by striking out “$20” and inserting in lieu thereof “$22”.

(18) Firearms, etc.—Section 3407 is amended by striking out “10 per centum” and inserting in lieu thereof “11 per centum”.

(19) Electrical energy.—Section 3411 is amended by striking out “4 per centum” and inserting in lieu thereof “3½ per centum”.

(20) Gasoline.—Section 3412 (a) is amended by striking out “1 cent” and inserting in lieu thereof “1½ cents”.

(21) Lubricating oils.—Section 3418 is amended by striking out “4 cents” and inserting in lieu thereof “4½ cents”.

(22) Transportation of oil by pipe line.—Section 3460 (a) is amended by striking out “4 per centum” and inserting in lieu thereof “4½ per centum”.

(23) Transfer of bonds.—Section 3481 (a) is amended by striking out “4 cents” and inserting in lieu thereof “5 cents”.

(24) Conveyances.—Section 3482 is amended by striking out “50 cents” and inserting in lieu thereof “55 cents”.

3250 (j) is amended by striking out “$2.20” and inserting in lieu thereof “$2.50”.

77th Cong., 1st Sess.—CH. 412—Sept. 20, 1941
(b) The rates specified in subsection (a) shall be applicable only with respect to the period after the date of the enactment of this Act, and the rates specified in section 1650 (a), section 2004, and section 3190 of the Internal Revenue Code shall not apply with respect to such period.

Part III—Increases in Rates of Existing Excise Taxes

SEC. 531. PLAYING CARDS.

Section 1807 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by striking out “10 cents” and inserting in lieu thereof “13 cents”.

SEC. 532. SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES.

Section 1850 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by striking out “10 per centum” and inserting in lieu thereof “20 per centum”.

SEC. 533. DISTILLED SPIRITS.

(a) Rate on Distilled Spirits.—Section 2800 (a) (1) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by striking out “at the rate of $2.25 (and on brandy at the rate of $2)” and by inserting in lieu thereof “at the rate of $4”, and by striking out “(except brandy)”.

(b) Rate on Imported Perfumes Containing Alcohol.—Section 2800 (a) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by striking out “$2.25” and inserting in lieu thereof “$4”.

(c) Drawback on Distilled Spirits.—The third paragraph of section 2887 of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by striking out “but shall not exceed a rate of $3 (or, in the case of brandy, $2.75)” and inserting in lieu thereof “but shall not exceed a rate of $4”.

(d) Floor Stocks Tax.—Section 2800 of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by inserting at the end thereof the following new subsection:

“(i) Floor Stocks Tax.—

“(1) Upon all distilled spirits upon which the internal-revenue tax imposed by law has been paid, and which on October 1, 1941, are held and intended for sale or for use in the manufacture or production of any article intended for sale, there shall be levied, assessed, collected, and paid a floor stocks tax of $1 (except that in the case of brandy, the rate shall be $1.25) on each proof-gallon, and a proportionate tax at a like rate on all fractional parts of such proof-gallon.

“(2) Every person required by this subsection to pay any floor stocks tax shall, on or before January 1, 1942, under such regulations as the Commissioner, with the approval of the Secretary, shall prescribe, make a return and pay such tax. Payment of the tax shown to be due may be extended to a date not later than August 1, 1942, upon the filing of a bond for payment thereof in such form and amount and with such surety or sureties as the Commissioner, with the approval of the Secretary, may prescribe.

“(3) All provisions of law, including penalties, applicable in respect of internal-revenue taxes on distilled spirits shall, insofar as applicable and not inconsistent with this subsection, be applicable in respect of the floor stocks tax imposed hereunder. For the purposes of this subsection the term 'distilled spirits' shall include products produced in such manner that the person producing them is a rectifier within the meaning of section 3254 (g).”
SEC. 534. WINES.

(a) Rate on Still Wines.—Section 3030 (a) (1) (A) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by striking out “5 cents” and inserting in lieu thereof “8 cents”; by striking out “15 cents” and inserting in lieu thereof “30 cents”; and by striking out “25 cents” and inserting in lieu thereof “65 cents”.

(b) Rate on Sparkling Wines, Liqueurs, Cordials, Etc.—Section 3030 (a) (2) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by striking out “2½ cents” and inserting in lieu thereof “7 cents”; and by striking out “1½ cents” and inserting in lieu thereof “3½ cents”.

(c) Subchapter F of Chapter 26 of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by inserting at the end thereof the following new section:

“SEC. 3192. FLOOR STOCKS TAX ON WINES.

“(a) Floor Stocks Tax.—Upon all wines upon which the internal-revenue tax imposed by law has been paid, and which on October 1, 1941, are held and intended for sale or for use in the manufacture or production of an article intended for sale, there shall be levied, assessed, collected, and paid a floor stocks tax at rates equal to the increases in rates of tax (over the defense tax rates) made applicable to such articles by section 534 of the Revenue Act of 1941.

“(b) Returns.—Every person required by subsection (a) to pay any floor stocks tax shall, on or before January 1, 1942, under such regulations as the Commissioner, with the approval of the Secretary, shall prescribe, make a return and pay such tax. Payment of the tax shown to be due may be extended to a date not later than August 1, 1942, upon the filing of a bond for payment thereof in such form and amount and with such surety or sureties as the Commissioner, with the approval of the Secretary, may prescribe.

“(c) Laws Applicable.—All provisions of law, including penalties, applicable in respect of the taxes imposed by section 3030 (a) shall, insofar as applicable and not inconsistent with this subsection, be applicable with respect to the floor stocks tax imposed by subsection (a).”

SEC. 535. TIRES AND TUBES.

(a) Rate on Tires.—Section 3400 (1) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by striking out “2½ cents” and inserting in lieu thereof “5 cents”.

(b) Rate on Tubes.—Section 3400 (2) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by striking out “4 cents” and inserting in lieu thereof “9 cents”.

(c) Floor Stocks Tax on Tires and Inner Tubes.—Section 3400 of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by inserting “(a) Tax.—” before the beginning thereof and by inserting at the end thereof the following:

“(b) Floor Stocks Tax.—Upon tires and inner tubes subject to tax under subsection (a) of the type used on vehicles subject to tax under section 3403 (a) or (b) which on October 1, 1941, are held for sale by any person there shall be levied, assessed, collected, and paid a floor stocks tax at the rate of 2½ cents per pound in the case of tires and 4½ cents per pound in the case of inner tubes. The tax shall apply to tires and inner tubes held for sale on, or in connection with, or held for use in the manufacture or production of, articles the sale of which will be subject to tax under section 3403 (a) or (b). The tax shall not apply to tires and inner tubes held for sale by the manufacturer, producer, or importer thereof, and to tires and
inner tubes the sale of which will be subject under the provisions of sections 3444 (a) (2) and 3445 to the manufacturers' tax on tires and inner tubes."

SEC. 536. EFFECTIVE DATE OF PART III.

The amendments made by this Part shall be applicable only with respect to the period beginning with October 1, 1941, and the rates specified in section 1650 (a), section 1807 (b), section 2004, section 2800 (g), and section 3190 of the Internal Revenue Code shall not apply with respect to such period. This Part shall take effect on October 1, 1941.

Part IV—Changes in Basis of Computing Tax (Rates Increased in Certain Cases)

SEC. 541. ADMISSIONS TAX.

(a) REDUCTION OF EXEMPTION.—Section 1700 (a) (1) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended to read as follows:

"(1) Rate.—A tax of 1 cent for each 10 cents or fraction thereof of the amount paid for admission to any place, including admission by season ticket or subscription. In the case of persons (except bona fide employees, municipal officers on official business, children under twelve years of age, members of the military or naval forces of the United States when in uniform, and members of the Civilian Conservation Corps when in uniform) admitted free or at reduced rates to any place at any time when and under circumstances under which an admission charge is made to other persons, an equivalent tax shall be collected based on the price so charged to such other persons for the same or similar accommodations, to be paid by the person so admitted. No tax shall be imposed on the amount paid for the admission of a child under twelve years of age if the amount paid is less than 10 cents."

(b) TERMINATION OF EXEMPTIONS.—Section 1701 of the Internal Revenue Code (relating to exemptions from admissions tax) shall not apply with respect to amounts paid, on or after the effective date of this Part, for admission.

(c) EXEMPTION OF NATIONAL PARK, ETC., ADMISSIONS TERMINATED.—The Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1942, is amended by striking out that part thereof under the heading "NATIONAL PARK SERVICE" which reads as follows:

"Hereafter fees incident to admission to the national parks and monuments and other areas in the national park system, charged and collected with the approval of the Secretary of the Interior, shall be exempt from all Federal tax on admissions."

The Act entitled "An Act making appropriations for the Department of the Interior for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1936, and for other purposes", approved May 9, 1935, is amended by striking out that part thereof under the heading "NATIONAL PARK SERVICE" which reads as follows: ":Provided, That any admission fee charged for entrance to Carlsbad Caverns and any fee charged for guide service therein, shall be exempt from all taxes on admissions."

SEC. 542. CABARET, ROOF GARDEN, ETC., TAX.

(a) IMPOSITION.—Section 1700 (e) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended to read as follows:

"(e) Tax on Cabarets, Roof Gardens, Etc.—

"(1) Rate.—A tax equivalent to 5 per centum of all amounts paid for admission, refreshment, service, and merchandise, at any
roof garden, cabaret, or other similar place furnishing a public performance for profit, if any payment, or part thereof, for admission, refreshment, service, or merchandise, entitles the patron to be present during any portion of such performance. No tax shall be applicable under subsection (a) (1) on account of an amount paid with respect to which tax is imposed under this subsection.

“(2) By whom paid.—The tax imposed under paragraph (1) shall be returned and paid by the person receiving such payments.”

(b) Place of Payment.—Section 1715 (b) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended to read as follows:

“(b) Place of Payment.—The taxes collected under subsection (a), and the taxes required to be paid under section 1700 (c), (d), or (e), shall be paid to the collector of the district in which the principal office or place of business is located.”

(c) Returns.—Section 1716 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended to read as follows:

“(a) Requirement.—Every person required under subsection (a) of section 1715 to collect the taxes, or required under section 1700 (c), (d), or (e) to pay the taxes, imposed by this chapter shall make returns under oath, in duplicate, in such manner and containing such information as the Commissioner, with the approval of the Secretary, may, by regulation, prescribe.”

(d) Section 1700 (c) (2) and section 1700 (d) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code are repealed as of the effective date of this Part.

SEC. 543. CLUB DUES.

(a) Reduction of Exemption and Defense Tax Rate Made Permanent.—Section 1710 (a) (1) and (2) of the Internal Revenue Code are amended to read as follows:

“(1) Dues or Membership Fees.—A tax equivalent to 11 per centum of any amount paid as dues or membership fees to any social, athletic, or sporting club or organization, if the dues or fees of an active resident annual member are in excess of $10 per year.

“(2) Initiation Fees.—A tax equivalent to 11 per centum of any amount paid as initiation fees to such a club or organization, if such fees amount to more than $10, or if the dues or membership fees, not including initiation fees, of an active resident annual member are in excess of $10 per year.”

(b) Definition of Dues.—Section 1712 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended to read as follows:

“(a) Dues.—The term ‘dues’ includes any assessment, irrespective of the purpose for which made, and any charges for social privileges or facilities, or for golf, tennis, polo, swimming, or other athletic or sporting privileges or facilities, for any period of more than six days; and”.

SEC. 544. AUTOMOBILE, TRUCK, BUS, AND PARTS TAX.

(a) Increase of Rate and Classification of Busses.—Section 3403 (a) and (b) of the Internal Revenue Code are amended to read as follows:

“(a) Automobile truck chassis, automobile truck bodies, automobile bus chassis, automobile bus bodies, truck and bus trailer and semitrailer chassis, truck and bus trailer and semitrailer bodies, tractors of the kind chiefly used for highway transportation in combination with a trailer or semitrailer (including in each of the above cases parts or accessories therefor sold on or in connection therewith or
with the sale thereof), 5 per centum. A sale of an automobile truck, bus, or truck or bus trailer or semitrailer, shall, for the purposes of this subsection, be considered to be a sale of the chassis and of the body.

"(b) Other automobile chassis and bodies, chassis and bodies for trailers or semitrailers suitable for use in connection with passenger automobiles, and motorcycles (including in each case parts or accessories therefor sold on or in connection therewith or with the sale thereof), except tractors, 7 per centum. A sale of an automobile, trailer, or semitrailer shall, for the purposes of this subsection, be considered to be a sale of the chassis and of the body."

(b) INCREASE IN RATE ON PARTS AND EXCLUSION OF RADIOS FROM AUTOMOBILE TAX.—The first sentence of section 3403 (c) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended to read as follows: "Parts or accessories (other than tires and inner tubes and other than radios) for any of the articles enumerated in subsection (a) or (b), 5 per centum."

(c) CREDITS ON ACCOUNT OF TIRE AND TUBE TAX.—Section 3403 (e) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended to read as follows:

"(e) If tires or inner tubes on which tax has been imposed under this chapter are sold on or in connection with, or with the sale of, a chassis, body, or motorcycle, there shall (under regulations prescribed by the Commissioner, with the approval of the Secretary) be credited against the tax under this section an amount equal to, in the case of an article taxable under subsection (a), 5 per centum, and in the case of an article taxable under subsection (b), 7 per centum—"

"(1) of the purchase price (less, in the case of tires, the part of such price attributable to the metal rim or rim base) if such tires or inner tubes were taxable under section 3400 (relating to tax on tires and inner tubes); or"

"(2) if such tires or inner tubes were taxable under section 3444 (relating to use by manufacturer, producer, or importer) then of the price (less, in the case of tires, the part of such price attributable to the metal rim or rim base) at which such or similar tires or inner tubes are sold, in the ordinary course of trade, by manufacturers, producers, or importers thereof, as determined by the Commissioner. In lieu of the rates of credit of 5 per centum and 7 per centum above provided, the rates, respectively, for the following periods, shall be as follows:

"(A) With respect to the period after June 30, 1940, and before the effective date of the increase in tax on automobiles made by the Revenue Act of 1941, 21/2 per centum and 31/2 per centum; and"

"(B) With respect to the period before July 1, 1940, 2 per centum and 3 per centum."

(d) CREDITS ON TERMINATION OF TAX.—Section 3403 (f) of the Internal Revenue Code (relating to credits and refunds on termination of automobile tax) is repealed.

SEC. 545. RADIOS, PHONOGRAPHS, RECORDS, AND MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

Section 3404 of the Internal Revenue Code is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 3404. TAX ON RADIO RECEIVING SETS, PHONOGRAPHS, PHONOGRAPH RECORDS, AND MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

"There shall be imposed upon the following articles (including in each case, except in the case of musical instruments, parts or accessories therefor sold on or in connection with the sale thereof) sold
by the manufacturer, producer, or importer a tax equivalent to 10 per centum of the price for which sold:

“(a) Radio receiving sets, automobile radio receiving sets, combination radio and phonograph sets, and phonographs.

“(b) Chassis, cabinets, tubes, reproducing units, power packs, antennae of the ‘built-in’ type, and phonograph mechanisms, which are suitable for use on or in connection with, or as component parts of, any of the articles enumerated in subsection (a), whether or not primarily adapted for such use.

“(c) Phonograph records.

“(d) Musical instruments.”

SEC. 546. MECHANICAL REFRIGERATORS.

Section 3405 of the Internal Revenue Code is amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 3405. TAX ON REFRIGERATORS, REFRIGERATING APPARATUS, AND AIR-CONDITIONERS.

“Taxes shall be imposed on the following articles (including in each case parts or accessories therefor sold on or in connection with the sale thereof) sold by the manufacturer, producer, or importer a tax equivalent to 10 per centum of the price for which so sold:

“(a) REFRIGERATORS, ET C.—Refrigerators, beverage coolers, ice cream cabinets, water coolers, food and beverage display cases, food and beverage storage cabinets, ice making machines, and milk cooler cabinets, each such article having, or being primarily designed for use with, a mechanical refrigerating unit operated by electricity, gas, kerosene, or gasoline.

“(b) REFRIGERATING APPARATUS.—Compressors, condensers, evaporators, expansion units, absorbers, and controls, for, or suitable for use as part of, or with, a refrigerating plant, refrigerating system, refrigerating equipment or unit, or any of the articles enumerated in subsection (a).

“(c) AIR-CONDITIONERS.—Self-contained air-conditioning units.

“(d) COMPONENTS.—Cabinets, compressors, condensers, fans, blowers, heating coils, cooling coils, filters, humidifiers, and controls, for, or suitable for use as part of, or with, any of the articles enumerated in subsection (c).”

SEC. 547. MATCHES.

Section 3409 of the Internal Revenue Code is amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 3409. TAX ON MATCHES.

“(a) MANUFACTURERS’ TAX.—There shall be imposed upon matches sold by the manufacturer, producer, or importer, a tax of 2 cents per 1,000 matches, except that in the case of fancy wooden matches and wooden matches having a stained, dyed, or colored stick or stem, packed in boxes or in bulk, the tax shall be 5½ cents per 1,000 matches.

“(b) FLOOR STOCKS TAX.—On matches subject to tax under subsection (a) which, on October 1, 1941, are held and intended for sale, or for disposition in connection with the sale of other articles, there shall be levied, assessed, collected, and paid a floor stocks tax at the rate of 2 cents per thousand matches. The tax shall not apply to matches in retail stocks held at the place where intended to be sold or disposed of. The tax shall not apply to matches held for sale by the manufacturer, producer, or importer thereof, nor to fancy wooden matches or wooden matches having a stained, dyed, or colored stick or stem.”
Public Laws—CH. 412—Sept. 20, 1941

53 Stat. 422.

Sections 3465 and 3466 of the Internal Revenue Code are amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 3465. IMPOSITION AND RATE OF TAX.

"(a) There shall be imposed:

"(1) (A) In the case of each telephone or radio telephone message or conversation which originates within the United States, for which the charge is more than 24 cents, a tax of 5 cents for each 50 cents, or fraction thereof, of the charge.

"(B) In the case of each telegraph, cable, or radio dispatch or message which originates within the United States, a tax of 10 per centum of the amount of the charge.

Only one payment of a tax imposed by subparagraph (A) or (B) shall be required notwithstanding the lines or stations of one or more persons are used in the transmission of such dispatch, message, or conversation.

"(2) (A) A tax equivalent to 10 per centum of the amount paid for leased wire, teletypewriter, or talking circuit special service.

"(B) A tax equivalent to 5 per centum of the amount paid for any wire and equipment service (including stock quotation and information services, burglar alarm or fire alarm service, and all other similar services, but not including service described in subparagraph (A)).

The tax shall apply under this paragraph whether or not the wires or services are within a local exchange area.

"(3) A tax equivalent to 6 per centum of the amount paid by subscribers for local telephone service and for any other telephone service in respect of which a tax is not payable under paragraph (1) or (2). Amounts paid for the installation of instruments, wires, poles, switchboards, apparatus, and equipment shall not be considered amounts paid for service. Service paid for by inserting coins in coin-operated telephones shall not be subject to the tax imposed by this paragraph.

"(b) This section shall not apply to the amount paid for so much of the service described in paragraph (2) of subsection (a) as is utilized in the conduct, by a common carrier or telephone or telegraph company or a radio broadcasting station or network, of its business as such.

"SEC. 3466. EXEMPTION FROM TAX.

"(a) No tax shall be imposed under section 3465 upon any payment received for services or facilities furnished to the United States or to any State or Territory, or political subdivision thereof, or the District of Columbia.

"(b) No tax shall be imposed under section 3465 (a) (1) and (2) upon any payment received from any person for services or facilities utilized in the collection of news for the public press, or a news ticker service furnishing a general news service similar to that of the public press, or radio broadcasting, or in the dissemination of news through the public press, or a news ticker service furnishing a general news service similar to that of the public press, or by means of radio broadcasting, if the charge for such services or facilities is billed in writing to such person. Section 3465 (a) (3) shall not be construed as imposing a tax on services and facilities described in section 3465 (a) (1) or (2) which are exempt from tax under this subsection.
“(c) The right to exemption under this section shall be evidenced in such manner as the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary may by regulation prescribe.”

SEC. 549. INSTALLMENT, ETC., PAYMENTS.

Section 3441 (c) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended to read as follows:

“(c) (1) In the case of (A) a lease, (B) a contract for the sale of an article wherein it is provided that the price shall be paid by installments and title to the article sold does not pass until a future date notwithstanding partial payment by installments, or (C) a conditional sale, there shall be paid upon each payment with respect to the article that portion of the total tax which is proportionate to the portion of the total amount to be paid represented by such payment.

“(2) In the application of paragraph (1) to the articles with respect to which the rate of tax is increased by the Revenue Act of 1941 or by the Revenue Act of 1940, where the lease, contract of sale, or conditional sale, and delivery thereunder—

“(A) was made before July 1, 1940, the total tax referred to in paragraph (1) shall be the tax at the rate in force on June 30, 1940, and not at any greater rate; or

“(B) was made after June 30, 1940, and before October 1, 1941, the total tax referred to in paragraph (1) shall be the tax at the rate in force on September 30, 1941, and not at any greater rate.

“(3) Despite the provisions of paragraph (1), no tax shall be imposed with respect to any article not taxable under the law in existence on the day before the date of the enactment of the Revenue Act of 1941, if with respect to such article the lease, contract for sale, or conditional sale, and delivery thereunder, was made before October 1, 1941.”

SEC. 550. EFFECTIVE DATE OF PART IV.

(a) The amendments made by this Part shall be applicable only with respect to the period beginning with the effective date of this Part, and the rates specified in section 1650 (a), section 1807 (b), section 2004, section 2800 (g), and section 3190 of the Internal Revenue Code shall not apply with respect to such period. This Part shall take effect on October 1, 1941.

(b) Despite the provisions of subsection (a), the tax imposed by section 1700 (e) of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended by section 549 of this Act (relating to cabaret, etc., tax), shall be applicable only with respect to the period beginning at 10 a. m. on October 1, 1941, and the tax imposed by such subsection as in force prior to its amendment by section 549 of this Act, as modified by section 1650 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code, shall be applicable with respect to the period before 10 a. m. on such date.

(c) Despite the provisions of subsection (a), the amendment of section 3465 (a) (2) made by section 548 of this Act (relating to tax on leased-wire, etc., services) shall be applicable only to amounts paid on or after such effective date for services rendered, on or after October 1, 1941, and the provisions of such subsection before its amendment by section 548 shall be applicable with respect to the period before October 1, 1941.

(d) Despite the provisions of subsection (a), section 3465 (a) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code (relating to tax on telephone bills), added to the Internal Revenue Code by section 548 of this Act, shall apply only to the amounts paid in pursuance of bills rendered, after October 5, 1941, for services for which no previous bill was rendered.
Such section 3465 (a) (3) shall not apply to amounts paid for services otherwise taxable under section 3465 (a) (1) which were rendered before October 6, 1941; nor to amounts paid for services otherwise taxable under section 3465 (a) (2) which were rendered or paid for before October 6, 1941.

Part V—New Excise Taxes

SEC. 551. NEW MANUFACTURERS’ EXCISE TAXES.

Subchapter A of Chapter 29 of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by inserting after section 3405 the following new section:

"SEC. 3406. EXCISE TAXES IMPOSED BY THE REVENUE ACT OF 1941.

(a) Imposition.—There shall be imposed on the following articles, sold by the manufacturer, producer, or importer, a tax equivalent to the rate, on the price for which sold, set forth in the following paragraphs (including in each case parts or accessories of such articles sold on or in connection therewith, or with the sale thereof):

(1) Sporting goods.—Badminton nets; badminton rackets (measuring 22 inches over-all or more in length); badminton racket frames (measuring 22 inches over-all or more in length); badminton racket string; badminton shuttlecocks; badminton standards; baseballs; baseball bats (measuring 26 inches or more in length); baseball body protectors and shin guards; baseball gloves and mitts; baseball masks; basketballs; billiard and pool tables (measuring 45 inches over-all or more in length); billiard and pool balls and cues for such tables; bowling balls and pins; boxing gloves, masks, head guards, and ear guards; clay pigeons; cricket balls; cricket bats; croquet balls and mallets; curling stones; deck tennis rings, nets, and posts; fencing equipment; fishing rods, creels, reels, and artificial lures, baits, and flies; footballs; football harness; football helmets; golf bags (measuring 26 inches or more in length); golf balls; golf clubs (measuring 30 inches or more in length); gymnasium equipment and apparatus; hockey balls; hockey pucks; hockey sticks (measuring 30 inches or more in length); indoor baseballs; indoor baseball bats (measuring 26 inches or more in length); indoor baseball gloves and mitts; lacrosse balls; lacrosse sticks; mass balls; polo balls; polo mallets; push balls; skates; skis; ski poles; snow shoes; snow tuboggans and sleds; soccer balls; softball balls; softball bats (measuring 26 inches or more in length); softball gloves and mitts; squash balls; squash rackets (measuring 22 inches over-all or more in length); squash racket frames (measuring 22 inches over-all or more in length); squash racket string; tennis balls; table tennis tables, balls, nets, and paddles; tennis nets; tennis rackets (measuring 22 inches over-all or more in length); tennis racket frames (measuring 22 inches over-all or more in length); tennis racket string; track hurdles; traps for throwing clay pigeons; vaulting poles, cross bars, and standards; volley balls, nets, and standards; water polo balls and goals; and wrestling head harness.

(2) Luggage.—Trunks, valises, traveling bags, suitcases, hat boxes for use by travelers, fitted toilet cases (not including contents), and other traveler’s luggage, and leather and imitation leather brief cases.

(3) Electric, gas, and oil appliances.—Electric direct motor-driven fans and air circulators; electric, gas, or oil water heaters;
electric flat irons; electric air heaters (not including furnaces); electric immersion heaters; electric heating pads and blankets; electric, gas, or oil appliances of the type used for cooking, warming, or keeping warm food or beverages for consumption on the premises; electric mixers, whippers, and juicers; and household type electric vacuum cleaners; 10 per centum.

"(4) PHOTOGHAPHIC APPARATUS.—Cameras and lenses; unexposed photographic films (including motion picture films but not including X-ray film), photographic plates and sensitized paper; photographic apparatus and equipment; and any apparatus or equipment designed especially for use in the taking of photographs or motion pictures or in the developing, printing, or enlarging of photographs or motion picture films; 10 per centum.

"(5) ELECTRIC SIGNS.—Neon-tube signs, electric signs, and electric advertising devices, 10 per centum.

"(6) BUSINESS AND STORE MACHINES.—Adding machines, addressing machines, autographic registers, bank proof machines, billing machines, bookkeeping machines, calculating machines, card punching machines, cash registers, change making machines, check writing machines, check signing machines, check canceling machines, check perforating machines, check cutting machines, check dating machines, other check protector machine devices, computing machines, coin counters, dictographs, dictating machine record shaving machines, dictating machines, duplicating machines, embossing machines, envelope opening machines, erasing machines, folding machines, fanfold machines, fare registers, fare boxes, listing machines, line-a-time and similar machines, mailing machines, multigraph machines, multigraph typesetting machines, multigraph type justifying machines, numbering machines, portable paper fastening machines, pay roll machines, pencil sharpeners, postal permit mailing machines, punch card machines, sorting machines, stencil cutting machines, shorthand writing machines, sealing machines, tabulating machines, ticket counting machines, ticket issuing machines, typewriters, transcribing machines, time recording devices, and combinations of any of the foregoing, 10 per centum.

"(7) RUBBER ARTICLES.—Articles of which rubber is the component material of chief weight, 10 per centum. The tax imposed under this paragraph shall not be applicable to footwear, articles designed especially for hospital or surgical use, or articles taxable under any other provision of this chapter.

"(8) WASHING MACHINES.—Washing machines of the kind used in commercial laundries, 10 per centum. No tax shall be imposed under this paragraph on washing machines of the household type.

"(9) OPTICAL EQUIPMENT.—Refractometers; spectrometers; spectrosopes; colorimeters; polariscopes; optical measuring instruments; telescopic sights; projection lenses and prisms; optical machinery; microscopes; telescopes; photo-micro and micro-projection apparatus; fire control optical instruments; and searchlight mirrors and reflectors; 10 per centum.

"(10) ELECTRIC LIGHT BULBS AND TUBES.—Electric light bulbs and tubes, not including articles taxable under any other provision of this subchapter, 5 per centum.

"(b) EXEMPTION IF ARTICLE TAXABLE AS JEWELRY.—No tax shall be imposed under this section on any article taxable under section 2400 (relating to jewelry tax).

"(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This section shall take effect on October 1, 1941."
SEC. 552. NEW RETAILERS' EXCISE TAXES.

(a) Imposition of Tax. — The Internal Revenue Code is amended by adding after chapter 18 the following new chapter:

"CHAPTER 19—RETAILERS' EXCISE TAXES

"SEC. 2400. TAX ON JEWELRY, ETC.

"There is hereby imposed upon the following articles sold at retail a tax equivalent to 10 per centum of the price for which so sold:
All articles commonly or commercially known as jewelry, whether real or imitation; pearls, precious and semi-precious stones, and imitations thereof; articles made of, or ornamented, mounted or fitted with, precious metals or imitations thereof; watches and clocks and cases and movements therefor; gold, gold-plated, silver, silver-plated or sterling flatware or hollow ware; opera glasses; lorgnettes; marine glasses; field glasses; and binoculars. The tax imposed by this section shall not apply to any article used for religious purposes, to surgical instruments, or to frames or mountings for spectacles or eyeglasses, or to a fountain pen if the only parts of the pen which consist of precious metals are essential parts not used for ornamental purposes.

"SEC. 2401. TAX ON FURS.

"There is hereby imposed upon the following articles sold at retail a tax equivalent to 10 per centum of the price for which so sold:
Articles made of fur on the hide or pelt, and articles of which such fur is the component material of chief value.

"SEC. 2402. TAX ON TOILET PREPARATIONS.

"(a) Tax. — There is hereby imposed upon the following articles sold at retail a tax equivalent to 10 per centum of the price for which so sold:
Perfumes, essences, extracts, toilet waters, cosmetics, petroleum jellies, hair oils, pomades, hair dressings, hair restoratives, hair dyes, aromatic cachous, toilet powders, and any similar substance, article, or preparation, by whatsoever name known or distinguished; any of the above which are used or applied or intended to be used or applied for toilet purposes.

"(b) Beauty Parlors, Etc. — For the purposes of subsection (a) the sale of any article described in subsection (a) to any person operating a barber shop, beauty parlor, or similar establishment shall be considered a sale at retail; resale by such person shall be subject to tax as a sale at retail, but there shall be credited against the tax payable by such person with respect to such resale the amount of tax paid on the sale to such person.

"SEC. 2403. RETURN AND PAYMENT OF RETAILERS' EXCISE TAXES.

"(a) Every person who sells at retail any article taxable under this chapter shall make monthly returns under oath in duplicate and pay the taxes imposed by this chapter to the collector for the district in which is located his principal place of business or, if he has no principal place of business in the United States, then to the collector at Baltimore, Maryland. Such returns shall contain such information and be made at such times and in such manner as the Commissioner, with the approval of the Secretary, may by regulations prescribe.

"(b) The tax shall, without assessment by the Commissioner or notice from the collector, be due and payable to the collector at the
time so fixed for filing the return. If the tax is not paid when due, there shall be added as part of the tax interest at the rate of 6 per centum per annum from the time when the tax became due until paid.

"(c) In determining, for the purposes of this chapter, the price for which an article is sold, there shall be included any charge for coverings and containers of whatever nature, and any charge incident to placing the article in condition packed ready for shipment, but there shall be excluded the amount of tax imposed by this chapter, whether or not stated as a separate charge. A transportation, delivery, insurance, installation, or other charge (not required by the foregoing sentence to be included) shall be excluded from the price only if the amount thereof is established to the satisfaction of the Commissioner, in accordance with the regulations. There shall also be excluded, if stated as a separate charge, the amount of any retail sales tax imposed by any State or Territory or political subdivision of the foregoing, or the District of Columbia, whether the liability for such tax is imposed on the vendor or the vendee.

"SEC. 2404. DEFINITION OF SALE.

"For the purposes of this chapter, the lease of an article shall be considered the sale of such article.

"SEC. 2405. LEASES, CONDITIONAL SALES, ETC.

"In the case of (a) a lease, (b) a contract for the sale of an article wherein it is provided that the price shall be paid by installments and title to the article sold does not pass until a future date notwithstanding partial payment by installments, or (c) a conditional sale, there shall be paid upon each payment with respect to the article that portion of the total tax which is proportionate to the portion of the total amount to be paid represented by such payment. No tax shall be imposed under this chapter on the sale of any article tax-able under section 2400 or section 2401 if with respect to such article the lease, contract for sale, or conditional sale was made, delivery thereunder was made, and a part of the consideration was paid, before October 1, 1941.

"SEC. 2406. TAX-FREE SALES.

"Under regulations prescribed by the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary, no tax under this chapter shall be imposed with respect to the sale of any article—

"(a) for the exclusive use of the United States, any State, Territory of the United States, or any political subdivision of the foregoing, or the District of Columbia;

"(b) for export, or for shipment to a possession of the United States, and in due course so exported or shipped.

"SEC. 2407. CREDITS AND REFUNDS.

"(a) A credit against tax under this chapter, or a refund, may be allowed with respect to an article, when the price on which the tax was based is readjusted by reason of return or repossession of the article, or by a bona fide discount, rebate, or allowance, in the amount of that part of the tax proportionate to the part of the price which is refunded or credited.

"(b) No overpayment of tax under this chapter shall be credited or refunded, in pursuance of a court decision or otherwise, unless the person who paid the tax establishes, in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary, (1) that he has not included the tax in the price of the article with
respect to which it was imposed, or collected the amount of tax from the purchaser, or (2) that he has repaid the amount of the tax to the purchaser of the article, or unless he files with the Commissioner written consent of such purchaser to the allowance of the credit or refund.

"SEC. 2408. APPLICABILITY OF ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS.

"All provisions of law (including penalties) applicable in respect of the taxes imposed by section 2700 shall, insofar as applicable and not inconsistent with this chapter, be applicable in respect of the taxes imposed by this chapter.

"SEC. 2409. PENALTY FOR REPRESENTATION THAT TAX IS NOT PASSED ON.

"Whoever in connection with the sale or lease, or offer for sale or lease, of any article taxable under this chapter, makes any statement, written or oral, in advertisement or otherwise, intended or calculated to lead any person to believe that the price of the article does not include the tax imposed by this chapter, shall on conviction thereof be punished by a fine of not more than $1,000.

"SEC. 2410. RULES AND REGULATIONS.

"The Commissioner, with the approval of the Secretary, shall prescribe and publish all needful rules and regulations for the enforcement of this chapter.

"SEC. 2411. EFFECTIVE DATE.

"This chapter shall be effective on and after October 1, 1941."

(b) TERMINATION OF MANUFACTURERS' TAX ON TOILET PREPARATIONS.—The tax imposed by section 3401 of the Internal Revenue Code shall not apply to articles sold on or after October 1, 1941.

SEC. 553. ADMINISTRATIVE CHANGES IN MANUFACTURERS' EXCISE TAX TITLE OF CODE.

(a) LEASES.—Section 3440 of the Internal Revenue Code is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 3440. DEFINITION OF SALE.

"For the purposes of this chapter the lease of an article (including any renewal or any extension of a lease or any subsequent lease of such article) by the manufacturer, producer, or importer shall be considered a taxable sale of such article."

(b) EXISTING CONTRACTS.—Chapter 29 of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"SEC. 3453. EXISTING CONTRACTS.

"(a) TAX PAYABLE BY VENDEE.—If (1) any person has, prior to the effective date of Part V of Title V of the Revenue Act of 1941, made a bona fide contract for the sale on or after such date, of any article with respect to the sale of which a tax is imposed by that Act or an existing rate of tax is increased by that Act, and (2) such contract does not permit the adding to the amount to be paid under such contract of the whole of such tax or increased rate of tax, then (unless the contract prohibits such addition) the vendee shall, in lieu of the vendor, pay so much of the tax as is not so permitted to be added to the contract price.
“(b) **Tax Paid to Vendor.**—Taxes payable by the vendee shall be paid to the vendor at the time the sale is consummated, and shall be collected and paid to the United States by the vendor in the same manner as provided in section 3467. In case of failure or refusal by the vendee to pay such taxes to the vendor, the vendor shall report the facts to the Commissioner who shall cause collection of such taxes to be made from the vendee.”

(c) **Unexposed Motion Picture Films.**—Section 3443 (a) (3) (A) of the Internal Revenue Code (relating to credits or refunds of tax to manufacturer) is amended by inserting at the end thereof the following new clause:

“(v) in the case of unexposed motion picture films, used or resold in use in the making of news reel motion picture films.”

(d) **Credits, and Tax Free Sales of Automobile Radios.**—Section 3442, section 3443 (a) (1), and section 3444 (a) (1) and (2) of the Internal Revenue Code (relating to tax in case of sale of tires to manufacturers of automobiles, etc., and credit on sale) are amended by striking out “tires or inner tubes” wherever appearing therein and inserting “tires, inner tubes, or automobile radios taxable under section 3404”; and by striking out “tire or inner tube” wherever appearing therein and inserting “tire, inner tube, or automobile radio taxable under section 3404”.

Section 3403 (e) of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended by this Act, is further amended by striking out “tires and inner tubes” where the phrase appears the first time and inserting “tires, inner tubes, or automobile radios”; paragraph (1) of subsection (e) of such section is amended by inserting before the semicolon “or, in the case of automobile radios, if such radios were taxable under section 3404”; paragraph (2) of subsection (e) of such section is amended by striking out “tires or inner tubes” wherever such phrase appears and inserting “tires, inner tubes, or automobile radios”.

SEC. 554. **TRANSPORTATION OF PERSONS, ETC.**

(a) The heading of subchapter C is amended to read as follows:

“SUBCHAPTER D—ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS”.

(b) Chapter 30 of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by inserting after section 3468 the following new subchapter:

“SUBCHAPTER C—TRANSPORTATION OF PERSONS

**SEC. 3469.** TAX ON TRANSPORTATION OF PERSONS, ETC.

“(a) Transportation.—There shall be imposed upon the amount paid within the United States, on or after October 10, 1941, for the transportation, on or after such effective date, of persons by rail, motor vehicle, water, or air, within or without the United States, a tax equal to 5 per centum of the amount so paid. Such tax shall apply to transportation by motor vehicles having a passenger seating capacity of less than ten adult passengers, including the driver, only when such vehicle is operated on an established line.

“(b) **Exemption of Certain Trips.**—The tax imposed by subsection (a) shall not apply to amounts paid for transportation which do not exceed $5 cents, to amounts paid for commutation or season tickets for single trips of less than thirty miles, or to amounts paid for commutation tickets for one month or less.

“(c) **Seats, Restrooms, Etc.**—There shall be imposed upon the amount paid within the United States for seating or sleeping accom-
modations in connection with transportation with respect to which a tax is imposed by subsection (a) a tax equivalent to 5 per centum of the amount so paid.

"(d) RETURNS AND PAYMENT.—The taxes imposed by this section shall be paid by the person making the payment subject to the tax. Each person receiving any payment specified in subsection (a) or (c) shall collect the amount of the tax imposed from the person making such payment, and shall, on or before the last day of each month, make a return, under oath, for the preceding month, and pay the taxes so collected to the collector in the district in which his principal place of business is located, or if he has no principal place of business in the United States, to the collector at Baltimore, Maryland. Such returns shall contain such information and be made in such manner as the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary may by regulations prescribe.

"(e) EXTENSIONS OF TIME.—The Commissioner may extend the time for making returns and paying the taxes collected, under such rules and regulations as he shall prescribe with the approval of the Secretary, but no such extension shall be for more than ninety days.

"(f) EXEMPTIONS.—

"(1) GOVERNMENTAL EXEMPTION.—The tax imposed by this section shall not apply to the payment for transportation or facilities furnished to the United States, or to any State or Territory, or political subdivision thereof, or the District of Columbia.

"(2) EXEMPTION OF MEMBERS OF MILITARY AND NAVAL SERVICE.—The tax imposed by this section shall not apply to the payment for transportation or facilities furnished under special tariffs providing for fares of not more than 1½ cents per mile applicable to round trip tickets sold to personnel of the United States Army, Navy, Marine Corps, and Coast Guard traveling in uniform of the United States at their own expense when on official leave, furlough, or pass, including authorized cadets and midshipmen, issued on presentation of properly executed certificate.

"(c) STAMP TAX ON PASSAGE TICKETS NOT TO APPLY.—No tax shall be imposed under chapter 11 of the Internal Revenue Code on a ticket sold or issued for passage the amount paid for which is taxable under section 3469 of the Internal Revenue Code.

(d) TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.—

(1) Section 55 (a) (2) of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by striking out "subchapters A and B of".

(2) Section 3471 (a) and (c) are amended by inserting after "subchapter B" wherever occurring therein "or subchapter C".

(3) Section 3472 of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by striking out "of subchapters A and B".

SEC. 555. COIN-OPERATED AMUSEMENT AND GAMING DEVICES.

Subchapter A of chapter 27 of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new part:

"Part IX—Coin-Operated Amusement and Gaming Devices

"SEC. 3267. TAX ON COIN-OPERATED AMUSEMENT AND GAMING DEVICES.

"(a) RATE.—Every person who maintains for use or permits the use of, on any place or premises occupied by him, a coin-operated amusement or gaming device shall pay a special tax as follows:

"(1) $10 per year in the case of a device defined in clause (1) of subsection (b);

"(2) $50 per year, in the case of a device defined in clause (2) of subsection (b); and
"(3) $10 or $50, as the case may be, for each additional device so maintained or the use of which is so permitted. If one such device is replaced by another, such other device shall not be considered an additional device.

"(b) Definition.—As used in this part the term ‘coin-operated amusement and gaming devices’ means (1) so-called ‘pin-ball’ and other similar amusement machines, operated by means of the insertion of a coin, token, or similar object, and (2) so-called ‘slot’ machines which operate by means of insertion of a coin, token, or similar object and which, by application of the element of chance, may deliver, or entitle the person playing or operating the machine to receive, cash, premiums, merchandise, or tokens. The term does not include bona fide vending machines in which are not incorporated gaming or amusement features.

“(c) applicability of administrative provisions.—An operator of a place or premises who maintains for use or permits the use of any coin-operated device shall be considered, for the purposes of subchapter B, to be engaged in a trade or business in respect of each such device.

“(d) Effective date of tax.—With respect to the year ending June 30, 1942, no tax shall be payable under this part for any period prior to October 1, 1941.”

SEC. 556. BOWLING ALLEYS, ETC.

Subchapter A of chapter 27 of the Internal Revenue Code is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new part:

“Part X—Bowling Alleys, and Billiard and Pool Tables

"SEC. 3255. TAX ON BOWLING ALLEYS, AND BILLIARD AND POOL TABLES.

“(a) Rate.—Every person who operates a bowling alley, billiard room, or pool room shall pay a special tax of $10 per year for each bowling alley, billiard table, or pool table. Every building or place where bowls are thrown or where games of billiards or pool are played, except in private homes, shall be regarded as a bowling alley, billiard room, or pool room, respectively.

“(b) Effective date of tax.—With respect to the year ending June 30, 1942, no tax shall be payable under this part for any period prior to October 1, 1941.”

SEC. 557. USE OF MOTOR VEHICLES AND BOATS.

The Internal Revenue Code is amended by inserting after chapter 33 the following new chapter:

“CHAPTER 33A—USE OF MOTOR VEHICLES AND BOATS

"SEC. 3540. TAX ON USE OF MOTOR VEHICLES AND BOATS.

“(a) Imposition of tax.—There shall be imposed upon the use of motor vehicles and boats a tax, with respect to each year in which such use occurs, at the following rates:

“(1) Motor vehicles—$5.

“(2) Boats.—

"Over-all length 16 feet or over but not over 28 feet, $5.

"Over-all length over 28 feet but not over 50 feet, $10.

"Over-all length over 50 feet but not over 100 feet, $40.

"Over-all length over 100 feet but not over 150 feet, $100.

"Over-all length over 150 feet but not over 200 feet, $150.

"Over-all length over 200 feet, $200.
Such tax, in the case of a motor vehicle, shall be paid by the person in whose name the motor vehicle is, or is required to be, registered under the law of the State, Territory, or the District of Columbia in which such motor vehicle is, or is required to be, registered. Such tax, in the case of a boat, shall be paid by the owner of the boat. The tax imposed by this section shall not apply to any use before February 1, 1942, and use before such date shall not be considered to be use within the meaning of this section.

"(b) Definitions.—For the purposes of this section—

"(1) The term ‘year’ means the year beginning July 1.

"(2) The term ‘motor vehicle’ means all motor vehicles of the kind chiefly used for highway transportation.

"(3) The term ‘boat’ means all boats propelled by machinery, sail, or both, measuring sixteen feet or more in over-all length, owned by a citizen or resident of the United States. Such term does not include boats used chiefly for trade, or commercial fishing, or boats used without profit by any benevolent, charitable, or religious organization exclusively for furnishing aid, comfort, or relief to seamen, or boats used by the sea scouts department of the Boy Scouts of America chiefly for training scouts in seamanship.

"(4) The term ‘use’ in the case of the use of a motor vehicle means use on the public highways.

"(c) Proration of Tax.—If in any year the first use of the motor vehicle or boat is after July 31 the tax shall be reckoned proportionately from the first day of the month in which such use occurs to and including the 30th day of June following.

"(d) One Payment Per Year.—If the tax imposed by this section is paid with respect to any motor vehicle or boat for any year no further tax shall be imposed for such year with respect to such motor vehicle or boat.

"(e) Evidence of Tax Payment.—The payment of the tax imposed by this section shall be evidenced by such suitable stamp, sticker, or tag of such form, which shall be affixed to the motor vehicle or boat in such manner, as the Commissioner, with the approval of the Secretary, may by regulations prescribe.

"(f) Manner of Collection.—The place, time, and manner of making payment of the tax, and of furnishing such stamp, sticker, or tag shall be such as may be provided in regulations prescribed by the Commissioner, with the approval of the Secretary.

"(g) Cooperation of Post Office Department.—The Commissioner shall furnish to the Postmaster General without prepayment a suitable quantity of stamps, stickers, or tags to be distributed to and kept on sale by postmasters in the United States. The Postmaster General may require each such postmaster to give additional or increased bond as postmaster for the value of the stamps, stickers, or tags furnished to him, and each such postmaster shall deposit the receipts from the sale of such stamps, stickers, or tags to the credit of and render accounts to the Postmaster General at such times and in such form as he may by regulations prescribe. The Postmaster General shall at least once monthly transfer all collections from this source to the Treasury as internal-revenue collections. The Postmaster General is authorized to cooperate to the fullest extent possible with the Commissioner in the sale of such stamps, stickers, or tags and in forwarding to the Commissioner or to the collector of internal revenue such blanks or forms as the Commissioner may determine necessary to the collection of the tax. There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to enable the Secretary
of the Treasury to advance from time to time to the Postmaster General such sums as the Postmaster General may show shall be required for the expenses of the Post Office Department in performing in the District of Columbia and elsewhere all services required by this section.

"(h) Sale of Stamps by Private Persons.—If the Commissioner provides for the sale of stamps, stickers, or tags by persons not officers or employees of the United States he may require bond, with sufficient sureties, in a sum to be fixed by the Commissioner, conditioned for the faithful return, whenever required, of all quantities or amounts undisposed of, and for the payment for, all quantities or amounts sold or not remaining on hand. The Commissioner, with the approval of the Secretary, may from time to time make such regulations as he may find necessary to insure the safekeeping or prevention of illegal use of all such stamps, stickers, or tags.

"(i) Penalties for Unlawful Use.—Any person liable for the tax under this section who uses or permits the use of the motor vehicle or boat before tax has been paid shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not more than $25 or imprisoned for not more than thirty days, or both. Any person who uses or operates a motor vehicle or boat at a time when the stamp, sticker, or tag does not appear on the motor vehicle or boat in the manner provided in the regulations prescribed under subsection (e) or (f) shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not more than $25.

"(j) Exempt Uses.—The tax imposed by this section shall not apply to the use of a motor vehicle or boat by the United States, a State, Territory, the District of Columbia, or a political subdivision of any of the foregoing."

SEC. 558. EFFECTIVE DATE OF PART V.

This part shall take effect on October 1, 1941.

Part VI—Processing Tax on Certain Oils

SEC. 561. PAYMENT OF PROCEEDS OF PROCESSING TAX TO GUAM AND AMERICAN SAMOA.

(a) Payment to Possessions.—Chapter 21 of the Internal Revenue Code (relating to processing tax on oils) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"Sec. 2483. All taxes collected under this chapter with respect to coconut oil wholly of the production of Guam or American Samoa or produced from materials wholly of the growth or production of Guam or American Samoa, shall be held as separate funds and paid to the Treasury of Guam or American Samoa, respectively. No part of the money from such funds shall be used, directly or indirectly, to pay a subsidy to the producers or processors of copra, coconut oil, or allied products, except that this sentence shall not be construed as prohibiting the use of such money, in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary, for the acquisition or construction of facilities for the better curing of copra or for bona fide loans to copra producers of Guam or American Samoa."

(b) Effective Date of Amendment.—The amendment made by this section shall be applicable only with respect to taxes collected after the date of enactment of this Act.
TITLE VI—NONESSENTIAL FEDERAL EXPENDITURES

SEC. 601. NONESSENTIAL FEDERAL EXPENDITURES.

(a) There is hereby established a committee to investigate Federal expenditures (hereinafter referred to as the “committee”), to be composed of (1) three members of the Senate Committee on Finance and three members of the Senate Committee on Appropriations, to be appointed by the President of the Senate; (2) three members of the House Committee on Ways and Means and three members of the House Committee on Appropriations, to be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives; and (3) the Secretary of the Treasury, and the Director of the Bureau of the Budget. A vacancy in the committee shall not affect the power of the remaining members to execute the functions of the committee, and shall be filled in the same manner as the original selection. A majority of the committee shall constitute a quorum, and the powers conferred upon them by this section may be exercised by a majority vote.

(b) It shall be the duty of the committee to make a full and complete study and investigation of all expenditures of the Federal Government with a view to recommending the elimination or reduction of all such expenditures deemed by the committee to be nonessential. The committee shall report to the President and to the Congress the results of its study, together with its recommendations, at the earliest practicable date.

(c) The committee, or any duly authorized subcommittee thereof, is authorized to hold such hearings, to sit and act at such times and places, to employ such experts and such clerical and other assistants, to require by subpena or otherwise the attendance of such witnesses and the production of such books, papers, and documents, to administer such oaths, to take such testimony, and to make such expenditures, as it deems advisable. The provisions of sections 102 to 104, inclusive, of the Revised Statutes shall apply in case of any failure of any witness to comply with any subpena, or to testify when summoned under the authority of this section.

(d) The committee is authorized to utilize the services, information, facilities, and personnel of the departments and agencies of the Government.

(e) There is hereby authorized to be appropriated, the sum of $10,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to carry out the provisions of this section.

(f) All authority conferred by this section shall terminate upon the submission of the committee’s final report.

SEC. 602. Section 1303 of the Revenue Act of 1918, as amended, is amended by striking out “President of the Senate” wherever it appears therein and inserting in lieu thereof “President pro tempore of the Senate”.

TITLE VII—CREDIT AGAINST FEDERAL UNEMPLOYMENT TAXES

SEC. 701. CREDIT AGAINST FEDERAL UNEMPLOYMENT TAXES.

(a) ALLOWANCE OF CREDIT AGAINST TAX FOR 1936, 1937, AND 1938—Against the tax imposed by section 901 of the Social Security Act for the calendar year 1936, 1937, or 1938, any taxpayer shall be allowed credit (if credit is not allowable under section 902 of such
Act) for the amount of contributions paid by him into an unemployment fund under a State law—

(1) Before the sixtieth day after the date of the enactment of this Act, if such credit is claimed before the expiration of six months after such date of enactment;

(2) Without regard to the date of payment, with respect to wages paid after September 19, 1939;

(3) Without regard to the date of payment, if the assets of the taxpayer are, at any time during the fifty-nine-day period following such date of enactment, or were at any time during the period August 11, 1939, to October 8, 1939, inclusive, or the period October 9, 1940, to December 6, 1940, inclusive, in the custody or control of a receiver, trustee, or other fiduciary appointed by, or under the control of, a court of competent jurisdiction.

The provisions of the Social Security Act in force prior to February 11, 1939 (except the provision limiting the credit to amounts paid before the date of filing returns), shall apply to allowance of credit under this subsection; except that the amount of credit against the tax for the calendar year 1936, 1937, or 1938, for contributions paid after December 6, 1940, shall not (unless the credit is allowable on account of paragraph (2) or (3)) exceed 90 per centum of the amount which would have been allowable as credit on account of such contributions had they been paid before the last day upon which the taxpayer was required under section 905 of such Act to file a return for such year. The terms used in this subsection shall have the same meaning as when used in title IX of such Act prior to February 11, 1939. The total credit allowable against the tax imposed by section 901 of such Act for the calendar year 1936, 1937, or 1938 shall not exceed 90 per centum of such tax.

(b) Allowance of Credit Against Tax for 1939 and 1940. — Against the tax imposed by the Federal Unemployment Tax Act for the calendar year 1939 or 1940, any taxpayer shall be allowed credit (if credit is not allowable under section 1601 of such Act) for the amount of contributions paid by him into an unemployment fund under a State law—

(1) Before the sixtieth day after the date of the enactment of this Act, if such credit is claimed before the expiration of six months after such date of enactment;

(2) Without regard to the date of payment, if the assets of the taxpayer are, at any time during the fifty-nine-day period following such date of enactment, or were at any time during the period from the last day upon which the taxpayer was required under section 1604 of the Federal Unemployment Tax Act to file a return of the tax against which credit is claimed to June 30 next following such last day, inclusive, or (in the case of credit against the tax for the calendar year 1939) the period October 9, 1940, to December 6, 1940, inclusive, in the custody or control of a receiver, trustee, or other fiduciary appointed by, or under the control of, a court of competent jurisdiction.

The provisions of the Federal Unemployment Tax Act (except section 1601 (a) (3)), including such provisions as modified by section 902 (e) of the Social Security Act Amendments of 1939, shall apply to allowance of credit under this subsection. The amount of such credit against the tax for the calendar year 1939 or 1940, in the case of contributions paid after the last day upon which the taxpayer was required under section 1604 of the Federal Unemployment Tax Act to file a return for such year, shall not (unless the credit is allowable on account of paragraph (2)) exceed 90 per centum of the amount

Provisions applicable:
49 Stat. 641.
45 Stat. 628.
53 Stat. 183.
53 Stat. 183-188.
53 Stat. 189.
53 Stat. 189.
which would have been allowable as credit on account of such contributions had they been paid on or before such last day. The terms used in this subsection shall have the same meaning as when used in the Federal Unemployment Tax Act. The total credit allowable against the tax imposed by such Act for the calendar year 1939 or 1940 shall not exceed 90 per centum of such tax.

(c) **Refund.**—Refund, credit, or abatement of the tax (including penalty and interest assessed or collected with respect thereto, if any), based on any credit allowable under subsection (a) or (b), may be made in accordance with the provisions of law applicable in the case of erroneous or illegal assessment or collection of the tax (including statutes of limitations). No interest shall be allowed or paid on the amount of any such credit or refund. On and after the date of the enactment of this Act no refund, credit, or abatement shall be allowed based on any credit allowable under section 810 of the Revenue Act of 1938, section 902 (a) of the Social Security Act Amendments of 1939, or section 701 of the Second Revenue Act of 1940.

Approved, Sept. 20, 12:15 p. m. E. S. T., 1941

**[CHAPTER 413]**

**AN ACT**

To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of a dam and dike for preventing the flow of tidal waters into North Slough in Coos County, Oregon.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the times for commencing and completing the construction of a dam and dike for preventing the flow of tidal waters into North Slough in Coos County, Oregon, in township 24 south, range 13 west, Willamette meridian, authorized to be constructed by the State of Oregon, acting through its highway department, the North Slough Drainage District, and the North Slough Diking District by an Act of Congress approved August 26, 1937, heretofore extended by an Act of Congress approved July 2, 1940, are hereby further extended one and three years, respectively, from August 26, 1941.

Sec. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, September 22, 1941.

**[CHAPTER 414]**

**JOINT RESOLUTION**

To authorize temporary appointments of officers in the Army of the United States.

*Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That during the present emergency, temporary appointments as officers in the Army of the United States may be made, under such regulations as the President may prescribe, from among qualified persons without appointing such persons as officers in any particular component of the Army of the United States. All persons so appointed as officers shall be commissioned in the Army of the United States and may be ordered into the active military service of the United States to serve therein for such periods of time as the President may prescribe. Such appointments in grades below that of brigadier general shall be made by the President alone, and general officers by and with the advice and consent of the Senate: *Provided,* That any appointment made under the provisions of this Act may be vacated at any time by the President and, if not sooner vacated, shall continue during the present emer-
emergency and six months thereafter: Provided further, That any person appointed as an officer in the Army of the United States under the provisions of this Act shall receive the same pay and allowances and be entitled to the same rights, privileges, and benefits as members of the Officers' Reserve Corps of the same grade and length of active service: And provided further, That nothing contained in this Act shall be construed to prohibit the appointment of officers in the various components of the Army of the United States in accordance with existing laws.

Approved, September 22, 1941.

[CHAPTER 415]

AN ACT

Authorizing the transfer of land owned by the United States back to the Spring Park Club, of Richfield Springs, New York.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in order to correct the description of the land conveyed to the United States for a post-office site at Richfield Springs, New York, which included a one foot strip of land along the easterly side thereof for which a deduction was made in the contract price paid by the United States, the Federal Works Administrator be, and is hereby, authorized to convey by the usual quitclaim deed all right, title, and interest of the Government to the owners of the land abutting the easterly side of the post-office site at Richfield Springs, New York, the following-described piece or parcel of land forming a part of said post-office site:

Lying and being in Richfield Springs, County of Otsego, State of New York, and described as follows:

Beginning at a point in the southerly side of Main Street, said point being the northeast corner of the premises conveyed by the Spring Park Club, Incorporated, to the United States by deed dated May 31, 1939, recorded June 1, 1939, among the land records of Otsego County, in Liber 388 of Deeds, at page 265; running thence in a westwardly direction along the southerly side of Main Street a distance of one foot to a point; thence in a southwardly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-two feet to a point in the northerly side of land now or formerly of the Spring Park Club, Incorporated; thence in an eastwardly direction to a distance of one foot to a point being the southeast corner of lands conveyed to the United States by the aforesaid deed from the Spring Park Club, Incorporated; thence in a northwardly direction a distance of one hundred and seventy-two feet to the point or place of beginning, as shown on "Topographical Survey of Post Office site at Richfield Springs, New York, made by William Oehrle, dated March 5, 1938, corrected April 23, 1938", the original of which is on file in the Public Buildings Administration of the Federal Works Agency.

Approved, September 24, 1941.

[CHAPTER 416]

AN ACT

To amend the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the registry of pursers and surgeons as staff officers on vessels of the United States, and for other purposes", approved August 1, 1939.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 1 of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the registry of pursers and surgeons as staff officers on vessels of the United States, and for
other purposes”, approved August 1, 1939 (Public, Numbered 251, Seventy-sixth Congress; 53 Stat. 1145), is amended to read as follows:

“That there shall be registered staff officers in the United States merchant marine in the following grades: (1) Chief purser, (2) purser, (3) senior assistant purser, (4) junior assistant purser, (5) surgeon. The Secretary of Commerce (in this Act called the Secretary) shall register, and issue certificates of registry to, qualified individuals applying for registry in such grades, as hereinafter provided, and every such individual when so registered and serving in the staff department on a vessel of the United States shall rank as a staff officer on such vessel. Officers registered under the provisions of this Act and pursers' clerks and such persons as may be assigned to the senior registered surgeon shall constitute a separate and independent department on vessels of the United States to be known as the staff department. Such staff department shall be composed of a medical division and a purser’s division. The medical division shall be under the charge of the senior registered surgeon on such vessel, who shall be responsible solely to the master. The purser’s division shall be under the charge of the senior registered purser on such vessel, who shall be responsible solely to the master. On oceangoing vessels licensed to carry more than one hundred passengers, such officer in charge of the purser’s division of the staff department shall be a registered chief purser; and whenever more than three persons are employed in the purser’s division of the staff department on such vessels, there shall be a minimum of one registered senior assistant purser and one registered junior assistant purser in such purser’s division of that staff department.

No person shall be eligible for registry as a staff officer under the provisions of this Act who is not a citizen of the United States.”

Approved, September 24, 1941.

AN ACT

Relating to the manning of vessels.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That notwithstanding the provisions of section 13 (a) of the Act of March 4, 1915, as amended (U. S. C., 1934 edition, Supp. V., title 46, sec. 672 (a)), during the emergency declared by the President on May 27, 1941, to exist, but not after June 30, 1943, the Secretary of Commerce, with respect to any vessel or any group of vessels or any industry and upon a finding, after investigation, that qualified able seamen are not available in sufficient numbers to man such vessels as required by said section, may, in his discretion, allow seamen, examined and rated able seamen, to be shipped or employed upon any vessel, for such period or periods as he deems necessary and as he may by regulation or order prescribe.

Approved, September 24, 1941.
[CHAPTER 418]

AN ACT

To amend an Act entitled "An Act to authorize the Secretary of War to proceed with the construction of certain public works in connection with the War Department in the District of Columbia", approved June 15, 1938.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act entitled "An Act to authorize the Secretary of War to proceed with the construction of certain public works in connection with the War Department in the District of Columbia", approved June 15, 1938, is hereby amended to read as follows: "That the Secretary of War is hereby authorized to construct in the District of Columbia a building with the utilities, accessories, and appurtenances thereto to replace the present Army Medical Library and Museum Building now located in the District of Columbia, and to acquire by purchase, condemnation, or otherwise a suitable site; Provided, That the location and design of such building shall be subject to the approval of the National Capital Park and Planning Commission; Provided further, That the total cost of the construction and acquisition of a suitable site hereby authorized shall not exceed the sum of $4,750,000."

Approved, September 24, 1941.

[CHAPTER 419]

AN ACT

To authorize the sale of certain Indian lands to the city of Cut Bank, Montana.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior, under such regulations as he may prescribe, is authorized to sell to the city of Cut Bank, Montana, all right, title, and interest of the United States and of certain individual Indians of the Blackfeet Tribe of Indians, upon obtaining the consent of such individual Indians to such sale, in and to the following-described lands within the Blackfeet Indian Reservation, Montana:

Southwest quarter southwest quarter section 14; southwest quarter and south half southeast quarter and northeast quarter southeast quarter section 15; southwest quarter northwest quarter, northeast quarter northwest quarter, northeast quarter southeast quarter section 22; and the west half northwest quarter section 23, all in township 33 north, range 6 west, M. M., Montana.

Sec. 2. Such portion of the proceeds derived from such sale as represents the value of the right, title, or interest of any such individual Indian in any such lands shall be paid to the Superintendent of the Blackfeet Indian Agency for deposit to the credit of such individual Indian.

Sec. 3. Any patent or other instrument conveying to such city of Cut Bank any of the above-described land shall expressly exclude from such conveyance any oil, gas, or other mineral deposits therein: Provided, That the development of any mineral deposits so reserved, which would in any manner interfere with the use of such lands for airport purposes, shall not be permitted or indulged in so long as the lands herein described are needed for airport purposes.

Approved, September 24, 1941.
AN ACT

To amend section 8 of the Copyright Act of March 4, 1909, as amended, so as to preserve the rights of authors during the present emergency, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 8 of the Act entitled "An Act to amend and consolidate the Acts respecting copyright," approved March 4, 1909, as amended, is hereby amended by striking out the period at the end of the section, inserting a colon and adding "Provided,"

That whenever the President shall find that the authors, copyright owners, or proprietors of works first produced or published abroad and subject to copyright or to renewal of copyright under the laws of the United States, including works subject to ad interim copyright, are or may have been temporarily unable to comply with the conditions and formalities prescribed with respect to such works by the copyright laws of the United States, because of the disruption or suspension of facilities essential for such compliance, he may by proclamation grant such extension of time as he may deem appropriate for the fulfillment of such conditions or formalities by authors, copyright owners, or proprietors who are citizens of the United States or who are nationals of countries which accord substantially equal treatment in this respect to authors, copyright owners, or proprietors who are citizens of the United States:

Provided further, That no liability shall attach under the Copyright Act for lawful uses made or acts done prior to the effective date of such proclamation in connection with such works, or in respect to the continuance for one year subsequent to such date of any business undertaking or enterprise lawfully undertaken prior to such date involving expenditure or contractual obligation in connection with the exploitation, production, reproduction, circulation, or performance of any such work.

"The President may at any time terminate any proclamation authorized herein or any part thereof or suspend or extend its operation for such period or periods of time as in his judgment the interests of the United States may require."

Approved, September 25, 1941.

AN ACT

Relating to the manning of certain seagoing barges.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, notwithstanding any provision of section 13 of the Act of March 4, 1915, as amended (U. S. C., 1934 edition, Supp. V, title 46, sec. 672), every person may be rated as an able seaman for the purpose of serving on seagoing barges who is nineteen years of age and upward, and who has had at least twelve months of service on deck at sea or on the Great Lakes or on the bays and sounds connected directly with the seas.

Approved, September 25, 1941.
[CHAPTER 423]

AN ACT

To dispense with the requirement of clearance and entry for certain United States vessels on the Great Lakes which touch at Canadian ports for bunker fuel only.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 2793 of the Revised Statutes, as amended (U. S. C., title 46, secs. 111 and 123), is amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 2793. Enrolled or licensed vessels engaged in the foreign and coasting trade on the northern, northeastern, and northwestern frontiers of the United States, departing from or arriving at a port in one district to or from a port in another district, and also touching at intermediate foreign ports, shall not thereby become liable to the payment of entry and clearance fees or tonnage tax, as if from or to foreign ports; but such vessel shall, notwithstanding, be required to enter and clear; except that when such vessels are on such voyages on the Great Lakes and touch at foreign ports for the purpose of taking on bunker fuel only, they may be exempted from entering and clearing under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of Commerce may prescribe, notwithstanding any other provisions of law: Provided, That this exception shall not apply to such vessels if, while at such foreign port, they land or take on board any passengers, or any merchandise other than bunker fuel, receive orders, discharge any seamen by mutual consent, or engage any seamen to replace those discharged by mutual consent, or transact any other business save that of taking on bunker fuel."

Approved, September 25, 1941.

[CHAPTER 424]

AN ACT

To permit the steamship Port Saunders, official number 220150, and steamship Hawk, official number 220149, to engage in the fisheries.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the steamship Port Saunders, official number 220150, and the steamship Hawk, official number 220149, may be registered or enrolled and licensed as vessels of the United States for the purpose of engaging in the fisheries as long as such vessels are owned by a citizen of the United States, native born or fully naturalized, or a corporation which is a citizen of the United States and of which 75 per centum of the interest therein is owned by citizens of the United States, as defined in section 2 (c) of the Shipping Act, 1916, as amended: Provided, That neither of these vessels may engage in the coastwise trade under penalty of forfeiture.

Approved, September 25, 1941.

[CHAPTER 425]

AN ACT

To provide retirement pay and hospital benefits to certain Reserve officers, Army of the United States, disabled while on active duty.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Reserve officers, Army of the United States, who were called or ordered into the active military service by the Federal Government for extended military service in excess of thirty days on or subsequent to February 28, 1923, other than for service with the Civilian Conservation Corps, and who are now disabled from disease or injury contracted or received in line of duty while so employed, shall be deemed to have
been in the active military service during such period and shall be in all respects entitled to receive the same retirement pay and hospital benefits as are now or may hereafter be provided by law or regulation for officers of corresponding grades and length of service of the Regular Army.

Sec. 2. That the duties, powers, and functions incident to the administration and payment of the benefits herein provided are hereby vested in the Veterans' Administration: Provided, That in the administration of the retirement pay provisions of the said statute the determination of all questions of eligibility for the benefits thereof, including all questions of law and fact relating to such eligibility, shall be made by the Secretary of War, or by someone designated by him in the War Department, in the manner, and in accordance with the standards, provided by law or regulations for Regular Army personnel: And provided further, That no bounty, back pay, pension, or allowance shall be held to have accrued prior to the passage of this Act.

Approved, September 26, 1941.

[CHAPTER 426]

To ratify and confirm certain right of purchase leases, special homestead agreements, cash freehold agreements, certificates of occupation, homestead leases, and patents issued under or in purported compliance with section 73 of the Hawaiian Organic Act and the laws of the Territory of Hawaii.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That no right of purchase lease, special homestead agreement, cash freehold agreement, certificate of occupation, homestead lease, or patent issued on or before the 25th day of November 1940, under or in purported compliance with section 73 of the Hawaiian Organic Act or the laws of Hawaii, relating to public lands, shall be held invalid or void for or on account of (a) failure to publish a notice of the sale, drawing, or allotment of the lands described in such lease agreement, certificate, or patent, for the period required by section 73 of the Hawaiian Organic Act, as amended by the Act of May 27, 1910, Thirty-sixth Statutes at Large 444, or to determine the persons entitled to take said lands by drawing or lot, if in either of such cases, said lands were opened for sale, settlement, or occupation by public notice in compliance with the statutes in effect prior to said Act of May 27, 1910; (b) if said lands were opened for sale, settlement, or occupation by any of the following methods, to wit: Right of purchase lease, special homestead agreement, cash freehold agreement, or certificate of occupation, the fact that said lands were not opened for sale, settlement, or occupation by the particular method followed in issuing such lease, agreement, or patent, for the period required by section 73 of the Hawaiian Organic Act, as amended by the Act of May 27, 1910; (c) the inclusion in one lease, agreement, certificate, or patent of detached or noncontiguous parcels of land, or two or more parcels of land originally offered as separate homesteads or lots.

Sec. 2. Such right of purchase leases, special homestead agreements, cash freehold agreements, certificates of occupation, homestead leases, and patents are hereby ratified and confirmed to the extent hereinbefore set forth and, to the extent so ratified and confirmed, shall be deemed and held to be perfect and valid from the day of the date thereof for all purposes, including the issuance of homestead leases or patents based thereon; all questions or disputes that may arise in relation to said lands or the titles thereof shall be decided and determined accordingly.

Sec. 3. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

Approved, September 26, 1941.
[CHAPTER 427]

AN ACT

To increase the amount authorized by the Act of July 11, 1940, for the construction of a building for the office of the recorder of deeds of the District of Columbia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 1 of the Act entitled "An Act authorizing advancements from the Federal Emergency Administration of Public Works for the construction of a recorder of deeds building in the District of Columbia, and for other purposes", approved July 11, 1940, is amended by striking out "the sum of $450,000," and inserting in lieu thereof "the sum of $500,000."

Approved, September 26, 1941.

[CHAPTER 428]

AN ACT

To amend an Act to provide for a Union Railroad Station in the District of Columbia, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in order to provide additional facilities for the accommodation of passenger traffic and for the handling of United States mail, section 2 of the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide for a Union Railroad Station in the District of Columbia, and for other purposes", approved February 22, 1908 (Public, Numbered 122, 32 Stat. 909), is hereby amended by the addition of a new paragraph, to be inserted between the second and third paragraphs of said section 2 to read as follows:

"There shall be added to the property described in the next preceding paragraph of this section 2 the following: Beginning for the same at a point on the south line of H Street fifty-eight and forty-six one-hundredths feet westwardly from the west line of Second Street, said point being also located three hundred and eighty feet southwardly from the center line of Delaware Avenue produced, measured at right angles thereto; thence eastwardly along the south line of H Street a distance of eighteen and eighty-six one-hundredths feet; thence southwardly parallel with Second Street a distance of sixty-eight and sixty one-hundredths feet; thence eastwardly parallel with H Street a distance of thirty-nine and sixty one-hundredths feet to a point on the west line of Second Street; thence southwardly along the west line of Second Street to the north line of F Street; thence westwardly along the north line of F Street to a point in a line parallel with and distant three hundred and eighty feet southwardly from the center line of Delaware Avenue produced, measured at right angles thereto; thence in a northeastwardly direction along said line, parallel with the center line of Delaware Avenue produced to the point of beginning."

Approved, October 8, 1941.

[CHAPTER 430]

AN ACT

Relating to allowances for rental quarters of certain naval officers stationed in the Canal Zone.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That any amounts paid to the Panama Canal or lessees thereof by any officer of the Navy or Marine Corps incident to his occupancy of quarters under the

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jurisdiction of the Panama Canal during the fiscal years 1935 and 1936, which were in excess of the amounts paid such officer as rental allowance, shall to the extent of such excess be refunded to such persons upon presentation of a claim therefor to the Comptroller General.

Approved, October 13, 1941.

[CHAPTER 431] AN ACT
Relating to the payment of fees and costs of witnesses and jurors and the accounting therefor.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 846 of the Revised Statutes, as amended (U. S. C., title 28, sec. 577), is hereby amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 846. No accounts of fees or costs paid to any witness or juror, upon the order of any judge or commissioner, or to any witness upon the certificate of attendance of the United States attorney or assistant United States attorney, or to any juror upon the certificate of attendance of the clerk of the court, shall be so reexamined as to charge any marshal for an erroneous taxation of such fees or costs. Where the ministerial officers of the United States have incurred or shall incur extraordinary expense in executing the laws thereof, the payment of which is not specifically provided for, the President of the United States is authorized to allow the payment thereof under the special taxation of the district court of the district in which the said services have been or shall be rendered, to be paid from the appropriation for defraying the expenses of the judiciary."

"SEC. 8. Section 855 of the Revised Statutes (U. S. C., title 28, sec. 608) is hereby amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 855. The marshal shall pay to the jurors all fees to which they appear to be entitled on the certificate of attendance of the clerk of the court, and, in cases where the United States is a party, the marshal shall pay to the witnesses all fees to which they appear to be entitled on the certificate of attendance of the United States attorney or assistant United States attorney, which sum shall be allowed the marshal in the General Accounting Office in his accounts."

Approved, October 13, 1941.

[CHAPTER 432] AN ACT
To amend the Alien Registration Act, 1940, by making it a criminal offense to reproduce alien registration receipt cards.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That section 36 of the Alien Registration Act, 1940 (Act of June 28, 1940, title III, sec. 36, 54 Stat. 675; U. S. C., title 8, see. 457), be, and the same is, hereby amended by inserting at the end thereof a new subsection to be lettered (d), reading as follows:

"(d) Any person who with unlawful intent photographs, prints, or in any other manner makes, or executes, any engraving, photograph, print, or impression in the likeness of an alien registration receipt card or any colorable imitation thereof, except when and as authorized under such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the Attorney General, shall upon conviction, be fined not to exceed $5,000 or be imprisoned not more than five years, or both."

Approved, October 13, 1941.
[CHAPTER 436]  

AN ACT  

To authorize employees of the United States to testify on behalf of the District of Columbia and employees of the District of Columbia to testify on behalf of the United States and of the District of Columbia without loss of salary or annual leave.

_Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That from and after the passage of this Act employees of the Government of the United States in active service who are called upon to serve as witnesses on behalf of the District of Columbia in any court proceeding in which the government of the District of Columbia may be a party and employees of the government of the District of Columbia who are called upon to serve as witnesses on behalf of the United States or the District of Columbia in any court proceeding in which the Government of the United States or the government of the District of Columbia may be a party, shall not be paid witness fees for such service, but the period of such service shall be without loss of salary or compensation and shall not be deducted from any leave of absence with pay authorized by law._

Approved, October 14, 1941.

[CHAPTER 437]  

AN ACT  

To further amend the Acts for promoting the circulation of reading matter among the blind.

_Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act approved April 27, 1904 (38 Stat. 318), the supplemental provision in the Act approved August 24, 1912 (37 Stat. 551), the joint resolution approved June 7, 1924 (43 Stat. 668), the Act approved May 9, 1934 (48 Stat. 678), and the Act amending these Acts approved May 16, 1938 (52 Stat. 378) (39 U. S. C., 1934 edition, Supp. V, sec. 331), be, and the same are hereby, amended to read as follows: Books, pamphlets, and other reading matter published either in raised characters, whether prepared by hand or printed or in the form of sound-reproduction records for the use of the blind, in packages not exceeding the weight prescribed by the Postmaster General, and containing no advertising or other matter whatever, unsealed, and when sent by public institutions for the blind, or by any public libraries, as a loan to blind readers, or when returned by the latter to such institutions or public libraries; magazines, periodicals, and other regularly issued publications in such raised characters, whether prepared by hand or printed, or on sound-reproduction records (for the use of the blind), which contain no advertisements and for which no subscription fee is charged, shall be transmitted in the United States mails free of postage and under such regulations as the Postmaster General may prescribe._

_Volumes of the Holy Scriptures, or any part thereof, published either in raised characters, whether prepared by hand or printed, or in the form of sound-reproduction records for the use of the blind, which do not contain advertisements (a) when furnished by an organization, institution, or association not conducted for private profit, to a blind person without charge, shall be transmitted in the United States mails free of postage; (b) when furnished by an organization, institution, or association not conducted for private profit to a blind person at a price not greater than the cost price thereof, shall be transmitted in the United States mails at the_
postage rate of 1 cent for each pound or fraction thereof; under such regulations as the Postmaster General may prescribe.

Reproducers for sound-reproduction records for the blind or parts thereof which are the property of the United States Government, when shipped for repair purposes by an organization, institution, public library, or association for the blind not conducted for private profit, or by a blind person to an agency not conducted for private profit, or from such an agency to an organization, institution, public library, or association for the blind not conducted for private profit, or to a blind person, may be transmitted through the mails at the rate of 1 cent per pound or fraction thereof; under such regulations as the Postmaster General may prescribe.

The Postmaster General may in his discretion extend this rate of 1 cent per pound or fraction thereof to reproducers for sound-reproduction records for the blind, or parts thereof, and, when mailed to be repaired or being returned after repair, to Braille writers and other appliances for the blind, or parts thereof, which are the property of State governments or subdivisions thereof, or of public libraries, or of private agencies for the blind not conducted for private profit, or of blind individuals, under such regulations as he may prescribe.

All letters written in point print or raised characters or on sound-reproduction records used by the blind, when unsealed, shall be transmitted through the mails as third-class matter.

Approved, October 14, 1941.

[CHAPTER 438]  
AN ACT

To amend an Act entitled "An Act to protect the lives and health and morals of women and minor workers in the District of Columbia, and to establish a Minimum Wage Board, and define its powers and duties, and to provide for the fixing of minimum wages for such workers, and for other purposes", approved September 19, 1918,

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That an Act entitled "An Act to protect the lives and health and morals of women and minor workers in the District of Columbia, and to establish a Minimum Wage Board, and define its powers and duties, and to provide for the fixing of minimum wages for such workers, and for other purposes", approved September 19, 1918, is hereby amended as follows:

The name of the "Minimum Wage Board" created by said Act is hereby changed to "Minimum Wage and Industrial Safety Board".

Sec. 2. Sections 1 to 23, inclusive, of said Act are hereby designated "TITLE I—MINIMUM WAGES".

Sec. 3. Immediately after Section 23 of said Act the following is added:

"TITLE II—INDUSTRIAL SAFETY

"Sec. 1. The purpose of this title is to foster, promote, and develop the safety of wage earners of the District of Columbia in relation to their working conditions.

"Sec. 2. When used in this title, the following words shall have the following meanings, unless the context clearly requires otherwise:

(a) 'Employer' includes every person, firm, corporation, partnership, stock association, agent, manager, representative, or foreman, or other persons having control or custody of any industrial employ-
ment, place of employment, or of any employee. It shall not include the District of Columbia or any instrumentality thereof, or the United States or any instrumentality thereof.

"(b) 'Board' means the Minimum Wage and Industrial Safety Board.

"(c) 'Safe' and 'safety' as applied to an employment, a device, or a place of employment, including facilities of sanitation and hygiene, mean such freedom from danger to life or health of employees as circumstances reasonably permit, and shall not be given restrictive interpretation so as to exclude any mitigation or prevention of a specific danger.

"(d) 'Place of employment' means any place where industrial employment is carried on: Provided, however, That such term shall not include the premises of any Federal or District of Columbia establishment, except to include any and all work of whatever nature being performed by an independent contractor for the United States Government or any instrumentality thereof or the District of Columbia or any instrumentality thereof.

"SEC. 3. The Board, in addition to its duties defined in title I shall administer the provisions of this title and shall have power to make such inspections and investigations as it may deem necessary; collect and compile statistical information; require employers to keep their places of employment reasonably safe; require employers to keep such records as it may deem advisable and to furnish the Board with complete, detailed reports relative to all accidents; determine and fix reasonable standards of safety in employment, places of employment, in the use of devices and safeguards, and in the use of practices, means, methods, operations, and processes of employment; promulgate general rules and regulations based upon such standards and fix the minimum safety requirements which shall be complied with by employers within the purview of this title.

"SEC. 4. Before any rules or regulations of the Board shall become effective a public hearing shall be held by the Board for the purpose of investigating reasonable standards of safety in employment, places of employment, in the use of devices and safeguards, and in the use of practices, means, methods, operations, and processes of employment, and any person interested in the matter being investigated may appear and testify. If, after investigation, the Board is of the opinion that minimum standards of safety requirements are necessary to protect or safeguard the lives or health of employees covered by this title, it may adopt and promulgate such rules and regulations as it may deem advisable, which shall become effective thirty days after they have been published at least once in two of the daily newspapers of general circulation in the District of Columbia.

"SEC. 5. Any member of the Board shall have power to administer oaths and the Board may require by subpoena the attendance and testimony of witnesses, the production of all books, registers, and other evidence relative to any matters under investigation, at any public hearing, or at any session or any conference held by the Board. In case of disobedience to a subpoena the Board may invoke the aid of the District Court of the United States for the District of Columbia in requiring the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of documentary evidence. In the case of contempt or refusal to obey a subpoena, the court may issue an order requiring appearance before the Board, the production of documentary evidence and the giving of evidence touching the matter in question, and any failure to obey such order of the court may be punished by such court as a contempt thereof.
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"Sec. 6. The Board may, upon written application of any employer affected by such rule or regulation, permit variations from any provisions thereof if it shall find that the application of such provision would result in unnecessary hardship or practical difficulty: Provided, however, That the Board shall keep a properly indexed record of all variations permitted from any rule or regulation which shall be open to public inspection.

"Sec. 7. The Board is hereby authorized to employ a Director of Industrial Safety, who shall not be a member of the Board and whose compensation shall be fixed in accordance with the Classification Act of 1928, as amended. The Director shall perform such duties as may be prescribed by the Board in administering the provisions of this title.

"Sec. 8. (a) Every employer shall furnish a place of employment which shall be reasonably safe for employees, shall furnish and use safety devices and safeguards, and shall adopt and use practices, means, methods, operations, and processes which are reasonably safe and adequate to render such employment and place of employment reasonably safe.

(b) Every employer shall furnish to the Board any information which the Board is authorized to require and shall make true and specific answers to all questions.

(c) Every employer shall submit to the Board within ten days from the date of any injury or death, or from the date that the employer has knowledge of any disease or infection resulting from any injury, a duplicate copy of the report provided for in section 30 of the Act of March 4, 1927 (44 Stat. 1439; U. S. C., title 33, sec. 930), as made applicable to the District of Columbia by the Act of May 17, 1928 (45 Stat. 600).

(d) Every employer shall keep an accurate record of every person employed by him so as to be able in case of accident immediately to give an accurate record relative to same.

"Sec. 9. (a) The Board, or any officer or employee acting under its authority, shall have the authority, at any reasonable time, to enter any place where an employment covered by this title is being carried on, and to examine any structure, tool, appliance, machinery, or process used in or connected with such employment. No employer or other persons shall refuse to admit any member of the Board or its authorized representative to any such place or to permit any such examination.

"Sec. 10. The Commissioners of the District of Columbia shall furnish the Board with such office space, furniture and equipment, stationery, books, books of reference, and other supplies as are necessary for the discharge of its duties under this title.

"Sec. 11. The Board shall annually, on or before the 1st day of July, file with the Commissioners of the District of Columbia a report covering its activities under this title.

"Sec. 12. Whoever violates any of the provisions of this title, or any rules or regulations promulgated hereunder, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor; and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not more than $300, or by imprisonment of not exceeding ninety days. Prosecutions for violations of this title shall be in the name of the District of Columbia on information filed in the police court of the District of Columbia by the corporation counsel or one of his assistants.

"Sec. 13. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated, out of the revenues for the District of Columbia, a sum not to exceed $15,000 per annum, or so much thereof as may be necessary, for the proper administration of this title.
"SEC. 14. If any provision of this title, or the application of such provision to any person or circumstance, shall be held invalid, the remainder of this title, or the application of such provision to persons or circumstances other than those as to which it is held invalid, shall not be affected thereby."

SEC. 4. This Act shall become effective upon its approval by the President.

Approved, October 14, 1941.

[CHAPTER 443]

AN ACT

Relating to the traveling and subsistence expenses of judges and retired judges of the Court of Claims.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 2 of the Act of February 24, 1925, entitled "An Act to authorize the appointment of commissioners by the Court of Claims and to prescribe their powers and compensation" (43 Stat. 965), as amended (46 Stat. 799; U. S. C., title 28, secs. 270, 270a), is hereby reenacted and amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 2. Each of the said commissioners shall devote all of his time to the duties of his office and shall receive a salary of $7,500 per annum, payable monthly out of the Treasury. The chief justice, or any judge of the Court of Claims, may sit at any place within the United States to take evidence in any case instituted in said court. The chief justice, and any judge of the court, the commissioners, and stenographers authorized by the court, shall also receive their necessary traveling expenses and their actual expenses incurred for subsistence while traveling on duty and away from Washington in an amount not to exceed $10 per day in the case of the chief justice or any judge of the court, $7 per day in the case of commissioners, and $5 per day in the case of stenographers. Retired judges recalled to active duty in Washington or elsewhere shall be entitled to receive the same travel and subsistence expenses as provided for other judges in this Act while absent from their actual places of residence. The expenses of travel and subsistence herein authorized shall be paid upon order of the court."

Approved, October 16, 1941.

[CHAPTER 444]

AN ACT

To authorize the sale of certain Government-owned lands in the Territory of Hawaii to the Honolulu Plantation Company.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized to sell and convey to the Honolulu Plantation Company, a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of California, upon such terms and conditions as he deems advisable, but at not less than the appraised value, the remaining portion of the Makalapa Military Reservation, consisting of five lots, designated as lots "A", "B", "C", "D", and "E", having an aggregate area of seven and fifty-two one-hundredths acres, situated near the city of Honolulu, in Halawa, Ewa District, on the island of Oahu, Territory of Hawaii, the net proceeds of such sale to be deposited in the Treasury to the credit of miscellaneous receipts.

Approved, October 16, 1941.
AN ACT

October 16, 1941
[S. 1579]

To authorize the President of the United States to requisition property required for the defense of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That whenever the President, during the national emergency declared by the President on May 27, 1941, but not later than June 30, 1943, determines that (1) the use of any military or naval equipment, supplies, or munitions, or component parts thereof, or machinery, tools, or materials necessary for the manufacture, servicing, or operation of such equipment, supplies, or munitions is needed for the defense of the United States; (2) such need is immediate and impending and such as will not admit of delay or resort to any other source of supply; and (3) all other means of obtaining the use of such property for the defense of the United States upon fair and reasonable terms have been exhausted, he is authorized to requisition such property for the defense of the United States upon the payment of fair and just compensation for such property to be determined as hereinafter provided, and to dispose of such property in such manner as he may determine is necessary for the defense of the United States. The President shall determine the amount of the fair and just compensation to be paid for any property requisitioned and taken over pursuant to this Act and the fair value of any property returned under section 2 of this Act, but each such determination shall be made on the basis of the fair market value of the property at the time it is requisitioned or returned, as the case may be. If, upon any such requisition of property, the person entitled to receive the amount so determined by the President as the fair and just compensation for the property is unwilling to accept the same as full and complete compensation for such property he shall be paid 50 per centum of such amount and shall be entitled to sue the United States in the Court of Claims or in any district court of the United States in the manner provided by sections 24 (20) and 145 of the Judicial Code (U. S. C., 1934 ed., title 28, secs. 41 (20) and 250) for an additional amount which, when added to the amount so paid to him, he considers to be fair and just compensation for such property. Such courts shall also have power to determine in an appropriate proceeding any questions that may arise with respect to the amount of the fair value to be paid upon the return of any property under section 2 of this Act, regardless of the amount in controversy in any such proceeding.

Nothing contained in this Act shall be construed—

(1) to authorize the requisitioning or require the registration of any firearms possessed by any individual for his personal protection or sport (and the possession of which is not prohibited or the registration of which is not required by existing law),

(2) to impair or infringe in any manner the right of any individual to keep and bear arms, or

(3) to authorize the requisitioning of any machinery or equipment which is in actual use in connection with any operating factory or business and which is necessary to the operation of such factory or business.

Sec. 2. Wherever the President determines that property acquired under this Act and retained is no longer needed for the defense of the United States, he shall, if the original owner desires the property and pays the fair value thereof, return such property to the owner; but, in any event, property so acquired and retained shall, if the owner desires the property and pays the fair value thereof, be returned to the owner not later than December 31, 1943.
SEC. 3. The President from time to time, but not less frequently than once every six months, shall transmit to the Congress a report of operations under this Act.

SEC. 4. The President may issue such rules and regulations and require such information as may be necessary and proper to carry out the provisions of this Act, and he may exercise any power or authority conferred on him by this Act through such department, agency, board, or officer as he shall direct or appoint.

Approved, October 16, 1941.

[CHAPTER 446]

AN ACT
To amend the Nationality Act of 1940 to preserve the nationality of citizens residing abroad.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That chapter IV of the Nationality Act of 1940, section 409, is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 409. Nationality shall not be lost under the provisions of section 404 or 407 of this Act until the expiration of two years following the date of the approval of this Act: Provided, however, That a naturalized person who shall have become subject to the presumption that he has ceased to be an American citizen as provided for in the second paragraph of section 2 of the Act of March 2, 1907 (34 Stat. 1228), and who shall not have overcome it under the rules in effect immediately preceding the date of the approval of this Act, shall continue to be subject to such presumption for the period of two years following the date of the approval of this Act unless it is overcome during such period."

Approved, October 16, 1941.

[CHAPTER 452]

AN ACT
To repeal sections 512; 513; 514; 515, as amended, of the Revised Statutes; sections 1 and 3 of the Act approved February 4, 1929 (45 Stat. 1147); and section 3744, as amended; 3745, 3746, and 3747 of the Revised Statutes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That sections 512; 513; 514; 515, as amended, of the Revised Statutes; sections 1 and 3 of the Act approved February 4, 1929 (45 Stat. 1147); and section 3744, as amended; 3745, 3746, and 3747 of the Revised Statutes (41 U. S. C., secs. 1, 2, 3, 4, 4a, 16, 17, 18, and 19) are hereby repealed.

Approved, October 21, 1941.

[CHAPTER 453]

AN ACT
To amend the Act reorganizing the administration of Federal prisons.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 7 of the Act entitled "An Act to reorganize the administration of Federal prisons; to authorize the Attorney General to contract for the care of United States prisons; to establish Federal jails, and for other purposes", approved May 14, 1930 (46 Stat. 326, U. S. C., title 18, sec. 753f), be, and it hereby is, amended by adding thereto the following sentence: "The authority conferred upon the Attorney General..."
CHAPTER 454
AN ACT
October 23, 1941
[Public Law 278]
To authorize the Reconstruction Finance Corporation to issue notes, bonds, and debentures in the sum of $1,500,000,000 in excess of existing authority.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the amount of notes, bonds, debentures, and other such obligations which the Reconstruction Finance Corporation is authorized to issue and have outstanding at any one time under existing law is hereby increased by $1,500,000,000.

Approved, October 23, 1941.

CHAPTER 457
AN ACT
October 23, 1941
[Public Law 279]
To prescribe the time basis for computing pay for overtime work performed by laborers in the Railway Mail Service.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 7, as amended, of the Act entitled "An Act reclassifying the salaries of postmasters and employees of the Postal Service, readjusting their salaries and compensation on an equitable basis, increasing postal rates to provide for such readjustment, and for other purposes", approved February 28, 1925 (43 Stat. 1053, as amended), is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"After June 30, 1941, laborers in the Railway Mail Service shall be required to work not more than eight hours a day: Provided, That the eight hours of service shall not extend over a longer period than ten consecutive hours, and the schedules of duty of such employees shall be regulated accordingly: Provided further, That in cases of emergency, or if the needs of the Service require, and it is not practicable to employ substitutes, such employees can be required to work in excess of eight hours per day, and for such overtime service they shall be paid on the basis of the annual pay received by such employees: And provided further, That in computing the compensation for such overtime the annual salary or compensation for such employees shall be divided by three hundred and five, the number of working days in the year less all Sundays and legal holidays; the quotient thus obtained will be the daily compensation which divided by eight will give the hourly compensation for such overtime service."

SEC. 2. The fifth paragraph of such section 7, as amended, of such Act of February 28, 1925, is amended to read as follows:

"Substitute laborers in the Railway Mail Service shall be paid for services actually performed at the rate of 55 cents per hour, and when appointed to the position of regular laborer the substitute service performed shall be included in eligibility for promotion to grade 2 on the basis of three hundred and five days of eight hours constituting a year's service."

Approved, October 23, 1941.
[CHAPTER 458]

AN ACT

To authorize the Secretary of the Navy to provide salvage facilities, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy is hereby authorized during war or national emergency—

(a) To provide, by contract or otherwise, necessary salvage facilities for both public and private vessels upon such terms and conditions as he may, in his discretion, determine to be in the best interests of the United States.

(b) To acquire or to transfer, by charter or otherwise, for operation by private salvage companies, such vessels and equipment as he may deem necessary.

(c) To advance to private salvage companies such funds as may, in his judgment, be necessary to provide for the immediate financing of salvage operations, these advances to be on such terms and under such conditions as he may deem adequate for the protection of the Government.

Sec. 2. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, such funds, not in excess of $3,000,000 annually, as may be necessary to effectuate the purposes of this Act.

Approved, October 24, 1941.

[CHAPTER 459]

AN ACT

To permit mining within the Organ Pipe Cactus National Monument in Arizona.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That within the Organ Pipe Cactus National Monument in Arizona all mineral deposits of the classes and kinds now subject to location, entry, and patent under the mining laws of the United States shall be, exclusive of the land containing them, subject to disposal under such laws, with right of occupation and use of so much of the surface of the land as may be required for all purposes reasonably incident to the mining or removal of the minerals and under such general regulations as may be prescribed by the Secretary of the Interior.

Approved, October 27, 1941.

[CHAPTER 460]

AN ACT

Making supplemental appropriations for the national defense for the fiscal years ending June 30, 1942, and June 30, 1943, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the national defense for the fiscal years ending June 30, 1942, and June 30, 1943, and for other purposes, namely:

TITLE I—DEFENSE AID

Sec. 101. To enable the President, through such departments or agencies of the Government as he may designate, further to carry out the provisions of an Act to promote the defense of the United States, approved March 11, 1941, and for each and every purpose
incident to or necessary therefor, the following sums for the following respective purposes, namely:

(a) For the procurement, by manufacture or otherwise, of defense articles, information and services, for the government of any country whose defense the President deems vital to the defense of the United States, and the disposition thereof, including all necessary expenses in connection therewith, as follows:

(1) Ordnance and ordnance stores, supplies, spare parts, and materials, including armor and ammunition and components thereof, $1,190,000,000.

(2) Aircraft and aeronautical material, including engines, spare parts, and accessories, $685,000,000.

(3) Tanks, armored cars, automobiles, trucks, and other automotive vehicles, spare parts, and accessories, $385,000,000.

(4) Vessels, ships, boats, and other watercraft, including the hire or other temporary use thereof, and equipage, supplies, materials, spare parts, and accessories, $850,000,000.

(5) Miscellaneous military and naval equipment, supplies, and materials, $155,000,000.

(6) Facilities and equipment for the manufacture, production, or operation of defense articles and for otherwise carrying out the purposes of the Act of March 11, 1941, including the acquisition of land, and the maintenance and operation of such facilities and equipment, $875,000,000.

(7) Agricultural, industrial, and other commodities and articles, $1,875,000,000.

(b) For testing, inspecting, proving, repairing, outfitting, reconditioning, or otherwise placing in good working order any defense articles for the government of any country whose defense the President deems vital to the defense of the United States, including services and expenses in connection therewith, $175,000,000.

(c) For necessary services and expenses for carrying out the purposes of the Act of March 11, 1941, not specified or included in the foregoing, $285,000,000.

(d) For administrative expenses, $10,000,000.

(e) In all, $5,985,000,000, to remain available until June 30, 1943.

(f) Each of the foregoing appropriations shall be additional to, and consolidated with, the appropriation for the same purpose contained in sections 1 (a), 1 (b), 1 (d), and 1 (e), respectively, of the Defense Aid Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1941: Provided, That, with the exception of the appropriation for administrative expenses, not to exceed 20 per centum of any such consolidated appropriations may be transferred by the President to any other of such consolidated appropriations, but no such consolidated appropriation shall be increased more than 30 per centum thereby.

[Sec. 109. The President may, from time to time, when he deems it in the interest of national defense, authorize the head of any department or agency of the Government, to enter into contracts for the procurement of defense articles, information, or services for the government of any country whose defense the President deems vital to the defense of the United States, to the extent that such government agrees to pay the United States for such defense articles, information, or services prior to the receipt thereof and to make such payments from time to time as the President may require to protect the interests of the United States; and, upon payment of the full cost, the President may dispose of such articles, information, or services to such government: Provided, That the total amount of the outstanding contracts under this section, less the amounts which have been paid to the United States under such contracts, shall at no time exceed $600,000,000.]
SEC. 103. Any defense article procured pursuant to this title shall be retained by or transferred to and for the use of such department or agency of the United States as the President may determine, in lieu of being disposed of to a foreign government, whenever in the judgment of the President the defense of the United States will be best served thereby.

SEC. 104. This title may be cited as the "Defense Aid Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1942."

TITLE II—GENERAL APPROPRIATIONS

LEGISLATIVE

SENATE

To enable the Secretary of the Senate to expend from the appropriation for Salaries of Officers and Employees of the Senate, fiscal year 1942, the necessary amount to increase to $3,300 per annum, beginning September 1, 1941, and so long as the position is held by the present incumbent, one of the clerkships in his office at $2,640 per annum provided for in the Legislative Branch Appropriation Act for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1942.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

For payment to the widow of Lawrence J. Connery, late a Representative from the State of Massachusetts, $10,000.

For payment to the widow of Lee E. Geyer, late a Representative from the State of California, $10,000.

For payment to the widow of Edward T. Taylor, late a Representative from the State of Colorado, $10,000.

The three foregoing appropriations to be disbursed by the Sergeant at Arms of the House.

Reporting committee hearings: For an additional amount for stenographic reports of hearings of committees other than special and select committees, fiscal year 1941, $1,500.

Telegraph and telephone: For an additional amount for telegraph and telephone service, exclusive of personal services, fiscal year 1941, $25,000.

Stationery: For an additional amount for stationery for Representatives, Delegates, and the Resident Commissioner from Puerto Rico, fiscal year 1941, including the objects and subject to the conditions specified under this head in the Legislative Branch Appropriation Act, $800.

COMMITTEE TO INVESTIGATE FEDERAL EXPENDITURES

To enable the Committee to Investigate Federal Expenditures to carry out the duties imposed upon it by section 601 of the Revenue Act of 1941, to remain available during the existence of the committee, $10,000, one-half to be disbursed by the Secretary of the Senate and the other half by the Clerk of the House upon vouchers approved by the chairman of the committee.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

OFFICE FOR EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT

For an additional amount for the Office for Emergency Management, fiscal year 1942, including the objects for which the appropriation under this heading in the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act,
1941 (Public Law 150) is available and subject to the provisions and limitations thereof, $10,000,000, such sum to be allocated for the purposes of carrying out the functions of the Office of Scientific Research and Development.

INDEPENDENT EXECUTIVE AGENCIES

FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY

OFFICE OF THE ADMINISTRATOR

Notwithstanding the provisions of section 1222 of the Revised Statutes (U. S. C., title 10, sec. 576), a commissioned officer on the active list of the United States Army may be appointed to the office of Federal Works Administrator without loss of or prejudice to his status as such commissioned officer, and when so appointed he shall receive, in addition to his pay and allowances as such commissioned officer, an amount equal to the difference between such pay and allowances and the salary prescribed by law for the office of Federal Works Administrator.

UNITED STATES HOUSING AUTHORITY

Salaries and expenses: Not to exceed $900,000 additional of the funds of the United States Housing Authority established by the United States Housing Act, 1937, as amended (42 U. S. C. 1401), shall be available for the fiscal year 1942 for all necessary administrative expenses of the Authority in carrying out the provisions of said act, including the objects specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1942, and expenses in connection with the transfer of household goods and effects as provided by the act of October 10, 1940 (Public, 839, 76th Cong.), and regulations promulgated thereunder.

NATIONAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE FOR AERONAUTICS

For an additional amount for scientific research, technical investigations, and special reports in the field of aeronautics, fiscal year 1942, including the objects specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1942, and including the purchase of cafeteria equipment, $1,162,575: Provided, That the limitation under said heading for personal services in the District of Columbia is hereby increased to $245,170.

For an additional amount for continuing the construction and equipment of additional laboratory buildings and research facilities at Langley Field, Virginia, $261,425, to be available until expended.

The limitation of $10,000,000 upon the total cost of construction and equipment for the Ames Aeronautical Laboratory, Moffett Field, California, specified in the Third Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1939, is hereby increased to $16,207,500.

NATIONAL MEDIATION BOARD

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount for salaries and expenses, fiscal year 1942, including the objects specified under this head in the Labor-Federal Security Appropriation Act, 1942, $14,935: Provided, That the limitation of $118,620 upon the amount which may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia is hereby increased to $127,220.

Arbitration and emergency boards: For an additional amount for arbitration and emergency boards, fiscal year 1942, including the objects specified under this head in the Labor-Federal Security Appropriation Act, 1942, $55,000.
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Farm Labor Statistics: For all necessary expenses to enable the Secretary of Agriculture, independently or in cooperation with other branches of the Federal Government, State, municipal, or other appropriate agencies, to collect, compile, analyze, summarize, interpret, and publish farm labor statistics, including not to exceed a total of $18,000 for personal services in the District of Columbia, fiscal year 1942, $250,000: Provided, That out of the funds appropriated hereby, the Secretary of Agriculture may transfer to the appropriation “Salaries and Expenses, Bureau of Agricultural Economics”, not to exceed $37,000, of which sum, so transferred, not to exceed $7,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia, which sum of $37,000 shall be in addition to the sums transferred to said appropriation pursuant to the provisions of the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1942.

Emergency Dehydration Investigations: For all necessary expenses to enable the Secretary of Agriculture to conduct investigations for the improvement of production, distribution, quality, and nutritive value of dehydrated foods, fiscal year 1942, $144,000.

BUREAU OF ANIMAL INDUSTRY

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

Diseases of animals: For an additional amount for diseases of animals, fiscal year 1942, including the objects specified under this heading in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1942, $16,500.

Inspection and quarantine: For an additional amount for inspection and quarantine, fiscal year 1942, including the objects specified under this heading in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1942, $16,500.

Meat inspection: For an additional amount for meat inspection, fiscal year 1942, including the objects specified under this heading in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1942, $375,000.

BUREAU OF PLANT INDUSTRY

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

Drug and related plants: For an additional amount for drug and related plants, fiscal year 1942, including the objects specified under this heading in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1942, $17,000.

FOREST SERVICE

Forest products: For an additional amount for salaries and expenses, Forest Service, forest products, fiscal year 1942, including the objects specified under this heading in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1942, $175,000.

BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL CHEMISTRY AND ENGINEERING

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

Agricultural chemical investigations: For an additional amount for agricultural chemical investigations, fiscal year 1942, including the objects specified under this heading in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1942, $20,000.
BUREAU OF ENTOMOLOGY AND PLANT QUARANTINE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

Insects affecting man and animals: For an additional amount for insects affecting man and animals, fiscal year 1942, including the objects specified under this heading in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1942, $5,000.

Insect-pest survey and identification: For an additional amount for insect-pest survey and identification, fiscal year 1942, including the objects specified under this heading in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1942, $6,000, of which not to exceed $5,100 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

Foreign plant quarantines: For an additional amount for foreign plant quarantines, fiscal year 1942, including the objects specified under this heading in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1942, $11,500.

BUREAU OF HOME ECONOMICS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

Home economics investigations: For an additional amount for home economics investigations, fiscal year 1942, including the objects specified under this heading in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1942, $20,000, of which not to exceed $19,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

FEDERAL CROP INSURANCE ACT

Administrative and operating expenses: For an additional amount for administrative and operating expenses, Federal Crop Insurance Act, as amended by the Act entitled "An Act to amend the Federal Crop Insurance Act", approved June 21, 1941, including the objects specified under this heading in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1942, and printing and binding, fiscal year 1942, $3,000,000: Provided, That out of the funds appropriated hereby, the Secretary of Agriculture may transfer to the appropriation for the Office of the Solicitor, Department of Agriculture, the sum of $19,460, which shall be in addition to the sums transferred to said appropriation pursuant to the provisions of the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1942: Provided further, That out of the funds appropriated hereby, the Secretary of Agriculture may transfer to the appropriation "Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Agricultural Economics", not to exceed $21,380, which shall be in addition to the sums transferred to said appropriation pursuant to the provisions of the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1942.

BELTSVILLE RESEARCH CENTER

For an additional amount for general administrative purposes, fiscal year 1942, including the objects specified under this heading in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1942, $10,000.

WATER CONSERVATION AND UTILIZATION PROJECTS

To enable the Secretary of Agriculture, through such agencies of the Department of Agriculture as he may designate, to carry out the functions vested in him or in said Department by the Act of October 14, 1940 (54 Stat. 1119), there is hereby transferred from the appropriation "Water conservation and utility projects," contained in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1942, $1,500,000, to be avail-
able until expended: Provided, That out of the funds made available herein, the Secretary of Agriculture may make allotments or transfers of funds to the Office of the Solicitor and to the other agencies of the Department which perform functions under the said Act of October 14, 1940 (54 Stat. 1119).

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

BUREAU OF RECLAMATION

Minidoka project, Idaho: For continuation of construction, $75,000, from the reclamation fund, special fund, fiscal year 1942, to remain available until expended.

For continuation of construction of the following projects in not to exceed the following amounts, respectively, to be expended from the general fund of the Treasury in the same manner and for the same objects as specified for projects in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1942, under the caption “Bureau of Reclamation”, fiscal year 1942, to remain available until expended, and to be reimbursable under the reclamation law:

Grand Coulee Dam project, Washington, $6,000,000; and Tucumcari project, New Mexico, $750,000; in all, $6,750,000.

Salaries: For an additional amount for personal services in the Patent Office in the District of Columbia, fiscal year 1942, $48,000.

Operation and administration: For an additional amount for the general operation and administration of the Bureau, including the objects specified under this head in the “Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1942”, and for the purchase of land adjacent to the Bureau, fiscal year 1942, $10,420: Provided, That not to exceed $50,000 of all funds available to the National Bureau of Standards by appropriation and transfer may be expended for payment of part-time or intermittent employment in the District of Columbia, or elsewhere, of such scientists and technicians as may be contracted for by the Secretary of Commerce, in his discretion, at a rate of pay not exceeding $25 per diem for any person so employed.

Testing, inspection, and information service: For an additional amount for testing at the National Bureau of Standards, including the objects specified under this head in the “Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1942”, and the installation of electric wiring in the concrete test track at the Public Roads Administration proving ground near the District of Columbia, fiscal year 1942, $53,500.

Research and development: For an additional amount for research and development at the National Bureau of Standards, including the objects specified under this head in the “Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1942”, fiscal year 1942, $15,950.

Standards for commerce: For an additional amount for developing standards for commerce, including the objects specified under this head in the “Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1942,” fiscal year 1942, $18,540.

The limitation prescribed in the “Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1942,” on the amount which may be expended for personal services in the National Bureau of Standards in the District of Columbia, is hereby increased from $1,905,000 to $1,961,000.
Advances to Colorado River Dam Fund, Boulder Canyon project: For an additional amount for the construction of the Boulder Dam and incidental works in the main stream of the Colorado River at Black Canyon, fiscal year 1942, $1,750,000, to remain available until advanced to the Colorado River Dam Fund.

**GEOLOGICAL SURVEY**

Strategic and critical minerals: For an additional amount for scientific and economic investigations of strategic and critical minerals in the United States or its Territories or insular possessions, fiscal year 1942, $50,000, including the purchase of office equipment for use in the District of Columbia; and the limitation of $35,000 on the amount which may be expended for services in the District of Columbia under this heading in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1942, is hereby increased to $45,000.

**BUREAU OF MINES**

Investigation of bauxite and alunite ores and aluminum clay deposits: For all necessary expenses for investigations, including laboratory research and procurement of materials therefor, concerning the extent, mode of occurrence, and quality of bauxite and alunite ores and aluminum clays in order to determine domestic sources of supply; to explore and develop on public lands and, with the consent of owners, on private lands, deposits of such ores and clays, including geologic studies and geophysical prospecting; construction, maintenance, and repair of necessary camp buildings and mining structures and appurtenances; including not to exceed $33,000 for personal services in the District of Columbia; purchase (not to exceed $6,000); exchange as part payment for; operation, maintenance and repair of motor-propelled vehicles; professional and scientific books and publications; printing and binding; purchase of such wearing apparel and equipment as may be required for the protection of employees while engaged in their work; and other items otherwise properly chargeable to the appropriation Contingent Expenses, Department of the Interior, fiscal year 1942, to remain available until June 30, 1943, $415,000, of which amount $70,000 (including not to exceed $17,500 for personal services in the District of Columbia) shall be made available to the Geological Survey to carry out the purposes of this appropriation: Provided, That the Secretary of the Interior, acting through the Directors of the Bureau of Mines and the Geological Survey, is hereby authorized to accept buildings, equipment, and other contributions from public or private sources offering to cooperate in carrying out the purposes of this appropriation, and to carry out the projects in cooperation with other departments or agencies of the Federal Government, States and State agencies, and other organizations: Provided further, That section 3709 of the Revised Statutes shall not be construed to apply to this appropriation.

**GOVERNMENT IN THE TERRITORIES**

Legislative expenses, Territory of Alaska: For an additional amount for legislative expenses, Territory of Alaska, fiscal year 1941, $749.39; and the limitations in the appropriation contained under this heading in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1941, are hereby amended to read as follows: "For salaries of members, $21,600; mileage of members, $9,081.60; salaries of employees, $5,140; printing, indexing, and binding journals, stationery, supplies, printing of bills, reports, and so forth, $14,927.79; in all, $50,749.39."

NAVY DEPARTMENT

NAVAL ESTABLISHMENT

BUREAU OF ORDNANCE

Ordnance and Ordnance Stores, Navy, 1942: For an additional amount for Ordnance and Ordnance Stores, Navy, 1942, including the objects and subject to the limitations and conditions applicable to the appropriation under this heading in the "Naval Appropriation Act, 1942," $120,996,000.

BUREAU OF YARDS AND DOCKS

Public works, Bureau of Yards and Docks: The appropriations heretofore made under this heading are hereby made available for the following public works and public utilities at a cost not to exceed the amount stated for each project, respectively:

Overhead structure near Moore Dry Dock Company, Oakland, California, $260,000.

Improvement of Seaside Avenue, Terminal Island, Los Angeles, California, $140,000.

The provisions of section 4 of the Act approved April 25, 1939 (53 Stat. 590-592), shall be applicable to all public works and public-utilities projects provided for the Navy Department in this Act regardless of location: Provided, That the fixed fee to be paid the contractor as a result of any contract hereafter entered into under the authority of this provision shall not exceed 6 per centum of the estimated cost of the contract, exclusive of the fee, as determined by the Secretary of the Navy.

NAVY DEPARTMENT

(Salaries in the District of Columbia)

The appropriations contained in the Naval Appropriation Act, 1942, shall be available for the employment of two additional employees in the Office of the Secretary of the Navy, at salaries per annum in excess of $5,000, but not in excess of the appropriate rates established in accordance with the Classification Act of 1923, as amended.

The last proviso under the heading "Miscellaneous Expenses" in the Naval Appropriation Act, 1942, as amended, is hereby further amended to read as follows: "That no part of this or any other appropriation for the Navy Department or Naval Establishment for the fiscal years 1941 and 1942, or the funds allotted to the Navy Department, shall be available for the employment of a greater number than twelve thousand civilian officers and employees in the Navy Department proper, at Washington, except in pursuance of specific appropriations as to numbers hereafter provided."

The paragraphs in this title under the caption "Navy Department" may be cited as "Title IV, Naval Appropriation Act, 1942".
Salaries: For an additional amount for salaries, fiscal year 1942, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1942, $835,000.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES (DEPARTMENTAL)

For an additional amount for contingent expenses, Department of State, fiscal year 1942, including, in addition to the objects specified under this head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1942, the purchase, maintenance, repair, and operation of one passenger-carrying automobile, $140,000, of which there may be expended not to exceed $28,000 for the purchase of typewriters, adding machines, and other labor-saving devices, including rental, exchange, and repair thereof.

FOREIGN INTERCOURSE

SALARIES, AMBASSADORS AND MINISTERS

The appropriation for salaries of ambassadors and ministers contained in the Department of State Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1942, shall be available for the salary of an Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to Iceland, at the rate of $10,000 per annum.

Contingent Expenses, Foreign Service: For an additional amount for contingent expenses, Foreign Service, fiscal year 1942, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1942, $1,000,000.

Emergencies arising in the Diplomatic and Consular Service: For an additional amount to enable the President to meet unforeseen emergencies arising in the Diplomatic and Consular Service, including the objects and subject to the limitations specified under this heading in the Department of State Appropriation Act for 1942, $1,000,000.

CONTRIBUTIONS, QUOTAS, ET CETERA

For an additional amount for United States contributions to international commissions, congresses, and bureaus, fiscal year 1942, as follows: (1) To meet the contribution of the United States to the Inter-American Indian Institute, under the convention providing for the creation of the Inter-American Indian Institute, signed November 29, 1940, $4,800; and (2) to meet the contribution of the United States to the Inter-American Coffee Board, under the Inter-American Coffee Agreement, signed at Washington, District of Columbia, on November 28, 1940, $8,000, to remain available until September 30, 1942.

For the expenses of organizing and holding in the United States meetings of the national directors of the meteorological services of the countries of the Western Hemisphere, and of Regional Commissions III and IV of the Inter-American Indian Institute, under the convention providing for the creation of the Inter-American Indian Institute, signed November 29, 1940, $4,800; and (2) to meet the contribution of the United States to the Inter-American Coffee Board, under the Inter-American Coffee Agreement, signed at Washington, District of Columbia, on November 28, 1940, $8,000, to remain available until September 30, 1942.

For the expenses of organizing and holding in the United States meetings of the national directors of the meteorological services of the countries of the Western Hemisphere, and of Regional Commissions III and IV of the International Meteorological Organization, fiscal year 1942, as authorized by and in accordance with Public Law 125, approved June 24, 1941, $14,500, to remain available until June 30, 1943.

COOPERATION WITH THE AMERICAN REPUBLICS

The appropriation “Cooperation with the American Republics,” contained in the Department of State Appropriation Act for 1942, is hereby made available for the payment of actual transportation expenses in the United States and abroad and not to exceed $10 per diem, in lieu of subsistence and other expenses, to citizens of the other American republics as specified in said appropriation under such regulations as may be promulgated by the Secretary of State.
TREASURY DEPARTMENT

COAST GUARD

Office of Commandant: For an additional amount for personal services in the District of Columbia, fiscal year 1942, subject to the conditions specified under this head in the Treasury Department Appropriation Act, 1942, $118,000.

Pay and allowances: For an additional amount for pay and allowances, Coast Guard, fiscal year 1942, including the objects specified under this head in the Treasury Department Appropriation Act, 1942, as amended, which appropriation is made available for actual expenses of officers and cadets and quarters and subsistence of enlisted men on shore patrol, emergency shore detail, and other detached duty, or cash in lieu thereof, $6,000,000, and the limitation of $51,621 under this head in such act as modified by the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1941, on the amount which may be expended for recreation, amusement, comfort, contentment, and health of enlisted men is hereby increased to $69,008.

General expenses: For an additional amount for general expenses, Coast Guard, fiscal year 1942, including the objects specified under this head in the Treasury Department Appropriation Act, 1942, as amended, which appropriation is made available for the reconditioning, equipment, and actual necessary expenses of operation of vessels acquired by the Coast Guard under authority of the Coast Guard Auxiliary and Reserve Act of 1941, $432,640.

Construction of vessels and shore facilities: For an additional amount for construction of vessels and shore facilities, Coast Guard, including the objects specified under this head in the Treasury Department Appropriation Act, 1942, $20,557,745, to remain available until expended, of which amount $346,745, together with the unobligated balance of the no-year appropriation “Special projects, vessels, Coast Guard,” shall be available for constructing or purchasing and equipping lighthouse tenders and light vessels for the Coast Guard, $1,936,000 shall be available for the construction of a training station on a site to be donated to the United States Government by the State of Connecticut, and $4,250,000 shall be available for construction or purchase of motorboats and small yachts and for the reconditioning and equipment of motorboats and small yachts acquired by the Coast Guard through purchase or gift or under authority of the Coast Guard Auxiliary and Reserve Act of 1941, and not to exceed 4 percent of said $20,557,745 shall be available for administrative expenses in connection with the accomplishment of the purposes thereof, including personal services in the District of Columbia.

Establishing and improving aids to navigation: For an additional amount for establishing and improving aids to navigation and other works, $436,200, which sum shall be available for all expenditures directly relating thereto.

TITLE III—GENERAL PROVISIONS

Sec. 301. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used to pay the salary or wages of any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided, That for the purposes hereof an affidavit shall be considered prima facie evidence that the person making the affidavit does not advocate, and is not a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided further, That any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence, is guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be punished by a fine of not more than $5,000, and by imprisonment for not more than five years.

Ante, p. 220.

Ante, pp. 221, 564.

Amount for recreation.

Ante, p. 564.

Ante, pp. 221, 564.

Ante, p. 9.

Training station on site to be donated by Connecticut.

Motorboats and small yachts.

Ante, p. 223.

Penalty.
AN ACT

To amend Public Law Numbered 718, Seventy-fifth Congress, approved June 25, 1938.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of section 7 of Public Law Numbered 718, Seventy-fifth Congress, approved June 25, 1938, is hereby amended to read as follows:

“(2) on an annual basis in pursuance of an agreement with his employer, made as a result of collective bargaining by representatives of employees certified as bona fide by the National Labor Relations Board, which provides that the employee shall not be employed more than two thousand and eighty hours during any period of fifty-two consecutive weeks, or”.

Approved, October 29, 1941.

FAIR LABOR STANDARDS ACT OF 1938, AMENDMENT.

29 U. S. C. • 207 (b)(2).

MAXIMUM HOURS OF EMPLOYMENT.

AN ACT

To provide for the admission to Saint Elizabeths Hospital of insane persons belonging to the Foreign Service of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That upon the application of the Secretary of State, the Federal Security Administrator is authorized to admit to Saint Elizabeths Hospital in the District of Columbia, for treatment, American citizens who are Foreign Service officers, as defined in section 2 of the Act of May 24, 1924 (43 Stat. 140), as amended by the Act of February 23, 1931 (46 Stat. 1207; 22 U. S. C. 2), or who are clerks in the Foreign Service classified as provided in section 1 of the Act of February 23, 1931 (46 Stat. 1207; U. S. C. 23 (a)), or who are employees in the Foreign Service and stationed outside the United States, and who are legally adjudged insane in any foreign country and whose legal residence in one of the States, Territories, or the District of Columbia, it has been impossible to establish. Upon the ascertainment of the legal residence of persons so admitted to the hospital, the superintendent of the hospital shall thereupon transfer such persons to their respective places of residence, and the expenses attendant thereon shall be paid from the appropriation for the support of the hospital.

Upon the request of any such patient, his relatives or friends, he shall have a hearing in the District Court of the United States for the District of Columbia upon his mental condition and the right of the superintendent of Saint Elizabeths Hospital to hold him for treatment.

Approved, October 29, 1941.
[CHAPTER 464] JOINT RESOLUTION

To amend section 124 of the Internal Revenue Code by extending the time for applications, and changing the procedure, for certification of national-defense facilities and contracts for amortization purposes.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 124 (f) (1) of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended, is amended to read as follows:

"(1) There shall be included only so much of the amount otherwise constituting such adjusted basis as is properly attributable to such construction, reconstruction, erection, installation, or acquisition after June 10, 1940, as either the Secretary of War or the Secretary of the Navy has certified as necessary in the interest of national defense during the emergency period, which certification shall be under such regulations as may be prescribed from time to time by the Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy, with the approval of the President."

Sec. 2. Section 124 (f) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended, is amended by striking out "sixty days" and inserting in lieu thereof "six months" and by striking out "February 6, 1941" and inserting in lieu thereof "December 1, 1941".

Sec. 3. Section 124 (i) of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended, is amended to read as follows:

"PROTECTION OF THE UNITED STATES.—If the taxpayer has been or will be reimbursed by the United States for all or a part of the cost of any emergency facility pursuant to any contract (in excess of $15,000 in amount) with the United States, made on its behalf after December 31, 1939, by the War Department, the Navy Department, the United States Maritime Commission, or such other department or agency as the President may designate, either—

"(1) directly, by a provision therein dealing expressly with such reimbursement, or

"(2) indirectly, because the price paid by the United States (insofar as return of cost of the facility is used by the United States as a factor in the fixing of such price) is recognized by the contract as including a return of cost greater than the normal exhaustion, wear, and tear: Provided, That no such greater return of cost shall be deemed to have been used as a factor in the fixing of such price when the negotiating or contracting officer reports that after careful consideration he is satisfied that such greater return was not included in the price:

no amortization deduction with respect to such emergency facility shall be allowed for any month after the end of the month in which such contract is made unless either the Secretary of War or the Secretary of the Navy certifies to the Commissioner that the interest of the United States is adequately protected with reference to the future use and disposition of such emergency facility. A certificate of like effect may also be issued with respect to emergency facilities for which the taxpayer has not been or will not be so reimbursed. A certificate by either the Secretary of War or the Secretary of the Navy made to the Commissioner, to the effect that under any such contract, reimbursement for all or a part of the cost of any emergency facility is not provided for within the meaning of clause (1) or clause (2), shall be conclusive for the purposes of this subsection. Except in cases of applications therefor filed before December 1, 1941, the certificates provided for under this subsection shall have no effect unless an application therefor is filed either before the expiration of six
months after the making of such contract or before the expiration of sixty days after the making of a certificate under subsection (f), whichever is later.

"The reports of negotiating and contracting officers and the certificates provided for in this subsection shall be issued under such regulations as may be prescribed from time to time by the Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy, with the approval of the President.

"The terms and conditions of contracts with reference to reimbursement of the cost of emergency facilities and the protecting of the United States with reference to the future use and disposition of such emergency facilities shall be made available to the public."

Sec. 4. The amendments made by this joint resolution to section 124 of the Internal Revenue Code shall be applicable as if they were a part of such section on the date of the enactment of the Second Revenue Act of 1940.

Approved, October 30, 1941.

[CHAPTER 465] AN ACT

October 30, 1941

To authorize Army officers designated by the Secretary of War to take final action on reports of survey and vouchers pertaining to the loss, damage, spoilage, unserviceability, unsuitability, or destruction of Government property.

"Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That hereafter those officers of the Army designated by the Secretary of War, under such regulations as he may prescribe, may take action upon reports of survey and all other vouchers pertaining to the loss, damage, spoilage, unserviceability, unsuitability, or destruction of property of the United States under the control of the War Department, and the action taken by any such officer on said surveys or vouchers shall be final: Provided, That in a case where any person or concern is held pecuniarily liable for the loss, damage, spoilage, or destruction of property of the United States under the control of the War Department, such findings shall not be final until approved by the Secretary of War or by the Chief of Finance acting under the authority of the Secretary of War.

Approved, October 30, 1941.

[CHAPTER 466] AN ACT

October 30, 1941

To provide for pay and allowances and mileage or transportation for certain officers and enlisted men of the Naval Reserve and Marine Corps Reserve and retired officers and enlisted men of the Navy and Marine Corps.

"Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That officers and enlisted men of the Naval Reserve and Marine Corps Reserve and retired officers and enlisted men of the Navy and Marine Corps who were ordered to active duty on or after September 8, 1939, contingent on physical qualification therefor, and who were found physically qualified, and reported for duty under such orders, shall be entitled to active-duty pay and allowances and to transportation or mileage for the time and distances actually required to perform the necessary travel by the shortest usually traveled route from home to place of active duty, via the place of physical examination, and for the time actually required in undergoing the physical examination: Provided, That such personnel examined and found not physically qualified for
liquidation (pursuant to section 3 or section 4 of this Act) of any other property so accepted, and the proceeds of insurance on any such gift property not used for its restoration, shall be deposited in the Treasury of the United States and are hereby appropriated and shall be held in trust by the Secretary of the Treasury for the benefit of Saint Elizabeths Hospital, and he may invest and reinvest such funds in interest-bearing obligations of the United States or in obligations guaranteed as to both principal and interest by the United States. The income from such investments shall be available for expenditure in the improvement, maintenance, or operation of Saint Elizabeths Hospital, subject to the same examination and audit as provided for appropriations made for Saint Elizabeths Hospital by Congress.

Sec. 3. The evidences of any unconditional gift of intangible personal property, other than money, accepted pursuant to the authority granted in section 1 of this Act shall be deposited with the Secretary of the Treasury and he, in his discretion, may hold them or may liquidate them whenever in his judgment the purposes of the gifts will be served thereby. The income from any such property held by the Secretary of the Treasury shall be available for expenditure as is provided in section 2 of this Act.

Sec. 4. The Federal Security Administrator shall hold any real property or any tangible personal property accepted unconditionally pursuant to the authority granted in section 1 of this Act and he shall permit such property to be used for the improvement, maintenance, or operation of Saint Elizabeths Hospital or he may lease or hire such property, and may insure such property, and deposit the income thereof with the Secretary of the Treasury to be available for expenditure as provided in section 2 of this Act: Provided, That the income from any such real property or tangible personal property shall be available for expenditure in the discretion of the Federal Security Administrator for the maintenance, preservation, or repair and insurance of such property and that any proceeds from insurance may be used to restore the property insured. Any such property when not required for the improvement or operation of the Saint Elizabeths Hospital may be liquidated by the Federal Security Administrator whenever in his judgment the purposes of the gifts will be served thereby.

Approved, November 7, 1941.
Commissions.

Sec. 3. Aviation pilots of the Naval Reserve or the Marine Corps Reserve may, if qualified under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of the Navy, be commissioned as ensigns in the Naval Reserve or second lieutenants in the Marine Corps Reserve.

Sec. 4. Any student aviation pilot or aviation pilot designated as such in accordance with sections 1 and 2 of this Act may at any time, in the discretion of such administrative authority as the Secretary of the Navy may designate, be discharged or released from active duty.

Sec. 5. Student aviation pilots shall, while undergoing training, be issued necessary uniforms and equipment at Government expense.

Sec. 6. Enlisted personnel of the Naval Reserve and Marine Corps Reserve, while on active duty undergoing training leading to designation as aviation pilot, and thereafter while on continuous active duty in an enlisted status with designation as aviation pilot, shall be issued Government life insurance in the amount of $10,000, under the National Service Life Insurance Act of 1940 (Public, Numbered 801, Seventy-sixth Congress, title VI, part I), the premiums for which shall be paid from the current appropriations "Pay, subsistence and transportation, Navy", "Naval Reserve", or "Pay, Marine Corps", as may be appropriate. Upon release from active duty or discharge such enlisted personnel, or, upon commissioning pursuant to section 3 of this Act, such commissioned officers shall have the option of continuing such insurance at their own expense.

Sec. 7. The provisions of this Act, except as may be necessary to adapt the same thereto, shall apply to regular enlisted members of the Coast Guard Reserve in relationship to the Coast Guard in the same manner and to the same extent and with the same relative conditions in all respects, including availability of applicable appropriations, as are provided for enlisted men of the Naval Reserve in relationship to the Navy, and the authority conferred upon the Secretary of the Navy in respect to the Navy is similarly conferred upon the Secretary of the Treasury in respect to the Coast Guard.

Approved, November 5, 1941.

[CHAPTER 469] AN ACT

To authorize the Federal Security Administrator to accept gifts for Saint Elizabeths Hospital and to provide for the administration of such gifts.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Federal Security Administrator is authorized to accept on behalf of the United States gifts made unconditionally by will or otherwise for the improvement, maintenance, or operation of Saint Elizabeths Hospital in the District of Columbia. Conditional gifts may be so accepted if recommended by the Surgeon General of the Public Health Service, and the principal of and income from any such conditional gift shall be held, invested, reinvested, and used in accordance with its conditions, but no gift shall be accepted which is conditioned upon any expenditure not to be met therefrom or from the income thereof unless such expenditure has been approved by Act of Congress.

Sec. 2. Any unconditional gift of money accepted pursuant to the authority granted in section 1 of this Act, the net proceeds from the
liquidation (pursuant to section 3 or section 4 of this Act) of any other property so accepted, and the proceeds of insurance on any such gift property not used for its restoration, shall be deposited in the Treasury of the United States and are hereby appropriated and shall be held in trust by the Secretary of the Treasury for the benefit of Saint Elizabeths Hospital, and he may invest and reinvest such funds in interest-bearing obligations of the United States or in obligations guaranteed as to both principal and interest by the United States. The income from such investments shall be available for expenditure in the improvement, maintenance, or operation of Saint Elizabeths Hospital, subject to the same examination and audit as provided for appropriations made for Saint Elizabeths Hospital by Congress.

Sec. 3. The evidences of any unconditional gift of intangible personal property, other than money, accepted pursuant to the authority granted in section 1 of this Act shall be deposited with the Secretary of the Treasury and he, in his discretion, may hold them or may liquidate them whenever in his judgment the purposes of the gifts will be served thereby. The income from any such property held by the Secretary of the Treasury shall be available for expenditure as is provided in section 2 of this Act.

Sec. 4. The Federal Security Administrator shall hold any real property or any tangible personal property accepted unconditionally pursuant to the authority granted in section 1 of this Act and he shall permit such property to be used for the improvement, maintenance, or operation of Saint Elizabeths Hospital or he may lease or hire such property, and may insure such property, and deposit the income thereof with the Secretary of the Treasury to be available for expenditure as provided in section 2 of this Act: Provided, That the income from any such real property or tangible personal property shall be available for expenditure in the discretion of the Federal Security Administrator for the maintenance, preservation, or repair and insurance of such property and that any proceeds from insurance may be used to restore the property insured. Any such property when not required for the improvement or operation of the Saint Elizabeths Hospital may be liquidated by the Federal Security Administrator whenever in his judgment the purposes of the gifts will be served thereby.

Approved, November 7, 1941.

[CHAPTER 470]

AN ACT

To provide for apportioning Representatives in Congress among the several States by the equal proportions method.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 22 of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the fifteenth and subsequent decennial censuses and to provide for apportionment of Representatives in Congress", approved June 18, 1929, as amended, is amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 22. (a) On the first day, or within one week thereafter, of the first regular session of the Eighty-second Congress and of each fifth Congress thereafter, the President shall transmit to the Congress a statement showing the whole number of persons in each State, excluding Indians not taxed, as ascertained under the seventeenth and each subsequent decennial census of the population, and the number of Representatives to which each State would be entitled

Approved, November 7, 1941.

November 7, 1941
39 Stat. 2661
[Public Law 291]
under an apportionment of the then existing number of Representatives by the method known as the method of equal proportions, no State to receive less than one Member.

“(b) Each State shall be entitled, in the Eighty-third Congress and in each Congress thereafter until the taking effect of a reapportionment under this section or subsequent statute, to the number of Representatives shown in the statement required by subsection (a) of this section, no State to receive less than one Member. It shall be the duty of the Clerk of the House of Representatives, within fifteen calendar days after the receipt of such statement, to send to the executive of each State a certificate of the number of Representatives to which such State is entitled under this section. In case of a vacancy in the office of Clerk, or of his absence or inability to discharge this duty, then such duty shall devolve upon the Sergeant at Arms of the House of Representatives; and in case of vacancies in the office of both the Clerk and the Sergeant at Arms, or the absence or inability of both to act, such duty shall devolve upon the Doorkeeper of the House of Representatives.

“(c) Until a State is redistricted in the manner provided by the law thereof after any apportionment, the Representatives to which such State is entitled under such apportionment shall be elected in the following manner: (1) If there is no change in the number of Representatives, they shall be elected from the districts then prescribed by the law of such State, and if any of them are elected from the State at large they shall continue to be so elected; (2) if there is an increase in the number of Representatives, such additional Representative or Representatives shall be elected from the State at large and the other Representatives from the districts then prescribed by the law of such State; (3) if there is a decrease in the number of Representatives but the number of districts in such State is equal to such decreased number of Representatives, they shall be elected from the districts then prescribed by the law of such State; (4) if there is a decrease in the number of Representatives but the number of districts in such State is less than such number of Representatives, the number of Representatives by which such number of districts is exceeded shall be elected from the State at large and the other Representatives from the districts then prescribed by the law of such State; or (5) if there is a decrease in the number of Representatives and the number of districts in such State exceeds such decreased number of Representatives, they shall be elected from the State at large."

SEC. 2. (a) Each State shall be entitled, in the Seventy-eighth and in each Congress thereafter until the taking effect of a reapportionment under a subsequent statute or such section 22, as amended by this Act, to the number of Representatives shown in the statement transmitted to the Congress on January 8, 1941, based upon the method known as the method of equal proportions, no State to receive less than one Member.

(b) If before the enactment of this Act a certificate has been sent to the executive of any State under the provisions of such section 22, as in force before the enactment of this Act, the Clerk of the House of Representatives shall, within fifteen calendar days after the date of enactment of this Act, send a new certificate to such executive stating the number of Representatives to which such State is entitled under this section.

Approved, November 15, 1941.
AN ACT
Providing for the security of United States naval vessels, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in addition to those duties now imposed by law on the Coast Guard by virtue of the Acts of March 4, 1915 (38 Stat. 1053; 33 U. S. C. 471), June 15, 1917 (40 Stat. 220; 50 U. S. C. 191), and June 22, 1936 (49 Stat. 1820; U. S. C., Supp. V, title 14, sec. 46), it shall be the duty of the captain of the port, Coast Guard district commander, or other officer of the Coast Guard designated by the Commandant thereof, or the Governor of the Panama Canal in the case of the territory and waters of the Canal Zone, to so control the anchorage and movement of any vessel, foreign or domestic, in the territorial waters of the United States, as to insure the safety or security of such United States naval vessels as may be present in his jurisdiction: Provided, That in territorial waters of the United States where immediate action is required, or where representatives of the Coast Guard are not present, or not present in sufficient force to exercise effective control of shipping as provided herein, the senior naval officer present in command of any naval force may control the anchorage or movement of any vessel, foreign or domestic, to the extent deemed necessary to insure the safety and security of his command.

SEC. 2. When the Coast Guard operates as a part of the Navy pursuant to section 1 of the Act of January 28, 1915 (38 Stat. 800; U. S. C., title 14, sec. 1), as amended, the powers conferred on the Secretary of the Treasury by section 1, title II, of the Act of June 15, 1917 (40 Stat. 220; U. S. C., title 50, sec. 191), shall vest in and be exercised by the Secretary of the Navy.

SEC. 3. Section 2, title II, Act of June 15, 1917 (40 Stat. 220; U. S. C., title 50, sec. 192), is hereby amended by striking therefrom the words "by the Secretary of the Treasury or the Governor of the Panama Canal".

SEC. 4. Nothing in this Act shall be construed as affecting the authority conferred upon the Governor of The Panama Canal by the second paragraph of section 1, title II, Act of June 15, 1917 (40 Stat. 220; U. S. C., title 50, sec. 191), notwithstanding the provisions of section 2 of this Act; nor shall anything in this Act be construed as affecting the powers and authority conferred by section 8 of title 2, Canal Zone Code, June 19, 1934 (37 Stat. 569, U. S. C., title 48, sec. 1306).

Approved, November 15, 1941.

AN ACT
To amend the Criminal Code in respect to fires on the public domain or Indian lands or on certain lands owned or leased by, or under the partial, concurrent, or exclusive jurisdiction of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 52 of the Criminal Code (Act of March 4, 1909, sec. 52; 35 Stat. 1098, United States Code, title 18, sec. 106) is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 52. Whoever shall willfully and without authority so to do set on fire or cause to be set on fire any timber, underbrush, or grass or other inflammable material upon the public domain or upon any lands owned or leased by or under the partial, concurrent, or exclusive jurisdiction of the United States which are included in a park, forest, monument, historical park, military park, battlefield site,
parkway, recreational area, seashore, lake shore, cemetery, recreational demonstration project, wildlife refuge, grazing district, or stock driveway, or upon any land title to which was re vested in the United States under the Act of June 9, 1916 (39 Stat. 218), or upon any land reconveyed to the United States under the Act of February 26, 1919 (40 Stat. 1179), or upon any lands owned by the United States and under the jurisdiction of the Forest Service or the Bureau of Animal Industry or administered under title III of the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act (50 Stat. 522, 525), or upon any lands under contract for purchase or for the acquisition of which condemnation proceedings have been instituted under the Act of March 1, 1911 (36 Stat. 961), as amended, or title III of the said Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act, or under statutory authority for addition to a park or wildlife refuge or upon any Indian reservation or lands belonging to or occupied by any tribe or group of Indians under authority of the United States, or upon any Indian allotment while the title to the same shall be held in trust by the Government, or while the same shall remain inalienable by the allottee without the consent of the United States, unless an allottee sets or causes to be set any fire in the reasonable exercise of his proprietary rights in the allotment, shall be fined not more than $5,000 or imprisoned not more than five years, or both.”

Sec. 2. Section 53 of the Criminal Code, as amended (Act of June 25, 1910, sec. 6, 36 Stat. 587; United States Code, title 18, sec. 107), is hereby amended to read as follows:

“Sec. 53. Whoever shall build a fire or cause a fire to be built in or near any forest, timber, or other inflammable material upon any lands owned, controlled or leased by, or under the partial, concurrent, or exclusive jurisdiction of the United States, including lands under contract for purchase or for the acquisition of which condemnation proceedings have been instituted under the Act of March 1, 1911 (36 Stat. 961), as amended, or under title III of the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act (50 Stat. 522, 525), or under statutory authority for addition to a park or wildlife refuge, any Indian reservation, or lands belonging to or occupied by any tribe or group of Indians under the authority of the United States, or any Indian allotment while the title to the same shall be held in trust by the United States, or while the same shall remain inalienable by the allottee without the consent of the United States, shall, before leaving said fire, totally extinguish the same; and whoever shall neglect and omit totally to extinguish said fire or whoever shall permit or suffer said fire to burn or spread beyond his control or whoever shall leave or suffer said fire to burn unattended in such places, shall be fined not more than $500 or imprisoned not more than six months without hard labor, or both.”

Approved, November 15, 1941.

[CHAPTER 473]

JOINT RESOLUTION

To repeal sections 2, 3, and 6 of the Neutrality Act of 1939, and for other purposes.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 2 of the Neutrality Act of 1939 (relating to commerce with States engaged in armed conflict), and section 3 of such Act (relating to combat areas), are hereby repealed.

Sec. 2. Section 6 of the Neutrality Act of 1939 (relating to the arming of American vessels) is hereby repealed; and, during the unlimited national emergency proclaimed by the President on May 27, 1941, the President is authorized, through such agency as he may designate, to
arm, or to permit or cause to be armed, any American vessel as defined in such Act. The provisions of section 16 of the Criminal Code (relating to bonds from armed vessels on clearing) shall not apply to any such vessel.

Approved, November 17, 1941, 4:30 p. m., E. S. T.

[CHAPTER 474] AN ACT

To supplement the Federal Aid Road Act, approved July 11, 1916, as amended and supplemented, to authorize appropriations during the national emergency declared by the President on May 27, 1941, for the immediate construction of roads urgently needed for the national defense, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That as used in this Act the term "strategic network of highways" means all existing or proposed highways which conform to routes designated on the diagrammatic map of principal highway traffic routes of military importance dated October 25, 1940, revised to May 15, 1941, and approved by the Secretary of War. The Federal Works Administrator is authorized to designate existing or proposed highways conforming to such approved routes and interconnections as lines of the strategic network of highways. The location of any strategic highway route between control points shown on the revised diagrammatic map of May 15, 1941, may, without regard to State lines, be changed by the Federal Works Administrator, but no such change shall increase the length of such route between the termini of such change by more than 10 per centum.

SEC. 2. EXTENSION OF FEDERAL-AID SYSTEM.—Notwithstanding the limitations in section 6 of the Federal Highway Act, as amended and supplemented, respecting the mileage of the system of Federal-aid highways, such system of highways in any State may be extended to include, and there may be approved as a part of such system of highways in such State, any of the lines of the strategic network of highways.

SEC. 3. EXTENSION OF SECONDARY ROAD SYSTEM.—Funds heretofore or hereafter made available for expenditure under the provisions of the Federal Highway Act, as amended and supplemented, for secondary or feeder roads are hereby also made available for expenditure on any roads (including bridges thereon) which are lines of the strategic network of highways and are not on the system of Federal-aid highways.

SEC. 4. STRATEGIC HIGHWAY NETWORK.—(a) For carrying out projects to correct critical deficiencies in lines of the strategic network of highways and bridges, during the continuance of the emergency declared by the President on May 27, 1941, there is hereby authorized to be appropriated the sum of $25,000,000. Such sum shall be immediately apportioned among the States in accordance with the provisions of section 21 of the Federal Highway Act, as amended and supplemented, and shall be expended in accordance with the provisions of such Act, as amended and supplemented: Provided, That during the continuance of the emergency declared by the President on May 27, 1941, when funds heretofore, herein, or hereafter made available for expenditure in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Highway Act, as amended and supplemented, on the system of Federal-aid highways, or on secondary or feeder roads, are expended for any project on the strategic network of highways, including all such projects under construction during the period of said emergency, the Federal share payable on account of any such project shall be increased to three-fourths of the total cost thereof, plus a percentage...
Appropriation authorized.
6 F. R. 2617.

42 Stat. 217.

Action upon projects submitted by States.
49 Stat. 1519.

Proviso.
Construction and improvement.
Rights-of-way.

Appropriation authorized.
Post, p. 821.
6 F. R. 2617.

Proviso.

of the remaining one-fourth of such cost in any State containing unappropriated and unreserved public lands and nontaxable Indian lands, individual and tribal, exceeding 5 per centum of the total area of all lands therein, equal to the percentage that the area of such lands in such State is of its total area.

(b) There is hereby authorized to be appropriated, during the continuance of the emergency declared by the President on May 27, 1941, the sum of $25,000,000, which shall, after the enactment of this Act, be allocated by the Federal Works Administrator to States for projects within such States without regard to the apportionment provisions of section 21 of the Federal Highway Act, as amended and supplemented, and shall be available for expenditure in accordance with the provisions of this Act, to supplement other Federal highway funds now or hereafter available for use for projects for the reconstruction and replacement of critically deficient bridges and the correction of other critical deficiencies in the strategic network of highways.

(c) Upon apportionment or allocation to the States of the sums authorized to be appropriated by this section, the State highway departments may submit projects, and such projects shall be acted upon and may be approved, in the same manner and with like effect as in the case of projects submitted for approval in accordance with the provisions of subsection (b) of the first section of the Highway Act approved June 16, 1936.

Sec. 5. Reapportionment of Federal Highway Funds.—Federal funds apportioned to the States prior to December 31, 1941, for expenditure on the system of Federal-aid highways, on secondary or feeder roads, and for the elimination of hazards to life at railroad grade crossings in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Highway Act, as amended and supplemented, which have not on that date been obligated by the State shall if not so obligated on or before June 30, 1943, be immediately reapportioned among the States in accordance with the provisions of said Act, as amended and supplemented: Provided, That any State or States which have not so obligated such apportioned funds on June 30, 1943, shall not be entitled to share in the reapportionment provided for by this section.

Sec. 6. Access Roads.—The Commissioner of Public Roads is authorized to provide for the construction and improvement of access roads (including bridges, tubes and tunnels thereon) to military and naval reservations, to defense industries and defense-industry sites, and to the sources of raw materials when such roads are certified to the Federal Works Administrator as important to the national defense by the Secretary of War or the Secretary of the Navy, and for replacing existing highways and highway connections that are shut off from general public use by necessary closures or restrictions at military and naval reservations and defense-industry sites. The acquisition of new or additional rights-of-way necessary for such projects may, to the extent determined by the Federal Works Administrator, be included as part of the construction of such projects and Federal funds shall be available to pay the cost of such acquisition.

For carrying out the purpose of this section there is hereby authorized to be appropriated during the continuance of the emergency declared by the President on May 27, 1941, the sum of $150,000,000, which shall be available, without regard to apportionment among the several States, for paying all or any part of the cost thereof: Provided, however, That in determining the expenditure of the funds under this section due consideration shall be given to projects for such roads in States which have heretofore expended their own funds for
the immediate construction of roads and highways deemed essential to the national defense, which roads and highways but for the action of such States would be properly considered for construction with Federal funds under the provisions of this section.

Sec. 7. ADVANCE OF FUNDS.—If the Commissioner of Public Roads shall determine that it is necessary for the expeditious completion of projects undertaken pursuant to this Act, he may advance to any State from funds heretofore or hereafter made available the Federal share of the cost thereof to enable the State highway department to make prompt payments for work as it progresses. The funds so advanced shall be deposited in a special trust account by the State treasurer, or other State official authorized under the laws of the State to receive Federal-aid highway funds, to be disbursed solely upon vouchers approved by the State highway department for work actually performed in accordance with plans, specifications, and estimates approved by the Public Roads Administration under the provisions of this Act. Any unexpended balances of funds so advanced shall be returned to the credit of the appropriation from which the funds have been advanced.

Sec. 8. FLIGHT STRIPS.—In order to insure greater safety for traffic on the public highways by providing additional facilities in connection therewith to be available for the landing and take-off of aircraft, the Commissioner of Public Roads is authorized to provide, in cooperation with the Army Air Corps, for studies and for the construction of flight strips adjacent to public highways or roadside-development areas along such highways. The acquisition of new or additional lands necessary for such projects may, to the extent determined by the Federal Works Administrator, be included as part of the construction thereof and Federal funds shall be available to pay the cost of such acquisition. For carrying out the purposes of this section, there is hereby authorized to be appropriated during the continuance of the emergency declared by the President on May 27, 1941, in addition to any funds that may be available under any other appropriation, the sum of $10,000,000, which shall be available, without regard to apportionment among the several States, for paying all or any part of the cost of such projects.

Sec. 9. SURVEYS AND PLANS.—The Commissioner of Public Roads is authorized to make such surveys and plans as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this Act, including advance engineering surveys and plans for future development of the strategic network of highways and bypasses around and extensions into and through municipalities and metropolitan areas. Any funds available for carrying out any of the purposes of sections 4, 6, and 8, of this Act may be used for paying the Federal share of the cost of the surveys and plans required for such purposes, respectively, and the necessary administrative expenses for carrying out the provisions of this Act shall be made available in accordance with the provisions of section 21 of the Federal Highway Act. By agreement with the State highway department of any State, any project carried out in such State under the provisions of this section may be carried out through or in cooperation with the highway department of such State. For carrying out advance engineering surveys there is hereby authorized to be appropriated during the continuance of the emergency declared by the President on May 27, 1941, for apportionment among the States in accordance with the provisions of section 21 of the Federal Highway Act, as amended and supplemented, the sum of $10,000,000. Such sum shall be matched with State funds on the pro rata basis heretofore provided by law.
SEC. 10. EMERGENCY REPAIRS.—The Commissioner of Public Roads is authorized to reimburse the several States for the necessary rehabilitation or repair of roads and highways of States or their subdivisions substantially damaged by the Army or the Navy, or both. The Commissioner is authorized on behalf of the United States to consider, ascertain, adjust, and determine any claim accruing subsequent to May 27, 1941, submitted by the State highway department of any State, in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Commissioner, for reimbursement of the cost of such rehabilitation or repair.

Such amount as may be found to be due to any claimant shall be certified to Congress for payment out of appropriations that may be made by Congress therefor, together with a brief statement of the character of each claim, the amount claimed, and the amount allowed: Provided, That no claim shall be considered by the Commissioner unless notice of intention to file such claim has been presented to him within thirty days after the occurrence of the damage upon which the claim is based, except that in case of damage caused by maneuvers such notice shall be filed within thirty days after completion of such maneuvers: And provided further, That in either case such notice of damage accruing before the passage of this Act shall be filed within thirty days after the passage thereof.

SEC. 11. OFF-STREET PARKING.—In order to facilitate the flow of traffic on sections of the strategic network of highways forming bypasses around and connections into and through municipalities and metropolitan areas, the Commissioner of Public Roads is authorized to cooperate with the States in the location, development, and construction of off-street facilities for the parking of vehicles, and projects for providing such facilities shall be considered to be highway projects. Where provision is made by any State for the permanent prohibition of parking of vehicles within the roadway or street portion of any through highway over which the State has been legally vested with traffic control and which forms a section of the strategic network of highways, funds heretofore or hereafter made available for expenditure in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Highway Act, as amended and supplemented, for construction and reconstruction on the system of Federal-aid highways, are hereby also made available, on the pro rata basis heretofore provided by law, for the location, development, and construction of off-street vehicle parking facilities to serve the area where parking on such highway is so prohibited, including the cost of acquiring the lands necessary for such facilities: Provided, That the Federal Works Administrator is authorized and directed to withhold from any allotment of Federal highway funds to any State a sum equal to the Federal share of the cost of any off-street parking facilities upon the failure of such State adequately to enforce such permanent prohibition of parking of vehicles within the roadway or street portion in connection with which Federal funds have been expended for the construction of such off-street parking facilities: And provided further, That the authority contained in this section shall not be exercised unless the Commissioner of Public Roads finds that the Federal share of the cost of providing such off-street parking facilities will be materially less than the Federal share of the cost of widening or relocating the section of the strategic network of highways which such off-street parking facilities are designed to serve, and that the benefits to be derived from the construction of off-street parking facilities will be substantially as great as the benefits to be derived from such widening or relocation.

SEC. 12. COST OF RIGHT-OF-WAY ON STRATEGIC HIGHWAY NETWORK.—When funds heretofore or hereafter made available for
expenditure in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Highway Act, as amended and supplemented, are expended for any project on the strategic network of highways the acquisition of new or additional rights-of-way necessary for such project may, to the extent determined by the Federal Works Administrator, be included as part of the construction of such project and Federal funds shall be available, to the extent determined by the Federal Works Administrator, to pay a share of the costs of such acquisition.

SEC. 13. Cost of Right-of-Way in Grade-Crossing Elimination.—When funds heretofore or hereafter made available for expenditure in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Highway Act, as amended and supplemented, for the elimination of hazards to life at railroad grade crossings are expended for any project on the strategic network of highways, the acquisition of new or additional rights-of-way necessary for such project may, to the extent determined by the Federal Works Administrator, be included as part of the construction of such project and such funds shall be available, to the extent determined by the Administrator, to pay a share of the costs of such acquisition.

SEC. 14. Acquisition of Rights-of-Way.—By agreement with the State highway department of any State, such new or additional rights-of-way, lands, or interests in lands in such State as may be required for any project authorized by this Act, may be acquired by such highway department or by any political subdivision of such State, and the Commissioner of Public Roads may advance or reimburse the share of the cost of such acquisition payable by the Federal Government: Provided, however, That if the Federal Works Administrator shall determine that the highway department of any State is unable to obtain possession and the right to enter upon and use the required rights-of-way, lands, or interests in lands in such State as may be required for any project authorized by this Act, may be acquired by such highway department or by any political subdivision of such State, and the Commissioner of Public Roads may advance or reimburse the share of the cost of such acquisition payable by the Federal Government: Provided, however, That if the Federal Works Administrator shall determine that the highway department of any State is unable to obtain possession and the right to enter upon and use the required rights-of-way, lands, or interests in lands in such State as may be required for any project authorized by this Act, may be acquired by such highway department or by any political subdivision of such State, and the Commissioner of Public Roads may advance or reimburse the share of the cost of such acquisition payable by the Federal Government.

The Federal Works Administrator is further authorized and directed, by proper deed executed in the name of the United States, to convey any lands or interest in lands acquired in any State under the provisions of this section to the highway department of such State, or to such political subdivision thereof as its laws may provide, upon condition that such highway department or political subdivisions will accept the same and will maintain the project constructed thereon.

SEC. 15. Road Work for Federal Agencies.—The Commissioner of Public Roads is authorized, upon the request of any branch of the Federal Government, to perform any service in connection with the
construction of roads or bridges, including the preparation of plans, designs, specifications and estimates, the execution of contracts, and supervision of the work, payment of all costs involved in such work to be made by transfer of funds in accordance with the provisions of section 7 of the Act approved May 21, 1920 (41 Stat. 613), as amended.

Sec. 16. Detail of Employees as Students.—During any fiscal year the Commissioner of Public Roads is hereby authorized, in his discretion, to detail not to exceed ten of the regularly employed personnel of the Public Roads Administration as students for limited periods at such technical institutions as will enable such personnel to acquire special knowledge which will better fit them for the lines of work to which they are assigned: Provided, That no expense other than the salaries of personnel so detailed and the cost of tuition and other regular fees required at such institutions shall be incurred by the United States under this section.

Sec. 17. Detail of Army and Navy Officers.—The Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy, upon request of the Federal Works Administrator, are authorized to make temporary details to the Public Roads Administration of officers of the Army and officers of the Navy, without additional compensation, for technical advice and for consultation regarding highway needs for the national defense: Provided, That the travel and subsistence expenses of officers so detailed shall be paid, from appropriations available to the Public Roads Administration, on the same basis as authorized by law and by regulations of the War Department for officers of the Army and by law and by regulations of the Navy Department for officers of the Navy.

Sec. 18. This Act may be cited as the “Defense Highway Act of 1941”.

Approved, November 19, 1941.

AN ACT

To authorize the incorporated city of Ketchikan, Alaska, to undertake certain public works and for such purpose to issue bonds in a sum not exceeding $250,000.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the incorporated city of Ketchikan, Alaska, is hereby authorized and empowered (1) to construct, furnish, and equip a new public-school building, including the purchase and clearing of the necessary site therefor; (2) to reconstruct and remodel for use as a high school the present public-school building which is now jointly used for grade and high-school purposes; (3) to construct, furnish, and equip a new fire hall for use of the city and to tear down and remove the present building used for that purpose which is no longer safe or adequate; and for such purposes to issue bonds in any amount not exceeding $250,000, the same to be in excess of the present bonded indebtedness of said city.

Sec. 2. Before said bonds shall be issued a special election shall be ordered by the common council of the said city of Ketchikan, Alaska, at which election the question of whether such bonds shall be issued in any amount not exceeding $250,000 for any or all of the purposes hereinbefore set forth shall be submitted to the qualified electors of said city of Ketchikan, Alaska, whose names appear on the last assessment roll of said city for purposes of municipal taxation. The form of the ballot shall be such that the electors may vote for or
against the issuance of bonds in any amount not exceeding $250,000 for any or all of the purposes herein specified. Not less than twenty days' notice of such election shall be given to the public by posting notices of same in three conspicuous places within the corporate limits of the city of Ketchikan, Alaska, one of which shall be at the front door of the United States post office at Ketchikan, Alaska. The election notices shall state that bonds in any amount not exceeding $250,000 are proposed to be issued for the purposes, or any of them, herein specified. The registration for such election, the manner of conducting the same, and the canvass of the returns of said election shall be, as nearly as practicable, in accordance with the requirements of law in general or special elections in said municipality; and such bonds shall be issued for the purposes herein authorized only upon condition that not less than 55 per centum of the votes cast at such election in said municipality shall be in favor of the issuance of said bonds for such purpose or purposes.

Sec. 3. The bonds herein authorized shall be coupon in form and shall mature in not to exceed thirty years from the date thereof. Such bonds may bear such date or dates, may be in such denomination or denominations, may mature in such amounts and at such time or times, not exceeding thirty years from the date thereof, may be payable at such place or places, may be sold at either public or private sale, may be nonredeemable or redeemable (either with or without premium), and may carry such registration privileges as to either principal and interest, or principal only, as shall be prescribed by the common council of said city of Ketchikan. The bonds shall bear the signatures of the mayor and of the clerk of the city of Ketchikan, and shall have impressed thereon the official seal of said municipality. The coupons to be annexed to such bonds shall bear the facsimile signatures of the mayor and of the clerk of said municipality. In case any of the officers whose signatures or countersignatures appear on the bond shall cease to be such officers before delivery of such bonds, said signatures or countersignatures, whether manual or facsimile, shall nevertheless be valid and sufficient for all purposes, the same as if said officers had remained in office until such delivery. Said bonds shall bear interest at a rate to be fixed by the common council of the city of Ketchikan, not to exceed, however, 5 per centum per annum, payable semiannually, and said bonds shall be sold at not less than the principal amount plus accrued interest. Such bonds shall be, and shall at all times be treated as, negotiable instruments for all purposes.

Sec. 4. The bonds herein authorized to be issued shall be general obligations of the said city of Ketchikan, payable as to both interest and principal from ad valorem taxes which shall be levied upon all of the taxable property within the corporate limits of such municipality in an amount sufficient to pay the interest on and the principal of such bonds as and when the same become due and payable, and also payable from any other funds of said city which may lawfully be applied thereto.

Sec. 5. No part of the funds arising from the sale of said bonds shall be used for any purpose or purposes other than those specified in this Act. Said bonds shall be sold only when and in such amounts as the common council of the city of Ketchikan shall direct; and the proceeds thereof shall be distributed only for the purposes, or any of them, hereinbefore mentioned and under the orders and direction of said common council from time to time as such proceeds may be required for said purposes.

Sec. 6. The said city of Ketchikan is hereby authorized to enter into contracts with any person or persons, firms or corporations, public or private, for the sale of such bonds; and such contracts may
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[55 Stat.

Acceptance of grants to aid in financing.

November 21, 1941
[H.R. 586]
[Public Law 297]

Hickam Field, Oahu, T. H.
Maintenance, etc., of banking house.

November 21, 1941
[H.R. 588]
[Public Law 298]

Honolulu, T. H.
Appropriation authorized.

November 21, 1941
[H.R. 1106]
[Public Law 299]

Kalamazoo National Guard Target Range, Mich.
Grant of right-of-way.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Bishop National Bank of Hawaii, at Honolulu, a national banking association organized and existing under the laws of the United States relative to national banks be, and it is hereby, authorized, upon the completion of the erection of the building authorized to be erected by said bank under the provisions of a revocable license issued by the Secretary of War on the United States military reservation at Hickam Field, Oahu, Hawaii, to maintain, alter, improve, and use the same, under such regulations and conditions and for such term or terms as the Secretary of War may from time to time prescribe, for the purpose of conducting therein a general banking business authorized under and by the charter of the bank and the laws of the United States relative to national banks.

Approved, November 21, 1941.

Public Law 298

To authorize maintenance and use of a banking house upon the United States military reservation at Hickam Field, Oahu, Hawaii.

AN ACT

To authorize maintenance and use of a banking house upon the United States military reservation at Hickam Field, Oahu, Hawaii.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Bishop National Bank of Hawaii, at Honolulu, a national banking association organized and existing under the laws of the United States relative to national banks be, and it is hereby, authorized, upon the completion of the erection of the building authorized to be erected by said bank under the provisions of a revocable license issued by the Secretary of War on the United States military reservation at Hickam Field, Oahu, Hawaii, to maintain, alter, improve, and use the same, under such regulations and conditions and for such term or terms as the Secretary of War may from time to time prescribe, for the purpose of conducting therein a general banking business authorized under and by the charter of the bank and the laws of the United States relative to national banks.

Approved, November 21, 1941.

Public Law 299

To authorize an appropriation for the purpose of establishing a national cemetery at Honolulu, Territory of Hawaii.

AN ACT

To authorize an appropriation for the purpose of establishing a national cemetery at Honolulu, Territory of Hawaii.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there is hereby authorized to be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of $50,000 to establish a national cemetery at Honolulu, Territory of Hawaii: Provided, That a suitable location for such a cemetery, acceptable to the War Department, shall be made available without cost to the United States Government.

Approved, November 21, 1941.

Public Law 300

To authorize the Secretary of War to grant a right-of-way to Grand Trunk Western Railroad Company, across the Kalamazoo National Guard Target Range, Michigan.

AN ACT

To authorize the Secretary of War to grant a right-of-way to Grand Trunk Western Railroad Company, across the Kalamazoo National Guard Target Range, Michigan.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized to grant to Grand Trunk Western Railroad Company, a corporation, incorporated and consolidated under the laws of the States of Michigan and Indiana, its successors and assigns, for such compensation and under such other terms and conditions as may be approved by the Secretary of War,
55 Stat.] 77th Cong., 1st Sess.—Chs. 478—480—Nov. 21, 1941

a right-of-way over and across the Kalamazoo National Guard Target Range, Michigan, for railroad industrial spur-track purposes, with full power to locate, construct, and operate a railroad industrial spur track with necessary appurtenances, appendages, and adjuncts, the location and width of such right-of-way to be determined by the Secretary of War: Provided, That the land shall not be used for other than railroad industrial spur purposes, and when the property shall cease to be so used it shall revert to the United States.

Approved, November 21, 1941.

[CHAPTER 479]
AN ACT

To repeal the prohibition against the filling of a vacancy in the office of district judge for the district of Massachusetts.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the provision of subsection (e) of section 4 of the Act entitled “An Act to provide for the appointment of additional judges for certain United States district courts, circuit courts of appeals, and certain courts of the United States for the District of Columbia”, approved May 31, 1938 (52 Stat. 585; U. S. C., title 28, sec. 4v), which reads: “Provided, That the first vacancy occurring in the office of district judge for the district of Massachusetts by the retirement, disqualification, resignation, or death of judges in office on the date of enactment of this Act shall not be filled;” be, and it is hereby, repealed.

Approved, November 21, 1941.

[CHAPTER 480]
AN ACT

To provide for the alteration, reconstruction, or relocation of certain highway and railroad bridges by the Tennessee Valley Authority.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That whenever, as the result of the construction of any dam, reservoir, or other improvement under the provisions of the Tennessee Valley Authority Act, or amendments thereto, any bridge, trestle, or other highway or railroad structure located over, upon, or across the Tennessee River or any of its navigable tributaries, including approaches, fenders, and appurtenances thereto, is endangered or otherwise adversely affected and damaged, including any interference with or impairment of its use, to the extent that protection, alteration, reconstruction, relocation, or replacement is necessary or proper to preserve its safety or utility or to meet the requirements of navigation or flood control, or both, the owner or owners of such bridge, trestle, or structure shall be compensated by the Tennessee Valley Authority in the sum of the reasonable actual cost of such protection, alteration, reconstruction, relocation, or replacement: Provided, That in arriving at the amount of such compensation the bridge owner shall be charged with a sum which shall equal the net value to the owner of any direct and special benefits accruing to the owner from any improvement or addition or betterment of the altered, reconstructed, relocated, or replaced bridge, trestle, or structure. The Tennessee Valley Authority is empowered to contract with such owner with respect to any such protection, alteration, reconstruction, relocation, or replacement, the payment of the cost thereof and its proper division, which contract may provide either for money compensation or for the performance of all or any
AN ACT

To repeal the Act entitled "An Act to authorize the construction of bridges across a portion of the Minnesota River in the State of Minnesota", approved March 15, 1904.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act entitled "An Act to authorize the construction of bridges across a portion of the Minnesota River in the State of Minnesota", approved March 15, 1904 (33 Stat. 83, ch. 548), is hereby repealed.

Approved, November 21, 1941.

AN ACT

To reimburse the city of McMinnville, Oregon, for damages assessed to it by the United States for innocent trespass upon land belonging to the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to pay, out of the Oregon and California land-grant fund, the sum of $1,395 to reimburse the city of McMinnville, Oregon, for damages paid to the United States by the city of McMinnville, Oregon, for innocent trespass upon land belonging to the United States: Provided, That no part of the amount appropriated in this Act in excess of 10 per centum thereof shall be paid or delivered to or received by any agent or attorney on account of services rendered in connection with this claim, and the same shall be unlawful, any contract to the contrary notwithstanding. Any person violating the provisions of this Act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined in any sum not exceeding $1,000.

Approved, November 21, 1941.
AN ACT

To authorize transportation of employees of the United States on vessels of the Army transport service.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That when, in the opinion of the Secretary of War, accommodations are available, transportation on vessels of the Army transport service may be provided, without expense to the United States, to employees of the United States, residing in Alaska, who have been in such employment for a period of not less than two years, and to their families: Provided, That except in cases of dire emergency such as sickness or death, the privilege herein granted shall be limited, as to each eligible individual, to one round trip between Alaska and the States during each two-year period from and after the passage of this Act.

Approved, November 21, 1941.

[CHAPTER 484]

AN ACT

To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Mississippi River at or near Memphis, Tennessee.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Mississippi River, at or near Memphis, authorized to be built by the Memphis and Arkansas Bridge Commission by an Act of Congress approved August 10, 1939, and heretofore extended by an Act of Congress approved September 27, 1940, are hereby extended one and three years, respectively, from August 10, 1941.

Sec. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, November 21, 1941.

[CHAPTER 485]

AN ACT

To amend section 9 (b) of the Tennessee Valley Authority Act, as amended by section 14 of the Act of August 31, 1935.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That section 9 (b) of the original Tennessee Valley Authority Act, as amended by section 14 of the Act of August 31, 1935 (49 Stat. 1080), be, and the same is hereby, further amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "Nothing in this Act shall be construed to relieve the Treasurer or other accountable officers or employees of the Corporation from compliance with the provisions of existing law requiring the rendition of accounts for adjustment and settlement pursuant to section 236, Revised Statutes, as amended by section 305 of the Budget and Accounting Act, 1921 (42 Stat. 24), and accounts for all receipts and disbursements by or for the Corporation shall be rendered accordingly: Provided, That subject only to the provisions of the Tennessee Valley Authority Act of 1933, as amended, the Corporation is authorized to make such expenditures and to enter into such contracts, agreements, and arrangements, upon such terms and conditions and in such manner as it may deem necessary, including the final settlement of all claims and litigation by or against the Corporation; and, notwithstanding the provisions of any other law governing the

Approved, November 21, 1941.
expenditure of public funds, the General Accounting Office, in the settlement of the accounts of the Treasurer or other accountable officer or employee of the Corporation, shall not disallow credit for, nor withhold funds because of, any expenditure which the Board shall determine to have been necessary to carry out the provisions of said Act.

"The Corporation shall determine its own system of administrative accounts and the forms and contents of its contracts and other business documents except as otherwise provided in the Tennessee Valley Authority Act of 1933, as amended."

Approved, November 21, 1941.

[CHAPTER 486] AN ACT

Granting the consent of Congress to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to construct, maintain, and operate a free highway bridge across the Susquehanna River at Bridge Street in Plymouth Borough, between Plymouth and Hanover Townships, in the county of Luzerne, and in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of Congress is hereby granted to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to construct, maintain, and operate a free highway bridge, and approaches thereto, across the Susquehanna River, at a point suitable to the interests of navigation, at Bridge Street in Plymouth Borough and between Plymouth and Hanover Townships, Luzerne County, in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction of bridges over navigable waters", approved March 23, 1906, and subject to the conditions and limitations contained in this Act, excepting that the times for commencing and completing the construction shall be two and four years from the date of approval of this Act.

SEC. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, November 21, 1941.

[CHAPTER 487] AN ACT

To empower the Legislature of the Territory of Hawaii to authorize the County of Kauai to issue improvement bonds.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Legislature of the Territory of Hawaii may authorize the County of Kauai to issue its general obligation bonds for the purpose of financing improvements in said county in a total amount not exceeding $600,000, despite the existing 5 per centum and 1 per centum limitations of indebtedness contained in section 55 of the Act of Congress of April 30, 1900, entitled "An Act to Provide a Government for the Territory of Hawaii", as amended: Provided, however, That when said bonds have been issued as many of them as are outstanding shall be included in the outstanding indebtedness of said county in computing the amount of additional indebtedness, other than bonds issued pursuant to the authority contained in Act 251 of the Session Laws of Hawaii of 1941, which may be incurred by said county.

SEC. 2. Said bonds may be issued under Act 251 of the Session Laws of Hawaii of 1941 and said Act is hereby ratified and confirmed: Provided, however, That nothing herein contained shall be
deemed to prohibit the amendment of said Act by said Territory by
the legislature thereof from time to time to provide for changes in
the improvements authorized by said Act or for the disposition of
unexpended moneys appropriated by said Act.
Approved, November 21, 1941.

[CHAPTER 488]

AN ACT

To approve Act numbered 112 of the Session Laws of 1941 of the Territory of
Hawaii, entitled "An Act to amend Act 101 of the Session Laws of Hawaii, 1921,
relating to the manufacture, maintenance, distribution, and supply of electric
current for light and power within the districts of North and South Hilo and
Puna, in the County of Hawaii, so as to extend the franchise to the districts
of Kau and South Kohala in said county, and extend the term thereof as to the
town of Hilo".

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the
United States of America in Congress assembled, That Act numbered
112 of the Session Laws of 1941 of the Territory of Hawaii, entitled
"An Act to amend Act 101 of the Session Laws of Hawaii, 1921,
relating to the manufacture, maintenance, distribution, and supply of
electric current for light and power within the districts of North and South Hilo and
Puna, in the County of Hawaii, so as to extend the franchise to the districts of Kau and South Kohala in said county,
and extend the term thereof as to the town of Hilo", passed by the
Legislature of Hawaii and approved by the Governor of the Territory
of Hawaii on April 26, 1941, be hereby approved.

Approved, November 21, 1941.

[CHAPTER 489]

AN ACT

To authorize the Treasurer of the United States to make settlements with payees
of lost or stolen checks, which have been paid on forged indorsements, in
advance of reclamation, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the
United States of America in Congress assembled, That there is hereby
authorized to be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury
not otherwise appropriated, the sum of $50,000, to be available until
expended, to be used by the Treasurer of the United States, under
the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, for making settle-
ment with the payees and special indorsees of certain checks drawn
on the Treasurer of the United States, as hereinafter provided. There
is hereby further authorized to be appropriated from time to time
such additional sums as may be necessary for such purpose. There
shall be on deposit with the Treasurer of the United States in a
special deposit account a revolving fund, to be known as the check
forgery insurance fund (hereinafter referred to as "the fund"), to
be composed of the sum of $50,000 and such further sums as may
hereafter be appropriated from time to time, together with all recov-
eries deposited to the credit of the fund as hereinafter provided.

Sec. 2. Whenever it is established (a) that any check heretofore
or hereafter drawn on the Treasurer of the United States has been
lost or stolen, without the fault of the payee or a holder who is a
special indorsee and whose indorsement is necessary to the further
negotiation of such check, (b) that such check has thereafter been
negotiated and paid by the Treasurer on a forged indorsement of the
payee's or special indorsee's name, (c) that the payee or special
indorsee has not participated either directly or indirectly in the pro-
ceeds of such negotiation or payment, and (d) that reclamation from the forger or transferees or parties on such check subsequent to the forgery has been or may be delayed or be unsuccessful, the Treasurer of the United States is authorized and directed to draw on the fund prior to reclamation to pay such payee or special indorsee the amount of such check, without interest.

Sec. 3. Nothing contained in this Act shall be construed to relieve the forger from civil or criminal liability, nor to relieve any transferee or party on such check subsequent to the forgery from liability on his express or implied guaranty of prior indorsements, or liability to make refund to the Treasurer of the United States, and all amounts received by the Treasurer by way of reclamation from such persons, or other persons making repayment on behalf of such persons, to the extent that such amounts are necessary to reimburse the fund for payments made to payees or special indorsees thereshall forthwith be deposited to the credit of the fund and shall be available for the purposes thereof.

Sec. 4. The Secretary of the Treasury shall have the power to make such rules and regulations as he may deem necessary or proper for the administration of the provisions of this Act.

Sec. 5. This Act shall take effect on the sixtieth day following the date of its enactment.

Approved, November 21, 1941.

[CHAPTER 490] AN ACT

To authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to dispose of the remaining portion of the Grosse Point Lighthouse Reservation by deed to the city of Evanston, Illinois.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to convey to the city of Evanston, Illinois, for public-park purposes, under the same conditions prescribed by the Act of May 28, 1935 (49 Stat. 311), the remaining portion of the Grosse Point Lighthouse Reservation which was not conveyed to the city of Evanston by deed of conveyance dated July 2, 1935.

Approved, November 21, 1941.

[CHAPTER 491] AN ACT

To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction, by the Alabama Bridge Commission, an agency of the State of Alabama, of a toll bridge and causeway between Dauphin Island and the mainland at or near Cedar Point, within the State of Alabama.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the times for commencing and completing the construction by the Alabama Bridge Commission, an agency of the State of Alabama, or assigns, of a toll bridge and causeway between Dauphin Island and the mainland at or near Cedar Point, within the State of Alabama, authorized by Public Law Numbered 727, Seventy-sixth Congress, approved July 8, 1940, be, and the same are, extended one and three years, respectively, from the date of approval of this Act.

Sec. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, November 21, 1941.
[CHAPTER 492]

AN ACT
To extend the provisions of the Act of February 24, 1933, and of the Act of June 29, 1940, to proceedings to punish for criminal contempt of court.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to give the Supreme Court of the United States authority to prescribe rules of practice and procedure with respect to proceedings in criminal cases after verdict", approved February 24, 1933 (47 Stat. 904, U. S. C., title 18, sec. 688), as amended, and the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to give the Supreme Court of the United States authority to prescribe rules of practice, pleading, and procedure with respect to proceedings in criminal cases prior to and including verdict, or finding or plea of guilty", approved June 29, 1940 (54 Stat. 688, U. S. C., title 18, sec. 687), are hereby extended to proceedings to punish for criminal contempt of court.

Approved, November 21, 1941.

[CHAPTER 493]

AN ACT
To constitute an Army Chaplains' Corps with a brigadier general as Chief.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That during the unlimited national emergency declared by the President on May 27, 1941, and for six months after the termination thereof, the Chief of Chaplains shall be entitled to hold the temporary rank of brigadier general, and shall receive the pay and allowances of a brigadier general while serving in such grade.

Approved, November 21, 1941.

[CHAPTER 494]

AN ACT
To authorize the transportation of employees of the Alaska Road Commission, and to validate payments made for that and other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That funds heretofore or hereafter made available to the Alaska Road Commission may be expended for the transportation within the Territory of Alaska of any employees to and from points of hire and posts of duty and between the last post of duty and point of discharge, and any payments heretofore made for such purposes and for the furnishing of subsistence and quarters to supervisory field employees shall be allowed in the accounts of the paying officers if otherwise found correct, and no amounts so paid and not heretofore recovered shall be charged against the payees on account of such payments.

Approved, November 21, 1941.

[CHAPTER 495]

AN ACT
Providing an appropriation for additional members of the Metropolitan Police force of the District of Columbia, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury to the Metropolitan Police, D. C. Appropriations for 1942.
Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of Congress is hereby granted to the State of Minnesota to construct, maintain, and operate a free highway bridge across the Mississippi River at or near Minneapolis, Minnesota.

SEC. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, November 21, 1941.

[CHAPTER 497]  AN ACT

Authorizing the State of Indiana to construct, maintain, and operate a free highway bridge across the Wabash River at or near Montezuma, Indiana.

SEC. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, November 21, 1941.
CHAPTER 498
AN ACT
To provide for payments in advance to enlisted men of monetary allowance in lieu of quarters and subsistence under certain conditions.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States in Congress assembled, That section 11 of the Act of June 10, 1922 (42 Stat. 680), be amended by adding thereto the following proviso: "Provided, That payments of allowance for quarters and subsistence may be made in advance to enlisted men under such regulations as the President may prescribe".

Approved, November 21, 1941.

CHAPTER 499
AN ACT
To extend, under certain conditions, the time for examination of monthly accounts covering expenditures by disbursing officers of the Army after the date of actual receipt by bureaus and offices of the War Department, and before transmitting the same to the General Accounting Office.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States in Congress assembled, That the time for examination of monthly accounts covering expenditures by disbursing officers of the Army after the date of actual receipt by bureaus and offices of the War Department and before transmitting the same to the General Accounting Office, as limited by section 12 of the Act of July 31, 1894 (28 Stat. 209), as amended by section 4 of the Act of March 2, 1901 (31 Stat. 910), and by the Act of June 10, 1921 (42 Stat. 24), and notwithstanding the provisions of the Act of July 9, 1918 (40 Stat. 892), is hereby extended, in time of war or during any emergency declared by Congress or determined by the President and for a period of eighteen months after such war or emergency shall have ceased to exist, from sixty to ninety days.

Approved, November 21, 1941.

CHAPTER 500
AN ACT
To amend the District of Columbia Unemployment Compensation Act.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States in Congress assembled, That the District of Columbia Unemployment Compensation Act, approved August 28, 1935, as amended, is further amended to read as follows:

In section 3 (c), line 2, after the word "year", strike out the figures "1942" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "1943".

Approved, November 21, 1941.

CHAPTER 501
AN ACT
Authorizing the procurement and issue of an Army of Occupation of Germany Medal for each person who served in Germany or Austria-Hungary during the period of occupation.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War is hereby authorized and directed to procure and issue an Army of Occupation of Germany Medal of appropriate design, including suitable appurtenances, to be issued to each officer and enlisted man of the armed forces, or to the nearest of kin surviving of
AN ACT
November 21, 1941
To authorize the construction or acquisition of certain naval local defense vessels, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy, with the approval of the President, is hereby authorized to undertake the construction of or to acquire and convert not to exceed four hundred miscellaneous light-draft vessels and small craft of such sizes, types, and design, suitable for local defense use as patrol vessels, minesweepers, and the like, as he may consider best suited for the purposes of national defense, such vessels to be in addition to those heretofore authorized.

SEC. 2. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, such sums as may be necessary to effectuate the purposes of this Act, not to exceed $300,000,000.

Approved, November 21, 1941.

AN ACT
November 26, 1941
To provide for the construction of a Coast Guard cutter designed for ice-breaking and assistance work on the Great Lakes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States in Congress assembled, That in the interest of the uninterrupted flow of interstate and foreign commerce through the Straits of Mackinac in winter seasons, and better to provide assistance to marine commerce and industry on the Great Lakes in opening ice-locked channels and ports, the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to construct and equip a Coast Guard cutter of a design especially adapted for heavy ice breaking.

Approved, November 26, 1941.

AN ACT
November 26, 1941
To amend the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act of 1920, as amended, by amending sections 203 (4), 208 (3), 209, 213, 215, 220, and 222 thereof and by adding thereto a new section to be numbered section 225, all relating to the powers, duties, and functions of the Hawaiian Homes Commission.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States in Congress assembled, That section 203 (4) of the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act, 1920, is hereby amended so that the first course describing "(1) Portion of the government land at Auwaiolimu, Punchbowl Hill, Honolulu, Oahu" of the available lands on the Island of Oahu will read as follows:

"(1) One hundred and sixty-three degrees thirty-one minutes two hundred and thirty-eight and eight-tenths feet along the east side of Punchbowl-Makiki Road;".
SEC. 2. Section 208 (3) of the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act, 1920, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"(3) The lessee shall occupy and commence to use or cultivate the tract as his home or farm within one year after the lease is made. The lessee of agricultural lands shall plant and maintain not less than five, ten, fifteen, and twenty trees per acre of land leased, and the lessee of pastoral lands shall plant and maintain not less than two, three, four, and five trees per acre of land leased during the first, second, third, and fourth years, respectively, after the date of lease. Such trees shall be of types approved by the Commission and at locations specified by the Commission's agent. Such planting and maintenance shall be by or under the immediate control and direction of the lessee. Such trees shall be furnished by the Commission free of charge."

SEC. 3. Section 209 of the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act, 1920, is hereby amended as follows:

1. By amending paragraph (1) thereof to read as follows:

"(1) Upon the death of the lessee, his interest in the tract or tracts and the improvements therein, including growing crops, either on the tract or in any collective contract or program in which the lessee is a party by virtue of his interest in the tract or tracts, shall vest in the relatives of the decedent as provided in this paragraph. From the following relatives of the lessee: Husband and wife, children, widows or widowers of the children, grandchildren, brothers and sisters, widows or widowers of the brothers and sisters, or nieces and nephews, the lessee shall designate the person or persons to whom he directs his interest in the tract or tracts to vest upon his death. Such person or persons must be qualified to be a lessee of Hawaiian home lands: Provided, however, That Hawaiian blood requirements shall not apply to the descendants of those who are not native Hawaiians but who were entitled to the leased land under the provisions of section 3, Public Document Numbered 227 in the Seventy-third Congress, approved May 16, 1934: Provided further, That such person or persons need not be twenty-one years of age. Such designation must be in writing, must be specified at the time of execution of such lease with a right in such lessee in similar manner to change such beneficiary at any time, and shall be filed with the commission and approved by the commission, in order to be effective to vest such interests in the successor or successors so named.

"In the absence of such a designation as approved by the Commission, the Commission shall select from the relatives of the lessee in the order named above, as limited by the foregoing paragraph, one or more persons who are qualified to be lessees of Hawaiian home lands, except as hereinabove provided, as the successor or successors of the lessee's interest in the tract or tracts, and upon the death of the lessee, his interest shall vest in the person or persons so selected. The Commission may select such a successor or successors after the death of the lessee, and the rights to the use and occupancy of the tract or tracts may be made effective as of the date of the death of such lessee.

"In the case of the death of a lessee leaving no such relative qualified to be a lessee of Hawaiian home lands, the land subject to the lease shall resume its status as unleased Hawaiian home lands and the Commission is authorized to lease such land to a native Hawaiian or Hawaiians as provided in this Act.

"Upon the death of a lessee leaving no such relative qualified to be a lessee of Hawaiian home lands, or the cancelation of a lease by the Commission, or the surrender of a lease by the lessee, the Commission shall appraise the value of all such improvements and growing crops and shall pay to the legal representative of the deceased..."
lessee, or to the previous lessee, as the case may be, the value thereof,
less any indebtedness to the Commission, or for taxes, or for any
other indebtedness the payment of which has been assured by the
Commission, from the deceased lessee or the previous lessee. Such
payment shall be made out of the loan fund and shall be considered
an advance therefrom reimbursable out of payments made by the
successor or successors to the tract involved.

"Such appraisal shall be made by three appraisers, one of which
shall be named by the Commission, one by the previous lessee or the
legal representative of the deceased lessee, as the case may be, and
the third shall be selected by the two appraisers hereinbefore
mentioned."

Appraisers.

Textual changes.

2. By deleting therefrom paragraph (3) thereof.

3. By substituting for the figure "(4)", of paragraph (4) thereof,
the figure "(3)".

42 Stat. 112.


Sec. 4. Section 213 of the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act, 1920,
is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 213. Hawaiian Home-Loan Fund; Hawaiian Home-Devel-
Opment Fund; Hawaiian Home-Administration Account; How
Constituted.—There is hereby established in the treasury of the Ter-
ritory a revolving fund to be known as the Hawaiian home-loan fund
and special funds to be known as the Hawaiian home-development
fund and the Hawaiian home-administration account. Thirty per
centum of the Territorial receipts derived from the leasing of cul-
tivated sugarcane lands under any other provisions of law, or from
water licenses, shall be deposited into the Hawaiian home-loan fund
until the aggregate amount of moneys deposited therein from such
two sources, together with moneys received and deposited therein
from any other sources, not including, however, installment payments
upon loans made to lessees or payments by a successor or successors
to the tract representing reimbursements on account of the advance
made pursuant to section 209 (1), shall equal $2,000,000. In addi-
tion to these moneys and the moneys covered into the loan fund as
installments paid by lessees upon loans made to them as provided in
paragraph 2 of section 215, there shall be deposited into said revolv-
ing fund all other moneys, except moneys received for the Hawaiian
home-administration account, received by the Commission from any
source whatsoever. The moneys in said fund shall be available only
for loans to lessees as provided for in this Act, for interest and sink-
ing fund charges upon bonds issued for Hawaiian homes purposes and
for the payments provided for in section 209 (1), and shall not be
expended for any other purpose whatsoever, except that 25 per
centum of the amount of moneys so covered into the said revolving
fund annually shall be transferred into the Hawaiian home-development
fund until the aggregate amount of such annual transfers shall
equal $400,000. The moneys in said development fund shall be avail-
able, with the prior written approval of the Governor, for the con-
struction of necessary improvements for domestic use and consump-
tion of water, including the construction of pipe lines and reservoirs,
for the construction of sanitary sewerage facilities and for the con-
struction of roads through and over Hawaiian home lands. The
Commission is authorized and empowered to use moneys in said fund,
with the prior written approval of the Governor, to match Federal,
Territorial, or county funds available for the above purposes and to
that end is authorized to enter into such undertaking, agree to such
conditions, transfer funds herein available for such expenditure and
do and perform such other acts and things, as may be necessary or
required, as a condition to securing match funds for such projects or
works.
"The entire receipts derived from any leasing of the 'available lands' defined in section 204 shall be deposited into the Hawaiian home-administration account. The moneys in said account shall be expended by the Commission for salaries and all other administration expenses of the Commission, not including structures and other permanent improvements, subject, however, to the following conditions and requirements:

(1) The Commission shall, at such time as the Governor may prescribe, but not later than November 15 preceding each biennial session of the legislature, submit to the territorial director of the bureau of the budget its budget estimates of expenditures for the next ensuing biennium in the manner and form and as required by territorial law of territorial departments and establishments.

(2) The Commission's budget, if it meets with the approval of the Governor, shall be included in the Governor's budget report and shall be transmitted to the legislature for its approval. The total amount of the Commission's budget shall in no event exceed the amount of $140,000 for the biennium.

(3) Upon approval by the legislature of the Commission's budget estimate of expenditures for the ensuing biennium or if no action hereon is taken by the legislature prior to adjournment, the amount thereof shall be available to the Commission for said biennium and shall be expendable by the Commission for the expenses hereinabove provided; any amount of money in said account in excess of the amount approved by the legislature for the biennium shall be transferred to the general fund of the treasury of the Territory, such transfer to be made immediately after the amount of moneys deposited in said administration account shall equal the amount approved by the legislature.

(4) The moneys in said administration account shall be expended by the Commission in accordance with Territorial laws, rules, and regulations and practices:

Provided, however, That the receipts from the leasing of available lands as defined in section 204 shall not be covered into said account until July 1, 1943: Provided further, That for the biennium commencing July 1, 1941, and ending June 30, 1943, the amount of money appropriated by the Territorial legislature for the Commission, whether or not in excess of $140,000, shall be deposited in said account and shall be expended as herein provided.

Sec. 5. Section 215 of the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act, 1920, is hereby amended as follows:

1. By amending paragraph (1) thereof to read as follows:

(1) Each contract of loan with the lessee or any successor or successors to his interest in the tract shall be held subject to the following conditions, whether or not stipulated in the contract of loan: The amount of loans at any one time to any lessee, or successor or successors in interest, of a tract of agricultural or pastoral land shall not exceed $3,000 and to any lessee, or successor or successors in interest, of a residence lot shall not exceed $1,000: Provided, That where, upon the death of a lessee leaving no relative qualified to be a lessee of Hawaiian home lands, or the cancelation of a lease by the Commission, or the surrender of a lease by the lessee, the Commission shall make the payment provided for by section 209 (1), the amount of any such payment made to the legal representative of the deceased lessee, or to the previous lessee, as the case may be, shall be considered as part or all, as the case may be, of any such loan to the successor or successors, without limitation as to the above maximum amounts: Provided further, That in case of the death of a lessee, or the cancelation of a lease by the Commission, or the surrender of a lease by the
lessee, the successor or successors to the tract shall assume any outstanding loan or loans thereon, if any, without limitation as to the above maximum amounts but subject to the provisions of paragraph (3) of this section."

2. By amending the first sentence of paragraph (2) thereof to read as follows: "The loans shall be repaid upon an amortization plan by means of a fixed number of installments, such installments to be monthly, quarterly, semiannual, or annual as may be determined by the Commission in each case, sufficient to cover (a) interest on the unpaid principal at the rate of 3 per centum per annum, and (b) such amount of the principal as will extinguish the debt within an agreed period not exceeding thirty years."

   Amend last sentence of paragraph (2) by deleting the words "and interest."

3. By amending paragraph (3) thereof to read as follows: "(3) In case of the death of a lessee the Commission shall, in any case, permit the successor or successors to the tract to assume the contract of loan subject to the provisions of paragraph (1) of this section. In case of the cancelation of a lease by the Commission, or the surrender of a lease by the lessee, the Commission may, at its option, declare all installments upon the loan immediately due and payable, or permit the successor or successors to the tract to assume the contract of loan subject to the provisions of paragraph (1) of this section. The Commission may, with the concurrence therein of at least three of the five members, in such cases where the successor or successors to the tract assume the contract of loan, waive the payment, wholly or in part, of interest already due and delinquent upon said loan, or postpone the payment of any installment thereon, wholly or in part, until such later date as it deems advisable. Such postponed payments shall, however, continue to bear interest at the rate of 3 per centum on the unpaid principal. Further, the Commission may, with the concurrence therein of at least three of the five members, if it deems it advisable and for the best interests of the lessees, write off and cancelation of contract. The Commission may, with the concurrence therein of at least three of the five members, in such cases where the successor or successors to the tract assume the contract of loan, waive the payment, wholly or in part, of interest already due and delinquent upon said loan, or postpone the payment of any installment thereon, wholly or in part, until such later date as it deems advisable. Such postponed payments shall, however, continue to bear interest at the rate of 3 per centum on the unpaid principal. Further, the Commission may, with the concurrence therein of at least three of the five members, if it deems it advisable and for the best interests of the lessees, write off and cancelation of contract. Such write-off and cancelation shall be made only after an appraisal of all improvements and growing crops on the tract involved, such appraisal to be made in the manner and as provided for by section 209 (1). In every such case, the amount of such appraisal, or any part thereof, shall be considered as part or all, as the case may be, of any loan to such successor or successors, subject to the provisions of paragraph (1) of this section."

4. By adding a new paragraph thereto, to be designated and numbered (7) and to read as follows: "(7) Whenever the Commission shall determine that a lessee is delinquent in the payment of his indebtedness to the Commission it may require such lessee to execute an assignment to it, not to exceed, however, the amount of the total indebtedness of such lessee, including the indebtedness to others the payment of which has been assured by the Commission, of all moneys due or to become due to such lessee by reason of any agreement or contract, collective or otherwise, to which the lessee is a party by virtue of his interest in the tract. Failure to execute such an assignment when requested by the Commission shall be sufficient ground for cancelation of the lessee's lease or interest therein."

Sec. 6. Section 220 of the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act, 1920, is hereby amended to read as follows: "Sec. 220. Development Projects; Appropriations by Territorial Legislature; Bonds Issued by Legislature.—The Commission is
authorized directly to undertake and carry on general water and other development projects in respect to Hawaiian home lands and to undertake other activities having to do with the economic and social welfare of the homesteaders: Provided, however, That roads through or over Hawaiian home lands, other than Federal-aid highways and roads, shall be maintained by the county or city and county in which said particular road or roads to be maintained are located. The legislature of the Territory is authorized to appropriate out of the treasury of the Territory such sums as it deems necessary to augment the Hawaiian home-loan fund, the Hawaiian home-development fund, and the Hawaiian home-administration account, and to provide the Commission with funds sufficient to execute and carry on such projects and activities. The legislature is further authorized to issue bonds to the extent required to yield the amount of any sum so appropriated. The Commission shall pay from the Hawaiian home-loan fund into the treasury of the Territory—

“(1) upon the date when any interest payment becomes due upon any bond so issued, the amount of the interest then due; and

“(2) commencing with the first such date more than one year subsequent to the issuance of any bond and at each interest date thereafter, an amount such that the aggregate of all such amounts which become payable during the term of the bond, compounded annually at the rate of interest specified therein, shall equal the par value of the bond at the expiration of its term.”

SEC. 7. Section 222 of the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act, 1920, is hereby amended by amending the second sentence thereof to read as follows: “All expenditures of the Commission, as herein provided out of the Hawaiian home-administration account, the Hawaiian home-development fund, and all moneys necessary for loans made by the Commission, in accordance with the provisions of this chapter, from the Hawaiian home-loan fund, shall be allowed and paid upon the presentation of itemized vouchers therefor, approved by the chairman of the Commission.”

SEC. 8. The Hawaiian Homes Commission Act, 1920, is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to be numbered section 225 and to read as follows:

“SEC. 225. INVESTMENT OF LOAN FUNDS; DISPOSITION.—The Commission shall have the power and authority to invest and reinvest any of the moneys in the loan fund, not otherwise immediately needed for the purposes of the fund, in such bonds and securities as authorized by territorial law for the investment of territorial sinking fund moneys. Any interest or other earnings arising out of such investments shall be credited to and deposited in said fund and shall be included in and considered as a deposit from other sources, as provided for in section 213.”

SEC. 9. This Act shall take effect on and after the date of its approval.

Approved, November 26, 1941.
the direction of all work pertaining to the construction, maintenance, and repair of buildings, structures, and utilities for the Army; with the acquisition of all real estate and the issuance of licenses in connection with Government reservations; and with the operation of water, gas, electric, and sewer utilities: Provided, That utilities pertaining exclusively to any branch of the Army may be operated by such branch: Provided, however, That all officers in the Construction Division of the Quartermaster Corps now on duty in that branch shall come under the command of the Chief of Engineers in their present rank and subject to all permanent and temporary advances in rank that may be accorded officers in the Corps of Engineers, without additional examinations of any kind.

SEC. 2. All funds, property, and records pertaining to the activities described in section 1, and all civilian personnel engaged solely thereon, shall be transferred to the jurisdiction of the Chief of Engineers.

SEC. 3. All laws and parts of laws which are inconsistent herewith or in conflict with the provisions hereof are hereby repealed.

Approved, December 1, 1941.

[CHAPTER 553] AN ACT

To regulate rents in the District of Columbia, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. PURPOSES, TIME LIMIT.—(a) It is hereby found that the national emergency and the national-defense program (1) have aggravated the congested situation with regard to housing accommodations existing at the seat of government; (2) have led or will lead to profiteering and other speculative and manipulative practices by some owners of housing accommodations; (3) have rendered or will render ineffective the normal operations of a free market in housing accommodations; and (4) are making it increasingly difficult for persons whose duties or obligations require them to live or work in the District of Columbia to obtain such accommodations. Whereupon it is the purpose of this Act and the policy of the Congress during the existing emergency to prevent undue rent increases and any other practices relating to housing accommodations in the District of Columbia which may tend to increase the cost of living or otherwise impede the national-defense program.

(b) The provisions of this Act, and all regulations, orders, and requirements thereunder, shall terminate on December 31, 1945; except that as to offenses committed, or rights or liabilities incurred, prior to such expiration date, the provisions of this Act and such regulations, orders, and requirements, shall be treated as still remaining in force for the purpose of sustaining any proper suit, action, or prosecution with respect to any such right, liability, or offense.

SEC. 2. MAXIMUM RENT CEILINGS AND MINIMUM SERVICE STANDARDS.—(1) On and after the thirtieth day following the enactment of this Act, subject to such adjustments as may be made pursuant to sections 3 and 4, maximum-rent ceilings and minimum-service standards for housing accommodations excluding hotels, in the District of Columbia shall be the following:

(a) For housing accommodations rented on January 1, 1941, the rent and service to which the landlord and tenant were entitled on that date,
(b) For housing accommodations not rented on January 1, 1941, but which had been rented within the year ending on that date, the rent and service to which the landlord and tenant were last entitled within such year.

(c) For housing accommodations not rented on January 1, 1941, nor within the year ending on that date, the rent and service generally prevailing for comparable housing accommodations as determined by the Administrator.

(2) On and after the thirtieth day following the enactment of this Act, the landlord or other person in charge of and conducting any hotel in the District of Columbia shall post in a conspicuous place in each room thereof used for living or dwelling purposes, a card or sign plainly stating the rental rate per day of such room, and a copy of such rates for each room shall be filed with the Administrator. Subject to such adjustment as the Administrator may determine to be necessary in order that said rates shall conform to the standard set forth in this section and to such adjustment as may be made pursuant to sections 3 and 4, said rates when posted and filed with the Administrator, shall constitute the maximum-rent ceiling for the housing accommodations specified: Provided, That the transient rates so posted shall not exceed the established or standard rate charged by the landlord as of January 1, 1941, except that after written notice by the landlord to the Administrator such landlord may make such addition or deduction to or from such rate as will compensate for (1) a substantial change since January 1, 1941, in maintenance or operating costs or expenses, or (2) a substantial capital improvement or alteration made since January 1, 1941, and such addition or deduction shall be subject to review by the Administrator, and he may by order adjust such maximum-rent ceiling to provide the rental rate generally prevailing for comparable housing accommodations as determined by the Administrator. Posted rates shall conform to the following:

(a) In the case of apartment units, the rental rate shall be that which the landlord was entitled to receive on January 1, 1941, except in those instances where it is shown that a special rate less than the established or standard rate charged by the landlord as of January 1, 1941, was being charged, a rate may be posted at such established or standard rate: Provided, That the rate being charged the current occupant shall not be increased.

(b) Where apartment units are changed from furnished to unfurnished, or vice versa, the rate shall be that charged by the landlord for comparable housing accommodations on January 1, 1941: Provided, That no such change may be made without the consent of the current occupant, if there be one.

(c) Where housing accommodations are changed from permanent to transient use, the rate shall not exceed that posted for comparable accommodations.

(d) In the case of a hotel not in operation January 1, 1941, the rental rates posted shall be the rates generally prevailing for comparable housing accommodations.

(e) For the purposes of this section, the term "hotel" means an establishment operating under a hotel license and having in excess of fifty rooms used predominately for transient occupancy, that is, for living quarters for nonresidents upon a short-time basis.

SEC. 3. GENERAL ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM RENT CEILINGS.—Whenever in the judgment of the Administrator a general increase or decrease since January 1, 1941, in taxes or other maintenance or operating costs or expenses has occurred or is about to occur in such manner and amount as substantially to affect the maintenance and operation
of housing accommodations generally or of any particular class of housing accommodations, he may by regulation or order increase or decrease the maximum-rent ceiling or minimum-service standard, or both, for such accommodations or class thereof in such manner or amount as will in his judgment compensate, in whole or in part, for such general increase or decrease. Thereupon such adjusted ceiling or standard shall be the maximum-rent ceiling or minimum-service standard for the housing accommodations subject thereto.

Sec. 4. Petition for Adjustment.—(a) Any landlord or tenant may petition the Administrator to adjust the maximum-rent ceiling applicable to his housing accommodations on the ground that such maximum-rent ceiling is, due to peculiar circumstances affecting such housing accommodations, substantially higher or lower than the rent generally prevailing for comparable housing accommodations; whereupon the Administrator may by order adjust such maximum-rent ceiling to provide the rent generally prevailing for comparable housing accommodations as determined by the Administrator.

(b) Any landlord may petition the Administrator to adjust the maximum-rent ceiling or minimum-service standard, or both, applicable to his housing accommodations to compensate for (1) a substantial rise, since January 1, 1941, in taxes or other maintenance or operating costs or expenses, or (2) a substantial capital improvement or alteration made since January 1, 1941; whereupon the Administrator may by order adjust such maximum-rent ceiling or minimum-service standard in such manner or amount as he deems proper to compensate therefor, in whole or in part, if he finds such adjustment necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes of this Act: Provided, That no such adjusted maximum-rent ceiling or minimum-service standard shall permit the receipt of rent in excess of the rent generally prevailing for comparable housing accommodations as determined by the Administrator.

(c) Any tenant may petition the Administrator on the ground that the service supplied to him is less than the service established by the minimum-service standard for his housing accommodations, but in the case of a hotel, is less than the established or standard service supplied as of January 1, 1941; whereupon the Administrator may order that the service be maintained at such minimum-service standard, or that the maximum-rent ceiling be decreased to compensate for a reduction in service, as he deems necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes of this Act.

(d) Any landlord may petition the Administrator for permission to reduce the service supplied by him in connection with any housing accommodations; whereupon the Administrator, if he determines that the reduction of such services is to be made in good faith for valid business reasons and is not inconsistent with carrying out the purposes of this Act, may, by order, reduce the minimum-service standard applicable to such housing accommodations and adjust the maximum-rent ceiling downward in such amount as he deems proper to compensate therefor.

(e) Any tenant may petition the Administrator to adjust the maximum-rent ceiling applicable to his housing accommodations on the ground that such maximum-rent ceiling permits the receipt of an unduly high rent; whereupon the Administrator may by order adjust such maximum-rent ceiling in such manner or amount as shall, in his judgment, effectuate the purposes of this Act and provide a fair and reasonable rent for such housing accommodations.

(f) A petition made pursuant to this section shall be subject to the provisions of sections 8 and 9 of this Act. Any adjusted maximum-rent ceiling or minimum-service standard ordered pursuant to this
section shall be the maximum-rent ceiling or minimum-service standard for the housing accommodations subject thereto; except that in the event that the adjustment order is stayed or set aside by the court in accordance with section 9 of this Act, the maximum-rent ceiling and minimum-service standard theretofore applicable to such housing accommodations under this Act shall remain in full force and effect.

SEC. 5. PROHIBITIONS.—(a) It shall be unlawful, regardless of any agreement, lease, or other obligation heretofore or hereafter entered into, for any person to demand or receive any rent in excess of the maximum-rent ceiling, or refuse to supply any service required by the minimum-service standard, or otherwise to do or omit to do any act in violation of any provision of this Act or of any regulation, order, or other requirement thereunder, or to offer or agree to do any of the foregoing. Nothing herein shall be construed to require the refund of any rent paid or payable for the use or occupancy of housing accommodations prior to the 30th day following the enactment of this Act.

(b) No action or proceeding to recover possession of housing accommodations shall be maintainable by any landlord against any tenant, notwithstanding that the tenant has no lease or that his lease has expired, so long as the tenant continues to pay the rent to which the landlord is entitled, unless—

1. The tenant is (a) violating an obligation of his tenancy (other than an obligation to pay rent higher than rent permitted under this Act or any regulation or order thereunder applicable to the housing accommodations involved or an obligation to surrender possession of such accommodations) or (b) is committing a nuisance or using the housing accommodations for an immoral or illegal purpose or for other than living or dwelling purposes, or

2. The landlord seeks in good faith to recover possession of the property for his immediate and personal use and occupancy as a dwelling, or

3. The landlord has in good faith contracted in writing to sell the property for immediate and personal use and occupancy as a dwelling by the purchaser and that the contract of sale contains a representation by the purchaser that the property is being purchased by him for such immediate and personal use and occupancy, or

4. The landlord seeks in good faith to recover possession for the immediate purpose of substantially altering, remodeling, or demolishing the property and replacing it with new construction, the plans for which altered, remodeled, or new construction having been filed with and approved by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia.

(c) It shall be unlawful for any person to remove, or attempt to remove, from any housing accommodations the tenant or occupant thereof or to refuse to renew lease or agreement for the use of such accommodations because such tenant or occupant has taken or purposes to take action authorized or required by this Act or any regulation, order, or requirement thereunder.

SEC. 6. ADMINISTRATOR.—There is hereby created in and for the District of Columbia the office of Administrator of Rent Control. The Administrator shall be appointed by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia and shall be a bona fide resident of the District of Columbia for not less than three years prior to his appointment. He shall devote his full time to the Office of Administrator and shall receive a salary at the rate of $7,500 per annum. The Administrator shall establish offices, acquire supplies and equipment, and employ such per-
sonnel, subject to approval by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, and in accordance with the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, without regard to race or creed, as may be necessary in the performance of his functions under this Act. The Administrator shall submit a semiannual report to the Commissioners of the District of Columbia for transmittal to the Congress of the United States.

SECTION 7. OBTAINING INFORMATION.—(a) The Administrator may make such studies and investigations, and obtain or require the furnishing of such information under oath or affirmation or otherwise, as he deems necessary or proper to assist him in prescribing any regulation or order under this Act, or in the administration and enforcement of this Act, and regulations and orders thereunder. For such purposes the Administrator may administer oaths and affirmations, may require by subpoena or otherwise the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of documents at any designated place, may require persons to permit the inspection and copying of documents, and the inspection of housing accommodations and may, by regulation or order, require the making and keeping of records and other documents. No person shall be excused from complying with any requirement under this section because of his privilege against self-incrimination, but the immunity provisions of the Compulsory Testimony Act of February 11, 1893 (U. S. C., 1934 edition, title 49, sec. 46), shall apply with respect to any individual who specifically claims such privilege. In the event of contumacy or refusal to obey any such subpoena or requirement under this section, the Administrator may make application to the United States District Court for the District of Columbia for an order requiring obedience thereto. Thereupon the court, with or without notice and hearing, as it in its discretion may decide, shall make such order as is proper and may punish as a contempt any failure to comply with such order.

(b) The Administrator shall have authority to promulgate, issue, amend, or rescind rules and regulations, subject to approval by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, and to issue such orders as may be deemed necessary or proper to carry out the purposes and provisions of this Act or to prevent the circumvention or evasion thereof. The Administrator may require a license as a condition of engaging in any rental transaction involving the subletting of any housing accommodations or the renting of housing accommodations in a rooming or boarding house, or in a hotel. For the purposes of this Act the term "rooming or boarding house" means a house in which living quarters are rented by the householder to more than two persons. No fee shall be charged for the issuance to any person of any such license and no such license shall contain any provision not prescribed by this Act or which could not be prescribed by regulation, order, or requirement thereunder.

SECTION 8. PROCEDURE.—(a) Any petition filed by a landlord or tenant under section 4 shall be promptly referred to an examiner designated by the Administrator. Notice of such action, in such manner as the Administrator shall by regulation prescribe, shall be given the tenant and landlord of the housing accommodations involved. If the petition be frivolous or without merit, the examiner shall forthwith dismiss it. Such order of dismissal may be reviewed by the Administrator in the manner provided in subsection (c) of this section. The examiner shall grant a hearing upon the petition except in cases dismissed under this subsection.

(b) Hearings under this section shall be conducted in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Administrator. The landlord and tenant shall be given an opportunity to be heard or to file written statements, due regard to be given the utility and relevance of the
information offered and the need for expedition. In any such hearing the common-law rules of evidence shall not be controlling.

(c) The examiner, after hearing, shall make findings of fact and recommend an appropriate order. Copies of such findings and order shall be served upon the parties to the proceeding in such manner as the Administrator may prescribe by regulation. Within five days after such service, any such party may request that the recommended order be reviewed by the Administrator. If there be no such request within such five days, the findings and recommended order of the examiner shall thereupon be deemed to be the findings and order of the Administrator: Provided, That the Administrator may review the proceedings, as herein provided, on his own motion at any time within ten days after service of the examiner’s findings and order upon the parties. The Administrator may, in his discretion, grant a hearing upon the request. Upon such request or motion, the record in the case shall be forthwith transferred to the Administrator for review and he may, in his discretion, grant a hearing. He shall state his findings of fact or affirm the examiner’s findings of fact which findings in either case shall be conclusive if supported by substantial evidence, and shall make an appropriate order.

Sec. 9. Court Review.—(a) Within ten days after issuance of an order of the Administrator under section 4, any party may file a petition to review such action in the municipal court of the District of Columbia, and shall forthwith serve a copy of such petition upon the Administrator. Thereupon, the Administrator shall certify and file with the court a transcript of the record upon which the order complained of was entered. Upon the filing of such transcript, the court shall have exclusive jurisdiction to affirm or set aside such order, or remand the proceeding: Provided, That the Administrator may at any time, upon reasonable notice and in such manner as he shall deem proper, rescind, modify, or set aside, in whole or in part, any such order at any time notwithstanding the pendency of the petition to review.

(b) No objection that has not been urged before the Administrator shall be considered by the court, unless the failure to urge such objection shall be excused because of extraordinary circumstances. No order shall be set aside or remanded unless the petitioner shall establish to the satisfaction of the court that the order is not in accordance with law, or is not supported by substantial evidence. The commencement of proceedings under this section shall not, except as provided in subsection (d), operate as a stay of the Administrator’s order.

(c) The municipal court of the District of Columbia is hereby granted exclusive jurisdiction to review any order of the Administrator made pursuant to section 4 of this Act. The judgment and decree of the court shall be final, subject to review as provided by law relative to other judgments of the court. Three judges of the municipal court, selected in such rotation as the judges of the court shall determine, shall sit in all proceedings under this section and shall participate in the decision of such cases.

(d) No court shall issue any interlocutory order or decree staying the effectiveness of any provision of this Act or any regulation or order issued thereunder, unless the person objecting to such provision, regulation, or order, shall file with the court an undertaking with a surety or sureties satisfactory to the court for the payment, in the event such objection is not sustained, of the amount by which the maximum rent, if any, permitted under such provision, regulation, or order, exceeds or is less than the amount actually received or paid while such stay is in effect.
SEC. 10. ENFORCEMENT, PENALTIES.—(a) If any landlord receives rent or refuses to render services in violation of any provision of this Act, or of any regulation or order thereunder prescribing a rent ceiling or service standard, the tenant paying such rent or entitled to such service, or the Administrator on behalf of such tenant, may bring suit to rescind the lease or rental agreement, or, in case of violation of a maximum-rent ceiling, an action for double the amount by which the rent paid exceeded the applicable rent ceiling and, in case of violation of a minimum-service standard, an action for double the value of the services refused in violation of the applicable minimum-service standard or for $50, whichever is greater in either case, plus reasonable attorneys’ fees and costs as determined by the court. Any suit or action under this subsection may be brought in the municipal court of the District of Columbia regardless of the amount involved, and the municipal court is hereby given exclusive jurisdiction to hear and determine all such cases.

(b) Any person who willfully violates any provision of this Act or any regulation, order, or requirement thereunder, and any person who willfully makes any statement or entry false in any material respect in any document or report required to be kept or filed thereunder, and any person who willfully participates in any fictitious sale or other device or arrangement with intent to evade this Act or any regulation, order, or requirement thereunder, shall be prosecuted therefor by the corporation counsel of the District of Columbia or an assistant, on information filed in the police court of the District of Columbia, and shall upon conviction be fined not more than $1,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both.

(c) No person shall be held liable for damages or penalties in any court on any grounds for or in respect of anything done or omitted to be done in good faith pursuant to any provision of this Act or any regulation, order, or requirement thereunder, notwithstanding that subsequently such provision, regulation, order, or requirement may be modified, rescinded, or determined to be invalid. The Administrator may intervene in any suit or action wherein a party relies for ground of relief or defense upon this Act or any regulation, order, or requirement thereunder. No costs shall be assessed against the Administrator in any proceedings had or taken in accordance with this Act.

(d) Whenever in the judgment of the Administrator any person has engaged or is about to engage in any acts or practices which constitute or will constitute a violation of this Act, or any regulation, order, or requirement thereunder, he may make application to the United States District Court for the District of Columbia for an order enforcing compliance with this Act or such regulation, order, or requirement, and upon a proper showing a permanent or temporary injunction, restraining order, or other order, shall be granted without bond.

SEC. 11. DEFINITIONS.—As used in this Act—

(a) The term “housing accommodations” means any building, structure or part thereof, or land appurtenant thereto, or any other real or personal property rented or offered for rent for living or dwelling purposes in the District of Columbia (including, but without limitation, houses, apartments, hotels, boarding-house accommodations, and other properties used for living or dwelling purposes) together with all services supplied in connection with the use or occupancy of such property.

(b) The term “services” includes the furnishing of light, heat, hot and cold water, telephone, elevator service, furnishings, furniture, window shades, screens, awnings, and storage, kitchen, bath, and laundry facilities and privileges, maid service, janitor service, the removal of refuse, and the making of all repairs suited to the housing
accommodations or necessitated by ordinary wear and tear, and any
other privilege or facility connected with the use or occupancy of
housing accommodations.

(c) The term "rent" means the consideration, including any bonus,
benefit, or gratuity, demanded or received per day, week, month, year,
or other period of time as the case may be, for the use or occupancy
of housing accommodations or the transfer of a lease for such accommoda-
ations.

d) The term "maximum-rent ceiling" means the maximum rent
which may be demanded or received for the use or occupancy of hous-
ing accommodations or the transfer of a lease for such accommoda-
tions.

(e) The term "minimum-service standard" means the minimum
service which may be supplied in connection with the renting or
leasing of housing accommodations.

(f) The term "tenant" includes a subtenant, lessee, sublessee, or
other person entitled to the use or occupancy of any housing accom-
modations.

(g) The term "landlord" includes an owner, lessor, sublessor, or
other person entitled to receive rent for the use or occupancy of any
housing accommodations.

(h) The term "person" includes one or more individuals, firms,
partnerships, corporations, or associations and any agent, trustee,
receiver, assignee, or other representative thereof.

(i) The term "documents" includes leases, agreements, records,
books, accounts, correspondence, memoranda, and other documents,
and drafts and copies of any of the foregoing.

Sec. 12. Separability.—If any provision of this Act or the appli-
cation of such provision to any person or circumstance shall be held
invalid, the validity of the remainder of the Act and the applicability
of such provision to other persons or circumstances shall not be
affected thereby.

Sec. 13. Appropriation.—There is hereby authorized to be appro-
priated such funds as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of
this Act, to be paid out of money in the Treasury of the United
States to the credit of the District of Columbia not otherwise appro-
priated.

Sec. 14. Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the "District of
Columbia Emergency Rent Act".

Approved, December 2, 1941.

[CHAPTER 561]

JOINT RESOLUTION

Declaring that a state of war exists between the Imperial Government of Japan
and the Government and the people of the United States and making provi-
sions to prosecute the same.

Whereas the Imperial Government of Japan has committed unpro-
voked acts of war against the Government and the people of the United States of America: Therefore be it
Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the state of
war between the United States and the Imperial Government of Japan which has thus been thrust upon the United States is hereby
formally declared; and the President is hereby authorized and
directed to employ the entire naval and military forces of the United
States and the resources of the Government to carry on war against
the Imperial Government of Japan; and, to bring the conflict to a
successful termination, all of the resources of the country are hereby
pledged by the Congress of the United States.

Approved, December 8, 1941, 4:10 p. m., E. S. T.
[CHAPTER 562]  
AN ACT

To extend the six months' death gratuity benefits, now paid only to dependents of officers and enlisted men of the Regular Army, to dependents of all officers, warrant officers, and enlisted men of the Army of the United States who die in line of duty while in active military service of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, effective as of August 27, 1940, the last proviso of section 1 of the Act of August 30, 1935, as amended by section 5 of the Act of April 3, 1939 (53 Stat. 557), and by the Act of July 25, 1939 (53 Stat. 1079), be, and same is hereby, further amended by changing the final period to a comma and adding the following: "including for their dependents the benefits of the Act of December 17, 1919 (41 Stat. 367), as amended."

Approved, December 10, 1941.

[CHAPTER 563]  
AN ACT

To permit seeing-eye dogs to enter Government buildings when accompanied by their blind masters, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That seeing-eye dogs or other guide dogs, specially trained and educated for that purpose, accompanied by their blind masters, shall be admitted to any building or other property owned or controlled by the United States, upon the same terms and conditions, and subject to the same regulations as generally govern the admission of the public to such property: Provided, That such dogs shall not be permitted to run free or roam in or on such property, and shall be in guiding harness or on leash and under the control of their blind masters at all times while in or on such property. The head of each department or other agency of the United States may make such rules and regulations as he deems necessary in the public interest to carry out the provisions of this Act in its application to any such building or other property subject to his jurisdiction.

Approved, December 10, 1941.

[CHAPTER 564]  
JOINT RESOLUTION

Declaring that a state of war exists between the Government of Germany and the Government and the people of the United States and making provision to prosecute the same.

Whereas the Government of Germany has formally declared war against the Government and the people of the United States of America: Therefore be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the state of war between the United States and the Government of Germany which has thus been thrust upon the United States is hereby formally declared; and the President is hereby authorized and directed to employ the entire naval and military forces of the United States and the resources of the Government to carry on war against the Government of Germany; and, to bring the conflict to a successful termination, all of the resources of the country are hereby pledged by the Congress of the United States.

Approved, December 11, 1941, 3:05 p. m., E. S. T.
[CHAPTER 565]

JOINT RESOLUTION

Declaring that a state of war exists between the Government of Italy and the Government and the people of the United States and making provision to prosecute the same.

Whereas the Government of Italy has formally declared war against the Government and the people of the United States of America:

Therefore be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the state of war between the United States and the Government of Italy which has thus been thrust upon the United States is hereby formally declared; and the President is hereby authorized and directed to employ the entire naval and military forces of the United States and the resources of the Government to carry on war against the Government of Italy; and, to bring the conflict to a successful termination, all of the resources of the country are hereby pledged by the Congress of the United States.

Approved, December 11, 1941, 3:06 p. m., E. S. T.

[CHAPTER 566]

AN ACT

To provide for continuing in the service of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, and Coast Guard of the United States beyond the term of their enlistment, those suffering from service-connected disease or injury, and in need of medical care or hospitalization until recovery through such medical care and hospitalization.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That hereafter any enlisted man of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, and Coast Guard of the United States in the active service, whose term of enlistment shall expire while he is suffering disease or injury incident to service and not due to misconduct, and who is in need of medical care or hospitalization, may, with his consent, be retained in such service beyond the expiration of his term of enlistment, and any such enlisted man shall be entitled to receive at Government expense medical care or hospitalization and his pay and allowances (including expense money authorized by law and credit for longevity) until he shall have recovered to such extent as would enable him to meet the physical requirements for reenlistment, or until it shall have been ascertained by competent authority of the service concerned that the disease or injury is of a character that recovery to such an extent would be impossible, whichever is earlier: Provided, That any enlisted man whose enlistment is extended as provided herein shall be subject to forfeiture in the same manner and to the same extent as if his term of enlistment had not expired, and nothing contained in this Act shall prevent any enlisted man of the Army, Navy, or Marine Corps, and the Coast Guard, from being held in the service without his consent under, respectively, the provisions of the one hundred and seventh article of war, the Act of August 29, 1916, as amended (40 Stat. 717), and section 1, subsection (a), of the Act of May 26, 1906, as amended (50 Stat. 547).

Approved, December 12, 1941.
[CHAPTER 567]  
AN ACT  

To authorize the conveyance of the old Coast Guard station building at Two Rivers, Wisconsin, to the Eleven Gold Star Post Numbered 1248, Veterans of Foreign Wars, Two Rivers, Wisconsin.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy is authorized and directed to transfer and convey to the Eleven Gold Star Post Numbered 1248, Veterans of Foreign Wars, of Two Rivers, Wisconsin, without cost to such post, the old Coast Guard station building at Two Rivers, Wisconsin, upon condition that such building shall be removed from the station premises without cost to the United States within such reasonable time as may be prescribed by the Commandant of the Coast Guard: Provided, That upon failure by said post for any cause to remove the building within the time specified by the Commandant of the Coast Guard such building shall be disposed of as provided by existing law.

Approved, December 12, 1941.

[CHAPTER 568]  
AN ACT  

To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across Sarasota Pass, and across Longboat Pass, county of Manatee, State of Florida.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across Sarasota Pass and across Longboat Pass connecting up the south end of Anna Maria Key with the north end of Longboat Key, in the county of Manatee, State of Florida, authorized to be built by Bradenton Company, by an Act of Congress approved June 6, 1940, are hereby extended one and three years, respectively, from June 6, 1941.

Sec. 2. No toll or other charge shall be levied against any military or naval vehicle owned by the United States Government.

Sec. 3. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, December 12, 1941.

[CHAPTER 569]  
AN ACT  

To amend the Canal Zone Code so as to provide for control of photographing, possession of cameras, and so forth, in areas of the Canal Zone.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That chapter 1 of title 2, Canal Zone Code, approved June 19, 1934 (48 Stat. 1122), as amended, is further amended by adding at the end thereof a new section numbered 15 and reading as follows:

"Sec. 15. Photographing, and so forth, and possession of cameras in areas of Canal Zone.—Whenever, in the interests of the protection of the Panama Canal and Canal Zone, the Governor of the Panama Canal shall determine that any part or feature of the Panama Canal, or any area, object, installation, or structure within the Canal Zone, requires protection against the general dissemination of information relative thereto, the Governor is hereby authorized to make, and from time to time alter and amend, regulations prohibiting or restricting:

(a) The making of any photograph, sketch, drawing, map, or graphical representation of, within, or upon any such part or fea-
ture of the Panama Canal, or any such area, object, installation, or structure within the Canal Zone; and

"(b) The possession of any camera within any area or areas in the Canal Zone which the Governor may designate: Provided, however, That no regulation made pursuant to authority contained in this section shall apply to activities of the kind covered by this section which are conducted or performed by persons in the service or employ of the United States in the course of their official duties.

"Any person who shall violate any of the rules and regulations established in pursuance of the authority contained in this section shall be punishable by a fine of not more than $1,000, or by imprisonment in jail for not more than one year, or by both."

Approved, December 12, 1941.

[CHAPTER 570]

AN ACT

To provide for the extension of enlistments in the Navy in time of war, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in time of war all enlistments in the Regular Navy, Marine Corps, and Coast Guard, and in the Reserve components thereof as applicable, may be extended by the Secretary of the Navy for such additional time as he may deem necessary in the interest of national defense: Provided, That all men whose terms of enlistment are extended in accordance with the provisions of this Act shall continue during such extensions to be subject in all respects to the laws and regulations for the government of the Navy: Provided further, That men detained in service in accordance with this Act shall, unless they voluntarily extend their enlistments, be discharged not later than six months after the termination of the condition which originally authorized their detention.

SEC. 2. In time of war that portion of section 1422 of the Revised Statutes (18 Stat. 484; 34 U. S. C. 201) which reads as follows: "All persons who shall be so detained beyond their terms of enlistment or who shall, after the termination of their enlistment, voluntarily reenter to serve until the return to an Atlantic or Pacific port of the vessel to which they belong, and their regular discharge therefrom, shall receive for the time during which they are so detained, or shall so serve beyond their original terms of enlistment, an addition to one-fourth of their former pay: "; shall be suspended.

Approved, December 13, 1941.

[CHAPTER 571]

JOINT RESOLUTION

Removing restrictions on the territorial use of units and members of the Army of the United States, extending the periods of service of such personnel, and amending the National Defense Act with respect to the meaning of the term "Army of the United States".

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the provisions of Public Resolution Numbered 96, Seventy-sixth Congress, approved August 27, 1940, as amended, and of Public, Numbered 783, Seventy-sixth Congress (the Selective Training and Service Act of 1940), as amended, insofar as they restrict the territorial use of units and members of the Army of the United States, are suspended during
the existence of any war in which the United States is engaged, and during the six months immediately following the termination of any such war.

Sec. 2. The periods of service, training and service, enlistment, appointment, or commission, of all members of the Army of the United States now or hereafter in or subject to active military service of the United States are extended for the period stated in the preceding section: Provided, That nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent the President from terminating such periods of service, training and service, enlistment, appointment, or commission at an earlier date in any case.

Sec. 3. Section 1 of the National Defense Act of June 3, 1916, as amended, is amended by striking out the period at the end thereof and inserting in lieu of such period a comma and the following: “and shall include persons inducted into the land forces of the United States under Public, Numbered 783, Seventy-sixth Congress (the Selective Training and Service Act of 1940), as amended.”.

Approved, December 13, 1941.

[CHAPTER 572]

December 15, 1941
[Public Law 389]

AN ACT

To prohibit the introduction of contraband into the District of Columbia penal institutions.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That any person, not authorized by law, or by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, or by the general superintendent of penal institutions of the District of Columbia, who introduces or attempts to introduce into or upon the grounds of any penal institution of the District of Columbia, whether located within the District of Columbia or elsewhere, any narcotic drug, weapon, or any other contraband article or thing, or any contraband letter or message intended to be received by an inmate thereof, shall be guilty of a felony, and, upon conviction thereof in the District Court of the United States for the District of Columbia or in any court of the United States, shall be punished by imprisonment for not more than ten years.

Approved, December 15, 1941.

[CHAPTER 573]

December 15, 1941
[H. R. 3149]
[Public Law 340]

AN ACT

Providing for the pay and allowances of retired officers of the Navy and Marine Corps on active duty.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all commissioned officers of the Navy and Marine Corps on the retired list shall, when on active duty, receive full pay and allowances of the rank or grade in which they serve on such active duty: Provided, That this Act shall not operate to reduce the pay and allowances of such retired officers while on active duty.

Approved, December 15, 1941.
[CHAPTER 574]

AN ACT
To amend section 111, title 18, of the Code of the District of Columbia, with respect to designation of deputy clerks by the clerk of the District Court of the United States for the District of Columbia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 111, title 18, of the Code of the District of Columbia, as amended, is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 111. OATH; BOND; DEPUTY CLERKS.—The clerk of the District Court of the United States for the District of Columbia shall take the oath and give bond, with security, in the manner prescribed by law for the clerks of the district courts of the United States. The said clerk shall have power to appoint deputy clerks and other necessary employees, and may assign any of the deputy clerks in his office to duty in the said general or special terms of the court, except in the probate term. Any of the duties of the clerk may be performed in his name by any of the deputy clerks, and such deputies may sign the name of the clerk to any process, certificate, and other official act required by law or by the practice of the court to be performed by the clerk, and may authenticate said signature by affixing the seal of the court thereto when the seal is necessary to its authentication. In such cases the signature shall be—

"By __________, Clerk.

"By __________, Deputy clerk."

Approved, December 15, 1941.

[CHAPTER 579]

JOINT RESOLUTION
To declare abandoned the title of the city of Marquette, Michigan, to certain land in the county of Marquette, and to vest control of such land in the Secretary of the Treasury for Coast Guard purposes.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the title of the city of Marquette, Michigan, in and to the following described tract of land included in the grant from the United States to said city for public-park purposes, pursuant to section 2 of the Act of July 12, 1886 (24 Stat. 144), having been abandoned by said city, shall be and is hereby revested in the United States:

"All that certain piece or parcel of land located in section 1, township 48 north, range 25 west, in the town of Marquette, Marquette County, Michigan, being a parcel forty feet square, which is centered north one degree thirty minutes east forty feet from the northernmost corner of a parcel reserved by the United States of America for lighthouse purposes under the terms of an Act of Congress, approved July 12, 1886 (24 Stat. 144), and described as beginning at a point, an iron pin, recently established as the west corner of said parcel and located two thousand five hundred and seventy-five feet north and nine hundred and forty-five feet east of the quarter corner between sections 1 and 2, township 48 north, range 25 west, and running thence north sixty-six degrees thirty-three minutes east forty-three minutes east one hundred and ninety feet to the north corner, an iron bolt leaded in bare rock and located two thousand six hundred and fifty and five-tenths feet north and one thousand one hundred and nineteen and three-tenths feet east of the quarter corner between sections 1 and 2, township 48 north, range 25 west, thence south twenty-three degrees thirty minutes east forty-three minutes east one hundred and
Chapter 580

AN ACT

To amend the Canal Zone Code with respect to the trial of joint defendants, the removal of fugitives from justice, and the regulation of criminal procedure in the Canal Zone.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 365 of title 6 of the Canal Zone Code be, and it is hereby, amended to read as follows:

"365. TRIAL OF DEFENDANTS JOINTLY CHARGED.—When two or more defendants are jointly charged with any offense, they shall be tried jointly, unless the court orders separate trials. The court in its discretion may order a separate trial as to one or more defendants, and a joint trial as to the others, or may order any number of the defendants to be tried at one trial, and any number of the others at different trials, or may order a separate trial for each defendant."

SEC. 2. Article 2, chapter 26, title 6, of the Canal Zone Code is amended by adding, immediately after section 861, a new section numbered 861a and reading as follows:

"861a. ARREST AND REMOVAL TO OR FROM THE CANAL ZONE.—The provisions of section 1014, Revised Statutes of the United States, as amended (U. S. C., title 18, sec. 591), so far as applicable, shall apply throughout the United States for the arrest and removal therefrom to the Canal Zone of any fugitive from justice charged with the commission of any crime or offense against the United States within the Canal Zone, and shall apply within the Canal Zone for the arrest and removal therefrom to the United States of any fugitive from justice charged with the commission of any crime or offense against the United States. Such fugitive may, by any judge or magistrate of the Canal Zone, and agreeably to the usual mode of process against offenders therein, be arrested and imprisoned or bailed, as the case may be, pending the issuance of a warrant for his removal to the United States, which warrant it shall be the duty..."
of a judge of the district court seasonably to issue, and of the officer or agent of the United States designated for the purpose to execute. Such officer or agent, when engaged in executing such warrant without the Canal Zone, shall have all the powers of a marshal of the United States so far as such powers are requisite for the prisoner's safe keeping and the execution of the warrant."

SEC. 3. Chapter 2, title 7, of the Canal Zone Code is amended by adding, immediately after section 26, a new section numbered 26a and reading as follows:

"26a. RULES OF CRIMINAL PROCEDURE.—In respect to matters not covered by this code, the United States District Court for the District of the Canal Zone may adopt rules governing its criminal procedure, not inconsistent with the laws of the United States."

Approved, December 16, 1941.

[CHAPTER 581]

AN ACT
To amend the Canal Zone Code.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 2264 of title 3 of the Canal Zone Code, approved June 19, 1934, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"2264. WHEN VOID AS TO THIRD PERSONS.—A mortgage of personal property is void as against creditors of the mortgagor and subsequent purchasers and encumbrancers of the property in good faith and for value, unless—

1. It is accompanied by the affidavit of all the parties thereto that it is made in good faith and without any design to hinder, delay, or defraud creditors;

2. It is acknowledged or proved and certified in the manner prescribed in chapter 22 of this title; and

3. It, or a true copy, is filed in the office of the registrar of property of the Canal Zone."

SEC. 2. That section 2265 of title 3 of the Canal Zone Code is hereby amended to read as follows:

"2265. FILING.—The registrar of property shall mark upon the mortgage of personal property, or copy, filed with him the day and hour of filing and shall file the mortgage, or copy, in his office for public inspection. He shall keep a separate book in which he shall enter the names of the mortgagor and the mortgagee, the day of the mortgage, the day and hour of filing, a brief description of the property mortgaged and the amount of the mortgage. Such book shall be indexed under the names of both mortgagor and mortgagee. For filing and entering such mortgage or copy, or any assignment of such mortgage, the registrar shall be entitled to a fee of 50 cents."

SEC. 3. That article 2, chapter 63, title 3, Canal Zone Code, is hereby amended by adding, immediately after section 2265, a new section numbered 2265a and reading as follows:

"2265a. FILING ASSIGNMENT OF MORTGAGE, NOTICE TO MORTGAGOR.—An assignment of a mortgage of personal property may be filed in like manner as a mortgage of personal property, and each filing operates as notice to all persons subsequently deriving title to the mortgage from the assignor: Provided, That when a mortgage of personal property is executed as security for money due, or to become due, on a promissory note, bond, or other instrument designated in the mortgage, the filing of the assignment of the mortgage is not, of itself, notice to a mortgagor, his heirs, or personal representatives, so as to invalidate any payment made by them, or either of them, to the person holding such note, bond, or other instrument."

December 16, 1941
[Public Law 344]
[55 STAT.] 77TH CONG., 1ST SESS.—CHS. 580, 581—DEC. 16, 1941
Certificate of payment or satisfaction.

Certificate of payment or satisfaction.

TAKING VEHICLE FOR TEMPORARY USE OR OPERATION—Any person who shall, without the permission of the owner thereof, take any automobile, bicycle, motorcycle, or other vehicle, for the purpose of temporarily using or operating the same, shall be punished for the first offense by a fine of not more than $100 or by imprisonment in jail for not more than thirty days, or by both, and shall be punished for each subsequent offense by a fine of not more than $500 or by imprisonment in jail for not more than six months, or by both.”

Approved, December 16, 1941.
therefrom, shall voluntarily enter the Canal Zone for any purpose shall be punished by imprisonment in the penitentiary for not more than two years and, upon the completion of his sentence, may again be deported from the Canal Zone in accordance with the laws and orders relating to deportation: Provided, however, That the Governor of the Panama Canal may at any time, in his discretion and for good cause shown, revoke any order deporting any person following service of a sentence of imprisonment in the Canal Zone: Provided further, That the Governor of the Panama Canal, in his discretion by permit or regulations, may authorize any person or persons deported following service of a sentence of imprisonment in the Canal Zone to pass through or return temporarily to the Canal Zone, and he may prescribe the route over which such persons shall be required to travel while in the Canal Zone. Any person who shall violate the terms of any such permit or of the regulations authorized herein, or shall remain in the Canal Zone after the expiration of such permit, shall be deemed guilty of a violation of this section and punished as herein provided."

SEC. 2. That section 829 of title 5 of the Canal Zone Code, approved June 19, 1934, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"829. Jumping on or off train in motion; riding on roof, platform, appliances, or projections.—Any person other than a member of a train crew, or a transportation official or employee engaged in the performance of his duties, who shall jump on or off a railroad locomotive, car, or train while it is in motion, or ride on the roof of any car of such train, or on the platform, coupling, or any other appliance or projection on the outside of any such car, shall be punished by a fine of not more than $10 for each offense."

Approved, December 16, 1941.

[CHAPTER 584]

AN ACT

To amend section 96, title 2, of the Canal Zone Code, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 96, title 2, of the Canal Zone Code, is amended by adding, after the fourth paragraph of said section, the following additional paragraph:

"Any employee retiring under the provisions of section 92 or 93 of this title may at the time of his retirement elect to receive in lieu of the life annuity described herein a reduced annuity payable to him during his life, and an annuity after his death payable to his beneficiary designated by him at the time of his retirement, which designation shall be in writing and filed with the Civil Service Commission. The amount of the annuity of the surviving beneficiary shall be either equal to or 50 per centum of the employee's reduced annuity as the employee shall elect in the writing hereinbefore provided for, and the said annuity shall be payable during the life of the beneficiary, and upon the death of the beneficiary all payments shall cease and no further annuity shall be due and payable. The amounts of the two annuities shall be such that their combined actuarial value on the date of retirement as determined by the Civil Service Commission shall be the same as the actuarial value of the single life increased annuity with forfeiture provided by this section: Provided, That no election in lieu of the life annuity provided herein shall become effective in case an employee dies within thirty days after the effective date of retirement and death."

Provided.

December 16, 1941

[Public Law 347]
Additional deposits or deductions.

Availability for purchase of additional annuity.

Payment of disability annuity.

Return of deductions.

Application of provisions.

Interest.

within such period shall be considered as a death in active service.”

Sec. 2. Section 99, title II, of the Canal Zone Code, is amended by adding, after the first paragraph of said section, the following additional paragraph:

“At the option of any employee, to be exercised at any time prior to his retirement, and under such regulations as may be prescribed by the Civil Service Commission, additional sums in multiples of 1 per centum, but not to exceed 20 per centum, of his annual basic salary, pay, or compensation, for any period subsequent to June 30, 1931, may be deducted and withheld, or paid by the employee, and deposited as provided in the first paragraph of this section, which amount together with interest thereon at 3 per centum per annum compounded as of June 30 of each year, shall, at the date of his retirement, be available to purchase, in accordance with such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the Civil Service Commission, with the approval of the board of actuaries, in addition to the annuity provided by this article, an annuity according to the experience of the Canal Zone retirement and disability fund as may from time to time be set forth in the tables of annuity values by the board of actuaries based on an interest rate at 4 per centum.”

Sec. 3. Section 94, title II, of the Canal Zone Code, as amended, is further amended by striking out wherever they appear the words “ninety-day” and “ninety days” and inserting in lieu thereof “one year”.

Sec. 4. Section 101, title II, of the Canal Zone Code, as amended, is further amended by adding at the end of the said section an additional paragraph designated “(g)” and reading as follows:

“(g) The provisions of this section shall be construed to apply to the additional deductions and deposits referred to in the second paragraph of section 99 of this title as added by section 2 of this Act: Provided, however, That under paragraph (a) of this section there shall be no additional deduction of $1 per month or major fraction thereof, on account of said deductions and deposits: Provided further, That under paragraphs (b) and (d) of section 101, as amended, the interest payable upon return of the deductions and deposits referred to in this paragraph shall be computed at 3 per centum per annum compounded on June 30 of each year: And provided further, That under paragraph (b) of this section no part of such deductions and deposits or interest thereon, returned to an employee upon his transfer or separation from the service as provided in this section, shall be required to be redeposited by him as a condition precedent to the receipt by him of benefits under this article.”

Sec. 5. This Act shall take effect on January 1, 1942.

Approved, December 16, 1941.

[CHAPTER 585] AN ACT

To provide aviation education in the senior high schools of the District of Columbia, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Board of Education is hereby authorized and directed to establish and to include in the curricula of the senior high schools of the District of Columbia, as an additional optional course, a course in aeronautics, which shall include instruction in aerodynamics, the theory of flight, the airplane and its engine, mechanics, engineering, meteorology, practical air navigation, map reading, and such other allied subjects as the Board in its discretion may deem it advisable to prescribe.
Such course shall be first offered during the high-school term beginning in 1942. Thereafter such additional courses in aeronautics may be added as deemed desirable by the Board of Education. The same credit toward graduation may be given for said course as is given for other optional courses in said schools.

Sec. 2. The Board is further authorized to employ a sufficient number of teachers of aeronautics, not to exceed six, adequately to instruct those pupils who elect to pursue the said course, at the salary rates authorized for teachers in the senior high schools.

Sec. 3. The Board shall provide the pupils of the senior high schools, free of charge, with the use of all aeronautical textbooks, maps, and other necessary educational supplies required for said course.

Sec. 4. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated a sum not to exceed $16,000 in order to carry out the purposes of this Act.

Sec. 5. The Board shall hereafter include in its annual estimates of money required for the public schools of the District of Columbia for the ensuing year an amount sufficient to defray the expenses herein authorized.

Approved, December 16, 1941.

[CHAPTER 587]

AN ACT

To authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to purchase or accept as gifts motorboats, yachts, and similar vessels for Coast Guard use.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, during any period of national emergency proclaimed by the President, the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to purchase, or accept as a gift, for the use of the Coast Guard in the performance of its maritime police functions, any motorboat, yacht, or other small craft owned by a citizen or citizens of the United States and suitable for patrolling harbors, bays, roadsteads, and other navigable waters of the United States.

Sec. 2. The purchase of any vessel pursuant to the provisions of this Act may be made without regard to the provisions of section 3709, Revised Statutes (U. S. C., title 41, sec. 5).

Sec. 3. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, such amount as may be necessary to purchase vessels pursuant to the provisions of this Act.

Sec. 4. In the event the Coast Guard should operate as a part of the Navy during any period of national emergency, the authority conferred by this Act upon the Secretary of the Treasury shall vest in, and be exercised by, the Secretary of the Navy.

Approved, December 16, 1941.
to inspect all food possessed or offered for sale, and condemn, denature, destroy, seize or remove such food as may be unfit for consumption.

Sec. 4. The Commissioners of the District of Columbia are authorized to make such rules and regulations as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act.

Sec. 5. Prosecutions for violations of any of the provisions of this Act or of any regulations promulgated thereunder shall be on information in the police court of the District of Columbia by the corporation counsel of the District of Columbia or any of his assistants.

Sec. 6. Any person violating any of the provisions of this Act or any of the regulations promulgated thereunder shall, upon conviction, be fined not more than $300 or imprisoned for not more than ninety days.

Sec. 7. This Act shall in no respect be considered as a repeal of any of the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, but shall be construed as supplemental thereto.

Approved, December 17, 1941.

[CHAPTER 589] AN ACT

To provide additional safeguards to the radio communications service of ships of the United States in the interest of national defense, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That during the national emergency declared by the President on May 27, 1941, to exist, but not after July 1, 1943, or the date upon which the President proclaims the existing national defense emergency terminated, whichever occurs first, for the purpose of strengthening the national defense by providing additional safeguards, it shall be unlawful to employ any person or to permit any person to serve as radio operator aboard any vessel (other than a vessel of foreign registry) if the Secretary of the Navy—

(1) has disapproved such employment for any specified voyage, route, or area of operation, and

(2) has notified the master of the vessel of such disapproval prior to the departure thereof.

No such vessel shall be granted clearance, depart or attempt to depart from any port or place in the United States, its territories or possessions, or the Canal Zone, while having on board a person serving as radio operator in violation of this Act. For any violation of this Act, the master and the owner shall be severally subject to a penalty of not more than $1,000 for which penalties the vessel shall be liable. Such penalties on application may be mitigated or remitted by the Secretary of Commerce.

Approved, December 17, 1941.

[CHAPTER 588] AN ACT

To define and punish vagrancy in the District of Columbia, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following classes of persons shall be deemed vagrants in the District of Columbia:

(1) Any person known to be a pickpocket, thief, burglar, confidence operator, or felon, either by his own confession or by his having
been convicted in the District of Columbia or elsewhere of any one
of such offenses or of any felony, and having no lawful employment
and having no lawful means of support realized from a lawful occu-
pation or source, and not giving a good account of himself when
found loitering around in any park, highway, public building, or
other public place, store, shop, or reservation, or at any public
gathering or assembly.

(2) Any person upon whom shall be found any instrument, tool,
or other implement for picking locks or pockets or that is usually
employed or reasonably may be employed in the commission of any
crime who shall fail satisfactorily to account for the possession of
the same.

(3) Any person leading an immoral or profligate life who has
no lawful employment and who has no lawful means of support
realized from a lawful occupation or source.

(4) Any person who keeps, operates, frequents, lives in, or is
employed in any house or other establishment of ill fame, or who
(whether married or single) engages in or commits acts of fornication
or perversion for hire.

(5) Any person who frequents or loaf, loiters, or idles in or
around or is the occupant of or is employed in any gambling estab-
lishment or establishment where intoxicating liquor is sold without
a license.

(6) Any person wandering abroad and lodging in any grocery or
provision establishment, vacant house, or other vacant building,
outhouse, market place, shed, barn, garage, gasoline station, parking
lot, or in the open air, and not giving a good account of himself.

(7) Any person wandering abroad and begging, or who goes about
from door to door or places himself in or on any highway, passage,
or other public place to beg or receive alms.

(8) Any person who wanders about the streets at late or unusual
hours of the night without any visible or lawful business and
not giving a good account of himself.

(9) And all persons who by the common law are vagrants, whether
embraced in any of the foregoing classifications or not.

Sec. 2. In all prosecutions under paragraphs 1 or 3 of section 1
of this Act the burden of proof shall be upon the defendant to show
that he has lawful employment or has lawful means of support
realized from a lawful occupation or source.

Sec. 3. Any person convicted of vagrancy under the provisions
of this Act shall be punished by a fine of not more than $300 or
imprisonment for not more than ninety days, or by both such fine
and imprisonment, in the discretion
of
the court. The court may
impose conditions upon any person found guilty under the afore-
said provisions and so long as such person shall comply therewith
to the satisfaction of the court the imposition or execution of sentence
may be suspended for such period as the court may direct; and the
court may at or before the expiration of such period remand such
sentence or cause it to be executed. Conditions thus imposed by
the court may include submission to medical and mental examination,
diagnosis, and treatment by proper public health and welfare
authorities, and such other terms and conditions as the court may
deem best for the protection of the community and the punishment,
control, and rehabilitation of the defendant. The health officer
of the District of Columbia, the Women's Bureau of the Police
Department, the Board of Public Welfare, and the probation officers
of the court are authorized and directed to perform such duties
as may be directed by the court in effectuating compliance with the
conditions so imposed upon any defendant.
Prosecutions.

Repeals.


Right to strike or to picket.

December 17, 1941
[H. R. 6159]
[Public Law 353]

PUBLIC LAWS—CH. 589, 591—DEC. 17, 1941

SEC. 4. All prosecutions under this Act shall be in the police court of the District of Columbia, in the name of the District of Columbia, by the corporation counsel or any of his assistants.

SEC. 5. That section 8 of an Act entitled "An Act for the preservation of the public peace and protection of property within the District of Columbia," approved July 29, 1892, as amended by an Act of Congress approved July 8, 1898, and so much of the District of Columbia Appropriation Act for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1910, approved March 3, 1909, as defines and punishes vagrancy, and section 2 of an Act entitled "An Act for the suppression of prostitution in the District of Columbia", approved August 15, 1935, are hereby repealed. This Act shall not be construed as repealing or amending any other Acts of Congress, but shall be taken as supplementary thereto.

SEC. 6. Nothing in this Act shall be construed so as to interfere with or impede or diminish in any way the right to strike or the right to picket.

Approved, December 17, 1941.

[CHAPTER 591]

AN ACT

Making supplemental appropriations for the national defense for the fiscal years ending June 30, 1942, and June 30, 1943, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the national defense for the fiscal years ending June 30, 1942, and June 30, 1943, and for other purposes, namely:

TITLE I—WAR DEPARTMENT

MILITARY ACTIVITIES

SEC. 101. For additional amounts for appropriations for the Military Establishment, fiscal year 1942, to be supplemental to, and merged with, the appropriations under the same heads in the Military Appropriation Act, 1942, including the objects and subject to the limitations and conditions specified under said heads respectively in that Act, except as otherwise provided herein, as follows:

CONTINGENCIES OF THE ARMY

For contingencies of the Army, $24,800, which shall be available for the actual and necessary expenses, as may be determined and approved by the Secretary of War, of officers, warrant officers, and enlisted men of the Army on special duty in foreign countries.

EXPEDITING PRODUCTION

For expediting production of equipment and supplies for national defense, $388,000,000: Provided, That expenditures from appropriations under this heading may hereafter be made until June 30, 1943, without securing the specific approval of the projects by the President.

GENERAL STAFF CORPS

CONTINGENT FUND, CHIEF OF STAFF

For contingent fund, Chief of Staff, $125,000,000, to remain available until June 30, 1943.
MILITARY INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES

For miscellaneous expenses requisite for and incident to the military intelligence activities of the Army and maintenance of the military attaches, including observers of the Military Intelligence Division abroad, $239,000: Provided, That the limitation of $5,000 upon the expenses of officers of the Army on duty abroad under this head in the Military Appropriation Act, 1942, is hereby repealed.

ADJUTANT GENERAL’S DEPARTMENT

WELFARE OF ENLISTED MEN

For welfare of enlisted men, $1,210,000.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT

PAY OF THE ARMY

For pay of the Army, $314,000,000: Provided, That this appropriation shall not be subject to any limitation as to the number of selective trainees who may be paid therefrom.

TRAVEL OF THE ARMY

For travel of the Army, $10,000,000: Provided, That funds appropriated under this heading may be applied to the payment of money allowances in lieu of transportation, or transportation and subsistence, at the rate of 3 cents per mile to enlisted men regardless of the mode of travel.

CLAIMS FOR DAMAGES TO AND LOSS OF PRIVATE PROPERTY

For claims for damages to or loss of private property, $12,000.

QUARTERMASTER CORPS

SUBSISTENCE OF THE ARMY

For subsistence of the Army, $104,300,000.

REGULAR SUPPLIES OF THE ARMY

For regular supplies of the Army, $6,900,000.

CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE

For clothing and equipage, $13,540,000.

INCIDENTAL EXPENSES

For incidental expenses of the Army, $8,645,000.

ARMY TRANSPORTATION

For Army transportation, $370,079,085, of which amount not to exceed $30,000,000 shall be available for the procurement from the United States Maritime Commission of five Army transports: Provided, That the provisions of section 302 (c) of the Treasury and Post Office Departments Appropriation Act, 1942, shall not apply to vehicles under the jurisdiction of the War Department, used for military activities.

MILITARY POSTS

For construction of buildings, utilities, and appurtenances at military posts, $827,820,000.
For barracks and quarters and other buildings and utilities, $8,740,000.

**SIGNAL CORPS**

**SIGNAL SERVICE OF THE ARMY**

For Signal Service of the Army, $257,160,452.

**AIR CORPS**

**AIR CORPS, ARMY**

For Air Corps, Army, $779,000,000, of which not to exceed $2,000,000 shall be available for the payment of obligations incurred under contracts executed prior to July 1, 1939.

**MEDICAL DEPARTMENT, ARMY**

**MEDICAL AND HOSPITAL DEPARTMENT**

For Medical and Hospital Department, Army, $25,168,000.

**CORPS OF ENGINEERS**

**ENGINEER SERVICE, ARMY**

For Engineer Service, Army, $129,222,000, of which $5,000,000 shall remain available until June 30, 1943.

**MILITARY CONSTRUCTION, DEFENSE INSTALLATIONS**

For military construction, defense installations, $1,305,000, to remain available until June 30, 1943.

**CHORRERA AND RIO HATO ROAD, REPUBLIC OF PANAMA**

To enable the United States to cooperate with the Republic of Panama in connection with the construction of a highway between Chorrera and Rio Hato in the Republic of Panama, fiscal year 1942, $873,000, to remain available until expended and to be additional to the appropriation for this purpose in the Third Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1939.

**ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT**

**ORDNANCE SERVICE AND SUPPLIES, ARMY**

For ordnance service and supplies, Army, $3,719,883,246.

**CHEMICAL WARFARE SERVICE**

For Chemical Warfare Service, Army, $6,272,000.

**CHIEF OF INFANTRY**

**INFANTRY SCHOOL, FORT BENNING, GEORGIA**

For Infantry School, Fort Benning, Georgia, $69,000.

**SEACOAST DEFENSES**

For seacoast defenses, $9,564,000, of which $7,959,832 shall remain available until expended.
ARMY OF THE PHILIPPINES

For all expenses necessary for the mobilization, operation, and maintenance of the Army of the Philippines, including expenses connected with calling into the service of the armed forces of the United States the organized military forces of the Government of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, and expenditures incident to pay, allowances, operation, maintenance, and other activities of units and personnel of said organized military forces, and for the emergent mobilization and training of such forces, may be made without regard to the provisions of law regulating the expenditure of or accounting for funds of the United States but shall be expended and accounted for in a manner prescribed by the President of the United States, $269,000,000, to remain available until June 30, 1943, which shall be available for payment to the Government of the Commonwealth of the Philippines upon its written request, either in advance of or in reimbursement for all or any part of the estimated or actual cost, as authorized by the Commanding General, United States Army Forces in the Far East, of necessary expenses for the purposes aforesaid, except that none of such moneys shall be available for the pay and allowances of personnel of said organized military forces of the Government of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, when serving in the Philippine Islands, in excess of the pay and allowances authorized by Philippine law, executive orders, and regulations which were in effect November 1, 1941, and of which not to exceed $15,000,000 may be restored to the Emergency Fund for the President, created by the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1942, in reimbursement of a like amount advanced therefrom: Provided, That any expenditures heretofore or hereafter made from said appropriation "Emergency Fund for the President" for the purposes and in the manner authorized under this heading in this Act, are hereby authorized and validated: Provided further, That any appropriation for the Military Establishment may be applied to the purposes aforesaid subject to reimbursement by transfer from this appropriation of the value of such property or service as may have been or may thereafter be applied to such purposes and any amount so transferred shall be available for expenditure for the purposes of the appropriation so reimbursed during the fiscal year in which such amount was received and the ensuing fiscal year.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Sec. 102. Whenever the President deems it to be in the interest of national defense, he may authorize the Secretary of War to sell, transfer title to, exchange, lease, lend, or otherwise dispose of, to the government of any country whose defense the President deems vital to the defense of the United States, any defense article procured from funds appropriated for the Military Establishment prior to or since March 11, 1941, in accordance with the provisions of the Act of March 11, 1941 (Public, Numbered 11). The value of defense articles disposed of in any way under the authority of this paragraph shall not exceed $2,000,000,000, and the limitation of $1,300,000,000 fixed by section 3 (a) (2) of such Act is hereby reduced to $800,000,000 and this latter limitation shall not be applicable to the War Department after the date of the enactment of this Act.

Sec. 108. The Secretary of War is authorized to utilize any appropriation available for the Military Establishment, under such regulations as he may prescribe, for all expenses incident to the maintenance, pay, and allowances of prisoners of war, other persons in Army custody whose status is determined by the Secretary of War to be
similar to prisoners of war, and persons detained in Army custody pursuant to Presidential proclamation.

SEC. 104. This title may be cited as "Title III, Military Appropriation Act, 1942".

TITLE II—NAVY DEPARTMENT

SEC. 201. For additional amounts for appropriations for the Navy Department and the naval service, fiscal year 1942, to be supplemental, and, in addition, to the appropriations in the Naval Appropriation Act, 1942, including the objects and subject to the limitations and conditions specified therein, and except as otherwise provided herein, as follows:

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF THE NAVY

Miscellaneous expenses, Navy: For the temporary employment of persons or organizations by contract or otherwise without regard to section 3700 of the Revised Statutes, or the classification laws, or section 8 of the Act of April 6, 1914 (38 Stat. 335), $50,000.

NAVAL EMERGENCY FUND

Naval emergency fund, including local defense and fleet training schools and equipment and services therefor, fleet landings, navigational aids, and such other objects as the Secretary of the Navy may consider necessary to further the preparedness of the United States Navy, $50,000,000, to remain available until expended.

BUREAU OF SHIPS

Maintenance, Bureau of Ships, $250,000,000.

Defense installations on merchant vessels: For the procurement of the necessary materials and for the provision of defense installations on Government-owned or privately owned merchant vessels, $120,000,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That the provision relating to defense installations on Government or privately owned merchant vessels contained in the Naval Appropriation Act, 1942, under the appropriation for Increase and Replacement of Naval Vessels is hereby repealed: Provided further, That the appropriation "Increase and Replacement of Naval Vessels" shall be credited and this appropriation charged for any expenditures hereof made on account of defense installations on Government or privately owned merchant vessels under the authority of the Naval Appropriation Act, 1942, and under the appropriation "Alterations to naval vessels" contained in Title VI of the Naval Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1941.

BUREAU OF SUPPLIES AND ACCOUNTS

Pay, subsistence, and transportation of naval personnel: The restriction against the employment of enlisted men in officers' quarters and messes under said heading is hereby amended by excepting from said restriction officers' messes at over-seas bases, including Alaska, and mobile hospitals.

Maintenance, Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, 1942: This appropriation shall be available for payments to the Maritime Commission for charter and hire of cargo vessels when manned by other than naval personnel.

BUREAU OF MEDICINE AND SURGERY

Care of the dead, $100,000, of which amount $10,000 shall be available for the payment of obligations incurred during the fiscal year 1941.
For the following public works and public utilities projects, including the acquisition of necessary land, at a cost not to exceed the amount stated, $335,415,000, which amount, together with unexpended balances of the appropriations heretofore made under this heading, shall be disbursed and accounted for as one fund: Provided, That the provisions of section 4 of the Act approved April 25, 1939 (53 Stat. 590), shall be applicable to the work under this appropriation:

Navy Yard, Boston, Massachusetts: Receiving ship facilities and housing for crews of ships, $1,665,000;

Naval air station, New York, New York: For the development of aviation facilities including buildings and accessories, and the acquisition of Floyd Bennett Field, Kings County, New York, and adjacent suitable areas, including buildings, improvements, and facilities, $18,750,000: Provided, That in the purchase of this field the Navy Department shall take into consideration expenditures by any Federal agency from Federal funds in or for developing such field prior to acquisition thereof by the United States;

Naval supply depot, Mechanicsburg, Pennsylvania: For the development of storage facilities, including buildings and accessories and acquisition of land, $15,000,000;

Temporary and emergency construction: For temporary and emergency construction or acquisition of buildings and facilities, including the acquisition of land, at localities inside and outside the United States, needed by the Navy, as may be specifically approved by the Secretary of the Navy, including collateral public works items, $900,000,000: Provided, That the Secretary of the Navy shall transmit to Congress on or before January 10, 1943, a statement by projects of the obligations incurred under this appropriation.

The provisions of section 4 of the Act approved April 25, 1939 (53 Stat. 590-592), shall be applicable to all public works and public utilities projects provided in this Act, regardless of location: Provided, That the fixed fee to be paid the contractor as a result of any contract hereafter entered into under the authority of this provision shall not exceed 6 per centum of the estimated cost of the contract, exclusive of the fee, as determined by the Secretary of the Navy.

Aviation, Navy: For new construction and procurement of aircraft and equipment, spare parts and accessories, $309,720,000, and, in addition, the Secretary of the Navy may, prior to July 1, 1942, enter into contracts for the production and purchase of new airplanes and their equipment, spare parts, and accessories, to an amount not in excess of $640,000,000, including not to exceed $50,000,000 for additional plant facilities in public and private plants.

COAST GUARD

Office of Commandant: For an additional amount for personal services in the District of Columbia, fiscal year 1942, subject to the conditions specified under this head in the Treasury Department Appropriation Act, 1942, $8,755.

Pay and allowances: For an additional amount for pay and allowances, Coast Guard, fiscal year 1942, including the objects specified under this head in the Treasury Department Appropriation Act, 1942, as amended, $4,285,537, and the limitation of $69,008, under this head in the Second Supplemental National Defense Appropriation Act, 1942, $8,755.
Act, 1942, on the amount which may be expended for recreation, amusement, comfort, contentment, and health of enlisted men is hereby increased to $76,746.

General expenses, Coast Guard: For an additional amount for general expenses, Coast Guard, fiscal year 1942, including the objects specified under this head in the Treasury Department Appropriation Act, 1942, as amended, $4,785,000, of which $35,000, or as much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby allocated for the breaking of ice on the Illinois River.

Construction of vessels and shore facilities, Coast Guard: For an additional amount for additional and replacement vessels and their equipment, and the construction, rebuilding, or extension of shore facilities, including the objects specified under this head in the Treasury Department Appropriation Act, 1942, as amended, $8,717,300, to remain available until expended, of which amount not to exceed four per centum shall be available for administrative expense in connection therewith, including personal services in the District of Columbia.

Establishing and improving aids to navigation: For an additional amount for establishing and improving aids to navigation and other works, including the acquisition of sites therefor, $669,136, which sum shall be available for all expenditures directly relating thereto.

INCREASE AND REPLACEMENT OF NAVAL VESSELS

Construction and machinery: In addition to the objects specified under this heading in the Naval Appropriation Act, 1942, this appropriation shall be available for the construction or acquisition and conversion of not to exceed eight hundred small vessels as mine craft and patrol craft, as authorized in Public Law 323, Seventy-seventh Congress, as amended by this Act: Provided, That Public Law Numbered 72, Seventy-seventh Congress, approved May 24, 1941, is hereby amended by deleting the words “five hundred and fifty thousand tons” and inserting the words “one million three hundred and fifty thousand tons” in lieu thereof: Provided further, That Public Law Numbered 323, Seventy-seventh Congress, approved November 21, 1941, is hereby amended by deleting the words “four hundred” and inserting “eight hundred” in lieu thereof, and also by deleting the following: “not to exceed $300,000,000”.

GENERAL PROVISION

Sec. 202. The appropriations for the Navy Department and the naval service for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1942, shall be available for the pay and other expenses of not to exceed fifty thousand men inducted into the naval service and not to exceed ten thousand men inducted into the Marine Corps under the provisions of the Selective Training and Service Act of 1940.

Sec. 203. This title may be cited as "Title V, Naval Appropriation Act, 1942".

TITLE III—GENERAL APPROPRIATIONS

LEGISLATIVE

SENATE

For payment to Elizabeth M. Adams, widow of Alva B. Adams, late a Senator from the State of Colorado, $10,000.

To enable the Secretary of the Senate to employ an assistant in the Senate Library from January 1, to June 30, 1942, at the rate of $1,440 per annum, to be paid from the appropriation for Salaries of Officers and Employees of the Senate for the fiscal year 1942.

Citation of title.

Senate Library, assistant.

Ante, p. 446.
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

For a special employee for the majority at the rate of $5,000 per annum, to be appointed by the Speaker, fiscal year 1942, $2,500; such position is authorized to continue only during such period as it is occupied by the first incumbent thereof.

ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL

To enable the Architect of the Capitol to prepare a suitable depository for the valued documents of the two Houses of Congress since the organization of the Government, fiscal year 1942, $25,000, to remain available until expended. The Architect of the Capitol is directed to prepare suitable space directly beneath the crypt in the central portion of the Capitol Building for this purpose, and without reference to sections 5709 and 3744 of the Revised Statutes of the United States to make necessary expenditures for labor, materials, equipment, and any other item necessary in connection therewith.

THE JUDICIARY

SUPREME COURT

Preparation of rules for criminal proceedings: For all expenses of the Supreme Court of the United States to provide for expenses of such advisory committee as may be appointed by the Court to assist it in the preparation of rules of pleading, practice, and procedure with respect to criminal cases, pursuant to the Act entitled "An Act to give the Supreme Court of the United States authority to prescribe rules of pleading, practice, and procedure with respect to proceedings in criminal cases prior to and including verdict, or finding or plea of guilty", approved June 29, 1940 (54 Stat. 688), including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere and printing and binding, to be expended as the Chief Justice in his discretion may direct, including such per diem allowances in lieu of actual expenses for subsistence at rates to be fixed by him not to exceed $10 per day, fiscal years 1942 and 1943, $25,000.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

FOREIGN WAR RELIEF

To enable the President through such agency or agencies as he may designate to purchase exclusively in the United States and to transport, and to distribute as hereinafter provided, medical, agricultural, and other supplies for the relief of men, women, and children, who have been rendered sick or destitute as a result of hostilities or invasion, fiscal year 1942, $35,000,000, including the cost of such purchases, the transportation to point of distribution, and distribution, administrative and other costs, but not including any administrative expense incurred by any nongovernmental agency: Provided, That when so purchased, such materials and supplies are hereby authorized to be distributed by the President through the American Red Cross or such governmental or other agencies as he may designate: Provided further, That any governmental agency so designated to aid in the purchase, transportation, or distribution of any such materials and supplies may expend any sums allocated to it for such designated purposes without regard to the provisions of any other Act: And provided further, That on or before June 30, 1942, the President shall submit to Congress an itemized and detailed report of the expenditures and activities made and conducted under the authority contained herein.
Emergency fund for the President: To enable the President, through appropriate agencies of the Government, to provide for emergencies affecting the national security and defense and for each and every purpose connected therewith, and to make all necessary expenditures incident thereto for any purpose for which the Congress has previously made appropriation or authorization and without regard to the provisions of law regulating the expenditure of Government funds or the employment of persons in the Government service, such as section 3709 of the Revised Statutes and the civil service and classification laws; and any waiver hereunder of the provisions of any law regulating such expenditure or such employment shall not be exercised by any agency unless the allocation to such agency or subsequent action of the President in connection therewith permits any such waiver to be availed of; $100,000,000, fiscal year 1942, to remain available until June 30, 1943: Provided, That in a total amount of not exceeding $10,000,000 and within the purposes provided for in this paragraph, the President may authorize the expenditure of sums from this appropriation for objects of a confidential nature and in any such case the certificate of the expending agency as to the amount of the expenditure and that it is deemed inadvisable to specify the nature thereof shall be deemed a sufficient voucher for the sum therein expressed to have been expended: Provided further, That the President shall transmit to Congress, on or before January 10, 1944, a report of the expenditures of such sum of $100,000,000.

Defense housing: For an additional amount to enable the President of the United States to provide temporary shelter in localities where for any reason arising out of the war a shortage of housing exists, fiscal year 1942, including the objects and subject, to the conditions specified under this head in the Urgent Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1941, approved March 1, 1941, $300,000,000, to remain available until June 30, 1943.

OFFICE FOR EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT

For an additional amount for the Office for Emergency Management, fiscal year 1942, including the objects for which the appropriation under this heading in the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1941, is available, and subject to the provisions and limitations thereof, except as hereinafter otherwise specified, $75,000,000: Provided, That not more than $3,000,000 of the amount appropriated in this paragraph shall be available for the Office of Price Administration except that in the event of the enactment hereafter into law of legislation for price control this limitation may be exceeded to the extent necessary to give effect to such legislation: Provided further, That moneys from this appropriation made available to the Coordinator of Inter-American Affairs (successor to the Coordinator of Commercial and Cultural Relations between the American Republics), together with moneys previously made available to the Coordinator of Inter-American Affairs, shall, without regard to the limitation of $1,600,000 specified in the second proviso clause in the appropriation to the Office for Emergency Management contained in the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1941 (which proviso is amended in accordance herewith), be available to the Coordinator of Inter-American Affairs, for the purpose of (a) furthering the national defense, (b) taking such action as may be necessary under the existing state of war, and (c) strengthening the bonds between the United States and the other American republics by (1) grants to governmental and private non-profit institutions and facilities in the United States and the other
American republics, (2) the free distribution of publications, phonograph records, radio transcriptions, art works, motion-picture films, educational material, and such material and equipment as the Coordinator may deem necessary and appropriate to carry out his program, (3) such other gratuitous assistance as he deems advisable in the fields of the arts and sciences, education and travel, the radio, the press, and the cinema, (4) employing in the District of Columbia and elsewhere in the United States and abroad, experts, special advisers, and other persons, who are not citizens of the United States, and paying their salaries or other compensation and expenses, including the expense of transporting them, their dependents, and their effects from their homes to their place of employment, and (5) causing corporations to be created under the laws of the District of Columbia, any State of the United States, or any of the other American republics, to assist in carrying out the Coordinator's program, and capitalizing such corporations: Provided further, That not to exceed $500,000 of the moneys made available to the Coordinator of Inter-American Affairs from this appropriation shall be available to meet emergencies of a confidential character to be expended under the direction of the Coordinator, who shall make a certificate of the amount of such expenditure which he may think it advisable not to specify, and every such certificate shall be deemed a sufficient voucher for the amount therein certified: Provided further, That moneys from this appropriation shall be available until June 30, 1943: Provided further, That of the sums allocated to the Office of Scientific Research and Development from the appropriation herein or heretofore made under this heading, there may be paid to the National Academy of Science a sum not exceeding $81,000 for the administrative and overhead expenses incurred by said Academy during the fiscal year 1942 in carrying out research projects for Federal agencies, and said sum shall be in addition to any reimbursement otherwise provided for. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 3648 of the Revised Statutes (31 U. S. C. 529), in the expenditure of any funds heretofore or hereafter allocated to it, contracts entered into by the Office of Scientific Research and Development may provide for payments in advance of the rendering of the service or the delivery of the article contracted for, subject to such limitations as the Director of the Office of Scientific Research and Development may prescribe. Where any Federal agency now or hereafter has funds available for scientific or technical research, development, testing, construction of test models, experimental production, or the provision of facilities therefor, it may, in its discretion, make transfers of those funds, in whole or in part, to the Office for Emergency Management for allocation to the Office of Scientific Research and Development, and the funds so transferred may be expended for all the objects and by all the methods authorized under this heading.

INDEPENDENT AGENCIES

BOARD OF INVESTIGATION AND RESEARCH—TRANSPORTATION

Board of Investigation and Research: For an additional amount for all necessary expenses of the Board of Investigation and Research, fiscal year 1942, to remain available until September 18, 1942, including the objects specified in the appropriation for this purpose in the First Supplemental National Defense Appropriation Act, 1942, and including expenses incident to attendance at meetings or conventions of societies or associations concerned with the problem of the Board; contract stenographic reporting services; lawbooks and books of reference; not to exceed $500 for periodicals and newspapers,
rents in the District of Columbia; typewriters, adding machines, and other labor-saving devices, including their repair and exchange; payment of actual transportation expenses and not to exceed $10 per diem in lieu of subsistence and other expenses of persons serving, while away from their homes, without other compensation from the United States, in an advisory capacity to the Board, $246,500.

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION

Extension of civil service: For all necessary expenses to enable the Civil Service Commission to carry out the provision of title 1 of the Act of November 26, 1940, extending the classified civil service, fiscal year 1942, including the objects for which the appropriation “Salaries and expenses, Civil Service Commission, fiscal year 1942, as supplemented by the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1941” is available, and including not to exceed $10,000 for printing and binding, $781,560, to be available until June 30, 1943.

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount for “Salaries and expenses, Civil Service Commission, fiscal year 1942”, including the objects specified in the appropriation for this purpose in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1942, $250,000.

Printing and binding: For an additional amount for all printing and binding for the Civil Service Commission, fiscal year 1942, except such printing and binding as is necessary under the headings “Prevention of pernicious political activities”, “National defense activities”, and “Extension of civil service, fiscal year 1942”, $8,000.

National-defense activities: For an additional amount for national-defense activities for the fiscal year 1942, including the objects for which the appropriation under this heading in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1942, is available, $1,392,000.

FEDERAL HOUSING ADMINISTRATION

In addition to the funds made available to the Federal Housing Administration for administrative expenses for the fiscal year 1942 by the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1942, $1,882,353 of the Defense Housing Insurance Fund, created by the Act of March 28, 1941 (Public Law 24), is hereby made available for such expenses, including the objects and subject to the limitations and conditions specified under this heading in said Independent Offices Appropriation Act. The respective amounts of funds of the Federal Housing Administration made available for administrative expenses by said Independent Offices Appropriation Act are hereby decreased and increased as follows: Mutual Mortgage Insurance Fund decreased from $11,283,000 to $10,847,100; Housing Insurance Fund decreased from $1,065,000 to $750,000; and funds derived from premiums collected under section 2 (f), title I, of the National Housing Act, as amended, increased from $1,040,000 to $1,275,000; total increased from $13,388,000 to $14,754,453. The provisions appearing under this heading in the Additional Urgent Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1941, with respect to nonadministrative expenses and accountability of the respective funds, are hereby made applicable to all the funds made available to the Federal Housing Administration for administrative expenses for the fiscal year 1942.

In addition to the funds made available for the payment of losses under insurance granted under sections 2 and 6, title I, of the National Housing Act, not to exceed $2,410,000 of the funds in the account in the Treasury comprised of premiums collected under authority of section 2 (f), title I, of said Act shall be available for the payment of such losses.
FEDERAL POWER COMMISSION

National-defense activities: For an additional amount for national-defense activities, Federal Power Commission, fiscal year 1942, including the objects for which the appropriation under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1942, is available, $135,000.  Ante, p. 104.

FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY

PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE

Pay of personnel and maintenance of hospitals: For an additional amount for pay of personnel and maintenance of hospitals, fiscal year 1942, including the objects and subject to the limitations specified under this heading in the Labor-Federal Security Appropriation Act, 1942, $75,000.  Ante, p. 489.

FREEDMEN'S HOSPITAL

Salaries: For an additional amount for salaries, Freedmen's Hospital, fiscal year 1942, $8,900: Provided, That the foregoing appropriation shall be chargeable to the District of Columbia as specified under this heading in the Labor-Federal Security Appropriation Act, 1942.  Proviso.

SAINT ELIZABETHS HOSPITAL

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount for the purchase of one seven-hundred-and-fifty-horsepower boiler, one one-thousand-five-hundred-kilowatt turbo-generator, one fifty-ton ammonia compressor, all with accessories, and extension and remodeling the present ash system, including the objects specified for this purpose under this heading in the Labor-Federal Security Appropriation Act, 1942, $40,000, to be derived from pension funds accrued, or which may accrue, prior to November 1, 1941, as authorized by the Act approved February 2, 1909 (24 U. S. C. 165).  Ante, p. 492.

FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY

PUBLIC BUILDINGS ADMINISTRATION

Sites for and construction of general office buildings, Washington, District of Columbia: For the lease or purchase of sites and for the construction of general office buildings and other structures thereon, including heating plants, approaches, the installation or extension of sewers, water mains, and other utilities as may be necessary, and for the construction of such facilities on Government-owned land in or near the District of Columbia, and for administrative expenses in connection therewith, $25,000,000: Provided, That contracts for construction may be entered into without advertising: Provided further, That the Board of Commissioners of the United States Soldiers' Home is hereby authorized to lease to the United States, for a period of ten years and upon the payment of a rental to be fixed by the Secretary of War, a site or sites upon which may be erected some of the buildings herein authorized: Provided further, That all funds received for rental or other use of United States Soldiers' Home property, facilities, or supplies shall be immediately available to the Board of Commissioners thereof for reexpenditure without regard to fiscal year limitations.  Ante, p. 105.

PUBLIC ROADS ADMINISTRATION

Access roads: For the construction and improvement of access roads and for replacing existing highways and highway connections as described in and in accordance with the provisions of section 6  Ante, p. 108.
of the Defense Highway Act of 1941 (Public Law 295) and for reimbursement of and transfer to the appropriation for Public Works, Bureau of Yards and Docks, Navy Department, not to exceed $400,000, on account of expenditures from said appropriation for the purposes hereof, $74,600,000, to remain available during the continuance of the emergency declared by the President on May 27, 1941; and in addition thereto authority is granted, during the continuance of such emergency, to enter into contracts for the above purposes in amounts not to exceed in the aggregate $50,000,000.

Flight strips: For studies in connection with and the construction of flight strips as described in and in accordance with the provisions of section 8 of the Defense Highway Act of 1941 (Public Law 295), $5,000,000, to remain available during the continuance of the emergency declared by the President on May 27, 1941.

**NATIONAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE FOR AERONAUTICS**

Airplane Engine Research Laboratory: The National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics is hereby authorized to enter into contracts in connection with the construction of the airplane engine research laboratory at Cleveland, Ohio, upon a cost-plus-a-fixed-fee basis in accordance with section 4 of the Act of April 25, 1939 (53 Stat. 591), except that (1) the fixed fee to be paid hereunder shall not exceed 6 per centum of the estimated cost of such contracts, exclusive of the fee, and (2) for the purposes hereof the functions vested in the Secretary of the Navy by said section are hereby vested in the Chairman of the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics.

**NATIONAL ARCHIVES**

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount for salaries and expenses, The National Archives, fiscal year 1942, including the objects and subject to the limitations specified under this heading in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1942, $73,500.

**NATIONAL LABOR RELATIONS BOARD**

Salaries: For an additional amount for salaries, National Labor Relations Board, fiscal year 1942, $57,300.

Salaries and expenses (national defense): For all expenses necessary to enable the National Labor Relations Board to perform the duties imposed upon it by law or in pursuance of law in connection with disputes involving labor in industries under the national-defense program, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, and other items otherwise properly chargeable to appropriations of the National Labor Relations Board for miscellaneous expenses and printing and binding, fiscal year 1942, $365,000.

**TENNESSEE VALLEY AUTHORITY**

Tennessee Valley Authority fund: For an additional amount for the Tennessee Valley Authority fund, fiscal year 1942, for (1) beginning construction of an hydroelectric project on the Little Tennessee River near Fontana, North Carolina, (2) installing additional electric generating units with a total rated capacity of approximately three hundred and twenty-four thousand kilowatts in existing hydroelectric projects owned by the Authority, (3) installing an additional steam electric generating unit with a rated capacity of approximately sixty thousand kilowatts in the Watts Bar steam plant and for developing units of other steam plants to their complete capacity as provided in the original plans of installation, (4) purchase or building of transmission facilities needed to connect this project and these units to the existing
transmission system of the Authority, to interconnect the Authority's system with neighboring systems, and to deliver the power produced by this project and these units to the market, and (5) the acquisition of land necessary for and the relocation of highways in connection with the accomplishment of the above project; $25,000,000, to be available for the administrative objects of expenditure and subject to the conditions specified under this heading in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1942.

For an additional amount for the Tennessee Valley Authority, fiscal year 1942, (1) for a site on the south fork of the Holston River near Bristol, Tennessee, as recommended by the Tennessee Valley Authority July 7, 1941, with an installed capacity of seventy-five thousand kilowatts, $10,000,000; (2) for building a dam on the Watauga River east of Elizabethton, Tennessee, as recommended by the Tennessee Valley Authority July 7, 1941, with an installed capacity of sixty thousand kilowatts, $10,000,000; (3) for the completion of the uncompleted unit of the steam plant at or near Sheffield, Alabama, $2,000,000; in all, $22,000,000.

**DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA**

**OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATOR OF RENT CONTROL**

Salaries and expenses: For all expenses necessary in carrying out the provisions of the District of Columbia Emergency Rent Act, approved December 2, 1941, including personal services and printing and binding, fiscal year 1942, $22,570.

**HIGHWAY FUND, GASOLINE TAX, AND MOTOR-VEHICLE FEES**

The following sums are appropriated wholly out of the special fund created by the Act entitled "An Act to provide for a tax on motor-vehicle fuels sold within the District of Columbia, and for other purposes", approved April 23, 1924, and the Act entitled "An Act to provide additional revenue for the District of Columbia, and for other purposes", approved August 17, 1937:

**STREET IMPROVEMENTS**

For grading, paving, repaving, surfacing, and otherwise improving streets, avenues, and roads, including curbing and gutters, grade separation and other structures, drainage structures, retaining walls, the replacement and relocation of sewers, water mains, fire-alarm boxes and police-patrol boxes, traffic-control devices and replacement of trees, when necessary, as Federal-aid highway projects under section 1-b of the Federal Aid Highway Act of 1938 (52 Stat. 633), 23 U. S. C. § 41b, fiscal year 1942, $487,000, to remain available until June 30, 1944.

For grading, paving, repaving, surfacing, and otherwise improving streets, avenues, and roads, including plans and specifications, curbing and gutters, grade separation and other structures, drainage structures, retaining walls, the replacement and relocation of sewers, water mains, fire-alarm boxes and police-patrol boxes, traffic-control devices, replacement of trees, construction, reconstruction, and relocation of parkway roads, walkways, and such other work as may be necessary, in connection with the improvement of the approaches to the Potomac River bridges, in accordance with plans to be approved by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, the National Capital Park and Planning Commission, and the Commission of Fine Arts, fiscal year 1942, $1,424,000; Provided, That upon completion and approval of such plans the Commissioners are authorized to submit the projects as Federal-aid highway projects to the Public Roads Administration under the provisions of the Federal-aid High-
way Act of 1938 (52 Stat. 633), and the Defense Highway Act of November 19, 1941 (Public, 295), and upon approval of such projects by the Public Roads Administration the Commissioners are authorized to proceed with the necessary construction and perform necessary incidental work thereto, and pay the cost thereof from the District of Columbia appropriations for Federal-aid and defense highway projects and the allocation of funds to the District of Columbia by the Public Roads Administration authorized by the said Federal-aid and Defense Highway Acts: Provided further, That the necessary transfers of jurisdiction of public land is authorized and directed under the provisions of the Land Transfer Act of May 20, 1932 (47 Stat. 161): Provided further, That the Commissioners are authorized to employ necessary engineering and other professional services, by contract or otherwise, without reference to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes, the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, or civil-service requirements.

WATER SERVICE

WASHINGTON AQUEDUCT

For an additional amount for the construction of a covered reservoir of approximately 20,000,000-gallon capacity on United States Government-owned land adjacent to the present filtered-water reservoir of the McMillan Filter Plant, fiscal year 1942, including the objects and conditions specified in the appropriation for this purpose in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1942, $130,000, payable wholly from the revenues of the Water Department, and the authorized limit of cost of said reservoir, appurtenances, and auxiliaries is hereby increased from $490,000 to $620,000.

DIVISION OF EXPENSES

The foregoing sums for the District of Columbia, unless otherwise therein specifically provided, shall be paid out of the revenues of the District of Columbia and the Treasury of the United States in the manner prescribed by the District of Columbia appropriation Acts for the respective fiscal years for which such sums are provided.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Orchard rehabilitation loans: To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to make loans, under such terms and conditions as he may deem appropriate, for the purpose of enabling the borrowers to rehabilitate orchards in the States of Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska, and Iowa which were destroyed or damaged as a result of the extremely cold weather in such States in November 1940, $1,000,000.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

Magnetic and seismological work: For an additional amount for continuing magnetic and seismological observations, fiscal year 1942, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1942, $5,500.

Office force: For an additional amount for personal services, Coast and Geodetic Survey, fiscal year 1942, $37,000.

Office expenses: For an additional amount for office expenses of the Coast and Geodetic Survey, fiscal year 1942, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1942, $77,000.
Aeronautical charts: For an additional amount for compilation and printing of aeronautical charts, fiscal year 1942, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1942, $52,000.

BUREAU OF MARINE INSPECTION AND NAVIGATION

Salaries and general expenses: For an additional amount for field salaries and expenses of the Bureau of Marine Inspection and Navigation, fiscal year 1942, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1942, $125,000, and the limitation prescribed under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1942, for payment only of extra compensation for overtime services for which the United States receives reimbursement in accordance with the provisions of the Act of May 11, 1938 (52 Stat. 345) is hereby increased to $80,000.

The limitation prescribed in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1941, under the heading “Bureau of Marine Inspection and Navigation, Salaries and general expenses”, for payment only of extra compensation for overtime services for which the United States receives reimbursement in accordance with the provisions of the Act of May 11, 1938 (52 Stat. 345), as increased in the “Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1941”, approved July 3, 1941, is hereby further increased to $73,500.

OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATOR OF CIVIL AERONAUTICS

Technical development: For an additional amount for technical development, fiscal year 1942, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1942, and including the purchase and exchange (not to exceed $22,000) of aircraft, $223,702, to remain available until June 30, 1943.

Establishment of air-navigation facilities: For an additional amount for the establishment of air-navigation facilities, fiscal year 1942, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1942, and including the purchase and exchange (not to exceed $240,000) of aircraft, $7,792,290, to remain available until June 30, 1943.

Maintenance and operation, Washington National Airport: For an additional amount for maintenance and operation, Washington National Airport, fiscal year 1942, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1942, $84,000: Provided, That the limitation of $800 for the purchase, cleaning, and repair of uniforms for the guards is hereby increased to $2,100.

Development of landing areas: For an additional amount for development of landing areas, $59,115,500, of which not to exceed $2,813,450 shall be available for administrative expenses, fiscal year 1942, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1942: Provided, That this appropriation and the unobligated balances of the appropriations for this purpose contained in said appropriation Act and in the First Supplementary National Defense Appropriation Act, 1942, shall continue available until June 30, 1943: Provided further, That the limitation upon the total number of public airports and other public landing areas in the program is hereby increased from three hundred and ninety-nine to five hundred and four.

WEATHER BUREAU

Observations, warnings, and general weather service: For an additional amount for observations, warnings, and general weather service,
fiscal year 1942, including the objects specified under this head in the
Department of Commerce Appropriation Act, 1942, $515,300.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Printing and binding: For an additional amount for printing and
binding for the Department of the Interior, fiscal year 1942, $10,000.

COMMISSION OF FINE ARTS

For an additional amount for expenses of the Commission of Fine
Arts, fiscal year 1942, including the objects specified under this head
in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1942, $3,000; and the
limitation of $6,480 on the amount which may be expended for per-
sonal services in the District of Columbia is hereby increased to $6,710.

BONNEVILLE POWER ADMINISTRATION

Construction, operation, and maintenance, Bonneville power trans-
mision system: For an additional amount for construction, operation,
and maintenance, Bonneville power transmission system, fiscal year
1942, including the objects specified under this head in the Interior
Department Appropriation Act, 1942, $30,000,000, to remain available
until expended.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

Suppressing contagious diseases of livestock on Indian reservations:
For all necessary expenses incidental to the suppression of contagious
diseases among livestock of Indians under the jurisdiction of the Sells
Agency, Arizona, including payment of indemnities for stock
destroyed, fiscal year 1942, $100,000, to remain available until June
30, 1943.

Suppressing forest fires on Indian reservations: For an additional
amount for the suppression or emergency prevention of forest fires on
or threatening Indian reservations, fiscal year 1942, $80,000.

Construction and repair: For an additional amount for the con-
struction, repair, or rehabilitation of school, agency, hospital, or other
buildings and utilities, including the purchase of furniture, furnish-
ings, and equipment, as follows:

Colville, Washington: Garage and shop building, $25,000, to remain
available until completion of the project when the unobligated
balance shall revert to the general fund of the Treasury.

Natives in Alaska: For an additional amount for natives in Alaska,
fiscal year 1942, including the objects specified under this heading in
the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1942, $50,000, to remain
available until June 30, 1943.

Medical relief in Alaska: For an additional amount for medical
relief in Alaska, fiscal year 1942, including the objects specified under
this heading in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1942,
$15,000, to remain available until June 30, 1943.

BUREAU OF RECLAMATION

Advances to Colorado River Dam fund, Boulder Canyon project: For
an additional amount for continuation of construction of the
Boulder Canyon project, fiscal year 1942, to remain available until
advanced to the Colorado River Dam fund, $150,000.

General fund, construction: For continuation of construction of
the following projects in not to exceed the following amounts,
respectively, to be expended from the general fund of the Treasury in the same manner and for the same objects as specified for projects in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1942, under the caption "Bureau of Reclamation", fiscal year 1942, to remain available until expended, and to be reimbursable under reclamation law:

- Central Valley project, California, $3,000,000;
- Boise project, Idaho (Anderson Ranch), $2,500,000.

**GEOLOGICAL SURVEY**

Gaging streams: The limitation of $140,000 on the amount that may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia from the appropriation "Gaging streams" contained in the Interior Department Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1942 is hereby increased to $160,000.

**BUREAU OF MINES**

Manganese beneficiation pilot plants and research: For an additional amount for manganese beneficiation pilot plants and research, fiscal year 1942, including the objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1942, $578,000.

Investigations and research on processes for production of potassium carbonate and sodium carbonate from trona and wyomingite rock: For all necessary expenses for investigations, including all necessary preliminary and supplemental laboratory research and procurement of materials therefor, including maintenance and operation of subcommercial plants; construction and equipment of buildings to house testing and subcommercial plant units, including engagement by contract or otherwise, and at such rates of compensation as the Secretary of the Interior may determine, of the services of engineers, architects, or firms or corporations thereof, that are necessary to design and construct the buildings and plant units; purchase of supplies and equipment; expenses of travel and subsistence; personal services in the District of Columbia not to exceed $3,100; purchase in the District of Columbia and elsewhere of furniture and equipment; stationery and supplies; typewriting, adding, and computing machines, professional and scientific books and publications; purchase of such wearing apparel and equipment as may be required for the protection of employees while engaged in their work; fiscal year 1942, to remain available until June 30, 1943, $77,400: Provided, That the Secretary of the Interior, acting through the Director of the Bureau of Mines, is hereby authorized to accept buildings, equipment, and other contributions from public or private sources offering to cooperate in carrying out the purposes of this appropriation: Provided further, That section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (41 U. S. C. 5) shall not be construed to apply to this appropriation.

**GOVERNMENT IN THE TERRITORIES**

**TERRITORY OF ALASKA**

Construction of Palmer-Richardson Road, Alaska: For an additional amount for the construction of a road and necessary bridges between Palmer and the Richardson Highway, Alaska, and all necessary expenses incident thereto, $500,000, to remain available until expended; and the limitation of $1,500,000 upon the total cost of such work is hereby increased to $1,800,000.
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

Special national-defense unit: For an additional amount for salaries; special national-defense unit, Department of Justice, fiscal year 1942, $180,000.

IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE

Salaries and expenses, Immigration and Naturalization Service: For an additional amount for salaries and expenses, Immigration and Naturalization Service, Department of Justice, fiscal year 1942, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Justice Appropriation Act, 1942, $1,100,000.

MISCELLANEOUS

Lands Division: For an additional amount for salaries and expenses, Lands Division, Department of Justice, fiscal year 1942, including the objects specified under this head in the Department of Justice Appropriation Act, 1942, $750,000.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Division of Public Contracts, salaries and expenses (national defense): For all expenses necessary to enable the Secretary of Labor to perform the duties imposed by the Act to provide conditions for the purchase of supplies and the making of contracts by the United States, and for other purposes, approved June 30, 1936 (41 U. S. C. 38), in connection with contracts involving production under the national-defense program, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, and items otherwise properly chargeable to the appropriations under the Department of Labor for contingent expenses, traveling expenses, and printing and binding, fiscal year 1942, $75,000.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

(Out of the postal revenues)

OFFICE OF THE SECOND ASSISTANT POSTMASTER-GENERAL

Domestic Air-Mail Service: For an additional amount for the inland transportation of mail by aircraft, and so forth, fiscal year 1942, including the objects and subject to the limitations specified under this head in the Post Office Department Appropriation Act, 1942, $18,000.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

INTERNATIONAL JOINT COMMISSION, UNITED STATES AND GREAT BRITAIN

Special and technical investigations: For an additional amount for necessary special or technical investigations in connection with matters which fall within the scope of the jurisdiction of the International Joint Commission, fiscal year 1942, including the objects specified under this heading in the Department of State Appropriation Act, 1942, $11,000, to remain available until June 30, 1943.
Salaries and expenses, Foreign-owned property control: For an additional amount for salaries and expenses, foreign-owned property control, fiscal year 1942, including the objects specified under this head in the Treasury Department Appropriation Act, 1942, $2,500,000.

DIVISION OF PRINTING

Stationery, Treasury Department: For an additional amount for stationery, Treasury Department, fiscal year 1942, including the objects specified under this head in the Treasury Department Appropriation Act, 1942, $100,000.

BUREAU OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount for expenses of assessing and collecting the internal-revenue taxes, fiscal year 1942, including the objects specified under this head in the Treasury Department Appropriation Act, 1942, $5,835,446 of which $290,000 shall be available for printing and binding and $325,100 for personal services in the District of Columbia.

WAR DEPARTMENT

CIVIL FUNCTIONS

CORPS OF ENGINEERS

Flood control, general: For an additional amount for flood control, general, fiscal year 1942, including the objects and subject to the conditions specified under this head in the War Department Civil Appropriation Act, 1942, $25,750,000, to remain available until expended: Provided. That any appropriation for civil functions under the Corps of Engineers for the fiscal years 1942 and 1943 shall be available for contracting in such manner as the Secretary of War may determine to be in the public interest without regard to the provisions of section 3709 of the Revised Statutes or section 3 of the River and Harbor Act of August 11, 1888.

RIVERS AND HARBORS

For the preservation and maintenance of existing river and harbor works, and for the prosecution of projects heretofore authorized, including the objects and purposes and subject to the conditions specified under this head in the War Department Civil Appropriation Act, 1942, $3,700,000.

THE PANAMA CANAL

Maintenance and operation of the Panama Canal: For maintenance and operation of the Panama Canal, including the objects and subject to conditions specified under this head in the War Department Civil Appropriation Act, 1942, $7,569,000 for continuing the construction of special protective works.

Construction, additional facilities, Panama Canal: In addition to the contract authorization in the amount of $79,000,000 contained in the War Department Civil Appropriation Act, 1942, the Governor of the Panama Canal may, when authorized by the Secretary of War, make or authorize the making of contracts prior to July 1, 1943, for
or on account of the construction of additional facilities for the improvement and enlargement of the capacity of the Panama Canal, in accordance with the Act approved August 11, 1939 (53 Stat. 1409), in an amount not to exceed $104,000,000.

**TITLE IV—CLASSIFICATION ACT SALARY ADVANCEMENTS**

For supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1942, on account of the enactment of the Act of August 1, 1941 (Public Law Numbered 200, Seventy-seventh Congress), amending the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, and Executive Order Numbered 8882, issued September 3, 1941, under the authority of said Act, and on account of Executive Order Numbered 8842, issued August 1, 1941, to be added to and become a part of the appropriations available during said fiscal year under the following appropriation titles, namely:

**LEGISLATIVE ESTABLISHMENT**

- For “Salaries, Office of Architect of the Capitol, 1942”, $1,178.
- For “Capitol Building and repairs, 1942”, $2,900.
- For “Improving the Capitol Grounds, 1942”, $1,650.
- For “Maintenance, Legislative Garage, 1942”, $150.
- For “Maintenance, Senate Office Building, 1942”, $2,625.
- For “Capitol Power Plant, 1942”, $2,755.
- For “Salaries, Botanic Garden, 1942”, $450.
- For “Salaries, Copyright Office, Library of Congress, 1942”, $1,140.
- For “Salaries, Office of Superintendent of Documents, 1942”, $6,050.

In all, Legislative Establishment, $88,268.

**THE JUDICIARY**

- For “Salaries, Supreme Court, 1942”, $1,760.
- For “Care of Supreme Court Building and Grounds, 1942”, $390.
- For “Salaries, United States Court of Customs and Patent Appeals, 1942”, $875.
- For “Salaries, Court of Claims, 1942”, $1,518.
- For “Probation System, United States Courts, 1942”, $7,075.

In all, The Judiciary, $11,618.

**EXECUTIVE OFFICE AND INDEPENDENT ESTABLISHMENTS**

- For “Salaries and expenses, Office for Emergency Management, 1942”, $13,012.
- For “Salaries and expenses, Board of Tax Appeals, 1942”, $4,400.
- For “Salaries and expenses, United States Employees’ Compensation Commission, 1942”, $9,583.
- For “Federal Power Commission, 1942”, $20,000.
- For “Salaries, General Accounting Office, 1942”, $185,747.
- For “Salaries and expenses, National Archives, 1942”, $11,382.
For "Salaries, National Labor Relations Board, 1942", $20,310.
For "Salaries and expenses, National Mediation Board, 1942", $2,273.
For "Salaries and expenses, National Railroad Adjustment Board, National Mediation Board, 1942", $3,090.
For "General expenses, Smithsonian Institution, 1942", $4,144.
For "Preservation of collections, Smithsonian Institution, 1942", $9,398.
For "Salaries and expenses, Veterans' Administration, 1942", $642,125.
For "Salaries and expenses, vocational education, Office of Education, 1942", $3,188.
For "Salaries and expenses, vocational rehabilitation, Office of Education, 1942", $1,280.
For "Salaries, Office of Surgeon General, Public Health Service, 1942", $1,605.
For "Pay of other employees, Public Health Service, 1942", $3,493.
For "Pay of personnel and maintenance of hospitals, Public Health Service, 1942", $47,400.
For "Disease and sanitation investigations, Public Health Service, 1942", $3,260.
For "Selecting, testing, and placement, defense workers, Social Security Board (national defense), 1942", $12,445.
In all, Executive Office and Independent Establishments, $1,063,910.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
For "Salaries, Office of Secretary of Agriculture, 1942", $4,555.
For "Salaries and expenses, Office of Solicitor, Department of Agriculture, 1942", $22,860.
For "Salaries and expenses, Office of Information, Department of Agriculture, 1942", $2,620.
For "Salaries and expenses, library, Department of Agriculture, 1942", $215.
For "Salaries and expenses, Office of Experiment Stations, 1942", $2,684.
For "Special research fund, Department of Agriculture, 1942", $6,300.
For "Salaries and expenses, Extension Service, 1942", $7,925.
For "Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Agricultural Economics, 1942", $29,610.
For "Salaries and expenses, Office of Foreign Agricultural Relations, 1942", $2,125.
For “Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Plant Industry, 1942”, $35,420.
  For “Salaries and expenses, Forest Service, 1942”, $161,221.
  For “Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Agricultural Chemistry and Engineering, 1942”, $9,533.
  For “Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Entomology and Plant Quarantine, 1942”, $49,667.
For “White Pine blister rust control, Department of Agriculture, 1942”, $7,560.
For “Salaries and expenses, Agricultural Marketing Service, 1942”, $47,388.
  For “Beltsville Research Center, Department of Agriculture, 1942”, $1,245.
  In all, Department of Agriculture, $526,291.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

For “Salaries, Office of Secretary of Commerce, 1942”, $905.
For “Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, 1942”, $3,230.
For “Customs statistics, Department of Commerce, 1942”, $635.
For “Salaries and expenses, Social Security Act, Bureau of the Census, 1942”, $300.
For “Operation and administration, National Bureau of Standards, 1942”, $2,225.
  For “Research and development, National Bureau of Standards, 1942”, $8,945.
  For “Standards for commerce, National Bureau of Standards, 1942”, $1,166.
For “Magnetic and seismological work, Coast and Geodetic Survey, 1942”, $295.
For “Salaries, Coast and Geodetic Survey, 1942”, $10,910.
For “Salaries and expenses, Weather Bureau, Department of Commerce, 1942”, $45,280.
  In all, Department of Commerce, $161,576.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

For “Salaries, Office of Secretary of the Interior, 1942”, $5,000.
For “Salaries, Office of Solicitor, Department of the Interior, 1942”, $4,797.
For “Salaries, Division of Territories and Island Possessions, Department of the Interior, 1942”, $1,325.
For “Expenses, Commission of Fine Arts, 1942”, $45.
For "United States High Commissioner to the Philippine Islands, Department of the Interior, 1942", $1,425.
For "Salaries, General Land Office, 1942", $14,000.
For "Salaries and expenses of Land Offices, 1942", $1,000.
For "Prevention of fires on public domain in Alaska, 1942", $300.
For "Salaries, Bureau of Indian Affairs, 1942", $5,000.
For "Expenses of organizing Indian corporations, etc., 1942", $650.
For "Administration of Indian forests, 1942", $4,710.
For "Expenses, Sale of timber (reimbursable), 1942", $1,790.
For "Obtaining employment for Indians, 1942", $500.
For "Agriculture and stock raising among Indians, 1942", $7,000.
For "Indian school support, 1942", $26,525.
For "Indian boarding schools, 1942", $15,355.
For "Indian schools, Five Civilized Tribes, 1942", $1,335.
For "Education of natives of Alaska, 1941–1943", $9,000.
For "Conservation of health among Indians, 1942", $23,705.
For "Administration of Indian property, 1942", $25,000.
For "Construction, etc., buildings and utilities, Indian Service", $1,455.
For "Geological Survey, 1942", $23,980.
For "Salaries and expenses, National Capital Parks, 1942", $3,000.
For "Salaries and expenses, Fish and Wildlife Service, 1942", $9,915.
For "Contingent expenses, Territory of Alaska, 1942", $165.
For "Wagon roads, bridges, and trails, Alaska (receipt limitation)", $1,000.
For "Salaries and expenses, Government of the Virgin Islands, 1942", $1,000.
In all, Department of the Interior, $183,957.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

For "Salaries, Administrative Division, Department of Justice, 1942", $7,000.
For "Salaries, Tax Division, Department of Justice, 1942", $6,000.
For "Salaries, Claims Division, Department of Justice, 1942", $5,500.
For "Salaries, Bureau of Prisons, 1942", $2,500.
For "Protecting interests of the United States in customs matters, 1942", $1,300.
For "Salaries and expenses, Bond and Spirits Division, Department of Justice, 1942", $1,700.
For "Examination of judicial offices, 1942", $600.
For "Salaries and expenses, veterans' insurance litigation, Department of Justice, 1942", $5,000.
For "Salaries and expenses of District Attorneys, etc., Department of Justice, 1942", $24,000.
For "Penitentiaries and Reformatories, Maintenance, 1942", $26,800.
For "Medical center for Federal prisoners, maintenance, 1942", $2,300.
For "Federal jails and correctional institutions, maintenance, 1942", $13,000.
For "Prison camps, maintenance, 1942", $1,800.
For "Medical and hospital service, penal institutions, 1942", $4,200.
In all, Department of Justice, $100,600.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

For "Salaries and expenses, Division of Public Contracts, Department of Labor, 1942", $3,195.
For "Occupational outlook survey, Bureau of Labor Statistics (national defense), 1942", $1,480.
For "Salaries and expenses, Children's Bureau, 1942", $3,825.
For "Salaries and expenses, child-labor provisions, Fair Labor Standards Act, Children's Bureau, 1942", $2,723.
For "Salaries and expenses, maternal and child welfare, Social Security Act, Children's Bureau, 1942", $6,332.
For "Salaries and expenses, Women's Bureau, 1942", $895.
In all, Department of Labor, $22,040.

**POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT**

(Out of the postal revenues)

For "Salaries, Office of Postmaster General, 1942", $1,585.
For "Salaries, Office of First Assistant Postmaster General, 1942", $6,565.
For "Salaries, Office of Second Assistant Postmaster General, 1942", $6,100.
For "Salaries, Office of Third Assistant Postmaster General, 1942", $10,905.
For "Salaries, Office of Fourth Assistant Postmaster General, 1942", $3,730.
For "Salaries, Office of Purchasing Agent, 1942", $395.
For "Salaries, Bureau of Accounts, 1942", $1,990.
For "Post office inspectors, salaries, 1942", $20,050.
For "Railroad Transportation and Mail Messenger Service, 1942", $585.
For "Railway Mail Service, Salaries, 1942", $17,450.
For "Operating force for public buildings, Post Office Department, 1942", $211,730.
In all, Post Office Department, $280,685.

**DEPARTMENT OF STATE**

For "Salaries, Department of State, 1942", $30,320.
For "Passport agencies, Department of State, 1942", $1,245.
For "International Boundary Commission, United States and Canada and Alaska and Canada, 1942", $577.
For "Salaries and expenses, International Joint Commission, United States and Great Britain, 1942", $400.
In all, Department of State, $32,542.

**TREASURY DEPARTMENT**

For "Salaries and expenses, Foreign Exchange Control, 1942", $3,075.
For "Salaries, Division of Research and Statistics, Treasury Department, 1942", $2,045.
For "Salaries, Division of Personnel, Treasury Department, 1942", $1,070.
For "Salaries, Office of Chief Clerk, Treasury Department, 1942", $2,600.
For "Salaries, operating force, Treasury Department Buildings, 1942", $6,600.
For "Salaries, Division of Printing, Treasury Department, 1942", $1,755.
For "Salaries, Bureau of Accounts, Treasury Department, 1942", $4,880.
For "Salaries and expenses, Bureau of the Public Debt, 1942", $21,305.
For "Salaries, Office of Treasurer of United States, 1942", $16,835.
For "Collecting the revenue from customs, 1942", $250,855.
For "Salaries, Office of Comptroller of the Currency, 1942", $2,220.
For "Collecting the internal revenue, 1942", $377,975.
For "Salaries and expenses, Processing Tax Board of Review, 1942", $840.
For "Salaries, Secret Service Division, 1942", $405.
For "Salaries, Office of Director of the Mint, 1942", $1,480.
For "Salaries and expenses, Mints and Assay Offices, 1942", $4,855.
In all, Treasury Department, $698,825.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

For "Executive Office, salaries, District of Columbia, 1942", $955.
For "Purchasing Division, salaries, District of Columbia, 1942", $1,140.
For "Department of Inspections, salaries, District of Columbia, 1942", $5,435.
For "Poundmaster, salaries, District of Columbia, 1942", $225.
For "District Buildings, salaries, District of Columbia, 1942", $2,455.
For "Chief Clerk, Engineer Department, salaries, District of Columbia, 1942", $555.
For "Department of Insurance, salaries, District of Columbia, 1942", $1,466.
For "Surveyor, salaries, District of Columbia, 1942", $375.
For "Commission on Mental Health, District of Columbia, 1942", $188.
For "Board of Indeterminate Sentence and Parole, District of Columbia, 1942", $315.
For "Administrative expenses, compensation to injured employees in the District of Columbia, 1942", $1,005.
For "Register of Wills, salaries, District of Columbia, 1942", $1,513.
For "Free Public Library, salaries, District of Columbia, 1942", $6,560.
For "Collection and disposal of refuse, salaries, District of Columbia, 1942", $1,315.
For "Public schools, salaries, District of Columbia, 1942", $23,760.
For "Metropolitan Police, salaries, District of Columbia, 1942", $2,995.
For "Fire Department, salaries, District of Columbia, 1942", $45.
For "Health Department, general administration, District of Columbia, 1942", $1,302.
For "Health Department, medical services, District of Columbia, 1942", $650.
For "Health Department, laboratories, District of Columbia, 1942", $650.
For "Health Department, inspections, District of Columbia, 1942", $2,465.

For "Tuberculosis, sanatoria, salaries, District of Columbia, 1942", $10,163.

For "Gallinger Municipal Hospital, salaries, District of Columbia, 1942", $3,105.

For "Juvenile court, salaries, District of Columbia, 1942", $1,390.

For "Municipal court, salaries, District of Columbia, 1942", $1,005.


For "Workhouse and reformatory, salaries, District of Columbia, 1942", $10,403.

For "District Training School, salaries, District of Columbia, 1942", $2,920.


For "Temporary Home for Former Soldiers and Sailors, District of Columbia, 1942", $135.

For "Transportation of indigent nonresident persons, District of Columbia, 1942", $165.


For "Public parks, salaries, District of Columbia, 1942", $7,355.

In all, District of Columbia, exclusive of highway and water funds, $108,755.

Highway fund, gasoline tax and motor-vehicle fees: For "Department of Vehicles and Traffic, salaries, highway fund, District of Columbia, 1942", $2,535; and for "Trees and parkings, salaries, highway fund, District of Columbia, 1942", $540; in all, $3,075, to be paid wholly out of the special fund created by the Act entitled "An Act to provide a tax on motor-vehicle fuels sold within the District of Columbia, and for other purposes", approved April 23, 1924 (43 Stat. 106), and the Act entitled "An Act to provide additional revenue for the District of Columbia, and for other purposes", approved August 17, 1937.

Water service: For "Washington Aqueduct, District of Columbia, 1942", $4,185, to be paid wholly out of the revenues of the Water Department of the District of Columbia.

The foregoing sums for the District of Columbia, unless otherwise specifically provided, shall be paid out of the revenues of the District of Columbia and the Treasury of the United States in the manner prescribed by the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, 1942.

In all, District of Columbia, including highway and water funds, $116,015.

In all, title IV, $3,236,327.

Certain restrictions waived to meet pay increases.

The restrictions, contained in appropriations or affecting appropriations or other funds available during the fiscal year 1942, limiting the amounts which may be expended for personal services or for other purposes, are hereby waived to the extent necessary to meet the increases in compensation under said Act of August 1, 1941, and said Executive Orders Numbered 8842 and Numbered 8882: Provided, That all appropriations and funds, including the appropriations herein made, available during the fiscal year 1942 for the payment of salaries of civilian officers and employees who are subject to the provisions of said Act of August 1, 1941, and said Executive Orders Numbered 8842 and Numbered 8882, shall be available from and including October 1, 1941, for the payment of within-grade salary advancements as of October 1, 1941, or any subsequent date on which such officers and employees become, or will become, eligible for such
advancements in accordance with said Act and Executive Orders: Provided further, That the head of any department, establishment, or agency is hereby authorized to allocate from the sum herein appropriated under any appropriation title administered by him to any subappropriation included under such title such amount as he may determine to be necessary to meet expenditures for within-grade advancements in accordance with the provisions of said Act or Executive Orders.

TITLE V—GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 501. (a) The Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized and directed to pay out of funds made available in subsection (b) of this section such claims as are certified to him by the Comptroller General of the United States which were otherwise properly payable under the provisions of the following Acts: Emergency Relief Appropriation Act of 1935 (49 Stat. 115); the Emergency Relief Appropriation Act of 1936 (49 Stat. 1608), as amended by title I of the First Deficiency Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1937 (50 Stat. 10); the Emergency Relief Appropriation Act of 1937 (50 Stat. 352), as amended by the Act of March 2, 1938 (52 Stat. 88); and the Emergency Relief Appropriation Act of 1938 (52 Stat. 809), as amended by the joint resolutions of February 4, 1939 (53 Stat. 507), and April 13, 1939 (53 Stat. 578).

(b) The sum of $1,500,000 of the unexpended balances which have been carried to surplus fund under the provisions of the Act of June 20, 1874, as amended (U. S. C., title 31, sec. 713), together with obligated balances not yet carried to surplus as of June 30, 1941, of the funds appropriated under the provisions of the Acts cited in subsection (a), which have lapsed and are no longer available for expenditure is hereby reappropriated and shall be established under an appropriation entitled “Emergency relief liquidation fund” which shall constitute one fund and remain available until expended only for the payment of the claims referred to in subsection (a): Provided, That any sums received subsequent to the effective date of this section by any agency of the United States representing repayments or recoveries of funds disbursed out of amounts allocated or made available pursuant to any of the provisions of law referred to in subsection (a) and which have lapsed for expenditure purposes, shall forthwith be covered into the general fund of the Treasury under appropriate non-revenue symbols and titles, except those repayments and recoveries which the Congress has specifically authorized to be deposited to trust funds and revolving funds.

(c) This section shall become effective on the first day of the month next following the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 502. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used to pay the salary or wages of any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided, That for the purposes hereof an affidavit shall be considered prima facie evidence that the person making the affidavit does not advocate, and is not a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided further, That any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence and accepts employment the salary or wages for which are paid from any appropriation in this Act shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than $1,000 or imprisoned for not more than
one year, or both: Provided further, That the above penalty clause shall be in addition to, and not in substitution for, any other provisions of existing law.

Sec. 503. This Act may be cited as the "Third Supplemental National Defense Appropriation Act, 1942".

Approved, December 17, 1941.

[CHAPTER 593] AN ACT

To expedite the prosecution of the war effort.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

TITLE I—COORDINATION OF EXECUTIVE BUREAUS IN THE INTEREST OF THE MORE EFFICIENT CONCENTRATION OF THE GOVERNMENT

Section 1. That for the national security and defense, for the successful prosecution of the war, for the support and maintenance of the Army and Navy, for the better utilization of resources and industries, and for the more effective exercise and more efficient administration by the President of his powers as Commander in Chief of the Army and Navy, the President is hereby authorized to make such redistribution of functions among executive agencies as he may deem necessary, including any functions, duties, and powers hitherto by law conferred upon any executive department, commission, bureau, agency, governmental corporation, office, or officer, in such manner as in his judgment shall seem best fitted to carry out the purposes of this title, and to this end is authorized to make such regulations and to issue such orders as he may deem necessary, which regulations and orders shall be in writing and shall be published in accordance with the Federal Register Act of 1935: Provided, That the termination of this title shall not affect any act done or any right or obligation accruing or accrued pursuant to this title and during the time that this title is in force: Provided further, That the authority by this title granted shall be exercised only in matters relating to the conduct of the present war: Provided further, That no redistribution of functions shall provide for the transfer, consolidation, or abolition of the whole or any part of the General Accounting Office or of all or any part of its functions.

Sec. 2. That in carrying out the purposes of this title the President is authorized to utilize, coordinate, or consolidate any executive or administrative commissions, bureaus, agencies, governmental corporations, offices, or officers now existing by law, to transfer any duties or powers from one existing department, commission, bureau, agency, governmental corporation, office, or officer to another, to transfer the personnel thereof or any part of it either by detail or assignment, together with the whole or any part of the records and public property belonging thereto.

Sec. 3. That for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this title, any moneys heretofore and hereafter appropriated for the use of any executive department, commission, bureau, agency, governmental corporation, office, or officer shall be expended only for the purposes for which it was appropriated under the direction of such other agency as may be directed by the President hereunder to perform and execute said functions, except to the extent hereafter authorized by the Congress in appropriation Acts or otherwise.
SEC. 4. That should the President, in redistributing the functions among the executive agencies as provided in this title, conclude that any bureau should be abolished and it or their duties and functions conferred upon some other department or bureau or eliminated entirely, he shall report his conclusions to Congress with such recommendations as he may deem proper.

SEC. 5. That all laws or parts of laws conflicting with the provisions of this title are to the extent of such conflict suspended while this title is in force.

Upon the termination of this title all executive or administrative agencies, governmental corporations, departments, commissions, bureaus, offices, or officers shall exercise the same functions, duties, and powers as heretofore or as hereafter by law may be provided, any authorization of the President under this title to the contrary notwithstanding.

TITLE II—CONTRACTS

SEC. 201. The President may authorize any department or agency of the Government exercising functions in connection with the prosecution of the war effort, in accordance with regulations prescribed by the President for the protection of the interests of the Government, to enter into contracts and into amendments or modifications of contracts heretofore or hereafter made and to make advance, progress and other payments thereon, without regard to the provisions of law relating to the making, performance, amendment, or modification of contracts whenever he deems such action would facilitate the prosecution of the war: Provided, That nothing herein shall be construed to authorize the use of the cost-plus-a-percentage-of-cost system of contracting: Provided further, That nothing herein shall be construed to authorize any contracts in violation of existing law relating to limitation of profits: Provided further, That all acts under the authority of this section shall be made a matter of public record under regulations prescribed by the President and when deemed by him not to be incompatible with the public interest.

TITLE III—TRADING WITH THE ENEMY

SEC. 301. The first sentence of subdivision (b) of section 5 of the Trading With the Enemy Act of October 6, 1917 (40 Stat. 415), as amended, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"(1) During the time of war or during any other period of national emergency declared by the President, the President may, through any agency that he may designate, or otherwise, and under such rules and regulations as he may prescribe, by means of instructions, licenses, or otherwise—"

"(A) investigate, regulate, or prohibit, any transactions in foreign exchange, transfers of credit or payments between, by, through, or to any banking institution, and the importing, exporting, hoarding, melting, or earmarking of gold or silver coin or bullion, currency or securities, and"

"(B) investigate, regulate, direct and compel, nullify, void, prevent or prohibit, any acquisition holding, withholding, use, transfer, withdrawal, transportation, importation or exportation of, or dealing in, or exercising any right, power, or privilege with respect to, or transactions involving, any property in which any foreign country or a national thereof has any interest,"
by any person, or with respect to any property, subject to the jurisdiction of the United States; and any property or interest of any foreign country or national thereof shall vest, when, as, and upon the terms, directed by the President, in such agency or person as may be designated from time to time by the President, and upon such terms and conditions as the President may prescribe such interest or property shall be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold, or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States, and such designated agency or person may perform any and all acts incident to the accomplishment or furtherance of these purposes; and the President shall, in the manner hereinabove provided, require any person to keep a full record of, and to furnish under oath, in the form of reports or otherwise, complete information relative to any act or transaction referred to in this subdivision either before, during, or after the completion thereof, or relative to any interest in foreign property, or relative to any property in which any foreign country or any national thereof has or has had any interest, or as may be otherwise necessary to enforce the provisions of this subdivision, and in any case in which a report could be required, the President may, in the manner hereinabove provided, require the production, or if necessary to the national security or defense, the seizure, of any books of account, records, contracts, letters, memoranda, or other papers, in the custody or control of such person; and the President may, in the manner hereinabove provided, take other and further measures not inconsistent herewith for the enforcement of this subdivision.

“(2) Any payment, conveyance, transfer, assignment, or delivery of property or interest therein, made to or for the account of the United States, or as otherwise directed, pursuant to this subdivision or any rule, regulation, instruction, or direction issued hereunder shall to the extent thereof be a full acquittance and discharge for all purposes of the obligation of the person making the same; and no person shall be held liable in any court for or in respect to anything done or omitted in good faith in connection with the administration of, or in pursuance of and in reliance on, this subdivision, or any rule, regulation, instruction, or direction issued hereunder.

“(3) As used in this subdivision the term ‘United States’ means the United States and any place subject to the jurisdiction thereof, including the Philippine Islands, and the several courts of first instance of the Commonwealth of the Philippine Islands shall have jurisdiction in all cases, civil or criminal, arising under this subdivision in the Philippine Islands and concurrent jurisdiction with the district courts of the United States of all cases, civil or criminal, arising upon the high seas: Provided, however, That the foregoing shall not be construed as a limitation upon the power of the President, which is hereby conferred, to prescribe from time to time, definitions, not inconsistent with the purposes of this subdivision, for any or all of the terms used in this subdivision.”

Scc. 302. All acts, actions, regulations, rules, orders, and proclamations heretofore taken, promulgated, made, or issued by, or pursuant to the direction of, the President or the Secretary of the Treasury under the Trading With the Enemy Act of October 6, 1917 (40 Stat. 411), as amended, which would have been authorized if the provisions of this Act and the amendments made by it had been in effect, are hereby approved, ratified, and confirmed.

Scc. 303. Whenever, during the present war, the President shall deem that the public safety demands it, he may cause to be censored under such rules and regulations as he may from time to time establish, communications by mail, cable, radio, or other means of transmission passing between the United States and any foreign country.
he may from time to time specify, or which may be carried by any
vessel or other means of transportation touching at any port, place,
or Territory of the United States and bound to or from any foreign
country. Any person who willfully evades or attempts to evade the
submission of any such communication to such censorship or willfully
uses or attempts to use any code or other device for the purpose of
concealing from such censorship the intended meaning of such com-
mutation shall, upon conviction, be fined not more than $10,000, or,
if a natural person, imprisoned for not more than ten years, or both;
and the officer, director, or agent of any corporation who knowingly
participates in such violation shall be punished by a like fine, imprison-
ment, or both, and any property, funds, securities, papers, or other
articles or documents, or any vessel, together with her tackle, apparel,
furniture, and equipment, concerned in such violation shall be forfeited
to the United States.

TITLE IV—TIME LIMIT AND SHORT TITLE

SEC. 401. Titles I and II of this Act shall remain in force during the
continuance of the present war and for six months after the termina-
tion of the war, or until such earlier time as the Congress by concurrent
resolution or the President may designate.

SEC. 402. This Act may be cited as the "First War Powers Act,
1941".

Approved, December 18, 1941.

[CHAPTER 594]

JOINT RESOLUTION

Creating a commission to investigate ways and means for improving economic
conditions in the anthracite coal producing regions of the United States.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United
States of America in Congress assembled, That there is hereby created
a commission to be composed of two Members of the Senate, to be
appointed by the President of the Senate; two Members of the House
of Representatives, to be appointed by the Speaker of the House of
Representatives; and three individuals to be appointed by the Presi-
dent, one of whom shall be an officer or employee of the Bureau of
Mines, one of whom shall be an officer or employee of the National
Resources Planning Board, and one of whom shall be an officer or
employee of the Interstate Commerce Commission. Any vacancy
in the commission shall be filled in the same manner in which the
original appointment was made. No member of the commission shall
receive compensation for his services as such member.

SEC. 2. It shall be the duty of the commission to conduct an inves-
tigation for the purpose of determining the facts relating to, and ways
and means for improving, economic conditions in the anthracite coal
producing regions of the United States, and in the conduct of such
investigation the commission shall take into consideration, among
other relevant factors, (a) the availability in such regions, for
national-defense activities, of skilled and unskilled workers, factories,
and housing and other facilities, and (b) possible new and extended
uses for anthracite coal and the byproducts thereof.

SEC. 3. The commission shall report to the President and to the
Congress the results of its investigation, together with its recom-
endations, at the earliest practicable date. The commission shall
cease to exist upon the submission to the President and the Congress
of its final report.

Penalty for evasions, using codes, etc.
Utilization of Government agencies.

Sec. 4. The commission is authorized, in carrying out its functions under this joint resolution, to utilize the services, information, facilities, and personnel of the departments and agencies of the Government.

Approved, December 19, 1941.

[CHAPTER 595]

AN ACT

To facilitate and simplify the administration of the Federal reclamation laws and the Act of August 11, 1939, as amended.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That for the purpose of facilitating and simplifying the administration of the Federal reclamation laws (Act of June 17, 1902, 32 Stat. 388 and Acts amendatory thereof or supplementary thereto) and the Act of August 11, 1939 (53 Stat. 1418), as amended, the Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to delegate, from time to time and to the extent and under such regulations as he deems proper, his powers and duties under said laws to the Commissioner of Reclamation, an Assistant Commissioner, or the officer in charge of any office, division, district, or project of the Bureau of Reclamation.

Approved, December 19, 1941.

[CHAPTER 596]

AN ACT

Authorizing the Administrator of Veterans’ Affairs to grant easements in certain lands to the town of Bedford, Massachusetts, for road-widening purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Administrator of Veterans’ Affairs is authorized and directed to grant easements, subject to any rights which the Boston and Maine Railroad Company may have in and over tract numbered 2, to the town of Bedford, Massachusetts, for road-widening purposes, in two small strips of land of the Veterans’ Administration facility in such town, described as follows:

TRACT NUMBERED 1

Beginning at a point in the northeasterly line of Page or Pine Hill Road at the southerly corner of the property of the United States of America and known as Veterans’ Administration Facility, Bedford, Massachusetts, north twenty-six degrees twenty-six minutes and thirty seconds west one hundred and seventeen and ninety-six one-hundredths feet along the northeasterly street line as laid out by the county commissioners of Middlesex County on December 20, 1940; thence south twenty-eight degrees ten minutes and five seconds east one hundred and sixteen and forty-four one-hundredths feet along the said new northeasterly street line to a point in the southeasterly property line of the United States of America; thence south thirty-nine degrees twenty-three minutes and forty seconds west three and eighty-five one-hundredths feet along the southeasterly property line of the United States of America to the point of beginning, containing five one-hundredths acre, more or less.
TRACT NUMBERED 2

Beginning at a point in the northeasterly line of Page or Pine Hill Road at the southwesterly corner of the property of the United States of America and known as Veterans' Administration Facility, Bedford, Massachusetts, north fifty degrees thirty-eight minutes and forty seconds east five and eighty-six one-hundredths feet along the westerly property line of the United States of America to a point in the new northeasterly street line as laid out by the county commissioners of Middlesex County on December 20, 1940; thence south twenty-eight degrees ten minutes and five seconds east six hundred thirty-seven and thirty-eight one-hundredths feet along the said new northeasterly street line to a point in the northwesterly right-of-way line of the Boston and Maine Railroad Company; thence south twenty-eight degrees ten minutes and five seconds east forty-seven and ninety-one one-hundredths feet across said railroad right-of-way; thence south twenty-eight degrees ten minutes and five seconds east one and fifteen one-hundredths feet to a point in the northeasterly line of Page or Pine Hill Road; thence north twenty-nine degrees five minutes and sixteen seconds west one and thirteen one-hundredths feet to a point in the northeasterly right-of-way line of the Boston and Maine Railroad Company; thence north twenty-nine degrees five minutes and sixteen seconds west forty-seven and twelve one-hundredths feet across said railroad right-of-way; thence north thirty-three degrees seven minutes and ten seconds west one hundred and fifty feet; thence north twenty-one degrees thirteen minutes and thirty seconds west ninety-two and fifty-four one-hundredths feet to the point of beginning, containing eighteen one-hundredths acre, more or less.

Approved, December 19, 1941.

[CHAPTER 597]

AN ACT

To authorize the Secretary of War to sell to the Embry-Riddle Company the military reservations of Carlstrom and Dorr Fields, Florida.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized in his discretion, to sell upon such terms and conditions as he considers advisable, to the Embry-Riddle Company of Miami, Florida, the Carlstrom and Dorr Fields Military Reservations situate in De Soto County, State of Florida, such reservations containing approximately six hundred and forty acres each, upon determination by him that said parcels are no longer needed for military purposes, and to execute and deliver to said company in the name of the United States of America and in its behalf any and all instruments, conveyances, or other instruments necessary to effectuate such sale and conveyance; Provided, That the Secretary of War shall have said tracts of land appraised, and shall not sell said property for less consideration than the approved appraised value thereof: And provided further, That the proceeds of such sale shall be deposited in the Treasury to the credit of miscellaneous receipts.

Approved, December 19, 1941.
To provide pensions at wartime rates for officers and enlisted men of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, and Coast Guard disabled in line of duty as a direct result of armed conflict, while engaged in extra hazardous service or while the United States is engaged in war, and for the dependents of those who die from such cause, and for other purposes.

"(c) Any veteran otherwise entitled to pension under the provisions of part II of this regulation or the general pension law shall be entitled to receive the rate of pension provided in part I of this regulation, if the disability resulted from an injury or disease received in line of duty (1) as a direct result of armed conflict, or (2) while engaged in extra hazardous service, including such service under conditions simulating war, or (3) while the United States is engaged in war.

The dependents of any deceased veteran, whose death resulted from an injury or disease received in line of duty as described in this subparagraph, otherwise entitled to pension under the provisions of part II of this regulation or the general pension law, shall be entitled to pension at the rates provided for service-connected death compensation benefits for dependents of World War veterans by section 5 of Public Law Numbered 198, Seventy-sixth Congress, as amended (U. S. C., title 38, sec. 4:72b), or if barred by the insurance limitations thereof, the rates provided by paragraph IV of part I, Veterans Regulation Numbered 1 (a), as amended."

SEC. 2. The Administrator of Veterans' Affairs is hereby authorized to make rules and regulations, not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, which are necessary to carry out its purposes.

This Act shall not be so construed as to reduce any pension under any Act, public or private.

Approved, December 19, 1941.

To amend the Selective Training and Service Act of 1940 by providing for the extension of liability for military service and for the registration of the manpower of the Nation, and for other purposes.

"Sec. 2. Except as otherwise provided in this Act, it shall be the duty of every male citizen of the United States, and of every other male person residing in the United States, who, on the day or days fixed for the first or any subsequent registration, is between the ages of eighteen and sixty-five, to present himself for and submit to registration at such time or times and place or places, and in such manner and in such age group or groups, as shall be determined by rules and regulations prescribed hereunder."
SEC. 2. The first sentence of section 3 (a) of such Act, as amended, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 3. (a) Except as otherwise provided in this Act, every male citizen of the United States, and every other male person residing in the United States, who is between the ages of twenty and forty-five at the time fixed for his registration, or who attains the age of twenty after having been required to register pursuant to section 2 of this Act, shall be liable for training and service in the land or naval forces of the United States: Provided, That any citizen or subject of a neutral country shall be relieved from liability for training and service under this Act if, prior to his induction into the land or naval forces, he has made application to be relieved from such liability in the manner prescribed by and in accordance with rules and regulations prescribed by the President, but any person who makes such application shall thereafter be debarred from becoming a citizen of the United States: Provided further, That no citizen or subject of any country who has been or who may hereafter be proclaimed by the President to be an alien enemy of the United States shall be inducted for training and service under this Act unless he is acceptable to the land or naval forces."

SEC. 3. Section 4 (a) of such Act, as amended, is hereby amended by inserting before the period at the end thereof the following: "Provided further, That in the classification of registrants within the jurisdiction of any local board, the registrants of any particular registration may be classified, in the manner prescribed by and in accordance with rules and regulations prescribed by the President, before, together with, or after the registrants of any prior registration or registrations; and in the selection for induction of persons within the jurisdiction of any local board and within any particular classification, persons who were registered at any particular registration may be selected, in the manner prescribed by and in accordance with rules and regulations prescribed by the President, before, together with, or after persons who were registered at any prior registration or registrations."

SEC. 4. Section 5 (a) of such Act, as amended, is hereby amended by inserting after the words "foreign countries" a comma and the following: "and persons in other categories to be specified by the President."

Paragraph (1) of section 5 (c) of such Act, as amended, is amended by inserting after the word "Governors" a comma, and the following: "and all other State officials chosen by the voters of the entire State.

SEC. 5. The second sentence of paragraph (1) of section 5 (e) of such Act, as amended, is hereby amended by inserting after "(1)" and after "(2)" the words "of any or all."

SEC. 6. Paragraph (2) of section 5 (e) of such Act, as amended, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"(2) Anything in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding, the President is authorized, under such rules and regulations as he may prescribe, to provide for the deferment, by age group, or groups, from training and service under this Act in the land and naval forces of the United States, of those men whose age or ages are such that he finds their deferment to be advisable in the national interest: Provided, That the President may, upon finding that it is in the national interest, terminate the deferment by age group or groups of any or all of the men so deferred."

SEC. 7. Section 15 (a) of such Act, as amended, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"(a) The term 'between the ages of twenty and forty-five' shall refer to men who have attained the twentieth anniversary of the day of their birth and who have not attained the forty-fifth anniversary of the day of their birth; and other terms designating different age groups shall be construed in a similar manner."
SEC. 8. Persons inducted under the Selective Training and Service Act of 1940 who are inducted into or assigned to the Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard, shall be members of the Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard, as the case may be; and in time of war their periods of service or training and service may be extended by the President for such additional time as he may deem necessary in the interest of national defense: Provided, That the periods of service or training and service under section 3 (b) of such Act of men who are detained under this section shall be terminated not later than six months after the termination of the war which authorized their detention, unless such men voluntarily extend their periods of service or training and service.

SEC. 9. The first proviso of the second sentence of section 3 (a) of such Act, as amended, is hereby amended by inserting the word "forty-five" in lieu of the word "thirty-six".

SEC. 10. Section 602 (d) of the National Service Life Insurance Act of 1940 is hereby amended to read as follows:

"(d) (1) Any person in the active service, and while in such active service, shall be granted such insurance without medical examination upon application therefor in writing (made within one hundred and twenty days after the date of enactment of this amendatory Act), and upon payment of premiums: Provided, That after the expiration of such one-hundred-and-twenty-day period any such person may be granted National Service Life Insurance at any time upon application, payment of premiums, and evidence satisfactory to the Administrator showing him to be in good health.

"(2) Any person in the active service on or after October 8, 1940, who, while in such service and before the expiration of one hundred and twenty days after the date of enactment of this amendatory Act, dies or has died in line of duty (including death resulting from disease or injury incurred in line of duty), without having in force at the time of such death insurance under the War Risk Insurance Act, as amended, the World War Veterans' Act, 1924, as amended, or this Act, in the aggregate amount of at least $5,000, shall be deemed to have applied for and to have been granted insurance as of the date of entry into active service or October 8, 1940, whichever is later, in the sum of $5,000 payable as provided in section 602 (h), except that payments hereunder shall be made only to the following beneficiaries and in the order named—

"(A) to the widow or widower of the insured, if living and while unremarried;

"(B) if no widow or widower entitled thereto, to the child or children of the insured, if living, in equal shares;

"(C) if no widow or widower entitled thereto, or child, to the dependent mother or father of the insured, if living, in equal shares.

"(3) Any person in the active service on or after October 8, 1940, who, while in such service and before the expiration of one hundred and twenty days after the date of enactment of this amendatory Act, suffers in line of duty total disability continuously for six months or more without having in force at the time of such disability insurance under the War Risk Insurance Act, as amended, the World War Veterans' Act, 1924, as amended, or this Act, in the aggregate amount of at least $5,000, shall be deemed to have applied for and to have been granted insurance in the aggregate sum of $5,000 effective as of the date such disability was so suffered but not prior to October 8, 1940. Such premiums shall be waived during the continuation of such total disability. The Administrator is authorized and directed to transfer from the National Service Life Insurance appropriation
to the National Service Life Insurance Fund such sums as may be
necessary to cover all losses incurred and premiums waived under
paragraphs (2) and (3) of this subsection.

"(4) The benefits and privileges extended by this section are hereby
so extended by the Congress because many of the personnel of our
armed forces (1) were unable to comply with the prerequisites neces-
sary to the granting of insurance by reason of extended duty in the
North Atlantic, Hawaii, the Philippines, and other outlying bases;
(2) had failed or neglected to apply for such insurance in the expec-
tation that their service would be peacetime service only; and (3) by
reason of the suddenness with which war was thrust upon us, had
not sufficient time to apply for such insurance prior to engaging in
combat. The Congress hereby declares that no further relief of such
character will be granted."

Approved, December 20, 1941.

[CHAPTER 603]

AN ACT

To facilitate standardization and uniformity of procedure relating to determina-
tion of service connection of injuries or diseases alleged to have been incurred
in or aggravated by active service in a war, campaign, or expedition.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the
United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Adminis-
trator of Veterans’ Affairs is hereby authorized and directed to
include in the regulations pertaining to service connection of disabili-
ties additional provisions in effect requiring that in each case where
a veteran is seeking service connection for any disability due consid-
eration shall be given to the places, types, and circumstances of his
service as shown by his service record, the official history of each
organization in which he served, his medical records, and all perti-
nent medical and lay evidence.

In the case of any veteran who engaged in combat with the enemy
in active service with a military or naval organization of the United
States during some war, campaign, or expedition, the Administrator
of Veterans’ Affairs is hereby authorized and directed to accept as sufficient
proof of service connection of any disease or injury alleged to have been incurred in or aggravated by service in such war, campaign, or
expedition, satisfactory lay or other evidence of service incurrence or
aggravation of such injury or disease, if consistent with the
circumstances, conditions, or hardships of such service, notwithstanding the fact that there is no official record of such incurrence or
aggravation in such service, and, to that end, shall resolve every
reasonable doubt in favor of such veteran: Provided, That service
connection of such injury or disease may be rebutted by clear and
convincing evidence to the contrary. The reasons for granting or
denying service connection in each such case shall be recorded in full.

Approved, December 20, 1941.

[CHAPTER 604]

AN ACT

Authorizing advancements from the Federal Works Administrator for the pro-
vision of certain defense public works and equipment in the District of Columbia,
and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the
United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Commis-
ioners of the District of Columbia (herein called the “Com-
missioners”) are hereby authorized to accept advancements for the
District of Columbia from the Federal Works Administrator (herein
called the “Administrator”), and the Administrator, under and sub-
Use of funds.

In the Act of June 28, 1941 (Public, Numbered 137, Seventy-seventh Congress), is authorized to advance the sum of $2,500,000, or any part thereof, in addition to any sums heretofore advanced to the District of Columbia, out of funds authorized by law for the Administrator, for the acquisition, purchase, construction, establishment, and development of defense public works and equipment, and all sums so advanced shall be deposited in full with the Secretary of the Treasury to the credit of the District of Columbia.

Sec. 2. The sum authorized by section 1 hereof, or any part thereof, shall, when advanced, be available to the Commissioners for the acquisition by dedication, purchase, or condemnation of the fee-simple title to improved or unimproved land, or rights or easements in land, for the public uses authorized by this Act; for the demolition of structures, buildings, and improvements on lands or interests in land acquired under this Act; for the construction of buildings, water facilities, sewer facilities, highways, fire-alarm extensions, and other public works, including materials and labor, heating, lighting, elevators, plumbing, landscaping, and all other appurtenances, and the purchase and installation of pipe lines, machinery, furniture, equipment, apparatus, and any and all other expenditures necessary for or incident to the complete construction and equipment for use of the aforesaid buildings, plants, and facilities; and for the making of surveys and the preparation of plans, designs, estimates, models, and specifications; and for architectural, engineering, and other professional services and other technical and administrative personnel without reference to the civil-service requirements, or the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, and section 3709 of the Revised Statutes; for the rental of such office facilities as may in the opinion of the Commissioners be necessary.

Sec. 3. The Federal Works Administrator shall be repaid such portion as may be determined by the President of any moneys advanced under section 1 of this Act in annual installments over a period of not to exceed ten years, with interest thereon beginning July 1, 1942, for the period of amortization: Provided, That such interest shall be at such rate as would, in the opinion of the Secretary of the Treasury, be the lowest interest rate available to the District of Columbia on the date of the approval of this Act were said District authorized by law to issue and sell obligations to the public, at the par value thereof, in a sum equal to the repayable amounts of such advances, maturing serially over a period of ten years in approximately equal annual installments, including both principal and interest, and secured by a first pledge of and lien upon all the general-fund revenues of said District: Provided further, That such sums may be necessary for the reimbursement herein required of the District of Columbia, and for the payment of interest, shall be included in the annual estimates of the Commissioners, the first reimbursement to be made on July 1, 1943: And provided further, That whenever the District of Columbia is under obligation by virtue of the provisions of section 4 of Public Act Numbered 284, Seventy-first Congress, and section 3 of Public Act Numbered 746, Seventy-fifth Congress, reimbursement under those Acts shall be not less than $700,000 in any one fiscal year.

Sec. 4. The Commissioners are hereby authorized to make reimbursement to the Administrator under section 3 hereof for water projects and highway projects, respectively, from the water fund and the gas-tax fund of the District of Columbia.

Sec. 5. The Commissioners shall submit with their annual estimates to the Congress a report of their activities and expenditures under section 1 of this Act.

Approved, December 20, 1941.
AN ACT

To amend section 5 of the Act entitled "An Act to establish a Board of Public Welfare in and for the District of Columbia, to determine its functions, and for other purposes," approved March 16, 1926.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 5 of the Act entitled "An Act to establish a Board of Public Welfare in and for the District of Columbia, to determine its functions, and for other purposes," approved March 16, 1926, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 5. That the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, upon the nomination of the Board, are hereby authorized to appoint a Director of Public Welfare, which position is hereby authorized and created, who shall be the chief executive officer of the Board and shall be charged, subject to its general supervision, with the executive and administrative duties provided for in this Act. The Director shall be a person of such training, experience, and capacity as will especially qualify him or her to discharge the duties of the office. The Director of Public Welfare may be discharged by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia upon recommendation of the Board. The Commissioners of the District of Columbia are authorized, upon the nomination of the Board, to appoint such personnel as may be necessary for the efficient performance of the duties of the Board: Provided, however, That all employees of the Board, except the Director, shall be appointed in accordance with and be subject to the provisions of an Act entitled 'An Act to regulate and improve the civil service of the United States', approved January 16, 1883, as amended (U. S. C., title 5, secs. 638 et seq.), and the rules and regulations made in pursuance thereof in the same manner as members in the classified civil service of the United States, the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, however, being authorized in their discretion to give preference to residents of the District of Columbia. The Civil Service Commission is hereby authorized and directed to confer a competitive civil-service status upon those employees performing services for the Board on the effective date of this Act who are citizens of the United States, and who within six months after the effective date of this Act, are certified by the Commissioners, upon recommendation of the Board, (a) as having been appointed from among the highest available eligibles from an appropriate register of the Civil Service Commission or (b) as having rendered active service for the Board prior to the effective date of this Act, and who qualify in such appropriate noncompetitive examinations as the Civil Service Commission may prescribe, except that as to employees engaged in work in which the Federal Government shares the expense, the Board of Public Welfare shall prescribe such conditions for eligibility to enter appropriate noncompetitive examinations prescribed by the Civil Service Commission as shall conform to the Federal Acts providing for Federal financial participation and to rules and regulations of the Federal agencies administering such Acts. Any employee of the Board who fails to meet these requirements or who fails to take or pass the noncompetitive examination prescribed by the Commission, or who is not certified by the Commissioners, may continue to serve for a period of not more than thirty days after the establishment of appropriate registers."

Approved, December 20, 1941.
AN ACT

Amending the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1942, so as to provide for agricultural conservation program payments to farmers whose crops have been acquired under the national-defense program.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the last proviso under the head “Conservation and Use of Agricultural Land Resources, Department of Agriculture” in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1942 (Public Law 144, Seventy-seventh Congress, approved July 1, 1941), is amended to read as follows: “Provided further, That notwithstanding any other provision of law, persons who in 1940 and 1941 carried out farming operations as landlords, tenants, or sharecroppers on cropland owned by the United States Government and who complied with the terms and conditions of the 1940 and 1941 agricultural conservation programs, formulated pursuant to sections 7 to 17, inclusive, of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act, as amended, shall be entitled to apply for and receive payments, or to retain payments heretofore made, for their participation in said program to the same extent as other producers, and wherever in either of such years the acquisition of title to, or lease of, any farm for use in the national-defense program caused the producers to lose their interest in the crops planted thereon, or the proceeds thereof, prior to the time of harvest, the landlord, tenants, and sharecroppers on such farm in such year shall be entitled to apply for and receive the payments which they would have received under the agricultural conservation program for such year if they had been permitted to retain their interest in such crops, or the proceeds thereof, to the extent that it does not clearly appear that in connection with such acquisition full compensation was made for the failure to receive such payments.”

Approved, December 22, 1941.

AN ACT

To amend section 4, Public Law Numbered 198, Seventy-sixth Congress, July 19, 1939, to authorize hospitalization of retired officers and enlisted men who are war veterans on a parity with other war veterans.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 4 of Public Law Numbered 198, Seventy-sixth Congress, approved July 19, 1939, is hereby amended to read as follows: “Sec. 4. In the administration of laws pertaining to veterans, retired officers, and enlisted men of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, and Coast Guard, who served honorably during a war period as recognized by the Veterans’ Administration, shall be, and are entitled to hospitalization and domiciliary care in the same manner and to the same extent as veterans of any war are now or may hereafter be furnished hospitalization or domiciliary care by the Veterans’ Administration and subject to those provisions of paragraph VI (A) of Veterans Regulation Numbered 6 (c), which provide for reduction of monetary benefits to veterans having neither wife, child, nor dependent parent while being furnished hospital treatment, institutional, or domiciliary care.”

Approved, December 22, 1941.
AN ACT
To amend the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act of June 25, 1938, as amended, by providing for the certification of batches of drugs composed wholly or partly of insulin, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 301 (i) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, of June 25, 1938, as amended, is amended by inserting "506," before the phrase "or 604." at the end thereof.

SEC. 2. Section 506 of such Act, as amended, is amended by inserting a new paragraph at the end thereof, as follows:

"(k) If it is, or purports to be, or is represented as a drug composed wholly or partly of insulin, unless (1) it is from a batch with respect to which a certificate or release has been issued pursuant to section 506, and (2) such certificate or release is in effect with respect to such drug."

SEC. 3. Chapter V of such Act, as amended, is amended by adding a new section at the end thereof, as follows:

"CERTIFICATION OF DRUGS CONTAINING INSULIN

"Sec. 506. (a) The Federal Security Administrator, pursuant to regulations promulgated by him, shall provide for the certification of batches of drugs composed wholly or partly of insulin. A batch of any such drug shall be certified if such drug has such characteristics of identity and such batch has such characteristics of strength, quality, and purity, as the Administrator prescribes in such regulations as necessary to adequately insure safety and efficacy of use, but shall not otherwise be certified. Prior to the effective date of such regulations the Administrator, in lieu of certification, shall issue a release for any batch which, in his judgment, may be released without risk as to the safety and efficacy of its use. Such release shall prescribe the date of its expiration and other conditions under which it shall cease to be effective as to such batch and as to portions thereof.

"(b) Regulations providing for such certification shall contain such provisions as are necessary to carry out the purposes of this section, including provisions prescribing (1) standards of identity and of strength, quality, and purity; (2) tests and methods of assay to determine compliance with such standards; (3) effective periods for certificates, and other conditions under which they shall cease to be effective as to certified batches and as to portions thereof; (4) administration and procedure; and (5) such fees, specified in such regulations, as are necessary to provide, equip, and maintain an adequate certification service. Such regulations shall prescribe no standard of identity or of strength, quality, or purity for any drug different from the standard of identity, strength, quality, or purity set forth for such drug in an official compendium.

"(c) Such regulations, insofar as they prescribe tests or methods of assay to determine strength, quality, or purity of any drug, different from the tests or methods of assay set forth for such drug in an official compendium, shall be prescribed, after notice and opportunity for revision of such compendium, in the manner provided in the second sentence of section 301 (b). The provisions of subsections (e), (f), and (g) of section 701 shall be applicable to such portion of any regulation as prescribes any such different test or method, but shall not be applicable to any other portion of any such regulation."
SEC. 4. Regulations initially prescribed under section 506 of such Act, as amended, shall be promulgated and made effective within forty-five days after the date of enactment of this Act.

Approved, December 22, 1941.

[CHAPTER 617]

AN ACT

To suspend the export tax and the reduction of the quota prescribed by section 6 of the Act of March 24, 1934 (48 Stat. 456), as amended, for a fixed period, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the imposition and collection of the export tax prescribed by section 6 of the Act of March 24, 1934, entitled "An Act to provide for the complete independence of the Philippine Islands, to provide for the adoption of a constitution and a form of government for the Philippine Islands, and for other purposes" (48 Stat. 456), as amended by the Act of August 7, 1939 (53 Stat. 1226; U. S. C., Supp. V, title 48, sec. 1236), shall be suspended for a period commencing on and after the date following the approval of this Act and ending on December 31, 1942.

On January 1, 1943, the imposition of such export tax shall be resumed, the tax rate effective for said calendar year to be the same as the rate in effect at the time the tax was suspended; on each succeeding January 1 thereafter the export tax shall be increased progressively by an additional 5 per centum of the United States duty, except that during the period January 1, 1946, through July 3, 1946, the export tax shall remain at 15 per centum of the United States duty.

SEC. 2. That the progressive reduction of the quotas of the Philippine articles of a class or kind in respect of which a quota is established by subdivision 3, subsection b, section 6 of the said Act of March 24, 1934, as amended, shall be suspended for a period commencing on and after the date following the approval of this Act and ending on December 31, 1942; the original quotas established by that subdivision for the year 1940 shall be in effect during the suspension.

On January 1, 1943, the progressive reduction of the quotas provided for in subdivision 3, subsection b, section 6 of the said Act of March 24, 1934, as amended, shall be resumed, the rate of reduction effective for said calendar year to be the same as the rate in effect at the time the said quotas were suspended; for each calendar year thereafter through the calendar year 1945, each of the said quotas shall be the same as the corresponding quota for the immediately preceding calendar year, less 5 per centum of the corresponding original quota.

For the period January 1, 1946, through July 3, 1946, each of said quotas shall be one-half of the corresponding quota specified for the calendar year 1945.

SEC. 3. Nothing in this Act shall change in any respect not herein expressly provided for the provisions of the Act of March 24, 1934, as amended.

Approved, December 22, 1941.
[CHAPTER 618]

AN ACT

To permit fifteen-round championship boxing bouts in the Territories of Alaska and Hawaii.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 321 of the Act entitled "An Act to codify, revise, and amend the penal laws of the United States", approved March 4, 1909, as amended, is amended by inserting at the end thereof the following new sentence: "In the case of championship bouts, the limitation on the number of rounds shall be fifteen in lieu of ten."

Approved, December 22, 1941.

[CHAPTER 619]

AN ACT

To establish the composition of the United States Navy, to authorize the construction of certain naval vessels, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the authorized composition of the United States Navy in under-age vessels, as established by the Acts of May 17, 1938 (52 Stat. 401), June 14, 1940 (54 Stat. 391), and July 19, 1940 (54 Stat. 779), is hereby further increased by 150,000 tons of combatant ships.

SEC. 2. The President of the United States is hereby authorized to provide the total under-age composition authorized in section 1 of this Act, including replacements thereof as authorized by the Act of March 27, 1934 (48 Stat. 503), by undertaking the construction of combatant ships of such types and tonnages as he determines to be necessary for the successful prosecution of the war.

SEC. 3. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury of the United States not otherwise appropriated, such sums as may be necessary to effectuate the purposes of this Act.

Approved, December 23, 1941.

[CHAPTER 620]

JOINT RESOLUTION

To authorize the commission appointed by the President to conduct an investigation in connection with the attack on Hawaii, to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of books, papers, and documents.

Whereas on December 18, 1941, the President by Executive order appointed Owen J. Roberts, William H. Standley, Joseph M. Reeves, Frank R. McCoy, and Joseph T. McNarney a commission to ascertain and report the facts relating to the attack made by the Japanese armed forces upon the Territory of Hawaii on December 7, 1941: Therefore be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) the commission appointed by the President by Executive order, dated December 18, 1941, to ascertain and report the facts relating to the attack made by the Japanese armed forces upon the Territory of Hawaii on December 7, 1941 (in this Act called the "commission"), may, or by one or more of its members or by such agents or agencies as it may designate may, prosecute any inquiry necessary to its functions at any place within the United States or any place subject to the civil or military jurisdiction
of the United States. The commission or any member of the commission when so authorized by the commission shall have power to issue subpenas requiring the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of any evidence that relates to any matter under investigation by the commission. The commission or any member of the commission or any agent or agency designated by the commission for such purpose may administer oaths and affirmations, examine witnesses, and receive evidence. Such attendance of witnesses and the production of such evidence may be required from any place within the United States or any place subject to the civil or military jurisdiction of the United States at any designated place of hearing.

(b) In case of contumacy or refusal to obey a subpena issued to any person under subsection (a), any district court of the United States or the United States courts of any Territory or possession, or the District Court of the United States for the District of Columbia, within the jurisdiction of which the inquiry is carried on or within the jurisdiction of which said person guilty of contumacy or refusal to obey is found or resides or transacts business, upon application by the commission shall have jurisdiction to issue to such person an order requiring such person to appear before the commission, its member, agent, or agency, there to produce evidence if so ordered, or there to give testimony touching the matter under investigation or in question; and any failure to obey such order of the court may be punished by said court as a contempt thereof.

(c) Process and papers of the commission, its members, agent, or agency, may be served either upon the witness in person or by registered mail or by telegraph or by leaving a copy thereof at the residence or principal office or place of business of the person required to be served. The verified return by the individual so serving the same, setting forth the manner of such service, shall be proof of the same, and the return post-office receipt or telegraph receipt therefor when registered and mailed or telegraphed as aforesaid shall be proof of service of the same. Witnesses summoned before the commission, its members, agent, or agency, shall be paid the same fees and mileage that are paid witnesses in the courts of the United States, and witnesses whose depositions are taken and the persons taking the same shall severally be entitled to the same fees as are paid for like services in the courts of the United States.

(d) No person shall be excused from attending and testifying or from producing books, records, correspondence, documents, or other evidence in obedience to a subpena, on the ground that the testimony or evidence required of him may tend to incriminate him or subject him to a penalty or forfeiture; but no individual shall be prosecuted or subjected to any penalty or forfeiture (except demotion or removal from office) for or on account of any transaction, matter, or thing concerning which he is compelled, after having claimed his privilege against self-incrimination, to testify or produce evidence, except that such individual so testifying shall not be exempt from prosecution and punishment for perjury committed in so testifying.

(e) All process of any court to which application may be made under this Act may be served in the judicial district wherein the person required to be served resides or may be found.

(f) The several departments and agencies of the Government, when directed by the President, shall furnish the commission, upon its request, all records, papers, and information in their possession relating to any matter before the commission.

Approved, December 23, 1941.
[CHAPTER 621]

JOINT RESOLUTION

To provide additional appropriations incident to the national defense for the fiscal years ending June 30, 1942, and June 30, 1943, and for other purposes.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the purposes hereinafter enumerated, namely:

EXE C U T I V E O F F I C E O F T H E P R E S I D E N T

OFFICE OF GOVERNMENT REPORTS

The last paragraph under the caption "Office of Government Reports" in the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1941, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"The appropriations herein made for the Office of Government Reports shall not be supplemented by funds from any source aggregating in excess of $800,000 during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1942."  

INDEPENDENT AGENCIES

FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY

CIVILIAN CONSERVATION CORPS

During the fiscal years 1942 and 1943, notwithstanding section 15 of the Act of June 28, 1937 (16 U. S. C. 584n), there shall be transferred to any department, establishment, or other agency of the Government, when directed by the Director of the Bureau of the Budget before July 1, 1943, and upon such conditions as he may prescribe, any motor or other equipment purchased from funds appropriated or allocated for the operation and maintenance of the Civilian Conservation Corps (including funds allotted by the Director of such Corps to cooperating Federal departments or agencies) which the Federal Security Administrator finds to be surplus to the current operations of the Corps, and which has not heretofore been declared surplus.

FEDERAL WORKS AGENCY

National-defense housing: For an additional amount to carry out the purposes of title I of the Act of October 14, 1940 (54 Stat. 1125), as amended, and subject to the applicable provisions of the joint resolution approved October 14, 1940 (54 Stat. 1115), $300,000,000, to remain available during the continuance of the unlimited national emergency declared by the President on May 27, 1941: Provided, That the amount appropriated in this paragraph shall not be available for obligation until the date of enactment into law of the bill (H. R. 6128 of the Seventy-seventh Congress) entitled "An Act to amend the Act entitled 'An Act to expedite the provision of housing in connection with national defense, and for other purposes', approved October 14, 1940, as amended".

Defense public works (community facilities): For an additional amount for defense public works (community facilities), including the objects specified under this heading in the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1941, and including the exchange, hire, repair, maintenance, and operation of passenger-carrying automobiles and the purchase and exchange of lawbooks and books of reference; $150,000,000, of which amount not to exceed $6,750,000 shall be available for administrative expenses, to remain available during
the continuance of the unlimited national emergency declared by the President on May 27, 1941: Provided, That the amount appropriated in this paragraph shall not be available for obligation until the date of enactment into law of the bill (H. R. 6128 of the Seventy-seventh Congress) entitled "An Act to amend the Act entitled 'An Act to expedite the provision of housing in connection with national defense, and for other purposes', approved October 14, 1940, as amended".

PUBLIC BUILDINGS ADMINISTRATION

West Central Heating Plant, D. C.

The limit of $3,900,000 upon the cost of the site and building, West Central Heating Plant, Washington, District of Columbia, specified under this head in the First Supplemental Civil Functions Appropriation Act, 1941, is hereby increased to $7,000,000.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

SURPLUS MARKETING ADMINISTRATION

Procurement, distribution, etc.

Emergency supplies for Territories and possessions: For all necessary expenses to enable the Secretary of Agriculture to procure, transport, and distribute agricultural and other commodities and supplies to meet the emergent requirements of the civilian population of the Territories and possessions of the United States, including purchasing, exchanging, processing, distributing, disposing of, transporting, storing, handling and inspecting, commissions, and insurance exclusive of marine risks, without regard to the provisions of other law covering the expenditures of public funds; and for administrative expenses incident thereto not exceeding in any fiscal year 3 per centum of the aggregate amount expended under authority hereof in such fiscal year, including purchase, maintenance, and repair of horse-drawn and motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, printing and binding, personal services and rents in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; $35,000,000: Provided, That $10,000,000 of this appropriation shall be used immediately to replace an equal amount allocated for this purpose from the emergency fund for the President by letter of allocation numbered 42-40, dated December 15, 1941: Provided further, That materials and supplies procured under authority hereof may be disposed of by sale without regard to the provisions of other law, or by other means, and the proceeds from such sales and any other receipts from operations hereunder shall be deposited to the credit of this appropriation when payment is received, and such appropriation including such deposits shall remain available for expenditure for the purposes hereof until six months have elapsed after the termination of the unlimited national emergency declared by the President on May 27, 1941.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

GOVERNMENT IN THE TERRITORIES

Relief and civilian defense.

Emergency fund, Territories and island possessions (national defense): For all expenses necessary to provide for the relief and civilian defense of the populations of the Territory of Alaska, the Virgin Islands of the United States, and the island of Puerto Rico, including the lease or construction of warehousing and storage facilities and the purchase, transportation, and sale of food, drugs, hospital supplies, and other materials, supplies and equipment, fiscal year 1942, to remain available for the duration of the unlimited national emergency declared by the President on May 27, 1941, $15,000,000, to be
expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior without regard to the provisions of law regulating the expenditure of Government funds or the employment of persons in the Government service, such as section 3709 of the Revised Statutes and the civil service and classification laws: Provided, That any funds received from the sale of materials and supplies acquired hereunder shall be deposited to the credit of this appropriation and shall be available for expenditure for the purposes hereof.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT

PROCUREMENT DIVISION

General supply fund: To increase the general supply fund established by the Act approved February 27, 1929, as amended (41 U. S. C. 7c), $2,000,000.

WAR DEPARTMENT

CIVIL FUNCTIONS

Relief of the Philippine Islands: The moneys authorized to be appropriated in accordance with section 503 of the Sugar Act of 1937 (50 Stat. 915), as amended, but not exceeding the amount of taxes referred to in such section 503 collected prior to the date of enactment of this Act, are hereby appropriated, and in addition thereto the sum of $10,000,000 is appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to enable the Secretary of War to meet expenses for each and every purpose necessary to provide for public relief and civilian defense in the Philippine Islands, fiscal year 1942, to remain available until expended: Provided, That this appropriation shall be available for payment to the Government of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, either in advance of or in reimbursement for all or any part of the estimated or actual cost, as authorized by the Commanding General, United States Army in the Far East, of public relief and civilian defense in the Philippine Islands: Provided further, That this appropriation may be expended without regard to the provisions of law regulating the expenditure or accounting for funds of the United States: And provided further, That of the amount herein appropriated the sum of $10,000,000 shall be restored to the emergency fund for the President, created by the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1942, in reimbursement of a like amount advanced therefrom for the purposes herein authorized, and any expenditures heretofore or hereafter made from that fund for such purposes are hereby authorized and validated.

Approved, December 23, 1941.

[CHAPTER 622]

JOINT RESOLUTION

Transferring the administration of the homestead projects established in the Virgin Islands from the government of the Virgin Islands to the Department of Agriculture.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the homestead projects established in the Virgin Islands by virtue of the provisions of the Second Deficiency Act, fiscal year 1931 (46 Stat. 1552, 1570), by virtue of the provisions of the Act of April 22, 1932, entitled "An Act making appropriations for the Department of the Interior for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, and for other purposes" (47 Stat. 91, 129), by
voted by the provisions of title II of the National Industrial Recovery Act (48 Stat. 195, 200), and by virtue of all other provisions of law relating to such projects are hereby transferred from the jurisdiction and control of the government of the Virgin Islands, Department of the Interior, to the jurisdiction and control of the Department of Agriculture. The Virgin Islands Homestead Authority is hereby abolished and its functions transferred to the Department of Agriculture.

Sec. 2. All real and personal property owned or held by the United States in the Virgin Islands and employed exclusively in the prosecution of homestead projects, and all equipment, assets, and records pertaining to homestead projects in the Virgin Islands, including the equipment, assets, and records of the Virgin Islands Homestead Authority, are hereby transferred to the Department of Agriculture.

Sec. 3. All valid contracts, sales, transfers, leases, and other transactions heretofore entered into or affected by the government of the Virgin Islands, the Virgin Islands Homestead Authority, the Department of the Interior, or any officer or agency of any of the foregoing, in connection with homestead projects in the Virgin Islands are hereby continued in full force and effect: Provided, That the Secretary of Agriculture, or his designee, may compromise claims and obligations arising under, and adjust and modify the terms of such contracts, as circumstances may require.

Sec. 4. The Department of Agriculture is hereby authorized to use for the administration, development, management, and liquidation of the homestead projects in the Virgin Islands transferred to its jurisdiction and control all funds heretofore or hereafter appropriated, allocated, or otherwise made available to the Department of Agriculture for rural rehabilitation projects and functions of like character to those transferred hereunder.

Approved, December 23, 1941.

[CHAPTER 625]  
AN ACT  
To authorize black-outs in the District of Columbia, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Commissioners of the District of Columbia are authorized and directed, whenever a state of war exists between the United States and any foreign country or nation, to order black-outs in the District of Columbia at such times and for such periods of time as they may deem desirable, subject to the approval of the Secretary of War, to regulate and prohibit the movement of vehicular traffic on the highways during such periods and to make such regulations as they may deem necessary to insure the success of the black-outs and to protect life and property during said periods.

Sec. 2. The Commissioners are authorized to negotiate with the proper authorities of the States of Maryland and Virginia with a view to effecting a synchronization of black-outs in the District of Columbia and such parts of those States as may be necessary to carry out the intent and purpose of this Act.

Sec. 3. The Secretary of War is authorized to assist and cooperate with the Commissioners of the District of Columbia in the execution of black-outs in the District of Columbia and the metropolitan area.

Sec. 4. The municipality of the District of Columbia shall not be liable for any damages sustained to person or property during, or as the result of, an authorized black-out.
SEC. 5. The statutory penalty upon conviction of any crime, other than those punishable by life imprisonment or death, committed during any authorized black-out shall be doubled.

SEC. 6. During the existence of a state of war between the United States and any foreign country or nation, the Commissioners may appoint, for specified times, as many special police, without pay, from among residents of the District of Columbia as they may deem advisable. During the terms of service of such special police they shall possess all the powers and perform all the duties of privates of the standing police force of the District of Columbia, and such special police shall wear an emblem to be provided by the Commissioners.

SEC. 7. During the existence of a state of war between the United States and any foreign country or nation, the Commissioners of the District of Columbia are authorized to accept volunteer service for the government of the District of Columbia.

SEC. 8. During the existence of a state of war between the United States and any foreign country or nation, the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, subject to the approval of the Secretary of War, are authorized to prepare for the evacuation from the District of Columbia or from any part thereof of all such persons as they shall determine, and for this purpose shall negotiate with the proper authorities of any State of the United States or of any subdivision thereof to provide for the reception, housing, maintenance, and care of evacuees, shall prepare all necessary plans for the conduct of such evacuation, and may when in their judgment the public interest or the safety of such persons creates the necessity therefor order and compel, subject to the approval of the Secretary of War, the evacuation from the District of Columbia of any such persons to such place or places as they may designate. The Commissioners of the District of Columbia are authorized and empowered to obligate the District of Columbia for the payment of all necessary costs and to make such regulations as they may deem necessary to carry out the provisions of this section, and, for the purpose of compelling evacuation, may authorize custody by the regular or special police of any person or persons, which custody shall be effective until the point of destination has been reached, and the powers of such police for such purpose are hereby declared to extend to any point within the United States that the Commissioners of the District of Columbia may designate. There are hereby authorized to be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury to the credit of the United States not otherwise appropriated, such sums as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this section.

SEC. 9. The Commissioners of the District of Columbia are authorized and empowered, without regard to the provisions of any other law, and for defense purposes, to borrow money from the Treasury of the United States, to expend the same, to obligate the District of Columbia for the payment of equipment, materials, and supplies of all kinds, and to employ personnel as the Commissioners in their discretion may deem necessary, not exceeding $1,000,000, and the said Commissioners are further authorized and empowered to use such regular employees of the Government of the District of Columbia as they deem necessary.

The Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to loan to the Commissioners of the District of Columbia such sum or sums as are authorized by this section, and there is hereby appropriated for this purpose $1,000,000 out of any money in the Treasury of the United States to the credit of the United States not otherwise appropriated.

Penalty for crime committed during black-out.
Appointment of special police.
Volunteer service.
Evacuation preparations.
Payment of costs.
Use of police to compel evacuation.
Appropriation authorized.
Authority to borrow money, etc.
Use of regular employees.
Treasury loans.
Appropriation.
Penalties for violations of regulations.

Sec. 10. The Commissioners shall have the power to prescribe reasonable penalties for violation of any regulation promulgated pursuant to this Act, not exceeding a fine of $300 or ninety days' imprisonment, or both. Prosecution for such violations shall be on information in the police court by the corporation counsel or his assistants.

Approved, December 26, 1941.

[CHAPTER 626]

AN ACT

To extend the period within which the Secretary of Agriculture may carry out the purposes of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act by making payments to agricultural producers, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 8 (a), as amended, of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act (U. S. C., 1934 edition, Supp. V, title 16, sec. 590 h (a)) is amended (a) by striking out "January 1, 1949" wherever appearing therein and inserting in lieu thereof "January 1, 1947", and (b) striking out "December 31, 1941" and inserting in lieu thereof "December 31, 1946".

Sec. 2. The paragraph numbered (10) of the Act entitled "An Act relating to corn and wheat marketing quotas under the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended", approved May 26, 1941, is amended—

(a) By striking out the words and figures "1941 crop of the commodities, cotton, corn, wheat, rice, or tobacco" and insert "1941, 1942, 1943, 1944, 1945 and 1946 crops of the commodities cotton, corn, wheat, rice, tobacco and peanuts";

(b) By striking out "for the marketing year beginning in 1941" and inserting in lieu thereof "for the marketing year beginning in the calendar year in which such crop is harvested".

Approved, December 26, 1941.

[CHAPTER 627]

AN ACT

To provide for cooperation with Central American republics in the construction of the Inter-American Highway.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there is hereby authorized to be appropriated the sum not to exceed $20,000,000 to enable the United States to cooperate with the governments of the American republics situated in Central America—that is, with the Governments of the Republics of Costa Rica, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Nicaragua, and Panama—in the survey and construction of the proposed Inter-American Highway within the borders of the aforesaid republics. Expenditures of such sums in any such country shall be subject to the receipt of a request therefor and of satisfactory assurances from the government of that country that appropriate commitments have been made by such government to assume at least one-third of the expenditures proposed to be incurred henceforth by that country and by the United States in the survey and construction of such highway within the borders of such country. In no such country shall the expenditures of this Government from the appropriations herein authorized exceed two-thirds of the total expenses henceforth incurred for said survey and construction in that country.
No expenditures shall be made hereunder for the construction of said highway until the government of each of the above-named countries shall have given satisfactory assurance to the United States that it will assume at least one-third of the expenditures proposed to be incurred henceforth by that government and by the United States in the survey and construction of such highway within the borders of such country, or has given other assurances satisfactory to the President that it has made appropriate arrangements to complete such survey and construction within a reasonable period. All expenditures by the United States under the provisions of this Act for material, equipment, and supplies shall, whenever practicable, be made for products of the United States or of the country in which such survey or construction work is being carried on.

Sec. 2. The survey and construction work authorized by this Act shall be under the administration of the Public Roads Administration, Federal Works Agency, which shall consult with the appropriate officials of the Department of State with respect to matters involving the foreign relations of this Government, and such negotiations with the governments of the American republics named in section 1 as may be required to carry out the purposes of this Act shall be conducted through, or as authorized by, the Department of State.

Sec. 3. The provisions of this Act shall not create or authorize the creation of any obligations on the part of the Government of the United States with respect to any expenditures for highway construction or survey herefore or hereafter undertaken in any of the countries enumerated in section 1, other than the expenditures authorized by the provisions of this Act.

Approved, December 26, 1941.

[CHAPTER 628] AN ACT Extending the provisions of Public Law 47, Seventy-seventh Congress, to State Directors of Selective Service and members of Alien Enemy Hearing Boards.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Public Law 47, Seventy-seventh Congress, approved May 5, 1941 (55 Stat. 150), be amended to read as follows:

"That nothing in sections 109 and 113 of the Criminal Code (U. S. C., title 18, secs. 198 and 203) or in section 190 of the Revised Statutes (U. S. C., title 5, sec. 90) shall be deemed to apply to any person because of his appointment under authority of the Selective Training and Service Act of 1940 or the Selective Service Regulations made in pursuance thereof as a member of a local board, a board of appeal, an advisory board for registrants, as a State director, a Government appeal agent, or as an individual to conduct hearings on appeals of persons claiming exemption from combatant training and service because of conscientious objections as provided in section 5 (g) of the Selective Training and Service Act of 1940; or because of his appointment as a member of an Alien Enemy Hearing Board to assist the Attorney General in the execution of any proclamations heretofore or hereafter issued by the President under the authority of the Alien Enemy Act of 1798 as amended (U. S. C., title 50, secs. 21-24)."

Approved, December 26, 1941.
To extend the time for examination of monthly accounts covering expenditures by disbursing officers of the United States Marine Corps.

AN ACT
To authoriize the Secretary of the Navy to proceed with the construction of certain public works, and for other purposes.

AN ACT
To extend the time for examination of monthly accounts covering expenditures by disbursing officers of the United States Marine Corps.
55 STAT. 77TH CONG., 1ST SESS.—CHS. 632, 633—DEC. 26, 1941

[CHAPTER 632] AN ACT

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to regulate the employment of minors within the District of Columbia", approved May 29, 1928, is amended by inserting before the word "musician" the word "street".

Sec. 2. Such Act is further amended by inserting after Section 7 the following new section:

"Sec. 7a. The Board of Education of the District of Columbia, or a duly authorized agent thereof, is authorized to issue a work permit to any minor under eighteen years of age, said permit authorizing and permitting the appearance of such minor on the stage of a duly licensed legitimate or vaudeville theater within the District of Columbia, in any professional traveling theatrical production, or act, or in a musical recital or concert: Provided, That such minor is at least fourteen years of age and has completed eight grades of elementary instruction or a course of study deemed by the Board of Education equivalent thereto: And provided further, That such minor shall not appear on said stage after the hour of 11 post-meridian. Application for such permit should be made by the parent or guardian of such minor to the Board of Education of the District of Columbia or a duly authorized agent thereof, at least fourteen days in advance of such appearance. The Board or its agent may issue a permit if satisfied that the parent or guardian of such minor has made adequate provision for the educational instruction of such minor and for safeguarding his health and for the proper supervision of such minor. "The Board is authorized to promulgate such rules and regulations as may be necessary to protect properly the health, morals, and safety of minors coming within the purview of this Act."

Sec. 3. Nothing in this Act shall be construed as amending, altering, or repealing the provisions of Section 7 of the Act of May 29, 1928.

Approved, December 26, 1941.

[CHAPTER 633] AN ACT
To amend the Act entitled "An Act to prohibit the manufacture, distribution, storage, use, and possession in time of war of explosives, providing regulations for the safe manufacture, distribution, storage, use, and possession of the same, and for other purposes", approved October 6, 1917 (40 Stat. 385).

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the title of the Act of October 6, 1917, is hereby amended to read as follows: "An Act to regulate the manufacture, distribution, storage, use, and possession of explosives, to authorize regulations for the safe manufacture, distribution, storage, use, and possession of the same, and for other purposes."

Sec. 2. The Act of October 6, 1917, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"That as used in this Act—

"(1) The terms 'explosive' and 'explosives' shall mean gunpowders, powders used for blasting, all forms of high explosives, blasting materials, fuzes (other than electric circuit breakers), detonators, and
other detonating agents, smokeless powders, and any chemical compounds or mechanical mixture that contains any oxidizing and combustible units, or other ingredients, in such proportions, quantities, or packing that ignition by fire, by friction, by concussion, by percussion, or by detonation of the compound or mixture or any part thereof may cause an explosion. The term 'explosive' or 'explosives' shall not include cartridges for small arms or shotguns, or such fireworks or signalling devices as are designated by the Director, nor shall such terms include ships' signal or emergency equipment.

"(2) The term 'ingredients' shall mean phosphorus and active oxidizing chemicals that can be combined with one or more reducing materials to produce an explosive.

"(3) The term 'person' shall include executive departments, independent establishments, and other agencies of the United States, the District of Columbia, Territories, and insular possessions of the United States, States, and municipalities and other political subdivisions thereof; and individuals, partnerships, associations, societies, and corporations.

"(4) The term 'Director' shall mean the Director of the Bureau of Mines.

"Sec. 2. No person shall manufacture, distribute, store, sell, issue, give, or otherwise dispose of explosives or ingredients unless such person is licensed under this Act.

"Except as provided in section 4, no person shall distribute, sell, issue, give, or otherwise dispose of explosives or ingredients to a person who is not licensed under this Act.

"Except as provided in section 4, no person shall possess, purchase, accept, receive, acquire, or use explosives or ingredients unless such person is licensed under this Act.

"Sec. 3. The purchase or possession of ingredients when purchased or held in small quantities and not used or intended to be used in the manufacture of explosives shall not be subject to the provisions of this Act. This Act shall not apply to explosives or ingredients which are in transit upon vessels, railroad cars, or conveyances in conformity with the statutory provisions or rules and regulations of the Interstate Commerce Commission, or regulations of the Secretary of Commerce. This Act shall not be construed to prevent the manufacture under the authority of the United States of explosives for, or their sale to or possession by, the military or naval service of the United States or the Federal Bureau of Investigation. This Act shall not apply to arsenals, navy yards, depots or other establishments owned by, or operated by or on behalf of, the United States. The Director may, however, cooperate with the heads of departments having jurisdiction over such establishments. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to modify or otherwise affect in any way the authority of the Federal Bureau of Investigation with respect to the investigation of explosions, accidents, or fires.

"Sec. 4. A superintendent, foreman, or other duly authorized employee at a mine, quarry, or other work, may, when licensed so to do, sell or issue to any employee under him such amount of explosives or ingredients as may be required by that employee in the performance of his duties. The employee may purchase or accept the explosives or ingredients so sold or issued, but the person so selling or issuing the same shall see that any unused explosives or ingredients are returned and that no explosives or ingredients are taken by the employee to any point not necessary to the carrying on of his duties.

"Sec. 5. Each person licensed to sell, issue, or otherwise dispose of explosives or ingredients shall keep a complete, itemized, and accurate record showing each person to whom and the purpose for which
explosives or ingredients are sold, issued, or otherwise disposed of; the quantity and kind of explosives or ingredients sold, issued, or otherwise disposed of; and the date of such sale, issuance, or other disposition, and such other information as the Director by regulation may require. The record shall be sworn to and furnished to the Director or his authorized representatives whenever requested.

"Sec. 6. The Director is hereby authorized to issue licenses as follows:

"(a) Manufacturer's license, authorizing the manufacture, possession, and sale of explosives and ingredients.

"(b) Vendor's license, authorizing the purchase, possession, and sale of explosives or ingredients.

"(c) Purchaser's license, authorizing the purchase, possession, and use of explosives and ingredients.

"(d) Foreman's license, authorizing the purchase and possession of explosives and ingredients and the sale and issuance of explosives and ingredients to employees as provided in section 4.

"(e) Analyst's, educator's, inventor's, and investigator's licenses, authorizing the purchase, manufacture, possession, testing, and disposal of explosives and ingredients.

"Nothing contained in this Act shall be construed as requiring a license under this Act for the exportation or importation of explosives or ingredients, license for which is required under the provisions of the joint resolution of Congress approved January 31, 1922 (42 Stat. 361), the joint resolution of Congress approved November 4, 1939 (54 Stat. 4), or the Act of Congress approved July 2, 1940 (54 Stat. 712), or any proclamation or regulation issued pursuant thereto: Provided, however, That in all such cases the exporter or importer shall duly notify the Director of the character and quantity of the explosives or ingredients so exported or imported, and any other information the Director or any of his agents may from time to time require.

"Sec. 7. The Director may designate as licensing agents persons authorized by law to administer oaths and may authorize such agents to issue vendor's, purchaser's, and foreman's licenses; and wherever possible the Director shall select as licensing agents qualified officers or employees of the several States or of political subdivisions or public bodies thereof. Applications for vendor's, purchaser's, and foreman's licenses may be made to the licensing agent in the district within which the explosives or ingredients are to be sold or used. Such agents may collect a fee of 25 cents for each license issued, and shall be entitled to no other compensation from the United States for their services.

"Licensing agents shall keep an accurate record of all licenses issued, in manner and form to be prescribed by the Director, and shall make reports from time to time as the Director may require. The Director shall furnish to the agents the necessary blanks and blank records. The Director may revoke the authority of licensing agents, and all licenses issued by them shall be subject to revocation by the Director as provided in section 8.

"Sec. 8. The Director shall provide for the renewal of licenses issued under this Act. No license shall be valid for more than one
Expiration. All licenses outstanding on the termination of a war in which the United States may be engaged or on the day set by Presidential proclamation for the suspension of the operation of the provisions of this Act shall expire on such termination or on that day.

Refusal to issue license. The Director or a licensing agent may refuse to issue a license when in his opinion, based on facts of which he has knowledge or reliable information, the applicant (a) is not sufficiently reliable and experienced to be authorized to manufacture or handle explosives and ingredients; or (b) is disloyal or hostile to the United States, or if the applicant is a firm, association, society, or corporation, its officers, directors, or controlling shareholders or members are disloyal or hostile to the United States.

Revocation of licenses. When the Director has reason to believe on like grounds that any licensee is disloyal or hostile to the United States, he may revoke all licenses issued to such licensee. If after notice and an opportunity to be heard, the Director finds that a licensee has violated any of the provisions of this Act or of the regulations issued hereunder, the Director may revoke all licenses issued to such licensee.

Appeal to Council of National Defense. An applicant to whom a license is refused by the Director or any licensee whose license is revoked by the Director may within thirty days after notification of the rejection of his application or the revocation of his license apply to the Council of National Defense for such license or the cancelation of such revocation. The Council shall make its order upon the Director either to grant or to withhold the license, or shall affirm or reverse the revocation.

Appeal to regional officer. An applicant to whom a license is refused by a licensing agent may within thirty days after notification of the rejection of his application apply to a regional officer for such license and the officer shall grant or withhold the license. The Director shall designate officials of the Bureau of Mines stationed in the field to pass on such appeals. If a regional officer upholds a licensing agent, the applicant may appeal to the Director.

Application for license. Unless the explosives and ingredients are to be purchased or accepted pursuant to section 4, any person desiring to manufacture, distribute, store, sell, issue, give, possess, purchase, accept, receive, acquire, or use explosives or ingredients shall make application for a license under this Act. The applicant under oath shall state his name; place of birth; whether a citizen of the United States, whether native-born or naturalized citizen of the United States; if a naturalized citizen, the date and place of naturalization; if a firm, association, society, or corporation, the names, nationality, and addresses of its officers and directors, and the nationality of the controlling stockholders or members; business in which engaged; the amount and kind of explosives or ingredients which during the past six months have been acquired, disposed of, or used by him; the amount and kind of explosives or ingredients now on hand; whether sales, if any, have been made to jobbers, wholesalers, retailers, or consumers; the kind of license to be issued, and the kind and amount of explosives or ingredients which the license will authorize to be manufactured or handled; and such further information as the Director may from time to time require.

Furnishing information upon request. A licensee or an applicant for license under this Act shall furnish such information regarding himself and his business, so far as such business relates to or is connected with explosives or ingredients, at such time and in such manner as the Director or his authorized representative may request. Licensees and applicants who are regularly engaged in the manufacture of explosives or ingredients prior to the date upon which the provisions of this Act are made operative by a proclamation of the President shall not be compelled...
to disclose secret processes, costs, or other data unrelated to the distribution of explosives or ingredients.

"Sec. 11. No person shall represent himself as having a license issued under this Act, when he has not such a license, or as having a license different in form or in conditions from the one which he in fact has, or without proper authority make, cause to be made, issue or exhibit anything purporting or pretending to be such license, or intended to mislead any person into believing it is such a license, or refuse to exhibit his license to any law-enforcement officer, Federal or State, or to a representative of the Bureau of Mines.

"Sec. 12. Every person licensed under this Act to manufacture or store explosives shall clearly mark and define the premises on which his plant or magazine may be and shall conspicuously display thereon the words 'Explosives—Keep Off'.

"Sec. 13. No person, without the consent of the owner or his authorized agents, except law-enforcement officers, the Director and persons designated by him in writing, shall knowingly be in or upon any plant or premises on which explosives are manufactured or stored, or knowingly be in or upon any magazine premises on which explosives are stored. No person shall discharge any firearms or throw, or without the consent of the owner, place any explosives or flammable bombs at, on, or against any such plant or magazine premises, or cause the same to be done. This section shall not be construed to prohibit the discharge of firearms by law-enforcement officers or others in the lawful performance of their official duties, or to prevent the proof-firing of weapons, projectiles, ammunitions, or explosives or the testing of fuses, detonators, or other materials upon the premises.

"Sec. 14. The Director is hereby authorized to investigate all explosions and fires which may occur in mines, quarries, factories, warehouses, magazines, houses, cars, boats, conveyances, and all places in which explosives or ingredients are manufactured, transported, stored, or used. The Director is authorized to investigate all explosions, accidents, or fires, in which there is reason to believe that explosives were involved. The Director may in his discretion report his findings in such manner as he may deem fit to the proper Federal or State authorities to the end that if such explosion has been brought about by a willful act the person or persons causing such act may be proceeded against and brought to justice; or, if the explosion has been brought about by accidental means, that precautions may be taken to prevent similar accidents from occurring. In the prosecution of such investigations the employees under the direction of the Director are hereby granted the authority to enter the premises where such explosion or fire has occurred, to examine plans, books, and papers, to administer oaths to, and to examine all witnesses and persons concerned, without let or hindrance on the part of the owner, lessee, operator, or agent thereof.

"Sec. 15. The Director shall exercise the authority conferred upon him by this Act under the supervision of the Secretary of the Interior. The head of any executive department or independent establishment of the Federal Government may cooperate with the Director in the administration and enforcement of this Act and may assign employees to operate under the direction of the Director. The officers and employees of the District of Columbia, and of the Territories and island possessions of the United States and of the municipalities and other political subdivisions thereof, shall cooperate with the Director in the administration and enforcement of this Act. The Director may cooperate with the officers and employees of the several States and of the municipalities and other political subdivisions thereof.
When such officers and employees act under the direction of the Director, their acts done in the administration and enforcement of this Act shall be deemed to be fully authorized.

"Sec. 16. To administer this Act the Secretary of the Interior may employ such number of employees of the various classes recognized by the Classification Act of 1923 as may be appropriated for by the Congress. The Secretary may appoint as officers or employees persons who volunteer to serve without pay. The Secretary may delegate to subordinates the power to employ.

"Sec. 17. Without authority from the applicant for a license, from the licensee or from the Director no officer or employee or licensing agent engaged in the administration or enforcement of this Act shall divulge any information obtained in the course of his duties under this Act regarding the business of any licensee or applicant for a license.

"Sec. 18. The Director may issue rules and regulations to effectuate the purposes of this Act, subject to the approval of the Secretary of the Interior.

"Sec. 19. Any person violating any of the provisions of this Act or any rules or regulations made thereunder shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished by a fine of not more than $5,000 or by imprisonment not more than one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

"Sec. 20. The provisions of this Act and the regulations issued hereunder shall become operative only upon a declaration of war or of the existence of a state of war by the Congress, or upon the issuance by the President of a proclamation declaring that there exists a state of war or a national emergency requiring the application of the provisions of this Act to provide for the national defense and security and shall remain operative until the termination of the war, or until such proclamation is revoked by the President.

"Sec. 21. This Act shall be known as the Federal Explosives Act."

Approved, December 26, 1941.

[CHAPTER 634]

AN ACT

Relating to the disposition of personal property of certain deceased patients or members of United States Veterans' Administration facilities.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act approved June 25, 1910 (36 Stat. 736, 24 U. S. C. 136), be amended to read as follows:

"SECTION 1. Effective ninety days after the approval of this Act, whenever any veteran (admitted as a veteran) shall die while a member or patient in any facility, or any hospital while being furnished care or treatment therein by the Veterans' Administration, and shall not leave surviving him any spouse, next of kin, or heirs entitled, under the laws of his domicile, to his personal property as to which he dies intestate, all such property, including money and choses in action, owned by said decedent at the time of death and not disposed of by will or otherwise, shall immediately vest in and become the property of the United States as trustee for the sole use and benefit of the General Post Fund, a trust fund prescribed by section 20 (b) (45) of Public Law Numbered 473 of the Seventy-third Congress (31 U. S. C. 725s).

"The foregoing provisions are conditions precedent to the initial, and also to the further furnishing of care or treatment by the Veterans' Administration in a facility or hospital. The acceptance of care or treatment by any veteran admitted as such to any Veterans'
Administration facility or hospital after ninety days from the date of approval of this Act, and as well the continued acceptance of care or treatment furnished by the Veterans’ Administration after said ninety days by any veteran who is then receiving the same shall constitute an acceptance of the provisions and conditions of this Act and have the effect of an assignment, effective at his death, of such assets in accordance with and subject to the terms and provisions of this Act and the regulations issued in accordance with and pursuant thereto. Said Act of June 25, 1910, shall be and remain in effect during such ninety-day period except as modified by sections 3 to 10 of this enactment, which sections shall be effective upon approval of this enactment.

“Sec. 2. The fact of death of the veteran (admitted as such) in a facility or hospital, while being furnished care or treatment therein by the Veterans’ Administration, leaving no spouse, next of kin, or heirs, shall give rise to a conclusive presumption of a valid contract for the disposition in accordance with this Act, but subject to its conditions, of all property described in section 1 of this Act owned by said decedent at death and as to which he dies intestate.

“Sec. 3. Any assets heretofore or hereafter accruing to the benefit of the said General Post Fund, other than money, but including jewelry and other personal effects, may be sold at the times and places and in the manner prescribed by regulations to be issued by the Administrator of Veterans’ Affairs. Upon receipt of the purchase price he is authorized to deliver at the place of sale, said property sold, and upon request to execute and deliver appropriate assignments or other conveyances thereof in the name of the United States, which shall pass to the purchaser such title as decedent had at date of death. The net proceeds after paying any proper sales expenses as determined by the Administrator of Veterans’ Affairs shall forthwith be paid to the Treasurer of the United States to the credit of said General Post Fund; and may be disbursed as other moneys in said fund by the Division of Disbursements, Treasury Department, upon order of said Administrator: Provided, That articles of personal adornment which are obviously of sentimental value, shall be retained and not sold or otherwise disposed of until the expiration of five years from the date of death of the veteran, without a claim therefor, unless for sanitary or other proper reasons it is deemed unsafe to retain same, in which event they may be destroyed forthwith. Any other articles coming into possession of the Administrator of Veterans’ Affairs or his representatives by virtue of this Act which, under regulations to be promulgated by said Administrator, are determined to be unsalable may be destroyed forthwith or at the time prescribed by regulations, or may be used for the purposes for which disbursements might properly be made from said fund, or if not usable, otherwise disposed of in accordance with regulations.

“Sec. 4. Disbursements from the General Post Fund shall be made by the Division of Disbursements, Treasury Department, upon the order and within the discretion of the Administrator of Veterans’ Affairs for the benefit of members and patients while being supplied care or treatment by the Veterans’ Administration in any facility or hospital, and this authority is not limited to facilities or hospitals under direct administrative control of the Veterans’ Administration: Provided, however, That there shall be paid out of the assets of the decedent so far as may be the valid claims of creditors against his estate that would be legally payable therefrom in the absence of this Act and without the benefit of any exemption statute, and which may be presented to the Veterans’ Administration within one year from the date of death, or within the time, to the person, and in the manner required or permitted by the law of the State wherein admin-
Distribution to creditors of insolvent estate.

Remainder of assets.

Administration of estate.

In absence of administration.

Acquittance of transferor.

Legal proceedings to obtain assets.

Claims of entitlement to property of decedent.

Payment upon receipt of due proof.

Proviso: Legal disability.

Legal proceedings to determine entitlement.

Service of notice upon Administrator.

istution, if any, is had upon the estate of the deceased veteran; and also the proper expenses and costs of administration, if any: And provided further, That if the decedent's estate be insolvent the distribution to creditors shall be in accordance with the laws of his domicile, and the preferences and priorities prescribed thereby shall govern, subject to any applicable law of the United States.

"SEC. 5. The remainder of such assets or their proceeds shall become assets of the United States as trustee for said Post Fund and disposed of in accordance with this Act. If there be administration upon the decedent's estate such assets, other than money, upon claim therefor within the time required by law, shall be by the administrator of the estate delivered to the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs or his authorized representative, as upon final distribution; and upon the same claim there shall be paid to the Treasurer of the United States for credit to said Post Fund any such money available for final distribution. In the absence of administration, any money, chose in action, or other property of the deceased veteran held by any person shall be paid or transferred to the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs upon demand by him or his duly authorized representative, who shall deliver itemized receipt therefor. Such payment or transfer shall constitute a complete acquittance of the transferor with respect to any claims by any administrator, creditor, or next of kin of such decedent.

"SEC. 6. If necessary to obtain such assets the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs, through his authorized attorneys, may bring and prosecute appropriate actions at law or other legal proceedings, the costs and expenses thereof to be paid as other administrative expenses of the Veterans' Administration.

"SEC. 7. Notwithstanding the crediting to said Post Fund of the assets, or proceeds thereof, of any decedent, whether upon determination by a court or the Veterans' Administration pursuant to the provisions of section 1 hereof, any person claiming a right to such assets may within five years after the death of the decedent file a claim on behalf of himself and any others claiming with the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs who, upon receipt of due proof that any person was at date of death of the veteran entitled to his personal property, or a part thereof, under the laws of the State of domicile of the decedent, may pay out of the Post Fund, but not to exceed the net amount credited thereto from said decedent's estate less any necessary expenses, the amount to which such person, or persons, was or were so entitled, and upon similar claim any assets of the decedent which shall not have been disposed of shall be delivered in kind to the parties legally entitled thereto: Provided, That if any person so entitled be under legal disability at the date of death of such decedent said five-year period of limitation shall run from the termination or removal of legal disability. In the event of doubt as to entitlement the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs may cause administration or other appropriate proceedings to be instituted in any court having jurisdiction. In determining questions of fact or law involved in the adjudication of claims made under this section no judgment, decree or order entered in any action at law, suit in equity, or other legal proceeding of any character purporting to determine entitlement to said assets or any part thereof, shall be binding upon the United States or the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs or determinative of any fact or question involving entitlement to any such property or the proceeds thereof, or any part of said Post Fund, unless the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs has been seasonably served with notice and permitted to become a party to such suit or proceeding if he make request therefor within thirty days after such notice. Notice may be served in person or by registered mail upon said Administra-
tor of Veterans' Affairs, or upon his authorized attorney in the State wherein the action or proceedings may be pending: Provided, how-

ever, That notice may be waived by the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs or by his authorized attorney, in which event the finding, judgment, or decree shall have the same effect as if said Administrator were a party and served with notice. Any necessary court costs or expenses if authorized by the Administrator may be paid as are other administrative expenses of the Veterans' Administration.

“Sec. 8. The Administrator of Veterans’ Affairs shall prescribe a form of application for hospital treatment and domiciliary care which shall include notice of the provisions of this Act. Within ninety days after approval hereof similar notice shall be given to each veteran then receiving care in any facility or hospital as described in this Act: Provided, however, That this requirement shall be met by posting of said notice with a copy of the prescribed form in a prominent place in each building wherein patients or members are housed.

“Sec. 9. Moneys in the General Post Fund not required for current disbursement may be invested and reinvested by the Secretary of the Treasury in interest-bearing obligations of the United States or in obligations guaranteed as to both principal and interest by the United States.

“Sec. 10. Any provision of law in conflict with this Act is modified accordingly, but nothing herein shall be construed to repeal or modify Public Law Numbered 262, approved August 12, 1935 (49 Stat. 607; 38 U. S. C. 450), or any amendments thereto, or Public Law Numbered 734, approved June 25, 1938 (52 Stat. 1189; 38 U. S. C. 16).

“Sec. 11. The Administrator of Veterans’ Affairs shall have power to issue rules or regulations necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes of this Act.”

Approved, December 26, 1941.
[CHAPTER 636]  
AN ACT  

To amend Public Law Numbered 74 of the Seventy-seventh Congress, relating to wheat-marketing quotas under the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended.  

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, effective as of May 26, 1941, Public Law Numbered 74, Seventy-seventh Congress, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:  

"(12) Notwithstanding any of the foregoing provisions, the farm marketing excess for any crop of wheat for any farm shall not be larger than the amount by which the actual production of such crop of wheat on the farm exceeds the normal production of the farm wheat-acreage allotment, if the producer establishes such actual production to the satisfaction of the Secretary. Where a downward adjustment in the amount of the farm marketing excess is made pursuant to the provisions of this paragraph, the difference between the amount of the penalty or storage as computed upon the farm marketing excess before such adjustment and as computed upon the adjusted farm marketing excess shall be returned to or allowed the producer."  

Approved, December 26, 1941.

[CHAPTER 637]  
AN ACT  

To amend the Organic Act of the Virgin Islands of the United States, approved June 22, 1936.  

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the last sentence of section 20 of the Organic Act of the Virgin Islands of the United States, approved June 22, 1936 (49 Stat. 1807), is hereby amended by striking out the word "shall" in said sentence and inserting in lieu thereof the word "may", so that said sentence, as amended, will read as follows:  

"He may attend or may depute another person to represent him at the meetings of the legislative authorities herein established, and may give expression to his views on any matter before such bodies."

Approved, December 26, 1941.

[CHAPTER 638]  
AN ACT  

To amend the Sugar Act of 1937, as amended, and for other purposes.  

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 513 of the Sugar Act of 1937 as amended (relating to termination of powers of the Secretary of Agriculture under the Sugar Act) is amended to read as follows:  

"Sec. 513. The powers vested in the Secretary under this Act shall terminate on December 31, 1944, except that the Secretary shall have power to make payments under title III under programs applicable to the crop year 1944 and previous crop years."

Sec. 2. Subsection (a) of section 301 of the Sugar Act of 1937, as amended, is amended by striking out "in the 1937, 1938, and 1939 crops" and inserting in lieu thereof "in the 1940 and subsequent crops".
SEC. 3. (a) Subsection (a) of section 304 of the Sugar Act of 1937 is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 304. (a) The amount of the base rate of payment shall be 80 cents per hundred pounds of sugar or liquid sugar, raw value."

(b) Subsection (c) of section 304 of the Sugar Act of 1937 is amended to read as follows:

"(c) The total payment with respect to a farm shall be the product of the base rate specified in subsection (a) of this section multiplied by the amount of sugar and liquid sugar, raw value, with respect to which payment is to be made, except that reduction shall be made from such total payment in accordance with the following scale of reductions:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Interval of quantity of sugar and liquid sugar</th>
<th>Reduction in base rate of payment (in dollars per hundredweight)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>350 to 700 short tons</td>
<td>$0.05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>700 to 1,000 short tons</td>
<td>$0.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,000 to 1,500 short tons</td>
<td>$0.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,500 to 3,000 short tons</td>
<td>$0.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3,000 to 6,000 short tons</td>
<td>$0.275</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6,000 to 12,000 short tons</td>
<td>$0.30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12,000 to 30,000 short tons</td>
<td>$0.325</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>More than 30,000 short tons</td>
<td>$0.50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SEC. 4. (a) Section 307 of the Sugar Act of 1937 is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 307. This title shall apply to the continental United States, the Territory of Hawaii, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands."

(b) The amendment made by this section shall be applicable to the 1942 crop and subsequent crops.

SEC. 5. Section 3508 of the Internal Revenue Code (relating to termination of taxes under the Sugar Act) is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 3508. TERMINATION OF TAXES.

"No tax shall be imposed under this chapter on the manufacture, use, or importation of sugar after June 30, 1945."

SEC. 6. Section 503 of the Sugar Act of 1937, as amended (relating to payments to the Commonwealth of the Philippine Islands), is amended by striking out "June 30, 1942" and inserting in lieu thereof "June 30, 1945".

Approved, December 26, 1941.

[CHAPTER 639]

AN ACT

Authorizing the Secretary of War to execute easement deeds to the city of Los Angeles, California, for the use and occupation of lands and water areas in connection with the Sepulveda Dam and Reservoir project and the Hansen Dam and Reservoir project on the Los Angeles River.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and empowered, under such terms, regulations, and conditions as are deemed advisable by him, to grant to the city of Los Angeles, California, for public recreational purposes, easements for the use and occupation of the following-described lands and water areas owned or controlled by the United States in connection with the Sepulveda Dam and Reservoir project and the Hansen Dam and Reservoir project on the Los Angeles, Calif. Granting of certain easements.
Sepulveda Recreational Area.

The Sepulveda Recreational Area, more particularly described as that portion of those lands within the city of Los Angeles, county of Los Angeles, State of California, being acquired by the Federal Government for that certain flood-control project known as the Sepulveda Flood Control Basin, bounded approximately as follows: Beginning at the intersection of Victory Boulevard and Haskell Avenue; thence southerly along Haskell Avenue to Burbank Boulevard; thence westerly along Burbank Boulevard to the proposed relocation of Woodley Avenue; thence westerly along the proposed relocation of Woodley Avenue to the upstream toe of the Sepulveda Dam; thence easterly, northerly, and northwesterly along the upstream toe of said Sepulveda Dam to the point of beginning; excepting therefrom all proposed streets, utility easements, Southern Pacific Railroad right-of-way, channels, and structures appurtenant to said Sepulveda Dam; and the Hansen Recreational Area, more particularly described as that portion of those lands within the city of Los Angeles, county of Los Angeles, State of California, being acquired by the Federal Government for that certain flood-control project known as the Hansen Flood Control Basin, bounded approximately as follows: Beginning at the intersection of Borden Avenue and Osborne Street; thence northwesterly along Borden Avenue to the right-of-way line for said Hansen Flood Control Basin; thence northerly along said right-of-way line to Terra Bella Street; thence northeasterly along Terra Bella Street to Dronfield Street; thence southeasterly along Dronfield Street to Kagel Canyon Avenue; thence northeasterly along Kagel Canyon to Old Foothill Boulevard; thence southeasterly and northeasterly along Old Foothill Boulevard to Fenton Street; thence southeasterly along Fenton Street to Montague Avenue; thence northeasterly along Montague Avenue to the south line of the Southern California Edison Company, Limited, right-of-way, two hundred feet in width; thence easterly along the south line of the said Southern California Edison Company, Limited, right-of-way to its intersection with the southerly extension of Clybourn Avenue; thence southeasterly along the southerly extension of Clybourn Avenue to the southerly line of tract numbered 102; thence easterly along the said southerly line of tract numbered 102, approximately five hundred feet; thence southerly approximately one hundred and fifty feet; thence easterly, parallel to said southerly line of tract numbered 102, approximately four hundred and fifty feet; thence southerly approximately five hundred feet; thence south thirty-five degrees west approximately one thousand eight hundred feet; thence southerly approximately one thousand one hundred and fifty feet to the upstream toe of the Hansen Dam; thence in a general westerly direction along the said upstream toe of the Hansen Dam, and its northeasterly prolongation to the point of beginning; excepting therefrom all proposed streets, channels, dam, and appurtenant structures.

Provided. That said easements shall be subordinate to the use of said lands and water areas by the War Department as may be necessary in the operation and maintenance of said dam and reservoir projects.

Sec. 2. That in consideration for the granting of these easements the city of Los Angeles shall pay to the United States the sum of $720 per annum for said easements in the Sepulveda Recreational Area and the sum of $100 per annum for said easements in the Hansen Recreational Area.

Sec. 3. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, December 27, 1941.
[CHAPTER 640]

AN ACT

To provide for a national cemetery in the vicinity of Portland, Oregon.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War is authorized and directed to establish and maintain, in accordance with the provisions of law governing national cemeteries, a national cemetery in the vicinity of Portland, Oregon. The Secretary of War is authorized to acquire by donation, purchase, condemnation, or otherwise such suitable lands as are in his judgment necessary for the establishment and maintenance of such cemetery.

Sec. 2. There are hereby authorized to be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, such sums as may be necessary for the purposes of this Act.

Approved, December 29, 1941.

[CHAPTER 641]

AN ACT

To fix the responsibilities of disbursing and certifying officers, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That hereafter, notwithstanding the provisions of the Act of August 23, 1912 (37 Stat. 373; 31 U. S. C. 82), and section 4 of Executive Order Numbered 6166, dated June 10, 1933, disbursing officers under the executive branch of the Government shall (1) disburse moneys only upon, and in strict accordance with, vouchers duly certified by the head of the department, establishment, or agency concerned, or by an officer or employee thereof duly authorized in writing by such head to certify such vouchers; (2) make such examination of vouchers as may be necessary to ascertain whether they are in proper form, duly certified and approved, and correctly computed on the basis of the facts certified; and (3) be held accountable accordingly.

Sec. 2. The officer or employee certifying a voucher shall (1) be held responsible for the existence and correctness of the facts recited in the certificate or otherwise stated on the voucher or its supporting papers and for the legality of the proposed payment under the appropriation or fund involved; (2) be required to give bond to the United States, with good and sufficient surety approved by the Secretary of the Treasury, in such amount as may be determined by the head of the department, agency, or establishment concerned, pursuant to standards prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury, and under such conditions as may be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury; and (3) be held accountable for and required to make good to the United States the amount of any illegal, improper, or incorrect payment resulting from any false, inaccurate, or misleading certificate made by him, as well as for any payment prohibited by law or which did not represent a legal obligation under the appropriation or fund involved: Provided, That the Comptroller General may, in his discretion, relieve such certifying officer or employee of liability for any payment otherwise proper whenever he finds (1) that the certification was based on official records and that such certifying officer or employee did not know, and by reasonable diligence and inquiry could not have ascertained, the actual facts, or (2) that the obligation was incurred in good faith, that the payment was not contrary to any statutory provision specifically prohibiting payments of the char-
Overpayments for transportation services.


Enforcement of liability.

Right to obtain decision by Comptroller General.

Application of Act.

Effective date.

December 31, 1941 [S. 2119] [Public Law 390]

Unauthorized possession of weapons or explosives on certain vessels.

Penalty.

Nonapplication of provisions.

Overpayments for transportation services.

Character involved, and that the United States has received value for such payment: Provided further, That the Comptroller General shall relieve such certifying officer or employee of liability for an overpayment for transportation services made to any common carrier covered by title III, part II, section 322, of the Transportation Act of 1940, approved September 18, 1940, whenever he finds that the overpayment occurred solely because the administrative examination made prior to payment of the transportation bill did not include a verification of transportation rates, freight classifications, or land-grant deductions.

Sec. 3. The liability of certifying officers or employees shall be enforced in the same manner and to the same extent as now provided by law with respect to enforcement of the liability of disbursing and other accountable officers; and they shall have the right to apply for and obtain a decision by the Comptroller General on any question of law involved in a payment on any vouchers presented to them for certification.

Sec. 4. Nothing contained herein shall apply to the disbursing functions under the jurisdiction of the War Department, the Navy Department (including the Marine Corps), and the Panama Canal, except those pertaining to departmental salaries and expenses in the District of Columbia.

Sec. 5. This Act shall become effective on the first day of the fourth month following the date of its enactment.

Approved, December 29, 1941.

[CHAPTER 642]

AN ACT

To prohibit the possession of dangerous weapons and explosives on board certain vessels.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That any person who brings, carries, or has in his possession any dangerous weapon, instrument, or device, or any dynamite, nitroglycerine, or other explosive article or compound on board of any vessel registered, enrolled, or licensed under the laws of the United States, or any vessel purchased, requisitioned, chartered, or taken over by the United States pursuant to the provisions of the Act entitled “An Act to authorize the acquisition by the United States of title to or the use of domestic or foreign merchant vessels for urgent needs of commerce and national defense, and for other purposes”, approved June 6, 1941 (Public, Numbered 101, Seventy-seventh Congress, First Session), without previously obtaining the permission of the owner or the master of such vessel, or any person who brings, carries, or has in his possession any such weapon or explosive on board of any vessel in the possession and under the control of the United States or which has been seized and forfeited by the United States or upon which a guard has been placed by the United States pursuant to the provisions of title II of the Act entitled “An Act to punish acts of interference with the foreign relations, the neutrality, and the foreign commerce of the United States, to punish espionage, and better to enforce the criminal laws of the United States, and for other purposes”; approved June 15, 1917 (40 Stat. 220, U. S. C., title 50, secs. 191–194), without previously obtaining the permission of the captain of the port in which such vessel is located, shall, upon conviction, be imprisoned not more than one year or fined not more than $1,000, or both.

Sec. 2. The provisions of this Act shall not apply to the personnel of the armed forces of the United States or to officers or employees of the United States or of a State or of a political subdivision
thereof, while acting in the performance of their duties, who are authorized by law or by rules or regulations to own or possess any such weapon or explosive.

Sec. 3. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to alter, amend, or repeal any provision of section 4472 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, as amended (54 Stat. 1023; U. S. C. 1940 Ed., title 46, sec. 170).

Approved, December 31, 1941.

[CHAPTER 642]

AN ACT

To incorporate the Union Church of the Canal Zone.

Whereas the Union Church of the Canal Zone is an unincorporated evangelical religious organization which has established and maintained union churches at various points in the Canal Zone since its organization in 1914, succeeding in that year separate union churches which had been maintained for a number of years previously; and

Whereas it has parsonages and church buildings at the following points, to wit: Balboa, Pedro Miguel, Gatun, and Colon; and

Whereas the Federal Council of Churches of Christ in America, a corporation of the State of New York, and the boards of various cooperating churches in the United States desiring to make provision for worship by the adherents of their respective denominations who from time to time reside temporarily on the Isthmus of Panama and who do not desire to sever their denominational ties in the United States have contributed toward the establishment of the Union Church of the Canal Zone; and

Whereas the said Union Church of the Canal Zone is not related to any of such denominations in the way of ecclesiastical subordination or subjection thereto; and

Whereas it is desired to insure the continuance of the work in which the said Union Church of the Canal Zone has been engaged;

Therefore

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

CORPORATION CREATED

Section 1. The following persons, to wit: Roy B. Guild, Thomas S. Donohugh, and Frank H. Mann, of New York, New York; Wilson H. Kromer; H. R. Harris, F. H. Holmann, of Balboa Heights, Canal Zone; N. L. Wine, R. L. Klotz, Leslie Evans, R. T. Toone, of Balboa, Canal Zone; R. R. Gregory, I. W. Metzger, A. R. Campbell, H. V. Rowe, of Cristobal, Canal Zone; A. E. Wood, Fred Newhard, Mrs. G. D. Poole, E. Clark, of Gatun, Canal Zone; N. M. Shaw, E. D. Stillwell, K. C. Simons, L. S. Kizer, of Pedro Miguel, Canal Zone; and L. H. Fourcher, H. I. Tinnin, C. F. Browne, T. N. Etchberger, of Gamboa, Canal Zone; and such persons as are on the date of the enactment of this Act members of The Union Church of the Canal Zone; and their associates and successors, are hereby created and declared to be a body corporate of the Canal Zone, where its domicile shall be. The name of this corporation shall be "The Union Church of the Canal Zone".

POWERS OF THE CORPORATION

Sec. 2. The corporation (a) shall have perpetual succession; (b) may sue and be sued; (c) may adopt a corporate seal and alter or destroy the same at pleasure; (d) may adopt and alter a constitution,
bylaws, and regulations to carry out its purposes, not inconsistent with the Constitution and laws of the United States or the laws of the Canal Zone; (e) may establish and maintain offices for the conduct of its affairs; (f) may acquire by purchase, devise, bequest, gift, or otherwise, and hold, own, use, assign, and dispose of such real estate and personal property as shall be deemed advisable, and may accept bequests for the purposes of this corporation hereinafter set forth; (g) may under terms and conditions satisfactory to the Federal Council of Churches of Christ in America, a corporation of the State of New York, acquire all the assets of the existing Union Church of the Canal Zone upon assuming all of its obligations; (h) may continue the local churches of The Union Church of the Canal Zone now existing on the Isthmus of Panama and establish such additional local churches within the Canal Zone as may be deemed desirable for the purposes of the corporation as hereinafter set forth and may discontinue any such local church at pleasure; and (i) generally may do any and all lawful acts necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes for which the corporation is created.

OBJECT AND PURPOSE OF THE CORPORATION

Sec. 3. The object and purpose of the corporation shall be to continue in corporate form The Union Church of the Canal Zone. Its activities shall be determined in the constitution and bylaws established in accordance with this Act.

MEMBERSHIP

Sec. 4. The membership of The Union Church of the Canal Zone shall consist of persons admitted to membership in any local church thereof, either through the said members' own connection with an evangelical denomination in the United States, or as may be otherwise provided in the constitution and bylaws established in accordance with this Act.

CHURCH ORGANIZATION

Sec. 5. (a) There shall be (1) a general council which, except as otherwise provided in this Act, shall exercise the corporate powers and have general control over matters common to all local churches; (2) a board of trustees which shall hold for the use of the membership of The Union Church all property and property rights of The Union Church, subject to proper orders of the general council or the membership of the corporation; and (3) a local council for each of the local churches.

(b) The constitution and bylaws authorized to be established by this Act (1) shall prescribe the number, qualifications, the method of selection and the terms of office of members of the general council, the board of trustees, and the local councils: Provided, That the board of trustees thereafter selected shall consist of not more than nineteen persons and not less than nine, all of whom shall be citizens of the United States: Provided further, That each of the local churches shall elect at least one member of the board of trustees, the Federal Council of Churches of Christ in America shall elect or appoint four members, and the general council shall elect the other members, if any; (2) shall specify the officers of the said councils and board and prescribe the methods of their selection, the terms of office, and their respective duties and responsibilities: And provided further, That the local councils shall, with the approval of the general council, select their own pastors who shall be citizens of the United States and shall be entitled to receive such privileges of employees of the Panama Canal
as the Governor of the Panama Canal may grant to such pastors and to the pastors of other churches serving American residents of the Canal Zone; (3) shall prescribe the duties and delimit the jurisdiction of the local councils; (4) shall determine the nature of the activities and teachings of the Union Church of the Canal Zone; and (5) shall determine the relationship between the Union Church of the Canal Zone as represented by the general council and board of trustees, and the Federal Council of Churches of Christ in America and the various denominational boards.

COMPLETION OF ORGANIZATION

SEC. 6. The persons specifically named in section 1 shall constitute the first board of trustees, and the members of the general or executive council in office the date this Act becomes effective with such changes as may be made in accordance with the constitution and bylaws of the existing unincorporated Union Church shall constitute the general council, and the members of both shall continue in office until their successors are elected in accordance with the constitution and bylaws adopted by the incorporators.

Approved, December 31, 1941.

[CHAPTER 644]

AN ACT

To establish a military code for the Territory of Alaska.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the militia of the Territory of Alaska shall consist of all able-bodied male citizens of the United States and all other able-bodied males who shall have declared their intention to become citizens of the United States, residing within the Territory, who shall be more than eighteen years of age and, except as hereinafter provided, not more than forty-five years of age, and said militia shall be divided into two classes: The Organized Militia, to be known as the Alaska National Guard, and the Unorganized Militia.

SEC. 2. The following persons shall be exempt from militia service: Persons exempted by the laws of the United States, judges of the several courts of the Territory, and members and officers of the Alaska Territorial Legislature.

SEC. 3. The Alaska National Guard shall consist of members of the militia voluntarily enlisted therein, who, upon original enlistment, shall be not less than eighteen nor more than forty-five years of age, or who in subsequent enlistment, shall be not more than sixty-four years of age, organized, armed, equipped, and federally recognized according to the laws of the United States, and of commissioned officers and warrant officers who are citizens of the United States between the ages of twenty-one and sixty-four years and who shall be appointed and commissioned or warranted by the Governor of the Territory:

Provided, That former members of the Regular Army, Navy, or Marine Corps under sixty-four years of age may enlist in said Alaska National Guard.

SEC. 4. The Governor of the Territory of Alaska, as ex officio commander of the militia of the Territory, shall have like command of the Alaska National Guard while not in active Federal service, and is empowered to promulgate all necessary regulations therefor not inconsistent with this Act. Except as otherwise prescribed by this Act, the Alaska National Guard and its members shall be subject to all Federal laws and regulations relating to the National Guard of the several States and Territories, and of the United States.
SEC. 5. The Adjutant General of the Territory of Alaska shall be appointed by the President with such rank and qualifications as he may prescribe. He shall be a citizen of the Territory and shall make such returns and reports to the Secretary of War and to the Governor of the Territory of Alaska or to such officers as each of them may designate, at such times and in such form as may be prescribed.

SEC. 6. The terms and provisions of this Act pertaining to the Alaska National Guard are hereby made applicable to the existing units and individuals of the military forces in the Territory of Alaska, heretofore organized and known as the Alaska National Guard, and such organization is hereby ratified and confirmed.

SEC. 7. During such time as the Alaska National Guard, or any part thereof, is in active Federal service, the Governor of Alaska, through voluntary enlistments, may organize a Territorial Guard under such regulations as to discipline in training as the Secretary of War may prescribe: Provided, That the Secretary of War, in his discretion and under such regulations as he may prescribe, is authorized to issue for the use of such Territorial Guard, upon requisition of the Governor of the Territory, such arms and equipment as may be in possession of and can be spared by the War Department.

Approved, December 31, 1941.

[CHAPTER 645]  
AN ACT

To provide for the prompt settlement of claims for damages occasioned by Army, Navy, and Marine Corps forces in foreign countries.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That during the national emergency declared by the President on May 27, 1941, to exist, and for the purpose of promoting and maintaining friendly relations by the prompt settlement of meritorious claims, the Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy are hereby authorized to appoint a Claims Commission or Commissions, composed of officers of the Army, Navy, or Marine Corps, as the case may be, to consider, adjust, determine, and make payments in final settlement of bona fide claims on account of damages caused by Army, Navy, and Marine Corps forces, or individual members thereof, in a foreign country or possession thereof, including places located therein which are under the temporary or permanent jurisdiction of the United States, to the property, public or private, or the persons of inhabitants of such foreign countries, where the amount of such claim does not exceed $1,000: Provided, That no claim shall be considered by such Commissions unless presented within one year from the date of the accrual of such claim: Provided further, That any such settlements made by such Commissions under the authority of this Act shall be final and conclusive for all purposes, notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary.

SEC. 2. All payments in settlement of claims under section 1 of this Act shall be made out of the appropriation “Pay, subsistence, and transportation of naval personnel”, as to Navy and Marine Corps claims, and out of such appropriation for the Military Establishment as may be determined by the Secretary of War as to Army claims.

SEC. 3. This Act shall be supplementary to, and not in lieu of, all other provisions of law authorizing consideration, adjustment, determination, and payment of claims by the Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy, respectively.

Approved, January 2, 1942.
[CHAPTER 646]

AN ACT

To authorize the employment of nationals of the United States on any public work of the United States in the Territory of Hawaii.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That during the national emergency declared by the President on May 27, 1941, to exist, and notwithstanding the provisions of any other law, authority is hereby granted for the employment of nationals of the United States upon any public work carried on in the Territory of Hawaii by the Government of the United States, whether the work is done by contract or otherwise: Provided, That such employment shall be as common laborers only and only upon public work carried on for the national defense: Provided further, That any national of the United States admitted into the Territory of Hawaii pursuant to section 8 (a) (1) of the Act approved March 24, 1934 (48 Stat. 462), for employment as herein authorized shall, upon the termination of such employment, be returned to the Philippine Islands.

Approved, January 2, 1942.

[CHAPTER 647]

JOINT RESOLUTION

Fixing the dates of meeting of the second session of the Seventy-seventh Congress and of the first session of the Seventy-eighth Congress.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the second session of the Seventy-seventh Congress shall begin at noon on Monday, January 5, 1942, and the first session of the Seventy-eighth Congress shall begin at noon Monday, January 4, 1943.

Approved, January 2, 1942.

[CHAPTER 648]

AN ACT

Authorizing the conveyance of certain lands to the town of Kemmerer, Wyoming.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized and directed to convey to the town of Kemmerer, Wyoming, for water-reservoir purposes, the following-described lands, subject to the right of the United States, its successors or assigns, to use such lands without compensation, for the construction, operation, and maintenance of dams, dikes, reservoirs, canals, wasteways, laterals, ditches, or other works whatsoever, including without limitation by reason of this enumeration, conduits, telephone, telegraph, and electric transmission lines and substations and power structures and roadways: Lots 1, 2, 3, and 5, the southeast quarter northwest quarter, the east half northeast quarter southwest quarter, and the southwest quarter southeast quarter section 26, in township 23 north, range 117 west, sixth principal meridian, Wyoming, aggregating one hundred and twenty-six and sixty-six one-hundredths acres, more or less; and for water pipe-line purpose, the following-described tract of land situated in lot 14 and southeast quarter northwest quarter, the east half northeast quarter southwest quarter, and the southwest quarter southeast quarter section 26, in township 23 north, range 117 west, sixth principal meridian, Wyoming, aggregating one hundred and twenty-six and sixty-six one-hundredths acres, more or less; and for water pipe-line purpose, the following-described tract of land situated in lot 14 and southeast quarter northwest quarter section 1, township 21 north, range 116 west, sixth principal meridian: Beginning at a point on the north boundary line of tract 74, thence corner numbered 1 bears east nine hundred and six and five-tenths feet; thence north two degrees fifty-nine minutes west two thousand two hundred
AN ACT

January 12, 1942

To give additional powers to the Board of Public Welfare of the District of Columbia, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Board of Public Welfare of the District of Columbia established by the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to establish a Board of Public Welfare in and for the District of Columbia, to determine its functions, and for other purposes", approved March 16, 1926, shall, in addition to the other duties and responsibilities imposed upon it by law, have the following duties and responsibilities:

(1) To investigate the circumstances affecting children handicapped by dependency, neglect, or mental defect, or who may be in danger of becoming delinquent, and to provide such services for the protection and care of such children as will assist in conserving satisfactory home life;

(2) To safeguard the welfare of children born out of wedlock, by providing services for their mothers and in caring for and in obtaining support for such children;

(3) To assume responsibility for the care and support of dependent or neglected children under the age of eighteen years needing public care away from their own homes, when such need has been determined by careful investigation and is requested by the parent or parents or any person or agency responsible for the care of such children;

(4) To make suitable provision for the reception and care of children in need of detention pending court action, or who are temporarily detained under court order, or who are temporarily homeless;

Approved, January 5, 1942.

[CHAPTER 649]
(5) Upon proper showing, in its discretion, to discharge from custody or guardianship any child committed to its care.

SEC. 2. Any person who shall entice or attempt to entice, away from any home or institution, any child legally committed to the Board of Public Welfare and placed by said Board in such home or institution, or any person who shall assist or attempt to assist any such child to leave without permission such home or institution, knowing such child to be an inmate of such institution or to have been placed in such home, or any person who shall harbor, conceal, or aid in harboring or concealing any such child who shall be absent without leave from a home or institution in which he has been placed by the Board of Public Welfare, shall, upon conviction thereof, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and shall pay a fine of not less than $10 nor more than $100; and any policeman shall have power, and it is hereby made his duty, to take into custody any child, when in his power to do so, who shall be absent without leave from a home or institution in which he has been placed and return him thereto or to the Receiving Home.

SEC. 3. Section 5 of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the care of dependent children in the District of Columbia and to create a Board of Children's Guardians", approved July 26, 1892, as amended, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 5. The Board shall have full power (1) to accept for care, custody, and guardianship dependent or neglected children whose custody or parental control has been transferred to the Board, and to provide for the care and support of such children during their minority or during the term of their commitment; (2) the Board shall also have full power with respect to all children accepted by it for care to place them in private families either without expense or at a fixed rate of board, to place them in institutions willing to receive them either without expense or at a fixed rate of board; (3) to consent to the adoption of all children committed to its care whose parents have been permanently deprived of custody by court order."

SEC. 4. Section 6 of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the care of dependent children in the District of Columbia and to create a Board of Children's Guardians", approved July 26, 1892, as amended, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 6. The antecedents, character, and condition of life of each child received by the Board shall be investigated as fully as possible, and the facts learned entered in permanent records, in which shall also be noted the subsequent history of each child, so far as it can be ascertained. Such records shall be confidential but may be made available in the discretion of the Board. Provision shall be made for study of the physical and mental conditions of children received for care in order that care for each child may be planned to meet his particular physical and mental needs."

Approved, January 12, 1942.